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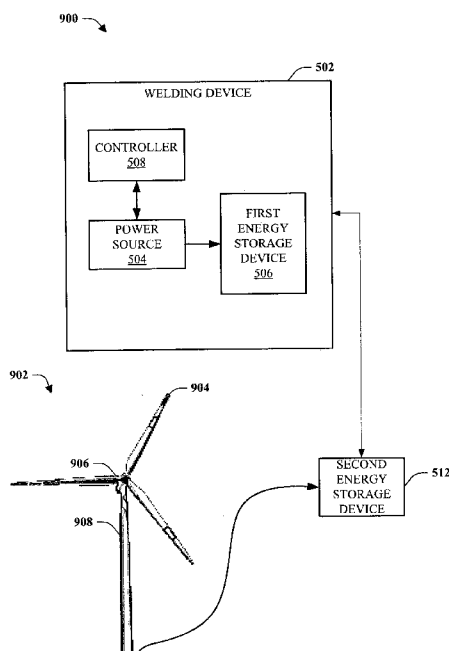


FIG. 9

(57) Abstract: The invention described herein generally pertains to a system and method for a welding device and, in particular, a hybrid welding device, that leverages a renewable energy source for a source of electrical current. The welding device can include one or more renewable energy kits that harvest renewable energy sources for performing a welding operation or a powering at least one of a device or component external to the welding device. The welding device includes renewable energy component that collects an input to convert to an electrical current that can be used as a replacement current, a supplemental current, or a complimentary current.

ALTERNATIVE POWER FOR ENGINE DRIVEN WELDER

Cross-Reference to Related Applications

[0001] This application claims the benefit of priority to U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 61/876,793, filed September 12, 2013, and entitled "ALTERNATIVE POWER FOR ENGINE DRIVEN WELDER", and of US application serial number 14/091,627 filed November 27, 2013. The entirety of the aforementioned applications is incorporated herein by reference.

Technical Field

[0002] The invention described herein pertains generally to a system and method that leverages a renewable energy source for use with an engine driven welder. More particularly, the invention pertains to a welding device, a method for a welding device and to a welding system according to the preamble of claim 1, 11 and 16, respectively.

Background of the Invention

[0003] Frequently, welding is required where supply power may not be readily available. As such, the welding power supply may be an engine driven welding power supply incorporating a generator. The generator may supply power to the welder as well as to other power tools as may be needed on site. As different applications require different versions of welders and power tools, the trailer may be designed to carry one of many different types of welding power supplies.

[0004] Traditional welding-type apparatus can be broken into two basic categories. The first category receives operational power from transmission power receptacles, also known as static power. The second is portable or self-sufficient, stand alone welders having internal combustion engines, also known as rotating power. While in many settings conventional static power driven welders are preferred, engine driven welders enable welding-type processes where static power is not available. Rotating power driven welders operate by utilizing power generated from engine operation. As such, engine driven welders and welding-type apparatus allow portability and thus fill an important need.

[0005] Static powered welders initiate the weld process by way of a trigger on a hand-held torch or with an electrically charged stick connected to a charged electrode.

[0006] Rotating power driven welders operate similarly, as long as the engine is running. If the engine is shut down, there is typically no residual power to create an arc. To once again weld, the engine must be started and run at operational speed to produce the arc. Therefore, it is simply not possible to manually start and stop the engine between each and every break in the welding process. Further, even during longer periods, operators may find it easier to let the engine run because of distance to the engine, a misconception that it is better for the engine, or just out of habit.

Summary of the Invention

[0007] In accordance with the present invention, there is provided a welding device that includes a motor-driven welder assembly including an engine that is configured to rotate a shaft and a rotor having at least one electromagnet, wherein the rotor is coupled to the shaft. The welding device can include a stator, having at least one electromagnet, that houses the rotor, wherein a rotation from the shaft rotates the rotor to generate a first portion of electrical current. The welding device further includes a renewable energy component that is configured to collect an input associated with a renewable energy and convert the input to a second portion of electrical current. The welding device includes a first energy storage device that is configured to store at least one of the first portion of electrical current or the second portion of electrical current and at least one of the first portion of electrical current or the second portion of electrical current is used as a power source for the welding device to perform a welding operation.

[0008] In accordance with the present invention, there is provided a method that includes at least the following steps: rotating a shaft; generating a first portion of electrical current based on rotating the shaft; storing the first portion of electrical current in an energy storage device; converting a renewable energy to a second portion of electrical current; and performing the welding operation with at least one of the first portion of electrical current or the second portion of electrical current.

[0009] In accordance with the present invention, there is provided a welding system that includes at least the following: a motor-driven welder assembly including an engine that is configured to rotate a shaft; a rotor having at least one electromagnet, the rotor is coupled to the shaft; a stator, having at least one electromagnet, that houses the rotor, wherein a rotation from the shaft rotates the rotor to generate a first portion of electrical current; a

renewable energy component that is configured to collect an input associated with a renewable energy and convert the input to a second portion of electrical current; a first energy storage device that is configured to store at least one of the first portion of electrical current or the second portion of electrical current; at least one of the first portion of electrical current or the second portion of electrical current is used as a power source for the welding device to perform a welding operation; and a kit to collect the input, wherein the kit is solar kit to collect energy from sunlight, a hydro kit to collect energy from a flow of water, and a windmill kit to collect energy from a portion of wind.

[0010] These and other objects and embodiments of this invention will be evident when viewed in light of the drawings, detailed description and appended claims.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0011] The invention may take physical form in certain parts and arrangements of parts, a preferred embodiment of which will be described in detail in the specification and illustrated in the accompanying drawings which form a part hereof, and wherein:

[0012] *Fig. 1* is a block diagram illustrating a welding device that includes a motor as a power source;

[0013] *Fig. 2* is a block diagram illustrating a welding device;

[0014] *Fig. 3* is a block diagram illustrating a welding device affixed to a trailer for mobility;

[0015] *Fig. 4A* is a block diagram illustrating a welding device;

[0016] *Fig. 4B* is a block diagram illustrating a welding device;

[0017] *Fig. 5* is a block diagram illustrating a welding device that leverages renewable energy as a power source;

[0018] *Fig. 6* is a diagram illustrating an engine driven welding system;

[0019] *Fig. 7* is a block diagram illustrating a welding device that converts a portion of sunlight to an electrical current;

[0020] *Fig. 8* is a block diagram illustrating a welding device that converts a flow of a liquid into an electrical current;

[0021] *Fig. 9* is a block diagram illustrating a welding device that converts a portion of wind into an electrical current; and

[0022] *Fig. 10* is a flow diagram of converting a renewable energy to a portion of electrical current that can be used with a welding device.

Detailed Description of the Invention

[0023] Embodiments of the invention relate to methods and systems that generally relate to a welding device and, in particular, a hybrid welding device, that leverages a renewable energy source for a source of electrical current. The welding device can include one or more renewable energy kits that harvest renewable energy sources for performing a welding operation or a powering at least one of a device or component external to the welding device. The welding device includes renewable energy component that collects an input related to a renewable energy to convert to an electrical current that can be used as a replacement current, a supplemental current, or a complimentary current. By way of example and not limitation, the input can be a portion of sunlight, a portion of wind, a flow of a liquid, or a kinetic energy harnessing.

[0024] The subject innovation can be used with any suitable engine-driven welder, engine-driven welding system, engine-driven welding apparatus, a welding system powered by an engine, a welding system powered by a battery, a welding system powered by an energy storage device, a hybrid welder (e.g., a welding device that includes an engine driven power source and an energy storage device or batter), or a combination thereof. It is to be appreciated that any suitable system, device, or apparatus that can perform a welding operation can be used with the subject innovation and such can be chosen with sound engineering judgment without departing from the intended scope of coverage of the embodiments of the subject invention. The engine driven welder can include a power source that can be used in a variety of applications where outlet power is not available or when outlet power will not be relied on as the sole source of power including portable power generation, backup power generation, heating, plasma cutting, welding, and gouging. The example discussed herein relates to welding operations, such as, arc welding, plasma cutting, and gouging operations. It is to be appreciated that a power source can generate a portion of power, wherein the portion of power is electrical power. It is to be appreciated that "power source" as used herein can be a motor, an engine, a generator, an energy storage device, a battery, a component that creates electrical power, a rotor/stator assembly, a component that converts electrical power, or a combination thereof. By way of example and not limitation, *Figs. 1-4* illustrate welding systems or devices that can be utilized with the subject innovation. It is to be appreciated that the following welding systems are described for exemplary purposes only and are not limiting on the welding systems that can utilize the subject innovation or variations thereof.

[0025] *Fig. 1* illustrates a welding device **100**. The welding device **100** includes a housing **112** which encloses the internal components of the welding device. Optionally, the welding type device **100** includes a loading eyehook **114** and/or fork recesses **116**. The loading eyehook **114** and the fork recesses **116** facilitate the portability of the welding device **100**. Optionally, the welding-type device **100** could include a handle and/or wheels as a means of device mobility. The housing **112** also includes a plurality of access panels **118**, **120**. Access panel **118** provides access to a top panel **122** of housing **112** while access panel **120** provides access to a side panel **124** of housing **112**. A similar access panel is available on an opposite side. These access panels **118**, **120**, provide access to the internal components of the welding device **100** including, for example, an energy storage device (not shown) suitable for providing welding-type power. An end panel **126** includes a louvered opening **128** to allow for air flow through the housing **112**.

