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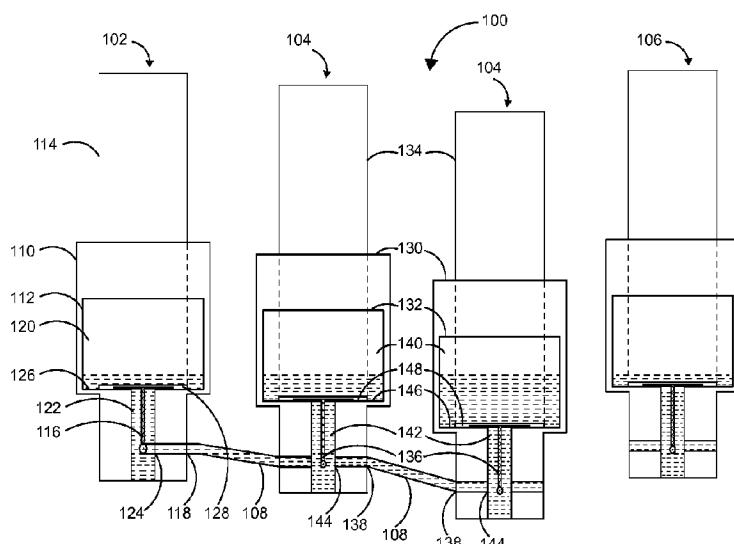
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(54) Titre : SYSTEME D'ARROSAGE AUTOMATIQUE DE PLANTES EN POTS MULTIPLES
(54) Title: MULTIPLE POTTED-PLANT SELF-WATERING SYSTEM



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

A multiple plant container self-watering system comprises a primary container at a first elevation and a plurality of secondary containers at different elevations, fluidly connected by means of tubing. The primary container comprises a primary outer shell that encloses a primary reservoir pot, having an expanded upper portion and a tubular lower portion, a primary wick and a primary grow pot. Each of the plurality of secondary containers comprises a secondary outer shell that encloses a secondary reservoir pot having an expanded upper portion and a tubular lower portion, a secondary wick, and a secondary grow pot. The diameter of the lower portion of the primary and secondary reservoir pot is greatly reduced in comparison to the diameter of the upper portion thereof, thereby allowing for substantially similar dry-down time for a plurality of fluidly connected plant containers at different elevations.

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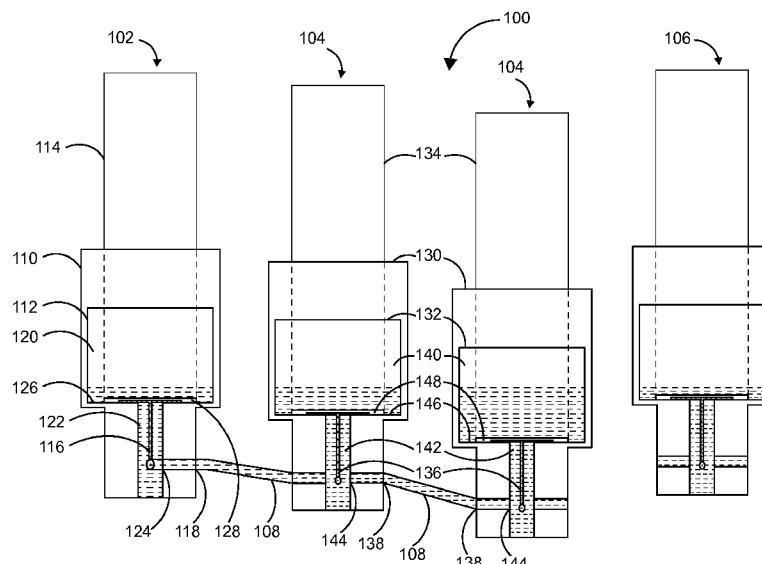


FIG. 2

(57) Abstract: A multiple plant container self-watering system comprises a primary container at a first elevation and a plurality of secondary containers at different elevations, fluidly connected by means of tubing. The primary container comprises a primary outer shell that encloses a primary reservoir pot, having an expanded upper portion and a tubular lower portion, a primary wick and a primary grow pot. Each of the plurality of secondary containers comprises a secondary outer shell that encloses a secondary reservoir pot having an expanded upper portion and a tubular lower portion, a secondary wick, and a secondary grow pot. The diameter of the lower portion of the primary and secondary reservoir pot is greatly reduced in comparison to the diameter of the upper portion thereof, thereby allowing for substantially similar dry-down time for a plurality of fluidly connected plant containers at different elevations.

MULTIPLE POTTED-PLANT SELF-WATERING SYSTEM

Inventor: Donald J. Stewart, Jr.

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RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a PCT Application based on and claims priority to United States US Patent Application 14/082,910, filed November 18, 2013.

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BACKGROUND OF THE DISCLOSURE**TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE DISCLOSURE**

[0002] The present invention is related in general to plant self-watering systems, and in particular to a multiple potted-plant self-watering system that provides a means 15 for fluidly connected pots on a sloped surface to dry down in unison.

DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED ART

[0003] In the growing and maintenance of small plants and agricultural plantings there is a need to provide water or an applicable nourishing liquid to the root system of a 20 plant in a controlled manner, on a substantially continuous basis, and in correct amounts. This allows the particular plant to feed itself as needed, without the damaging effects of overwatering. The most significant problem in tending to potted plants is watering and feeding them. Generally, the gardener must individually tend to each potted plant, determining when and how much water and food to provide to each plant. 25 Plants of different types may require different amounts of water or water at different intervals. Whether of the same or a different type, plants located in sunny versus shaded areas or located in different types or sizes of pots may all have different levels of water usage. Thus, a gardener may need to tend various plants on an everyday basis, watering and/or feeding different plants on different days. Even this difficult tending process 30 requires the presence of the gardener. Thus, when a homeowner leaves their home for a period of time, such as for a vacation, the homeowner must find another party to tend to the plants or else they may die.

[0004] Non-self watering planters often require daily attention to check soil moisture and water as needed. It is also common for under and overwatering to occur when the plants are not checked often enough or if too much water is given. In order to avoid the disadvantages associated with manual watering, various self-watering systems 5 are known in the prior art. In the case of outdoor plants, automated irrigation systems are known. These systems generally utilize pipes to deliver water from a source to a sprinkler head or the like, from which the water is dispensed. A timer may be configured to turn valves on and off, thus controlling the flow of water through the pipes. In other multiple watering systems, such as multiple plant drip systems, each plant generally 10 receives an equal amount of water. Drip systems have developed means to vary the flow rate at each particular drip point. However, they are not very precise. Common drawbacks to drip systems include overly saturated soil, drainage through the bottom of the pot, and under watering.

[0005] Typically, a conventional planting pot includes a floor having a centrally 15 located aperture, which serves as a drain hole when the plant has been over watered. Draining through the bottom of the pot is wasteful and can be a nuisance, such as when water drains from the deck of an upper apartment to an apartment below. It is typical for such a planting pot to be placed on the interior of a larger outer container or pot to contain excess watering liquid that the potting soil cannot contain. The result from this 20 configuration sometimes leads to an over-watering which can virtually drown and kill the plant, or result in root rot, which will have the same effect due to water accumulating in the container or pot.

[0006] Bottom watering plant containers are known to offer several advantages 25 over conventional plant containers requiring top watering. For example, there is less loss of water to the surrounding air due to evaporation with bottom watering, and therefore less watering is required to maintain the desired soil moisture levels. Additionally, bottom watering causes less run-off of fertilizers and other soil treatments relative to top watering, resulting in greater retention of fertilizers and other treatments. Various systems have been proposed to allow automatic bottom watering.

30 [0007] Currently there exist various irrigation systems to automatically carry out watering of multiple cultivation pots fluidly connected in series to allow a single source of water from a standard water faucet or a standard garden water hose to provide

irrigation water to all of said cultivation pots.

