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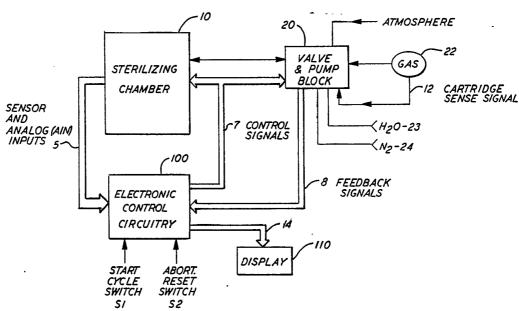
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(54) Title: GAS STERILANT SYSTEM



(57) Abstract

A system for treating articles, preferably with a sterilizing gas. The system includes a chamber (10) into which the articles are received and valves (V2, V1) for supplying the sterilizing gas to the chamber and for removing the gas from the chamber after a predetermined time period. The sterilizing gas is generated on site from at least two components, thus minimizing problems in the transportation of the gas to the location. The sterilizing gas generated on site is preferably chlorine dioxide and the two components may be chlorine gas and sodium chlorite. The system includes a progammed microprocessor controller (100) for controlling the valves executing a predetermined sequence of instructions. The predetermined sequence of instructions define a state diagram for the system having a plurality of successive states. In order to provide for system safety, the controller preferably employs a plurality of abort states to which the system returns in the event of a failure. Depending on the nature of the failure, the system automatically moves to the proper abort state.

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GAS STERILANT SYSTEM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

possibility of accidents.

This application is related to copending applications

Serial Nos. 435,331 filed October 19, 1982 and 601,443,
filed April 18, 1984, the disclosures of which are
hereby incorporated herein by reference.

The present invention relates to systems for delivering a gas to a confined chamber and to systems for

10 sterilizing substances and articles and particularly to systems using a sterilizing gas to sterilize articles, for example medical apparatus such as utensils and instruments which may have been contaminated by foreign substances. The system of the present invention can

15 also be used to sterilize non-medical articles and substances, as required. The system of the present invention relates particularly to a gas sterilizing system wherein two components which react to provide sterilizing amounts of a gas are combined in the field by the apparatus of the present invention. This allows the components which react to form the sterilizing gas to be shipped separately, which minimizes the

In particular, the present invention relates to a system using chlorine dioxide as the sterilizing gas. Chlorine dioxide gas is both unstable and toxic to humans. For

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example, chlorine dioxide gas, will, over time,
decompose into its constituent parts and accordingly, it
cannot be transported easily. It is therefore
undesirable to transport chlorine dioxide gas.

5 Moreover, chlorine dioxide gas is somewhat explosive and
also has a propensity to undergo catalytic
decomposition. The components which react to form
chlorine dioxide gas (e.g., sodium chlorite and chlorine
gas), however, may be transported relatively easily and
10 reacted on site to provide the sterilizing gas chlorine
dioxide.

Prior systems have typically used ethylene oxide gas as a sterilant. For example, the castle 4040 ethylene oxide sterilizer manufactured by Sybron Corporation,

15 Medical Products Division, is an example of such a prior system. Although ethylene oxide has been used as a sterilizing gas in the prior systems, chlorine dioxide is a preferred sterilant.

Furthermore, the systems used in the past have typically

20 been of rather simple design and have not included
advanced means for maintaining the reliability of the
devices and safeguarding against accidents.

Additionally, these systems have not provided a great
deal of redundancy so that if a component of the system

25 failed, manual intervention or service personnel was
required to correct the failure before the sterilizing
process could continue.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the present invention to provide a sterilizing system which uses a gas having bacteriocidal, sporicidal, fungicidal and/or viricidal properties to sterilize articles.

It is a further object of the invention to provide a

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sterilizing system in which at least two components which react to provide a sterilizing gas are reacted on site within the apparatus of the present invention to provide effective amounts of the sterilizing gas.

5 It is yet a further object of the present invention to provide a sterilizing system wherein the sterilant is chlorine dioxide gas.

It is still a further object of the present invention to provide a gas sterilizing system having built-in redundancy and means for maintaining the reliability and safety of the system.

It is still yet another object of the present invention to provide a gas sterilizing system which is versatile and which is controlled by a programmed microprocessor.

15 According to one embodiment of the invention, these and other objects of the present invention are achieved by a system for treating articles with a gas comprising first means for receiving a first component, second means for receiving a second component, the first and second 20 components, when reacted together, forming the gas, means for reacting the two components together for forming the gas, valve means for supplying the gas to the chamber means to treat the article in the chamber means, means for removing the gas from the chamber means, electronic controller means for controlling the means for reacting, means for supplying and means for removing, comprising computer means executing a predetermined sequence of steps so as to cycle the apparatus through a series of successive states defining 30 a cycle in which the article is treated by the gas and wherein the gas is thereafter removed from the chamber means so as to render the atmosphere in the chamber

means within acceptable standards of safety.

According to another embodiment of the invention, a system for treating articles with a gas is provided comprising chamber means for receiving articles to be treated, means for supplying the gas to the chamber 5 means comprising valve means coupled to the chamber means for supplying the gas to the chamber means, means for removing the gas from the chamber means after a predetermined time interval, electronic control means receiving a plurality of electrical signals associated 10 with ones of measured parameters from the chamber means for controlling the valve means and the means for removing, the electronic control means comprising computer means for cycling the apparatus through a plurality of states in accordance with a predetermined 15 sequence of instructions, the computer means including means for aborting the operation of the apparatus to one of a plurality of defined failure states in response to a failure of the apparatus, the selected failure state dependent on the state in the cycle in which the failure 20 occurred.

According to still another embodiment of the invention, a system for treating articles with a gas is provided comprising chamber means for receiving articles to be treated, means for supplying the gas to the chamber means comprising valve means coupled to the chamber means for supplying the gas to the chamber means, means for removing the gas from the chamber means after a predetermined time interval, electronic control means receiving a plurality of elecrical signals associated with ones of measured parameters from the chamber means for controlling the valve means and the means for removing, the electronic control means comprising computer means for cycling the apparatus through a pluality of states in accordance with a predetermined sequence of instructions, the computer means including memory means, and further comprising means for receiving

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input signals from the valve means indicative of the closed or open condition of the valve means and means for transmitting output signals to the valve means to selectively open or close the valve means, image signals of the input and output signals being stored in the memory means, mask means being stored in the memory means, the computer means comparing the image signals of the input and output signals and generating an alarm signal if the input and output image signals do not agree in response to the setting of a bit in the mask means.

Other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will be apparent from the description which follows.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will be described in greater detail with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

- FIG. 1 is a block diagram of the overall gas sterilant 20 system according to the invention;
 - FIG. 2 is a block diagram of the sterilizing chamber and the valve and pump block of the gas sterilant system according to the present invention;
- FIG. 3 is a block diagram of the electronic control circuitry of the gas sterilant system;
 - FIG. 3A is a table of addresses used in the electronic controller of FIG. 3 and the corresponding components or signals controlled by the addresses;
- FIG. 4 is a block diagram showing how various system 30 clock frequencies and the system interrupt are derived;

- FIG. 5 is a front view of one embodiment of a control panel for the gas sterilant system showing the controller display lights and control switches;
- FIG. 6 is a state diagram for the gas sterilant system 5 according to the present invention;
 - FIG. 7 is a state output matrix corresponding to the state diagram of FIG. 6 for the gas sterilant system according to the present invention;
- FIGS. 7A and 7B are flowcharts for the sequencing 10 program for implementing the state diagram of FIG. 6;
 - FIG. 8 is a block diagram of the safety interlock arrangement for the gas sterilant system according to the present invention;
- FIG. 9 is a functional flow diagram for the software
 15 resident in the memory of the electronic controller of
 the gas sterilant system according to the present
 invention;
 - FIG. 10 is a flow diagram for timed functions of the software for the gas sterilant system;
- 20 FIG. 11 is a flow diagram for one of the timed functions of the software for the gas sterilant system;
 - FIG. 12 is a memory map of the data memory of the electronic control circuitry for the gas sterilant system according to the present invention;
- 25 FIG. 13 is a flowchart for another of the timed functions of the software of the electronic control circuitry for the gas sterilant system according to the present invention;

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- FIG. 14 is a flowchart of another of the timed functions of the software for the gas sterilant system according to the present invention;
- FIG. 15 is a flowchart for another of the timed

 5 functions of the software for the gas sterilant system according to the present invention;
 - FIG. 16 is a flowchart for a program implemented in the control unit for resetting the control unit timed functions;
- 10 FIG. 17 is a flowchart for a program implemented in the control unit for reading in input data from the system according to the invention;
- FIG. 18 is a flowchart for a program implemented in the control unit for providing a timeout alarm in the event of a component failure;
 - FIG. 19 is a flowchart for a program implemented in the control unit for providing an additional alarm in the event of a component failure;
- FIG. 20 is a flowchart for a program implemented in the control unit for writing out data to the controlled components of the system;
 - FIG. 21 is a flowchart for a program implemented in the control unit for reading in analog input data from the controlled system;
- 25 FIG. 22 is a general flowchart for a program implemented in the control unit for providing the various timed functions of the system;
 - FIG. 23 is a flowchart for part of the program of FIG.

22; and

FIG. 24 is a flowchart for a program implemented in the control unit for controlling the system outputs.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

5 Overall System

With reference now to the drawing figures, FIG. 1 shows the overall gas sterilant system. The system comprises a sterilizing chamber 10, electronic control circuitry 100 which is preferably microprocessor controlled, valve and pump block 20 and displays 110. Sensor inputs 5 including signals generated by appropriate sensors in chamber 10 and related to temperature, pressure, humidity and sterilizing gas concentration in the chamber 10 are fed from the sterilizing chamber 10 to 15 control circuitry 100. The sensor inputs include both analog signals relating to the above measured chamber parameters and certain digital signals, e.g., a signal indicative of when the temperature in the chamber has reached a desired value, to be explained in more detail below. A START CYCLE switch S1 initiates operation of 20 the system and an ABORT-RESET switch S2, as described in more detail later, is used to recycle the system states to a defined condition if an abort mode is attained, i.e., if a failure or alarm condition occurs. operation of valve and pump block 20 will be described in more detail below, and includes a source of chlorine dioxide gas 22 which is produced on location from separated components, water vapor 23 and nitrogen 24. The valve and pump block is also vented to the atmosphere, as shown. Valve and pump block 20 includes 30 a number of sequenced and controlled valves and a vacuum pump for providing the necessary conditions in the sterilizing chamber at the appropriate times. Because of the instability and potential toxicity of chlorine dioxide, the preferred sterilizing gas, it is preferable

to transport components, which when reacted, form the chlorine dioxide gas. For example, the components may be sodium chlorite, Na₂ClO₂ and chlorine gas, Cl₂.

Appropriate control signals 7 are fed by the electronic control circuitry 100 to the valve and pump block 20 and chamber 10 for controlling components of the system. Furthermore, feedback signals 8 from the controlled components are fed back to the control circuitry 100 so that the controller can monitor the state of the system and signals 14 are coupled to display panel 110 for informing the operator of the status of the system.

Additionally, a cartridge sense signal 12 is fed from the attached gas cartridge (Cl₂ component cartridge) to indicate that a gas component cartridge has been coupled into the system.

General Functions

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FIG. 2 shows the arrangement of valve and pump block 20 in more detail. Valve and pump block 20 includes a series of valves V1, V2, V3, V4, V4a, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9 and V10, pumps P1 and P2, air filter 13, a detoxifier 22 for detoxifying the evacuated chlorine dioxide gas, which may be implemented as explained in the above copending patent applications, and appropriate sources of water vapor, nitrogen, Cl, gas, air, and sodium chlorite. As shown in FIG. 2, some of the valves are merely sequenced, while others are controlled in response to selected ones of the values of the measured process variables, e.g., gas concentration, humidity level and pressure. For safety reasons, each valve (V) 30 is fitted with two limit switches (LS) to indicate the open (e.g. LS2o) or closed condition (e.g. LS2c) of the valve. In the attached software listing, the open limit switches are referred to by the designation LSOx and the closed limit switches by the designation LSCx. Both

switches must be in their proper positions at the proper times during the entire cycle in order that the cycle not be aborted. In addition, a number of lights are provided on a display panel, as shown in FIG. 5, which indicate the progress of the sterilization cycle or the occurrence of possible fault conditions. A cycle can be started by the operator, after the chamber door 11 is closed, by momentarily depressing the START-CYCLE (S1) switch. See FIG. 1. Thereafter the cycle proceeds automatically according to a program stored in the microprocessor memory of the electronic controller 100. This process will be described in more detail below.

Furthermore, in order to provide redundancy, a number of manually controlled valves, e.g. valves V₉ and V₁₀, are provided in case valves V₃ and V₈ do not open. These valves can be manually operated by service personnel so that potentially toxic gases can be removed via detoxifier 22 in the event valves V₃ and V₈ fail to open when sterilizing gas is in the chamber. An auxiliary vacuum pump is also provided so that the gas can be drawn out via the manually operated valves. Sterilization Cycle

The sterilization cycle is an interlocked sequence of events and consequent actions under microprocessor

25 control. The steps of this sequence are detailed in the state diagram of FIG. 6 and state output matrix of FIG.

7. These steps are performed by a sequencing program, the flowchart for which is shown in FIGS. 7A and 7B and the details of which are disclosed in the program

30 listing contained in the appendix. Two types of events occur during the sequence, independent and dependent events. Some independent events are external events and include contact input signals to the controller from the controlled valves (e.g., the limit switches), and are referred to by the symbols XOx to X3x in FIG. 3. Each

contact input signal is one bit of an eight bit word and the collection of such control input signals shall be referred to herein generally as digital inputs (DIN). Independent events also include the reception of signals 5 corresponding to measured or analog process values (AIN), such as pressure, temperature, humidity and sterilizing gas concentration. The measured value signals are associated with logical comparison operations performed by the controller. Other 10 independent events are internally declared, and these typically result in the illumination of an indicator light on the display panel, shown in FIG. 5. The controller evaluates the dependent events, which are logical combinations of independent events, to single TRUE or FALSE results. When the dependent event becomes 15 true, a corresponding action is performed, i.e. the control system moves to a new process state, defined by the state output matrix of FIG. 7. If the dependent event is not true, the controller holds the process state in its memory and waits for a period of 50 20 milliseconds before reevaluating the dependent event. In the case of a system failure, the system automatically transfers to an appropriate ABORT state immediately, as will be described in greater detail below. This process continues until the cycle has been 25 completed or aborted. Safety Considerations

The sterilization system is provided with a number of checks to insure correct operation of the various valves and other components. As will be described in more detail below, interlock software implemented by the controller main timing program confirms the correct position of all valves every 6250 microseconds. An alarm condition is declared any time a valve is not in its commanded state. The operation of these interlocks differs from typical relay logic, or programmable logic controllers, in that interlock checking continues after

valve actuation has taken place and can lead to different failure programming (ABORT states) at each process stage. correct status of a valve is latched into memory after actuation is confirmed, and this latched condition is checked 5 every 6250 microseconds. FIG. 8 is a block diagram of the safety-interlock components necessary to perform this checking routine. Failure to pass either an initial event-timeout condition following actuation or any subsequent status check will result in abnormal termination of the sterilization 10 cycle. A sequence of control actions for safe termination of the cycle is defined for every point in the sterilization cycle, and is initiated immediately in the event of any abnormal (ALARM) process condition. This intensive status checking according to the invention prevents deliberate 15 bypassing of the interlock switches in the field, since if a limit switch is bypassed, at some point in the system cycle the switch will be determined to be in an improper position, thus causing the system to enter an ABORT state.

As shown in FIG. 8, the safety interlock system includes a Sequencing Program 120 stored in internal memory (ROM) of the electronic controller. Sequencing program 120 is identified in a listing of the program resident in memory attached hereto, as SEQ and the flowchart for this program is shown in FIGS. 7A and 7B. Also stored in memory is a Contact Status 25 Check program 122 and a series of masks 124 which are determined by the particular point in the sequence program. The Contact Status Check program is identified in the appendix as CSC and a flowchart therefor is shown in FIGS. 18 and 19. Inputs 126, which are images stored in memory of actual input signals from both "open" limit switch contacts 127 (closed when a valve is open and open when a valve is closed) and "closed" contacts 129 (closed when a valve is closed and open when a valve is open) are provided, as well as inputs from other components, such as the sterilizing chamber 10 door 11. A series of contact outputs 125 are also provided by the

particular state of the sequencing program. The Contact

Status Check program 122 compares the contact inputs with the contact outputs 125. Whenever an input differs from the desired value, as established by the output, an alarm condition is declared if, and only if, a corresponding bit is turned on in the Mask 124. This safety feature detects any incorrect valve position immediately. A hardware implemented watchdog timer 132 is utilized to provide an extra level of safety by disabling all outputs to the valves 130 by opening electronic switches 134 when the timer times out if the microprocessor controller should fail, thereby preventing energization of any of the valves in the valve and pump block 20 in the event of a computer failure.

FIGS. 7A and 7B are a flowchart for the sequencing program The sequencing program is entered from another program, 15 called the Main Dispatching Program, which essentially checks for flags generated at appropriate time intervals and which determines when specific functions should be performed. As shown in FIG. 7A, when the sequencing program is entered, the current state of the system is retrieved from memory, as shown 20 at 180. The current state is stored in a register 210a in internal CPU RAM, as shown in FIG. 12. The organization of internal CPU RAM will be discussed in more detail in connection with FIG. 12 later. At 182, a check is made to determine if the state exceeds the maximum state number. If 25 it does, an ABORT state, state 31, to be discussed in more detail in connection with FIG. 6, is entered at 184. Otherwise, the conditions for the next state are performed at 186 by entering the program ST, the flowchart for which is shown in FIG. 7B.

30 As shown in FIG. 7B, program ST first evaluates each dependent event to a single true or false result, as shown at 188 and 189. Each dependent event is a logical combination of a number of independent events, each of which must be specified if the dependent event is true. If the dependent event is not 35 true, a hold flag (FØ) in a memory location in the

microprocessor internal RAM (see FIG. 12) is set at 190. Otherwise, the next state is set at 192 and a new ABORT state, if a new ABORT state is required, is set, but not entered, at 193.

- 5 At 194, the timeout for the previous event must be disabled so that the timeout will not cause an alarm condition to be generated, which could cause an ABORT state to be reached. Timeouts are provided by program implemented timers, which monitor for the occurrence of a specified action, e.g. the 10 movement of a valve, within a preset time defined by the If the specified action has occurred, the timeout must be disabled because the timer continues to run. In order to disable the timeout, as shown in FIG. 18, a flag in the Timer Counter Enable Register (TCEN) 207 in internal RAM (FIG. 12) 15 is cleared. In this way, when the flag for the timer is set into the Timer Counter Flag Register (TCFL) 206 (FIG. 12) when the timer runs out, no alarm will be generated. If a timeout alarm is generated, a bit TMOF is set in the STATUS register, as shown in FIG. 18.
- At 195, the masks are cleared, i.e., bits corresponding to the particular events which are to take place are set to a "don't care" condition, so that the change of the corresponding bits in the contact outputs do not set off an alarm condition by the contact status check program. At this point, the action may be performed, as shown at 196. Subsequently, the timeout count for the action is loaded into the appropriate one of the timer registers 200 (FIG. 12) as will be explained in more detail later. The action timeout flag is then enabled to monitor for the timely occurrence of the current monitored action as shown at 197. The hold flag FØ is then cleared at 198 and a return is made to the flowchart of FIG. 7A, to the point denoted SEQR.

At 200a, a test is performed to determine if an alarm or timeout condition has occurred. If an alarm or timeout has

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occurred, the current state is set to the current ABORT state at 201 immediately. Then, the hold flag FØ is checked at 202 to determine if it has been set. If it has, a return is then made to the background or main dispatching program from which 5 all subroutines are entered. If flag $F\emptyset$ has not been set, the system remains in the sequencing program to continue to the next state and only exits once flag FØ is set.

FIG. 19 shows the contact status check program in more detail. As shown, the contact input status corresponding to the 10 contact inputs are stored in appropriate locations in the internal RAM of the system microprocessor. The memory locations are as indicated. See FIG. 12. The same is done for the contact output status bits, which specify the events to occur for a particular state. The Masks MSK0-MSK3, also 15 stored in internal RAM, are evaluated by the contact status check program. If the contact inputs vary from the contact outputs, an alarm condition is generated by setting a bit in the status register 204, which is a location in RAM (see FIG. 12), but this is only done if the corresponding bit in the 20 Mask is turned on. If the bit is off, indicating that a change of the corresponding output is to be allowed to occur, no alarm will be generated, and the contact outputs will be written into an output buffer, to be described in more detail below, to actuate the appropriate controlled or sequenced 25 component, e.g., a valve or pump, without operating an alarm.

Additional safety features are also provided for in the system. As discussed above, manually actuable valves V9 and V10, operated by service personnel, and auxiliary pump P2 are provided in the event valves V8 and V3 and main pump Pl do not 30 operate properly, thus providing a degree of redundancy. Furthermore, as shown in FIG. 2, safety features are provided to prevent the possibility of excessive temperatures and pressures in the sterilizing chamber 10. A thermally activated switch lla is provided in series with heater HTØl in the chamber to detect excessive temperature. For example,

should the heater HTØl fail to turn off, the thermostatic switch lla will sense an excessive temperature and interrupt the circuit.

Additionally, should excessive pressures develop in the chamber, a pressure relief valve 9 is provided for venting gases in chamber 10 through a second detoxifier 22a to the atmosphere.

Also provided is a check valve 15 in series with valve V4 which supplies sterilizing chlorine gas to the system. Check valve 15 prevents the possibility of nitrogen gas from the nitrogen cannister pressurizing the chlorine gas cannister should valves V4 and V4a fail to close. Check valve 15 only allows chlorine gas to flow out of the chlorine gas cannister and prevents nitrogen gas from flowing into the chlorine gas cannister if valves V4 and V4a fail to close.

Operator Interactions

The apparatus and sterilization cycle of the system according to the invention provide for minimal operator intervention and maximum safety. FIG. 5 shows an embodiment of a display panel 20 for the invention showing the various display lights. Certain lights are provided but not used, for expansion purposes. sterilization cycle cannot be initiated until the chamber 10 door 11 has been properly closed. The DOOR-OPEN light (LTI) will then be extinguished, as shown by LT01 changing state 25 from a "1" state in state 1 to a "0" state in state 2 of FIG. 7, and the READY-FOR-CYCLE light (LT11) will be illuminated. See also FIG. 5. To start the cycle, the operator merely presses the START-CYCLE (S1) switch (see FIG. 1) when ready. Thereafter, no operator intervention is required until the 30 cycle ends, with illumination of the REMOVE-LOAD light (LT17), or until an alarm condition has halted the cycle. latter eventuality, one of the alarm lights indicating the failure will be on. The operator notes which lights are on,

takes the necessary action and then presses the ABORT-RESET (S2) switch when ready to cycle the system back to a defined condition and to avoid the failure condition, if possible. For example, if the PURGE-FAIL light (LT5) is on, due to the possibility of an empty nitrogen tank, the tank should be replaced before pressing the S2 switch. Similarly for other failure modes, an attempt should be made to diagnose and remedy the failure condition before pressing switch S2. The subsequent actions to abort the cycle are then predetermined and automatic. No further operator intervention is necessary. Furthermore, redundancy has been provided in the system so that if a component fails, another component, e.g., a pump or valve, can take the place of the failed component so that the system can be brought out of its failure state.

15 Control Circuitry Design

The overall design of the electronic control circuitry 100 is shown in FIG. 3. The controller is microprocessor controlled, and preferably utilizes a type 8031, 8051 or 8751 microprocessor CPU 102 manufactured by Intel Corp., because of 20 the ability of these processors to perform Boolean arithmetic on bit addressable data. The CPU 102 includes self contained Random Access Memory (RAM) and Read Only Memory (ROM). Furthermore, the controller may include external ROM 104 and a non-volatile Shadow RAM (SRAM) 106 which may be a type X2210 25 manufactured by XICOR Inc. and which, as discussed heretofore, stores critical data after power-down. The controller also includes a clock crystal 108, input latch 113 receiving Digital INputs (DIN), an A/D Converter 114 and filter 114a for Analog INputs (AIN), an output latch 117 for Digital OUtputs 30 (DOU), and a WatchDog Timer 112 (WDT). The latter timer is arranged to disable all outputs to the valves to their denergized state upon failure of the microprocessor, as described above with reference to FIG. 8. Analog to digital converter 114 and analog filter 114a, convert the analog inputs from the measured gas concentration, temperature, 35

humidity and pressure parameters to digital data.

Central processor 102 is coupled to an address/data bus 116, which also couples RAM 106, ROM 104 and a bus tranceiver 105. An address latch 103 is enabled by a line 107 from the CPU/102, and latches addresses to a further bus 109, the Read/Write and Address Bus. Bus 109 allows the DIN Latch 113, A/D converter 114, a time stamp clock 119 and DOU latch 117 to be addressed at the appropriate times during execution of the sterilization sequence program, i.e., when CPU 102 calls for input data from the various valve limit switches, DIN latch 113 is addressed. At other times the A/D converter 114 or DOU latch 117 will be addressed.

Two decoders, a read enable decoder 120 and a write enable decoder 122 are coupled to bus 109 and allow latches 113 and 117 and A/D converter 114 to be either read from or written to. Appropriate read/write commands are coupled on lines 126 for controlling the decoders.

Furthermore, a data bus 124 is also provided for reading data from or to the input and output latches and A/D converter.