[0026] The housing **112** of the welding-type device **100** also houses an internal combustion engine. The engine is evidenced by an exhaust port **130** and a fuel port **132** that protrude through the housing **112**. The exhaust port **130** extends above the top panel **122** of the housing **112** and directs exhaust emissions away from the welding-type device **100**. The fuel port **132** preferably does not extend beyond the top panel **122** or side panel **124**. Such a construction protects the fuel port **132** from damage during transportation and operation of the welding-type device **100**.

[0027] Referring now to *Fig. 2*, a perspective view of a welding apparatus **205** that can be utilized with the subject innovation. Welding apparatus **205** includes a power source **210** that includes a housing **212** enclosing the internal components of power source **210**. As will be described in greater detail below, housing **212** encloses control components **213**. Optionally, welding device **210** includes a handle **214** for transporting the welding system from one location to another. To effectuate the welding process, welding device **210** includes a torch **216** as well as a grounding clamp **218**. Grounding clamp **218** is configured to ground a workpiece **220** to be welded. As is known, when torch **216** is in relative proximity to workpiece **220**, a welding arc or cutting arc, depending upon the particular welding-type device, is produced. Connecting torch **216** and grounding clamp **218** to housing **212** is a pair of cables **222** and **224**, respectively.

[0028] The welding arc or cutting arc is generated by the power source by conditioning raw power received from an interchangeable energy storage device **226**. In a preferred embodiment, energy storage device **226** is a battery. Energy storage device **226** is interchangeable with similarly configured batteries. Specifically, energy storage device **226** is encased in a housing **228**. Housing **228** is securable to the housing of welding device **210**

thereby forming welding-type apparatus **205**. Specifically, energy storage device **226** is secured to power source **210** by way of a fastening means **230**. It is contemplated that fastening means **230** may include a clip, locking tab, or other means to allow energy storage device **226** to be repeatedly secured and released from power source **210**.

[0029] *Fig. 3* illustrates a trailer **300** incorporating a trailer hitch or hitching device, depicted generally at **301**. The trailer **300** may include a trailer frame **302** and one or more trailer wheels **304** in rotational connection with the trailer frame **302** and may further include a payload region **306** for carrying one or more cargo items, which in an exemplary manner may be a welding power supply **309** or an engine driven welding power supply **309**. The trailer **300** may also include an adjustable stand **310** for adjusting the height of the front end **312** of the trailer **300**. However, any means may be used for raising and/or lowering the front end **312** of the trailer **300**. The trailer hitch **301** may be a generally longitudinal and substantially rigid trailer hitch **301** and may be attached to the frame **302** via fasteners **314**, which may be threaded bolts.

[0030] *Figs. 4A and 4B* illustrate a hybrid welding device (herein referred to as a “hybrid welder”). A hybrid welder according to the invention is generally indicated by the number **400** in the drawings. Hybrid welder **400** includes an engine component that runs on fuel from fuel storage **410** allowing the hybrid welder **400** to be portable. It will be appreciated that hybrid welder **400** may also be mounted in a permanent location depending on the application. Hybrid welder **400** generally includes a motor-driven welder assembly **420** having a motor **425** and an energy storage device **430**. Motor **425** may be an internal combustion engine operating on any known fuel including but not limited to gasoline, diesel, ethanol, natural gas, hydrogen, and the like. These examples are not limiting as other motors or fuels may be used.

[0031] The motor **425** and energy storage device **430** may be operated individually or in tandem to provide electricity for the welding operation and any auxiliary operations performed by hybrid welder **400**. For example, individual operation may include operating the motor **425** and supplementing the power from the motor **425** with power from the energy storage device **430** on an as needed basis. Or supplying power from the energy storage device **430** alone when the motor **425** is offline. Tandem operation may also include combining power from motor **425** and energy storage device **430** to obtain a desired power output. According to one aspect of the invention, a welder **400** may be provided with a motor having less power output than ordinarily needed, and energy storage device **430** used to supplement the power output to raise it to the desired power output level. In an embodiment, a motor with no more than 19kW (25hp) output may be selected and supplemented

with six 12 volt batteries. Other combinations of motor output may be used and supplemented with more or less power from energy storage device. The above example, therefore, is not limiting.

[0032] Energy storage device **430** may be any alternative power source including a secondary generator, kinetic energy recovery system, or, as shown, one or more batteries **431**. In an embodiment, six 12 volt batteries **431** are wired in series to provide power in connection with motor-driven welder assembly **420**. Batteries **431** shown are lead acid batteries. Other types of batteries may be used including but not limited to NiCd, molten salt, NiZn, NiMH, Li-ion, gel, dry cell, absorbed glass mat, and the like.

[0033] The best mode for carrying out the invention will now be described for the purposes of illustrating the best mode known to the applicant at the time of the filing of this patent application. The examples and figures are illustrative only and not meant to limit the invention, which is measured by the scope and spirit of the claims. Referring now to the drawings, wherein the showings are for the purpose of illustrating an exemplary embodiment of the invention only and not for the purpose of limiting same, *Figs. 5-9* illustrate a schematic block diagram of a welding device, and in particular, an engine driven welding device as discussed in *Figs. 1-4*. *Fig. 10* is a method that can be utilized with an engine driven welding device as discussed in *Figs. 1-4*.

[0034] Turning to *Fig. 5*, welding system **500** is illustrated that includes welding device **502** with power source **504** that generates voltage and/or current for use with performing a welding operation. By way of example and not limitation, power source **504** can be a motor, an engine, an energy storage device, an outlet (e.g., AC/DC outlet source for voltage) configured to receive a power supply, a rotor/stator assembly, a combination thereof, among others. It is to be appreciated that power supply **504** can be chosen with sound engineering judgment without departing from the intended scope of coverage of the embodiments of the subject invention. For instance, a hybrid engine driven welding device can include one or more power sources **504** such as a combustion engine with a rotor/stator assembly (discussed in *Fig. 6*) that includes first energy storage device **506**, wherein a first electrical current can be generated by such power sources **504**. In an embodiment, a portion of the first electrical current can be used to perform a welding operation or stored in first energy storage device **506**. Power source **504** as used in the subject innovation can generate and/or convert a plurality of voltages such simultaneously or at different times. For instance, a first voltage can be generated and a second voltage can be converted from the first voltage, wherein the conversion can be after the generation of the first voltage. In another embodiment, the second voltage can be converted at the same time as the generation of the first

voltage. In still another embodiment, power source **504** can generate the first voltage and the second voltage at the same time such that no conversion is provided since the first voltage and the second voltage are generated directly. It is to be appreciated that these variations of voltage generation and conversion can be provided by power source **504** as well as other power sources described herein with the subject innovation.

[0035] Renewable energy component **510** is configured to collect an input related to renewable energy and convert the input into a second electrical current. By way of example and not limitation, the input can be a portion of wind, a flow of a liquid (flow of water, wave movement, etc.), a portion of sunlight, or a portion of kinetic energy harnessing. The second electrical current can be stored into second energy storage device, used to perform a welding operation with welding device **502**, stored in first energy storage device **506**, or a combination thereof. In a particular example, the second electrical current can be used to charge, power, or use at least one of device **514**. Device **514** can be any suitable electronic device or component that consumes electricity. For instance, device **514** can be, but is not limited to being, a tablet, a smartphone, a cellular device, a network device, a router, a wireless router, a modem, a computer, a portable gaming device, a display, a server, a hard drive, a speaker, a keyboard, a touchscreen, a scanner, a printer, an Internet browsing device, a light, a compressor, a laptop, a processor, a charging device, a grinder, a tool, among others.

[0036] Welding device **502** further includes controller **508** that is configured to manage electrical current use. In particular, controller **508** can determine to perform a welding operation with power source **504**, first energy storage device, renewable energy component **510**, second energy storage device **512**, or a combination thereof. Further, controller **508** can determine whether to utilize renewable energy component **510** to provide an electrical current to perform a welding operation or for an external (to welding device **502**) use. Still further, controller **508** can manage whether to directly draw electrical current from power source **504**, directly draw electrical current from renewable energy component **510**, draw stored electrical current from first energy storage device **506**, draw stored electrical current from second energy storage device **512**, or a combination thereof.

[0037] It is to be appreciated that controller **508** can determine electrical current management (e.g., use of power source **504**, use of renewable energy component **510**, electrical current draw from first energy storage device **506**, electrical current draw from second energy storage device, and the like) based on at least one of a welding parameter, a parameter related to an environment in which welding device **502** is used, a switch component (not shown), or a parameter related to welding device **502**.

[0038] For instance, controller **508** can identify which power source (e.g., power source **504**, renewable energy component **510**, or a combination) based on a parameter. In an embodiment, the parameter can be a switch or a user input. By way of example and not limitation, the parameter can be a switch that allows a first setting to select renewable energy component **510** to supply electrical current therefrom and a second setting to select power source **504** to supply electrical current therefrom. Additionally, the switch can include a third setting that selects both renewable energy component **510** and power source **504** to supply electrical current for consumption. In still another embodiment, an additional setting can be provided that allows selection of drawing electrical current from first energy storage device **506**, second energy storage device **512**, or a combination thereof.

[0039] In the embodiment, the parameter is at least one of a representative of power source **504** of welding device **502** operating, a representative of the welding operation being performed (e.g., welding, brazing, gouging, TIG, etc.), an amount of energy stored in first energy storage device **506** associated with welding device **502**, a fuel amount contained within welding device **502**, a cost of a fuel for the motor of welding device **502**, a fuel consumption efficiency for welding device **502**, a duration of time the motor of welding device **502** operates, a welding parameter (e.g., a voltage, a current, a portion of a waveform used for the welding operation, a location on a waveform during progression through a welding operation, a wire feed speed, a type of weld, a workpiece composition, etc.), and the like.

