



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : C12N 15/53, A01H 1/00, 5/00	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 98/53080 (43) International Publication Date: 26 November 1998 (26.11.98)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/AU98/00362 (22) International Filing Date: 19 May 1998 (19.05.98) (30) Priority Data: PO 6849 19 May 1997 (19.05.97) AU (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): COMMON-WEALTH SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH ORGANISATION [AU/AU]; Limestone Avenue, Campbell, ACT 2612 (AU). (72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): ROBINSON, Simon, Piers [AU/AU]; 28 Jervois Street, Hawthorn, S.A. 5062 (AU). (74) Agent: PHILLIPS ORMONDE & FITZPATRICK; 367 Collins Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000 (AU).		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>With international search report.</i>
(54) Title: POLYPHENOL OXIDASE GENES FROM BANANA, TOBACCO AND PINEAPPLE		
(57) Abstract The present invention provides methods for preparing nucleic acids encoding polyphenol oxidase (PPO), fragments and derivatives thereof. The present invention also provides nucleic acids encoding banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, or antisense to banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof. Vectors including such nucleic acids, methods of using such nucleic acids and transgenic plants are also provided.		

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece	ML	Mali	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	MN	Mongolia	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MR	Mauritania	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MW	Malawi	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MX	Mexico	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	NE	Niger	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NL	Netherlands	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NO	Norway	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NZ	New Zealand	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CM	Cameroon	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CN	China	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CU	Cuba	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
CZ	Czech Republic	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		
EE	Estonia						

POLYPHENOL OXIDASE GENES FROM BANANA, TOBACCO & PINEAPPLE

The present invention relates to the isolation of genes encoding polyphenol oxidase (PPO) from plants.

5 Browning of plant tissues often occurs following injury or damage and this generally results in spoilage of fruit and vegetables. Undesirable browning also occurs during processing of plant materials to produce food or other products. Steps are taken during transport, storage, and processing to prevent these browning reactions. Often this involves the use of chemicals such as sulphur dioxide but the use of these substances is likely to be restricted in the future due to concerns about their safety and consumer acceptance. For example, the US Food and Drug Administration banned the use of sulphite for most fresh fruit and vegetables in 1986. The production of fruit and vegetable varieties with an inherently low susceptibility to brown would remove the need for these chemical treatments.

15 It will be understood that browning in plants is predominantly catalysed by the enzyme PPO. PPO is localised in the plastids of plant cells whereas the phenolic substrates of the enzyme are stored in the plant cell vacuole. This compartmentation prevents the browning reaction from occurring unless the plant cells are damaged and the enzyme and its substrates are mixed.

20 The prior art includes International Application PCT/AU92/00356 to the present applicant which describes the cloning of PPO genes from grapevine, broad bean leaf, apple fruit and potato tuber. This application recognises that PPO levels in plants may be manipulated by increasing or decreasing expression of PPO gene. The application also identifies two conserved copper binding sites in PPO genes, designated CuA and CuB. However, the method described in PCT/AU92/00356 which was used to clone the PPO genes from apple and potato involved the use of an oligo dT reverse primer for polymerase chain reaction (PCR). Whilst the method is acceptable, in some tissues, it does not give rise to a strong band of the predicted size or else it gives rise to many additional products making it difficult to resolve the PPO fragment.

30 Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to overcome or at least alleviate one or more of the difficulties related to the prior art.

In a first aspect of the present invention there is provided a method for preparing nucleic acid encoding PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof, which method includes

providing

- 5 a source of a polypeptide having PPO activity,
 a first primer having a sequence corresponding to a first conserved region of PPO, and
 a second primer having a sequence corresponding to a second conserved region of PPO orientation;
10 isolating RNA from the source of polypeptide having PPO activity;
 treating the RNA to construct copy DNA (cDNA) therefrom; and
 amplifying the cDNA so formed using the first and second primers.

Applicant has found that the method of the present invention, which involves the use of a second primer based on PPO, means that there is less
15 likelihood that other (non-PPO) genes are amplified. Furthermore, the method of the present invention dramatically increases the amount of genuine product formed in most cases. Moreover, the added specificity provided by the second PPO-based primer makes it possible to clone PPO more readily from certain plants in which it was difficult to obtain a clone using one primer and oligo-dT.

20 In a preferred aspect of the present invention there is provided a method for preparing nucleic acid encoding banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof, which method includes

providing

- a source of a polypeptide having banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO
25 activity,
 a first primer having a sequence corresponding to a first conserved region of banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, and
 a second primer having a sequence corresponding to a second conserved region of banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO;
30 isolating RNA from the source of polypeptide having banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO activity;
 treating the RNA to construct copy DNA (cDNA) therefrom; and

amplifying the cDNA so formed using the first and second primers.

The terms "nucleic acid encoding banana/tobacco/pineapple PPO" and "banana/tobacco/pineapple PPO gene" as used herein should be understood to refer to a banana, tobacco and/or pineapple PPO gene or a sequence substantially homologous therewith. For example, these terms include sequences which differ from the specific sequences given in the Examples hereto but which, because of the degeneracy of the genetic code, encode the same protein. Applicants have found that there are families of PPO genes in most plants. Thus, there are likely to be other PPO genes in banana, tobacco and/or pineapple, in addition to those which have been isolated. These could be cloned using the methods of the present invention. Thus, the terms "nucleic acid encoding banana/tobacco/pineapple PPO" and " banana/tobacco/pineapple PPO gene" should be understood to include banana, tobacco and/or pineapple PPO genes other than those specific genes that have been isolated. The terms may also include presequences such as chloroplast transit sequence as well as sequences encoding mature PPO protein.

The term "derivative" as used herein includes nucleic acids that have been chemically or otherwise modified, for example mutated, or labelled, or nucleic acids incorporating a catalytic cleavage site.

The term "fragment" includes functionally active fragments of a PPO gene which are capable of altering expression of the PPO genes. Examples of alteration of the gene may include up-regulation or down-regulation of the gene, coding of the gene, transcription of the gene, binding of the gene or stability of the gene sequence.

The source of polypeptide having PPO activity is preferably a source of polypeptide having banana or tobacco or pineapple PPO activity. The source of polypeptide having banana PPO activity may be banana peel, preferably young banana peel. More preferably the peel of young banana fruit. The source of polypeptide having tobacco PPO activity may be tobacco leaves, preferably young tobacco leaves. The source of polypeptide having pineapple PPO activity may be pineapple fruit, preferably the flesh of the pineapple fruit, more preferably the flesh of pineapple fruit exhibiting blackheart disorder.

The RNA may be isolated by any suitable method including extraction for example with a detergent such as CTAB, use of an oligo-dT spun column as described in PCT/AU92/00356 and PCT/AU96/00310 the entire disclosure of each application which is incorporated herein by reference, or use of a commercially available kit such as the PolyATtract 1000 system from Promega Corporation.

The step of treating the RNA to construct cDNA according to this aspect of the present invention may include

treating the RNA with reverse transcriptase and an adapter primer to form cDNA.

The adapter primer may be an oligonucleotide adapter primer including the following sequence or part thereof:

5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT-3'

The step of treating the RNA to construct cDNA according to this aspect of the present invention may include

treating the RNA with reverse transcriptase and a reverse primer to form cDNA.

The adapter primer may be replaced with a reverse primer having a sequence corresponding to a conserved region of PPO genes including the following sequence or part thereof:

REV2 :5'-GCCTGCAGTT[TC]TC[AG]TC[AG]TAGAA-3'

The first primer has a sequence corresponding to a first conserved region of PPO. Preferably the first primer has a sequence corresponding to at least a portion of or in close proximity to a first copper binding site of PPO. The second primer has a sequence corresponding to a second conserved region of PPO. Preferably the second primer has a sequence corresponding to at least a portion of or in close proximity to a second copper binding site of PPO. More preferably the first primer has a sequence corresponding to at least a portion of or in close proximity to one of the CuA or CuB binding sites of PPO, and the second primer has a sequence corresponding to at least a portion of or in close proximity to the other of the CuA or CuB binding sites of PPO.

The first and second primers may be degenerate. The first primer may

include one of the following sequences or part thereof:

GEN8 : 5'-GCGAATTCGATCCACATT[TC]GC[GT]TTICC-3'.

GEN9 : 5'GCGAATTCTICA[TC]TG[TC]GCITA[TC]TG-3'.

GEN10: 5'GCGAATTCTTICCIT[TA][TC]TGGA[TC]TGGG-3'.

5 The second primer may include the following sequences or part thereof

REV1 : 5'-GCCTGCAGCCACATC[TC][AG]TCIAC[AG]TT-3'.