[0008] Recent advancements in the art provide a multi-container system comprising a plurality of containers in fluid connection with one another such that the containers may be installed and watered daisy chain style as space limitations permit or 5 as may be desired by the user. The system comprises at least one first container, at least one second container, and at least one third container, each of which has a chamber therein. The first container has a water-retaining chamber with water input and water output as well as a water self-leveling means. The second container has a water transfer chamber in which a wicking tray loaded with a wicking medium is placed, preferably on 10 a drainage tray; said medium being used to transfer the water to the plants is disposed in a third container's plant receiving chamber. The plant receiving chamber nests within the water transfer chamber to receive water therefrom by capillary action. The first container's water-retaining chamber is fluidly connected to the second container for water transfer. However, if there were an elevation change between or among 15 containers, water would more readily flow to the lower containers at the detriment to those on higher ground. Hence, certain plants were overwatered while certain other plants were under watered.

[0009] One of the existing plant watering systems includes a multiple plant container self-watering system, which through use of an adjustable wicking system 20 maintains for a plurality of plants a uniform water draw rate despite varying water depths among containers. The invention comprises a primary container and a plurality of secondary containers in fluid connection with one another such that when water is supplied to one container it flows through to all other containers. Gravity ensures water depth remains constant among containers on flat ground, but to offset differences in 25 depth caused by elevation differences among containers, a wick elevator is provided so the wick may be vertically adjusted to the water level. However, the system requires a high degree of user involvement for setup. In an alternate embodiment, flat plates are used to raise a container to the same elevation as the highest container in the place of wick elevators. However, the flat plates contribute an added expense to the system, as 30 well as a hassle of dealing with a large number of flat plates and the high degree of user involvement that accompanies it.

[00010] Another existing plant watering system comprises a plurality of tapering

plant pots, capable of mounting one upon another in a staggered fashion, to provide a series of stacked planters. A bottom planter is shaped to provide for its accommodations upon a deck rail, or the bottom planter may locate within a tray, even one that contains casters, to provide freedom for movement upon a patio, deck, or other floor. Contained 5 within each of the stackable containers, and also within the bottom planter, is an elevated base, containing perforations, and a series of downwardly depending slotted wells, the latter into which potting soil may be located, for submerging into any water contained within water reservoirs provided within the bottom of each container, or bottom planter, to achieve migration of water upwardly into the potting soil, for 10 irrigation and moisturization of the root system of any planted vegetation. Accumulated water is allowed to drain from the planting pot into one or more planters arranged and stacked therebelow, in order to provide for multiple planter watering, whenever moisture is added to the upper planters, during usage. However, multiple planter watering is provided only when the planters are stacked on top of another and not 15 arranged along a ground surface.

[00011] Various other plant-watering systems exist that provide automatic, controlled delivery of water to the root systems of a plurality of plants on a substantially continuous basis. Some systems include water feed pipes and drainpipes connected to a water feed regulator in each plant container connected in series, and one end of the 20 water feed pipe is simultaneously connected to a supply source for water. The water is then periodically fed from the supply source to store a prescribed amount of the water in a water tank in each plant container. Some other systems include an enclosed chamber or tubing with multiple openings and a plurality of improved plant watering devices adapted to be attached to the openings. Some systems supply water to potted plants 25 through feeder conduits fluidly connecting with the lower ends of the plants and leading from a main distribution conduit to which the water is admitted from a water main or other pressurized source. However, all such plant-watering systems are suitable for level ground only and not for sloping or inclined surfaces.

[00012] Based on the foregoing, there is a demonstrable need for a plant self- 30 watering system that provides a means for fluidly connected pots that are on a sloped surface to dry down in unison. Such a needed multiple plant container self-watering system would comprise a plurality of fluidly connected units on a sloping surface

connected by means of tubing. The plurality of fluidly connected units would include at least one primary container to which an external water supply is connected and a plurality of secondary containers. Each of the containers would comprise an outer shell that encloses a grow pot, a reservoir pot and a wick. Further, the reservoir pot would 5 comprise an expanded upper portion and a tubular lower portion, which would allow all the containers to begin dry down at approximately the same time. Such a needed plant watering system would maintain roughly the same moisture level in the growing media of each of the plurality of units. Finally, the multiple plant container self-watering system would be easy to assemble and would require little to no user involvement. The 10 present invention overcomes prior art shortcomings by accomplishing these critical objectives.

SUMMARY OF THE DISCLOSURE

[00013] To minimize the limitations found in the prior art and to minimize other limitations that will be apparent upon the reading of the specifications, the preferred embodiment of the present invention provides a multiple plant container self-watering system for fluidly connected plant containers at different elevations.

[00014] The present invention discloses a means for fluidly connected plant containers that are placed on an inclined or sloped surface to dry down in unison. The multiple plant container self-watering system of the present invention maintains the moisture level in the growing media of each of the plurality of plant containers along a sloped patio roughly the same with little or no user involvement.

[00015] According to certain embodiments of the present invention, the multiple plant container self-watering system comprises a primary container at a first elevation and a plurality of secondary containers, each at a different elevation than the primary container. The primary container will be at the highest elevation. The primary container and the plurality of secondary containers are fluidly connected by means of tubing. The primary container is fluidly connected to an external water supply and to at least one of the plurality of secondary containers, while the plurality of secondary containers is fluidly connected in daisy-chain style. The number of the plurality of secondary containers may be varied according to the slope of the surface and space limitations.

[00016] In accordance with an aspect of the present invention, the primary container comprises a primary outer shell that encloses a primary reservoir pot, a primary grow pot, and a primary wick and has a pair of holes. One of the pair of holes in the primary container is to connect to a water supply and the other of the pair of holes is to receive the tubing from an adjacent secondary container. The primary reservoir pot has an expanded upper portion and a tubular lower portion centered in the middle of the upper portion. The diameter of the lower portion of the primary reservoir pot is greatly reduced in comparison to the diameter of the upper portion thereof and is only large enough to accommodate a diameter of the primary wick. The primary wick rests on a primary platform of the upper portion of the primary reservoir pot and extends down through the lower portion thereof. The primary grow pot, containing soil medium and growing plant, rests on the primary wick and the primary platform of the primary reservoir pot. The primary wick draws water from the primary reservoir pot to a base of

the primary grow pot thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium therein.

[00017] In accordance with another aspect of the present invention, each of the plurality of secondary containers comprises a secondary outer shell that encloses a secondary reservoir pot, a secondary grow pot, and a secondary wick and has a pair of 5 holes to receive the tubing from an adjacent secondary container or the primary container. The secondary reservoir pot has an expanded upper portion and a tubular lower portion centered in the middle of the upper portion. The diameter of the lower portion of the secondary reservoir pot is greatly reduced in comparison to the diameter of the upper portion thereof and is only large enough to accommodate the diameter of 10 the secondary wick. The secondary wick rests on a secondary platform of the upper portion of the secondary reservoir pot and extends down through the lower portion thereof. The secondary grow pot rests on the secondary wick and the secondary platform of the secondary reservoir pot. The secondary wick draws water from the secondary reservoir pot to a base of the secondary grow pot thereby putting water in direct contact 15 with soil medium therein.

[00018] According to certain embodiments of the present invention, when the primary container reaches the point where it begins to dry down, the water level in the plurality of secondary containers is below the upper expanded portion of the secondary reservoir pot and in the greatly reduced volume of the lower tubular portion. The 20 volume available to water in the lower tubular portion is even less as the majority of space in the lower tubular portion is taken up by the secondary wick. As a result, once the primary container begins to dry down, the remaining secondary containers quickly follow. Thus the moisture level in the growing media of each of the plurality of secondary containers remains roughly the same.

