

June 13, 1961

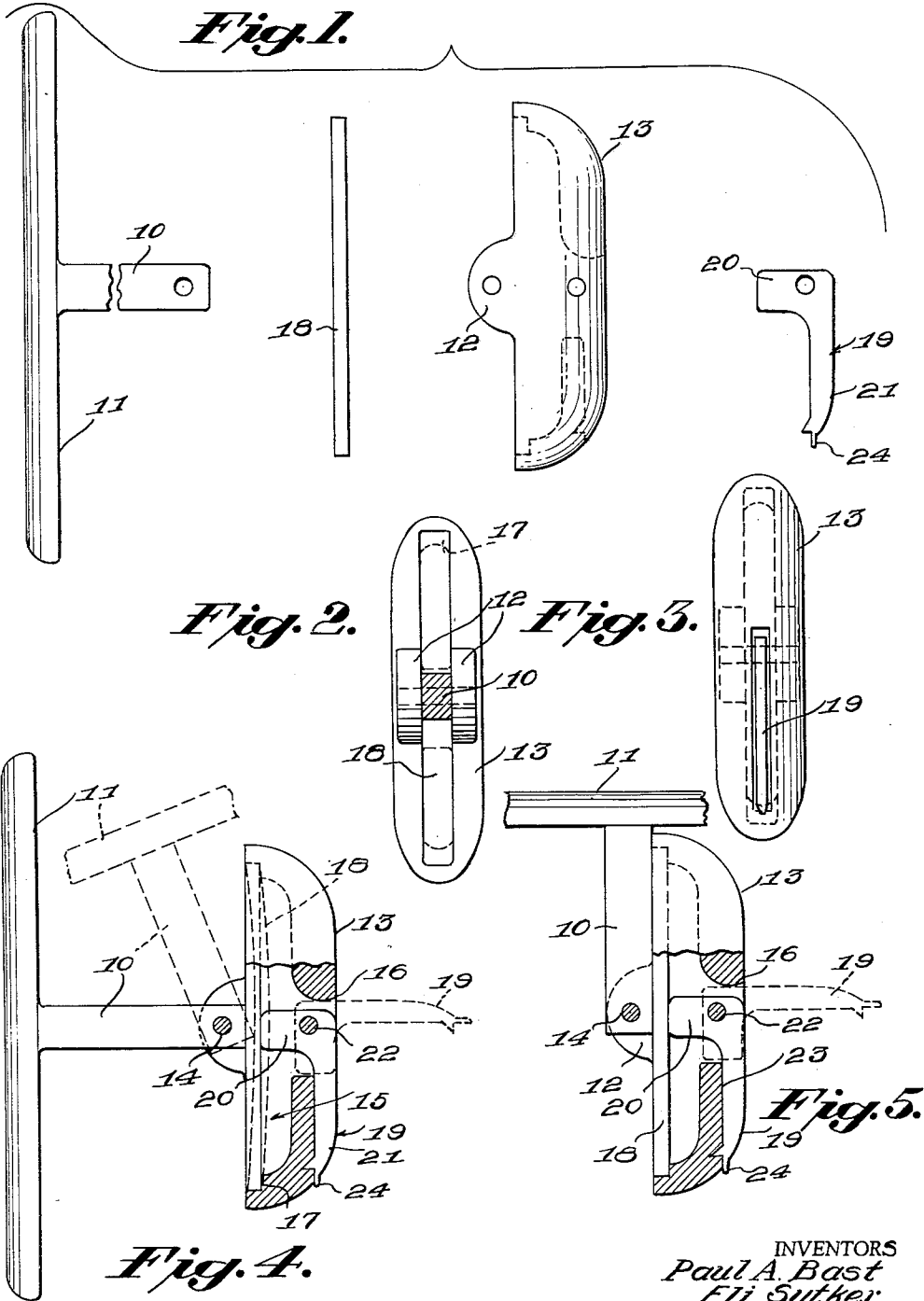
P. A. BAST ET AL

2,987,791

CUFF LINK

Filed Nov. 10, 1958

2 Sheets-Sheet 1



INVENTORS
Paul A. Bast
Eli Suther.
BY
Robert L. Lennin
Atty.

