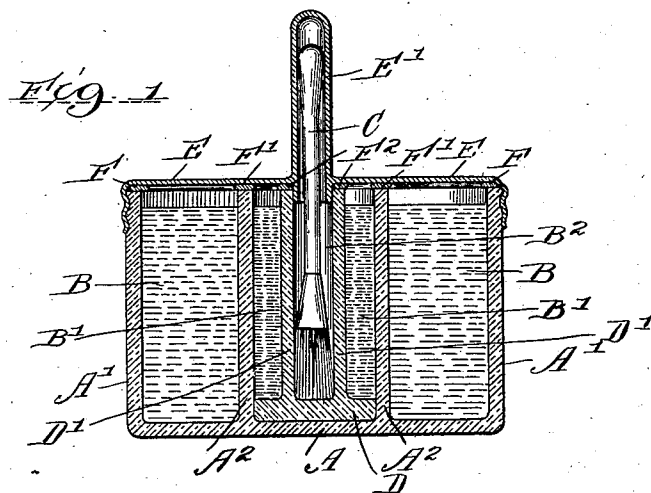
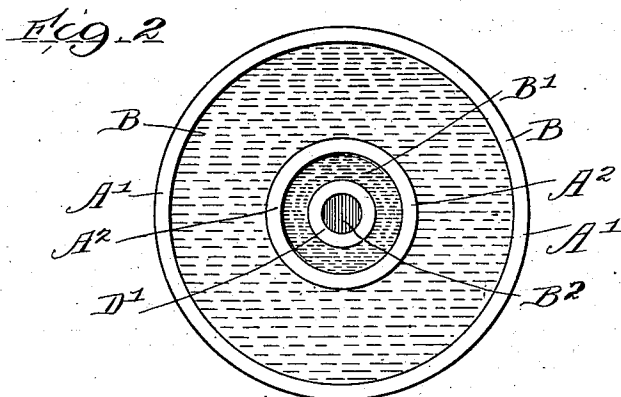
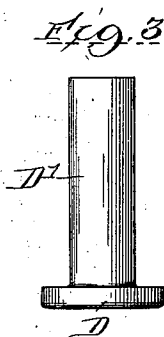
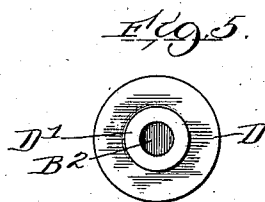
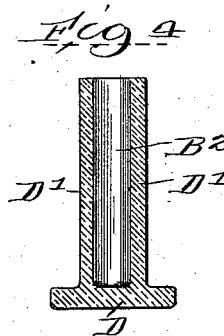


No. 726,982.

PATENTED MAY 5, 1903.

A. J. PARK.
MUCILAGE HOLDER.
APPLICATION FILED FEB. 24, 1903.

NO MODEL.



Witnesses:
Harry O. White,
Ray White.

Inventor:
Albert J. Park
By Brown & Darcy Attys.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ALBERT J. PARK, OF WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR TO THE SANFORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, A CORPORATION OF ILLINOIS.

MUCILAGE-HOLDER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 726,982, dated May 5, 1903.

Application filed February 24, 1903. Serial No. 144,823. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ALBERT J. PARK, a citizen of the United States, residing at Worcester, in the county of Worcester and State of Massachusetts, have invented a new and useful Mucilage-Holder, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to that class of receptacles which are intended to hold a quantity of mucilage, paste, or similar material, together with a brush for use in distributing such material.

The object of the invention is to provide a receptacle to hold such mucilage, paste, or similar material and also hold material to moisten the brush and keep it soft and to normally hold the brush separated from both the moistening material and the paste.

The invention consists substantially in the construction hereinafter set forth, and more particularly pointed out in the claims.

Like reference-signs in the several figures of the drawings refer to like parts.

Figure 1 is a central vertical section of the receptacle with its various compartments containing the material and the brush. Fig. 2 is a cross-section of the same. Fig. 3 is a detail view, in side elevation, of the removable brush-compartment. Fig. 4 is a vertical section of the same construction. Fig. 5 is a top view of the same.

