(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau

(43) International Publication Date
14 May 2010 (14.05.2010)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 2010/054389 A1

(71) Applicant *(for all designated States except US)*: AS-TUTE MEDICAL, INC. [US/US]; Blg 2, R. 645, 3550 General Atomics Court, San Diego, CA 92121 (US).

(72) Inventors; and
(75) Inventors/Applicants *(for US only)*: ANDERBERG, Joseph [US/US]; 470 Delage Court, Encinitas, CA 92024 (US). GRAY, Jeff [US/US]; 417 Bay Meadows Way, Solana Beach, CA 92075 (US). McPHERSON, Paul [US/US]; 1449 Elva Court, Encinitas, CA 92024 (US).

NAKAMURA, Kevin [US/US]; 2409 Newcastle Ave, Cardiff By The Sea, CA 92007 (US).

(74) Agents: WHITTAKER, Michael, A. et al.; Biotechnology Law Group, 12707 High Bluff Drive, Suite 200, San Diego, CA 92130 (US).

(54) Title: METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR DIAGNOSIS AND PROGNOSIS OF RENAL INJURY AND RENAL FAILURE

(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to methods and compositions for monitoring, diagnosis, prognosis, and determination of treatment regimens in subjects suffering from or suspected of having a renal injury. In particular, the invention relates to using assays that detect one or more markers selected from the group consisting of Clusterin, Heart- type fatty acid binding protein, Hepatocyte growth factor, Interferon gamma, Interleukin- 12 subunit beta, Interleukin-16, Interleukin-2, 72 kDa type IV collagenase, Matrix metalloproteinase-9, Midkine, and Serum amyloid P-component as diagnostic and prognostic biomarkers in renal injuries.

METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR DIAGNOSIS AND PROGNOSIS OF RENAL INJURY AND RENAL FAILURE

[0001]   The present invention claims priority from U.S. Provisional Patent Application 61/117,168 filed November 22, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application 61/115,049 filed November 15, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application 61/113,074 filed November 10, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application 61/117,160 filed November 22, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application 61/117,158 filed November 22, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application 61/117,162 filed November 22, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application 61/117,163 filed November 22, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application 61/117,180 filed November 22, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application 61/117,178 filed November 22, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application 61/117,151 filed November 22, 2008; and U.S. Provisional Patent Application 61/117,161 filed November 22, 2008, each of which is hereby incorporated in its entirety including all tables, figures, and claims.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002]   The following discussion of the background of the invention is merely provided to aid the reader in understanding the invention and is not admitted to describe or constitute prior art to the present invention.

[0003]   The kidney is responsible for water and solute excretion from the body. Its functions include maintenance of acid-base balance, regulation of electrolyte concentrations, control of blood volume, and regulation of blood pressure. As such, loss of kidney function through injury and/or disease results in substantial morbidity and mortality. A detailed discussion of renal injuries is provided in Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine, 17th Ed., McGraw Hill, New York, pages 1741-1830, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. Renal disease and/or injury may be acute or chronic. Acute and chronic kidney disease are described as follows (from Current Medical Diagnosis & Treatment 2008, 47th Ed, McGraw Hill, New York, pages 785-815, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety): "Acute renal failure is worsening of renal function over hours to days, resulting in the retention of nitrogenous wastes (such as urea nitrogen) and creatinine in the blood. Retention of these substances

is called azotemia. Chronic renal failure (chronic kidney disease) results from an abnormal loss of renal function over months to years".

[0004]   Acute renal failure (ARF, also known as acute kidney injury, or AKI) is an abrupt (typically detected within about 48 hours to 1 week)reduction in glomerular filtration. This loss of filtration capacity results in retention of nitrogenous (urea and creatinine) and non-nitrogenous waste products that are normally excreted by the kidney, a reduction in urine output, or both. It is reported that ARF complicates about 5% of hospital admissions, 4-15% of cardiopulmonary bypass surgeries, and up to 30% of intensive care admissions. ARF may be categorized as prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal in causation. Intrinsic renal disease can be further divided into glomerular, tubular, interstitial, and vascular abnormalities. Major causes of ARF are described in the following table, which is adapted from the Merck Manual, 17th ed., Chapter 222, and which is hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety:

Type	Risk Factors
Prerenal	
ECF volume depletion	Excessive diuresis, hemorrhage, GI losses, loss of intravascular fluid into the extravascular space (due to ascites, peritonitis, pancreatitis, or burns), loss of skin and mucus membranes, renal salt- and water-wasting states
Low cardiac output	Cardiomyopathy, MI, cardiac tamponade, pulmonary embolism, pulmonary hypertension, positive-pressure mechanical ventilation
Low systemic vascular resistance	Septic shock, liver failure, antihypertensive drugs
Increased renal vascular resistance	NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus, hypercalcemia, anaphylaxis, anesthetics, renal artery obstruction, renal vein thrombosis, sepsis, hepatorenal syndrome
Decreased efferent arteriolar tone (leading to decreased GFR from reduced glomerular transcapillary pressure, especially in patients with bilateral renal artery stenosis)	ACE inhibitors or angiotensin II receptor blockers
Intrinsic Renal	
Acute tubular injury	Ischemia (prolonged or severe prerenal state): surgery, hemorrhage, arterial or venous obstruction; Toxins: NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus, aminoglycosides, foscarnet, ethylene glycol, hemoglobin, myoglobin, ifosfamide, heavy metals, methotrexate, radiopaque

	contrast agents, streptozotocin
Acute glomerulonephritis	ANCA-associated: Crescentic glomerulonephritis, polyarteritis nodosa, Wegener's granulomatosis; Anti-GBM glomerulonephritis: Goodpasture's syndrome; Immune-complex: Lupus glomerulonephritis, postinfectious glomerulonephritis, cryoglobulinemic glomerulonephritis
Acute tubulointerstitial nephritis	Drug reaction (eg, β-lactams, NSAIDs, sulfonamides, ciprofloxacin, thiazide diuretics, furosemide, phenytoin, allopurinol, pyelonephritis, papillary necrosis
Acute vascular nephropathy	Vasculitis, malignant hypertension, thrombotic microangiopathies, scleroderma, atheroembolism
Infiltrative diseases	Lymphoma, sarcoidosis, leukemia
Postrenal	
Tubular precipitation	Uric acid (tumor lysis), sulfonamides, triamterene, acyclovir, indinavir, methotrexate, ethylene glycol ingestion, myeloma protein, myoglobin
Ureteral obstruction	Intrinsic: Calculi, clots, sloughed renal tissue, fungus ball, edema, malignancy, congenital defects; Extrinsic: Malignancy, retroperitoneal fibrosis, ureteral trauma during surgery or high impact injury
Bladder obstruction	Mechanical: Benign prostatic hyperplasia, prostate cancer, bladder cancer, urethral strictures, phimosis, paraphimosis, urethral valves, obstructed indwelling urinary catheter; Neurogenic: Anticholinergic drugs, upper or lower motor neuron lesion

[0005]   In the case of ischemic ARF, the course of the disease may be divided into four phases. During an initiation phase, which lasts hours to days, reduced perfusion of the kidney is evolving into injury. Glomerular ultrafiltration reduces, the flow of filtrate is reduced due to debris within the tubules, and back leakage of filtrate through injured epithelium occurs. Renal injury can be mediated during this phase by reperfusion of the kidney. Initiation is followed by an extension phase which is characterized by continued ischemic injury and inflammation and may involve endothelial damage and vascular congestion. During the maintenance phase, lasting from 1 to 2 weeks, renal cell injury occurs, and glomerular filtration and urine output reaches a minimum. A recovery phase can follow in which the renal epithelium is repaired and GFR gradually recovers. Despite this, the survival rate of subjects with ARF may be as low as about 60%.

[0006]   Acute kidney injury caused by radiocontrast agents (also called contrast media) and other nephrotoxins such as cyclosporine, antibiotics including aminoglycosides and anticancer drugs such as cisplatin manifests over a period of days to

about a week. Contrast induced nephropathy (CIN, which is AKI caused by radiocontrast agents) is thought to be caused by intrarenal vasoconstriction (leading to ischemic injury) and from the generation of reactive oxygen species that are directly toxic to renal tubular epithelial cells. CIN classically presents as an acute (onset within 24-48h) but reversible (peak 3-5 days, resolution within 1 week) rise in blood urea nitrogen and serum creatinine.

[0007]   A commonly reported criteria for defining and detecting AKI is an abrupt (typically within about 2-7 days or within a period of hospitalization) elevation of serum creatinine. Although the use of serum creatinine elevation to define and detect AKI is well established, the magnitude of the serum creatinine elevation and the time over which it is measured to define AKI varies considerably among publications. Traditionally, relatively large increases in serum creatinine such as 100%, 200%, an increase of at least 100% to a value over 2 mg/dL and other definitions were used to define AKI. However, the recent trend has been towards using smaller serum creatinine rises to define AKI. The relationship between serum creatinine rise, AKI and the associated health risks are reviewed in Praught and Shlipak, *Curr Opin Nephrol Hypertens* 14:265-270, 2005 and Chertow et al, *J Am Soc Nephrol* 16: 3365-3370, 2005, which, with the references listed therein, are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. As described in these publications, acute worsening renal function (AKI) and increased risk of death and other detrimental outcomes are now known to be associated with very small increases in serum creatinine. These increases may be determined as a relative (percent) value or a nominal value. Relative increases in serum creatinine as small as 20% from the pre-injury value have been reported to indicate acutely worsening renal function (AKI) and increased health risk, but the more commonly reported value to define AKI and increased health risk is a relative increase of at least 25%. Nominal increases as small as 0.3 mg/dL, 0.2 mg/dL or even 0.1 mg/dL have been reported to indicate worsening renal function and increased risk of death. Various time periods for the serum creatinine to rise to these threshold values have been used to define AKI, for example, ranging from 2 days, 3 days, 7 days, or a variable period defined as the time the patient is in the hospital or intensive care unit. These studies indicate there is not a particular threshold serum creatinine rise (or time period for the rise) for worsening renal function or AKI, but rather a continuous increase in risk with increasing magnitude of serum creatinine rise.

[0008]   One study (Lassnigg et all, J Am Soc Nephrol 15:1597-1605, 2004, hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety) investigated both increases and decreases in serum creatinine. Patients with a mild fall in serum creatinine of -0.1 to -0.3 mg/dL following heart surgery had the lowest mortality rate. Patients with a larger fall in serum creatinine (more than or equal to -0.4 mg/dL) or any increase in serum creatinine had a larger mortality rate. These findings caused the authors to conclude that even very subtle changes in renal function (as detected by small creatinine changes within 48 hours of surgery) seriously effect patient's outcomes. In an effort to reach consensus on a unified classification system for using serum creatinine to define AKI in clinical trials and in clinical practice, Bellomo *et al., Crit Care.* 8(4):R204-12, 2004, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, proposes the following classifications for stratifying AKI patients:

"Risk": serum creatinine increased 1.5 fold from baseline OR urine production of <0.5 ml/kg body weight/hr for 6 hours;

"Injury": serum creatinine increased 2.0 fold from baseline OR urine production <0.5 ml/kg/hr for 12 h;

"Failure": serum creatinine increased 3.0 fold from baseline OR creatinine >355 μmol/l (with a rise of >44) or urine output below 0.3 ml/kg/hr for 24 h or anuria for at least 12 hours;

And included two clinical outcomes:

"Loss": persistent need for renal replacement therapy for more than four weeks.

"ESRD": end stage renal disease—the need for dialysis for more than 3 months.

These criteria are called the RIFLE criteria, which provide a useful clinical tool to classify renal status. As discussed in Kellum, *Crit. Care Med.* 36: S141-45, 2008 and Ricci *et al., Kidney Int.* 73, 538-546, 2008, each hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, the RIFLE criteria provide a uniform definition of AKI which has been validated in numerous studies.

[0009]   More recently, Mehta *et al., Crit. Care* 11:R31 (doi:10.1186.cc5713), 2007, hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, proposes the following similar classifications for stratifying AKI patients, which have been modified from RIFLE:

"Stage I": increase in serum creatinine of more than or equal to 0.3 mg/dL ($\geq$ 26.4 μmol/L) or increase to more than or equal to 150% (1.5-fold) from baseline OR urine output less than 0.5 mL/kg per hour for more than 6 hours;

"Stage II": increase in serum creatinine to more than 200% (> 2-fold) from baseline OR urine output less than 0.5 mL/kg per hour for more than 12 hours;

"Stage III": increase in serum creatinine to more than 300% (> 3-fold) from baseline OR serum creatinine $\geq$ 354 μmol/L accompanied by an acute increase of at least 44 μmol/L OR urine output less than 0.3 mL/kg per hour for 24 hours or anuria for 12 hours.

[0010]   The CIN Consensus Working Panel (McCollough et al, *Rev Cardiovasc Med. 2006;7(4):177-197,* hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety*)* uses a serum creatinine rise of 25% to define Contrast induced nephropathy (which is a type of AKI).Although various groups propose slightly different criteria for using serum creatinine to detect AKI, the consensus is that small changes in serum creatinine, such as 0.3 mg/dL or 25%, are sufficient to detect AKI (worsening renal function) and that the magnitude of the serum creatinine change is an indicator of the severity of the AKI and mortality risk.

[0011]   Although serial measurement of serum creatinine over a period of days is an accepted method of detecting and diagnosing AKI and is considered one of the most important tools to evaluate AKI patients, serum creatinine is generally regarded to have several limitations in the diagnosis, assessment and monitoring of AKI patients. The time period for serum creatinine to rise to values (e.g., a 0.3 mg/dL or 25% rise) considered diagnostic for AKI can be 48 hours or longer depending on the definition used. Since cellular injury in AKI can occur over a period of hours, serum creatinine elevations detected at 48 hours or longer can be a late indicator of injury, and relying on serum creatinine can thus delay diagnosis of AKI. Furthermore, serum creatinine is not a good indicator of the exact kidney status and treatment needs during the most acute phases of AKI when kidney function is changing rapidly. Some patients with AKI will recover fully, some will need dialysis (either short term or long term) and some will have other detrimental outcomes including death, major adverse cardiac events and chronic kidney disease. Because serum creatinine is a marker of filtration rate, it does not differentiate between the causes of AKI (pre-renal, intrinsic renal, post-renal obstruction, atheroembolic, etc) or the category or location of injury in intrinsic renal disease (for

example, tubular, glomerular or interstitial in origin). Urine output is similarly limited, Knowing these things can be of vital importance in managing and treating patients with AKI.

[0012]   These limitations underscore the need for better methods to detect and assess AKI, particularly in the early and subclinical stages, but also in later stages when recovery and repair of the kidney can occur. Furthermore, there is a need to better identify patients who are at risk of having an AKI.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0013]   It is an object of the invention to provide methods and compositions for evaluating renal function in a subject. As described herein, measurement of one or more markers selected from the group consisting of Clusterin, Heart-type fatty acid binding protein, Hepatocyte growth factor, Interferon gamma, Interleukin-12 subunit beta, Interleukin-16, Interleukin-2, 72 kDa type IV collagenase, Matrix metalloproteinase-9, Midkine, and Serum amyloid P-component (collectively referred to herein as "kidney injury markers, and individually as a "kidney injury marker") can be used for diagnosis, prognosis, risk stratification, staging, monitoring, categorizing and determination of further diagnosis and treatment regimens in subjects suffering or at risk of suffering from an injury to renal function, reduced renal function, and/or acute renal failure (also called acute kidney injury).

[0014]   These kidney injury markers may be used, individually or in panels comprising a plurality of kidney injury markers, for risk stratification (that is, to identify subjects at risk for a future injury to renal function, for future progression to reduced renal function, for future progression to ARF, for future improvement in renal function, *etc.*); for diagnosis of existing disease (that is, to identify subjects who have suffered an injury to renal function, who have progressed to reduced renal function, who have progressed to ARF, *etc.*); for monitoring for deterioration or improvement of renal function; and for predicting a future medical outcome, such as improved or worsening renal function, a decreased or increased mortality risk, a decreased or increased risk that a subject will require renal replacement therapy (*i.e.*, hemodialysis, peritoneal dialysis, hemofiltration, and/or renal transplantation, a decreased or increased risk that a subject will recover from an injury to renal function, a decreased or increased risk that a subject will recover from ARF, a decreased or increased risk that a subject will progress to end stage renal disease,

a decreased or increased risk that a subject will progress to chronic renal failure, a decreased or increased risk that a subject will suffer rejection of a transplanted kidney, *etc.*

[0015]   In a first aspect, the present invention relates to methods for evaluating renal status in a subject. These methods comprise performing an assay method that is configured to detect one or more kidney injury markers of the present invention in a body fluid sample obtained from the subject. The assay result(s), for example a measured concentration of one or more markers selected from the group consisting of Clusterin, Heart-type fatty acid binding protein, Hepatocyte growth factor, Interferon gamma, Interleukin-12 subunit beta, Interleukin-16, Interleukin-2, 72 kDa type IV collagenase, Matrix metalloproteinase-9, Midkine, and Serum amyloid P-component is/are then correlated to the renal status of the subject. This correlation to renal status may include correlating the assay result(s) to one or more of risk stratification, diagnosis, prognosis, staging, classifying and monitoring of the subject as described herein. Thus, the present invention utilizes one or more kidney injury markers of the present invention for the evaluation of renal injury.

[0016]   In certain embodiments, the methods for evaluating renal status described herein are methods for risk stratification of the subject; that is, assigning a likelihood of one or more future changes in renal status to the subject. In these embodiments, the assay result(s) is/are correlated to one or more such future changes. The following are preferred risk stratification embodiments.

[0017]   In preferred risk stratification embodiments, these methods comprise determining a subject's risk for a future injury to renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to a likelihood of such a future injury to renal function. For example, the measured concentration(s) may each be compared to a threshold value. For a "positive going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of suffering a future injury to renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold. For a "negative going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of suffering a future injury to renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold.

[0018]   In other preferred risk stratification embodiments, these methods comprise determining a subject's risk for future reduced renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to a likelihood of such reduced renal function. For example, the measured concentrations may each be compared to a threshold value. For a "positive going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of suffering a future reduced renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold. For a "negative going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of future reduced renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold.

[0019]   In still other preferred risk stratification embodiments, these methods comprise determining a subject's likelihood for a future improvement in renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to a likelihood of such a future improvement in renal function. For example, the measured concentration(s) may each be compared to a threshold value. For a "positive going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of a future improvement in renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold. For a "negative going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of a future improvement in renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

[0020]   In yet other preferred risk stratification embodiments, these methods comprise determining a subject's risk for progression to ARF, and the result(s) is/are correlated to a likelihood of such progression to ARF. For example, the measured concentration(s) may each be compared to a threshold value. For a "positive going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of progression to ARF is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold. For a "negative going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of progression to ARF is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold.

[0021]   And in other preferred risk stratification embodiments, these methods comprise determining a subject's outcome risk, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to a likelihood of the occurrence of a clinical outcome related to a renal injury suffered by the subject. For example, the measured concentration(s) may each be compared to a threshold value. For a "positive going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of one or more of: acute kidney injury, progression to a worsening stage of AKI, mortality, a requirement for renal replacement therapy, a requirement for withdrawal of renal toxins, end stage renal disease, heart failure, stroke, myocardial infarction, progression to chronic kidney disease, *etc.*, is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold. For a "negative going" kidney injury marker, an increased likelihood of one or more of: acute kidney injury, progression to a worsening stage of AKI, mortality, a requirement for renal replacement therapy, a requirement for withdrawal of renal toxins, end stage renal disease, heart failure, stroke, myocardial infarction, progression to chronic kidney disease, *etc.*, is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold.

[0022]   In such risk stratification embodiments, preferably the likelihood or risk assigned is that an event of interest is more or less likely to occur within 180 days of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained from the subject. In particularly preferred embodiments, the likelihood or risk assigned relates to an event of interest occurring within a shorter time period such as 18 months, 120 days, 90 days, 60 days, 45 days, 30 days, 21 days, 14 days, 7 days, 5 days, 96 hours, 72 hours, 48 hours, 36 hours, 24 hours, 12 hours, or less. A risk at 0 hours of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained from the subject is equivalent to diagnosis of a current condition.

[0023]   In preferred risk stratification embodiments, the subject is selected for risk stratification based on the pre-existence in the subject of one or more known risk factors for prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal ARF. For example, a subject undergoing or having undergone major vascular surgery, coronary artery bypass, or other cardiac surgery; a subject having pre-existing congestive heart failure, preeclampsia, eclampsia, diabetes mellitus, hypertension, coronary artery disease, proteinuria, renal insufficiency, glomerular filtration below the normal range, cirrhosis, serum creatinine above the normal range, or sepsis; or a subject exposed to NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus,

aminoglycosides, foscarnet, ethylene glycol, hemoglobin, myoglobin, ifosfamide, heavy metals, methotrexate, radiopaque contrast agents, or streptozotocin are all preferred subjects for monitoring risks according to the methods described herein. This list is not meant to be limiting. By "pre-existence" in this context is meant that the risk factor exists at the time the body fluid sample is obtained from the subject. In particularly preferred embodiments, a subject is chosen for risk stratification based on an existing diagnosis of injury to renal function, reduced renal function, or ARF.

[0024]   In other embodiments, the methods for evaluating renal status described herein are methods for diagnosing a renal injury in the subject; that is, assessing whether or not a subject has suffered from an injury to renal function, reduced renal function, or ARF. In these embodiments, the assay result(s), for example a measured concentration of one or more markers selected from the group consisting of Clusterin, Heart-type fatty acid binding protein, Hepatocyte growth factor, Interferon gamma, Interleukin-12 subunit beta, Interleukin-16, Interleukin-2, 72 kDa type IV collagenase, Matrix metalloproteinase-9, Midkine, and Serum amyloid P-component is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status. The following are preferred diagnostic embodiments.

[0025]   In preferred diagnostic embodiments, these methods comprise diagnosing the occurrence or nonoccurrence of an injury to renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of such an injury. For example, each of the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury to renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury to renal function may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold). For a negative going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury to renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury to renal function may

be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold).

[0026]   In other preferred diagnostic embodiments, these methods comprise diagnosing the occurrence or nonoccurrence of reduced renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of an injury causing reduced renal function. For example, each of the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury causing reduced renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury causing reduced renal function may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold). For a negative going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury causing reduced renal function is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury causing reduced renal function may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold).

[0027]   In yet other preferred diagnostic embodiments, these methods comprise diagnosing the occurrence or nonoccurrence of ARF, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of an injury causing ARF. For example, each of the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of ARF is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of ARF may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold). For a negative going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of ARF is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold);

alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of ARF may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold).

[0028]   In still other preferred diagnostic embodiments, these methods comprise diagnosing a subject as being in need of renal replacement therapy, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to a need for renal replacement therapy. For example, each of the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury creating a need for renal replacement therapy is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury creating a need for renal replacement therapy may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold). For a negative going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury creating a need for renal replacement therapy is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury creating a need for renal replacement therapy may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold).

[0029]   In still other preferred diagnostic embodiments, these methods comprise diagnosing a subject as being in need of renal transplantation, and the assay result(s0 is/are correlated to a need for renal transplantation. For example, each of the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury creating a need for renal transplantation is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury creating a need for renal transplantation may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold). For a negative going marker, an increased likelihood of the occurrence of an injury creating a need for renal

transplantation is assigned to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold); alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an increased likelihood of the nonoccurrence of an injury creating a need for renal transplantation may be assigned to the subject (relative to the likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold).

[0030]   In still other embodiments, the methods for evaluating renal status described herein are methods for monitoring a renal injury in the subject; that is, assessing whether or not renal function is improving or worsening in a subject who has suffered from an injury to renal function, reduced renal function, or ARF. In these embodiments, the assay result(s), for example a measured concentration of one or more markers selected from the group consisting of Clusterin, Heart-type fatty acid binding protein, Hepatocyte growth factor, Interferon gamma, Interleukin-12 subunit beta, Interleukin-16, Interleukin-2, 72 kDa type IV collagenase, Matrix metalloproteinase-9, Midkine, and Serum amyloid P-component is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status. The following are preferred monitoring embodiments.

[0031]   In preferred monitoring embodiments, these methods comprise monitoring renal status in a subject suffering from an injury to renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status in the subject. For example, the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject. For a negative going marker, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject.

[0032]   In other preferred monitoring embodiments, these methods comprise monitoring renal status in a subject suffering from reduced renal function, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status in the subject. For example, the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively,

when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject. For a negative going marker, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject.

[0033]   In yet other preferred monitoring embodiments, these methods comprise monitoring renal status in a subject suffering from acute renal failure, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status in the subject. For example, the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject. For a negative going marker, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject.

[0034]   In other additional preferred monitoring embodiments, these methods comprise monitoring renal status in a subject at risk of an injury to renal function due to the pre-existence of one or more known risk factors for prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal ARF, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a change in renal status in the subject. For example, the measured concentration(s) may be compared to a threshold value. For a positive going marker, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject. For a negative going marker, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, a worsening of renal function may be assigned to the subject; alternatively, when the measured concentration is above the threshold, an improvement of renal function may be assigned to the subject.

[0035]   In still other embodiments, the methods for evaluating renal status described herein are methods for classifying a renal injury in the subject; that is, determining whether a renal injury in a subject is prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal; and/or further subdividing these classes into subclasses such as acute tubular injury, acute

glomerulonephritis acute tubulointerstitial nephritis, acute vascular nephropathy, or infiltrative disease; and/or assigning a likelihood that a subject will progress to a particular RIFLE stage. In these embodiments, the assay result(s), for example a measured concentration of one or more markers selected from the group consisting of Clusterin, Heart-type fatty acid binding protein, Hepatocyte growth factor, Interferon gamma, Interleukin-12 subunit beta, Interleukin-16, Interleukin-2, 72 kDa type IV collagenase, Matrix metalloproteinase-9, Midkine, and Serum amyloid P-component is/are correlated to a particular class and/or subclass. The following are preferred classification embodiments.

[0036]   In preferred classification embodiments, these methods comprise determining whether a renal injury in a subject is prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal; and/or further subdividing these classes into subclasses such as acute tubular injury, acute glomerulonephritis acute tubulointerstitial nephritis, acute vascular nephropathy, or infiltrative disease; and/or assigning a likelihood that a subject will progress to a particular RIFLE stage, and the assay result(s) is/are correlated to the injury classification for the subject. For example, the measured concentration may be compared to a threshold value, and when the measured concentration is above the threshold, a particular classification is assigned; alternatively, when the measured concentration is below the threshold, a different classification may be assigned to the subject.

[0037]   A variety of methods may be used by the skilled artisan to arrive at a desired threshold value for use in these methods. For example, the threshold value may be determined from a population of normal subjects by selecting a concentration representing the 75th, 85th, 90th, 95th, or 99th percentile of a kidney injury marker measured in such normal subjects. Alternatively, the threshold value may be determined from a "diseased" population of subjects, e.g., those suffering from an injury or having a predisposition for an injury (e.g., progression to ARF or some other clinical outcome such as death, dialysis, renal transplantation, *etc.*), by selecting a concentration representing the 75th, 85th, 90th, 95th, or 99th percentile of a kidney injury marker measured in such subjects. In another alternative, the threshold value may be determined from a prior measurement of a kidney injury marker in the same subject; that is, a temporal change in the level of a kidney injury marker in the subject may be used to assign risk to the subject.

[001]   The foregoing discussion is not meant to imply, however, that the kidney injury markers of the present invention must be compared to corresponding individual

thresholds. Methods for combining assay results can comprise the use of multivariate logistical regression, loglinear modeling, neural network analysis, n-of-m analysis, decision tree analysis, calculating ratios of markers, *etc*. This list is not meant to be limiting. In these methods, a composite result which is determined by combining individual markers may be treated as if it is itself a marker; that is, a threshold may be determined for the composite result as described herein for individual markers, and the composite result for an individual patient compared to this threshold.

[0038]   The ability of a particular test to distinguish two populations can be established using ROC analysis. For example, ROC curves established from a "first" subpopulation which is predisposed to one or more future changes in renal status, and a "second" subpopulation which is not so predisposed can be used to calculate a ROC curve, and the area under the curve provides a measure of the quality of the test. Preferably, the tests described herein provide a ROC curve area greater than 0.5, preferably at least 0.6, more preferably 0.7, still more preferably at least 0.8, even more preferably at least 0.9, and most preferably at least 0.95.

[0039]   In certain aspects, the measured concentration of one or more kidney injury markers, or a composite of such markers, may be treated as continuous variables. For example, any particular concentration can be converted into a corresponding probability of a future reduction in renal function for the subject, the occurrence of an injury, a classification, etc. In yet another alternative, a threshold that can provide an acceptable level of specificity and sensitivity in separating a population of subjects into "bins" such as a "first" subpopulation (e.g., which is predisposed to one or more future changes in renal status, the occurrence of an injury, a classification, etc.) and a "second" subpopulation which is not so predisposed. A threshold value is selected to separate this first and second population by one or more of the following measures of test accuracy:

an odds ratio greater than 1, preferably at least about 2 or more or about 0.5 or less, more preferably at least about 3 or more or about 0.33 or less, still more preferably at least about 4 or more or about 0.25 or less, even more preferably at least about 5 or more or about 0.2 or less, and most preferably at least about 10 or more or about 0.1 or less;

a specificity of greater than 0.5, preferably at least about 0.6, more preferably at least about 0.7, still more preferably at least about 0.8, even more preferably at least about 0.9 and most preferably at least about 0.95, with a corresponding sensitivity greater than 0.2,

preferably greater than about 0.3, more preferably greater than about 0.4, still more preferably at least about 0.5, even more preferably about 0.6, yet more preferably greater than about 0.7, still more preferably greater than about 0.8, more preferably greater than about 0.9, and most preferably greater than about 0.95;

a sensitivity of greater than 0.5, preferably at least about 0.6, more preferably at least about 0.7, still more preferably at least about 0.8, even more preferably at least about 0.9 and most preferably at least about 0.95, with a corresponding specificity greater than 0.2, preferably greater than about 0.3, more preferably greater than about 0.4, still more preferably at least about 0.5, even more preferably about 0.6, yet more preferably greater than about 0.7, still more preferably greater than about 0.8, more preferably greater than about 0.9, and most preferably greater than about 0.95;

at least about 75% sensitivity, combined with at least about 75% specificity;

a positive likelihood ratio (calculated as sensitivity/(1-specificity)) of greater than 1, at least about 2, more preferably at least about 3, still more preferably at least about 5, and most preferably at least about 10; or

a negative likelihood ratio (calculated as (1-sensitivity)/specificity) of less than 1, less than or equal to about 0.5, more preferably less than or equal to about 0.3, and most preferably less than or equal to about 0.1.

The term "about" in the context of any of the above measurements refers to +/- 5% of a given measurement.

[0040]   Multiple thresholds may also be used to assess renal status in a subject. For example, a "first" subpopulation which is predisposed to one or more future changes in renal status, the occurrence of an injury, a classification, etc., and a "second" subpopulation which is not so predisposed can be combined into a single group. This group is then subdivided into three or more equal parts (known as tertiles, quartiles, quintiles, etc., depending on the number of subdivisions). An odds ratio is assigned to subjects based on which subdivision they fall into. If one considers a tertile, the lowest or highest tertile can be used as a reference for comparison of the other subdivisions. This reference subdivision is assigned an odds ratio of 1. The second tertile is assigned an odds ratio that is relative to that first tertile. That is, someone in the second tertile might be 3 times more likely to suffer one or more future changes in renal status in comparison to

someone in the first tertile. The third tertile is also assigned an odds ratio that is relative to that first tertile.

[0041]   In certain embodiments, the assay method is an immunoassay. Antibodies for use in such assays will specifically bind a full length kidney injury marker of interest, and may also bind one or more polypeptides that are "related" thereto, as that term is defined hereinafter. Numerous immunoassay formats are known to those of skill in the art. Preferred body fluid samples are selected from the group consisting of urine, blood, serum, saliva, tears, and plasma.

[0042]   The foregoing method steps should not be interpreted to mean that the kidney injury marker assay result(s) is/are used in isolation in the methods described herein. Rather, additional variables or other clinical indicia may be included in the methods described herein. For example, a risk stratification, diagnostic, classification, monitoring, etc. method may combine the assay result(s) with one or more variables measured for the subject selected from the group consisting of demographic information (e.g., weight, sex, age, race), medical history (e.g., family history, type of surgery, pre-existing disease such as aneurism, congestive heart failure, preeclampsia, eclampsia, diabetes mellitus, hypertension, coronary artery disease, proteinuria, renal insufficiency, or sepsis, type of toxin exposure such as NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus, aminoglycosides, foscarnet, ethylene glycol, hemoglobin, myoglobin, ifosfamide, heavy metals, methotrexate, radiopaque contrast agents, or streptozotocin), clinical variables (e.g., blood pressure, temperature, respiration rate), risk scores (APACHE score, PREDICT score, TIMI Risk Score for UA/NSTEMI, Framingham Risk Score), a glomerular filtration rate, an estimated glomerular filtration rate, a urine production rate, a serum or plasma creatinine concentration, a urine creatinine concentration, a fractional excretion of sodium, a urine sodium concentration, a urine creatinine to serum or plasma creatinine ratio, a urine specific gravity, a urine osmolality, a urine urea nitrogen to plasma urea nitrogen ratio, a plasma BUN to creatnine ratio, a renal failure index calculated as urine sodium / (urine creatinine / plasma creatinine), a serum or plasma neutrophil gelatinase (NGAL) concentration, a urine NGAL concentration, a serum or plasma cystatin C concentration, a serum or plasma cardiac troponin concentration, a serum or plasma BNP concentration, a serum or plasma NTproBNP concentration, and a serum or plasma proBNP concentration. Other measures of renal function which may be combined with one or more kidney injury marker assay result(s) are described hereinafter and in Harrison's

Principles of Internal Medicine, 17th Ed., McGraw Hill, New York, pages 1741-1830, and Current Medical Diagnosis & Treatment 2008, 47th Ed, McGraw Hill, New York, pages 785-815, each of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

[0043]   When more than one marker is measured, the individual markers may be measured in samples obtained at the same time, or may be determined from samples obtained at different (e.g., an earlier or later) times. The individual markers may also be measured on the same or different body fluid samples. For example, one kidney injury marker may be measured in a serum or plasma sample and another kidney injury marker may be measured in a urine sample. In addition, assignment of a likelihood may combine an individual kidney injury marker assay result with temporal changes in one or more additional variables.

[0044]   In various related aspects, the present invention also relates to devices and kits for performing the methods described herein. Suitable kits comprise reagents sufficient for performing an assay for at least one of the described kidney injury markers, together with instructions for performing the described threshold comparisons.

[0045]   In certain embodiments, reagents for performing such assays are provided in an assay device, and such assay devices may be included in such a kit. Preferred reagents can comprise one or more solid phase antibodies, the solid phase antibody comprising antibody that detects the intended biomarker target(s) bound to a solid support. In the case of sandwich immunoassays, such reagents can also include one or more detectably labeled antibodies, the detectably labeled antibody comprising antibody that detects the intended biomarker target(s) bound to a detectable label. Additional optional elements that may be provided as part of an assay device are described hereinafter.

[0046]   Detectable labels may include molecules that are themselves detectable (e.g., fluorescent moieties, electrochemical labels, ecl (electrochemical luminescence) labels, metal chelates, colloidal metal particles, *etc.*) as well as molecules that may be indirectly detected by production of a detectable reaction product (*e.g.*, enzymes such as horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, *etc.*) or through the use of a specific binding molecule which itself may be detectable (*e.g.*, a labeled antibody that binds to the second antibody, biotin, digoxigenin, maltose, oligohistidine, 2,4-dintrobenzene, phenylarsenate, ssDNA, dsDNA, *etc.*).

[0047]   Generation of a signal from the signal development element can be performed using various optical, acoustical, and electrochemical methods well known in the art. Examples of detection modes include fluorescence, radiochemical detection, reflectance, absorbance, amperometry, conductance, impedance, interferometry, ellipsometry, *etc.* In certain of these methods, the solid phase antibody is coupled to a transducer (*e.g.*, a diffraction grating, electrochemical sensor, etc) for generation of a signal, while in others, a signal is generated by a transducer that is spatially separate from the solid phase antibody (*e.g.*, a fluorometer that employs an excitation light source and an optical detector). This list is not meant to be limiting. Antibody-based biosensors may also be employed to determine the presence or amount of analytes that optionally eliminate the need for a labeled molecule.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

[0048]   Fig. 1 provides data tables determined in accordance with Example 6 for the comparison of marker levels in urine samples collected for Cohort 1 (patients that did not progress beyond RIFLE stage 0) and in urine samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage R, I or F in Cohort 2. Tables provide descriptive statistics, AUC analysis, and sensitivity, specificity and odds ratio calculations at various threshold (cutoff) levels for the various markers.

[0049]   Fig. 2 provides data tables determined in accordance with Example 7 for the comparison of marker levels in urine samples collected for Cohort 1 (patients that did not progress beyond RIFLE stage 0 or R) and in urine samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage I or F in Cohort 2. Tables provide descriptive statistics, AUC analysis, and sensitivity, specificity and odds ratio calculations at various threshold (cutoff) levels for the various markers.

[0050]   Fig. 3 provides data tables determined in accordance with Example 8 for the comparison of marker levels in urine samples collected for Cohort 1 (patients that reached, but did not progress beyond, RIFLE stage R) and in urine samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage I or F in Cohort 2. Tables provide descriptive statistics, AUC analysis, and sensitivity, specificity and odds ratio calculations at various threshold (cutoff) levels for the various markers.

[0051]   Fig. 4 provides data tables determined in accordance with Example 9 for the comparison of marker levels in urine samples collected for Cohort 1 (patients that did not

progress beyond RIFLE stage 0) and in urine samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage F in Cohort 2. Tables provide descriptive statistics, AUC analysis, and sensitivity, specificity and odds ratio calculations at various threshold (cutoff) levels for the various markers.

[0052]   Fig. 5 provides data tables determined in accordance with Example 6 for the comparison of marker levels in plasma samples collected for Cohort 1 (patients that did not progress beyond RIFLE stage 0) and in plasma samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage R, I or F in Cohort 2. Tables provide descriptive statistics, AUC analysis, and sensitivity, specificity and odds ratio calculations at various threshold (cutoff) levels for the various markers.

[0053]   Fig. 6 provides data tables determined in accordance with Example 7 for the comparison of marker levels in plasma samples collected for Cohort 1 (patients that did not progress beyond RIFLE stage 0 or R) and in plasma samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage I or F in Cohort 2. Tables provide descriptive statistics, AUC analysis, and sensitivity, specificity and odds ratio calculations at various threshold (cutoff) levels for the various markers.

[0054]   Fig. 7 provides data tables determined in accordance with Example 8 for the comparison of marker levels in plasma samples collected for Cohort 1 (patients that reached, but did not progress beyond, RIFLE stage R) and in plasma samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage I or F in Cohort 2. Tables provide descriptive statistics, AUC analysis, and sensitivity, specificity and odds ratio calculations at various threshold (cutoff) levels for the various markers.

[0055]   Fig. 8 provides data tables determined in accordance with Example 9 for the comparison of marker levels in plasma samples collected for Cohort 1 (patients that did not progress beyond RIFLE stage 0) and in plasma samples collected from subjects at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage F in Cohort 2. Tables provide descriptive statistics, AUC analysis, and sensitivity, specificity and odds ratio calculations at various threshold (cutoff) levels for the various markers.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0056]   The present invention relates to methods and compositions for diagnosis, differential diagnosis, risk stratification, monitoring, classifying and determination of

treatment regimens in subjects suffering or at risk of suffering from injury to renal function, reduced renal function and/or acute renal failure through measurement of one or more kidney injury markers. In various embodiments, a measured concentration of one or more markers selected from the group consisting of Clusterin, Heart-type fatty acid binding protein, Hepatocyte growth factor, Interferon gamma, Interleukin-12 subunit beta, Interleukin-16, Interleukin-2, 72 kDa type IV collagenase, Matrix metalloproteinase-9, Midkine, and Serum amyloid P-component, or one or more markers related thereto, are correlated to the renal status of the subject.

[0057]   For purposes of this document, the following definitions apply:

As used herein, an "injury to renal function" is an abrupt (within 14 days, preferably within 7 days, more preferably within 72 hours, and still more preferably within 48 hours) measurable reduction in a measure of renal function. Such an injury may be identified, for example, by a decrease in glomerular filtration rate or estimated GFR, a reduction in urine output, an increase in serum creatinine, an increase in serum cystatin C, a requirement for renal replacement therapy, *etc*. "Improvement in Renal Function" is an abrupt (within 14 days, preferably within 7 days, more preferably within 72 hours, and still more preferably within 48 hours) measurable increase in a measure of renal function. Preferred methods for measuring and/or estimating GFR are described hereinafter.

As used herein, "reduced renal function" is an abrupt (within 14 days, preferably within 7 days, more preferably within 72 hours, and still more preferably within 48 hours) reduction in kidney function identified by an absolute increase in serum creatinine of greater than or equal to 0.1 mg/dL (≥ 8.8 μmol/L), a percentage increase in serum creatinine of greater than or equal to 20% (1.2-fold from baseline), or a reduction in urine output (documented oliguria of less than 0. 5 ml/kg per hour).

As used herein, "acute renal failure" or "ARF" is an abrupt (within 14 days, preferably within 7 days, more preferably within 72 hours, and still more preferably within 48 hours) reduction in kidney function identified by an absolute increase in serum creatinine of greater than or equal to 0.3 mg/dl (≥ 26.4 μmol/l), a percentage increase in serum creatinine of greater than or equal to 50% (1. 5-fold from baseline), or a reduction in urine output (documented oliguria of less than 0.5 ml/kg per hour for at least 6 hours). This term is synonymous with "acute kidney injury" or "AKI."

[0058]   In this regard, the skilled artisan will understand that the signals obtained from an immunoassay are a direct result of complexes formed between one or more antibodies and the target biomolecule (*i.e.*, the analyte) and polypeptides containing the necessary epitope(s) to which the antibodies bind. While such assays may detect the full length biomarker and the assay result be expressed as a concentration of a biomarker of interest, the signal from the assay is actually a result of all such "immunoreactive" polypeptides present in the sample. Expression of biomarkers may also be determined by means other than immunoassays, including protein measurements (such as dot blots, western blots, chromatographic methods, mass spectrometry, *etc.*) and nucleic acid measurements (mRNA quatitation). This list is not meant to be limiting.