June 13, 1961

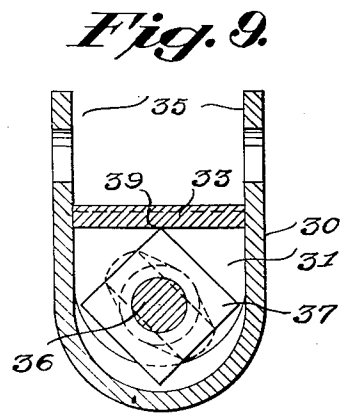
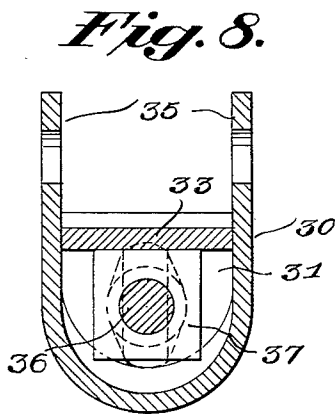
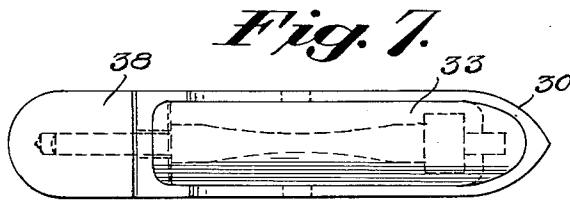
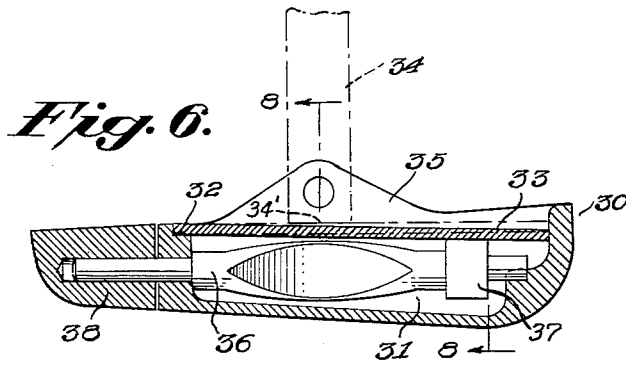
P. A. BAST ET AL

2,987,791

CUFF LINK

Filed Nov. 10, 1958

2 Sheets-Sheet 2



INVENTORS
Paul A. Bast
Eli Sutker
BY
Robert J. Dennis
Atty.

1

2,987,791

CUFF LINK

Paul A. Bast and Eli Sutker, both of 32 N. State St.,
Chicago, Ill.

Filed Nov. 10, 1958, Ser. No. 773,028

1 Claim. (Cl. 24-97)

The invention is more particularly concerned with a cuff link of the character embodying a cuff hole traversing shank having a fixed head on one end thereof and a head pivotally connected to the opposite end and adapted to be passed through aligned holes in the cuff.

While various forms of cuff links of the above noted general character have heretofore been constructed and proposed, they have failed to fulfill the maximum requirements of cuff links of the general character above referred to.

Cuff links of the above noted general character as heretofore proposed or constructed have embodied yieldable means for retaining the pivotally connected head in general parallelism with the shank for entry through aligned cuff holes and the pivoted head being capable of restoration to an operative position upon relative light pressure on the pivoted head as to overcome the said yieldable means.

While such forms of cuff links have been generally satisfactory, difficulty has been experienced in holding the pivoted head against movement to its normal position when being entered through aligned cuff holes.

It is accordingly, a primary object of this invention to provide a cuff link which embodies structural features whereby the above noted objection is overcome.

A further object of the invention is the provision of a cuff link which in consideration of the above structural features, embodies relatively few simple cooperating elements which are so correlated as not to become inoperative.

Other objects of the invention will become apparent in the course of the following detailed description taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

FIG. 1 is a view in side elevation disclosing the several structural elements embodied in the improved cuff link in accordance with a first structural embodiment thereof.

FIG. 2 is a bottom plan view of the pivoted head with the shank shown in transverse section.

FIG. 3 is a top plan view of the pivoted head.

FIG. 4 is a side elevational view of the cuff link with a portion of the pivoted head being broken away and in section and wherein a locking latch embodied in the structure and the shank and fixed head are shown in inoperative position in dotted lines.

FIG. 5 is a view corresponding to FIG. 4 with the pivoted head in a position for entry through aligned cuff holes.

FIG. 6 is a longitudinal sectional view of a modified form of pivoted head.

FIG. 7 is a top plan view of the head shown in FIG. 6.

FIG. 8 is an enlarged transverse sectional view as observed in the planes of broken line 8-8 on FIG. 6.

FIG. 9 is a view corresponding to FIG. 8 but wherein adjustment has been made to hold the said pivoted head against pivoting action.

Referring now in detail to the drawings, and first to FIGS. 1 to 5 thereof, the cuff link in accordance with the first embodiment thereof comprises a shank 10 whose one end is fixed centrally of the bottom of a head 11 which may be of any attractive form and the other end of the shank is disposed between a pair of ears 12 projecting inwardly from opposite sides of a head 13 and which ears are pivoted to the shank 10 by means of a pin 14.

The head 13 is provided with a recess 15 and is also

2

provided with an opening 16 for a purpose later to appear.

The head 13 is further provided with a depressed shoulder 17 adjacent each end thereof and a relatively stiff leaf spring 18 is disposed within said recess 15 with its opposite ends resting on said shoulders 17 and as is clearly shown in FIGS. 4 and 5, the thickness of the spring is substantially equal to the spacing of said shoulders 17 from the plane bottom wall of the head 13 whereby the spring 18 is normally substantially flush with the said plane bottom wall, as is clearly indicated in FIG. 5.