20 Several additional control lines are also employed, including a data bus enable 125 and RAM command lines 127. Line 125 enables bus transceiver 105 only for very short intervals and only during input/output (I/O) subroutines (e.g., subroutines WCO (Write Contact Outputs), RCI (Read Contact Inputs) and RAI (Read Analog Inputs), see appendix), when input and output operations are being performed, e.g., writing output information to DOU latch 117 for controlling the valves. In this way, data on the data bus 124 for actuating the various valves of the valve and pump block cannot be transmitted to the valves except under limited circumstances. This provides an additional degree of system safety. Furthermore, bus transceiver XCVR 105 is bi-directional and the direction of

data transfer is controlled by one of the read and write

lines, as shown.

RAM command lines 127 issue signals to shadow RAM 106 so that failures can be logged permanently and other critical data can be stored in the event of a power failure.

5 A reset line 129 is also provided between the Write enable decoder 122 and watchdog timer 112 and an enable line 130 is provided between timer 112 and DOU latch 117. As previously indicated, timer 112 monitors CPU 102 for proper system operation. Normally, CPU 102 constantly resets the watchdog timer via line 129. In the event of a CPU malfunction, the reset signal will fail to appear in time and the timer 112 times out and removes the output enable signal on line 130. The removal of this signal disables all DOU latch 117 outputs, thus preventing valve energization in the event of a CPU failure. Accordingly, a still further degree of safety has been provided in the system described.

Since the elements of the controller are coupled to data buses 116 and 124, as shown in FIG. 3, they have been assigned memory addresses through which they can be accessed by the 20 microprocessor. FIG. 3A shows one arrangement of these addresses, for reference. As indicated above, certain of the devices, such as the SRAM 106 and DOU latch 117, are provided so that the data they contain can only be changed when bits of the microprocessor port lines are sequenced properly. This is a safety feature which prevents some microprocessor failure modes from causing undesired changes in memory contents or valve positions.

All processor and program timing is derived from the basic clock oscillator 108, which preferably has a frequency of 5.9904 MHz. FIG. 4 illustrates the relationship between the various frequencies used. As indicated in FIG. 3, provision may also be made to add a precision clock 119 to the system, which can be read by way of the data/address bus or via a

serial data communications line 118 to provide a clock-calendar for time-stamping the process data.

As shown in FIG. 4, basic processor timing is provided by the CPU internal crystal controlled clock 108. The clock 108

5 frequency is divided by twelve by CPU internal counter stages 130 and 132 to provide the CPU Address Latch Enable (ALE) signal of 499,200 HZ. The ALE signal is used to strobe address latch 103 so that addresses can be placed on bus 109 and further controls the operation of A/D converter 114.

10 Signal ALE is also coupled to further internal divider stages 134 and 136. Divider stage 134 provides a signal designated TIMER 1, which is further divided by an internal counter stage 138 into a 1200 bit/sec signal for serial data transfer, which optionally may be provided to transmit system data to remote 15 locations via serial line 118.

Counter stage 136 provides an interrupt, TIMERO. TIMERO provides a transition every 6250 usecs and allows the main timed function program, TMRO, to read all contact inputs and analog inputs and write all contact outputs every 6250 usecs.

20 The operation of this program and other programs of the operating system will be described in more detail later.

The TIMERO interrupt is then further divided by program TMRO software counter stages 142, 144 and 146, to provide the respective program execution signals designated as TIC, SEC and MIN, which occur at period of 50 msecs, 1 sec and 1 min, respectively. These will be discussed in further detail below.

FIG. 3A details the assignment of addresses on address bus 109. As shown, the bus 109 is a 16 bit bus. Internal CPU RAM 30 is assigned address space 00-FF and bits A0 to A7 on the bus 109 identify the RAM locations. Internal ROM is identified by bits $^{\rm A}_{\rm 0}$ to $^{\rm A}_{\rm 15}$, with bits $^{\rm A}_{\rm 12}$ - $^{\rm A}_{\rm 15}$ always being O's, as

shown. Addresses from 0000 to 0FFF are used. The other components, external ROM 104, external RAM 106, clock 119, A/D converter 114, DIN latch 113, DOU latch 117 and watchdog timer 112 are assigned the addresses indicated in FIG. 3A. As shown, the DIN and DOU latches each are capable of latching 4 eight bit words, the DIN latches from the various limit switches and other contact inputs and the DOU latches to the various valves, pumps, etc. Digital inputs DIN and digital outputs DOU are each subdivided into four words of 8 bits each, and all eight bits of each group are accessed at one time by the respective addresses indicated in FIG. 3A.

As shown in FIG. 3, the analog pressure, temperature, humidity and chlorine dioxide gas concentration parameters are fed from respective sensors 114c to respective amplifiers 114d, e, f 15 and q. In order to provide an additional degree of system safety when sterilizing chlorine dioxide gas is being evacuated from the sterilizing chamber, it is important that the chlorine dioxide gas concentration levels be accurately measured. Accordingly, amplifier 114g for the gas 20 concentration signal is switched into a high gain mode by a control signal Y37 during the time when the sterilizing chamber is being evacuated. In this way, A/D converter 114 will compare the input concentration analog signal with a greater number of quantizing levels, thus providing a more accurate indication of the actual concentration. At all other times, amplifier 114g will remain in a low gain mode. example, when chlorine dioxide levels are being measured in the chamber for purposes of determining an adequate sterilizing concentration, much higher concentration levels are being measured, and accordingly, A/D converter 114 provides an accurate digital signal corresponding to the analog concentration level. Therefore, amplifier 114g can remain in a low gain mode. Amplifier 114g may be switched to a high gain mode by signal Y37 changing from a "0" to a "1".

35 The system data-base may be thought of as being divided into

external and internal sections. The external data-base contains the Contact inputs (CCI), which are comprised of the digital inputs DIN; the Contact Outputs (CCO), which comprise the digital outputs DOU; and the Analog INputs (AIN). 5 of the external data-base are maintained in an internal data base comprising locations in internal RAM by subroutines of the TIMERO program (TMRO), which is invoked every 6250 microseconds. That is, every 6250 microseconds, all contact inputs and analog measurements are read and stored in the 10 controller internal data-base and images of the contact outputs loaded in the DOU latch. With reference to FIG. 12, which is a memory map for the internal data RAM of CPU 102, images of the contact inputs are stored as the variables CCIO through CCI3, and the filtered analog inputs are stored as the 15 variables ADIO through ADI7. The contact outputs are stored as variables CC00-CC03. Programs using the input data retrieve it only from these locations, and not from the input devices directly. Hence, the programs only operate on images of the inputs and outputs. In addition, the internal database includes a number of register banks, RBØ-RB3. number of timers 205 are provided including a 50 msec timer TICK (50 msec), a second timer TSEC (1 sec) and a minute timer TMIN (1 min). These timers provide timed function intervals for scheduling functions implemented at those intervals by the 25 system main dispatching program. The TICK timer times out after 50 msecs and sets a flag TICF in STATUS register 204 to be used by the main dispatching program to initiate all 50 msec timed functions, including a number of timers 200 in register bank RB3 which are invoked every 50 msecs, TTMx. These timers are preferably invoked for monitoring timeout conditions for the system valves, for example.

The TSEC timer similarly times out after 1 sec and sets a flag (SECF) in STATUS register 204, to be used by the main dispatching program to initiate all 1 second timed functions, including a number of timers 200 in RB3 which are invoked every second, STMx. Similarly, the TMIN timer times out after

a minute and sets a flag (MINF) in STATUS register 204 to be used by the main dispatching program to initiate the 1 minute timed functions, including a number of timers 200 in RB3 which are invoked every minute, MTMx. The data memory also includes 5 registers in RB2 for keeping track of the current state and ABORT state used by the sequence program. Also included are the sequence status register 204, TCEN and TCFL registers 207 and 208, already discussed, for the timers, and a control register CTRL for enabling a control calculation to open or close a valve. 4 bits of the control register, as shown, are 10 used for controlling the four control loops of the system, corresponding to the measured temperature, humidity, pressure and gas concentration parameters. An array of bit masks 260 is provided in the internal data-base to permit "don't care" 15 conditions when comparing contact input and output status. Further descriptions of the data elements are found in the controller program source listing in the appendix to this specification.

More particularly, internal RAM of CPU 102 may be organized as 20 follows. The 256 (FF) memory locations are organized into 50 msec, one sec and one minute timers in the timed function registers (memory locations 00 to 07); optional communications program registers (memory locations 08 to 0F) for controlling a receive buffer RBUF and transmit buffer TBUF; main 25 dispatching program registers (memory locations 10 to 17); timers 200 which are implemented at 50 msec, one second and one minute intervals by timers 205 (18 to 1D); (counters 1E and 1F); a status byte 204 (20); a control byte 206 (21); a timer enable byte TCEN (22); a timer flag byte TCFL (23); a 30 series of masks 260 for the inputs; (24-27); the contact output images CC00-CC03 (28-2B); contact input images CCI0 CCI3 (2C-2F); analog inputs ADIO-ADI7 (30-37); and set points for the measured process variables, such as temperature, pressure, concentration and humidity (38-3B). The remainder 35 of the internal RAM is assigned to the communications buffers (40 to 5F), the system stack (60 to 7F) and internal

microprocessor registers and storage (8% to FF), the use of which is known to those skilled in the art. Refer to Microcontroller User's Manual, published by Intel Corp., May 1982, document No. 210359-001. Although the entire system program is contained in internal ROM of the CPU 102, an external ROM may also be provided so as to allow additional programming capabilities. Alongside FIG. 12, the contents of the STATUS, CTRL, TCEN and TCFL registers by bit are shown.

State Sequence

- The progress of the sterilization cycle can be determined from the PROGRESS lights on the display panel, shown in FIG. 5.

 During a normal cycle the failure lights should never be on. Whether normal or aborted, both cycle and failure data will be maintained in a non-volatile random access memory or shadow

 15 RAM (SRAM). For example, after a designated number of cycles, e.g. three cycles, the gas cartridges will be discharged and must be replaced. The data concerning the number of cycles in which a cartridge has been used is stored in this memory. Also, after a predetermined number of cycles, or repeated

 20 failures, the system will be disabled until maintenance has been performed. This is a safety feature which cannot be bypassed in the field, and this data is also stored in the non-volatile memory.
- As discussed, FIG. 6 is a state diagram which defines the operation of the sequencing program of the sterilant system. FIG. 7 identifies the condition of the components identified in FIG. 2 as well as the display lamps shown in FIG. 5 for the various process states. The operation of the system may now be described in further detail.
- 30 The system always begins in an initialization state, state 0.

 During this state, all output lines of the microprocessor in control circuitry 100 are set so as to initially deenergize all valves in the valve and pump block 20. After a short time

delay, valve V7 is opened to allow air into the chamber, as shown by a "1" appearing opposite VV07 for state 0 in FIG. 7. Furthermore, during this state, the control circuitry 100 stores in memory the state of all output ports of the 5 microprocessor.

In states 0 and 1, the door to the sterilizing chamber 10 is in its open position. Once the door is closed, state 2 is entered. As indicated in FIG. 6, this means that the system is ready to begin its cycle. As further indicated in FIG. 7, in state 2, valves V1-V6 are closed, valve V7 remains open 10 and valve V8 is closed. Display lights LT1-LT6 are off, light LT11 (READY FOR CYCLE) is on and lights LT12-LT17 are off. The corresponding limit switches (LS) are in a position determined by the condition of the associated valve, e.g., for 15 valve V2, which is closed, limit switch LS20 is open while limit switch LS2c is made. As indicated above, two limit switches are provided on each valve, one for the open position and one for the closed position, in order to insure the safety of the system. Both limit switches must be in their proper 20 position, otherwise a failure will occur.

When the door to the chamber 10 is open, the system is in state 1, once the initialization state has been passed. Accordingly, only LTl is on and the other lights are off, as shown in FIG. 7.

- 25 Assuming the chamber door has been closed and the system is in state 2, if the START CYCLE switch Sl is pressed, the system moves to state 3. At this point valve V7 closes, as indicated by the "0" appearing in the column for state 3 in FIG. 6 and light LT12, CYCLE IN PROGRESS, turns on. As indicated in FIG.
- 2, valve V7 vents the chamber 10 via a filter 13 to the atmosphere when open. Thus, the flow of filtered external air into the chamber is stopped when valve V7 closes.

If the door is opened in state 2, an immediate return to state

1 is made.

Once in state 3, and, if V7 is closed, as indicated by the closed state of limit switch LS7c and open state of limit switch LS7o, state 4 will be entered. If valve V7 does not close within a certain time, as determined by a timeout implemented by one of the TIC timers TTMx in RB3 of the data memory, state 29, ABORT-1 will be entered. Furthermore, if an alarm condition occurs, such as the opening of a valve which should be closed, an alarm condition will be generated and the point of failure indicated on the display panel, indicating to the operator that a malfunction has occurred.

Once in state 3, if the chamber door is opened, the cycle will be aborted, as shown in FIG. 6.

Assuming V7 has closed and state 4 has been entered, the

15 chamber heater HTØ1 is turned on, as indicated by the "1" in

the column for state 4 opposite HTØ1. If the temperature

within the chamber increases to a sufficient level within a

time-out period, state 5 can be entered. If not, ABORT-1,

state 29, is entered and a return to state 2 is thereafter

20 made when switch S2 is depressed. A safe operating

temperature is reached when temperature switch T1 (FIG. 2) is

actuated by the temperature of the atmosphere in the chamber

reaching the desired temperature. After this occurs, the

temperature in the chamber is controlled by turning the heater

25 on and off as required during the cycle, as indicated by the

notation "C" in the columns of FIG. 7 opposite "HTØ1".

Once state 5 is entered, valve Vl is opened, in preparation for starting vacuum pump Pl so that the atmospheric contents of chamber 10 can be evacuated. Again, if valve Vl does not open within a timeout period, ABORT-1, state 29 is entered.

State 6 is entered when vacuum valve Vl opens within the timeout interval. At this point, the vacuum pump Pl is

started and light LT13 indicates that evacuation is in process. A timer is started which determines the length of time that the pump remains on.

Once in state 6, the chamber door 11 can no longer be opened, 5 because, at this point in the cycle, the chamber is under a vacuum.

In state 6, the pressure in the chamber is checked to determine if it has been reduced sufficiently so that it is less than or equal to a nominal value, defined as PEVAC. If the pressure is less than PEVAC, then state 7 is entered and valve VI is closed.

Should the pressure within the chamber be greater than PEVAC after the evacuation time has passed, indicating a less than adequate vacuum level, state 29 is entered. Similarly, if valve VI does not close within a specified time, state 29 is entered from state 7.

After the valve VI has been closed in state 7, a leak-hold test is commenced in state 8. If the pressure after a leak-hold time is less than a nominal value PLEAK, state 9 is entered. If not, abort state 29 is entered.

In state 9, water vapor is allowed to enter the chamber, i.e., valve V6 is placed in a controlled open state, as indicated by "C" in FIG. 6, and a determination is made whether the humidity has reached a specified level in a certain time.

25 Should a nominal humidity HNOM not be reached within the specified time, state 30, ABORT-2, will be entered. Since evacuation has been completed, light LT13 is turned off and light LT14, which indicates a FILL IN PROGRESS, is turned on. By FILL is meant the supply of non-sterilizing gases into the chamber, e.g., steam and nitrogen gas. At this point, the system enters a new point in the state diagram wherein

malfunctions allow the system to return to a different abort

state, state 30. The state of the various valves and displays for ABORT-2 (state 30) is indicated in FIG. 7.

In state 9, the humidity timer times out. If the humidity level is greater than a nominal value HNOM, state 10 is entered. Otherwise, state 30 is entered and the cycle is aborted.

In state 10, a humidity hold test is performed wherein the humidity level is monitored for a predetermined time period. If the humidity level is not maintained for the predetermined time, state 30 is entered. Otherwise, state 11 is entered. Valves V2 and V8 are opened and valve V5, along with valve V6, is then controlled on.

Valve V5 allows nitrogen to enter the system. At this point, even though valve V2 is open, chlorine dioxide cannot enter the chamber because valves V4 and V4A, which are controlled together, are closed.

In state 11, valve V2 is checked to determine that it has opened. If it has not opened withing a specified time, state 30 is entered. If valve V2 has opened in time, state 12 is entered, and valves V4 and V4A are controlled on, allowing chlorine dioxide to enter the chamber. A timer is started during which time the chlorine dioxide gas concentration levels in the chamber are measured. As explained previously, chlorine dioxide may be generated by the reaction of two components, C1₂ gas and sodium chlorite, Na₂ClO₃, on site. Chlorine gas is contained in a canister which can be coupled to the system via a connecting port, as known in the art. A container of sodium chlorite is coupled into the system between valve V2 and valve V4, as shown in FIG. 2. In state 12, LT14 is turned off and LT15, STERILIZATION IN PROGRESS, is turned on.

Once the gas concentration measured in state 12 has reached a

concentration greater than or equal to a nominal concentration CNOM within a preset time period, state 13 is entered. An acceptable sterilizing gas concentration might be, e.g., 1.0 mg/L to about 300 mg/L. Otherwise a new abort state, ABORT-3, state 31, is entered. This new abort state is necessary because new conditions are now present in the sterilization chamber, since sterilizing chlorine dioxide gas is now present in the chamber. This requires a different set of procedures to be followed in the event of a failure, and accordingly, a new abort state is provided.

In state 13, a gas-hold test is commenced. If the gas concentration is greater than or equal to CNOM for a predetermined time period GTMR, state 14 is entered. Otherwise, state 31 is entered and the cycle is aborted.

15 In state 14, the temperature in the chamber is measured. If it is greater than a minimum temperature TMIN but not higher than a maximum temperature TMAX, state 15 is entered and a sterilization timer is started. If the temperature is not adequate, state 31 is entered and an abort occurs. A typical operating temperature is approximately 30°C.

During state 15, sterilization is in progress. Valve V6, for humidity control, is still controlled open, and valves V4 and V4A are also controlled open. Should an alarm condition occur, e.g., if any condition changes, i.e., a valve does not remain in its proper state, state 31 is entered. State 16 is entered only after a sterilization time STMR has elapsed, which typically might be several hours.

In state 16, valves V4, V4A and V6 are closed (if they do not close in the required timeout period, state 31 is entered),

valve V3 is in a controlled state and valve V8 is still open.

In state 17, light LT15 is turned off and light LT16 is turned on. Light LT15 is turned off when the sterilization timer has timed out and valves V4, V4A have closed. Light LT16

indicates that a purge is in progress. During state 17, the gases in the chamber are removed via valves V3 and V8 and detoxifier 22, labelled DUMP 22 in FIG. 2, which converts the chlorine dioxide into a harmless substance. The

5 detoxification may be accomplished as explained in the above copending patent application S.N. 601,443, by passing the evacuated chlorine dioxide gas through a reducing agent, e.g., sodium thiosulfate. The detoxified gases are removed via valve V8 by vacuum pump P1. Should valves V3 and V8 fail to open within a timeout period, ABORT-3, state 31, is entered. During state 17, an evacuation timer is started which controls the amount of time during which chamber 10 is evacuated. State 18 is entered only if both valves V3 and V8 have opened in a predetermined time interval.

15 In state 18, once the evacuation timer has timed out past a time ETMR, state 19 is entered and valves V3 and V8 are closed. State 20 is entered when valves V3 and V8 close.

As shown in FIG. 6, should an alarm condition occur or should valves V3 or V8 fail to close within a specific time, state 31 20 is entered.

In state 20, valve V5 is in a controlled state. This allows nitrogen gas to enter the system as required and also prepares the system for the removal of any remaining sterilizing gases behind valve V2 via detoxifier 22 once valve V3 is reopened in state 22. In state 20, the pressure is checked. If it is greater than a maximum pressure PMAX, valve V5 is closed in state 21, turning off the nitrogen supply. If the pressure is less than PMAX, a new abort state, ABORT-4, state 32, is entered.

30 In state 21, valve V5 is checked to determine that it has closed within a prescribed timeout period. If it has not, state 32 is entered and the cycle is aborted. In state 22, the remaining sterilizing gases in the system are detoxified

via detoxifier 22 and reopened valves V3 and V8 and the gases removed. Once valves V3 and V8 have opened for a sufficient period of time, state 23 is entered but only if valves V3 and V8 have opened. In state 23, another timer, denoted the DESORB timer, is activated. This allows sterilizing gases which have been absorbed into the materials in the chamber to be removed or desorbed over a time period DTMR.

Should valves V3 and V8 fail to open, ABORT-5, state 33, is entered. In this circumstance, the operator will be instructed to manually activate valves V9 and/or V10 so that sterilizing gas can be removed from the system. The manually operable nature of valves V9 and V10 is indicated in FIG. 2 by a T above the valve symbols. If valves V9 and V10 are manually opened, state 33, ABORT-5 will automatically be entered.

If state 23 is successfully reached and the DESORB timer times out after a time DTMR, state 24 will be entered. At this point, valves V2, V3 and V8 are closed and a check is made to determine that these valves are closed. Then, state 25 is entered, during which a low-gas-hold test is performed. If the gas concentration is less than or equal to an acceptable value CMIN within a time period GHTM, state 26 is entered. An acceptable level of safety might be, for example, less than .5 ppm of chlorine dioxide. Otherwise, a dummy state 35 is entered, before a return is made to state 20 by operation of switch S2. This provides a delay time in which to open valves.

In state 25, the gain of amplifier 14g (See FIG. 3) is changed so that the amplifier is placed in a high gain mode during the measurement of chlorine dioxide gas concentration levels during evacuation. This is indicated by the "1" in state 25 opposite GCl (gain change control). This provides more accurate measurement of concentration levels during evacuation, providing an extra degree of system safety, as

discussed previously. Also, in state 25, a counter CNT (see RB3 of FIG. 12) is decremented. This counter forces the system to cycle through states 25, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 via state 35 for a specified number of times determined by the 5 initial count in the counter CNTØ. Accordingly, state 35 will be entered whenever the concentration level CMIN has not been reached within time GHTM or if the counter CNT has not reached State 26 will be entered from state 25 when both the concentration is less than CMIN and CNTØ is \emptyset . 10 provided to insure system safety in the event the concentration sensor in the sterilizing chamber should fail. By going through a number of cycles via state 35, the gas concentration will be decreased, thus insuring that, even if the concentration sensor indicates the gas concentration levels are below CMIN, the system will automatically cycle 15 through a number of times necessary to reduce the concentration to acceptable safety levels. This is important, because if the concentration sensor failed and this additional safety feature was not provided, the system might indicate 20 that the gas concentration level was within acceptable levels of safety although it actually might not be.

In state 26, a counter is checked which is incremented each time the system cycles at least to step 26. If, e.g., the count is less than 3, a jump is made to state 28. If greater than or equal to 3, state 27 is entered. In state 28, valve V5 is controlled on, and the count is then incremented. This allows nitrogen gas to enter the chamber.

If the cycle count is greater than or equal to 3, then state 27 is entered directly. In state 27, valves V2, V3, V4 and V8 are opened, and all remaining gas is dumped from the system and the Cl₂ gas in the cartridge is also dumped. Once sufficient time has elapsed, i.e., the Dump Hold time DHTM has elapsed, state 28 is entered. From state 28, the system enters state 37, during which the pressure in the chamber is monitored until it is within 5% of atmospheric pressure. At

this point light LT17, REMOVE LOAD, is turned on. At this point, state 38 is entered, light LT11 is turned on and actuation of switch S2 enables a return to state 1. The operator will be notified to replace the gas cartridge if the system has gone through state 27.

As indicated in FIGS. 6 and 7, after ABORT states 29 and 30 are entered, a return is made to state 2 after switch S2 is depressed and state 2 conditions are set.

In ABORT state 31 a return is made to state 20 and state 20 conditions are set once switch S2 is depressed. In ABORT state 32, return is made to state 19, and state 19 conditions are set. In ABORT states 33, 34, and 36, return is made to states 23, 25 and 37, respectively. If state 38 is reached, the operator receives an indication that the cycle is complete and light LT17 is turned on. To allow the chamber door to be opened, switch S2 is actuated, and state 1 is entered. If any ABORT state is reached, the appropriate failure light is illuminated. When a return is made to states 20, 23, or 26 from an ABORT state, the system then proceeds to cycle through the states which normally follow in the sequence.

General Software Functions

The sequencing program has already been described. Generally, software for the sterilization system controller is interrupt driven. Until an interrupt occurs a background task is always running via the main dispatching program. Upon interrupt, from any of several possible event sources, software control is passed to the appropriate interrupt handling program. This is illustrated in FIG. 9.

In FIG. 9, the main dispatching program 300 is shown. This program can also be found under this heading in the program listing attached hereto. Essentially, this program monitors for the occurrence of a timer flag indicating 50 msec, 1 sec

or 1 minute functions must be performed. These flags are stored in the status register (STAT) 204 of FIG. 12. When a flag occurs, the program 300 jumps to the appropriate timer program 318, 300 or 322. The timer programs are performed on a priority basis such that one minute functions are performed first and 50 msec (T50) functions last.

There are four sources of interrupting events: power-up, timer, communications, and power-down. Power-up, power-down and communications are external hardware interrupts, while the 10 timer interrupt, TMRO, is an internal hardware interrupt under program control. Except for power-up, each interrupt handling program saves the running processor context in the CPU stack before starting its task function, and the context is restored before resumption of the interrupted program. 15 interrupt handler (TMRO) sequences all other non-interrupt programming functions. As discussed, it accomplishes this by passing one or more flags (MINF 312, SECF 314, TICF 316), signifying which of the timed tasks is to run, through the STATUS register 204 of FIG. 12. The main dispatching program 20 300 tests the flags and will cause the selected functions to be executed as shown by 318-322. This method permits further interrupt action while lower priority functions are being completed. Some of the functions performed at one minute, one second and 50 msec (TIC) intervals are as indicated in FIG. 9 25 at 318, 320 and 322, respectively. The descriptions to follow will explain the tasks to be performed under each category of interrupt event in greater detail.