[0059]   As used herein, the term "Clusterin" refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Clusterin precursor (Swiss-Prot P10909 (SEQ ID NO: 1)).

```
                10         20         30         40         50         60
        MMKTLLLFVG LLLTWESGQV LGDQTVSDNE LQEMSNQGSK YVNKEIQNAV NGVKQIKTLI

                70         80         90        100        110        120
        EKTNEERKTL LSNLEEAKKK KEDALNETRE SETKLKELPG VCNETMMALW EECKPCLKQT

               130        140        150        160        170        180
        CMKFYARVCR SGSGLVGRQL EEFLNQSSPF YFWMNGDRID SLLENDRQQT HMLDVMQDHF

               190        200        210        220        230        240
        SRASSIIDEL FQDRFFTREP QDTYHYLPFS LPHRRPHFFF PKSRIVRSLM PFSPYEPLNF

               250        260        270        280        290        300
        HAMFQPFLEM IHEAQQAMDI HFHSPAFQHP PTEFIREGDD DRTVCREIRH NSTGCLRMKD

               310        320        330        340        350        360
        QCDKCREILS VDCSTNNPSQ AKLRRELDES LQVAERLTRK YNELLKSYQW KMLNTSSLLE

               370        380        390        400        410        420
        QLNEQFNWVS RLANLTQGED QYYLRVTTVA SHTSDSDVPS GVTEVVVKLF DSDPITVTVP

               430        440
        VEVSRKNPKF METVAEKALQ EYRKKHREE
```

[0060]   The following domains have been identified in Clusterin:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-22	22	Signal peptide
23-449	427	Clusterin

23-227   205   Clusterin beta chain

228-449   222   Clusterin alpha chain

[0061]   As used herein, the term "Heart-type fatty acid-binding protein" refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Heart-type fatty acid-binding protein precursor (Swiss-Prot P05413 (SEQ ID NO: 2)).

```
          10         20         30         40         50         60
MVDAFLGTWK LVDSKNFDDY MKSLGVGFAT RQVASMTKPT TIIEKNGDIL TLKTHSTFKN

          70         80         90        100        110        120
TEISFKLGVE FDETTADDRK VKSIVTLDGG KLVHLQKWDG QETTLVRELI DGKLILTLTH

         130
GTAVCTRTYE KEA
```

[0062]   The following domains have been identified in Heart-type fatty acid-binding protein:

Residues   Length   Domain ID

1   1   Initiator methionine

2-133   132   Heart-type fatty acid-binding protein

[0063]   As used herein, the term "Hepatocyte growth factor" refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Hepatocyte growth factor precursor (Swiss-Prot P14210 (SEQ ID NO: 3)).

```
          10         20         30         40         50         60
MWVTKLLPAL LLQHVLLHLL LLPIAIPYAE GQRKRRNTIH EFKKSAKTTL IKIDPALKIK

          70         80         90        100        110        120
TKKVNTADQC ANRCTRNKGL PFTCKAFVFD KARKQCLWFP FNSMSSGVKK EFGHEFDLYE

         130        140        150        160        170        180
NKDYIRNCII GKGRSYKGTV SITKSGIKCQ PWSSMIPHEH SFLPSSYRGK DLQENYCRNP

         190        200        210        220        230        240
RGEEGGPWCF TSNPEVRYEV CDIPQCSEVE CMTCNGESYR GLMDHTESGK ICQRWDHQTP

         250        260        270        280        290        300
HRHKFLPERY PDKGFDDNYC RNPDGQPRPW CYTLDPHTRW EYCAIKTCAD NTMNDTDVPL

         310        320        330        340        350        360
ETTECIQGQG EGYRGTVNTI WNGIPCQRWD SQYPHEHDMT PENFKCKDLR ENYCRNPDGS

         370        380        390        400        410        420
ESPWCFTTDP NIRVGYCSQI PNCDMSHGQD CYRGNGKNYM GNLSQTRSGL TCSMWDKNME
```

```
          430        440        450        460        470        480
DLHRHIFWEP DASKLNENYC RNPDDDAHGP WCYTGNPLIP WDYCPISRCE GDTTPTIVNL

          490        500        510        520        530        540
DHPVISCAKT KQLRVVNGIP TRTNIGWMVS LRYRNKHICG GSLIKESWVL TARQCFPSRD

          550        560        570        580        590        600
LKDYEAWLGI HDVHGRGDEK CKQVLNVSQL VYGPEGSDLV LMKLARPAVL DDFVSTIDLP

          610        620        630        640        650        660
NYGCTIPEKT SCSVYGWGYT GLINYDGLLR VAHLYIMGNE KCSQHHRGKV TLNESEICAG

          670        680        690        700        710        720
AEKIGSGPCE GDYGGPLVCE QHKMRMVLGV IVPGRGCAIP NRPGIFVRVA YYAKWIHKII
```

```
LTYKVPQS
```

[0064]   The following domains have been identified in Hepatocyte growth factor:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-31	31	signal sequence
32-494	463	Hepatocyte growth factor alpha chain
495-728	234	Hepatocyte growth factor beta chain

[0065]   As used herein, the term "Interferon gamma" refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Interferon gamma precursor (Swiss-Prot P01579 (SEQ ID NO: 4)).

```
          10         20         30         40         50         60
MKYTSYILAF QLCIVLGSLG CYCQDPYVKE AENLKKYFNA GHSDVADNGT LFLGILKNWK

          70         80         90         100        110        120
EESDRKIMQS QIVSFYFKLF KNFKDDQSIQ KSVETIKEDM NVKFFNSNKK KRDDFEKLTN

          130        140        150        160
YSVTDLNVQR KAIHELIQVM AELSPAAKTG KRKRSQMLFR GRRASQ
```

[0066]   The following domains have been identified in Interferon gamma:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-23	23	Signal peptide
24-161	138	Interferon gamma
162-166	5	Propeptide

[0067]   As used herein, the term "Interleukin-12 subunit beta" (also known as

"Interleukin-12 p40") refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample

that are derived from the Interleukin-12 subunit beta precursor (Swiss-Prot P29460 (SEQ

ID NO: 5)).

```
          10         20         30         40         50         60
MCHQQLVISW FSLVFLASPL VAIWELKKDV YVVELDWYPD APGEMVVLTC DTPEEDGITW

          70         80         90        100        110        120
TLDQSSEVLG SGKTLTIQVK EFGDAGQYTC HKGGEVLSHS LLLLHKKEDG IWSTDILKDQ

         130        140        150        160        170        180
KEPKNKTFLR CEAKNYSGRF TCWWLTTIST DLTFSVKSSR GSSDPQGVTC GAATLSAERV

         190        200        210        220        230        240
RGDNKEYEYS VECQEDSACP AAEESLPIEV MVDAVHKLKY ENYTSSFFIR DIIKPDPPKN

         250        260        270        280        290        300
LQLKPLKNSR QVEVSWEYPD TWSTPHSYFS LTFCVQVQGK SKREKKDRVF TDKTSATVIC

         310        320
RKNASISVRA QDRYYSSSWS EWASVPCS
```

[0068]   The following domains have been identified in Interleukin-12 subunit beta:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-22	22	Signal peptide
23-328	306	Interleukin-12 subunit beta

[0069]   As used herein, the term "Interleukin-16" refers to one or more polypeptides

present in a biological sample that are derived from the Interleukin-16 precursor (Swiss-

Prot Q14005 (SEQ ID NO: 6)).

```
          10         20         30         40         50         60
MDYSFDTTAE DPWVRISDCI KNLFSPIMSE NHGHMPLQPN ASLNEEEGTQ GHPDGTPPKL

          70         80         90        100        110        120
DTANGTPKVY KSADSSTVKK GPPVAPKPAW FRQSLKGLRN RASDPRGLPD PALSTQPAPA

         130        140        150        160        170        180
SREHLGSHIR ASSSSSSIRQ RISSFETFGS SQLPDKGAQR LSLQPSSGEA AKPLGKHEEG

         190        200        210        220        230        240
RFSGLLGRGA APTLVPQQPE QVLSSGSPAA SEARDPGVSE SPPPGRQPNQ KTLPPGPDPL

         250        260        270        280        290        300
LRLLSTQAEE SQGPVLKMPS QRARSFPLTR SQSCETKLLD EKTSKLYSIS SQVSSAVMKS
```

```
         310         320         330         340         350         360
LLCLPSSISC  AQTPCIPKEG  ASPTSSSNED  SAANGSAETS  ALDTGFSLNL  SELREYTEGL

         370         380         390         400         410         420
TEAKEDDDGD  HSSLQSGQSV  ISLLSSEELK  KLIEEVKVLD  EATLKQLDGI  HVTILHKEEG

         430         440         450         460         470         480
AGLGFSLAGG  ADLENKVITV  HRVFPNGLAS  QEGTIQKGNE  VLSINGKSLK  GTTHHDALAI

         490         500         510         520         530         540
LRQAREPRQA  VIVTRKLTPE  AMPDLNSSTD  SAASASAASD  VSVESTAEAT  VCTVTLEKMS

         550         560         570         580         590         600
AGLGFSLEGG  KGSLHGDKPL  TINRIFKGAA  SEQSETVQPG  DEILQLGGTA  MQGLTRFEAW

         610         620         630
NIIKALPDGP  VTIVIRRKSL  QSKETTAAGD  S
```

1-1332   1332   Pro-interleukin-16

1212-1332   121   Interleukin-16

[0070]   As used herein, the term "Interleukin-2" refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Interleukin-2 precursor (Swiss-Prot P60568 (SEQ ID NO: 7)).

```
          10          20          30          40          50          60
MYRMQLLSCI  ALSLALVTNS  APTSSSTKKT  QLQLEHLLLD  LQMILNGINN  YKNPKLTRML

          70          80          90         100         110         120
TFKFYMPKKA  TELKHLQCLE  EELKPLEEVL  NLAQSKNFHL  RPRDLISNIN  VIVLELKGSE

         130         140         150
TTFMCEYADE  TATIVEFLNR  WITFCQSIIS  TLT
```

[0071]   The following domains have been identified in Interleukin-2:

Residues   Length   Domain ID

1-20   20   Signal peptide

21-153   133   Interleukin-2

[0072]   As used herein, the term "72 kDa type IV collagenase" (also known as "Matrix metalloproteinase-2") refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the 72 kDa type IV collagenase precursor (Swiss-Prot P08253 (SEQ ID NO: 8)).

```
          10          20          30          40          50          60
MEALMARGAL  TGPLRALCLL  GCLLSHAAAA  PSPIIKFPGD  VAPKTDKELA  VQYLNTFYGC
```

```
             70         80         90        100        110        120
      PKESCNLFVL KDTLKKMQKF FGLPQTGDLD QNTIETMRKP RCGNPDVANY NFFPRKPKWD

            130        140        150        160        170        180
      KNQITYRIIG YTPDLDPETV DDAFARAFQV WSDVTPLRFS RIHDGEADIM INFGRWEHGD

            190        200        210        220        230        240
      GYPFDGKDGL LAHAFAPGTG VGGDSHFDDD ELWTLGEGQV VRVKYGNADG EYCKFPFLFN

            250        260        270        280        290        300
      GKEYNSCTDT GRSDGFLWCS TTYNFEKDGK YGFCPHEALF TMGGNAEGQP CKFPFRFQGT

            310        320        330        340        350        360
      SYDSCTTEGR TDGYRWCGTT EDYDRDKKYG FCPETAMSTV GGNSEGAPCV FPFTFLGNKY

            370        380        390        400        410        420
      ESCTSAGRSD GKMWCATTAN YDDDRKWGFC PDQGYSLFLV AAHEFGHAMG LEHSQDPGAL

            430        440        450        460        470        480
      MAPIYTYTKN FRLSQDDIKG IQELYGASPD IDLGTGPTPT LGPVTPEICK QDIVFDGIAQ

            490        500        510        520        530        540
      IRGEIFFFKD RFIWRTVTPR DKPMGPLLVA TFWPELPEKI DAVYEAPQEE KAVFFAGNEY

            550        560        570        580        590        600
      WIYSASTLER GYPKPLTSLG LPPDVQRVDA AFNWSKNKKT YIFAGDKFWR YNEVKKKMDP

            610        620        630        640        650        660
      GFPKLIADAW NAIPDNLDAV VDLQGGGHSY FFKGAYYLKL ENQSLKSVKF GSIKSDWLGC
```

[0073]   The following domains have been identified in 72 kDa type IV collagenase:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-29	29	Signal peptide
30-109	90	Activation peptide
110-660	551	72 kDa type IV collagenase

[0074]   As used herein, the term "Matrix metalloproteinase-9" refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Matrix metalloproteinase-9 precursor (Swiss-Prot P14780 (SEQ ID NO: 9)).

```
             10         20         30         40         50         60
      MSLWQPLVLV LLVLGCCFAA PRQRQSTLVL FPGDLRTNLT DRQLAEEYLY RYGYTRVAEM

             70         80         90        100        110        120
      RGESKSLGPA LLLLQKQLSL PETGELDSAT LKAMRTPRCG VPDLGRFQTF EGDLKWHHHN

            130        140        150        160        170        180
```

29

```
ITYWIQNYSE  DLPRAVIDDA  FARAFALWSA  VTPLTFTRVY  SRDADIVIQF  GVAEHGDGYP

        190         200         210         220         230         240
FDGKDGLLAH  AFPPGPGIQG  DAHFDDDELW  SLGKGVVVPT  RFGNADGAAC  HFPFIFEGRS

        250         260         270         280         290         300
YSACTTDGRS  DGLPWCSTTA  NYDTDDRFGF  CPSERLYTQD  GNADGKPCQF  PFIFQGQSYS

        310         320         330         340         350         360
ACTTDGRSDG  YRWCATTANY  DRDKLFGFCP  TRADSTVMGG  NSAGELCVFP  FTFLGKEYST

        370         380         390         400         410         420
CTSEGRGDGR  LWCATTSNFD  SDKKWGFCPD  QGYSLFLVAA  HEFGHALGLD  HSSVPEALMY

        430         440         450         460         470         480
PMYRFTEGPP  LHKDDVNGIR  HLYGPRPEPE  PRPPTTTTPQ  PTAPPTVCPT  GPPTVHPSER

        490         500         510         520         530         540
PTAGPTGPPS  AGPTGPPTAG  PSTATTVPLS  PVDDACNVNI  FDAIAEIGNQ  LYLFKDGKYW

        550         560         570         580         590         600
RFSEGRGSRP  QGPFLIADKW  PALPRKLDSV  FEEPLSKKLF  FFSGRQVWVY  TGASVLGPRR

        610         620         630         640         650         660
LDKLGLGADV  AQVTGALRSG  RGKMLLFSGR  RLWRFDVKAQ  MVDPRSASEV  DRMFPGVPLD

        670         680         690         700
THDVFQYREK  AYFCQDRFYW  RVSSRSELNQ  VDQVGYVTYD  ILQCPED
```

[0075]   The following domains have been identified in Matrix metalloproteinase-9:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-19	19	Signal peptide
20-93	74	Activation peptide
107-707	601	Matrix metalloproteinase-9 82 kDa form

[0076]   In addition, a 67 kDa form of Matrix metalloproteinase-9 has been identified.

[0077]   As used herein, the term "Midkine" refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Midkine precursor (Swiss-Prot P21741 (SEQ ID NO: 10)).

```
         10          20          30          40          50          60
MQHRGFLLLT  LLALLALTSA  VAKKKDKVKK  GGPGSECAEW  AWGPCTPSSK  DCGVGFREGT

         70          80          90         100         110         120
CGAQTQRIRC  RVPCNWKKEF  GADCKYKFEN  WGACDGGTGT  KVRQGTLKKA  RYNAQCQETI

        130         140
```

```
RVTKPCTPKT KAKAKAKKGK GKD
```

[0078]   The following domains have been identified in Midkine:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-20	20	Signal peptide
21-143	123	Midkine

[0079]   As used herein, the term "Serum amyloid P-component" refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the Serum amyloid P-component precursor (Swiss-Prot P02743 (SEQ ID NO: 11)).

```
          10         20         30         40         50         60
MNKPLLWISV LTSLLEAFAH TDLSGKVFVF PRESVTDHVN LITPLEKPLQ NFTLCFRAYS

          70         80         90        100        110        120
DLSRAYSLFS YNTQGRDNEL LVYKERVGEY SLYIGRHKVT SKVIEKFPAP VHICVSWESS

         130        140        150        160        170        180
SGIAEFWING TPLVKKGLRQ GYFVEAQPKI VLGQEQDSYG GKFDRSQSFV GEIGDLYMWD

         190        200        210        220
SVLPPENILS AYQGTPLPAN ILDWQALNYE IRGYVIIKPL VWV
```

[0080]   The following domains have been identified in Serum amyloid P-component:

Residues	Length	Domain ID
1-19	19	Signal peptide
20-223	204	Serum amyloid P-component
20-222	203	Serum amyloid P-component (1-203)

[0081]   As used herein, the term "relating a signal to the presence or amount" of an analyte reflects this understanding. Assay signals are typically related to the presence or amount of an analyte through the use of a standard curve calculated using known concentrations of the analyte of interest. As the term is used herein, an assay is "configured to detect" an analyte if an assay can generate a detectable signal indicative of the presence or amount of a physiologically relevant concentration of the analyte. Because an antibody epitope is on the order of 8 amino acids, an immunoassay configured to detect a marker of interest will also detect polypeptides related to the marker sequence, so long as those polypeptides contain the epitope(s) necessary to bind to

the antibody or antibodies used in the assay. The term "related marker" as used herein with regard to a biomarker such as one of the kidney injury markers described herein refers to one or more fragments, variants, etc., of a particular marker or its biosynthetic parent that may be detected as a surrogate for the marker itself or as independent biomarkers. The term also refers to one or more polypeptides present in a biological sample that are derived from the biomarker precursor complexed to additional species, such as binding proteins, receptors, heparin, lipids, sugars, *etc.*

[0082]   The term "positive going" marker as that term is used herein refer to a marker that is determined to be elevated in subjects suffering from a disease or condition, relative to subjects not suffering from that disease or condition. The term "negative going" marker as that term is used herein refer to a marker that is determined to be reduced in subjects suffering from a disease or condition, relative to subjects not suffering from that disease or condition.

[0083]   The term "subject" as used herein refers to a human or non-human organism. Thus, the methods and compositions described herein are applicable to both human and veterinary disease. Further, while a subject is preferably a living organism, the invention described herein may be used in post-mortem analysis as well. Preferred subjects are humans, and most preferably "patients," which as used herein refers to living humans that are receiving medical care for a disease or condition. This includes persons with no defined illness who are being investigated for signs of pathology.

[0084]   Preferably, an analyte is measured in a sample. Such a sample may be obtained from a subject, or may be obtained from biological materials intended to be provided to the subject. For example, a sample may be obtained from a kidney being evaluated for possible transplantation into a subject, and an analyte measurement used to evaluate the kidney for preexisting damage. Preferred samples are body fluid samples.

[0085]   The term "body fluid sample" as used herein refers to a sample of bodily fluid obtained for the purpose of diagnosis, prognosis, classification or evaluation of a subject of interest, such as a patient or transplant donor. In certain embodiments, such a sample may be obtained for the purpose of determining the outcome of an ongoing condition or the effect of a treatment regimen on a condition. Preferred body fluid samples include blood, serum, plasma, cerebrospinal fluid, urine, saliva, sputum, and pleural effusions. In addition, one of skill in the art would realize that certain body fluid samples would be

more readily analyzed following a fractionation or purification procedure, for example, separation of whole blood into serum or plasma components.

[0086]   The term "diagnosis" as used herein refers to methods by which the skilled artisan can estimate and/or determine the probability ("a likelihood") of whether or not a patient is suffering from a given disease or condition. In the case of the present invention, "diagnosis" includes using the results of an assay, most preferably an immunoassay, for a kidney injury marker of the present invention, optionally together with other clinical characteristics, to arrive at a diagnosis (that is, the occurrence or nonoccurrence) of an acute renal injury or ARF for the subject from which a sample was obtained and assayed. That such a diagnosis is "determined" is not meant to imply that the diagnosis is 100% accurate. Many biomarkers are indicative of multiple conditions. The skilled clinician does not use biomarker results in an informational vacuum, but rather test results are used together with other clinical indicia to arrive at a diagnosis. Thus, a measured biomarker level on one side of a predetermined diagnostic threshold indicates a greater likelihood of the occurrence of disease in the subject relative to a measured level on the other side of the predetermined diagnostic threshold.

[0087]   Similarly, a prognostic risk signals a probability ("a likelihood") that a given course or outcome will occur. A level or a change in level of a prognostic indicator, which in turn is associated with an increased probability of morbidity (e.g., worsening renal function, future ARF, or death) is referred to as being "indicative of an increased likelihood" of an adverse outcome in a patient.

[0088]   Marker Assays

[0089]   In general, immunoassays involve contacting a sample containing or suspected of containing a biomarker of interest with at least one antibody that specifically binds to the biomarker. A signal is then generated indicative of the presence or amount of complexes formed by the binding of polypeptides in the sample to the antibody. The signal is then related to the presence or amount of the biomarker in the sample. Numerous methods and devices are well known to the skilled artisan for the detection and analysis of biomarkers. *See, e.g.,* U.S. Patents 6,143,576; 6,113,855; 6,019,944; 5,985,579; 5,947,124; 5,939,272; 5,922,615; 5,885,527; 5,851,776; 5,824,799; 5,679,526; 5,525,524; and 5,480,792, and *The Immunoassay Handbook*, David Wild, ed. Stockton Press, New

York, 1994, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, including all tables, figures and claims.

[0090]   The assay devices and methods known in the art can utilize labeled molecules in various sandwich, competitive, or non-competitive assay formats, to generate a signal that is related to the presence or amount of the biomarker of interest. Suitable assay formats also include chromatographic, mass spectrographic, and protein "blotting" methods. Additionally, certain methods and devices, such as biosensors and optical immunoassays, may be employed to determine the presence or amount of analytes without the need for a labeled molecule. *See, e.g.*, U.S. Patents 5,631,171; and 5,955,377, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, including all tables, figures and claims. One skilled in the art also recognizes that robotic instrumentation including but not limited to Beckman ACCESS®, Abbott AXSYM®, Roche ELECSYS®, Dade Behring STRATUS® systems are among the immunoassay analyzers that are capable of performing immunoassays. But any suitable immunoassay may be utilized, for example, enzyme-linked immunoassays (ELISA), radioimmunoassays (RIAs), competitive binding assays, and the like.

[0091]   Antibodies or other polypeptides may be immobilized onto a variety of solid supports for use in assays. Solid phases that may be used to immobilize specific binding members include include those developed and/or used as solid phases in solid phase binding assays. Examples of suitable solid phases include membrane filters, cellulose-based papers, beads (including polymeric, latex and paramagnetic particles), glass, silicon wafers, microparticles, nanoparticles, TentaGels, AgroGels, PEGA gels, SPOCC gels, and multiple-well plates. An assay strip could be prepared by coating the antibody or a plurality of antibodies in an array on solid support. This strip could then be dipped into the test sample and then processed quickly through washes and detection steps to generate a measurable signal, such as a colored spot. Antibodies or other polypeptides may be bound to specific zones of assay devices either by conjugating directly to an assay device surface, or by indirect binding. In an example of the later case, antibodies or other polypeptides may be immobilized on particles or other solid supports, and that solid support immobilized to the device surface.

[0092]   Biological assays require methods for detection, and one of the most common methods for quantitation of results is to conjugate a detectable label to a protein or nucleic acid that has affinity for one of the components in the biological system being studied.

Detectable labels may include molecules that are themselves detectable (*e.g.*, fluorescent moieties, electrochemical labels, metal chelates, *etc.*) as well as molecules that may be indirectly detected by production of a detectable reaction product (*e.g.*, enzymes such as horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, *etc.*) or by a specific binding molecule which itself may be detectable (e.g., biotin, digoxigenin, maltose, oligohistidine, 2,4-dintrobenzene, phenylarsenate, ssDNA, dsDNA, etc.).

[0093]   Preparation of solid phases and detectable label conjugates often comprise the use of chemical cross-linkers. Cross-linking reagents contain at least two reactive groups, and are divided generally into homofunctional cross-linkers (containing identical reactive groups) and heterofunctional cross-linkers (containing non-identical reactive groups). Homobifunctional cross-linkers that couple through amines, sulfhydryls or react non-specifically are available from many commercial sources. Maleimides, alkyl and aryl halides, alpha-haloacyls and pyridyl disulfides are thiol reactive groups. Maleimides, alkyl and aryl halides, and alpha-haloacyls react with sulfhydryls to form thiol ether bonds, while pyridyl disulfides react with sulfhydryls to produce mixed disulfides. The pyridyl disulfide product is cleavable. Imidoesters are also very useful for protein-protein cross-links. A variety of heterobifunctional cross-linkers, each combining different attributes for successful conjugation, are commercially available.

[0094]   In certain aspects, the present invention provides kits for the analysis of the described kidney injury markers. The kit comprises reagents for the analysis of at least one test sample which comprise at least one antibody that a kidney injury marker. The kit can also include devices and instructions for performing one or more of the diagnostic and/or prognostic correlations described herein. Preferred kits will comprise an antibody pair for performing a sandwich assay, or a labeled species for performing a competitive assay, for the analyte. Preferably, an antibody pair comprises a first antibody conjugated to a solid phase and a second antibody conjugated to a detectable label, wherein each of the first and second antibodies that bind a kidney injury marker. Most preferably each of the antibodies are monoclonal antibodies. The instructions for use of the kit and performing the correlations can be in the form of labeling, which refers to any written or recorded material that is attached to, or otherwise accompanies a kit at any time during its manufacture, transport, sale or use. For example, the term labeling encompasses advertising leaflets and brochures, packaging materials, instructions, audio or video cassettes, computer discs, as well as writing imprinted directly on kits.

[0095]　　　Antibodies

[0096]　　　The term "antibody" as used herein refers to a peptide or polypeptide derived from, modeled after or substantially encoded by an immunoglobulin gene or immunoglobulin genes, or fragments thereof, capable of specifically binding an antigen or epitope. *See, e.g.* Fundamental Immunology, 3rd Edition, W.E. Paul, ed., Raven Press, N.Y. (1993); Wilson (1994; J. Immunol. Methods 175:267-273; Yarmush (1992) J. Biochem. Biophys. Methods 25:85-97. The term antibody includes antigen-binding portions, i.e., "antigen binding sites," (e.g., fragments, subsequences, complementarity determining regions (CDRs)) that retain capacity to bind antigen, including (i) a Fab fragment, a monovalent fragment consisting of the VL, VH, CL and CHl domains; (ii) a F(ab')2 fragment, a bivalent fragment comprising two Fab fragments linked by a disulfide bridge at the hinge region; (iii) a Fd fragment consisting of the VH and CHl domains; (iv) a Fv fragment consisting of the VL and VH domains of a single arm of an antibody, (v) a dAb fragment (Ward et al., (1989) Nature 341:544-546), which consists of a VH domain; and (vi) an isolated complementarity determining region (CDR). Single chain antibodies are also included by reference in the term "antibody."

[0097]　　　Antibodies used in the immunoassays described herein preferably specifically bind to a kidney injury marker of the present invention. The term "specifically binds" is not intended to indicate that an antibody binds exclusively to its intended target since, as noted above, an antibody binds to any polypeptide displaying the epitope(s) to which the antibody binds. Rather, an antibody "specifically binds" if its affinity for its intended target is about 5-fold greater when compared to its affinity for a non-target molecule which does not display the appropriate epitope(s). Preferably the affinity of the antibody will be at least about 5 fold, preferably 10 fold, more preferably 25-fold, even more preferably 50-fold, and most preferably 100-fold or more, greater for a target molecule than its affinity for a non-target molecule. In preferred embodiments, Preferred antibodies bind with affinities of at least about 10^7 M^{-1}, and preferably between about 10^8 M^{-1} to about 10^9 M^{-1}, about 10^9 M^{-1} to about 10^{10} M^{-1}, or about 10^{10} M^{-1} to about 10^{12} M^{-1} .

[0098]　　　Affinity is calculated as $K_d = k_{off}/k_{on}$ (k_{off} is the dissociation rate constant, K_{on} is the association rate constant and K_d is the equilibrium constant). Affinity can be determined at equilibrium by measuring the fraction bound (r) of labeled ligand at various concentrations (c). The data are graphed using the Scatchard equation: r/c = K(n-r): where r = moles of bound ligand/mole of receptor at equilibrium; c = free ligand concentration

at equilibrium; K = equilibrium association constant; and n = number of ligand binding sites per receptor molecule. By graphical analysis, r/c is plotted on the Y-axis versus r on the X-axis, thus producing a Scatchard plot. Antibody affinity measurement by Scatchard analysis is well known in the art. *See, e.g.,* van Erp *et al., J. Immunoassay* 12: 425-43, 1991; Nelson and Griswold, *Comput. Methods Programs Biomed.* 27: 65-8, 1988.

[0099]   The term "epitope" refers to an antigenic determinant capable of specific binding to an antibody. Epitopes usually consist of chemically active surface groupings of molecules such as amino acids or sugar side chains and usually have specific three dimensional structural characteristics, as well as specific charge characteristics. Conformational and nonconformational epitopes are distinguished in that the binding to the former but not the latter is lost in the presence of denaturing solvents.

[0100]   Numerous publications discuss the use of phage display technology to produce and screen libraries of polypeptides for binding to a selected analyte. *See, e.g,* Cwirla *et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 87, 6378-82, 1990; Devlin *et al., Science* 249, 404-6, 1990, Scott and Smith, *Science* 249, 386-88, 1990; and Ladner *et al.,* U.S. Pat. No. 5,571,698. A basic concept of phage display methods is the establishment of a physical association between DNA encoding a polypeptide to be screened and the polypeptide. This physical association is provided by the phage particle, which displays a polypeptide as part of a capsid enclosing the phage genome which encodes the polypeptide. The establishment of a physical association between polypeptides and their genetic material allows simultaneous mass screening of very large numbers of phage bearing different polypeptides. Phage displaying a polypeptide with affinity to a target bind to the target and these phage are enriched by affinity screening to the target. The identity of polypeptides displayed from these phage can be determined from their respective genomes. Using these methods a polypeptide identified as having a binding affinity for a desired target can then be synthesized in bulk by conventional means. *See, e.g.,* U.S. Patent No. 6,057,098, which is hereby incorporated in its entirety, including all tables, figures, and claims.

[0101]   The antibodies that are generated by these methods may then be selected by first screening for affinity and specificity with the purified polypeptide of interest and, if required, comparing the results to the affinity and specificity of the antibodies with polypeptides that are desired to be excluded from binding. The screening procedure can involve immobilization of the purified polypeptides in separate wells of microtiter plates.

The solution containing a potential antibody or groups of antibodies is then placed into the respective microtiter wells and incubated for about 30 min to 2 h. The microtiter wells are then washed and a labeled secondary antibody (for example, an anti-mouse antibody conjugated to alkaline phosphatase if the raised antibodies are mouse antibodies) is added to the wells and incubated for about 30 min and then washed. Substrate is added to the wells and a color reaction will appear where antibody to the immobilized polypeptide(s) are present.

[0102] The antibodies so identified may then be further analyzed for affinity and specificity in the assay design selected. In the development of immunoassays for a target protein, the purified target protein acts as a standard with which to judge the sensitivity and specificity of the immunoassay using the antibodies that have been selected. Because the binding affinity of various antibodies may differ; certain antibody pairs (*e.g.*, in sandwich assays) may interfere with one another sterically, *etc.*, assay performance of an antibody may be a more important measure than absolute affinity and specificity of an antibody.

Assay Correlations

[0103] The term "correlating" as used herein in reference to the use of biomarkers refers to comparing the presence or amount of the biomarker(s) in a patient to its presence or amount in persons known to suffer from, or known to be at risk of, a given condition; or in persons known to be free of a given condition. Often, this takes the form of comparing an assay result in the form of a biomarker concentration to a predetermined threshold selected to be indicative of the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a disease or the likelihood of some future outcome.

[0104] Selecting a diagnostic threshold involves, among other things, consideration of the probability of disease, distribution of true and false diagnoses at different test thresholds, and estimates of the consequences of treatment (or a failure to treat) based on the diagnosis. For example, when considering administering a specific therapy which is highly efficacious and has a low level of risk, few tests are needed because clinicians can accept substantial diagnostic uncertainty. On the other hand, in situations where treatment options are less effective and more risky, clinicians often need a higher degree of diagnostic certainty. Thus, cost/benefit analysis is involved in selecting a diagnostic threshold.

[0105]   Suitable thresholds may be determined in a variety of ways. For example, one recommended diagnostic threshold for the diagnosis of acute myocardial infarction using cardiac troponin is the 97.5th percentile of the concentration seen in a normal population. Another method may be to look at serial samples from the same patient, where a prior "baseline" result is used to monitor for temporal changes in a biomarker level.

[0106]   Population studies may also be used to select a decision threshold. Reciever Operating Characteristic ("ROC") arose from the field of signal dectection therory developed during World War II for the analysis of radar images, and ROC analysis is often used to select a threshold able to best distinguish a "diseased" subpopulation from a "nondiseased" subpopulation. A false positive in this case occurs when the person tests positive, but actually does not have the disease. A false negative, on the other hand, occurs when the person tests negative, suggesting they are healthy, when they actually do have the disease. To draw a ROC curve, the true positive rate (TPR) and false positive rate (FPR) are determined as the decision threshold is varied continuously. Since TPR is equivalent with sensitivity and FPR is equal to 1 - specificity, the ROC graph is sometimes called the sensitivity vs (1 - specificity) plot. A perfect test will have an area under the ROC curve of 1.0; a random test will have an area of 0.5. A threshold is selected to provide an acceptable level of specificity and sensitivity.

[0107]   In this context, "diseased" is meant to refer to a population having one characteristic (the presence of a disease or condition or the occurrence of some outcome) and "nondiseased" is meant to refer to a population lacking the characteristic. While a single decision threshold is the simplest application of such a method, multiple decision thresholds may be used. For example, below a first threshold, the absence of disease may be assigned with relatively high confidence, and above a second threshold the presence of disease may also be assigned with relatively high confidence. Between the two thresholds may be considered indeterminate. This is meant to be exemplary in nature only.

[0108]   In addition to threshold comparisons, other methods for correlating assay results to a patient classification (occurrence or nonoccurrence of disease, likelihood of an outcome, *etc.*) include decision trees, rule sets, Bayesian methods, and neural network methods. These methods can produce probability values representing the degree to which a subject belongs to one classification out of a plurality of classifications.

[0109]   Measures of test accuracy may be obtained as described in Fischer *et al.,* *Intensive Care Med.* 29: 1043-51, 2003, and used to determine the effectiveness of a given biomarker. These measures include sensitivity and specificity, predictive values, likelihood ratios, diagnostic odds ratios, and ROC curve areas. The area under the curve ("AUC") of a ROC plot is equal to the probability that a classifier will rank a randomly chosen positive instance higher than a randomly chosen negative one. The area under the ROC curve may be thought of as equivalent to the Mann-Whitney U test, which tests for the median difference between scores obtained in the two groups considered if the groups are of continuous data, or to the Wilcoxon test of ranks.

[0110]   As discussed above, suitable tests may exhibit one or more of the following results on these various measures: a specificity of greater than 0.5, preferably at least 0.6, more preferably at least 0.7, still more preferably at least 0.8, even more preferably at least 0.9 and most preferably at least 0.95, with a corresponding sensitivity greater than 0.2, preferably greater than 0.3, more preferably greater than 0.4, still more preferably at least 0.5, even more preferably 0.6, yet more preferably greater than 0.7, still more preferably greater than 0.8, more preferably greater than 0.9, and most preferably greater than 0.95; a sensitivity of greater than 0.5, preferably at least 0.6, more preferably at least 0.7, still more preferably at least 0.8, even more preferably at least 0.9 and most preferably at least 0.95, with a corresponding specificity greater than 0.2, preferably greater than 0.3, more preferably greater than 0.4, still more preferably at least 0.5, even more preferably 0.6, yet more preferably greater than 0.7, still more preferably greater than 0.8, more preferably greater than 0.9, and most preferably greater than 0.95; at least 75% sensitivity, combined with at least 75% specificity; a ROC curve area of greater than 0.5, preferably at least 0.6, more preferably 0.7, still more preferably at least 0.8, even more preferably at least 0.9, and most preferably at least 0.95; an odds ratio different from 1, preferably at least about 2 or more or about 0.5 or less, more preferably at least about 3 or more or about 0.33 or less, still more preferably at least about 4 or more or about 0.25 or less, even more preferably at least about 5 or more or about 0.2 or less, and most preferably at least about 10 or more or about 0.1 or less; a positive likelihood ratio (calculated as sensitivity/(1-specificity)) of greater than 1, at least 2, more preferably at least 3, still more preferably at least 5, and most preferably at least 10; and or a negative likelihood ratio (calculated as (1-sensitivity)/specificity) of less than 1, less than or equal

to 0.5, more preferably less than or equal to 0.3, and most preferably less than or equal to 0.1

[0111]   Additional clinical indicia may be combined with the kidney injury marker assay result(s) of the present invention. These include other biomarkers related to renal status. Examples include the following, which recite the common biomarker name, followed by the Swiss-Prot entry number for that biomarker or its parent: Actin (P68133); Adenosine deaminase binding protein (DPP4, P27487); Alpha-1-acid glycoprotein 1 (P02763); Alpha-1-microglobulin (P02760); Albumin (P02768); Angiotensinogenase (Renin, P00797); Annexin A2 (P07355); Beta-glucuronidase (P08236); B-2-microglobulin (P61679); Beta-galactosidase (P16278); BMP-7 (P18075); Brain natriuretic peptide (proBNP, BNP-32, NTproBNP; P16860); Calcium-binding protein Beta (S100-beta, P04271); Carbonic anhydrase (Q16790); Casein Kinase 2 (P68400); Cathepsin B (P07858); Ceruloplasmin (P00450); Clusterin (P10909); Complement C3 (P01024); Cysteine-rich protein (CYR61, O00622); Cytochrome C (P99999); Epidermal growth factor (EGF, P01133); Endothelin-1 (P05305); Exosomal Fetuin-A (P02765); Fatty acid-binding protein, heart (FABP3, P05413); Fatty acid-binding protein, liver (P07148); Ferritin (light chain, P02793; heavy chain P02794); Fructose-1,6-biphosphatase (P09467); GRO-alpha (CXCL1, (P09341); Growth Hormone (P01241); Hepatocyte growth factor (P14210); Insulin-like growth factor I (P01343); Immunoglobulin G; Immunoglobulin Light Chains (Kappa and Lambda); Interferon gamma (P01308); Lysozyme (P61626); Interleukin-1alpha (P01583); Interleukin-2 (P60568); Interleukin-4 (P60568); Interleukin-9 (P15248); Interleukin-12p40 (P29460); Interleukin-13 (P35225); Interleukin-16 (Q14005); L1 cell adhesion molecule (P32004); Lactate dehydrogenase (P00338); Leucine Aminopeptidase (P28838); Meprin A-alpha subunit (Q16819); Meprin A-beta subunit (Q16820); Midkine (P21741); MIP2-alpha (CXCL2, P19875); MMP-2 (P08253); MMP-9 (P14780); Netrin-1 (O95631); Neutral endopeptidase (P08473); Osteopontin (P10451); Renal papillary antigen 1 (RPA1); Renal papillary antigen 2 (RPA2); Retinol binding protein (P09455); Ribonuclease; S100 calcium-binding protein A6 (P06703); Serum Amyloid P Component (P02743); Sodium/Hydrogen exchanger isoform (NHE3, P48764); Spermidine/spermine N1-acetyltransferase (P21673); TGF-Beta1 (P01137); Transferrin (P02787); Trefoil factor 3 (TFF3, Q07654); Toll-Like protein 4 (O00206); Total protein; Tubulointerstitial nephritis antigen (Q9UJW2); Uromodulin (Tamm-Horsfall protein, P07911).

[0112]   For purposes of risk stratification, Adiponectin (Q15848); Alkaline

phosphatase (P05186); Aminopeptidase N (P15144); CalbindinD28k (P05937); Cystatin

C (P01034); 8 subunit of F1FO ATPase (P03928); Gamma-glutamyltransferase (P19440);

GSTa (alpha-glutathione-S-transferase, P08263); GSTpi (Glutathione-S-transferase P;

GST class-pi; P09211); IGFBP-1 (P08833); IGFBP-2 (P18065); IGFBP-6 (P24592);

Integral membrane protein 1 (Itm1, P46977); Interleukin-6 (P05231); Interleukin-8

(P10145); Interleukin-18 (Q14116); IP-10 (10 kDa interferon-gamma-induced protein,

P02778); IRPR (IFRD1, O00458); Isovaleryl-CoA dehydrogenase (IVD, P26440); I-

TAC/CXCL11 (O14625); Keratin 19 (P08727); Kim-1 (Hepatitis A virus cellular

receptor 1, O43656); L-arginine:glycine amidinotransferase (P50440); Leptin (P41159);

Lipocalin2 (NGAL, P80188); MCP-1 (P13500); MIG (Gamma-interferon-induced

monokine Q07325); MIP-1a (P10147); MIP-3a (P78556); MIP-1beta (P13236); MIP-1d

(Q16663); NAG (N-acetyl-beta-D-glucosaminidase, P54802); Organic ion transporter

(OCT2, O15244); Osteoprotegerin (O14788); P8 protein (O60356); Plasminogen

activator inhibitor 1 (PAI-1, P05121); ProANP(1-98) (P01160); Protein phosphatase 1-

beta (PPI-beta, P62140); Rab GDI-beta (P50395); Renal kallikrein (Q86U61); RT1.B-1

(alpha) chain of the integral membrane protein (Q5Y7A8); Soluble tumor necrosis factor

receptor superfamily member 1A (sTNFR-I, P19438); Soluble tumor necrosis factor

receptor superfamily member 1B (sTNFR-II, P20333); Tissue inhibitor of

metalloproteinases 3 (TIMP-3, P35625); uPAR (Q03405) may be combined with the

kidney injury marker assay result(s) of the present invention.

[0113]   Other clinical indicia which may be combined with the kidney injury marker

assay result(s) of the present invention includes demographic information (e.g., weight,

sex, age, race), medical history (e.g., family history, type of surgery, pre-existing disease

such as aneurism, congestive heart failure, preeclampsia, eclampsia, diabetes mellitus,

hypertension, coronary artery disease, proteinuria, renal insufficiency, or sepsis, type of

toxin exposure such as NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus, aminoglycosides, foscarnet,

ethylene glycol, hemoglobin, myoglobin, ifosfamide, heavy metals, methotrexate,

radiopaque contrast agents, or streptozotocin), clinical variables (e.g., blood pressure,

temperature, respiration rate), risk scores (APACHE score, PREDICT score, TIMI Risk

Score for UA/NSTEMI, Framingham Risk Score), a urine total protein measurement, a

glomerular filtration rate, an estimated glomerular filtration rate, a urine production rate, a

serum or plasma creatinine concentration, a renal papillary antigen 1 (RPA1)

measurement; a renal papillary antigen 2 (RPA2) measurement; a urine creatinine concentration, a fractional excretion of sodium, a urine sodium concentration, a urine creatinine to serum or plasma creatinine ratio, a urine specific gravity, a urine osmolality, a urine urea nitrogen to plasma urea nitrogen ratio, a plasma BUN to creatnine ratio, and/or a renal failure index calculated as urine sodium / (urine creatinine / plasma creatinine). Other measures of renal function which may be combined with the kidney injury marker assay result(s) are described hereinafter and in Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine, 17th Ed., McGraw Hill, New York, pages 1741-1830, and Current Medical Diagnosis & Treatment 2008, 47th Ed, McGraw Hill, New York, pages 785-815, each of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

[0114]   Combining assay results/clinical indicia in this manner can comprise the use of multivariate logistical regression, loglinear modeling, neural network analysis, n-of-m analysis, decision tree analysis, etc. This list is not meant to be limiting.

[0115]   Diagnosis of Acute Renal Failure

[0116]   As noted above, the terms "acute renal (or kidney) injury" and "acute renal (or kidney) failure" as used herein are defined in part in terms of changes in serum creatinine from a baseline value. Most definitions of ARF have common elements, including the use of serum creatinine and, often, urine output. Patients may present with renal dysfunction without an available baseline measure of renal function for use in this comparison. In such an event, one may estimate a baseline serum creatinine value by assuming the patient initially had a normal GFR. Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) is the volume of fluid filtered from the renal (kidney) glomerular capillaries into the Bowman's capsule per unit time. Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) can be calculated by measuring any chemical that has a steady level in the blood, and is freely filtered but neither reabsorbed nor secreted by the kidneys. GFR is typically expressed in units of ml/min:

$$GFR = \frac{\text{Urine Concentration} \times \text{Urine Flow}}{\text{Plasma Concentration}}$$

[0117]   By normalizing the GFR to the body surface area, a GFR of approximately 75–100 ml/min per 1.73 m^2 can be assumed. The rate therefore measured is the quantity of the substance in the urine that originated from a calculable volume of blood.

[0118]   There are several different techniques used to calculate or estimate the glomerular filtration rate (GFR or eGFR). In clinical practice, however, creatinine clearance is used to measure GFR. Creatinine is produced naturally by the body (creatinine is a metabolite of creatine, which is found in muscle). It is freely filtered by the glomerulus, but also actively secreted by the renal tubules in very small amounts such that creatinine clearance overestimates actual GFR by 10-20%. This margin of error is acceptable considering the ease with which creatinine clearance is measured.

[0119]   Creatinine clearance (CCr) can be calculated if values for creatinine's urine concentration (U_{Cr}), urine flow rate (V), and creatinine's plasma concentration (P_{Cr}) are known. Since the product of urine concentration and urine flow rate yields creatinine's excretion rate, creatinine clearance is also said to be its excretion rate ($U_{Cr} \times V$) divided by its plasma concentration. This is commonly represented mathematically as:

$$C_{Cr} = \frac{U_{Cr} \times V}{P_{Cr}}$$

[0120]   Commonly a 24 hour urine collection is undertaken, from empty-bladder one morning to the contents of the bladder the following morning, with a comparative blood test then taken:

$$C_{Cr} = \frac{U_{Cr} \times 24\text{-hour volume}}{P_{Cr} \times 24 \times 60mins}$$

[0121]   To allow comparison of results between people of different sizes, the CCr is often corrected for the body surface area (BSA) and expressed compared to the average sized man as ml/min/1.73 m2. While most adults have a BSA that approaches 1.7 (1.6-1.9), extremely obese or slim patients should have their CCr corrected for their actual BSA:

$$C_{Cr-corrected} = \frac{C_{Cr} \times 1.73}{BSA}$$

[0122]   The accuracy of a creatinine clearance measurement (even when collection is complete) is limited because as glomerular filtration rate (GFR) falls creatinine secretion is increased, and thus the rise in serum creatinine is less. Thus, creatinine excretion is much greater than the filtered load, resulting in a potentially large overestimation of the GFR (as much as a twofold difference). However, for clinical purposes it is important to

determine whether renal function is stable or getting worse or better. This is often determined by monitoring serum creatinine alone. Like creatinine clearance, the serum creatinine will not be an accurate reflection of GFR in the non-steady-state condition of ARF. Nonetheless, the degree to which serum creatinine changes from baseline will reflect the change in GFR. Serum creatinine is readily and easily measured and it is specific for renal function.

[0123]   For purposes of determining urine output on a Urine output on a mL/kg/hr basis, hourly urine collection and measurement is adequate. In the case where, for example, only a cumulative 24-h output was available and no patient weights are provided, minor modifications of the RIFLE urine output criteria have been described. For example, Bagshaw *et al., Nephrol. Dial. Transplant.* 23: 1203–1210, 2008, assumes an average patient weight of 70 kg, and patients are assigned a RIFLE classification based on the following: <35 mL/h (Risk), <21 mL/h (Injury) or <4 mL/h (Failure).

[0124]   Selecting a Treatment Regimen

[0125]   Once a diagnosis is obtained, the clinician can readily select a treatment regimen that is compatible with the diagnosis, such as initiating renal replacement therapy, withdrawing delivery of compounds that are known to be damaging to the kidney, kidney transplantation, delaying or avoiding procedures that are known to be damaging to the kidney, modifying diuretic administration, initiating goal directed therapy, *etc*. The skilled artisan is aware of appropriate treatments for numerous diseases discussed in relation to the methods of diagnosis described herein. See, e.g., Merck Manual of Diagnosis and Therapy, 17th Ed. Merck Research Laboratories, Whitehouse Station, NJ, 1999. In addition, since the methods and compositions described herein provide prognostic information, the markers of the present invention may be used to monitor a course of treatment. For example, improved or worsened prognostic state may indicate that a particular treatment is or is not efficacious.

[0126]   One skilled in the art readily appreciates that the present invention is well adapted to carry out the objects and obtain the ends and advantages mentioned, as well as those inherent therein. The examples provided herein are representative of preferred embodiments, are exemplary, and are not intended as limitations on the scope of the invention.

[0127]   <u>Example 1:   Contrast-induced nephropathy sample collection</u>

[0128]   The objective of this sample collection study is to collect samples of plasma and urine and clinical data from patients before and after receiving intravascular contrast media. Approximately 250 adults undergoing radiographic/angiographic procedures involving intravascular administration of iodinated contrast media are enrolled. To be enrolled in the study, each patient must meet all of the following inclusion criteria and none of the following exclusion criteria:

Inclusion Criteria

males and females 18 years of age or older;

undergoing a radiographic / angiographic procedure (such as a CT scan or coronary intervention) involving the intravascular administration of contrast media;

expected to be hospitalized for at least 48 hours after contrast administration.

able and willing to provide written informed consent for study participation and to comply with all study procedures.

Exclusion Criteria

renal transplant recipients;

acutely worsening renal function prior to the contrast procedure;

already receiving dialysis (either acute or chronic) or in imminent need of dialysis at enrollment;

expected to undergo a major surgical procedure (such as involving cardiopulmonary bypass) or an additional imaging procedure with contrast media with significant risk for further renal insult within the 48 hrs following contrast administration;

participation in an interventional clinical study with an experimental therapy within the previous 30 days;

known infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or a hepatitis virus.

[0129]   Immediately prior to the first contrast administration (and after any pre-procedure hydration), an EDTA anti-coagulated blood sample (10 mL) and a urine sample (10 mL) are collected from each patient. Blood and urine samples are then collected at 4 (±0.5), 8 (±1), 24 (±2) 48 (±2), and 72 (±2) hrs following the last administration of contrast media during the index contrast procedure. Blood is collected via direct venipuncture or via other available venous access, such as an existing femoral

sheath, central venous line, peripheral intravenous line or hep-lock. These study blood samples are processed to plasma at the clinical site, frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc., San Diego, CA. The study urine samples are frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc.

[0130]   Serum creatinine is assessed at the site immediately prior to the first contrast administration (after any pre-procedure hydration) and at 4 (±0.5), 8 (±1), 24 (±2) and 48 (±2)), and 72 (±2) hours following the last administration of contrast (ideally at the same time as the study samples are obtained). In addition, each patient's status is evaluated through day 30 with regard to additional serum and urine creatinine measurements, a need for dialysis, hospitalization status, and adverse clinical outcomes (including mortality).