25 [00019] A first objective of the present invention is to provide a multiple plant container self-watering system for plant containers at different elevations.

[00020] A second objective of the present invention is to provide a means for fluidly connected plant containers at different elevations to dry down in unison.

30 [00021] A third objective of the present invention is to provide a multiple plant container self-watering system which maintains the moisture level in the growing media of each of the plurality of plant containers at different elevations roughly the same.

[00022] A further objective of the present invention is to provide a multiple plant

container self-watering system that is scalable according to water input capability and available space.

[00023] A final objective of the present invention is to provide a multiple plant container self-watering system that is easy to assemble, highly efficient, and requires 5 little or no user involvement for its functioning.

[00024] These and other advantages and features of the present invention are described with specificity so as to make the present invention understandable to one of ordinary skill in the art.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[00025] Elements in the figures have not necessarily been drawn to scale in order to enhance their clarity and improve understanding of these various elements and embodiments of the invention. Furthermore, elements that are known to be common and well understood to those in the industry are not depicted in order to provide a clear view 15 of the various embodiments of the invention, thus the drawings are generalized in form in the interest of clarity and conciseness.

[00026] **FIG. 1** illustrates a schematic depiction of a plant container for use with a preferred embodiment of a multiple plant container self-watering system;

[00027] **FIG. 2** illustrates a schematic depiction of the preferred embodiment of 20 the multiple plant container self-watering system at high water level;

[00028] **FIG. 3** illustrates a schematic depiction of the preferred embodiment of the multiple plant container self-watering system at the start of dry-down;

[00029] **FIG. 4** illustrates a schematic depiction of a primary container for use with an alternate embodiment of the multiple plant container self-watering system;

25 [00030] **FIG. 5** illustrates a schematic depiction of the alternate embodiment of the multiple plant container self-watering system at high water level; and

[00031] **FIG. 6** illustrates a schematic depiction of the alternate embodiment of the multiple plant container self-watering system at the start of dry-down.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[00032] In the following discussion that addresses a number of embodiments and applications of the present invention, reference is made to the accompanying drawings

that form a part hereof, and in which is shown by way of illustration specific embodiments in which the invention may be practiced. It is to be understood that other embodiments may be utilized and changes may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention.

5 [00033] Various inventive features are described below that can each be used independently of one another or in combination with other features. However, any single inventive feature may not address any of the problems discussed above or only address one of the problems discussed above. Further, one or more of the problems discussed above may not be fully addressed by any of the features described below.

10 [00034] FIG. 1 illustrates a schematic depiction of a plant container **10** for use with a preferred embodiment of a multiple plant container self-watering system **100** (See FIG. 2). The plant container **10** comprises an outer shell **12**, a reservoir pot **14**, a grow pot **16**, and a wick **18**. The outer shell **12** encloses the reservoir pot **14**, the grow pot **16**, and the wick **18**. The reservoir pot **14** has an upper portion **20** and a lower portion **22**.

15 The lower portion **22** is centered in the middle of the upper portion **20**. A diameter of the lower portion **22** of the reservoir pot **14** is greatly reduced in comparison to a diameter of the upper portion **20** thereof. This structure of the reservoir pot **14** allows for substantially similar dry-down time for a plurality of fluidly connected plant containers **10** at different elevations in a multiple plant container self-watering system **100** (See FIG. 2).

20 [00035] The outer shell **12** does not hold water and has a pair of holes **24** for receiving tubing **26**. In a primary container **102** (FIG. 2) of the multiple plant container self-watering system **100** (FIG. 2) one of said pair of holes **24** allows a fluid connection to be made to a water supply and the other hole of said pair of holes **24** is to provide for a fluid connection with adjacent plant containers (See FIG. 2). The main purpose of the outer shell **12** is for aesthetics and to support the reservoir pot **14** and the tubing **26** as it exits through the pair of holes **24** in the sides of the outer shell **12**. The reservoir pot **14** contains water. The lower portion **22** of the reservoir pot **14** is tubular in comparison to the expanded upper portion **20** and is centered in the middle of the upper portion **20**. The 30 diameter of the lower portion **22** of the reservoir pot **14** is only large enough to accommodate a diameter of the wick **18**. The lower portion **22** of the reservoir pot **14** further comprises a means **28** for receiving the tubing **26** from an adjacent plant

container (See FIG. 2).

[00036] A platform **30** of the upper portion **20** of the reservoir pot **14** supports the grow pot **16** and the wick **18**. Plants may be placed within the grow pot **16**, which has a water permeable base **32** so that moisture can be wicked upwardly. The upper portion **20** of the reservoir pot **14** allows the water to completely surround the base **32** of the grow pot **16** thereby putting the water in direct contact with the soil medium. The wick **18** draws water from the reservoir pot **14** to the base **32** of the grow pot **16** thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium therein. The grow pot **16** should be no higher than water can practically move through capillary action.

10 [00037] Referring to FIGS. 2-3, a schematic depiction of a preferred embodiment of a multiple plant container self-watering system **100** is illustrated. The multiple plant container self-watering system **100** comprises a primary container **102** at a first elevation and a plurality of secondary containers **104**, with each of the plurality of secondary containers **104** being at a different elevation. The figure also shows a level container **106** at a reference elevation. The primary container **102** and the plurality of secondary containers **104** are fluidly connected by means of tubing **108** and configured to allow for substantially similar dry-down time. The primary container **102** is fluidly connected to an external water supply (not shown) and to at least one of the plurality of secondary containers **104**. The external water supply may be a hose bib, and for automatic watering, a timer and ball valve (not shown) could be connected to the supply line. The plurality of secondary containers **104** is fluidly connected in daisy-chain style.

15 [00038] The primary container **102** comprises a primary outer shell **110**, a primary reservoir pot **112**, a primary grow pot **114**, and a primary wick **116**. The primary outer shell **110** encloses the primary reservoir pot **112**, the primary grow pot **114**, and the primary wick **116** and has a pair of holes **118**, one of which is connected to a water supply and the other of which is to receive the tubing **108** from an adjacent secondary container **104**. The primary outer shell **110** supports the primary reservoir pot **112** and the tubing **108** as it exits through the pair of holes **118** in the sides of the primary outer shell **110**.

20 [00039] The primary reservoir pot **112** has an upper portion **120** and a lower portion **122**. The lower portion **122** of the primary reservoir pot **112** is tubular in comparison to the expanded upper portion **120** and is centered in the middle of the upper

portion **120**. The diameter of the lower portion **122** of the primary reservoir pot **112** is greatly reduced in comparison to the diameter of the upper portion **120** thereof. The diameter of the lower portion **122** of the primary reservoir pot **112** is only large enough to accommodate the diameter of the primary wick **116**. The lower portion **122** of the 5 primary reservoir pot **112** further comprises a means **124** for receiving the tubing **108** from an adjacent secondary container **104**.

[00040] The primary wick **116** is basically T-shaped in structure and rests on a primary platform **126** of the upper portion **120** of the primary reservoir pot **112** and extends down through the lower portion **122** thereof. The primary grow pot **114** rests on 10 the primary wick **116** and the primary platform **126** of the primary reservoir pot **112**. Plants may be placed within the primary grow pot **114**, which has a water permeable base **128** so that moisture can be wicked upwardly. The primary wick **116** draws water from the primary reservoir pot **112** to the base **128** of the primary grow pot **114** thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium therein.

15 [00041] A float gauge (not shown) is incorporated into the primary container **102** to show the water level. To prevent oversaturation of the soil medium during rainy periods, an overflow port (not shown) may be added in the upper portion **120** of the primary reservoir pot **112**, which would be situated near the elevation of the base **128** of the primary grow pot **114**. A plug (not shown) for the overflow port may also be added 20 if the user desired the water level to go above the level of the overflow port.