[0040] By way of example and not limitation, controller **508** can select renewable energy component **510**, first energy storage device **506**, or second energy storage device **512** to supply electrical current based on an amount of fuel stored in welding device **502** for an included combustion engine, wherein the amount is below a particular threshold.

[0041] In still another example, the parameter can be related to a condition external to welding device **502** such as, but not limited to, a geographic location, a temperature, a barometer reading, a humidity level, a weather condition, an altitude, a wind speed, an amount of cloud cover, whether welding device **502** is stationary or in transport, a weather forecast, an amount of precipitation, and the like. For instance, controller **508** can select renewable energy component **510** as a source for electrical current based on a transportation of welding device **502**, wherein the transportation can be used to collect inputs related to renewable energy such as sunlight, wind, kinetic energy harnessing, or a combination thereof.

[0042] Second energy storage device **512** can be a stand-alone component (as depicted), incorporated into welding device **502**, or a combination thereof. Renewable energy compo-

nent **510** can be a stand-alone component (as depicted), incorporated into welding device **502**, coupled to welding device **502**, affixed to welding device **502**, portable and detachable from welding device **502**, or a combination thereof. Controller **508** can be a stand-alone component (as depicted), incorporated into power source **504**, incorporated into renewable energy component **510**, or a combination thereof.

[0043] In an embodiment, renewable energy component **510** can be coupled to a portion of a trailer that is transporting welding device **502** to collect input for conversion to an electrical current. For instance, the portion of the trailer can be an axle, a wheel, or a part that is rotating during transport. Renewable energy component **510** collects kinetic energy and harnesses such energy for conversion for use welding device **502**. For instance, renewable energy component **510** can be leverage rotational movement from a tire or an axle associated with a trailer that transports welding device **502**.

[0044] *Fig. 6* illustrates engine driven welding system **600** that includes engine **602** that actuates shaft **604**. In particular, engine **602** provides rotational movement to shaft **604** that is coupled to rotor/stator assembly **606**. Rotor/stator assembly **606** includes a rotor that is coupled to shaft **604** for rotational movement and a stator that is stationary. It is to be appreciated that rotor/stator assembly **606** can be chosen with sound engineering judgment without departing from the scope of the subject innovation. For instance, the rotor and the stator of rotor/stator assembly **606** can include one or more electromagnets, wherein the rotor rotates from rotation from shaft **604** and stator is stationary and houses the rotor.

[0045] Rotor/stator assembly **606** can include at least one brush **610** that is housed in brush assembly **608** and affixed to a portion of rotor/stator assembly **606** via bracket **612**. It is to be appreciated that brush assembly **608** can include at least one of a spring, a clip, a retainer, among others. Brush assembly **608** and bracket **612** can be chosen with sound engineering judgment without departing from the scope of the subject innovation. By way of example, brush assembly **608** is illustrated with a first brush and a second brush, however, it is to be appreciated that any suitable number of brushes can be used with the subject innovation. Brush **610** is in physical contact with at least a portion of rotor/stator assembly **606**, wherein bracket **612** places brush **610** within proximity of rotor/stator assembly **606** and a spring (not shown) provides a force to brush **610** to physically contact rotor/stator assembly **606**. In particular, brush **610** can physically contact a commutator (not shown) that is coupled to an axle (not shown) of the rotor included with rotor/stator assembly **606**.

[0046] *Fig. 7* illustrates a welding solar kit system **700** that includes welding device **502** as discussed above. Welding device **502** can include a solar kit as renewable energy component **702**. By way of example and not limitation, renewable energy component **702** can be

a solar panel that collects an input associated with a renewable energy source. Here, the renewable energy source can be solar energy or energy from sunlight. Renewable energy component **702** can collect a portion of sunlight and convert such portion of sunlight into an electrical current. The electrical current from renewable energy component **702** can be stored in at least one of second energy storage device **512**, first energy storage device **506**, or a combination thereof. In addition, the electrical current from renewable energy component **702** can be directly used with a welding operation, a device associated with welding device **502**, an external device, or a combination thereof. It is to be further appreciated that controller **508** can manage the solar panel or a parameter related to conversion of the portion of sunlight.

[0047] It is to be appreciated that renewable energy component **702** can be a stand-alone component (as depicted), incorporated into welding device **502**, coupled to welding device **502**, affixed to welding device **502**, portable and detachable from welding device **502**, or a combination thereof. For instance, a solar panel (e.g., renewable energy component **702**) can be part of a housing of welding device **502**. Thus, during transport on trailer (See Fig. 3), renewable energy can be collected and converted into an electrical current. In another embodiment, a portable kit can be provided in which a user can determine whether to use the solar panel to collect energy. In another embodiment, welding device **502** can electrically connect to a renewable energy component **702** that is stationary and fixed to a particular location separate of welding device **502**.

[0048] Fig. 8 illustrates a water kit system **800** that includes welding device **502** as discussed above. Welding device **502** can include a water kit as renewable energy component **804**. By way of example and not limitation, renewable energy component **804** can be hydroelectric system that includes a turbine that rotates due to a flow of water. Moreover, the renewable energy component **804** can be used to harvest energy from a wave in a body of water (e.g., lake, pond, ocean, sea, etc.). Renewable energy component **804** can collect a flow of water (via water passing and rotating a turbine) and convert such flow of water into an electrical current. The electrical current from renewable energy component **804** can be stored in at least one of second energy storage device **512**, first energy storage device **506**, or a combination thereof. In addition, the electrical current from renewable energy component **804** can be directly used with a welding operation, a device associated with welding device **502**, an external device, or a combination thereof. It is to be further appreciated that controller **508** can manage the hydroelectric system or a parameter related to conversion of the flow of water.

[0049] It is to be appreciated that renewable energy component **804** can be a stand-alone component (as depicted), detachably coupled to welding device **502**, affixed to welding device **502**, portable and detachable from welding device **502**, or a combination thereof. For instance, hydroelectric system (e.g., renewable energy component **804**) can be detached from welding device **502** and placed into water (e.g., a river, a stream, a lake, a pond, a sea, an ocean, a waterfall, a man-made waterfall, and the like). In another embodiment, welding device **502** can electrically connect to a renewable energy component **804** that is stationary and fixed to a particular location separate of welding device **502**.

[0050] *Fig. 9* illustrates a wind kit system **900** that includes welding device **502** as discussed above. Welding device **502** can include a wind kit as renewable energy component **902**. By way of example and not limitation, renewable energy component **902** can be windmill system that includes at least one blade **904**, a turbine **906**, and a base or support **908**. Windmill system (e.g., renewable energy component **902**) includes one or more blades **904** that are rotated based on capturing wind and convert such wind flow into an electrical current. The electrical current from renewable energy component **902** can be stored in at least one of second energy storage device **512**, first energy storage device **506**, or a combination thereof. In addition, the electrical current from renewable energy component **902** can be directly used with a welding operation, a device associated with welding device **502**, an external device, or a combination thereof. It is to be further appreciated that controller **508** can manage the windmill system or a parameter related to turbine **906**, blade **904**, or a combination thereof. For example, an angle or blade **904** can be adjusted by controller **906**.

[0051] It is to be appreciated that renewable energy component **902** can be a stand-alone component (as depicted), detachably coupled to welding device **502**, affixed to welding device **502**, portable and detachable from welding device **502**, or a combination thereof. For instance, windmill system (e.g., renewable energy component **902**) can be detached from welding device **502** and secured to collect wind energy. In another embodiment, welding device **502** can electrically connect to a renewable energy component **902** that is stationary and fixed to a particular location separate of welding device **502**. In still another example, windmill system **902** can be integrated into a casing or housing of welding device **502**. For instance, during a transportation of welding device **502** with a trailer (See *Fig. 3*), windmill system (e.g., renewable energy component **902**) can convert wind into an electrical current.

[0052] In an embodiment, the welding device includes a second energy storage device that is configured to store the first portion of electrical current and a controller component that

selects between the first portion of the electrical current that is stored with the energy storage device to perform the welding operation or the first portion of the electrical current that is generated by the rotation of the rotor to perform the welding operation, or the second portion of electrical current to perform the welding operation. In an embodiment, the welding device includes a switch component that selects to collect and convert the renewable energy from the input.

[0053] In the embodiment, the input is a portion of sunlight. In the embodiment, the welding device includes a solar panel that collects the portion of sunlight. In an embodiment, the solar panel is integrated into a housing of the welding device.

[0054] In an embodiment, the input is a portion of wind. In an embodiment, the welding device includes a windmill that includes: at least one blade that captures the portion of wind, and a turbine that controls a direction and an angle of the at least one blade, wherein the turbine converts movement from the at least one blade that captures the portion of wind to the second portion of electrical current. In the embodiment, the windmill is affixed to the welding device. In the embodiment, the welding device includes a trailer having a trailer frame, one or more trailer wheels in rotational connection with the trailer frame, and a payload region for carrying the welding device. In the embodiment, the windmill that is configured to capture the wind during a transport of the welding device.

[0055] In an embodiment, the input is a flow of a liquid. In the embodiment, the liquid is water and the flow is a current. In an embodiment, the welding device includes a turbine that is rotated by the flow of the liquid and converts an energy from rotation to the second portion of electrical current. In the embodiment, the turbine is portable and detachable in comparison to the welding device.

[0056] In view of the exemplary devices and elements described supra, methodologies that may be implemented in accordance with the disclosed subject matter will be better appreciated with reference to the flow charts and/or methodologies of *Fig. 10*. The methodologies and/or flow diagrams are shown and described as a series of blocks, the claimed subject matter is not limited by the order of the blocks, as some blocks may occur in different orders and/or concurrently with other blocks from what is depicted and described herein. Moreover, not all illustrated blocks may be required to implement the methods and/or flow diagrams described hereinafter.

