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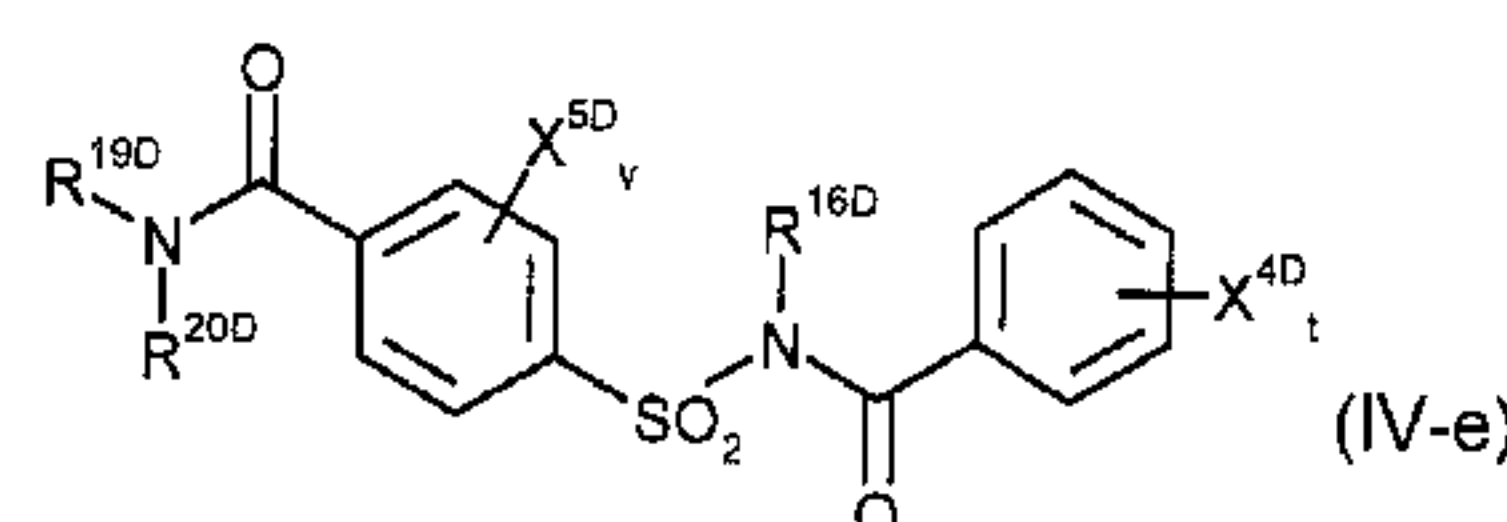
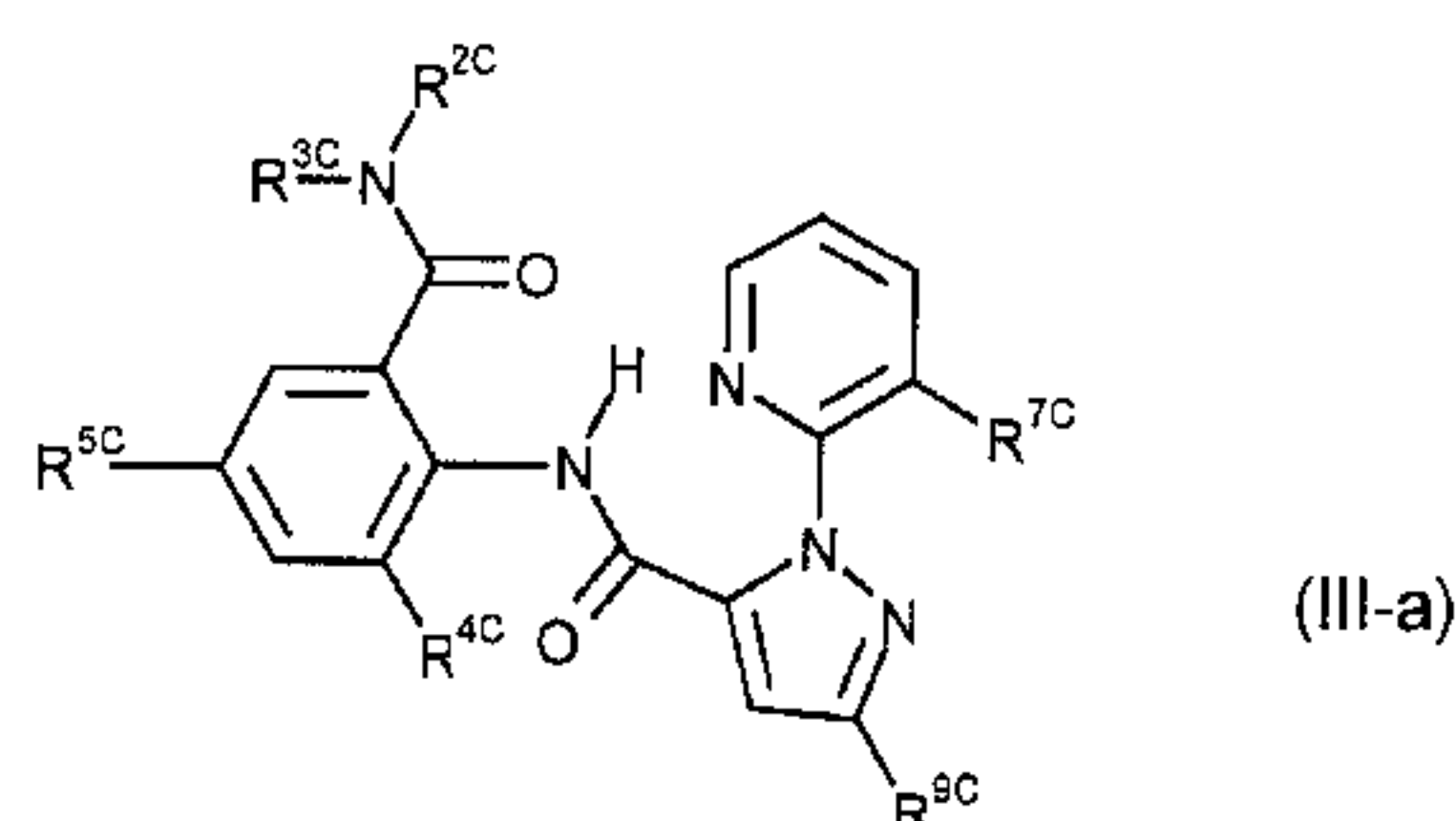
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(54) Titre : INSECTICIDES SELECTIFS A BASE DE DERIVES D'ACIDE HALOGENO-ALKYLNICOTINIQUE, D'AMIDES
DE L'ACIDE ANTHRANILIQUE OU DE PHTALAMIDES ET DE PHYTOPROTECTEURS
(54) Title: SELECTIVE INSECTICIDES BASED ON HALOALKYLNICOTINIC ACID DERIVATIVES, ANTHRANILIC ACID
DIAMIDES, OR PHTHALIC ACID DIAMIDES AND SAFENERS



Nr.	R ^{2C}	R ^{3C}	R ^{4C}	R ^{5C}	R ^{7C}	R ^{9C}
III-a-1	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-2	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-3	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-4	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-5	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-6	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-7	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-8	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-9	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-10	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-11	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-12	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-13	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-14	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-15	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-16	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-17	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-18	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	Br

R ^{16D}	R ^{18D}	R ^{20D}	X ^{4Dt}	X ^{5Dv}
H	H		2-OCH ₃	-
H	H		2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	-

(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

The present invention relates to an insecticidal or acaricidal composition comprising an active compound combination of: (a) at least one anthranilamide of formula (III-a) according to the following table: (see formula III-a) ; and (b) at least one crop plant



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(57) **Abrégé(suite)/Abstract(continued):**

compatibility-improving compound selected from the group consisting of cloquintocet-mexyl, fenchlorazol-ethyl, isoxadifen-ethyl, mefenpyr-diethyl, furilazole, fenclorim, cumyluron, dymron, dimepiperate and one of the compounds of formula (IV-e) according to the following table: (see formula IV-e)

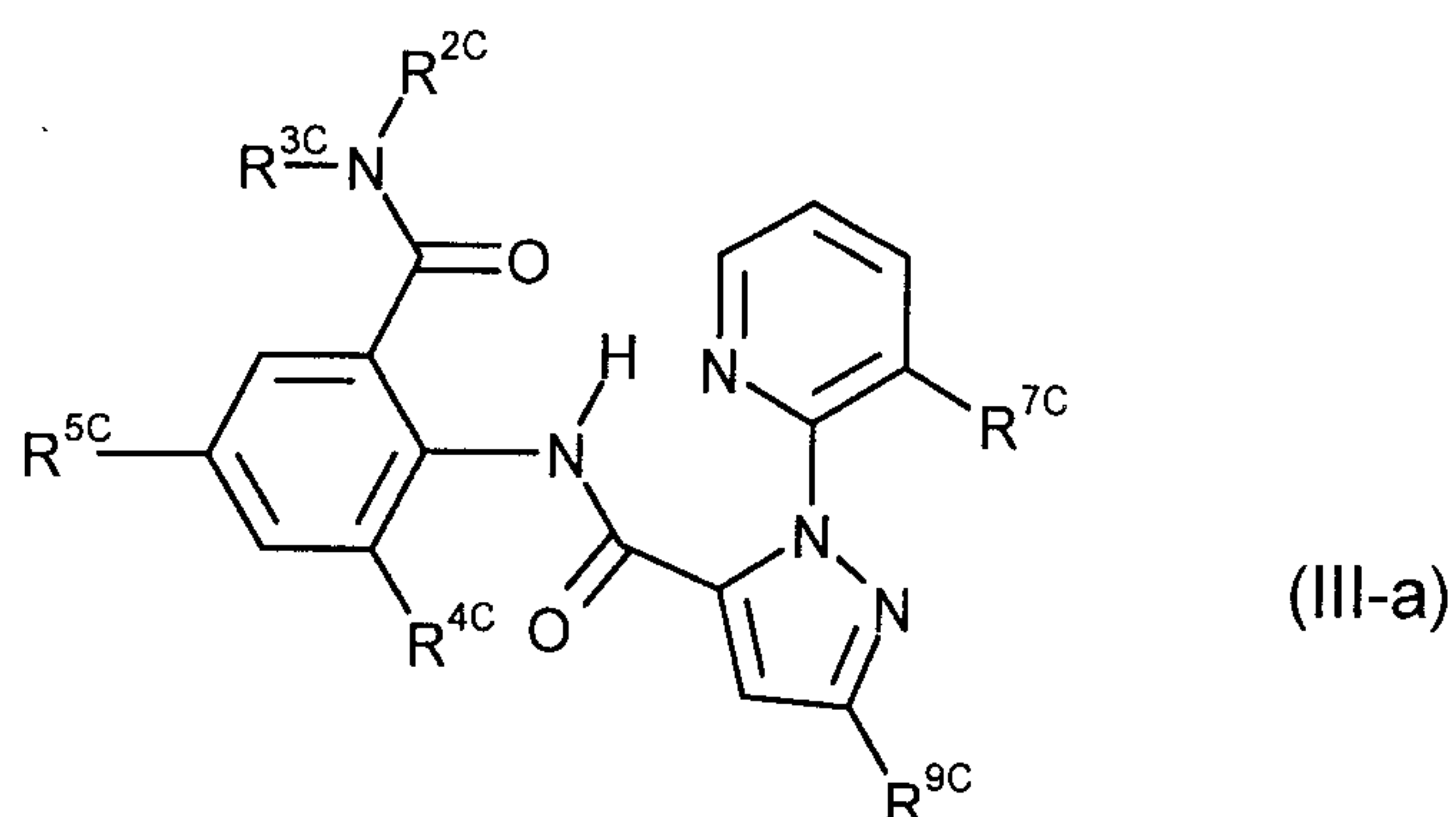
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Abstract

The present invention relates to an insecticidal or acaricidal composition comprising an active compound combination of:

(a) at least one anthranilamide of formula (III-a) according to the following

5 table:



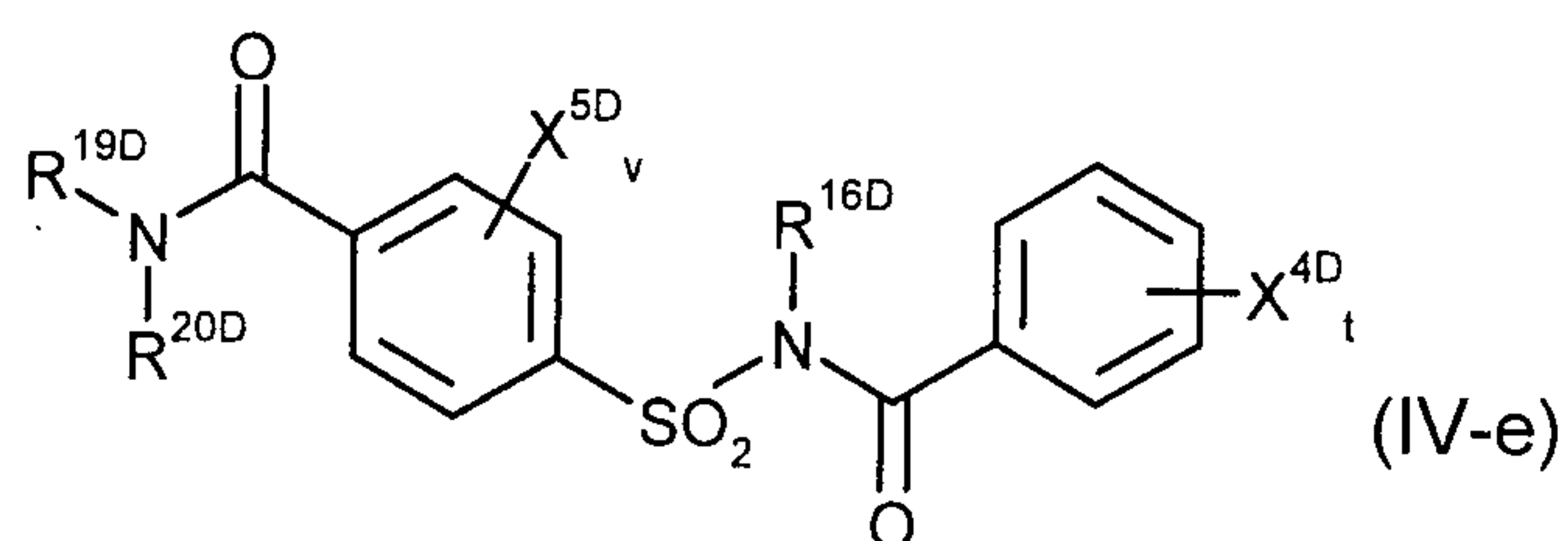
Nr.	R ^{2C}	R ^{3C}	R ^{4C}	R ^{5C}	R ^{7C}	R ^{9C}
III-a-1	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-2	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-3	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-4	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-5	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-6	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-7	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-8	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-9	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-10	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-11	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-12	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-13	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-14	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-15	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl

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Nr.	R ^{2C}	R ^{3C}	R ^{4C}	R ^{5C}	R ^{7C}	R ^{9C}
III-a-16	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-17	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-18	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	Br

; and

(b) at least one crop plant compatibility-improving compound selected from the group consisting of cloquintocet-mexyl, fenclorazol-ethyl, isoxadifen-ethyl, mefenpyr-diethyl, furilazole, fenclorim, cumyluron, dymron, dimepiperate and one of
 5 the compounds of formula (IV-e) according to the following table:



R ^{16D}	R ^{19D}	R ^{20D}	X ^{4D} _t	X ^{5D} _v
H	H		2-OCH ₃	—
H	H		2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—

Selective insecticides based on haloalkylnicotinic acid derivatives, anthranilic acid diamides, or phthalic acid diamides and safeners

The invention relates to selective insecticidally and/or acaricidally effective compound combinations comprising, firstly, haloalkylnicotinic acid derivatives, phthalic acid diamides or anthranilic acid diamides and, secondly, at least one crop plant compatibility-improving compound, and to their use for the selective control of insects and/or spider mites in various crops of useful plants.

It is known that certain haloalkylnicotinic acid derivatives have insecticidal properties (EP-A 0 580 374, JP-A 7-010841, JP-A 7-025853, JP-A 10-101648, JP-A 10-195072, JP-A 11-180957, JP-A 2002-205991, JP-A 2003-113179, JP-A 2004-035439, JP-A 2004-083415, WO 98/57969, WO 99/59993, WO 00/35912, WO 00/35913, WO 01/09104, WO 01/14373, WO 01/47918, WO 01/70692, WO 02/12229, WO 03/028458, WO 03/028459, WO 03/043990, WO 03/044013, WO 03/097604, WO 03/097605).

Furthermore, it is known that certain anthranilic acid diamides have insecticidal properties (WO 01/70671, WO 02/094791, WO 03/015519, WO 03/016284, WO 03/015518, WO 03/024222, WO 03/016282, WO 03/016283, WO 03/062226, WO 03/027099).

Also known as compounds having insecticidal properties are phthalic acid diamides (cf. EP-A-0 919 542, EP-A-1 006 107, WO 01/00 575, WO 01/00 599, WO 01/46 124, JP-A 2001-33 555 9, WO 01/02354, WO 01/21 576, WO 02/08 8074, WO 02/08 8075, WO 02/09 4765, WO 02/09 4766, WO 02/06 2807).

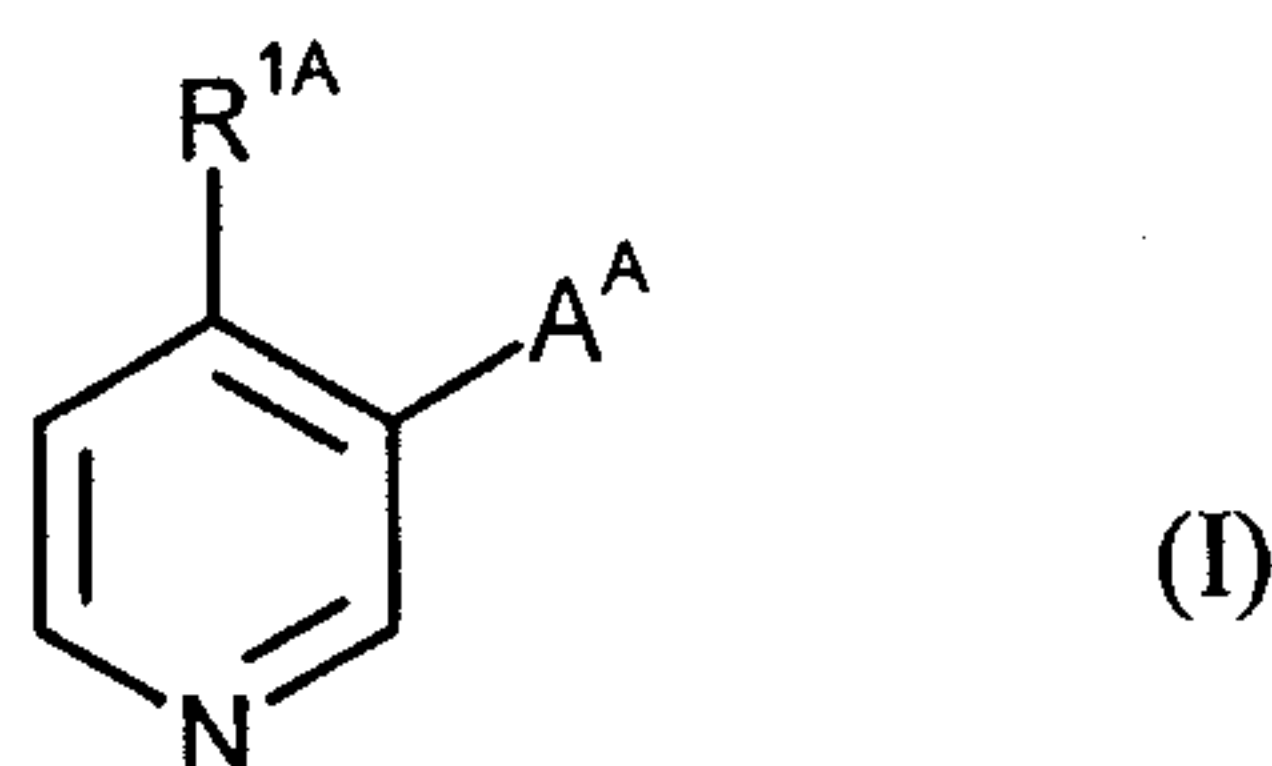
The general formulae and definitions described in these publications and the individual compounds described therein are expressly incorporated herein by way of reference.

It is also known that mixtures of phthalic acid diamides and further bioactive compounds have an insecticidal and/or acaricidal action (WO 02/087 334). However, the activity of these mixtures is not always optimal.

Surprisingly, it has now been found that certain haloalkylnicotinic acid derivatives, phthalic acid diamides or anthranilic acid amides, when used together with the crop plant compatibility-improving compounds (safeners/antidotes) described below, are very efficient in preventing damage to the crop plants and can be used particularly advantageously as broadly active combination preparations for the selective control of insects.

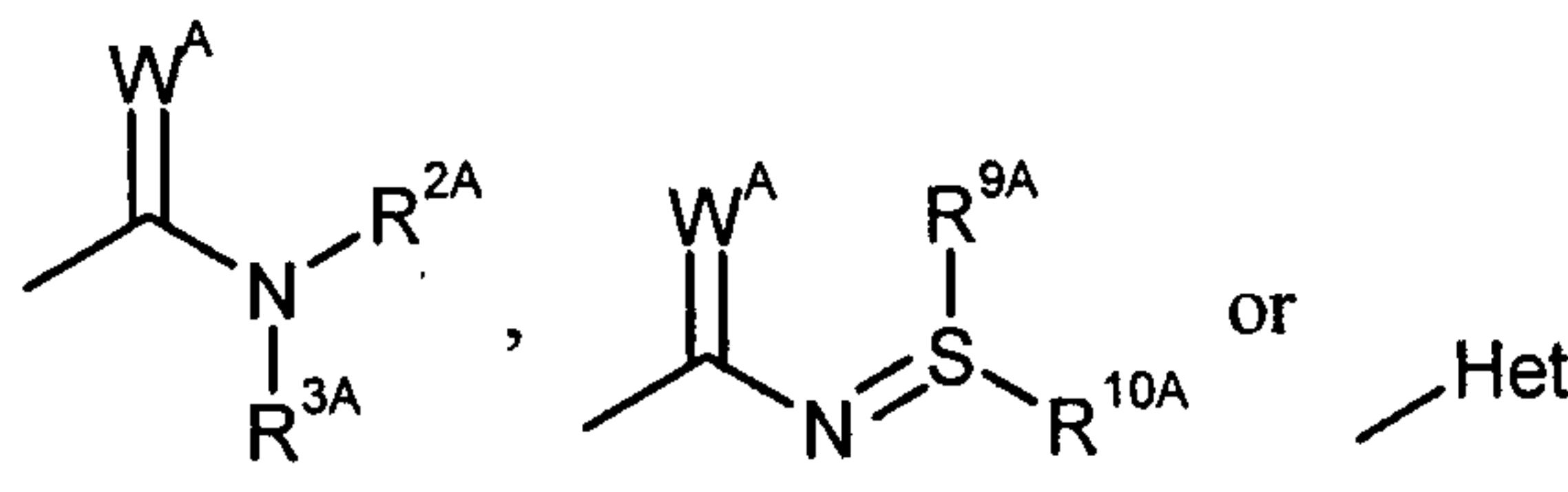
The invention provides selective insecticidal and/or acaricidal compositions comprising an effective amount of an active compound combination comprising, as components,

- (a) (1) at least one haloalkylnicotinic acid derivative of the formula (I)



in which

A^A represents one of the groups



R^{1A} represents C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl,

R^{2A} and R^{3A} independently of one another represent hydrogen or hydroxyl,

represent C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl or C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- or

polysubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of R^{4A} , oximino and hydrazono, where the substituents oximino and hydrazono for their

part are in each unsubstituted or may be substituted by C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, cyano- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkylthio- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkyl-carbonyl, (C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy)carbonyl, di-(C_1 - C_8 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aryl or $-CH_2$ -aryl

represent $-C(=X^A)-Y^A$, or represent aryl, heterocyclyl, $-CH_2$ -aryl or $-CH_2$ -heterocyclyl, each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents R^{5A} ,

or

R^{2A} and R^{3A} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 3- to 8-membered saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic ring which optionally contains up to three further heteroatoms from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen and which is unsubstituted or substituted by identical or different radicals from the group consisting of R^{4A} , C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, oxo, oximino and hydrazono, where the substituents oximino and hydrazono for their part are unsubstituted or may be substituted by C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, cyano- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkylthio- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkyl-carbonyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy-carbonyl, di-(C_1 - C_8 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aryl or $-CH_2$ -aryl,

R^{4A} represents halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, $-S(O)_n$ - C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, $-S(O)_n$ - C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, hydroxyl, cyano, carboxyl, azido, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -

alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl-carbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-carbonyl, nitro, di-(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, or phenoxy which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl and halogen,

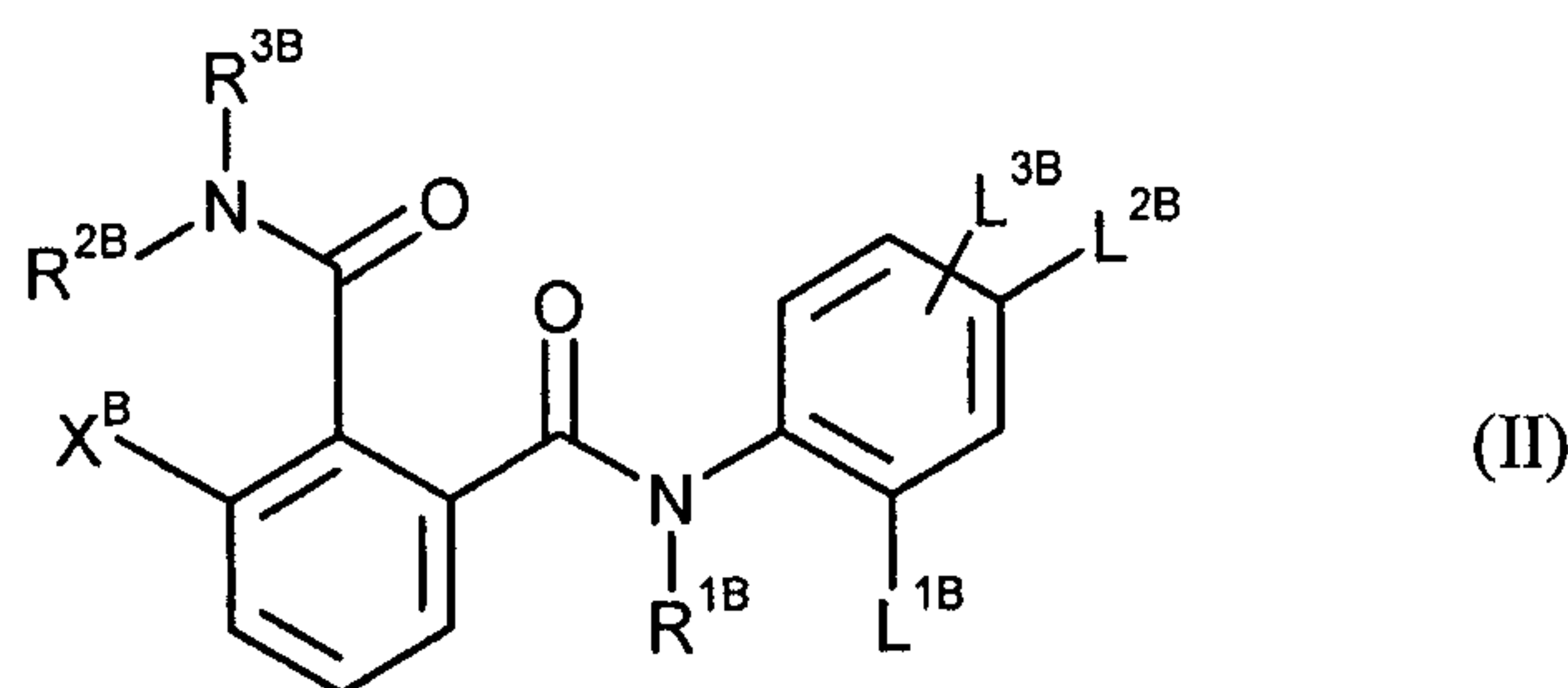
- 5 R^{5A} represents R^{4A} , C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₁-C₆-haloalkyl,
 X^A represents oxygen or sulfur,
 Y^A represents R^{6A} , OR^{6A} , SR^{6A} , $NR^{7A}R^{8A}$,
 W^A represent oxygen or sulfur,
 R^{6A} represents C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl or C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, each of
 10 which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents
 R^{4A} , or represents aryl, heterocyclyl, -CH₂-aryl or -CH₂-heterocyclyl, each of which
 is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents R^{5A} ,
 R^{7A} represents hydroxyl, represents C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₈-
 alkoxy, hydroxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyloxy, C₃-C₆-alkynyloxy, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl,
 15 C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, -O-CH₂-C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl,
 each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different
 substituents R^{4A} ,
 represents aryl, heterocyclyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, -CH₂-aryl, -O-CH₂-aryl,
 -CH₂-heterocyclyl or -O-CH₂-heterocyclyl, each of which is optionally mono- or
 20 polysubstituted by identical or different substituents R^{5A} ,
 R^{8A} represents hydrogen, represents C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl or C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl-
 C₁-C₆-alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or
 different substituents R^{4A} , represents aryl, heterocyclyl, -CH₂-aryl or -CH₂-
 heterocyclyl, each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or
 25 different substituents R^{5A} ,
 R^{9A} and R^{10A} independently of one another represent C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-
 alkynyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl or C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, each of which is
 optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents R^{4A} ,
 represent -C(=X^A)-Y^A, represent aryl, heterocyclyl, -CH₂-aryl or -CH₂-heterocyclyl,
 30 each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different
 substituents R^{5A} ,
 or
 R^{9A} and R^{10A} together with the sulfur atom to which they are attached a 3- to 8-membered
 saturated or unsaturated heterocyclic ring which optionally contains up to three
 35 further heteroatoms from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen and
 which is unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different radicals

from the group consisting of R^{4A} , C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, oxo, oximino and hydrazono, where the substituents oximino and hydrazono for their part are unsubstituted or may be substituted by C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, cyano- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkylthio- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkyl-carbonyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy-carbonyl, di-
(C_1 - C_8 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aryl or $-CH_2$ -aryl,

Het represents a heterocyclic radical which contains one to two rings, which may be fully saturated, partially saturated or fully unsaturated or aromatic and which is interrupted by at least one or more identical or different atoms from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen, where, however, two oxygen atoms must not be directly adjacent and at least one carbon atom must still be present in the ring, where the cyclic radical is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals from the group consisting of R^{4A} , C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, oxo, oximino and hydrazono, where the substituents oximino and hydrazono for their part are unsubstituted or may be substituted by C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, cyano- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkylthio- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkyl-carbonyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy-carbonyl, di-
(C_1 - C_8 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aryl or $-CH_2$ -aryl,

or

(2) at least one phthalic acid diamide of the formula (II)



in which

X^B represents halogen, cyano, C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_8 -haloalkoxy,

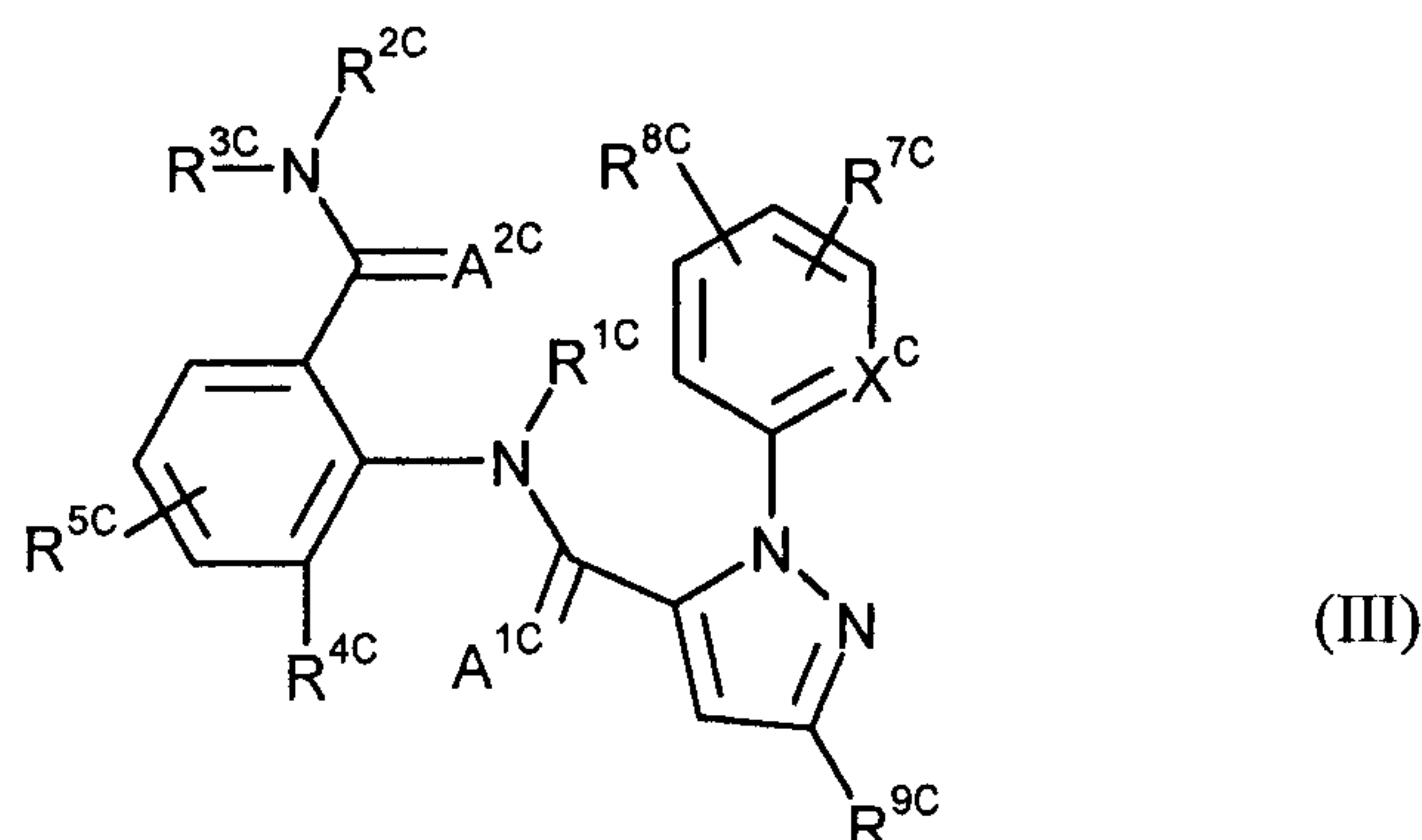
R^{1B} , R^{2B} and R^{3B} independently of one another represent hydrogen, cyano, represent optionally halogen-substituted C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl or represent the group $-M^{1B}-Q^B_k$,

M^{1B} represents optionally substituted C_1 - C_{12} -alkylene, C_3 - C_{12} -alkenylene or C_3 - C_{12} -alkynylene,

- Q^B represents hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_8 -haloalkyl, in each case optionally substituted C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkyl-carbonyl or C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy-carbonyl, in each case optionally substituted phenyl, hetaryl or represents the group $—T^B—R^{4B}$,
- T^B represents oxygen, $—S(O)_m—$ or $—N(R^{5B})—$,
- 5 R^{4B} represents hydrogen, in each case optionally substituted C_1 - C_{12} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{12} -alkenyl, C_3 - C_{12} -alkynyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkyl-carbonyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy-carbonyl, phenyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, hetaryl, hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl,
- R^{5B} represents hydrogen, represents in each case optionally substituted C_1 - C_8 -alkyl-carbonyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy-carbonyl, phenyl-carbonyl or phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy-carbonyl,
- 10 k represents 1, 2, 3, or 4,
- m represents 0, 1 or 2,
- R^{1B} and R^{2B} together form an optionally substituted 4- to 7-membered ring, which may optionally be interrupted by heteroatoms,
- 15 L^{1B} and L^{3B} independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, cyano or in each case optionally substituted C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl- $S(O)_m—$, phenyl, phenoxy or hetaryloxy,
- L^{2B} represents hydrogen, halogen, cyano, in each case optionally substituted C_1 - C_{12} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{12} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_{12} -alkynyl, C_1 - C_{12} -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, phenyl,
- 20 hetaryl or represents the group $—M^{2B}—R^{6B}$,
- M^{2B} represents oxygen or $—S(O)_m—$,
- R^{6B} represents in each case optionally substituted C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_2 - C_8 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, phenyl or hetaryl,
- L^{1B} and L^{3B} or L^{1B} and L^{2B} in each case together form an optionally substituted 5- to
- 25 6-membered ring which may optionally be interrupted by heteroatoms,

or

- (3) at least one anthranilamide of the formula (III)



in which

A^{1C} and A^{2C} independently of one another represent oxygen or sulfur,

X^C represents N or CR^{10C} ,

R^{1C} represents hydrogen or represents C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkynyl or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, each of which may optionally be mono- or polysubstituted, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of R^{6C} , halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylamino, C_2 - C_8 -dialkylamino, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino, $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl) C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino and R^{11C} ,

R^{2C} represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylamino, C_2 - C_8 -dialkylamino, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino, C_2 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl or C_2 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl,

R^{3C} represents hydrogen, R^{11C} or represents C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of R^{6C} , halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, C_3 - C_6 -trialkylsilyl, R^{11C} , phenyl, phenoxy and a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring, where each phenyl, phenoxy and 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring may optionally be substituted and where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from one to three radicals W^C or one or more radicals R^{12C} , or

R^{2C} and R^{3C} may be attached to one another and form the ring M^C ,

R^{4C} represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -haloalkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylamino, C_2 - C_8 -dialkylamino, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino, C_3 - C_6 -trialkylsilyl or represents phenyl, benzyl or phenoxy, each of which may be mono- or polysubstituted, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylamino, C_2 - C_8 -dialkylamino, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino, $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkyl) $(C_3$ - C_6 -cycloalkyl)amino, C_2 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkylaminocarbonyl, C_3 - C_8 -dialkylaminocarbonyl and C_3 - C_6 -trialkylsilyl,

- R^{5C} and R^{8C} in each case independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen or represent in each case optionally substituted C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, R^{12C} , G^C , J^C , - OJ^C , - OG^C , - $S(O)_pJ^C$, - $S(O)_pG^C$, - $S(O)_p$ -phenyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from one to three radicals W or from the group consisting of R^{12C} , C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, where each substituent may be substituted by one or more substituents independently of one another selected from the group consisting of G^C , J^C , R^{6C} , halogen, cyano, nitro, amino, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylamino, C_2 - C_8 -dialkylamino, C_3 - C_6 -trialkylsilyl, phenyl and phenoxy, where each phenyl or phenoxy ring may optionally be substituted and where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from one to three radicals W or one or more radicals R^{12C} ,
- G^C in each case independently of the others represents a 5- or 6-membered non-aromatic carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring which may optionally contain one or two ring members from the group consisting of $C(=O)$, SO and $S(=O)_2$ and which may optionally be substituted by one to four substituents independently of one another selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_2 -alkyl, halogen, cyano, nitro and C_1 - C_2 -alkoxy, or independently of the others represents C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_7 -cycloalkyl, (cyano) C_3 - C_7 -cycloalkyl, (C_1 - C_4 -alkyl) C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, (C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl) C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, where each cycloalkyl, (alkyl)cycloalkyl and (cycloalkyl)alkyl may optionally be substituted by one or more halogen atoms,
- J^C in each case independently of the others represents an optionally substituted 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from one to three radicals W^C or one or more radicals R^{12C} ,
- R^{6C} independently of the others represents - $C(=E^{1C})R^{19C}$, - $L^C C(=E^{1C})R^{19C}$, - $C(=E^{1C})L^C R^{19C}$, - $L^C C(=E^{1C})L^C R^{19C}$, - $OP(=Q^C)(OR^{19C})_2$, - $SO_2 L^C R^{18C}$ or - $L^C SO_2 L^C R^{19C}$, where each E^{1C} independently of the others represents O, S, $N-R^{15C}$, $N-OR^{15C}$, $N-N(R^{15C})_2$, $N-S=O$, $N-CN$ or $N-NO_2$,
- R^{7C} represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl,
- R^{9C} represents C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfinyl or halogen,
- R^{10C} represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, halogen, cyano or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy,

- R^{11C} in each case independently of the others represents in each case optionally mono- to trisubstituted C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfenyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfenyl, phenylthio or phenylsulfenyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of W^C ,
 5 $-S(O)_nN(R^{16C})_2$, $-C(=O)R^{13C}$, $-L^C(C=O)R^{14C}$, $-S(C=O)L^CR^{14C}$, $-C(=O)L^CR^{13C}$,
 $-S(O)_nNR^{13C}C(=O)R^{13C}$, $-S(O)_nNR^{13C}C(=O)L^CR^{14C}$ and $-S(O)_nNR^{13C}S(O)_2L^CR^{14C}$,
 L^C in each case independently of the others represents O, NR^{18C} or S,
 R^{12C} in each case independently of the others represents $-B(OR^{17C})_2$, amino, SH, thiocyanato, C_3 - C_8 -trialkylsilyloxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl disulfide, $-SF_5$, $-C(=E^{1C})R^{19C}$,
 10 $-L^CC(=E^{1C})R^{19C}$, $-C(=E^{1C})L^CR^{19C}$, $-L^CC(=E^{1C})L^CR^{19C}$, $-OP(=Q^C)(OR^{19C})_2$, $-SO_2L^CR^{19C}$ or $-L^CSO_2L^CR^{19C}$,
 Q^C represents O or S,
 R^{13C} in each case independently of the others represents hydrogen or represents in each case optionally mono- or polysubstituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkynyl or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be
 15 selected from the group consisting of R^{6C} , halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylamino, C_2 - C_8 -dialkylamino, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino and $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl) C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino,
 R^{14C} in each case independently of the others represents in each case optionally mono- or polysubstituted C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{20} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_{20} -alkynyl or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of R^6 , halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylamino, C_2 - C_8 -dialkylamino, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino and $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl) C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino or represents in each case optionally
 20 substituted phenyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from one to three radicals W^C or one or more radicals R^{12C} ,
 R^{15C} in each case independently of one another of the others represents hydrogen or represents in each case optionally mono- or polysubstituted C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylamino, C_2 - C_8 -dialkylamino, C_2 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, C_3 - C_6 -trialkylsilyl and optionally substituted phenyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be
 30 selected from one to three radicals W or one or more radicals R^{12C} , or $N(R^{15C})_2$
 35 represents a cycle which forms the ring M^C ,