[0131]   Prior to contrast administration, each patient is assigned a risk based on the following assessment: systolic blood pressure <80 mm Hg = 5 points; intra-arterial balloon pump = 5 points; congestive heart failure (Class III-IV or history of pulmonary edema) = 5 points; age >75 yrs = 4 points; hematocrit level <39% for men, <35% for women = 3 points; diabetes = 3 points; contrast media volume = 1 point for each 100 mL; serum creatinine level >1.5 g/dL = 4 points OR estimated GFR 40–60 mL/min/1.73 m^2 = 2 points, 20–40 mL/min/1.73 m^2 = 4 points, < 20 mL/min/1.73 m^2 = 6 points. The risks assigned are as follows: risk for CIN and dialysis: 5 or less total points = risk of CIN - 7.5%, risk of dialysis - 0.04%; 6–10 total points = risk of CIN - 14%, risk of dialysis - 0.12%; 11–16 total points = risk of CIN - 26.1%, risk of dialysis - 1.09%; >16 total points = risk of CIN - 57.3%, risk of dialysis - 12.8%.

[0132]   <u>Example 2:   Cardiac surgery sample collection</u>

[0133]   The objective of this sample collection study is to collect samples of plasma and urine and clinical data from patients before and after undergoing cardiovascular surgery, a procedure known to be potentially damaging to kidney function. Approximately 900 adults undergoing such surgery are enrolled. To be enrolled in the study, each patient must meet all of the following inclusion criteria and none of the following exclusion criteria:

Inclusion Criteria

males and females 18 years of age or older;

undergoing cardiovascular surgery;

Toronto/Ottawa Predictive Risk Index for Renal Replacement risk score of at least 2 (Wijeysundera *et al.*, *JAMA* 297: 1801-9, 2007); and

able and willing to provide written informed consent for study participation and to comply with all study procedures.

Exclusion Criteria

known pregnancy;

previous renal transplantation;

acutely worsening renal function prior to enrollment (e.g., any category of

RIFLE criteria);

already receiving dialysis (either acute or chronic) or in imminent need of dialysis at enrollment;

currently enrolled in another clinical study or expected to be enrolled in another clinical study within 7 days of cardiac surgery that involves drug infusion or a therapeutic intervention for AKI;

known infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or a hepatitis virus.

[0134]   Within 3 hours prior to the first incision (and after any pre-procedure hydration), an EDTA anti-coagulated blood sample (10 mL), whole blood (3 mL), and a urine sample (35 mL) are collected from each patient. Blood and urine samples are then collected at 3 (±0.5), 6 (±0.5), 12 (±1), 24 (±2) and 48 (±2) hrs following the procedure and then daily on days 3 through 7 if the subject remains in the hospital. Blood is collected via direct venipuncture or via other available venous access, such as an existing femoral sheath, central venous line, peripheral intravenous line or hep-lock. These study blood samples are frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc., San Diego, CA. The study urine samples are frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc.

[0135]   Example 3:   Acutely ill subject sample collection

[0136]   The objective of this study is to collect samples from acutely ill patients. Approximately 900 adults expected to be in the ICU for at least 48 hours will be enrolled. To be enrolled in the study, each patient must meet all of the following inclusion criteria and none of the following exclusion criteria:

Inclusion Criteria

males and females 18 years of age or older;

Study population 1: approximately 300 patients that have at least one of:

shock (SBP < 90 mmHg and/or need for vasopressor support to maintain MAP > 60 mmHg and/or documented drop in SBP of at least 40 mmHg); and

sepsis;

Study population 2: approximately 300 patients that have at least one of:

IV antibiotics ordered in computerized physician order entry (CPOE) within 24 hours of enrollment;

contrast media exposure within 24 hours of enrollment;

increased Intra-Abdominal Pressure with acute decompensated heart failure; and

severe trauma as the primary reason for ICU admission and likely to be hospitalized in the ICU for 48 hours after enrollment;

Study population 3: approximately 300 patients

expected to be hospitalized through acute care setting (ICU or ED) with a known risk factor for acute renal injury (*e.g.* sepsis, hypotension/shock (Shock = systolic BP < 90 mmHg and/or the need for vasopressor support to maintain a MAP > 60 mmHg and/or a documented drop in SBP > 40 mmHg), major trauma, hemorrhage, or major surgery); and/or expected to be hospitalized to the ICU for at least 24 hours after enrollment.

Exclusion Criteria

known pregnancy;

institutionalized individuals;

previous renal transplantation;

known acutely worsening renal function prior to enrollment (e.g., any category of RIFLE criteria);

received dialysis (either acute or chronic) within 5 days prior to enrollment or in imminent need of dialysis at the time of enrollment;

known infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or a hepatitis virus;

meets only the SBP < 90 mmHg inclusion criterion set forth above, and does not have shock in the attending physician's or principal investigator's opinion.

[0137]   After providing informed consent, an EDTA anti-coagulated blood sample (10 mL) and a urine sample (25-30 mL) are collected from each patient. Blood and urine samples are then collected at 4 (± 0.5) and 8 (± 1) hours after contrast administration (if applicable); at 12 (± 1), 24 (± 2), and 48 (± 2) hours after enrollment, and thereafter daily up to day 7 to day 14 while the subject is hospitalized. Blood is collected via direct venipuncture or via other available venous access, such as an existing femoral sheath, central venous line, peripheral intravenous line or hep-lock. These study blood samples are processed to plasma at the clinical site, frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc., San Diego, CA. The study urine samples are frozen and shipped to Astute Medical, Inc.

[0138]   Example 4.   Immunoassay format

[0139]   Analytes are is measured using standard sandwich enzyme immunoassay techniques. A first antibody which binds the analyte is immobilized in wells of a 96 well polystyrene microplate. Analyte standards and test samples are pipetted into the appropriate wells and any analyte present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a horseradish peroxidase-conjugated second antibody which binds the analyte is added to the wells, thereby forming sandwich complexes with the analyte (if present) and the first antibody. Following a wash to remove any unbound antibody-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution comprising tetramethylbenzidine and hydrogen peroxide is added to the wells. Color develops in proportion to the amount of analyte present in the sample. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured at 540 nm or 570 nm. An analyte concentration is assigned to the test sample by comparison to a standard curve determined from the analyte standards.

[0140]   Concentrations are expressed in the following examples as follows: Clusterin ng/mL, Heart-type fatty acid binding protein ng/mL, Hepatocyte growth factor pg/mL, Interferon gamma pg/mL, Interleukin-12 subunit beta pg/mL, Interleukin-16 pg/mL, Interleukin-2 pg/mL, 72 kDa type IV collagenase ng/mL, Matrix metalloproteinase-9 pg/mL (urine) and ng/mL (plasma), Midkine ng/mL, and Serum amyloid P-component ng/mL.

[0141]   Example 5.   Apparently Healthy Donor and Chronic Disease Patient
Samples

[0142]   Human urine samples from donors with no known chronic or acute disease
("Apparently Healthy Donors") were purchased from two vendors (Golden West
Biologicals, Inc., 27625 Commerce Center Dr., Temecula, CA 92590 and Virginia
Medical Research, Inc., 915 First Colonial Rd., Virginia Beach, VA 23454). The urine
samples were shipped and stored frozen at less than -20° C. The vendors supplied
demographic information for the individual donors including gender, race (Black /White),
smoking status and age.

[0143]   Human urine samples from donors with various chronic diseases ("Chronic
Disease Patients") including congestive heart failure, coronary artery disease, chronic
kidney disease, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, diabetes mellitus and
hypertension were purchased from Virginia Medical Research, Inc., 915 First Colonial
Rd., Virginia Beach, VA 23454. The urine samples were shipped and stored frozen at less
than -20 degrees centigrade. The vendor provided a case report form for each individual
donor with age, gender, race (Black/White), smoking status and alcohol use, height,
weight, chronic disease(s) diagnosis, current medications and previous surgeries.

[0144]   Example 6.   Kidney injury markers for evaluating renal status in patients
at RIFLE Stage 0

[0145]   Patients from the intensive care unit (ICU) were classified by kidney status as
non-injury (0), risk of injury (R), injury (I), and failure (F) according to the maximum
stage reached within 7 days of enrollment as determined by the RIFLE criteria.

[0146]   Two cohorts were defined as (Cohort 1) patients that did not progress beyond
stage 0, and (Cohort 2) patients that reached stage R, I, or F within 10 days. To address
normal marker fluctuations that occur within patients at the ICU and thereby assess utility
for monitoring AKI status, marker levels were measured in urine samples collected for
Cohort 1. Marker concentrations were measured in urine samples collected from a
subject at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage R, I or F in Cohort 2. In the
following tables, the time "prior max stage" represents the time at which a sample is
collected, relative to the time a particular patient reaches the lowest disease stage as
defined for that cohort, binned into three groups which are +/- 12 hours. For example, 24

hr prior for this example (0 vs R, I, F) would mean 24 hr (+/- 12 hours) prior to reaching stage R (or I if no sample at R, or F if no sample at R or I).

[0147]   Each marker was measured by standard immunoassay methods using commercially available assay reagents. A receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve was generated for each marker and the area under each ROC curve (AUC) was determined. Patients in Cohort 2 were also separated according to the reason for adjudication to stage R, I, or F as being based on serum creatinine measurements (sCr), being based on urine output (UO), or being based on either serum creatinine measurements or urine output. That is, for those patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of serum creatinine measurements alone, the stage 0 cohort may have included patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of urine output; for those patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of urine output alone, the stage 0 cohort may have included patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of serum creatinine measurements; and for those patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of serum creatinine measurements or urine output, the stage 0 cohort contains only patients in stage 0 for both serum creatinine measurements and urine output. Also, for those patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of serum creatinine measurements or urine output, the adjudication method which yielded the most severe RIFLE stage was used.

[0148]   The ability to distinguish cohort 1 (subjects remaining in RIFLE 0) from Cohort 2 (subjects progressing to RIFLE R, I or F) was determined using ROC analysis. SE is the standard error of the AUC, n is the number of sample or individual patients ("pts," as indicated). Standard errors were calculated as described in Hanley, J. A., and McNeil, B.J., The meaning and use of the area under a receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve. Radiology (1982) 143: 29-36; p values were calculated with a two-tailed Z-test. An AUC < 0.5 is indicative of a negative going marker for the comparison, and an AUC > 0.5 is indicative of a positive going marker for the comparison.

[0149]   Various threshold (or "cutoff") concentrations were selected, and the associated sensitivity and specificity for distinguishing cohort 1 from cohort 2 were determined. OR is the odds ratio calculated for the particular cutoff concentration, and 95% CI is the confidence interval for the odds ratio.

[0150]   The results of these three analyses for various markers of the present invention are presented in Fig. 1.

[0151]   Example 7.   Kidney injury markers for evaluating renal status in patients at RIFLE Stages 0 and R

[0152]   Patients were classified and analyzed as described in Example 6. However, patients that reached stage R but did not progress to stage I or F were grouped with patients from non-injury stage 0 in Cohort 1. Cohort 2 in this example included only patients that progressed to stage I or F. Marker concentrations in urine samples were included for Cohort 1. Marker concentrations in urine samples collected within 0, 24, and 48 hours of reaching stage I or F were included for Cohort 2.

[0153]   The ability to distinguish cohort 1 (subjects remaining in RIFLE 0 or R) from Cohort 2 (subjects progressing to RIFLE I or F) was determined using ROC analysis.

[0154]   Various threshold (or "cutoff") concentrations were selected, and the associated sensitivity and specificity for distinguishing cohort 1 from cohort 2 were determined. OR is the odds ratio calculated for the particular cutoff concentration, and 95% CI is the confidence interval for the odds ratio.

[0155]   The results of these three analyses for various markers of the present invention are presented in Fig. 2.

[0156]   Example 8.   Kidney injury markers for evaluating renal status in patients progressing from Stage R to Stages I and F

[0157]   Patients were classified and analyzed as described in Example 6, but only those patients that reached Stage R were included in this example. Cohort 1 contained patients that reached stage R but did not progress to stage I or F within 10 days, and Cohort 2 included only patients that progressed to stage I or F. Marker concentrations in urine samples collected within 12 hours of reaching stage R were included in the analysis for both Cohort 1 and 2.

[0158]   The ability to distinguish cohort 1 (subjects remaining in RIFLE R) from Cohort 2 (subjects progressing to RIFLE I or F) was determined using ROC analysis.

[0159]   Various threshold (or "cutoff") concentrations were selected, and the associated sensitivity and specificity for distinguishing cohort 1 from cohort 2 were determined. OR is the odds ratio calculated for the particular cutoff concentration, and 95% CI is the confidence interval for the odds ratio.

[0160]   The results of these three analyses for various markers of the present invention are presented in Fig. 3.

[0161]   <u>Example 9.   Kidney injury markers for evaluating renal status in patients at RIFLE Stage 0</u>

[0162]   Patients were classified and analyzed as described in Example 6. However, patients that reached stage R or I but did not progress to stage F were eliminated from the analysis. Patients from non-injury stage 0 are included in Cohort 1. Cohort 2 in this example included only patients that progressed to stage F. The maximum marker concentrations in urine samples were included for each patient in Cohort 1. The maximum marker concentrations in urine samples collected within 0, 24, and 48 hours of reaching stage F were included for each patient in Cohort 2.

[0163]   The ability to distinguish cohort 1 (subjects remaining in RIFLE 0 or R) from Cohort 2 (subjects progressing to RIFLE I or F) was determined using ROC analysis.

[0164]   Various threshold (or "cutoff") concentrations were selected, and the associated sensitivity and specificity for distinguishing cohort 1 from cohort 2 were determined. OR is the odds ratio calculated for the particular cutoff concentration, and 95% CI is the confidence interval for the odds ratio.

[0165]   The results of these three analyses for various markers of the present invention are presented in Fig. 4.

[0166]   <u>Example 10.   Kidney injury markers for evaluating renal status in patients at RIFLE Stage 0</u>

[0167]   Patients from the intensive care unit (ICU) were classified by kidney status as non-injury (0), risk of injury (R), injury (I), and failure (F) according to the maximum stage reached within 7 days of enrollment as determined by the RIFLE criteria.

[0168]   Two cohorts were defined as (Cohort 1) patients that did not progress beyond stage 0, and (Cohort 2) patients that reached stage R, I, or F within 10 days. To address normal marker fluctuations that occur within patients at the ICU and thereby assess utility for monitoring AKI status, marker levels were measured in the plasma component of blood samples collected for Cohort 1. Marker concentrations were measured in the plasma component of blood samples collected from a subject at 0, 24 hours, and 48 hours prior to reaching stage R, I or F in Cohort 2. In the following tables, the time "prior max

stage" represents the time at which a sample is collected, relative to the time a particular patient reaches the lowest disease stage as defined for that cohort, binned into three groups which are +/- 12 hours. For example, 24 hr prior for this example (0 vs R, I, F) would mean 24 hr (+/- 12 hours) prior to reaching stage R (or I if no sample at R, or F if no sample at R or I).

[0169]   Each marker was measured by standard immunoassay methods using commercially available assay reagents. A receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve was generated for each marker and the area under each ROC curve (AUC) was determined. Patients in Cohort 2 were also separated according to the reason for adjudication to stage R, I, or F as being based on serum creatinine measurements (sCr), being based on urine output (UO), or being based on either serum creatinine measurements or urine output. That is, for those patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of serum creatinine measurements alone, the stage 0 cohort may have included patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of urine output; for those patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of urine output alone, the stage 0 cohort may have included patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of serum creatinine measurements; and for those patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of serum creatinine measurements or urine output, the stage 0 cohort contains only patients in stage 0 for both serum creatinine measurements and urine output. Also, for those patients adjudicated to stage R, I, or F on the basis of serum creatinine measurements or urine output, the adjudication method which yielded the most severe RIFLE stage was used.

[0170]   The ability to distinguish cohort 1 (subjects remaining in RIFLE 0) from Cohort 2 (subjects progressing to RIFLE R, I or F) was determined using ROC analysis. SE is the standard error of the AUC, n is the number of sample or individual patients ("pts," as indicated). Standard errors were calculated as described in Hanley, J. A., and McNeil, B.J., The meaning and use of the area under a receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve. Radiology (1982) 143: 29-36; p values were calculated with a two-tailed Z-test. An AUC < 0.5 is indicative of a negative going marker for the comparison, and an AUC > 0.5 is indicative of a positive going marker for the comparison.

[0171]   Various threshold (or "cutoff") concentrations were selected, and the associated sensitivity and specificity for distinguishing cohort 1 from cohort 2 were determined. OR is the odds ratio calculated for the particular cutoff concentration, and 95% CI is the confidence interval for the odds ratio.

[0172]   The results of these three analyses for various markers of the present invention are presented in Fig. 5.

[0173]   Example 11.   Kidney injury markers for evaluating renal status in patients at RIFLE Stages 0 and R

[0174]   Patients were classified and analyzed as described in Example 10. However, patients that reached stage R but did not progress to stage I or F were grouped with patients from non-injury stage 0 in Cohort 1. Cohort 2 in this example included only patients that progressed to stage I or F. Marker concentrations in the plasma component of blood samples were included for Cohort 1. Marker concentrations in the plasma component of blood samples collected within 0, 24, and 48 hours of reaching stage I or F were included for Cohort 2.

[0175]   The ability to distinguish cohort 1 (subjects remaining in RIFLE 0 or R) from Cohort 2 (subjects progressing to RIFLE I or F) was determined using ROC analysis.

[0176]   Various threshold (or "cutoff") concentrations were selected, and the associated sensitivity and specificity for distinguishing cohort 1 from cohort 2 were determined. OR is the odds ratio calculated for the particular cutoff concentration, and 95% CI is the confidence interval for the odds ratio.

[0177]   The results of these three analyses for various markers of the present invention are presented in Fig. 6.

[0178]   Example 12.   Kidney injury markers for evaluating renal status in patients progressing from Stage R to Stages I and F

[0179]   Patients were classified and analyzed as described in Example 10, but only those patients that reached Stage R were included in this example. Cohort 1 contained patients that reached stage R but did not progress to stage I or F within 10 days, and Cohort 2 included only patients that progressed to stage I or F. Marker concentrations in the plasma component of blood samples collected within 12 hours of reaching stage R were included in the analysis for both Cohort 1 and 2.

[0180]   The ability to distinguish cohort 1 (subjects remaining in RIFLE R) from Cohort 2 (subjects progressing to RIFLE I or F) was determined using ROC analysis.

[0181]   Various threshold (or "cutoff") concentrations were selected, and the associated sensitivity and specificity for distinguishing cohort 1 from cohort 2 were

determined. OR is the odds ratio calculated for the particular cutoff concentration, and 95% CI is the confidence interval for the odds ratio.

[0182]   The results of these three analyses for various markers of the present invention are presented in Fig. 7.

[0183]   Example 13.   Kidney injury markers for evaluating renal status in patients at RIFLE Stage 0

[0184]   Patients were classified and analyzed as described in Example 10. However, patients that reached stage R or I but did not progress to stage F were eliminated from the analysis. Patients from non-injury stage 0 are included in Cohort 1. Cohort 2 in this example included only patients that progressed to stage F. The maximum marker concentrations in the plasma component of blood samples were included from each patient in Cohort 1. The maximum marker concentrations in the plasma component of blood samples collected within 0, 24, and 48 hours of reaching stage F were included from each patient in Cohort 2.

[0185]   The ability to distinguish cohort 1 (subjects remaining in RIFLE 0 or R) from Cohort 2 (subjects progressing to RIFLE I or F) was determined using ROC analysis.

[0186]   Various threshold (or "cutoff") concentrations were selected, and the associated sensitivity and specificity for distinguishing cohort 1 from cohort 2 were determined. OR is the odds ratio calculated for the particular cutoff concentration, and 95% CI is the confidence interval for the odds ratio.

[0187]   The results of these three analyses for various markers of the present invention are presented in Fig. 8.

[0188]   While the invention has been described and exemplified in sufficient detail for those skilled in this art to make and use it, various alternatives, modifications, and improvements should be apparent without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. The examples provided herein are representative of preferred embodiments, are exemplary, and are not intended as limitations on the scope of the invention. Modifications therein and other uses will occur to those skilled in the art. These modifications are encompassed within the spirit of the invention and are defined by the scope of the claims.

[0189]   It will be readily apparent to a person skilled in the art that varying substitutions and modifications may be made to the invention disclosed herein without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention.

[0190]   All patents and publications mentioned in the specification are indicative of the levels of those of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains. All patents and publications are herein incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each individual publication was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference.

[0191]   The invention illustratively described herein suitably may be practiced in the absence of any element or elements, limitation or limitations which is not specifically disclosed herein. Thus, for example, in each instance herein any of the terms "comprising", "consisting essentially of" and "consisting of" may be replaced with either of the other two terms. The terms and expressions which have been employed are used as terms of description and not of limitation, and there is no intention that in the use of such terms and expressions of excluding any equivalents of the features shown and described or portions thereof, but it is recognized that various modifications are possible within the scope of the invention claimed. Thus, it should be understood that although the present invention has been specifically disclosed by preferred embodiments and optional features, modification and variation of the concepts herein disclosed may be resorted to by those skilled in the art, and that such modifications and variations are considered to be within the scope of this invention as defined by the appended claims.

[0192]   Other embodiments are set forth within the following claims.

We claim:

1.   A method for evaluating renal status in a subject, comprising:

performing one or more assays configured to detect a kidney injury marker selected from the group consisting of Clusterin, Heart-type fatty acid binding protein, Hepatocyte growth factor, Interferon gamma, Interleukin-12 subunit beta, Interleukin-16, Interleukin-2, 72 kDa type IV collagenase, Matrix metalloproteinase-9, Midkine, and Serum amyloid P-component on a body fluid sample obtained from the subject to provide one or more assay results; and

correlating the assay result(s) to one or more of risk stratification, staging, prognosis, classifying and monitoring of the renal status of the subject.

2.   A method according to claim 1, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a likelihood of one or more future changes in renal status to the subject based on the assay result(s).

3.   A method according to claim 2, wherein said one or more future changes in renal status comprise one or more of a future injury to renal function, future reduced renal function, future improvement in renal function, and future acute renal failure (ARF).

4.   A method according to claim 3, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:

(i)   a measured concentration of Clusterin,

(ii)   a measured concentration of Heart-type fatty acid binding protein,

(iii)   a measured concentration of Hepatocyte growth factor,

(iv)   a measured concentration of Interferon gamma,

(v)   a measured concentration of Interleukin-12 subunit beta,

(vi)   a measured concentration of Interleukin-16,

(vii)   a measured concentration of Interleukin-2,

(viii) a measured concentration of 72 kDa type IV collagenase,

(ix)   a measured concentration of Matrix metalloproteinase-9,

(x)   a measured concentration of Midkine, or

(xi)   a measured concentration of Serum amyloid P-component,

and said correlation step comprises, for each assay result, comparing said measure concentration to a threshold concentration, and

for a positive going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of suffering a future injury to renal function, future reduced renal function, future ARF, or a future improvement in renal function to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold or assigning a decreased likelihood of suffering a future injury to renal function, future reduced renal function, future ARF, or a future improvement in renal function to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or

for a negative going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of suffering a future injury to renal function, future reduced renal function, future ARF, or a future improvement in renal function to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold or assigning a decreased likelihood of suffering a future injury to renal function, future reduced renal function, future ARF, or a future improvement in renal function to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

5.   A method according to claim 2, wherein said one or more future changes in renal status comprise a clinical outcome related to a renal injury suffered by the subject.

6.   A method according to claim 1, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:

(i)   a measured concentration of Clusterin,

(ii)   a measured concentration of Heart-type fatty acid binding protein,

(iii)   a measured concentration of Hepatocyte growth factor,

(iv)   a measured concentration of Interferon gamma,

(v)   a measured concentration of Interleukin-12 subunit beta,

(vi)   a measured concentration of Interleukin-16,

(vii)   a measured concentration of Interleukin-2,

(viii)   a measured concentration of 72 kDa type IV collagenase,

(ix)   a measured concentration of Matrix metalloproteinase-9,

(x)   a measured concentration of Midkine, or

(xi)   a measured concentration of Serum amyloid P-component,

and said correlation step comprises, for each assay result, comparing said measure concentration to a threshold concentration, and

for a positive going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of subsequent acute kidney injury, worsening stage of AKI, mortality, need for renal replacement therapy, need for withdrawal of renal toxins, end stage renal disease, heart failure, stroke, myocardial infarction, or chronic kidney disease to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or assigning a decreased likelihood of subsequent acute kidney injury, worsening stage of AKI, mortality, need for renal replacement therapy, need for withdrawal of renal toxins, end stage renal disease, heart failure, stroke, myocardial infarction, or chronic kidney disease to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or

for a negative going marker, assigning an increased likelihood of subsequent acute kidney injury, worsening stage of AKI, mortality, need for renal replacement therapy, need for withdrawal of renal toxins, end stage renal disease, heart failure, stroke, myocardial infarction, or chronic kidney disease to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning a decreased likelihood of subsequent acute kidney injury, worsening stage of AKI, mortality, need for renal replacement therapy, need for withdrawal of renal toxins, end stage renal disease, heart failure, stroke, myocardial infarction, or chronic kidney disease to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, relative to a likelihood assigned when the measured concentration is below the threshold.

7.   A method according to claim 2, wherein the likelihood of one or more future changes in renal status is that an event of interest is more or less likely to occur within 30 days of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained from the subject.

8.   A method according to claim 7, wherein the likelihood of one or more future changes in renal status is that an event of interest is more or less likely to occur within a

period selected from the group consisting of 21 days, 14 days, 7 days, 5 days, 96 hours, 72 hours, 48 hours, 36 hours, 24 hours, and 12 hours.

9.   A method according to claim 1, wherein the subject is selected for evaluation of renal status based on the pre-existence in the subject of one or more known risk factors for prerenal, intrinsic renal, or postrenal ARF.

10.   A method according to claim 1, wherein the subject is selected for evaluation of renal status based on an existing diagnosis of one or more of congestive heart failure, preeclampsia, eclampsia, diabetes mellitus, hypertension, coronary artery disease, proteinuria, renal insufficiency, glomerular filtration below the normal range, cirrhosis, serum creatinine above the normal range, sepsis, injury to renal function, reduced renal function, or ARF, or based on undergoing or having undergone major vascular surgery, coronary artery bypass, or other cardiac surgery, or based on exposure to NSAIDs, cyclosporines, tacrolimus, aminoglycosides, foscarnet, ethylene glycol, hemoglobin, myoglobin, ifosfamide, heavy metals, methotrexate, radiopaque contrast agents, or streptozotocin.

11.   A method according to claim 1, wherein said correlating step comprises assigning a diagnosis of the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more of an injury to renal function, reduced renal function, or ARF to the subject based on the assay result(s).

12.   A method according to claim 1, wherein said correlating step comprises assessing whether or not renal function is improving or worsening in a subject who has suffered from an injury to renal function, reduced renal function, or ARF based on the assay result(s).

13.   A method according to claim 12, wherein said assay result(s) comprise one or more of:

(i)   a measured concentration of Clusterin,

(ii)   a measured concentration of Heart-type fatty acid binding protein,

(iii)   a measured concentration of Hepatocyte growth factor,

(iv)   a measured concentration of Interferon gamma,

(v)   a measured concentration of Interleukin-12 subunit beta,

(vi)   a measured concentration of Interleukin-16,

(vii)   a measured concentration of Interleukin-2,

(viii)   a measured concentration of 72 kDa type IV collagenase,

(ix)   a measured concentration of Matrix metalloproteinase-9,

(x)   a measured concentration of Midkine, or

(xi)   a measured concentration of Serum amyloid P-component,

and said correlation step comprises, for each assay result, comparing said measure concentration to a threshold concentration, and

for a positive going marker, assigning a worsening of renal function to the subject when the measured concentration is above the threshold, or assigning an improvement of renal function when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or

for a negative going marker, assigning a worsening of renal function to the subject when the measured concentration is below the threshold, or assigning an improvement of renal function when the measured concentration is above the threshold.

14.   A method according to claim 1, wherein said method is a method of assigning a risk of the future occurrence or nonoccurrence of an injury to renal function in said subject.

15.   A method according to claim 1, wherein said method is a method of assigning a risk of the future occurrence or nonoccurrence of reduced renal function in said subject.

16.   A method according to claim 1, wherein said method is a method of assigning a risk of the future occurrence or nonoccurrence of acute renal failure in said subject.

17.   A method according to claim 1, wherein said method is a method of assigning a risk of the future occurrence or nonoccurrence of a need for renal replacement therapy in said subject.

18.   A method according to claim 1, wherein said method is a method of assigning a risk of the future occurrence or nonoccurrence of a need for renal transplantation in said subject.

19.   A method according to claim 4, wherein said one or more future changes in renal status comprise one or more of a future injury to renal function, future reduced renal function, future improvement in renal function, and future acute renal failure (ARF) within 72 hours of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained.

20.   A method according to claim 4, wherein said one or more future changes in renal status comprise one or more of a future injury to renal function, future reduced renal function, future improvement in renal function, and future acute renal failure (ARF) within 48 hours of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained.

21.   A method according to claim 4, wherein said one or more future changes in renal status comprise one or more of a future injury to renal function, future reduced renal function, future improvement in renal function, and future acute renal failure (ARF) within 72 hours of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained.

22.   A method according to claim 4, wherein said one or more future changes in renal status comprise one or more of a future injury to renal function, future reduced renal function, future improvement in renal function, and future acute renal failure (ARF) within 48 hours of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained.

23.   A method according to claim 4, wherein said one or more future changes in renal status comprise one or more of a future injury to renal function, future reduced renal function, future improvement in renal function, and future acute renal failure (ARF) within 24 hours of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained.

24.   Use of one or more kidney injury markers selected from the group consisting of Clusterin, Heart-type fatty acid binding protein, Hepatocyte growth factor, Interferon gamma, Interleukin-12 subunit beta, Interleukin-16, Interleukin-2, 72 kDa type IV collagenase, Matrix metalloproteinase-9, Midkine, and Serum amyloid P-component for one or more of risk stratification, staging, prognosis, classifying and monitoring of the renal status of a subject.

25.   Use of one or more kidney injury markers selected from the group consisting of Clusterin, Heart-type fatty acid binding protein, Hepatocyte growth factor, Interferon gamma, Interleukin-12 subunit beta, Interleukin-16, Interleukin-2, 72 kDa type IV collagenase, Matrix metalloproteinase-9, Midkine, and Serum amyloid P-component for one or more of risk stratification, staging, prognosis, classifying and monitoring of the renal status of a subject suffering from an acute renal injury.

26.   A method according to claim 6, wherein the increased or decreased likelihood of subsequent acute kidney injury, worsening stage of AKI, mortality, need for renal replacement therapy, need for withdrawal of renal toxins, end stage renal disease, heart failure, stroke, myocardial infarction, or chronic kidney disease assigned to the subject is

a likelihood that an event of interest is more or less likely to occur within 30 days of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained from the subject.

27.   A method according to claim 6, wherein the increased or decreased likelihood of subsequent acute kidney injury, worsening stage of AKI, mortality, need for renal replacement therapy, need for withdrawal of renal toxins, end stage renal disease, heart failure, stroke, myocardial infarction, or chronic kidney disease assigned to the subject is a likelihood that an event of interest is more or less likely to occur within 72 hours of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained from the subject.

28.   A method according to claim 6, wherein the increased or decreased likelihood of subsequent acute kidney injury, worsening stage of AKI, mortality, need for renal replacement therapy, need for withdrawal of renal toxins, end stage renal disease, heart failure, stroke, myocardial infarction, or chronic kidney disease assigned to the subject is a likelihood that an event of interest is more or less likely to occur within 24 hours of the time at which the body fluid sample is obtained from the subject.

Clusterin

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	67.620	108.140	67.620	96.933	67.620	62.170
average	167.548	184.717	167.548	236.137	167.548	206.308
stdev	302.129	175.724	302.129	507.042	302.129	496.203
p (t-test)		0.706		0.262		0.605
min	3.849	7.464	3.849	1.319	3.849	0.736
max	2047.880	694.106	2047.880	3450.639	2047.880	2507.730
n (Samp)	117	51	117	60	117	26
n (Pat)	99	51	99	60	99	26

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	83.981	80.931	83.981	77.813	83.981	53.541
average	184.237	113.963	184.237	169.101	184.237	172.784
stdev	349.940	133.990	349.940	322.010	349.940	273.867
p (t-test)		0.411		0.842		0.904
min	0.736	7.794	0.736	1.543	0.736	14.404
max	3450.639	526.949	3450.639	1561.833	3450.639	881.911
n (Samp)	260	17	260	23	260	14
n (Pat)	160	17	160	23	160	14

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	72.627	111.483	72.627	102.636	72.627	64.232
average	162.079	416.324	162.079	245.577	162.079	200.119
stdev	290.142	1497.119	290.142	517.556	290.142	514.718
p (t-test)		0.096		0.201		0.628
min	3.849	7.464	3.849	1.319	3.849	0.736
max	2047.880	10168.806	2047.880	3450.639	2047.880	2507.730
n (Samp)	105	45	105	50	105	23
n (Pat)	84	45	84	50	84	23

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.61	0.048	117	51	0.020
24 hours	0.54	0.046	117	60	0.339
48 hours	0.48	0.062	117	26	0.808

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.46	0.070	260	17	0.582
24 hours	0.47	0.062	260	23	0.651
48 hours	0.47	0.078	260	14	0.683

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.64	0.051	105	45	0.008
24 hours	0.57	0.050	105	50	0.176
48 hours	0.48	0.066	105	23	0.718

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	68.062234	71%	51%	1			
	46.123708	80%	41%	2	1.3	0.8	2.3
	20.118859	90%	19%	3	2.1	1.3	3.5
	125.66895	45%	70%	4	3.5	2.1	5.7
	194.16184	39%	80%				
	390.92356	12%	91%				

Fig. 1 - 1

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
24 hours	42.128889	70%	40%	1			
	20.118859	80%	19%	2	0.6	0.4	0.9
	12.351171	90%	11%	3	1.2	0.8	1.8
	125.66895	38%	70%	4	1.3	0.9	1.9
	194.16184	23%	80%				
	390.92356	15%	91%				
48 hours	35.544963	73%	34%	1			
	23.299936	81%	24%	2	2.3	1.0	5.4
	5.0656624	92%	3%	3	2.3	1.0	5.4
	125.66895	31%	70%	4	1.7	0.6	4.3
	194.16184	15%	80%				
	390.92356	15%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	35.544963	71%	28%	1			
	23.299936	82%	21%	2	1.7	0.6	5.3
	20.118859	94%	17%	3	1.4	0.4	4.6
	147.85684	18%	70%	4	1.7	0.6	5.3
	247.36505	12%	80%				
	400	6%	92%				
24 hours	33.416142	74%	27%	1			
	21.410305	83%	19%	2	1.2	0.6	2.7
	7.1564891	91%	5%	3	1.2	0.6	2.7
	147.85684	30%	70%	4	1.2	0.6	2.7
	247.36505	13%	80%				
	400	4%	92%				
48 hours	35.544963	71%	28%	1			
	22.08047	86%	20%	2	2.1	0.5	9.7
	16.79504	93%	14%	3	2.1	0.4	9.5
	147.85684	21%	70%	4	2.1	0.5	9.7
	247.36505	14%	80%				
	400	14%	92%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	68.371454	71%	49%	1			
	50.270477	80%	42%	2	3.0	1.5	5.9
	19.168593	91%	17%	3	1.8	0.8	3.8
	147.85684	47%	70%	4	7.1	3.7	13.8
	181.21256	44%	80%				
	387.05066	16%	90%				
24 hours	53.596005	70%	44%	1			
	21.840385	80%	23%	2	0.7	0.4	1.3
	16.227818	90%	15%	3	1.4	0.9	2.2
	147.85684	36%	70%	4	1.7	1.1	2.7
	181.21256	32%	80%				
	387.05066	18%	90%				
48 hours	35.544963	74%	35%	1			
	24.383414	83%	28%	2	1.6	0.6	4.2
	5.0656624	91%	2%	3	2.7	1.2	6.5
	147.85684	22%	70%	4	1.0	0.3	3.1
	181.21256	17%	80%				
	387.05066	13%	90%				

Fig. 1 - 2

Fatty acid binding protein, heart

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	32.900	165.000	32.900	139.000	32.900	122.000
average	293.148	586.377	293.148	1011.722	293.148	769.790
stdev	752.839	1016.672	752.839	2426.368	752.839	1655.881
p (t-test)		0.017		0.000		0.008
min	0.371	0.268	0.371	1.130	0.371	1.210
max	8087.000	4500.000	8087.000	14771.000	8087.000	8087.000
n (Samp)	249	53	249	62	249	27
n (Pat)	104	53	104	62	104	27

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	60.800	106.400	60.800	74.350	60.800	111.450
average	476.484	1099.031	476.484	1865.080	476.484	647.192
stdev	1336.601	2451.620	1336.601	3575.691	1336.601	955.881
p (t-test)		0.052		0.000		0.636
min	0.371	0.268	0.371	1.130	0.371	5.510
max	13231.000	8087.000	13231.000	14771.000	13231.000	2840.000
n (Samp)	441	20	441	26	441	14
n (Pat)	170	20	170	26	170	14

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	37.800	214.000	37.800	180.000	37.800	163.000
average	339.709	629.554	339.709	715.528	339.709	746.260
stdev	954.316	1029.634	954.316	1411.219	954.316	1668.700
p (t-test)		0.064		0.023		0.068
min	0.371	5.470	0.371	2.380	0.371	1.210
max	8087.000	4500.000	8087.000	8087.000	8087.000	8087.000
n (Samp)	212	47	212	52	212	25
n (Pat)	85	47	85	52	85	25

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.64	0.044	249	53	0.001
24 hours	0.63	0.041	249	62	0.001
48 hours	0.62	0.060	249	27	0.045

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.54	0.067	441	20	0.550
24 hours	0.54	0.059	441	26	0.489
48 hours	0.57	0.081	441	14	0.420

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.70	0.046	212	47	0.000
24 hours	0.68	0.044	212	52	0.000
48 hours	0.64	0.062	212	25	0.022

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	43.8	72%	54%	1			
	14.9	81%	35%	2	1.3	0.7	2.3
	7.78	91%	17%	3	2.6	1.7	4.2
	151	55%	70%	4	3.7	2.4	5.7
	274	32%	80%				
	845	21%	90%				
24 hours	35	71%	51%	1			
	18.4	81%	39%	2	0.7	0.5	1.1

Fig. 1 - 3

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	6.02	90%	14%	3	1.5	1.1	2.1
	151	47%	70%	4	2.4	1.8	3.3
	274	32%	80%				
	845	21%	90%				
48 hours	39.5	70%	53%	1			
	10.4	81%	24%	2	0.3	0.1	1.2
	5.46	93%	14%	3	1.2	0.6	2.3
	151	48%	70%	4	2.2	1.3	3.9
	274	41%	80%				
	845	22%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	20	70%	33%	1			
	7.86	80%	15%	2	0.8	0.3	2.0
	5.13	90%	10%	3	0.8	0.3	2.0
	191	35%	70%	4	1.4	0.7	2.9
	306	35%	80%				
	1120	20%	90%				
24 hours	10.1	73%	19%	1			
	8.2	81%	15%	2	0.4	0.2	0.9
	3.98	92%	8%	3	0.3	0.1	0.8
	191	42%	70%	4	1.1	0.7	1.7
	306	38%	80%				
	1120	31%	90%				
48 hours	16.2	71%	29%	1			
	9.32	86%	17%	2	0.7	0.2	2.4
	9.27	93%	17%	3	0.2	0.0	2.9
	191	43%	70%	4	1.5	0.6	3.6
	306	43%	80%				
	1120	14%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	98.8	70%	64%	1			
	43.8	81%	52%	2	2.1	0.9	4.7
	14.9	91%	33%	3	4.1	2.0	8.3
	156	62%	70%	4	7.2	3.7	13.9
	267	38%	80%				
	1020	17%	90%				
24 hours	64.4	71%	55%	1			
	35	81%	49%	2	1.6	0.9	2.9
	11.2	90%	25%	3	2.9	1.7	5.0
	156	52%	70%	4	5.0	3.1	8.2
	267	38%	80%				
	1020	19%	90%				
48 hours	43.8	72%	52%	1			
	31.5	80%	47%	2	1.0	0.3	2.9
	9.27	92%	19%	3	1.3	0.5	3.3
	156	52%	70%	4	3.4	1.7	7.1
	267	44%	80%				
	1020	20%	90%				

Fig. 1 - 4

Hepatocyte growth factor

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	332.751	606.005	332.751	605.973	332.751	713.738
average	467.138	779.409	467.138	992.715	467.138	750.183
stdev	455.556	644.938	455.556	1315.054	455.556	650.933
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.009
min	27.880	42.096	27.880	14.776	27.880	38.014
max	2833.841	2726.014	2833.841	7839.221	2833.841	3067.704
n (Samp)	117	51	117	59	117	26
n (Pat)	99	51	99	59	99	26

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	452.538	459.687	452.538	638.601	452.538	655.061
average	652.139	572.674	652.139	886.286	652.139	648.386
stdev	759.885	648.438	759.885	982.315	759.885	380.882
p (t-test)		0.674		0.168		0.985
min	22.466	42.096	22.466	14.776	22.466	64.024
max	7839.221	2366.004	7839.221	4229.981	7839.221	1318.065
n (Samp)	260	17	260	23	260	14
n (Pat)	160	17	160	23	160	14

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	359.932	750.965	359.932	655.623	359.932	723.983
average	458.895	839.663	458.895	1011.170	458.895	765.779
stdev	404.053	584.266	404.053	1308.137	404.053	680.092
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.005
min	27.880	71.485	27.880	29.280	27.880	38.014
max	2258.303	2726.014	2258.303	7839.221	2258.303	3067.704
n (Samp)	105	45	105	49	105	23
n (Pat)	84	45	84	49	84	23

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.65	0.048	117	51	0.002
24 hours	0.66	0.045	117	59	0.000
48 hours	0.64	0.063	117	26	0.024

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.44	0.069	260	17	0.353
24 hours	0.57	0.065	260	23	0.299
48 hours	0.57	0.082	260	14	0.380

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.72	0.048	105	45	0.000
24 hours	0.69	0.048	105	49	0.000
48 hours	0.64	0.067	105	23	0.041

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	373.50372	71%	55%	1			
	237.5733	80%	38%	2	0.6	0.4	1.2
	85.423471	90%	9%	3	1.3	0.8	2.1
	518.2926	55%	70%	4	3.5	2.3	5.5
	756.62964	45%	80%				
	1015.7457	29%	91%				
24 hours	314.08152	71%	49%	1			
	237.5733	81%	38%	2	1.3	0.8	2.2
	85.423471	92%	9%	3	2.4	1.5	3.9

Fig. 1 - 5

	518.2926	58%	70%	4	3.9	2.5	6.1
	756.62964	41%	80%				
	1015.7457	31%	91%				
48 hours	315.00269	73%	49%	1			
	210.92416	81%	35%	2	0.8	0.3	2.1
	62.722752	92%	3%	3	1.2	0.5	2.8
	518.2926	54%	70%	4	2.6	1.3	5.4
	756.62964	42%	80%				
	1015.7457	27%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	130.16184	71%	15%	1			
	72.246896	82%	7%	2	1.3	0.5	3.3
	42.09614	94%	4%	3	0.5	0.1	2.3
	756.62964	24%	70%	4	1.6	0.7	3.8
	980.60521	12%	80%				
	1331.9074	12%	90%				
24 hours	340.9225	74%	39%	1			
	144.77821	83%	17%	2	0.8	0.3	2.0
	62.722752	91%	4%	3	1.0	0.4	2.3
	756.62964	43%	70%	4	1.9	1.0	3.7
	980.60521	35%	80%				
	1331.9074	17%	90%				
48 hours	388.05005	71%	43%	1			
	340.9225	86%	39%	2	2.0	0.4	9.4
	210.92416	93%	25%	3	2.1	0.4	9.5
	756.62964	36%	70%	4	2.0	0.4	9.4
	980.60521	21%	80%				
	1331.9074	0%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	450.47234	71%	64%	1			
	373.50372	80%	52%	2	2.2	0.9	5.2
	237.5733	91%	36%	3	4.0	1.8	8.7
	533.02014	62%	70%	4	10.2	4.8	21.7
	703.49241	51%	80%				
	1013.5018	31%	90%				
24 hours	387.20019	71%	55%	1			
	272.17607	82%	42%	2	2.3	1.1	4.7
	181.96421	92%	26%	3	3.4	1.7	6.8
	533.02014	59%	70%	4	7.7	4.0	14.8
	703.49241	47%	80%				
	1013.5018	33%	90%				
48 hours	329.88007	74%	46%	1			
	110.21965	83%	16%	2	0.4	0.1	1.6
	70.941928	91%	8%	3	1.0	0.4	2.5
	533.02014	52%	70%	4	2.8	1.4	5.9
	703.49241	52%	80%				
	1013.5018	30%	90%				

Fig. 1 - 6

Interferon gamma

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.780	10.200	8.780	12.700	8.780	13.000
average	11.553	13.182	11.553	14.609	11.553	15.863
stdev	8.616	8.790	8.616	10.039	8.616	11.674
p (t-test)		0.214		0.016		0.018
min	0.670	0.819	0.670	0.018	0.670	0.381
max	45.400	37.700	45.400	51.900	45.400	50.700
n (Samp)	249	53	249	62	249	27
n (Pat)	104	53	104	62	104	27

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	9.770	9.690	9.770	14.700	9.770	13.000
average	12.213	10.669	12.213	14.294	12.213	14.816
stdev	8.874	7.393	8.874	10.999	8.874	10.447
p (t-test)		0.444		0.252		0.283
min	0.381	0.819	0.381	0.018	0.381	1.100
max	51.900	22.400	51.900	37.300	51.900	35.400
n (Samp)	441	20	441	26	441	14
n (Pat)	170	20	170	26	170	14

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.940	11.800	8.940	14.100	8.940	12.800
average	10.821	14.603	10.821	15.395	10.821	15.231
stdev	7.375	8.769	7.375	8.785	7.375	10.309
p (t-test)		0.002		0.000		0.007
min	0.670	3.850	0.670	1.560	0.670	0.381
max	37.300	37.700	37.300	51.900	37.300	50.700
n (Samp)	212	47	212	52	212	25
n (Pat)	85	47	85	52	85	25

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.044	249	53	0.153
24 hours	0.60	0.042	249	62	0.017
48 hours	0.61	0.060	249	27	0.066

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.46	0.064	441	20	0.517
24 hours	0.54	0.059	441	26	0.524
48 hours	0.57	0.081	441	14	0.371

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.63	0.047	212	47	0.006
24 hours	0.67	0.044	212	52	0.000
48 hours	0.65	0.062	212	25	0.019

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	6.86	72%	42%	1			
	4.85	83%	24%	2	1.1	0.7	1.6
	3.87	92%	15%	3	1.3	0.9	2.0
	14.1	40%	70%	4	1.6	1.1	2.2
	18.9	26%	80%				
	24.9	11%	90%				
24 hours	9.04	71%	52%	1			
	6.71	81%	40%	2	0.8	0.5	1.2