[00042] Each of the plurality of secondary containers **104** comprises a secondary outer shell **130**, a secondary reservoir pot **132**, a secondary grow pot **134**, and a secondary wick **136**. The secondary outer shell **130** encloses the secondary reservoir pot **132**, the secondary grow pot **134**, and the secondary wick **136** and has a pair of holes 25 **138** to receive the tubing **108** from an adjacent secondary container **104** or the primary container **102**. The secondary outer shell **130** supports the secondary reservoir pot **132** and the tubing **108** as it exits through the pair of holes **138** in the sides of the secondary outer shell **130**.

[00043] The secondary reservoir pot **132** has an upper portion **140** and a lower 30 portion **142**. The lower portion **142** of the secondary reservoir pot **132** is tubular in comparison to the expanded upper portion **140** and is centered in the middle of the upper portion **140**. The diameter of the lower portion **142** of the secondary reservoir pot **132** is

greatly reduced in comparison to the diameter of the upper portion **140** thereof. The diameter of the lower portion **142** of the secondary reservoir pot **132** is only large enough to accommodate the diameter of the secondary wick **136**. The lower portion **142** of the secondary reservoir pot **132** further comprises a means **144** for receiving the 5 tubing **108** from an adjacent secondary container **104** or the primary container **102**.

[00044] The secondary wick **136** is basically T-shaped in structure and rests on a secondary platform **146** of the upper portion **140** of the secondary reservoir pot **132** and extends down through the lower portion **142** thereof. The secondary grow pot **134** rests on the secondary wick **136** and the secondary platform **146** of the secondary reservoir 10 pot **132**. Plants may be placed within the secondary grow pot **134** which has a water permeable base **148** so that moisture can be wicked upwardly. The secondary wick **136** draws water from the secondary reservoir pot **132** to the base **148** of the secondary grow pot **134** thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium therein.

[00045] The multiple plant container self-watering system **100** of the present 15 invention provides a means for a plurality of fluidly connected containers **102**, **104** that dry down in unison on a sloped surface. In the preferred embodiment, the number of the plurality of fluidly connected containers **102**, **104** is limited to three, i.e. one primary container **102** and two secondary containers **104**. The primary container **102** will be at the highest elevation. The number of the plurality of secondary containers **104** may be 20 varied according to the slope of the surface and space limitations.

[00046] Turning to **FIG. 2**, a schematic depiction of the preferred embodiment of the multiple plant container self-watering system **100** at high water level is illustrated. On a patio with a slope of $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch per foot, the plurality of containers **102**, **104** are spaced a reasonable distance apart such that, the elevation of the lowest secondary 25 container **104** is no more than $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch lower than the primary container **102**. As a result, on a slope if the water level is even with the base **128** of the primary grow pot **114** in the primary container **102**, then the water level will be about $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch above the base **148** of the secondary grow pot **134** in the lowest secondary container **104**. The upper portion **120**, **140** of the reservoir pot **112**, **132** allows the water to completely 30 surround the base **128**, **148** of the grow pot **114**, **134** and puts the water in direct contact with the growing medium such that it is quickly wicked into the soil.

[00047] One of the main benefits of the present invention is that it facilitates the

control of alternating wet and dry cycles. It is beneficial to most plants to have wet (saturated) periods alternating with dry periods. The multiple plant container self-watering system **100** achieves this through control over the water level in relation to the wicks. Once the primary container **102** has been filled to the high water level as shown 5 in **FIG. 2**, the water supply to the primary container **102** may be shut off manually or by a timer. By observing the height of the float gauge (not shown) in the primary container **102**, the user will know when the high water level has been achieved. Water will move by capillary action from the reservoir pot **112**, **132** into the soil medium within the grow pot **114**, **134** until the soil reaches field capacity. As water is consumed by the plant and 10 lost due to evapotranspiration, it will continue to be wicked up from the reservoir pot **112**, **132**, maintaining the soil medium at field capacity. The water level will lower to the low water level, which is the level where the primary wick **116** is no longer in contact with the water in the reservoir pot **112**; the soil medium of the primary container **102** will begin to dry down.

15 [00048] Turning to **FIG. 3**, a schematic depiction of the preferred embodiment of the multiple plant container self-watering system **100** at the start of dry down is illustrated. When the primary container **102** reaches the point where it begins to dry down i.e. the point where the primary wick **116** is no longer in contact with the water in the primary reservoir pot **112**, the water level in the plurality of secondary containers 20 **104** is below the upper expanded portion **140** of the secondary reservoir pot **132** and in the greatly reduced volume of the lower tubular portion **142**. The volume available to water in the lower tubular portion **142** is even less as the majority of space in the lower tubular portion **142** is taken up by the secondary wick **136**. As a result, once the primary container **102** begins to dry down, the remaining secondary containers **104** quickly 25 follow. Thus, the moisture level in the growing media of each of the plurality of secondary containers **104** remains roughly the same.

30 [00049] Once the fluid connection to all containers **102**, **104** and plants is broken, water may eventually need to be reintroduced to the system **100**. By observing the height of the float gauge (not shown) in the primary container **102**, the user will know when the low water level has been achieved. The user can adjust the length of dry down time as necessary. Water may also be reintroduced to the system **100** automatically through the timer.

[00050] A layer of ground cloth or some type of root inhibitor fabric (not shown) may be incorporated in between the base 128, 148 of the grow pot 114, 134 and the wick 116, 136 to prevent roots from entering the wick 116, 136 and the tubing 108. It would also be useful if the fabric covered the entire surface of the reservoir platform 5 126, 146 thereby keeping debris from entering the tubing 108. Further, there may be a means for keeping the edges of the fabric flat against the platform 126, 146, such as a plastic ring, so that debris cannot go underneath the fabric and enter the system 100. In some cases, water may be applied to the top surface of the soil media in the grow pot 114, 134 through a drip system.

10 [00051] Referring to FIGS. 5-6, a schematic depiction of an alternate embodiment of the multiple plant container self-watering system 200 is illustrated. The multiple plant container self-watering system 200 comprises a primary container 202 at a first elevation and a plurality of secondary containers 204, each of the plurality of secondary containers 204 being at a different elevation. The figure also shows a level 15 container 206 at a reference elevation. The primary container 202 and the plurality of secondary containers 204 are fluidly connected by means of tubing 208 and configured to allow for substantially similar dry-down time. The primary container 202 is fluidly connected to an external water supply by means of a hose 220 and to at least one of the plurality of secondary containers 204. The plurality of secondary containers 204 is 20 fluidly connected in daisy-chain style.

[00052] Turning to FIG. 4, a schematic depiction of the primary container 202 of the multiple plant container self-watering system 200 is illustrated. The primary container 202 comprises a primary outer shell 210 that encloses a primary reservoir pot 212, a primary grow pot 214 and a primary wick 216. The primary wick 216 is held by a 25 support structure platform 218. The primary outer shell 210 supports the support structure platform 218 that supports the primary grow pot 214 above the primary wick 216. The primary outer shell 210 has a pair of holes 222 to receive the tubing 208 from an adjacent secondary container 204. A standard float valve (not shown) is incorporated into the primary container 202 to control the water level in the primary reservoir 212. 30 The use of the hose 220 for constant input of water to the primary container 202 will ensure uninterrupted operation of the system 200. The float valve limits the amount of water coming in from the external water supply into the primary container 202, and thus

also limits the rise of water in the primary container **202** and the secondary containers **204**.

[00053] The preferred embodiment of the multiple plant container self-watering system **100** may be modified in various ways to improve performance. In one 5 embodiment, the outer shell **110, 130** may be eliminated, and a plastic or metal frame (circle or square) may be used in its place. The frame may be adjustable in height to raise the container **102, 104** if desired. The frame may also be extended in length to enable it to hold more than one grow pot **114, 134**. Further, the frame could support the grow pots **114, 134** in such a manner that there is no contact with the ground making it 10 easy to move the grow pots **114, 134** along the frame. This would make it possible to economically offer various sizes of the reservoir pot **112, 132** to consumers, which would enable the consumers to use various sizes of grow pots **114, 134** or to change the size of the reservoir pot **112, 132** in relation to the size of the grow pot **114, 134** used.