In the art to which this invention relates it is well known that the mucilage or paste brush if left in the paste becomes gummy, disagreeable, and oftentimes unfit for use, so that considerable time has to be spent in cleaning it before it can be used in delicate work, such as mounting photographs or paper-flower work. There are other objections found in the art, such as the "scaling" of the paste, the evaporation of the same, and the trouble and annoyance of keeping the mucilage or paste at the proper consistence. With this view a receptacle has been heretofore manufactured having two compartments, one for the mucilage or paste and another for water or other moistening substance and the brush; but with this construction it results

that the mucilage contained in the fibers of the brush will gradually be dissolved and so weakened that the brush is not fit for use until it is again inserted in the paste and manipulated a number of times, so as to cause enough paste to adhere to make it useful. This repeated dipping of the brush to dissolve additional paste is objectionable, and it is the purpose of the present invention to avoid this objection.

Referring now to the construction of the present invention, the main receptacle which is to contain the paste is of any suitable shape, but preferably cylindrical and made of vitreous or other suitable material. It is designated in the drawings by the letter A'. In this main receptacle for the paste or mucilage there is formed a partition in any suitable manner, but preferably of the same material as the receptacle and integral therewith and conveniently as a central cylindrical wall A². The chamber formed by this partition is partially filled with water or other fluid. In addition to this water-chamber there is formed another chamber for the brush, which may likewise be of any proper shape and material, but preferably for convenience in manufacture is of a cylindrical form, as indicated in Fig. 4 of the drawings, with a widened solid base, which nicely fits the interior of the water-chamber. This chamber is for the brush and is not designed to necessarily contain any liquid.

In the drawings the letter A designates the bottom of the main receptacle, and the letter A' the sides thereof; the letter B, the paste or mucilage; the letter B', the water; the letter A², the partition of the water-chamber; the letter D, the bottom or stand of the brush-chamber, and the letter D' the walls of such chamber, and the letter C the brush contained therein. On the top of the receptacle may be placed a suitable cover, which may be screwed thereon, as shown in the drawings and designated by the letter E, and between this cover and the top of the vitreous receptacle may be placed washers F F' F². The cover may also have an upwardly-projecting cham-

ber for the handle of the brush; but the construction and arrangement of this cover is no part of the invention.

C designates the brush, and E' the upward
5 projection to contain the handle of the same.

Many modifications may be made in the details of construction without departing from the spirit of the invention.

Ordinarily the parts are in the position
10 shown in Fig. 1 of the drawings, with the paste-chamber nearly full of material, and the water-chamber having considerable fluid in it, and the brush-chamber with the brush in it. It is obvious, therefore, that the mu-
15 cilage or paste and the water and brush are all kept separate. Every few days the brush may be moistened by dipping it in the water, so as to keep its bristles in good condition, and then putting it back into its own com-
20 partment. This will keep the paste or mucilage which adheres to the brush soft and the bristles themselves soft, and a new supply of paste can be taken up by the bristles at any time desired.

25 The brush-compartment is made removable, because it is more economical to manufacture a vitreous receptacle of the character shown in this manner than if it was attempted to make the brush-chamber integral with the
30 water and paste chambers, and therefore a removable brush-chamber is the preferred form.

What I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a device of the class described, a re- 35
ceptacle provided with a paste-chamber, a water-chamber and a separate brush-chamber; substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

2. In a device of the class described, a re- 40
ceptacle provided with a paste-chamber, a water-chamber, and a removable brush-chamber; substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

3. In a device of the class described, a re- 45
ceptacle provided with an annular paste-chamber, an annular central water-chamber, and an annular central brush-chamber of smaller diameter than the water-chamber; substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

4. In a device of the class described, a re- 50
ceptacle provided with a paste-chamber and with a water-chamber, of a separate brush-chamber formed with a foot or base of sufficient size to support it in the water-chamber; substantially as and for the purpose set 55
forth.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, this 19th day of February, 1903, in the presence of the subscribing witnesses.

ALBERT J. PARK.

Witnesses:

J. A. MARIN,
W. C. SABIN.