B. COHEN AND M. LICHTENSTEIN.

ANIMAL HEAD.

APPLICATION FILED MAR. 6, 1919.

1,324,730. Patented Dec. 9, 1919.

Fig. 1.

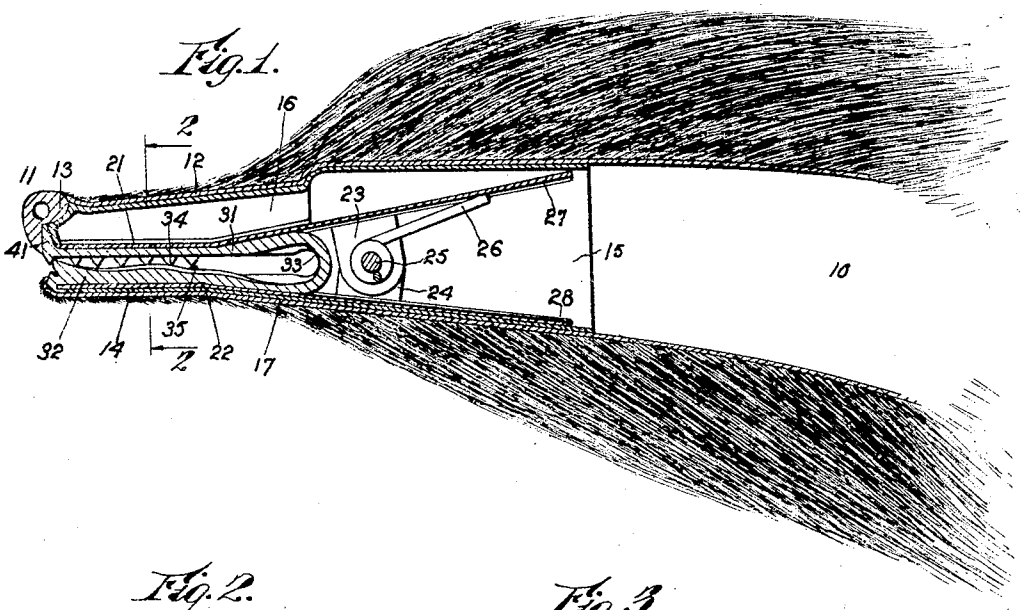


Fig. 2.

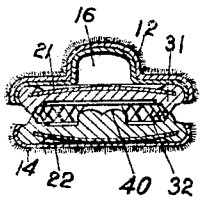


Fig. 3.

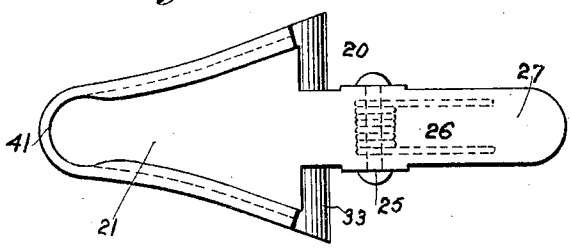


Fig. 4.

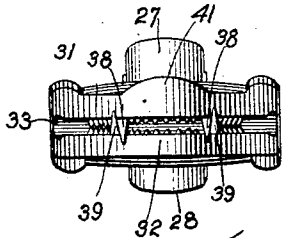


Fig. 5.

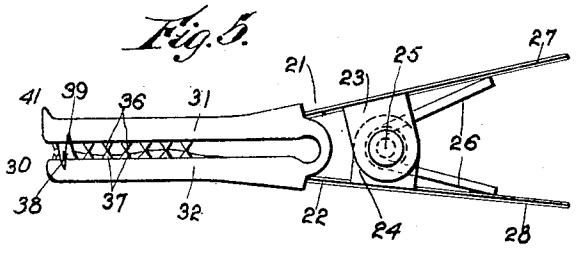
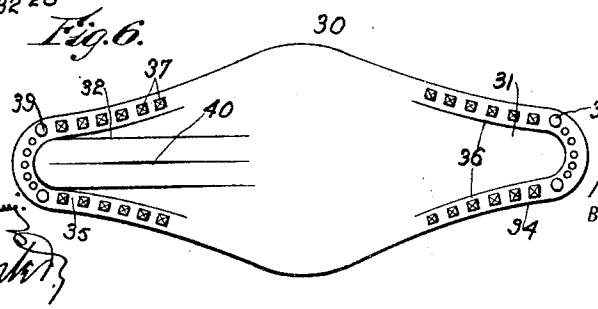


Fig. 6.