[0057] Sequentially, the following occurs as illustrated in the decision tree flow diagram **1000** of *Fig. 10* which is flow diagram **1000** that converts a renewable energy source into electrical current that is used with a welding device. A shaft is rotated (reference numeral **1010**). A first portion of electrical current is generated based on rotating the shaft (refer-

ence numeral **1020**). The first portion of electrical current is stored in an energy storage device (reference numeral **1030**). A renewable energy is converted to a second portion of electrical current (reference numeral **1040**). The welding operation is performed with at least one of the first portion of electrical current or the second portion of electrical current (reference numeral **1050**).

[0058] In an embodiment, the method further includes storing the second portion of electrical current in at least one of the energy storage device or a second energy storage device. In an embodiment, the method further includes powering a device with the second portion of electrical current. In the embodiment, the device is at least one of a light, a compressor, a smartphone, a laptop, a processor, a computer, a display, a tablet, a charging device, a grinder, a tool, or an Internet browsing device. In the embodiment, the renewable energy is captured from at least one of a solar panel, a windmill, or a hydropower component.

[0059] While the embodiments discussed herein have been related to the systems and methods discussed above, these embodiments are intended to be exemplary and are not intended to limit the applicability of these embodiments to only those discussions set forth herein. The control systems and methodologies discussed herein are equally applicable to, and can be utilized in, systems and methods related to arc welding, laser welding, brazing, soldering, plasma cutting, waterjet cutting, laser cutting, and any other systems or methods using similar control methodology, without departing from the spirit or scope of the above discussed inventions. The embodiments and discussions herein can be readily incorporated into any of these systems and methodologies by those of skill in the art. By way of example and not limitation, a power supply as used herein (e.g., welding power supply, among others) can be a power supply for a device that performs welding, arc welding, laser welding, brazing, soldering, plasma cutting, waterjet cutting, laser cutting, among others. Thus, one of sound engineering and judgment can choose power supplies other than a welding power supply departing from the intended scope of coverage of the embodiments of the subject invention.

[0060] The above examples are merely illustrative of several possible embodiments of various aspects of the present invention, wherein equivalent alterations and/or modifications will occur to others skilled in the art upon reading and understanding this specification and the annexed drawings. In particular regard to the various functions performed by the above described components (assemblies, devices, systems, circuits, and the like), the terms (including a reference to a "means") used to describe such components are intended to correspond, unless otherwise indicated, to any component, such as hardware, software, or combinations thereof, which performs the specified function of the described component

(e.g., that is functionally equivalent), even though not structurally equivalent to the disclosed structure which performs the function in the illustrated implementations of the invention. In addition although a particular feature of the invention may have been disclosed with respect to only one of several implementations, such feature may be combined with one or more other features of the other implementations as may be desired and advantageous for any given or particular application. Also, to the extent that the terms “including”, “includes”, “having”, “has”, “with”, or variants thereof are used in the detailed description and/or in the claims, such terms are intended to be inclusive in a manner similar to the term “comprising.”

[0061] This written description uses examples to disclose the invention, including the best mode, and also to enable one of ordinary skill in the art to practice the invention, including making and using any devices or systems and performing any incorporated methods. The patentable scope of the invention is defined by the claims, and may include other examples that occur to those skilled in the art. Such other examples are intended to be within the scope of the claims if they have structural elements that are not different from the literal language of the claims, or if they include equivalent structural elements with insubstantial differences from the literal language of the claims.

[0062] The best mode for carrying out the invention has been described for purposes of illustrating the best mode known to the applicant at the time. The examples are illustrative only and not meant to limit the invention, as measured by the scope and merit of the claims. The invention has been described with reference to preferred and alternate embodiments. Obviously, modifications and alterations will occur to others upon the reading and understanding of the specification. It is intended to include all such modifications and alterations insofar as they come within the scope of the appended claims or the equivalents thereof.

REFERENCE NUMBERS

100	welding device	222	cable
112	housing	224	cable
114	loading eyehook	226	energy storage device
116	fork recesses	228	housing
118	access panels	230	fastening means
120	access panel	300	trailer
122	top panel	301	trailer hitch
124	side panel	302	trailer frame
126	end panel	304	trailer wheels
128	louvered opening	306	payload region
130	exhaust port	309	welding power supply
132	fuel port	310	adjustable stand
205	welding apparatus	312	front end
210	power source	314	fasteners
212	housing	400	hybrid welder
213	control components	410	fuel storage
214	handle	425	motor
216	torch	430	energy storage device
218	grounding clamp	431	batteries
220	workpiece	500	welding system

502	welding device	906	turbine
504	power source	908	support
506	first energy storage device	1000	flow diagram
508	controller	1010	shaft
510	renewable energy component	1020	shaft
512	Second energy storage device	1030	energy storage device
514	device	1040	electrical current
600	welding system	1050	electrical current
602	engine		
604	shaft		
606	rotor/stator assembly		
610	brush		
612	bracket		
700	welding solar kit system		
702	renewal energy component		
800	water kit system		
804	renewal energy component		
900	wind kit system		
902	renewable energy component		
904	blade		

CLAIMS

1. A welding device (100), comprising:
a motor-driven welder assembly including an engine (602) that is configured to rotate a shaft (604);
a rotor having at least one electromagnet, the rotor is coupled to the shaft (604);
a stator, having at least one electromagnet, that houses the rotor, wherein a rotation from the shaft (604) rotates the rotor to generate a first portion of electrical current;
a renewable energy component (702) that is configured to collect an input associated with a renewable energy and convert the input to a second portion of electrical current;
a first energy storage device (506) that is configured to store at least one of the first portion of electrical current or the second portion of electrical current; and
at least one of the first portion of electrical current or the second portion of electrical current is used as a power source for the welding device (100) to perform a welding operation.
2. The welding device of claim 1, further comprising:
a second energy storage device (512) that is configured to store the first portion of electrical current; and
a controller component (508) that selects between the first portion of the electrical current that is stored with the energy storage device (506) to perform the welding operation, the first portion of the electrical current that is generated by the rotation of the rotor to perform the welding operation, or the second portion of electrical current to perform the welding operation.
3. The welding device of claim 1 or 2, further comprising a switch component that selects to collect and convert the renewable energy from the input
4. The welding device of one of the claims 1 to 3, wherein the input is a portion of sunlight.
5. The welding device of claim 4, further comprising a solar panel that collects the portion of sunlight, wherein the solar panel is preferably integrated into a housing of the welding device (100).

6. The welding device of one of the claims 1 to 5, wherein the input is a portion of wind.

7. The welding device of claim 6, further comprising:
a windmill (902), that preferably is affixed to the welding device (100), and that includes:
at least one blade (904) that captures the portion of wind, and
a turbine (906) that controls a direction and an angle of the at least one blade (904);
wherein the turbine (906) converts movement from the at least one blade (904) that captures the portion of wind to the second portion of electrical current.

8. The welding device of claim 7, further comprising:
a trailer having a trailer frame, one or more trailer wheels in rotational connection with the trailer frame, and a payload region for carrying the welding device (100); and
the windmill (902) that is configured to capture the wind during a transport of the welding device (100).

9. The welding device of one of the claims 1 to 8, wherein the input is a flow of a liquid.

10. The welding device of claim 9, wherein the liquid is water and the flow is a current, the welding device preferably further comprising a turbine that is rotated by the flow of the liquid and converts an energy from rotation to the second portion of electrical current,

wherein the turbine is preferably portable and detachable in comparison to the welding device (100).

11. A method for a welding device (100), comprising:
Rotating (1010) a shaft (604);
generating (1020) a first portion of electrical current based on rotating the shaft (604);
storing (1030) the first portion of electrical current in an energy storage device;
converting (1040) a renewable energy to a second portion of electrical current; and
performing (1050) the welding operation with at least one of the first portion of electrical current or the second portion of electrical current.

12. The method of claim 11, further comprising storing the second portion of electrical current in at least one of the energy storage device or a second energy storage device.

13. The method of claim 11 or 12, further comprising powering a device with the second portion of electrical current.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein the device is at least one of a light, a compressor, an smartphone, a laptop, a processor, a computer, a display, a tablet, a charging device, a grinder, a tool, or an Internet browsing device.

15. The method of one of the claims 11 to 14, wherein the renewable energy is captured from at least one of a solar panel (702), a windmill (902), or a hydropower component.