[00054] In another embodiment, the lower portion **122, 142** of the reservoir pot 15 **112, 132** may run the length (or diameter) of the platform **126, 146** of the upper portion **120, 140**, with the wick **116, 136** also running the length of the platform **126, 146**. This would be useful if more than one grow pot **114, 134** were placed on the platform **126, 146** or if the length of the platform **126, 146** were increased to accommodate a much 20 larger grow pot **114, 134** such as a planter box. In some other embodiments, the height of the side of the reservoir pot **112, 132** may be extended so that it forms a lip over the top rim of the outer shell **110, 130**. The grow pot **114, 134** may have an extension on its base **128, 148** that houses the wick **116, 136** and extends into the lower portion **122, 142** of the reservoir pot **112, 132**.

[00055] In some alternate embodiments, a portion of the side of the reservoir pot 25 **112, 132** may bulge outward to facilitate pouring water between the reservoir pot **112, 132** and the grow pot **114, 134**. A float gauge assembly (not shown) may be fitted into the bulge so that the user may easily see the water level. Further, the platform **126, 146** of the reservoir pot **112, 132** may have drainage channels (not shown) to facilitate water movement and to allow air to reach the base **128, 148** of the grow pot **114, 134**. In the 30 preferred embodiment the platform configuration in the primary container is the same as that in a secondary container while in the alternate embodiment the platform configuration in the primary container is different from that in secondary containers.

[00056] The present invention **100** provides each plant with access to a common pool of water with a common high water level and low water level. The present invention **100** also prevents the occurrence of overly saturated soil and under watering. Since water is supplied to the soil by means of capillary action, the water content of the 5 vast majority of the soil does not exceed the field capacity of the soil, i.e. the point where water no longer drains from the soil due to gravity. Under watering is more likely to be avoided because of the reservoir access provided for each plant. Materials such as hard plastic and stainless steel may be used as well as containers made from breathable materials, but at a greater financial cost.

10 [00057] The foregoing description of the preferred embodiment of the present invention has been presented for the purpose of illustration and description. It is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise form disclosed. Many modifications and variations are possible in light of the above teachings. It is intended that the scope of the present invention not be limited by this detailed description, but by 15 the claims and the equivalents to the claims appended hereto.

WE CLAIM:

1. A multiple plant container self-watering system comprising:
 - a primary container at a first elevation, the primary container comprising:
 - a primary outer shell having a pair of holes to receive tubing;
 - a primary reservoir pot located inside the primary outer shell, the primary reservoir pot having an upper portion and a lower portion, the lower portion having a tubular configuration and centered in the middle of the upper portion;
 - a primary platform positioned above the lower portion of the primary reservoir pot;
 - a primary wick resting on the primary platform and extending down through the lower portion of the primary reservoir pot; and
 - a primary grow pot resting on the primary wick and the primary platform of the primary reservoir pot; and
 - a plurality of secondary containers, each of the plurality of secondary containers being at a different elevation and comprising:
 - a secondary outer shell having a pair of holes to receive the tubing;
 - a secondary reservoir pot located inside the secondary outer shell, the secondary reservoir pot having an upper portion and a lower portion, the lower portion having a tubular configuration and centered in the middle of the upper portion;
 - a secondary platform positioned above the lower portion of the secondary reservoir pot;
 - a secondary wick resting on the secondary platform and extending down through the lower portion of the secondary reservoir pot; and
 - a secondary grow pot resting on the secondary wick and the secondary platform of the secondary reservoir pot;
- whereby the primary container and the plurality of secondary containers are fluidly connected by means of the tubing and configured to allow for similar dry-down time.

2. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the primary container is fluidly connected to an external water supply and to at least one of the plurality of secondary containers.
3. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the plurality of secondary containers is fluidly connected in daisy-chain style.
4. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the primary outer shell supports the primary reservoir pot and the tubing.
5. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the secondary outer shell supports the secondary reservoir pot and the tubing.
6. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the lower portion of the primary reservoir pot comprises a means for receiving the tubing from an adjacent container.
7. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the lower portion of the secondary reservoir pot comprises a means for receiving the tubing from an adjacent container.
8. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the lower portion of the primary reservoir pot has a diameter that is reduced in comparison to a diameter of the upper portion thereof.
9. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the lower portion of the primary reservoir pot has a diameter that is only large enough to accommodate a diameter of the primary wick.
10. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the lower portion of the secondary reservoir pot has a diameter that is reduced in comparison to a diameter of the upper portion thereof.

11. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the lower portion of the secondary reservoir pot has a diameter that is only large enough to accommodate a diameter of the secondary wick.
12. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the primary wick is T-shaped in structure and draws water upwardly from the primary reservoir pot to a base of the primary grow pot thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium.
13. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 1 wherein the secondary wick is T-shaped in structure and draws water upwardly from the secondary reservoir pot to a base of the secondary grow pot thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium.
14. A multiple plant container self-watering system comprising:
 - a primary container at a first elevation, the primary container comprising:
 - a primary outer shell;
 - a primary reservoir pot located inside the primary outer shell, having an upper portion and a lower portion in a tubular configuration and centered in the middle thereof, the lower portion having a diameter reduced in comparison to a diameter of the upper portion;
 - primary platform positioned above the lower portion of the primary reservoir pot;
 - a primary wick resting on the primary platform and extending down through the lower portion of the primary reservoir pot, the primary wick being T-shaped in structure and drawing water upwardly from the primary reservoir pot to a primary grow pot at a base thereof thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium; and
 - the primary grow pot resting on the primary wick and the primary platform of the primary reservoir pot; and
 - a plurality of secondary containers, each of the plurality of secondary containers being at a different elevation and comprising:
 - a secondary outer shell;
 - a secondary reservoir pot located inside the secondary outer shell having an upper portion and a lower portion in a tubular configuration and centered in the middle thereof,

the lower portion having a diameter reduced in comparison to a diameter of the upper portion;

a secondary platform positioned above the lower portion of the secondary reservoir pot;

a secondary wick resting on the secondary platform and extending down through the lower portion of the secondary reservoir pot, the secondary wick being T-shaped in structure and drawing water upwardly from the secondary reservoir pot to a secondary grow pot at a base thereof thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium; and

the secondary grow pot resting on the secondary wick and the secondary platform of the secondary reservoir pot;

whereby the primary container and the plurality of secondary containers are fluidly connected by means of tubing and configured to allow for similar dry-down time.

15. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 14 wherein the primary outer shell and the secondary outer shell support the primary reservoir pot and the secondary reservoir pot respectively.

16. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 14 wherein the lower portion diameter of the primary reservoir pot is only large enough to accommodate a diameter of the primary wick.

17. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 14 wherein the lower portion diameter of the secondary reservoir pot is only large enough to accommodate a diameter of the secondary wick.

18. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 14 wherein the primary platform of the upper portion of the primary reservoir pot supports the primary grow pot and the primary wick.

19. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 14 wherein the secondary platform of the upper portion of the secondary reservoir pot supports the secondary grow pot and the secondary wick.

