This invention relates to hearing apparatus for deaf people.

Generally stated, the object of the invention is to provide a novel and improved construction and arrangement whereby a number of deaf people can sit in a group, each with a headphone, adjacent a distributing rack, with the latter provided with sockets in which the plugs of the head-phones can be inserted, and which sockets are bridged or connected in multiple with the main circuit of the rack, whereby the listeners with the said head-phones may hear a lecture, a musical composition, or other sounds, delivered into a microphone, suitably connected with the said main circuit.

It is also an object to provide certain details and features of construction tending to increase the general efficiency and desirability of an apparatus of this particular character.

To the foregoing and other useful ends, the invention consists in matters hereinafter set forth and claimed and shown in the accompanying drawing, in which:

Fig. 1 is a perspective of an apparatus embodying the principles of the invention.

Fig. 2 is a vertical cross section of a portion of the rack on line 2—2 in Fig. 1 of the drawing.

Fig. 3 is a similar view showing a different form of the invention.

Fig. 4 is a side elevation of one of the socket plugs employed for the cord connections for the head-phones.

Fig. 5 is a perspective of the apparatus shown in Fig. 1, the rack thereof, in folded condition.

As thus illustrated, the invention comprises a plurality of hollow bars 1, hinged together at their ends by hinges 2, the construction being such that either one or any number of these bars can be used, depending upon the number of deaf people using the apparatus. Said hinges are provided with sockets 3, on their under sides, to engage the upper ends of legs 4 that have their lower ends removably inserted in the bases 5, whereby the rack is held in suitably elevated position.

The rack has a leading-in electrical connection 6, which is connected with the circuit wires of each hollow bar 1, and the wires of the bars are connected together by a flexible cord connection 7, between the ends of the bars, as shown in Fig. 1 of the drawing. Sockets 8, with long and short sprincontacts 9, are suitably mounted in the top of each bar 1, and bridged on the main circuit in the bar, so that these sockets are connected in multiple.

A suitable microphone instrument 10 has a flexible cord connection 11, with the main circuit of the bars preferably at the under side of one of the bars, and the said instrument can be supported by a leg 12 on a base 13, like those previously described. A power connection 14, in the form of a flexible cord leading from the instrument 10, may be provided with suitable means for plugging into an ordinary wall receptacle or socket.

Each deaf listener will have a head-telephone 15, provided with a flexible cord 16, terminating at its end in a plug 17, that is provided with a rotary knob 18 for controlling a variable resistance in the circuit of the head-telephone. The plug 17 is adapted to be inserted in any one of the sockets 8 previously described, in order to bridge the head-telephone on the main circuit wires 28, as shown in Fig. 2 of the drawing. These wires are enclosed in the bars 1, as indicated.

In Fig. 2, the bar 1 is shown as having top and bottom and side walls, forming a housing for the circuit wires and the springs of the sockets 8, whereas in Fig. 3 the bar 1 is simply an inverted channel, and in both cases the hinges 2 are preferably secured to the under sides of the bars.

When the apparatus is not in use, the legs 4 can be removed and the bars can be folded together, parallel, as shown in Fig. 5 of the drawing.

Thus, the apparatus can be moved into different positions, to accommodate the deaf listeners, or in accordance with the requirements of the room or other place where the apparatus is being used.

What I claim as my invention is:

1. In a telephonic apparatus, a plurality of members each formed with opposite ends, hinges between ends of said members, electrical circuit connections carried by said members, means for detachably bridging an input instrument on said circuit, and devices on said members for detachably bridging a plurality of output instruments on said circuit, together with means for supporting said members in a suitably elevated position above the floor, all forming a folding rack about which listeners may conveniently assemble for the use of said output instruments.

2. A structure as specified in claim 1, said supporting means comprising legs each detachably secured to the under side of a hinge.

3. A structure as specified in claim 1, having detachable flexible circuit connections between the ends of members.

4. A structure as specified in claim 1, said members being hollow to enclose circuit conductors.

5. A structure as specified in claim 1, said members being straight and adapted to fold side by side into a compact form for transportation or storage.

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