As is indicated in FIGS. 4 and 5, the pivotal axis between the shank 10 and the head 13 is spaced equidistantly from the square free end of the shank, the opposite side edges of the shank and the inner face of the spring whereby upon parallelism of head 13 with the head 11, the end of the shank bears uniformly on the spring as is indicated in FIG. 4. Furthermore, upon movement of the shank about the pin 14 to the cuff hole inserting position of FIG. 5, an edge of the shank 10 bears uniformly on the spring 18.

The invention includes means for retaining the relative positions of the shank 10 and the head 13 as in FIGS. 4 and 5 and such means comprises a locking arm 19 which is of generally L-shape including an abutment portion 20 and a manipulating handle portion 21.

The locking arm is normally disposed as indicated in solid lines in FIGS. 4 and 5 wherein same is pivoted to the head 13 by a pin 22 disposed within the opening 16 with the abutment portion 20 engaged with the spring 18 to resist movement thereof from its normal flat position to the inwardly bowed position indicated by dotted lines in FIG. 4 and in this normal position of the locking arm the handle portion 21 is seated in a recess 23 in the outer wall of the head 13 and said locking arm is preferably provided with a finger nail engageable extension 24 for facilitating withdrawal of the locking arm 19 from the recess 23.

At this point it is to be particularly observed that the axis of the pivot pin 22 is disposed off center of the abutment portion 20 whereby the locking arm may readily be swung to the dotted line positions in FIGS. 4 and 5.

The cuff link is indicated in full lines in FIG. 4 with the cooperating elements thereof in their normal wearing positions and wherein the pivoted head 13 is incapable of swinging about the pivot pin 14.

When, however, it is desired to install or remove the cuff link, the locking arm 19 is swung to the dotted positions of FIGS. 4 and 5 thereby freeing the spring 18 for flexing within the recess 15 as indicated in FIG. 4 with the result that pivotal action between the heads 11 and 13 is capable of being performed and the shank may then be placed in the position in FIG. 5 with one edge thereof engaged with the normally flat spring 18 and in which position the head 13 may readily be threaded through aligned holes in a cuff.

With the shank 10 in the position of either FIG. 4 or FIG. 5, the locking arm 19 is swung to the solid line position.

The modified embodiment of the invention as disclosed in FIGS. 6 to 9 operates on the same general principle as that above described in connection with FIGS. 1 to 5, but is substantially different in structure.

Referring now in detail to the modified form of cuff link illustrated in FIGS. 6 to 9, the pivoted head only is disclosed and is designated as 30.

The head 30 is provided with a recess 31 and at one end of the recess is a shoulder 32 on which one end of a leaf spring 33 rests in substantially flush relation to the inner wall of the head.

The opposite end of the spring 33 is frictionally engaged with a wall of the recess 31 and is normally dis-

3

4

posed nearer the bottom of the recess than the first named end thereof.

The shank 34, indicated by dotted lines in FIG. 6, is pivoted between ears 35 projecting inwardly of the head and the squared end 34' of the shank in the position in FIG. 6 is capable of rotation about its pivotal connection whereby the head 30 may be swung into substantial parallel relation with the shank for threading the head through aligned holes in a cuff.

Rotatably supported within the head is a shaft 36 which is provided with a square cam 37 whose corners are disposed further from the axis of the shaft 36 than are the sides, upon one of which an end of the spring 33 rests as shown in FIGS. 6 and 8.

A finger grip 38 is suitably secured to one end of the shaft 36 for imparting rotation thereto.

As is indicated in FIG. 9, the shaft 36 and cam 37 have been rotated through an angle of 45° whereby a corner 39 thereof engages the spring 33 and elevates same to a position indicated by the dot-and-dash line in FIG. 6 and as also shown in FIG. 9 whereby the squared end of the shaft 34 is firmly seated on the spring and thereby retained in right angular relation to the head 30.

Having set forth the invention in accordance with certain structural embodiments thereof, what is claimed and desired to be secured by U.S. Letters Patent is:

A cuff link comprising a shank having a squared end, a

head pivotally connected to said end of the shank, said head being provided with a recess, an elongated spring plate spanning said recess and having one end thereof supported on said head and the other end thereof freely engaging a wall of the recess, a shaft rotatably supported in the head, and a cam rigid with the shaft and being operable upon rotation of the shaft for moving said spring plate into engagement with said squared head to prevent relative rotation of the shank and the head, said cam being disposed adjacent the other end of the spring plate, and comprising a member of square configuration transversely of the shaft.

References Cited in the file of this patent

UNITED STATES PATENTS

276,978	Ottenheimer	May 1, 1883
356,559	Steinau	Jan. 25, 1887
2,488,102	Strauss	Nov. 15, 1949

FOREIGN PATENTS

2,716	Great Britain	1879
13,014	Great Britain	1906
458,389	France	Aug. 5, 1913
737,620	France	Oct. 4, 1932
942,631	France	Sept. 20, 1948