WITNESSES

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

BERNARD COHEN AND MARVIN LICHTENSTEIN, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

ANIMAL-HEAD.

1,324,730. Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Dec. 9, 1919.

Application filed March 6, 1919. Serial No. 281,043.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, BERNARD COHEN, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the city of New York, Richmond Hill, borough of Queens in the county of Queens and State of New York, and MARVIN LICHTENSTEIN, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the city of New York, borough of Manhattan, in the county and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Animal-Head, of which the following is a full, clear and exact description.

The object of the invention is to provide a new and improved animal head for fur scarfs and similar fur articles and arranged to enhance the ornamental appearance of the fur article and at the same time to provide means for temporarily engaging the head with a portion of the outer garment of the wearer. Another object is to permit of manufacturing the animal head in an exceedingly simple and economical manner at the same time insuring the formation of a clamping head not liable to get easily out of order.

With these and other objects in view, the invention consists of certain novel features of construction as hereinafter shown and described and then specifically pointed out in the claims.

A practical embodiment of the invention is represented in the accompanying drawings forming a part of this specification, in which similar characters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the views.

Figure 1 is a longitudinal central section of the animal head as applied to a fur scarf;

Fig. 2 is a cross section of the same on the line 2—2 of Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is a plan view of the clamp provided with the rubber lining forming the mouth of the animal;

Fig. 4 is a front elevation of the same;

Fig. 5 is a side elevation of the same; and

Fig. 6 is a plan view of the lining in extended position.

The fur scarf 10 shown in Fig. 1 is provided with an animal's head 11 of fur skin having an upper member 12 including a snout 13, and a lower member 14. The scarf 10 is provided in its forward portion with a lining 15, preferably made of paper or similar material, and having forward extensions 16 and 17 attached to the members 12 and 14 of the head 11. Within the head 11 is arranged a clamp 20 having upper and lower clamping jaws 21 and 22 of a width corresponding approximately to that of the members 12 and 14 of the head 11 and over which the said portions are fashioned to hold the said members 12 and 14 in proper position. The jaws 21 and 22 are provided at their rear ends with lugs 23 and 24 engaging a pivot 25 to permit of swinging the jaws into open or closed position, the jaws being normally held in the closed position by a spring 26 coiled on the pivot 25 and having its ends bearing against handles 27 and 28 forming rearward extensions of the jaws 21 and 22. By reference to Fig. 1 it will be noticed that the bottom handle 28 of the lower jaw 22 overlies the bottom of the lining 25, and the rear end of the handle 27 abuts against the top rear portion of the said lining. When it is desired to open the jaws 21 and 22 the user on pressing the top and bottom of the scarf 10 opposite the handles 27 and 28 causes the jaws to swing open against the tension of the spring 26. When the pressure is released the jaws 21 and 22 swing into closed position by the action of the spring 26.