Main Dispatching Program

Essentially, the main dispatching program looks for timer

30 flags and when one is found, calls the appropriate subroutine.

See FIG. 9. The main dispatching program may be found in the attached program listing.

10

Power Up

Upon power-up as shown at 310, the processor stack, register bank, and other functions must be initialized. function does not require saving of the processor context. 5 Instead, previous process information will be read from the electrically reprogrammable memory SRAM 106, the clock 119 is reset and the process will resume from whichever state has been prescribed. The watchdog timer will be reset, and control will then pass back to the main dispatching program 300.

The power-up routine is found in the program listing under the program title INIT.

Power Fail

A power fail program is preferably implemented. 15 embodiment for this program, as shown in FIG. 9, stores critical memory contents at 312 into the SRAM 106, where the data will be preserved until power is restored. The powerfail interrupt may be designed to occur whenever the 5 volt logic line drops below 4.55 volts, and recovery to 4.75 volts 20 may be utilized for power-up. The power fail program can be found in the attached program listing.

Communications

A communications feature (COM) may optionally be provided in the system according to the invention. The communications program is activated every time a character is removed from a serial output buffer or enters a serial input buffer. function of this program is to feed characters to the transmit buffer as they are sent and to remove characters from the receive buffer as they are received. Two FIFO queues may be provided to hold the input and output data streams. 30 communications program tests the input and output data streams for the presence of termination or control characters. Flags are set in the event of termination characters. Programs, well known in the art, may be provided for processing control characters for typical serial interface devices connected to the control circuitry. For example, it may be desirable to transmit information for recording purposes over telephone lines to a printer or display device. Other programs, known in the art, can be employed to handle the standard modem control functions, e.g., RS232C commands. Hardware I/O lines may be provided for the necessary modem control signals. The communications program saves and restores the processor context.

Timed Functions

Timed functions in the controller occur on four levels as

15 follows: functions triggered by the TIMERO timer (every 6250 microseconds), functions initiated every 50 milliseconds (TICS), functions started every second, and functions which run every minute. Data is exchanged between these levels through defined data areas in the microprocessor data-base, as indicated more clearly in FIG. 10. The TMRO program also accesses the input and output devices connected to the controller. The control function (CTR), which is activated every second, transmits valve commands to the upper four bits of the CTRL register when enabled by the lower four bits of the CTRL register on a bit by bit basis, as shown in FIG. 24.

As shown in FIG. 4, timer interrupts (TMRO) occur at intervals of 6250 microseconds (6.25 milliseconds). At each interrupt, the TMRO program is entered, and all timed functions are scheduled. As the basic cycle time of the processor is approximately two microseconds, 3120 instruction cycles will elapse before the next such interrupt. Some of this time is used at each timer interrupt to perform data gathering and interlock functions, e.g. the analog inputs and data inputs are read and stored in CPU internal RAM. This is indicated at

330 in FIG. 9. Immediately following a timer interrupt the processor context will be saved in the appropriate registers. The interrupting timer, TIMERO, will then be reset and restarted. Program functions which are to occur at intervals of 50 msec., 1 sec., and 1 min. will be scheduled as shown at 332, by passing flags, as discussed, whenever the respective time interval has elapsed. Data inputs, status checks, and outputs are performed next. Finally, the previous program context is restored, and an interrupt return is executed. If any timed events are to occur, they will be performed in sequence by the main dispatching program. Otherwise the main disptaching program will be resumed.

The basic timer program, which is executed for each timer, is shown in the flowchart of FIG. 22. As shown, the timer is first decremented and a check is made to determine if the timer has timed out, i.e., reached a count of 0. If so, the corresponding timer flag is set in TCFL register 208 shown in FIG. 12. If not, the corresponding flag is cleared. Then the program is executed for the next timer, and once all timers have been completed, a return is then made to the main dispatching program.

The decrement timer function is shown in FIG. 23. As shown, when a timer is decremented, a flag is set in the TCFL register if the time has timed out, and the current count is then stored in the appropriate timer register 200.

1. TIMERO Timer (TMR0)

25

The lowest level timed function, occurring every 6250 microseconds, is initiated by the interrupt TIMERO. This is indicated in the uppermost portion of FIG. 10, which is a flowchart for the various timed functions. After saving the processor context, the first function of the TMRO interrupt program is to reset and restart the timer as indicated at 400. This is performed by a subroutine RRT. In FIG. 10, the

corresponding program for implementing the desired function is indicated above the flowchart symbol, and can be found in the listing in the appendix. The TMRO program is a time-critical function. Once the timer has been restarted, all of the 5 contact inputs to the controller are read into their corresponding memory images, CCIO - CCI3 as shown at 410 and These images reside in a portion of the microcomputer memory which is bit addressable. This greatly facilitates logical processing. The subroutine for implementing this function is shown in FIG. 17 and is also shown in the attached 10 program listing as subroutine RCI. The contact output information is also located in this memory, at CCOO - CCO3 and is indicated in FIG. 10 at 425. The interrupt program next performs a masked comparison of the contact input and output 15 status bits, using bit masks 415 also stored in this memory This is shown at 420. If any bits do not match their corresponding desired outputs, when masked for "don't care" conditions, an alarm condition is set by setting a bit in the STATUS register 204 (FIG. 12), as shown at 430.

Timeout alarms are also implemented by the TMRO program. A subroutine CSC2, as shown in FIG. 18 and the attached program listing, shows how timeouts are determined. When a timer times out, e.g., a timer for determining whether a valve has closed or opened in time, a flag will be set in the timer flag register TCFL. If the setting of the flag requires an abort upon failure, e.g., if the failure of a valve to close in time is to cause an abort condition, then a flag must be set in the timer enable register TCEN. This informs the timeout alarm program that an alarm condition should be set, which will cause the alarm condition to be loaded into the STATUS register. This will cause transfer to an ABORT state by the sequencing program.

Next the current contact output status is loaded from its memory image into the output contact latch by program WCO, as shown at 435. Finally, as shown at 440 and 445, the current

analog input data 445 is read (RAI), exponentially filtered (FILTER), and stored in the correct memory locations outside the bit addressable space. See FIG. 21. Eight timer interrupts take 50 milliseconds. Thus, a well-filtered analog input scan of all eight analog inputs (only four need be used for the four control loops corresponding to gas concentration, pressure, temperature and humidity) will be available each time the 50-millisecond program is entered. Therefore, every 50 msecs, the RAI program obtains 64 input samples, 8 for each channel, the eight samples for each channel then being averaged to obtain a single analog value for each channel. A return is then made to the main dispatching program. The TIMERO program is summarized in the flowchart of FIG. 11.

2. TIC Timer (T50)

15 The TIC functions are those which are performed every 50 milliseconds, and include the performance of the sequencing (SEQ) program. The first function performed is that of resetting the watchdog timer as shown at 500, because if this timer is not reset in time, all valve outputs will be disabled 20 as described with reference to FIG. 8. Next, all tick timers (TTM) are decremented at 510, their counts stored at 512, and their corresponding status flags set or cleared at 520 in register TCFL 208 of FIG. 12. The setting of the timeout flags in the TCFL register 208 (See FIG. 12) also requires 25 that the status of a corresponding bit be determined in the Timer Counter Enable Register (TCEN) 207 by the sequencing program, as shown. In this way, if the corresponding TCEN bit is not set, this informs the controller not to enter an ABORT state when the timer flag comes on. For example, when the 30 sterilization timer times out (approximately after 4 hours), an ABORT state should not be entered. For valve time-outs however, it is desired to abort if the timer times out and the valve has not opened or closed in time, and accordingly, the corresponding TCEN bit will be set by the sequencing program, thus allowing an alarm to be generated. If the valve closes 35

in time, its corresponding TCEN bit will be disabled, and no alarm will be generated. Once the TICK timers have been decremented, the main sequencing logic 515 (SEQ), which controls the progression from one state to the next described hereinabove, is performed until it cannot progress further, due to a hold for a specified status condition not yet present. Then, the outputs are loaded into the contact output image in memory (CCO) at 530, e.g., the output data for the appropriate valves or heater to be controlled are stored in memory. Then, the TMRO program subroutine WCO will write the output images to the controlled devices on its next pass. The TIC function program is summarized in the flowchart of FIG. 13.

3. Second Timer (T1S)

Every second all one-second timers are decremented at step 550, the count stored at 552, and their corresponding status bits set or cleared (555). This includes the setting of flag bits (TCFL) and appropriate Timer Counter Enable bits (TCEN) depending on whether an ABORT is to occur at the occurrence of the timer flag. Finally, the control program 559 (CTR), accepting setpoints (557) from the sequencing program 515, loads the new output status for the controlled devices into the CONTROL register for subsequent loading into the contact output registers of internal RAM. During the next pass through the TMRO program, these outputs are fed to the controlled devices. As shown in FIG. 8, the timed functions occur in the order MIN, SEC and TICK. A flowchart for the one second program, T1S, is shown in FIG. 14.

As shown in FIG. 14, the first function for the one second timer program includes the clearing of the one second flag (SECF) in the STATUS register (see FIG. 12). All one second timers are then decremented, as shown in FIG. 23 and at 600 in FIG. 14. Program TIS then obtains the loop status from the sequencing program at 602, and determines if the corresponding

control bit in the CONTROL register 206 for the particular loop has been enabled at 604. Each loop corresponds to one of the four measured analog process variables, pressure, temperature, humidity and gas concentration. This is also shown in FIG. 24. As indicated, the lower four bits of the CONTROL register 206 correspond to the status of the four loops. If the loop is enabled, a value is determined by subtracting a measured input value, e.g., gas concentration or pressure, from a stored set point value from the sequencing program, as shown at 606. If this value is greater than 0, a corresponding one of the four upper bits in the CTRL register is set at 607. If the CTRL register bit is 0, then the corresponding CONTROL register bit is cleared, as shown at 608.

- 15 At 610, the program gets the next loop and repeats steps A-X for that loop. Then the next two loops are obtained and steps A-X repeated sequentially for those two loops. When all four loops have been performed, a return is made to the main dispatching program.
- 20 The interrelationship between the analog input data, set points, control register, control program (CTR), output loading program (CTL) and contact outputs CCO are shown in FIG. 24. As shown, program CTR retrieves analog input data ADI, setpoints SP and the control register (CTRL) status from memory. The new status for the control register is then determined in accordance with the flowchart of FIGS. 14 and the new status loaded into the CTRL register. Program CTL then loads the appropriate outputs for controlling the valves and heater into the appropriate contact output register in memory. During the TMRO program these outputs are then coupled to the controlled devices by the program WCO. See FIGS. 10 and 20.

4. Minute Timer (TlM)

At one-minute intervals, an optional batch time clock 119 may be updated as shown at 610. This clock may be used to initiate the display of process conditions by an appropriate printing or display device. All one-minute timers are decremented at 620, and their corresponding status bits are set or cleared at 630. The TIM program is summarized in the flowchart of FIG. 15.

A sample listing of the software for the gas sterilant system according to the invention is appended below.

```
STITLE (PROGRAM FOR SC1 STERILIZATION CONTROLLER)
  CONSTANT DEFINITIONS
  07H
                                          ; MAX A/D CHAN NUMBER
  CHMSK
           EQU
                     07H
                                         ; A/D CHANNEL MASK
  BNKO
         EQU
                     OOH
                                         ; RBO
  BNK1
          EQU
                     08H
                                         ;RB1
  BNK2
          EQU
                     10H
                                         ; RB2 -
  BNK3
          EQU
                     18H
                                         ;RB3
  STATE
          EQU
                    R6
                                         CURRENT STATE
 ABORT
          EOU
                    R7
 SSTA .
                                         ; ABORT STATE
          EQU
                                         SRAM OFFSET FOR STATE
 SABO
          EQU
                     2
                                         ; SRAM OFFSET FOR ABORT
 SCNT
          EQU
                     4
                                        SRAM OFFSET FOR COUNT
 SMAX
          EQU
                    38
                                        ; MAX. VALID STATE
 VDLY
          EQU
                    8
                                        ; VALVE DELAY (400 MSEC.)
 HDLY
          EQU
                    2
                                        HEATER DELAY (2 MIN)
 TVAC
          EQU
                    30
                                        : EVAC TIME (30 MIN)
: LEAK HOLD TIME (5 MIN)
 LKHT
          EQU
                    5
         EQU
 PVAC
                    242
                                        EVAC PRESSURE (95% FS)
 PRLK
          EQU
                    223
                                        ; PRESS. LEAK LIM. (80% FS)
 HUMT
          EQU
                    30
                                        ; HUMIDIF. TIME (30 MIN.)
 HNOM
          EQU
                    207
                                        ; NOM. HUM. LEVEL (81% FS)
 HUMH
          EQU
                    90
                                        ; HUM. HOLD TIME (90 MIN.)
 TLOU
          EQU
                                        ; MIN. STERIL. TEMP. (0% FS)
 TMAX
          EQU
                    255
                                        ; MAX. STERIL. TEMP.(100%); CONC. TIME (15 MIN.); NOM. STERIL. CONC.
 CNCT
          EQU
                    15
CNOM
         EQU
                    64
CONH
         EQU
                    100
                                        ; GAS HOLD TIME (100 MIN)
TSTR
         EQU
                    200
                                        ;STERIL. TIME (200 MIN)
TEVC
         EQU
                   30
                                        ; EVAC. TIME (30 MIN.)
PN2T
         EQU
                   15
                                        ;N2 PRESS. TIME (15 MIN)
DSRB
         EQU
                   30
                                        ; DESORB. TIME (30 MIN)
; LOW GAS HOLD TIME (15)
TLGH
         EQU
                   15
CNTM
         EQU
                   5
                                        MIN. NO. OF PURGE CYCLES
CMIN
         EQU
                   25
                                        ; MIN. CONCENTRATION (10%)
PATM
         EQU
                   12
                                        ;ATM PRESS. (5% FS)
PMAX
         EQU
                   28
                                       ; MAX OPER. PRESS. (11% FS)
TDMP
         EQU
                   15
                                       ; DUMP HOLD TIME (15 MIN)
PSP1
         EQU
                   60
                                       PRESSURE SETPOINT
TSP1
         EQU
                   60
                                       ; TEMPERATURE SETPOINT
HSP1
         EQU
                   60
CSP1
                                       ; HUMIDITY SETPOINT
         EQU
                   60
                                       CONCENTRATION SETPOINT
```

;*****	******	*****	******		***	
•	EXTERNAL	DEVICE	ADDRESSES		********	*****
; *						
;*****	******	*****	********	******	••••	
• -	EXTERNAL	SHADOU	RAM		******	*****
Sram	XDATA	2000H		. 673 001	T 91 W 100000	
;	•			SHADU	U RAM ADDRESS	
; *	ANALOG IN	IPUTS				
INO	XDATA	6000H		· CHIN_		
IN1	XDATA	6001H		CHAM-	ADDRESS (PR	ESS.)
IN2	XDATA	6002H		CHAN-	ADDRESS (TE	nr.)
IN3	XDATA	6003H		CHAN-	ADDRESS (HU) ADDRESS (CO)	
IN4	XDATA	6004H		· CHAN-	ADDRESS (CO	NC.)
IN5	XDATA	6005H	•		ADDRESS	
IN6	XDATA	6006H	•		ADDRESS	
IN7	XDATA	6007H			ADDRESS	
;				, carre	ADDKE33	
; *	CLOCK POR	T				
CLK	XDATA	4000H		:CLOCK	ADDRESS	
;				, CDCCR	UDDKE33	
; *		NPUTS				
XO	XDATA	.0C000H		;CCI-0	ADDRESS	•
X1	XDATA	OC001H		;CCI-1		
X2	XDATA	OC002H		;CCI-2		
X 3	XDATA	OC003H		;CCI-3		
;_						
;*	Suitches		•			
SU1	XDATA	0C004H		:SUITCH	ADDRESS	
;				, = = = = =		
;*	CONTACT OF	JTPUTS		-		
YO	XDATA	OEOOOH		;CCO-0	ADDRESS	
Y1	XDATA	0E001H			ADDRESS	
Y2	XDATA	0E002H		:CC0-2		
Y 3	XDATA	0E003H		;CCO-3		
;				, •		
; *	WATCHDOG T					
UDT	XDATA	OE004H		; WATCHDO	G RESET ADDR	ESS

```
DATA-BASE ALLOCATIONS
        **************************
            ORG
                     05H
                                ;TIME COUNTERS
   TICK
            DS
                     1
                                ;TICK COUNT
   TSEC
            DS
                     1
                               :SEC. COUNT
   TMIN
            DS
                     1
                               ;MIN. COUNT
            ORG
                     OCH
                               ;SIO BUFFER POINTERS
  RPUT
           DS
                    1
                               ; RCV PUT POINTER
  RTAK
           DS
                    1
                               RCV TAKE POINTER
  TPUT
           DS
                    1
                               ; XMT PUT POINTER
  TTAK
           DS
                    1
                               ; XMT TAKE POINTER
           ORG
                    18H
                               ;TIC TIMERS
  TTMO
           DS
                    1
                               ;TTIMER-0
  TTM1
           DS
                    1
                               ;TTIMER-1
           ORG
                    1AH
                               SECOND TIMERS
  STMO
           DS
                    1
                               ;STIMER-0
  STM1
           DS
                    1
                               ;STIMER-1
           ORG
                    1CH
                               ; MINUTE TIMERS
  MTMO
           DS
                    1
                               ;MTIMER-0
  MTM1
           DS
                    1
                               ;MTIMER-1
           ORG
                    1EH
                               ; COUNTERS
 CNTO
          DS
                    1
                               ; COUNTR-0
 CNT1
          DS
                   1
                              :COUNTR-1
          BSEG
          ORG
                   20H
                              ; INTERNAL BIT SPACE
 STAT
          DATA
                   20H
                              STATUS BYTE
 CTRL
          DATA
                   21H
                              CONTROL BYTE
 TCEN
          DATA
                   22H
                              :TIMER/COUNTER ENABLES
 TCFL
          DATA
                   23H
                              ;TIMER/COUNTER FLAGS
 MSKO
          DATA
                   24H
                              OUTPUT MASK REGISTER
 MSK1
          DATA
                   25H
                              OUTPUT MASK REGISTER
 MSK2
          DATA
                   26H
                              OUTPUT MASK REGISTER
 MSK3
          DATA
                   27H
                              OUTPUT MASK REGISTER
          ORG
                   28H
                              ; IMAGED I/O BITS
 CCOB
          DATA
                   28H
                              ; OUTPUT PORT 1
CC01
         DATA
                   29H
                              OUTPUT PORT 1
CC02
         DATA
                  2AH
                              ; OUTPUT PORT 2
CC03
         DATA
                  2BH
                              ; OUTPUT PORT 3
CCIO
         DATA
                  2CH
                              ; INPUT PORT O
CCI1
         DATA
                  2DH
                             ; INPUT PORT 1
CCI2
         DATA
                  2EH
                             ; INPUT PORT 2
CCI3
         DATA
                  2FH
                             ; INPUT PORT 3
         DSEG
         ORG
                  30H
                             ; ANALOG DATA IMAGE
ADIO
         DS
                  1
                             ; PRESS. INPUT
ADI1
         DS
                  1
                             ; TEMP. INPUT
ADI2
         DS
                  1
                             ; HUM. INPUT
ADI3
         DS
                  1
                             CONC. INPUT
ADI4
         DS
                  1
                             ; CHANNEL 4 INPUT
ADIS
        DS
                  1
                             ; CHANNEL 5 INPUT
ADI6
        DS
                  1
                             ; CHANNEL 6 INPUT
ADI7
        DS
                  1
                             CHANNEL 7 INPUT
```

STPO STP1 STP2 STP3	org DS DS DS Org	38H 1 1 1	; INTERNAL DATA AREA ; PRESS. SETPOINT ; TEMP. SETPOINT ; HUM. SETPOINT ; CONC. SETPOINT
TIME :	org	3CH	;BATCH TIME CLOCK
	Ds	1	;BATCH TIME

```
** 有有有效的有效的的现在分词的现在分词的现在分词的现在分词的现在分词
          DATA DEFINITIONS
          [STATUS & CONTROL]
 STATUS
 TICF
          BIT
                   STAT.0
                              ;TICK FLAG
 SECF
          BIT
                   STAT.1
                              ;SECOND FLAG
 MINF
          BIT
                   STAT.3
                              ; MINUTE FLAG
 RCVF
          BIT
                   STAT.4
                              ; RCV FLAG
 XMTF
          BIT
                   STAT.5
                              ;XMT FLAG
 TMOF
          BIT
                   STAT.6
                              ;TIMEOUT FLAG
 ALMF
          BIT
                   STAT.7
                              ; ALARM FLAG
          CTRL
 CENO
          BIT
                    CTRL.O
                              ; PRESS. LOOP ENABLE
 CEN1
         BIT
                    CTRL.1
                              ; TEMP. LOOP ENABLE
CEN2
         BIT
                    CTRL.2
                              ; HUM. LOOP ENABLE
CEN3
         BIT
                    CTRL.3
                              ; CONC. LOOP ENABLE
CTRO
         BIT
                   CTRL.4
                              ; PRESS. LOOP OUTPUT
CTR1
         BIT
                   CTRL.5
                              ; TEMP. LOOP OUTPUT
CTR<sub>2</sub>
         BIT
                   CTRL.6
                              HUM. LOOP OUTPUT
CTR3
         BIT
                   CTRL.7
                              CONC. LOOP OUTPUT
         TCEN
TENO
         BIT
                  TCEN.O
                              ;TTO ENABLE
TEN1
         BIT
                  TCEN.1
                              :TT1 ENABLE
TEN2
         BIT
                  TCEN. 2
                             ;STO ENABLE
TEN3
         BIT
                  TCEN.3
                             ;ST1 ENABLE
TEN4
         BIT
                  TCEN. 4
                             ;MTO ENABLE
TEN5
         BIT
                  TCEN.5
                             ;MT1 ENABLE
TEN6
         BIT
                  TCEN. 6
                             ;MT2 ENABLE
TEN7
         BIT
                  TCEN.7
                             ;MT3 ENABLE
         TCFL
TFLO
         BIT
                  TCFL.0
                             ;TTO TIMEOUT
TFL1
         BIT
                  TCFL.1
                             ;TT1 TIMEOUT
TFL2
         BIT
                  TCFL.2
                             ;STO TIMEOUT
TFL3
         BIT
                  TCFL.3
                             ;ST1 TIMEOUT
TFL4
         BIT
                  TCFL.4
                             :MTO TIMEOUT
TFL5
         BIT
                  TCFL.5
                             ;MT1 TIMEOUT
TFL6
        BIT
                  TCFL.6
                            ;CTO UNDERFLOU
TFL7
        BIT
                  TCFL.7
                            ;CT1 UNDERFLOW
;
```