REV2 : 5'GCCTGCAGTT[TC]TC[AG]TC[AG]TAGAA-3'.

The cDNA may be amplified using the polymerase chain reaction (PCR).

10 Those skilled in the art will appreciate that if the Cu binding sites are internal, the nucleic acid isolated will be a fragment of the PPO gene lacking 3' and 5' termini. However, it is possible to determine the complete nucleic acid sequence of the PPO gene and to prepare or isolate nucleic acid encoding such PPO or antisense to such PPO.

15 Accordingly, in a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method for preparing nucleic acid encoding the 3' end of PPO, which method includes

providing

a source of polypeptide having PPO activity

a primer in sense orientation; and

20 an adapter primer;

isolating RNA from the source of polypeptide having PPO activity;

treating the RNA to construct cDNA therefrom; and

amplifying the cDNA so formed using the primers.

25 In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method for preparing nucleic acid encoding the 5' end of PPO, which method includes

providing

a source of polypeptide having PPO activity,

an anchor,

primers in antisense orientation; and

30 an anchor primer;

isolating RNA from the source of polypeptide having PPO activity;

treating the RNA to construct cDNA therefrom;

attaching the anchor to the 5' end of the cDNA so formed; and
amplifying the cDNA using the primers.

The source of polypeptide having PPO activity is preferably a source of polypeptide having banana or tobacco or pineapple PPO activity. The source of polypeptide having banana PPO activity may be banana peel, preferably young banana peel. More preferably the peel of young banana fruit. The source of polypeptide having tobacco PPO activity may be tobacco leaves, preferably young tobacco leaves. The source of polypeptide having pineapple PPO activity may be pineapple fruit, preferably the flesh of the pineapple fruit, most preferably the flesh of pineapple fruit exhibiting blackheart disorder.

The RNA may be isolated by any suitable method including extraction for example with a detergent such as CTAB, use of an oligo-dT spun column as described in PCT/AU92/00356 or PCT/AU96/00310 the entire disclosure of each patent application which is incorporated herein by reference, or use of a commercially available kit such as the PolyATtract 1000 system from Promega Corporation.

The step of treating the RNA to construct cDNA according to this aspect of the present invention may include

treating the RNA with reverse transcriptase and an adapter primer to form cDNA.

The adapter primer may be an oligonucleotide adapter primer including one of the following sequences or part thereof:

5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT-3'

The adapter primer may be replaced with a reverse primer having a sequence corresponding to a conserved region of PPO genes including the following sequence or part thereof:

REV2 :5'-GCCTGCAGTT[TC]TC[AG]TC[AG]TAGAA-3'

The primer in sense orientation may be a banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO specific primer.

The adapter primer may include the following sequence or part thereof:

5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGA-3'.

The primers in antisense orientation may be banana, tobacco or pineapple

PPO specific primers.

The anchor may be of any suitable type. The anchor may be attached by ligation for example using T4 RNA ligase. The anchor primer should be capable of hybridizing with the anchor.

5 The cDNA may be amplified using PCR.

Those skilled in the art will appreciate that using the methods of the present invention it is possible to determine the complete nucleic acid sequence of the PPO gene of interest and to prepare or isolate nucleic acid encoding such PPO or antisense to such PPO.

10 In a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a nucleic acid encoding banana PPO or antisense to banana PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof. Preferably the nucleic acid has the sequence shown in Fig. 1, 2, 3 or 4, fragments and derivatives thereof, and substantially homologous sequences.

 In a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a nucleic acid
15 encoding tobacco PPO or antisense to tobacco PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof. Preferably the nucleic acid has the sequence shown in Fig. 5, 6 or 7 fragments and derivatives thereof, and substantially homologous sequences.

 In a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a nucleic acid
20 encoding pineapple PPO or antisense to pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof. Preferably the nucleic acid has the sequence shown in Fig. 8, 9 or 10 fragments and derivatives thereof, and substantially homologous sequences.

 The nucleic acid may be prepared by a method as hereinbefore described.

 The nucleic acid may be modified, for example by inclusion of a catalytic
25 cleavage site.

 In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method for preparing a recombinant vector including a nucleic acid encoding banana PPO or antisense to banana PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof, which method includes

30 providing

 nucleic acid encoding banana PPO or antisense to banana PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof; and

a vector; and

reacting the nucleic acid and the vector to deploy the nucleic acid within the vector.

5 In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method for preparing a recombinant vector including a nucleic acid encoding tobacco PPO or antisense to tobacco PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof, which method includes

providing

10 nucleic acid encoding tobacco PPO or antisense to tobacco PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof; and

a vector; and

reacting the nucleic acid and the vector to deploy the nucleic acid within the vector.

15 In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method for preparing a recombinant vector including a nucleic acid encoding pineapple PPO or antisense to pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof, which method includes

providing

20 nucleic acid encoding pineapple PPO or antisense to pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof; and

a vector; and

reacting the nucleic acid and the vector to deploy the nucleic acid within the vector.

The nucleic acid may be prepared by a method as hereinbefore described.

25 The nucleic acid may be modified, for example by inclusion of a catalytic cleavage site.

The vector may be a plasmid expression vector. For example Bluescript SK⁺ has been found to be suitable. Alternatively, the vector may be a binary vector. The recombinant vector may contain a promoter, preferably a constitutive promoter upstream of the nucleic acid.

30 The cloning step may take any suitable form. A preferred form may include

fractionating the cDNA, for example on a column or a gel;

isolating a fragment of the expected size, for example from the column or gel; and

ligating said fragment into a suitable restriction enzyme site of the vector,
5 for example the EcoRV site of a Bluescript SK⁺ vector.

In order to test the clones so formed, a suitable microorganism may be transformed with the vector, the microorganism cultured and the polypeptide encoded therein expressed. The microorganism may be a strain of Escherichia coli, for example E.coli DH5 has been found to be suitable. Alternatively,
10 appropriate vectors may be used to transform plants.

In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a recombinant vector including a nucleic acid encoding banana PPO or antisense to banana PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof, which vector is capable of being replicated, transcribed and translated in a unicellular organism or alternatively in
15 a plant.

In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a recombinant vector including a nucleic acid encoding tobacco PPO or antisense to tobacco PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof, which vector is capable of being replicated, transcribed and translated in a unicellular organism or alternatively in
20 a plant.

In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a recombinant vector including a nucleic acid encoding pineapple PPO or antisense to pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof, which vector is capable of being replicated, transcribed and translated in a unicellular organism or alternatively in
25 a plant.

The nucleic acid may be prepared by a method as hereinbefore described.

The nucleic acid may be modified, for example by inclusion of a catalytic cleavage site.

The vector may be a plasmid expression vector. For example Bluescript
30 SK⁺ has been found to be suitable. Alternatively, the vector may be a binary vector. The recombinant vector may contain a promoter, preferably a constitutive promoter upstream of the nucleic acid encoding banana, tobacco or pineapple

PPO or antisense to banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof.

The microorganism may be a strain of Escherichia coli, for example E.coli DH5 has been found to be suitable.

5 In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of decreasing the level of PPO activity in a plant tissue, which method includes providing

10 a nucleic acid encoding banana PPO, a modified nucleic acid encoding banana PPO, or a nucleic acid antisense to banana PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof; and

 a plant sample; and

 introducing said nucleic acid into said plant sample to produce a transgenic plant.

15 In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of decreasing the level of PPO activity in a plant tissue, which method includes providing

 a nucleic acid encoding tobacco PPO, a modified nucleic acid encoding tobacco PPO, or a nucleic acid antisense to tobacco PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof; and

20 a plant sample; and

 introducing said nucleic acid into said plant sample to produce a transgenic plant.

25 In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of decreasing the level of PPO activity in a plant tissue, which method includes providing

 a nucleic acid encoding pineapple PPO, a modified nucleic acid encoding pineapple PPO, or a nucleic acid antisense to pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof; and

 a plant sample; and

30 introducing said nucleic acid into said plant sample to produce a transgenic plant.