- R^{16C} represents C_1 - C_{12} -alkyl or C_1 - C_{12} -haloalkyl, or $N(R^{16C})_2$ represents a cycle which forms the ring M^C ,
- R^{17C} in each case independently of the others represents hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, or $B(OR^{17C})_2$ represents a ring in which the two oxygen atoms are attached via a chain to two to three carbon atoms, which are optionally substituted by one or two substituents independently of one another selected from the group consisting of methyl and C_2 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl,
- R^{18C} in each case independently of the others represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, or $N(R^{18C})(R^{18C})$ represents a cycle which forms the ring M^C ,
- R^{19C} in each case independently of the others represents hydrogen or represents in each case optionally mono- or polysubstituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylamino, C_2 - C_8 -dialkylamino, CO_2H , C_2 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, C_3 - C_6 -trialkylsilyl and optionally substituted phenyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from one to three radicals W^C , C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl or phenyl or pyridyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by W^C ,
- M^C in each case represents an optionally mono- to tetrasubstituted ring which, in addition to the nitrogen atom attached to the substituent pair R^{13C} and R^{18C} , $(R^{15C})_2$ or $(R^{16C})_2$ contains two to six carbon atoms and optionally additionally a further nitrogen, sulfur or oxygen atom, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_2 -alkyl, halogen, cyano, nitro and C_1 - C_2 -alkoxy,
- W^C in each case independently of the others represents C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylamino, C_2 - C_8 -dialkylamino, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino, $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl) C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino, C_2 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, CO_2H , C_2 - C_6 -alkylaminocarbonyl, C_3 - C_8 -dialkylaminocarbonyl or C_3 - C_6 -trialkylsilyl,
- n represents 0 or 1,
- p represents 0, 1 or 2,
- where, if (a) R^{5C} represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -haloalkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio or halogen

and (b) R^{8C} represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -haloalkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, halogen, C_2 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkylaminocarbonyl or C_3 - C_8 dialkylaminocarbonyl, (c) at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of R^{6C} , R^{11C} and R^{12C} is present and (d) if R^{12C} is not present, at least one R^{6C} or R^{11C} is different from C_2 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkylamino-carbonyl and C_3 - C_8 -dialkylaminocarbonyl, and

the compounds of the general formula (III) furthermore comprise N-Oxides and salts,

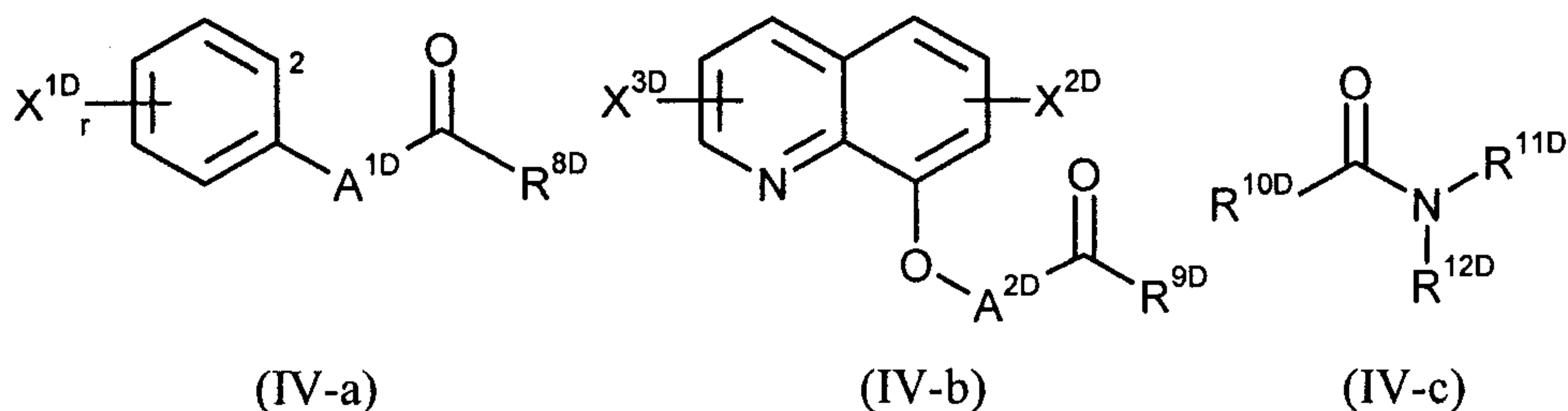
and

(b) at least one crop plant compatibility-improving compound from the following group of compounds:

4-dichloroacetyl-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane (AD-67, MON-4660), 1-dichloroacetyl-hexahydro-3,3,8a-trimethylpyrrolo[1,2-a]pyrimidin-6(2H)-one (dicyclonon, BAS-145138), 4-dichloroacetyl-3,4-dihydro-3-methyl-2H-1,4-benzoxazine (benoxacor), 1-methylhexyl 5-chloroquinolin-8-oxy-acetate (cloquintocet-mexyl - cf. also related compounds in EP-A-86750, EP-A-94349, EP-A-191736, EP-A-492366), 3-(2-chlorobenzyl)-1-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)urea (cumyluron), α -(cyanomethoximino)phenylacetone nitrile (cyometrinil), 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D), 4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)butyric acid (2,4-DB), 1-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)-3-(4-methylphenyl)urea (daimuron, dymron), 3,6-dichloro-2-methoxybenzoic acid (dicamba), S-1-methyl-1-phenylethyl piperidine-1-thiocarboxylate (dimepiperate), 2,2-dichloro-N-(2-oxo-2-(2-propenylamino)ethyl)-N-(2-propenyl)acetamide (DKA-24), 2,2-dichloro-N,N-di-2-propenylacetamide (dichlormid), 4,6-dichloro-2-phenylpyrimidine (fenclozim), ethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-trichloromethyl-1H-1,2,4-triazole-3-carboxylate (fenchlorazole-ethyl - cf. also related compounds in EP-A-174562 and EP-A-346620), phenylmethyl 2-chloro-4-trifluoromethylthiazole-5-carboxylate (flurazole), 4-chloro-N-(1,3-dioxolan-2-ylmethoxy)- α -trifluoroacetophenone oxime (fluxofenim), 3-dichloroacetyl-5-(2-furanyl)-2,2-dimethyloxazolidine (furilazole, MON-13900), ethyl 4,5-dihydro-5,5-diphenyl-3-isoxazolecarboxylate (isoxadifen-ethyl - cf. also related compounds in WO-A-95/07897), 1-(ethoxycarbonyl)ethyl-3,6-dichloro-2-methoxybenzoate (lactidichlor), (4-chloro-o-tolyloxy)acetic acid (MCPA), 2-(4-chloro-o-tolyloxy)propionic acid (mecoprop), diethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-5-methyl-1H-pyrazole-3,5-dicarboxylate (mefenpyr-diethyl - cf. also related compounds in WO-A-91/07874), 2-dichloromethyl-2-methyl-1,3-dioxolane (MG-191), 2-propenyl-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane 4-carbodithioate (MG-838), 1,8-naphthalic anhydride, α -(1,3-dioxolan-2-ylmethoximino)phenylacetone nitrile (oxabetrinil), 2,2-dichloro-N-(1,3-dioxolan-2-ylmethyl)-N-(2-propenyl)acetamide (PPG-

1292), 3-dichloroacetyl-2,2-dimethyloxazolidine (R-28725), 3-dichloroacetyl-2,2,5-trimethyloxazolidine (R-29148), 4-(4-chloro-o-tolyl)butyric acid, 4-(4-chlorophenoxy)butyric acid, diphenylmethoxyacetic acid, methyl diphenylmethoxyacetate, ethyl diphenylmethoxyacetate, methyl 1-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylate, ethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylate, ethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-isopropyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylate, ethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylate, ethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylate (cf. also related compounds in EP-A-269806 and EP-A-333131), ethyl 5-(2,4-dichlorobenzyl)-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate, ethyl 5-phenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate, ethyl 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-phenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate (cf. also related compounds in WO-A-91/08202), 1,3-dimethylbut-1-yl 5-chloroquinolin-8-oxyacetate, 4-allyloxybutyl 5-chloroquinolin-8-oxyacetate, 1-allyloxyprop-2-yl 5-chloroquinolin-8-oxyacetate, methyl 5-chloroquinoxalin-8-oxyacetate, ethyl 5-chloroquinolin-8-oxyacetate, allyl 5-chloroquinoxalin-8-oxyacetate, 2-oxoprop-1-yl 5-chloroquinolin-8-oxyacetate, diethyl 5-chloroquinolin-8-oxymalonate, diallyl 5-chloroquinoxalin-8-oxymalonate, diethyl 5-chloroquinolin-8-oxymalonate (cf. also related compounds in EP-A-582198), 4-carboxychroman-4-ylacetic acid (AC-304415, cf. EP-A-613618), 4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid, 3,3'-dimethyl-4-methoxybenzophenone, 1-bromo-4-chloromethylsulfonylbenzene, 1-[4-(N-2-methoxybenzoylsulfamoyl)phenyl]-3-methylurea (alias N-(2-methoxybenzoyl)-4-[(methylaminocarbonyl)amino]benzenesulfonamide), 1-[4-(N-2-methoxybenzoylsulfamoyl)phenyl]-3,3-dimethylurea, 1-[4-(N-4,5-dimethylbenzoylsulfamoyl)phenyl]-3-methylurea, 1-[4-(N-naphthylsulfamoyl)phenyl]-3,3-dimethylurea, N-(2-methoxy-5-methylbenzoyl)-4-(cyclopropylaminocarbonyl)benzenesulfonamide,

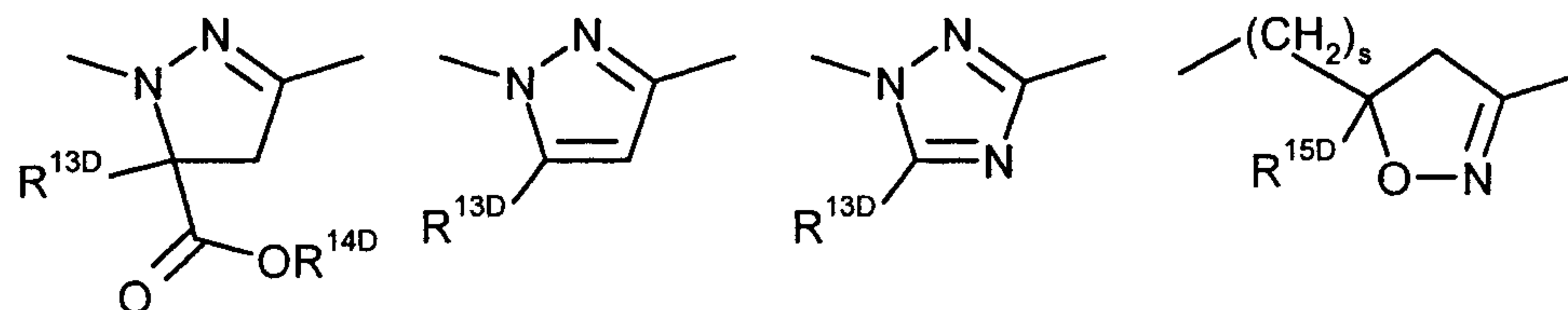
and/or one of the following compounds of the general formulae (IV-a), (IV-b), (IV-c)



where

r represents 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5,

A^{1D} represents one of the divalent heterocyclic groupings outlined below,



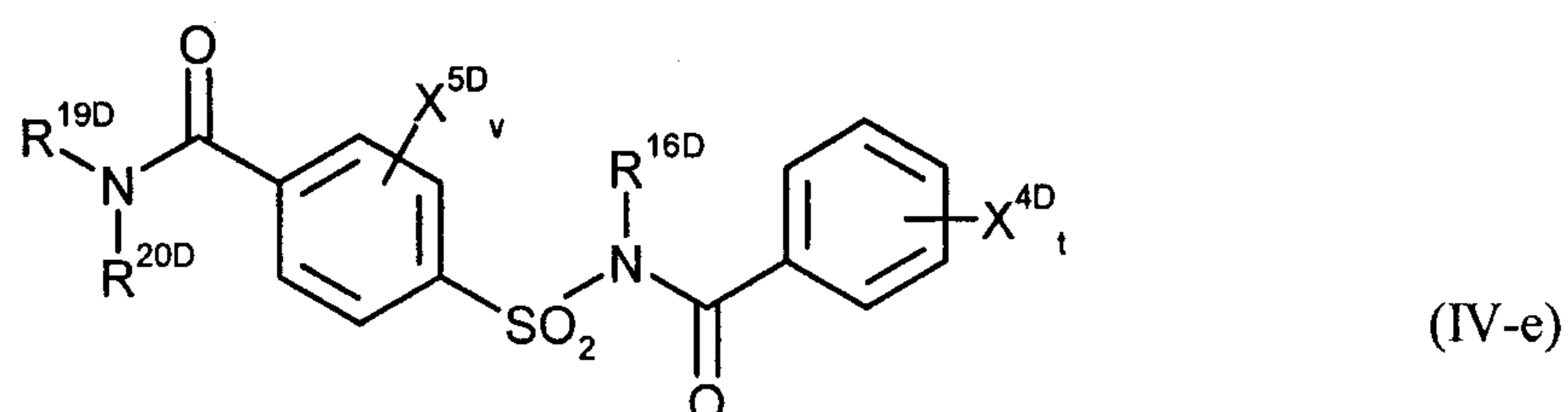
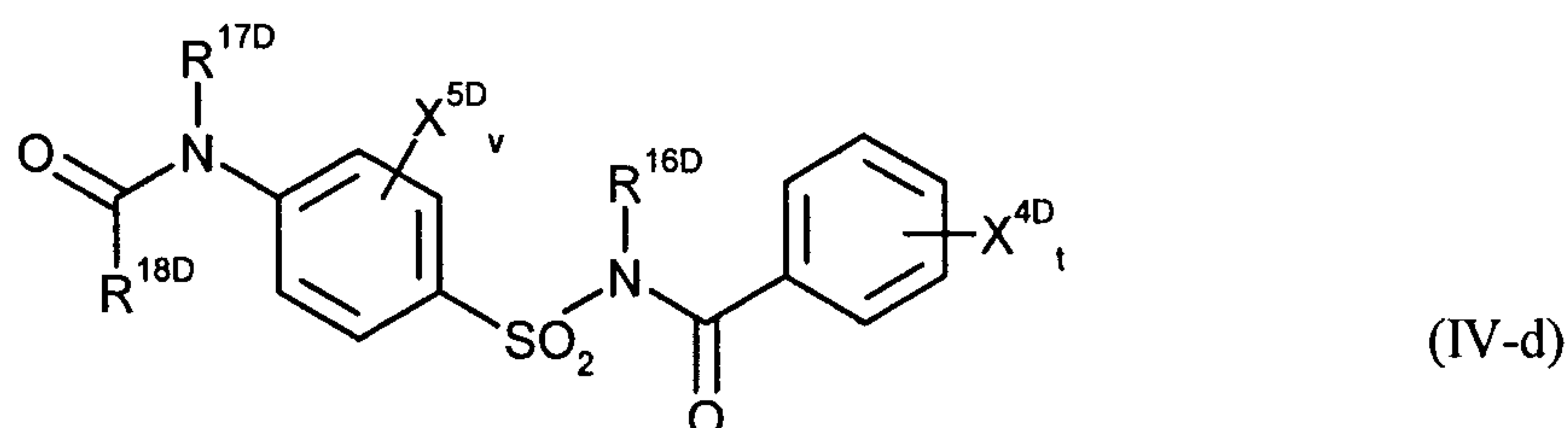
- s represents 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5,
- A^{2D} represents optionally C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-carbonyl- and/or C₁-C₄-alkenyloxy-carbonyl-substituted C₁-C₂-alkanediyl,
- 5 R^{8D} represents hydroxyl, mercapto, amino, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylamino or di-(C₁-C₄-alkyl)amino,
- R^{9D} represents hydroxyl, mercapto, amino, C₁-C₇-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkenyloxy, C₁-C₆-alkenyloxy-C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylamino or di-(C₁-C₄-alkyl)amino,
- 10 R^{10D} represents in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted C₁-C₄-alkyl,
- R^{11D} represents hydrogen, represents in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl or C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, dioxolanyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, furyl, furyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, thienyl, thiazolyl,
- 15 piperidinyl, or optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine- or C₁-C₄-alkyl-substituted phenyl,
- R^{12D} represents hydrogen, in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl or C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, dioxolanyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, furyl, furyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, piperidinyl, or
- 20 optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine- or C₁-C₄-alkyl-substituted phenyl,
- R^{11D} and R^{12D} also together represent C₃-C₆-alkanediyl or C₂-C₅-oxaalkanediyl, each of which is optionally substituted by C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, furyl, a fused benzene ring or by two substituents which together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a 5- or 6-membered carbocycle,
- 25 R^{13D} represents hydrogen, cyano, halogen, or represents in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl or phenyl,
- R^{14D} represents hydrogen, optionally hydroxyl-, cyano-, halogen- or C₁-C₄-alkoxy-substituted C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl or tri-(C₁-C₄-alkyl)silyl,
- R^{15D} represents hydrogen, cyano, halogen, or represents in each case optionally fluorine-,
- 30 chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl or phenyl,
- X^{1D} represents nitro, cyano, halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy or C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy,

X^{2D} represents hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy,

X^{3D} represents hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy,

5

and/or one of the following compounds of the general formulae (IV-d), (IV-e)



where

- 10 t represents 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5,
- v represents 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4,
- R^{16D} represents hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl,
- R^{17D} represents hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl,
- 15 R^{18D} represents hydrogen, in each case optionally cyano-, halogen- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino or di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl)amino, or in each case optionally cyano-, halogen- or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl-substituted C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyloxy, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylthio or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylamino,
- 20 R^{19D} represents hydrogen, optionally cyano-, hydroxyl-, halogen- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, in each case optionally cyano- or halogen-substituted C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl or C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, or optionally cyano-, halogen- or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl-substituted C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl,
- 25 R^{20D} represents hydrogen, optionally cyano-, hydroxyl-, halogen- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, in each case optionally cyano- or halogen-substituted C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl or C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, optionally cyano-, halogen- or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl-substituted C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, or optionally nitro-, cyano-, halogen-, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl-, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl-, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy-substituted phenyl, or together with R^{19D} represents in each case optionally C_1 - C_4 -alkyl-substituted C_2 - C_6 -alkanediyl or C_2 - C_5 -oxaalkanediyl,

X^{4D} represents nitro, cyano, carboxy, carbamoyl, formyl, sulfamoyl, hydroxyl, amino, halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy or C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, and

X^{5D} represents nitro, cyano, carboxy, carbamoyl, formyl, sulfamoyl, hydroxyl, amino, halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy or C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy,

5 for controlling insects and/or arachnids.

In the definitions above and below, the saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon radicals, such as in alkyl, alkenyl or alkanediyl, are in each case straight-chain or branched- including in combination with heteroatoms, such as in alkoxy.

10

Unless indicated otherwise, optionally substituted radicals may be mono- or polysubstituted, where in the case of polysubstitution the substituents can be identical or different.

The definition C₁-C₂₀-alkyl comprises the largest range defined here for an alkyl radical. Specifically,
15 this definition comprises the meanings methyl, ethyl, n-, isopropyl, n-, iso-, sec-, tert-butyl, n-pentyl, 1-methylbutyl, 2-methylbutyl, 3-methylbutyl, 1-ethylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 1,2-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, and also in each case all isomeric hexyls (such as, for example, n-hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 2-methylpentyl, 3-methylpentyl, 4-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl, 2,3-dimethylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 3,3-dimethylbutyl, 1,1,2-trimethylpropyl, 1,2,2-trimethylpropyl, 1-ethylbutyl, 2-ethylbutyl, 1-ethyl-2-methylpropyl), heptyls (such as, for example, n-heptyl, 1-methylhexyl, 1-ethylpentyl, 2-ethylpentyl, 1-propylbutyl), octyls, nonyls, decyls, undecyls, dodecyls, tridecyls, tetradecyls, pentadecyls, hexadecyls, heptadecyls, octadecyls, nonadecyls and eicosyls.

These definitions may also be applied to alkyl radicals in combined meanings, such as, for example,
25 in alkoxy, alkylamine, haloalkyl or cycloalkylalkyl. The extent of the definition is determined by the respective given range of carbon atoms.

The definition C₂-C₂₀-alkenyl comprises the largest range defined here for an alkenyl radical. Specifically, this definition comprises in particular the meanings vinyl, 1-propenyl, 2-propenyl,
30 1-butenyl, 2-butenyl, 3-butenyl, 1-methyl-1-propenyl, 2-methyl-1-propenyl, 1-methyl-2-propenyl, 2-methyl-2-propenyl, 1-pentenyl, 2-pentenyl, 3-pentenyl, 4-pentenyl, 1-methyl-1-butenyl, 2-methyl-1-butenyl, 3-methyl-1-butenyl, 1-methyl-2-butenyl, 2-methyl-2-butenyl, 3-methyl-2-butenyl, 1-methyl-3-butenyl, 2-methyl-3-butenyl, 3-methyl-3-butenyl, 1,1-dimethyl-2-propenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-1-propenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-2-propenyl, 1-ethyl-1-propenyl, 1-ethyl-2-propenyl, 2-ethyl-2-propenyl,
35 1-propyl-vinyl, 1-hexenyl, 2-hexenyl, 3-hexenyl, 4-hexenyl, 5-hexenyl, 1-methyl-1-pentenyl, 2-methyl-1-pentenyl, 3-methyl-1-pentenyl, 4-methyl-1-pentenyl, 1-methyl-2-pentenyl, 2-methyl-

2-pentenyl, 3-methyl-2-pentenyl, 4-methyl-2-pentenyl, 1-methyl-3-pentenyl, 2-methyl-3-pentenyl, 3-methyl-3-pentenyl, 4-methyl-3-pentenyl, 1-methyl-4-pentenyl, 2-methyl-4-pentenyl, 3-methyl-4-pentenyl, 4-methyl-4-pentenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-1-butenyl, 1,3-dimethyl-1-butenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-1-butenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-1-butenyl, 3,3-dimethyl-1-butenyl, 1-ethyl-1-butenyl, 2-ethyl-1-butenyl, 5 1,1-dimethyl-2-butenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-2-butenyl, 1,3-dimethyl-2-butenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-2-butenyl, 1-ethyl-2-butenyl, 2-ethyl-2-butenyl, 1,1-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 1,3-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 2,2-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 1-ethyl-3-butenyl, 2-ethyl-3-butenyl, 1,1,2-trimethyl-2-propenyl, 1-ethyl-1-methyl-2-propenyl, 1-ethyl-2-methyl-2-propenyl, and also in each case all isomeric heptenyls, octenyls, nonenyls, decenyls, undecenyls, dodecenyls, tridecenyls, 10 tetradecenyls, pentadecenyls, hexadecenyls, heptadecenyls, octadecenyls, nonadecenyls and eicosenyls.

These definitions can also be applied to alkenyl radicals in combined meanings, such as, for example, in alkenyloxy or haloalkenyl. The extent of the definition is determined by the respective given range of carbon atoms.

15

The definition C₂-C₂₀-alkynyl comprises the largest range defined here for an alkynyl radical. Specifically, this definition comprises in particular the meanings ethynyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, 1-butyne, 2-butyne, 3-butyne, 1-methyl-2-propynyl, 1-pentyne, 2-pentyne, 3-pentyne, 4-pentyne, 3-methyl-1-butyne, 1-methyl-2-butyne, 1-methyl-3-butyne, 2-methyl-3-butyne, 1,1-dimethyl-20 2-propynyl, 1-ethyl-2-propynyl, 1-hexynyl, 2-hexynyl, 3-hexynyl, 4-hexynyl, 5-hexynyl, 3-methyl-1-pentyne, 4-methyl-1-pentyne, 1-methyl-2-pentyne, 4-methyl-2-pentyne, 1-methyl-3-pentyne, 2-methyl-3-pentyne, 1-methyl-4-pentyne, 2-methyl-4-pentyne, 3-methyl-4-pentyne, 3,3-dimethyl-1-butyne, 1,1-dimethyl-2-butyne, 1-ethyl-2-butyne, 1,1-dimethyl-3-butyne, 1,2-dimethyl-3-butyne, 2,2-dimethyl-3-butyne, 1-ethyl-3-butyne, 2-ethyl-3-butyne, and also in each case all 25 isomeric heptynyls, octynylyls, nonynylyls, decynylyls, undecynylyls, dodecynylyls, tridecynylyls, tetradecynylyls, pentadecynylyls, hexadecynylyls, heptadecynylyls, octadecynylyls, nonadecynylyls and eicosynylyls.

These definitions may also be applied to alkynyl radicals in combined meanings, such as, for example, in alkynyloxy or haloalkynyl. The extent of the definition is determined by the respective given range of carbon atoms.

30

The definition C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl comprises the largest range defined here for a cycloalkyl radical. Specifically, this definition comprises the meanings cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl and cyclooctyl.

These definitions may also be applied to cycloalkyl radicals in combined meanings, such as, for example, in halocycloalkyl, cycloalkylamino or cycloalkylalkyl. The extent of the definition is 35 determined by the respective given range of carbon atoms.

Oximino (hydroxyimino) represents a substituent $=N-OH$ where the hydrogen atom may be replaced by the substituents given in each case.

- 5 Hydrazono represents a substituent $=N-NH_2$ where the two hydrogen atoms may each be replaced by the substituents given.

10 Aryl represents a mono- or polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon radical, preferably a mono- to tricyclic radical having 6 to 14 carbon atoms, particularly preferably phenyl, naphthyl, anthracenyl or phenanthrenyl, very particularly preferably phenyl.

Heterocyclyl represents a mono- or bicyclic 3- to 10-membered radical which may be fully saturated, partially saturated or fully unsaturated or aromatic and which may be interrupted by at least one or more identical or different atoms from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur or oxygen, where, 15 however, two oxygen atoms must not be directly adjacent and where at least one carbon atom must still be present in the ring. Heterocycles which may be mentioned are, in particular: thiophene, furan, pyrrole, thiazole, oxazole, imidazole, isothiazole, isoxazole, pyrazole, 1,3,4-oxadiazole, 1,3,4-thiadiazole, 1,3,4-triazole, 1,2,4-oxadiazole, 1,2,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,4-triazole, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,3,4-tetrazole, benzo[b]thiophene, benzo[b]furan, indole, benzo[c]thiophene, benzo[c]furan, 20 isoindole, benzoxazole, benzothiazole, benzimidazole, benzisoxazole, benzisothiazole, benzopyrazole, benzothiadiazole, benzotriazole, dibenzofuran, dibenzothiophene, carbazole, pyridine, pyrazine, pyrimidine, pyridazine, 1,3,5-triazine, 1,2,4-triazine, 1,2,4,5-tetrazine, quinoline, isoquinoline, quinoxaline, quinazoline, cinnoline, 1,8-naphthyridine, 1,5-naphthyridine, 1,6-naphthyridine, 1,7-naphthyridine, phthalazine, pyridopyrimidine, purine, pteridine, 25 4H-quinolizine, piperidine, pyrrolidine, oxazoline, tetrahydrofuran, tetrahydropyran, tetrahydrothiopyran, tetrahydrothiophene, isoxazolidine or thiazolidine.

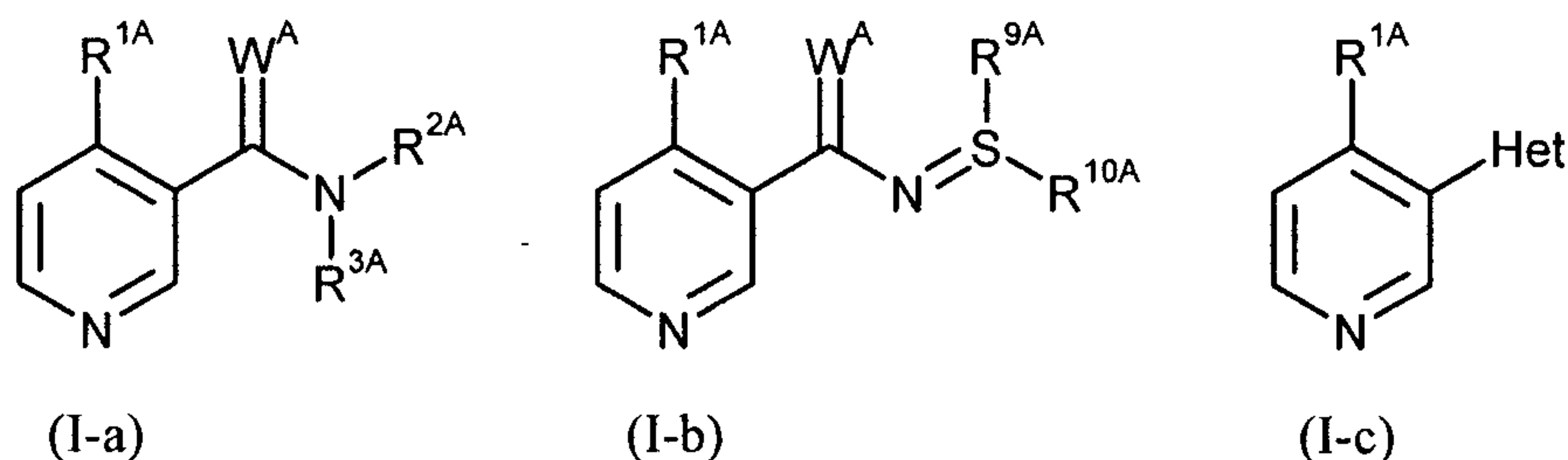
Hetaryl or heteroaryl represents the substituted-group of definitions from heterocyclyl which is limited to the heteroaromatic ring systems.

30

Depending inter alia on the nature of the substituents, the compounds of the formula (I) may be present as geometrical and/or optical isomers or isomer mixtures of varying composition which, if appropriate, may be separated in a customary manner. Suitable for use in the compositions according to the invention and for the use according to the invention are both the pure isomers and the isomer 35 mixtures. However, for the sake of simplicity, only compounds of the formula (I) are referred to,

although what is meant are both the pure compounds and, if appropriate, also mixtures having varying proportions of isomeric compounds.

Including the individual meanings of A^A , the following principle structures (I-a), (I-b) and (I-c) result:



5

The formula (I) provides a general definition of the haloalkylnicotinic acid derivatives of the acaricidal and/or insecticidal compositions. Preferred substituents or ranges of the radicals listed in the formulae mentioned above and below are illustrated below:

10 R^{1A} preferably represents C_1 - C_4 -alkyl which is mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of fluorine and chlorine, particularly preferably CF_3 , CHF_2 or CF_2Cl , very particularly preferably CF_3 ;

R^{2A} and R^{3A} independently of one another preferably represent hydrogen or hydroxyl, represent C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of R^{4A} and oximino, where the substituent oximino for its part is unsubstituted or may be substituted by C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, cyano- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl-carbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy-carbonyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aryl (in particular phenyl) or $-CH_2$ -aryl (in particular benzyl), represent $-C(=X^A)-Y^A$, or represent aryl (in particular phenyl), heterocyclyl (in particular pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, furyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrothiopyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl, tetrahydrothienyl), $-CH_2$ -aryl (in particular benzyl) or $-CH_2$ -heterocyclyl (in particular $-CH_2$ -pyridinyl, $-CH_2$ -pyrimidinyl, $-CH_2$ -pyridazinyl, $-CH_2$ -pyrazinyl, $-CH_2$ -thiazolyl, $-CH_2$ -isothiazolyl, $-CH_2$ -oxazolyl, $-CH_2$ -isoxazolyl, furfuryl, thenyl, $-CH_2$ -pyrrolyl, $-CH_2$ -pyrazolyl, $-CH_2$ -thiadiazolyl, $-CH_2$ -tetrahydropyranyl, $-CH_2$ -tetrahydrothiopyranyl, $-CH_2$ -tetrahydrofuryl, $-CH_2$ -tetrahydrothienyl), each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents R^{5A} ,

30

or

- R^{2A} and R^{3A} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached preferably form a 3- to 8-membered saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic ring which optionally contains up to three further heteroatoms from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen and which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals from the group consisting of R^{4A} , C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl and oximino, where the substituent oximino for its part is unsubstituted or may be substituted by C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, cyano- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl-carbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy-carbonyl, di-(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aryl (in particular phenyl) or $-CH_2$ -aryl (in particular benzyl),
- 5 R^{4A} preferably represents halogen (particularly preferably fluorine, chlorine), C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, $-S(O)_n$ - C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, cyano, carboxyl, azido, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl-carbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy-carbonyl, nitro or di-(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)amino,
- R^{5A} preferably represents R^{4A} , C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl,
- 15 X^A preferably represents oxygen,
- X^A furthermore preferably represents sulfur,
- Y^A preferably represents R^{6A} , OR^{6A} , SR^{6A} , $NR^{7A}R^{8A}$,
- W^A preferably represents oxygen,
- W^A furthermore preferably represents sulfur,
- 20 R^{6A} preferably represents C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents R^{4A} , or represents aryl (in particular phenyl), heterocyclyl (in particular pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl), $-CH_2$ -aryl (in particular benzyl) or $-CH_2$ -heterocyclyl (in particular pyridinylmethyl, thenyl, furfuryl), each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different
- 25 substituents R^{5A} ,
- R^{7A} preferably represents hydroxyl, represents C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, hydroxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyloxy, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyloxy, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, $-O-CH_2$ - C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl,
- each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents
- 30 R^{4A} , represents aryl (in particular phenyl), heterocyclyl (in particular pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl), aryloxy (in particular phenoxy), heterocyclyloxy (in particular pyridinyloxy, thienyloxy, furyloxy), $-CH_2$ -aryl (in particular benzyl), $-O-CH_2$ -aryl (in particular benzyloxy), $-CH_2$ -heterocyclyl (in particular pyridinylmethyl, thenyl, furfuryl) or $-O-CH_2$ -heterocyclyl (in particular pyridinylmethoxy, thenyloxy, furfuryloxy), each of which is optionally mono- or
- 35 polysubstituted by identical or different substituents R^{5A} ,

- 5 R^{8A} preferably represents hydrogen, represents C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents R^{4A} , represents aryl (in particular phenyl), heterocyclyl (in particular pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl), $-CH_2$ -aryl (in particular benzyl) or $-CH_2$ -heterocyclyl (in particular pyridinylmethyl, thenyl, furfuryl), each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents R^{5A} ,
- 10 R^{9A} and R^{10A} independently of one another preferably represent C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl or C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents R^{4A} , represent $-C(=X^A)-Y^A$, represent aryl (in particular phenyl), heterocyclyl (in particular pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl), $-CH_2$ -aryl (in particular benzyl) or $-CH_2$ -heterocyclyl (in particular pyridinylmethyl, thenyl, furfuryl), each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents R^{5A} ,
- or
- 15 R^{9A} and R^{10A} together with the sulfur atom to which they are attached preferably form a 3- to 8-membered saturated or unsaturated heterocyclic ring which optionally contains up to three further heteroatoms from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen, and which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals from the group consisting of R^{4A} , C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, oxo, oximino and hydrazono, where the substituents oximino and hydrazono for their part are unsubstituted or may be substituted by C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, cyano- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkylthio- C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkyl-carbonyl, C_1 - C_8 -alkoxy-carbonyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_8 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aryl (in particular phenyl) or $-CH_2$ -aryl (in particular benzyl),
- 20
- Het represents a heterocyclic radical from the group consisting of thiophene, furan, pyrrole, thiazole, oxazole, imidazole, isothiazole, isoxazole, pyrazole, 1,3,4-oxadiazole, 1,3,4-thiadiazole, 1,3,4-triazole, 1,2,4-oxadiazole, 1,2,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,4-triazole, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,3,4-tetrazole, benzo[b]thiophene, benzo[b]furan, indole, benzo[c]thiophene, benzo[c]furan, isoindole, benzoxazole, benzothiazole, benzimidazole, benzisoxazole, benzisothiazole, benzopyrazole, benzothiadiazole, benzotriazole, 30 dibenzofuran, dibenzothiophene, carbazole, pyridine, pyrazine, pyrimidine, pyridazine, 1,3,5-triazine, 1,2,4-triazine, 1,2,4,5-tetrazine, quinoline, isoquinoline, quinoxaline, quinazoline, cinnoline, 1,8-naphthyridine, 1,5-naphthyridine, 1,6-naphthyridine, 1,7-naphthyridine, phthalazine, pyridopyrimidine, purine, pteridine, 4H-quinolizine, piperidine, pyrrolidine, oxazoline, tetrahydrofuran, tetrahydropyran, isoxazolidine or thiazolidine, where 35 the cyclic radical is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals from the group consisting of R^{4A} , C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, oxo, oximino and hydrazono, where the

substituents oximino and hydrazono for their part are unsubstituted or may be substituted by C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl, cyano-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylthio-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkyl-carbonyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy-carbonyl, di-(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aryl (in particular phenyl) or -CH₂-aryl (in particular benzyl).

The general or preferred radical definitions or illustrations given above can be combined with another as desired, i.e. including combinations between the respective ranges and preferred ranges.

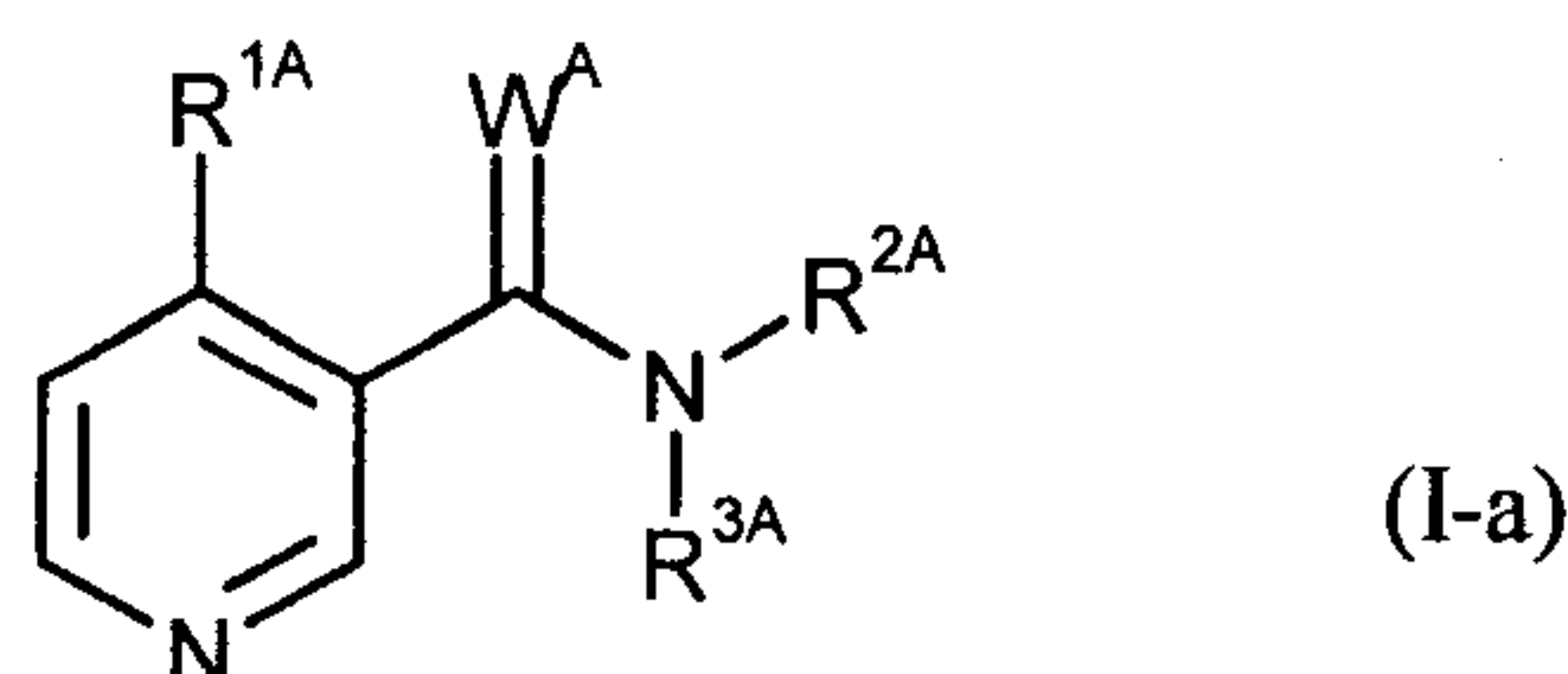
According to the invention, the insecticidal and/or acaricidal compositions preferably comprise compounds of the formula (I) which contain a combination of the meanings given above as being preferred (preferable).