ኞ

```
***********************
           DATA DEFINITIONS
  ; *
  ;*
           [OUTPUT PORTS]
  OPORT_0
 LT01
           BIT
                    CC00.0
                               ; DOOR-OPEN
 LT02
          BIT
                    CC00.1
                               ; EVAC-FAIL
 LT03
          BIT
                    CC00.2
                               ; FILL-FAIL
 LT04
          BIT
                    CC00.3
                               ;STERIL-FAIL
 LT05
          BIT
                    CC00.4
                               ; PURGE-FAIL
 LT06
          BIT
                   CC00.5
                               ; LOAD-UNSTERILE
 LT07
          BIT
                   CC00.6
                               ; SPARE
 LT08
          BIT
                   CC00.7
                               ; TEST-FAIL
 ;
          OPORT-1
 LT11
          BIT
                   CC01.0
                               ; READY-FOR-CYCLE
 LT12
          BIT
                   CC01.1
                               ; CYCLE-IN-PROGRESS
 LT13
          BIT
                   CC01.2
                               : EVAC-IN-PROGRESS
 LT14
          BIT
                   CC01.3
                               ; FILL-IN-PROGRESS
 LT15
          BIT
                   CC01.4
                               ;STERIL-IN-PROGRESS
 LT16
          BIT
                   CC01.5
                               ; PURGE-IN-PROGRESS
LT17
          BIT
                   CC01.6
                               ; REMOVE-LOAD
 LT18
          BIT
                   CC01.7
                              ; SPARE
          OPORT 2
 VV01
          BIT
                   CC02.0
                              ;OPEN-MAIN-VAC-VALVE
VV02
          BIT
                   CC02.1
                              ; OPEN-MAIN-GAS-VALVE
VV03
          BIT
                   CC02.2
                              :OPEN-MAIN-DUMP-VALVE
VV04
          BIT
                   CC02.3
                              ; OPEN-GAS-CTRL-VALVE
VV05
         BIT
                   CC02.4
                              ;OPEN-N2-CTRL-VALVE
VV06
         BIT
                   CC02.5
                              :OPEN-STEAM-CTRL-VALVE
VVD7
         BIT
                   CC02.6
                              ; OPEN-BREAK-VALVE
VV08
         BIT
                   CC02.7
                              :OPEN-DUMP-VAC-VALVE
         OPORT_3
:
PP01
         BIT
                  CC03.0
                              ; TURN-P1-ON
HT01
         BIT
                  CC03.1
                              ; TURN-H1-ON
SPR1
         BIT
                  CC03.2
                              ; SPARE
SPR2
         BIT
                  CC03.3
                              ; SPARE
SPR3
         BIT
                  CC03.4
                              :SPARE
SPR4
         BIT
                  CC03.5
                              :SPARE
ADZC
         BIT
                  CC03.6
                              :A/D ZERO CALIB.
LGG1
         BIT
                  CC03.7
                              ; CONC. HIGH GAIN SUITCH
```

```
DATA DEFINITIONS
                                                              .
           [INPUT PORTS]
 **************************************
          IPORT D
LSC1
          BIT
                    CCIB.0
                                 :V1-CLOSED
LSC2
          BIT
                    CCIO.1
                                 :V2-CLOSED
LSC3
          BIT
                    CCIO.2
                                :V3-CLOSED
LSC4
          BIT
                    CCI0.3
                                 ; V4-CLOSED
LSC5
          BIT
                    CCIO.4
                                 ; V5-CLOSED
LSC6
          BIT
                    CCIO.5
                                ; V6-CLOSED
LSC7
          BIT
                    CCIO.6
                                : V7-CLOSED
LSC8
          BIT
                    CCIO.7
                                ; V8-CLOSED
          IPORT 1
LS01
          BIT
                    CCI1.0
                                :V1-OPEN
LS02
          BIT
                    CCI1.1
                                : V2-OPEN
LS03
          BIT
                    CCI1.2
                                ; V3-OPEN
LS04
          BIT
                    CCI1.3
                                ; V4-OPEN
LS05
          BIT
                    CCI1.4
                                ; V5-OPEN
LS06
          BIT
                    CCI1.5
                                ; V6-OPEN
LS07
                    CCI1.6
          BIT
                                ; V7-OPEN
LS08
          BIT
                    CCI1.7
                                ; V8-OPEN
          IPORT_2
DSC1
          BIT
                    CCI2.0
                                : DOOR-SU-CLOSED
TSC1
          BIT
                    CCI2.1
                                ; TEMP-SU-CLOSED
SWC1
          BIT
                    CCI2.2
                                :MAN-SW1-CLOSED
SUC2
          BIT
                    CCI2.3
                                ; MAN-SU2-CLOSED
SIO1
          BIT
                    CCI2.4
                                :SPARE
SI02
          BIT
                    CCI2.5
                                ; SPARE
SI03
                    CCI2.6
          BIT
                                ; SPARE
5104
          BIT
                    CCI2.7
                                :SPARE
          IPORT_3
SIOS
                   CCI3.0
          BIT
                                :SPARE
SID6
         BIT
                   CCI3.1
                                :SPARE
SI07
         BIT
                    CC13.2
                                ; SPARE
SI08
         BIT
                    CCI3.3
                                ; SPARE
SI09
         BIT
                   CCI3.4
                                ; SPARE
SI10
         BIT
                   CC13.5
                                ; SPARE
SI11
         BIT
                   CCI3.6
                                ; SPARE
SI12
         BIT
                   CCI3.7
                                :SPARE
```

```
; *
          MASK BIT DEFINITIONS
 *****************
          MASK-REG-0
MVC1
          BIT
                    MSKO.O
                               :V1-CLOSED-MASK
MVC2
          BIT
                    MSKO.1
                               ; V2-CLOSED-MASK
MVC3
          BIT
                    MSKO.2
                               ; V3-CLOSED-MASK
MVC4
          BIT
                    MSKO.3
                               ; V4-CLOSED-MASK
MVC5
          BIT
                    MSKO.4
                               ; V5-CLOSED-MASK
MVC6
          BIT
                    MSKO.5
                               ; V6-CLOSED-MASK
MVC7
          BIT
                    MSKO.6
                               ; V7-CLOSED-MASK
MVC8
          BIT
                    MSKO.7
                               ; VB-CLOSED-MASK
          MASK-REG-1
MV01
          BIT
                    MSK1.0
                               ; V1-OPEN-MASK
MV02
          BIT
                    MSK1.1
                               ; V2-OPEN-MASK
MVO3
         BIT
                    MSK1.2
                               ; V3-OPEN-MASK
MV04
                    MSK1.3
         BIT
                               : V4-OPEN-MASK
MV05
         BIT
                    MSK1.4
                               ; V5-OPEN-MASK
MV06
         BIT
                    MSK1.5
                               ; V6-OPEN-MASK
MV07
         BIT
                    MSK1.6
                              .; V7-OPEN-MASK
MV08
         BIT
                    MSK1.7
                               : V8-OPEN-MASK
         MASK-REG-2
MDC1
                    MSK2.0
         BIT
                               : DS-CLOSED-MASK
MTC1
         BIT
                    MSK2.1
                              :TS-CLOSED-MASK
MSC1
         BIT
                    MSK2.2
                              ;SU1-CLOSED-MASK
MSC2
         BIT
                    MSK2.3
                              ;SU2-CLOSED-MASK
```

; *****	*******	******	****
; *	INTERRUPT	VECTORS	,
; *			
*****	*******	******	*******
-	CSEG		*
	ORG	DOOOH	
RSTV:	LJMP	INIT	; RESET VECTOR
;			TABLE VECTOR
	ORG	000BH	<u>.</u>
TINT:	LJMP	TMRO	;TIMERO VECTOR
;			7 26102
	ORG	0013H	
PINT:	LJMP	PURF	; PUR FAIL VECTOR
;			
	ORG	001BH	
TM1V:	RETI		;TIMER1 VECTOR
;			;
	ORG	0023H	
SIOV:	LJMP	SIOHND	;SERIAL DATA VECTOR
;			
;*****	*******	*****	************
;	POUER FAIL	. HANDLER	
;			
;*****	******	*****	**************
PWRF:		P1.6	;STORE SRAM DATA
		P1.6	; DISABLE STORE
	RETI		; INTERRUPT RETURN
;			

;****	*******	********	***********
; * ; *	TIMER 1	NTERRUPT HAND	LER
*****	*****	********	************
TMRO:	org Push	0030H PSU	;SAVE PROC. STATUS
	PUSH PUSH	ACC DPL	;SAVE ACCUMULATOR ;SAVE DP(L)
	Push Mov Clr	dph PSU,#BNKO Ea	;SAVE DP(H) ;USE RBO
	ACALL ACALL	RRT RCI	; DISABLE INTERRUPTS ; RESET AND RESTART TIMERS
	ACALL	CSC WCO	; READ CONTACT INPUTS ; CONTACT STATUS CHECK
TRTN:	ACALL SETB POP	RAI EA DPH	; WRITE CONTACT OUTPUTS ; READ ANALOG INPUTS ; RESTORE INTERRUPTS
	POP POP	DPL ACC	;RESTORE DP(H) ;RESTORE DP(L) ;RESTORE ACCUMULATOR
:	POP RETI	PSU	RESTORE PROC. STATUS RETURN FROM TIMERO INT

; ~ ~ ~ * *	*****	*******	**********
;*	TMRC S	UBROUTINES	
****	******	****	,
CLOCK:	CLR MOV ADD MOV ADDC MOV SETB DJNZ MOV SETB DJNZ MOV SETB DJNZ MOV SETB	TRO A, \$LOU(-3120+7) A, TLO TLO, A A, \$HIGH(-3120+7) A, THO THO, A TRO TICK, CLK3 TICK, \$8 TICF TSEC, CLK2 TSEC, \$20 SECF TMIN, CLK1 TMIN, \$60 MINF	GET CORRECTED HIGH BYTE ;LOAD COUNTER(H) ;RESTART TIMER ;IF 50-MSEC ; RELOAD TICK COUNT ; SET 50-MSEC FLAG ; IF 1-SEC ; RELOAD TSEC COUNT ; SET 1-SEC FLAG ; IF 1-MIN ; RELOAD TMIN COUNT
CLK1:	SJMP CLR SJMP	CLK4 MINF CLK4	SET 1-MIN FLAG END ELSE, CLR MIN. FLAG
CLK2:	CLR SJMP	SECF CLX4	; ELSE, CLR SEC. FLAG
CLK3:	CLR	TICF	; END
CLK4:	NOP RET	***	; ELSE, CLR TIC. FLAG ; END ; RETURN FROM TIMER PROG

RCI:	MOV	DPTR, #XO	Basse
	Mov	RO, #CCIO	POINT CONTACT INPUTS
674	MOV	R4,#4	FOINT DATA-BASE IMAGE
CI1:	CLR	P1.4	FOR K4: 4 DOUNTO O DO
	MOVX	A, QDPTR	; ENABLE I/O
	SETB	P1.4	; GET INPUT
	MOV	GRO, A	; DISABLE I/O
	INC	DPTR	; STORE IT IN DATA-BACE
	INC	RO	FUINT NEXT INPUT
	DJNZ	R4,CI1	FUINT NEXT STOPAGE
	RET	~4,611	; END
;			; RETURN
csc:	CLR	Almf	
	MOV		CLEAR ALARM FLAG
	XRL	A,CCO2	GET VALVE OUTPUTS
	ANL	A,CCI1	COMPARE WITH LSO INPUTS
	MOV	A,MSK1	MASK OFF VO DON'T CARES
	MOV	R2,A	SAVE PARTIAL RESULT
	CPL	À,CCO2	GET VALVE OUTPUTS
	XRL	λ	MAKE CLOSED NORMAL
	ANL	A,CCIO	COMPARE WITH LSC INPUTS
	ORL	A,MSKO	:MASK OFF VC DOWN
•		<u>λ, R2</u>	; MASK OFF VC DON'T CARES ; ADD PREV. RESULT
	JZ SETD	CSC2	; IF MISMATCH
CSC2:	SETB	ALMF	· CFT 11177 The
	NOP		SET ALARM FLAG
	MOV	A, TCFL	GET TIMEOUTS
	ANL	A, TCEN	TEST IS SWILL
	JZ	CSC4	TEST IF ENABLED
	SETB	TMOF	; IF (TMO.AND.TEN)
CCCA	SJMP	CSC5	SET TIMEOUT FLAG
CSC4:	CLR	TMOF	; END
CSC5:	NOP		ELSE, CLEAR TIMEOUT FLAG
	RET		; END
;			; RETURN
UCO:	MOV	DPTR,#YO	B A A A B B
	MOV	RO, #CCOO	POINT CONTACT OUTPUTS
	MOV	R4,#4	FUINI DATA-BASE IMAGE
C01:	MOV	A, GRO	FOR K4:=4 DOUNTO O DO
	CPL	λ	GET OUTPUT DATA
	CLR	P1.4	; INVERT IT FOR OUTPUT
	MOVX	edptr, A	; ENABLE I/O
	SETB	P1.4	; LOAD OUTPUT LATCH
	INC	DPTR	; DISABLE I/O
	INC	RO	POINT NEXT OUTPUT
	DJNZ		; POINT NEXT DATA
	RET	R4,C01	; END
			; RETURN
			· -

RAI:	MOV MOV CLR MOVX SETB ACALL MOV INC INC DJNZ RET	DPTR, #INO RO, #ADIO R4, #8 P1.4 A, @DPTR P1.4 FILTER @RO, A DPTR RO R4, RA1	; POINT FIRST ANALOG CHAN. ; POINT FIRST ANALOG DATA ; FOR R4:=8 DOUNTO 0 DO ; ENABLE I/O ; GET ANALOG DATA ; DISABLE I/O ; FILTER ANALOG DATA ; LOAD IT INTO DATA BASE ; POINT NEXT CHANNEL ; POINT NEXT DATA ; END ; RETURN
FILTER:	MOV MUL PUSH MOV MOV MOV POP ADD XCH POP ADDC RET	B, #020H AB B ACC B, #0E0H A, GRO AB R2, B B A, B A, R2 B A, B	;LOAD FILT. CONST. CB ;B,A:=0.125*R(I) ;SAVE PROD(H) ;SAVE PROD(L) ;LOAD (1-CB) CONST. ;GET X(I-1) ;B,A:=0.875*X(I-1) ;SAVE HIGH BYTE ;LOAD PROD(L) ;ADD LOW BYTES ;GET HIGH BYTE ;LOAD PROD(H) ;A,R2 IS FILTERED DATA ;RETURN

: * * * * *	******	*********	***************
;	SCHEDULE	D TIME FUNCTIONS	
<i>i</i>			***********
T50:	CLR MOV ACALL ACALL ACALL	TICF PSU, #BNK2 RUT DTT SEQ	CLEAR TICK FLAG USE RB2 RESET WATCHDOG TIMER DECREMENT TICK TIMERS PERFORM SEQUENCE LOGIC
	ACALL RET	CTL	:LOAD CONTROL OUTPUTS :RETURN TO DISPATCHING
TIK:	CLR MOV ACALL ACALL RET	SECF PSW, #BNK2 DST CTR	;CLEAR 1-SEC FLAG ;USE RB2 ;DECREMENT SECOND TIMERS ;PERFORM CONTROL ACTIONS
; T1M:	CLR MOV ACALL ACALL RET	MINF PSU, #BNK2 UBC DMT	CLEAR 1-MIN FLAG USE RB2 UPDATE BATCH CLOCK DECREMENT MINUTE TIMERS

;

RWT:	MOV CLR CLR MOVX SETB RET	DPTR, #UDT A P1.4 @DPTR, A P1.4	; POINT WATCHDOG TIMER ; CLEAR ACCUMULATOR ; ENABLE I/O ; RESET WATCHDOG TIMER ; DISABLE I/O
UBC:	MOV CLR XCH INC XCH INC XCH ADDC XCH RET	RO, ‡TIME C A, GRO A A, GRO RO A, GRO A, ‡O A, QRO	;POINT TIME(L) ;CLEAR CARRY ;GET TIME(L) ;INCREMENT IT ;UPDATE TIME(L) ;POINT TIME(H) ;GET TIME(H) ;PROPAGATE CARRY ;UPDATE TIME(H)

; * * * *	******	********	***********
; *	CONTRO	L CALCULATIONS	********************
; *			
;****	*******	*****	***
;**** CTR: CT2: CT3:	MOV CLR MOV SUBB JNC SETB SJMP CLR NOP INC INC CLR	R1,#ADIO C A, @RO A, @R1 CT2 CTRO CT3 CTRO RO R1 C	; POINT SETPOINT ; POINT DATA ; CLEAR CARRY ; GET PRESS: SETPOINT ; SUBTRACT MEAS. PRESS. ; IF MV>SP ; INCREASE OUTPUT ; END ; ELSE, DECR. OUTPUT ; END ; POINT NEXT SETPOINT ; POINT NEXT MEASUREMENT
CT4: CT5:	MOV SUBB JNC CLR SJMP SETB NOP INC INC CLR	A, GRO A, GR1 CT4 CTR1 CT5 CTR1 RO R1 C	GET TEMP. SETPOINT ;SUBTRACT MEAS. TEMP. ;IF MV>SP ; DECREASE OUTPUT ; END ;ELSE, INCR. OUTPUT ; END ;POINT NEXT SETPOINT ;POINT NEXT MEASUREMENT
CT6: CT7:	MOV SUBB JNC CLR SJMP SETB NOP INC INC CLR MOV SUBB JNC CLR SJMP	A, QRO A, QR1 CT6 CTR2 CT7 CTR2 RO R1 C A, QRO A, QRO CT8 CT8 CT8 CTR3 CT9	;CLEAR CARRY ;GET HUM. SETPOINT ;SUBTRACT HUM. MEAS. ;IF MV>SP ; DECREASE OUTPUT ; END ;ELSE, INCREASE OUTPUT ; END ;POINT NEXT SETPOINT ;POINT NEXT MEASUREMENT ;CLEAR CARRY ;GET CONC. SETPOINT ;SUBTRACT CONC. MEAS. ;IF MV>SP ; DECREASE OUTPUT
CT8:	SETB	CTR3	; END
CT9:	NOP		; ELSE, INCR. OUTPUT
;	RET		; END ; RETURN

```
**********************
 ; *
         SOFTWARE TICK TIMERS (50 MSEC)
 : POINT FIRST TICK TIMER
                  RO. #TTMO
         VOM
 DTT:
                                    GET LAST COUNT
         MOV
                  A, GRO
                                    :IF COUNT<>0
         JZ
                  TT1
                                    : DECREMENT ACC.
         DEC
                  λ
                                    ; UPDATE 'COUNT
         VOM
                  GRO.A
                 TT1
                                      IF NOT TIMEOUT
         JZ
                                        CLEAR FLAG
                  TFLO
         CLR
                                        END
                  TT2
         SJMP
                                    ; ELSE, SET FLAG
                  TFLO
         SETB
 TT1:
                                      END
 TT2:
         NOP
                                   POINT SECOND TICK TIMER
                 RO, #TTM1
         MOV
                                    GET LAST COUNT
                  A. GRO
         MOV
                                    :IF COUNT<>0
         JZ
                  TT4
                                    ; DECREMENT ACC.
         DEC
                  λ
                                      UPDATE COUNT
                  QRO, A
         MOV
                                      IF NOT TIMEOUT
                  TT4
         JZ
                                        CLEAR FLAG
         CLR
                  TFL1
                                    ;
                                        END
                                    ;
         SJMP
                  TT5
                                       ELSE, SET FLAG
         SETB
                  TFL1
 TT4:
                                      END
         NOP
TT5:
                                    ; RETURN
         RET
 *************************************
         SOFTWARE SECOND TIMERS
 *********************
                                    ; POINT FIRST SEC. TIMER
         MOV
                 RO, STMO
                                    GET LAST COUNT
                 A, GRO
         MOV
                                    :IF COUNT<>0
          JZ
                  ST1
                                    ; DECREMENT ACC.
         DEC
                  λ
                                       UPDATE COUNT
         MOV
                  GRO, A
                                       IF NOT TIMEOUT
                  ST1
          JZ
                                         CLEAR FLAG
                  TFL2
                                    ;
          CLR
                                        END
                  ST2
                                    ;
          SJMP
                                       ELSE, SET FLAG
                  TFL2
          SETB
 ST1:
                                       END
       . NOP
 ST2:
                                    : POINT NEXT SECOND TIMER
                   RO, #STM1
          MOV
                                    :GET LAST COUNT
                  A, GRO
          VOM
                                     :IF COUNT<>0
          JZ
                   ST4
                                       DECREMENT ACC.
          DEC
                   λ
                                       UPDATE COUNT
          MOV
                   GRO.A
                                       IF NOT TIMEOUT
                   ST4
          JZ
                                         CLEAR FLAG
                   TFL3
          CLR
                                         END
                   ST5
          SJMP
                                       ELSE, SET FLAG
                   TFL3
  ST4:
          SETB
                                       END
  ST5:
          NOP
                                     :RETURN
          RET
  ;
```

```
SOFTWARE MINUTE TIMERS
MOV
                  RO. #MTMO
                                    :POINT FIRST MIN. TIMER
        VOM
                A, GRO
                                    GET LAST COUNT
        JZ
                 HT1
                                    ; IF COUNT<>0
        DEC
                  λ
                                       DECREMENT ACC.
        MOV
                  QRO, A
                                       UPDATE COUNT
        JZ
                 MT1
                                       IF NOT TIMEOUT
        CLR
                 TFL4
                                         CLEAR FLAG
        SJMP
                 MT2
                                         END
MT1:
        SETB
                  TFL4
                                       ELSE, SET FLAG
MT2:
        NOP
                                       END
        MOV
                 RO, #MTM1
                                    ; POINT SECOND MIN. TIMER
        MOV
                 A. GRO
                                    GET LAST COUNT
        JZ
                 MT4
                                    ; IF COUNT<>0
        DEC
                 λ
                                       DECREMENT ACC.
        MOV
                 ero.A
                                       UPDATE COUNT
        JZ
                                       IF NOT TIMEOUT
                 MT4
        CLR
                 TFL5
                                         CLEAR FLAG
        SJMP
                 MTS
                                         END
MT4:
        SETB
                 TFL5
                                       ELSE, SET FLAG
MT5:
        NOP
                                       END
                                    ; RETURN
        SOFTWARE COUNTERS
DCTO:
        MOV
                 RO. #CNTO
                                    :POINT FIRST COUNTER
        VOM
                 A, GRO
                                    GET LAST COUNT
        JZ
                                    :IF COUNT<>0
                · DC1
        DEC
                 λ
                                       DECREMENT ACC.
        MOV
                 @RO,A
                                      UPDATE COUNT
        JZ
                 DC1
                                       IF NOT ZERO
        CLR
                 TFL6
                                         CLEAR FLAG
        SJMP
                 DC2
                                         END
                                    ÷
DC1:
        SETB
                 TFL6
                                       ELSE. SET FLAG
                                    į
DC2:
        NOP
                                       END
        RET
                                    :RETURN
DCT1:
        MOV
                 RO. CNT1
                                    : POINT SECOND COUNTER
        MOV
                 A, GRO
                                    GET LAST COUNT
        JZ
                 DC3
                                    ; IF COUNT<>0
        DEC
                 λ
                                      DECREMENT ACC.
        MOV
                 QRO, A
                                       UPDATE COUNT
        JZ
                 DC3
                                       IF NOT ZERO
        CLR
                 TFL7
                                        CLEAR FLAG
        SJMP
                 DC4
DC3:
        SETB
                 TFL7
                                       ELSE, SET FLAG
DC4:
        NOP
                                      END
        RET
                                    RETURN
;
```

; * ; *	CONTRO	L OUTPUTS	****************
****	*****	********	
CTL:	Mov Anl Mov	C,CTRO C,CENO VV05,C	GET OUTPUT-0;ALLOW IF ENABLED;OUTPUT TO V5
;	MOV ANL MOV	C,CTR1 C,CEN1 HT01,C	GET OUTPUT-1; ALLOW IF ENABLED; OUTPUT TO H1
;	MOV ANL MOV	C,CTR2 C,CEN2 VV06,C	GET OUTPUT-2; ALLOW IF ENABLED . OUTPUT TO V6
;	MOV ANL MOV	C,CTR3 C,CEN3 VV04,C	;GET OUTPUT-3;ALLOW IF ENABLED;OUTPUT TO V4
	RET		

```
; *
        POUER-ON INITIALIZATION
INIT:
        VOM
                  SP, #060H
                                     :INITIALIZE STACK POINTER
        MOV
                  PSU, #BNKO
                                     ;USE RBO
        CLR
                                    CLEAR ACCUMULATOR
                  λ
                                    POINT LOVEST RAM LOC.
        MOV
                  RO,#2
        MOV
                  R1, $126
                                    :FOR R1:=126 DOUNTO 0 DO
ILP:
        MOV
                  GRO.A
                                    ; CLEAR MEMORY LOC.
        INC
                  RO
                                    : POINT NEXT LOCATION
        DJNZ
                  R1, ILP
                                       END
                                    ;
        VOM
                                    ; INITIALIZE TICK COUNT
                  TICK. #8
        MOV
                  TSEC, $20
                                    ; INITIALIZE SEC. COUNT
        MOV
                  TMIN. #60
                                    ; INITIALIZE MIN. COUNT
        MOV
                  PSU, #BNK1
                                    ;USE RB1
        VOM
                  RPUT. #40H
                                    ; INITIALIZE RPUT POINTER
        MOV
                  RTAK, #40H
                                    :INITIALIZE RTAK POINTER
        VOM
                  TPUT. #50H
                                    :INITIALIZE TPUT POINTER
                                    ; INITIALIZE TTAK POINTER
        MOV
                  TTAK, #50H
        MOV
                  PSU, #BNK2
                                    ;USE RB2
        MOV
                  STATE, $0
                                    ;STATE:=0
        MOV
                  ABORT, #0
                                   ; ABORT:=0
        MOV
                  SCON, #052H
                                    SET SERIAL PORT BITS
                                    ;SET TIMER HODES
        MOV
                  TMOD, #061H
        MOA .
                                    ;SET SMOD:=0 IN PCON
                  87H, #00H
        VOM
                                    SET INTERRUPT PRIORITIES
                  IP, #002H
        VOM
                                    ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
                  IE. #096H
        MOV
                  TLO, #LOW(-3120)
                                   ;LOAD COUNT(L)
        MOV
                  THO, #HIGH(-3120)
                                    ;LOAD COUNT(H)
        VOM
                  TH1.#-13
                                     ;SET BAUD RATE (1200)
        MOV
                                     ;SET ACCUM. ALL 1'S
                 A, #OFFH
        CLR
                                     ; ENABLE I/O
                  P1.4
        MOV
                                     ; POINT YO OUTPUTS
                  DPTR, #YO
                  @DPTR,A
        KVOM
                                    ; CLEAR YO
        MOV
                  DPTR, #Y1
                                     ; POINT Y1 OUTPUTS
        XVOM
                  @DPTR.A
                                     ; CLEAR Y1
        MOV
                  DPTR, #Y2
                                     :POINT Y2 OUTPUTS
        XVOM
                                     CLEAR Y2
                  QDPTR.A
                                     : POINT Y3 OUTPUTS
        MOV
                  DPTR.#Y3
        MOVX
                  @DPTR.A
                                    ; CLEAR Y3
        SETB
                  P1.4
                                    :DISABLE I/O
                  RUT
        ACALL
                                    RESET WATCHDOG TIMER
                  TIME, #0
        MOV
                                    ;CLEAR TIME(L)
        NOV
                                    ; CLEAR TIME(H)
                  TIME+1,#0
                                    START BAUD CLOCK
        SETB
                  TR1
        SETB
                  TRO
                                     START TIMER
        SJMP
                 MAIN
                                     ;START MAIN PROGRAM
TEST:
        RET
                                     :TEST COMPUTER FUNCTIONS
```

```
*******************************
        SEQUENCING PROGRAM
SEQ:
                                    ; REPEAT
        MOV
                 PSU, #BNK2
                                      USE RB2
        VOM
                 A.STATE
                                      GET CURRENT STATE
        ADD
                 A, #NOT(SMAX)
                                      COMPARE MAX. STATE
        JNC
                 501
                                      IF INVALID STATE
                                    ;
        MOV
                 A, $31
                                        TAKE STATE #31
        MOV
                 STATE, A
                                        SET STATE TO #31
                                    ;
        SJMP
                 SQ2
                                        END
                                    ;
SQ1:
        MOV
                 A,STATE
                                      ELSE, USE CURRENT STATE
SQ2:
        NOP
                                        END
        RL
                 λ
                                      MAKE IT 4-BYTE-
        RL
                                      ADDRESS OFFSET
        MOV
                 DPTR, #JMPTBL
                                      OFFSET IN JUMP TABLE
        JMP
                 GA+DPTR
                                      PERFORM STATE
SEOR:
        MOV
                 C, ALMF
                                      GET ALARM FLAG
        ORL
                 C, TMOF
                                      OR WITH TIMEOUT FLAG
        JNC
               · SQ3
                                      IF (ALM.OR.TMO)
                                   ;
        MOV
                 A, ABORT
                                        GET ABORT STATE
                                    ;
        MOV
                                        SET STATE TO ABORT
                 STATE.A
        CLR
                 FO
                                        CLEAR HOLD FLAG
SQ3:
        NOP
                                        END
        JNB
                . FO,SEQ
                                   :UNTIL HOLD
        RET
                                   :RETURN
```

```
MAIN DISPATCHING PROGRAM
MAIN:
        NOP
                                     :DO FOREVER
        JNB
                  MINF, MN1
                                       IF 1-MIN TIME
        LCALL
                  T1M
                                         DO 1-MIN FUNCTIONS
MN1:
                  SECF, MN2
                                       IF 1-SEC TIME
        JNB
        LCALL
                  T1K
                                         DO 1-SEC FUNCTIONS
MN2:
        JNB
                  TICF, MN3
                                     ; IF TICK TIME
        LCALL
                                         DO TICK FUNCTIONS
                  T50
MN3:
        JNB
                  RCVF, MN4
                                       IF RCV TIME
        LCALL
                  RCV
                                        DO RCV FUNCTIONS
                                       IF XMT TIME
MN4:
        JNB
                  XMTF, MN5
        LCALL
                                         DO XMT FUNCTIONS
                  TMX
                                       ELSE, PERFORM TESTS
MN5:
        LCALL
                  TEST
        SJMP
                  MAIN
                                     ; END
GTCT:
        MOV
                  A, $1
                                     ; READ SRAM
        RET
RCV:
        CLR
                                    ; RESET RCV FLAG
                  RCVF
        RET
: TMX
        CLR
                  XMTF
                                    ; RESET XMT FLAG
        RET
SIOHND:
                                     ;SERIAL I/O HANDLER
        RET
```