PPO activity may be decreased by the use of sense constructs

(cosuppression). Alternatively the nucleic acid may include a sequence encoding antisense mRNA to banana or tobacco or pineapple PPO or a functionally active fragment thereof. Alternatively the nucleic acid may encode banana or tobacco or pineapple PPO or a functionally active fragment thereof and incorporate a catalytic cleavage site (ribozyme). The nucleic acid may be included in a recombinant vector as hereinbefore described. In a preferred aspect, the nucleic acid may be included in a binary vector. In a further preferred aspect, the introduction of a binary vector into the plant may be by infection of the plant with an Agrobacterium containing the binary vector or by bombardment with nucleic acid coated microprojectiles. Methods for transforming banana, tobacco or pineapple with Agrobacterium are known to those skilled in the art and are described in, for example, May et al., Bio/technology (1995) 13:486-492; Micheltore et al., Plant Cell Reports (1987) 6:439-442, and Curtis et al., Journal of Experimental Botany (1994) 45:1141-1149, the entire disclosures of which one incorporated herein by reference. Methods for transforming banana, tobacco or pineapple by bombardment with DNA coated microprojectiles are known to those skilled in the art and are described in, for example, Sagi et al., Bio/technology (1995) 13:481-485, the entire disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of increasing the level of PPO activity in a plant tissue, which method includes

providing

a nucleic acid encoding banana PPO or a fragment thereof; and

a plant sample; and

introducing said nucleic acid into said plant sample to produce a transgenic plant.

In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of increasing the level of PPO activity in a plant tissue, which method includes

providing

a nucleic acid encoding tobacco PPO or a fragment thereof; and

a plant sample; and

introducing said nucleic acid into said plant sample to produce a

transgenic plant.

In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of increasing the level of PPO activity in a plant tissue, which method includes

providing

- 5 a nucleic acid encoding pineapple PPO or a fragment thereof; and
 a plant sample; and

introducing said nucleic acid into said plant sample to produce a transgenic plant.

10 The nucleic acid may be included in a recombinant vector as hereinbefore described. In a preferred aspect, the nucleic acid may be included in a binary vector. In a further preferred aspect, the introduction of the binary vector into the plant may be by infection of the plant with an Agrobacterium containing the binary vector or by bombardment with nucleic acid coated microprojectiles.

15 The plant may be of any suitable type. However the method is particularly applicable to banana, tobacco or pineapple.

In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a transgenic plant, which plant contains nucleic acid capable of modifying expression of the normal banana PPO gene.

The plant may be of any suitable type. Preferably, the plant is banana.

20 In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a transgenic plant, which plant contains nucleic acid capable of modifying expression of the normal tobacco PPO gene.

The plant may be of any suitable type. Preferably, the plant is tobacco.

25 In a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a transgenic plant, which plant contains nucleic acid capable of modifying expression of the normal pineapple PPO gene.

The plant may be of any suitable type. Preferably, the plant is pineapple.

The nucleic acid may be as hereinbefore described.

30 In a still further aspect of the present invention there is provided a plant vaccine including nucleic acid encoding banana PPO or antisense to banana PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof.

In a still further aspect of the present invention there is provided a plant

vaccine including nucleic acid encoding tobacco PPO or antisense to tobacco PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof.

In a still further aspect of the present invention there is provided a plant vaccine including nucleic acid encoding pineapple PPO or antisense to pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof.

The present invention will now be more fully described with reference to the accompanying Examples. It should be understood, however, that the description following is illustrative only and should not be taken in any way as a restriction on the generality of the invention described above.

IN THE FIGURES :

FIGURE 1:The BPPO2 cDNA nucleotide sequence and derived protein sequence encoding part of a banana PPO protein.

FIGURE 2:The BPPO8 cDNA nucleotide sequence and derived protein sequence encoding part of a banana PPO protein.

FIGURE 3:The BANPPO34 cDNA nucleotide sequence and derived protein sequence encoding part of a banana PPO protein.

FIGURE 4:The BANPPO35 cDNA nucleotide sequence and derived protein sequence encoding part of a banana PPO protein.

FIGURE 5:The TOBPPO6 cDNA nucleotide sequence and derived protein sequence encoding part of a tobacco PPO protein.

FIGURE 6:The TOBPPO25 cDNA nucleotide sequence and derived protein sequence encoding part of a tobacco PPO protein.

FIGURE 7:The TOBPPO26 cDNA nucleotide sequence and derived protein sequence encoding part of a tobacco PPO protein.

FIGURE 8:The PINPPO20 cDNA nucleotide sequence and derived protein sequence encoding part of a pineapple PPO protein.

- 5 FIGURE 9:The PINPPO2 cDNA nucleotide sequence and derived protein sequence encoding part of a pineapple PPO protein.

FIGURE 10:The PINPPOFL cDNA nucleotide sequence and derived protein sequence encoding a pineapple PPO protein.

10

EXAMPLE 1: Cloning Banana Peel PPO genes

Total RNA was isolated from the peel of young banana fruit. Fruit tissue (3g) was frozen and ground to a fine powder in liquid nitrogen with a coffee grinder then added to 20 ml of extraction buffer (2%
15 hexadecyltrimethylammonium bromide (CTAB), 2% polyvinyl pyrrolidone, 100 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 25 mM EDTA, 2 M NaCl, 0.05% spermidine, 2% β -mercaptoethanol) at 65°C. The extract was mixed with 20 ml of chloroform / IAA then centrifuged for 20 minutes at 5,000 RPM and the aqueous phase was re-extracted with chloroform / IAA. The aqueous phase was filtered through
20 Miracloth and 0.25 volumes of 10 M LiCl were added then the sample was incubated overnight at 4°C before centrifuging for 20 minutes at 8,000 RPM. The supernatant was removed and the pellet was resuspended in 0.5 ml of 1 M NaCl, 0.5% SDS, 10 mM Tris, pH 8.0, 1 mM EDTA. The RNA was extracted once with an equal volume of chloroform / IAA and 2 volumes of ethanol was added. After
25 incubation for 40 mins at -70°C the solution was centrifuged for 15 minutes at 10,000 RPM. The supernatant was removed and the pellet was rinsed with 80% ethanol, drained, and dried. The pellet was resuspended in 50 μ l of sterile water.

First strand cDNA was synthesised from 10 μ g total RNA with reverse
30 transcriptase as described in Ref 2, utilising an oligo-dT primer adapter (Ref 1) :

B26 : (5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT-3')

Oligonucleotide primers were designed based on known plant PPO DNA sequences. Comparison of a number of PPO sequences from a range of different plants allowed identification of the conserved regions of the gene, which are mostly in or near the regions which encode the two copper binding sites, CuA and CuB (2). Forward primers designed around the CuA site (GEN8, GEN9 and GEN 10) and reverse primers designed around the CuB site (REV1 and REV2) were synthesised :

GEN8 : (5'-GCGAATTCGATCCACITT[TC]GC[GT]TTICC-3')

GEN9 : (5'-GCGAATTCTICA[TC]TG[TC]GCITA[TC]TG-3')

10 GEN10 : (5'-GCGAATTCTTICCIT[TA][TC]TGGAA[TC]TGGG-3')

REV1 : (5'-GCCTGCAGCCACATIC[TG][AG]TCIAC[AG]TT-3')

REV2 : (5'-GCCTGCAGTT[TC]TC[AG]TC[AG]TAGAA-3')

15 The first strand reaction was amplified by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) essentially according to the method of Frohman (1) using GEN and REV primers, each at a final concentration of 1 μ M (2). Amplification involved an initial program of 2 cycles of denaturation at 94° C for 1 min, annealing at 37° C for 2 min, a slow ramp to 72° C over 2 min and elongation at 72° C for 3 min, followed by 33 cycles
20 of denaturation at 94° C for 1 min, annealing at 55° C for 1 min, and elongation at 72° C for 3 min. A sample of the amplified DNA was run on an agarose gel and stained with ethidium bromide to determine the size of the PCR products. The remainder was run on a low melting point agarose gel and the bands of interest were excised. DNA was purified from the agarose with a QIAquick PCR
25 Purification kit (Qiagen).

The purified DNA was cloned into Eco RV-cut Bluescript SK⁺ vector (Stratagene) which had been T-tailed with Taq Polymerase and the ligated DNA was introduced into E. coli DH5 α by electroporation. Recombinant clones which had
30 an insert of the predicted size were selected and their DNA sequence was determined by automated sequencing. Two putative banana PPO clones

(BPPO2 and BPPO8) were identified based on their homology to known plant PPO genes.

The 3'-end of BPPO2 was cloned using a primer designed to the sequence of BPPO2 :

BAN8F : (5'-GTTGCTCTTCTTAGGCTCGGCTTAC-3')

at a final concentration of 1 μ M and a B25 adaptor primer:

B25 : (5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGA-3')

at a final concentration of 0.1 μ M (ref 1). Amplification involved 35 cycles of denaturation at 94° C for 1 min, annealing at 55° C for 1 min, and elongation at 72° C for 3 min. A sample of the amplified DNA was run on an agarose gel and stained with ethidium bromide to determine the size of the PCR products. The remainder was run on a low melting point agarose gel and the bands of interest were excised. DNA was purified from the agarose with a QIAquick PCR Purification kit (Qiagen).