According to the invention, the insecticidal and/or acaricidal compositions particularly preferably comprise compounds of the formula (I) which contain a combination of the meanings given above as being particularly preferred.

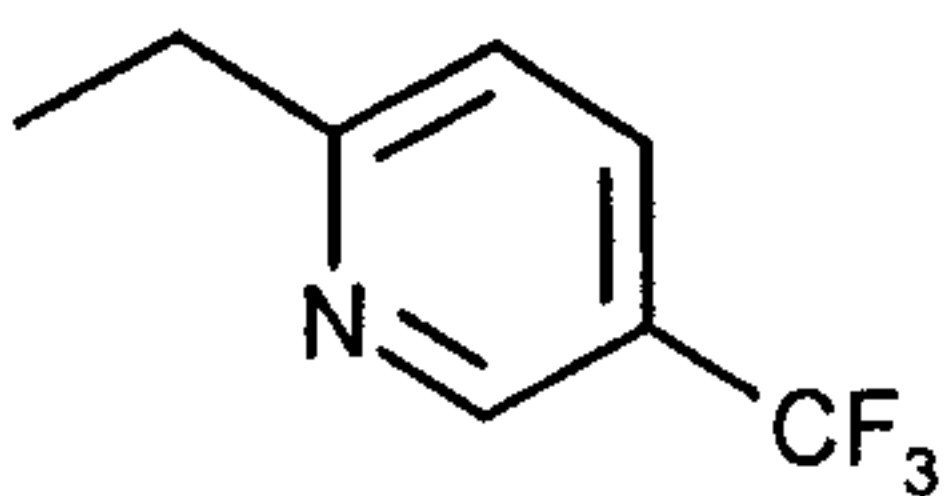
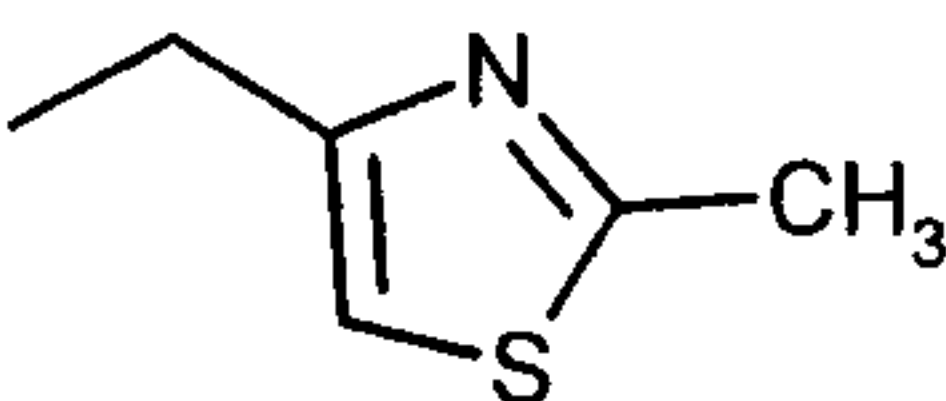
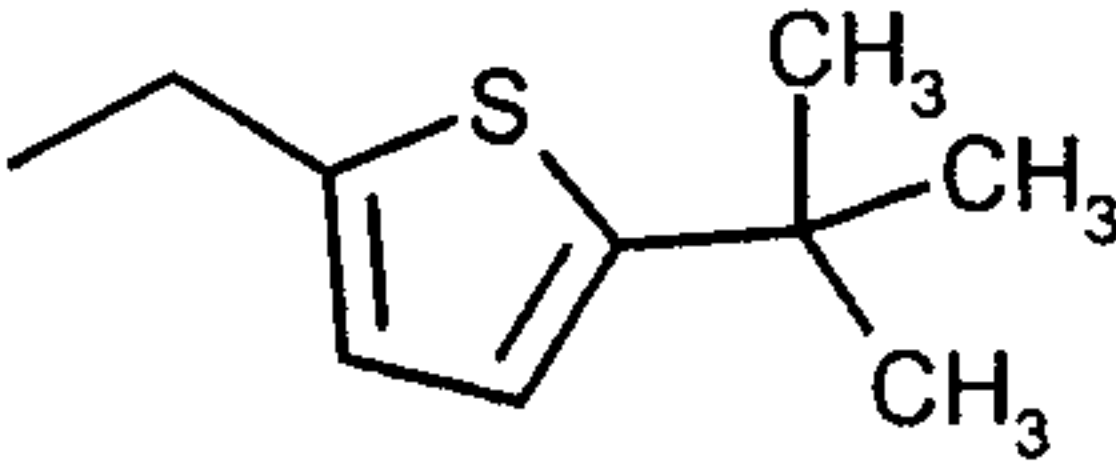
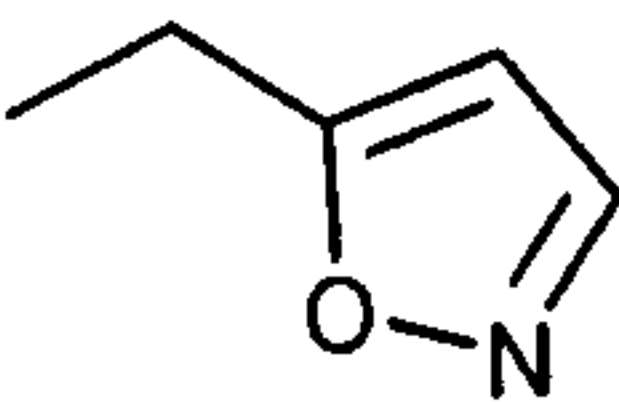
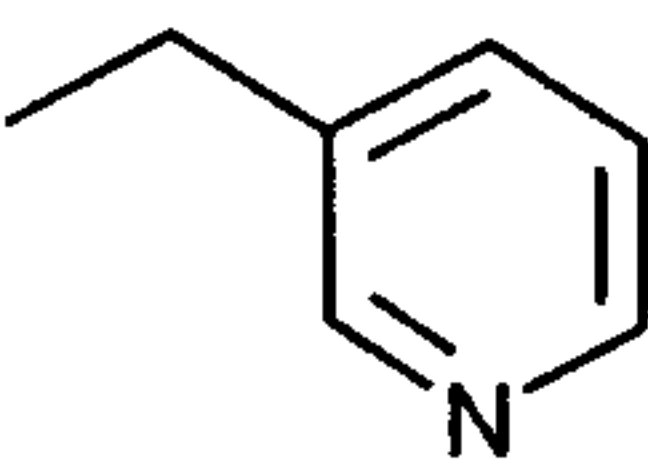
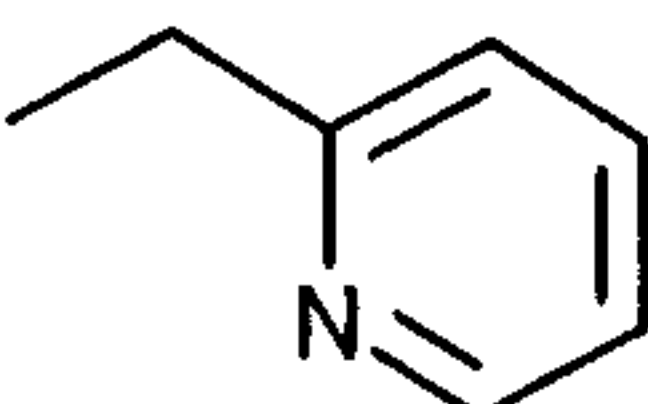
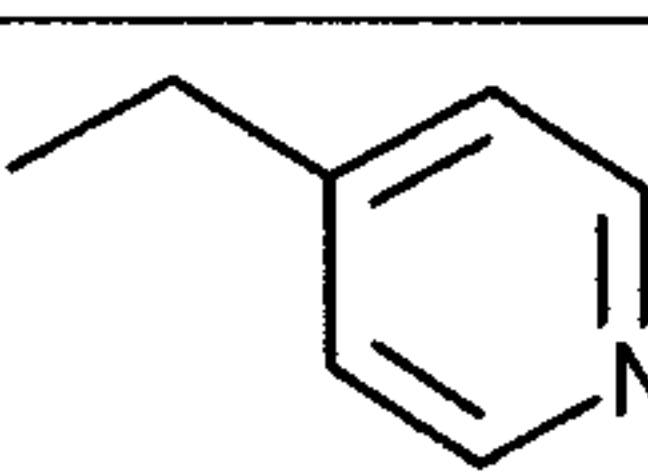
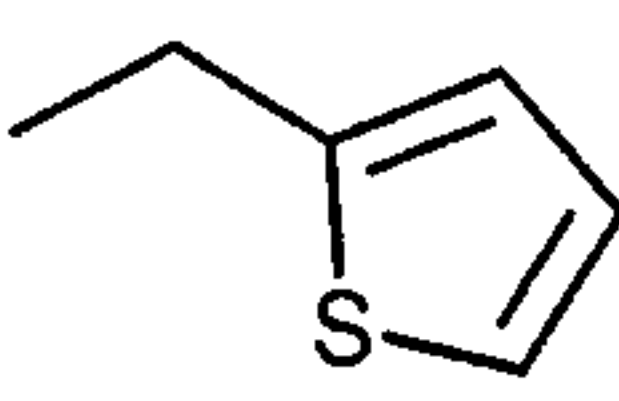
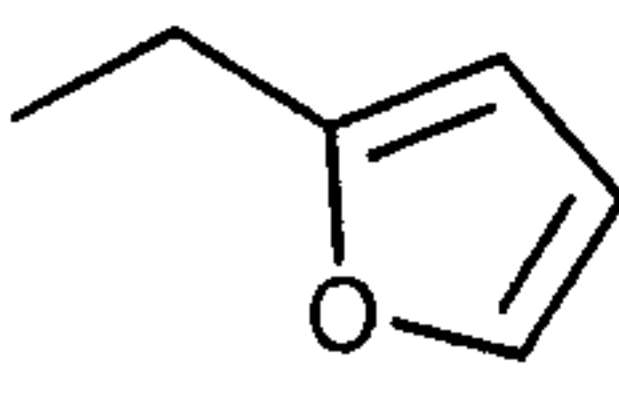
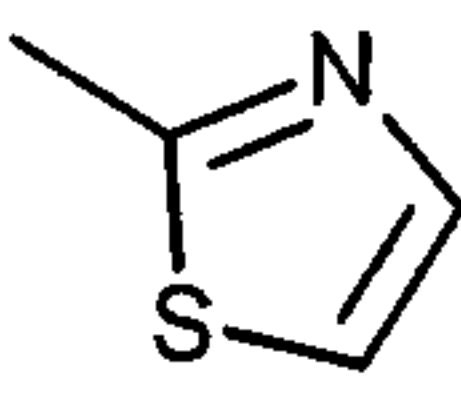
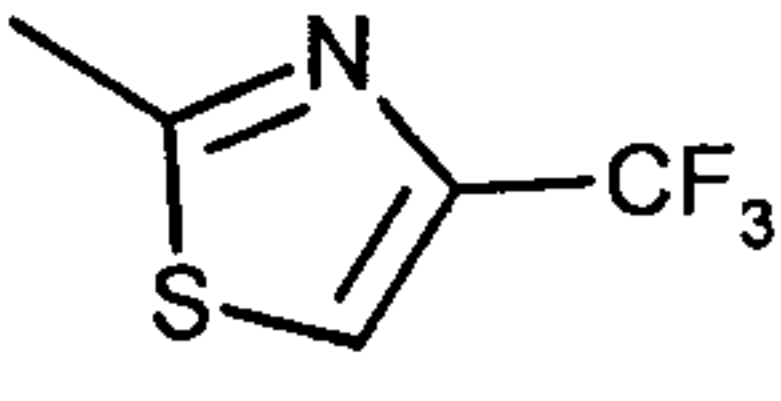
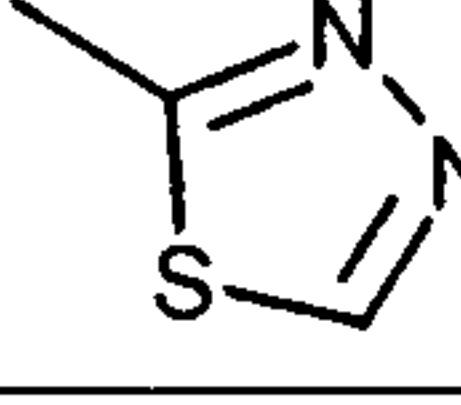
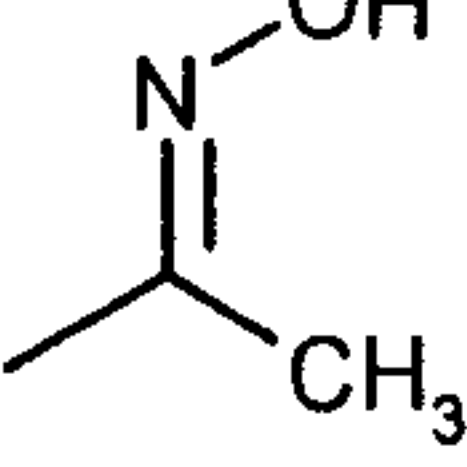
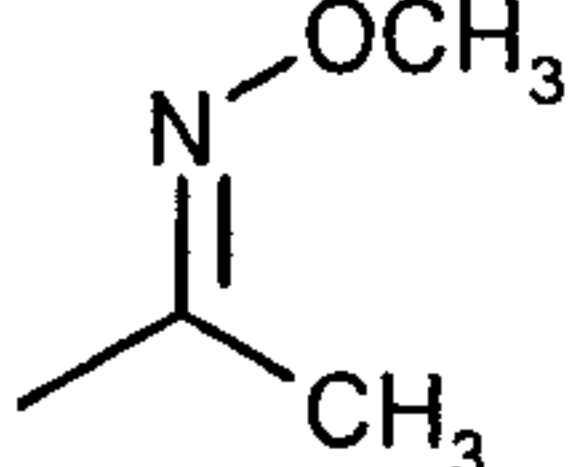
According to the invention, the insecticidal and/or acaricidal compositions very particularly preferably comprise compounds of the formula (I) which contain a combination of the meanings given above as being very particularly preferred.

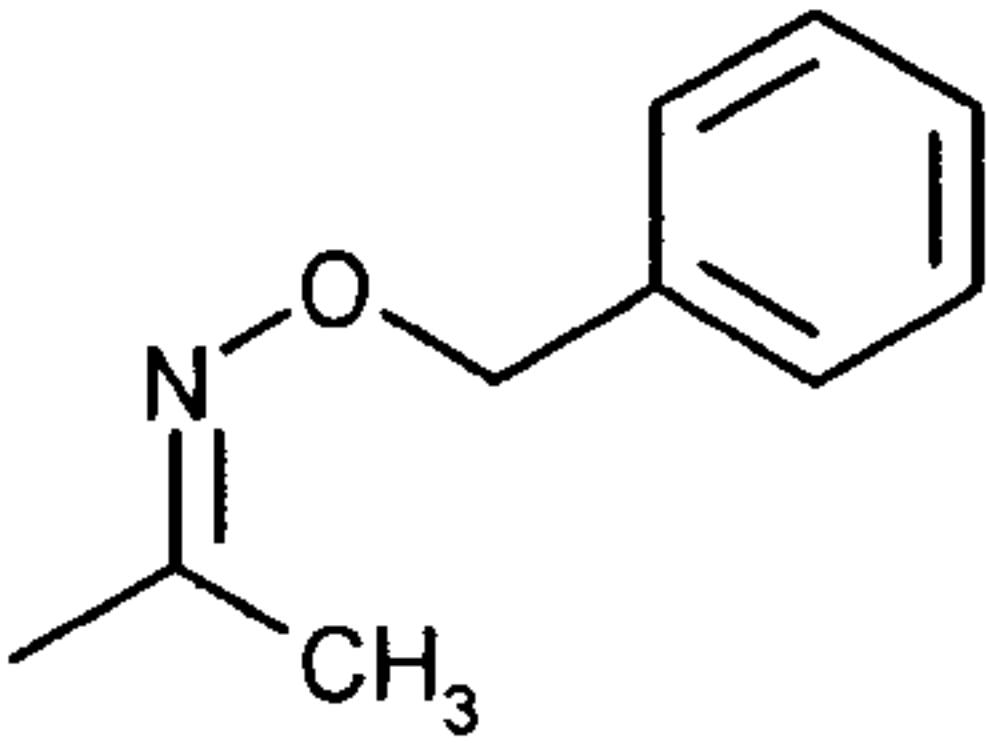
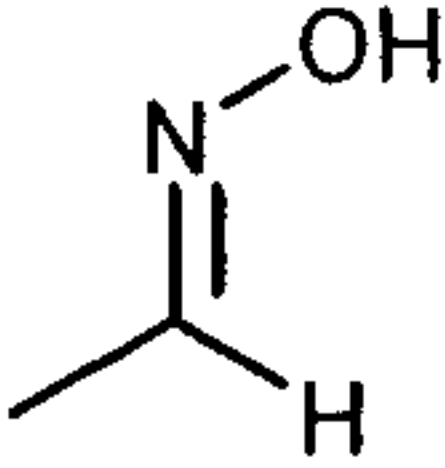
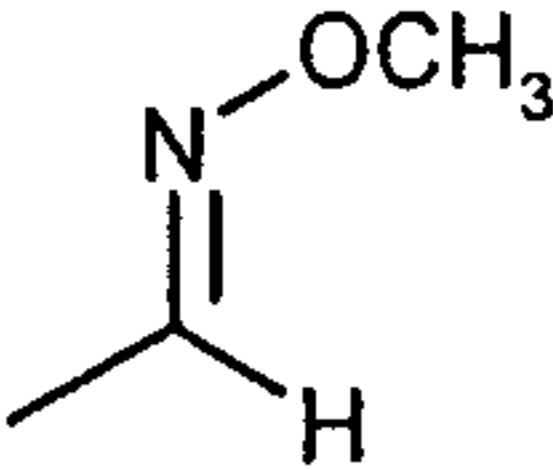
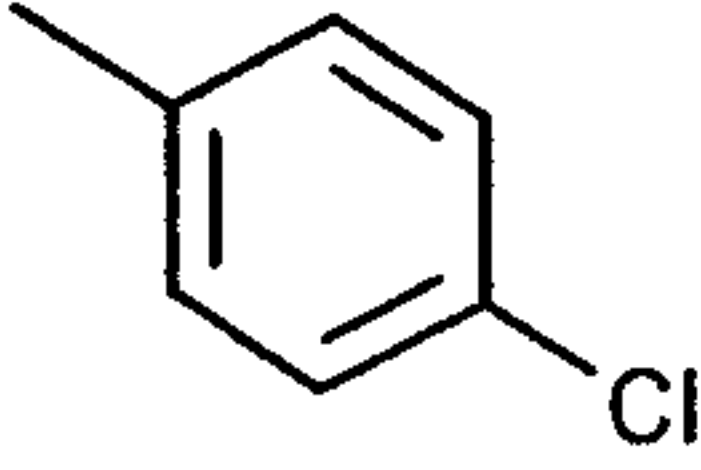
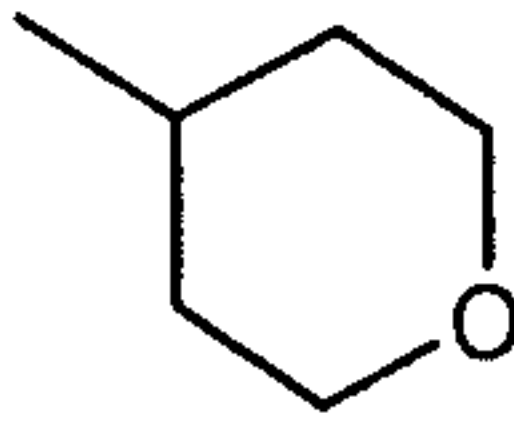
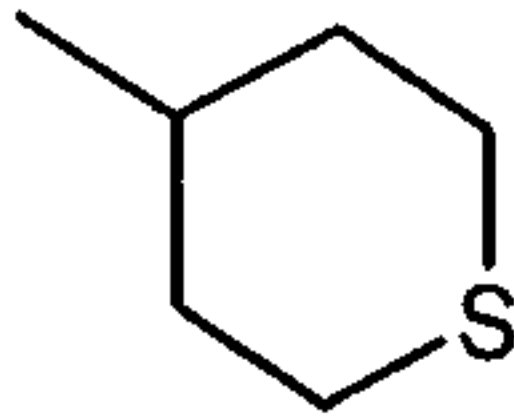
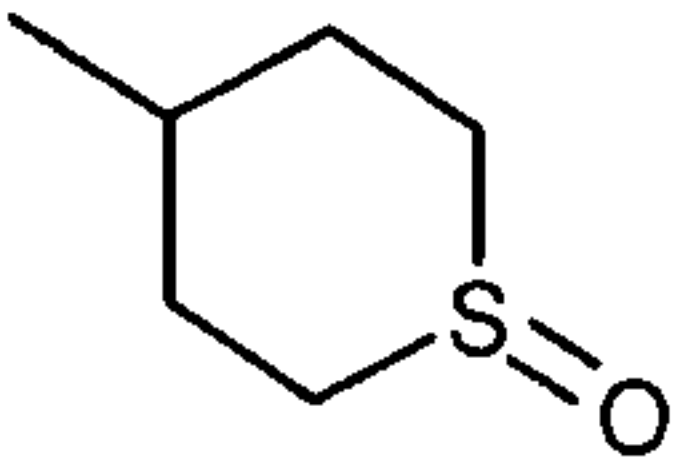
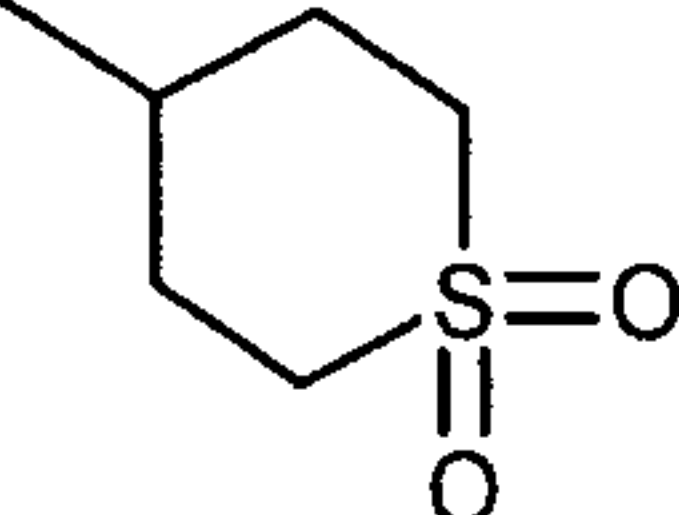
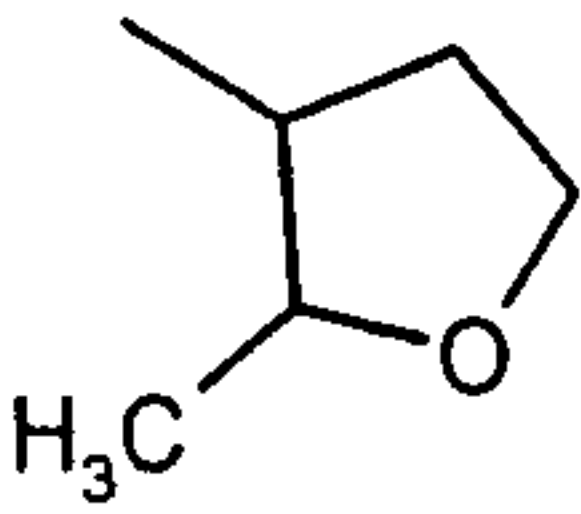
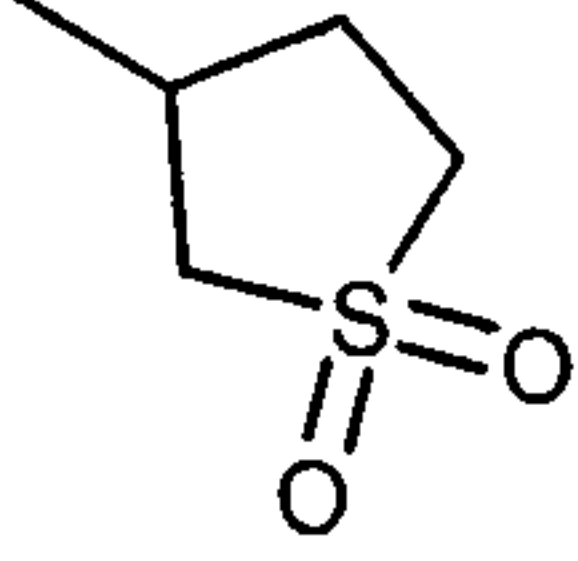
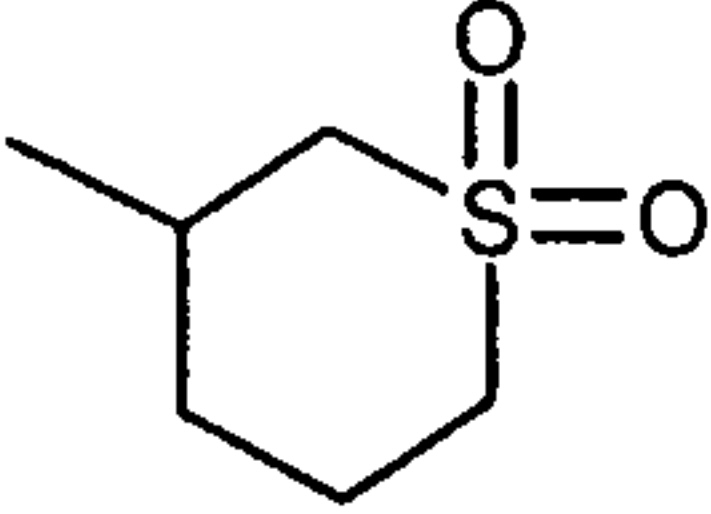
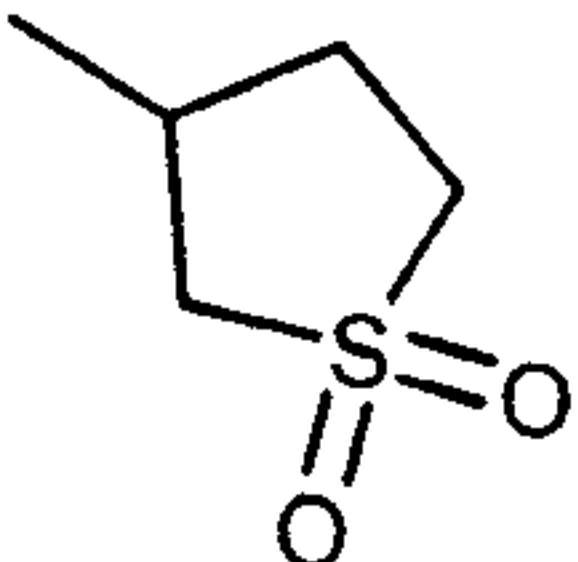
Specifically, particular mention may be made of the following compounds of the formula (I-a):

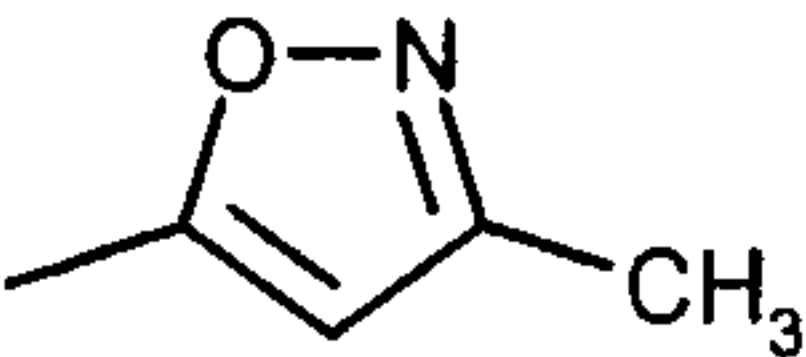
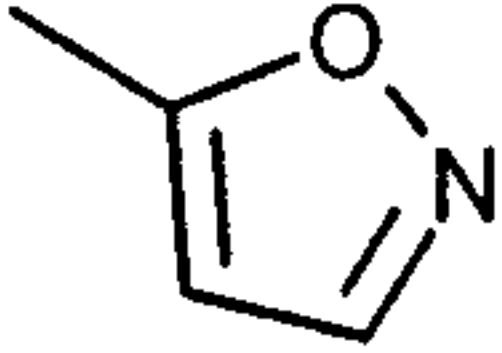
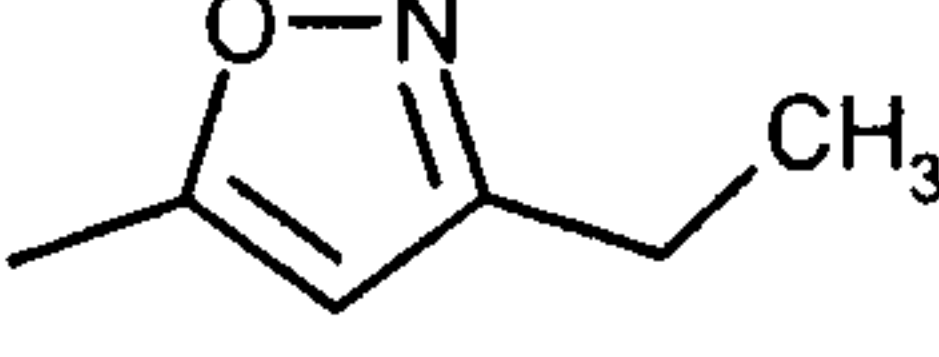
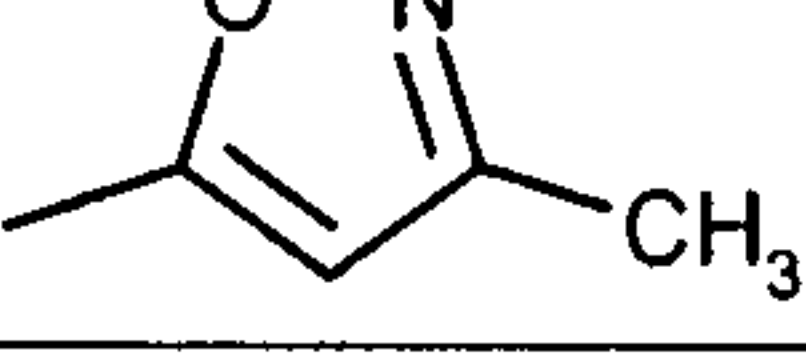
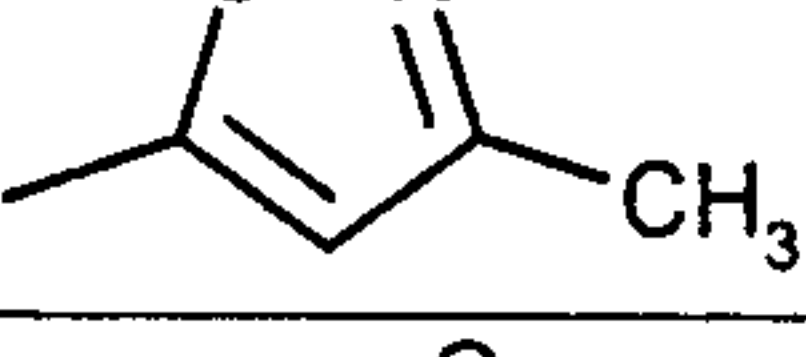
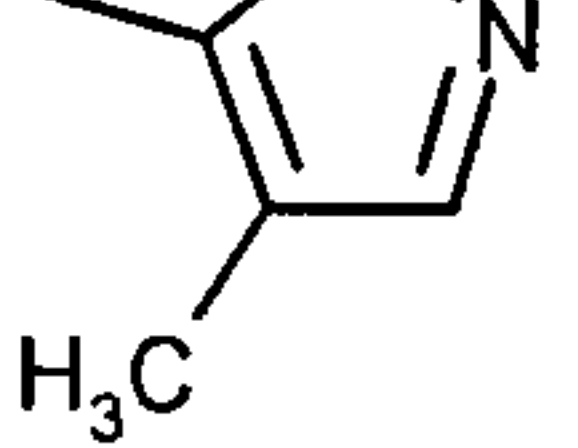
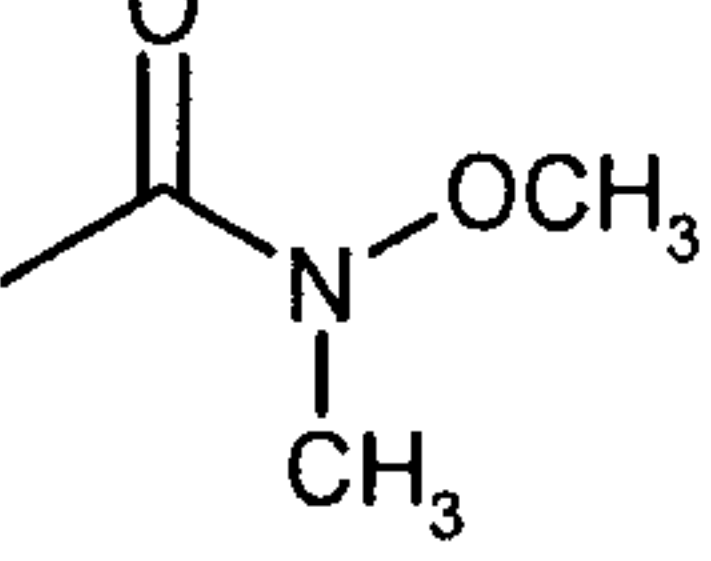
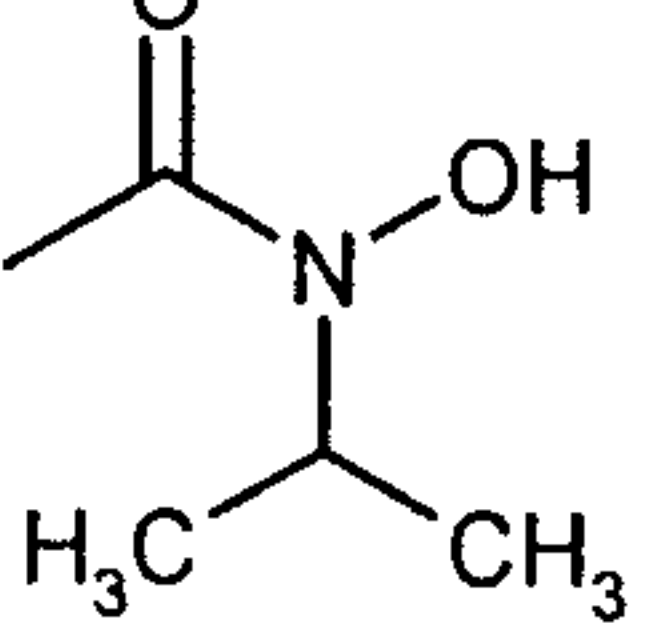
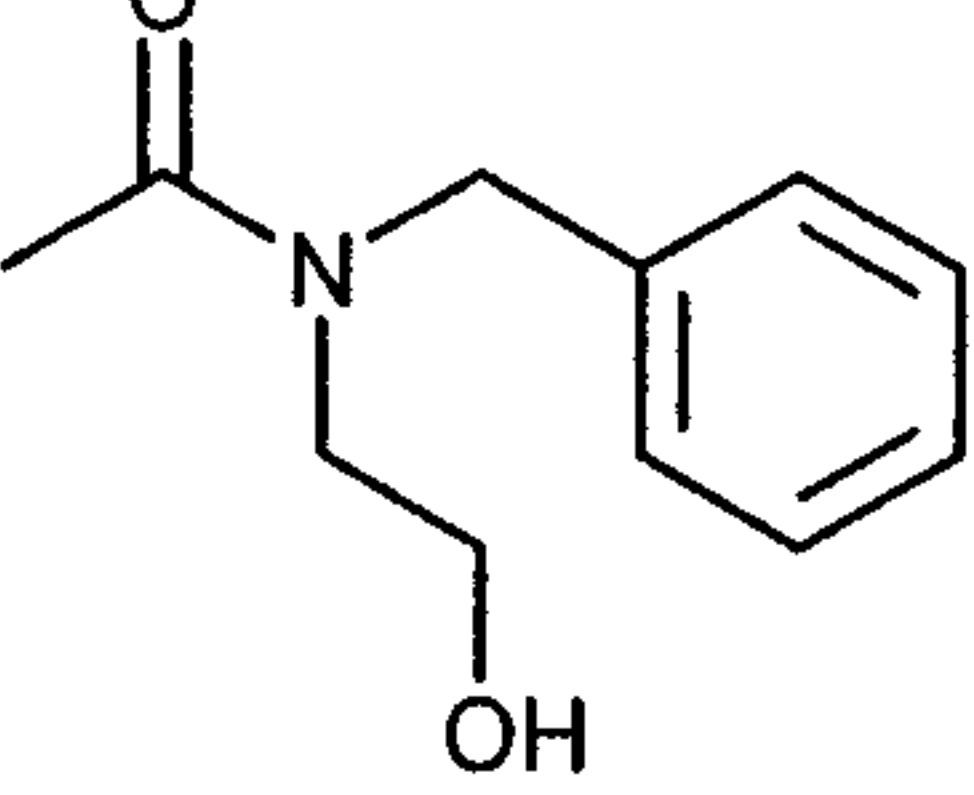
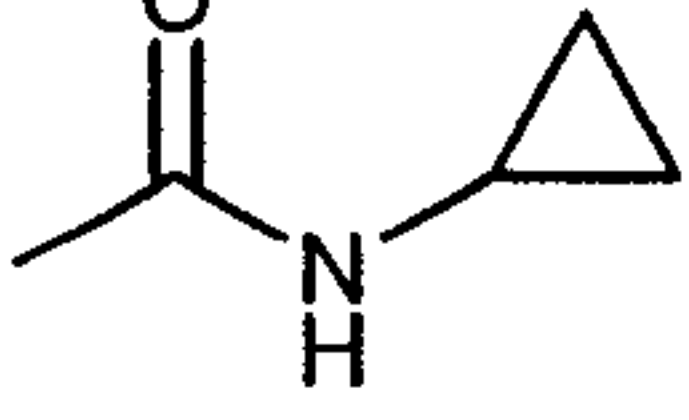
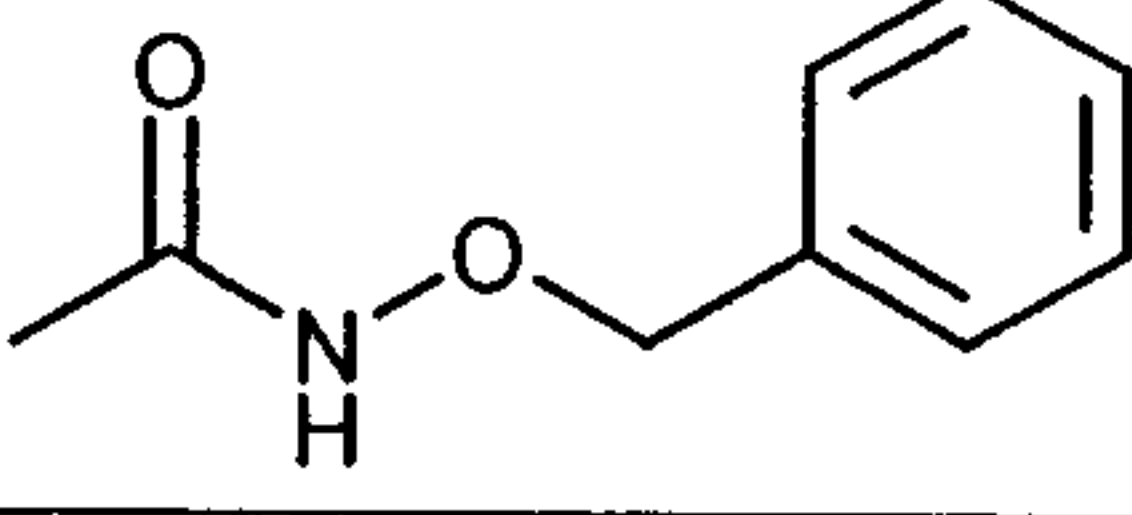
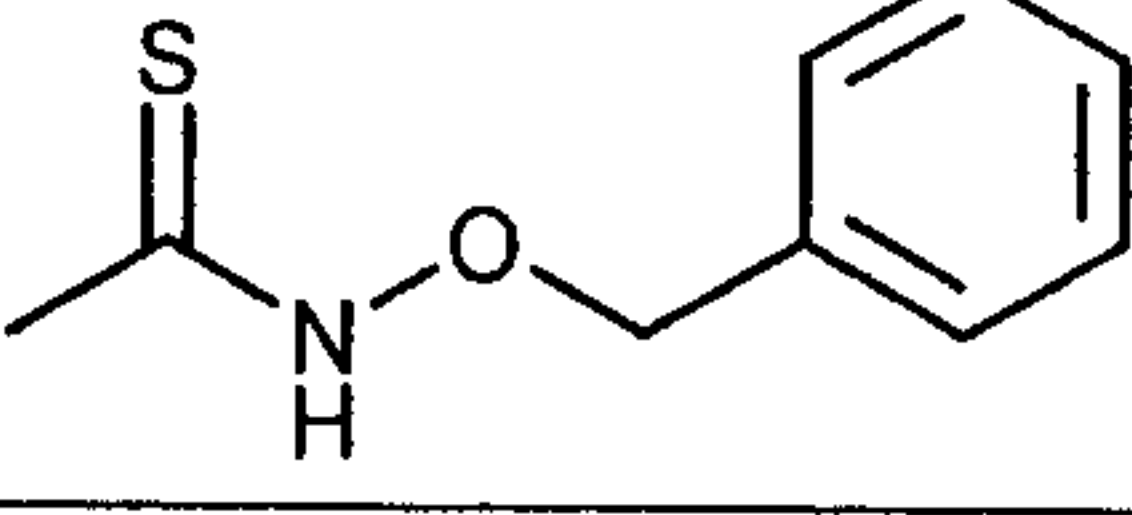
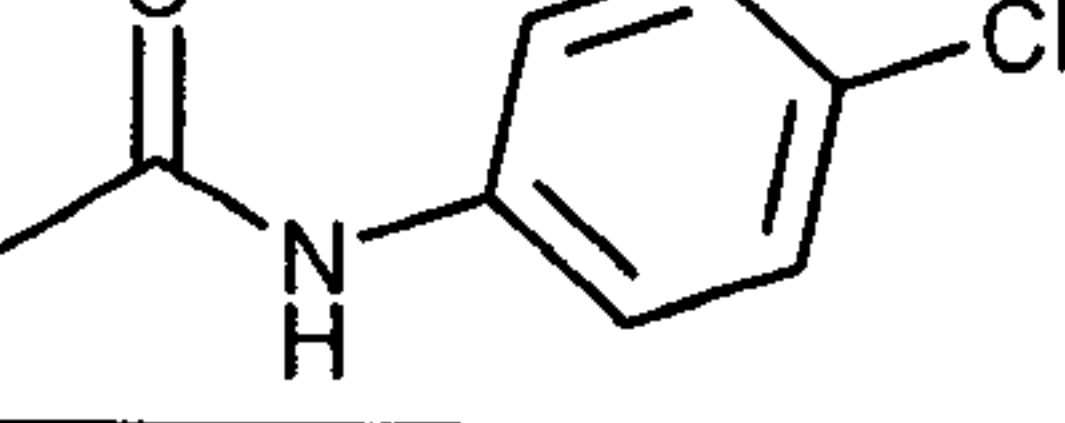
Table 1:



No.	R ^{1A}	W ^A	R ^{2A}	R ^{3A}
I-a-1	CF ₃	O	H	H
I-a-2	CF ₃	O	H	CH ₂ CN
I-a-3	CF ₃	O		CH ₂ CN
I-a-4	CF ₃	O	CH ₃	CH ₂ CN
I-a-5	CF ₃	O	COCH ₃	CH ₂ CN

No.	R ^{1A}	W ^A	R ^{2A}	R ^{3A}
I-a-6	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-7	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-8	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-9	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-10	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-11	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-12	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-13	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-14	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-15	CF ₃	O	H	CH ₂ CO ₂ H
I-a-16	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CO ₂ H	CH ₂ CO ₂ H
I-a-17	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-18	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-19	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-20	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-21	CF ₃	O	H	

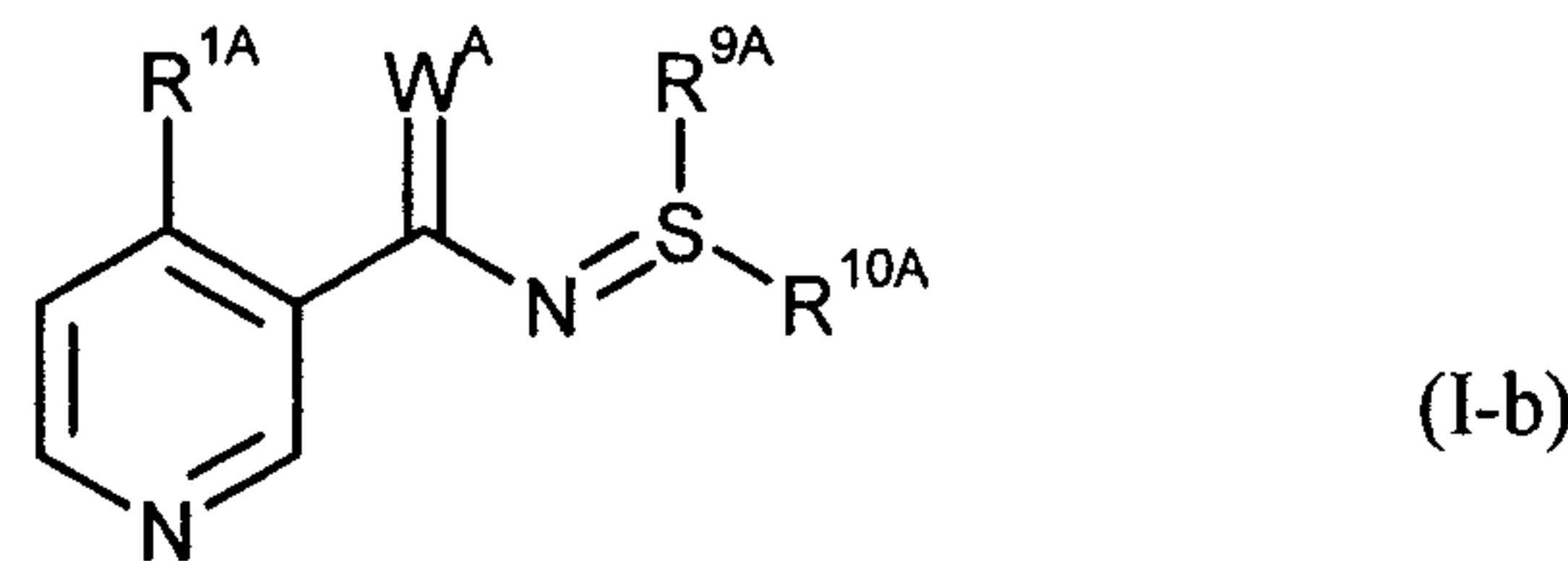
No.	R ^{1A}	W ^A	R ^{2A}	R ^{3A}
I-a-22	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-23	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-24	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-25	CF ₃	O	CH ₃	OH
I-a-26	CF ₃	O	CH ₃	OCH ₃
I-a-27	CF ₃	O		OCH ₃
I-a-28	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-29	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-30	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-31	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-32	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-33	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-34	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-35	CF ₃	O	Me	
I-a-36	CF ₃	O	-CH ₂ CH(N ₃)CH ₂ -	
I-a-37	CF ₃	O	-CH ₂ C(=N-OH)CH ₂ -	

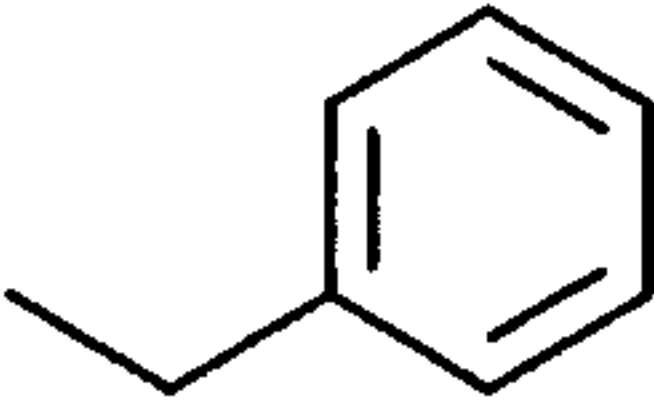
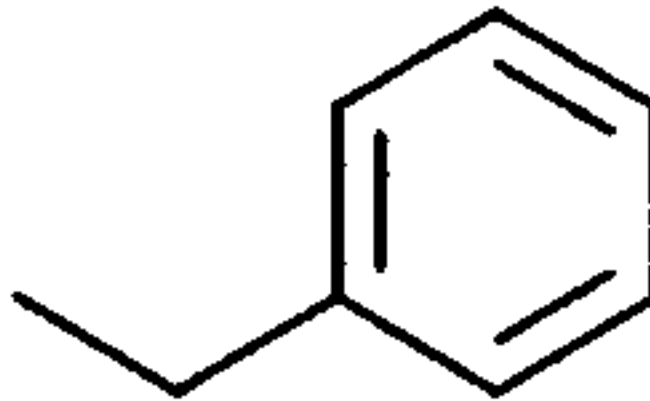
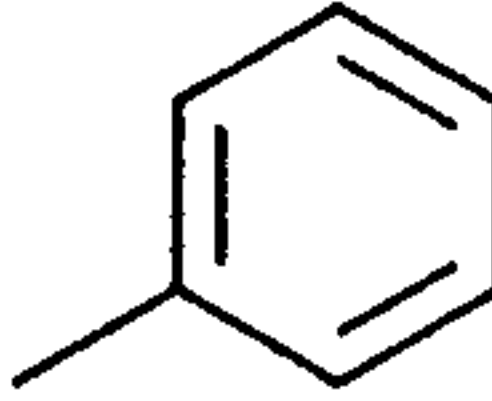
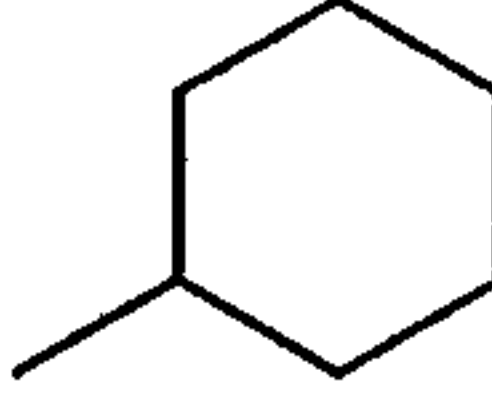
No.	R ^{1A}	W ^A	R ^{2A}	R ^{3A}
I-a-38	CF ₃	O	$-\text{CH}_2\text{C}(=\text{N}-\text{OCH}_3)\text{CH}_2-$	
I-a-39	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃	
I-a-40	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-41	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-42	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-43	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CN	
I-a-44	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-45	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-46	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-47	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-48	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-49	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-50	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-51	CF ₃	O	H	

No.	R ^{1A}	W ^A	R ^{2A}	R ^{3A}
I-a-52	CF ₃	O	CH ₃	
I-a-53	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-54	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-55	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-56	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-57	CF ₃	O	CH ₃	
I-a-58	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CN	
I-a-59	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-60	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-61	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-62	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-63	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-64	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-65	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-66	CF ₃	O	H	
I-a-67	CF ₃	O	H	

Specifically, particular mention may furthermore be made of the following compounds of the formula (I-b):

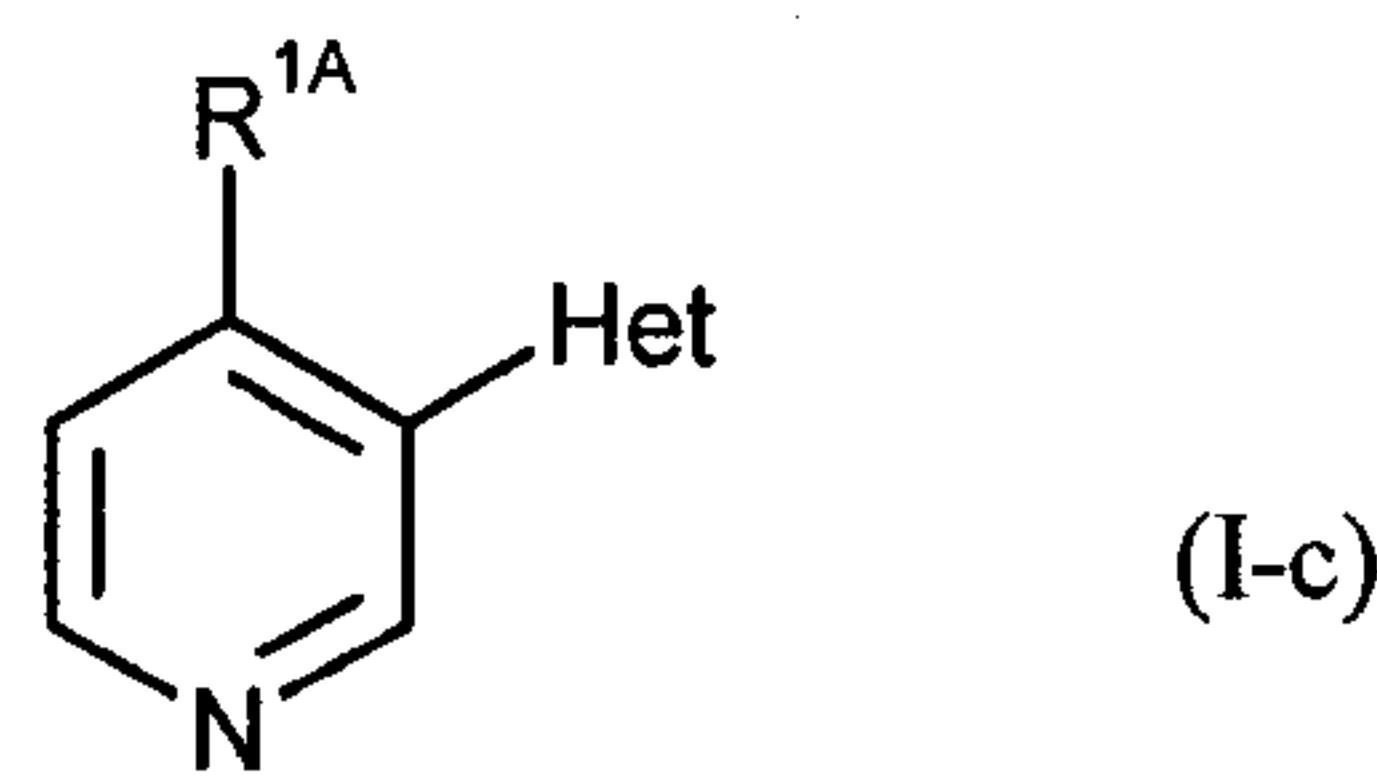
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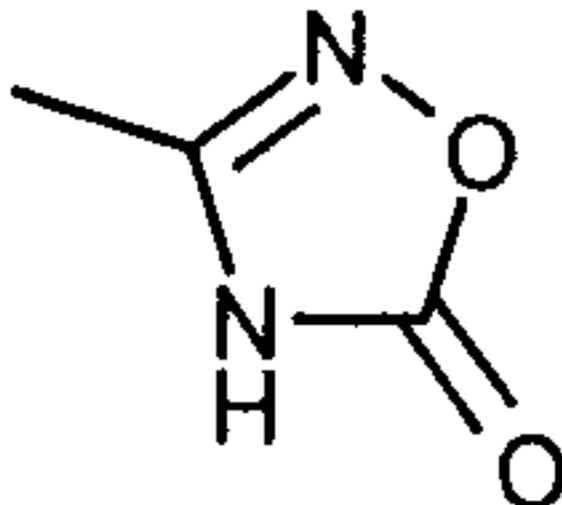
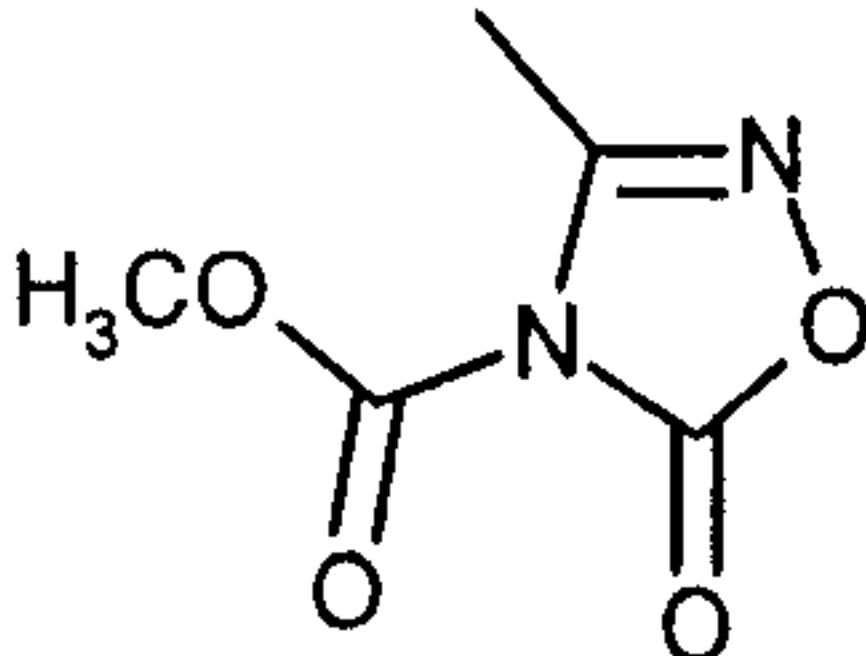


No.	R ^{1A}	W ^A	R ^{9A}	R ^{10A}
I-b-1	CF ₃	O	-CH ₂ CH ₃	-CH ₂ CH ₃
I-b-2	CF ₃	O	-CH(CH ₃) ₂	-CH(CH ₃) ₂
I-b-3	CF ₃	O	-CH ₃	-CH ₃
I-b-4	CF ₃	O	-CH ₂ CH ₃	-CH ₂ CH ₃
I-b-5	CF ₃	O	-CH=CH ₂	-CH=CH ₂
I-b-6	CF ₃	O		
I-b-7	CF ₃	O	-CH ₃	-CH ₂ CH ₃
I-b-8	CF ₃	O	-CH ₃	-CH(CH ₃) ₂
I-b-9	CF ₃	O	-CH ₃	
I-b-10	CF ₃	O	-CH ₂ CH ₃	

- 5 Specifically, particular mention may furthermore be made of the following compounds of the formula (I-c):

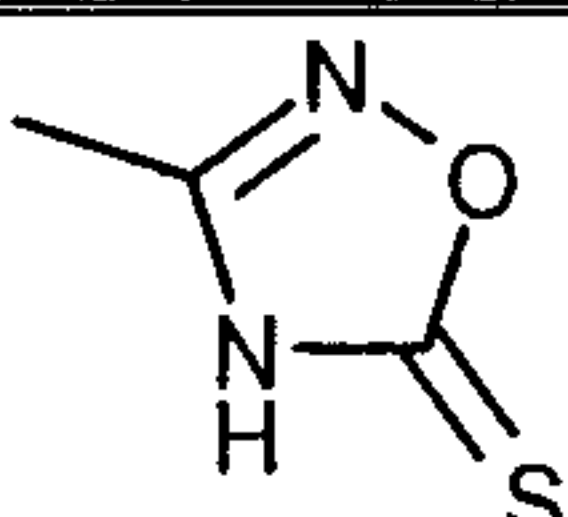
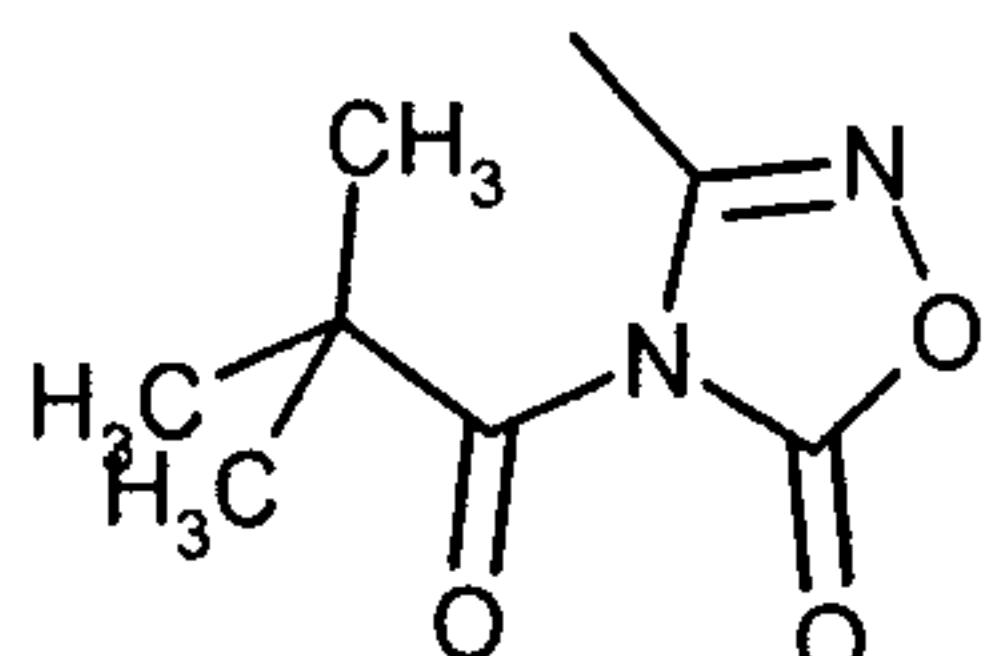
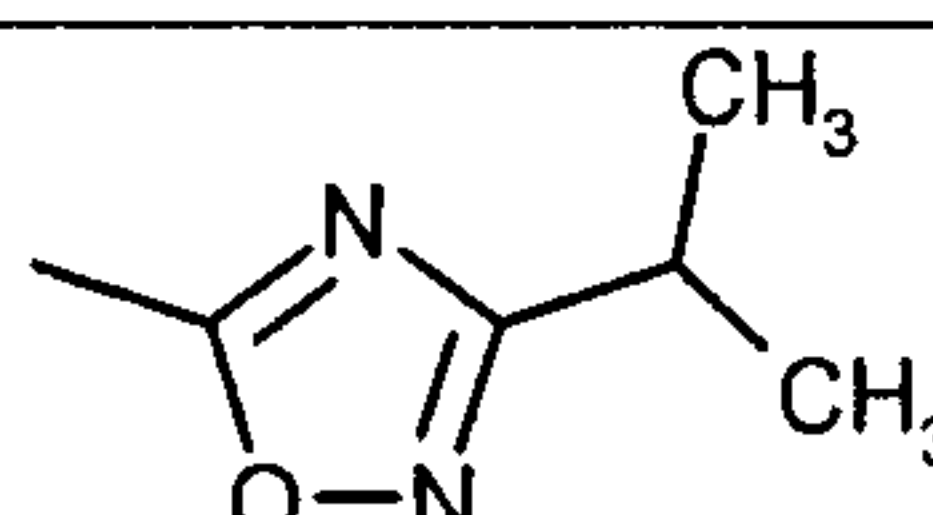
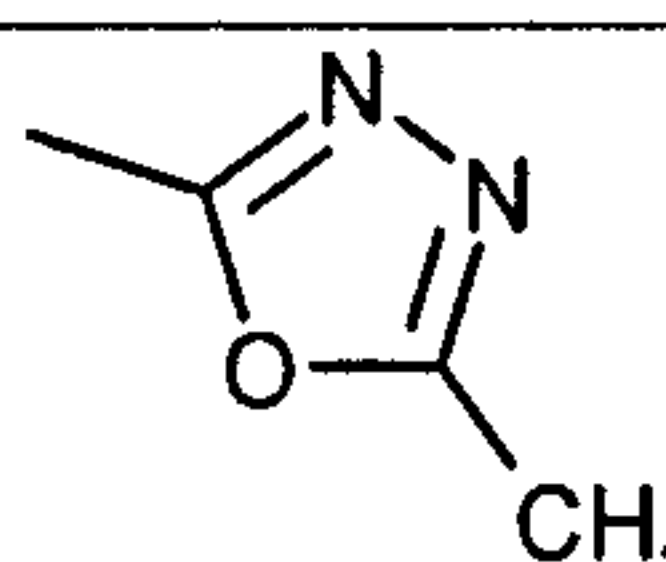
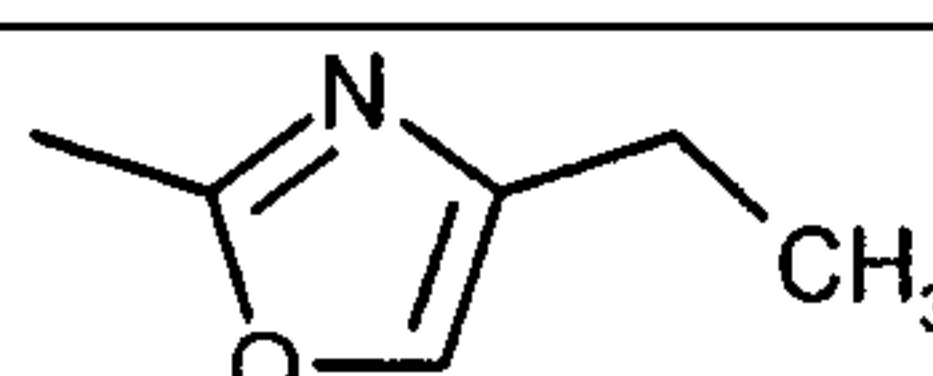
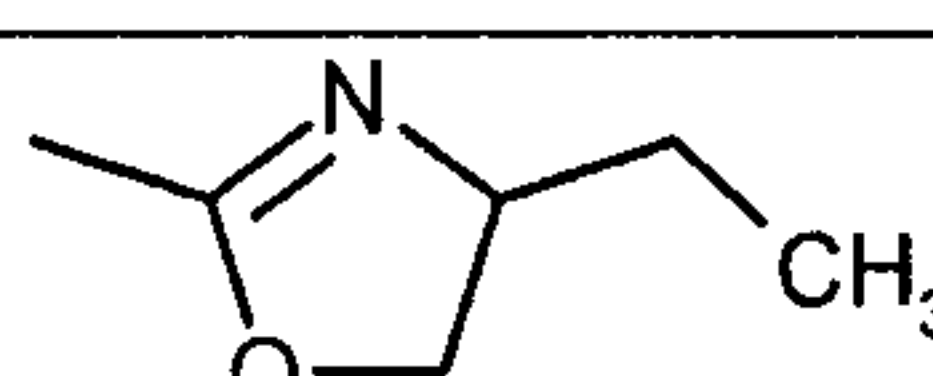
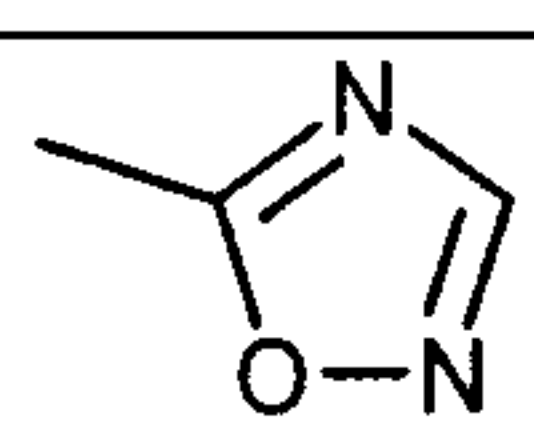
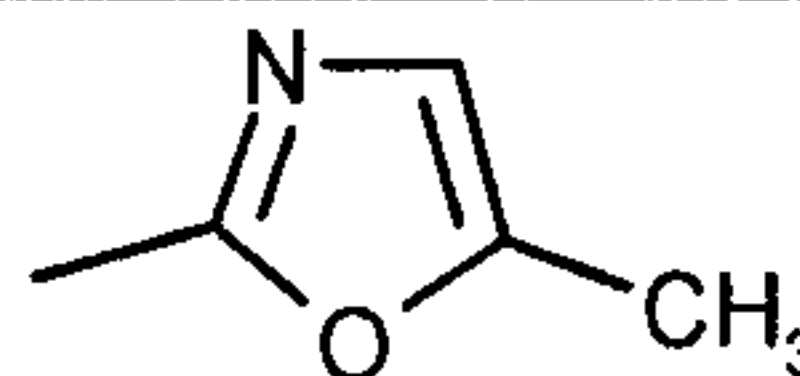
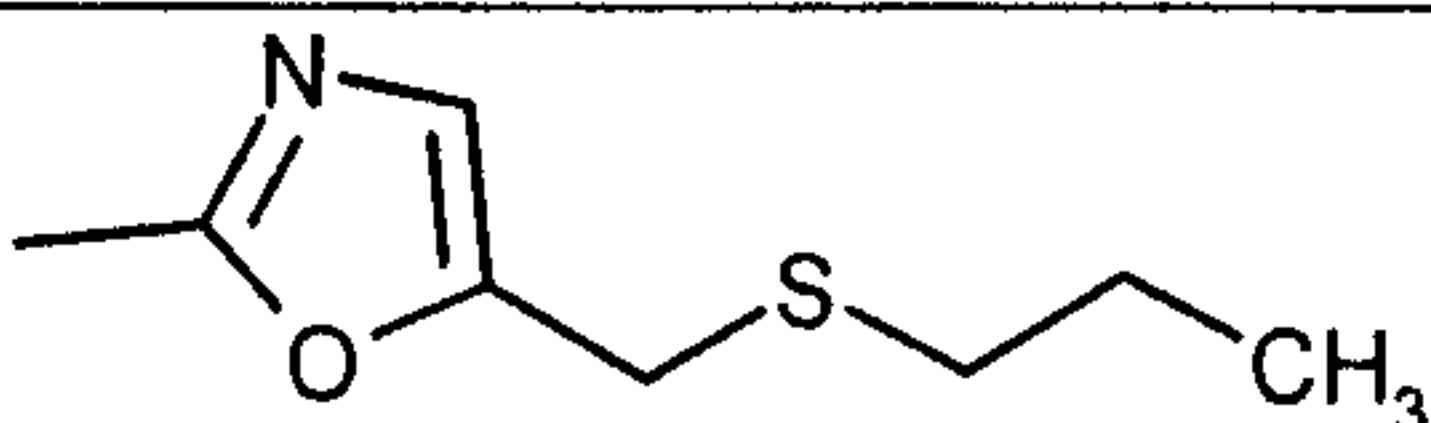
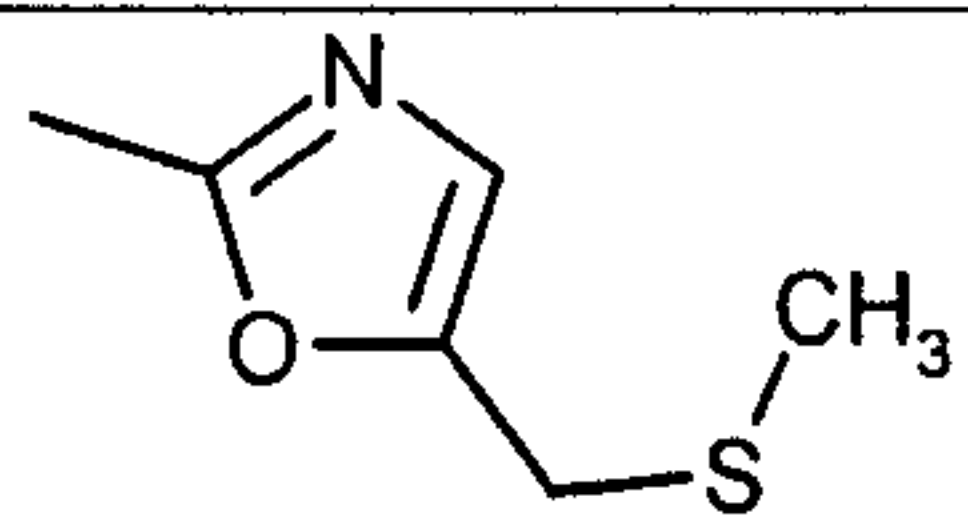
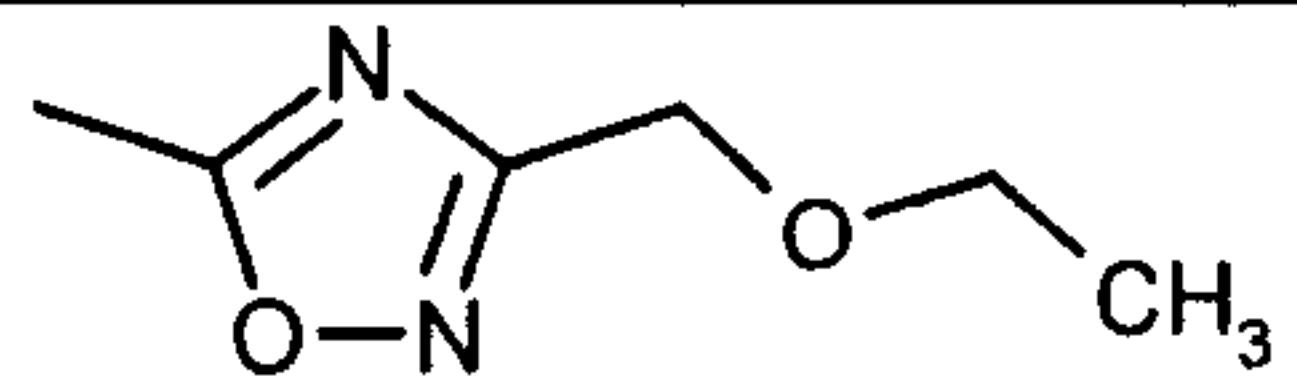
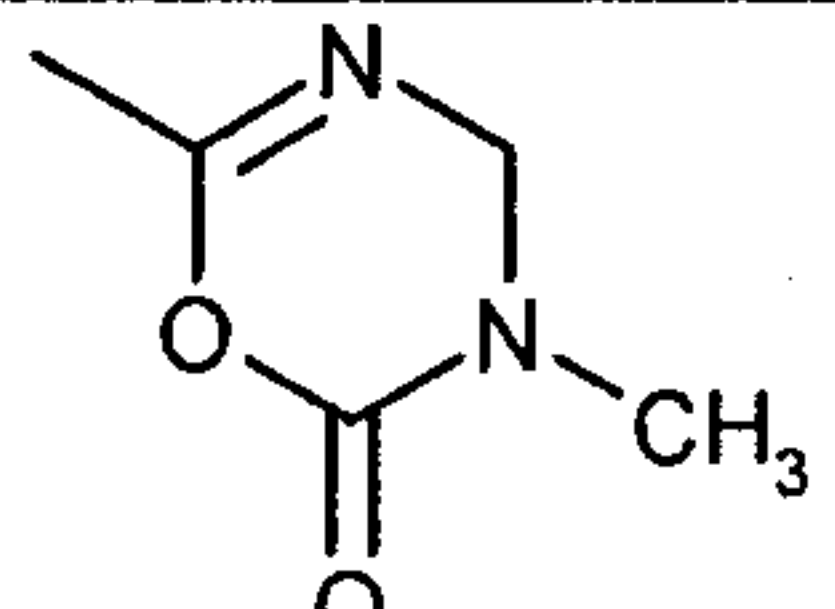
Table 3:



No.	R ^{1A}	Het
I-c-1	CF ₃	
I-c-2	CF ₃	

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No.	R ^{IA}	Het
I-c-3	CF ₃	
I-c-4	CF ₃	
I-c-5	CF ₃	
I-c-6	CF ₃	
I-c-7	CF ₃	
I-c-8	CF ₃	
I-c-9	CF ₃	
I-c-10	CF ₃	
I-c-11	CF ₃	
I-c-12	CF ₃	
I-c-13	CF ₃	
I-c-14	CF ₃	

Depending inter alia on the nature of the substituents, the compounds of the formula (II) may be present as geometrical and/or optical isomers or isomer mixtures of varying composition which, if appropriate, may be separated in a customary manner. Suitable for use in the compositions according to the invention and for the use according to the invention are both the pure isomers and the isomer mixtures. However, herein below, for the sake of simplicity, only compounds of the formula (II) are

referred to, although what is meant are both the pure compounds and, if appropriate, also mixtures having varying proportions of isomeric compounds.

The formula (II) provides a general definition of the phthalic acid diamides of the acaricidal and/or insecticidal compositions. Preferred substituents and ranges of the radicals given in the formulae mentioned above and below are illustrated below:

- X^B preferably represents fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, cyano, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy,
- 10 R^{1B} , R^{2B} and R^{3B} independently of one another preferably represent hydrogen, cyano, represent optionally halogen-substituted C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl or represent the group $—M^{1B}—Q^B_k$,
- M^{1B} preferably represents C_1 - C_8 -alkylene, C_3 - C_6 -alkenylene or C_3 - C_6 -alkynylene,
- Q^B preferably represents hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl or represents optionally fluorine-, chlorine-, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl- or C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy-substituted C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl in
- 15 which optionally one or two not directly adjacent ring members are replaced by oxygen and/or sulfur or represents in each optionally halogen-substituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl-carbonyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy-carbonyl or represents in each case optionally halogen-, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl-, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl-, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy-, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy-, cyano or nitro-substituted phenyl or hetaryl having 5 to 6 ring atoms (for example furanyl, pyridyl, imidazolyl, triazolyl, pyrazolyl,
- 20 pyrimidyl, thiazolyl or thienyl) or represents the group $—T^B—R^{4B}$,
- T^B preferably represents oxygen, $-S(O)_m-$ or $-N(R^{5B})-$,
- R^{4B} preferably represents hydrogen, represents in each case optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_3 - C_8 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_8 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_2 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl-carbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy-carbonyl, represents phenyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, hetaryl or hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, each of which is mono- to
- 25 tetrasubstituted by halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano, where hetaryl has 5 to 6 ring atoms (for example furanyl, pyridyl, imidazolyl, triazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyrimidyl, thiazolyl or thienyl),
- R^{5B} preferably represents hydrogen, represents in each case optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl-carbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy-carbonyl, represents phenyl-carbonyl or phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-carbonyl, each of which is optionally mono- to tetrasubstituted by
- 30 halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, nitro or cyano,
- k preferably represents 1, 2 or 3,
- m preferably represents 0, 1 or 2,
- 35 R^{1B} and R^{2B} together preferably form a 5- to 6-membered ring which may optionally be interrupted by an oxygen or sulfur atom,

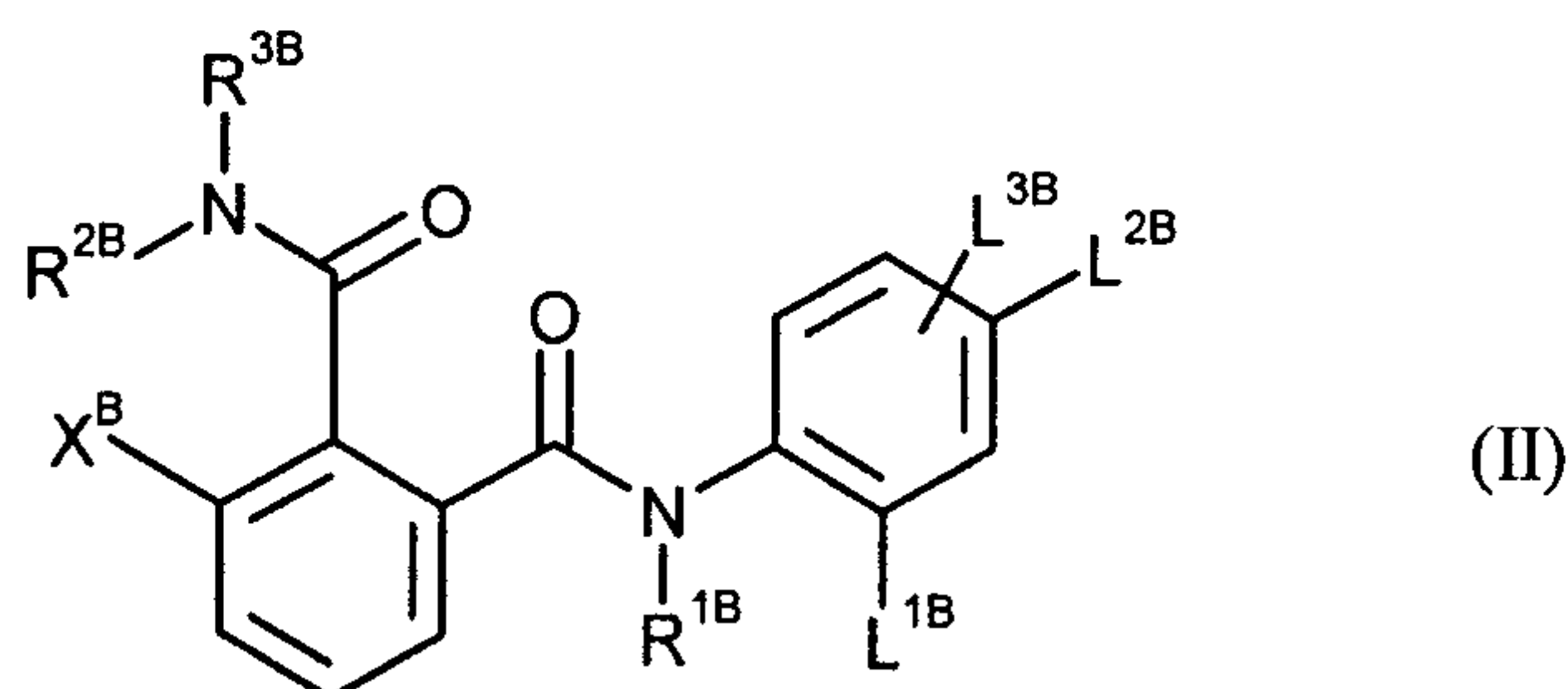
- L^{1B} and L^{3B} independently of one another preferably represent hydrogen, cyano, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl- $S(O)_m$ -, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl- $S(O)_m$ -, represent phenyl, phenoxy, pyridinyloxy, thiazolyloxy or pyrimidinyloxy, each of which is mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, cyano or nitro,
- L^{2B} preferably represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, cyano, represents in each case optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkynyl, represents in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine-substituted C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, represents phenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, pyrimidyl or thiazolyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, cyano or nitro, or represents the group $\text{---}M^{2B}\text{---}R^{6B}$,
- M^{2B} preferably represents oxygen or $\text{---}S(O)_m\text{---}$,
- R^{6B} preferably represents in each case optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_2 - C_8 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, represents phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl or thiazolyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, cyano or nitro,
- L^{1B} and L^{3B} or L^{1B} and L^{2B} together each preferably form an optionally fluorine- and/or C_1 - C_2 -alkyl-substituted 5- to 6-membered ring which may optionally be interrupted by one or two oxygen atoms.
- X^B particularly preferably represents chlorine, bromine or iodine,
- R^{1B} , R^{2B} and R^{3B} independently of one another particularly preferably represent hydrogen or represent the group $\text{---}M^{1B}\text{---}Q^B_k$,
- M^{1B} particularly preferably represents C_1 - C_8 -alkylene, C_3 - C_6 -alkenylene or C_3 - C_6 -alkynylene,
- Q^B particularly preferably represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, cyano, trifluoromethyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl or represents the group $\text{---}T^B\text{---}R^{4B}$,
- T^B particularly preferably represents oxygen or $\text{---}S(O)_m\text{---}$,
- R^{4B} particularly preferably represents hydrogen, represents C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine and/or chlorine,
- k particularly preferably represents 1, 2 or 3,
- m particularly preferably represents 0, 1 or 2,
- L^{1B} and L^{3B} independently of one another particularly preferably represent hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_2 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_2 -

- haloalkoxy, represent phenyl or phenoxy, each of which is mono- to disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₂-haloalkyl, C₁-C₂-haloalkoxy, cyano or nitro,
- 5 L^{2B} particularly preferably represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, cyano, represents C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, each of which is optionally mono- to tridecasubstituted by fluorine and/or chlorine, or represents the group $\text{---M}^{2B}\text{---R}^{6B}$,
- M^{2B} particularly preferably represents oxygen or $\text{---S(O)}_m\text{---}$,
- 10 R^{6B} particularly preferably represents C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl or C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, each of which is optionally mono- to tridecasubstituted by fluorine and/or chlorine, represents phenyl or pyridyl, each of which is optionally mono- to disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, cyano or nitro.
- 15 X^B very particularly preferably represents iodine,
- R^{1B} and R^{2B} very particularly preferably represent hydrogen,
- R^{3B} very particularly preferably represents the group $\text{---M}^{1B}\text{---Q}^B$,
- M^{1B} very particularly preferably represents $\text{---CH(CH}_3\text{)CH}_2\text{---}$, $\text{---C(CH}_3\text{)}_2\text{CH}_2\text{---}$, $\text{---CH(C}_2\text{H}_5\text{)CH}_2\text{---}$, $\text{---C(CH}_3\text{)(C}_2\text{H}_5\text{)CH}_2\text{---}$ or $\text{---C(C}_2\text{H}_5\text{)}_2\text{CH}_2\text{---}$,
- 20 Q^B very particularly preferably represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, cyano, trifluoromethyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl or represents the group $\text{---T}^B\text{---R}^{4B}$,
- T^B very particularly preferably represents ---S--- , ---SO--- or $\text{---SO}_2\text{---}$,
- R^{4B} very particularly preferably represents methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl or tert-butyl, allyl, butenyl or isoprenyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine and/or chlorine,
- 25 L^{1B} and L^{3B} independently of one another very particularly preferably represent hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, cyano, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, iso-propyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethoxy or trifluoromethoxy,
- 30 L^{2B} very particularly preferably represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, cyano, represents methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, allyl, butenyl or isoprenyl, each of which is optionally mono- to nonasubstituted by fluorine and/or chlorine, or represents the group $\text{---M}^{2B}\text{---R}^{6B}$,
- M^{2B} very particularly preferably represents oxygen or sulfur,
- 35 R^{6B} very particularly preferably represents methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, allyl, butenyl or isoprenyl, each of which is optionally mono-to

nonasubstituted by fluorine and/or chlorine, represents phenyl which is optionally mono- to disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, cyano or nitro.