\$INCLUDE(STATES.SRC)

END

LJMP

STATE25

```
STATE JUMP TABLE
JMPTBL:
        LJMP
                 STATEO
        DB
                 0
        LJMP
                 STATE1
        DB
                 0
        LJMP
                 STATE2
        DB
        LJMP
                 STATE3
                 0 ...
        DB
        LJMP
                 STATE4
        DB ·
                 0
        LJMP
                 STATE5
                                                   ÷,
        DB
                 0
        LJMP
                 STATE 6
        DB
                 0
        LJMP
                 STATE7
        DB
                 0
        LJMP
                 STATE8
        DB
                 0
        LJMP
                 STATE9
        DB
        LJMP
                 STATE10
        DB
        LJMP
                 STATE11
        DB
                 0
        LJMP
                 STATE12
        DB
        LJMP
                 STATE13
        DB
        LJMP
                 STATE14
        DB
                 0
        LJMP
                 STATE15
        DB
                 0
        LJMP
                 STATE16
        DB
                 0
        LJMP
                 STATE17
        DB
        LJMP
                 STATE18
       DB
                 0
       LJMP
                 STATE19
       DB
       LJMP
                 STATE20
       DB
                 0
       LJMP
                 STATE21
       DB
                 0
       LJMP
                 STATE22
       DB
       LJMP
                 STATE23
       DB
                 0
       LJMP
                 STATE24
       DB
```

DB	0
LJMP	STATE2
DB	0
LJMP	STATE27
DB	0
LJMP	STATE 28
DB	0
LJMP	STATE29
DB	0
LJMP	STATE30
DB	0
LJMP	STATE31
DB	0
LJMP	STATE32
DB	0
LJMP	STATE38
DB .	0
LJMP	STATE34
DB	0
LJMP	STATE35
DB	0
LJMP	STATE36
DB	0
LJMP	STATE37
DB	0
LJMP	STATE38
DB	0

```
STATEO:
          MOV
                    STATE, #1
                                        :STATE:=1
          MOV
                    ABORT, #1
                                      . .; ABORT: =1
          MOV
                    STAT, #00H
                                       RESET STATUS
          MOV
                    CTRL, #00H
                                        RESET CONTROLS
          MOV
                    TCEN, #OOH
                                      : ; RESET ALARMS
          MOV
                    TCFL, #00H
                                       RESET TIMEOUT FLAGS
          MOV
                    MSKO, #OOH
                                       RESET CLOSED MASKS
          MOV
                    MSK1,#00H
                                       RESET OPEN MASKS
                    MSK2, #00H
MSK3, #00H
CC00, #00H
          MOV
                                       RESET MISC. MASKS RESET MISC. MASKS RESET ALARM LIGHTS
          MOV
          MOV
          MOV
                    CC01, #00H
                                       RESET RUN LICHTS
          MOV
                    CC02,#40H
          MOV
                    CC03, #00H
                                       RESET MISC. OUTPUTS
          CLR
                    FO
                                       CLEAR HOLD FLAG
          LJMP
                    SEOR
                                       ; RETURN
 STATE1:
          JNB
                    DSC1,S11
                                       ; IF DOOR CLOSED
          MOV
                    STATE, #2
                                       ; STATE:=2
          MOV
                    ABORT, #29
                                       ; ABORT:=29
          CLR
                    LT01
                                        ; DOOR-OPEN(OFF)
          SETB
                    LT11
                                        ; READY-FOR-CYCLE(ON)
          CLR
                    FO
                                        ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
          SJMP
                    S12
                                        ; END
S11:
        · SETB
                   LT01
                                        ; ELSE, DOOR-OPEN(ON)
          CLR
                   LT11
                                        ; READY-FOR-CYCLE(OFF)
         SETB
                                           SET HOLD FLAG
S12:
         NOP
                                        ; END
         LJMP
                  SEQR
                                        ; RETURN
STATE2:
         JNB
                   SUC1.S21
                                       ; IF START-CYCLE(PUSHED)
         MOV
                   STATE, #3
                                        ; STATE:=3
         MOV
                   ABORT, #29
                                        ; ABORT:=29
         CLR
                   LT11
                                       ; READY-FOR-CYCLE(OFF)
         SETB
                   LT12
                                        ; CYCLE-IN-PROGRESS(ON)
         MOV
                   CNTO, #CNTM
                                       ; LOAD MIN. COUNT
         CLR
                   TFL6
                                        ; CLEAR COUNT FLAG
         CLR
                   MVC7
                                        ; CLEAR VC7 MASK
         CLR
                   MV07
                                       ; CLEAR VO7 MASK
         CLR
                   VV07
                                       ; CLOSE-BREAK-VALVE
         MOV
                   TTMO, #VDLY
                                      ; LOAD TIMEOUT DELAY
         CLR
                   TFLO
                                      ; RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
         SETB
                   TENO
                                       ; ENABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
         CLR
                   FO
                                       ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
         SJMP
                                      ; END
                   S23
S21:
         JB
                                      ; ELSE, IF DOOR-OPEN
                   DSC1,S22
         VOM
                   STATE, $1
                                           STATE:=1
         VOM
                   ABORT, $29
                                            ABORT:=29
         CLR
                   FO
                                            CLEAR HOLD FLAG
         SJMP
                  S23
S22:
         SETB
                   FO
                                          ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
S23:
         NOP
                                          END
         LJMP
                   SEOR
                                       ; RETURN
;
```

STATE3:	JNB MOV MOV CLR SETB SETB SETB MOV CLR SETB CLR SJMP JB MOV MOV SETB CLR SJMP	LSC7,S31 STATE,#4 ABORT,#29 TENO MVC7 MVO7 HT01 MTM0,#HDLY TFL4 TEN4 F0 S33 DSC1,S32 A,ABORT STATE,A LT01 F0	:IF V7 CLOSED ; STATE:=4 ; ABORT:=29 ; CLEAR TIMEOUT ENABLE ; SET VC7 MASK ; SET VC7 MASK ; TURN HEATER ON ; LOAD HEATER TIMEOUT ; RESET TIMEOUT FLAG ; ENABLE TIMEOUT ALARM ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG ; END ; ELSE, IF DOOR OPEN ; GET ABORT STATE ; STATE:=ABORT-1 ; DOOR-OPEN(ON) ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
		S 33	CLEAR HOLD FLAG
000	SETB	FO	
-	NOP		ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
;	LJMP	SEQR	; END ; RETURN

```
STATE4: JNB
                  TSC1,S41
                                       FIF HEATER ON
          MOV
                   STATE, $5
ABORT, $29
                                     ; STATE:=5
          MOV
                                      ; ABORT:=29
                   TEN4
          CLR
                                       ; CLEAR TIMEOUT ENABLE
          SETB
                   MTC1
                                      ; SET TEMP SU MASK
          MOV
                   STP1, #TSP1
                                      ; LOAD TEMP. SETPOINT
          SETB
                   CEN1
                                      ; ENABLE TEMP. CONTROL
          CLR
                   MVC1
                                       ; CLEAR VC1 MASK
          CLR
                   MV01
                                      ; CLEAR VÓ1 MASK
          SETB
                   VV01
                                      ; OPEN V1
          MOV
                   TTMO, #VDLY
                                      ; LOAD TIMEOUT DELAY
                   TFLO
          CLR
                                      ; RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
          SETB
                   TENO
                                      : ENABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
          CLR
                   FO
                                       : CLEAR HOLD FLAG
                                      ; END
          SJMP
                   S43
 S41:
                                ; ELSE, IF DOOR OPEN
          JB
                   DSC1,S42
         MOV
                   A. ABORT
         Nov
                                     ; GET ABORT STATE
                   STATE.A
                                           STATE: = ABORT-1
                                     ;
         SETB
                   LT01
                                      ;
                                           DOOR-OPEN(ON)
         CLR
                   FO
                                           CLEAR HOLD FLAG
         SJMP
                   S43
                                           END
 S42:
         SETB
                   FO
                                         ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
 S43:
         NOP
                                           END
         LJMP
                   SEOR
                                      ; RETURN
STATE5:
        JNB
                  LS01,S51
                                     ; IF VAC VALVE OPEN
        · MOV
                   STATE, #6
                                      ; STATE:=6
         MOV
                   ABORT,#29
                                  . ;
                                        ABORT:=29
         CLR
                   TENO
                                      ; CLEAR TIMEOUT ENABLE
         SETB
                   MVC1
                                      ; SET VC1 MASK
         SETB
                   MV01
                                      ; SET VO1 MASK
         SETB
                  LT13
                   PP01
                                      ; TURN P1 ON
         SETB
                                      ; EVAC-IN-PROGRESS(ON)
         MOV
                  MTMO, TVAC
                                      ; LOAD EVAC TIME
         CLR
                  TFL4
                                      RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
         CLR
                  FO
                                     ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
         SJMP
                  S53
                                     ; END
                                 ; ELSE, IF DOOR OPEN
; GET ABORT STATI
; STATE:=ABORT-1
S51:
         JB
                  DSC1.S52
         MOV
                  A. ABORT
                                        GET ABORT STATE
         MOV
                  STATE, A
         SETB
                  LT01
                                     ;
                                           DOOR-OPEN(ON)
        CLR
                  FO
                                     ;
                                           CLEAR HOLD FLAG
        SJMP
                  S53
                                     ;
                                          END
S52:
        SETB
                  FO
                                     ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
        NOP
                                     ;
S53:
        LJMP
                  SEOR
                                     RETURN
STATE6:
        JNB
                  TFL4.562
                                    ; IF EVAC TIME
        CLR
                  C
                                    ; CLEAR CARRY
        MOV
                  A, ADIO
                                 SUBTRACT PRES

IF P.LE.PVAC

STATE:=7

AROPE
        SUBB
                  A, #PVAC
                                    ; SUBTRACT PRESS. LIMIT
        JC
                  S61
        YOM
                  STATE, #7
        MOV
                 ABORT,#29
                                         ABORT:=29
CLEAR VC1 MASK
        CLR
                 MVC1
                                     ;
```

S61:	CLR CLR MOV CLR SETB CLR SJMP SETB MOV MOV CLR SJMP	MV01 VV01 TTM0, #VDLY TFL0 TEN0 F0 S63 LT02 A, ABORT STATE, A F0 S63	CLEAR VO1 MASK CLOSE V1 LOAD TIMEOUT RESET TIMEOUT FLAG ENABLE TIMEOUT ALARM CLEAR HOLD FLAG END ELSE, EVAC-FAIL(ON) GET ABORT STATE STATE:=ABORT-1 CLEAR HOLD FLAG
S62:	SETB	FO	; END
S63:	NOP	• •	ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
•	LJMP	SEQR	; END ;RETURN

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```
STATE7:
            JNB
                      LSC1,571
                                           : LF V1 CLOSED
            MOV
                      STATE, #8
                                           ; STATE:=8
            MOV
                      ABORT, #29
                                          . ABORT:=29
            CLR
                      TENO
                                          ; DISABLE TIMEOUT
           SETB
                      MVC1
                                           ; SET VC1 MASK
           SETB
                      MV01
                                          ; SET VOI MASK
           MOV
                      MTMO, #LKHT
                                          : LOAD LEAK HOLD TIME
           CLR
                      TFL4
                                           ; RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
           CLR
                     FO
                                          ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
           SJMP
                     S72
                                          ; END
  S71:
           SETB
                     FO
                                          ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
           NOP
  S72:
                                          ; END
           LJMP
                     SEOR
                                          ; RETURN
  STATE8:
           JNB
                     TFL4,582
                                          ; IF LEAK HOLD TIME
           CLR
                                          ; CLEAR CARRY
           MOV
                     A,ADIO
                                            GET PRESSURE
           SUBB
                     A, #PRLK
                                          : SUBTRACT LEAK LIMIT
           JC
                     S81
                                            IF P.LE.PRLK
           MOV
                     STATE, #9
                                              STATE:=9
           MOV
                     ABORT,#30
                                               ABORT:=30
          MOV
                     STP2, #HSP1
                                               GET HUM. SETPOINT
          CLR
                     MV06
                                               CLEAR VO6 MASK
          CLR
                     MVC6
                                               CLEAR VC6 MASK
          SETB
                     CEN2
                                               ENABLE HUM. LOOP (V6)
          MOV
                    MTHO, #HUMT
                                              LOAD HUM. TIMER
          CLR
                    TFL4
                                             RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
         CLR
                    LT13
                                             EVAC-IN-PROGRESS(OFF)
          SETB
                    LT14
                                             FILL-IN-PROGRESS(ON)
                                         i
          CLR
                    FO
                                              CLEAR HOLD FLAG
                                         į
          SJMP
                    S83
                                              END
                                         ;
 S81:
          SETB
                    LT02
                                           ELSE, EVAC-FAIL(ON)
GET ABORT STATE
                                         ï
          MOV
                    A, ABORT
          MOV
                    STATE, A
                                              STATE: = ABORT-1
                                         i
          CLR
                    FO
                                              CLEAR HOLD FLAG
                                         ;
          SJMP
                    583
S82:
                                              END
          SETB
                    FO
                                         ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
S83:
         NOP
                                         ; END
          LJMP
                    SEOR
                                         ; RETURN
STATE9:
         JNB
                    TFL4,592
                                        ; IF HUM. TIME
         CLR
                                        ; CLEAR CARRY
         MOV
                    A, ADI3
                                            GET HUMIDITY
                                        ;
         SUBB
                    A, #HNOM
                                            SUBTRACT HUM. LEVEL
                                        ;
         JC
                    591
                                           IF HUM.GE.HNOM
                                        į
         MOV
                    STATE, $10
                                            STATE:=10
                                        ;
         MOV
                   ABORT, #30
                                            ABORT:=30
                                        ;
         MOV
                   MTMO, #HUMH
                                        ;
                                            LOAD HUM. HOLD TIMER
         CLR
                   TFL4
                                            RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
                                        ;
         CLR
                   FO
                                        ;
                                            CLEAR HOLD FLAG
         SJMP
                   S83
                                             END
591:
         SETB
                   LT03
                                       ; ELSE, FILL-FAIL(ON)
         MOV
                   A, ABORT
                                            GET ABORT STATE
         MOV
                   STATE, A
                                        ;
                                             STATE: = ABORT-2
         SJMP
                   593
                                             END
```

592:	SETB	FO	ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
593:	NOP		; END
	LJMP	SEOR	RETURN
;		•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
STATE1	O: JNB	TFL4,5101	; IF HUM. HOLD TIME
•	MOV	STATE, #11	• GTATE.=11
	MOV	ABORT,#30	: ABORT:=30
	CLR	MVC2	; CLEAR ÝC2 MASK
	CLR	HV02	; CLEAR VO2 MASK
	SETB	VV02	OPEN V2
	CLR	MVC8	; CLEAR VC8 MASK
	CLR	MVOS	; CLEAR VOS MASK
	SETB	VV08	; OPEN V8
	MOV	TTMO, #VDLY	
	CLR	TFLO	,
	SETB	TENO	; RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
	MOV		; ENABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
	CLR	STPO, #PSP1	; GET PRESS. SETPOINT
		MV05	; CLEAR VOS MASK
	CLR	MVC5	; CLEAR VC5 MASK
•	SETB	CENO	; ENABLE PRESS. LOOP (V5)
	CLR	FO	; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
	SJMP	S102	: END
S101:	SETB	FO	ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
5102:	NOP		; END
	LJMP	SEQR	; RETURN
:		3 · ·	1 4 41

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```
STATE11: MOV
                      C,LSO2
                                              :TEST V2 OPEN-
            ANL
                       C,LSO8
                                              ; AND V8 OPEN
            JNC
                       S111
                                              ; IF (V2.AND.V8) OPEN
            MOV
                       STATE, $12
                                             ; STATE:=12
; ABORT:=31
            MOV
                       ABORT,#31
            CLR
                       TENO
                                             DISABLE TIMEOUT FLAG
SET VC2 MASK
SET VC2 MASK
SET VC8 MASK
            SETB
                      MVC2
            SETB
                      MVO2
MVC8
            SETB
            SETB
                                             ; SET VOS MASK
                       MVO8
            MOV
                       STP3, #CSP1
                                                  GET CONC. SETPOINT
                                              •
            CLR
                       MV04
                                              ; CLEAR VO4 MASK
            CLR .
                       MVC4
                                              ; CLEAR VC4 MASK
            SETB
                       CEN3
                                             ; ENABLE CONC. LOOP (V4)
            MOV
                       MTMO, #CNCT
                                             ; LOAD CONC. TIMER
            CLR
                       TFL4
                                             : RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
            CLR
                      LT14
                                            ; FILL-IN-PROGRESS(OFF)
            SETB
                      LT15
                                             ; STERIL-IN-PROGRESS(ON)
            CLR
                      FO
                                             ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
            SJMP
                       S112
                                                 END
 S111:
           SETB
                      FO
                                                  ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
 S112:
           NOP
                                                    END
           LJMP
                     SEQR
                                             ; RETURN
 STATE12: JNB
                      TFL4,S122
                                            ; IF CONC. TIME
           CLR
                      C
                                            : CLEAR CARRY
           MOV
                      A,ADI3
                                             ; GET CONC.
                                    GET CONC.

SUBTRACT CONC. LEVEL

IF CONC.GE.CNOM

STATE:=13

ABORT:=31

LOAD CONC. HOLD TIMER

RESET TIMEOUT FLAG

CLEAR HOLD FLAG

END
           SUBB
                      A, #CNOM
           JC
                       S121
           MOV
                       STATE, $13
           MOV
                      ABORT, #31
           MOV
                      MTMO, #CONH
           CLR
                       TFL4
           CLR
                      FO
                      LT04
                                         ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
; END
; ELSE, STERIL-FAIL(ON)
; GET ABORT STATE
; STATE:=ABORT-3
; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
           SJMP
 S121:
           SETB
           MOV
                      A, ABORT
           MOV
                      STATE, A
           CLR
                      FB
           SJMP
                      S123
                                                   END
5122:
           SETB
                      FO
                                             ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
S123:
           NOP
                                             ; END
                 SEQR
           LJMP
                                             RETURN
STATE13: JNB
                      TFL4,S132
                                            ; IF GAS HOLD TIME
           CLR
                                            ; CLEAR CARRY
; GET CONC.
; SUBTRACT CONC. LEVEL
; IF CONC.GE.CNOM
                      C
           MOV
                      A.ADI3
           SUBB
                      A, #CNOM
           JC
                      S131
           MOV
                      STATE, $14
                                             •
                                                  STATE:=14
          MOV
                      ABORT, #31
                                            ;
                                                  ABORT:=31
                                                 CLEAR HOLD FLAG
          CLR
                      FO
                                             ;
          SJMP
                      5133
                                            : ELSE, STERIL-FAIL(ON)
: GET ABORT STATE
                                             :
S131:
          SETB
                      LT04
          YOM
                      A, ABORT
          MOV
                     STATE, A
                                                  STATE: = ABORT-3
          CLR
                     FO
                                                  CLEAR HOLD FLAG
                                            i
          SJMP
                     5133
                                                  END
                                            i
S132:
          SETB
                     FO
                                            ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
S133:
          NOP
                                            ; END
          LJMP
                     SEOR
                                            ; RETURN
;
```

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STATE14: CLR
                   A, ADI1
A, #TLOU
                                       CLEAR CARRY
           MOV
                                        GET TEMP.
           SUBB
                                        ;SUBTRACT MIN. TEMP.
           JC
                    S141
                                         ; IF TEMP.GE.TMIN
           CLR
                   GET MAX. TEMP L

SUBTRACT TEMP.