16. A welding system, comprising:

a motor-driven welder assembly including an engine that is configured to rotate a shaft;

a rotor having at least one electromagnet, the rotor is coupled to the shaft;

a stator, having at least one electromagnet, that houses the rotor, wherein a rotation from the shaft rotates the rotor to generate a first portion of electrical current;

a renewable energy component that is configured to collect an input associated with a renewable energy and convert the input to a second portion of electrical current;

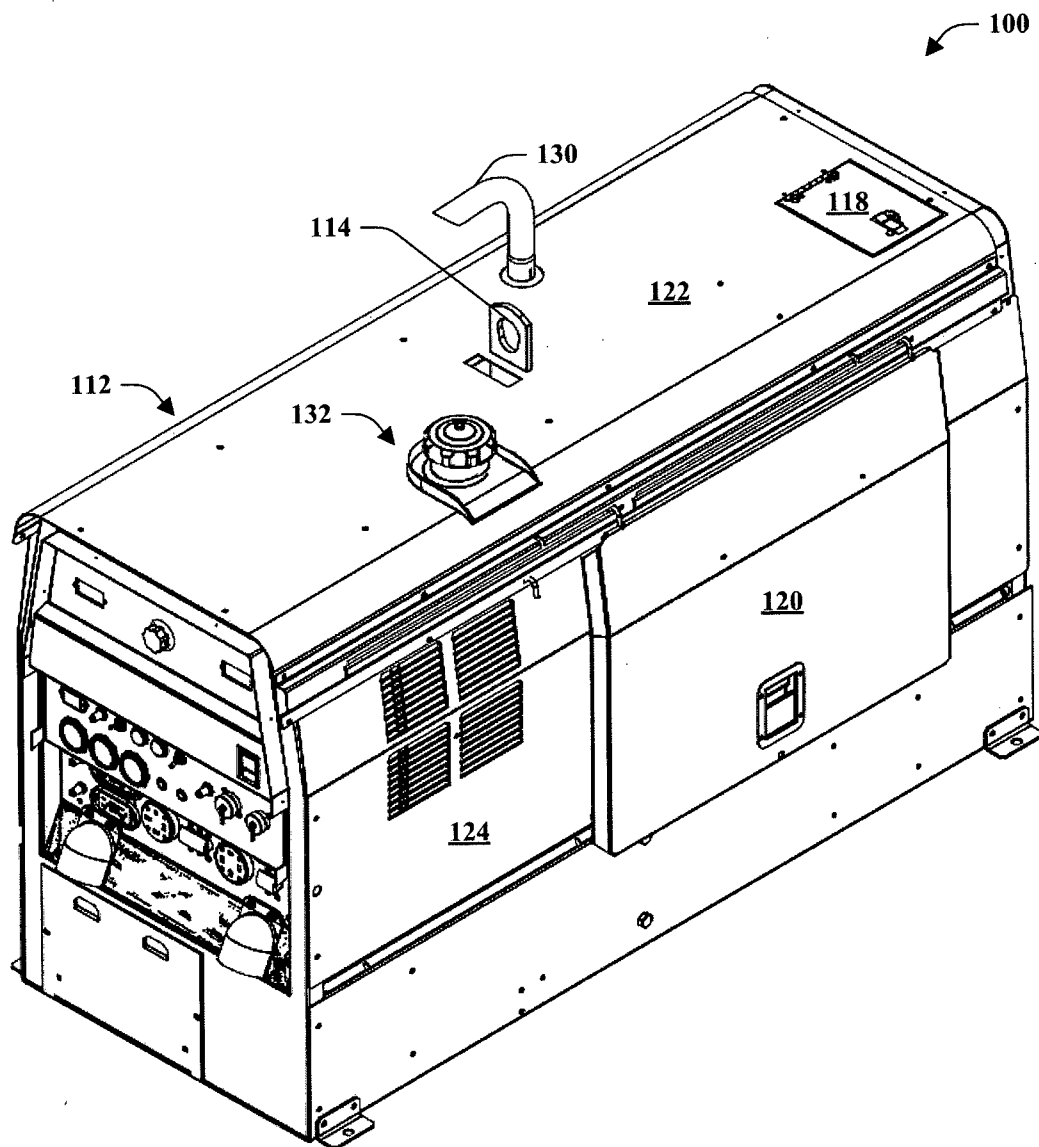
a first energy storage device that is configured to store at least one of the first portion of electrical current or the second portion of electrical current;

at least one of the first portion of electrical current or the second portion of electrical current is

used as a power source for the welding device to perform a welding operation; and

a kit to collect the input, wherein the kit is solar kit to collect energy from sunlight, a hydro kit to collect energy from a flow of water, and a windmill kit to collect energy from a portion of wind.

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**FIG. 1**

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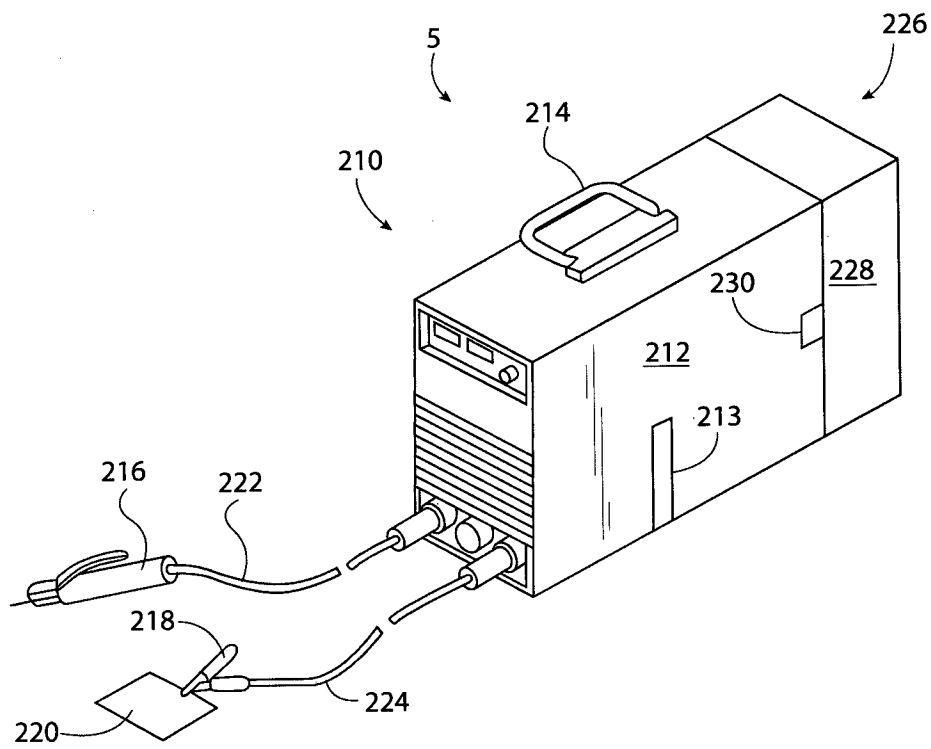