Fig. 1 - 7

	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	2.8	90%	7%	3	2.2	1.6	3.1
	14.1	47%	70%	4	2.2	1.6	3.1
	18.9	27%	80%				
	24.9	15%	90%				
48 hours	9.28	70%	53%	1			
	5.8	81%	33%	2	0.6	0.2	1.8
	1.41	93%	2%	3	1.7	0.8	3.4
	14.1	48%	70%	4	2.4	1.3	4.6
	18.9	33%	80%				
	24.9	19%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4.87	70%	22%	1			
	3.79	80%	15%	2	1.0	0.4	2.3
	2.3	90%	7%	3	0.6	0.2	1.8
	15.6	30%	70%	4	1.4	0.7	2.9
	19.5	20%	80%				
	24.6	0%	90%				
24 hours	3.33	73%	12%	1			
	3.14	81%	11%	2	0.1	0.0	0.9
	1.56	92%	3%	3	0.5	0.3	1.0
	15.6	42%	70%	4	1.2	0.8	1.9
	19.5	31%	80%				
	24.6	19%	90%				
48 hours	8.66	71%	44%	1			
	4.4	86%	19%	2	0.7	0.1	3.5
	1.56	93%	3%	3	1.7	0.6	5.0
	15.6	43%	70%	4	1.3	0.4	4.3
	19.5	29%	80%				
	24.6	21%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	8.22	70%	45%	1			
	6.63	81%	39%	2	1.8	1.1	3.1
	4.43	91%	20%	3	1.3	0.7	2.3
	13.7	49%	70%	4	3.4	2.1	5.3
	17.6	36%	80%				
	21.9	17%	92%				
24 hours	10	71%	57%	1			
	8.65	81%	49%	2	4.7	1.9	11.3
	6.84	90%	40%	3	7.3	3.1	16.9
	13.7	50%	70%	4	9.1	4.0	20.8
	17.6	33%	80%				
	21.9	17%	92%				
48 hours	9.89	72%	57%	1			
	8.62	80%	49%	2	2.6	0.6	11.2
	5.8	92%	32%	3	5.1	1.4	18.3
	13.7	40%	70%	4	5.0	1.4	17.9
	17.6	36%	80%				
	21.9	20%	92%				

Fig. 1 - 8

Interleukin-16

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	7.710	10.500	7.710	15.500	7.710	11.000
average	35.934	33.794	35.934	76.873	35.934	44.054
stdev	121.825	63.390	121.825	172.802	121.825	108.934
p (t-test)		0.901		0.031		0.740
min	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265
max	1100.000	294.000	1100.000	1010.000	1100.000	531.000
n (Samp)	249	53	249	62	249	27
n (Pat)	104	53	104	62	104	27

sCr only

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.280	14.785	8.280	16.450	8.280	14.600
average	38.429	114.060	38.429	108.640	38.429	74.289
stdev	116.686	244.440	116.686	209.378	116.686	132.743
p (t-test)		0.008		0.005		0.260
min	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265
max	1100.000	1080.000	1100.000	857.000	1100.000	439.000
n (Samp)	441	20	441	26	441	14
n (Pat)	170	20	170	26	170	14

UO only

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.235	12.600	8.235	17.450	8.235	14.500
average	30.693	33.302	30.693	77.489	30.693	56.810
stdev	103.693	61.162	103.693	172.208	103.693	119.805
p (t-test)		0.868		0.012		0.243
min	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265
max	891.000	294.000	891.000	1010.000	891.000	531.000
n (Samp)	212	47	212	52	212	25
n (Pat)	85	47	85	52	85	25

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.044	249	53	0.205
24 hours	0.61	0.042	249	62	0.011
48 hours	0.56	0.060	249	27	0.297

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.62	0.068	441	20	0.071
24 hours	0.63	0.060	441	26	0.034
48 hours	0.60	0.081	441	14	0.214

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.047	212	47	0.195
24 hours	0.65	0.045	212	52	0.001
48 hours	0.63	0.063	212	25	0.038

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4.65	72%	33%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.0	0.6	1.5
	0	100%	0%	3	1.2	0.8	1.8
	14.4	45%	70%	4	1.8	1.3	2.6
	22.2	25%	80%				
	59.7	17%	90%				
24 hours	5.64	71%	38%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.0	0.7	1.5
	0	100%	0%	3	1.9	1.4	2.7

Fig. 1 - 9

	14.4	53%	70%	4	2.2	1.6	3.1
	22.2	34%	80%				
	59.7	19%	90%				
48 hours	6.22	70%	44%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.8	0.4	1.8
	0	100%	0%	3	1.4	0.7	2.6
	14.4	48%	70%	4	1.4	0.7	2.6
	22.2	22%	80%				
	59.7	11%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	7.57	70%	47%	1			
	5.2	80%	35%	2	0.7	0.2	2.4
	0	100%	0%	3	1.0	0.4	2.8
	16.6	50%	70%	4	2.3	1.1	4.9
	23.7	45%	80%				
	69.8	30%	90%				
24 hours	8.57	73%	52%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.4	0.1	1.6
	0	100%	0%	3	1.6	0.8	3.2
	16.6	50%	70%	4	2.3	1.3	4.2
	23.7	38%	80%				
	69.8	27%	90%				
48 hours	6.22	71%	41%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.7	0.1	3.5
	0	100%	0%	3	1.7	0.6	5.0
	16.6	43%	70%	4	1.3	0.4	4.3
	23.7	29%	80%				
	69.8	21%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4.65	70%	32%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.6	0.4	1.0
	0	100%	0%	3	0.8	0.5	1.2
	13.8	49%	70%	4	1.5	1.1	2.2
	21.9	26%	80%				
	52	15%	90%				
24 hours	9.26	71%	56%	1			
	4.95	81%	33%	2	0.9	0.5	1.6
	0	100%	0%	3	2.7	1.8	4.2
	13.8	60%	70%	4	2.9	1.9	4.5
	21.9	35%	80%				
	52	21%	90%				
48 hours	7.71	72%	48%	1			
	6.22	80%	42%	2	1.3	0.5	3.3
	0	100%	0%	3	1.9	0.8	4.3
	13.8	56%	70%	4	2.4	1.1	5.3
	21.9	28%	80%				
	52	16%	90%				

Fig. 1 - 10

Interleukin-2

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.323	0.424	0.323	0.370	0.323	0.270
average	1.495	0.952	1.495	0.765	1.495	0.480
stdev	8.995	1.687	8.995	1.883	8.995	0.740
p (t-test)		0.670		0.535		0.567
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	96.860	8.363	96.860	13.553	96.860	3.002
n (Samp)	117	51	117	60	117	26
n (Pat)	99	51	99	60	99	26

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.335	0.349	0.335	0.376	0.335	0.450
average	1.218	0.825	1.218	1.105	1.218	0.765
stdev	6.423	1.504	6.423	2.824	6.423	0.972
p (t-test)		0.801		0.934		0.792
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.022
max	96.860	5.938	96.860	13.553	96.860	3.002
n (Samp)	261	17	261	23	261	14
n (Pat)	160	17	160	23	160	14

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.324	0.424	0.324	0.358	0.324	0.274
average	1.653	0.881	1.653	0.498	1.653	0.297
stdev	9.498	1.626	9.498	0.791	9.498	0.242
p (t-test)		0.589		0.393		0.496
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	96.860	8.363	96.860	5.260	96.860	0.831
n (Samp)	105	45	105	50	105	23
n (Pat)	84	45	84	50	84	23

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.58	0.049	117	51	0.106
24 hours	0.56	0.046	117	60	0.160
48 hours	0.51	0.063	117	26	0.935

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.52	0.073	261	17	0.749
24 hours	0.56	0.064	261	23	0.353
48 hours	0.58	0.082	261	14	0.351

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.55	0.052	105	45	0.313
24 hours	0.54	0.050	105	50	0.398
48 hours	0.47	0.066	105	23	0.616

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.2399449	71%	44%	1			
	0.1435391	80%	40%	2	2.8	1.6	4.8
	0	100%	0%	3	2.5	1.4	4.3
	0.4896804	43%	70%	4	2.8	1.6	4.8
	0.7486972	25%	80%				
	1.7654847	14%	91%				
24 hours	0.2365948	70%	44%	1			
	0.1007266	80%	38%	2	5.3	3.0	9.2
	0.0027535	90%	32%	3	4.8	2.7	8.4

Fig. 1 - 11

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	0.4896804	35%	70%	4	3.2	1.8	5.6
	0.7486972	17%	80%				
	1.7654847	7%	91%				
48 hours	0.1603607	73%	42%	1			
	0.0713336	81%	36%	2	10.5	3.0	37.3
	0	100%	0%	3	2.1	0.4	10.1
	0.4896804	23%	70%	4	3.3	0.8	13.8
	0.7486972	12%	80%				
	1.7654847	8%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.1767872	71%	34%	1			
	0.0027535	82%	23%	2	1.0	0.3	2.8
	0	100%	0%	3	1.0	0.4	2.8
	0.5364781	35%	70%	4	1.3	0.5	3.2
	0.7080363	24%	80%				
	1.7097552	12%	90%				
24 hours	0.2570186	74%	41%	1			
	0.1335295	83%	30%	2	4.4	1.2	15.8
	0.0944585	91%	28%	3	3.8	1.0	14.1
	0.5364781	30%	70%	4	3.2	0.8	12.5
	0.7080363	17%	80%				
	1.7097552	9%	90%				
48 hours	0.189991	71%	34%	1			
	0.1435391	86%	30%	2	5.2	0.5	58.4
	0.0642177	93%	26%	3	4.1	0.3	50.7
	0.5364781	36%	70%	4	4.1	0.3	50.7
	0.7080363	21%	80%				
	1.7097552	14%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.1570865	71%	38%	1			
	1E-09	80%	30%	2	2.5	1.4	4.4
	0	100%	0%	3	1.8	1.0	3.3
	0.4943534	40%	70%	4	2.2	1.3	4.0
	0.7080363	22%	80%				
	2.092275	9%	90%				
24 hours	0.1762841	70%	41%	1			
	0.0683632	80%	33%	2	4.1	2.3	7.5
	1E-09	90%	30%	3	3.7	2.0	6.7
	0.4943534	36%	70%	4	2.1	1.1	4.0
	0.7080363	16%	80%				
	2.092275	4%	90%				
48 hours	0.1603607	74%	40%	1			
	0.0356614	83%	32%	2	1.0	0.3	3.1
	0	100%	0%	3	4.2	1.8	9.5
	0.4943534	17%	70%	4	0.7	0.2	2.6
	0.7080363	9%	80%				
	2.092275	0%	90%				

Fig. 1 - 12

Interleukin-12 p40

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4.780	8.387	4.780	5.527	4.780	4.714
average	9.944	10.736	9.944	8.429	9.944	9.110
stdev	13.422	10.485	13.422	10.716	13.422	11.666
p (t-test)		0.708		0.452		0.770
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	66.881	41.351	66.881	52.713	66.881	44.714
n (Samp)	117	51	117	59	117	26
n (Pat)	99	51	99	59	99	26

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5.190	5.328	5.190	5.913	5.190	9.240
average	9.350	10.484	9.350	10.493	9.350	11.956
stdev	12.119	10.274	12.119	10.495	12.119	14.308
p (t-test)		0.706		0.662		0.438
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	66.881	27.881	66.881	36.019	66.881	49.268
n (Samp)	260	17	260	23	260	14
n (Pat)	160	17	160	23	160	14

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5.760	9.439	5.760	3.785	5.760	4.750
average	9.832	12.491	9.832	7.881	9.832	9.389
stdev	12.576	11.720	12.576	10.972	12.576	11.996
p (t-test)		0.228		0.353		0.878
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	61.635	41.936	61.635	52.713	61.635	44.714
n (Samp)	105	45	105	49	105	23
n (Pat)	84	45	84	49	84	23

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.57	0.049	117	51	0.163
24 hours	0.50	0.046	117	59	0.992
48 hours	0.49	0.062	117	26	0.852

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.074	260	17	0.403
24 hours	0.55	0.064	260	23	0.414
48 hours	0.53	0.081	260	14	0.669

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.59	0.052	105	45	0.072
24 hours	0.47	0.050	105	49	0.522
48 hours	0.49	0.066	105	23	0.854

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	3.1997977	71%	44%	1			
	1.1104935	80%	36%	2	3.4	2.0	5.8
	0	100%	0%	3	1.8	1.0	3.2
	12.058681	37%	70%	4	3.1	1.8	5.2
	18.160458	24%	80%				
	26.148501	10%	91%				
24 hours	1.2625972	71%	37%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.8	1.2	2.8
	0	100%	0%	3	1.7	1.1	2.5

Fig. 1 - 13

	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	12.058681	25%	70%	4	1.0	0.6	1.6
	18.160458	12%	80%				
	26.148501	7%	91%				
48 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.8	0.8	3.8
	0	100%	0%	3	0.8	0.3	2.1
	12.058681	23%	70%	4	2.1	1.0	4.5
	18.160458	19%	80%				
	26.148501	8%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	3.1531486	71%	42%	1			
	0.3767903	82%	30%	2	1.7	0.6	5.2
	0	100%	0%	3	1.0	0.3	3.9
	11.13881	41%	70%	4	2.1	0.7	5.8
	15.281897	35%	80%				
	23.495933	18%	90%				
24 hours	2.5686249	74%	40%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.5	0.2	1.3
	0	100%	0%	3	1.0	0.5	2.0
	11.13881	39%	70%	4	1.4	0.7	2.6
	15.281897	30%	80%				
	23.495933	13%	90%				
48 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.2	0.0	2.1
	0	100%	0%	3	0.6	0.2	1.8
	11.13881	43%	70%	4	1.0	0.4	2.3
	15.281897	36%	80%				
	23.495933	14%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4.0303087	71%	45%	1			
	2.9891225	80%	40%	2	2.2	1.3	4.0
	0	100%	0%	3	1.4	0.7	2.6
	12.058681	40%	70%	4	3.1	1.8	5.4
	16.350232	36%	80%				
	24.423486	20%	90%				
24 hours	0.1995976	71%	30%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.7	1.0	2.7
	0	100%	0%	3	1.5	0.9	2.4
	12.058681	24%	70%	4	1.3	0.8	2.2
	16.350232	10%	80%				
	24.423486	6%	90%				
48 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.0	0.4	2.5
	0	100%	0%	3	1.5	0.7	3.4
	12.058681	26%	70%	4	1.2	0.5	3.0
	16.350232	22%	80%				
	24.423486	9%	90%				

Fig. 1 - 14

Matrix metalloproteinase-2

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	19.300	27.700	19.300	24.900	19.300	23.700
average	24.737	34.357	24.737	59.008	24.737	35.013
stdev	25.360	27.697	25.360	165.081	25.360	43.441
p (t-test)		0.014		0.002		0.067
min	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	2.470
max	293.000	190.000	293.000	1280.000	293.000	235.000
n (Samp)	249	53	249	62	249	27
n (Pat)	104	53	104	62	104	27

sCr only

	0 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	21.000	29.250	21.000	33.350	21.000	28.400
average	30.159	32.912	30.159	41.482	30.159	36.436
stdev	67.363	17.263	67.363	26.611	67.363	24.845
p (t-test)		0.855		0.394		0.728
min	0.600	6.640	0.600	4.660	0.600	8.610
max	1280.000	76.800	1280.000	96.100	1280.000	98.400
n (Samp)	441	20	441	26	441	14
n (Pat)	170	20	170	26	170	14

UO only

	0 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	19.400	27.700	19.400	24.600	19.400	23.700
average	24.609	36.368	24.609	62.193	24.609	36.338
stdev	25.694	29.111	25.694	179.932	25.694	44.747
p (t-test)		0.006		0.004		0.051
min	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	2.470
max	293.000	190.000	293.000	1280.000	293.000	235.000
n (Samp)	212	47	212	52	212	25
n (Pat)	85	47	85	52	85	25

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.68	0.043	249	53	0.000
24 hours	0.66	0.041	249	62	0.000
48 hours	0.60	0.060	249	27	0.100

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.68	0.067	441	20	0.008
24 hours	0.69	0.059	441	26	0.001
48 hours	0.68	0.080	441	14	0.021

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.70	0.045	212	47	0.000
24 hours	0.65	0.045	212	52	0.001
48 hours	0.61	0.063	212	25	0.072

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	22.9	72%	64%	1			
	18.1	81%	46%	2	1.0	0.5	2.0
	12.7	91%	27%	3	3.9	2.4	6.4
	25.4	60%	70%	4	4.7	2.9	7.6
	32.1	36%	81%				
	49.5	15%	90%				
24 hours	21.4	71%	57%	1			
	17.6	81%	45%	2	2.2	1.2	3.7
	12.8	90%	28%	3	4.1	2.5	6.6

Fig. 1 - 15

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	25.4	47%	70%	4	5.3	3.3	8.4
	32.1	35%	81%				
	49.5	23%	90%				
48 hours	17.8	70%	46%	1			
	12.3	81%	25%	2	0.5	0.2	1.4
	8.5	93%	13%	3	1.4	0.7	2.6
	25.4	48%	70%	4	1.8	1.0	3.2
	32.1	30%	81%				
	49.5	19%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	25.4	70%	66%	1			
	22.9	80%	58%	2	3.1	0.2	43.1
	14.3	90%	31%	3	8.5	0.9	80.1
	27.7	65%	71%	4	8.4	0.9	79.3
	34.9	30%	80%				
	53.4	10%	90%				
24 hours	20.6	73%	49%	1			
	18.7	81%	44%	2	1.7	0.6	5.0
	10.9	92%	17%	3	1.3	0.4	4.3
	27.7	54%	71%	4	5.1	2.2	11.7
	34.9	50%	80%				
	53.4	27%	90%				
48 hours	26.4	71%	68%	1			
	21	86%	51%	2	2.0	0.1	39.2
	17.6	93%	41%	3	6.2	0.6	63.5
	27.7	50%	71%	4	5.1	0.5	55.9
	34.9	29%	80%				
	53.4	14%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	23.3	70%	65%	1			
	19	81%	47%	2	1.2	0.5	2.6
	12.7	91%	25%	3	3.2	1.8	5.9
	24.9	62%	70%	4	6.0	3.4	10.6
	30.3	43%	80%				
	43.7	26%	90%				
24 hours	21.1	71%	56%	1			
	17.6	81%	43%	2	1.4	0.7	2.6
	12.8	90%	26%	3	3.5	2.1	5.8
	24.9	48%	70%	4	4.7	2.8	7.7
	30.3	37%	80%				
	43.7	21%	90%				
48 hours	17.8	72%	44%	1			
	15	80%	35%	2	0.8	0.3	2.0
	8.77	92%	13%	3	1.2	0.6	2.7
	24.9	48%	70%	4	2.2	1.1	4.2
	30.3	36%	80%				
	43.7	24%	90%				

Fig. 1 - 16

Midkine

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.056	0.082	0.056	0.097	0.056	0.108
average	0.240	0.156	0.240	0.286	0.240	0.395
stdev	0.855	0.200	0.855	0.630	0.855	1.018
p (t-test)		0.554		0.733		0.450
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	8.902	0.923	8.902	4.142	8.902	4.857
n (Samp)	120	37	120	48	120	22
n (Pat)	67	37	67	48	67	22

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.077	0.118	0.077	0.129	0.077	0.105
average	0.228	0.393	0.228	0.455	0.228	0.255
stdev	0.695	0.820	0.695	0.940	0.695	0.281
p (t-test)		0.393		0.174		0.897
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003
max	8.902	3.139	8.902	4.142	8.902	0.817
n (Samp)	242	14	242	20	242	11
n (Pat)	116	14	116	20	116	11

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.063	0.111	0.063	0.107	0.063	0.105
average	0.273	0.176	0.273	0.225	0.273	0.360
stdev	0.923	0.204	0.923	0.296	0.923	1.039
p (t-test)		0.557		0.741		0.701
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	8.902	0.923	8.902	1.238	8.902	4.857
n (Samp)	98	32	98	43	98	21
n (Pat)	51	32	51	43	51	21

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.57	0.055	120	37	0.237
24 hours	0.62	0.049	120	48	0.013
48 hours	0.65	0.068	120	22	0.032

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.54	0.081	242	14	0.642
24 hours	0.63	0.069	242	20	0.057
48 hours	0.63	0.092	242	11	0.158

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.58	0.060	98	32	0.160
24 hours	0.60	0.053	98	43	0.063
48 hours	0.56	0.071	98	21	0.362

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.0373657	70%	44%	1			
	0.0157077	81%	28%	2	1.7	0.8	3.2
	0.0016104	92%	20%	3	2.8	1.5	5.1
	0.1443816	35%	70%	4	1.6	0.8	3.1
	0.2485795	16%	80%				
	0.4342297	14%	90%				
24 hours	0.0581948	71%	52%	1			
	0.0422102	81%	47%	2	1.4	0.7	2.5
	0.0058384	92%	24%	3	3.8	2.2	6.3

Fig. 1 - 17

	0.1443816	40%	70%	4	2.5	1.4	4.3
	0.2485795	29%	80%				
	0.4342297	13%	90%				
48 hours	0.0631003	73%	53%	1			
	0.056067	82%	51%	2	2.7	0.6	11.9
	0.0404793	91%	45%	3	5.7	1.5	21.7
	0.1443816	32%	70%	4	3.3	0.8	13.8
	0.2485795	23%	80%				
	0.4342297	23%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.023441	71%	26%	1			
	0.0140548	86%	23%	2	0.7	0.2	2.5
	0.0001464	93%	0%	3	0.2	0.0	2.9
	0.1555932	50%	70%	4	1.6	0.6	3.8
	0.2771893	29%	80%				
	0.4620882	21%	90%				
24 hours	0.0741531	70%	49%	1			
	0.0704339	80%	48%	2	2.6	0.6	10.8
	0.0581948	90%	43%	3	3.2	0.8	12.6
	0.1555932	45%	70%	4	3.7	1.0	14.1
	0.2771893	35%	80%				
	0.4620882	15%	90%				
48 hours	0.0704339	73%	48%	1			
	0.0634663	82%	46%	2	3.1	0.2	45.1
	0.0486198	91%	39%	3	3.1	0.2	45.1
	0.1555932	45%	70%	4	4.1	0.3	51.1
	0.2771893	27%	80%				
	0.4620882	27%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.0608593	72%	49%	1			
	0.0404793	81%	42%	2	1.2	0.5	2.8
	0.0056671	91%	20%	3	4.8	2.3	9.7
	0.2039195	22%	70%	4	1.2	0.5	2.8
	0.3942587	16%	81%				
	0.4986167	9%	91%				
24 hours	0.0550031	72%	46%	1			
	0.0404793	81%	42%	2	2.1	1.0	4.4
	0.0137202	91%	24%	3	6.4	3.2	12.6
	0.2039195	28%	70%	4	2.6	1.3	5.4
	0.3942587	14%	81%				
	0.4986167	9%	91%				
48 hours	0.0608593	71%	49%	1			
	0.0417811	81%	42%	2	1.7	0.5	5.7
	0.0056671	90%	20%	3	4.3	1.6	12.0
	0.2039195	29%	70%	4	1.0	0.2	4.1
	0.3942587	14%	81%				
	0.4986167	10%	91%				

Fig. 1 - 18

Serum amyloid P-component

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	1.447	2.273	1.447	2.398	1.447	2.171
average	4.827	5.940	4.827	7.802	4.827	4.854
stdev	10.143	8.522	10.143	20.452	10.143	6.028
p (t-test)		0.499		0.203		0.990
min	0.089	0.038	0.089	0.129	0.089	0.269
max	58.307	34.528	58.307	152.000	58.307	21.775
n (Samp)	114	50	114	58	114	25
n (Pat)	96	50	96	58	96	25

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	1.804	3.185	1.804	7.024	1.804	2.919
average	5.624	4.863	5.624	8.986	5.624	5.778
stdev	12.561	5.755	12.561	10.583	12.561	6.871
p (t-test)		0.810		0.215		0.964
min	0.025	0.038	0.025	0.143	0.025	0.226
max	152.000	21.427	152.000	37.076	152.000	21.775
n (Samp)	253	16	253	23	253	14
n (Pat)	157	16	157	23	157	14

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	1.543	2.517	1.543	2.398	1.543	3.388
average	5.100	6.629	5.100	9.575	5.100	6.648
stdev	10.027	8.785	10.027	23.142	10.027	10.167
p (t-test)		0.382		0.099		0.513
min	0.089	0.038	0.089	0.129	0.089	0.320
max	58.307	34.528	58.307	152.000	58.307	44.971
n (Samp)	103	44	103	48	103	22
n (Pat)	82	44	82	48	82	22

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.58	0.049	114	50	0.129
24 hours	0.61	0.046	114	58	0.016
48 hours	0.61	0.065	114	25	0.077

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.52	0.075	253	16	0.778
24 hours	0.63	0.065	253	23	0.040
48 hours	0.56	0.081	253	14	0.467

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.58	0.052	103	44	0.108
24 hours	0.61	0.050	103	48	0.029
48 hours	0.64	0.069	103	22	0.041

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.9853183	70%	43%	1			
	0.4746547	80%	20%	2	0.8	0.5	1.3
	0.2212973	92%	7%	3	1.4	0.9	2.2
	2.7653229	44%	70%	4	1.7	1.1	2.7
	4.2737938	32%	81%				
	11.50007	16%	90%				
24 hours	1.0844797	71%	46%	1			
	0.5885975	81%	27%	2	0.9	0.6	1.4
	0.4557392	91%	18%	3	1.1	0.7	1.7

Fig. 1 - 19

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	2.7653229	47%	70%	4	2.7	1.8	4.1
	4.2737938	40%	81%				
	11.50007	16%	90%				
48 hours	1.1846337	72%	47%	1			
	0.9490725	80%	43%	2	4.7	1.2	18.4
	0.5885975	92%	27%	3	2.7	0.6	11.9
	2.7653229	48%	70%	4	6.4	1.7	23.9
	4.2737938	32%	81%				
	11.50007	12%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.4557392	75%	13%	1			
	0.3460298	81%	11%	2	0.2	0.0	2.1
	0.037612	94%	0%	3	1.0	0.4	2.3
	4.10741	38%	70%	4	1.0	0.4	2.3
	6.5771402	31%	80%				
	13.062464	6%	90%				
24 hours	1.0374191	74%	34%	1			
	0.9853183	83%	33%	2	1.0	0.4	2.8
	0.3715084	91%	11%	3	0.7	0.2	2.5
	4.10741	57%	70%	4	3.4	1.7	7.0
	6.5771402	52%	80%				
	13.062464	22%	90%				
48 hours	1.028192	71%	34%	1			
	0.6630833	86%	23%	2	0.6	0.1	3.5
	0.2564023	93%	7%	3	1.3	0.4	4.5
	4.10741	43%	70%	4	1.7	0.6	5.1
	6.5771402	29%	80%				
	13.062464	14%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1.1846337	70%	46%	1			
	0.5885975	82%	26%	2	1.0	0.5	1.7
	0.2212973	91%	7%	3	1.4	0.8	2.5
	3.1950229	43%	71%	4	1.8	1.1	3.1
	6.3585829	30%	81%				
	12.688918	20%	90%				
24 hours	1.1846337	71%	46%	1			
	0.5885975	81%	26%	2	0.8	0.5	1.5
	0.513498	92%	23%	3	1.2	0.8	2.1
	3.1950229	48%	71%	4	2.2	1.4	3.5
	6.3585829	33%	81%				
	12.688918	17%	90%				
48 hours	1.4165129	73%	48%	1			
	1.1846337	82%	46%	2	3.5	0.8	14.9
	0.8267137	91%	36%	3	3.5	0.8	14.9
	3.1950229	55%	71%	4	4.8	1.2	19.1
	6.3585829	27%	81%				
	12.688918	14%	90%				

Fig. 1 - 20

Fatty acid binding protein, heart

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	55.900	150.000	55.900	155.500	55.900	127.000
average	410.197	688.950	410.197	1158.180	410.197	639.412
stdev	1121.958	1612.525	1121.958	2840.633	1121.958	1339.887
p (t-test)		0.225		0.001		0.400
min	0.268	0.689	0.268	4.070	0.268	4.140
max	8087.000	8087.000	8087.000	14771.000	8087.000	5160.000
n (Samp)	419	27	419	36	419	18
n (Pat)	164	27	164	36	164	18

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	64.550	412.000	64.550	93.900	64.550	128.000
average	502.660	1851.436	502.660	2756.591	502.660	2006.600
stdev	1333.784	3492.966	1333.784	5207.291	1333.784	3270.907
p (t-test)		0.028		0.000		0.004
min	0.268	5.180	0.268	4.070	0.268	10.700
max	13231.000	8087.000	13231.000	14771.000	13231.000	8087.000
n (Samp)	518	5	518	9	518	7
n (Pat)	199	5	199	9	199	7

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	64.000	157.500	64.000	237.500	64.000	158.000
average	427.862	474.211	427.862	664.106	427.862	431.489
stdev	1179.546	667.924	1179.546	1106.648	1179.546	757.709
p (t-test)		0.843		0.291		0.990
min	0.371	0.689	0.371	6.340	0.371	4.140
max	8087.000	3040.000	8087.000	4420.000	8087.000	3000.000
n (Samp)	352	26	352	30	352	16
n (Pat)	133	26	133	30	133	16

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.62	0.059	419	27	0.045
24 hours	0.63	0.052	419	36	0.014
48 hours	0.58	0.072	419	18	0.239

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.68	0.133	518	5	0.184
24 hours	0.60	0.101	518	9	0.320
48 hours	0.64	0.114	518	7	0.203

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.63	0.060	352	26	0.035
24 hours	0.64	0.056	352	30	0.011
48 hours	0.59	0.076	352	16	0.217

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	41.5	70%	48%	1			
	20.4	81%	37%	2	2.0	0.7	5.6
	5.47	93%	12%	3	2.8	1.1	7.1
	170	41%	70%	4	3.5	1.5	8.6
	300	37%	80%				
	1120	11%	90%				
24 hours	33.3	72%	44%	1			
	29	81%	42%	2	1.2	0.6	2.2
	8.2	92%	17%	3	1.3	0.7	2.5

Fig. 2 - 1

	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	170	50%	70%	4	2.7	1.6	4.4
	300	28%	80%				
	1120	19%	90%				
48 hours	39.5	72%	47%	1			
	11.1	83%	24%	2	1.0	0.4	2.8
	4.54	94%	10%	3	1.0	0.4	2.8
	170	39%	70%	4	1.5	0.6	3.6
	300	28%	80%				
	1120	11%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	163	80%	66%	1			
	163	80%	66%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	5.13	100%	10%	3	1.0	0.0	51.5
	209	60%	70%	4	3.0	0.2	42.5
	377	60%	80%				
	1260	20%	90%				
24 hours	33.3	78%	41%	1			
	8.2	89%	15%	2	1.0	0.1	7.3
	3.98	100%	8%	3	0.5	0.0	9.6
	209	44%	70%	4	2.0	0.4	9.0
	377	44%	80%				
	1260	22%	90%				
48 hours	44.6	71%	46%	1			
	38.2	86%	44%	2	2.0	0.1	39.3
	10.4	100%	20%	3	1.0	0.0	51.9
	209	43%	70%	4	3.0	0.2	42.5
	377	43%	80%				
	1260	29%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	41.5	73%	45%	1			
	31.6	81%	40%	2	3.1	0.8	12.0
	15	92%	28%	3	3.7	1.0	13.6
	189	46%	70%	4	6.0	1.8	20.1
	301	42%	80%				
	1120	8%	90%				
24 hours	60.6	70%	49%	1			
	31.6	80%	40%	2	1.5	0.6	3.6
	11.5	90%	22%	3	1.5	0.6	3.6
	189	57%	70%	4	3.9	2.0	7.6
	301	30%	80%				
	1120	20%	90%				
48 hours	39.5	75%	44%	1			
	23.7	81%	36%	2	1.0	0.3	3.9
	4.44	94%	9%	3	1.3	0.4	4.4
	189	38%	70%	4	2.1	0.7	5.8
	301	31%	80%				
	1120	6%	90%				

Fig. 2 - 2

Hepatocyte growth factor

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	391.184	648.731	391.184	747.384	391.184	809.087
average	584.363	849.137	584.363	1010.545	584.363	767.409
stdev	654.835	621.381	654.835	1355.310	654.835	500.795
p (t-test)		0.064		0.003		0.247
min	14.776	22.466	14.776	32.253	14.776	41.886
max	5191.176	2726.014	5191.176	7839.221	5191.176	1568.985
n (Samp)	246	23	246	35	246	18
n (Pat)	159	23	159	35	159	18

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	446.622	601.477	446.622	565.787	446.622	828.465
average	661.802	601.477	661.802	753.335	661.802	774.947
stdev	762.897	66.826	762.897	613.424	762.897	503.594
p (t-test)		0.911		0.737		0.697
min	14.776	554.224	14.776	86.357	14.776	64.024
max	7839.221	648.731	7839.221	1915.338	7839.221	1646.962
n (Samp)	318	2	318	8	318	7
n (Pat)	188	2	188	8	188	7

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	401.533	750.965	401.533	742.061	401.533	809.087
average	570.796	869.825	570.796	1034.799	570.796	871.272
stdev	580.161	616.779	580.161	1437.159	580.161	561.858
p (t-test)		0.020		0.001		0.047
min	14.776	22.466	14.776	32.253	14.776	41.886
max	5191.176	2726.014	5191.176	7839.221	5191.176	1915.338
n (Samp)	212	23	212	30	212	16
n (Pat)	132	23	132	30	132	16

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.68	0.064	246	23	0.004
24 hours	0.65	0.053	246	35	0.004
48 hours	0.64	0.073	246	18	0.058

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.61	0.213	318	2	0.595
24 hours	0.58	0.107	318	8	0.443
48 hours	0.62	0.115	318	7	0.304

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.69	0.064	212	23	0.004
24 hours	0.65	0.057	212	30	0.008
48 hours	0.68	0.076	212	16	0.019

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	471.99234	74%	60%	1			
	401.9307	83%	54%	2	1.0	0.1	7.5
	361.16203	91%	47%	3	6.4	1.9	21.7
	634.77395	57%	70%	4	4.3	1.2	15.7
	871.13405	30%	80%				
	1274.9436	22%	90%				
24 hours	458.31139	71%	59%	1			
	309.24101	80%	41%	2	1.5	0.6	3.7
	181.96421	91%	23%	3	3.4	1.7	7.0
	634.77395	54%	70%	4	3.7	1.8	7.5

Fig. 2 - 3

	871.13405	34%	80%				
	1274.9436	20%	90%				
48 hours	433.14494	72%	56%	1			
	174.1918	83%	22%	2	0.2	0.0	2.9
	63.729059	94%	6%	3	1.0	0.4	2.8
	634.77395	56%	70%	4	2.4	1.1	5.3
	871.13405	50%	80%				
	1274.9436	22%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	547.65274	100%	58%	1			
	547.65274	100%	58%	2	na	na	na
	547.65274	100%	58%	3	na	na	na
	763.54383	0%	70%	4	na	na	na
	994.85278	0%	80%				
	1339.5034	0%	90%				
24 hours	458.96808	75%	51%	1			
	236.40802	88%	28%	2	1.0	0.0	52.3
	85.564359	100%	9%	3	4.2	0.3	50.6
	763.54383	38%	70%	4	2.0	0.1	39.7
	994.85278	25%	80%				
	1339.5034	25%	90%				
48 hours	606.00549	71%	63%	1			
	373.50372	86%	41%	2	1.0	0.0	52.9
	63.729059	100%	6%	3	2.0	0.1	40.2
	763.54383	57%	70%	4	3.0	0.2	43.5
	994.85278	14%	80%				
	1339.5034	14%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	471.99234	74%	58%	1			
	405.06523	83%	51%	2	1.5	0.3	8.2
	361.16203	91%	43%	3	5.0	1.4	18.0
	664.06712	52%	70%	4	5.0	1.4	18.0
	850.96347	35%	80%				
	1209.6432	22%	90%				
24 hours	458.31139	70%	56%	1			
	387.70579	80%	46%	2	2.1	0.7	5.9
	254.75162	90%	32%	3	3.8	1.5	9.6
	664.06712	53%	70%	4	4.2	1.7	10.3
	850.96347	33%	80%				
	1209.6432	17%	90%				
48 hours	468.66836	75%	57%	1			
	421.70745	81%	53%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	156.4651	94%	20%	3	1.7	0.6	5.3
	664.06712	56%	70%	4	2.9	1.1	7.8
	850.96347	50%	80%				
	1209.6432	31%	90%				

Fig. 2 - 4

Interleukin-16

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.510	9.890	8.510	11.600	8.510	14.650
average	38.048	34.959	38.048	85.756	38.048	27.446
stdev	110.313	80.369	110.313	204.858	110.313	52.785
p (t-test)		0.886		0.023		0.685
min	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265
max	1100.000	323.000	1100.000	1010.000	1100.000	227.000
n (Samp)	419	27	419	36	419	18
n (Pat)	164	27	164	36	164	18

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.665	33.900	8.665	20.900	8.665	17.900
average	41.200	292.390	41.200	222.552	41.200	71.981
stdev	117.455	459.575	117.455	311.611	117.455	87.200
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.490
min	0.265	5.250	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265
max	1100.000	1080.000	1100.000	857.000	1100.000	227.000
n (Samp)	518	5	518	9	518	7
n (Pat)	199	5	199	9	199	7

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.760	10.745	8.760	11.600	8.760	16.800
average	41.162	24.783	41.162	66.621	41.162	26.572
stdev	110.559	57.124	110.559	195.995	110.559	54.657
p (t-test)		0.455		0.262		0.600
min	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265
max	891.000	294.000	891.000	1010.000	891.000	229.000
n (Samp)	352	26	352	30	352	16
n (Pat)	133	26	133	30	133	16

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.52	0.058	419	27	0.688
24 hours	0.55	0.051	419	36	0.330
48 hours	0.57	0.072	419	18	0.324

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.78	0.123	518	5	0.025
24 hours	0.66	0.100	518	9	0.114
48 hours	0.70	0.111	518	7	0.069

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.51	0.059	352	26	0.847
24 hours	0.54	0.056	352	30	0.509
48 hours	0.57	0.076	352	16	0.347

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	5.16	70%	33%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.0	0.5	2.0
	0	100%	0%	3	1.5	0.9	2.8
	15.8	33%	70%	4	1.0	0.5	2.0
	23.7	19%	80%				
	81.9	7%	90%				
24 hours	4.72	72%	32%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	3.2	1.6	6.4
	0	100%	0%	3	2.9	1.4	5.9
	15.8	39%	70%	4	2.3	1.1	4.9

Fig. 2 - 5

	23.7	19%	80%				
	81.9	19%	90%				
48 hours	10.7	72%	60%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	1.6	0.8	3.2
	15.8	50%	70%	4	1.0	0.4	2.3
	23.7	17%	80%				
	81.9	6%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	19.6	80%	75%	1			
	19.6	80%	75%	2	na	na	na
	5.2	100%	34%	3	na	na	na
	17.4	80%	71%	4	na	na	na
	24.7	60%	80%				
	85.9	40%	90%				
24 hours	4.72	78%	32%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.5	0.0	9.6
	0	100%	0%	3	0.5	0.0	9.6
	17.4	56%	71%	4	2.5	0.6	10.3
	24.7	44%	80%				
	85.9	44%	90%				
48 hours	14.1	71%	65%	1			
	13	86%	63%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	3.0	0.2	42.9
	17.4	57%	71%	4	3.0	0.2	42.5
	24.7	43%	80%				
	85.9	29%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	5.15	73%	32%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.8	0.4	1.7
	0	100%	0%	3	1.7	1.0	3.1
	17.4	31%	70%	4	0.8	0.4	1.7
	25.3	15%	80%				
	88.6	4%	90%				
24 hours	5.27	70%	33%	1			
	4.07	80%	28%	2	1.6	0.8	3.2
	0	100%	0%	3	2.4	1.3	4.4
	17.4	37%	70%	4	1.2	0.6	2.6
	25.3	17%	80%				
	88.6	13%	90%				
48 hours	10.7	75%	59%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	2.4	1.1	5.1
	17.4	50%	70%	4	0.7	0.2	2.4
	25.3	6%	80%				
	88.6	6%	90%				

Fig. 2 - 6

Interleukin-2

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.324	0.362	0.324	0.352	0.324	0.347
average	1.190	1.248	1.190	1.139	1.190	1.206
stdev	6.550	3.498	6.550	1.984	6.550	1.968
p (t-test)		0.967		0.963		0.992
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	96.860	17.085	96.860	9.984	96.860	7.061
n (Samp)	247	23	247	35	247	18
n (Pat)	159	23	159	35	159	18

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.335	0.392	0.335	0.171	0.335	0.475
average	1.162	0.392	1.162	0.657	1.162	1.661
stdev	5.876	0.308	5.876	1.340	5.876	2.553
p (t-test)		0.853		0.809		0.823
min	0.000	0.173	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.067
max	96.860	0.610	96.860	3.946	96.860	7.061
n (Samp)	319	2	319	8	319	7
n (Pat)	188	2	188	8	188	7

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.341	0.362	0.341	0.469	0.341	0.315
average	1.246	1.240	1.246	1.189	1.246	0.739
stdev	6.996	3.499	6.996	2.044	6.996	1.310
p (t-test)		0.997		0.965		0.773
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	96.860	17.085	96.860	9.984	96.860	5.096
n (Samp)	213	23	213	30	213	16
n (Pat)	132	23	132	30	132	16

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.57	0.065	247	23	0.295
24 hours	0.58	0.053	247	35	0.131
48 hours	0.58	0.073	247	18	0.277

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.55	0.211	319	2	0.803
24 hours	0.43	0.097	319	8	0.451
48 hours	0.64	0.114	319	7	0.227

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.55	0.065	213	23	0.429
24 hours	0.61	0.058	213	30	0.057
48 hours	0.52	0.076	213	16	0.815

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.2957788	74%	45%	1			
	0.1721567	83%	36%	2	2.1	0.7	5.9
	0	100%	0%	3	2.5	0.9	6.7
	0.5221122	35%	70%	4	2.4	0.9	6.6
	0.66824	22%	80%				
	1.3590551	13%	90%				
24 hours	0.189991	71%	37%	1			
	0.1007266	80%	31%	2	2.0	1.1	3.5
	0	100%	0%	3	0.6	0.3	1.6
	0.5221122	46%	70%	4	2.6	1.5	4.5

Fig. 2 - 7

	0.66824	40%	80%				
	1.3590551	20%	90%				
48 hours	0.2893007	72%	45%	1			
	0.1721567	83%	36%	2	6.5	0.6	68.1
	0.0642177	94%	28%	3	6.5	0.6	68.1
	0.5221122	28%	70%	4	5.2	0.5	58.6
	0.66824	22%	80%				
	1.3590551	22%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.1721567	100%	34%	1			
	0.1721567	100%	34%	2	na	na	na
	0.1721567	100%	34%	3	na	na	na
	0.5364781	50%	71%	4	na	na	na
	0.7060623	0%	80%				
	1.8315249	0%	90%				
24 hours	0.1009757	75%	29%	1			
	0.0217451	88%	24%	2	1.0	0.0	52.9
	0	100%	0%	3	4.2	0.3	50.6
	0.5364781	13%	71%	4	2.1	0.1	40.7
	0.7060623	13%	80%				
	1.8315249	13%	90%				
48 hours	0.3346316	71%	50%	1			
	0.1824273	86%	35%	2	na	na	na
	0.0642177	100%	26%	3	na	na	na
	0.5364781	43%	71%	4	na	na	na
	0.7060623	43%	80%				
	1.8315249	29%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.2957788	74%	44%	1			
	0.1767872	83%	36%	2	2.9	1.1	7.7
	0	100%	0%	3	2.1	0.7	6.1
	0.5328803	30%	70%	4	2.1	0.7	6.1
	0.6729637	22%	80%				
	1.3590551	13%	90%				
24 hours	0.2382322	70%	38%	1			
	0.189991	80%	36%	2	1.4	0.7	3.0
	0.0054977	90%	25%	3	1.0	0.4	2.3
	0.5328803	50%	70%	4	3.0	1.6	5.5
	0.6729637	43%	80%				
	1.3590551	20%	90%				
48 hours	0.1734947	75%	35%	1			
	0.1721567	81%	35%	2	9.1	0.9	89.4
	0.1007266	94%	30%	3	4.2	0.3	52.6
	0.5328803	19%	70%	4	3.1	0.2	44.7
	0.6729637	13%	80%				
	1.3590551	13%	90%				

Fig. 2 - 8

Interleukin-12 p40

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4.969	12.424	4.969	5.527	4.969	4.430
average	9.192	12.330	9.192	8.602	9.192	9.721
stdev	11.716	11.953	11.716	11.722	11.716	12.198
p (t-test)		0.221		0.781		0.854
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	66.881	41.936	66.881	51.256	66.881	37.732
n (Samp)	246	23	246	35	246	18
n (Pat)	159	23	159	35	159	18

sCr only

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5.790	7.194	5.790	1.290	5.790	11.189
average	9.742	7.194	9.742	8.688	9.742	13.677
stdev	11.907	2.929	11.907	13.638	11.907	15.140
p (t-test)		0.763		0.806		0.390
min	0.000	5.122	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	66.881	9.265	66.881	31.752	66.881	37.732
n (Samp)	318	2	318	8	318	7
n (Pat)	188	2	188	8	188	7

UO only

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5.412	12.424	5.412	5.678	5.412	3.090
average	9.657	12.173	9.657	8.087	9.657	7.275
stdev	11.684	12.128	11.684	10.916	11.684	10.205
p (t-test)		0.329		0.488		0.429
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	61.635	41.936	61.635	51.256	61.635	36.364
n (Samp)	212	23	212	30	212	16
n (Pat)	132	23	132	30	132	16

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.57	0.065	246	23	0.265
24 hours	0.47	0.051	246	35	0.542
48 hours	0.50	0.071	246	18	0.958

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.54	0.210	318	2	0.831
24 hours	0.41	0.096	318	8	0.354
48 hours	0.54	0.113	318	7	0.716

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.55	0.065	212	23	0.459
24 hours	0.46	0.055	212	30	0.446
48 hours	0.43	0.071	212	16	0.343

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.3	0.1	1.0
	0	100%	0%	3	0.8	0.4	1.7
	11.45037	52%	70%	4	1.1	0.6	2.1
	15.294181	35%	80%				
	24.020041	17%	90%				
24 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.7	1.0	2.9
	0	100%	0%	3	1.3	0.8	2.4
	11.45037	20%	70%	4	1.2	0.7	2.1

Fig. 2 - 9

	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	15.294181	20%	80%				
	24.020041	14%	90%				
48 hours	0.716221	72%	31%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.8	0.3	2.0
	0	100%	0%	3	0.8	0.3	2.0
	11.45037	28%	70%	4	1.0	0.4	2.3
	15.294181	22%	80%				
	24.020041	11%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4.8148825	100%	47%	1			
	4.8148825	100%	47%	2	na	na	na
	4.8148825	100%	47%	3	na	na	na
	12.423804	0%	70%	4	na	na	na
	17.550707	0%	80%				
	25.306177	0%	90%				
24 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.5	0.0	9.9
	0	100%	0%	3	0.5	0.0	9.8
	12.423804	25%	70%	4	2.1	0.5	9.5
	17.550707	25%	80%				
	25.306177	25%	90%				
48 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	0.3	0.0	4.7
	12.423804	43%	70%	4	1.0	0.3	3.8
	17.550707	43%	80%				
	25.306177	29%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.3	0.1	1.0
	0	100%	0%	3	0.8	0.4	1.6
	12.058681	52%	70%	4	1.1	0.6	2.1
	16.350232	35%	80%				
	25.14651	17%	90%				
24 hours	1.7242982	70%	34%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	2.5	1.3	4.8
	0	100%	0%	3	1.7	0.8	3.4
	12.058681	17%	70%	4	1.2	0.6	2.7
	16.350232	17%	80%				
	25.14651	7%	90%				
48 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.0	0.3	4.0
	0	100%	0%	3	1.7	0.6	5.3
	12.058681	19%	70%	4	1.7	0.6	5.3
	16.350232	13%	80%				
	25.14651	6%	90%				

