Oct. 20, 1953 J. AMBROSINO 2,656,078

SKIRT HANGER

Filed Oct. 29, 1951

Fig. 1.

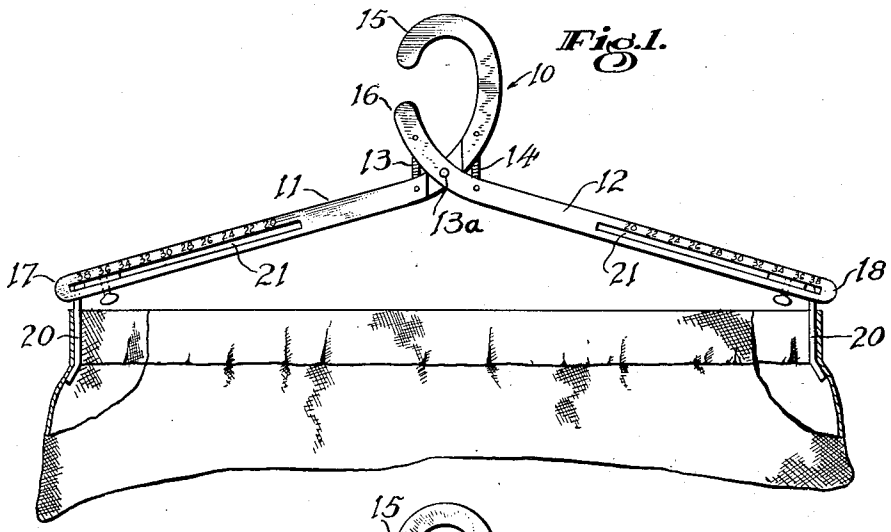


Fig. 2.

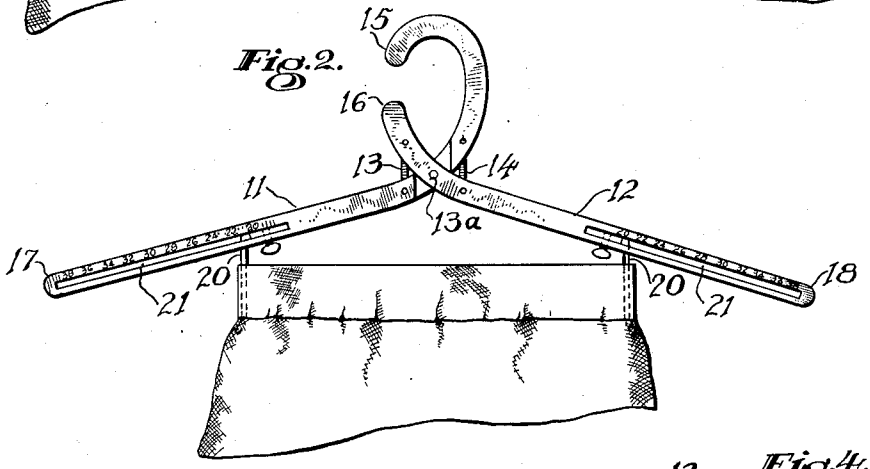


Fig. 3.

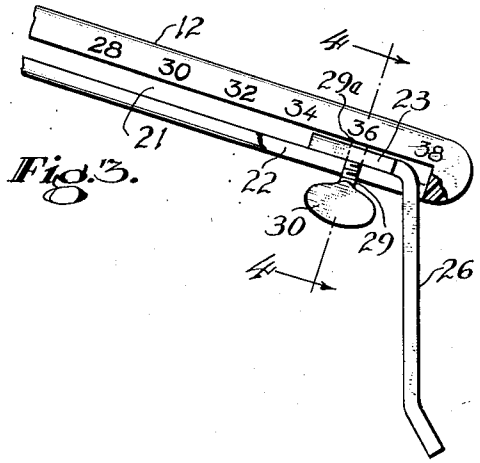
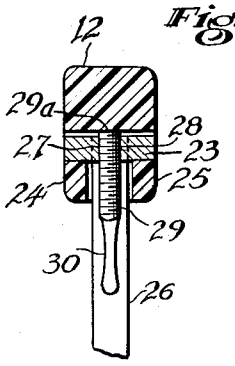


Fig. 4.



INVENTOR.
John Ambrosino
BY
his ATTORNEY

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SKIRT HANGER

John Ambrosino, Flushing, N. Y.

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2 Claims. (Cl. 223—95)

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This invention relates to skirt hangers.

The present invention provides means enabling skirt supporting members on a spring acting scissor type of jacket supporting members to be moved to and fro to adapt them to the size of the skirt to be supported, without changing the position of the jacket supporting members, and the invention provides special means for adjusting the skirt supporting members on the jacket supporting members, so that the skirt supporting members are vertical when used to press against the skirtband. As the vertical members vary in their position along the jacket supporting members, the spring pressure of the vertical members is always the same, whatever the size of the waistband may be.