20. A multiple plant container self-watering system comprising:
multiple grow pots comprising at least a primary grow pot and a secondary grow pot;
a primary container at a first elevation, the primary container comprising:
a primary reservoir pot having an upper portion and a lower portion, the lower portion having a tubular configuration and axially centered in the middle of the upper portion and wherein the primary reservoir pot lower portion has a diameter that is reduced in comparison to a diameter of the primary reservoir pot upper portion;
a primary wick resting on the upper portion and extending down through the lower portion of the primary reservoir pot; and
wherein said primary grow pot rests on the primary wick and the upper portion of the primary reservoir pot; and
a plurality of secondary containers, each of the plurality of secondary containers being at a different elevation and comprising:
a secondary reservoir pot having a secondary reservoir pot upper portion and a secondary reservoir pot lower portion, the secondary reservoir pot lower portion having a tubular configuration and axially centered in the middle of the secondary reservoir pot upper portion;
a secondary wick resting on the secondary reservoir pot upper portion and extending down through the secondary reservoir pot lower portion, the secondary reservoir pot lower portion having a diameter and the secondary wick having a smaller diameter than the secondary reservoir pot lower portion diameter; and
wherein said secondary grow pot rests on the secondary wick and the secondary reservoir pot upper portion;
whereby the primary container and the plurality of secondary containers are fluidly connected by means of tubing and configured to allow for similar dry-down time.

21. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 20 wherein said tubing creates a fluid connection between any pair of adjacent plant containers.
22. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 20 wherein a base of each grow pot is permeable to water.
23. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 22 wherein the primary wick draws water from the primary reservoir pot to the base of the primary grow pot thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium therein.
24. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 23 wherein the secondary wick draws water from the secondary reservoir pot to the base of the secondary grow pot thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium therein.
25. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 20 wherein the primary container and the plurality of secondary containers are fluidly connected to an external water supply.
26. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 20 wherein the plurality of secondary containers is fluidly connected in daisy-chain style.
27. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 20 wherein the primary wick is T-shaped in structure and draws water upwardly from the primary reservoir pot to a base of the primary grow pot thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium.
28. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 27 wherein the secondary wick is T-shaped in structure and draws water upwardly from the secondary reservoir pot to a base of the secondary grow pot thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium.
29. A multiple plant container self-watering system comprising:
multiple grow pots comprising at least a primary grow pot and a secondary grow pot;

a primary container at a first elevation, the primary container comprising:

primary reservoir pot having an upper portion and a lower portion in a tubular configuration and axially centered in the middle thereof, the lower portion reduced in comparison to a diameter of the upper portion;

a primary wick resting on the upper portion and extending down through the lower portion of the primary reservoir pot, the primary wick being T-shaped in structure and drawing water upwardly from the primary reservoir pot to a base of the primary grow pot thereby putting water in direct contact with soil medium; and

wherein said primary grow pot rests on the primary wick; and

a plurality of secondary containers, each of the plurality of secondary containers being at a different elevation and comprising:

a secondary reservoir pot having a secondary reservoir pot upper portion and a secondary reservoir pot lower portion in a tubular configuration and axially centered in the middle thereof, the secondary reservoir pot lower portion having a diameter reduced in comparison to a diameter of the secondary reservoir pot upper portion;

a secondary wick resting on the secondary reservoir pot upper portion and extending down through the secondary reservoir pot lower portion, the secondary wick being T-shaped in structure and drawing water upwardly from the secondary reservoir pot to a base of the secondary grow pot thereby putting water in direct contact with said soil medium and the secondary wick having a smaller diameter than the lower portion of the secondary reservoir pot; and

wherein said secondary grow pot rests on the secondary wick and the secondary reservoir pot upper portion;

whereby the primary container and the plurality of secondary containers are fluidly connected by tubing and configured to allow for similar dry-down time.

30. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 29 wherein the primary reservoir pot lower portion has a diameter that is only large enough to accommodate a diameter of the primary wick.

31. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 30 wherein a lower portion diameter of the secondary reservoir pot is only large enough to accommodate a diameter of the secondary wick.

32. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 29 wherein the primary reservoir pot upper portion comprises a primary platform and wherein said primary wick and said primary grow pot rest on said primary platform.

33. The multiple plant container self-watering system of claim 29 wherein the secondary reservoir pot upper portion comprises a secondary platform and wherein said secondary wick and said secondary grow pot rest on said secondary platform.