5 Specifically, particular mention may be made of the following compounds of the formula (II):

Table 4:



No.	X ^B	R ^{1B}	R ^{2B}	R ^{3B}	L ^{1B}	L ^{2B}	L ^{3B}
II-1	I	H	H	-C(CH ₃) ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃	CH ₃	iso-C ₃ F ₇	H
II-2	I	H	H	-C(CH ₃) ₂ CH ₂ SOCH ₃	CH ₃	iso-C ₃ F ₇	H
II-3	I	H	H	-C(CH ₃) ₂ CH ₂ SO ₂ CH ₃	CH ₃	iso-C ₃ F ₇	H
II-4	I	H	H	-CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ SCH ₃	CH ₃	iso-C ₃ F ₇	H
II-5	I	H	H	-CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ SOCH ₃	CH ₃	iso-C ₃ F ₇	H
II-6	I	H	H	-CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ SO ₂ CH ₃	CH ₃	iso-C ₃ F ₇	H

10

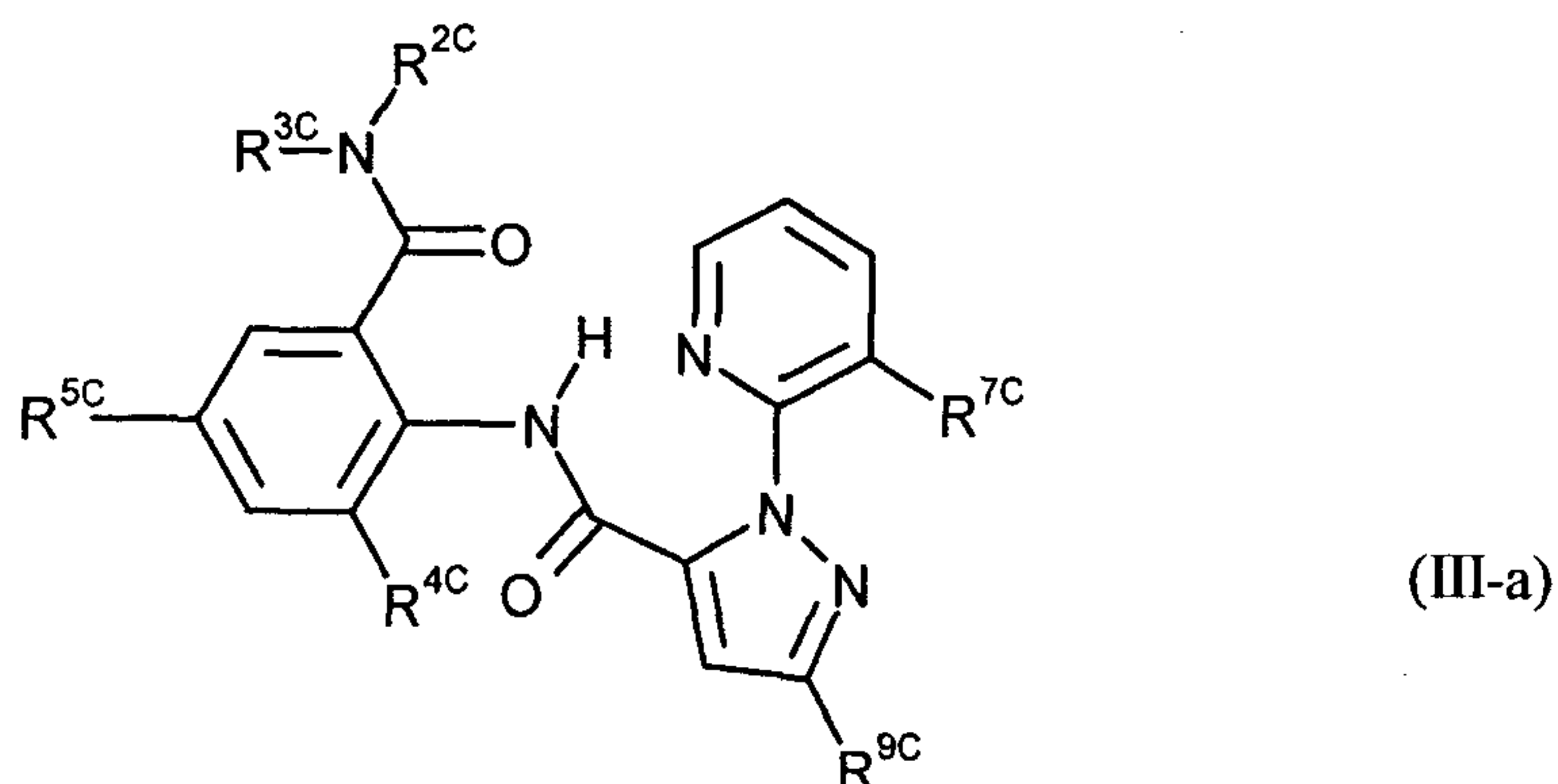
Depending inter alia on the nature of the substituents, the compounds of the formula (III) may be present as geometrical and/or optical isomers or isomer mixtures of varying composition which, if appropriate, may be separated in a customary manner. Suitable for use in the compositions according to the invention and for the use according to the invention are both the pure isomers and the isomer mixtures. However, herein below, for the sake of simplicity, only compounds of the formula (III) are referred to, although what is meant are both the pure compounds and, if appropriate, also mixtures having varying proportions of isomeric compounds.

15

The formula (III) provides a general definition of the anthranilamides of the acaricidal and/or insecticidal compositions. Preferred substituents or ranges of the radicals listed in the formulae given above and below are illustrated below:

20

Preference is given to active compound combinations comprising compounds of the formula (III-a)



in which

- R^{2C} represents hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl,
- R^{3C} represents C_1 - C_6 -alkyl which is optionally substituted by a substituent R^{6C} ,
- 5 R^{4C} represents C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_2 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_2 -haloalkoxy or halogen,
- R^{5C} represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_2 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_2 -haloalkoxy or halogen,
- R^{6C} represents $-C(=E^{2C})R^{19C}$, $-L^C C(=E^{2C})R^{19C}$, $-C(=E^{2C})L^C R^{19C}$ or $-L^C C(=E^{2C})L^C R^{19C}$, where each E^{2C} independently of the others represents O, S, $N-R^{15C}$, $N-OR^{15C}$, $N-N(R^{15C})_2$ and each L^C independently of the others represents O or NR^{18C} ,
- 10 R^{7C} represents C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl or halogen,
- R^{8C} represents hydrogen,
- R^{9C} represents C_1 - C_2 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_2 -haloalkoxy, $S(O)_p C_1$ - C_2 -haloalkyl or halogen,
- R^{15C} independently of the others represents hydrogen or represents in each case optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, where the substituents independently of one
- 15 another may be selected from the group consisting of cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfinyl or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl,
- R^{18C} each represent hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl,
- R^{19C} in each case independently of the others represents hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl,
- 20 p independently of the others represents 0, 1, 2.

In the radical definitions mentioned as being preferred, halogen represents fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine, in particular fluorine, chlorine and bromine.

- 25 Particular preference is given to active compound combinations comprising compounds of the formula (III-a), in which

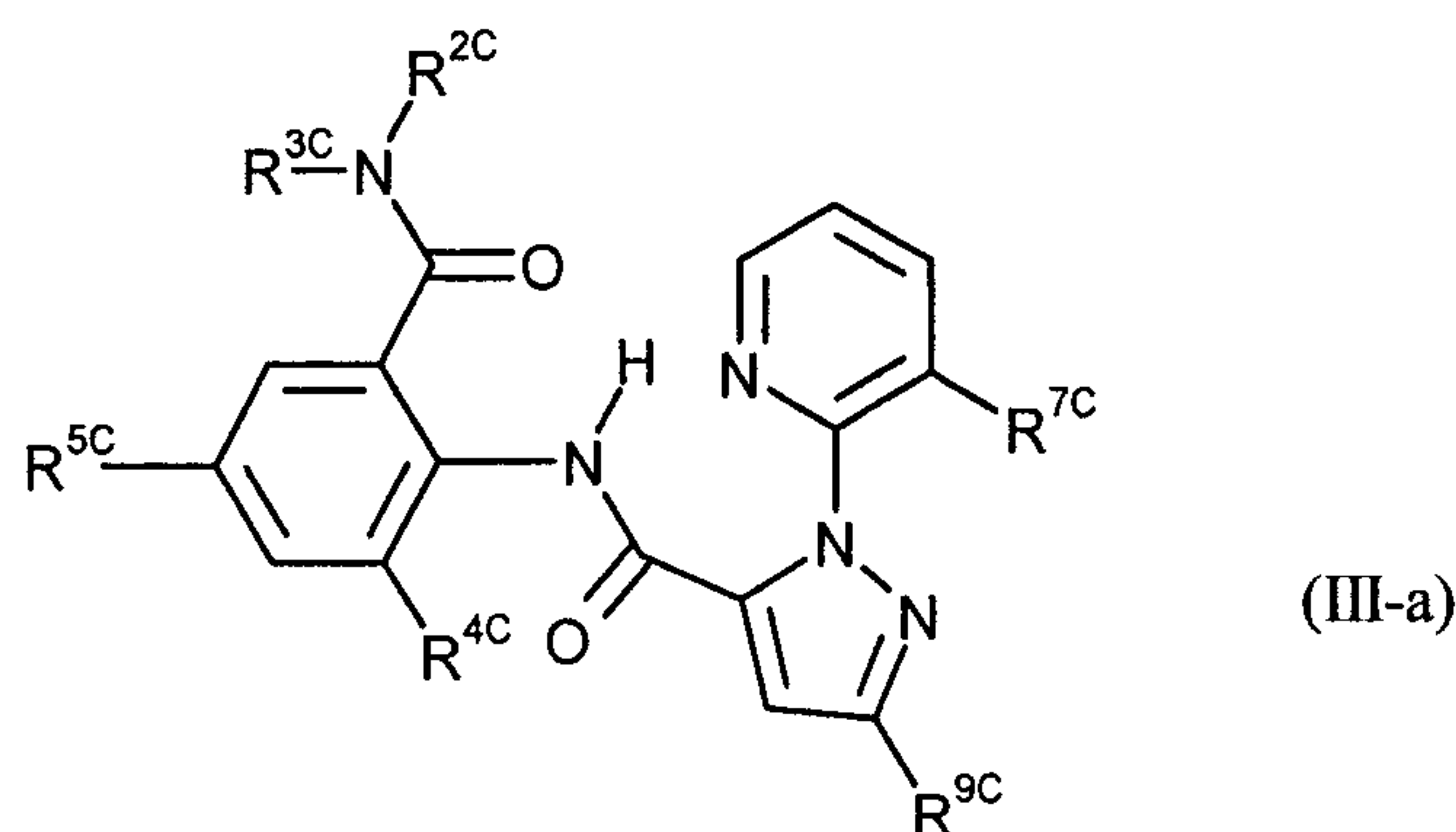
- R^{2C} represents hydrogen or methyl,
- R^{3C} represents C_1 - C_4 -alkyl,
- 30 R^{4C} represents methyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine,

- R^{5C} represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy,
 R^{7C} represents chlorine or bromine,
 R^{8C} represents hydrogen,
 R^{9C} represents trifluoromethyl, chlorine, bromine, difluoromethoxy or trifluoroethoxy.

5

Very particular preference is given to active compound combinations comprising the following compounds of the formula (III-a):

Table 5:



10

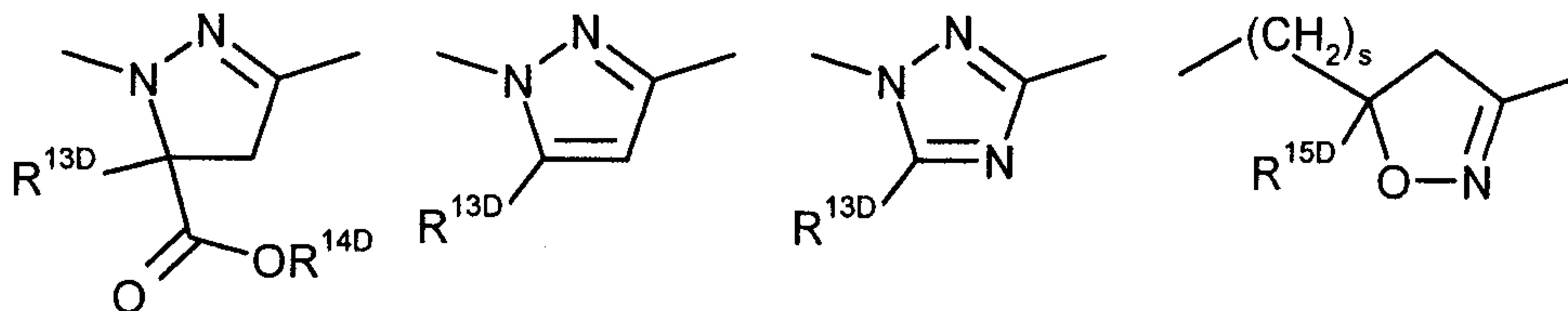
No.	R^{2C}	R^{3C}	R^{4C}	R^{5C}	R^{7C}	R^{9C}	m.p. (°C)
III-a-1	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	185-186
III-a-2	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃	207-208
III-a-3	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	225-226
III-a-4	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Br	162-164
III-a-5	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	155-157
III-a-6	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃	192-195
III-a-7	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl	205-206
III-a-8	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br	245-246
III-a-9	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	195-196
III-a-10	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃	217-218
III-a-11	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	173-175
III-a-12	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Br	159-161
III-a-13	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	200-201
III-a-14	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃	232-235
III-a-15	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl	197-199
III-a-16	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br	188-190
III-a-17	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	CF ₃	214-216
III-a-18	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	Br	168-169

Depending inter alia on the nature of the substituents, the compounds of the formulae (IV-a), (IV-b), (IV-c), (IV-d) and (IV-e) may be present as geometrical and/or optical isomers or isomer mixtures of varying composition which, if appropriate, may be separated in a customary manner. Suitable for use in the compositions according to the invention and for the use according to the invention are both the pure isomers and the isomer mixtures. However, herein below, for the sake of simplicity, only compounds of the formulae (IV-a), (IV-b), (IV-c), (IV-d) and (IV-e) are referred to, although what is meant are both the pure compounds and, if appropriate, any mixtures having varying proportions of isomeric compounds.

Preferred meanings of the groups listed above in connection with the crop plant compatibility-improving compounds ("herbicide safeners") of the formulae (IV-a), (IV-b), (IV-c), (IV-d) and (IV-e) are defined below.

r preferably represents 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4,

A^{1D} preferably represents one of the divalent heterocyclic groupings outlined below



s preferably represents 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4,

A^{2D} preferably represents in each case optionally methyl-, ethyl-, methoxycarbonyl-, ethoxycarbonyl- or allyloxycarbonyl-substituted methylene or ethylene,

R^{8D} preferably represents hydroxyl, mercapto, amino, methoxy, ethoxy, n- or i-propoxy, n-, i-, s- or t-butoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, n- or i-propylthio, n-, i-, s- or t-butylthio, methylamino, ethylamino, n- or i-propylamino, n-, i-, s- or t-butylamino, dimethylamino or diethylamino,

R^{9D} preferably represents hydroxyl, mercapto, amino, methoxy, ethoxy, n- or i-propoxy, n-, i-, s- or t-butoxy, 1-methylhexyloxy, allyloxy, 1-allyloxymethylethoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, n- or i-propylthio, n-, i-, s- or t-butylthio, methylamino, ethylamino, n- or i-propylamino, n-, i-, s- or t-butylamino, dimethylamino or diethylamino,

R^{10D} preferably represents in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl,

R^{11D} preferably represents hydrogen, represents in each case optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl, propenyl, butenyl, propynyl or butynyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, methoxyethyl, ethoxyethyl,

- dioxolanymethyl, furyl, furylmethyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, piperidinyl, or optionally fluorine-, chlorine-, methyl-, ethyl-, n- or i-propyl-, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl-substituted phenyl,
- 5 R^{12D} preferably represents hydrogen, in each case optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl, propenyl, butenyl, propynyl or butynyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, methoxyethyl, ethoxyethyl, dioxolanymethyl, furyl, furylmethyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, piperidinyl, or optionally fluorine-, chlorine-, methyl-, ethyl-, n- or i-propyl-, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl-substituted phenyl, or together with R^{11D} represents one of the radicals $-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-$ and $-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-$ which are optionally substituted by methyl, ethyl, furyl, phenyl, a fused benzene ring or by two substituents which, together with the carbon atom to which they are attached, form a 5- or 6-membered carbocycle,
- 10 R^{13D} preferably represents hydrogen, cyano, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or represents in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or phenyl,
- 15 R^{14D} preferably represents hydrogen, optionally hydroxyl-, cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine-, methoxy-, ethoxy-, n- or i-propoxy-substituted methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl,
- R^{15D} preferably represents hydrogen, cyano, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or represents in each case optionally fluorine-, chlorine- and/or bromine-substituted methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or phenyl,
- 20 X^{1D} preferably represents nitro, cyano, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl, difluoromethyl, dichloromethyl, trifluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, chlorodifluoromethyl, fluorodichloromethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, n- or i-propoxy, difluoromethoxy or trifluoromethoxy,
- 25 X^{2D} preferably represents hydrogen, nitro, cyano, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl, difluoromethyl, dichloromethyl, trifluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, chlorodifluoromethyl, fluorodichloromethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, n- or i-propoxy, difluoromethoxy or trifluoromethoxy,
- 30 X^{3D} preferably represents hydrogen, nitro, cyano, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl, difluoromethyl, dichloromethyl, trifluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, chlorodifluoromethyl, fluorodichloromethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, n- or i-propoxy, difluoromethoxy or trifluoromethoxy,
- t preferably represents the numbers 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4,
- v preferably represents the numbers 0, 1, 2 or 3,
- R^{16D} preferably represents hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl,
- R^{17D} preferably represents hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl,
- 35 R^{18D} preferably represents hydrogen, in each case optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine-, methoxy-, ethoxy-, n- or i-propoxy-substituted methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s- or t-

- butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, n- or i-propoxy, n-, i-, s- or t-butoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, n- or i-propylthio, n-, i-, s- or t-butylthio, methylamino, ethylamino, n- or i-propylamino, n-, i-, s- or t-butylamino, dimethylamino or diethylamino, or represents in each case optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine-, bromine-, methyl-, ethyl-, n- or i-propyl-substituted cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropyloxy, cyclobutyloxy, cyclopentyloxy, cyclohexyloxy, cyclopropylthio, cyclobutylthio, cyclopentylthio, cyclohexylthio, cyclopropylamino, cyclobutylamino, cyclopentylamino or cyclohexylamino,
- 5 R^{19D} preferably represents hydrogen, in each case optionally cyano-, hydroxyl-, fluorine-, chlorine-, methoxy-, ethoxy-, n- or i-propoxy-substituted methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i- or s-butyl, in each case optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine- or bromine-substituted propenyl, butenyl, propynyl or butynyl, or in each case optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine-, bromine-, methyl-, ethyl-, n- or i-propyl-substituted cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl,
- 10 R^{20D} preferably represents hydrogen, in each case optionally cyano-, hydroxyl-, fluorine-, chlorine-, methoxy-, ethoxy-, n- or i-propoxy-substituted methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i- or s-butyl, in each case optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine- or bromine-substituted propenyl, butenyl, propynyl or butynyl, in each case optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine-, bromine-, methyl-, ethyl-, n- or i-propyl-substituted cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl, or optionally nitro-, cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine-, bromine-, methyl-, ethyl-, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl-, trifluoromethyl-, methoxy-, ethoxy-, n- or i-propoxy-, difluoromethoxy- or trifluoromethoxy-substituted phenyl, or together with R^{19} represents in each case optionally methyl- or ethyl-substituted butane-1,4-diyl (trimethylene), pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-oxabutane-1,4-diyl or 3-oxapentane-1,5-diyl,
- 15 X^{4D} preferably represents nitro, cyano, carboxyl, carbamoyl, formyl, sulfamoyl, hydroxyl, amino, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, n- or i-propoxy, difluoromethoxy or trifluoromethoxy,
- 20 X^{5D} preferably represents nitro, cyano, carboxyl, carbamoyl, formyl, sulfamoyl, hydroxyl, amino, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s- or t-butyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, n- or i-propoxy, difluoromethoxy or trifluoromethoxy.

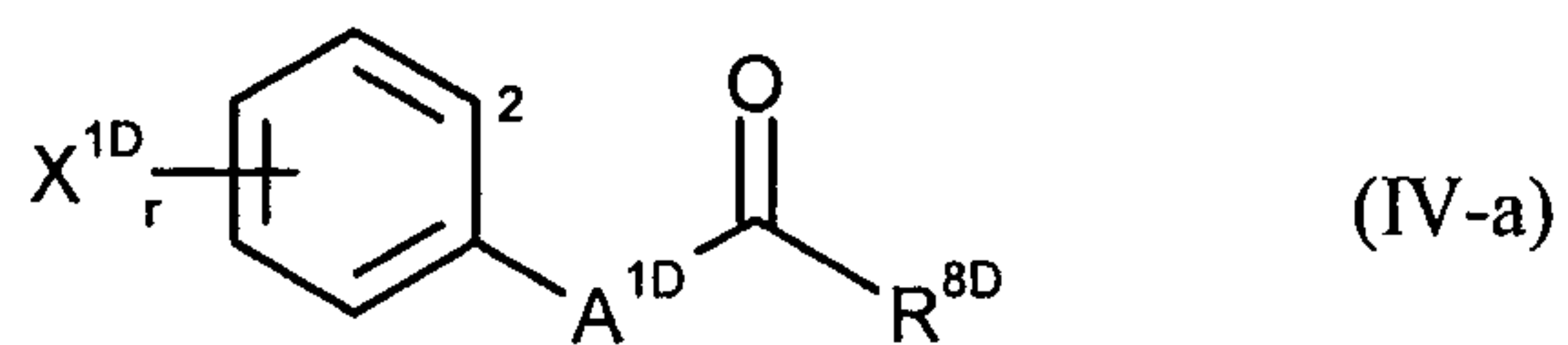
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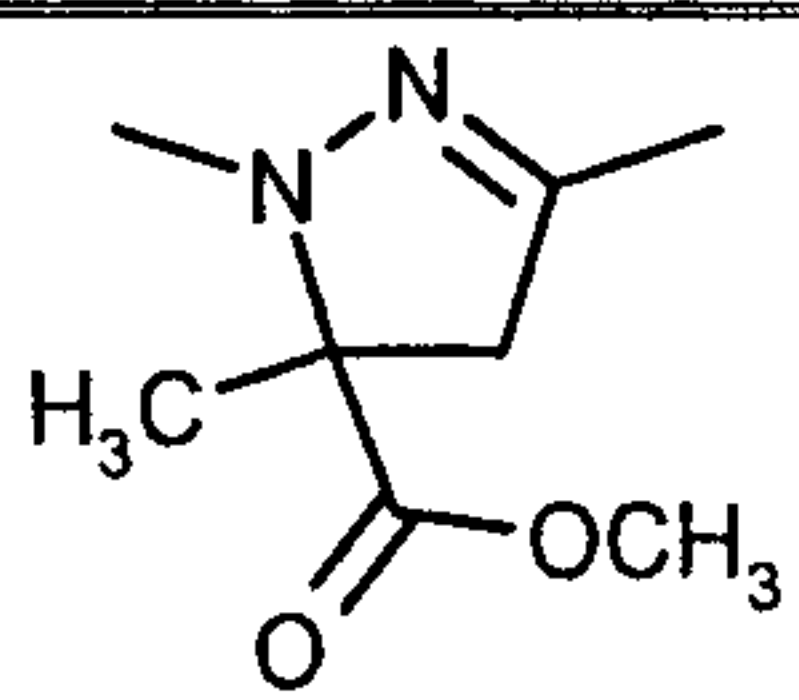
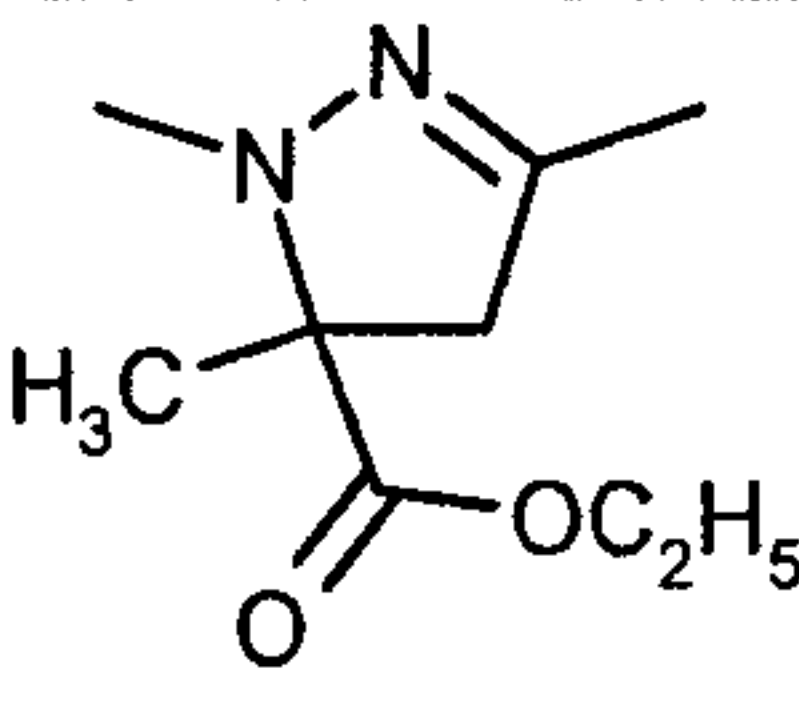
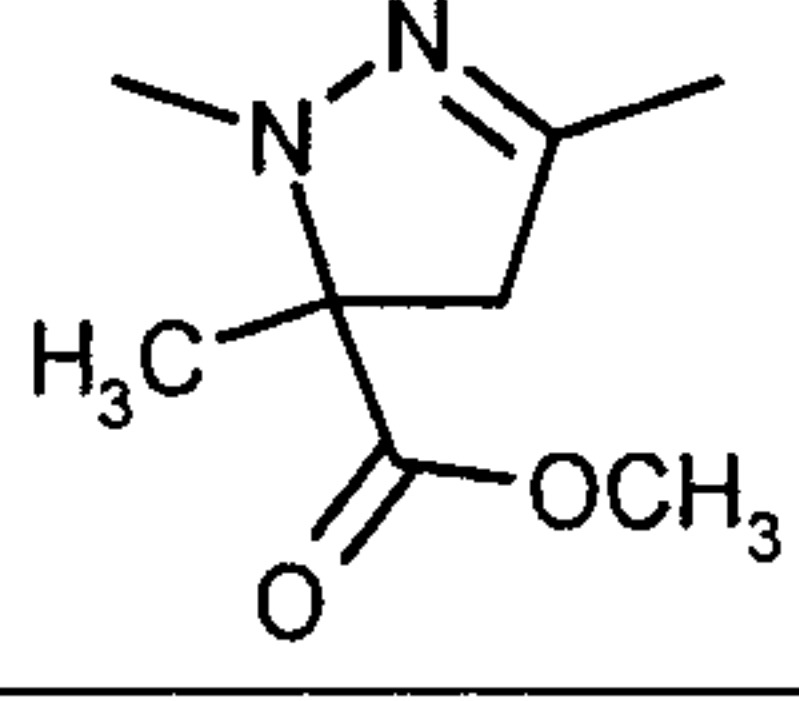
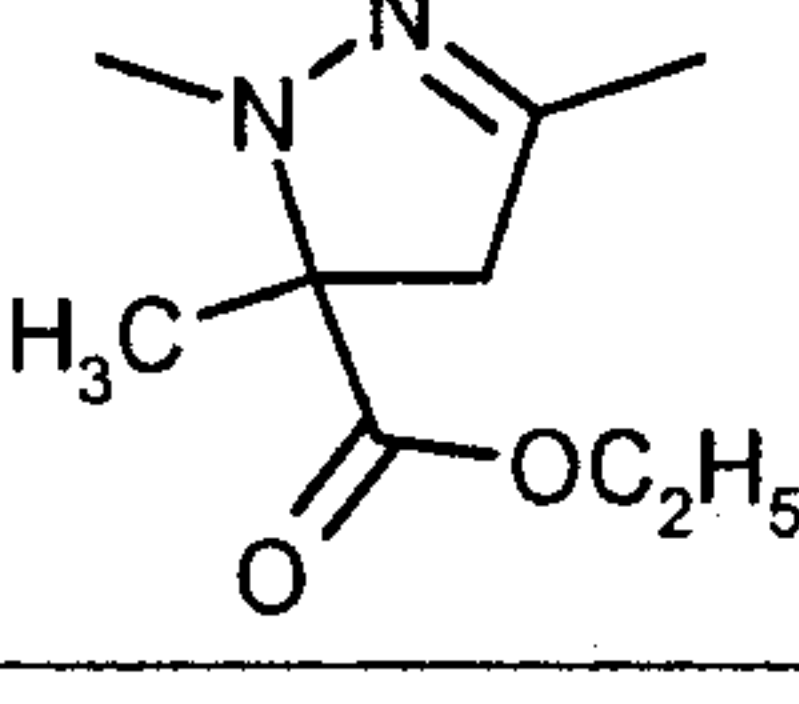
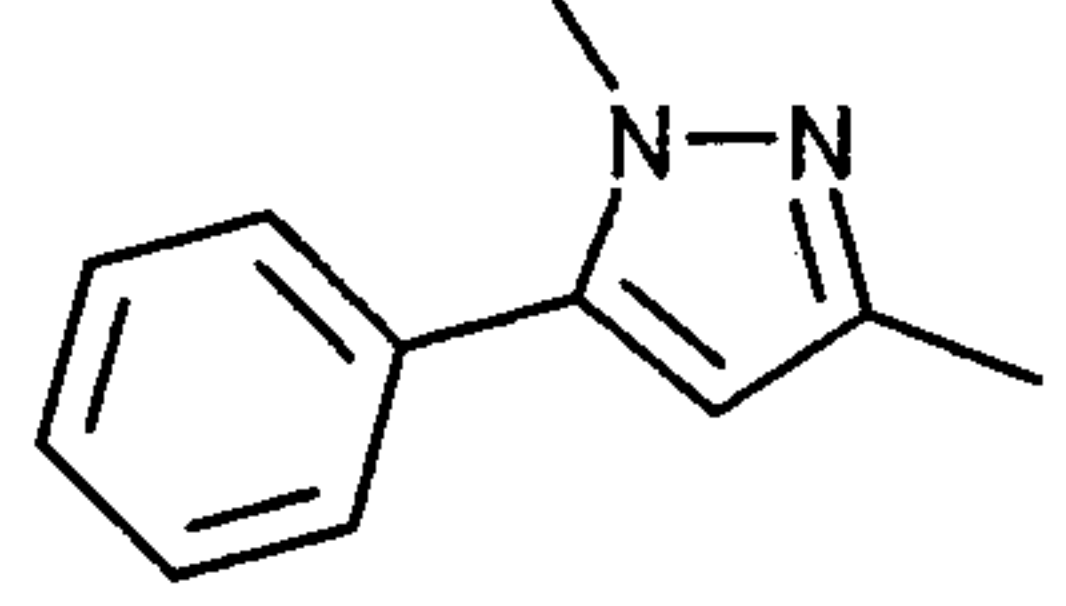
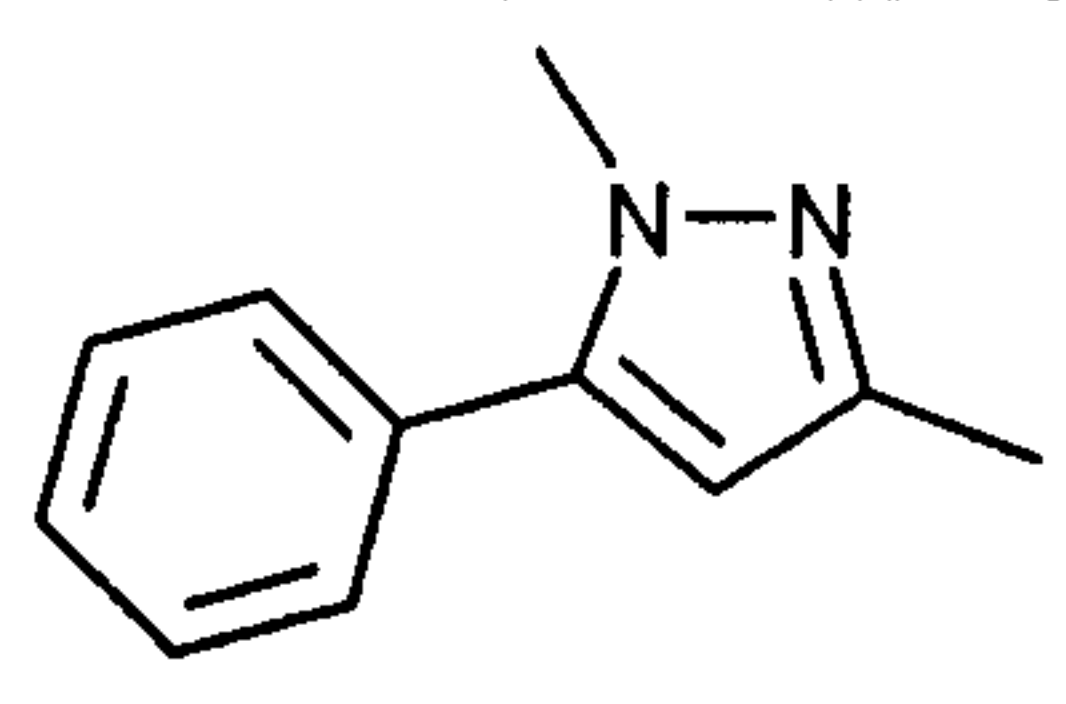
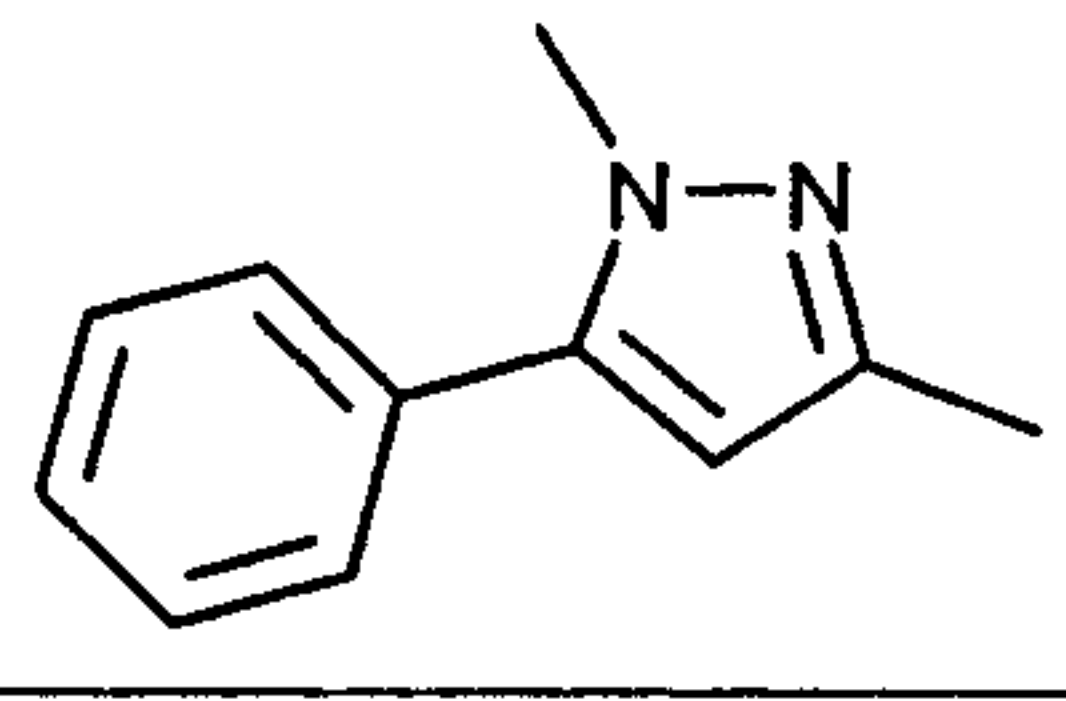
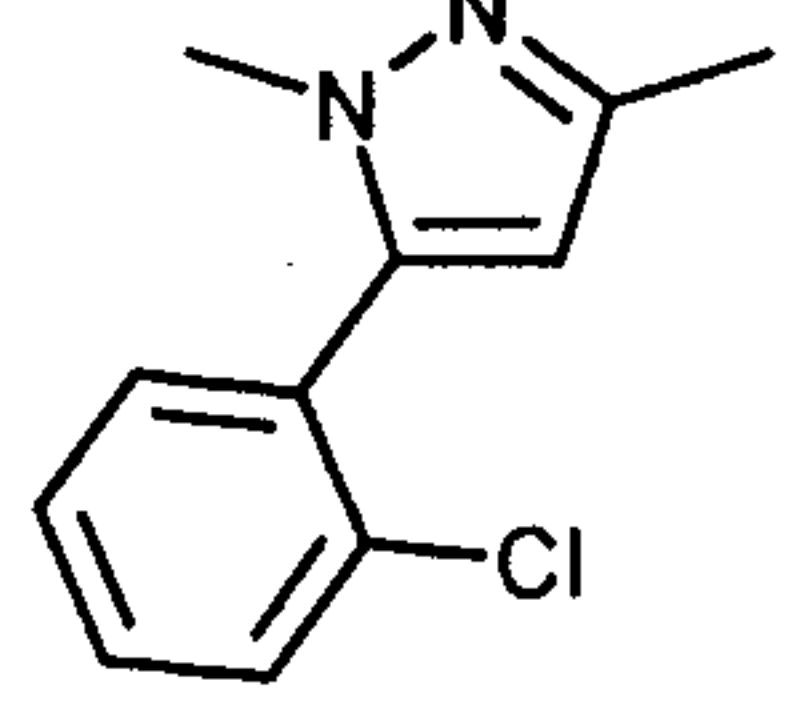
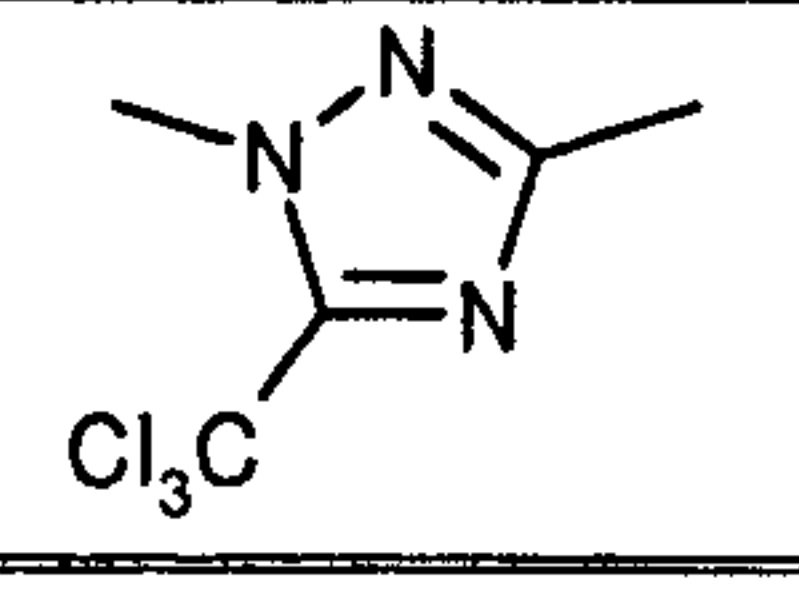
Examples of the compounds of the formula (IV-a) very particularly preferred as herbicide safeners according to the invention are listed in the table below.