The purified DNA was cloned into Eco RV-cut Bluescript SK⁺ vector (Stratagene) which had been T-tailed with Taq Polymerase and the ligated DNA was introduced into E. coli DH5 α by electroporation. Recombinant clones which had an insert of the predicted size (1150 bp) were selected and their DNA sequence was determined by automated sequencing. Two putative banana PPO clones (BANPPO34 and BANPPO35) were identified based on their homology to known plant PPO genes. The sequence of BANPPO34 was identical to that of BPPO2.

EXAMPLE 2: Cloning Tobacco Leaf PPO genes

Total RNA was isolated from young leaves (1-3 cm long) of glasshouse grown plants. Approximately 2 g of frozen leaf material was ground to a fine powder in liquid nitrogen then extracted in 15 ml of extraction buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 9.0, 150 mM LiCl, 5 mM EDTA, 5% SDS and 0.6% β -mercaptoethanol) by shaking vigorously in a 50 ml screw cap tube for 1-2 minutes. Approximately 15 ml of phenol / chloroform / IAA (25:24:1) was added and the homogenate was

mixed then centrifuged for 15 minutes at 5,000 RPM, 4°C. The upper aqueous phase was removed and re-extracted twice with phenol / chloroform / IAA and then once with chloroform / IAA and then centrifuged for 10 minutes at 5,000 RPM, 4°C. The supernatant was removed, LiCl was added to a final concentration of 2 M and the mixture was incubated overnight at 4°C. After centrifuging for 10 minutes at 8,000 RPM, 4°C the supernatant was removed and the pellet was resuspended in 6 ml of 0.4 M LiCl then 2 ml of 8M LiCl was added and the mixture was incubated overnight at 4°C. The mixture was centrifuged for 10 minutes at 8,000 RPM, 4°C, the supernatant was removed and the pellet was resuspended in 0.5 ml of sterile water and centrifuged briefly to remove any insoluble material.

mRNA was isolated from the total RNA using a PolyATtract kit (Promega). First strand cDNA was synthesised from 10 µg total RNA or 2 µg mRNA with reverse transcriptase as described in Ref 2, utilising an oligo-dT primer adapter (Ref 1) :

B26 : (5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT-3')

The first strand reaction was amplified by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) essentially according to the method of Frohman (1) using GEN and REV primers described in Example 1, each at a final concentration of 1 µM (2). Amplification involved an initial program of 2 cycles of denaturation at 94° C for 1 min, annealing at 37° C for 2 min, a slow ramp to 72° C over 2 min and elongation at 72° C for 3 min, followed by 28 cycles of denaturation at 94° C for 1 min, annealing at 55° C for 1 min, and elongation at 72° C for 3 min. A sample of the amplified DNA was run on an agarose gel and stained with ethidium bromide to determine the size of the PCR products. The remainder was run on a low melting point agarose gel and the bands of interest were excised. DNA was purified from the agarose with a QIAquick PCR Purification kit (Qiagen).

The purified DNA was cloned into Eco RV-cut Bluescript SK⁺ vector (Stratagene) which had been T-tailed with Taq Polymerase and the ligated DNA was introduced into E. coli DH5α by electroporation. Recombinant clones which had an insert of the predicted size were selected and their DNA sequence was

determined by automated sequencing. Three putative tobacco PPO clones (TOBPPO6, TOBPPO25 and TOBPPO26) were identified based on their homology to known plant PPO genes.

5 **EXAMPLE 3: Cloning Pineapple PPO genes**

Mature pineapple fruit were treated to induce blackheart disorder by holding the fruit for 17 days at 12°C then for 4 days at 25°C. Flesh showing blackheart symptoms was dissected from the fruit, frozen in liquid nitrogen and ground to a fine powder in a pre-cooled coffee grinder. To isolate total RNA 10 g of the powder was ground in a mortar and pestle then extracted with 30 ml of homogenisation buffer (100mM Tris-HCl, pH9.0, 200mM NaCl, 15 mM EDTA, 0.5% sarkosyl and 1% β -mercaptoethanol), 30 ml of phenol and 6 ml of chloroform / IAA. The mixture was stirred in a beaker, 2.1 ml of 3M NaAc (pH 5.2) was added and the mixture was kept on ice for 15 minutes then centrifuged for 15 minutes at 8,000 RPM, 4°C. The upper aqueous phase was removed and an equal volume of isopropanol was added. The mixture was incubated for 30 minutes at -70°C then centrifuged for 20 minutes at 8,000 RPM, 4°C in Corex tubes. The supernatant was removed and the pellet was rinsed with 70% ethanol and centrifuged for 5 minutes at 8,000 RPM, 4°C. The ethanol was removed and the pellet was air dried then resuspended in 0.75 ml sterile water and centrifuged to remove any insoluble material. LiCl was added to a final concentration of 3 M and the mixture was incubated overnight at -20°C then centrifuged for 30 minutes at 15,000 RPM, 4°C. The pellet was rinsed with 70% ethanol, centrifuged briefly, drained and air dried. The pellet was resuspended in 75 μ l sterile water and centrifuged to remove any insoluble material.

Oligonucleotide primers were designed based on known plant PPO DNA sequences. Comparison of a number of PPO sequences from a range of different plants allowed identification of the conserved regions of the gene, which are mostly in or near the regions which encode the two copper binding sites, CuA and CuB. Forward primers designed around the CuA site (GEN8, GEN9 and

GEN 10) and reverse primers designed around the CuB site (REV1 and REV2) were synthesised :

GEN8 : (5'-GCGAATTCGATCCACITT[TC]GC[GT]TTICC-3')

GEN9 : (5'-GCGAATTCTICA[TC]TG[TC]GCITA[TC]TG-3')

5 GEN10 : (5'-GCGAATTCTTICCIT[TA][TC]TGGAA[TC]TGGG-3')

REV1 : (5'-GCCTGCAGCCACATIC[TG][AG]TCIAC[AG]TT-3')

REV2 : (5'-GCCTGCAGTT[TC]TC[AG]TC[AG]TAGAA-3')

10 First strand cDNA was synthesised from 10 µg total RNA with reverse transcriptase as described in Ref 2, utilising the REV2 primer :

REV2 : (5'-GCCTGCAGTT[TC]TC[AG]TC[AG]TAGAA-3')

The first strand reaction was amplified by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) essentially according to the method of Frohman (1) using the GEN and REV
15 primers described in Example 1, each at a final concentration of 1 µM (2). Amplification involved an initial program of 2 cycles of denaturation at 94° C for 1 min, annealing at 37° C for 2 min, a slow ramp to 72° C over 2 min and elongation at 72° C for 3 min, followed by 33 cycles of denaturation at 94° C for 1 min, annealing at 55° C for 1 min, and elongation at 72° C for 3 min.

20

A sample of the amplified DNA was run on an agarose gel and stained with ethidium bromide to determine the size of the PCR products. The remainder was run on a low melting point agarose gel and the bands of interest were excised. DNA was purified from the agarose with a QIAquick PCR Purification kit (Qiagen).

25 The purified DNA was cloned into Eco RV-cut Bluescript SK⁺ vector (Stratagene) which had been T-tailed with Taq Polymerase and the ligated DNA was introduced into E. coli DH5α by electroporation. Recombinant clones which had an insert of the predicted size were selected and their DNA sequence was determined by automated sequencing. A putative pineapple PPO clone
30 (PINPPO20) was identified based on its homology to known plant PPO genes.

First strand cDNA was also synthesised from 10 µg total RNA with reverse transcriptase as described in Dry, I.B. and Robinson, S. P (1994), utilising an oligo-dT primer adapter (Ref 1) :

B26 : (5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT-3')

- 5 This first strand reaction was amplified by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) essentially according to the method of Frohman, M.A. (1990) using GEN9 and GEN10 primers :

GEN9 : (5'-GCGAATTCTICA[TC]TG[TC]GCITA[TC]TG-3')

GEN10 : (5'-GCGAATTCTTICCIT[TA][TC]TGGAA[TC]TGGG-3')

- 10 at a final concentration of 1 µM and a B25 adaptor primer :

B25 : (5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGA-3')

at a final concentration of 0.1 µM (Frohman, M.A. (1990); Dry, I.B. and Robinson, S.P. (1994)) Amplification involved a program of 33 cycles of denaturation at 94° C for 1 min, annealing at 55° C for 1 min, and elongation at 72° C for 3 min.