Fig. 2 - 10

Matrix metalloproteinase-2

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	21.200	24.400	21.200	24.100	21.200	22.600
average	27.778	28.301	27.778	68.594	27.778	28.755
stdev	31.632	21.083	31.632	208.990	31.632	19.398
p (t-test)		0.932		0.000		0.897
min	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	2.470
max	371.000	98.500	371.000	1280.000	371.000	81.000
n (Samp)	419	27	419	36	419	18
n (Pat)	164	27	164	36	164	18

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	21.600	29.100	21.600	44.600	21.600	36.900
average	30.233	33.628	30.233	44.133	30.233	48.901
stdev	62.708	24.214	62.708	22.001	62.708	30.933
p (t-test)		0.904		0.507		0.432
min	0.600	6.640	0.600	11.000	0.600	8.610
max	1280.000	69.500	1280.000	71.500	1280.000	83.700
n (Samp)	518	5	518	9	518	7
n (Pat)	199	5	199	9	199	7

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	21.600	23.750	21.600	22.000	21.600	25.850
average	28.392	27.162	28.392	72.997	28.392	28.324
stdev	33.380	19.414	33.380	229.169	33.380	16.072
p (t-test)		0.853		0.001		0.994
min	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	2.470
max	371.000	98.500	371.000	1280.000	371.000	59.000
n (Samp)	352	26	352	30	352	16
n (Pat)	133	26	133	30	133	16

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.059	419	27	0.299
24 hours	0.62	0.052	419	36	0.016
48 hours	0.56	0.071	419	18	0.391

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.60	0.135	518	5	0.439
24 hours	0.75	0.095	518	9	0.008
48 hours	0.73	0.109	518	7	0.034

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.55	0.060	352	26	0.363
24 hours	0.59	0.057	352	30	0.119
48 hours	0.58	0.076	352	16	0.325

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	20.9	70%	49%	1			
	18.1	81%	40%	2	1.3	0.5	3.1
	5.33	93%	6%	3	3.2	1.6	6.5
	27.9	30%	70%	4	1.5	0.6	3.6
	35.1	15%	80%				
	51.6	15%	90%				
24 hours	21.2	72%	50%	1			
	19.1	81%	43%	2	3.1	1.3	7.8
	13.3	92%	26%	3	3.5	1.5	8.6
	27.9	42%	70%	4	5.1	2.2	11.8

Fig. 2 - 11

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	35.1	33%	80%				
	51.6	25%	90%				
48 hours	21.4	72%	50%	1			
	11.5	83%	19%	2	0.2	0.0	2.1
	8.5	94%	11%	3	0.8	0.3	2.0
	27.9	44%	70%	4	1.6	0.8	3.2
	35.1	33%	80%				
	51.6	11%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	19.1	80%	42%	1			
	19.1	80%	42%	2	1.0	0.0	51.5
	6.63	100%	9%	3	1.0	0.0	51.5
	28.2	60%	70%	4	2.0	0.1	39.0
	35.4	40%	80%				
	53.7	20%	90%				
24 hours	25.9	78%	65%	1			
	24	89%	61%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	10.9	100%	16%	3	3.0	0.2	42.5
	28.2	67%	70%	4	5.1	0.5	55.4
	35.4	56%	80%				
	53.7	44%	90%				
48 hours	32.1	71%	77%	1			
	22.5	86%	54%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	8.5	100%	12%	3	1.0	0.0	51.9
	28.2	71%	70%	4	5.1	0.5	55.4
	35.4	57%	80%				
	53.7	43%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	20.4	73%	47%	1			
	18.2	81%	40%	2	2.0	0.7	5.7
	5.14	92%	5%	3	4.4	1.9	10.5
	28.3	23%	70%	4	1.7	0.6	5.0
	36	12%	80%				
	50.7	12%	90%				
24 hours	19.9	70%	46%	1			
	19.1	80%	43%	2	5.4	1.6	18.3
	13.6	90%	27%	3	4.9	1.4	16.8
	28.3	33%	70%	4	4.8	1.4	16.6
	36	27%	80%				
	50.7	23%	90%				
48 hours	21.1	75%	49%	1			
	12.3	81%	21%	2	0.5	0.1	2.2
	9.57	94%	13%	3	1.0	0.4	2.8
	28.3	50%	70%	4	1.5	0.6	3.6
	36	25%	80%				
	50.7	13%	90%				

Fig. 2 - 12

Serum amyloid P-component

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	1.733	1.521	1.733	3.891	1.733	4.107
average	4.934	3.828	4.934	12.935	4.934	8.071
stdev	8.676	5.462	8.676	26.779	8.676	10.828
p (t-test)		0.558		0.000		0.158
min	0.038	0.025	0.038	0.129	0.038	0.269
max	58.307	22.353	58.307	152.000	58.307	44.971
n (Samp)	239	22	239	35	239	17
n (Pat)	156	22	156	35	156	17

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	1.838	0.025	1.838	7.887	1.838	7.601
average	5.752	3.123	5.752	8.811	5.752	10.246
stdev	12.201	na	12.201	7.923	12.201	11.896
p (t-test)		na		0.482		0.336
min	0.025	3.123	0.025	0.431	0.025	0.269
max	152.000	3.123	152.000	22.381	152.000	34.528
n (Samp)	310	1	310	8	310	7
n (Pat)	185	1	185	8	185	7

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	1.979	1.521	1.979	3.117	1.979	5.087
average	5.639	3.979	5.639	13.447	5.639	9.831
stdev	9.025	5.358	9.025	28.777	9.025	12.096
p (t-test)		0.388		0.003		0.102
min	0.038	0.025	0.038	0.129	0.038	1.085
max	58.307	22.353	58.307	152.000	58.307	44.971
n (Samp)	207	23	207	30	207	14
n (Pat)	130	23	130	30	130	14

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.50	0.064	239	22	0.995
24 hours	0.64	0.053	239	35	0.011
48 hours	0.67	0.074	239	17	0.022

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.63	0.301	310	1	0.676
24 hours	0.66	0.107	310	8	0.125
48 hours	0.65	0.114	310	7	0.174

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.49	0.063	207	23	0.831
24 hours	0.61	0.058	207	30	0.069
48 hours	0.69	0.081	207	14	0.021

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1.0844797	73%	40%	1			
	0.6598911	82%	27%	2	4.2	1.7	10.3
	0.617452	91%	26%	3	1.0	0.3	3.9
	3.9445692	27%	70%	4	1.7	0.6	5.1
	6.4927358	23%	80%				
	12.688918	9%	91%				
24 hours	1.7074782	71%	49%	1			
	0.8588182	80%	34%	2	1.2	0.6	2.3
	0.4680993	91%	18%	3	1.0	0.5	2.0
	3.9445692	49%	70%	4	3.1	1.9	5.2

Fig. 2 - 13

	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	6.4927358	46%	80%				
	12.688918	23%	91%				
48 hours	3.0914813	71%	64%	1			
	1.0852451	82%	40%	2	4.2	0.3	51.9
	1.028192	94%	38%	3	4.2	0.3	51.9
	3.9445692	53%	70%	4	9.0	0.9	87.2
	6.4927358	41%	80%				
	12.688918	24%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	3.1116249	100%	63%	1			
	3.1116249	100%	63%	2	na	na	na
	3.1116249	100%	63%	3	na	na	na
	4.2002819	0%	70%	4	na	na	na
	7.0241397	0%	80%				
	13.552771	0%	90%				
24 hours	1.6307525	75%	46%	1			
	0.9853183	88%	33%	2	2.0	0.1	39.8
	0.3919172	100%	13%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	4.2002819	63%	70%	4	5.2	0.5	57.5
	7.0241397	50%	80%				
	13.552771	25%	90%				
48 hours	2.7653229	71%	60%	1			
	1.028192	86%	34%	2	1.0	0.0	53.0
	0.2564023	100%	8%	3	1.0	0.0	53.0
	4.2002819	57%	70%	4	4.1	0.3	50.1
	7.0241397	57%	80%				
	13.552771	14%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1.0844797	74%	37%	1			
	0.6598911	83%	25%	2	0.6	0.2	1.8
	0.5885975	91%	24%	3	2.5	1.3	4.7
	5.0110557	26%	70%	4	0.8	0.3	2.1
	8.3049933	13%	80%				
	16.375793	4%	90%				
24 hours	1.7574663	70%	48%	1			
	0.8588182	80%	31%	2	1.5	0.7	3.1
	0.513498	90%	20%	3	1.5	0.7	3.1
	5.0110557	40%	70%	4	2.4	1.3	4.6
	8.3049933	37%	80%				
	16.375793	20%	90%				
48 hours	3.3281087	71%	62%	1			
	1.1230311	86%	37%	2	na	na	na
	1.0852451	93%	37%	3	na	na	na
	5.0110557	50%	70%	4	na	na	na
	8.3049933	29%	80%				
	16.375793	21%	90%				

Fig. 2 - 14

Matrix metalloproteinase-9

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2919.594	10759.715	2919.594	12341.776	2919.594	11363.291
average	12657.744	34384.107	12657.744	28004.195	12657.744	28146.981
stdev	24357.723	49699.726	24357.723	29887.313	24357.723	38420.607
p (t-test)		0.000		0.001		0.014
min	3.588	192.720	3.588	132.776	3.588	200.747
max	159217.283	176209.055	159217.283	109530.934	159217.283	135985.892
n (Samp)	244	23	244	35	244	18
n (Pat)	158	23	158	35	158	18

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4240.182	2031.186	4240.182	5260.972	4240.182	12438.574
average	16510.837	2031.186	16510.837	11325.761	16510.837	37696.949
stdev	29366.734	2537.874	29366.734	19036.200	29366.734	43094.574
p (t-test)		0.487		0.620		0.063
min	3.588	236.639	3.588	132.776	3.588	499.433
max	176209.055	3825.734	176209.055	56621.227	176209.055	112264.995
n (Samp)	316	2	316	8	316	7
n (Pat)	187	2	187	8	187	7

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	3619.946	10759.715	3619.946	20253.666	3619.946	8974.200
average	13298.584	34266.775	13298.584	30160.313	13298.584	26828.382
stdev	24677.703	49778.384	24677.703	30591.303	24677.703	39232.221
p (t-test)		0.001		0.001		0.045
min	3.588	115.408	3.588	133.538	3.588	200.747
max	159217.283	176209.055	159217.283	109530.934	159217.283	135985.892
n (Samp)	211	23	211	30	211	16
n (Pat)	131	23	131	30	131	16

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.70	0.063	244	23	0.002
24 hours	0.67	0.053	244	35	0.001
48 hours	0.65	0.072	244	18	0.035

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.29	0.154	316	2	0.174
24 hours	0.44	0.099	316	8	0.539
48 hours	0.65	0.114	316	7	0.175

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.67	0.064	211	23	0.007
24 hours	0.69	0.056	211	30	0.001
48 hours	0.63	0.077	211	16	0.100

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	6333.2486	74%	65%	1			
	3813.5508	83%	56%	2	0.3	0.0	4.6
	252.42408	91%	10%	3	3.3	1.3	8.3
	8081.4656	61%	70%	4	3.7	1.5	9.2
	13914.318	43%	80%				
	44000	26%	92%				
24 hours	4191.8645	71%	56%	1			
	1859.8427	80%	39%	2	1.0	0.4	2.3
	400.98346	91%	16%	3	1.7	0.8	3.3
	8081.4656	63%	70%	4	4.1	2.3	7.3

Fig. 2 - 15

	13914.318	49%	80%				
	44000	23%	92%				
48 hours	5664.4607	72%	62%	1			
	582.72741	83%	20%	2	0.2	0.0	2.9
	307.74357	94%	11%	3	1.0	0.4	2.8
	8081.4656	56%	70%	4	2.4	1.1	5.2
	13914.318	39%	80%				
	44000	22%	92%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	228.43976	100%	9%	1			
	228.43976	100%	9%	2	na	na	na
	228.43976	100%	9%	3	na	na	na
	11273.561	0%	70%	4	na	na	na
	21431.119	0%	80%				
	57264.518	0%	90%				
24 hours	400.98346	75%	15%	1			
	201.31688	88%	8%	2	3.1	0.2	44.1
	129.86648	100%	6%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	11273.561	25%	70%	4	4.2	0.3	50.6
	21431.119	13%	80%				
	57264.518	0%	90%				
48 hours	9943.6746	71%	68%	1			
	582.72741	86%	19%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	493.76972	100%	17%	3	1.0	0.1	7.4
	11273.561	57%	70%	4	1.5	0.3	8.1
	21431.119	43%	80%				
	57264.518	43%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	6380.8915	74%	62%	1			
	2194.6163	83%	42%	2	0.6	0.1	3.5
	252.42408	91%	9%	3	2.9	1.1	7.8
	9558.2526	57%	70%	4	3.7	1.5	9.4
	15700.544	39%	80%				
	44000	26%	92%				
24 hours	4633.5168	70%	55%	1			
	2068.3695	80%	40%	2	1.3	0.5	3.3
	1142.4862	90%	26%	3	1.3	0.5	3.3
	9558.2526	60%	70%	4	5.0	2.5	9.9
	15700.544	53%	80%				
	44000	23%	92%				
48 hours	3813.5508	75%	51%	1			
	2459.3861	81%	43%	2	0.6	0.1	3.5
	200.74676	94%	8%	3	1.3	0.4	4.5
	9558.2526	50%	70%	4	2.5	0.9	6.8
	15700.544	31%	80%				
	44000	19%	92%				

Fig. 2 - 16

Clusterin

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	108.761	96.960	108.761	96.960	108.761	96.960
average	168.738	146.608	168.738	146.608	168.738	146.608
stdev	165.033	185.858	165.033	185.858	165.033	185.858
p (t-test)		0.611		0.611		0.611
min	7.973	5.052	7.973	5.052	7.973	5.052
max	684.578	715.260	684.578	715.260	684.578	715.260
n (Samp)	54	22	54	22	54	22
n (Pat)	54	22	54	22	54	22

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	80.501	58.315	80.501	58.315	80.501	58.315
average	122.269	60.418	122.269	60.418	122.269	60.418
stdev	143.085	37.189	143.085	37.189	143.085	37.189
p (t-test)		0.407		0.407		0.407
min	5.052	23.097	5.052	23.097	5.052	23.097
max	526.949	101.944	526.949	101.944	526.949	101.944
n (Samp)	20	4	20	4	20	4
n (Pat)	20	4	20	4	20	4

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	111.123	95.181	111.123	95.181	111.123	95.181
average	403.189	168.328	403.189	168.328	403.189	168.328
stdev	1515.416	206.344	1515.416	206.344	1515.416	206.344
p (t-test)		0.529		0.529		0.529
min	9.088	37.552	9.088	37.552	9.088	37.552
max	10168.806	715.260	10168.806	715.260	10168.806	715.260
n (Samp)	44	17	44	17	44	17
n (Pat)	44	17	44	17	44	17

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.47	0.073	54	22	0.685
24 hours	0.47	0.073	54	22	0.685
48 hours	0.47	0.073	54	22	0.685

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.40	0.151	20	4	0.506
24 hours	0.40	0.151	20	4	0.506
48 hours	0.40	0.151	20	4	0.506

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.48	0.083	44	17	0.795
24 hours	0.48	0.083	44	17	0.795
48 hours	0.48	0.083	44	17	0.795

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	69.662131	73%	37%	1			
	60.30808	82%	35%	2	6.2	1.4	28.2
	35.699167	91%	26%	3	7.7	1.7	34.6
	250.3383	9%	70%	4	1.6	0.2	10.4
	316.00649	9%	81%				
	400	9%	91%				
24 hours	69.662131	73%	37%	1			
	60.30808	82%	35%	2	6.2	1.4	28.2

Fig. 3 - 1

	35.699167	91%	26%	3	7.7	1.7	34.6
	250.3383	9%	70%	4	1.6	0.2	10.4
	316.00649	9%	81%				
	400	9%	91%				
48 hours	69.662131	73%	37%	1			
	60.30808	82%	35%	2	6.2	1.4	28.2
	35.699167	91%	26%	3	7.7	1.7	34.6
	250.3383	9%	70%	4	1.6	0.2	10.4
	316.00649	9%	81%				
	400	9%	91%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	69.662131	71%	34%	1			
	62.600557	82%	32%	2	3.5	0.6	19.3
	55.600211	94%	32%	3	10.5	2.0	55.5
	268.89919	12%	70%	4	0.5	0.0	12.5
	359.30566	12%	82%				
	400	12%	91%				
24 hours	69.662131	71%	34%	1			
	62.600557	82%	32%	2	3.5	0.6	19.3
	55.600211	94%	32%	3	10.5	2.0	55.5
	268.89919	12%	70%	4	0.5	0.0	12.5
	359.30566	12%	82%				
	400	12%	91%				
48 hours	69.662131	71%	34%	1			
	62.600557	82%	32%	2	3.5	0.6	19.3
	55.600211	94%	32%	3	10.5	2.0	55.5
	268.89919	12%	70%	4	0.5	0.0	12.5
	359.30566	12%	82%				
	400	12%	91%				

Fig. 3 - 2

Serum amyloid P-component

sCr UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	1.979	3.891	1.979	3.891	1.979	3.891
average	6.056	10.083	6.056	10.083	6.056	10.083
stdev	9.464	14.097	9.464	14.097	9.464	14.097
p (t-test)		0.148		0.148		0.148
min	0.038	0.731	0.038	0.731	0.038	0.731
max	37.076	51.558	37.076	51.558	37.076	51.558
n (Samp)	53	23	53	23	53	23
n (Pat)	53	23	53	23	53	23

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	1.868	10.596	1.868	10.596	1.868	10.596
average	7.989	12.013	7.989	12.013	7.989	12.013
stdev	14.702	7.639	14.702	7.639	14.702	7.639
p (t-test)		0.604		0.604		0.604
min	0.038	4.481	0.038	4.481	0.038	4.481
max	51.558	22.381	51.558	22.381	51.558	22.381
n (Samp)	20	4	20	4	20	4
n (Pat)	20	4	20	4	20	4

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2.578	2.983	2.578	2.983	2.578	2.983
average	7.074	5.546	7.074	5.546	7.074	5.546
stdev	10.048	7.077	10.048	7.077	10.048	7.077
p (t-test)		0.560		0.560		0.560
min	0.038	0.731	0.038	0.731	0.038	0.731
max	37.076	29.750	37.076	29.750	37.076	29.750
n (Samp)	43	18	43	18	43	18
n (Pat)	43	18	43	18	43	18

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.67	0.070	53	23	0.016
24 hours	0.67	0.070	53	23	0.016
48 hours	0.67	0.070	53	23	0.016

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.83	0.135	20	4	0.016
24 hours	0.83	0.135	20	4	0.016
48 hours	0.83	0.135	20	4	0.016

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.57	0.082	43	18	0.379
24 hours	0.57	0.082	43	18	0.379
48 hours	0.57	0.082	43	18	0.379

Fig. 3 - 3

Matrix metalloproteinase-9

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	3505.601	22269.362	3505.601	22269.362	3505.601	22269.362
average	12914.017	37532.158	12914.017	37532.158	12914.017	37532.158
stdev	22424.789	38644.771	22424.789	38644.771	22424.789	38644.771
p (t-test)		0.001		0.001		0.001
min	55.139	104.612	55.139	104.612	55.139	104.612
max	102501.267	109530.934	102501.267	109530.934	102501.267	109530.934
n (Samp)	53	23	53	23	53	23
n (Pat)	53	23	53	23	53	23

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4274.887	4935.166	4274.887	4935.166	4274.887	4935.166
average	9968.290	17537.123	9968.290	17537.123	9968.290	17537.123
stdev	16421.761	28773.904	16421.761	28773.904	16421.761	28773.904
p (t-test)		0.470		0.470		0.470
min	111.032	104.612	111.032	104.612	111.032	104.612
max	63552.815	60173.549	63552.815	60173.549	63552.815	60173.549
n (Samp)	19	4	19	4	19	4
n (Pat)	19	4	19	4	19	4

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	6145.916	33134.681	6145.916	33134.681	6145.916	33134.681
average	17708.819	38710.302	17708.819	38710.302	17708.819	38710.302
stdev	27866.487	37725.444	27866.487	37725.444	27866.487	37725.444
p (t-test)		0.018		0.018		0.018
min	55.139	127.318	55.139	127.318	55.139	127.318
max	109490.680	109530.934	109490.680	109530.934	109490.680	109530.934
n (Samp)	44	18	44	18	44	18
n (Pat)	44	18	44	18	44	18

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.66	0.071	53	23	0.029
24 hours	0.66	0.071	53	23	0.029
48 hours	0.66	0.071	53	23	0.029

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.43	0.156	19	4	0.673
24 hours	0.43	0.156	19	4	0.673
48 hours	0.43	0.156	19	4	0.673

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.65	0.080	44	18	0.061
24 hours	0.65	0.080	44	18	0.061
48 hours	0.65	0.080	44	18	0.061

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4274.8868	74%	53%	1			
	414.7431	83%	17%	2	0.4	0.1	1.4
	122.63715	91%	4%	3	0.4	0.1	1.4
	12108.63	61%	72%	4	3.0	1.2	7.3
	13914.318	57%	81%				
	37633.202	48%	91%				
24 hours	4274.8868	74%	53%	1			
	414.7431	83%	17%	2	0.4	0.1	1.4
	122.63715	91%	4%	3	0.4	0.1	1.4
	12108.63	61%	72%	4	3.0	1.2	7.3
	13914.318	57%	81%				

Fig. 3 - 4

	37633.202	48%	91%				
48 hours	4274.8868	74%	53%	1			
	414.7431	83%	17%	2	0.4	0.1	1.4
	122.63715	91%	4%	3	0.4	0.1	1.4
	12108.63	61%	72%	4	3.0	1.2	7.3
	13914.318	57%	81%				
	37633.202	48%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	201.31688	75%	11%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.0	0.0	110.4
	0	100%	0%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	11273.561	25%	74%	4	3.3	0.1	179.3
	12659.713	25%	84%				
	44000	25%	95%				
24 hours	201.31688	75%	11%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.0	0.0	110.4
	0	100%	0%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	11273.561	25%	74%	4	3.3	0.1	179.3
	12659.713	25%	84%				
	44000	25%	95%				
48 hours	201.31688	75%	11%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.0	0.0	110.4
	0	100%	0%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	11273.561	25%	74%	4	3.3	0.1	179.3
	12659.713	25%	84%				
	44000	25%	95%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4882.635	72%	45%	1			
	817.28764	83%	20%	2	0.6	0.1	2.8
	190.36647	94%	9%	3	0.4	0.1	2.6
	13914.318	61%	70%	4	3.5	1.1	11.3
	31712.706	50%	82%				
	44000	33%	91%				
24 hours	4882.635	72%	45%	1			
	817.28764	83%	20%	2	0.6	0.1	2.8
	190.36647	94%	9%	3	0.4	0.1	2.6
	13914.318	61%	70%	4	3.5	1.1	11.3
	31712.706	50%	82%				
	44000	33%	91%				
48 hours	4882.635	72%	45%	1			
	817.28764	83%	20%	2	0.6	0.1	2.8
	190.36647	94%	9%	3	0.4	0.1	2.6
	13914.318	61%	70%	4	3.5	1.1	11.3
	31712.706	50%	82%				
	44000	33%	91%				

Fig. 3 - 5

Fatty acid binding protein, heart

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	117.500	922.000	117.500	1031.000	117.500	1787.500
average	455.927	3033.788	455.927	3105.880	455.927	2692.297
stdev	1028.417	4083.693	1028.417	4170.880	1028.417	2926.900
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.000
min	1.880	11.000	1.880	5.180	1.880	4.070
max	8087.000	14771.000	8087.000	14771.000	8087.000	8087.000
n (Samp)	104	17	104	16	104	10
n (Pat)	104	17	104	16	104	10

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	149.500	1050.500	149.500	1050.500	149.500	577.000
average	702.389	4277.500	702.389	4274.898	702.389	2880.614
stdev	1678.295	5418.522	1678.295	5420.638	1678.295	3577.676
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.007
min	1.880	11.000	1.880	5.180	1.880	4.070
max	13231.000	14771.000	13231.000	14771.000	13231.000	8087.000
n (Samp)	170	8	170	8	170	5
n (Pat)	170	8	170	8	170	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	118.000	922.000	118.000	1031.000	118.000	3000.000
average	554.147	2396.582	554.147	2450.290	554.147	3026.271
stdev	1367.982	2728.736	1367.982	2781.185	1367.982	3123.056
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.000
min	3.520	38.600	3.520	16.300	3.520	16.300
max	8087.000	8087.000	8087.000	8087.000	8087.000	8087.000
n (Samp)	85	11	85	10	85	7
n (Pat)	85	11	85	10	85	7

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.80	0.067	104	17	0.000
24 hours	0.77	0.072	104	16	0.000
48 hours	0.71	0.095	104	10	0.026

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.79	0.097	170	8	0.003
24 hours	0.77	0.099	170	8	0.005
48 hours	0.70	0.133	170	5	0.124

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.81	0.082	85	11	0.000
24 hours	0.78	0.089	85	10	0.001
48 hours	0.75	0.109	85	7	0.021

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	582	71%	83%	1			
	408	82%	78%	2	2.1	0.1	45.0
	38.2	94%	37%	3	2.1	0.1	45.0
	255	82%	70%	4	18.3	1.8	181.6
	517	76%	81%				
	1260	35%	90%				
24 hours	566	75%	82%	1			
	338	81%	77%	2	0.5	0.0	10.5
	14.5	94%	21%	3	1.0	0.1	8.2
	255	81%	70%	4	8.1	2.1	30.7

Fig. 4 - 1

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	517	75%	81%				
	1260	38%	90%				
48 hours	338	70%	77%	1			
	38.2	80%	37%	2	0.5	0.0	10.2
	14.5	90%	21%	3	0.5	0.0	10.6
	255	70%	70%	4	3.4	0.8	14.7
	517	60%	81%				
	1260	50%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	582	75%	78%	1			
	566	88%	77%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	10.9	100%	10%	3	1.0	0.0	55.2
	306	88%	70%	4	6.6	0.6	71.7
	718	63%	80%				
	1790	38%	90%				
24 hours	573	75%	77%	1			
	566	88%	77%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	3.52	100%	2%	3	1.0	0.0	55.2
	306	88%	70%	4	6.6	0.6	71.7
	718	63%	80%				
	1790	38%	90%				
48 hours	566	80%	77%	1			
	566	80%	77%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	3.52	100%	2%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	306	80%	70%	4	4.2	0.3	53.6
	718	40%	80%				
	1790	40%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	582	73%	85%	1			
	408	82%	80%	2	na	na	na
	43.8	91%	39%	3	na	na	na
	271	82%	71%	4	na	na	na
	408	82%	80%				
	1360	36%	91%				
24 hours	566	70%	84%	1			
	338	80%	79%	2	1.0	0.0	57.4
	38.2	90%	38%	3	1.0	0.0	57.4
	271	80%	71%	4	9.1	0.8	104.4
	408	70%	80%				
	1360	40%	91%				
48 hours	338	71%	79%	1			
	38.2	86%	38%	2	1.0	0.0	60.2
	14.5	100%	20%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	271	71%	71%	4	6.1	0.5	78.3
	408	57%	80%				
	1360	57%	91%				

Fig. 4 - 2

Hepatocyte growth factor

sCr or UO

| | 0 hr prior to AKI stage | | 24 hr prior to AKI stage | | 48 hr prior to AKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	360.395	1297.169	360.395	1273.654	360.395	883.006
average	479.908	1833.085	479.908	1829.165	479.908	1210.215
stdev	456.701	2049.583	456.701	2049.918	456.701	899.150
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.000
min	27.880	86.357	27.880	86.357	27.880	86.357
max	2833.841	7839.221	2833.841	7839.221	2833.841	2726.014
n (Samp)	99	12	99	12	99	8
n (Pat)	99	12	99	12	99	8

sCr only

| | 0 hr prior toAKI stage | | 24 hr prior toAKI stage | | 48 hr prior toAKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	462.730	1297.169	462.730	1297.169	462.730	1273.654
average	724.237	1247.930	724.237	1247.930	724.237	1221.653
stdev	877.509	836.159	877.509	836.159	877.509	937.477
p (t-test)		0.153		0.153		0.265
min	27.880	86.357	27.880	86.357	27.880	86.357
max	7839.221	2252.946	7839.221	2252.946	7839.221	2252.946
n (Samp)	160	6	160	6	160	4
n (Pat)	160	6	160	6	160	4

UO only

| | 0 hr prior toAKI stage | | 24 hr prior toAKI stage | | 48 hr prior toAKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	367.333	1297.169	367.333	1273.654	367.333	883.006
average	463.070	2137.972	463.070	2132.093	463.070	1223.736
stdev	399.975	2414.366	399.975	2415.658	399.975	813.371
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.000
min	27.880	468.837	27.880	468.837	27.880	468.837
max	2258.303	7839.221	2258.303	7839.221	2258.303	2726.014
n (Samp)	84	8	84	8	84	6
n (Pat)	84	8	84	8	84	6

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.83	0.075	99	12	0.000
24 hours	0.83	0.075	99	12	0.000
48 hours	0.78	0.099	99	8	0.005

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.71	0.121	160	6	0.085
24 hours	0.71	0.121	160	6	0.085
48 hours	0.67	0.151	160	4	0.262

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.90	0.073	84	8	0.000
24 hours	0.90	0.073	84	8	0.000
48 hours	0.87	0.095	84	6	0.000

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	830.44724	75%	83%	1			
	634.77395	83%	78%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	468.66836	92%	68%	3	2.0	0.1	44.0
	518.79418	83%	71%	4	12.3	1.2	130.0
	739.74307	75%	81%				
	1069.5472	50%	91%				
24 hours	830.44724	75%	83%	1			
	634.77395	83%	78%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	468.66836	92%	68%	3	2.0	0.1	44.0
	518.79418	83%	71%	4	12.3	1.2	130.0
	739.74307	75%	81%				

Fig. 4 - 3

	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	1069.5472	50%	91%				
48 hours	830.44724	75%	83%	1			
	468.66836	88%	68%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	85.423471	100%	7%	3	1.0	0.0	56.5
	518.79418	75%	71%	4	7.1	0.6	83.5
	739.74307	75%	81%				
	1069.5472	38%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	634.77395	83%	62%	1			
	634.77395	83%	62%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	85.423471	100%	5%	3	2.1	0.1	42.9
	796.84426	67%	70%	4	3.1	0.2	46.4
	1015.7457	50%	80%				
	1339.5034	50%	90%				
24 hours	634.77395	83%	62%	1			
	634.77395	83%	62%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	85.423471	100%	5%	3	2.1	0.1	42.9
	796.84426	67%	70%	4	3.1	0.2	46.4
	1015.7457	50%	80%				
	1339.5034	50%	90%				
48 hours	896.87138	75%	74%	1			
	85.423471	100%	5%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	85.423471	100%	5%	3	1.0	0.0	55.6
	796.84426	75%	70%	4	2.1	0.1	42.9
	1015.7457	50%	80%				
	1339.5034	50%	90%				

Fig. 4 - 4

Interferon gamma

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	10.950	20.700	10.950	20.650	10.950	16.500
average	13.139	20.476	13.139	19.220	13.139	16.941
stdev	9.279	7.995	9.279	8.981	9.279	8.908
p (t-test)		0.003		0.016		0.217
min	0.819	5.350	0.819	5.350	0.819	3.190
max	45.400	32.400	45.400	32.400	45.400	29.300
n (Samp)	104	17	104	16	104	10
n (Pat)	104	17	104	16	104	10

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	12.650	21.850	12.650	21.850	12.650	20.700
average	14.148	22.406	14.148	22.406	14.148	18.758
stdev	9.443	8.528	9.443	8.528	9.443	9.006
p (t-test)		0.016		0.016		0.283
min	0.819	5.350	0.819	5.350	0.819	3.190
max	51.900	32.400	51.900	32.400	51.900	26.300
n (Samp)	170	8	170	8	170	5
n (Pat)	170	8	170	8	170	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	10.500	20.700	10.500	16.550	10.500	12.400
average	12.151	19.323	12.151	17.197	12.151	17.046
stdev	8.210	6.895	8.210	8.131	8.210	8.406
p (t-test)		0.007		0.069		0.134
min	0.819	6.850	0.819	6.850	0.819	7.320
max	37.300	29.300	37.300	29.300	37.300	29.300
n (Samp)	85	11	85	10	85	7
n (Pat)	85	11	85	10	85	7

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.74	0.072	104	17	0.001
24 hours	0.70	0.077	104	16	0.010
48 hours	0.64	0.098	104	10	0.154

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.76	0.101	170	8	0.011
24 hours	0.76	0.101	170	8	0.011
48 hours	0.66	0.135	170	5	0.235

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.76	0.087	85	11	0.003
24 hours	0.69	0.097	85	10	0.047
48 hours	0.69	0.115	85	7	0.097

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	17.5	71%	74%	1			
	11.9	82%	58%	2	1.0	0.0	57.7
	6.63	94%	34%	3	7.3	0.6	82.8
	16.6	71%	71%	4	11.9	1.1	122.5
	21.9	47%	82%				
	26.6	18%	90%				
24 hours	11.6	75%	55%	1			
	11.2	81%	53%	2	3.2	0.2	50.6
	6.63	94%	34%	3	4.5	0.3	59.6
	16.6	63%	71%	4	10.5	1.0	111.9

Fig. 4 - 5

	21.9	44%	82%				
	26.6	19%	90%				
48 hours	11.6	70%	55%	1			
	10.9	80%	50%	2	2.0	0.1	43.7
	7.15	90%	35%	3	2.1	0.1	45.6
	16.6	50%	71%	4	5.6	0.5	69.0
	21.9	40%	82%				
	26.6	10%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	20.5	75%	76%	1			
	18.9	88%	72%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	5.14	100%	18%	3	2.0	0.1	42.5
	18.3	88%	70%	4	5.4	0.5	62.1
	22	50%	80%				
	26.4	25%	90%				
24 hours	20.5	75%	76%	1			
	18.9	88%	72%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	5.14	100%	18%	3	2.0	0.1	42.5
	18.3	88%	70%	4	5.4	0.5	62.1
	22	50%	80%				
	26.4	25%	90%				
48 hours	20.5	80%	76%	1			
	20.5	80%	76%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	3.05	100%	8%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	18.3	80%	70%	4	4.2	0.3	53.6
	22	40%	80%				
	26.4	0%	90%				

Fig. 4 - 6

Interleukin-16

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	12.800	186.000	12.800	207.500	12.800	61.050
average	60.992	286.498	60.992	281.917	60.992	143.976
stdev	174.084	342.862	174.084	320.362	174.084	187.847
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.155
min	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265
max	1100.000	1080.000	1100.000	1010.000	1100.000	599.000
n (Samp)	104	17	104	16	104	10
n (Pat)	104	17	104	16	104	10

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	14.500	245.000	14.500	245.000	14.500	186.000
average	67.841	341.363	67.841	307.613	67.841	141.540
stdev	170.105	349.303	170.105	285.158	170.105	116.885
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.338
min	0.265	15.800	0.265	15.800	0.265	15.800
max	1100.000	1080.000	1100.000	857.000	1100.000	261.000
n (Samp)	170	8	170	8	170	5
n (Pat)	170	8	170	8	170	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	12.700	60.400	12.700	61.050	12.700	18.100
average	56.021	221.606	56.021	234.786	56.021	144.424
stdev	155.309	319.254	155.309	333.858	155.309	220.790
p (t-test)		0.005		0.004		0.165
min	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.265
max	891.000	1010.000	891.000	1010.000	891.000	599.000
n (Samp)	85	11	85	10	85	7
n (Pat)	85	11	85	10	85	7

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.81	0.066	104	17	0.000
24 hours	0.78	0.071	104	16	0.000
48 hours	0.71	0.095	104	10	0.028

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.87	0.082	170	8	0.000
24 hours	0.87	0.083	170	8	0.000
48 hours	0.77	0.125	170	5	0.029

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.77	0.087	85	11	0.002
24 hours	0.72	0.095	85	10	0.020
48 hours	0.66	0.116	85	7	0.161

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	36.1	71%	79%	1			
	17.6	82%	62%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	14.6	94%	59%	3	5.8	0.5	70.5
	22.2	71%	70%	4	16.0	1.6	159.7
	45.4	65%	81%				
	92.3	59%	90%				
24 hours	17.6	75%	62%	1			
	17.5	81%	62%	2	1.0	0.0	57.7
	10.5	94%	46%	3	4.5	0.3	59.6
	22.2	63%	70%	4	14.5	1.4	147.8
	45.4	63%	81%				

Fig. 4 - 7

WO 2010/054389

PCT/US2009/063906

	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	92.3	63%	90%				
48 hours	17.5	70%	62%	1			
	14.6	80%	59%	2	1.0	0.0	56.0
	10.5	90%	46%	3	3.2	0.2	51.4
	22.2	50%	70%	4	5.6	0.5	69.0
	45.4	50%	81%				
	92.3	50%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	19.8	73%	65%	1			
	17.6	82%	61%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	17.5	91%	61%	3	3.3	0.2	53.6
	22.2	64%	71%	4	9.5	0.8	108.7
	36.1	64%	80%				
	73.5	45%	91%				
24 hours	17.6	70%	61%	1			
	17.5	80%	61%	2	1.0	0.0	57.4
	10.5	90%	47%	3	3.1	0.2	51.5
	22.2	50%	71%	4	5.8	0.5	73.7
	36.1	50%	80%				
	73.5	50%	91%				
48 hours	17.5	71%	61%	1			
	10.5	86%	47%	2	1.0	0.0	60.2
	0	100%	0%	3	2.1	0.1	47.6
	22.2	43%	71%	4	3.3	0.2	54.3
	36.1	43%	80%				
	73.5	43%	91%				

Fig. 4 - 8

49 / 120

Interleukin-2

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.324	0.522	0.324	0.450	0.324	0.414
average	1.664	0.945	1.664	0.851	1.664	0.458
stdev	9.767	1.414	9.767	1.423	9.767	0.323
p (t-test)		0.800		0.775		0.729
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	96.860	5.260	96.860	5.260	96.860	1.141
n (Samp)	99	12	99	12	99	8
n (Pat)	99	12	99	12	99	8

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.410	0.501	0.410	0.365	0.410	0.501
average	1.711	0.573	1.711	0.493	1.711	0.511
stdev	8.128	0.441	8.128	0.469	8.128	0.190
p (t-test)		0.733		0.715		0.769
min	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.301
max	96.860	1.383	96.860	1.383	96.860	0.742
n (Samp)	160	6	160	6	160	4
n (Pat)	160	6	160	6	160	4

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.324	0.623	0.324	0.623	0.324	0.435
average	1.922	1.232	1.922	1.152	1.922	0.489
stdev	10.604	1.685	10.604	1.692	10.604	0.374
p (t-test)		0.855		0.839		0.743
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	96.860	5.260	96.860	5.260	96.860	1.141
n (Samp)	84	8	84	8	84	6
n (Pat)	84	8	84	8	84	6

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.65	0.090	99	12	0.093
24 hours	0.61	0.091	99	12	0.214
48 hours	0.58	0.110	99	8	0.444

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.124	160	6	0.631
24 hours	0.49	0.120	160	6	0.958
48 hours	0.56	0.151	160	4	0.671

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.70	0.107	84	8	0.059
24 hours	0.69	0.108	84	8	0.077
48 hours	0.61	0.126	84	6	0.392

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.3502873	75%	55%	1			
	0.2275537	83%	43%	2	2.0	0.1	44.0
	0.1007266	92%	36%	3	4.3	0.3	58.8
	0.4943534	50%	71%	4	5.7	0.5	69.7
	0.7994405	25%	81%				
	2.092275	8%	91%				
24 hours	0.2275537	75%	43%	1			
	0.1603607	83%	41%	2	3.1	0.2	49.6
	0.1007266	92%	36%	3	4.3	0.3	58.8
	0.4943534	42%	71%	4	4.3	0.3	58.8
	0.7994405	17%	81%				

Fig. 4 - 9

	2.092275	8%	91%				
48 hours	0.3502873	75%	55%	1			
	0.2275537	88%	43%	2	1.0	0.0	56.5
	0	100%	0%	3	4.3	0.3	59.3
	0.4943534	25%	71%	4	2.0	0.1	44.3
	0.7994405	13%	81%				
	2.092275	0%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.2957788	83%	34%	1			
	0.2957788	83%	34%	2	na	na	na
	0.1007266	100%	28%	3	na	na	na
	0.6304922	33%	70%	4	na	na	na
	0.8830422	17%	80%				
	2.2250583	0%	90%				
24 hours	0.1603607	83%	31%	1			
	0.1603607	83%	31%	2	2.1	0.1	43.9
	0.1007266	100%	28%	3	3.2	0.2	47.5
	0.6304922	17%	70%	4	0.0	0.0	na
	0.8830422	17%	80%				
	2.2250583	0%	90%				
48 hours	0.4241216	75%	52%	1			
	0.2957788	100%	34%	2	na	na	na
	0.2957788	100%	34%	3	na	na	na
	0.6304922	25%	70%	4	na	na	na
	0.8830422	0%	80%				
	2.2250583	0%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.4617212	75%	69%	1			
	0.3502873	88%	57%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	4.6	0.3	65.0
	0.4896804	63%	70%	4	3.3	0.2	54.3
	0.8413233	38%	81%				
	2.7380733	13%	90%				
24 hours	0.4617212	75%	69%	1			
	0.3502873	88%	57%	2	na	na	na
	0	100%	0%	3	na	na	na
	0.4896804	63%	70%	4	na	na	na
	0.8413233	25%	81%				
	2.7380733	13%	90%				
48 hours	0.3502873	83%	57%	1			
	0.3502873	83%	57%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	3.3	0.2	55.1
	0.4896804	33%	70%	4	2.0	0.1	45.6
	0.8413233	17%	81%				
	2.7380733	0%	90%				

Fig. 4 - 10

Interleukin-12 p40

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	6.940	4.762	6.940	3.096	6.940	3.096
average	10.369	9.575	10.369	8.958	10.369	11.752
stdev	13.459	14.343	13.459	14.602	13.459	17.367
p (t-test)		0.848		0.735		0.785
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	66.881	49.268	66.881	49.268	66.881	49.268
n (Samp)	99	12	99	12	99	8
n (Pat)	99	12	99	12	99	8

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.396	6.658	8.396	4.246	8.396	13.383
average	11.419	14.892	11.419	13.658	11.419	19.008
stdev	13.224	18.858	13.224	19.671	13.224	22.903
p (t-test)		0.535		0.690		0.267
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	66.881	49.268	66.881	49.268	66.881	49.268
n (Samp)	160	6	160	6	160	4
n (Pat)	160	6	160	6	160	4

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	7.005	2.218	7.005	2.218	7.005	2.218
average	10.395	9.352	10.395	9.352	10.395	11.208
stdev	12.676	16.827	12.676	16.827	12.676	19.343
p (t-test)		0.830		0.830		0.884
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	61.635	49.268	61.635	49.268	61.635	49.268
n (Samp)	84	8	84	8	84	6
n (Pat)	84	8	84	8	84	6

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.47	0.087	99	12	0.731
24 hours	0.44	0.085	99	12	0.470
48 hours	0.50	0.106	99	8	0.972

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.53	0.122	160	6	0.808
24 hours	0.47	0.118	160	6	0.801
48 hours	0.57	0.151	160	4	0.649

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.41	0.100	84	8	0.372
24 hours	0.41	0.100	84	8	0.372
48 hours	0.44	0.117	84	6	0.587

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.2877802	75%	30%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.6	0.3	9.3
	0	100%	0%	3	2.2	0.4	11.0
	14.053599	17%	71%	4	1.6	0.3	9.7
	18.778128	17%	81%				
	26.148501	8%	91%				
24 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.6	0.3	9.3
	0	100%	0%	3	1.6	0.3	9.3
	14.053599	17%	71%	4	2.3	0.4	11.5
	18.778128	17%	81%				

Fig. 4 - 11

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	26.148501	8%	91%				
48 hours	0.2877802	75%	30%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.5	0.0	10.6
	0	100%	0%	3	1.6	0.3	9.4
	14.053599	25%	71%	4	1.0	0.1	8.7
	18.778128	25%	81%				
	26.148501	13%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	2.5686249	83%	32%	1			
	2.5686249	83%	32%	2	3.1	0.2	46.4
	0	100%	0%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	14.524637	33%	70%	4	2.0	0.1	41.7
	18.806933	33%	80%				
	27.054283	17%	90%				
24 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	1.0	0.1	7.8
	14.524637	33%	70%	4	1.0	0.1	8.0
	18.806933	33%	80%				
	27.054283	17%	90%				
48 hours	2.5686249	75%	32%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.0	0.0	55.6
	0	100%	0%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	14.524637	50%	70%	4	2.1	0.1	42.9
	18.806933	50%	80%				
	27.054283	25%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	2.1	0.1	47.6
	0	100%	0%	3	4.6	0.3	65.0
	14.053599	13%	70%	4	1.0	0.0	60.2
	18.778128	13%	81%				
	24.423486	13%	90%				
24 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	2.1	0.1	47.6
	0	100%	0%	3	4.6	0.3	65.0
	14.053599	13%	70%	4	1.0	0.0	60.2
	18.778128	13%	81%				
	24.423486	13%	90%				
48 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.0	0.0	63.4
	0	100%	0%	3	2.1	0.1	47.6
	14.053599	17%	70%	4	2.2	0.1	50.2
	18.778128	17%	81%				
	24.423486	17%	90%				

Fig. 4 - 12

Matrix metalloproteinase-2

sCr or UO

| | 0 hr prior to AKI stage | | 24 hr prior to AKI stage | | 48 hr prior to AKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	27.450	55.600	27.450	57.300	27.450	33.250
average	34.955	125.176	34.955	128.300	34.955	47.050
stdev	32.704	299.597	32.704	308.608	32.704	35.697
p (t-test)		0.003		0.003		0.270
min	0.600	11.000	0.600	11.000	0.600	11.000
max	293.000	1280.000	293.000	1280.000	293.000	116.000
n (Samp)	104	17	104	16	104	10
n (Pat)	104	17	104	16	104	10

sCr only

| | 0 hr prior toAKI stage | | 24 hr prior toAKI stage | | 48 hr prior toAKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	28.000	76.250	28.000	76.250	28.000	81.900
average	44.722	76.250	44.722	76.250	44.722	74.720
stdev	102.888	36.398	102.888	36.398	102.888	38.522
p (t-test)		0.390		0.390		0.517
min	0.600	11.000	0.600	11.000	0.600	11.000
max	1280.000	129.000	1280.000	129.000	1280.000	116.000
n (Samp)	170	8	170	8	170	5
n (Pat)	170	8	170	8	170	5