FIG. 2

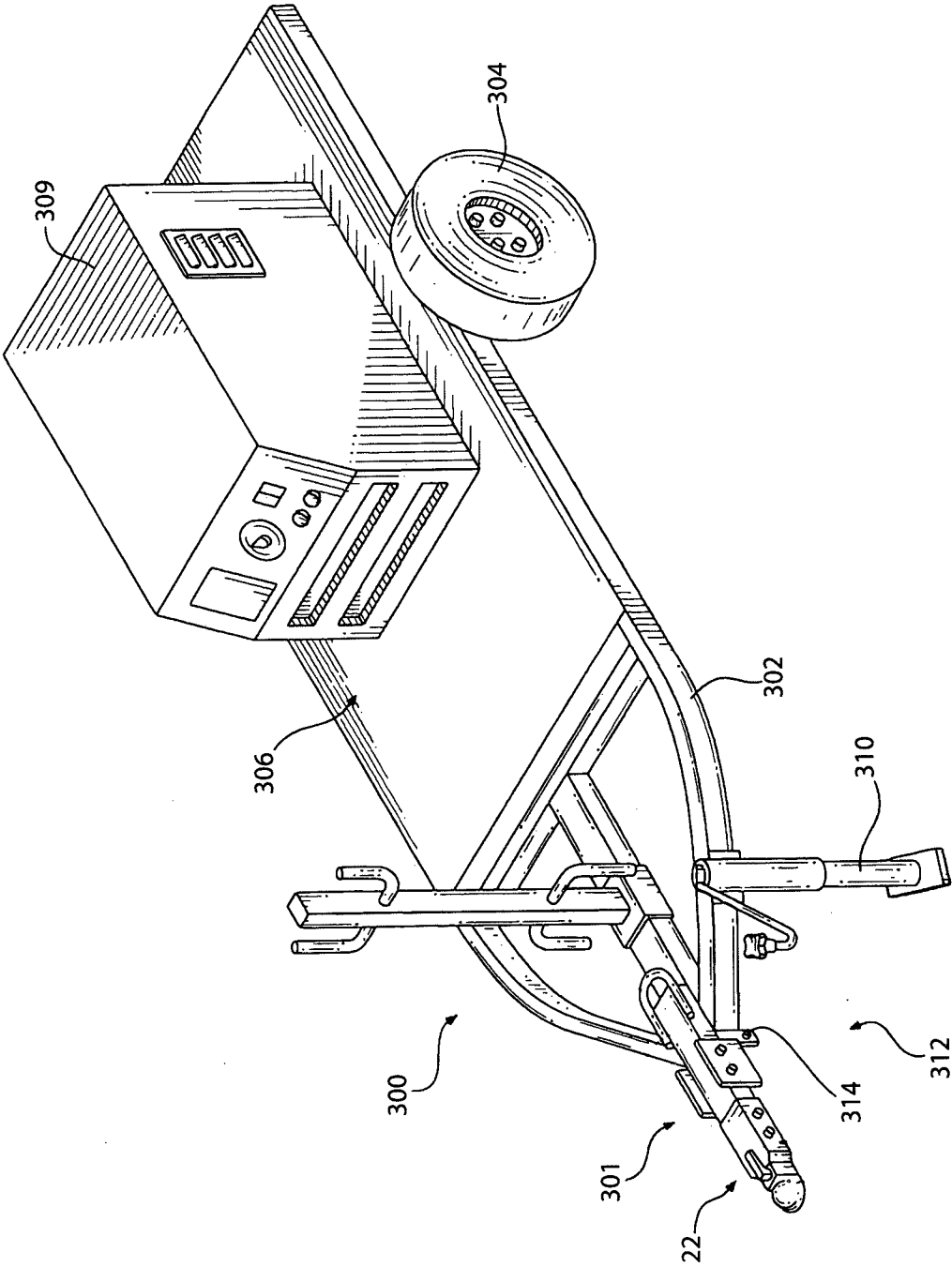


FIG. 3

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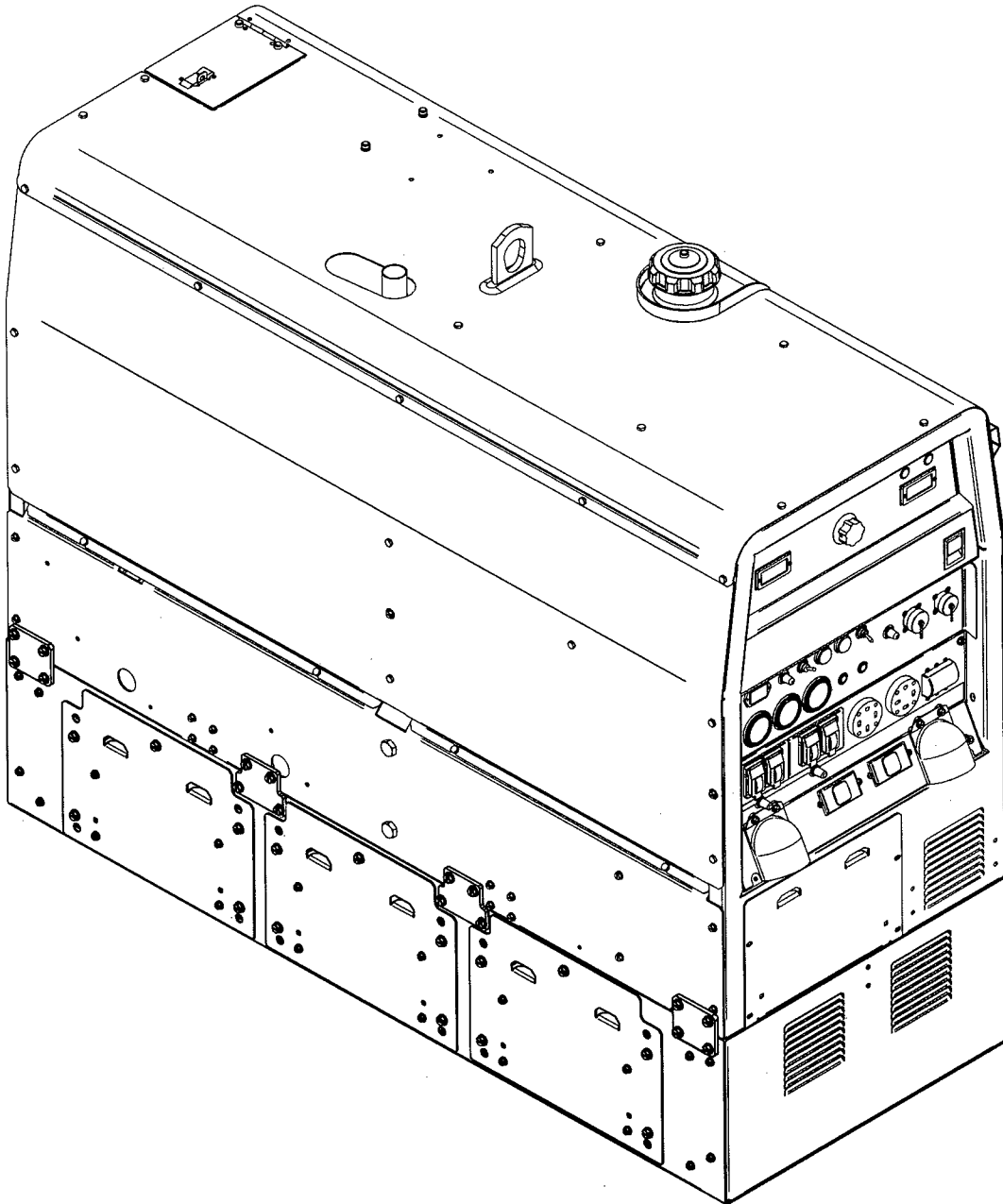


FIG.4A

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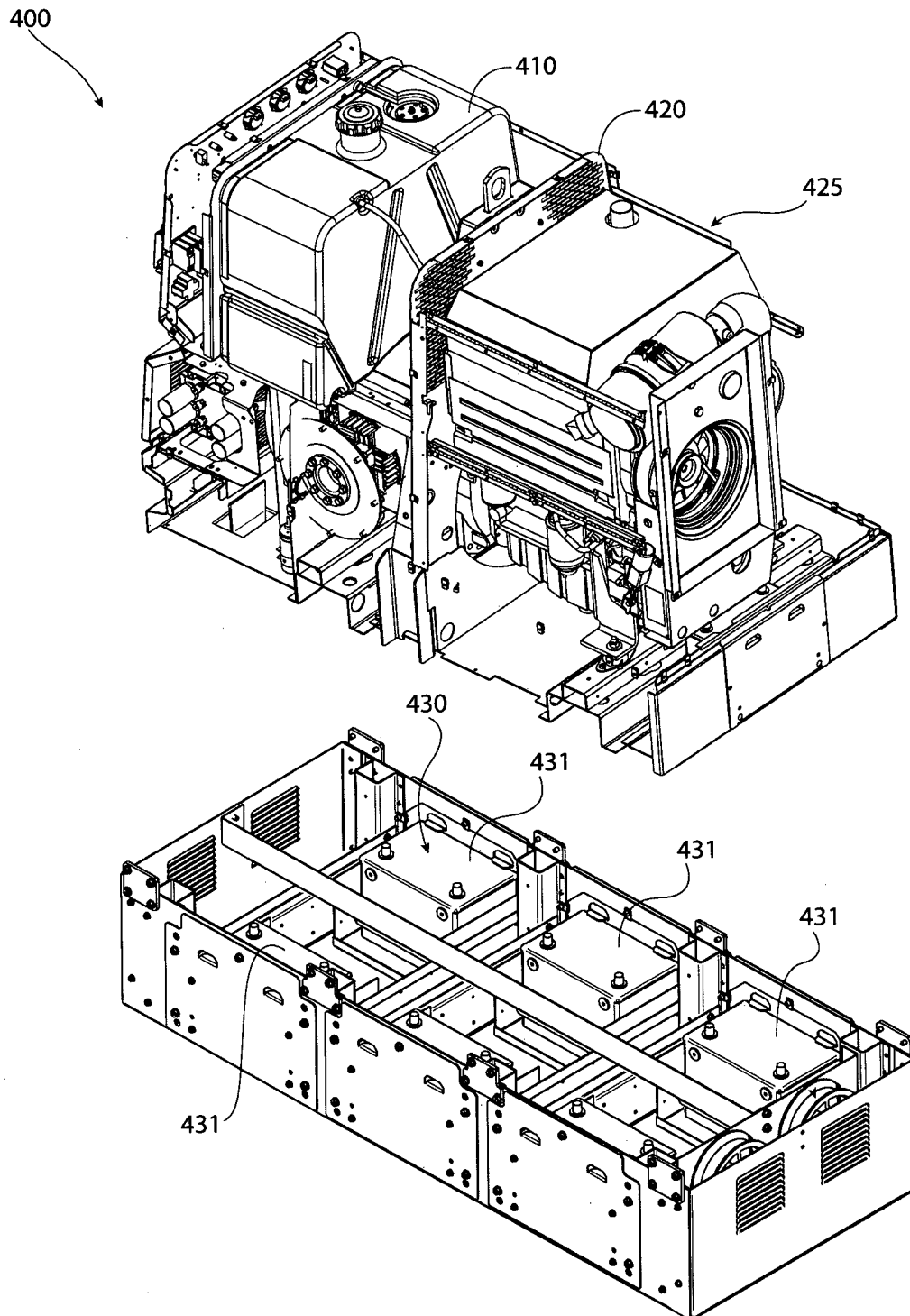
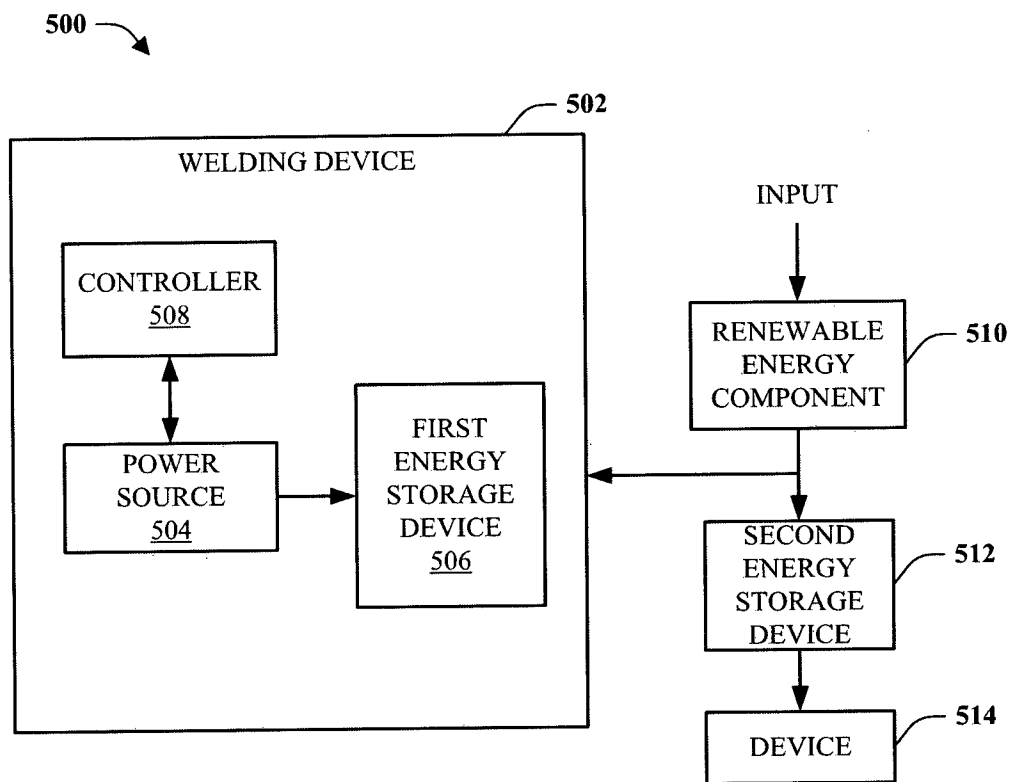