15

A sample of the amplified DNA was run on an agarose gel and stained with ethidium bromide to determine the size of the PCR products. The remainder was run on a low melting point agarose gel and the bands of interest were excised. DNA was purified from the agarose with a QIAquick PCR Purification kit (Qiagen).

20

The purified DNA was cloned into Eco RV-cut Bluescript SK⁺ vector (Stratagene) which had been T-tailed with Taq Polymerase and the ligated DNA was introduced into E. coli DH5α by electroporation. Recombinant clones which had an insert of the predicted size were selected and their DNA sequence was
25 determined by automated sequencing. Two putative pineapple PPO clones (PINPPO1 and PINPPO2) were identified based on their homology to known plant PPO genes. The sequence of PINPPO1 was found to be nearly identical to that of PINPPO20.

- 30 The 5'-end of PINPPO1 was obtained using a 5'-RACE system for rapid amplification of cDNA ends, Version 2.0, from GIBCO-BRL, according to the

manufacturer's instructions. Specific oligonucleotide primers based on the sequences of PINPPO1 and PINPPO2 were used :

PINE 1 : 5'-ATATCACCTGTCTGGTACATGACGGC-3'

PINE2 : 5'-GTGCCATTGTAGTCGAGGTCAATCA-3'

- 5 A number of clones were sequenced and one, 5PINA, was found to be nearly identical to PINPPO1 in the overlapping regions.

A full-length pineapple cDNA clone was isolated using a primer designed to the 5'-end sequence of 5PINA :

- 10 5PIN1 : (5'-CCAGTGCCTGGTTTAGGTGTATTCAC-3')

and used with the B25 adaptor primer as described above to amplify cDNA prepared from blackheart-induced pineapple fruit RNA. Amplification involved a program of 33 cycles of denaturation at 94° C for 1 min, annealing at 55° C for 1 min, and elongation at 72° C for 3 min.

15

A sample of the amplified DNA was run on an agarose gel and stained with ethidium bromide to determine the size of the PCR products. The remainder was run on a low melting point agarose gel and the bands of interest were excised. DNA was purified from the agarose with a QIAquick PCR Purification kit (Qiagen).

20

The purified DNA was cloned into Eco RV-cut Bluescript SK⁺ vector (Stratagene) which had been T-tailed with Taq Polymerase and the ligated DNA was introduced into E. coli DH5 α by electroporation. Recombinant clones which had an insert of the predicted size (2.2kbp) were selected and their DNA sequence

25 was determined by automated sequencing. A pineapple PPO clone (PINPPOFL) was identified based on its homology to the PINPPO20, PINPPO1 and 5PINA clones. The sequence of PINPPOFL was found to be nearly identical to that of PINPPO20, PINPPO1 and 5PINA in the overlapping regions.

REFERENCES

1. Frohman, MA (1990) in "PCR Protocols : A Guide to Methods and Applications"
(MA Innis, DH Gelfrand, JJ Sninsky and TJ White, eds) Academic Press, New
5 York pp 28-38.
2. Dry, IB and Robinson, SP (1994) "Molecular cloning and charaterisation of
grape berry polyphenol oxidase". Plant Molecular Biology 26 : 495-502.
- 10 Finally, it is to be understood that various other modifications and/or alterations
may be made without departing from the spirit of the present invention as outlined
herein.

CLAIMS:

1. A method for preparing a nucleic acid encoding banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof, which method includes
5 providing
a source of a polypeptide having banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO activity,
a first primer having a sequence corresponding to a first conserved region of banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO; and
10 a second primer having a sequence corresponding to a second conserved region of banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO; and
isolating RNA from the source of polypeptide having banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO activity;
treating the RNA to construct copy DNA (cDNA) therefrom; and
15 amplifying the cDNA so formed using the first and second primers.
2. A method according to claim 1 wherein the source of polypeptide is selected from the group including banana peel; tobacco leaves and pineapple fruit for banana, tobacco and pineapple PPO respectively.
3. A method according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the first primer has a sequence
20 corresponding to at least a portion of or in close proximity to a first copper binding site of a banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO.
4. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein the second primer has a sequence corresponding to at least a portion of or in close proximity to a second copper binding site of PPO.
- 25 5. A method according to claim 3 or 4 wherein the copper binding site is one of CuA or CuB binding sites of banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO:
6. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 5 wherein the first primer is selected from any one of the following sequences or part thereof:
GEN8 : 5'-GCGAATTCGATCCACITT[TC]GC[GT]TTICC-3'.
30 GEN9 : 5'GCGAATTCTICA[TC]TG[TC]GCITA[TC]TG-3'.
GEN10: 5'GCGAATTCTTICCIT[TA][TC]TGGAA[TC]TGGG-3'.

7. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 6 wherein the second primer is selected from one of the following sequences or part thereof:

REV1 : 5'-GCCTGCAGCCACATC[TG][AG]TCIAC[AG]TT-3'.

REV2 : 5'GCCTGCAGTT[TC]TC[AG]TC[AG]TAGAA-3'.

5 8. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 7 wherein the treating of RNA to construct cDNA includes treating the RNA with reverse transcriptase and an adapter primer to form cDNA or treating the RNA with reverse transcriptase and a reverse primer to form cDNA.

9. A method according to claim 8 wherein the adaptor primer is an
10 oligonucleotide adapter primer including the following sequence or part thereof:

5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT-3'

5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGA-3'.

10. A method according to claim 9 wherein the adaptor primer is replaced with a reverse primer having a sequence corresponding to a conserved region of PPO
15 genes including the following sequence or part thereof:

REV2 :5'-GCCTGCAGTT[TC]TC[AG]TC[AG]TAGAA-3'

11. A method for preparing nucleic acid encoding the 3' end of PPO, which method includes

providing

20 a source of polypeptide having banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO activity;

a primer in sense or antisense orientation; and

an adapter primer;

isolating RNA from the source of polypeptide having PPO activity;

25 treating the RNA to construct cDNA therefrom; and

amplifying the cDNA so formed using the primers.

12. A method for preparing nucleic acid encoding the 5' end of PPO, which method includes

providing

30 a source of polypeptide having banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO activity,

an anchor,

- primers in antisense orientation; and
an anchor primer;
isolating RNA from the source of polypeptide having PPO activity;
treating the RNA to construct cDNA therefrom;
5 attaching the anchor to the 5' end of the cDNA so formed; and
amplifying the cDNA using the primers.
13. A method according to claim 11 or 12 wherein the source of polypeptide is selected from the group including banana peel, tobacco leaves and pineapple fruit for banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO respectively.
- 10 14. A method according to any one of claims 11 to 13 wherein the step of treating RNA to construct cDNA includes an oligonucleotide adapter primer including one of the following sequences or part thereof:
- 5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT-3'
5'-GACTCGAGTCGACATCGA-3'.
- 15 15. A method according to claim 14 wherein the adaptor primer is replaced with a reverse primer having a sequence corresponding to a conserved region of PPO genes including the following sequence or part thereof:
- REV2 :5'-GCCTGCAGTT[TC]TC[AG]TC[AG]TAGAA-3'
16. A nucleic acid encoding banana PPO or antisense to banana PPO,
20 fragments and derivatives having the sequence shown in Fig. 1, 2, 3 or 4, fragments and derivatives thereof, and substantially homologous sequences.
17. A nucleic acid encoding tobacco PPO or antisense to tobacco PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof having the sequence shown in Fig. 5, 6 or 7, fragments and derivatives thereof, and substantially homologous sequences.
- 25 18. A nucleic acid encoding pineapple PPO or antisense to pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof having the sequence shown in Fig. 8, 9 or 10, fragments and derivatives thereof, and substantially homologous sequences.
19. A nucleic acid according to any one of claims 16, 17 or 18 including a catalytic cleavage site.
- 30 20. A method for preparing a recombinant vector including a nucleic acid encoding banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO or antisense to banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof, which method includes

providing

nucleic acid encoding banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO or antisense to banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof; and

5 a vector; and

reacting the nucleic acid and the vector to deploy the nucleic acid within the vector.

21. A method according to claim 20 wherein the nucleic acid is according to any one of claims 16, 17 or 18.

10 22. A method according to claim 20 or 21 wherein the vector is a plasmid expression vector selected from Bluescript SK⁺ or a binary vector.

23. A recombinant vector including a nucleic acid encoding banana PPO or antisense to banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof, which vector is capable of being replicated, transcribed and translated in
15 a unicellular organism or in a plant.