UO only

| | 0 hr prior toAKI stage | | 24 hr prior toAKI stage | | 48 hr prior toAKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	28.000	32.700	28.000	33.250	28.000	32.700
average	36.566	157.173	36.566	165.370	36.566	37.500
stdev	35.106	373.944	35.106	392.435	35.106	24.576
p (t-test)		0.004		0.003		0.945
min	0.600	19.000	0.600	19.200	0.600	12.400
max	293.000	1280.000	293.000	1280.000	293.000	81.900
n (Samp)	85	11	85	10	85	7
n (Pat)	85	11	85	10	85	7

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.68	0.076	104	17	0.019
24 hours	0.68	0.078	104	16	0.020
48 hours	0.58	0.099	104	10	0.421

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.81	0.093	170	8	0.001
24 hours	0.81	0.093	170	8	0.001
48 hours	0.76	0.126	170	5	0.038

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.61	0.095	85	11	0.269
24 hours	0.60	0.100	85	10	0.304
48 hours	0.53	0.116	85	7	0.816

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	31.2	71%	63%	1			
	20.6	82%	29%	2	0.6	0.1	3.8
	18.5	94%	21%	3	1.0	0.2	4.3
	34.5	53%	70%	4	3.7	1.3	10.3
	42.7	53%	81%				
	61.1	41%	90%				
24 hours	22	75%	34%	1			
	20.6	81%	29%	2	0.6	0.1	3.8
	18.5	94%	21%	3	0.6	0.1	3.8
	34.5	56%	70%	4	3.9	1.4	10.9
	42.7	56%	81%				

Fig. 4 - 13

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	61.1	44%	90%				
48 hours	22	70%	34%	1			
	20	80%	25%	2	1.0	0.1	7.9
	11	90%	4%	3	1.0	0.1	8.3
	34.5	40%	70%	4	2.1	0.4	10.6
	42.7	40%	81%				
	61.1	30%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	63.1	75%	91%	1			
	53.4	88%	84%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	9.49	100%	2%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	37.6	88%	70%	4	7.9	0.8	82.0
	45.9	88%	80%				
	62.8	75%	90%				
24 hours	63.1	75%	91%	1			
	53.4	88%	84%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	9.49	100%	2%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	37.6	88%	70%	4	7.9	0.8	82.0
	45.9	88%	80%				
	62.8	75%	90%				
48 hours	77.3	80%	94%	1			
	77.3	80%	94%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	9.49	100%	2%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	37.6	80%	70%	4	4.2	0.3	53.6
	45.9	80%	80%				
	62.8	80%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	22	73%	29%	1			
	20.6	82%	25%	2	0.3	0.0	5.0
	19	91%	18%	3	1.0	0.2	4.5
	35.1	36%	71%	4	1.4	0.4	5.3
	42.7	36%	80%				
	61.1	27%	91%				
24 hours	22	70%	29%	1			
	20.6	80%	25%	2	1.0	0.1	8.1
	19.4	90%	21%	3	1.0	0.1	8.1
	35.1	40%	71%	4	2.1	0.4	11.1
	42.7	40%	80%				
	61.1	30%	91%				
48 hours	22	71%	29%	1			
	19.4	86%	21%	2	0.5	0.0	10.8
	0.6	100%	1%	3	1.0	0.1	8.6
	35.1	29%	71%	4	1.0	0.1	8.6
	42.7	29%	80%				
	61.1	14%	91%				

Fig. 4 - 14

Midkine

sCr or
UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.079	0.677	0.079	0.279	0.079	0.273
average	0.354	1.061	0.354	0.713	0.354	0.374
stdev	1.120	1.185	1.120	1.061	1.120	0.307
p (t-test)		0.036		0.274		0.957
min	0.000	0.058	0.000	0.058	0.000	0.058
max	8.902	4.142	8.902	4.142	8.902	0.923
n (Samp)	67	14	67	14	67	9
n (Pat)	67	14	67	14	67	9

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.132	0.558	0.132	0.279	0.132	0.285
average	0.351	0.992	0.351	0.869	0.351	0.462
stdev	0.966	1.327	0.966	1.384	0.966	0.375
p (t-test)		0.079		0.156		0.797
min	0.000	0.073	0.000	0.062	0.000	0.073
max	8.902	4.142	8.902	4.142	8.902	1.010
n (Samp)	116	8	116	8	116	5
n (Pat)	116	8	116	8	116	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.078	0.960	0.078	0.478	0.078	0.258
average	0.404	1.060	0.404	0.574	0.404	0.390
stdev	1.251	0.967	1.251	0.447	1.251	0.337
p (t-test)		0.163		0.708		0.978
min	0.000	0.058	0.000	0.058	0.000	0.058
max	8.902	3.139	8.902	1.238	8.902	0.923
n (Samp)	51	8	51	8	51	6
n (Pat)	51	8	51	8	51	6

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.83	0.070	67	14	0.000
24 hours	0.73	0.081	67	14	0.004
48 hours	0.71	0.102	67	9	0.043

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.80	0.096	116	8	0.002
24 hours	0.69	0.107	116	8	0.084
48 hours	0.72	0.131	116	5	0.088

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.83	0.092	51	8	0.000
24 hours	0.75	0.105	51	8	0.017
48 hours	0.68	0.126	51	6	0.147

Fig. 4 - 15

Serum amyloid P-component

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	1.543	12.744	1.543	12.744	1.543	9.597
average	5.522	25.254	5.522	25.254	5.522	9.203
stdev	10.915	41.036	10.915	41.036	10.915	7.157
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.352
min	0.093	0.431	0.093	0.431	0.093	0.431
max	58.307	152.000	58.307	152.000	58.307	22.353
n (Samp)	96	12	96	12	96	8
n (Pat)	96	12	96	12	96	8

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2.591	14.400	2.591	14.400	2.591	12.744
average	7.376	16.430	7.376	16.430	7.376	15.112
stdev	15.365	11.373	15.365	11.373	15.365	14.188
p (t-test)		0.156		0.156		0.321
min	0.093	0.431	0.093	0.431	0.093	0.431
max	152.000	34.528	152.000	34.528	152.000	34.528
n (Samp)	157	6	157	6	157	4
n (Pat)	157	6	157	6	157	4

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	1.585	12.398	1.585	12.398	1.585	9.597
average	5.882	31.429	5.882	31.429	5.882	10.025
stdev	11.052	49.792	11.052	49.792	11.052	7.249
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.370
min	0.093	2.799	0.093	2.799	0.093	2.799
max	58.307	152.000	58.307	152.000	58.307	22.353
n (Samp)	82	8	82	8	82	6
n (Pat)	82	8	82	8	82	6

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.82	0.077	96	12	0.000
24 hours	0.82	0.077	96	12	0.000
48 hours	0.74	0.103	96	8	0.018

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.76	0.116	157	6	0.028
24 hours	0.76	0.116	157	6	0.028
48 hours	0.69	0.149	157	4	0.206

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.86	0.086	82	8	0.000
24 hours	0.86	0.086	82	8	0.000
48 hours	0.81	0.110	82	6	0.005

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	11.50007	75%	89%	1			
	3.3281087	83%	73%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	2.7653229	92%	66%	3	2.1	0.1	45.9
	3.26012	83%	71%	4	13.0	1.2	138.0
	6.0497473	75%	80%				
	13.046066	42%	91%				
24 hours	11.50007	75%	89%	1			
	3.3281087	83%	73%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	2.7653229	92%	66%	3	2.1	0.1	45.9
	3.26012	83%	71%	4	13.0	1.2	138.0
	6.0497473	75%	80%				

Fig. 4 - 16

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	13.046066	42%	91%				
48 hours	3.3281087	75%	73%	1			
	2.7653229	88%	66%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0.3460298	100%	13%	3	2.1	0.1	46.2
	3.26012	75%	71%	4	6.0	0.5	74.3
	6.0497473	63%	80%				
	13.046066	13%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	12.354421	83%	84%	1			
	12.354421	83%	84%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0.3715084	100%	10%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	5.8831817	83%	70%	4	5.4	0.5	63.2
	10.004281	83%	81%				
	20.878347	33%	90%				
24 hours	12.354421	83%	84%	1			
	12.354421	83%	84%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0.3715084	100%	10%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	5.8831817	83%	70%	4	5.4	0.5	63.2
	10.004281	83%	81%				
	20.878347	33%	90%				
48 hours	12.354421	75%	84%	1			
	0.3715084	100%	10%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0.3715084	100%	10%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	5.8831817	75%	70%	4	3.1	0.2	46.5
	10.004281	75%	81%				
	20.878347	25%	90%				

Fig. 4 - 17

Matrix metalloproteinase-9

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2548.413	11219.932	2548.413	11219.932	2548.413	28219.287
average	12780.174	30494.072	12780.174	30381.575	12780.174	42212.294
stdev	27271.206	39052.282	27271.206	39145.007	27271.206	43754.117
p (t-test)		0.046		0.047		0.006
min	32.788	413.469	32.788	221.527	32.788	331.428
max	159217.283	112264.995	159217.283	112264.995	159217.283	112264.995
n (Samp)	98	12	98	12	98	8
n (Pat)	98	12	98	12	98	8

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5297.651	11219.932	5297.651	11219.932	5297.651	11219.932
average	20060.467	19955.002	20060.467	19730.008	20060.467	26298.712
stdev	35159.374	31036.604	35159.374	31200.983	35159.374	37720.689
p (t-test)		0.994		0.982		0.727
min	32.788	413.469	32.788	221.527	32.788	413.469
max	176209.055	82341.516	176209.055	82341.516	176209.055	82341.516
n (Samp)	159	6	159	6	159	4
n (Pat)	159	6	159	6	159	4

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	3489.739	27000.645	3489.739	27000.645	3489.739	61123.989
average	14156.222	42317.708	14156.222	42317.708	14156.222	54141.052
stdev	29193.825	43560.839	29193.825	43560.839	29193.825	44527.680
p (t-test)		0.015		0.015		0.002
min	32.788	1903.662	32.788	1903.662	32.788	331.428
max	159217.283	112264.995	159217.283	112264.995	159217.283	112264.995
n (Samp)	83	8	83	8	83	6
n (Pat)	83	8	83	8	83	6

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.69	0.088	98	12	0.029
24 hours	0.67	0.090	98	12	0.061
48 hours	0.70	0.107	98	8	0.065

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.57	0.124	159	6	0.583
24 hours	0.53	0.122	159	6	0.810
48 hours	0.60	0.152	159	4	0.501

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.75	0.103	83	8	0.017
24 hours	0.75	0.103	83	8	0.017
48 hours	0.75	0.118	83	6	0.032

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	2026.199	75%	45%	1			
	1859.8427	83%	42%	2	3.1	0.2	49.6
	1482.9443	92%	38%	3	1.0	0.0	58.6
	6948.9906	67%	70%	4	8.7	0.8	96.4
	10936.729	50%	81%				
	44000	25%	91%				
24 hours	2026.199	75%	45%	1			
	1859.8427	83%	42%	2	1.0	0.1	8.0
	397.66566	92%	14%	3	0.5	0.0	10.6

Fig. 4 - 18

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	6948.9906	67%	70%	4	4.2	1.0	17.4
	10936.729	50%	81%				
	44000	25%	91%				
48 hours	7647.3802	75%	71%	1			
	397.66566	88%	14%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	307.74357	100%	11%	3	0.5	0.0	10.7
	6948.9906	75%	70%	4	2.7	0.6	12.8
	10936.729	63%	81%				
	44000	38%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1482.9443	83%	28%	1			
	1482.9443	83%	28%	2	1.0	0.0	55.6
	397.66566	100%	11%	3	3.2	0.2	47.6
	12108.63	50%	70%	4	1.0	0.0	54.2
	25535.993	17%	81%				
	70809.57	17%	91%				
24 hours	397.66566	83%	11%	1			
	397.66566	83%	11%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	200.74676	100%	5%	3	1.5	0.3	8.7
	12108.63	50%	70%	4	0.5	0.0	9.9
	25535.993	17%	81%				
	70809.57	17%	91%				
48 hours	9616.4598	75%	67%	1			
	397.66566	100%	11%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	397.66566	100%	11%	3	2.0	0.1	41.8
	12108.63	50%	70%	4	1.0	0.0	54.3
	25535.993	25%	81%				
	70809.57	25%	91%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	7647.3802	75%	69%	1			
	2026.199	88%	40%	2	na	na	na
	1859.8427	100%	35%	3	na	na	na
	8042.5801	63%	71%	4	na	na	na
	12774.377	50%	81%				
	46014.881	38%	90%				
24 hours	7647.3802	75%	69%	1			
	2026.199	88%	40%	2	na	na	na
	1859.8427	100%	35%	3	na	na	na
	8042.5801	63%	71%	4	na	na	na
	12774.377	50%	81%				
	46014.881	38%	90%				
48 hours	7647.3802	83%	69%	1			
	7647.3802	83%	69%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	307.74357	100%	6%	3	1.0	0.0	60.7
	8042.5801	67%	71%	4	4.4	0.3	62.4
	12774.377	67%	81%				
	46014.881	50%	90%				

Fig. 4 - 19

Clusterin

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	105471.555	102144.952	105471.555	91734.716	105471.555	102457.166
average	103548.936	103840.742	103548.936	96143.377	103548.936	91184.420
stdev	32624.306	41323.685	32624.306	41761.748	32624.306	28741.302
p (t-test)		0.962		0.218		0.084
min	25053.295	31439.276	25053.295	22142.935	25053.295	29219.208
max	190261.364	244623.417	190261.364	227787.431	190261.364	120000.000
n (Samp)	105	48	105	55	105	25
n (Pat)	99	48	99	55	99	25

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	97216.331	120000.000	97216.331	116067.381	97216.331	110644.560
average	96957.849	112773.425	96957.849	114732.527	96957.849	96615.398
stdev	35978.921	43172.705	35978.921	50750.963	35978.921	28342.475
p (t-test)		0.094		0.041		0.974
min	369.562	53297.264	369.562	22142.935	369.562	49149.536
max	244623.417	201365.565	244623.417	227787.431	244623.417	120000.000
n (Samp)	242	16	242	20	242	12
n (Pat)	161	16	161	20	161	12

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	101952.773	95932.951	101952.773	88962.457	101952.773	97090.578
average	102438.494	99158.898	102438.494	89026.491	102438.494	86412.967
stdev	34600.331	38738.041	34600.331	31350.984	34600.331	29538.579
p (t-test)		0.628		0.030		0.051
min	25053.295	31439.276	25053.295	22142.935	25053.295	29219.208
max	201365.565	244623.417	201365.565	155818.229	201365.565	120000.000
n (Samp)	96	40	96	44	96	21
n (Pat)	84	40	84	44	84	21

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.50	0.050	105	48	0.984
24 hours	0.43	0.047	105	55	0.153
48 hours	0.41	0.061	105	25	0.135

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.61	0.077	242	16	0.148
24 hours	0.61	0.069	242	20	0.118
48 hours	0.52	0.086	242	12	0.844

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.48	0.054	96	40	0.740
24 hours	0.41	0.050	96	44	0.062
48 hours	0.39	0.064	96	21	0.074

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	79084.922	71%	28%	1			
	63492.875	81%	9%	2	0.8	0.5	1.3
	53297.264	92%	4%	3	0.9	0.6	1.5
	120000	27%	80%	4	0.9	0.6	1.5
	120000	27%	80%				
	149406.14	8%	90%				
24 hours	78565.883	71%	27%	1			
	56870.171	80%	6%	2	0.5	0.3	0.9
	46178.387	91%	3%	3	1.4	0.9	2.1
	120000	15%	80%	4	1.1	0.7	1.7
	120000	15%	80%				

Fig. 5 - 1

	149406.14	7%	90%				
48 hours	68407.421	72%	14%	1			
	61419.254	80%	9%	2	3.3	1.2	9.5
	50234.038	92%	4%	3	2.2	0.7	6.8
	120000	0%	80%	4	3.3	1.2	9.5
	120000	0%	80%				
	149406.14	0%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	85005.727	75%	39%	1			
	78071.147	81%	31%	2	1.3	0.4	4.5
	56870.171	94%	13%	3	0.3	0.0	4.7
	119702.71	56%	70%	4	2.9	1.1	7.5
	120000	38%	83%				
	138096.84	25%	90%				
24 hours	90505.879	70%	44%	1			
	78628.309	80%	32%	2	1.7	0.6	5.1
	61244.828	90%	16%	3	1.4	0.4	4.5
	119702.71	50%	70%	4	2.9	1.1	7.5
	120000	30%	83%				
	138096.84	25%	90%				
48 hours	66314.972	75%	20%	1			
	62815.705	83%	17%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	60213.292	92%	15%	3	2.1	1.0	4.8
	119702.71	42%	70%	4	0.0	0.0	na
	120000	0%	83%				
	138096.84	0%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	79009.201	70%	30%	1			
	63492.875	80%	11%	2	0.5	0.3	0.9
	54290.639	90%	6%	3	0.7	0.4	1.1
	120000	25%	81%	4	1.0	0.6	1.7
	120000	25%	81%				
	154350.07	3%	91%				
24 hours	78282.6	70%	28%	1			
	56025.435	82%	7%	2	1.2	0.6	2.2
	46178.387	91%	3%	3	2.5	1.5	4.4
	120000	9%	81%	4	1.8	1.0	3.1
	120000	9%	81%				
	154350.07	2%	91%				
48 hours	61419.254	71%	11%	1			
	56870.171	81%	8%	2	2.9	1.0	8.6
	53297.264	90%	6%	3	1.0	0.2	4.4
	120000	0%	81%	4	3.4	1.2	9.9
	120000	0%	81%				
	154350.07	0%	91%				

Fig. 5 - 2

Fatty acid binding protein, heart

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	6.830	12.500	6.830	13.200	6.830	15.250
average	25.474	46.679	25.474	83.953	25.474	37.778
stdev	70.615	93.933	70.615	223.292	70.615	54.745
p (t-test)		0.057		0.000		0.389
min	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030
max	713.000	623.000	713.000	1477.000	713.000	208.000
n (Samp)	257	56	257	61	257	26
n (Pat)	112	56	112	61	112	26

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.660	17.900	8.660	29.950	8.660	16.250
average	39.723	144.530	39.723	149.598	39.723	42.209
stdev	109.437	295.256	109.437	323.693	109.437	48.671
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.933
min	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.293
max	944.000	1260.000	944.000	1477.000	944.000	140.000
n (Samp)	459	23	459	26	459	14
n (Pat)	180	23	180	26	180	14

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	7.850	13.000	7.850	13.200	7.850	18.900
average	25.943	46.542	25.943	61.579	25.943	52.266
stdev	63.034	96.379	63.034	136.551	63.034	79.748
p (t-test)		0.062		0.005		0.065
min	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030
max	713.000	623.000	713.000	944.000	713.000	324.000
n (Samp)	213	51	213	53	213	23
n (Pat)	89	51	89	53	89	23

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.61	0.043	257	56	0.010
24 hours	0.65	0.041	257	61	0.000
48 hours	0.61	0.061	257	26	0.086

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.66	0.063	459	23	0.012
24 hours	0.67	0.060	459	26	0.005
48 hours	0.61	0.081	459	14	0.176

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.62	0.046	213	51	0.007
24 hours	0.65	0.044	213	53	0.001
48 hours	0.64	0.065	213	23	0.028

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	5.55	71%	45%	1			
	3.52	80%	34%	2	1.0	0.6	1.6
	1.04	91%	12%	3	1.5	1.0	2.2
	13.6	43%	70%	4	2.6	1.9	3.7
	26.3	32%	80%				
	58.6	23%	90%				
24 hours	7.96	70%	53%	1			
	5.44	80%	44%	2	1.7	1.1	2.7
	1.83	90%	21%	3	1.9	1.2	3.0
	13.6	48%	70%	4	4.3	2.9	6.3

Fig. 5 - 3

	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	26.3	43%	80%				
	58.6	26%	90%				
48 hours	5.88	73%	46%	1			
	3.66	81%	35%	2	1.0	0.4	2.3
	0.429	92%	5%	3	1.2	0.6	2.6
	13.6	54%	70%	4	2.1	1.1	4.1
	26.3	31%	80%				
	58.6	19%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	7.45	74%	46%	1			
	6.63	83%	42%	2	3.1	0.8	11.8
	3.42	91%	28%	3	2.0	0.5	9.1
	19.7	48%	70%	4	5.9	1.8	19.4
	36.1	43%	80%				
	87.8	30%	90%				
24 hours	8.92	73%	51%	1			
	7.51	81%	46%	2	1.3	0.4	4.4
	1.66	92%	16%	3	2.1	0.7	5.7
	19.7	58%	70%	4	4.7	2.0	10.9
	36.1	42%	80%				
	87.8	27%	90%				
48 hours	6.31	71%	41%	1			
	5.07	86%	35%	2	1.5	0.3	8.0
	0.429	93%	5%	3	1.5	0.3	8.0
	19.7	43%	70%	4	3.1	0.8	11.8
	36.1	43%	80%				
	87.8	21%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	6.19	71%	46%	1			
	4.08	80%	36%	2	1.7	1.0	2.9
	1.93	90%	23%	3	2.5	1.5	4.0
	15	47%	70%	4	3.2	2.0	5.0
	30.8	29%	80%				
	67.1	20%	90%				
24 hours	7.19	72%	49%	1			
	5.44	81%	44%	2	3.5	1.9	6.4
	2.97	91%	31%	3	2.4	1.3	4.6
	15	47%	70%	4	6.0	3.4	10.4
	30.8	42%	80%				
	67.1	26%	90%				
48 hours	5.88	74%	45%	1			
	3.66	83%	34%	2	1.7	0.6	5.3
	1.52	91%	20%	3	2.1	0.7	6.1
	15	57%	70%	4	3.4	1.3	8.6
	30.8	39%	80%				
	67.1	22%	90%				

Fig. 5 - 4

Hepatocyte growth factor

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	633.080	777.891	633.080	1043.203	633.080	982.405
average	1537.665	1916.231	1537.665	1856.655	1537.665	2517.712
stdev	1801.833	2773.891	1801.833	2160.458	1801.833	4008.988
p (t-test)		0.314		0.323		0.066
min	51.808	142.681	51.808	132.334	51.808	180.668
max	7752.950	15931.424	7752.950	11707.161	7752.950	14423.806
n (Samp)	105	48	105	55	105	25
n (Pat)	99	48	99	55	99	25

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	837.929	810.686	837.929	1257.747	837.929	1182.948
average	1761.680	2116.616	1761.680	2492.148	1761.680	2514.827
stdev	2472.544	3776.134	2472.544	3145.736	2472.544	3955.216
p (t-test)		0.593		0.215		0.320
min	51.808	142.681	51.808	209.588	51.808	184.185
max	25326.471	15931.424	25326.471	11707.161	25326.471	14423.806
n (Samp)	242	16	242	20	242	12
n (Pat)	161	16	161	20	161	12

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	628.920	930.828	628.920	1115.761	628.920	982.405
average	2015.721	3046.173	2015.721	1636.249	2015.721	2226.069
stdev	3211.472	8296.541	3211.472	1590.315	3211.472	3394.072
p (t-test)		0.297		0.459		0.788
min	51.808	184.185	51.808	132.334	51.808	180.668
max	17531.948	52712.475	17531.948	6754.272	17531.948	12135.776
n (Samp)	96	40	96	44	96	21
n (Pat)	84	40	84	44	84	21

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.051	105	48	0.242
24 hours	0.59	0.048	105	55	0.062
48 hours	0.55	0.065	105	25	0.417

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.54	0.076	242	16	0.620
24 hours	0.59	0.069	242	20	0.174
48 hours	0.57	0.088	242	12	0.423

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.055	96	40	0.310
24 hours	0.57	0.053	96	44	0.210
48 hours	0.53	0.071	96	21	0.633

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	548.24211	71%	42%	1			
	449.35994	81%	33%	2	2.9	1.7	5.1
	270.54522	92%	17%	3	2.3	1.3	4.1
	1450.5401	31%	70%	4	2.2	1.3	3.9
	2393.3103	19%	80%				
	4662.0537	13%	90%				
24 hours	615.05921	71%	48%	1			
	462.27088	80%	34%	2	1.5	0.9	2.5
	331.38504	91%	22%	3	3.4	2.1	5.5
	1450.5401	36%	70%	4	1.9	1.1	3.0
	2393.3103	20%	80%				

Fig. 5 - 5

	4662.0537	11%	90%				
48 hours	419.42929	72%	29%	1			
	411.80033	80%	29%	2	1.6	0.6	4.1
	258.71872	92%	16%	3	2.7	1.2	6.5
	1450.5401	36%	70%	4	1.6	0.6	4.1
	2393.3103	24%	80%				
	4662.0537	16%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	593.51109	75%	39%	1			
	576.16729	81%	37%	2	3.2	0.8	12.4
	258.71872	94%	11%	3	1.0	0.1	7.6
	1651.3048	38%	70%	4	3.2	0.8	12.4
	2526.8808	6%	80%				
	4719.486	6%	90%				
24 hours	662.69965	70%	44%	1			
	607.42531	80%	40%	2	3.7	1.0	14.1
	450.46649	90%	27%	3	2.6	0.6	11.0
	1651.3048	40%	70%	4	3.2	0.8	12.4
	2526.8808	25%	80%				
	4719.486	15%	90%				
48 hours	895.36951	75%	52%	1			
	540.29622	83%	35%	2	0.5	0.0	9.8
	258.71872	92%	11%	3	3.2	0.8	12.7
	1651.3048	25%	70%	4	1.5	0.3	8.2
	2526.8808	25%	80%				
	4719.486	17%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	523.58816	70%	41%	1			
	449.35994	80%	30%	2	2.5	1.3	4.9
	298.34033	90%	18%	3	2.9	1.5	5.5
	1863.8946	30%	71%	4	1.7	0.8	3.4
	3401.6543	23%	80%				
	4731.8509	15%	91%				
24 hours	624.8267	70%	50%	1			
	411.80033	82%	28%	2	0.8	0.4	1.6
	298.34033	91%	18%	3	4.0	2.3	6.9
	1863.8946	30%	71%	4	1.4	0.7	2.4
	3401.6543	14%	80%				
	4731.8509	7%	91%				
48 hours	419.42929	71%	28%	1			
	411.80033	81%	28%	2	2.3	0.7	7.1
	270.54522	90%	17%	3	2.8	0.9	8.3
	1863.8946	29%	71%	4	1.7	0.5	5.7
	3401.6543	14%	80%				
	4731.8509	14%	91%				

Fig. 5 - 6

Interferon gamma

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	3.710	2.570	3.710	4.270	3.710	7.050
average	8.075	5.871	8.075	8.311	8.075	10.774
stdev	10.808	7.366	10.808	9.175	10.808	11.447
p (t-test)		0.147		0.875		0.229
min	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046
max	80.000	27.200	80.000	32.200	80.000	40.400
n (Samp)	257	56	257	61	257	26
n (Pat)	112	56	112	61	112	26

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	3.620	4.680	3.620	5.715	3.620	7.050
average	8.202	6.150	8.202	8.860	8.202	10.416
stdev	10.578	6.804	10.578	8.119	10.578	12.065
p (t-test)		0.358		0.755		0.443
min	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046
max	80.000	25.300	80.000	29.900	80.000	40.400
n (Samp)	459	23	459	26	459	14
n (Pat)	180	23	180	26	180	14

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4.100	2.950	4.100	3.160	4.100	6.180
average	7.470	6.314	7.470	8.421	7.470	9.540
stdev	9.253	7.666	9.253	9.063	9.253	10.138
p (t-test)		0.409		0.502		0.314
min	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046
max	48.700	27.200	48.700	32.200	48.700	32.600
n (Samp)	213	51	213	53	213	23
n (Pat)	89	51	89	53	89	23

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.42	0.040	257	56	0.038
24 hours	0.51	0.041	257	61	0.781
48 hours	0.57	0.061	257	26	0.250

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.46	0.060	459	23	0.552
24 hours	0.59	0.060	459	26	0.152
48 hours	0.56	0.081	459	14	0.439

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.45	0.044	213	51	0.235
24 hours	0.52	0.045	213	53	0.656
48 hours	0.57	0.065	213	23	0.305

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1.62	75%	18%	1			
	1.09	80%	11%	2	0.8	0.5	1.2
	0	100%	0%	3	1.0	0.7	1.5
	7.25	25%	70%	4	2.2	1.6	3.0
	12.4	16%	80%				
	22.5	5%	90%				
24 hours	2.35	70%	28%	1			
	1.62	80%	18%	2	0.8	0.6	1.2
	0.917	92%	11%	3	0.7	0.5	1.0
	7.25	36%	70%	4	1.2	0.9	1.6

Fig. 5 - 7

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	12.4	23%	80%				
	22.5	13%	90%				
48 hours	1.94	73%	24%	1			
	1.7	81%	21%	2	0.2	0.1	0.8
	1.09	92%	11%	3	0.7	0.4	1.3
	7.25	50%	70%	4	1.3	0.8	2.1
	12.4	31%	80%				
	22.5	15%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1.49	74%	19%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	2.1	1.0	4.5
	0	100%	0%	3	1.0	0.4	2.8
	8.78	26%	70%	4	1.8	0.8	4.0
	13.9	17%	80%				
	24.2	4%	90%				
24 hours	3.67	73%	51%	1			
	1.79	81%	28%	2	0.6	0.2	1.7
	0.982	92%	13%	3	2.3	1.3	4.2
	8.78	38%	70%	4	1.4	0.7	2.9
	13.9	27%	80%				
	24.2	8%	90%				
48 hours	2.95	71%	41%	1			
	0.982	86%	13%	2	0.7	0.1	3.5
	0	100%	0%	3	1.3	0.4	4.4
	8.78	43%	70%	4	1.7	0.6	4.9
	13.9	21%	80%				
	24.2	14%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1.7	71%	22%	1			
	1.58	80%	21%	2	0.8	0.5	1.3
	0.917	90%	13%	3	1.3	0.9	2.0
	7.66	25%	70%	4	1.7	1.2	2.5
	11.7	18%	80%				
	21.2	8%	90%				
24 hours	2.28	72%	31%	1			
	1.58	81%	21%	2	1.1	0.7	1.6
	0.951	91%	14%	3	0.5	0.3	0.8
	7.66	42%	70%	4	1.6	1.2	2.2
	11.7	28%	80%				
	21.2	11%	90%				
48 hours	1.94	74%	27%	1			
	1.49	87%	19%	2	0.8	0.3	2.0
	1.07	91%	14%	3	1.5	0.7	3.1
	7.66	43%	70%	4	1.5	0.7	3.1
	11.7	26%	80%				
	21.2	13%	90%				

Fig. 5 - 8

Interleukin-16

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	466.000	480.500	466.000	538.000	466.000	428.000
average	569.981	605.232	569.981	638.836	569.981	538.231
stdev	732.345	443.554	732.345	394.017	732.345	331.617
p (t-test)		0.729		0.478		0.827
min	161.000	165.000	161.000	217.000	161.000	231.000
max	11500.000	3110.000	11500.000	2030.000	11500.000	1530.000
n (Samp)	257	56	257	61	257	26
n (Pat)	112	56	112	61	112	26

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	464.000	549.000	464.000	598.500	464.000	529.000
average	557.318	1378.087	557.318	710.115	557.318	658.143
stdev	588.467	3381.637	588.467	399.424	588.467	321.392
p (t-test)		0.000		0.192		0.524
min	153.000	165.000	153.000	302.000	153.000	310.000
max	11500.000	16800.000	11500.000	1930.000	11500.000	1220.000
n (Samp)	459	23	459	26	459	14
n (Pat)	180	23	180	26	180	14

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	466.000	479.000	466.000	505.000	466.000	445.000
average	536.075	602.039	536.075	607.245	536.075	535.696
stdev	257.240	439.479	257.240	362.716	257.240	322.038
p (t-test)		0.161		0.100		0.995
min	172.000	249.000	172.000	217.000	172.000	231.000
max	1550.000	3110.000	1550.000	2030.000	1550.000	1530.000
n (Samp)	213	51	213	53	213	23
n (Pat)	89	51	89	53	89	23

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.53	0.043	257	56	0.446
24 hours	0.56	0.042	257	61	0.143
48 hours	0.47	0.058	257	26	0.561

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.63	0.064	459	23	0.035
24 hours	0.65	0.060	459	26	0.013
48 hours	0.62	0.081	459	14	0.149

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.53	0.046	213	51	0.465
24 hours	0.53	0.045	213	53	0.469
48 hours	0.47	0.062	213	23	0.623

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	375	71%	29%	1			
	345	80%	23%	2	1.1	0.8	1.6
	295	91%	15%	3	0.8	0.6	1.2
	592	36%	70%	4	1.5	1.1	2.0
	666	29%	80%				
	914	14%	90%				
24 hours	383	70%	32%	1			
	334	80%	20%	2	0.7	0.5	1.0
	288	90%	14%	3	1.2	0.9	1.6
	592	38%	70%	4	1.2	0.9	1.7
	666	30%	80%				

Fig. 5 - 9

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	914	21%	90%				
48 hours	364	73%	26%	1			
	332	81%	20%	2	1.4	0.7	3.0
	306	92%	16%	3	1.4	0.7	3.0
	592	23%	70%	4	1.5	0.7	3.1
	666	15%	80%				
	914	12%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	433	74%	43%	1			
	377	83%	30%	2	3.6	1.0	13.2
	361	91%	26%	3	2.0	0.5	9.1
	585	43%	70%	4	5.3	1.6	17.8
	671	39%	80%				
	914	30%	90%				
24 hours	512	73%	59%	1			
	361	81%	26%	2	0.7	0.2	2.4
	329	92%	19%	3	1.8	0.8	4.0
	585	54%	70%	4	3.2	1.6	6.3
	671	38%	80%				
	914	27%	90%				
48 hours	410	71%	39%	1			
	371	86%	29%	2	4.1	0.3	49.2
	364	93%	27%	3	4.1	0.3	49.2
	585	43%	70%	4	5.1	0.5	55.8
	671	36%	80%				
	914	29%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	414	71%	40%	1			
	345	80%	21%	2	1.1	0.7	1.6
	299	90%	15%	3	0.9	0.6	1.4
	613	33%	70%	4	1.3	0.9	1.9
	683	27%	80%				
	915	12%	90%				
24 hours	375	72%	27%	1			
	332	81%	18%	2	0.7	0.4	1.0
	272	91%	11%	3	1.1	0.8	1.5
	613	30%	70%	4	1.0	0.7	1.4
	683	26%	80%				
	915	19%	90%				
48 hours	336	74%	19%	1			
	311	83%	16%	2	0.8	0.4	1.8
	292	91%	15%	3	0.8	0.4	1.8
	613	26%	70%	4	1.2	0.6	2.4
	683	17%	80%				
	915	9%	90%				

Fig. 5 - 10

Interleukin-2

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.502	0.585	0.502	0.594	0.502	0.586
average	0.735	0.771	0.735	1.057	0.735	0.751
stdev	0.952	0.600	0.952	1.385	0.952	0.561
p (t-test)		0.810		0.086		0.938
min	0.000	0.021	0.000	0.157	0.000	0.138
max	7.239	2.839	7.239	8.727	7.239	2.654
n (Samp)	105	48	105	55	105	25
n (Pat)	99	48	99	55	99	25

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.533	0.575	0.533	0.712	0.533	0.649
average	0.887	0.631	0.887	0.860	0.887	0.610
stdev	1.535	0.488	1.535	0.593	1.535	0.342
p (t-test)		0.508		0.938		0.533
min	0.000	0.021	0.000	0.237	0.000	0.138
max	19.127	2.173	19.127	2.538	19.127	1.164
n (Samp)	242	16	242	20	242	12
n (Pat)	161	16	161	20	161	12

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.542	0.586	0.542	0.586	0.542	0.586
average	0.824	0.781	0.824	1.128	0.824	0.879
stdev	1.008	0.590	1.008	1.526	1.008	0.675
p (t-test)		0.800		0.164		0.812
min	0.045	0.143	0.045	0.157	0.045	0.210
max	7.239	2.839	7.239	8.727	7.239	2.654
n (Samp)	96	40	96	44	96	21
n (Pat)	84	40	84	44	84	21

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.58	0.051	105	48	0.126
24 hours	0.61	0.048	105	55	0.024
48 hours	0.58	0.066	105	25	0.235

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.50	0.075	242	16	0.966
24 hours	0.59	0.069	242	20	0.187
48 hours	0.51	0.086	242	12	0.946

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.54	0.055	96	40	0.417
24 hours	0.56	0.053	96	44	0.236
48 hours	0.57	0.071	96	21	0.318

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.441742	71%	44%	1			
	0.3227725	81%	28%	2	1.3	0.8	2.2
	0.2225612	92%	16%	3	1.5	0.9	2.5
	0.6608587	40%	70%	4	2.2	1.4	3.7
	0.8141932	29%	80%				
	1.4175697	17%	90%				
24 hours	0.4058343	71%	38%	1			
	0.3397476	80%	30%	2	1.4	0.9	2.3
	0.2727072	91%	22%	3	1.4	0.9	2.3
	0.6608587	45%	70%	4	2.7	1.7	4.3
	0.8141932	36%	80%				

Fig. 5 - 11

	1.4175697	18%	90%				
48 hours	0.441742	72%	44%	1			
	0.4007328	80%	37%	2	1.2	0.5	2.8
	0.1974446	92%	12%	3	1.0	0.4	2.5
	0.6608587	44%	70%	4	2.0	0.9	4.3
	0.8141932	36%	80%				
	1.4175697	8%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.3778117	75%	33%	1			
	0.3600263	81%	29%	2	2.6	0.6	10.9
	0.1258636	94%	5%	3	3.8	1.0	14.3
	0.766354	19%	70%	4	1.0	0.1	7.4
	1.0624848	13%	80%				
	1.8023893	6%	90%				
24 hours	0.4673005	70%	43%	1			
	0.3902944	80%	34%	2	1.0	0.3	2.8
	0.2920348	90%	21%	3	0.7	0.2	2.5
	0.766354	50%	70%	4	2.4	1.1	5.2
	1.0624848	25%	80%				
	1.8023893	10%	90%				
48 hours	0.2697168	75%	17%	1			
	0.2487421	83%	14%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0.1572836	92%	7%	3	1.3	0.5	3.3
	0.766354	42%	70%	4	0.7	0.2	2.4
	1.0624848	8%	80%				
	1.8023893	0%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.4469507	70%	42%	1			
	0.3397476	80%	27%	2	1.4	0.7	2.5
	0.2894797	90%	21%	3	1.8	1.0	3.1
	0.78861	33%	71%	4	1.4	0.7	2.5
	0.9678962	25%	80%				
	1.5351742	15%	91%				
24 hours	0.3872229	70%	32%	1			
	0.3271002	82%	25%	2	1.3	0.8	2.3
	0.2665305	91%	16%	3	1.2	0.7	2.0
	0.78861	41%	71%	4	1.9	1.1	3.3
	0.9678962	30%	80%				
	1.5351742	18%	91%				
48 hours	0.4469507	71%	42%	1			
	0.4209348	81%	36%	2	2.8	0.9	8.3
	0.278692	90%	17%	3	1.4	0.4	5.1
	0.78861	33%	71%	4	2.6	0.9	7.9
	0.9678962	33%	80%				
	1.5351742	19%	91%				

Fig. 5 - 12

Interleukin-12 p40

sCr or UO

| | 0 hr prior to AKI stage | | 24 hr prior to AKI stage | | 48 hr prior to AKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	33.113	26.461	33.113	20.388	33.113	26.282
average	44.441	28.178	44.441	33.913	44.441	34.108
stdev	45.103	19.402	45.103	35.548	45.103	33.576
p (t-test)		0.018		0.135		0.284
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	230.675	74.271	230.675	199.554	230.675	163.969
n (Samp)	105	48	105	55	105	25
n (Pat)	99	48	99	55	99	25

sCr only

| | 0 hr prior toAKI stage | | 24 hr prior toAKI stage | | 48 hr prior toAKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	28.168	40.846	28.168	16.783	28.168	39.569
average	35.854	42.961	35.854	31.632	35.854	44.630
stdev	35.190	22.328	35.190	44.969	35.190	42.545
p (t-test)		0.426		0.615		0.405
min	0.000	9.137	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	230.675	89.352	230.675	199.554	230.675	163.969
n (Samp)	242	16	242	20	242	12
n (Pat)	161	16	161	20	161	12

UO only

| | 0 hr prior toAKI stage | | 24 hr prior toAKI stage | | 48 hr prior toAKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	32.732	20.996	32.732	27.081	32.732	26.282
average	41.130	25.635	41.130	38.284	41.130	35.752
stdev	40.396	19.095	40.396	37.534	40.396	35.676
p (t-test)		0.022		0.693		0.574
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	230.675	74.271	230.675	199.554	230.675	163.969
n (Samp)	96	40	96	44	96	21
n (Pat)	84	40	84	44	84	21

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.42	0.049	105	48	0.082
24 hours	0.42	0.047	105	55	0.076
48 hours	0.44	0.062	105	25	0.326

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.64	0.077	242	16	0.066
24 hours	0.40	0.062	242	20	0.099
48 hours	0.59	0.088	242	12	0.289

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.39	0.051	96	40	0.025
24 hours	0.48	0.052	96	44	0.643
48 hours	0.46	0.068	96	21	0.515

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	15.666709	71%	24%	1			
	9.4129279	81%	14%	2	1.0	0.6	1.8
	3.3229148	92%	9%	3	2.4	1.5	4.0
	43.818211	19%	70%	4	1.9	1.2	3.2
	64.573125	6%	80%				
	103.64968	0%	90%				
24 hours	16.126739	71%	25%	1			
	11.758032	80%	17%	2	0.4	0.2	0.7
	1.2982033	91%	8%	3	1.7	1.1	2.5
	43.818211	27%	70%	4	1.1	0.7	1.7
	64.573125	15%	80%				

Fig. 5 - 13

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	103.64968	7%	90%				
48 hours	18.199316	72%	30%	1			
	13.847063	80%	22%	2	0.8	0.3	2.2
	0	100%	0%	3	2.1	1.0	4.5
	43.818211	24%	70%	4	1.6	0.7	3.6
	64.573125	8%	80%				
	103.64968	4%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	26.774518	75%	48%	1			
	24.36913	81%	45%	2	4.1	0.3	51.0
	16.717185	94%	29%	3	6.5	0.6	68.4
	39.823651	56%	70%	4	5.3	0.5	58.8
	49.184951	31%	80%				
	74.125859	13%	90%				
24 hours	9.6041633	70%	17%	1			
	5.1253412	80%	12%	2	0.4	0.1	1.6
	1.846505	90%	9%	3	0.8	0.3	2.0
	39.823651	25%	70%	4	2.0	1.0	3.9
	49.184951	25%	80%				
	74.125859	5%	90%				
48 hours	22.206909	75%	43%	1			
	21.27953	83%	41%	2	1.0	0.1	7.4
	1.846505	92%	9%	3	2.1	0.4	9.6
	39.823651	50%	70%	4	2.0	0.4	9.4
	49.184951	33%	80%				
	74.125859	8%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	15.286756	70%	23%	1			
	9.4129279	80%	18%	2	1.2	0.6	2.3
	3.3229148	90%	8%	3	2.4	1.3	4.3
	43.818211	18%	71%	4	2.1	1.1	3.9
	55.173538	8%	80%				
	89.565615	0%	91%				
24 hours	17.960094	70%	30%	1			
	15.666709	82%	24%	2	0.3	0.1	0.6
	5.1253412	91%	9%	3	1.3	0.8	2.0
	43.818211	32%	71%	4	0.8	0.5	1.3
	55.173538	23%	80%				
	89.565615	9%	91%				
48 hours	18.11806	71%	31%	1			
	13.847063	81%	22%	2	0.8	0.3	2.3
	8.1183826	90%	13%	3	1.3	0.5	3.2
	43.818211	29%	71%	4	1.3	0.5	3.2
	55.173538	14%	80%				
	89.565615	5%	91%				

Fig. 5 - 14

Matrix metalloproteinase-2

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2410.000	2695.000	2410.000	2730.000	2410.000	2755.000
average	2499.735	2820.714	2499.735	2717.230	2499.735	2848.077
stdev	889.134	940.104	889.134	1056.121	889.134	863.806
p (t-test)		0.016		0.099		0.057
min	618.000	1520.000	618.000	1190.000	618.000	1440.000
max	5710.000	5520.000	5710.000	5621.000	5710.000	5080.000
n (Samp)	257	56	257	61	257	26
n (Pat)	112	56	112	61	112	26

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2490.000	2590.000	2490.000	2610.000	2490.000	2920.000
average	2629.743	2796.957	2629.743	2822.346	2629.743	3013.571
stdev	974.304	1054.611	974.304	1302.561	974.304	1038.028
p (t-test)		0.424		0.337		0.148
min	618.000	1720.000	618.000	1350.000	618.000	1690.000
max	6370.000	5130.000	6370.000	5621.000	6370.000	5030.000
n (Samp)	459	23	459	26	459	14
n (Pat)	180	23	180	26	180	14

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2460.000	2870.000	2460.000	2820.000	2460.000	2850.000
average	2510.056	2977.451	2510.056	2765.094	2510.056	2976.087
stdev	893.199	994.601	893.199	944.296	893.199	879.048
p (t-test)		0.001		0.067		0.018
min	618.000	1520.000	618.000	1190.000	618.000	1440.000
max	5710.000	5870.000	5710.000	5270.000	5710.000	5080.000
n (Samp)	213	51	213	53	213	23
n (Pat)	89	51	89	53	89	23

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.60	0.043	257	56	0.028
24 hours	0.55	0.042	257	61	0.226
48 hours	0.62	0.061	257	26	0.054

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.53	0.063	459	23	0.619
24 hours	0.52	0.059	459	26	0.790
48 hours	0.61	0.081	459	14	0.192

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.63	0.045	213	51	0.003
24 hours	0.58	0.045	213	53	0.087
48 hours	0.66	0.065	213	23	0.015

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	2080	71%	34%	1			
	1960	80%	28%	2	1.7	1.1	2.5
	1740	93%	21%	3	1.4	0.9	2.2
	2890	45%	70%	4	2.8	1.9	4.0
	3150	32%	80%				
	3660	18%	90%				
24 hours	1940	70%	28%	1			
	1760	80%	21%	2	0.6	0.4	0.9
	1480	90%	12%	3	0.8	0.6	1.1
	2890	43%	70%	4	1.4	1.1	1.9
	3150	30%	80%				