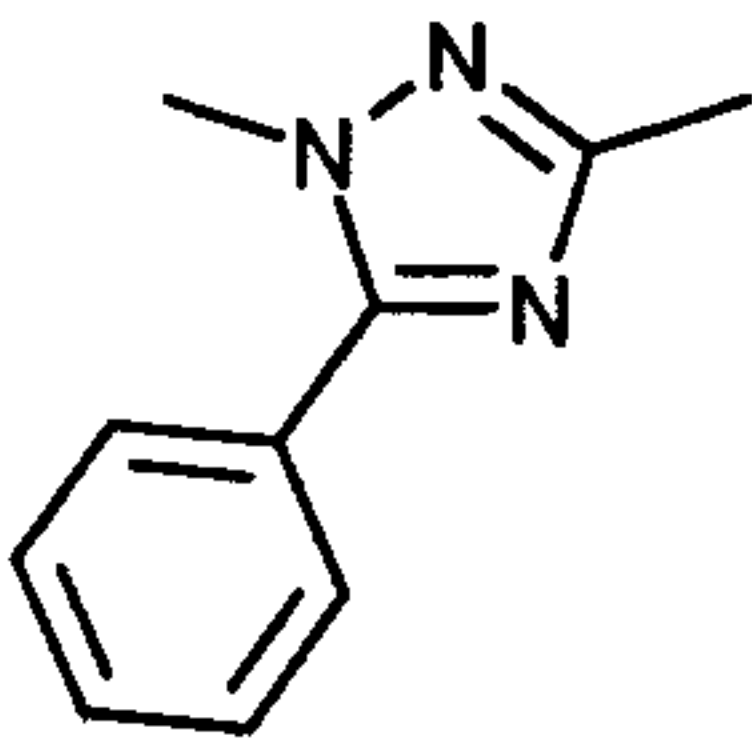
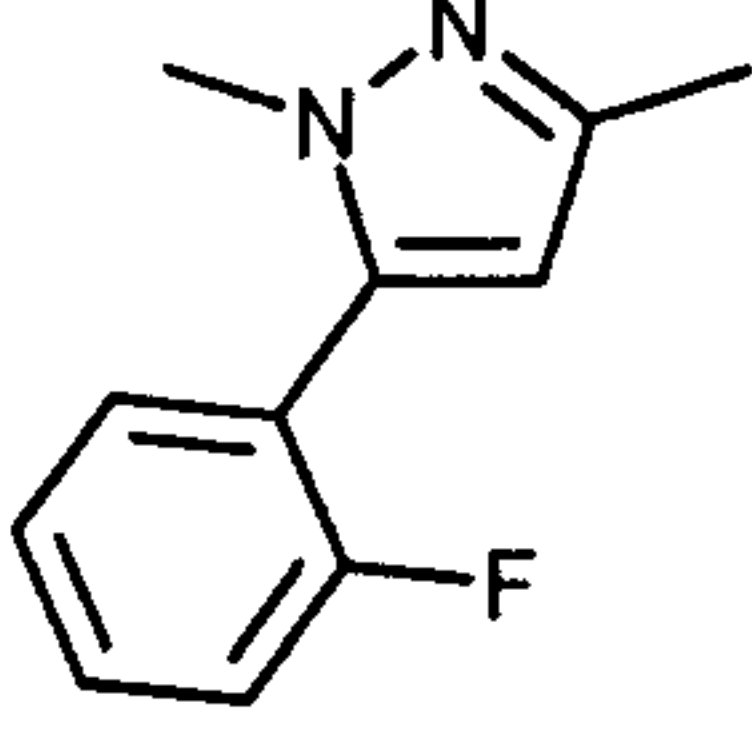
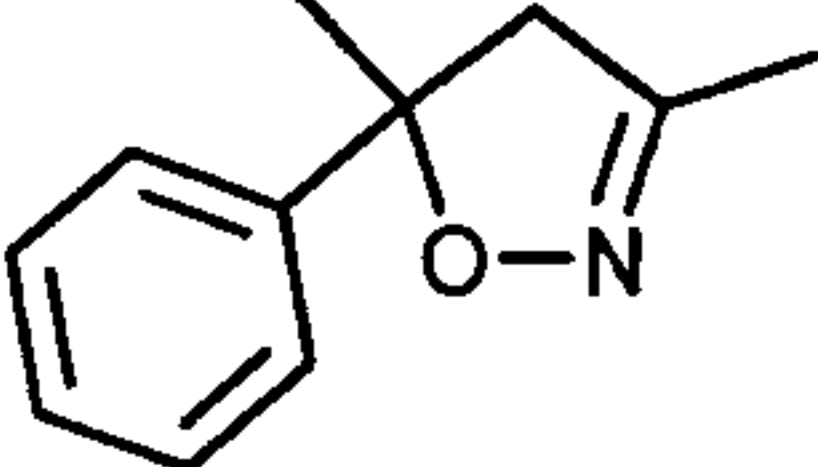
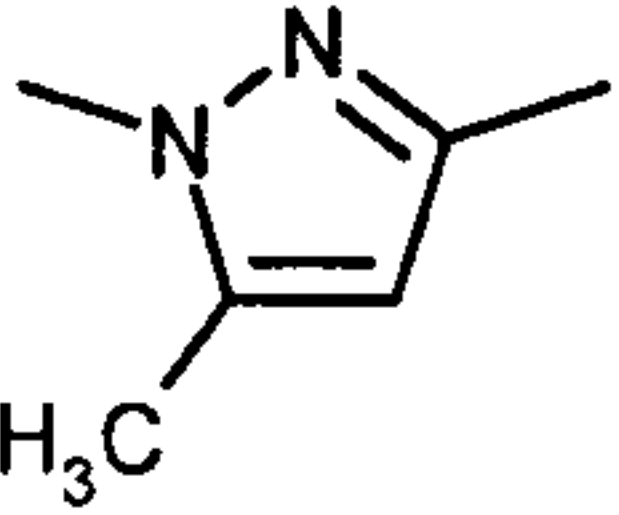
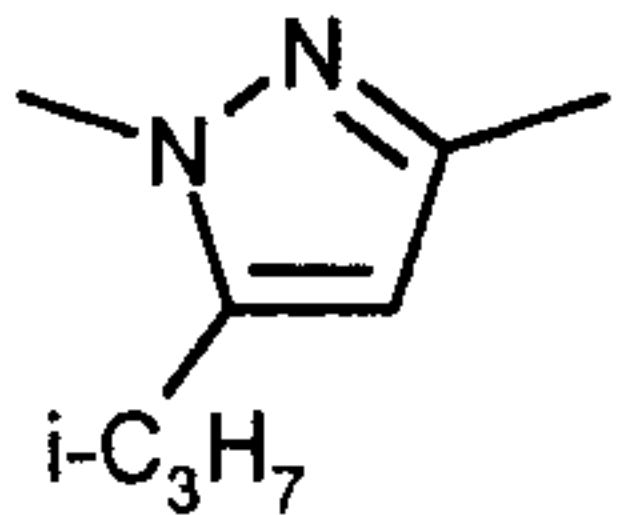
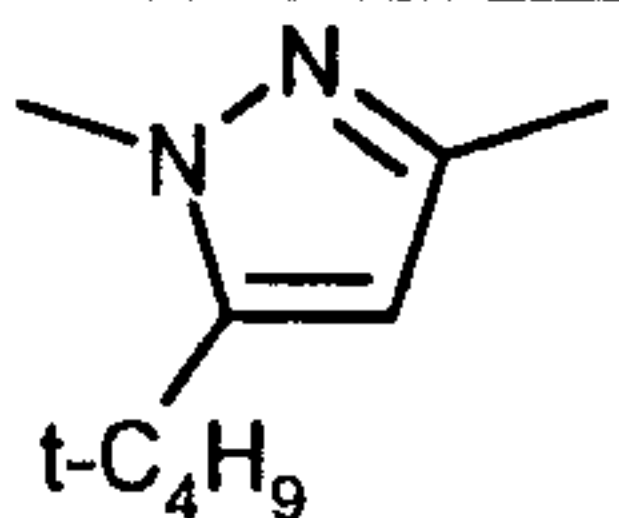
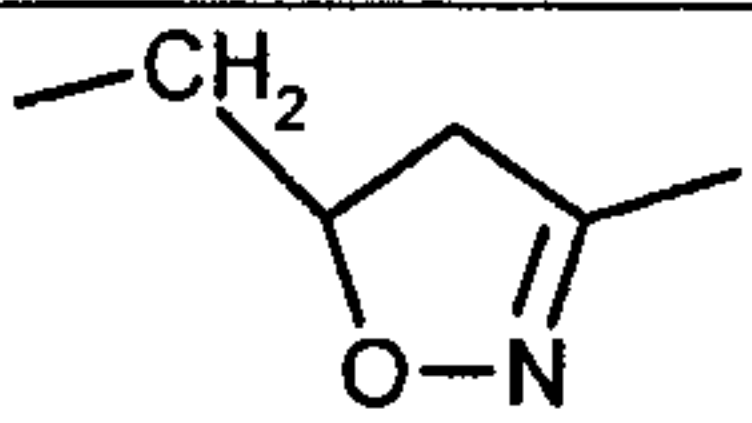
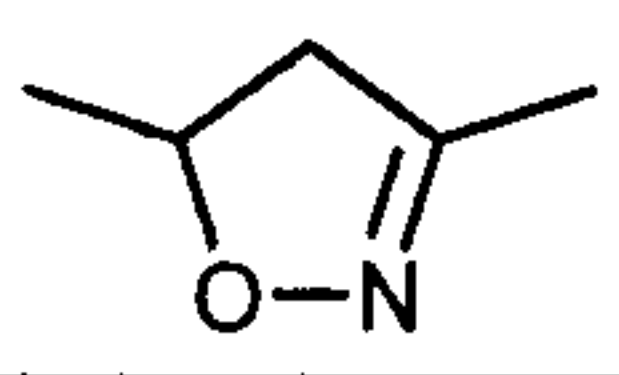
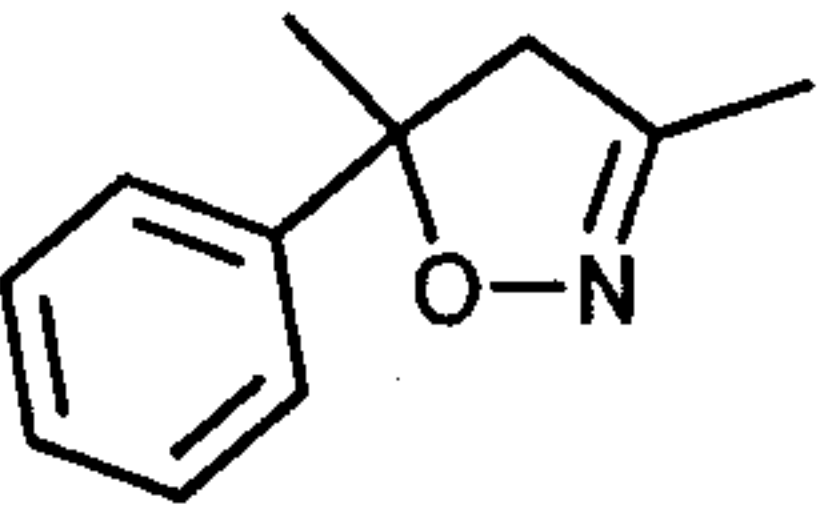
Specifically, particular mention may be made of the following compounds of the formula (IV-a):

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Table 6

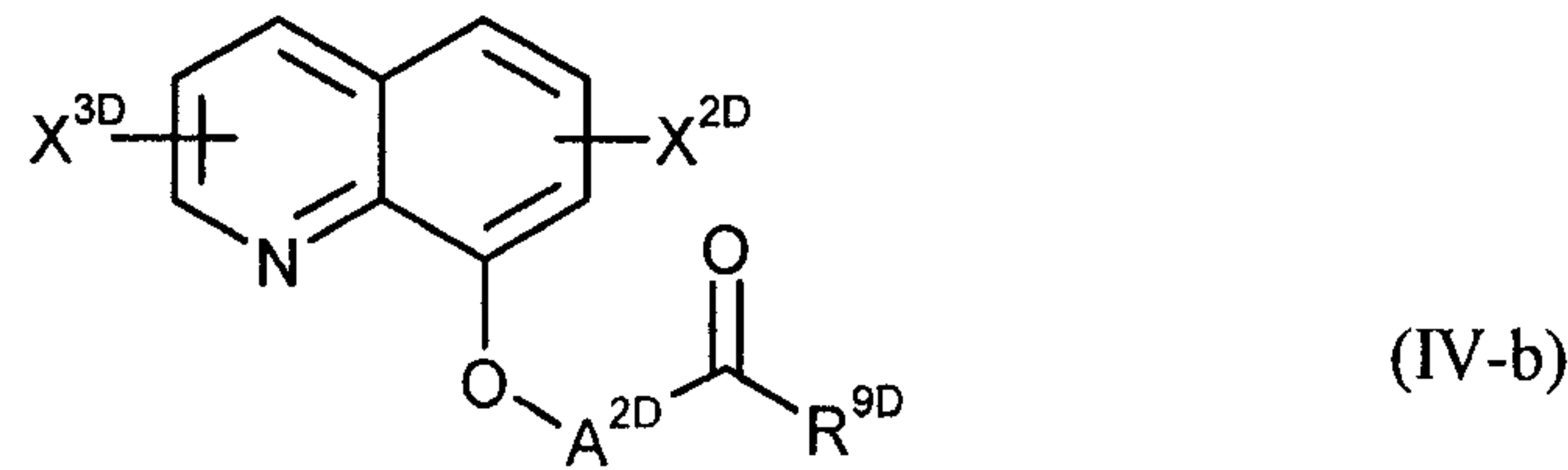


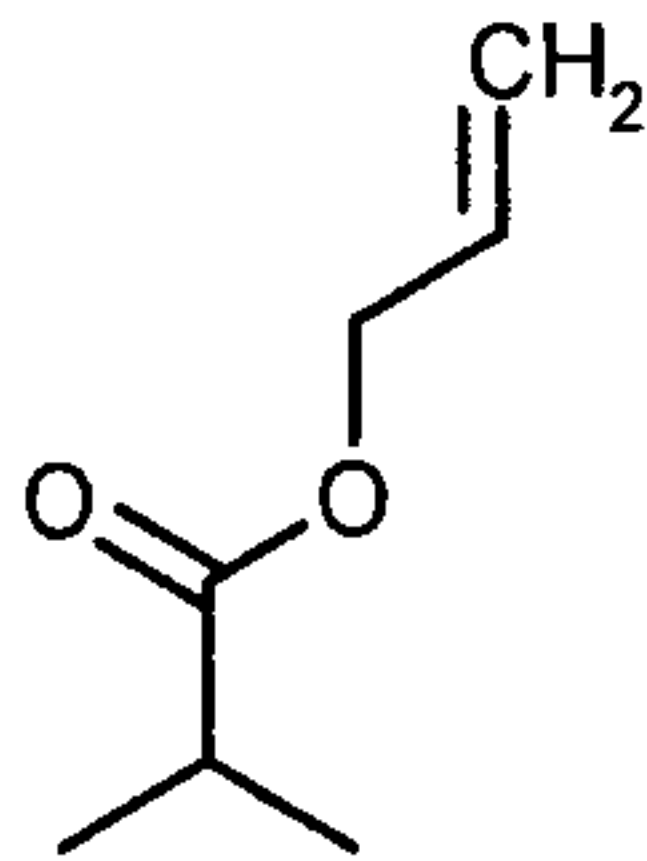
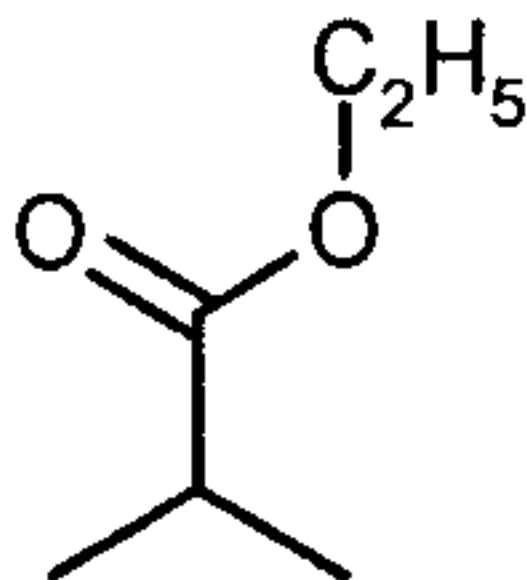
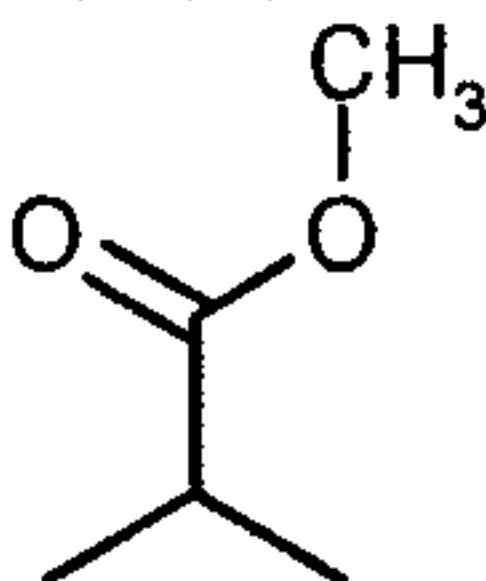
No.	X ^{1D} _r	A ^{1D}	R ^{8D}
IV-a-1	2-Cl, 4-Cl		OCH ₃
IV-a-2	2-Cl, 4-Cl		OCH ₃
IV-a-3	2-Cl, 4-Cl		OC ₂ H ₅
IV-a-4	2-Cl, 4-Cl		OC ₂ H ₅
IV-a-5	2-Cl		OCH ₃
IV-a-6	2-Cl, 4-Cl		OCH ₃
IV-a-7	2-F		OCH ₃
IV-a-8	2-F		OCH ₃
IV-a-9	2-Cl, 4-Cl		OC ₂ H ₅

No.	X ^{1D} _r	A ^{1D}	R ^{8D}
IV-a-10	2-Cl, 4-CF ₃		OCH ₃
IV-a-11	2-Cl		OCH ₃
IV-a-12	—		OC ₂ H ₅
IV-a-13	2-Cl, 4-Cl		OC ₂ H ₅
IV-a-14	2-Cl, 4-Cl		OC ₂ H ₅
IV-a-15	2-Cl, 4-Cl		OC ₂ H ₅
IV-a-16	2-Cl, 4-Cl		OC ₂ H ₅
IV-a-17	2-Cl, 4-Cl		OC ₂ H ₅
IV-a-18	—		OH

Specifically, particular mention may furthermore be made of the following compounds of the formula (IV-b):

5 Table 7

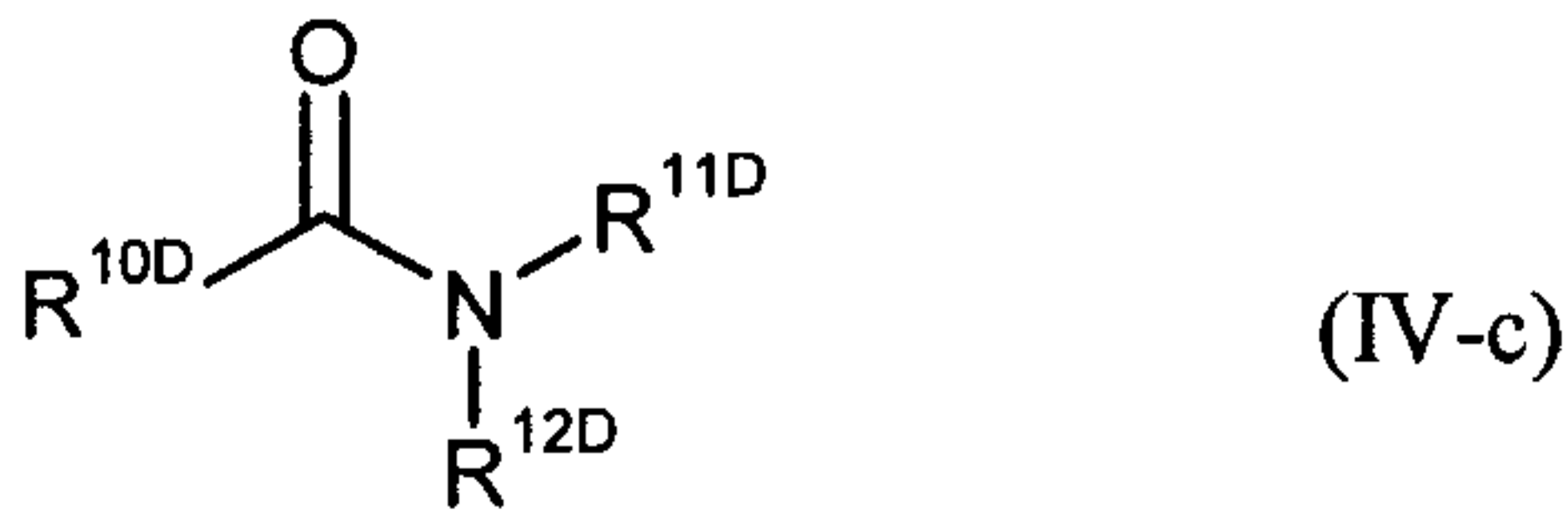


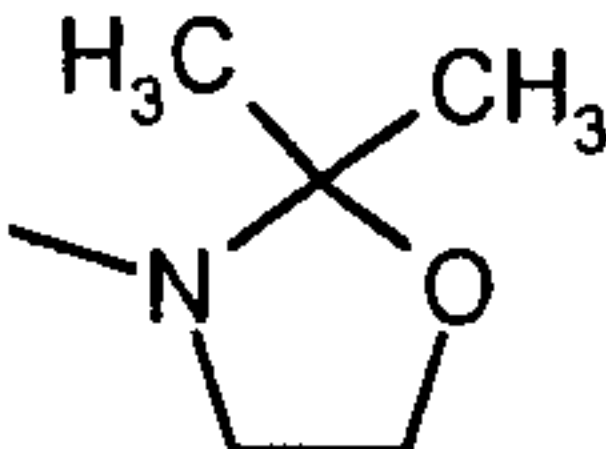
No.	X ^{2D}	X ^{3D}	A ^{2D}	R ^{9D}
IV-b-1	5-Cl	H	CH ₂	OH
IV-b-2	5-Cl	H	CH ₂	OCH ₃
IV-b-3	5-Cl	H	CH ₂	OC ₂ H ₅
IV-b-4	5-Cl	H	CH ₂	OC ₃ H _{7-n}
IV-b-5	5-Cl	H	CH ₂	OC ₃ H _{7-i}
IV-b-6	5-Cl	H	CH ₂	OC ₄ H _{9-n}
IV-b-7	5-Cl	H	CH ₂	OCH(CH ₃)C ₅ H _{11-n}
IV-b-8	5-Cl	2-F	CH ₂	OH
IV-b-9	5-Cl	2-Cl	CH ₂	OH
IV-b-10	5-Cl	H	CH ₂	OCH ₂ CH=CH ₂
IV-b-11	5-Cl	H	CH ₂	OC ₄ H _{9-i}
IV-b-12	5-Cl	H	CH ₂	OCH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH=CH ₂
IV-b-13	5-Cl	H		OCH ₂ CH=CH ₂
IV-b-14	5-Cl	H		OC ₂ H ₅
IV-b-15	5-Cl	H		OCH ₃

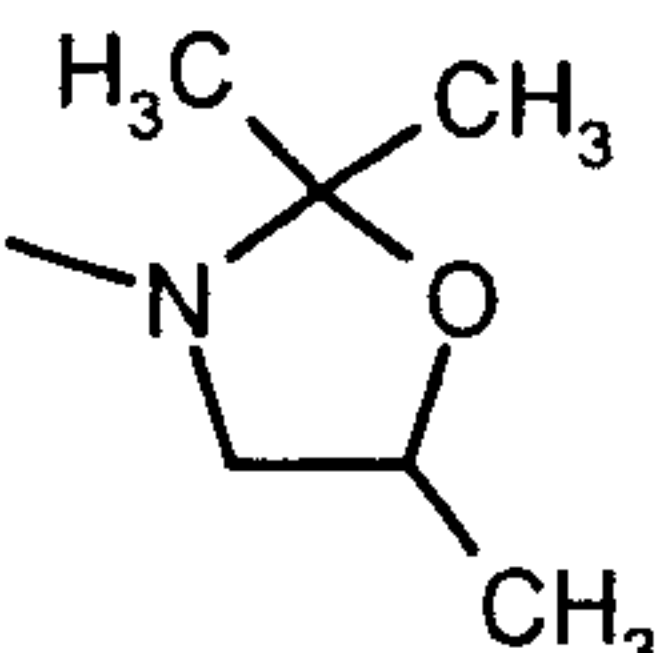
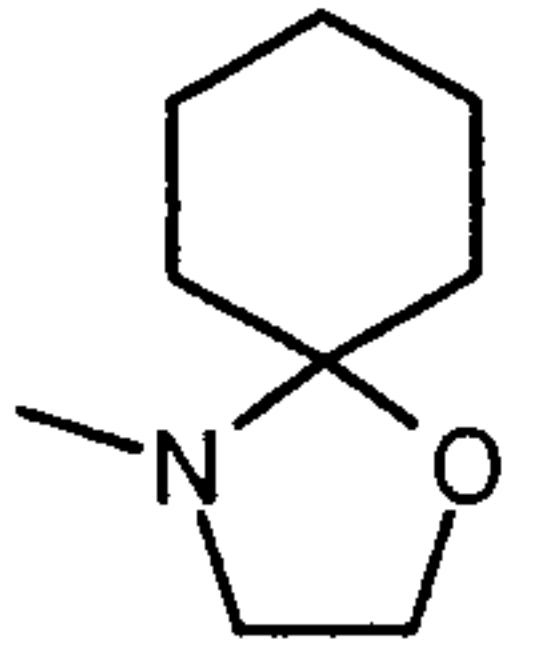
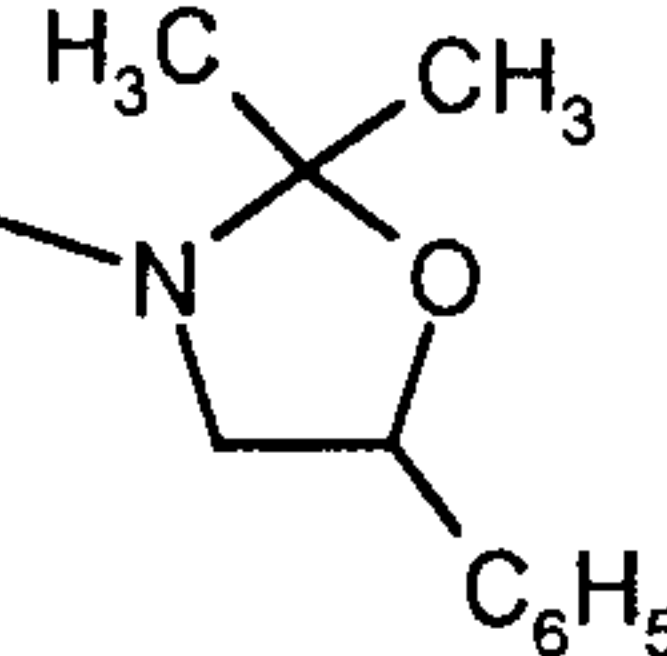
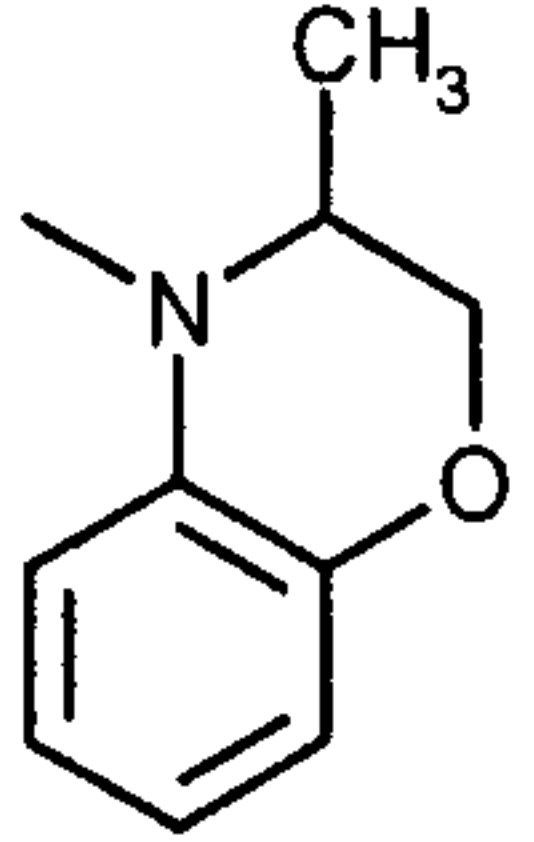
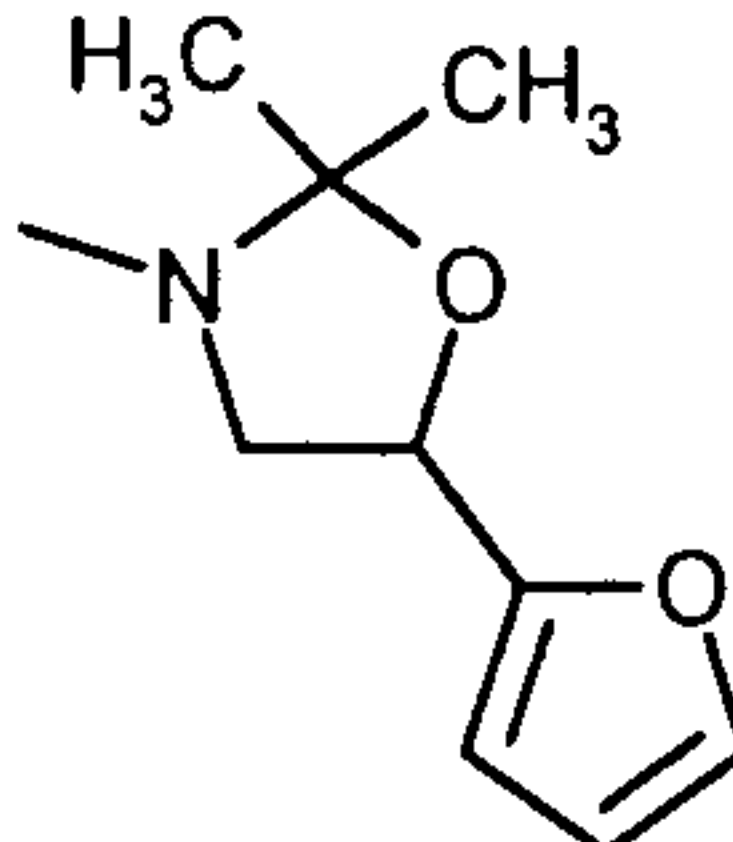
Specifically, particular mention may furthermore be made of the following compounds of the formula (IV-c):

5

Table 8

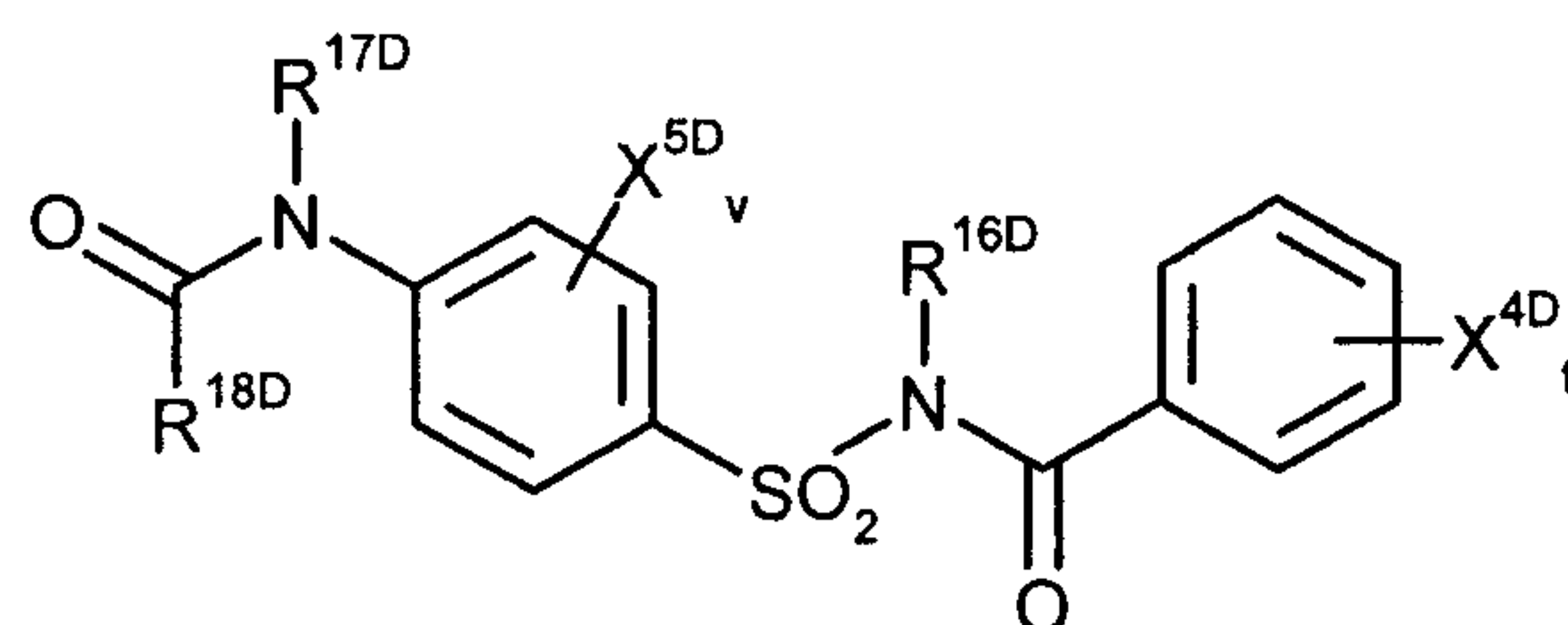


No.	R ^{10D}	N(R ^{11D} R ^{12D})
IV-c-1	CHCl ₂	N(CH ₂ CH=CH ₂) ₂
IV-c-2	CHCl ₂	

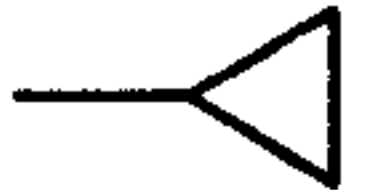
No.	R^{10D}	$N(R^{11D}R^{12D})$
IV-c-3	$CHCl_2$	
IV-c-4	$CHCl_2$	
IV-c-5	$CHCl_2$	
IV-c-6	$CHCl_2$	
IV-c-7	$CHCl_2$	

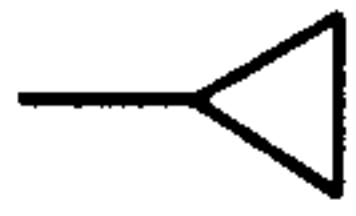
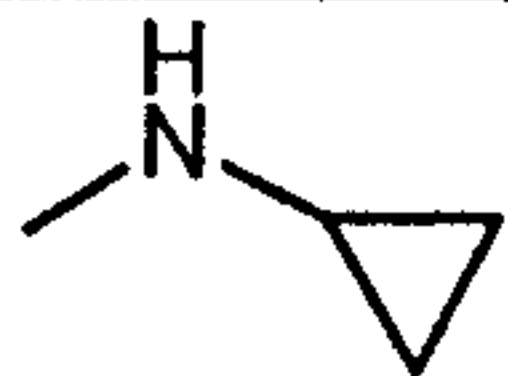
Specifically, particular mention may furthermore be made of the following compounds of the formula (IV-d):

5 Table 9



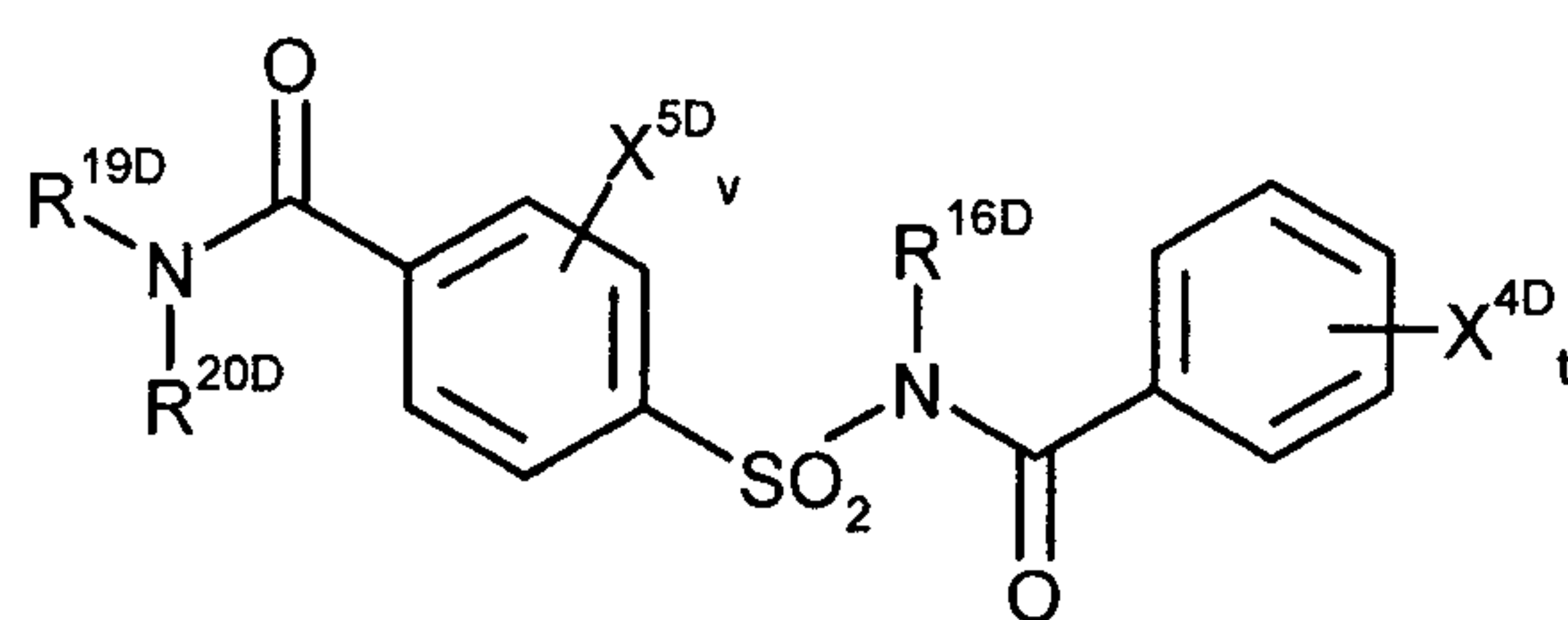
(IV-d)

No.	R^{16D}	R^{17D}	R^{18D}	X^{4D}_t	X^{5D}_v
IV-d-1	H	H	CH_3	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-d-2	H	H	C_2H_5	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-d-3	H	H	C_3H_7-n	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-d-4	H	H	C_3H_7-i	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-d-5	H	H		2-OCH ₃	—

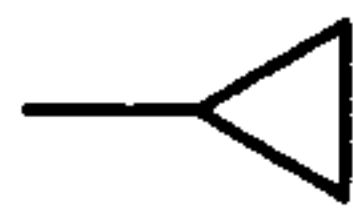
No.	R ^{16D}	R ^{17D}	R ^{18D}	X ^{4D} _t	X ^{5D} _v
IV-d-6	H	H	CH ₃	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-7	H	H	C ₂ H ₅	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-8	H	H	C ₃ H _{7-n}	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-9	H	H	C ₃ H _{7-i}	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-10	H	H		2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-11	H	H	OCH ₃	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-12	H	H	OC ₂ H ₅	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-13	H	H	OC ₃ H _{7-i}	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-14	H	H	SCH ₃	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-15	H	H	SC ₂ H ₅	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-16	H	H	SC ₃ H _{7-i}	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-17	H	H	NHCH ₃	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-18	H	H	NHC ₂ H ₅	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-19	H	H	NHC ₃ H _{7-i}	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-20	H	H		2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-d-21	H	H	NHCH ₃	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-d-22	H	H	NHC ₃ H _{7-i}	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-d-23	H	H	N(CH ₃) ₂	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-d-24	H	H	N(CH ₃) ₂	3-CH ₃ , 4-CH ₃	—
IV-d-25	H	H	CH ₂ -O-CH ₃	2-OCH ₃	—

Specifically, particular mention may furthermore be made of the following compounds of the formula (IV-e):

5 Table 10

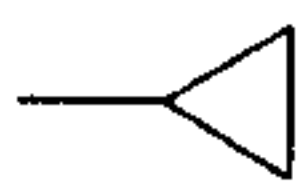


(IV-e)

No.	R ^{16D}	R ^{19D}	R ^{20D}	X ^{4D} _t	X ^{5D} _v
IV-e-1	H	H	CH ₃	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-e-2	H	H	C ₂ H ₅	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-e-3	H	H	C ₃ H _{7-n}	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-e-4	H	H	C ₃ H _{7-i}	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-e-5	H	H		2-OCH ₃	—
IV-e-6	H	CH ₃	CH ₃	2-OCH ₃	—
IV-e-7	H	H	CH ₃	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-e-8	H	H	C ₂ H ₅	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-e-9	H	H	C ₃ H _{7-n}	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—
IV-e-10	H	H	C ₃ H _{7-i}	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—

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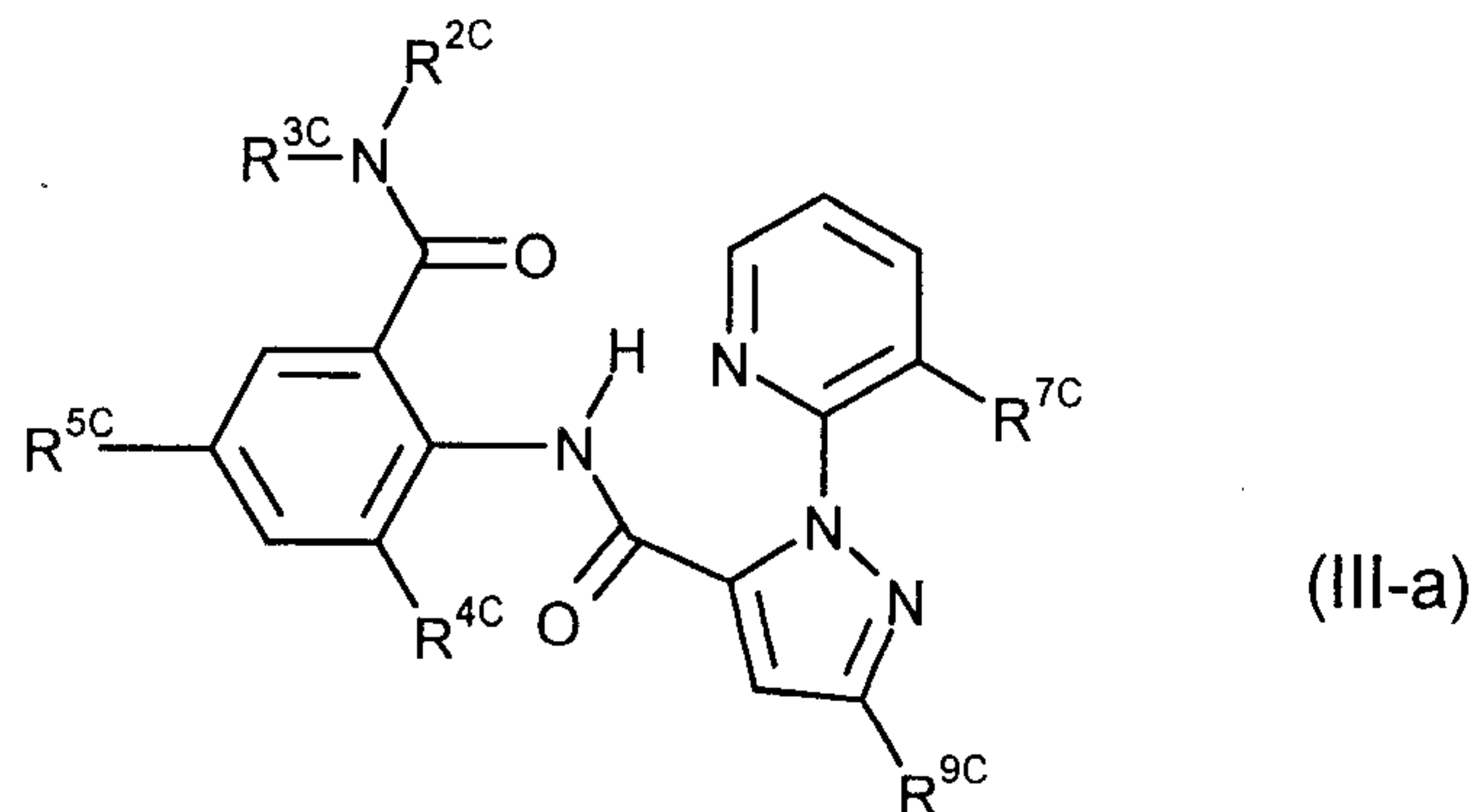
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No.	R ^{16D}	R ^{19D}	R ^{20D}	X ^{4D} _t	X ^{5D} _v
IV-e-11	H	H		2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	-
IV-e-12	H	CH ₃	CH ₃	2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	-

The crop plant compatibility-improving compounds [component b)] which are most preferred are cloquintocet-mexyl, fenchlorazole-ethyl, isoxadifen-ethyl, mefenpyr-diethyl, furilazole, fenclorim, cumyluron, dymron, dimepiperate and the compounds IV-e-5 and IV-e-11, cloquintocet-mexyl and mefenpyr-diethyl being especially preferred. Special preference is furthermore given to isoxadifen-ethyl and IV-e-5.