24. A recombinant vector prepared by the method according to any one of claims 20 to 22.

25. A method of increasing the level of banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO activity in a plant tissue, which method includes

20 providing

a nucleic acid encoding banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO or a fragment thereof; and

a plant sample; and

introducing said nucleic acid into said plant sample to produce a transgenic plant.

25 26. A method according to claim 25 wherein the nucleic acid is according to any one of claims 16, 17 or 18.

27. A method of decreasing the level of PPO activity in a plant tissue, which method includes

providing

30 a nucleic acid encoding banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, a modified nucleic acid encoding banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, or a nucleic acid antisense to banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives

thereof; and

a plant sample; and

introducing said nucleic acid into said plant sample to produce a transgenic plant.

28. A method according to claim 27 wherein the nucleic acid is according to any

5 one of claims 16, 17 or 18.

29. A method according to claim 26 or 27 wherein the PPO activity is decreased by using sense constructs (cosuppression) or by including a sequence encoding antisense or RNA to banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO or a functionally active fragment thereof.

10 30. A method according to any one of claims 27 to 29 wherein said nucleic acid is introduced into said plant sample via an *Agrobacterium* or by bombardment with a nucleic acid coated microprojectile.

31. A transgenic plant, which plant contains a nucleic acid capable of modifying expression of the normal banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO gene.

15 32. A transgenic plant according to claim 30 including a nucleic acid according to any one of claims 16, 17 or 18.

33. A plant vaccine including a nucleic acid encoding banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO or antisense to banana, tobacco or pineapple PPO, fragments and derivatives thereof.

20 34. A plant vaccine according to claim 33 including a nucleic acid according to any one of claims 16, 17 or 18.

1/15

FIGURE 1 : Sequence of BPP02

5
1 CACTGTGCGTATTGTGATGGCGCCTACGACCAGATCGGCTTCCCCAACCTCGAGCTCCAA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 60
10 a GTGACACGCATAAACA TACCGCGGATGCTGGTCTAGCCGAAGGGGTTGGAGCTCGAGGTT
H C A Y C D G A Y D Q I G F P N L E L Q -
GTCCACAACCTCCTGGCTCTTCTTCCCTTGGCACCCTTCTACCTCTACTTCCACGAGAGG
61 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 120
a CAGGTGTTGAGGACCGAGAAGAAGGGAACCGTGGCGAAGATGGAGATGAAGGTGCTCTCC
V H N S W L F F P W H R F Y L Y F H E R -
15 ATCCTCGGAAAGCTCATAGGCGACGACACTTTCCGCCCTCCCTTTCTGGAAC TGGGACGCG
121 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 180
a TAGGAGCCTTTTCGAGTATCCGCTGCTGTGAAAGCGGAGGGAAAGACCTTGACCCTGCGC
I L G K L I G D D T F A L P F W N W D A -
20 CCCGCGGCATGAAGCTGCCGTCGATCTACGCCGACCCTTCGTCCTCGCTCTATGACAAG
181 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 240
a GGGCCGCGCTACTTCGACGGCAGCTAGATGCGGCTGGGAAGCAGGAGCGAGATACTGTTT
P G G M K L P S I Y A D P S S S L Y D K -
25 TTTCGCGACGCCAAGCACCAGCCGCGCAGTCTCTCGTCGACCTCGACTACAACGGAACCGAC
241 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 300
a AAAGCGCTGCGGTTCTGCGGTCGCGGTCAGGAGCAGCTGGAGCTGATGTTGCTTGGCTG
F R D A K H Q P P V L V D L D Y N G T D -
30 CCTAGTTTCACCGACGCAGAGCAGATCGATCAGAACCTCAAGATCATGTACCGGCAGGTG
301 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 360
a GGATCAAAGTGGCTGCGTCTCGTCTAGCTAGTCTTGGAGTTCTAGTACATGGCCGTCCAC
P S F T D A E Q I D Q N L K I M Y R Q V -
35 ATCTCCAACGGCAAGACGCCGTTGCTCTTCTTAGGCTCGGCTTACCGTGCCGCGGCGACAAC
361 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 420
a TAGAGGTTGCCGTTCTGCGGCAACGAGAAGAATCCGAGCCGAATGGCACGGCCGCTGTTG
I S N G K T P L L F L G S A Y R A G D N -
40 CCAAACCCCGCGCGGGCTCGCTCGAGAACATACCACACGGCCCCGTCCACGGGTGGACT
421 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 480
a GGTGTTGGGCGCGCGCCGAGCGAGCTCTTGTATGGTGTGCGGGGCAGGTGCCCCACCTGA
P N P G A G S L E N I P H G P V H G W T -
45 GGCGACAGAAGCCAACCCAATCTCGAGGACATGGGCAACTTCTACTCCGCGGGGCGCGAC
481 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 540
a CCGCTGTCTTCGGTTGGGTTAGAGCTCCTGTACCCGTTGAAGATGAGGCGCCCCGCGCTG
G D R S Q P N L E D M G N F Y S A G R D -
50 CCTATCTTCTTCGCCCACCATTTCAAATGTGATCGCATGTGG
541 -----+-----+-----+-----+--- 582
a GGATAGAAGAAGCGGGTGGTAAGTTTACAGCTAGCGTACACC
P I F F A H H S N V D R M W -
55

2/15

FIGURE 2 : Sequence of BPP08

5
TTGCCGTTTGGGAATTGGGACGCGCCCGGCGGCATGAAGCTGCCGTCGATCTACGCCGAC
1 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 60
AACGGCAAAACCTTAACCTGCGCGGGCCGCGTACTTCGACGGCAGCTAGATGCGGCTG
a L P F W N W D A P G G M K L P S I Y A D -
10
CCTTCGTCCTCGCTCTATGACAAGTTTCGCGACGCCAAGCACCAGCCGCGGTCTCTCGTC
61 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 120
GGAAGCAGGAGCGAGATACTGTTCAAAGCGCTGCGGTTCTGGTTCGGCGGCCAGGAGCAG
a P S S S L Y D K F R D A K H Q P P V L V -
15
GACCTCGACTACAACGGAACCGACCCTAGTTTCACCGACGCGAGAGCAGATCGATCAGAAC
121 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 180
CTGGAGCTGATGTTGCCTTGGCTGGGATCAAAGTGGCTGCGTCTCGTCTAGCTAGTCTTG
a D L D Y N G T D P S F T D A E Q I D Q N -
20
CTCAAGATCATGTACCGGCAGGTGATCTCCAACGGCAAGACGCCGTTGCTCTTCTTAGGC
181 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 240
GAGTTCTAGTACATGGCCGTCCACTAGAGGTTGCCGTTCTGCGGCAACGAGAAGAATCCG
a L K I M Y R Q V I S N G K T P L L F L G -
25
TCGGCTTACCGTGCCGCGACAACCCAAACCCCGGCGCGGGCTCGCTCGAGAACATACCA
241 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 300
AGCCGAATGGCACGGCCGCTGTTGGGTTTGGGGCCGCGCCGAGCGAGCTCTTGATGGT
a S A Y R A G D N P N P G A G S L E N I P -
30
CACGGCCCCGTCCACGGGTGGACTGGCGACAGAAGCCAACCCAATCTCGAGGACATGGGC
301 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 360
GTGCCGGGGCAGGTGCCCACCTGACCGCTGTCTTCGGTTGGGTTAGAGCTCCTGTACCCG
a H G P V H G W T G D R S Q P N L E D M G -
35
AACTTCTACTCCGCGGGGCGCGACCCCTATCTTCTTCGCCCACCATTCAAATGTCGATAGC
361 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 420
TTGAAGATGAGGCGCCCCGCGCTGGGATAGAAGAAGCGGGTGGTAAGTTTACAGCTATCG
a N F Y S A G R D P I F F A H H S N V D S -
40
ATGTGG
421 ----- 426
TACACC
a M W -
45

3/15

FIGURE 3 : Sequence of BANPP034

5
 GTTGCTCTTCTTAGGCTCGGCTTACCGTGCCGGCGACAACCCAAACCCCGGCGCGGGCTC
 1 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 60
 CAACGAGAAGAATCCGAGCCGAATGGCACGGCCGCTGTTGGGTTTGGGGCCGCGCCCGAG
 b L L F L G S A Y R A G D N P N P G A G S -

10
 GCTCGAGAACATACCACACGGCCCCGTCCACGGGTGGACTGGCGACAGAAACCAACCCAA
 61 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 120
 CGAGCTCTTGTATGGTGTGCCGGGGCAGGTGCCCACCTGACCGCTGTCTTTGGTTGGGTT
 b L E N I P H G P V H G W T G D R N Q P N -