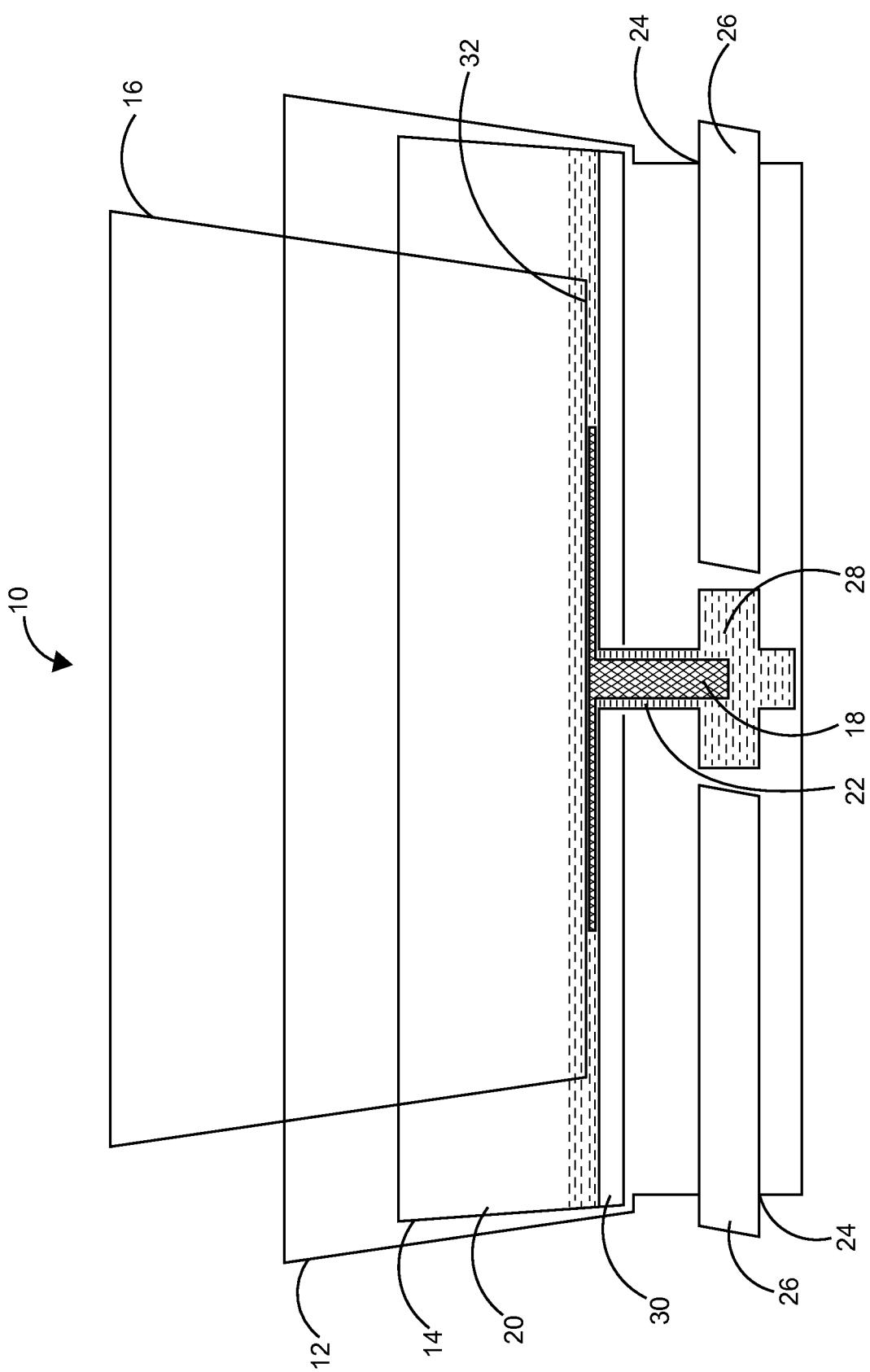


FIG. 1

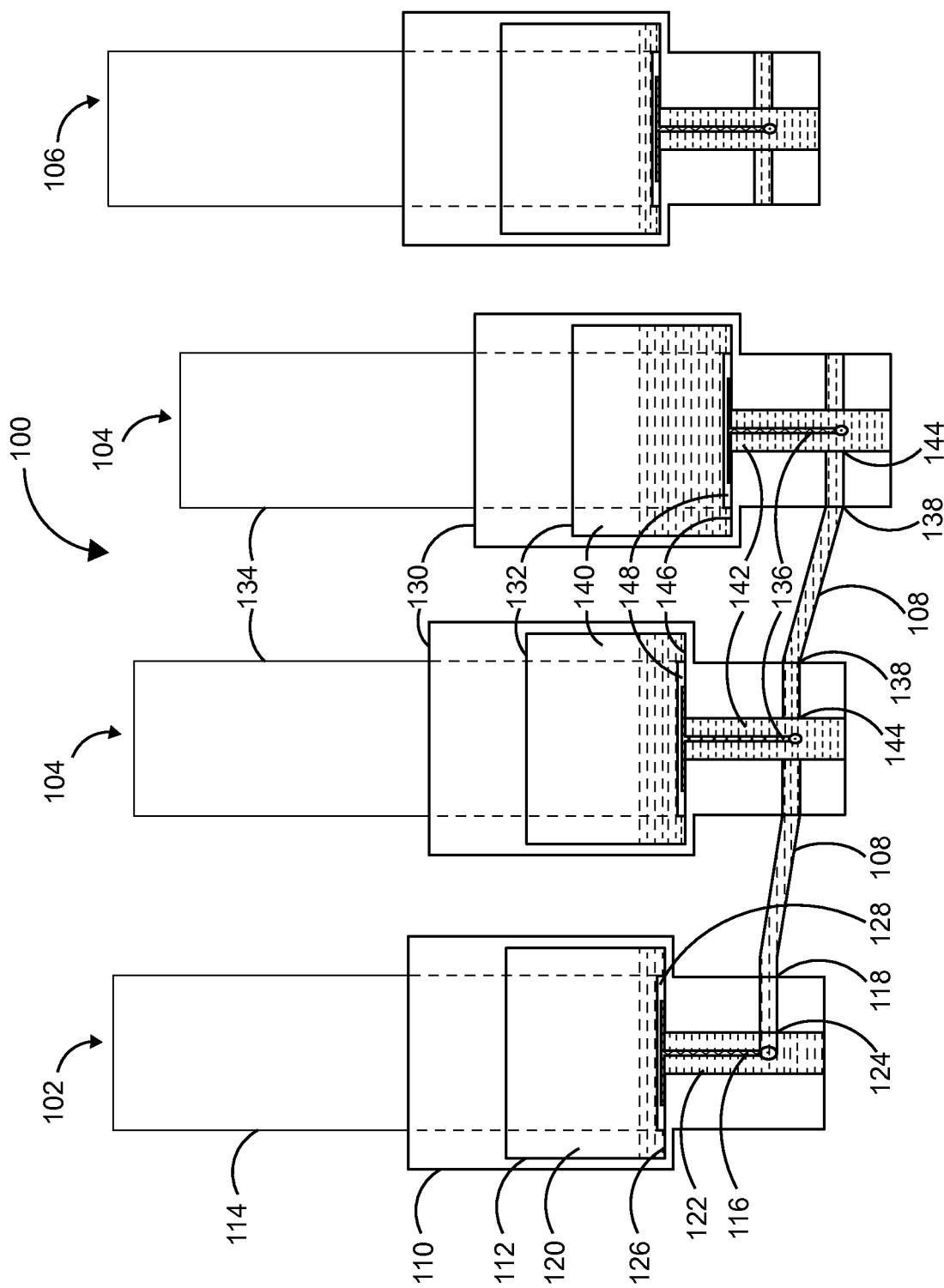
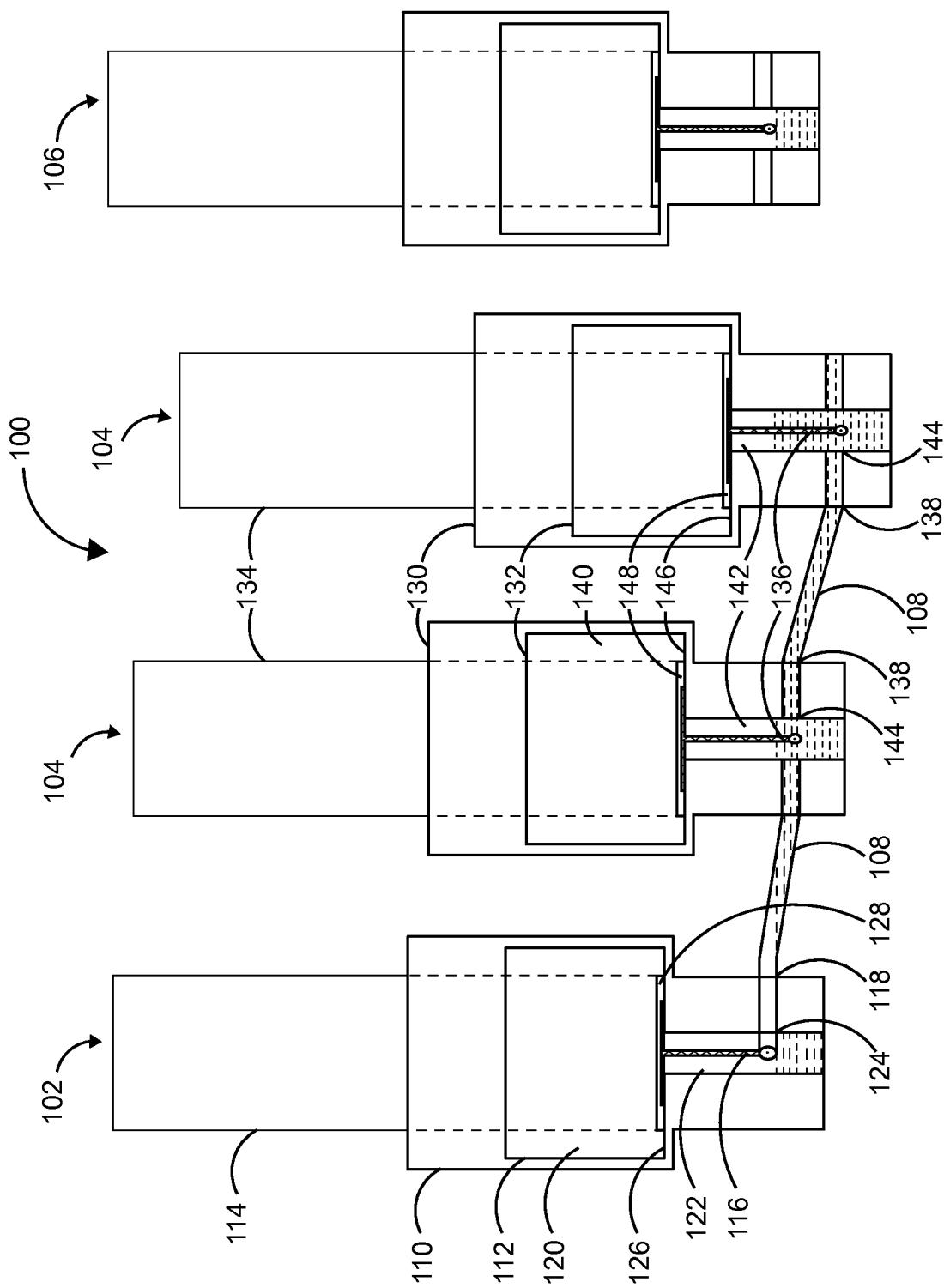