The clamp 20 is preferably made of sheet metal and in order to give a proper appearance to the mouth of the animal use is made of a lining 30 fitting onto the opposite faces of the jaws 21 and 22. This lining 30 is made in the form of a strip of rubber (see Fig. 6) doubled up to provide upper and lower members 31 and 32 glued or otherwise secured to the opposite faces of the jaws 21 and 22. By reference to Figs. 1, 3 and 5, it will be noticed that the bend 33 of the doubled-up strip is adjacent the fulcrum of the jaws 21, 22 and hence the lining does not interfere with the proper opening and closing of the jaws as above described. The lining 30 is fashioned to represent upper and lower gums 34, 35 provided with teeth 36, 37 which are preferably made white in contradistinction to the red rubber of which the strip 30 is made. Sundry of the front teeth like the canines 38 and 39 are of considerable length and insure a firm hold or biting in a lapel or other part of an outer garment worn by the user of the scarf to securely hold the head in position on the garment for the time being. It is also understood that the teeth of the lining of the jaws 21 and 22 are also adapted to engage another part of the scarf whenever it is desired to close the scarf. The lower number 32 of the lining is provided with a representation of a

tongue 40 to enhance the appearance of the mouth when the jaws are open. It is understood that by making the teeth 36, 37, 38 and 39 of soft rubber the jaws are not liable to injure the garment to which the head is attached or the fur part of the scarf in case the latter is closed. The side edges of the jaws 21 and 22 are preferably embedded in the jaws of the members 31, 32 as plainly shown in Figs. 2 and 3, thus holding the sharp side edges of the metallic jaws out of engagement with the fur skin of the head 11. The fur end of the upper lining member 31 is provided with an upturned extension 41 fitting onto the snout 13.

From the foregoing it will be seen that the jaws are not liable to injure the garment or the fur to which the jaws are attached for the time being, at the same time an exceedingly firm grip is had of the jaws on the material with which they are engaged.

It will further be noticed that by the use of the lining 30 the metallic jaws are not visible and by making the lining of red rubber with the teeth appearing in white a very close imitation of the animal's mouth is produced and hence the ornamental appearance of the fur scarf or other fur article on which the animal's head is used is rendered natural and highly ornamental.

Having thus described our invention, we claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent:—

1. An animal head, comprising a head of a fur skin, a clamp having pivoted clamping jaws over which the front portion of the said head is fashioned, the clamp having handles extending rearwardly from the jaws into the rear portion of the head, and an interior lining of resilient material attached to the jaws and imitating the mouth of the animal.

2. An animal head, comprising a head of a fur skin, a clamp having pivoted clamping jaws over which the front portion of the head is fashioned, the clamp having spring-pressed handles extending rearwardly from the jaws into the rear portion of the head, and a lining formed of a pice of rubber doubled up and attached to the said jaws, the lining representing the gums, teeth and tongue of the animal's head.

3. An animal head, comprising a head of a fur skin, spring-pressed upper and lower jaws over which the front of the said head is fashioned, and an interior lining of resilient materal attached to the jaws and representing the gums, teeth and tongue of the animal.

4. An animal head, comprising a head of a fur skin, spring-pressed pivoted clamping jaws over which the front portion of the said head is fashioned, and a lining formed of a piece of rubber doubled up and attached to the jaws, the bend of the piece of rubber being adjacent the fulcrum of the jaws and the upper portion representing the upper gum and upper teeth, and the lower portion representing the lower gum, lower teeth and tongue of the animal's head.

5. An animal head, comprising a head of a fur skin, spring-pressed pivoted clamping jaws over which the front portion of the said head is fashioned, and a lining formed of a piece of rubber doubled up and attached to the jaws, the bend of the piece of rubber being adjacent the fulcrum of the jaws and the upper portion representing the upper gum, and upper teeth, and the lower portion representing the lower gum, lower teeth and tongue of the animal's head, the upper and lower teeth being arranged in interlocking relation when the jaws are closed.

6. An animal head, comprising a head of a fur skin, spring-pressed upper and lower jaws over which the front of the said head is fashioned, and a lining attached to the jaws and representing the gums, teeth and tongue of the animal, the front end of the lining at the upper jaw having an upward extension extending above the front end of the jaw and fitting against the inner side of the snout of the said head of fur.

7. An animal head provided with metallic jaws, and a lining for the same made of rubber having rubber gums and rubber teeth formed thereon.

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