FIG. 4B

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**FIG. 5**

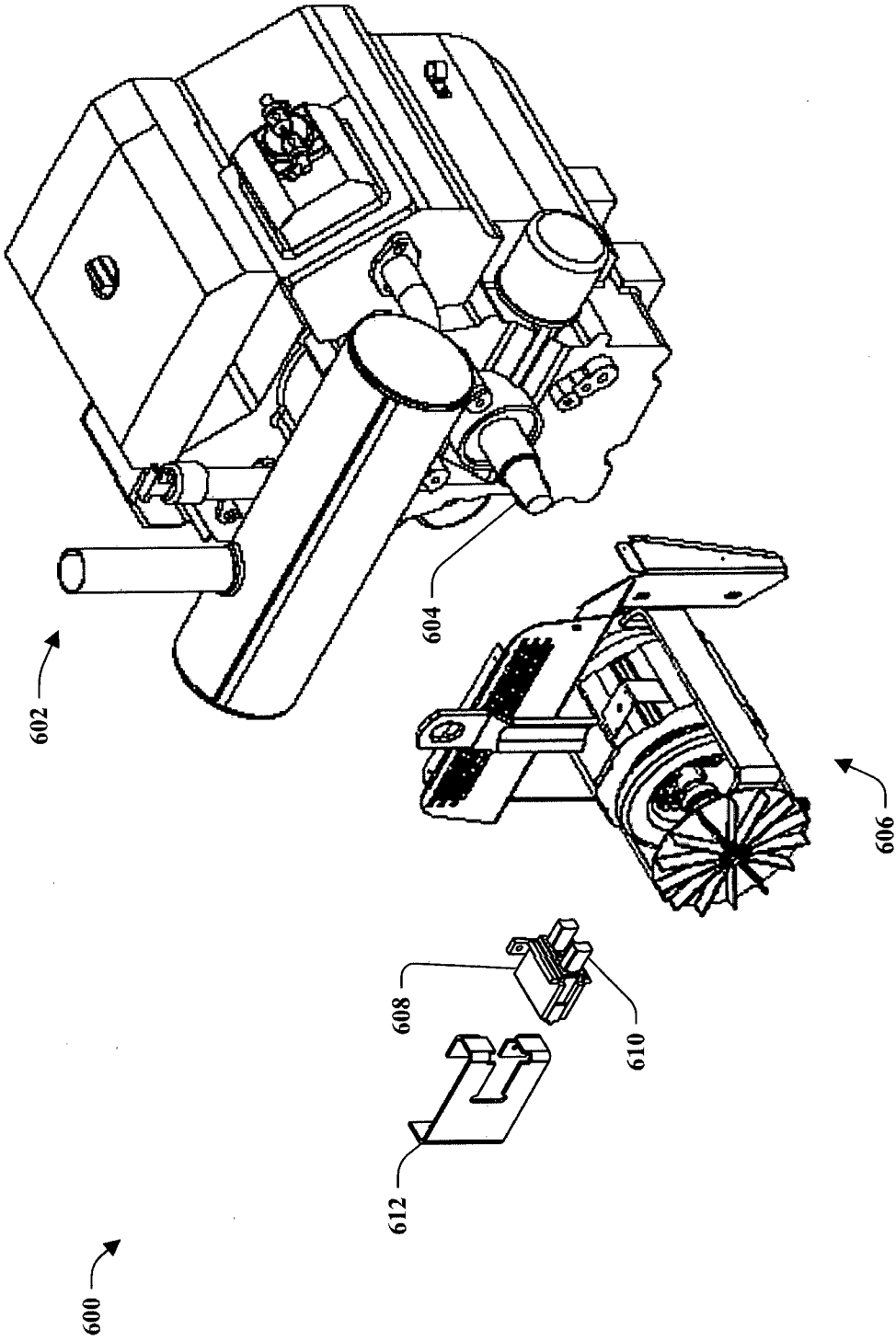
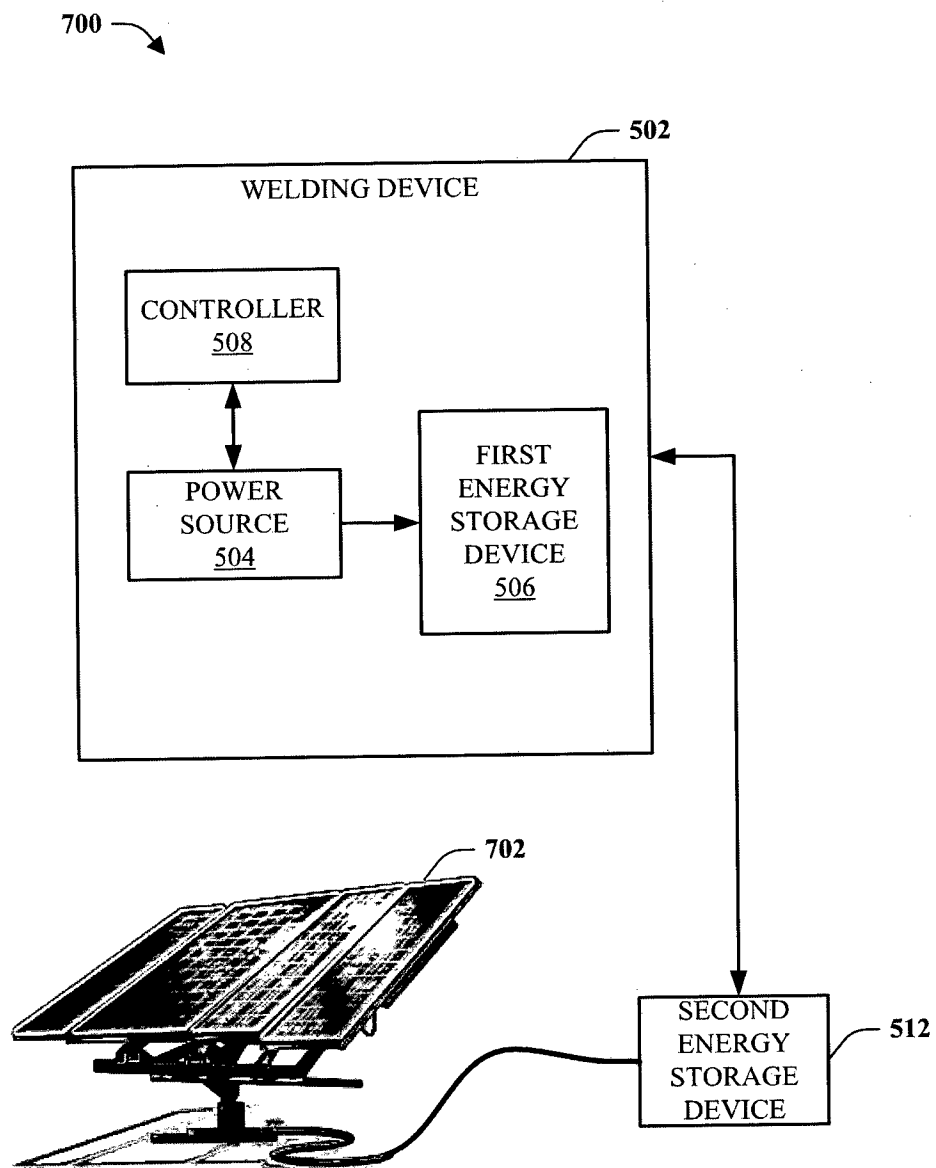