FIG. 2



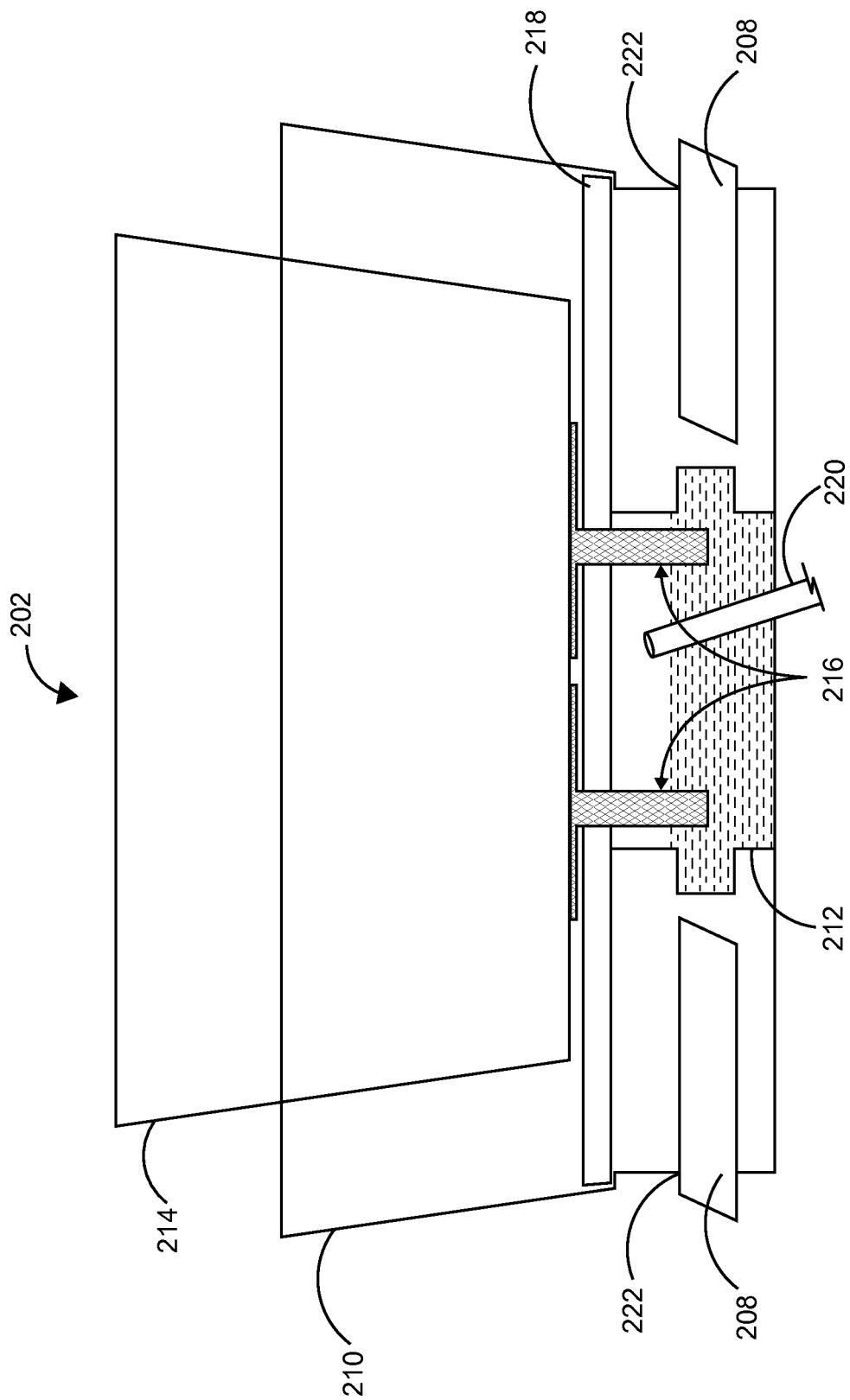


FIG. 4

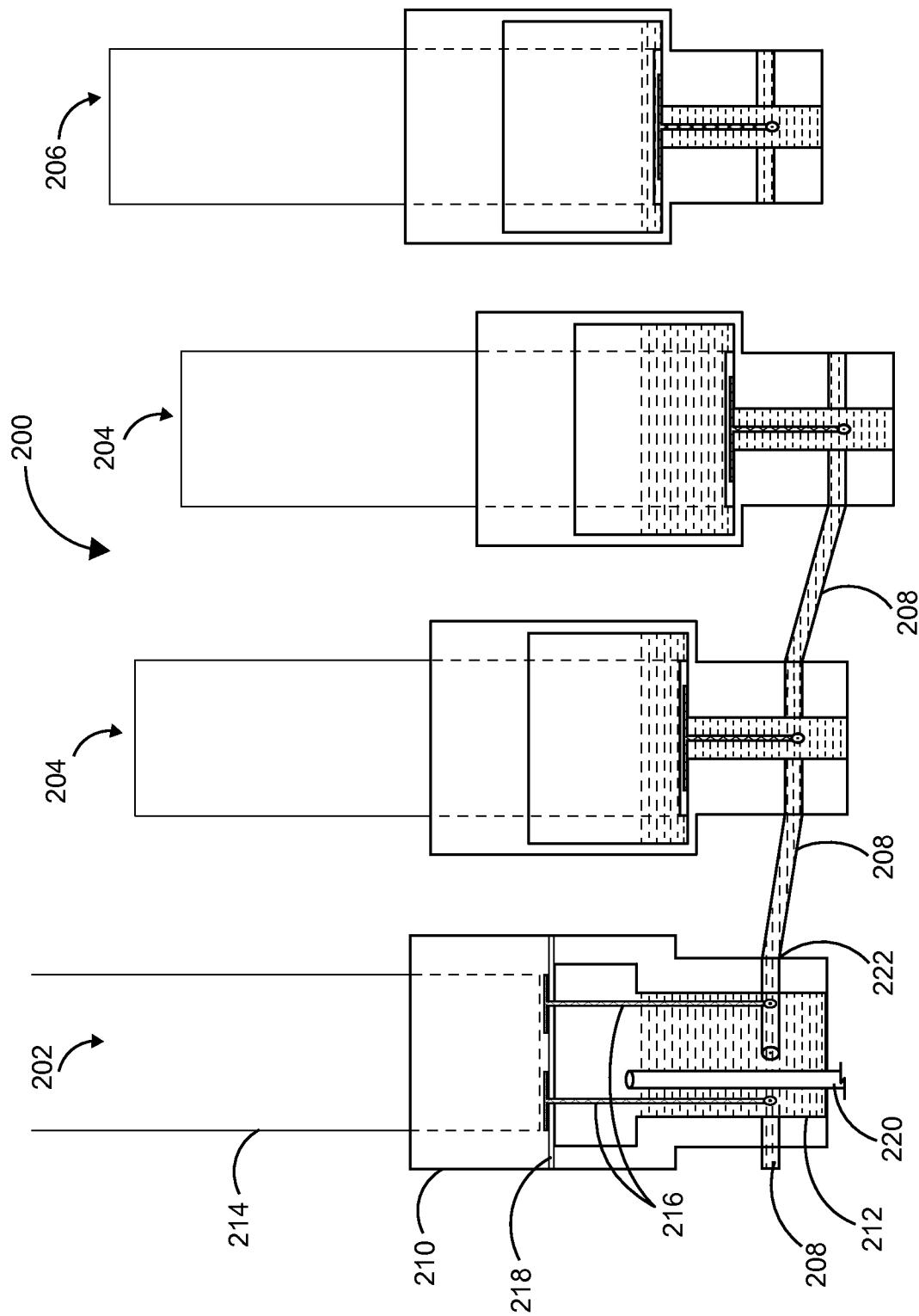


FIG. 5