Fig. 5 - 15

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	3660	15%	90%				
48 hours	2370	73%	49%	1			
	2210	81%	42%	2	2.1	0.7	5.8
	1810	92%	22%	3	2.8	1.1	7.4
	2890	38%	70%	4	3.2	1.3	8.2
	3150	31%	80%				
	3660	12%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1880	74%	22%	1			
	1780	83%	18%	2	0.6	0.2	1.2
	1740	91%	17%	3	0.6	0.2	1.2
	2970	39%	70%	4	1.1	0.7	2.0
	3320	26%	80%				
	3880	17%	90%				
24 hours	1740	73%	17%	1			
	1710	81%	16%	2	0.3	0.1	0.7
	1370	92%	7%	3	0.2	0.1	0.6
	2970	42%	70%	4	1.1	0.7	1.7
	3320	31%	80%				
	3880	19%	90%				
48 hours	2370	71%	45%	1			
	1970	86%	26%	2	2.0	0.5	9.2
	1810	93%	19%	3	1.0	0.1	7.3
	2970	50%	70%	4	3.1	0.8	11.8
	3320	43%	80%				
	3880	14%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	2290	71%	44%	1			
	2080	80%	31%	2	2.1	1.3	3.4
	1940	90%	26%	3	1.9	1.1	3.1
	2910	49%	70%	4	3.4	2.2	5.4
	3150	35%	80%				
	3540	25%	90%				
24 hours	2130	72%	35%	1			
	1860	81%	23%	2	0.8	0.5	1.2
	1700	91%	18%	3	1.1	0.7	1.6
	2910	43%	70%	4	1.7	1.2	2.3
	3150	28%	80%				
	3540	13%	90%				
48 hours	2470	74%	53%	1			
	2220	83%	40%	2	2.1	0.4	9.7
	2130	91%	35%	3	3.8	1.0	14.5
	2910	48%	70%	4	5.8	1.7	20.3
	3150	39%	80%				
	3540	22%	90%				

Fig. 5 - 16

Midkine

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior to AKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5.146	4.121	5.146	2.690	5.146	0.002
average	17.661	12.486	17.661	2.690	17.661	4.680
stdev	21.849	15.424	21.849	2.877	21.849	na
p (t-test)		0.422		0.341		na
min	0.002	0.326	0.002	0.656	0.002	4.680
max	72.865	48.646	72.865	4.725	72.865	4.680
n (Samp)	57	13	57	2	57	1
n (Pat)	37	13	37	2	37	1

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4.019	11.724	4.019	5.802	4.019	30.690
average	15.715	18.765	15.715	14.762	15.715	30.690
stdev	20.369	19.678	20.369	21.340	20.369	35.804
p (t-test)		0.723		0.927		0.312
min	0.002	0.604	0.002	0.889	0.002	5.373
max	72.865	50.413	72.865	46.556	72.865	56.007
n (Samp)	89	6	89	4	89	2
n (Pat)	61	6	61	4	61	2

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	24 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2	48 hr prior toAKI stage Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.186	3.724	8.186	20.336	8.186	0.002
average	19.917	11.085	19.917	20.336	19.917	4.680
stdev	23.138	14.963	23.138	27.832	23.138	na
p (t-test)		0.188		0.980		na
min	0.002	0.326	0.002	0.656	0.002	4.680
max	72.865	48.646	72.865	40.017	72.865	4.680
n (Samp)	42	14	42	2	42	1
n (Pat)	27	14	27	2	27	1

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.46	0.087	57	13	0.615
24 hours	0.27	0.153	57	2	0.135
48 hours	0.47	0.288	57	1	0.927

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.60	0.126	89	6	0.423
24 hours	0.55	0.152	89	4	0.753
48 hours	0.74	0.204	89	2	0.236

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.44	0.087	42	14	0.470
24 hours	0.44	0.202	42	2	0.768
48 hours	0.43	0.278	42	1	0.798

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1.8154762	77%	37%	1			
	0.6001451	85%	7%	2	1.1	0.2	5.2
	0.41705	92%	4%	3	1.4	0.3	5.9
	24.521014	23%	70%	4	1.1	0.2	5.2
	38.15427	8%	81%				
	58.20643	0%	91%				
24 hours	0.6001451	100%	7%	1			
	0.6001451	100%	7%	2	na	na	na
	0.6001451	100%	7%	3	na	na	na
	24.521014	0%	70%	4	na	na	na
	38.15427	0%	81%				

Fig. 5 - 17

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	58.20643	0%	91%				
48 hours	3.8837139	100%	47%	1			
	3.8837139	100%	47%	2	na	na	na
	3.8837139	100%	47%	3	na	na	na
	24.521014	0%	70%	4	na	na	na
	38.15427	0%	81%				
	58.20643	0%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4.120827	83%	52%	1			
	4.120827	83%	52%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0.6001451	100%	13%	3	3.1	0.2	51.5
	23.377627	33%	71%	4	2.0	0.1	45.2
	37.817259	17%	81%				
	50.930626	0%	91%				
24 hours	4.679988	75%	53%	1			
	0.8763587	100%	22%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0.8763587	100%	22%	3	2.1	0.1	47.6
	23.377627	25%	71%	4	1.0	0.0	57.4
	37.817259	25%	81%				
	50.930626	0%	91%				
48 hours	5.2959736	100%	56%	1			
	5.2959736	100%	56%	2	na	na	na
	5.2959736	100%	56%	3	na	na	na
	23.377627	50%	71%	4	na	na	na
	37.817259	50%	81%				
	50.930626	50%	91%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	2.1084701	71%	36%	1			
	1.7559524	86%	33%	2	2.4	0.4	15.0
	0.41705	93%	5%	3	4.5	0.8	25.0
	25.482094	21%	71%	4	1.0	0.1	9.8
	40.35533	7%	81%				
	58.544839	0%	90%				
24 hours	0.647909	100%	10%	1			
	0.647909	100%	10%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0.647909	100%	10%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	25.482094	50%	71%	4	1.0	0.0	74.6
	40.35533	0%	81%				
	58.544839	0%	90%				
48 hours	3.7035281	100%	43%	1			
	3.7035281	100%	43%	2	na	na	na
	3.7035281	100%	43%	3	na	na	na
	25.482094	0%	71%	4	na	na	na
	40.35533	0%	81%				
	58.544839	0%	90%				

Fig. 5 - 18

Serum amyloid P-component

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4777.794	5269.103	4777.794	5335.126	4777.794	5911.409
average	5429.356	5900.293	5429.356	5634.925	5429.356	5864.357
stdev	2598.916	2923.675	2598.916	2733.024	2598.916	1615.939
p (t-test)		0.319		0.641		0.425
min	96.224	1726.916	96.224	915.589	96.224	2435.350
max	16315.493	16576.982	16315.493	15099.189	16315.493	9313.335
n (Samp)	105	48	105	55	105	25
n (Pat)	99	48	99	55	99	25

sCr only

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4901.022	4965.322	4901.022	5479.072	4901.022	7025.322
average	5410.216	5730.188	5410.216	6527.434	5410.216	6721.597
stdev	2594.166	2543.963	2594.166	3060.956	2594.166	1258.388
p (t-test)		0.633		0.069		0.083
min	96.224	2712.995	96.224	1775.429	96.224	4897.196
max	16576.982	11731.227	16576.982	15099.189	16576.982	9313.335
n (Samp)	242	16	242	20	242	12
n (Pat)	161	16	161	20	161	12

UO only

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5129.158	5619.867	5129.158	4951.655	5129.158	5489.238
average	5466.850	6142.521	5466.850	5295.765	5466.850	5308.809
stdev	2241.215	3084.026	2241.215	2476.546	2241.215	1442.404
p (t-test)		0.156		0.686		0.758
min	1580.497	1726.916	1580.497	915.589	1580.497	2435.350
max	16315.493	16576.982	16315.493	11719.795	16315.493	7635.468
n (Samp)	96	40	96	44	96	21
n (Pat)	84	40	84	44	84	21

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.55	0.051	105	48	0.299
24 hours	0.53	0.048	105	55	0.539
48 hours	0.61	0.065	105	25	0.086

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.54	0.076	242	16	0.625
24 hours	0.62	0.069	242	20	0.085
48 hours	0.74	0.084	242	12	0.005

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.055	96	40	0.271
24 hours	0.48	0.052	96	44	0.688
48 hours	0.52	0.070	96	21	0.824

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4189.319	71%	34%	1			
	3804.4829	81%	26%	2	0.7	0.4	1.1
	2574.8577	92%	7%	3	1.3	0.8	2.1
	6201.8056	35%	70%	4	1.7	1.1	2.7
	6895.0273	33%	80%				
	8454.6109	8%	90%				
24 hours	4055.2483	71%	31%	1			
	3704.7846	80%	25%	2	1.0	0.6	1.6
	2272.6685	91%	5%	3	1.6	1.0	2.4
	6201.8056	31%	70%	4	1.4	0.9	2.2
	6895.0273	25%	80%				

Fig. 5 - 19

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	8454.6109	18%	90%				
48 hours	5360.051	72%	60%	1			
	4394.6994	80%	40%	2	1.3	0.4	4.8
	3804.4829	92%	26%	3	4.4	1.6	12.0
	6201.8056	48%	70%	4	3.1	1.1	8.8
	6895.0273	32%	80%				
	8454.6109	4%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4189.319	75%	35%	1			
	3439.4811	81%	18%	2	1.0	0.3	2.8
	2870.5973	94%	13%	3	0.5	0.1	2.2
	6201.8056	38%	70%	4	1.5	0.6	3.7
	7006.5873	38%	80%				
	8367.1538	19%	90%				
24 hours	5324.4963	70%	57%	1			
	4189.319	80%	35%	2	2.0	0.4	9.4
	3956.1005	90%	28%	3	3.8	1.0	14.3
	6201.8056	35%	70%	4	3.7	1.0	14.1
	7006.5873	35%	80%				
	8367.1538	25%	90%				
48 hours	5653.03	75%	62%	1			
	5427.0131	83%	58%	2	na	na	na
	5296.6572	92%	57%	3	na	na	na
	6201.8056	67%	70%	4	na	na	na
	7006.5873	50%	80%				
	8367.1538	8%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4394.6994	70%	35%	1			
	3811.5919	80%	21%	2	0.7	0.4	1.3
	3425.1197	90%	15%	3	0.6	0.3	1.2
	6201.8056	40%	71%	4	1.9	1.1	3.2
	6895.0273	38%	80%				
	8435.3903	10%	91%				
24 hours	3970.7915	70%	25%	1			
	2870.5973	82%	10%	2	1.1	0.7	2.0
	2272.6685	91%	4%	3	1.1	0.7	2.0
	6201.8056	27%	71%	4	1.3	0.8	2.2
	6895.0273	20%	80%				
	8435.3903	16%	91%				
48 hours	4394.6994	71%	35%	1			
	3912.6934	81%	23%	2	0.6	0.2	1.8
	3425.1197	90%	15%	3	1.8	0.8	4.1
	6201.8056	33%	71%	4	1.0	0.4	2.5
	6895.0273	14%	80%				
	8435.3903	0%	91%				

Fig. 5 - 20

Fatty acid binding protein, heart

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	7.870	28.350	7.870	23.500	7.870	25.850
average	29.799	86.504	29.799	157.776	29.799	83.122
stdev	78.132	183.922	78.132	343.908	78.132	128.747
p (t-test)		0.001		0.000		0.006
min	0.030	1.440	0.030	0.030	0.030	1.440
max	944.000	809.000	944.000	1477.000	944.000	463.000
n (Samp)	434	28	434	36	434	18
n (Pat)	173	28	173	36	173	18

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.920	91.250	8.920	48.250	8.920	84.700
average	38.900	208.083	38.900	363.564	38.900	181.943
stdev	103.113	301.551	103.113	564.084	103.113	233.374
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.000
min	0.030	17.900	0.030	4.660	0.030	13.500
max	944.000	809.000	944.000	1477.000	944.000	572.000
n (Samp)	542	6	542	10	542	7
n (Pat)	208	6	208	10	208	7

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	8.445	26.600	8.445	36.350	8.445	25.850
average	30.058	57.893	30.058	93.107	30.058	63.806
stdev	76.890	119.253	76.890	178.545	76.890	91.809
p (t-test)		0.084		0.000		0.089
min	0.030	1.440	0.030	0.030	0.030	1.440
max	944.000	623.000	944.000	944.000	944.000	324.000
n (Samp)	356	27	356	32	356	16
n (Pat)	138	27	138	32	138	16

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.72	0.056	434	28	0.000
24 hours	0.70	0.050	434	36	0.000
48 hours	0.69	0.071	434	18	0.009

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.87	0.094	542	6	0.000
24 hours	0.73	0.091	542	10	0.010
48 hours	0.83	0.095	542	7	0.000

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.69	0.058	356	27	0.001
24 hours	0.69	0.054	356	32	0.000
48 hours	0.66	0.076	356	16	0.034

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	11.5	71%	62%	1			
	10	82%	59%	2	1.5	0.3	8.0
	3.37	93%	28%	3	4.2	1.2	14.9
	16.1	64%	70%	4	8.4	2.7	26.4
	33.4	39%	80%				
	71.6	25%	90%				
24 hours	11	72%	62%	1			
	8.42	81%	52%	2	0.2	0.0	1.6
	1.93	94%	20%	3	2.1	1.2	3.6
	16.1	61%	70%	4	3.1	1.9	5.0

Fig. 6 - 1

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	33.4	47%	80%				
	71.6	33%	90%				
48 hours	13.3	72%	67%	1			
	2.99	83%	26%	2	0.3	0.0	4.6
	1.83	94%	19%	3	1.7	0.6	5.0
	16.1	61%	70%	4	3.2	1.3	7.9
	33.4	44%	80%				
	71.6	28%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	11.5	70%	60%	1			
	9.97	81%	57%	2	1.5	0.3	8.0
	3.25	93%	26%	3	4.8	1.4	16.6
	17.5	63%	70%	4	7.3	2.2	23.6
	33.9	37%	80%				
	76.8	15%	90%				
24 hours	13.3	72%	65%	1			
	5.18	81%	37%	2	0.2	0.0	1.6
	1.93	94%	19%	3	1.4	0.7	2.5
	17.5	66%	70%	4	3.2	2.0	5.3
	33.9	50%	80%				
	76.8	34%	90%				
48 hours	9.97	75%	57%	1			
	2.99	81%	25%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	1.81	94%	18%	3	1.3	0.5	3.2
	17.5	63%	70%	4	1.8	0.8	4.1
	33.9	44%	80%				
	76.8	25%	90%				

Fig. 6 - 2

Hepatocyte growth factor

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	785.857	800.061	785.857	959.117	785.857	1140.990
average	1837.846	4370.706	1837.846	1873.697	1837.846	1421.852
stdev	2549.628	11864.960	2549.628	2004.545	2549.628	1536.897
p (t-test)		0.009		0.943		0.520
min	51.808	312.956	51.808	225.202	51.808	180.668
max	17531.948	52712.475	17531.948	7301.432	17531.948	6754.272
n (Samp)	230	19	230	28	230	16
n (Pat)	158	19	158	28	158	16

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	847.303	27453.357	847.303	1517.974	847.303	960.960
average	1869.522	27453.357	1869.522	3111.683	1869.522	1219.269
stdev	2768.460	35721.787	2768.460	3452.908	2768.460	647.369
p (t-test)		0.000		0.244		0.601
min	51.808	2194.240	51.808	452.950	51.808	591.579
max	25326.471	52712.475	25326.471	8813.508	25326.471	2260.899
n (Samp)	295	2	295	7	295	5
n (Pat)	187	2	187	7	187	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	748.776	752.858	748.776	1136.803	748.776	1319.719
average	1846.731	1608.159	1846.731	3739.396	1846.731	1576.384
stdev	2650.927	1941.760	2650.927	10136.948	2650.927	1634.436
p (t-test)		0.703		0.033		0.707
min	51.808	312.956	51.808	225.202	51.808	180.668
max	17531.948	7852.366	17531.948	52712.475	17531.948	6754.272
n (Samp)	198	19	198	26	198	14
n (Pat)	132	19	132	26	132	14

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.57	0.071	230	19	0.357
24 hours	0.56	0.059	230	28	0.308
48 hours	0.53	0.076	230	16	0.676

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.88	0.159	295	2	0.017
24 hours	0.65	0.114	295	7	0.178
48 hours	0.57	0.134	295	5	0.619

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.54	0.071	198	19	0.555
24 hours	0.58	0.062	198	26	0.176
48 hours	0.55	0.082	198	14	0.517

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	575.20844	74%	38%	1			
	513.85383	84%	34%	2	3.8	1.0	14.4
	358.54972	95%	19%	3	3.2	0.8	12.7
	1863.8946	37%	70%	4	2.0	0.4	9.4
	2715.1627	21%	80%				
	4719.486	16%	90%				
24 hours	660.41281	71%	47%	1			
	468.6146	82%	30%	2	1.8	0.8	4.2
	309.45606	93%	16%	3	2.5	1.1	5.3
	1863.8946	32%	70%	4	2.1	0.9	4.7
	2715.1627	18%	80%				

Fig. 6 - 3

	4719.486	14%	90%				
48 hours	611.77344	75%	43%	1			
	591.03997	81%	40%	2	1.0	0.2	3.9
	298.34033	94%	15%	3	3.3	1.3	8.6
	1863.8946	19%	70%	4	0.3	0.0	4.6
	2715.1627	6%	80%				
	4719.486	6%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	575.20844	74%	39%	1			
	513.85383	84%	35%	2	3.9	1.0	14.8
	358.54972	95%	20%	3	3.3	0.8	13.0
	1823.3743	26%	70%	4	2.0	0.4	9.6
	2715.1627	16%	80%				
	4719.486	11%	90%				
24 hours	649.07174	73%	48%	1			
	474.87493	81%	31%	2	1.3	0.5	3.3
	307.96674	92%	17%	3	2.2	1.0	4.9
	1823.3743	35%	70%	4	2.5	1.1	5.5
	2715.1627	19%	80%				
	4719.486	15%	90%				
48 hours	709.80187	71%	49%	1			
	401.51729	86%	22%	2	0.7	0.1	3.6
	298.34033	93%	16%	3	2.1	0.7	6.1
	1823.3743	29%	70%	4	1.0	0.3	4.0
	2715.1627	7%	80%				
	4719.486	7%	90%				

Fig. 6 - 4

Interleukin-16

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	465.500	618.000	465.500	559.500	465.500	528.000
average	546.730	1220.893	546.730	729.083	546.730	671.611
stdev	582.350	3070.443	582.350	561.517	582.350	447.400
p (t-test)		0.000		0.071		0.369
min	161.000	153.000	161.000	190.000	161.000	263.000
max	11500.000	16800.000	11500.000	3110.000	11500.000	1630.000
n (Samp)	434	28	434	36	434	18
n (Pat)	173	28	173	36	173	18

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	466.000	911.000	466.000	823.000	466.000	1040.000
average	559.373	3556.167	559.373	804.700	559.373	1010.000
stdev	553.796	6496.693	553.796	354.016	553.796	493.955
p (t-test)		0.000		0.164		0.033
min	153.000	567.000	153.000	302.000	153.000	365.000
max	11500.000	16800.000	11500.000	1280.000	11500.000	1630.000
n (Samp)	542	6	542	10	542	7
n (Pat)	208	6	208	10	208	7

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	465.500	554.000	465.500	554.000	465.500	570.000
average	527.596	627.074	527.596	701.563	527.596	1595.563
stdev	246.463	328.308	246.463	573.322	246.463	4066.286
p (t-test)		0.049		0.001		0.000
min	172.000	153.000	172.000	190.000	172.000	263.000
max	1630.000	1600.000	1630.000	3110.000	1630.000	16800.000
n (Samp)	356	27	356	32	356	16
n (Pat)	138	27	138	32	138	16

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.63	0.058	434	28	0.029
24 hours	0.61	0.052	434	36	0.041
48 hours	0.55	0.071	434	18	0.452

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.87	0.093	542	6	0.000
24 hours	0.72	0.092	542	10	0.015
48 hours	0.77	0.105	542	7	0.009

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.59	0.059	356	27	0.141
24 hours	0.58	0.055	356	32	0.132
48 hours	0.56	0.076	356	16	0.421

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	438	71%	44%	1			
	346	82%	22%	2	0.5	0.2	1.3
	261	93%	8%	3	0.8	0.4	1.8
	579	54%	70%	4	2.5	1.5	4.1
	655	46%	80%				
	829	29%	90%				
24 hours	399	72%	35%	1			
	360	81%	25%	2	0.6	0.3	1.2
	295	92%	13%	3	1.0	0.6	1.7
	579	47%	70%	4	2.0	1.3	3.0
	655	39%	80%				

Fig. 6 - 5

	829	28%	90%				
48 hours	364	72%	25%	1			
	327	83%	18%	2	0.6	0.2	1.7
	310	94%	15%	3	0.8	0.3	2.0
	579	39%	70%	4	1.2	0.6	2.6
	655	33%	80%				
	829	22%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	655	83%	78%	1			
	655	83%	78%	2	na	na	na
	566	100%	67%	3	na	na	na
	592	83%	70%	4	na	na	na
	683	67%	80%				
	914	50%	90%				
24 hours	589	70%	70%	1			
	525	80%	61%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	362	90%	25%	3	1.0	0.1	7.3
	592	60%	70%	4	3.1	0.8	11.8
	683	50%	80%				
	914	50%	90%				
48 hours	996	71%	93%	1			
	404	86%	37%	2	na	na	na
	364	100%	25%	3	na	na	na
	592	71%	70%	4	na	na	na
	683	71%	80%				
	914	71%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	416	70%	39%	1			
	346	81%	21%	2	0.6	0.3	1.5
	261	93%	7%	3	0.8	0.4	1.7
	592	44%	70%	4	2.1	1.2	3.6
	673	37%	80%				
	883	26%	90%				
24 hours	399	72%	35%	1			
	360	81%	24%	2	0.7	0.3	1.4
	295	91%	13%	3	1.3	0.8	2.3
	592	38%	70%	4	1.6	1.0	2.7
	673	34%	80%				
	883	19%	90%				
48 hours	333	75%	18%	1			
	327	81%	17%	2	0.2	0.0	2.1
	307	94%	15%	3	1.0	0.4	2.3
	592	31%	70%	4	1.0	0.4	2.3
	673	31%	80%				
	883	19%	90%				

Fig. 6 - 6

Interleukin-2

sCr or UO

| | 0 hr prior to AKI stage | | 24 hr prior to AKI stage | | 48 hr prior to AKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.507	0.567	0.507	0.718	0.507	0.576
average	0.862	0.660	0.862	1.097	0.862	0.824
stdev	1.545	0.433	1.545	1.050	1.545	0.671
p (t-test)		0.570		0.435		0.921
min	0.000	0.125	0.000	0.209	0.000	0.167
max	19.127	1.719	19.127	5.074	19.127	2.654
n (Samp)	230	19	230	28	230	16
n (Pat)	158	19	158	28	158	16

sCr only

| | 0 hr prior toAKI stage | | 24 hr prior toAKI stage | | 48 hr prior toAKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.537	0.565	0.537	0.541	0.537	0.575
average	0.871	0.565	0.871	0.976	0.871	0.488
stdev	1.419	0.092	1.419	0.819	1.419	0.270
p (t-test)		0.761		0.845		0.547
min	0.000	0.500	0.000	0.294	0.000	0.167
max	19.127	0.630	19.127	2.538	19.127	0.844
n (Samp)	295	2	295	7	295	5
n (Pat)	187	2	187	7	187	5

UO only

| | 0 hr prior toAKI stage | | 24 hr prior toAKI stage | | 48 hr prior toAKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.535	0.567	0.535	0.718	0.535	0.609
average	0.934	0.633	0.934	1.109	0.934	0.895
stdev	1.650	0.458	1.650	1.081	1.650	0.679
p (t-test)		0.431		0.599		0.930
min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000	0.207
max	19.127	1.719	19.127	5.074	19.127	2.654
n (Samp)	198	19	198	26	198	14
n (Pat)	132	19	132	26	132	14

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.51	0.070	230	19	0.843
24 hours	0.63	0.059	230	28	0.023
48 hours	0.55	0.077	230	16	0.494

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.53	0.209	295	2	0.874
24 hours	0.58	0.114	295	7	0.507
48 hours	0.42	0.121	295	5	0.485

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.46	0.068	198	19	0.606
24 hours	0.61	0.062	198	26	0.069
48 hours	0.58	0.082	198	14	0.323

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.3397476	74%	27%	1			
	0.2818205	84%	20%	2	0.6	0.2	1.8
	0.1689911	95%	8%	3	1.2	0.6	2.7
	0.7604118	32%	70%	4	1.0	0.4	2.3
	0.9730253	21%	80%				
	1.6431131	5%	90%				
24 hours	0.536801	71%	53%	1			
	0.3872229	82%	33%	2	1.7	0.6	5.1
	0.2920348	93%	21%	3	3.3	1.3	8.5
	0.7604118	50%	70%	4	4.1	1.7	10.2
	0.9730253	36%	80%				

Fig. 6 - 7

	1.6431131	18%	90%				
48 hours	0.3701848	75%	31%	1			
	0.3498805	81%	28%	2	1.3	0.4	4.5
	0.1974446	94%	9%	3	1.0	0.3	4.0
	0.7604118	38%	70%	4	2.1	0.7	5.9
	0.9730253	31%	80%				
	1.6431131	13%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.4991843	100%	46%	1			
	0.4991843	100%	46%	2	na	na	na
	0.4991843	100%	46%	3	na	na	na
	0.798842	0%	70%	4	na	na	na
	1.0624848	0%	80%				
	1.8023893	0%	91%				
24 hours	0.4625933	71%	41%	1			
	0.3397476	86%	25%	2	2.0	0.1	39.9
	0.2920348	100%	20%	3	1.0	0.0	53.1
	0.798842	43%	70%	4	3.0	0.2	43.8
	1.0624848	43%	80%				
	1.8023893	14%	91%				
48 hours	0.2697168	80%	16%	1			
	0.2697168	80%	16%	2	na	na	na
	0.1572836	100%	6%	3	na	na	na
	0.798842	20%	70%	4	na	na	na
	1.0624848	0%	80%				
	1.8023893	0%	91%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	0.2894797	74%	18%	1			
	0.2369188	84%	9%	2	1.3	0.6	2.8
	0.1018729	95%	2%	3	0.4	0.1	1.6
	0.8014655	32%	70%	4	1.3	0.6	2.8
	1.0624848	21%	80%				
	1.9083031	0%	90%				
24 hours	0.4991843	73%	46%	1			
	0.3872229	81%	30%	2	1.3	0.5	3.3
	0.3448618	92%	26%	3	2.2	1.0	4.9
	0.8014655	46%	70%	4	2.5	1.1	5.5
	1.0624848	35%	80%				
	1.9083031	15%	90%				
48 hours	0.5018027	71%	47%	1			
	0.3701848	86%	28%	2	4.2	0.3	53.2
	0.3498805	93%	26%	3	4.2	0.3	53.2
	0.8014655	36%	70%	4	5.4	0.5	61.6
	1.0624848	36%	80%				
	1.9083031	7%	90%				

Fig. 6 - 8

Interleukin-12 p40

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	29.421	24.796	29.421	20.981	29.421	28.057
average	37.589	32.490	37.589	26.235	37.589	39.505
stdev	37.641	22.888	37.641	22.375	37.641	31.171
p (t-test)		0.562		0.120		0.843
min	0.000	2.416	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	230.675	74.865	230.675	79.271	230.675	107.372
n (Samp)	230	19	230	28	230	16
n (Pat)	158	19	158	28	158	16

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	29.143	16.864	29.143	10.418	29.143	21.542
average	37.181	16.864	37.181	16.871	37.181	30.226
stdev	35.168	0.098	35.168	18.872	35.168	36.405
p (t-test)		0.415		0.129		0.661
min	0.000	16.795	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
max	230.675	16.933	230.675	54.997	230.675	87.251
n (Samp)	295	2	295	7	295	5
n (Pat)	187	2	187	7	187	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	29.340	27.679	29.340	20.881	29.340	28.057
average	37.224	36.534	37.224	26.338	37.224	38.587
stdev	36.469	26.001	36.469	21.695	36.469	28.968
p (t-test)		0.936		0.139		0.891
min	0.000	2.416	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.604
max	230.675	90.638	230.675	79.271	230.675	107.372
n (Samp)	198	19	198	26	198	14
n (Pat)	132	19	132	26	132	14

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.49	0.069	230	19	0.910
24 hours	0.41	0.054	230	28	0.094
48 hours	0.53	0.076	230	16	0.654

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.28	0.149	295	2	0.136
24 hours	0.27	0.080	295	7	0.005
48 hours	0.41	0.120	295	5	0.457

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.53	0.070	198	19	0.673
24 hours	0.41	0.056	198	26	0.107
48 hours	0.53	0.081	198	14	0.669

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	16.782721	74%	28%	1			
	13.217232	84%	22%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	6.8184348	95%	13%	3	1.2	0.7	2.2
	40.115254	37%	70%	4	0.6	0.2	1.3
	50.721949	26%	80%				
	73.080875	11%	90%				
24 hours	11.758032	71%	19%	1			
	3.3229148	82%	10%	2	0.7	0.3	1.6
	1.846505	93%	9%	3	1.4	0.7	2.6
	40.115254	25%	70%	4	1.8	1.0	3.3
	50.721949	18%	80%				

Fig. 6 - 9

	73.080875	4%	90%				
48 hours	20.314692	75%	38%	1			
	15.666709	81%	26%	2	2.1	0.7	5.9
	9.4129279	94%	16%	3	0.7	0.1	3.6
	40.115254	38%	70%	4	1.7	0.6	5.2
	50.721949	31%	80%				
	73.080875	19%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	16.782721	100%	28%	1			
	16.782721	100%	28%	2	na	na	na
	16.782721	100%	28%	3	na	na	na
	42.898246	0%	70%	4	na	na	na
	52.907928	0%	80%				
	74.125859	0%	90%				
24 hours	6.5431504	71%	11%	1			
	2.4162018	86%	8%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	2.0	0.1	40.4
	42.898246	14%	70%	4	4.2	0.3	51.7
	52.907928	14%	80%				
	74.125859	0%	90%				
48 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	1.0	0.0	53.1
	0	100%	0%	3	1.0	0.0	53.1
	42.898246	20%	70%	4	2.0	0.1	40.5
	52.907928	20%	80%				
	74.125859	20%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	18.286402	74%	32%	1			
	13.217232	84%	21%	2	1.9	0.8	4.4
	6.8184348	95%	14%	3	0.5	0.1	2.3
	41.97433	42%	70%	4	1.5	0.6	3.7
	51.841969	32%	80%				
	73.080875	16%	90%				
24 hours	11.758032	73%	19%	1			
	9.4129279	81%	18%	2	0.8	0.3	2.0
	1.8746115	92%	10%	3	1.7	0.8	3.5
	41.97433	23%	70%	4	2.0	1.0	3.9
	51.841969	15%	80%				
	73.080875	4%	90%				
48 hours	20.314692	71%	38%	1			
	15.666709	86%	25%	2	1.4	0.4	4.6
	13.847063	93%	23%	3	1.0	0.3	4.0
	41.97433	36%	70%	4	1.4	0.4	4.6
	51.841969	29%	80%				
	73.080875	14%	90%				

Fig. 6 - 10

Matrix metalloproteinase-2

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2515.000	2640.000	2515.000	2340.000	2515.000	2540.000
average	2612.539	2935.000	2612.539	2711.694	2612.539	2774.444
stdev	922.086	1107.993	922.086	1126.460	922.086	943.025
p (t-test)		0.077		0.543		0.466
min	618.000	1610.000	618.000	1330.000	618.000	1440.000
max	5710.000	5870.000	5710.000	5621.000	5710.000	4820.000
n (Samp)	434	28	434	36	434	18
n (Pat)	173	28	173	36	173	18

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2470.000	3045.000	2470.000	2990.000	2470.000	3530.000
average	2615.170	3256.667	2615.170	3126.100	2615.170	3432.857
stdev	943.514	1581.463	943.514	1398.175	943.514	1051.043
p (t-test)		0.101		0.093		0.023
min	618.000	1740.000	618.000	1350.000	618.000	2280.000
max	6370.000	5870.000	6370.000	5621.000	6370.000	5130.000
n (Samp)	542	6	542	10	542	7
n (Pat)	208	6	208	10	208	7

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2570.000	2650.000	2570.000	2300.000	2570.000	2215.000
average	2648.292	3062.593	2648.292	2668.750	2648.292	2575.625
stdev	943.214	1252.111	943.214	1106.974	943.214	932.280
p (t-test)		0.033		0.908		0.763
min	618.000	1610.000	618.000	1330.000	618.000	1440.000
max	5710.000	7300.000	5710.000	5870.000	5710.000	4820.000
n (Samp)	356	27	356	32	356	16
n (Pat)	138	27	138	32	138	16

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.57	0.058	434	28	0.217
24 hours	0.50	0.050	434	36	0.942
48 hours	0.54	0.071	434	18	0.582

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.61	0.123	542	6	0.369
24 hours	0.61	0.096	542	10	0.238
48 hours	0.73	0.109	542	7	0.036

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.59	0.059	356	27	0.149
24 hours	0.47	0.052	356	32	0.593
48 hours	0.45	0.071	356	16	0.494

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	2250	71%	38%	1			
	2080	82%	31%	2	1.6	0.8	3.2
	1650	93%	13%	3	1.2	0.6	2.6
	3010	36%	70%	4	1.9	1.0	3.5
	3280	32%	80%				
	3750	29%	90%				
24 hours	1950	72%	25%	1			
	1800	81%	20%	2	0.3	0.1	0.6
	1480	92%	9%	3	1.2	0.8	1.7
	3010	31%	70%	4	0.8	0.5	1.2
	3280	31%	80%				

Fig. 6 - 11

	3750	17%	90%				
48 hours	2160	72%	34%	1			
	2010	83%	28%	2	2.1	0.7	5.7
	1810	94%	20%	3	1.3	0.4	4.4
	3010	28%	70%	4	1.7	0.6	5.0
	3280	28%	80%				
	3750	17%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1760	83%	18%	1			
	1760	83%	18%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	1730	100%	17%	3	0.5	0.0	9.7
	2970	50%	70%	4	1.5	0.3	8.0
	3280	50%	80%				
	3830	33%	90%				
24 hours	2460	70%	50%	1			
	2300	80%	42%	2	1.0	0.1	7.3
	1350	90%	6%	3	1.0	0.1	7.3
	2970	50%	70%	4	2.0	0.5	9.1
	3280	40%	80%				
	3830	20%	90%				
48 hours	2760	71%	61%	1			
	2300	86%	42%	2	na	na	na
	2260	100%	40%	3	na	na	na
	2970	57%	70%	4	na	na	na
	3280	57%	80%				
	3830	43%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	2310	74%	40%	1			
	2200	81%	34%	2	3.2	1.3	7.9
	1650	93%	14%	3	2.0	0.7	5.7
	3050	37%	71%	4	3.2	1.3	7.9
	3320	33%	80%				
	3840	22%	90%				
24 hours	1950	72%	22%	1			
	1800	81%	19%	2	0.3	0.1	0.8
	1490	91%	10%	3	1.1	0.7	1.8
	3050	31%	71%	4	1.1	0.7	1.8
	3320	28%	80%				
	3840	16%	90%				
48 hours	2010	75%	25%	1			
	1930	81%	22%	2	1.0	0.3	3.9
	1730	94%	17%	3	2.1	0.7	5.8
	3050	19%	71%	4	1.3	0.4	4.4
	3320	19%	80%				
	3840	13%	90%				

Fig. 6 - 12

Serum amyloid P-component

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5009.291	5666.298	5009.291	4768.194	5009.291	5020.099
average	5491.353	5692.800	5491.353	5252.102	5491.353	5150.099
stdev	2562.610	1959.462	2562.610	3108.044	2562.610	2101.379
p (t-test)		0.738		0.649		0.603
min	96.224	2111.440	96.224	915.589	96.224	2116.488
max	16315.493	9440.651	16315.493	16576.982	16315.493	9029.353
n (Samp)	230	19	230	28	230	16
n (Pat)	158	19	158	28	158	16

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5008.293	3974.530	5008.293	5878.713	5008.293	5316.421
average	5467.355	3974.530	5467.355	6043.664	5467.355	5836.461
stdev	2601.621	529.617	2601.621	2681.917	2601.621	1562.309
p (t-test)		0.419		0.563		0.752
min	96.224	3600.034	96.224	1775.429	96.224	3970.792
max	16576.982	4349.026	16576.982	10815.095	16576.982	7618.702
n (Samp)	295	2	295	7	295	5
n (Pat)	187	2	187	7	187	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5093.263	5666.298	5093.263	4667.156	5093.263	4287.587
average	5457.133	5735.132	5457.133	5344.247	5457.133	4916.368
stdev	2341.787	1920.012	2341.787	3189.378	2341.787	2147.724
p (t-test)		0.617		0.826		0.402
min	1161.809	2111.440	1161.809	915.589	1161.809	2116.488
max	16315.493	9440.651	16315.493	16576.982	16315.493	9029.353
n (Samp)	198	19	198	26	198	14
n (Pat)	132	19	132	26	132	14

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.071	230	19	0.410
24 hours	0.46	0.056	230	28	0.471
48 hours	0.48	0.074	230	16	0.764

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.28	0.150	295	2	0.146
24 hours	0.60	0.115	295	7	0.367
48 hours	0.59	0.135	295	5	0.500

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.071	198	19	0.366
24 hours	0.45	0.059	198	26	0.422
48 hours	0.43	0.076	198	14	0.376

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4336.5188	74%	36%	1			
	3644.9233	84%	19%	2	0.6	0.2	1.8
	3161.183	95%	14%	3	0.6	0.2	1.8
	6163.242	42%	70%	4	1.7	0.8	3.4
	6919.0319	42%	80%				
	8435.3903	5%	90%				
24 hours	3956.1005	71%	27%	1			
	2777.9862	82%	9%	2	1.0	0.5	2.1
	1819.2755	93%	3%	3	1.4	0.7	2.6
	6163.242	25%	70%	4	1.4	0.7	2.7
	6919.0319	21%	80%				

Fig. 6 - 13

	8435.3903	11%	90%					
48 hours	3766.3572	75%	21%	1				
	3558.3957	81%	18%	2	0.6	0.2	1.8	
	2300.6963	94%	5%	3	0.6	0.2	1.8	
	6163.242	38%	70%	4	1.0	0.4	2.4	
	6919.0319	31%	80%					
	8435.3903	6%	90%					

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR		
0 hours	3570.863	100%	20%	1				
	3570.863	100%	20%	2	na	na	na	
	3570.863	100%	20%	3	na	na	na	
	6211.9302	0%	70%	4	na	na	na	
	7205.7873	0%	80%					
	8594.5677	0%	90%					
24 hours	5373.5983	71%	57%	1				
	5324.4963	86%	55%	2	0.0	0.0	na	
	1726.9163	100%	2%	3	4.2	0.3	51.0	
	6211.9302	29%	70%	4	2.0	0.1	39.9	
	7205.7873	14%	80%					
	8594.5677	14%	90%					
48 hours	4979.4707	80%	49%	1				
	4979.4707	80%	49%	2	na	na	na	
	3956.1005	100%	27%	3	na	na	na	
	6211.9302	40%	70%	4	na	na	na	
	7205.7873	40%	80%					
	8594.5677	0%	90%					

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR		
0 hours	4378.7135	74%	35%	1				
	3877.5439	84%	21%	2	1.0	0.3	2.9	
	3161.183	95%	14%	3	0.7	0.2	2.5	
	6157.9343	42%	70%	4	2.1	0.9	4.8	
	6895.0273	42%	80%					
	8250.4495	5%	90%					
24 hours	3675.773	73%	17%	1				
	2984.665	81%	12%	2	0.4	0.1	1.1	
	1891.309	92%	4%	3	1.2	0.6	2.1	
	6157.9343	31%	70%	4	1.2	0.6	2.1	
	6895.0273	27%	80%					
	8250.4495	15%	90%					
48 hours	3766.3572	71%	18%	1				
	2425.2241	86%	6%	2	0.5	0.1	2.3	
	2300.6963	93%	5%	3	0.7	0.2	2.5	
	6157.9343	36%	70%	4	1.3	0.5	3.3	
	6895.0273	29%	80%					
	8250.4495	7%	90%					

Fig. 6 - 14

Matrix metalloproteinase-9

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	280.000	408.500	280.000	428.500	280.000	397.000
average	485.877	792.929	485.877	490.119	485.877	655.789
stdev	805.767	1466.404	805.767	402.427	805.767	1078.232
p (t-test)		0.067		0.975		0.388
min	20.000	39.900	20.000	69.800	20.000	36.200
max	8903.000	7705.000	8903.000	2020.000	8903.000	4830.000
n (Samp)	434	28	434	36	434	18
n (Pat)	173	28	173	36	173	18

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	300.500	540.500	300.500	502.500	300.500	676.000
average	510.765	1938.333	510.765	598.000	510.765	663.000
stdev	782.318	2911.673	782.318	447.251	782.318	230.372
p (t-test)		0.000		0.725		0.607
min	20.000	307.000	20.000	161.000	20.000	335.000
max	8903.000	7705.000	8903.000	1540.000	8903.000	1020.000
n (Samp)	542	6	542	10	542	7
n (Pat)	208	6	208	10	208	7

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	272.000	435.000	272.000	378.000	272.000	330.000
average	433.651	817.963	433.651	510.603	433.651	1075.825
stdev	599.233	1489.393	599.233	491.118	599.233	2104.250
p (t-test)		0.006		0.481		0.001
min	20.000	39.900	20.000	69.800	20.000	36.200
max	7705.000	7705.000	7705.000	2240.000	7705.000	7705.000
n (Samp)	356	27	356	32	356	16
n (Pat)	138	27	138	32	138	16

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.60	0.058	434	28	0.080
24 hours	0.59	0.052	434	36	0.081
48 hours	0.57	0.072	434	18	0.299

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.75	0.116	542	6	0.031
24 hours	0.65	0.095	542	10	0.124
48 hours	0.76	0.107	542	7	0.017

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.62	0.059	356	27	0.041
24 hours	0.59	0.055	356	32	0.095
48 hours	0.56	0.076	356	16	0.408

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	306	71%	55%	1			
	158	82%	30%	2	1.0	0.4	2.7
	52	93%	4%	3	2.4	1.1	5.0
	461	39%	70%	4	2.9	1.4	5.9
	647	25%	80%				
	1020	11%	90%				
24 hours	244	75%	45%	1			
	194	81%	38%	2	1.3	0.7	2.5
	98.6	92%	15%	3	1.9	1.1	3.3
	461	44%	70%	4	1.9	1.1	3.3
	647	25%	80%				

Fig. 6 - 15

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	1020	6%	90%				
48 hours	206	72%	39%	1			
	173	83%	32%	2	1.3	0.4	4.4
	120	94%	19%	3	1.7	0.6	5.0
	461	39%	70%	4	2.1	0.7	5.7
	647	28%	80%				
	1020	6%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	317	70%	57%	1			
	156	81%	29%	2	1.0	0.4	2.8
	52	93%	4%	3	1.8	0.8	4.0
	424	52%	70%	4	3.3	1.6	6.5
	582	33%	80%				
	906	11%	90%				
24 hours	247	72%	46%	1			
	194	81%	38%	2	1.2	0.6	2.3
	98.6	91%	14%	3	1.4	0.7	2.5
	424	44%	70%	4	1.9	1.1	3.4
	582	25%	80%				
	906	6%	90%				
48 hours	194	75%	38%	1			
	173	81%	32%	2	1.3	0.4	4.4
	120	94%	18%	3	1.3	0.4	4.4
	424	44%	70%	4	1.7	0.6	5.1
	582	25%	80%				
	906	13%	90%				

Fig. 6 - 16

Clusterin

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	108848.034	84699.814	108848.034	84699.814	108848.034	84699.814
average	106505.593	83381.434	106505.593	83381.434	106505.593	83381.434
stdev	39394.888	51247.025	39394.888	51247.025	39394.888	51247.025
p (t-test)		0.056		0.056		0.056
min	31439.276	369.562	31439.276	369.562	31439.276	369.562
max	201365.565	244623.417	201365.565	244623.417	201365.565	244623.417
n (Samp)	52	17	52	17	52	17
n (Pat)	52	17	52	17	52	17

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	114689.518	90003.239	114689.518	90003.239	114689.518	90003.239
average	111966.570	90003.239	111966.570	90003.239	111966.570	90003.239
stdev	38887.769	42421.826	38887.769	42421.826	38887.769	42421.826
p (t-test)		0.459		0.459		0.459
min	53297.264	60006.479	53297.264	60006.479	53297.264	60006.479
max	201365.565	120000.000	201365.565	120000.000	201365.565	120000.000
n (Samp)	19	2	19	2	19	2
n (Pat)	19	2	19	2	19	2

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	106794.363	69283.724	106794.363	69283.724	106794.363	69283.724
average	104013.855	79523.052	104013.855	79523.052	104013.855	79523.052
stdev	37433.727	55357.877	37433.727	55357.877	37433.727	55357.877
p (t-test)		0.068		0.068		0.068
min	31439.276	369.562	31439.276	369.562	31439.276	369.562
max	197636.915	244623.417	197636.915	244623.417	197636.915	244623.417
n (Samp)	41	14	41	14	41	14
n (Pat)	41	14	41	14	41	14

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.31	0.069	52	17	0.007
24 hours	0.31	0.069	52	17	0.007
48 hours	0.31	0.069	52	17	0.007

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.36	0.192	19	2	0.451
24 hours	0.36	0.192	19	2	0.451
48 hours	0.36	0.192	19	2	0.451

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.28	0.073	41	14	0.003
24 hours	0.28	0.073	41	14	0.003
48 hours	0.28	0.073	41	14	0.003

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	58284.001	71%	12%	1			
	54502.153	82%	12%	2	9.3	0.7	122.4
	369.56176	94%	0%	3	3.6	0.2	64.2
	120554.14	6%	71%	4	11.9	0.9	152.6
	137689.21	6%	81%				
	156761.93	6%	90%				
24 hours	58284.001	71%	12%	1			
	54502.153	82%	12%	2	9.3	0.7	122.4
	369.56176	94%	0%	3	3.6	0.2	64.2
	120554.14	6%	71%	4	11.9	0.9	152.6
	137689.21	6%	81%				

Fig. 7 - 1

	156761.93	6%	90%				
48 hours	58284.001	71%	12%	1			
	54502.153	82%	12%	2	9.3	0.7	122.4
	369.56176	94%	0%	3	3.6	0.2	64.2
	120554.14	6%	71%	4	11.9	0.9	152.6
	137689.21	6%	81%				
	156761.93	6%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	58284.001	71%	12%	1			
	47727.274	86%	7%	2	3.5	0.2	67.2
	369.56176	93%	0%	3	3.5	0.2	67.2
	120554.14	7%	71%	4	15.2	1.0	229.6
	127576.59	7%	80%				
	143211.86	7%	90%				
24 hours	58284.001	71%	12%	1			
	47727.274	86%	7%	2	3.5	0.2	67.2
	369.56176	93%	0%	3	3.5	0.2	67.2
	120554.14	7%	71%	4	15.2	1.0	229.6
	127576.59	7%	80%				
	143211.86	7%	90%				
48 hours	58284.001	71%	12%	1			
	47727.274	86%	7%	2	3.5	0.2	67.2
	369.56176	93%	0%	3	3.5	0.2	67.2
	120554.14	7%	71%	4	15.2	1.0	229.6
	127576.59	7%	80%				
	143211.86	7%	90%				