In one aspect, the invention relates to an insecticidal or acaricidal composition comprising an active compound combination of:

(a) at least one anthranilamide of formula (III-a) according to the following table:



Nr.	R ^{2C}	R ^{3C}	R ^{4C}	R ^{5C}	R ^{7C}	R ^{9C}
III-a-1	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-2	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-3	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-4	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-5	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃

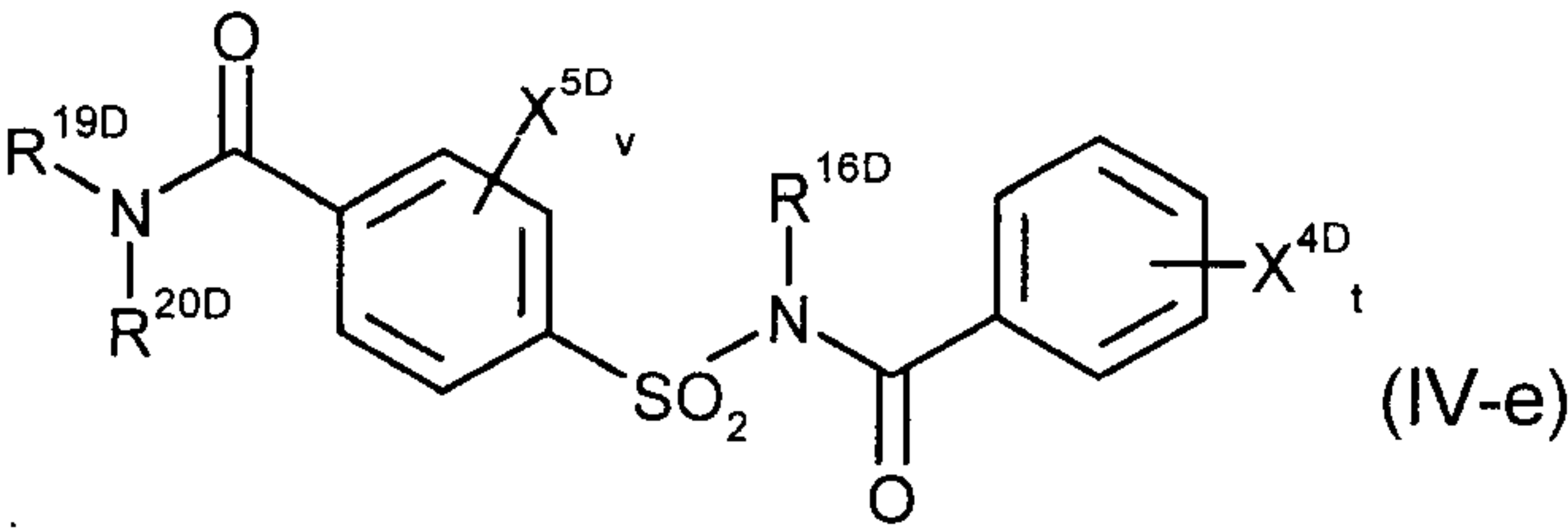
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Nr.	R ^{2C}	R ^{3C}	R ^{4C}	R ^{5C}	R ^{7C}	R ^{9C}
III-a-6	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-7	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-8	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-9	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-10	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-11	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-12	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-13	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-14	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-15	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-16	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-17	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-18	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	Br

; and

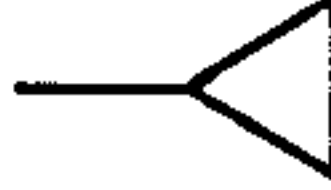
(b) at least one crop plant compatibility-improving compound selected from the group consisting of cloquintocet-mexyl, fenchlorazol-ethyl, isoxadifen-ethyl, mefenpyr-diethyl, furilazole, fenclorim, cumyluron, dymron, dimepiperate and one of
5 the compounds of formula (IV-e) according to the following table:



R ^{16D}	R ^{19D}	R ^{20D}	X ^{4D} _t	X ^{5D} _v
H	H		2-OCH ₃	—

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R^{16D}	R^{19D}	R^{20D}	X^{4D}_t	X^{5D}_v
H	H		2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—

Examples of selective insecticidal and/or acaricidal combinations according to the invention of in each case one active compound of the formula (I) and in each case one of the safeners defined above are listed in the table below.

5 Table 11 Examples of combinations according to the invention

Active compound of the formula (I), (II) or (III)	Safener
(I-a-1)	cloquintocet-mexyl
(I-a-1)	fenchlorazole-ethyl
(I-a-1)	isoxadifen-ethyl
(I-a-1)	mefenpyr-diethyl
(I-a-1)	furilazole
(I-a-1)	fencloirim
(I-a-1)	cumyluron
(I-a-1)	daimuron/dymron
(I-a-1)	dimepiperate
(I-a-1)	IV-e-11
(I-a-1)	IV-e-5
(I-a-2)	cloquintocet-mexyl
(I-a-2)	fenchlorazole-ethyl
(I-a-2)	isoxadifen-ethyl
(I-a-2)	mefenpyr-diethyl
(I-a-2)	furilazole
(I-a-2)	fencloirim
(I-a-2)	cumyluron

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Active compound of the formula (I), (II) or (III)	Safener
(I-a-2)	daimuron/dymron
(I-a-2)	dimepiperate
(I-a-2)	IV-e-11
(I-a-2)	IV-e-5
(I-a-45)	cloquintocet-mexyl
(I-a-45)	fenchlorazole-ethyl
(I-a-45)	isoxadifen-ethyl
(I-a-45)	mefenpyr-diethyl
(I-a-45)	furilazole
(I-a-45)	fenclorim
(I-a-45)	cumyluron

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Active compound of the formula (I), (II) or (III)	Safener
(I-a-45)	daimuron /dymron
(I-a-45)	dimepiperate
(I-a-45)	IV-e-11
(I-a-45)	IV-e-5
(I-a-55)	cloquintocet-mexyl
(I-a-55)	fenchlorazole-ethyl
(I-a-55)	isoxadifen-ethyl
(I-a-55)	mefenpyr-diethyl
(I-a-55)	furilazole
(I-a-55)	fenclorim
(I-a-55)	cumyluron
(I-a-55)	daimuron /dymron
(I-a-55)	dimepiperate
(I-a-55)	IV-e-11
(I-a-55)	IV-e-5
(I-b-2)	cloquintocet-mexyl
(I-b-2)	fenchlorazole-ethyl
(I-b-2)	isoxadifen-ethyl
(I-b-2)	mefenpyr-diethyl
(I-b-2)	furilazole
(I-b-2)	fenclorim
(I-b-2)	cumyluron
(I-b-2)	daimuron /dymron
(I-b-2)	dimepiperate
(I-b-2)	IV-e-11
(I-b-2)	IV-e-5
(II-3)	cloquintocet-mexyl
(II-3)	fenchlorazole-ethyl
(II-3)	isoxadifen-ethyl
(II-3)	mefenpyr-diethyl
(II-3)	furilazole
(II-3)	fenclorim
(II-3)	cumyluron
(II-3)	daimuron /dymron
(II-3)	dimepiperate
(II-3)	IV-e-11
(II-3)	IV-e-5
(II-6)	cloquintocet-mexyl
(II-6)	fenchlorazole-ethyl
(II-6)	isoxadifen-ethyl
(II-6)	mefenpyr-diethyl
(II-6)	furilazole
(II-6)	fenclorim
(II-6)	cumyluron
(II-6)	daimuron /dymron
(II-6)	dimepiperate
(II-6)	IV-e-11
(II-6)	IV-e-5
(III-a-4)	cloquintocet-mexyl
(III-a-4)	fenchlorazole-ethyl
(III-a-4)	isoxadifen-ethyl

Active compound of the formula (I), (II) or (III)	Safener
(III-a-4)	mefenpyr-diethyl
(III-a-4)	furilazole
(III-a-4)	fenclorim
(III-a-4)	cumyluron
(III-a-4)	daimuron /dymron
(III-a-4)	dimepiperate
(III-a-4)	IV-e-11
(III-a-4)	IV-e-5
(III-a-9)	cloquintocet-mexyl
(III-a-9)	fenchlorazole-ethyl
(III-a-9)	isoxadifen-ethyl
(III-a-9)	mefenpyr-diethyl
(III-a-9)	furilazole
(III-a-9)	fenclorim
(III-a-9)	cumyluron
(III-a-9)	daimuron /dymron
(III-a-9)	dimepiperate
(III-a-9)	IV-e-11
(III-a-9)	IV-e-5

The compounds of the general formula (IV-a) to be used as safeners are known and/or can be prepared by processes known per se (cf. WO 91/07874, WO 95/07897).

5 The compounds of the general formula (IV-b) to be used as safeners are known and/or can be prepared by processes known per se (cf. EP-A 0 191 736).

The compounds of the general formula (IV-c) to be used as safeners are known and/or can be prepared by processes known per se (cf. DE-A 22 18 097, DE-A 23 50 547).

The compounds of the general formula (IV-d) to be used as safeners are known and/or can be prepared by processes known per se (cf. DE-A 196 21 522, US 6,235,680).

10 The compounds of the general formula (IV-e) to be used as safeners are known and/or can be prepared by processes known per se (cf. WO 99/66795, US 6,251,827).

15 Surprisingly, it has now been found that the active compound combinations, defined above, of haloalkylnicotinic acid derivatives of the general formula (I), phthalic acid diamides of the formula (II) or anthranilamides of the formula (III) and safeners (antidotes) of group (b) listed above have very good insecticidal and/or acaricidal activity, are very well tolerated by useful plants and can be used in various crops for the selective control of insects.

20 Here, it has to be considered to be entirely surprising that the compounds of group (b) listed above are in some cases capable of increasing the insecticidal and/or acaricidal activity of the haloalkylnicotinic acid derivatives of the general formula (I), the phthalic acid diamides of the

general formula (II) or the anthranilamides of the general formula (III) such that a synergistic effect is observed.

The combinations of active compounds can generally be used, for example, for the following plants:

5 Dicotyledonous crops of the genera: Gossypium, Glycine, Beta, Daucus, Phaseolus, Pisum, Solanum, Linum, Ipomoea, Vicia, Nicotiana, Lycopersicon, Arachis, Brassica, Lactuca, Cucumis, Cuburbita, Helianthus.

Monocotyledonous crops of the genera: Oryza, Zea, Triticum, Hordeum, Avena, Secale, Sorghum, Panicum, Saccharum, Ananas, Asparagus, Allium.

10

However, the use of the combination of active compounds is by no means limited to these genera but equally also extends to other plants.

15 The advantageous effect of the crop plant compatibility of the combinations of active compounds is particularly strongly pronounced at certain concentration ratios. However, the weight ratios of the active compounds in the combinations of active compounds can be varied within relatively wide ranges. In general, 0.001 to 1000 parts by weight, preferably 0.01 to 100 parts by weight, particularly preferably 0.05 to 10 parts by weight and most preferably 0.07 to 1.5 parts by weight of one of the crop plant compatibility-improving compounds (antidotes/safeners) mentioned above under (b) are
20 present per part by weight of active compound of the formula (I) or (II) or (III).

The active compounds or combinations of active compounds can be converted into the customary formulations, such as solutions, emulsions, wettable powders, suspensions, powders, dusts, pastes, soluble powders, granules, suspoemulsion concentrates, natural and synthetic materials impregnated
25 with active compounds and microencapsulations in polymeric materials.

These formulations are produced in a known manner, for example by mixing the active compounds with extenders, that is, liquid solvents and/or solid carriers, optionally with the use of surface-active agents, that is, emulsifiers and/or dispersants and/or foam formers.

30

If the extender used is water, it is also possible to use for example organic solvents as auxiliary solvents. Suitable liquid solvents are mainly: aromatics, such as xylene, toluene or alkyl naphthalenes, chlorinated aromatics or chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons, such as chlorobenzenes, chloroethylenes or methylene chloride, aliphatic hydrocarbons, such as cyclohexane or paraffins, for example mineral
35 oil fractions, mineral and vegetable oils, alcohols, such as butanol or glycol and ethers and esters

thereof, ketones, such as acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone or cyclohexanone, strongly polar solvents, such as dimethylformamide and dimethyl sulfoxide, and water.

Suitable solid carriers are:

- 5 for example ammonium salts and ground natural minerals, such as kaolins, clays, talc, chalk, quartz, attapulgite, montmorillonite or diatomaceous earth, and ground synthetic minerals, such as finely divided silica, alumina and silicates; suitable as solid carriers for granules are: for example crushed and fractionated natural rocks such as calcite, marble, pumice, sepiolite and dolomite, and synthetic granules of inorganic and organic meals, and granules of organic material such as sawdust, coconut
 10 shells, corn cobs and tobacco stalks; suitable as emulsifiers and/or foam formers are: for example nonionic and anionic emulsifiers, such as polyoxyethylene fatty acid esters, polyoxyethylene fatty alcohol ethers, for example alkylaryl polyglycol ethers, alkylsulfonates, alkyl sulfates, arylsulfonates and protein hydrolysates; suitable as dispersants are: for example lignosulfite waste liquors and methylcellulose.

15

Tackifiers such as carboxymethylcellulose and natural and synthetic polymers in the form of powders, granules or latices, such as gum arabic, polyvinyl alcohol and polyvinyl acetate, and natural phospholipids, such as cephalins and lecithins, and synthetic phospholipids can be used in the formulations. Other possible additives are mineral and vegetable oils.

20

It is possible to use colorants such as inorganic pigments, for example iron oxide, titanium oxide and Prussian Blue, and organic dyestuffs, such as alizarin dyestuffs, azo dyestuffs and metal phthalocyanine dyestuffs, and trace nutrients such as salts of iron, manganese, boron, copper, cobalt, molybdenum and zinc.

25

The formulations in general comprise between 0.1 and 95% by weight of active compound, preferably between 0.5 and 90%.

The combinations of active compounds are generally applied in the form of ready-to-use
 30 formulations. However, the active compounds contained in the combinations of active compounds may also be applied in the form of individual formulations which are mixed upon use, that is, in the form of tank mixes.

The combinations of active compounds, as such or in their formulations, may furthermore also be
 35 used as a mixture with other known herbicides, again with ready-to-use formulations or tank mixes being possible. A mixture with other known active compounds, such as fungicides, insecticides,

acaricides, nematicides, attractants, sterilants, bactericides, bird repellents, growth substances, plant nutrients and soil conditioners is also possible. It may furthermore be advantageous for specific applications, in particular for the post-emergence method, to incorporate into the formulations plant-compatible mineral or vegetable oils (for example the commercial product "Rako Binol") or
5 ammonium salts, such as, for example, ammonium sulfate or ammonium thiocyanate, as further additives.

The combinations of active compounds can be used as such, in the form of their formulations or the use forms which can be prepared from these formulations by further dilution, such as ready-to-use
10 solutions, suspensions, emulsions, powders, pastes and granules. Application is effected in the customary manner, for example by watering, spraying, atomizing, dusting or broadcasting.

The application rates of the combination of active compounds can be varied within a certain range; they depend, inter alia, on the weather and the soil factors. In general, the application rates are from
15 0.005 to 5 kg per ha, preferably from 0.01 to 2 kg per ha, particularly preferably from 0.05 to 1.0 kg per ha.

The combinations of active compounds can be applied before and after emergence of the plants, i.e. by the pre-emergence and the post-emergence method.

20 Depending on their properties, the safeners to be used can be employed for pretreating the seed of the crop plant (seed dressing) or be incorporated into the seed furrows before sowing or, together with the herbicide, be applied before or after emergence of the plants.

25 The combinations of active compounds are suitable for controlling animal pests, preferably arthropods and nematodes, in particular insects and arachnids, encountered in agriculture, animal health in forests, in stored-product and material protection and in the hygiene sector. They are effective against normally sensitive and resistant species and against all or individual stages of development. The abovementioned pests include:

30 From the order of the Isopoda, for example, *Oniscus asellus*, *Armadillidium vulgare*, *Porcellio scaber*.

From the order of the Diplopoda, for example, *Blaniulus guttulatus*.

From the order of the Chilopoda, for example, *Geophilus carpophagus*, *Scutigera* spp..

35 From the order of the Symphyla, for example, *Scutigera* spp..

From the order of the Thysanura, for example, *Lepisma saccharinum*.

From the order of the Collembola, for example, *Onychiurus armatus*.

From the order of the Orthoptera, for example, *Acheta domesticus*, *Gryllotalpa* spp., *Locusta migratoria migratorioides*, *Melanoplus* spp., *Schistocerca gregaria*.

From the order of the Blattaria, for example, *Blatta orientalis*, *Periplaneta americana*, *Leucophaea maderae*, *Blattella germanica*.

From the order of the Dermaptera, for example, *Forficula auricularia*.

From the order of the Isoptera, for example, *Reticulitermes* spp..

From the order of the Phthiraptera, for example, *Pediculus humanus corporis*, *Haematopinus* spp., *Linognathus* spp., *Trichodectes* spp., *Damalinia* spp..

10 From the order of the Thysanoptera, for example, *Hercinothrips femoralis*, *Thrips tabaci*, *Thrips palmi*, *Frankliniella occidentalis*.

From the order of the Heteroptera, for example, *Eurygaster* spp., *Dysdercus intermedius*, *Piesma quadrata*, *Cimex lectularius*, *Rhodnius prolixus*, *Triatoma* spp.

From the order of the Homoptera, for example, *Aleurodes brassicae*, *Bemisia tabaci*, *Trialeurodes vaporariorum*, *Aphis gossypii*, *Brevicoryne brassicae*, *Cryptomyzus ribis*, *Aphis fabae*, *Aphis pomi*,
15 *Eriosoma lanigerum*, *Hyalopterus arundinis*, *Phylloxera vastatrix*, *Pemphigus* spp., *Macrosiphum avenae*, *Myzus* spp., *Phorodon humuli*, *Rhopalosiphum padi*, *Empoasca* spp., *Euscelis bilobatus*, *Nephotettix cincticeps*, *Lecanium corni*, *Saissetia oleae*, *Laodelphax striatellus*, *Nilaparvata lugens*, *Aonidiella aurantii*, *Aspidiotus hederae*, *Pseudococcus* spp., *Psylla* spp.

20 From the order of the Lepidoptera, for example, *Pectinophora gossypiella*, *Bupalus piniarius*, *Cheimatobia brumata*, *Lithocolletis blancardella*, *Hyponomeuta padella*, *Plutella xylostella*, *Malacosoma neustria*, *Euproctis chrysorrhoea*, *Lymantria* spp., *Bucculatrix thurberiella*, *Phyllocnistis citrella*, *Agrotis* spp., *Euxoa* spp., *Feltia* spp., *Earias insulana*, *Heliothis* spp., *Mamestra brassicae*, *Panolis flammea*, *Spodoptera* spp., *Trichoplusia ni*, *Carpocapsa pomonella*, *Pieris* spp., *Chilo* spp.,
25 *Pyrausta nubilalis*, *Ephestia kuehniella*, *Galleria mellonella*, *Tineola bisselliella*, *Tinea pellionella*, *Hofmannophila pseudospretella*, *Cacoecia podana*, *Capua reticulana*, *Choristoneura fumiferana*, *Clysia ambiguella*, *Homona magnanima*, *Tortrix viridana*, *Cnaphalocerus* spp., *Oulema oryzae*.

From the order of the Coleoptera, for example, *Anobium punctatum*, *Rhizopertha dominica*, *Bruchidius obtectus*, *Acanthoscelides obtectus*, *Hylotrupes bajulus*, *Agelastica alni*, *Leptinotarsa*
30 *decemlineata*, *Phaedon cochleariae*, *Diabrotica* spp., *Psylliodes chrysocephala*, *Epilachna varivestis*, *Atomaria* spp., *Oryzaephilus surinamensis*, *Anthonomus* spp., *Sitophilus* spp., *Otiorrhynchus sulcatus*, *Cosmopolites sordidus*, *Ceuthorrhynchus assimilis*, *Hypera postica*, *Dermestes* spp., *Trogoderma* spp., *Anthrenus* spp., *Attagenus* spp., *Lyctus* spp., *Meligethes aeneus*, *Ptinus* spp., *Niptus hololeucus*, *Gibbium psylloides*, *Tribolium* spp., *Tenebrio molitor*, *Agriotes* spp., *Conoderus*
35 spp., *Melolontha melolontha*, *Amphimallon solstitialis*, *Costelytra zealandica*, *Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus*.

From the order of the Hymenoptera, for example, *Diprion* spp., *Hoplocampa* spp., *Lasius* spp., *Monomorium pharaonis*, *Vespa* spp.

From the order of the Diptera, for example, *Aedes* spp., *Anopheles* spp., *Culex* spp., *Drosophila melanogaster*, *Musca* spp., *Fannia* spp., *Calliphora erythrocephala*, *Lucilia* spp., *Chrysomyia* spp.,
 5 *Cuterebra* spp., *Gastrophilus* spp., *Hyppobosca* spp., *Stomoxys* spp., *Oestrus* spp., *Hypoderma* spp.,
Tabanus spp., *Tannia* spp., *Bibio hortulanus*, *Oscinella frit*, *Phorbia* spp., *Pegomyia hyoscyami*,
Ceratitis capitata, *Dacus oleae*, *Tipula paludosa*, *Hylemyia* spp., *Liriomyza* spp.

From the order of the Siphonaptera, for example, *Xenopsylla cheopis*, *Ceratophyllus* spp.

From the class of the arachnids, for example, *Scorpio maurus*, *Latrodectus mactans*, *Acarus siro*,
 10 *Argas* spp., *Ornithodoros* spp., *Dermanyssus gallinae*, *Eriophyes ribis*, *Phyllocoptura oleivora*,
Boophilus spp., *Rhipicephalus* spp., *Amblyomma* spp., *Hyalomma* spp., *Ixodes* spp., *Psoroptes* spp.,
Chorioptes spp., *Sarcoptes* spp., *Tarsonemus* spp., *Bryobia praetiosa*, *Panonychus* spp., *Tetranychus*
spp., *Hemitarsonemus* spp., *Brevipalpus* spp.

15 The plant-parasitic nematodes include, for example, *Pratylenchus* spp., *Radopholus similis*,
Ditylenchus dipsaci, *Tylenchulus semipenetrans*, *Heterodera* spp., *Globodera* spp., *Meloidogyne* spp.,
Aphelenchoides spp., *Longidorus* spp., *Xiphinema* spp., *Trichodorus* spp., *Bursaphelenchus* spp.

When used as insecticides, the combinations of active compounds can furthermore be present, in their
 20 commercial formulations and in the use forms prepared from these formulations, as a mixture with
synergists. Synergists are compounds which enhance the activity of the active compounds, without it
being necessary for the added synergist to be active for its part.

The content of active compounds of the use forms prepared from the commercial formulations may
 25 vary within wide ranges. The concentration of active compounds of the use forms may be from
0.0000001 to 95% by weight of active compound and is preferably from 0.0001 to 1% by weight.

Application is carried out in a customary manner adapted to the use forms.

According to the invention, it is possible to treat all plants and parts of plants. Plants are to be
 30 understood here as meaning all plants and plant populations such as desired and undesired wild plants
or crop plants (including naturally occurring crop plants). Crop plants can be plants which can be
obtained by conventional breeding and optimization methods or by biotechnological and genetic
engineering methods or combinations of these methods, including the transgenic plants and including
the plant cultivars which can or cannot be protected by plant breeder's certificates. Parts of plants are
 35 to be understood as meaning all above-ground and below-ground parts and organs of plants, such as
shoot, leaf, flower and root, examples which may be mentioned being leaves, needles, stems, trunks,

flowers, fruit-bodies, fruits and seeds and also roots, tubers and rhizomes. Parts of plants also include harvested plants and vegetative and generative propagation material, for example seedlings, tubers, rhizomes, cuttings and seeds.

- 5 The treatment of the plants and parts of plants according to the invention with the active compounds is carried out directly or by action on their environment, habitat or storage area according to customary treatment methods, for example by dipping, spraying, evaporating, atomizing, broadcasting, brushing-on and, in the case of propagation material, in particular in the case of seeds, furthermore by one- or multi-layer coating.

10

As already mentioned above, it is possible to treat all plants and their parts according to the invention. In a preferred embodiment, wild plant species and plant varieties, or those obtained by conventional biological breeding methods, such as crossing or protoplast fusion, and parts thereof, are treated. In a further preferred embodiment, transgenic plants and plant varieties obtained by genetic engineering,
15 if appropriate in combination with conventional methods (Genetic Modified Organisms), and parts thereof are treated. The term "parts" or "parts of plants" or "plant parts" has been explained above.

Particularly preferably, plants of the plant varieties which are in each case commercially available or in use are treated according to the invention.

20

Depending on the plant species or plant varieties, their location and growth conditions (soils, climate, vegetation period, diet), the treatment according to the invention may also result in superadditive ("synergistic") effects. Thus, for example, reduced application rates and/or a widening of the activity spectrum and/or an increase in the activity of the substances and compositions which can be used
25 according to the invention, better plant growth, increased tolerance to high or low temperatures, increased tolerance to drought or to water or soil salt content, increased flowering performance, easier harvesting, accelerated maturation, higher harvest yields, better quality and/or a higher nutritional value of the harvested products, better storage stability and/or processability of the harvested products are possible which exceed the effects which were actually to be expected.

30

The transgenic plants or plant varieties (i.e. those obtained by genetic engineering) which are preferred and to be treated according to the invention include all plants which, in the genetic modification, received genetic material which imparts particularly advantageous useful traits to these plants. Examples of such properties are better plant growth, increased tolerance to high or low
35 temperatures, increased tolerance to drought or to water or soil salt content, increased flowering performance, easier harvesting, accelerated maturation, higher harvest yields, better quality and/or a

higher nutritional value of the harvested products, better storage stability and/or processability of the harvested products. Further and particularly emphasized examples of such properties are a better defense of the plants against animal and microbial pests, such as against insects, mites, phytopathogenic fungi, bacteria and/or viruses, and also increased tolerance of the plants to certain herbicidally active compounds. Examples of transgenic plants which may be mentioned are the important crop plants, such as cereals (wheat, rice), corn, soybeans, potatoes, cotton, oilseed rape and also fruit plants (with the fruits apples, pears, citrus fruits and grapes), and particular emphasis is given to corn, soybeans, potatoes, cotton and oilseed rape. Traits that are particularly emphasized are the increased defense of the plants against insects by toxins formed in the plants, in particular those formed by the genetic material from *Bacillus thuringiensis* (for example by the genes CryIA(a), CryIA(b), CryIA(c), CryIIA, CryIIIA, CryIIIB2, Cry9c Cry2Ab, Cry3Bb and CryIF and also combinations thereof) (hereinbelow referred to as "Bt plants"). Traits that are furthermore particularly emphasized are the increased tolerance of the plants to certain herbicidally active compounds, for example imidazolinones, sulfonylureas, glyphosate or phosphinotricin (for example the "PAT" gene). The genes which impart the desired traits in question can also be present in combination with one another in the transgenic plants. Examples of "Bt plants" which may be mentioned are corn varieties, cotton varieties, soybean varieties and potato varieties which are sold under the trade names YIELD GARD® (for example corn, cotton, soybeans), KnockOut® (for example corn), StarLink® (for example corn), Bollgard® (cotton), Nucotn® (cotton) and NewLeaf® (potato). Examples of herbicide-tolerant plants which may be mentioned are corn varieties, cotton varieties and soybean varieties which are sold under the trade names Roundup Ready® (tolerance to glyphosate, for example corn, cotton, soybean), Liberty Link® (tolerance to phosphinotricin, for example oilseed rape), IMI® (tolerance to imidazolinones) and STS® (tolerance to sulfonylureas, for example corn). Herbicide-resistant plants (plants bred in a conventional manner for herbicide tolerance) which may be mentioned include the varieties sold under the name Clearfield® (for example corn). Of course, these statements also apply to plant varieties having these or still-to-be-developed genetic traits, which plants will be developed and/or marketed in the future.

The plants listed can be treated according to the invention in a particularly advantageous manner with the active compound mixtures. The preferred ranges stated above for the mixtures also apply to the treatment of these plants. Particular emphasis is given to the treatment of plants with the mixtures specifically mentioned in the present text.

Formula for calculating the kill rate of a combination of two active compounds

The expected activity for a given combination of two active compounds can be calculated (cf. Colby, S.R.; "Calculating Synergistic and Antagonistic Responses of Herbicide Combinations", Weeds 15,
5 pages 20-22, 1967):

if

X = the kill rate, expressed in % of the untreated control, when employing active
10 compound A at an application rate of $\underline{m}$ ppm,

Y = the kill rate, expressed in % of the untreated control, when employing active
compound B at an application rate of $\underline{n}$ ppm,

E = the kill rate, expressed in % of the untreated control, when employing active
compounds A and B at application rates of $\underline{m}$ and $\underline{n}$ ppm,
15

then
$$E = X + Y - \frac{X \times Y}{100}$$

If the actual insecticidal kill rate is higher than the calculated one, the kill of the combination is superadditive, i.e. a synergistic effect is present. In this case, the kill rate that is actually observed has
20 to be higher than the value, calculated using the formula above, for the expected kill rate (E).

Examples for spray treatment - dripping wet

Solvent: water

Adjuvant: rapeseed oil methyl ester

5

To produce a suitable solution, 1 part by weight of formulation is mixed with the stated amount of water and adjuvant and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

Heliothis armigera test

- 10 Cotton plants (*Gossypium hirsutum*) are sprayed to runoff point with the desired use concentration and populated with caterpillars of the cotton bollworm (*Heliothis armigera*) while the leaves are still moist.

Spodoptera frugiperda test

- 15 Corn plants (*Zea mais*) are sprayed to runoff point with the desired use concentration and populated with caterpillars of the armyworm (*Spodoptera frugiperda*) while the leaves are still moist.

Plutella xylostella test

- 20 Cabbage plants (*Brassica pekinensis*) are sprayed to runoff point with the desired use concentration and populated with larvae of the diamondback moth (*Plutella xylostella*) while the leaves are still moist.

- After the desired period of time, the kill in % is determined. 100% means that all larvae have been killed; 0% means that none of the larvae have been killed. The determined kill rates are entered into
25 Colby's formula (see above).

In this test, for example, the following combinations according to the present application show a synergistically enhanced activity compared to the components applied on their own:

Table A1

Plant-damaging insects

Heliothis armigera test

5	Formulation	Concentration in ppm	Kill in % after 7 ^d
	II-6	0.032	50
10	isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	25	0
	II-6 + isoxadifen-ethyl (1:781.25)		<u>found</u>* <u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.032 + 25	100 50
15	IV-e-5 a.i.	100	0
	II-6 + IV-e-5 (1:3125)		<u>found</u>* <u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.032 + 100	100 50
20	dichlormid a.i.	100	0
	II-6 + dichlormid (1:3125)		<u>found</u>* <u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.032 + 100	100 50
25	furilazole a.i.	25	0
	II-6 + furilazole (1:781.25)		<u>found</u>* <u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.032 + 25	100 50

30 *found = activity found
 ** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

Table A2

Plant-damaging insects			
Heliothis armigera test			
Formulation	Concentration	Kill	
	in ppm	in % after 3 ^d	
II-3	0.16	60	
isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	100	0	
II-3 + isoxadifen-ethyl (1:625)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention	0.16 + 100	83	60
mefenpyr WG 15	100	0	
II-3 + mefenpyr (1:625)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention	0.16 + 100	100	60
IV-e-5 a.i.	50	0	
II-3 + IV-e-5 (1:312.5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention	0.16 + 50	83	60
cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	50	0	
II-3 + cloquintocet-mexyl (1:312.5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention	0.16 + 50	100	60
dichlormid a.i.	100	0	

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	Formulation	Concentration in ppm	Kill in % after 3 ^d	
	II-3 + dichlormid (1:625)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
5	according to the invention	0.16 + 100	83	60
	fenclorim a.i.	100	0	
	II-3 + fenclorim (1:625)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
10	according to the invention	0.16 + 100	100	60
	furilazole a.i.	50	0	
	II-3 + furilazole (1:312.5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
15	according to the invention	0.16 + 50	100	60

*found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

Table B1

Plant-damaging insects				
Plutella xylostella test				
5	Formulation	Concentration in ppm	Kill	
			in % after 7 ^d	
	II-6	0.032	33	
	IV-e-5 a.i.	100	0	
10	II-6 + IV-e-5 (1:3125)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.032 + 100	100	33
15	fenclorim a.i.	25	0	
	II-6 + fenclorim (1:781.25)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.032 + 25	60	33
20	furilazole a.i.	50	0	
	II-6 + furilazole (1:1562.5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.032 + 50	100	33
25	*found = activity found ** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula			

Table B2

Plant-damaging insects

Plutella xylostella test

5	Formulation	Concentration in ppm	Kill	
			in % after 3 ^d	
	II-3	0.032	30	
	isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	100	0	
10				
	II-3 + isoxadifen-ethyl (1:3125)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
	according to the invention	0.032 + 100	83	30
	mefenpyr WG 15	50	0	
15				
	II-3 + mefenpyr (1:1562.5)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
	according to the invention	0.032 + 50	60	30
	cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	50	0	
20				
	II-3 + cloquintocet-mexyl (1:1562.5)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
	according to the invention	0.032 + 50	90	30
	dichlormid a.i.	100	0	
25				
	II-3 + dichlormid (1:3125)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
	according to the invention	0.032 + 100	50	30

30 *found = activity found
 ** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

Table C1

Plant-damaging insects				
Spodoptera frugiperda test				
Formulation	Concentration	Kill		
	in ppm	in % after 7 ^d		
II-6	0.032	0		
isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	50	0		
II-6 + isoxadifen-ethyl (1:1562.5)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	0.032 + 50	66	0	
mefenpyr WG 15	25	0		
II-6 + mefenpyr (1:781.25)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	0.032 + 25	100	0	
IV-e-5 a.i.	100	0		
II-6 + IV-e-5 (1:3125)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	0.032 + 100	100	0	
*found = activity found				
** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula				

Table C2

Plant-damaging insects				
Spodoptera frugiperda test				
5	Formulation	Concentration	Kill	
		in ppm	in % after 3 ^d	
	II-3	0.16	50	
	isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	100	0	
10				
	II-3 + isoxadifen-ethyl (1:625)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.16 + 100	100	50
	mefenpyr WG 15	100	0	
15				
	II-3 + mefenpyr (1:625)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.16 + 100	100	50
	IV-e-5 a.i.	100	0	
20				
	II-3 + IV-e-5 (1:625)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.16 + 100	100	50
	cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	50	0	
25				
	II-3 + cloquintocet-mexyl (1:312.5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.16 + 50	83	50

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	Formulation	Concentration in ppm	Kill in % after 3 ^d	
5	dichlormid a.i.	100	0	
	II-3 + dichlormid (1:625)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.16 + 100	100	50
10	fenclorim a.i.	100	0	
	II-3 + fenclorim (1:625)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.16 + 100	83	50
15	furilazole a.i.	100	0	
	II-3 + furilazole (1:625)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	0.16 + 100	100	50
20	*found = activity found ** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula			

Examples of the spray application - dripping wet

Solvent: water

Adjuvant: rapeseed oil methyl ester

5

To produce a suitable application solution, 1 part by weight of the formulation is mixed with the appropriate amount of water and the adjuvant and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

10 **Aphis gossypii test**

Cotton plants (*Gossypium herbaceum*) which are heavily infested by the cotton aphid (*Aphis gossypii*) are sprayed to runoff point with the desired concentration of the application solution.

Metopolophium dirhodum test

15 Barley plants (*Hordeum vulgare*) which are heavily infested by a cereal aphid (*Metopolophium dirhodum*) are sprayed to runoff point with the desired concentration of the application solution.

Myzus persicae test

20 Bell pepper plants (*Capsicum sativum*) which are heavily infested by the green peach aphid (*Myzus persicae*) are sprayed to runoff point with the desired concentration of the application solution.

After the desired period of time, the kill in % is determined. 100% means that all aphids have been killed; 0% means that none of the aphids have been killed. The determined kill rates are entered into Colby's formula (see sheet 1).