STATE. $15

ABORT. $31

HTMO. $TSTR

TFL4

FO
          MOV
                                       GET MAX. TEMP LEVEL
          SUBB
          JC
          MOV
          MOV
          MOV
                                         LOAD STERIL. TIMER
          CLR
                                           RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
          CLR
                    FO
                                        CLEAR HOLD FLAG
          SJMP
                   S142
                                 ; ELSE, STERIL-FAIL(ON)
 S141:
          SETB
                   LT04
                    A, ABORT
STATE, A
          MOV
          MOV
                                        ; STATE:=ABORT-3
          CLR
                   FO
                                        : CLEAR HOLD FLAG
 S142:
          NOP
                                         ; END
          LJMP
                  Seor
                                        ; RETURN
STATE15: JNB
                 TFL4.S151
STATE, $16
                                       ; IF STERIL. TIME
         MOV
                                        ; STATE:=16
         MOV
                   ABORT,#31
                                        ; ABORT:=31
         CLR
                   CENO
                                       ; PRESS. LOOP (OFF)
         CLR
                   CEN2
                  CEN2
CEN3
CTR0
CTR2
CTR3
VV06
VV05
VV04
                                       ; HUM. LOOP (OFF)
         CLR
                                       ; GAS LOOP (OFF)
; PRESS. OUTPUT (OFF)
         CLR
         CLR
                                       ; HUM. OUTPUT (OFF)
; GAS OUTPUT (OFF)
         CLR
       CLR
                                       : CLOSE V6
         CLR
                                        ; CLOSE V5
         CLR
                   VV04
                                        ; CLOSE V4
         MOV
                   TIMO, #VDLY
                                       ; LOAD TIMEOUT DELAY
                   TFLO
         CLR
                                       RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
ENABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
CLEAR HOLD FLAG
END
         SETB
                   TENO
         CLR
                   FO
         SJMP
                   S152
S151:
        SETB
                  FO
                                       ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
S152:
        NOP
                                       ; END
         LJMP
                 SEOR
                                       RETURN
STATE16: MOV
                 C,LSC4
                                       :TEST V4 CLOSED
         ANL
                  C,LSC5
                                      ; AND V5 CLOSED
         ANL
                  C,LSC6
                                      ; AND V6 CLOSED
         JNC
                  S161
                                      ; IF (V4, V5, & V6) CLOSED
        MOV
                  STATE, $17
                                      ; STATE:=17
        MOV
                  ABORT,#31
                                      ; ABORT:=31
        CLR
                  TENO
                                      ; DISABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
        SETB
                  HVC4
                                      ; SET VC4 MASK
        SETB
                  MV04
                                   ; SET VO4 MASK
; SET VC5 MASK
        SETB
                  MVC5
        SETB
                  MV05
                                      ; SET VOS MASK
        SETB
                  MVC6
                                      ; SET VC6 MASK
        SETB
                  MV06
                                      ; SET VO6 MASK
```

S161: S162: ; STATE17	ANL JNC MOV CLR SETB SETB SETB SETB CLR CLR CLR SJMP SETB	MVC3 MVO3 VVO3 LT15 LT16 TTMO, #VDLY TFLO TENO FO S162 FO SEQR C, LSO3 C, LSO8 S171 STATE, #18 ABORT, #31 TENO MVC3 MVC3 MVO3 MVC8 MVO8 MTMO, #TEVC TFL4 FO S172 FO	CLEAR VC3 MASK CLEAR VO3 MASK CLEAR VO3 MASK CLEAR VO3 MASK COPEN V3 STERIL-IN-PROGRESS(OFF) PURGE-IN-PROGRESS(ON) LOAD TIMEOUT DELAY RESET TIMEOUT FLAG FENABLE, TIMEOUT ALARM CLEAR HOLD FLAG FEND ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG FETURN TEST V3 OPEN- AND V8 OPEN FIF (V3.AND.V8) OPEN STATE:=18 ABORT:=31 DISABLE TIMEOUT ALARM SET VC3 MASK SET VC3 MASK SET VC8 MASK SET VC8 MASK SET VC8 MASK SET VC8 MASK LOAD EVAC. TIMER RESET TIMEOUT FLAG CLEAR HOLD FLAG CLEAR HOLD FLAG FISE
S171:			: END
5172:	NOP	FO	
/6.			; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG ; END
;	LJMP	SEQR	; RETURN

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```
STATE18: JNB
                    TFL4,S181
                                     ; IF EVAC. TIME
          MOV
                    STATE, #19
                                       ; STATE:=19
          MOV
                    ABORT, #31
                                       ; ABORT:=31
          CLR
                    MVC3
                                      ; CLEAR VC3 MASK
          CLR
                    MV03
                                       ; CLEAR VO3 MASK
          CLR
                    VV03
                                       ; CLOSE V3
          CLR
                    MVC8
                                      : !CLEAR VC8 MASK
          CLR
                    MVOS
                                       ; CLEAR VOS MASK
                                  CLEAR VOI
          CLR
                    VVOS
                                    LOAD VALVE TIMER
                    TIMO, #VDLY
          MOV
          CLR -
                    TFLO -
                                       : RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
          SETB
                    TENO
                                       : ENABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
          CLR
                    FO
                                       : CLEAR HOLD FLAG
          SJMP
                    S182
                                       ; END
 S181:
          SETB
                   FO
                                       ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
 S182:
          NOP
                                       ; END
          LJMP
                   SEOR
                                       ; RETURN
 STATE19: MOV
                  C.LSC3
                                       :TEST V3 CLOSED-
                  C, LSC8
          ANL
                                       :AND V8 CLOSED
          JNC
                   S191
                                       ; IF (V3.AND.V8) CLOSED
          MOV
                   STATE, #20
                                       ; STATE:=20
          MOV
                   ABORT,#32
                                      ; ABORT:=32
                                      ; DISABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
          CLR
                   TENO
          SETB
                   MVC8
                                      ; SET VC8 MASK
; SET VO8 MASK
          SETB
                   MVOS
         MOV
                   STPO, #PSP1
                                      ; GET PRESS. SETPOINT
         CLR
                   MV05
                                     ; CLEAR VOS MASK
         CLR
                                     ; CLEAR VC5 MASK
; ENABLE PRESS. CONTROL (V5)
; LOAD N2 PRESS. TIMER
; RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
                   MVC5
         SETB
                   CENO
         MOV
                   MTMO, #PN2T
         CLR
                   TFL4
         CLR
                                      ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
                   FO
         SJMP
                   S192
                                      ; END
S191:
         SETB
                  FO
                                      ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
S192:
         NOP
                                      ; END
         LJMP
                  SEOR
                                       :RETURN
STATE20: JNB
                   TFL4,5202
                                      ; IF REPRESS. TIME
         CLR
                  C
                                      ; CLEAR CARRY
         MOV
                  A, #PMAX
                                          GET MIN. PRESS. LEVEL
         SUBB
                   A,ADIO
                                      ; SUBTRACT PRESSURE
         JC
                   S201
                                      ; IF PRESS.GE.PMAX
         MOV
                   STATE, $21
                                          STATE:=21
                                      ;
         MOV
                                     ;
                   ABORT,#32
                                          ABORT:=32
N2 LOOP (OFF)
         CLR
                   CENO
                                     ;
         CLR
                   CTRO
                                          N2 OUTPUT (OFF)
                                      ;
         CLR
                   VV05
                                          CLOSE N2 VALVE
                                     ;
                                   ;
         MOV
                   TIMO, #VDLY
                                         LOAD VALVE TIMEOUT
         CLR
                   TFLO
                                          RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
         SETB
                   TENO
                                     ;
                                          ENABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
         CLR
                   FO
                                          CLEAR HOLD FLAG
                                      ;
         SJMP
                   S202
                                     • ;
                                          END
S201:
         SETB
                   LT05
                                     ; ELSE, PURGE-FAIL(ON)
         MOV
                  A.ABORT
                                           GET ABORT STATE
                                      ;
        VOM
                  STATE, A
                                           STATE: = ABORT-4
                                     ;
        CLR
                  FO
                                      ř
                                           CLEAR HOLD TIMER
        SJMP
                  S203
                                      ;
                                           END
S202:
        SETB
                  FO
                                      ; ELSE, SET HOLD TIMER
S203:
        NOP
                                      ; END
        LJMP
                  SEOR
                                      :RETURN
;
```

```
STATE21: JNB
                     LSC5.S211
                      STATE, $22
ABORT, $33
TENO
                                            ; IF V5 CLOSED
            MOV
                                          ; STATE:=22
; ABORT:=33
            MOV
            CLR
                      TENO
                                            ; DISABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
SET VC5 MASK
            SETB
                      MVC5
            SETB
                      MV05
                                          ; SET VOS MASK
; CLEAR VC3 MASK
            CLR
                     .MVC3
            CLR
                      MV03
                                              ; CLEAR VO3 MASK
            SETB
                      VV03
                                              ; OPEN V3
                     MVC8
MVO8
VVO8
TTMO, #VDLY
TFLO
TENO
            CLR
                                              ; CLEAR VC8 MASK
            CLR
                                              ; CLEAR VOS MASK
           SETR
                                              ; OPEN V8
           MOV
                                           ; LOAD TIMEOUT DELAY
           CLR
                                              ; RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
           SETB
                                              ; ENABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
           CLR
                      FO
                                              ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
; END
                   S212
F0
           SJMP
                                           ; END
; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
 S211:
           SETB
 S212:
          NOP
           LJMP SEOR
                                            RETURN
                C,LS03
C,LS08
S221
 STATE22: MOV
                                            ;TEST V3 OPEN-
;AND V8 OPEN
           ANL
                                         ;AND V8 OPEN
;IF (V3.AND.V8) OPEN
; STATE:=23
; ABORT:=33
; DISABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
; SET VC3 MASK
; SET VO3 MASK
; SET VC8 MASK
; SET VC8 MASK
; SET VO8 MASK
; LOAD DESORB TIMER
; RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
           JNC
                      S221
                     STATE, #23
ABORT, #33
           MOV
           MOV
                      TENO
           CLR
           SETB
                     MVC3
                     MVO3
MVC8
MVO8
           SETB
           SETB
                     nvce
Mvos
MTMO,‡DSRB
           SETB
           MOV
           CLR
                     TFL4
           CLR
                     FO
                                            ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
           SJMP
                     S222
                                            ;
                                                 END
S221:
          SETB
                     FO
                                             ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
S222:
          NOP
                                             ;
                                                  END
          LJMP SEQR
                                            ; RETURN
                                          ; IF DESORB TIME
; STATE:=24
; AROPT
STATE23: JNB
                    TFL4,S231
          MOV
                    STATE, #24
ABORT, #34
          MOV
                                            ; ABORT:=34
                      MVC3
          CLR
                                            ; CLEAR VC3 MASK
          CLR
                      MV03
                                            ; CLEAR VO3 MASK
          CLR
                      VV03
                                            ; CLOSE V3
                     MVC8
MVO8
          CLR
                                            ; CLEAR VC8 MASK
          CLR
                                            ; CLEAR VOS MASK
                     VV08
NVC2
NVO2
VV02
          CLR
                                            ; CLOSE V8
          CLR
                                            ; CLEAR VC2 MASK
          CLR
                                            ; CLEAR VO2 MASK
          CLR
                                            ; CLOSE V2
                                         : CLOSE VZ
: LOAD TIMEOUT DELAY
: RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
          MOV
                     TTMO, #VDLY
          CLR
                     TFLO
          SETB
                     TENO
                                            ; ENABLE TIMEOUT ALARM
          CLR
                     FO
                                            : CLEAR HOLD FLAG
          SJMP
                     S232
S231:
          SETB
                                            ; END
                     FO
S232:
                                            ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
          NOP
          LJMP
                                            : END
                     SEOR
;
                                             ; RETURN
```

```
STATE24: MOV
                    C,LSC3
                                         :TEST V3 CLOSED-
          ANL
                    C.LSC8
                                        ...; AND V8 CLOSED-
          ANL
                    C.LSC2
                                         ; AND V2 CLOSED
          JNC
                    5241
                                         ; IF (V2, V3, V8 CLOSED)
          MOV
                    STATE, #25
                                         ; $TATE:=25
          MOV
                    ABORT, $35
                                            ABORT:=35
                                         i
          CLR
                    TENO .
                                         ; DISABLE TIMEOUT MASK-
          SETB
                    MVC3
                                           SET VC3 MASK
                                         į
          SETB .
                    MV03
                                           SET VO3 MASK
                                         į
          SETB
                    MVC8
                                           SET VC& MASK
                                         ;
          SETB
                    MV08
                                           SET VOS MASK
                                         i
          SETB
                    MVC2
                                         i
                                           SET VC2 MASK
          SETB
                    MV02
                                         i
                                           SET VO2 MASK
          SETB
                    LGG1
                                         ; SUITCH TO HIGH GAIN
         MOV
                    MTMO, #TLGH
                                         ; . START LOW GAS HOLD
         LCALL
                    DCTO
                                         ; DECREMENT PURGE COUNT
         CLR
                    TFL4
                                            RESET TIMEOUT FLAG
         CLR
                    FΩ
                                            CLEAR HOLD FLAG
         SJMP
                    S242
                                            END
5241:
         SETB
                    FO
                                         :ELSE. SET HOLD FLAG
5242:
         NOP
                                         : END
         LJMP
                    SEQR
                                         :RETURN
STATE25: JNB
                    TFL4,S252 .
                                         : IF LOW-HOLD .TIME
         CLR
                   . C
                                         ; CLEAR CARRY
         MOV
                   A, #CMIN
                                           GET MAX. LEVEL
         SUBB
                    A,ADI3
                                           SUBTRACT CONC.
                                         ;
         ORL
                    C./TFL6
                                         ; OR CARRY WITH COUNT FLAG
         JC
                    S251
                                           IF (CONC.LE.CMIN).AND.TFL6=1
                                         ÷
         MOV
                    STATE, $26
                                             STATE:=26
                                         į
         MOV
                    ABORT, #36
                                              ABORT:=36
                                         ;
         CLR
                    CEN1
                                              DISABLE TEMP. CTRL
                                         ;
         CLR
                    PP01
                                              TURN PUMP OFF
                                         ;
         CLR
                    HT01
                                              TURN HEATER OFF
                                         ;
         CLR
                    LGG1
                                              SET LOU GAIN
                                         į
         CLR
                    FO
                                              CLEAR HOLD FLAG
                                         į
         SJMP
                    S253
                                              END
                                         ;
$251:
         YOM
                    A, ABORT
                                           ELSE, GET ABORT STATE
         MOV
                    STATE, A
                                              STATE:=35
         CLR
                    FO
                                              CLEAR HOLD FLAG
                                         ;
         SJMP
                    S253
                                              END
S252:
         SETB
                    FO
                                         ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
S253:
         NOP
                                         ; END
         LJMP
                    SEOR
                                         ; RETURN
STATE26: LCALL
                    GTCT
                                         ; DECREMENT & GET CYCLE CNT
         JNZ
                    S261
                                         : IF LAST RUN
         MOV
                    STATE, $27
                                            STATE:=27
         MOV
                    ABORT, #36
                                            ABORT:=36
                                         :
         CLR
                   HVC2
                                            CLEAR VC2 MASK
                                         ;
         CLR
                   MVO2
                                            CLEAR VO2 MASK
                                         į
         SETB
                    VVD2
                                            OPEN V2
                                         ï
         CLR
                   MVC3
                                           CLEAR VC3 MASK
                                        ;
         CLR
                   MV03
                                            CLEAR VO3 MASK
                                         ;
         SETB
                    VV03
                                            OPEN V3
```

S261: S262:	CLR CLR SETB CLR SETB MOV CLR CLR CLR SJMP MOV CLR NOP LIMB	MVC4 MV04 VVB4 MVC8 MV08 VV08 MTM0, #TDMP TFL4 F0 S262 STATE, #28 ABORT, #36 F0	CLEAR VC4 MASK CLEAR VO4 MASK OPEN V4 CLEAR VC8 MASK CLEAR VO8 MASK OPEN V8 LOAD DUMP TIMER RESET TIMEOUT FLAG CLEAR HOLD FLAG END ELSE, STATE:=28 ABORT:=36 CLEAR HOLD FLAG
	LJMP	Seqr	:RETURN

```
STATE27: JNB
                        TFL4,S271 .
                                                ; IF DUMP-TIME
            MOV
                                                ; STATE:=28
                        STATE. $28
            VOM
                        ABORT, #36
                                                ABORT:=36
; CLOSE V2
            CLR
                        VV02
            CLR
                        VV03
                                                CLOSE V3
            CLR
                        VV04
            CLR
                        VV08
                                                ; CLOSE V8
            CLR .
                        FO
                                                : CLEAR HOLD FLAG
           SJMP
                        S272
                                                ; END
 S271:
           SETB
                       FO
                                                ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
 S272:
           NOP
                                                ; END
            LJMP
                       SEOR
                                                ; RETURN
 STATE28: MOV
                       STATE, $37
                                                :STATE:=37
           MOV
                       ABORT,#36
                                                ;ABORT:=36
           CLR
                       MV05
                                                :CLR VOS MASK
           CLR
                       MVC5
                                               CLR VC5 MASK
           SETB
                       CENO
                                               ; PRESS. CONTROL(ON)
           MOV
                       STPO, #PATH
                                               ;SET ATM. SETPOINT
           CLR
                       FO
                                               CLEAR HOLD FLAG
           LJMP
                       SEOR
                                               ; RETURN
STATE29: MOV
                       C.LSC1
                                               :TEST V1 CLOSED-
           ANL
                       C.LSC2
                                               ; AND V2 CLOSED-
                                               ; AND V3 CLOSED-
           ANL
                       C,LSC3
                                              ; AND V3 CLOSED-
; AND V4 CLOSED-
; AND V5 CLOSED-
; AND V6 CLOSED-
; AND V7 OPEN-
; AND V8 CLOSED-
; AND SU2 PUSHED
; IF RESET
           ANL
                       C,LSC4
           ANL
                       C,LSC5
           ANL
                       C.LSC6
           ANL
                       C, LS07
           ANL
                       C,LSC8
           ANL
                       C.SUC2
           JNC
                       S291
           MOV
                       STATE, $2
                                               ; STATE:=2
           MOV
                       ABORT.#0
                                              ; ABORT:=0
                                              RESET STATUS
RESET ALARM LIGHTS
RESET RUN LIGHTS
CLEAR HOLD FLAG
END
           MOV
                       STAT, #00H
           MOV
                       CC00, $00H
           MOV
                       CC01,#01H
           CLR
                       FO
           SJMP
                       S292
5291:
           MOV
                       CTRL, #00H
                                              ; ELSE, RESET CONTROLS
                                              RESET ALARMS
RESET CLOSED MASKS
RESET OPEN MASKS
RESET MISC. MASKS
RESET VALVES
RESET MISC. OUTPUTS
           MOV
                       TCEN, $00H
           MOV
                       MSKO, #OOH
           MOV
                       MSK1, #00H
           VOM
                       MSK2, #00H
           MOV
                       CC02, #40H
           MOV
                       CC03, $00H
           MOV
                       CC01, #00H
                                              ; TURN CYCLE LIGHTS OFF
           SETB
                       LT02
                                              ; EVAC-FAIL(ON)
          SETB
                       FO
                                               ; SET HOLD FLAG
S292:
          NOP
                                               ; END
          LJMP
                      SEOR
                                               ; RETURN
```

STATE30	ANL ANL ANL ANL ANL ANL ANL JNC MOV	C.LSC1 C,LSC2 C,LSC3 C,LSC4 C,LSC5 C,LSC6 C,LSC7 C,LSC8 C,SUC2 S301 STATE,#2 ABORT.#0 STAT,#00H CC00,#00H CC01,#01H F0 S302 CTRL,#00H TCEN,#00H	; TEST V1 CLOSED- ; AND V2 CLOSED- ; AND V3 CLOSED- ; AND V4 CLOSED- ; AND V5 CLOSED- ; AND V6 CLOSED- ; AND V7 OPEN- ; AND V8 CLOSED- ; AND SU2 PUSHED ; IF RESET ; STATE:=2 ; ABORT:=0 ; RESET STATUS ; RESET ALARM LIGHTS ; RESET ALARM LIGHTS ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG ; END ; ELSE, RESET CONTROLS ; RESET ALARMS
S301:	MOV	S302 CTRL,#00H	; END ;ELSE, RESET CONTROLS
		MSKO. #OOH	; RESET ALARMS
•	MOV	MSK1,#00H	; RESET CLOSED MASKS .; RESET OPEN MASKS
	MOV	MSK2, #00H	; RESET MISC. MASKS
	MOV	CCO2, #40H	; RESET VALVES
	MOV MOV	CC03, #00H	; RESET MISC. OUTPUTS
	SETB	CC01, #00H	; TURN CYCLE LIGHTS OFF
	SETB	LT03	; FILL-FAIL(ON)
S302:	NOP	FO	; SET HOLD FLAG
	LJMP	SEQR	; END ; RETURN

2

```
STATE31: MOV
 S311:
 S312:
STATE32: MOV C.LSC5 ;TEST V5 CLOSED

ANL C.SUC2 ;AND SU2

JNC S321 ;IF (V5 CLOSED & SU2 PUSHED)

MOV STATE, $19 ; STATE:=19

MOV ABORT, $32 ; ABORT:=32

CLR FO ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG

SJMP S322 ; END

S321: MOV CCO2, $02H ;ELSE, RESET ALL VALVES

SETB FO ; SET HOLD FLAG

S322: NOP : END
 S322:
                NOP
                                                                 ; END
                LJMP
                              SEQR
                                                                 ; RETURN
STATE33: MOV C,SUC2 ;TEST SU2
JNC S331 ;IF PUSHED
MOV STATE, $23 ; STATE: $23
MOV ABORT, $433 ; ABORT: $34
CLR FO ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
SJMP S332 ; END

5331: SETR FO ;ELSE SET HOLD FLAG
               CLR FO
SJMP S332
SETB FO
 S331:
               SETB
                                                                 ; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
 S332:
             NOP
                                                                 ; END
               LJMP SEQR
                                                                 RETURN
 STATE34: MOV C,SUC2
JNC S341
                                                               :TEST SU2
:IF PUSHED
               MOV STATE, $25 ; STATE:=25
MOV ABORT, $35 ; ABORT:=35
LCALL DCTO ; DECREMENT PURGE COUNT
CLR FO ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
              ; DECREMENT PURGE C
; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
; END
; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
NOP
LJMP SEQR ; RETHER
CLR F0
SJMP S342
S341: SETB F0
S342: NOP
```

```
STATE35: MOV
                   C.LSC1
                                      ;TEST V1 CLOSED-
                                      ; AND V2 OPEN-
         ANL
                   C.LSO2
                                      ;AND V3 CLOSED-
;AND V4 CLOSED-
         ANL
                   C.LSC3
         ANL
                   C.LSC4
                                      ; AND V5 CLOSED-
         ANL
                   C,LSC5
                                      ; AND V6 CLOSED-
         ANL
                   C,LSC6
         ANL
                   C,LSC7
                                       ; AND V7 CLOSED-
                                       ; AND V8 CLOSED-
         ANL
                   C,LSC8
                                       ; IF RESET
         JNC
                   S351
         YOM
                   STATE, $20
                                       ; STATE:=20
         MOV -
                                      ; ABORT:=32
                   ABORT,#32
         MOV
                   STAT, $00H
                                      ; RESET STATUS :
         MOV
                   MSKO, #OEFH
                                      ; SET ALL CLOSED MASKS
                                       ; SET ALL OPEN MASKS
         MOV
                   MSK1, #0EFH
                                       ; SET MISC. MASKS
         MOV
                   MSK2, #001H
         MOV
                   CC00, #00H
                                       ; RESET ALARM LIGHTS
                                       ; RESET RUN LIGHTS
         MOV
                   CCO1, #22H
                                      ; LOAD PRESS. SETPOINT
         MOV
                   STPO, PSP1
                                       ; ENABLE PRESSURE CONTROL
         SETB
                   CENO
                                       ; SET PRESSURE TIMER
         MOV
                   MTMO, #PN2T
                                       : CLEAR TIMER FLAG
         CLR
                   TFL4
                                       ; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
         CLR
                   FO
         SJMP
                   5352
                                          END
                                        ;
S351:
         MOV
                   CTRL, #03H
                                       ; ELSE, RESET CONTROLS
                                       ; RESET ALARMS
         MOV
                   TCEN, #00H
                                       : RESET CLOSED MASKS
         MOV
                   MSKO, #00H
                   MSK1, #00H
         VOM
                                       ; RESET OPEN MASKS
                                       ; RESET MISC. MASKS
                   MSK2,#00H
         MOV
                                       ; RESET ALL VALVES
         MOV
                   CCO2, #02H
                                          RESET MISC. OUTPUTS
         MOV
                   CC03, #01H
                                       ;
         SETB
                   FO
                                           SET HOLD FLAG
                                       ;
S352:
         NOP
                                          END
         LJMP
                   SEOR
                                       : RETURN
;
STATE36: MOV
                   C.SWC2
                                      :TEST SU2
         JNC
                   5361
                                      : IF PUSHED
                                       ; STATE:=26
         MOV
                   STATE, $26
         MOV
                   ABORT, #37
                                         ABORT:=37
         CLR
                   F0
                                          CLEAR HOLD FLAG
         SJMP
                   S362
                                          END
                   FO
S361:
         SETB
                                       ; ELSE, SET, HOLD FLAG
S362:
         NOP
                                       ; END
         LJMP
                   SEQR
                                        RETURN
```

;

STATE37:	CLR	C	;CLEAR CARRY
01111111	MOV	A, #PATM /	GET ATM SETPOINT
	SUBB	A,ADIO	SUBTRACT PRESSURE
•	JC	S371	:IF PRESS.GT.ATM
	MOV	STATE, \$38	; STATE:=38
	MOV	ABORT, #0	; ABORT:=0
	CLR	MVC7	CLEAR VC7 MASK
		HV07	CLEAR VOT HASK
	CLR		N2 LOOP(OFF)
	CLR	CENO	: N2 OUTP(OFF)
	CLR	CTRO	: CLOSE N2 VALVE
	CLR	VV05	
		VV 07	; OPEN V7
•	CLR	LT16	; PURGE-IN-PROGRESS(OFF)
	SETB	LT17	; REHOVE-LOAD(ON)
	CLR	FO .	; CLEAR HOLD FLAG
	SJMP	S372	; END
S371:	SETB	FQ	; ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
5372:	NOP	a a	- ; END
	LJMP	SEQR	; RETURN
:			
STATE38:	JNB	SUC2,5381	; IF SW2 PUSHED
	MOV	STATE, \$0	; STATE:=0 (RESET)
	MOV	ABORT, #0	; ABORT:=0
	CLR	FO	: CLEAR HOLD FLAG
	SJMP	S382	: END
5381:	SETB	FO	ELSE, SET HOLD FLAG
5382:	NOP	• •	: END
5302:	LJMP	SEOR	RETURN
	>111E	SEYR	,
;			

In the foregoing specification, the invention has been described with reference to a specific exemplary embodiment thereof. It will, however, be evident that various modifications and changes may be made thereunto without parting from the broader spirit and scope of the invention as set forth in the appended claims. For example, as will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art familiar with this specification, the apparatus

disclosed herein may be suitable for use in connection with various types of gaseous treatment systems, such as those which employ toxic gases, e.g., without limitation, bleaching gases, fumigants, sterilants, etc. The specification and drawings are, accordingly, to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. Apparatus for treating articles with a gas comprising: chamber means for receiving an article to be treated;

means for supplying the gas to the chamber means comprising valve means coupled to the chamber means for supplying the gas to the chamber means, means for removing the gas from the chamber means after a predetermined time interval, electronic control means receiving a plurality of electrical signals associated with ones of measured parameters from said chamber means for controlling said valve means and said means for removing, said electronic control means comprising computer means for cycling said apparatus through a plurality of states in accordance with a predetermined sequence of instructions, said computer means including means for aborting the operation of said apparatus to one of a plurality of defined failure states in response to a failure of said apparatus, said selected failure state dependent on the state in said cycle in which the failure occurred.

- The apparatus recited in claim 1 wherein said gas is a sterilizing gas, whereby said article is sterilized by said gas.
- 3. The apparatus recited in claim 2, wherein said sterilizing gas is generated from at least two component parts, and further including first means for receiving a first component part of the gas, second means for receiving a second component part of the gas, means for allowing said first and second component parts to react with each other to generate said sterilizing gas, said means for allowing being controlled by said computer means in response to the measurement of selected ones of said plurality of measured parameters.

- 4. The apparatus recited in claim 3, further comprising valve means for supplying a relatively stable gas to said chamber means.
- 5. The apparatus recited in claim 3, further comprising valve means for supplying filtered air to said chamber means.
- 6. The apparatus recited in claim 3, further comprising valve means for supplying water vapor to said chamber means to affect the humidity level in said chamber.
- 7. The apparatus recited in claim 3 wherein said plurality of measured parameters include the temperature, pressure and humidity in said chamber means and the concentration of said sterilizing gas in said chamber means.
- 8. The apparatus recited in claim 2 wherein said sterilizing gas comprises chlorine dioxide.
- 9. The apparatus recited in claim 3 wherein said sterilizing gas comprises chlorine dioxide and said first component comprises chlorine gas and said second component comprises sodium chlorite.
- 10. The apparatus recited in claim 2 wherein said means for removing comprises vacuum pump means and additional valve means.
- 11. The apparatus recited in claim 2, wherein said valve means comprises first and second switch means, said first switch means indicating when said valve means is open and said second switch means indicating when said valve means is closed, said first and second switch means being in opposite states such that when said first switch means is closed, said second switch means is open.