FIG. 6

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**FIG. 7**

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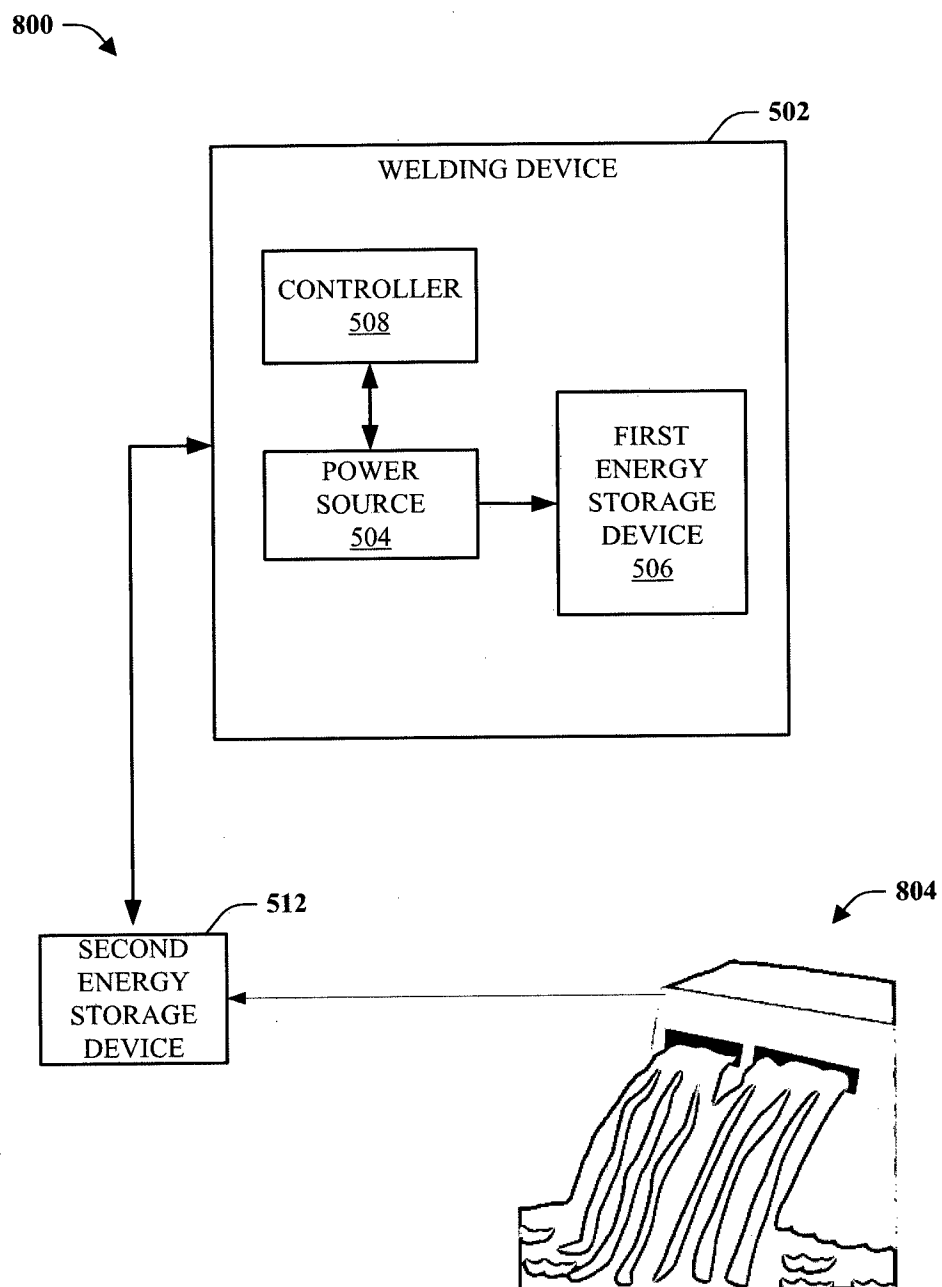


FIG. 8

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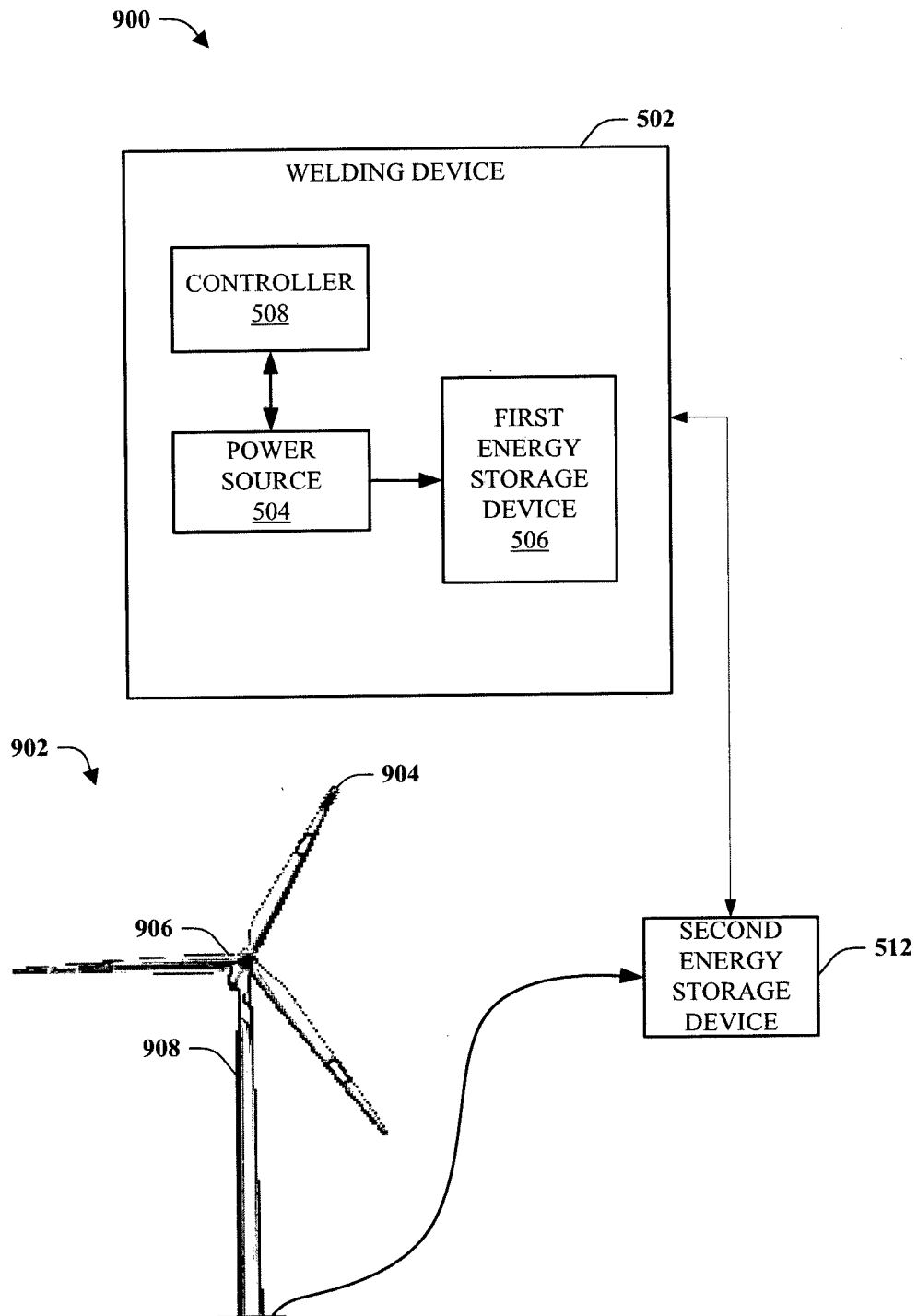
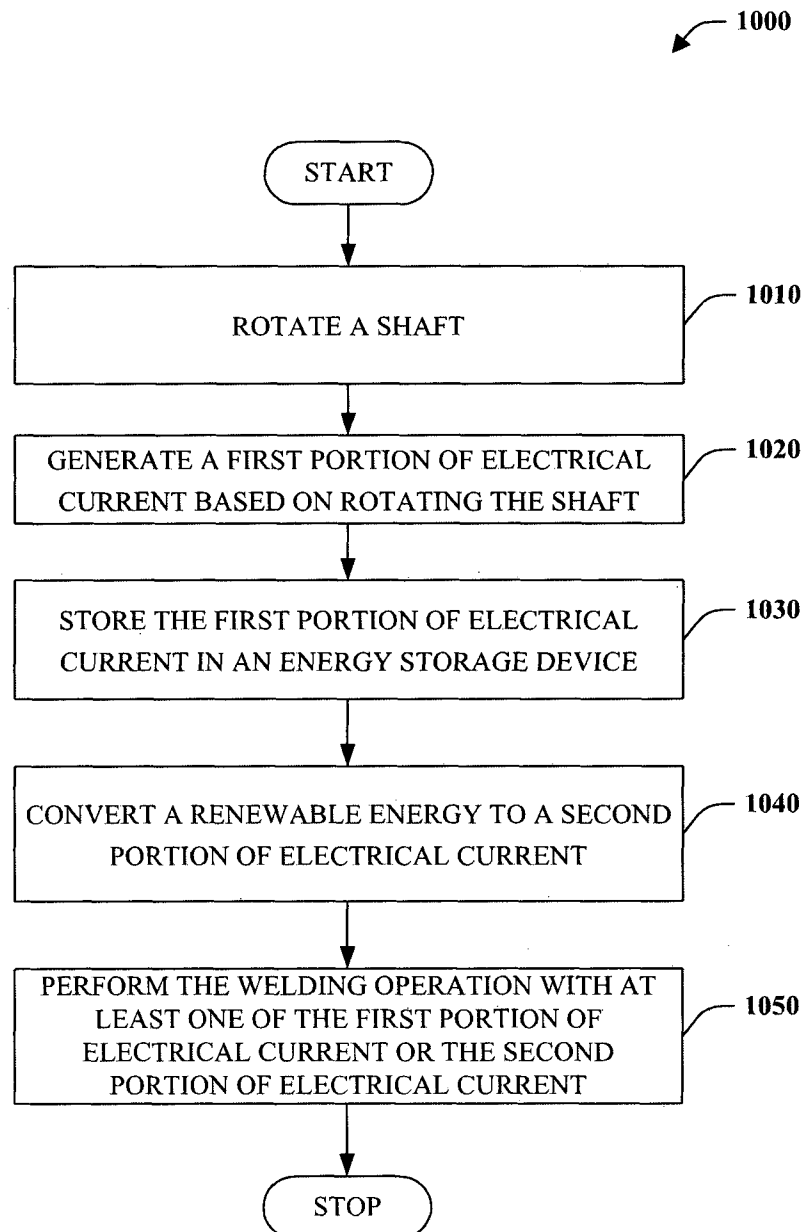


FIG. 9

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**FIG. 10**