15
 TCTCGAGGACATGGGCAACTTCTACTCCGCGGGGCGCGACCCTATCTTCTCGCCCACCA
 121 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 180
 AGAGCTCCTGTACCCGTTGAAGATGAGGCGCCCCGCGCTGGGATAGAAGAAGCGGGTGGT
 b L E D M G N F Y S A G R D P I F F A H H -

20
 TTCAAACGTCGACCGCATGTGGTACTTGTGGAAGAAGCTCGGCGGGAAGCATCAGGACTT
 181 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 240
 AAGTTTGCAGCTGGCGTACACCATGAACACCTTCTTCGAGCCGCCCTTCGTAGTCTGAA
 b S N V D R M W Y L W K K L G G K H Q D F -

25
 TAACGATAAGGACTGGCTCAACACCACCTTCTCTTCTACGACGAGAATGCTGACTTAGT
 241 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 300
 ATTGCTATTCTGACCGAGTTGTGGTGGGAAGAGAAGATGCTGCTCTTACGACTGAATCA
 b N D K D W L N T T F L F Y D E N A D L V -

30
 TCGAGTCACCTCAAGGACTGCTTGCAGCCGGAGTGGCTTCGTTACGATTACCAAGACGT
 301 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 360
 AGCTCAGTGGGAGTTCTTGACGAACGTGCGCCTCACCGAAGCAATGCTAATGGTTCTGCA
 b R V T L K D C L Q P E W L R Y D Y Q D V -

35
 CGAGATCCCGTGGCTGAAGACCCGCGGACTCCCAAAGCCTTGAAGGCGCAGAAAACCGC
 361 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 420
 GCTCTAGGGCACCGACTTCTGGGCCGGCTGAGGGTTTCGGAACCTCCGCGTCTTTTGGCG
 b E I P W L K T R P T P K A L K A Q K T A -

40
 AGCGAAAACACTGAAAGCTACAGCAGAGACGCCGTTCCCGGTGACGCTGCAATCCGCGGT
 421 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 480
 TCGCTTTTGTGACTTTTCGATGTCGTCTCTGCGGCAAGGGCCACTGCGACGTTAGGCGCCA
 b A K T L K A T A E T P F P V T L Q S A V -

45
 GAGCACGACGGTGAGGAGGCCAAGGTATCGAGGAGCGGCAAGGAGAAGGAAGGAAGA
 481 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 540
 CTCGTGCTGCCACTCCTCCGGGTTCCATAGCTCCTCGCCGTTCTTCTTCTCTCTCT
 b S T T V R R P K V S R S G K E K E E E E -

50
 GGAGGTCCTCATCGTGAGGGGATCGAGTTCGACCGGACTACTTCATAAAGTTTCGACGT
 541 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 600
 CCTCCAGGAGTAGCACCTCCCTAGCTCAAGCTGGCGCTGATGAAGTATTTCAAGCTGCA
 b E V L I V E G I E F D R D Y F I K F D V -

55
 CTTCTGTAACGCCACCGAGGGTGAGGGCATCACGCCGGGCGCCAGCGAGTTTCGCGGGCAG
 601 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 660
 GAAGCACTTGGGTGGCTCCCACTCCCGTAGTGCGGCCGCGGTGCTCAAGCGCCCGTC
 b F V N A T E G E G I T P G A S E F A G S -

60
 CTTCTGTAACGTCCCGCACAAGCACAAGCACAGCAAGAAGGAGAAGAAGCTGAAGACGAG
 661 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 720
 GAAGCAGTTGCAGGGCGTGTTCGTGTTTCGTGTCGTTCTTCTTCTTCTGACTTCTGCTC
 b F V N V P H K H K H S K K E K K L K T R -

65

4/15

5 GCTCTGCCTGGGGATCACTGACCTGCTCGAGGACATCGGGGCGGAGGACGACGACAGCGT
721 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 780
CGAGACGGACCCCTAGTGACTGGACGAGCTCCTGTAGCCCCGCCTCCTGCTGCTGTCGCA
b L C L G I T D L L E D I G A E D D D S V -

10 GCTCGTCACCATCGTCCCGAAAGCCGAAAGGGCAAGGTGTCGGTCGCCGGCCTCCGCAT
781 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 840
CGAGCAGTGGTAGCAGGGCTTTTCGGCCTTTCCCGTTCCACAGCCAGCGGCCGAGGCGTA
b L V T I V P K A G K G K V S V A G L R I -

15 CGATTTCCTCAAATTGAAGTAATACTATATATTTCTACTACCTATCAAGGAAAATAAAAGC
841 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 900
GCTAAAGGGTTTAACTTCATTATGATATATAAAGATGATGGATAGTTCCTTTTATTTTCG
b D F P N * S N T I Y F Y Y L S R K I K A -

20 CGCACCATCGTAACAAAAAAAAAAAA
901 -----+-----+----- 925
GCGTGGTAGCATTGTTTTTTTTTTT
b A P S * Q K K K -

MAP of: bpo34 check: 1607 from: 1 to: 925 August 22, 1997

5/15

FIGURE 4 : Sequence of BANPPO35

5
1 GTTGCTCTTCTTAGGCTCGGCTTACCGTGCCGGTGACCAGCCTAACCCCGCGCGGGATC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 60
CAACGAGAAGAATCCGAGCCGAATGGCACGGCCACTGGTCGGATTGGGGCCGCGCCCTAG
b L L F L G S A Y R A G D Q P N P G A G S -
10
CATCGAGAACATGCCGCACAACAACGTGCACTTGTGGACCGGCGACCGCACCCAGCCCAA
61 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 120
GTAGCTCTTGTACGGCGTGTGTTGCACGTGAACACCTGGCCGCTGGCGTGGGTTCGGGTT
b I E N M P H N N V H L W T G D R T Q P N -
15
CTTCGAGAACATGGGCACCTTCTACGCGGCGGCGCGACCCCATCTTCTTCGCCCCACCA
121 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 180
GAAGCTCTTGTACCCGTGGAAGATGCGCCGCGCGCGCTGGGGTAGAAGAAGCGGGTGGT
b F E N M G T F Y A A A R D P I F F A H H -
20
CGCCAACATCGACCGAATGTGGTACCTGTGGAAGAAGCTCAGCAGGAAGCACCAGGACTT
181 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 240
GCGGTTGTAGCTGGCTTACACCATGGACACCTTCTTCGAGTCGTCCTTCGTGGTCTCTGAA
b A N I D R M W Y L W K K L S R K H Q D F -
25
CAATGACTCGGACTGGCTCAAAGCTTCTTCTCTTCTACGACGAGAACGCCGACTTAGT
241 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 300
GTTACTGAGCCTGACCGAGTTTTCGAAGGAAGGAGAAGATGCTGCTCTTGCGCTGAATCA
b N D S D W L K A S F L F Y D E N A D L V -
30
TCGGGTCACGGTCAAGGACTGCTTGGAGACCGAGTGGCTGCGCTACACGTACCAAGACGT
301 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 360
AGCCCAAGTGCAGTTCTGACGAACCTCTGGCTCACCGACCGATGTGCATGGTTCTGCA
b R V T V K D C L E T E W L R Y T Y Q D V -
35
GAAGATCCCATGGGCGAACACCCGACCGACTCCCAAGCTCGCCAAGGCGAGGAAAGCCGG
361 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 420
CTTCTAGGGTACCCGCTTGTGGGCTGGCTGAGGGTTCGAGCGGTTCCGCTCCTTTTCGGCC
b K I P W A N T R P T P K L A K A R K A G -
40
CAGCAGATCGCTGAAAGCCACCGCGGAGGTGCAGTTCCCTGTGACGCTGGAATCCCCGGT
421 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 480
GTCGTCTAGCGACTTTCGGTGGCGCTCCACGTCAAGGGACACTGCGACCTTAGGGGCCA
b S R S L K A T A E V Q F P V T L E S P V -
45
CAAAGTGACGGTGAAGAGGCCCAAGGTGGGGAGGAGCGGCAAGGAGAAGGAAGATGAGGA
481 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 540
GTTTCACTGCCACTTCTCCGGGTTCACCCCTCCTCGCCGTTCTTCTTCTTCTACTCTCT
b K V T V K R P K V G R S G K E K E D E E -
50
GGAGATACTCATAGTGGAGGGGATCGAGTTCGACCGCGACTACTTCATCAAGTTCGACGT
541 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 600
CCTCTATGAGTATCACCTCCCCTAGCTCAAGCTGGCGCTGATGAAGTAGTTCAAGCTGCA
b E I L I V E G I E F D R D Y F I K F D V -
55
CTTCGTGAACGCGACGGAGGGCGACGGCATCACGGCCGGGGCCAGTGAGTTCCGCCGCGAG
601 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 660
GAAGCACTTGCGCTGCCTCCCCTGCGTAGTGCCGGCCCCGGTCACTCAAGCGCGCGTC
b F V N A T E G D G I T A G A S E F A G S -
60
CTTCGTGAACGTCCCGCACAAGCACAAGCACCGCAAGGATGAGAATAAGCTGAAGACGAG
661 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 720
GAAGCACTTGCGGGCGTGTTCGTGTTTCGTGGCGTTCTTCTTCTTCTTCTTCTGCTC
b F V N V P H K H K H R K D E N K L K T R -
65