The invention will be further described, embodiments thereof shown in the drawings, and the invention will be finally pointed out in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings,

Fig. 1 is a side view of the improved skirt hanger, with the skirt hanger members in one position;

Fig. 2 is a similar side view with the members in another position, the position of the jacket members remaining the same;

Fig. 3 is a side view of a fragmentary portion of the skirt hanger, enlarged to clarify the parts shown in Figs. 1 and 2; and

Fig. 4 is a vertical section of Fig. 3 taken on line 4—4 of Fig. 3.

Similar characters of reference indicate corresponding parts throughout.

Referring to the drawings, the skirt hanger 10 is made of two scissor cooperating members 11 and 12, pivoted at 13*a* and held in open position by like helical springs 13 and 14. One member 11 terminates in a supporting hook 15, and the other member 12 terminates in a handle end 16, whereby such end 16 may be pressed towards the hook 15, to move the lower ends 17 and 18 of the members 11 and 12 towards each other. Release of pressure on the end 16 and hook 15, causes the ends 17 and 18 to return to their initial position as shown in Figs. 1 and 2.

At each end 17 and 18 is supported a skirt supporting member 20 as shown.

The improvement consists in providing each end 17 and 18 with a cut out 21 longitudinally of the members 11 and 12; this cut out being transverse to the members 11 and 12. It is over the members 11 and 12 that a jacket is supported. Below the cut out 21, is a slot 22 in the lower side of the ends of 11 and 12. Within the

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cut out 21, a bar 23 is placed resting on the parts 24 and 25 of the jacket holding member, both in the ends of 11 and 12. Preferably as in the embodiment, this bar 23 has a depending portion 26. An interior screwthread 27 extends through these parts, to form a screw threaded bore 28.

Into this bore 28, there is fitted an exterior screw threaded spindle 29 with a flattened handle 30. The turning of the handle 30 clockwise with the tip 29*a* of the spindle against the lower side of the ends 17 and 18, presses the bar 23 downwardly against the parts 24 and 25 of the jacket holding member, and thus there is a blocking action for holding the skirt hanging members in the desired position.

Thereby, the skirt hanging members 20 may be shifted into proper position, depending on the actual size of the skirt, without changing the position of the jacket supporting members 11 and 12. It will be noted that the angular position of the members 11 and 12 are identical in Figs. 1 and 2, though Fig. 1 shows the position of the skirt hangers 20 for the larger sized waistbands and Fig. 2 shows the position of the smaller sized waistbands.

Each skirt hanging member has a straight vertical portion for the reception of a skirt at its waistband portion, each of said lowermost ends of each of said vertical portions having an outwardly extending part 20*a*, the outer surface of which engages the inner part of the skirt just below the waistband. The waistband along its entire height pressing against the vertical portion at their lowermost ends. The outwardly inclined parts 20*a* form a barrier against the vertical portion, whereby said waistband portion is suspended with the waistband in its normal position. The height of the vertical portion slightly exceeds any commercial waistband height, so that the vertical member accommodates itself to any width of waistband.

As seen, the invention relates to scissor type skirt hangers. The skirt hanger is improved to hold skirts of various sizes and also hold jacket in proper hanging position.

1. Due to design of this hanger the jacket supporting members are not changed regardless of skirt waistband size.

2. Another important feature of this hanger is, that regardless of size of skirt, pressure against the waistband by its supporting members will always be the same.

3. This improved design makes it possible to use straight vertical skirt supporting members at

the waistband, which will always stay vertically straight regardless of skirt size.

The lowermost part of the vertical supporting members are slightly bent outwards below the waistband in order to hold hip section of the skirt for better hanging form. The length of vertical supporting members will be longer than the standard width of skirt waistbands, for the purpose of holding straight and even, waistbands of various widths. This feature is particularly good for store window display.

Added adjustment makes possible, (1) shoulder lines of the jacket at proper position regardless of size of skirt. (2) Makes use of straight vertical waistband supporting members possible. (3) Tension needed for supporting skirt will always be same regardless of skirt size. The arms 11 and 12 may have figures thereon to indicate the size of the waistbands, as shown.

I wish it to be understood that I do not desire to be limited to the exact details of construction shown and described, for obvious modifications will occur to a person skilled in the art.

I claim:

1. In a skirt hanger of the type in which two opposed skirt hanging members are provided, the combination of a pair of jacket supporting members of spring controlled scissor type with one of them having a supporting hook, the jacket supporting members being pivoted to each other at their upper ends, and a spring spreading the lower ends of said last named members away from each other, skirt hanging members having a vertical portion of substantially the same depth as the largest standard waistband, means movably engaging the outward ends of the jacket supporting members and supporting said skirt hanging members, and means fastening said last named means in fixed position to said jacket supporting members, said vertical skirt supporting members being under the same spring pressure as the ends of said jacket supporting members.

2. The structure of claim 1, in which the vertical portions have an outwardly extending member to engage the skirt below the waistband.

JOHN AMBROSINO.

References Cited in the file of this patent

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