- 12. The apparatus recited in claim 2, wherein said electronic control means comprises memory means, and further comprising means for receiving input signals from said valve means indicative of the closed or open condition of said valve means and means for transmitting output signals to said valve means to selectively open or close said valve means, image signals of said input and output signals being stored in said memory means.
- 13. The apparatus recited in claim 12, further comprising means for disabling said output signals from being transmitted to said valve means except when an enabling signal is issued by said computer means.
- 14. The apparatus recited in claim 2, further comprising means for monitoring for proper operation of said computer means, said monitoring means issuing a disabling signal to prevent actuation of said valve means in the event of a failure of said computer means.
- 15. The apparatus recited in claim 12, further comprising mask means stored in said memory means, said computer means comparing said image signals of said input and output signals and generating an alarm signal if said input and output image signals do not agree in response to the setting of a bit in said mask means.
- 16. The apparatus recited in claim 11, further comprising means for monitoring the state of said first and second switch means, and further comprising means for generating an alarm signal if said first and second switch means are not in the proper states.
- 17. The apparatus recited in claim 2, wherein said valve means moves between a first state and a second state in response to instructions from said computer means, and further comprising timer means for generating an alarm

signal if said valve means does not move from said first to second state in a predetermined time interval.

- 18. The apparatus recited in claim 2, further comprising means for cycling said apparatus to a further defined state once one of said defined failure states is reached.
- 19. Apparatus for treating articles with a gas comprising:
 first means for receiving a first component;
 second means for receiving a second component, said
 first and second components, when reacted together,
 forming said gas;

means for reacting said two components together for forming said gas;

first valve means for supplying said gas to said chamber means to treat said article in said chamber means;

means for removing said gas from said chamber means; electronic controller means for controlling said means for reacting, means for supplying and means for removing comprising computer means executing a predetermined sequence of steps so as to cycle said apparatus through a series of successive states defining a cycle in which said article is treated by said gas and wherein said gas is thereafter removed from said chamber means so as to render said chamber means within acceptable standards of safety.

- 20. The apparatus recited in claim 19 wherein said gas is a sterilizing gas, whereby said article is sterilized by said gas.
- 21. The apparatus recited in claim 20 wherein said computer means comprises means for receiving a plurality of electrical signals associated with ones of measured parameters from said chamber means for controlling the operation of said means for reacting, means for supplying

and means for removing.

- 22. The apparatus recited in claim 21, wherein said means for reacting comprises second valve means for allowing said first and second components to react with each other to generate said sterilizing gas, said second valve means being controlled by said computer means in response to the measurement of selected ones of said plurality of measured parameters.
- 23. The apparatus recited in claim 22, further comprising valve means for supplying a relatively stable gas to said chamber means.
- 24. The apparatus recited in claim 22, further comprising valve means for supplying filtered air to said chamber means.
- 25. The apparatus recited in claim 22, further comprising valve means for supplying water vapor to said chamber means to affect the humidity level in said chamber.
- 26. The apparatus recited in claim 22 wherein said plurality of measured parameters include the temperature, pressure and humidity in said chamber means and the concentration of said sterilizing gas in said chamber means.
- 27. The apparatus recited in claim 20 wherein said sterilizing gas comprises chlorine dioxide.
- 28. The apparatus recited in claim 27 wherein said sterilizing gas comprises chlorine dioxide and said first component comprises chlorine gas and said second component comprises sodium chlorite.
- 29. The apparatus recited in claim 20 wherein said means for removing comprises vacuum pump means and additional valve

means.

- 30. The apparatus recited in claim 20, wherein said valve means comprises first and second switch means, said first switch means indicating when said valve means is open and said second switch means indicating when said valve means is closed, said first and second switch means being in opposite states such that when said first switch means is closed, said second switch means is open.
- 31. The apparatus recited in claim 20, wherein said electronic control means comprises memory means, and further comprising means for receiving input signals from said valve means indicative of the closed or open condition of said valve means and means for transmitting output signals to said valve means to selectively open or close said valve means, images of said input and output signals being stored in said memory means.
- 32. The apparatus recited in claim 31, further comprising means for disabling said output signals from being transmitted to said valve means except when an enabling signal is issued by said computer means.
- 33. The apparatus recited in claim 20, further comprising means for monitoring for proper operation of said computer means, said monitoring means issuing a disabling signal to prevent actuation of said valve means in the event of a failure of said computer means.
- 34. The apparatus recited in claim 31, further comprising mask means stored in said memory means, said computer means comparing said images of said input and output signals and generating an alarm signal if said input and output images do not agree in response to the setting of a bit in said mask means.

- 35. The apparatus recited in claim 30, further comprising means for monitoring the state of said first and second switch means, and further comprising means for generating an alarm signal if said first and second switch means are not in the proper states.
- 36. The apparatus recited in claim 20, wherein said valve means moves between a first state and a second state in response to instructions from said computer means, and further comprising timer means for generating an alarm signal if said valve means does not move from said first to second state in a predetermined time interval.
- 37. The apparatus recited in claim 20, wherein said computer means includes means for aborting the operation of said apparatus to one of a plurality of defined failure states in response to a failure of said apparatus, said selected failure state dependent on the state in said cycle in which the failure occurred.
- 38. The apparatus recited in claim 37, further comprising means for resetting said apparatus to a further defined state once one of said defined failure states is reached.
- 39. Apparatus for treating articles with a gas comprising:

 chamber means for receiving articles to be treated;

 means for supplying the gas to the chamber means

 comprising valve means coupled to the chamber means for

 supplying the gas to the chamber means, means for

 removing the gas from the chamber means after a

 predetermined time interval, electronic control means

 receiving a plurality of electrical signals associated

 with ones of measured parameters from said chamber means

 for controlling said valve means and said means for

 removing, said electronic control means comprising

 computer means for cycling said apparatus through a

 plurality of states in accordance with a predetermined

sequence of instructions,

said computer means including memory means, and further comprising means for receiving input signals from said valve means indicative of the closed or open condition of said valve means and means for transmitting output signals to said valve means to selectively open or close said valve means, image signals of said input and output signals being stored in said memory means,

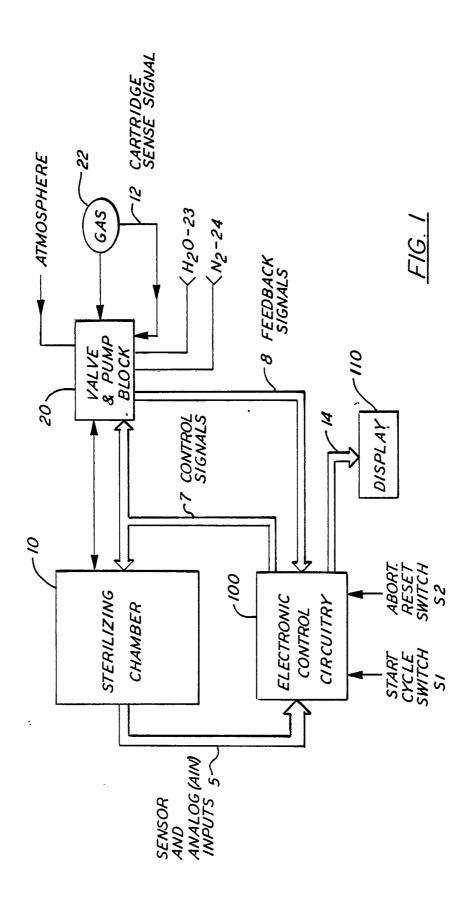
mask means being stored in said memory means, said computer means comparing said image signals of said input and output signals and generating an alarm signal if said input and output image signals do not agree in response to the setting of a bit in said mask means.

- 40. The apparatus recited in claim 39, wherein said gas is a sterilizing gas, whereby said article is sterilized by said gas.
- 41. The apparatus recited in claim 40, wherein said sterilizing gas is generated from at least two component parts, and further including first means for receiving a first component part of the gas, second means for receiving a second component part of the gas, means for allowing said first and second component parts to react with each other to generate said sterilizing gas, said means for allowing being controlled by said computer means in response to the measurement of selected ones of said plurality of measured parameters.
- 42. The apparatus recited in claim 41, further comprising valve means for supplying a relatively stable gas to said chamber means.
- 43. The apparatus recited in claim 41, further comprising valve means for supplying filtered air to said chamber means.

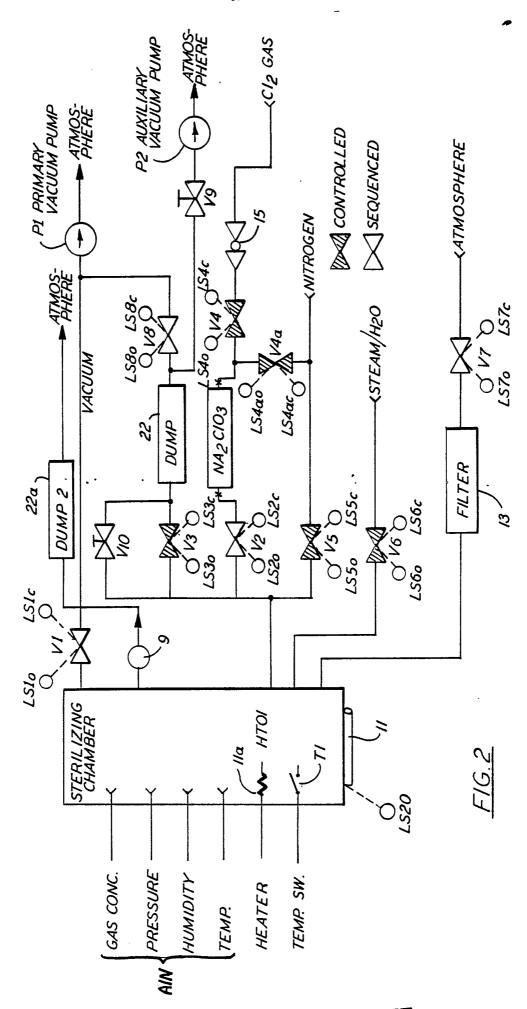
- 44. The apparatus recited in claim 41, further comprising valve means for supplying water vapor to said chamber means to affect the humidity level in said chamber.
- 45. The apparatus recited in claim 41, wherein said plurality of measured parameters include the temperature, pressure and humidity in said chamber means and the concentration of said sterilizing gas in said chamber means.
- 46. The apparatus recited in claim 40 wherein said sterilizing gas comprises chlorine dioxide.
- 47. The apparatus recited in claim 41 wherein said sterilizing gas comprises chlorine dioxide and said first component comprises chlorine gas and said second component comprises sodium chlorite.
- 48. The apparatus recited in claim 40 wherein said means for removing comprises vacuum pump means and additional valve means.
- 49. The apparatus recited in claim 40, wherein said valve means comprises first and second switch means, said first switch means indicating when said valve means is open and said second switch means indicating when said valve means is closed, said first and second switch means being in opposite states such that when said first switch means is closed, said second switch means is open.
- 50. The apparatus recited in claim 40, further comprising means for disabling said output signals from being transmitted to said valve means except when an enabling signal is issued by said computer means.
- 51. The apparatus recited in claim 40, further comprising means for monitoring for proper operation of said computer means, said monitoring means issuing a disabling

signal to prevent actuation of said valve means in the event of a failure of said computer means.

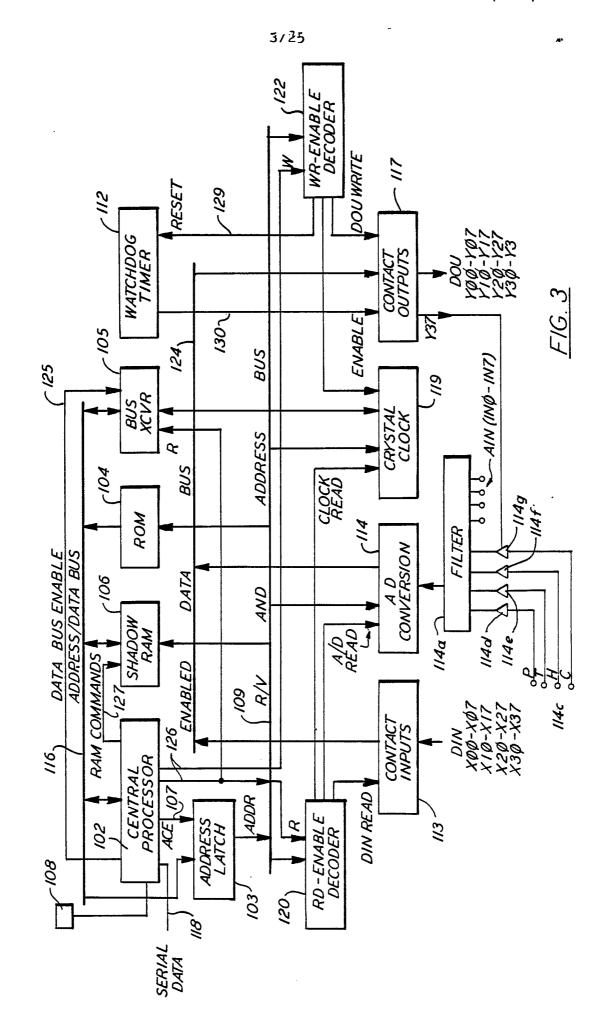
- 52. The apparatus recited in claim 49, further comprising means for monitoring the state of said first and second switch means, and further comprising means for generating an alarm signal if said first and second switch means are not in the proper states.
- 53. The apparatus recited in claim 40, wherein said valve means moves between a first state and a second state in response to instructions from said computer means, and further comprising timer means for generating an alarm signal if said valve means does not move from said first to second state in a predetermined time interval.
- 54. The apparatus recited in claim 40, wherein said computer means further comprises means for aborting the operation of said apparatus to one of a plurality of defined failure states in response to a failure of said apparatus, said selected failure state dependent on the state in said cycle in which the failure occurred.
- 55. The apparatus recited in claim 39, further comprising means for cycling said apparatus to a further defined state once one of said defined failure states is reached.



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ADDRESS	DESCRIPTION	A 15	A 14	, A _{/3}	A 12
φφ-FF	INTERNAL RAM				
ØØØØ-ØFFF	INTERNAL ROM	ø	Ø	ø	ø
1000-1FFF	EXTERNAL ROM	ø	Ø	ø	/
2ØØØ-2Ø3F	EXTERNAL SRAM	Ø	Ø	/	Ø
4000-400F	CLOCK	ø	/	ø	ø
6000-6007	A/D READ	ø	/	/	Ø
CØØØ	XØØ - XØ7]	/	7	Ø	Ø
CØØ1	$XI\phi - XIT$	/	1	Ø	Ø
CØ02.	X20-X27 DIN	/	/	Ø	Ø
C Ø Ø 3	x30 - x37	/	/	Ø	ø
Εφφφ	Y00-Y07)	/	/	/	φ
EØØ/	Y10-Y17 (2011	/	/	/	ø
EØ02	Y20 Y27 DOU	/	/	1	Ø
E Ø Ø 3	Y30 Y37	1	1	1	Ø
E Ø Ø 4	WATCHDOG - RESET	/	/	1	Ø

<u>FIG. 3A (a</u>)

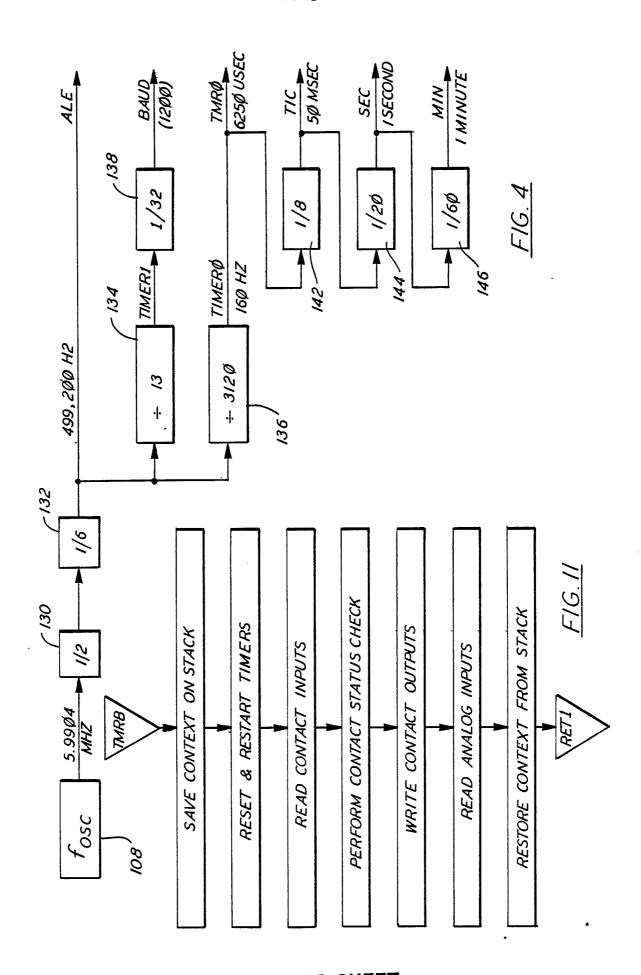
FIG.	FIG.
3A(a)	3A(b)

F1G.3A

ADDRESS BUS BITS

A _{II} A _{IO} A ₉ A ₈	A7 A6 A5 A4	A3 A2 A1 A6
	A7 A6 A5 A4	A3 A2 A1 AØ
AJI AJOA9 A8	A7 A6 A5 A4	A3 A2 A1 A0
AII AIO A9 A8	A7 A6 A5 A4	A3 A2 A1 A6
Ø Ø Ø Ø	Ø Ø A5 A4	A3 A2 A1 A6
<i>\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$</i>	Ø Ø Ø Ø	A3 A2 A1 A6
Ø Ø Ø Ø	Ø Ø Ø Ø	Ø A2A1 AØ
Ø	Ø	$\phi \phi \phi \phi$
Ø	Ø	0001
Ø	Ø	0010
Ø	Ø	0011
Ø	Ø	Ø Ø Ø Ø
Ø	ø	0001
ø	ø	0010
φ	Ø	0011
φ	Ø	0 1 0 0

FIG. 3A (b)



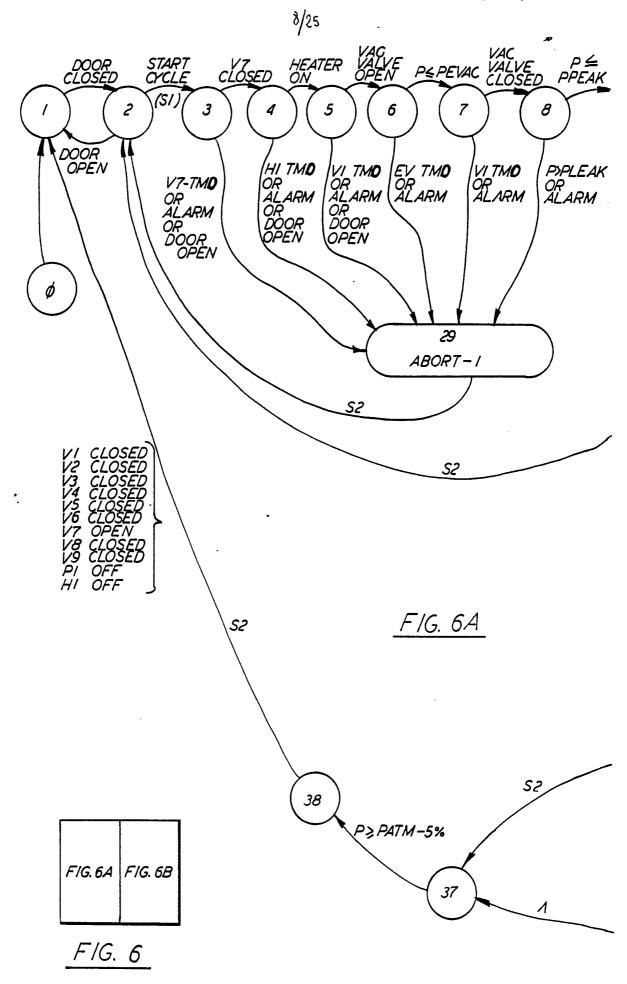
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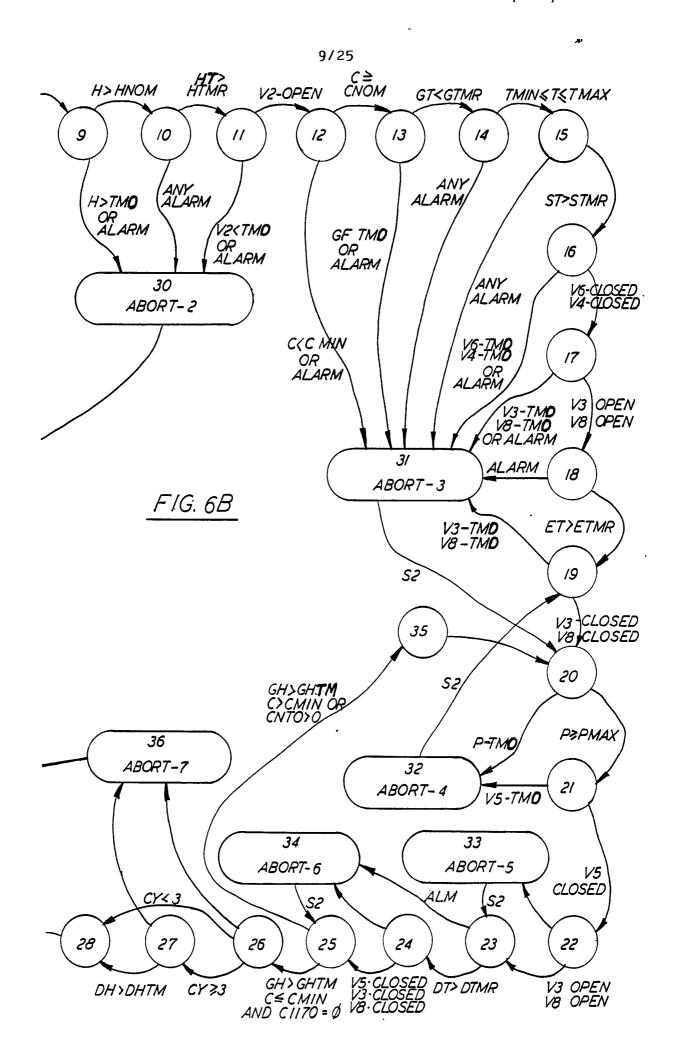
O LTII-READY FOR CYCLE O LTI - DOOR OPEN O LTI2-CYCLE IN PROGRESS O LT2 - EVAC FAIL OLT3-FILL FAIL OLTI3-EVAC IN PROGRESS OLT4 - STERIL FAIL OLTI4-FILL IN PROGRESS OLTIS-STERIL IN PROGRESS OLTS- PURGE FAIL OLT6 - LOAD UNSTERILE O LTI6 - PURGE IN PROGRESS O LT17 - REMOVE LOAD OLT7 0 LT18-OLT8

START CYCLE

ABORT-RESET

F/G. 5





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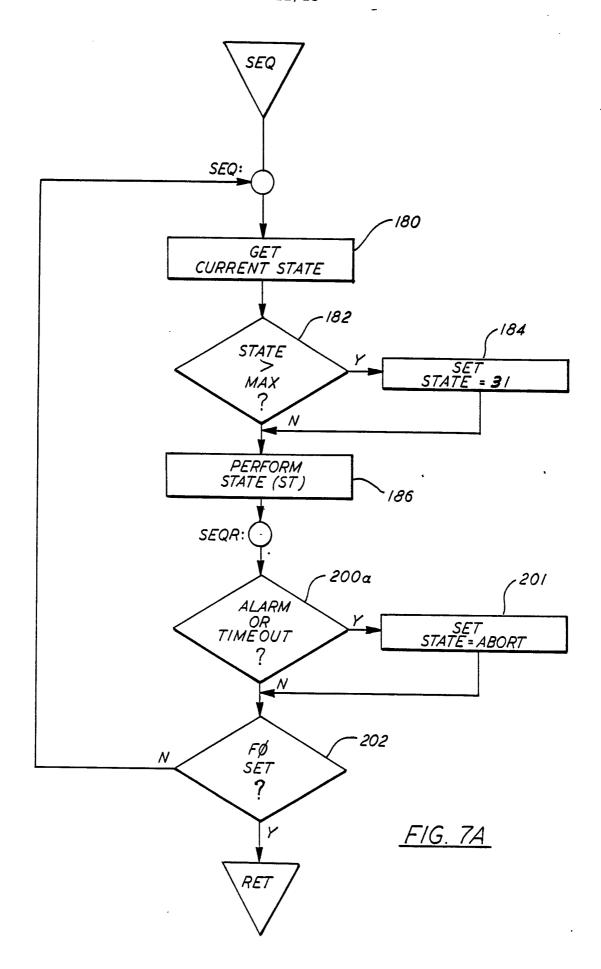
F/G.7a	FIG.7 <u>b</u>
FIC	G. 7