Fig. 7 - 2

Serum amyloid P-component

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5025.127	4154.461	5025.127	4154.461	5025.127	4154.461
average	5554.467	5079.717	5554.467	5079.717	5554.467	5079.717
stdev	2849.319	3357.607	2849.319	3357.607	2849.319	3357.607
p (t-test)		0.570		0.570		0.570
min	1726.916	1867.819	1726.916	1867.819	1726.916	1867.819
max	16242.949	16576.982	16242.949	16576.982	16242.949	16576.982
n (Samp)	52	17	52	17	52	17
n (Pat)	52	17	52	17	52	17

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4745.512	7217.428	4745.512	7217.428	4745.512	7217.428
average	5378.006	7217.428	5378.006	7217.428	5378.006	7217.428
stdev	2476.478	102.721	2476.478	102.721	2476.478	102.721
p (t-test)		0.318		0.318		0.318
min	2295.394	7144.793	2295.394	7144.793	2295.394	7144.793
max	11731.227	7290.063	11731.227	7290.063	11731.227	7290.063
n (Samp)	19	2	19	2	19	2
n (Pat)	19	2	19	2	19	2

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5041.961	4190.305	5041.961	4190.305	5041.961	4190.305
average	5753.104	5179.572	5753.104	5179.572	5753.104	5179.572
stdev	3106.048	3569.540	3106.048	3569.540	3106.048	3569.540
p (t-test)		0.568		0.568		0.568
min	1726.916	1867.819	1726.916	1867.819	1726.916	1867.819
max	16242.949	16576.982	16242.949	16576.982	16242.949	16576.982
n (Samp)	41	14	41	14	41	14
n (Pat)	41	14	41	14	41	14

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.40	0.077	52	17	0.210
24 hours	0.40	0.077	52	17	0.210
48 hours	0.40	0.077	52	17	0.210

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.79	0.200	19	2	0.147
24 hours	0.79	0.200	19	2	0.147
48 hours	0.79	0.200	19	2	0.147

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.39	0.085	41	14	0.209
24 hours	0.39	0.085	41	14	0.209
48 hours	0.39	0.085	41	14	0.209

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	3570.863	71%	17%	1			
	2815.0629	82%	13%	2	1.5	0.4	6.4
	1891.309	94%	6%	3	1.5	0.4	6.4
	6076.4492	18%	71%	4	2.7	0.8	9.9
	7262.678	18%	81%				
	8399.8565	6%	90%				
24 hours	3570.863	71%	17%	1			
	2815.0629	82%	13%	2	1.5	0.4	6.4
	1891.309	94%	6%	3	1.5	0.4	6.4
	6076.4492	18%	71%	4	2.7	0.8	9.9
	7262.678	18%	81%				

Fig. 7 - 3

	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	8399.8565	6%	90%				
48 hours	3570.863	71%	17%	1			
	2815.0629	82%	13%	2	1.5	0.4	6.4
	1891.309	94%	6%	3	1.5	0.4	6.4
	6076.4492	18%	71%	4	2.7	0.8	9.9
	7262.678	18%	81%				
	8399.8565	6%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	3600.0341	71%	15%	1			
	2815.0629	86%	15%	2	1.6	0.2	11.8
	2591.9192	93%	15%	3	2.4	0.4	15.0
	6424.9768	14%	71%	4	3.8	0.6	22.2
	7645.7332	7%	80%				
	8399.8565	7%	90%				
24 hours	3600.0341	71%	15%	1			
	2815.0629	86%	15%	2	1.6	0.2	11.8
	2591.9192	93%	15%	3	2.4	0.4	15.0
	6424.9768	14%	71%	4	3.8	0.6	22.2
	7645.7332	7%	80%				
	8399.8565	7%	90%				
48 hours	3600.0341	71%	15%	1			
	2815.0629	86%	15%	2	1.6	0.2	11.8
	2591.9192	93%	15%	3	2.4	0.4	15.0
	6424.9768	14%	71%	4	3.8	0.6	22.2
	7645.7332	7%	80%				
	8399.8565	7%	90%				

Fig. 7 - 4

Matrix metalloproteinase-9

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	252.000	532.000	252.000	532.000	252.000	532.000
average	404.304	627.205	404.304	627.205	404.304	627.205
stdev	437.057	494.325	437.057	494.325	437.057	494.325
p (t-test)		0.058		0.058		0.058
min	26.300	36.200	26.300	36.200	26.300	36.200
max	2320.000	2020.000	2320.000	2020.000	2320.000	2020.000
n (Samp)	56	21	56	21	56	21
n (Pat)	56	21	56	21	56	21

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	216.000	545.000	216.000	545.000	216.000	545.000
average	263.900	459.600	263.900	459.600	263.900	459.600
stdev	152.928	235.652	152.928	235.652	152.928	235.652
p (t-test)		0.029		0.029		0.029
min	26.300	119.000	26.300	119.000	26.300	119.000
max	619.000	663.000	619.000	663.000	619.000	663.000
n (Samp)	21	5	21	5	21	5
n (Pat)	21	5	21	5	21	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	284.500	532.000	284.500	532.000	284.500	532.000
average	458.241	660.135	458.241	660.135	458.241	660.135
stdev	469.494	537.946	469.494	537.946	469.494	537.946
p (t-test)		0.150		0.150		0.150
min	29.500	36.200	29.500	36.200	29.500	36.200
max	2320.000	2020.000	2320.000	2020.000	2320.000	2020.000
n (Samp)	46	17	46	17	46	17
n (Pat)	46	17	46	17	46	17

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.67	0.073	56	21	0.018
24 hours	0.67	0.073	56	21	0.018
48 hours	0.67	0.073	56	21	0.018

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.74	0.137	21	5	0.077
24 hours	0.74	0.137	21	5	0.077
48 hours	0.74	0.137	21	5	0.077

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.63	0.082	46	17	0.102
24 hours	0.63	0.082	46	17	0.102
48 hours	0.63	0.082	46	17	0.102

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	304	71%	66%	1			
	213	81%	45%	2	1.0	0.2	4.7
	94.6	90%	16%	3	2.5	0.7	8.6
	416	67%	71%	4	4.4	1.4	14.1
	664	43%	80%				
	1010	14%	91%				
24 hours	304	71%	66%	1			
	213	81%	45%	2	1.0	0.2	4.7
	94.6	90%	16%	3	2.5	0.7	8.6
	416	67%	71%	4	4.4	1.4	14.1
	664	43%	80%				

Fig. 7 - 5

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	1010	14%	91%				
48 hours	304	71%	66%	1			
	213	81%	45%	2	1.0	0.2	4.7
	94.6	90%	16%	3	2.5	0.7	8.6
	416	67%	71%	4	4.4	1.4	14.1
	664	43%	80%				
	1010	14%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	303	80%	67%	1			
	303	80%	67%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	107	100%	14%	3	1.0	0.0	110.4
	322	60%	71%	4	3.8	0.1	123.6
	336	60%	81%				
	420	60%	90%				
24 hours	303	80%	67%	1			
	303	80%	67%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	107	100%	14%	3	1.0	0.0	110.4
	322	60%	71%	4	3.8	0.1	123.6
	336	60%	81%				
	420	60%	90%				
48 hours	303	80%	67%	1			
	303	80%	67%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	107	100%	14%	3	1.0	0.0	110.4
	322	60%	71%	4	3.8	0.1	123.6
	336	60%	81%				
	420	60%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	324	71%	63%	1			
	167	82%	33%	2	0.6	0.1	4.0
	85.5	94%	11%	3	1.8	0.5	7.3
	647	47%	72%	4	3.1	0.8	11.6
	720	47%	80%				
	1270	12%	91%				
24 hours	324	71%	63%	1			
	167	82%	33%	2	0.6	0.1	4.0
	85.5	94%	11%	3	1.8	0.5	7.3
	647	47%	72%	4	3.1	0.8	11.6
	720	47%	80%				
	1270	12%	91%				
48 hours	324	71%	63%	1			
	167	82%	33%	2	0.6	0.1	4.0
	85.5	94%	11%	3	1.8	0.5	7.3
	647	47%	72%	4	3.1	0.8	11.6
	720	47%	80%				
	1270	12%	91%				

Fig. 7 - 6

Fatty acid binding protein, heart

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	11.450	157.000	11.450	146.000	11.450	147.000
average	43.685	408.925	43.685	337.735	43.685	209.933
stdev	102.008	479.936	102.008	472.555	102.008	250.366
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.000
min	0.030	1.930	0.030	1.930	0.030	1.930
max	713.000	1477.000	713.000	1477.000	713.000	809.000
n (Samp)	112	17	112	17	112	10
n (Pat)	112	17	112	17	112	10

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	13.550	477.500	13.550	477.500	13.550	146.000
average	65.916	590.541	65.916	580.674	65.916	300.926
stdev	152.960	600.838	152.960	610.933	152.960	333.377
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.001
min	0.030	1.930	0.030	1.930	0.030	1.930
max	944.000	1477.000	944.000	1477.000	944.000	809.000
n (Samp)	180	8	180	8	180	5
n (Pat)	180	8	180	8	180	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	12.600	204.000	12.600	157.000	12.600	148.000
average	43.377	360.582	43.377	257.736	43.377	212.629
stdev	90.955	360.607	90.955	314.733	90.955	274.682
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.000
min	0.030	24.700	0.030	24.700	0.030	24.700
max	713.000	944.000	713.000	944.000	713.000	809.000
n (Samp)	89	11	89	11	89	7
n (Pat)	89	11	89	11	89	7

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.86	0.059	112	17	0.000
24 hours	0.81	0.066	112	17	0.000
48 hours	0.81	0.084	112	10	0.000

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.79	0.096	180	8	0.002
24 hours	0.72	0.104	180	8	0.037
48 hours	0.76	0.127	180	5	0.043

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.90	0.062	89	11	0.000
24 hours	0.88	0.067	89	11	0.000
48 hours	0.86	0.091	89	7	0.000

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	77.7	71%	88%	1			
	34.9	82%	75%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	17.8	94%	60%	3	3.2	0.2	49.9
	31.2	82%	71%	4	20.2	2.1	195.4
	53.5	76%	80%				
	94.1	65%	90%				
24 hours	53.5	71%	80%	1			
	24.4	82%	67%	2	1.0	0.0	57.2
	4.31	94%	29%	3	4.4	0.3	58.6
	31.2	76%	71%	4	15.5	1.6	153.1

Fig. 8 - 1

	53.5	71%	80%				
	94.1	59%	90%				
48 hours	53.5	70%	80%	1			
	34.9	80%	75%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	24.4	90%	67%	3	2.1	0.1	45.0
	31.2	80%	71%	4	8.5	0.8	92.2
	53.5	70%	80%				
	94.1	60%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	80.9	75%	83%	1			
	17.8	88%	54%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	1.84	100%	9%	3	1.0	0.0	54.9
	40.2	75%	70%	4	6.7	0.6	72.5
	70.4	75%	80%				
	143	63%	90%				
24 hours	16.4	75%	52%	1			
	4.52	88%	24%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	1.84	100%	9%	3	0.5	0.0	10.1
	40.2	63%	70%	4	2.7	0.6	11.6
	70.4	63%	80%				
	143	63%	90%				
48 hours	80.9	80%	83%	1			
	80.9	80%	83%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	1.84	100%	9%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	40.2	80%	70%	4	4.2	0.3	53.0
	70.4	80%	80%				
	143	60%	90%				

Fig. 8 - 2

Hepatocyte growth factor

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	680.387	4037.748	680.387	1889.437	680.387	994.934
average	1568.697	7749.618	1568.697	3054.082	1568.697	2751.743
stdev	1805.239	15137.567	1805.239	2761.856	1805.239	2469.215
p (t-test)		0.000		0.021		0.105
min	51.808	601.481	51.808	406.000	51.808	406.000
max	7752.950	52712.475	7752.950	8813.508	7752.950	5912.184
n (Samp)	99	11	99	10	99	7
n (Pat)	99	11	99	10	99	7

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	904.843	1517.974	904.843	1239.467	904.843	960.960
average	1972.450	12014.181	1972.450	1839.607	1972.450	1347.811
stdev	2780.569	22788.548	2780.569	1509.169	2780.569	793.822
p (t-test)		0.000		0.924		0.699
min	51.808	821.575	51.808	821.575	51.808	821.575
max	25326.471	52712.475	25326.471	4057.920	25326.471	2260.899
n (Samp)	161	5	161	4	161	3
n (Pat)	161	5	161	4	161	3

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	628.920	4047.834	628.920	3149.323	628.920	2880.853
average	1664.488	3774.222	1664.488	3525.159	1664.488	3073.437
stdev	2459.709	2842.020	2459.709	2916.250	2459.709	2539.120
p (t-test)		0.024		0.047		0.180
min	51.808	601.481	51.808	406.000	51.808	406.000
max	17531.948	8813.508	17531.948	8813.508	17531.948	5912.184
n (Samp)	84	8	84	8	84	6
n (Pat)	84	8	84	8	84	6

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.77	0.086	99	11	0.001
24 hours	0.72	0.094	99	10	0.017
48 hours	0.70	0.114	99	7	0.087

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.69	0.133	161	5	0.145
24 hours	0.62	0.152	161	4	0.437
48 hours	0.57	0.174	161	3	0.690

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.79	0.098	84	8	0.003
24 hours	0.75	0.102	84	8	0.013
48 hours	0.73	0.121	84	6	0.061

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1034.9179	73%	62%	1			
	856.25091	82%	60%	2	na	na	na
	814.68335	91%	57%	3	na	na	na
	1665.8905	55%	71%	4	na	na	na
	2569.5825	55%	81%				
	4662.0537	36%	91%				
24 hours	1034.9179	70%	62%	1			
	856.25091	80%	60%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	814.68335	90%	57%	3	4.5	0.3	61.5
	1665.8905	50%	71%	4	5.7	0.5	69.7
	2569.5825	40%	81%				

Fig. 8 - 3

	4662.0537	30%	91%				
48 hours	856.25091	71%	60%	1			
	814.68335	86%	57%	2	na	na	na
	398.32477	100%	26%	3	na	na	na
	1665.8905	43%	71%	4	na	na	na
	2569.5825	43%	81%				
	4662.0537	43%	91%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	1034.9179	75%	64%	1			
	832.22559	88%	63%	2	na	na	na
	591.03997	100%	44%	3	na	na	na
	1449.1471	63%	70%	4	na	na	na
	3331.9938	63%	81%				
	4625.6742	38%	90%				
24 hours	1034.9179	75%	64%	1			
	832.22559	88%	63%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	401.51729	100%	26%	3	3.3	0.2	54.3
	1449.1471	63%	70%	4	4.6	0.3	65.0
	3331.9938	50%	81%				
	4625.6742	38%	90%				
48 hours	832.22559	83%	63%	1			
	832.22559	83%	63%	2	na	na	na
	401.51729	100%	26%	3	na	na	na
	1449.1471	50%	70%	4	na	na	na
	3331.9938	50%	81%				
	4625.6742	50%	90%				

Fig. 8 - 4

Interferon gamma

sCr or UO

| | 0 hr prior to AKI stage | | 24 hr prior to AKI stage | | 48 hr prior to AKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4.105	9.870	4.105	8.440	4.105	4.420
average	9.379	12.182	9.379	10.766	9.379	8.370
stdev	13.003	8.529	13.003	9.056	13.003	9.876
p (t-test)		0.392		0.672		0.812
min	0.046	1.580	0.046	1.580	0.046	1.580
max	80.000	32.100	80.000	32.100	80.000	32.100
n (Samp)	112	17	112	17	112	10
n (Pat)	112	17	112	17	112	10

sCr only

| | 0 hr prior toAKI stage | | 24 hr prior toAKI stage | | 48 hr prior toAKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4.185	8.185	4.185	8.185	4.185	4.270
average	9.915	10.565	9.915	10.170	9.915	4.832
stdev	12.683	7.987	12.683	8.321	12.683	3.443
p (t-test)		0.886		0.955		0.373
min	0.046	1.580	0.046	1.580	0.046	1.580
max	80.000	24.300	80.000	24.300	80.000	9.870
n (Samp)	180	8	180	8	180	5
n (Pat)	180	8	180	8	180	5

UO only

| | 0 hr prior toAKI stage | | 24 hr prior toAKI stage | | 48 hr prior toAKI stage | |
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4.100	9.870	4.100	8.440	4.100	6.500
average	8.775	12.632	8.775	10.731	8.775	10.844
stdev	11.476	8.555	11.476	9.186	11.476	11.036
p (t-test)		0.284		0.588		0.646
min	0.046	1.830	0.046	1.830	0.046	1.830
max	48.700	32.100	48.700	32.100	48.700	32.100
n (Samp)	89	11	89	11	89	7
n (Pat)	89	11	89	11	89	7

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.67	0.076	112	17	0.022
24 hours	0.62	0.077	112	17	0.134
48 hours	0.53	0.097	112	10	0.730

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.61	0.108	180	8	0.303
24 hours	0.59	0.108	180	8	0.423
48 hours	0.46	0.127	180	5	0.723

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.72	0.091	89	11	0.017
24 hours	0.65	0.094	89	11	0.120
48 hours	0.63	0.117	89	7	0.279

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	6.43	71%	65%	1			
	4.27	82%	55%	2	0.5	0.0	10.4
	1.78	94%	26%	3	4.2	1.0	17.1
	8.23	65%	71%	4	4.0	1.0	16.4
	15.4	35%	80%				
	28.1	6%	90%				
24 hours	4.26	71%	54%	1			
	2.72	82%	35%	2	0.6	0.1	3.8
	1.78	94%	26%	3	2.2	0.7	6.9
	8.23	53%	71%	4	2.1	0.7	6.6

Fig. 8 - 5

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	15.4	29%	80%				
	28.1	6%	90%				
48 hours	2.96	70%	38%	1			
	1.83	80%	26%	2	3.1	0.2	48.6
	1.78	90%	26%	3	4.5	0.3	59.6
	8.23	30%	71%	4	2.0	0.1	43.3
	15.4	20%	80%				
	28.1	10%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	6.25	75%	61%	1			
	2.96	88%	38%	2	1.0	0.0	54.9
	1.54	100%	17%	3	4.3	0.3	54.2
	9.87	38%	70%	4	2.0	0.1	42.2
	17.7	25%	80%				
	29.7	0%	90%				
24 hours	4.26	75%	52%	1			
	1.83	88%	26%	2	1.0	0.0	54.9
	1.54	100%	17%	3	4.3	0.3	54.2
	9.87	38%	70%	4	2.0	0.1	42.2
	17.7	25%	80%				
	29.7	0%	90%				
48 hours	1.83	80%	26%	1			
	1.83	80%	26%	2	na	na	na
	1.54	100%	17%	3	na	na	na
	9.87	0%	70%	4	na	na	na
	17.7	0%	80%				
	29.7	0%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	8.23	73%	70%	1			
	6.43	82%	67%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	4.26	91%	56%	3	6.0	0.5	75.4
	8.88	55%	71%	4	6.0	0.5	75.4
	14.6	36%	81%				
	28.1	9%	91%				
24 hours	4.26	73%	56%	1			
	2.96	82%	39%	2	2.1	0.1	46.6
	2.72	91%	36%	3	4.6	0.3	63.1
	8.88	45%	71%	4	4.6	0.3	63.1
	14.6	27%	81%				
	28.1	9%	91%				
48 hours	4.26	71%	56%	1			
	2.96	86%	39%	2	na	na	na
	1.79	100%	26%	3	na	na	na
	8.88	29%	71%	4	na	na	na
	14.6	29%	81%				
	28.1	14%	91%				

Fig. 8 - 6

Interleukin-16

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	532.000	1060.000	532.000	1000.000	532.000	881.000
average	692.429	1147.647	692.429	982.529	692.429	861.000
stdev	1070.969	857.072	1070.969	567.592	1070.969	448.785
p (t-test)		0.097		0.277		0.623
min	178.000	332.000	178.000	332.000	178.000	332.000
max	11500.000	3940.000	11500.000	2230.000	11500.000	1560.000
n (Samp)	112	17	112	17	112	10
n (Pat)	112	17	112	17	112	10

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	533.000	1030.000	533.000	841.000	533.000	1000.000
average	677.567	938.875	677.567	863.750	677.567	930.800
stdev	884.793	377.777	884.793	401.997	884.793	459.185
p (t-test)		0.407		0.555		0.525
min	178.000	332.000	178.000	332.000	178.000	332.000
max	11500.000	1560.000	11500.000	1560.000	11500.000	1560.000
n (Samp)	180	8	180	8	180	5
n (Pat)	180	8	180	8	180	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	533.000	1080.000	533.000	1080.000	533.000	1080.000
average	600.112	1279.909	600.112	1079.364	600.112	862.286
stdev	285.110	1011.900	285.110	617.830	285.110	410.726
p (t-test)		0.000		0.000		0.026
min	178.000	361.000	178.000	361.000	178.000	335.000
max	1550.000	3940.000	1550.000	2230.000	1550.000	1380.000
n (Samp)	89	11	89	11	89	7
n (Pat)	89	11	89	11	89	7

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.75	0.071	112	17	0.000
24 hours	0.71	0.074	112	17	0.006
48 hours	0.65	0.098	112	10	0.117

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.76	0.100	180	8	0.009
24 hours	0.70	0.106	180	8	0.059
48 hours	0.72	0.131	180	5	0.091

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.77	0.086	89	11	0.002
24 hours	0.74	0.089	89	11	0.007
48 hours	0.67	0.116	89	7	0.132

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	723	71%	79%	1			
	546	82%	54%	2	1.0	0.1	8.1
	360	94%	16%	3	1.0	0.1	8.1
	651	71%	71%	4	7.5	2.0	27.9
	733	65%	80%				
	1040	53%	90%				
24 hours	551	71%	54%	1			
	515	82%	48%	2	1.0	0.1	8.1
	360	94%	16%	3	2.1	0.4	10.7
	651	59%	71%	4	5.6	1.5	21.6
	733	53%	80%				

Fig. 8 - 7

	1040	47%	90%				
48 hours	546	70%	54%	1			
	426	80%	29%	2	0.5	0.0	10.1
	332	90%	13%	3	1.0	0.1	8.2
	651	60%	71%	4	2.7	0.6	12.3
	733	50%	80%				
	1040	50%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	769	75%	82%	1			
	566	88%	56%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	327	100%	10%	3	1.0	0.0	54.9
	655	75%	70%	4	6.7	0.6	72.5
	733	75%	80%				
	1040	50%	90%				
24 hours	587	75%	59%	1			
	525	88%	47%	2	1.0	0.0	54.9
	327	100%	10%	3	2.0	0.1	42.2
	655	63%	70%	4	4.3	0.3	54.2
	733	50%	80%				
	1040	38%	90%				
48 hours	679	80%	73%	1			
	679	80%	73%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	327	100%	10%	3	1.0	0.0	55.0
	655	80%	70%	4	3.1	0.2	45.7
	733	60%	80%				
	1040	40%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	723	73%	79%	1			
	546	82%	53%	2	2.1	0.1	46.6
	426	91%	29%	3	1.0	0.0	59.3
	666	73%	71%	4	9.3	0.8	106.1
	763	64%	81%				
	1020	55%	91%				
24 hours	551	73%	53%	1			
	546	82%	53%	2	2.1	0.1	46.6
	426	91%	29%	3	1.0	0.0	59.3
	666	64%	71%	4	9.3	0.8	106.1
	763	64%	81%				
	1020	55%	91%				
48 hours	546	71%	53%	1			
	426	86%	29%	2	1.0	0.0	59.8
	319	100%	12%	3	1.0	0.0	59.8
	666	57%	71%	4	4.6	0.3	64.0
	763	57%	81%				
	1020	57%	91%				

Fig. 8 - 8

Interleukin-2

sCr or
UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.508	1.225	0.508	1.238	0.508	1.250
average	0.751	1.641	0.751	1.738	0.751	1.835
stdev	0.977	1.339	0.977	1.369	0.977	1.579
p (t-test)		0.007		0.004		0.008
min	0.000	0.575	0.000	0.575	0.000	0.605
max	7.239	5.074	7.239	5.074	7.239	5.074
n (Samp)	99	11	99	10	99	7
n (Pat)	99	11	99	10	99	7

sCr only

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.589	1.250	0.589	1.341	0.589	1.250
average	1.046	1.289	1.046	1.449	1.046	1.085
stdev	1.838	0.790	1.838	0.814	1.838	0.451
p (t-test)		0.769		0.663		0.970
min	0.000	0.575	0.000	0.575	0.000	0.575
max	19.127	2.538	19.127	2.538	19.127	1.431
n (Samp)	161	5	161	4	161	3
n (Pat)	161	5	161	4	161	3

UO only

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	0.542	1.184	0.542	1.173	0.542	1.186
average	0.851	1.679	0.851	1.676	0.851	1.902
stdev	1.069	1.516	1.069	1.517	1.069	1.719
p (t-test)		0.047		0.047		0.028
min	0.045	0.575	0.045	0.575	0.045	0.605
max	7.239	5.074	7.239	5.074	7.239	5.074
n (Samp)	84	8	84	8	84	6
n (Pat)	84	8	84	8	84	6

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.84	0.076	99	11	0.000
24 hours	0.85	0.077	99	10	0.000
48 hours	0.85	0.093	99	7	0.000

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.73	0.131	161	5	0.083
24 hours	0.76	0.141	161	4	0.065
48 hours	0.71	0.170	161	3	0.212

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.81	0.096	84	8	0.001
24 hours	0.81	0.096	84	8	0.001
48 hours	0.81	0.109	84	6	0.004

Fig. 8 - 9

Interleukin-12 p40

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	33.113	18.459	33.113	11.088	33.113	11.758
average	45.270	28.085	45.270	22.882	45.270	27.059
stdev	45.927	27.038	45.927	27.869	45.927	32.021
p (t-test)		0.227		0.134		0.306
min	0.000	3.180	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.180
max	230.675	83.149	230.675	83.149	230.675	83.149
n (Samp)	99	11	99	10	99	7
n (Pat)	99	11	99	10	99	7

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	32.159	19.123	32.159	33.795	32.159	3.180
average	41.702	30.442	41.702	33.272	41.702	21.833
stdev	39.600	27.399	39.600	30.782	39.600	35.097
p (t-test)		0.529		0.673		0.390
min	0.000	3.180	0.000	3.180	0.000	0.000
max	230.675	62.318	230.675	62.318	230.675	62.318
n (Samp)	161	5	161	4	161	3
n (Pat)	161	5	161	4	161	3

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	32.732	23.725	32.732	13.201	32.732	13.201
average	42.660	34.526	42.660	26.903	42.660	31.039
stdev	42.380	29.194	42.380	30.042	42.380	33.126
p (t-test)		0.598		0.308		0.513
min	0.000	4.527	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.527
max	230.675	83.149	230.675	83.149	230.675	83.149
n (Samp)	84	8	84	8	84	6
n (Pat)	84	8	84	8	84	6

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.36	0.081	99	11	0.096
24 hours	0.29	0.075	99	10	0.005
48 hours	0.33	0.094	99	7	0.072

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.42	0.123	161	5	0.521
24 hours	0.46	0.142	161	4	0.759
48 hours	0.30	0.130	161	3	0.127

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.46	0.104	84	8	0.690
24 hours	0.35	0.093	84	8	0.117
48 hours	0.39	0.112	84	6	0.347

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	9.8385095	73%	14%	1			
	9.4129279	82%	14%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	3.3229148	91%	8%	3	1.0	0.2	4.3
	43.818211	27%	71%	4	1.9	0.6	6.4
	65.137251	9%	81%				
	108.38454	0%	91%				
24 hours	9.4129279	70%	14%	1			
	3.3229148	80%	8%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	1.2982033	90%	7%	3	1.0	0.1	8.6
	43.818211	20%	71%	4	3.7	0.8	16.2
	65.137251	10%	81%				

Fig. 8 - 10

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
	108.38454	0%	91%				
48 hours	9.4129279	71%	14%	1			
	3.3229148	86%	8%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	1.2982033	100%	7%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	43.818211	29%	71%	4	3.0	0.6	13.9
	65.137251	14%	81%				
	108.38454	0%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	9.6041633	80%	14%	1			
	9.6041633	80%	14%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	1.846505	100%	7%	3	0.5	0.0	10.2
	44.321401	40%	70%	4	1.0	0.1	8.0
	55.567948	40%	80%				
	89.565615	0%	90%				
24 hours	9.6041633	75%	14%	1			
	1.846505	100%	7%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	1.846505	100%	7%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	44.321401	50%	70%	4	1.0	0.1	8.0
	55.567948	50%	80%				
	89.565615	0%	90%				
48 hours	0	100%	0%	1			
	0	100%	0%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	44.321401	33%	70%	4	2.1	0.1	42.9
	55.567948	33%	80%				
	89.565615	0%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	11.290059	75%	19%	1			
	9.4129279	88%	18%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	3.3229148	100%	8%	3	0.6	0.1	3.9
	44.429066	38%	70%	4	1.0	0.2	4.5
	61.565682	25%	81%				
	97.366099	0%	90%				
24 hours	9.4129279	75%	18%	1			
	3.3229148	88%	8%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	1.0	0.1	8.6
	44.429066	25%	70%	4	2.2	0.4	11.7
	61.565682	25%	81%				
	97.366099	0%	90%				
48 hours	9.4129279	83%	18%	1			
	9.4129279	83%	18%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	3.3229148	100%	8%	3	0.5	0.0	10.8
	44.429066	33%	70%	4	1.7	0.3	10.3
	61.565682	33%	81%				
	97.366099	0%	90%				

Fig. 8 - 11

Matrix metalloproteinase-2

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2850.000	3740.000	2850.000	3460.000	2850.000	3650.000
average	2926.071	3797.647	2926.071	3435.294	2926.071	3441.000
stdev	930.041	1332.078	930.041	1396.733	930.041	1411.102
p (t-test)		0.001		0.053		0.112
min	1410.000	1890.000	1410.000	1350.000	1410.000	1360.000
max	5710.000	5870.000	5710.000	5630.000	5710.000	5380.000
n (Samp)	112	17	112	17	112	10
n (Pat)	112	17	112	17	112	10

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2885.000	3610.000	2885.000	2895.000	2885.000	2280.000
average	2987.000	3761.250	2987.000	3146.250	2987.000	3100.000
stdev	979.445	1517.803	979.445	1495.965	979.445	1681.800
p (t-test)		0.034		0.661		0.803
min	1070.000	1890.000	1070.000	1350.000	1070.000	1360.000
max	6370.000	5870.000	6370.000	5380.000	6370.000	5380.000
n (Samp)	180	8	180	8	180	5
n (Pat)	180	8	180	8	180	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	2910.000	3840.000	2910.000	3840.000	2910.000	3840.000
average	2957.528	3939.091	2957.528	3826.364	2957.528	3795.714
stdev	938.245	1209.913	938.245	1303.137	938.245	1307.196
p (t-test)		0.002		0.007		0.030
min	1410.000	2110.000	1410.000	2110.000	1410.000	2110.000
max	5710.000	5630.000	5710.000	5630.000	5710.000	5380.000
n (Samp)	89	11	89	11	89	7
n (Pat)	89	11	89	11	89	7

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.69	0.075	112	17	0.011
24 hours	0.60	0.077	112	17	0.215
48 hours	0.60	0.098	112	10	0.305

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.64	0.108	180	8	0.195
24 hours	0.50	0.105	180	8	0.992
48 hours	0.46	0.128	180	5	0.771

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.75	0.089	89	11	0.006
24 hours	0.70	0.092	89	11	0.029
48 hours	0.70	0.114	89	7	0.084

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	3100	71%	64%	1			
	2130	88%	21%	2	0.2	0.0	3.0
	2100	94%	21%	3	0.7	0.2	2.6
	3270	65%	71%	4	2.6	1.1	6.2
	3660	53%	80%				
	4030	41%	90%				
24 hours	2260	71%	27%	1			
	2130	82%	21%	2	0.4	0.1	1.6
	1730	94%	9%	3	0.4	0.1	1.6
	3270	53%	71%	4	1.7	0.8	3.8
	3660	47%	80%				

Fig. 8 - 12

	4030	35%	90%				
48 hours	2130	80%	21%	1			
	2130	80%	21%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	2100	90%	21%	3	0.2	0.0	3.0
	3270	60%	71%	4	1.3	0.4	3.5
	3660	50%	80%				
	4030	40%	90%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	2580	75%	38%	1			
	2130	88%	18%	2	0.5	0.0	10.1
	1850	100%	10%	3	0.5	0.0	10.1
	3340	63%	70%	4	2.1	0.4	10.0
	3710	50%	80%				
	4290	38%	90%				
24 hours	2130	75%	18%	1			
	1730	88%	8%	2	0.3	0.0	4.7
	1290	100%	2%	3	0.3	0.0	4.7
	3340	50%	70%	4	1.0	0.2	4.0
	3710	38%	80%				
	4290	25%	90%				
48 hours	2130	80%	18%	1			
	2130	80%	18%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	1290	100%	2%	3	0.5	0.0	10.3
	3340	40%	70%	4	1.0	0.1	7.9
	3710	40%	80%				
	4290	40%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	3440	73%	76%	1			
	3100	82%	62%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	2110	91%	20%	3	1.6	0.3	9.6
	3230	73%	71%	4	3.6	0.8	16.2
	3660	55%	81%				
	4220	45%	91%				
24 hours	3100	73%	62%	1			
	2260	82%	27%	2	0.5	0.0	10.7
	2110	91%	20%	3	1.0	0.1	8.4
	3230	64%	71%	4	3.6	0.8	16.2
	3660	55%	81%				
	4220	45%	91%				
48 hours	3440	71%	76%	1			
	2110	86%	20%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	2100	100%	20%	3	0.5	0.0	10.8
	3230	71%	71%	4	2.2	0.4	11.5
	3660	57%	81%				
	4220	43%	91%				

Fig. 8 - 13

Midkine

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	6.599	21.914	6.599	33.926	6.599	4.169
average	20.838	25.691	20.838	27.379	20.838	19.131
stdev	23.837	23.326	23.837	24.489	23.837	25.917
p (t-test)		0.569		0.511		0.873
min	0.417	0.904	0.417	0.889	0.417	0.889
max	72.865	56.007	72.865	56.007	72.865	56.007
n (Samp)	37	10	37	7	37	6
n (Pat)	37	10	37	7	37	6

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4.680	6.094	4.680	4.725	4.680	3.891
average	17.629	16.930	17.629	13.185	17.629	3.891
stdev	21.611	18.023	21.611	18.063	21.611	4.225
p (t-test)		0.944		0.728		0.376
min	0.002	0.904	0.002	0.904	0.002	0.904
max	72.865	39.002	72.865	33.926	72.865	6.879
n (Samp)	61	5	61	3	61	2
n (Pat)	61	5	61	3	61	2

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	13.546	50.413	13.546	47.601	13.546	25.053
average	24.117	34.452	24.117	38.025	24.117	26.750
stdev	25.221	26.599	25.221	25.087	25.221	29.686
p (t-test)		0.410		0.312		0.850
min	0.417	1.287	0.417	0.889	0.417	0.889
max	72.865	56.007	72.865	56.007	72.865	56.007
n (Samp)	27	5	27	4	27	4
n (Pat)	27	5	27	4	27	4

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.58	0.105	37	10	0.457
24 hours	0.56	0.122	37	7	0.625
48 hours	0.45	0.125	37	6	0.719

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.56	0.138	61	5	0.679
24 hours	0.49	0.171	61	3	0.962
48 hours	0.37	0.183	61	2	0.474

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.60	0.145	27	5	0.492
24 hours	0.61	0.160	27	4	0.489
48 hours	0.49	0.156	27	4	0.953

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	5.2959736	70%	49%	1			
	3.8837139	80%	46%	2	0.9	0.1	9.7
	0.9035326	90%	16%	3	1.5	0.2	11.9
	29.610829	50%	70%	4	1.5	0.2	11.9
	49.407783	30%	81%				
	63.085399	0%	92%				
24 hours	3.8837139	71%	46%	1			
	0.8890913	86%	16%	2	0.5	0.0	12.9
	0.8763587	100%	16%	3	0.5	0.0	12.9
	29.610829	57%	70%	4	1.7	0.2	13.7
	49.407783	14%	81%				

Fig. 8 - 14

116 / 120

	63.085399	0%	92%				
48 hours	0.8890913	83%	16%	1			
	0.8890913	83%	16%	2	0.5	0.0	12.9
	0.8763587	100%	16%	3	0.5	0.0	12.9
	29.610829	33%	70%	4	1.1	0.1	12.7
	49.407783	17%	81%				
	63.085399	0%	92%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	4.679988	80%	51%	1			
	4.679988	80%	51%	2	0.9	0.0	60.9
	0.8763587	100%	20%	3	1.0	0.0	65.5
	24.521014	40%	70%	4	2.0	0.1	49.1
	40.35533	0%	82%				
	54.65313	0%	90%				
24 hours	0.8763587	100%	20%	1			
	0.8763587	100%	20%	2	1.0	0.0	65.5
	0.8763587	100%	20%	3	0.0	0.0	na
	24.521014	33%	70%	4	1.0	0.0	65.5
	40.35533	0%	82%				
	54.65313	0%	90%				
48 hours	0.8763587	100%	20%	1			
	0.8763587	100%	20%	2	na	na	na
	0.8763587	100%	20%	3	na	na	na
	24.521014	0%	70%	4	na	na	na
	40.35533	0%	82%				
	54.65313	0%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	9.7721354	80%	48%	1			
	9.7721354	80%	48%	2	1.0	0.0	88.2
	0.8763587	100%	19%	3	1.0	0.0	88.2
	31.133672	60%	70%	4	2.3	0.1	81.0
	56.514382	0%	81%				
	64.187328	0%	93%				
24 hours	40.35533	75%	74%	1			
	0.8763587	100%	19%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0.8763587	100%	19%	3	2.0	0.1	72.7
	31.133672	75%	70%	4	0.9	0.0	79.2
	56.514382	0%	81%				
	64.187328	0%	93%				
48 hours	1.3827646	75%	26%	1			
	0.8763587	100%	19%	2	1.0	0.0	88.2
	0.8763587	100%	19%	3	1.0	0.0	88.2
	31.133672	50%	70%	4	1.2	0.0	107.9
	56.514382	0%	81%				
	64.187328	0%	93%				

Fig. 8 - 15

Serum amyloid P-component

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4758.594	7144.793	4758.594	6494.385	4758.594	7105.260
average	5442.318	6631.266	5442.318	6510.234	5442.318	7057.266
stdev	2648.446	2799.175	2648.446	2861.268	2648.446	1597.203
p (t-test)		0.163		0.230		0.115
min	96.224	915.589	96.224	915.589	96.224	5335.126
max	16315.493	10815.095	16315.493	10815.095	16315.493	9395.400
n (Samp)	99	11	99	10	99	7
n (Pat)	99	11	99	10	99	7

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	4979.471	7144.793	4979.471	7988.651	4979.471	5335.126
average	5596.394	7145.511	5596.394	8031.881	5596.394	6046.142
stdev	2845.854	2835.477	2845.854	2341.417	2845.854	2507.635
p (t-test)		0.232		0.092		0.786
min	96.224	3600.034	96.224	5335.126	96.224	3970.792
max	16576.982	10815.095	16576.982	10815.095	16576.982	8832.509
n (Samp)	161	5	161	4	161	3
n (Pat)	161	5	161	4	161	3

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	5129.158	7223.623	5129.158	6494.385	5129.158	7203.857
average	5501.565	6649.209	5501.565	6119.015	5501.565	7344.290
stdev	2324.764	2672.037	2324.764	2739.775	2324.764	1539.239
p (t-test)		0.191		0.481		0.060
min	1580.497	915.589	1580.497	915.589	1580.497	5546.607
max	16315.493	9395.400	16315.493	9395.400	16315.493	9395.400
n (Samp)	84	8	84	8	84	6
n (Pat)	84	8	84	8	84	6

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.67	0.093	99	11	0.067
24 hours	0.66	0.098	99	10	0.102
48 hours	0.76	0.108	99	7	0.016

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.68	0.134	161	5	0.183
24 hours	0.80	0.134	161	4	0.025
48 hours	0.59	0.175	161	3	0.619

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.70	0.107	84	8	0.064
24 hours	0.62	0.110	84	8	0.277
48 hours	0.78	0.113	84	6	0.012

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	5499.6001	73%	62%	1			
	5324.4963	82%	59%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	3439.4811	91%	20%	3	1.6	0.3	9.4
	6336.0501	55%	71%	4	3.4	0.8	14.9
	6925.5816	55%	81%				
	8769.955	27%	91%				
24 hours	5499.6001	70%	62%	1			
	5324.4963	80%	59%	2	1.0	0.0	58.6
	3943.9292	90%	29%	3	3.3	0.2	51.9
	6336.0501	50%	71%	4	5.7	0.5	69.7
	6925.5816	50%	81%				

Fig. 8 - 16

	8769.955	30%	91%				
48 hours	5724.4425	71%	65%	1			
	5499.6001	86%	62%	2	na	na	na
	5324.4963	100%	59%	3	na	na	na
	6336.0501	57%	71%	4	na	na	na
	6925.5816	57%	81%				
	8769.955	29%	91%				

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	5324.4963	80%	55%	1			
	5324.4963	80%	55%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	3439.4811	100%	19%	3	1.0	0.0	55.6
	6424.9768	60%	70%	4	3.1	0.2	46.4
	7622.1289	40%	80%				
	8594.5677	40%	90%				
24 hours	7073.5661	75%	77%	1			
	5324.4963	100%	55%	2	na	na	na
	5324.4963	100%	55%	3	na	na	na
	6424.9768	75%	70%	4	na	na	na
	7622.1289	50%	80%				
	8594.5677	50%	90%				
48 hours	3956.1005	100%	29%	1			
	3956.1005	100%	29%	2	na	na	na
	3956.1005	100%	29%	3	na	na	na
	6424.9768	33%	70%	4	na	na	na
	7622.1289	33%	80%				
	8594.5677	33%	90%				

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	Cutoff value	sens	spec	Quartile	OR	95% CI of OR	
0 hours	5724.4425	75%	63%	1			
	5499.6001	88%	57%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	2.1	0.1	47.6
	6336.0501	63%	70%	4	6.1	0.5	78.3
	6925.5816	63%	81%				
	8769.955	25%	90%				
24 hours	5499.6001	75%	57%	1			
	3943.9292	88%	25%	2	0.0	0.0	na
	0	100%	0%	3	1.0	0.1	8.6
	6336.0501	50%	70%	4	2.2	0.4	11.7
	6925.5816	50%	81%				
	8769.955	25%	90%				
48 hours	5724.4425	83%	63%	1			
	5724.4425	83%	63%	2	na	na	na
	5499.6001	100%	57%	3	na	na	na
	6336.0501	67%	70%	4	na	na	na
	6925.5816	67%	81%				
	8769.955	33%	90%				

Fig. 8 - 17

Matrix metalloproteinase-9

sCr or UO

	0 hr prior to AKI stage		24 hr prior to AKI stage		48 hr prior to AKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	398.000	694.000	398.000	653.000	398.000	638.000
average	684.421	1406.824	684.421	933.647	684.421	848.400
stdev	1184.299	1741.414	1184.299	685.773	1184.299	576.178
p (t-test)		0.030		0.400		0.666
min	33.200	315.000	33.200	315.000	33.200	315.000
max	8903.000	7705.000	8903.000	2270.000	8903.000	1990.000
n (Samp)	112	17	112	17	112	10
n (Pat)	112	17	112	17	112	10

sCr only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	424.500	778.500	424.500	692.500	424.500	694.000
average	762.806	1029.500	762.806	1003.250	762.806	1132.200
stdev	1189.773	560.743	1189.773	574.400	1189.773	668.691
p (t-test)		0.530		0.571		0.491
min	33.200	460.000	33.200	460.000	33.200	566.000
max	8903.000	1990.000	8903.000	1990.000	8903.000	1990.000
n (Samp)	180	8	180	8	180	5
n (Pat)	180	8	180	8	180	5

UO only

	0 hr prior toAKI stage		24 hr prior toAKI stage		48 hr prior toAKI stage	
	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 1	Cohort 2
median	376.000	691.000	376.000	585.000	376.000	585.000
average	517.840	1551.364	517.840	839.182	517.840	601.143
stdev	544.989	2144.086	544.989	720.722	544.989	263.688
p (t-test)		0.000		0.078		0.691
min	33.200	315.000	33.200	315.000	33.200	315.000
max	3830.000	7705.000	3830.000	2270.000	3830.000	1020.000
n (Samp)	89	11	89	11	89	7
n (Pat)	89	11	89	11	89	7

sCr or UO

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.77	0.069	112	17	0.000
24 hours	0.71	0.074	112	17	0.005
48 hours	0.70	0.096	112	10	0.038

sCr only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.75	0.101	180	8	0.012
24 hours	0.74	0.102	180	8	0.018
48 hours	0.77	0.125	180	5	0.029

UO only

Time prior AKI stage	AUC	SE	nCohort 1	nCohort 2	p
0 hours	0.78	0.085	89	11	0.001
24 hours	0.69	0.093	89	11	0.043
48 hours	0.66	0.116	89	7	0.169

Fig. 8 - 18

International application No.
PCT/US 09/63906

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC(8) - A01N 59/00 (2010.01)
USPC - 424/600
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
USPC - 424/600

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched
USPC - 435/21, 7.21; 514/361, 557 (text search - see search terms below)

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)
PubWEST (USPT, PGPB, EPAB, JPAB); Google Patents; Google
Search terms used: kidney disease, renal injury, acute kidney injury, renal failure, diagnosis, marker, heart-type fatty acid binding protein, matrix metalloproteinase-9

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	US 2008/0038269 A1 (SUSAN) 14 February 2008 (14.02.2008), para [0002], [0005], [0008], [0021]-[0025], [0030], [0032]-[0038], [0045]-[0048], [0145]-[0146]	1-28
Y	HAN et al, Urinary biomarkers in the early diagnosis of acute kidney injury, Kidney Int., 5 December 2007, Vol. 73, No. 7, Pg. 863-869, pg 863, abstract; pg 864, para 2-3, 5	1-28
Y	US 2008/0254485 A1 (VALKIRS et al.) 16 October 2008 (16.10.2008), para [0011], [0015], [0042]	7-8, 19-23, 26-28
Y	US 2007/0249002 A1 (HU et al.) 25 October 2007 (25.10.2007), para [0012]	17-18

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐

*	Special categories of cited documents:	"T"	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"A"	document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance		
"E"	earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date	"X"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"L"	document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"O"	document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means		
"P"	document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"&"	document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
09 January 2010 (09.01.2010)	15 JAN 2010

Name and mailing address of the ISA/US	Authorized officer:
Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US, Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450	Lee W. Young
Facsimile No. 571-273-3201	PCT Helpdesk: 571-272-4300 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 2009)