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SIGNALING LAMP, SUITABLE FOR DAY AND NIGHT USE, CHIEFLY ON MOTOR CARS Filed July 23, 1924



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SIGNALING LAMP, SUITABLE FOR DAY AND NIGHT USE, CHIEFLY ON MOTOR CARS.

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This invention relates to signaling means defeat an object of my invention, which especially when any one of a series of sig- is to have visibility only by reason of in-nalsis exhibitable, each shown by one or more terior illumination. Therefore I provide

- I will describe the invention as applied 10 to an indicator on the rear of a motor car and having a casing supported thereby.

I illustrate one form of my improvements: various departures may be made while retaining features hereinafter claimed.

- In the drawings Figure 1 is a perspective 15
- element being removed disclosing symbols thicknesses used. and characters. Figure 4 is varied from Inwardly of th Figure 3 by having the symbol and character-containing element, called also a sten-
- acter-containing element, caned also a stencil, removed, a chambered casing and lamps being seen. Figure 5 is a view of the parts in Figure 1, also displaying one signal of the series and also lamp control switches, and a check indicator, which shows what
 signal is being displayed.
 Figure 6 is a vertical side sectional view

Figure 6 is a vertical side sectional view of my apparatus, the front glass, masking element, and stencil, being spaced apart for clearer illustration.

35 plate with lamps thereof shown dotted.

Figure 8 is a perspective view of a lamp fitting used in order that the lamps shall be isolated and accurately located.

- The casing 1 is conveniently the casing of a modern car head light; I provide it with a front glass 2 of dulled surface, such be-ing sufficiently though not wholly opaque, 40 and but slightly opaque when illuminated
- 45 from the interior of the casing. A glass which is frosted or ground is suitable, its surface not acting as a full and easy transmitter or reflector of rays of light striking it from the outside. It does not permit the
- 50 casing interior elements to be seen when no lamp is alight. I find that an intermediate seat, 13 being a cable to conduct the electric member 3 is necessary behind this glass, between it and the stencil plate 4, contain-
- .55

characters or words by the aid of a lamp. member 3, and it is of material having char- 60 8 My signals will appear clearly in daylight acteristics next indicated. It is translucent as well as at night, and the invention is and is of woven fabric, which allows light useful to provide indicators on motor to pass between its strands or threads, rather vehicles, or to direct street traffic, or so on. than, or more than, through them. It imparts to light rays which pass outwardly 65 through it its own tint or color, if any, such as pale green; it catches on its outer face light rays which enter the glass, and to some extent stops and to some extent reflects them, thereby preventing characters on the stencil 70 being seen unless a lamp is illuminated. The fabric behind the glass has a somewhat 15 In the drawings Figure 1 is a perspective being scent timess a famp is multiplicative view of my signaling means, no signal being The fabric behind the glass has a somewhat displayed. Figure 2 is a face view with irregular, shiny surface and I find that a part of a front glass removed to disclose tensioned sheet of oiled silk, which I prefer an adjacent masking element. Figure 3 is to use tinted, meets the conditions excel20 varied from Figure 2, the glass and masking lently. Of this there may be one or more clament being removed disclosing symbols thicknesses used. to use tinted, meets the conditions excel- 78

Inwardly of the fabric I locate the metal or other stencil plate 4 which contains light transmitting areas shown as openings 5, 6, 80 7, 8, constituting the signal symbols and characters, some symbols being arrows, with which is shown the word "Stop." The inner face 4^a of plate 4 is light reflecting. If the driver is moving directly forward, he will **85** exhibit arrow 5, if turning to left or right, arrow 6 or 7; and if about to stop, or at rest, he will show the word "Stop." Other characters can similarly be used.

Rearward of the stencil plate, the casing 90 Figure 7 shows the check indicator stencil contains a space divided into compartments 5^{a} , 6^{a} , 7^{a} , 8^{a} , by a member having partitions 9^{a} , 9^{b} , 9^{c} , 9^{d} , and in some cases a rear projection, shown as stem 10 which is screwthreaded, and projects rearwardly through 95 the casing and is secured by clamp nut 10ª. All faces of partition walls are reflecting surfaces.

Each symbol or signal is in a separate compartment and in each compartment I 100 provide an electric light bulb 5^b, 6^b, 7^b, 8^b, or like suitable means of illumination. The rear wall of the series of compartments is a reflector 12, such as a parabolic reflector of a motor car head lamp. Each light bulb 105 is wired to a switch located near the driver's current. Switches 5°, 6°, 7°, and 8° are on a base 14 provided with a check indicator 15 ing the signaling characters, otherwise such which has a front glass 15^a, a stencil 15^b, characters will be visible from the outside and characters as arrows and the word in strong sunlight and this visibility would "Stop," or the letter S in the relative 110

cator and has its lamps 16 arranged in series including a plurality of angularly related therewith, so that a driver will always be wings joined at their inner edges to a central able to see which signal (if any) is being 5 exhibited.

Ventilation means (not shown) may be provided in the casing.

I claim :--

A device of the character described 10 comprising a casing open at one side and provided at the opposite side with a centralprovided at the opposite side with a central-ly located threaded opening, a parabolic reflector mounted in the casing and provided with a central opening in line with the 15 threaded opening, partition means dividing the interior space of the reflector into a plu-

positions of the signals of the main indi- rality of compartments, said partition means post having one end projected through the 20 central opening of the reflector and threaded through the aligned opening of the casing, a retaining nut engaging the threaded por-tion of the stem exteriorly of the casing and serving to hold the wings close to the inner 25 wall of the reflector, lamps mounted in the compartments formed between the several wings, and a lens closing the open side of the casing.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set 80

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