25 In this test, for example, the following combinations of active compounds according to the present application show a synergistically enhanced activity compared to the components applied on their own:

Table D1

Plant-damaging insects				
Aphis gossypii test				
5	Formulation	Concentration	Kill	
		in ppm	in % after 7 ^d	
	I-a-45	20	60	
	dichlormid a.i.	100	0	
10				
	I-a-45 + dichlormid (1:5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	20 + 100	90	60
	fenclorim a.i.	100	0	
15				
	I-a-45 + fenclorim (1:5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	20 + 100	95	60
	furilazole a.i.	100	0	
20				
	I-a-45 + furilazole (1:5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	20 + 100	95	60
25	*found = activity found ** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula			

Table D2

Plant-damaging insects				
Aphis gossypii test				
5	Formulation	Concentration	Kill	
		in ppm	in % after 7d	
	I-a-55	20	65	
		4	15	
10	mefenpyr WG 15	100	0	
	I-a-55 + mefenpyr (1:5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	20 + 100	90	65
15	IV-e-5 a.i.	100	0	
	I-a-55 + IV-e-5 (1:25)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	4 + 100	65	15
20	cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	100	5	
	I-a-55 + cloquintocet-mexyl (1:25)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	4 + 100	60	15
25				

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	Formulation	Concentration		Kill
		in ppm	in % after 7 ^d	
5	dichlormid a.i.	50	0	
	I-a-55 + dichlormid (1:12.5)			<u>found</u>* <u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	4 + 50	65	15
10	fenclorim a.i.	100	0	
	I-a-55 + fenclorim (1:25)			<u>found</u>* <u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	4 + 100	65	15
15	furilazole a.i.	100	0	
	I-a-55 + furilazole (1:25)			<u>found</u>* <u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	4 + 100	60	15
20	*found = activity found ** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula			

Table E1

Plant-damaging insects				
Metopolophium dirhodum test				
5	Formulation	Concentration in ppm	Kill	
			in % after 7 ^d	
	I-a-45	20	20	
	dichlormid a.i.	100	0	
10	I-a-45 + dichlormid (1:5)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **
	according to the invention	20 + 100	90	20
	fenclorim a.i.	100	0	
15	I-a-45 + fenclorim (1:5)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **
	according to the invention	20 + 100	90	20
	furilazole a.i.	100	0	
20	I-a-45 + furilazole (1:5)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **
	according to the invention	20 + 100	55	20
25	*found = activity found			
	** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula			

Table E2

Plant-damaging insects				
Metopolophium dirhodum test				
5	Formulation	Concentration	Kill	
		in ppm	in % after 7 ^d	
5	I-a-55	20	25	
		4	0	
10	isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	25	0	
I-a-55 + isoxadifen-ethyl (1:6.25)			<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention		4 + 25	70	0
15	mefenpyr WG 15	100	0	
I-a-55 + mefenpyr (1:25)			<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention		4 + 100	75	0
20	IV-e-5 a.i.	25	0	
I-a-55 + IV-e-5 (1:1.25)			<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention		20 + 25	85	25
25	cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	100	0	
I-a-55 + cloquintocet-mexyl (1:5)			<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention		20 + 100	90	25

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	Formulation	Concentration		Kill
		in ppm	in % after 7 ^d	
5	dichlormid a.i.	100	0	
	I-a-55 + dichlormid (1:5)			<u>found</u>* <u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	20 + 100	55	25
10	fenclorim a.i.	100	0	
	I-a-55 + fenclorim (1:5)			<u>found</u>* <u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	20 + 100	75	25
15	furilazole a.i.	100	0	
	I-a-55 + furilazole (1:1.25)			<u>found</u>* <u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	20 + 25	55	25
20	*found = activity found			
	** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula			

Table F1

Plant-damaging insects				
Myzus persicae test				
Formulation		Concentration	Kill	
5		in ppm	in % after 3 ^d	
	I-a-45	20	30	
		4	5	
10	dichlormid a.i.	25	0	
	I-a-45 + dichlormid (1:6.25)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	4 + 25	30	5
15	fenclorim a.i.	25	0	
	I-a-45 + fenclorim (1:1.25)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	20 + 25	50	30
20	furilazole a.i.	100	0	
	I-a-45 + furilazole (1:5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	20 + 100	60	30
25	*found = activity found			
	** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula			

Table F2

Plant-damaging insects
Myzus persicae test

5	Formulation	Concentration in ppm	Kill in % after 7d	
	I-a-55	20	0	
10	mefenpyr WG 15	100	0	
	I-a-55 + mefenpyr (1:5)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
	according to the invention	20 + 100	40	0
15	IV-e-5 a.i.	100	0	
	I-a-55 + IV-e-5 (1:5)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
	according to the invention	20 + 100	40	0
20	cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	50	0	
	I-a-55 + cloquintocet-mexyl (1:2.5)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
	according to the invention	20 + 50	40	0

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	Formulation	Concentration in ppm	Kill	
			in % after 7d	
5	dichlormid a.i.	100	0	
	I-a-55 + dichlormid (1:5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	20 + 100	25	0
10	fenclorim a.i.	100	0	
	I-a-55 + fenclorim (1:5)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	20 + 100	35	0
15	*found = activity found			
	** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula			

Examples for the spray treatment - track sprayer

Solvent: water

Adjuvant: rapeseed oil methyl ester

- 5 To produce a suitable solution, 1 part by weight of formulation is mixed with the stated amount of water and adjuvant and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

Aphis gossypii test

- 10 Cotton plants (*Gossypium herbaceum*) which are heavily infested by the cotton aphid (*Aphis gossypii*) are sprayed with the desired concentration of the application solution.

Heliothis armigera test

- 15 Cotton plants (*Gossypium hirsutum*) are sprayed with the desired application concentration and populated with caterpillars of the cotton bollworm (*Heliothis armigera*) while the leaves are still moist.

Metopolophium dirhodum test

- 20 Barley plants (*Hordeum vulgare*) which are heavily infested by a cereal aphid (*Metopolophium dirhodum*) are sprayed with the desired concentration of the application solution.

Myzus persicae test

Bell pepper plants (*Capsicum sativum*) which are heavily infested by the green peach aphid (*Myzus persicae*) are sprayed with the desired concentration of the application solution.

25 **Spodoptera frugiperda test**

- Corn plants (*Zea mais*) are sprayed with the desired application concentration and populated with caterpillars of the armyworm (*Spodoptera frugiperda*) while the leaves are still moist.
- After the desired period of time, the kill in % is determined. 100% means that all larvae or aphids have been killed; 0% means that none of the larvae or aphids have been killed. The determined kill
- 30 rates are entered into Colby's formula (see sheet 1).
- In this test, for example, the following combinations according to the present application show a synergistically enhanced activity compared to the components applied on their own:

Table G1

Plant-damaging insects				
Aphis gossypii test				
Formulation	Concentration	Kill		
	in g ai/ha	in % after 3 ^d		
I-a-45 WG 50	120	57		
isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	50	0		
I-a-45 + isoxadifen-ethyl (2.4:1)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	120 + 50	87	57	
mefenpyr WG 15	50	0		
I-a-45 + mefenpyr (2.4:1)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	120 + 50	83	57	
cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	50	0		
I-a-45 + cloquintocet-mexyl (2.4:1)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	120 + 50	80	57	
*found = activity found				
** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula				

Table G2

Plant-damaging insects			
Aphis gossypii test			
Formulation	Concentration in g ai/ha	Kill in % after 2 ^d	
flonicamid (I-a-2) WG 50	120	0	
isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	50	0	
flonicamid (I-a-2) + isoxadifen-ethyl (2.4:1)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention	120 + 50	50	0
mefenpyr WG 15	50	0	
flonicamid (I-a-2) + mefenpyr (2.4:1)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention	120 + 50	50	0
IV-e-5 WG 50	50	0	
flonicamid (I-a-2) + IV-e-5 (2.4:1)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention	120 + 50	40	0
cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	50	0	
flonicamid (I-a-2) + cloquintocet-mexyl (2.4:1)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
according to the invention	120 + 50	60	0

*found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

Table H

Plant-damaging insects			
Heliothis armigera test			
Formulation	Concentration	Kill	
	in g ai/ha	in % after 3 ^d	
III-a-4 SC 015	0.192	38	
isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	50	0	
III-a-4 + isoxadifen-ethyl (1:260.4)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
according to the invention	0.192 + 50	88	38
mefenpyr WG 15	50	0	
III-a-4 + mefenpyr (1:260.4)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
according to the invention	0.192 + 50	75	38
IV-e-5 WG 50	50	0	
III-a-4 + IV-e-5 (1:260.4)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
according to the invention	0.192 + 50	100	38
cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	50	0	
III-a-4 + cloquintocet-mexyl (1:260.4)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
according to the invention	0.192 + 50	100	38

*found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

Table II

Plant-damaging insects			
Metopolophium dirhodum test			
Formulation	Concentration in g ai/ha	Kill in % after 7 ^d	
I-a-45 WG 50	24	53	
isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	50	0	
I-a-45 + isoxadifen-ethyl (1:2.1)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
according to the invention	24 + 50	80	53
mefenpyr WG 15	50	0	
I-a-45 + mefenpyr (1:2.1)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
according to the invention	24 + 50	86	53
IV-e-5 a.i.	50	0	
I-a-45 + IV-e-5 (1:2.1)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
according to the invention	24 + 50	77	53
cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	50	5	
I-a-45 + cloquintocet-mexyl (1:2.1)		<u>found*</u>	<u>calc.**</u>
according to the invention	24 + 50	99	53

*found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Table I2

Plant-damaging insects
Metopolophium dirhodum test

5	Formulation	Concentration in g ai/ha	Kill in % after 7 ^d	
	flonicamid (I-a-2) WG 50	4.8	70	
10	isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	50	0	
	flonicamid (I-a-2) + isoxadifen-ethyl (1:10.42)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	4.8 + 50	99	70
15	mefenpyr WG 15	50	0	
	flonicamid (I-a-2) + mefenpyr (1:10.42)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	4.8 + 50	88	70
20	IV-e-5 a.i.	50	0	
	flonicamid (I-a-2) + IV-e-5 (1:10.42)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	4.8 + 50	100	70
25	cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	50	5	
	flonicamid (I-a-2) + cloquintocet-mexyl (1:10.42)		<u>found</u>*	<u>calc.</u>**
	according to the invention	4.8 + 50	90	70
30	*found = activity found			
	** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula			

Table J

Plant-damaging insects				
Myzus persicae test				
Formulation	Concentration	Kill		
	in g ai/ha	in % after 3 ^d		
I-a-45 WG 50	120	70		
isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	50	0		
I-a-45 + isoxadifen-ethyl (2.4:1)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	120 + 50	90	70	
mefenpyr WG 15	50	0		
I-a-45 + mefenpyr (2.4:1)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	120 + 50	90	70	
IV-e-5 WG 50	50	0		
I-a-45 + IV-e-5 (2.4:1)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	120 + 50	90	70	
cloquintocet-mexyl WP 20	50	0		
I-a-45 + cloquintocet-mexyl (2.4:1)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	120 + 50	87	70	

Formulation	Concentration in g ai/ha	Kill in % after 3 ^d
flonicamid (I-a-2) WG 50	4.8	50
isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	50	0
flonicamid (I-a-2) + isoxadifen-ethyl (1 : 10.42)		<u>found</u> * <u>calc.</u> **
according to the invention	4.8 + 50	80 50

*found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

Table K

Plant-damaging insects				
Spodoptera frugiperda test				
Formulation	Concentration	Kill		
	in g ai/ha	in % after 7 ^d		
III-a-4 SC 015	0.192	60		
isoxadifen-ethyl WG 50	50	0		
III-a-4 + isoxadifen-ethyl (1:260.4)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	0.192 + 50	100	60	
mefenpyr WG 15	50	0		
III-a-4 + mefenpyr (1:260.4)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	0.192 + 50	100	60	
IV-e-5 WG 50	50	0		
III-a-4 + IV-e-5 (1:260.4)		<u>found</u> *	<u>calc.</u> **	
according to the invention	0.192 + 50	100	60	
*found = activity found				
** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula				

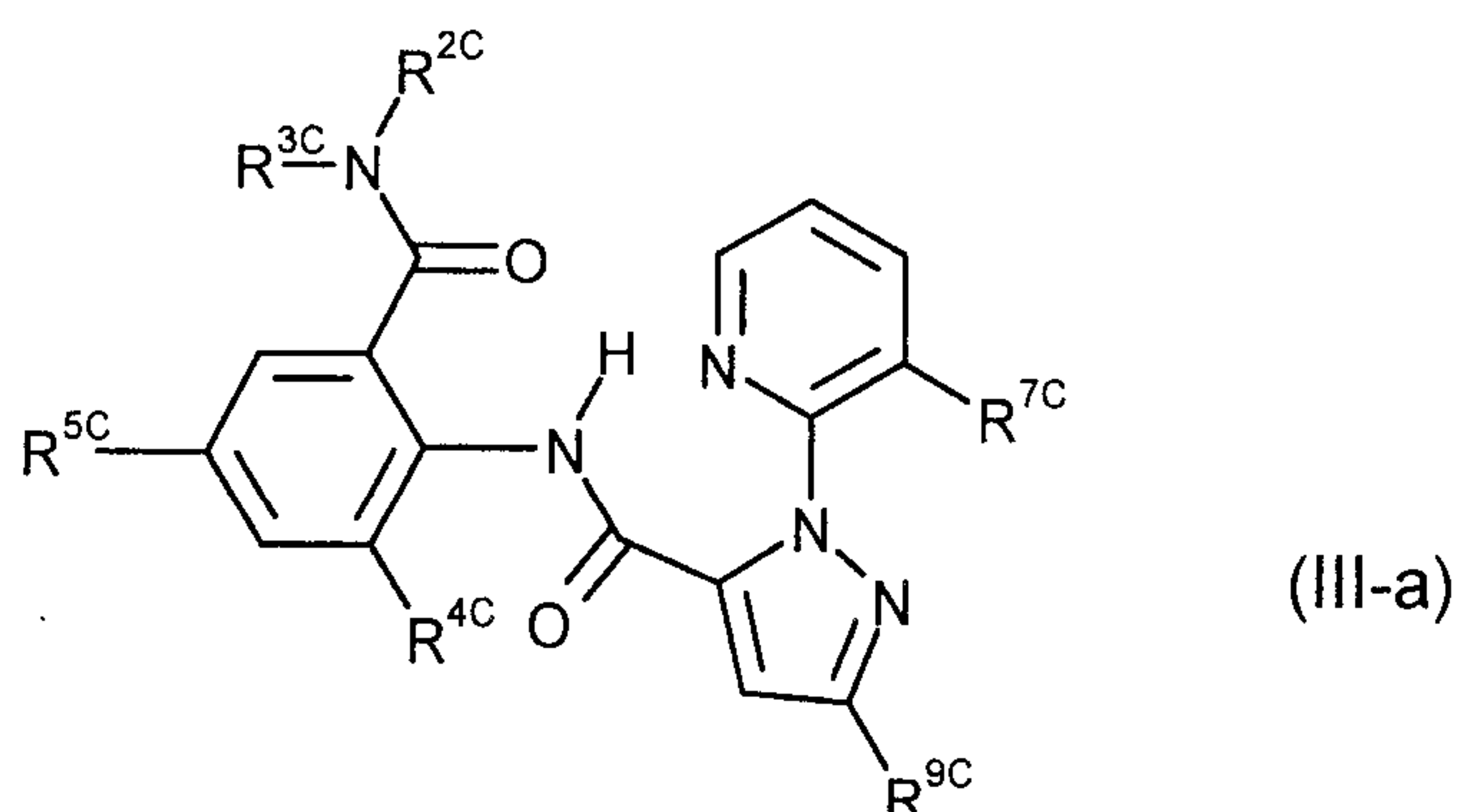
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CLAIMS:

1. An insecticidal or acaricidal composition comprising an active compound combination of:

(a) at least one anthranilamide of formula (III-a) according to the following table:



Nr.	R ^{2C}	R ^{3C}	R ^{4C}	R ^{5C}	R ^{7C}	R ^{9C}
III-a-1	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-2	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-3	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-4	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-5	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-6	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-7	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-8	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-9	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-10	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-11	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-12	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-13	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-14	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-15	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl

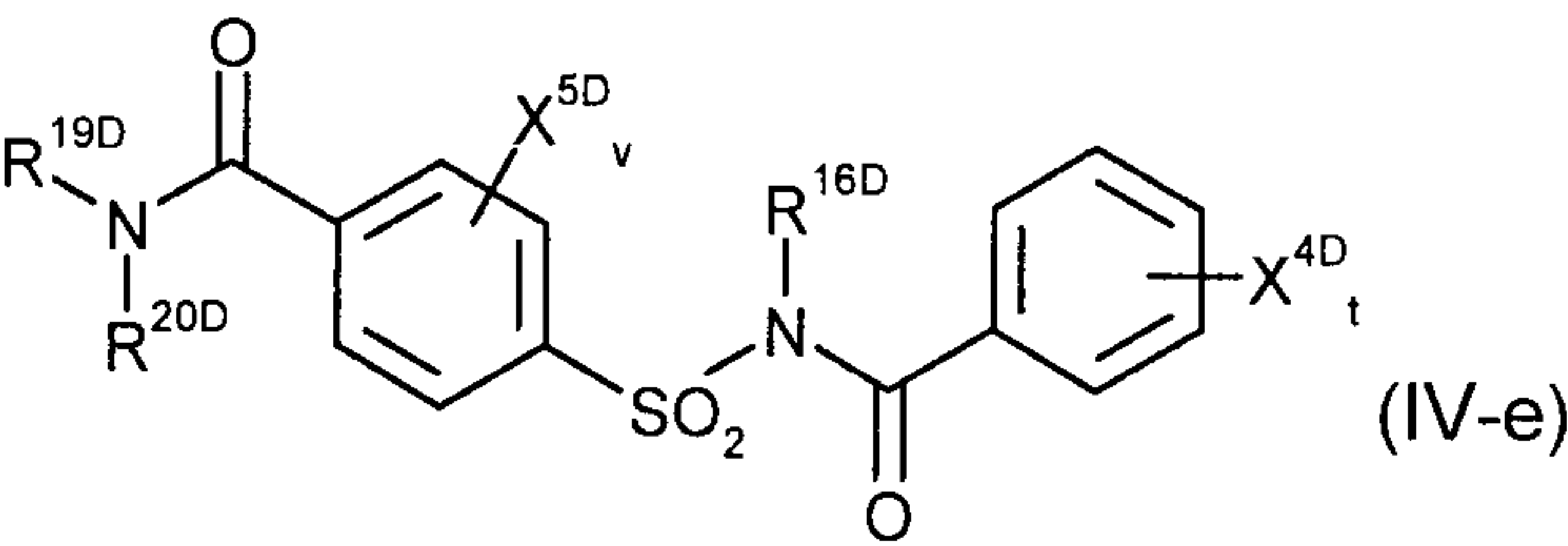
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Nr.	R ^{2C}	R ^{3C}	R ^{4C}	R ^{5C}	R ^{7C}	R ^{9C}
III-a-16	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-17	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-18	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	Br

; and

(b) at least one crop plant compatibility-improving compound selected from the group consisting of cloquintocet-mexyl, fenchlorazol-ethyl, isoxadifen-ethyl, mefenpyr-diethyl, furilazole, fenclorim, cumyluron, dymron, dimepiperate and one of
5 the compounds of formula (IV-e) according to the following table:

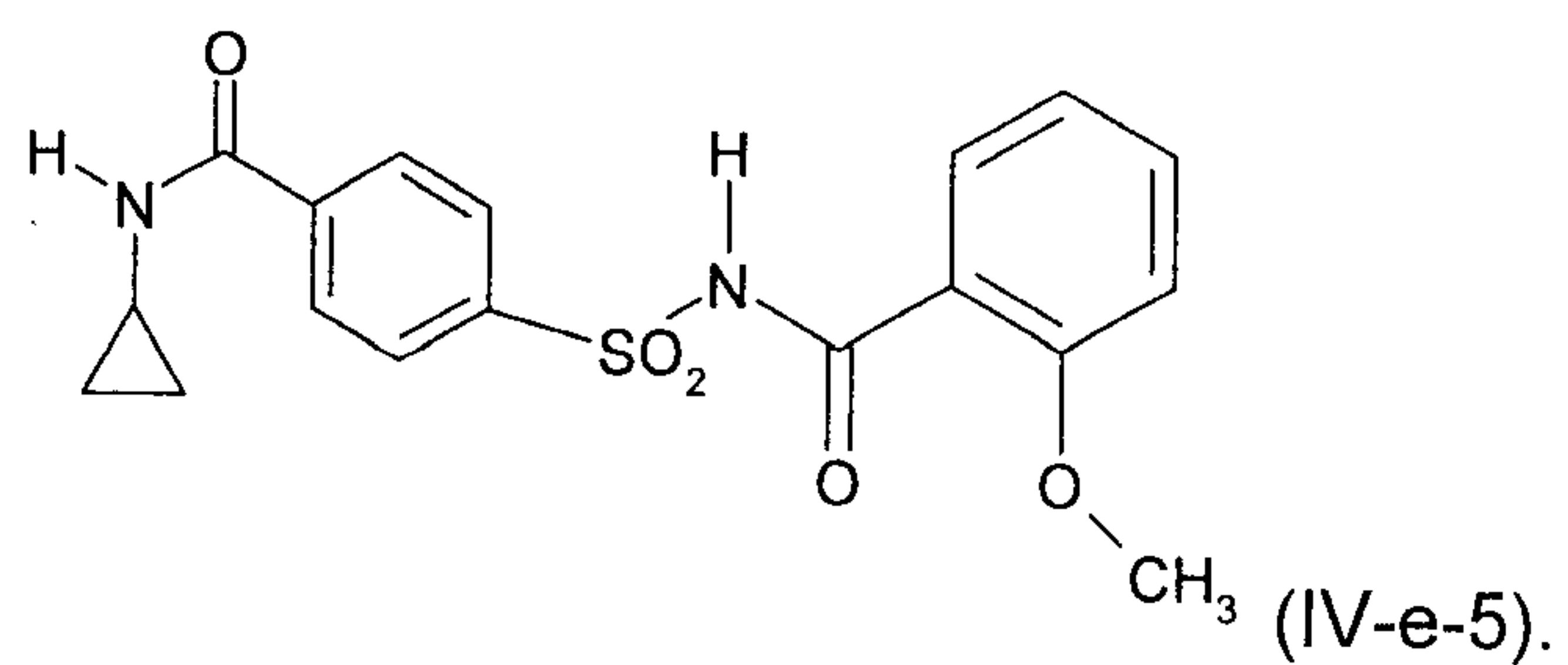


R ^{16D}	R ^{19D}	R ^{20D}	X ^{4D} _t	X ^{5D} _v
H	H		2-OCH ₃	—
H	H		2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—

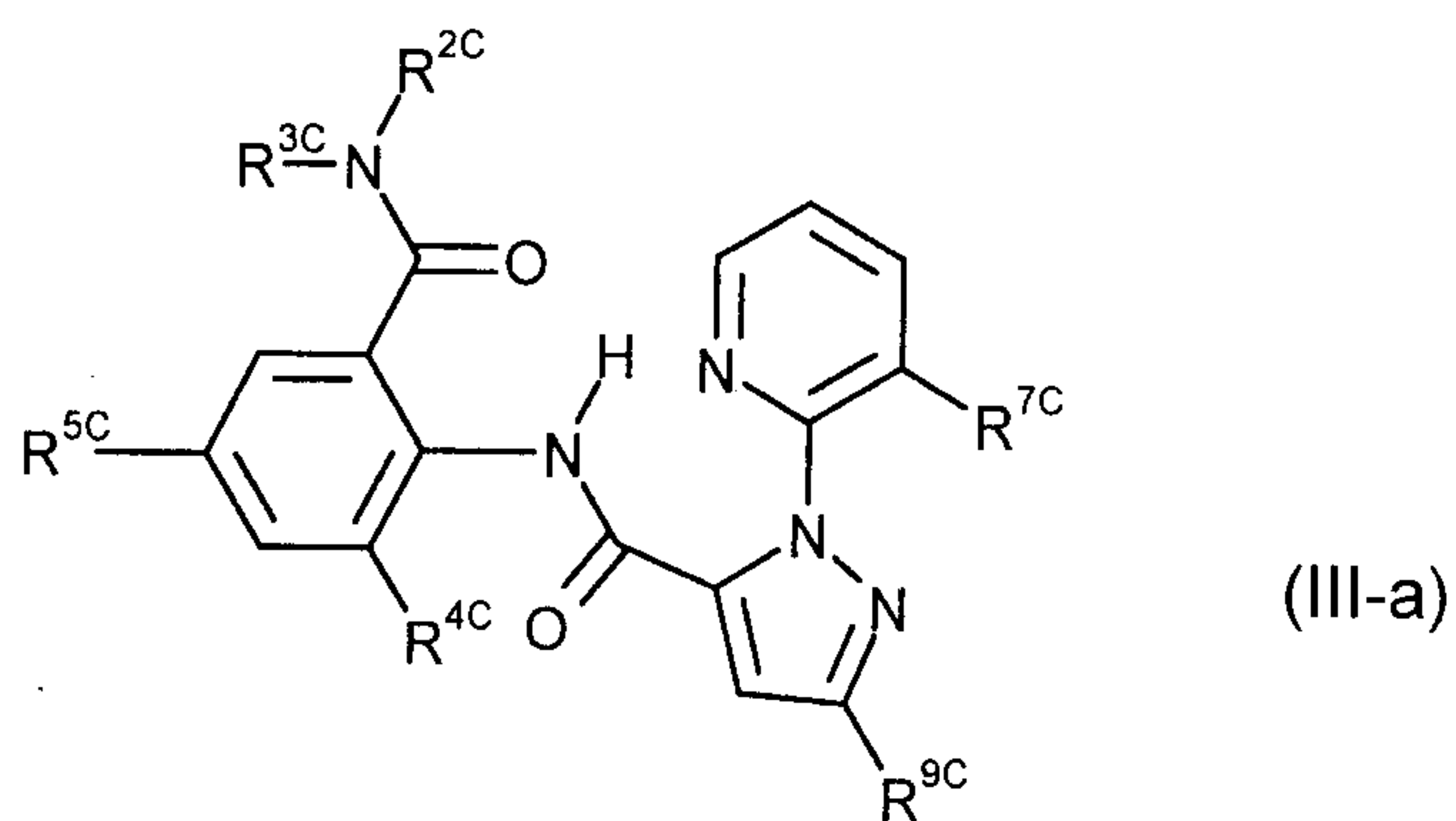
2. The composition according to claim 1, wherein (b) is at least one crop
plant compatibility-improving compound selected from the group consisting of
10 cloquintocet-mexyl, isoxadifen-ethyl, mefenpyr-diethyl and compound IV-e-5:

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3. The composition according to claim 1 or 2, wherein (a) is at least one anthranilamide of formula (III-a) according to the following table:

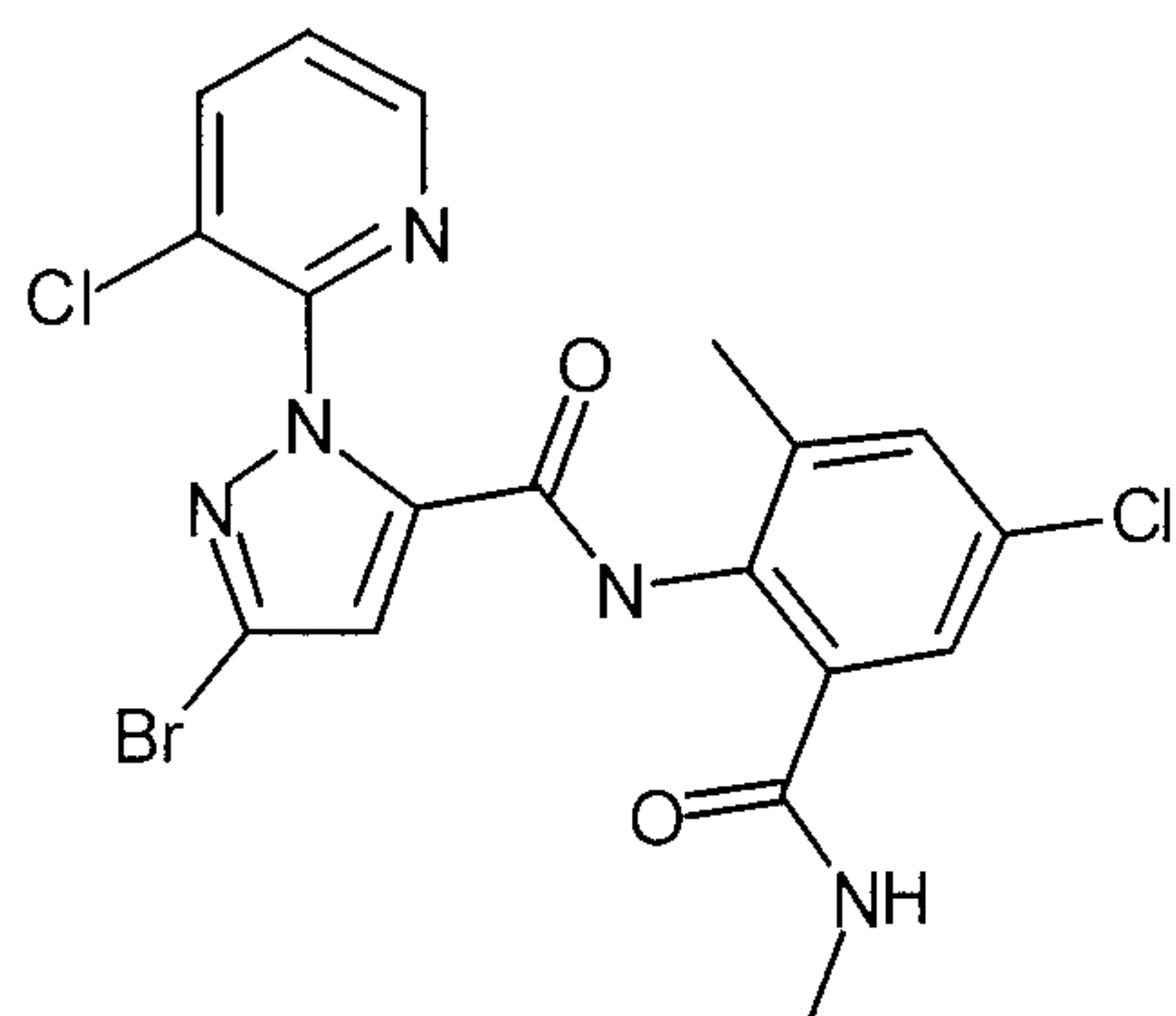


Nr.	R ^{2C}	R ^{3C}	R ^{4C}	R ^{5C}	R ^{7C}	R ^{9C}
III-a-4	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-8	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-9	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-12	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-16	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-17	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-18	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	Br

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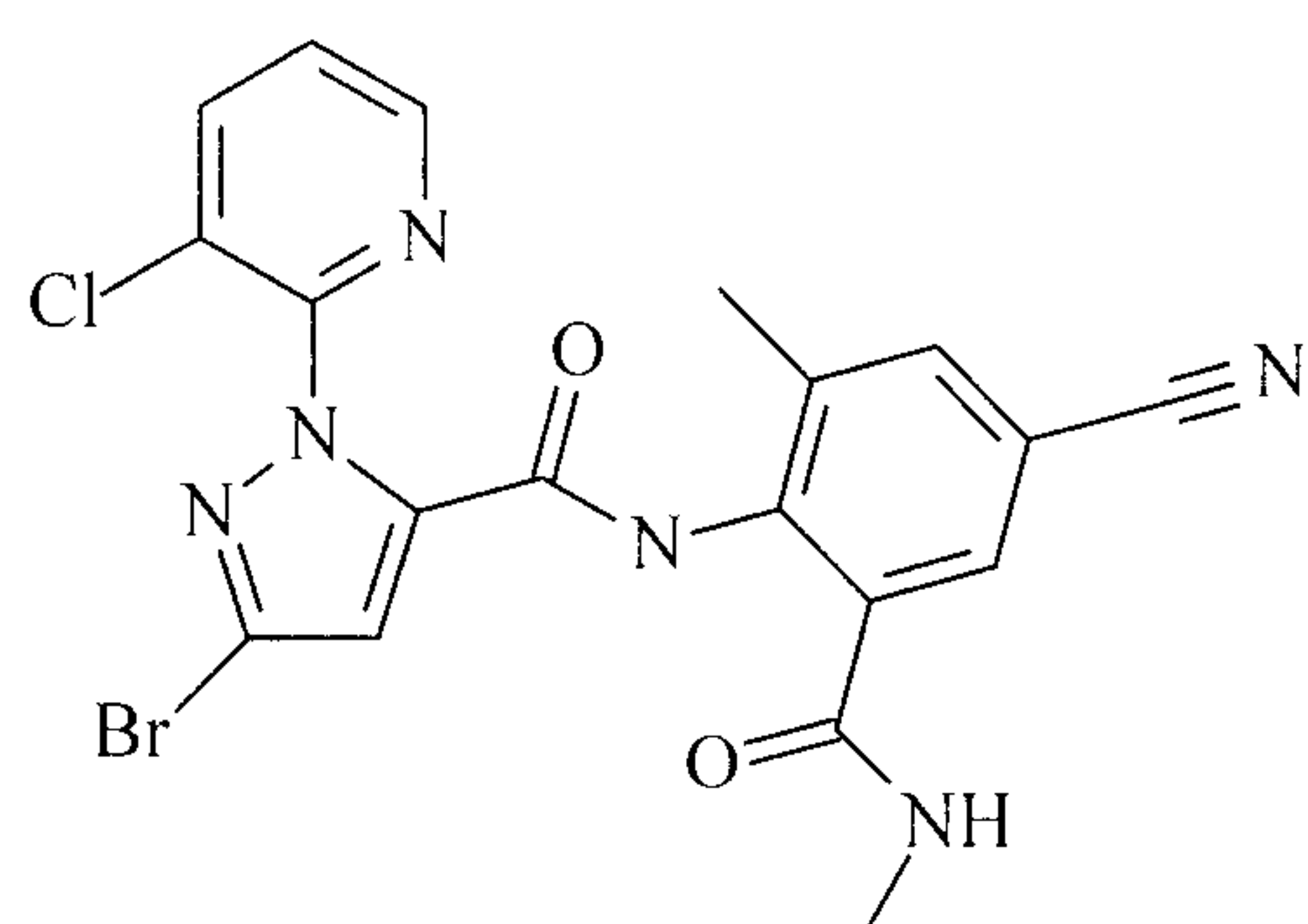
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4. The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein (a) is compound (III-a-4):



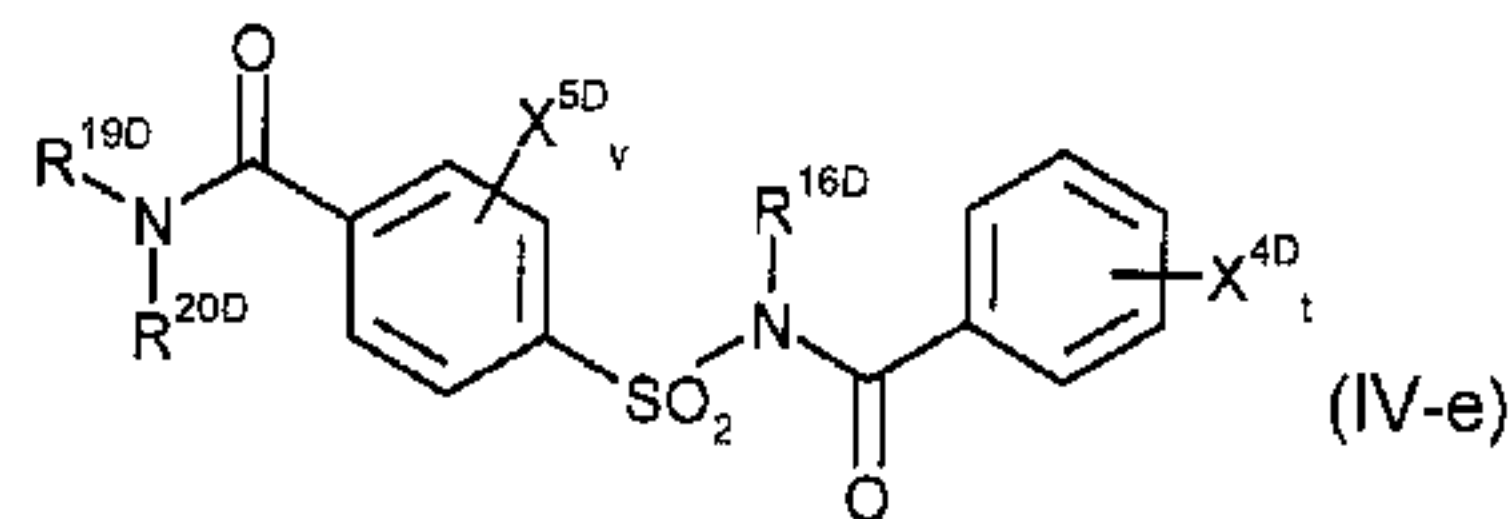
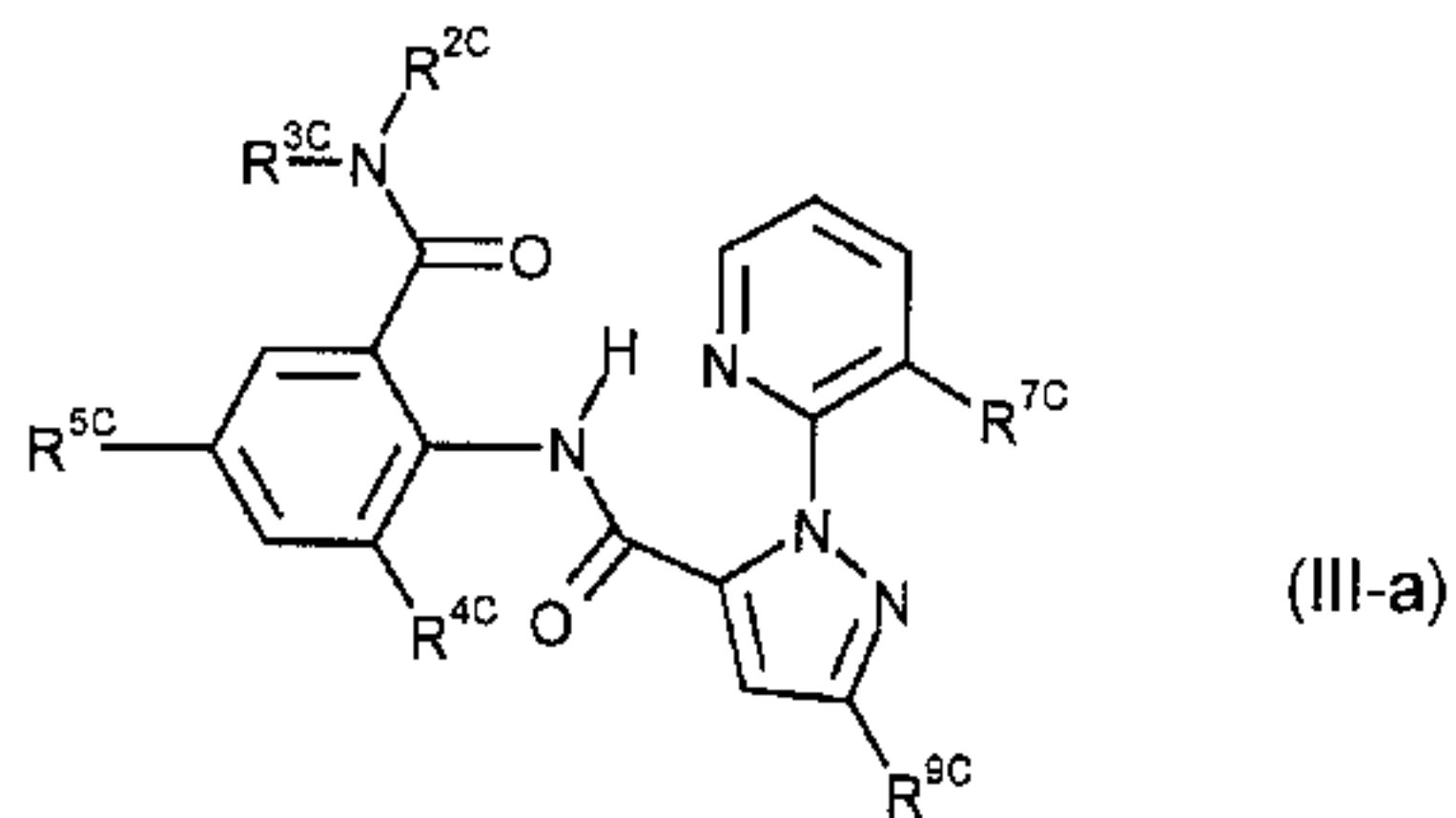
III-a-4.

5. The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein
5 (a) is (III-a-18):

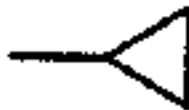
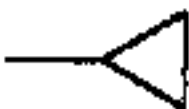


III-a-18.

6. Use of a composition according to any one of claims 1 to 5, for controlling insects or arachnids.
7. A method for controlling insects or arachnids, comprising allowing to act
10 on the insects, arachnids or their habitat the composition as defined in any one of claims 1 to 5.



Nr.	R ^{2C}	R ^{3C}	R ^{4C}	R ^{5C}	R ^{7C}	R ^{9C}
III-a-1	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-2	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-3	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-4	H	Me	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-5	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-6	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-7	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-8	H	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-9	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-10	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-11	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-12	H	i-Pr	Me	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-13	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-14	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	OCH ₂ CF ₃
III-a-15	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Cl
III-a-16	H	i-Pr	Cl	Cl	Cl	Br
III-a-17	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	CF ₃
III-a-18	H	Me	Me	CN	Cl	Br

R ^{16D}	R ^{19D}	R ^{20D}	X ^{4D} _t	X ^{5D} _v
H	H		2-OCH ₃	—
H	H		2-OCH ₃ , 5-CH ₃	—