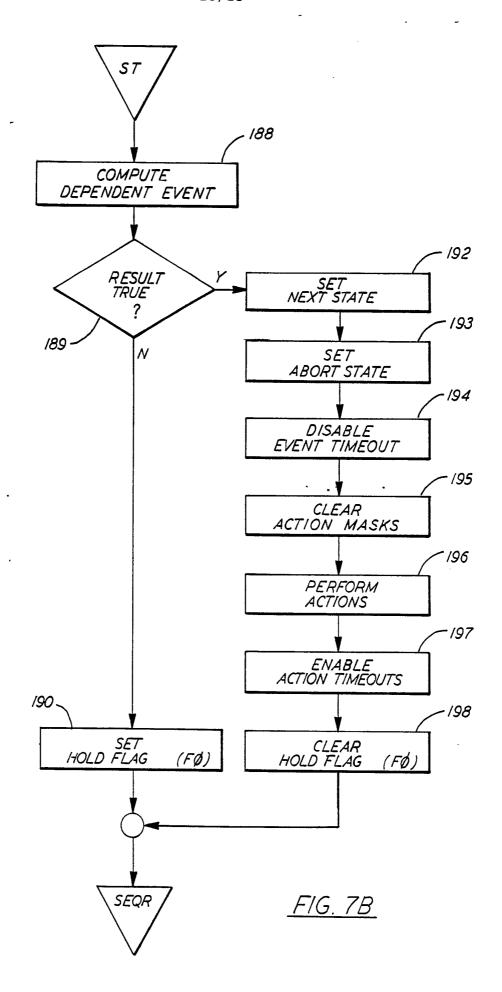
							4	29						30)	ł				70(3/	CES	SS	
				0	/	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	//	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	<i>19</i>
01591475	DOOR OPEN EVAC FAIL FILL FAIL STERIL FAIL PURGE FAIL LOAD MASTER	LTØ 1 LTØ2 LTØ3 LTØ4 LTØ5 LTØ6 LTØ7 LTØ8	0000	000	00000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	00000000	000000	000000
	READY CYCLE EVAC FILL STERIL PURGE ROM LOAD	LT14	0001	000000	000000	000000	100000	100000	100000	110000	110000	110000	101000	101000	101000	100100	100100	100700	100100	100100	01000100	100010	100010
V A L V E S	MAIN VAC GAS ENABLE VAC CTRL GAS CTRL N2 CTRL H ₂ O CTRL ATM VENT VAC VLV.	VVØ1 VVØ3 VVØ4 VVØ5 VVØ7 VVØ7	000	000001	000001	000001	00000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	00000	000000	10000	10000	10000	100CC	10000	1000	0	01100001	10000
	VAC PUMP HEATER GAIN CHG.	PPOI HTOI GCI		000	0	0	0	/	C	C	C	C	C		C	C	C	C	C	C	/ C (5	C

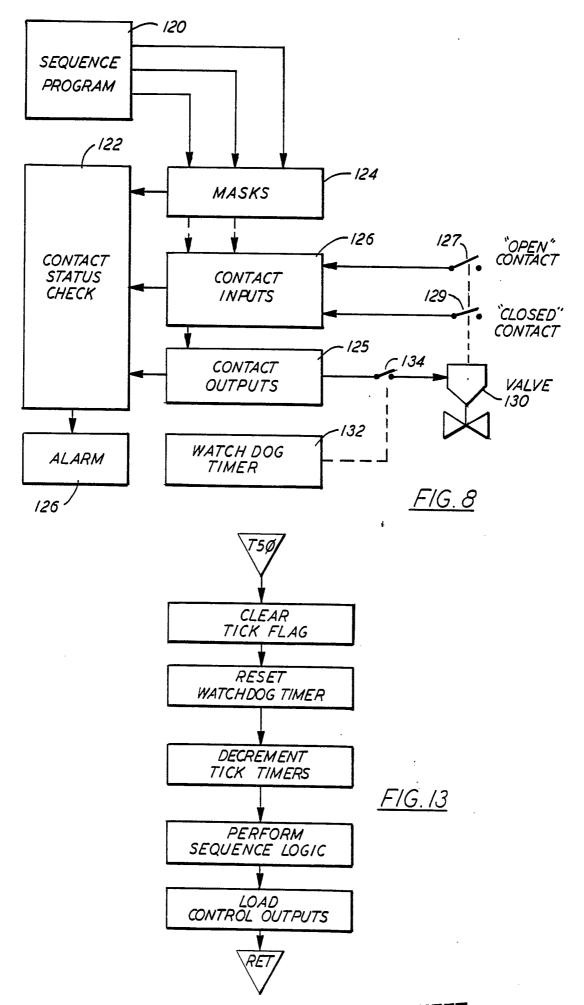
F/G. 7α

STATES	ABORT
32 33 3435 36 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	20 20 21 22 22 24 25 26 27 20
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
11111000 CC CC CC 000 00001000	00/////000 00CCCCCC000 00000/0000

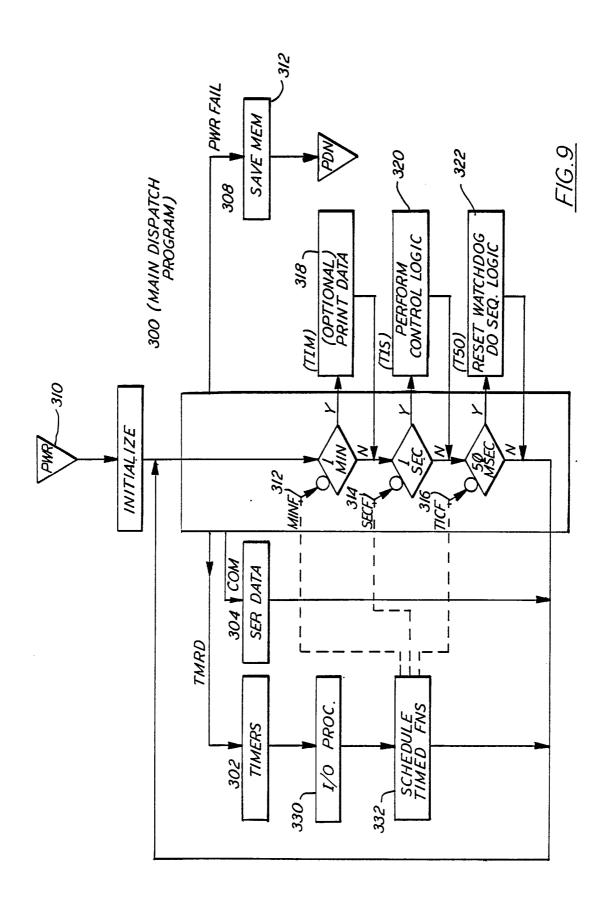
F/G. 7b

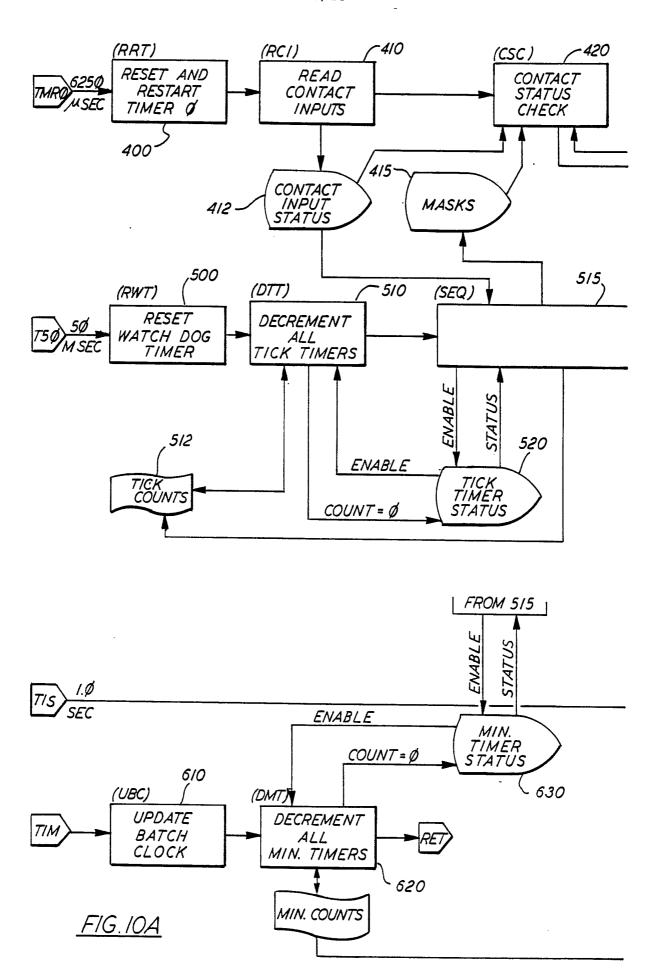


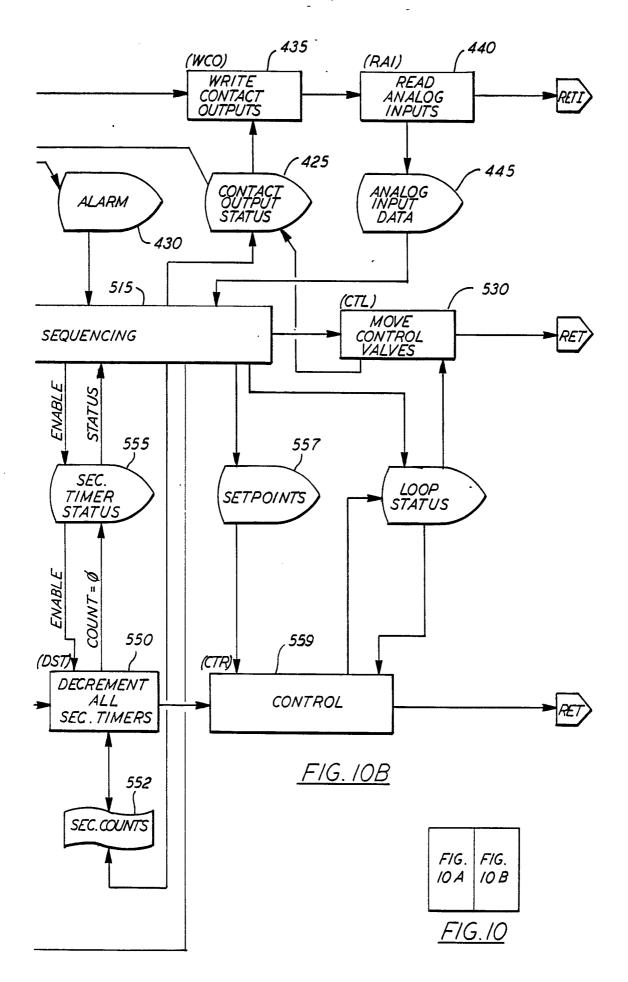


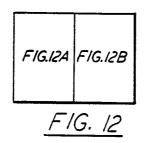


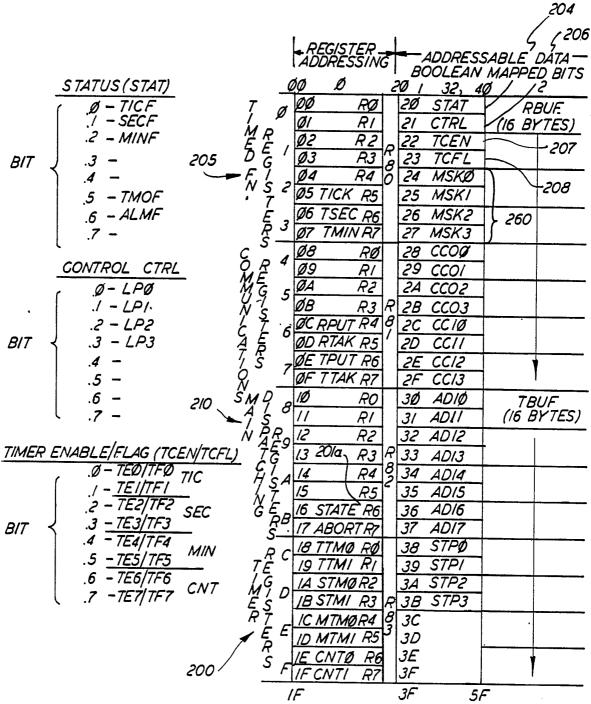
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DATA MEMORY MAP

FIG. 12A

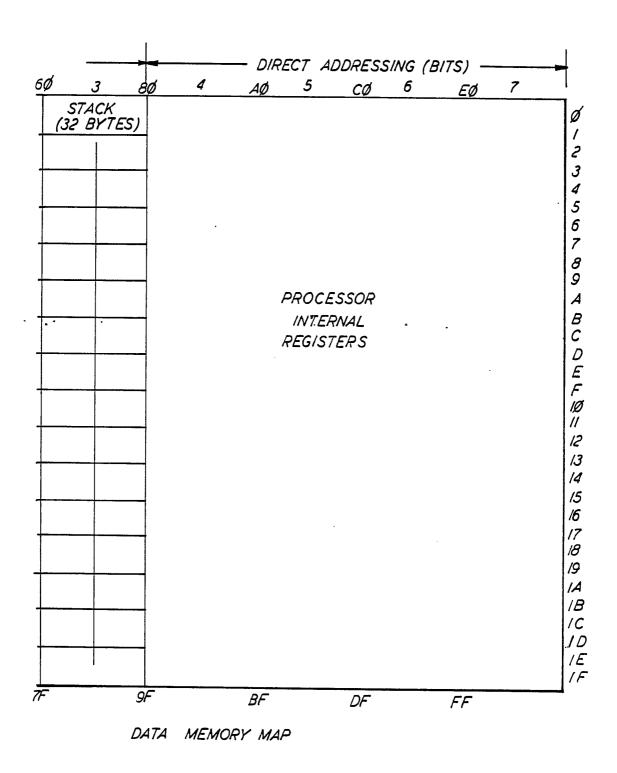
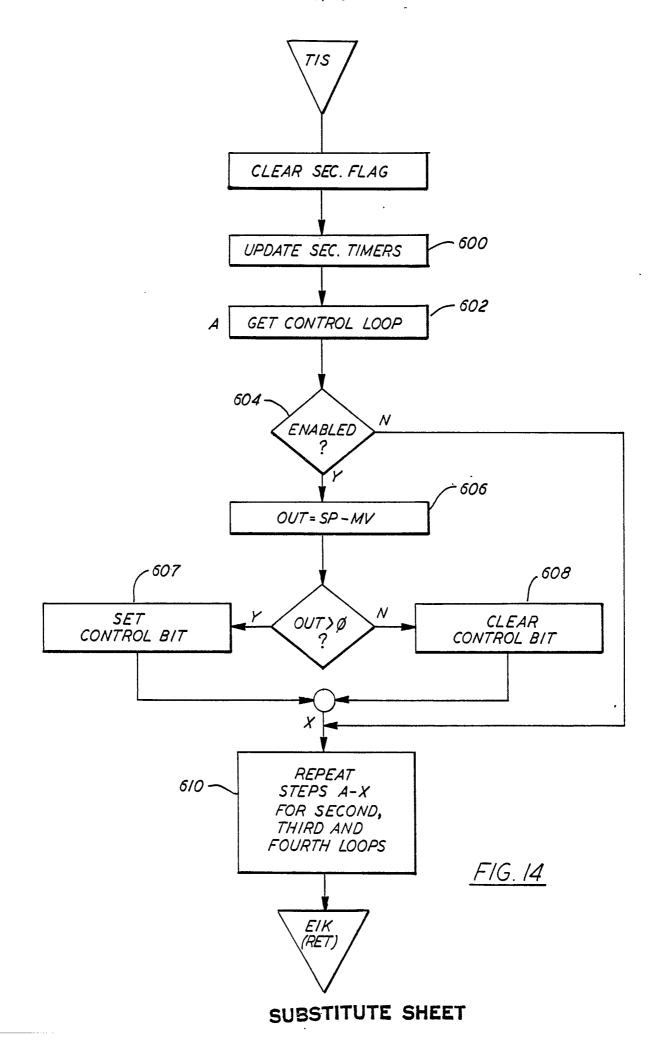
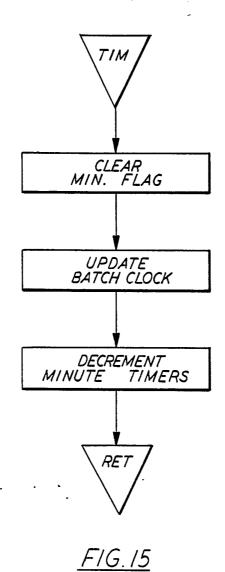
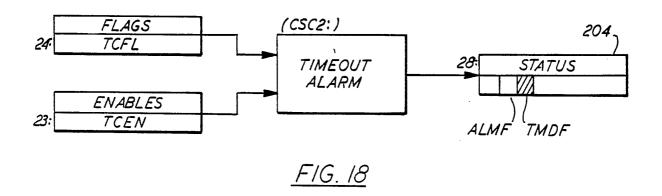


FIG. 12B

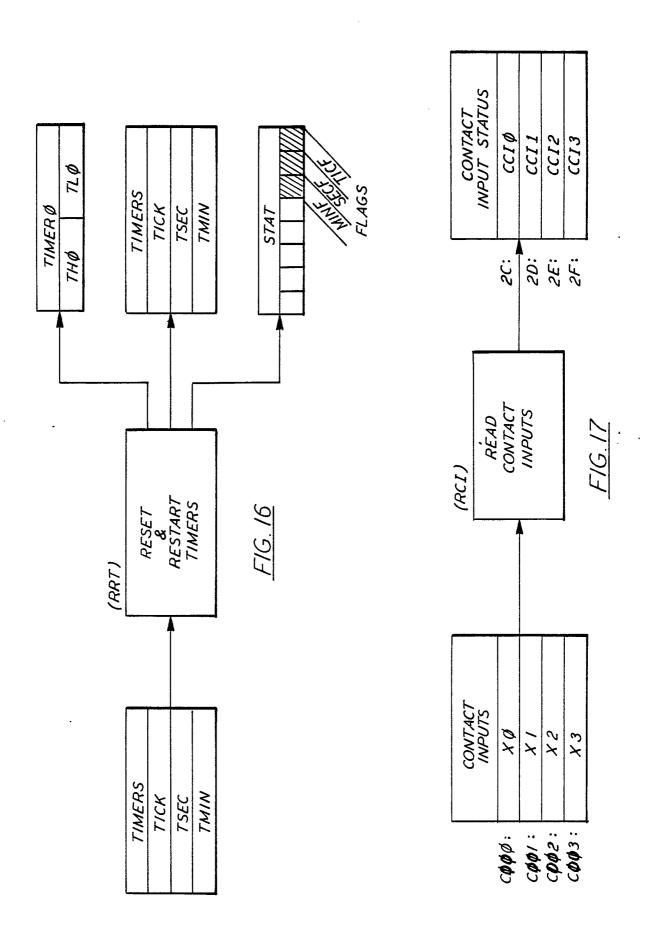






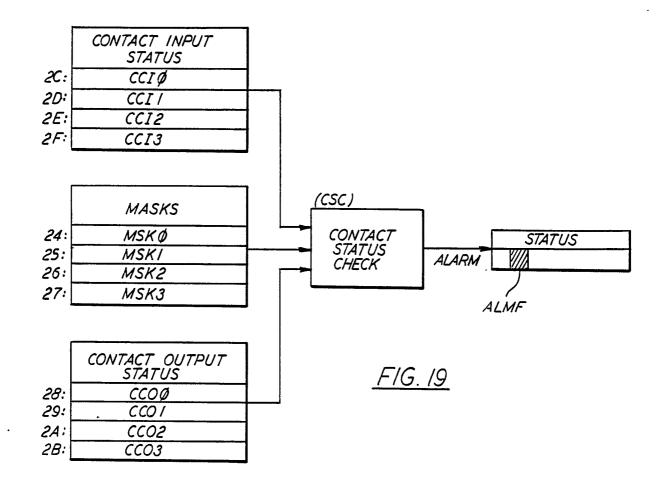
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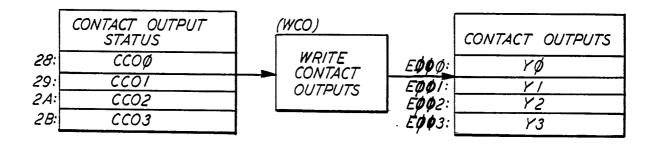


FIG. 20

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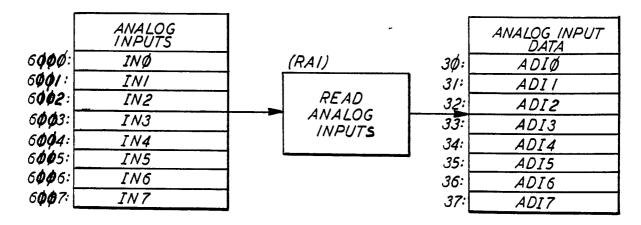
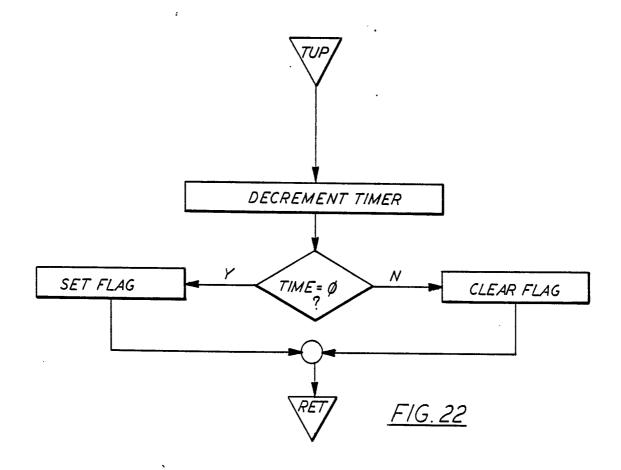
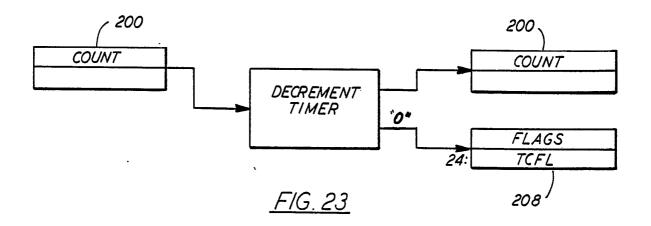


FIG. 21



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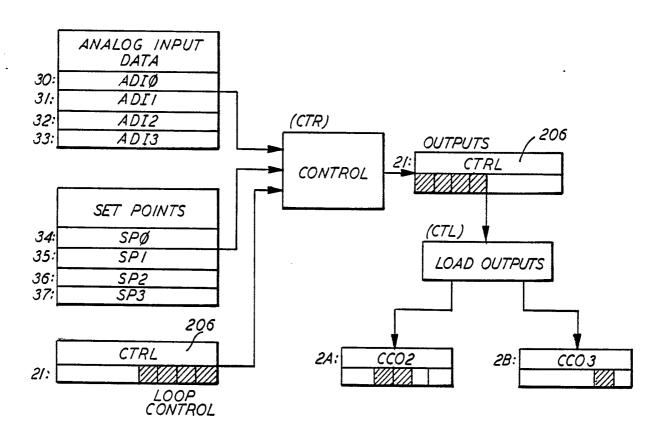


FIG. 24

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/US86/00258					
		N OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification (IPC) or to both National Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Paten			
IPC (4):		5D 7/06			
U.S. C1					
II. FIELDS S	SEARC	HED			
		Minimum Document	ation Searched 4		
Classification :	Classification System Classification Symbols				
U.S.		422/3, 27, 28, 29, 34, 37 364/413, 499, 500	, 110, 111, 114, 116,	295, 305;	
		Documentation Searched other the to the Extent that such Documents	an Minimum Documentation are Included in the Fields Searched ⁵		
III. DOCUM	ENTS (CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 14			
Category *	Cita	tion of Document, 16 with indication, where appr	opriate, of the relevant passages 17	Relevant to Claim No. 18	
$\frac{X}{Y}$ U	-	, 4,067,691, (McGady et al) ee the entire document.	, 10 January 1978,	1, 2, 14 3-13, 15-55	
Y,P U	Se	, 4,504,442, (Rosenblatt et ee column 3, lines 27-47; c nd column 5, lines 5-46.	al.), 12 March 1985, olumn 4, lines 55-60;	3-10, 19-38, 41-48	
Y U	Se	, 3,982,893, (Joslyn), 28 S ee column 2, lines 35-38 an , lines 1-13.	eptember 1976, d 57-69 and column	7, 21-26 41-45, 47	
Y		, 4,431,159, (Stubbs), 14 F olumn 4, lines 4-7.	11-13, 15-17 30-32, 34-36 39-55		
Y	S	, 4,404,651, (Grudowski), 13 September 1983, ee column 2, lines 36-60 and column 3, lines 2-36.		12, 13, 15, 31, 32, 34, 39-55	
Y U		, 3,910,761, (Hopkins), 07 olumn 10, lines 1-5.	October 1975, See	18, 38, 55	
•		es of cited documents: 15	"T" later document published after to priority date and not in confli	he international filing date	
consider "E" earlier filing "L" docum	dered to r docume date nent whi	ining the general state of the art which is not be of particular relevance ent but published on or after the international lich may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or	cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step		
citatio "O" docum other	n or oth ment refe means	I to establish the publication date of another er special reason (as specified) erring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or elished prior to the international filing date but	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.		
later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family					
IV. CERTIFICATION Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search Date of Mailing of this International Search Report Date of Mailing of this International Search Report Date of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this International Search Report Date Of Mailing Of this Date Of Mailing Of Mailing Of this Date Of Mailing Of Mailing Of Mailing Of Mailing Of Mailing Of Mailing Of M					
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III. DOCL	DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT (CONTINUED FROM THE SECOND SHEET)				
Category *	Citation of Document, 16 with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages 17	Relevant to Claim No 18			
A	GB, A, 2,052,800, (Cook et al.), 28 January 1981, See entire document.	1-55			
A	US, A, 4,164,538, (Young et al.), 14 August 1979, See entire document.	1-55			
A	US, A, 4,239,731, (Gillis et al.), 16 December 1980, See entire document.	1-55			
A	US, A, 4,261,950, (Bainbridge et al.), 14 April 1981, See entire document.	1-55			
A	US, A, 4,294,804, (Baran), 13 October 1981, See entire document.	1–55			
A	US; A, 4,372,916, (Chamberlain et al.), 08 February 1983, See entire document.	1-55			
A	US, A, 4,447,399, (Runnells et al.), 08 May 1984, See entire document.	1–55			
A	US, A, 4,457,892, (Young), 03 July 1984, See entire document.	1-55			
:	Microprocessors & Microsystems, Volum 3, No. 8, published October 1979 (Gréat Britain), R.N. Mewis, "Triplicated Microprocessor Controlled Automatic Shutdown System", see pages 347 to 351.	1-55			
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