6/15

5 721 GCTGTGTCTGGGAATCACCGACCTGCTCGAGGACATCGGCGCGGAGGACGACGACAGCGT
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 780
CGACACAGACCCTTAGTGGCTGGACGAGCTCCTGTAGCCGCGCCTCCTGCTGCTGTCGCA
b L C L G I T D L L E D I G A E D D D S V -

10 781 GCTCGTCACCATCGTGCCGAAGGCAGGCAAAGGAAAGGTGTCCGTCGGCGGTCTTCGGAT
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 840
CGAGCAGTGGTAGCACGGCTTCCGTCCGTTTCCTTCCACAGGCAGCCGCCAGAAGCCTA
b L V T I V P K A G K G K V S V G G L R I -

15 841 TGACTTTTCCAAGTGAGGAAATAAAAGAATTACCGTGCCGTGCCTGCTTTCAATGTACGA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 900
ACTGAAAAGGTTCACTCCTTTATTTTCTTAAGTGCACGGCACGGACGAAAGTTACATGCT
b D F S K * G N K R I H V P C L L S M Y E -

20 901 ATAAAATAAGAGTGCAATCATCACCGACCATGGTTCTACTTTAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 960
TATTTTATTCTCACGTAGTAGTGGCTGGTACCAAGATGAAATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT
b * N K S A S S P T M V L L * K K K K K -

25 MAP of: bpo35 check: 1637 from: 1 to: 960 August 25, 1997

30

7/15

FIGURE 5 : Sequence of TOBPP06

```

5      GATCCGACGTTTTCGTTGCCATATTGGAAGTGGGATCATCCAAAGGGCATGCGTTTGCCA
      1 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 60
      CTAGGCTGCAAACGCAACGGTATAACCTTGACCCTAGTAGGTTTCCCGTACGCAAACGGT
a      D P T F A L P Y W N W D H P K G M R L P -

10     CACATGTTTGTATCAACCAAACGTGTACCTGATCTTTACGATCCAAGACGTAACCAAGAA
      61 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 120
      GTGTACAAACTAGTTGGTTTGCACATGGGACTAGAAATGCTAGGTTCTGCATTGGTTCTT
a      H M F D Q P N V Y P D L Y D P R R N Q E -

15     CACCGCGGTTCTGTAATCATGGACCTTGGTCATTTTGGTCAAGACGTGAAAGGAAGTAC
      121 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 180
      GTGGCGCCAAGACATTAGTACCTGGAACCAAGTAAACCAAGTCTGCACTTTCTTGAAGT
a      H R G S V I M D L G H F G Q D V K G T D -

20     TTGCAAATGATGAGCAATAACCTTACTCTAATGTATCGTCAAATGATTACCAATTCACCA
      181 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 240
      AACGTTTACTACTCGTTATTGGAATGAGATTACATAGCAGTTTACTAATGGTTAAGTGGT
a      L Q M M S N N L T L M Y R Q M I T N S P -

25     TGTCCACAACCTCTTTTTCGGTAAGCCATATTGTACGGAAGTTGGACCCAAACAGGGCAG
      241 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 300
      ACAGGTGTTGAGAAAAAGCCATTTCGGTATAACATGCCTTCAACCTGGGTTTGGTCCCGTC
a      C P Q L F F G K P Y C T E V G P K P G Q -

30     GGAGCTATTGAAAACATCCCTCATACTCCTGTCCACATTTGGGTTGGTAGTAAGCCTAAT
      301 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 360
      CCTCGATAACTTTTGTAGGGAGTATGAGGACAGGTGTAAACCAACCATCATTCCGATTA
a      G A I E N I P H T P V H I W V G S K P N -

35     GAGAATAACTGTAAAAACGGTGAAGATATGGGAAATTTCTATTTCAGCTGGTAAGGATCCT
      361 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 420
      CTCTTATTGACATTTTGGCACTTCTATACCCCTTTAAAGATAAGTCGACCATTCCTAGGA
a      E N N C K N G E D M G N F Y S A G K D P -

40     GCTTTCTATAGTCACCATGCAAATGTAGATCGCATGTGGACAATATGGAAAACATTAGGA
      421 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 480
      CGAAAGATATCAGTGGTACGTTTACATCTAGCGTACACCTGTTATACCTTTTGTAAATCCT
a      A F Y S H H A N V D R M W T I W K T L G -

45     GGAAAACGCAAGGACATCAACAAGCCAGATTATTTGAACACTGAGTTCTTTTCTACGAC
      481 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 540
      CCTTTTGCCTTCCTGTAGTTGTTTCGGTCTAATAAACTTGTGACTCAAGAAAAAGATGCTG
a      G K R K D I N K P D Y L N T E F F F Y D -

50     GAAAA
      541 ----- 545
      CTTTT
a      E -

```

8/15

FIGURE 6 : Sequence of TOBPP025

```

5      TGCACGTGTGCGTATTGCAACGGTGCTTACAAAATTGGTGGCAAAGAGTTACAAGTCCATT
      1 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 60
      ACGTGACACGCATAACGTTGCCACGAATGTTTAAACCACCGTTTCTCAATGTTTCAGGTAA
10      c      H C A Y C N G A Y K I G G K E L Q V H F -

      TCTCGTGGCTTTTTTTCCTTTTTCATAGATGGTACTTGTACTTCTATGAAAGAATCTTGG
      61 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 120
      AGAGCACCGGAAAAAAGGGAAGTATCTACCATGAACATGAAGATACTTTCTTAGAACC
      c      S W L F F P F H R W Y L Y F Y E R I L G -

15      GCTCTTTAATTAATGATCCTACTTTTGGTTTGCCATATTGGAAGTGGGACCATCCAAAGG
      121 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 180
      CGAGAAATTAATTACTAGGATGAAAACCAAACGGTATAACCTTGACCCTGGTAGGTTTCC
      c      S L I N D P T F G L P Y W N W D H P K G -

20      GCATGCGTATACCTCCCATGTTTCGATCGTGAAGGTCCTTCCCTTTACGACGAAAAACGTA
      181 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 240
      CGTACGCATATGGAGGGTACAAGCTAGCACTTCCCAGAAGGGAATGCTGCTTTTTTGCAT
      c      M R I P P M F D R E G S S L Y D E K R N -

25      ACCAAAGTCACCGTAATGGAACCATAATTGATCTTGGTCATTTTCGGTCAAGAAGTCCAAA
      241 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 300
      TGGTTTCAGTGGCATTACCTTGGTATTAAGTAAAGCCAGTTCTTCAGGTTT
      c      Q S H R N G T I I D L G H F G Q E V Q T -

30      CAACTCAACTGCAGCAGATGACTAATAACTTAATAATGTATCGTCAAATGATAACTA
      301 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 360
      GTTGAGTTGACGTCGTCTACTGATTATTGAATTGATATTACATAGCAGTTTACTATTGAT
      c      T Q L Q Q M T N N L T I M Y R Q M I T N -

35      ATGCTCCTTGCCCCTTGCTCTTCTTTGGTCAGCCTTACCCTCTAGGAACTGATCCCAGTC
      361 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 420
      TACGAGGAACGGGGAACGAGAAGAAACCAGTCGGAATGGGAGATCCTTGACTAGGGTCAG
      c      A P C P L L F F G Q P Y P L G T D P S P -

40      CAGGGATGGGCACTATTGAAAACATCCCTCATACTCCTGTCCACATTGGGGTTGGTAGTA
      421 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 480
      GTCCCTACCCGTGATAACTTTTGTAGGGAGTATGAGGACAGGTGTAAACCAACCATCAT
      c      G M G T I E N I P H T P V H I W V G S R -

45      GGCTTGATGAGAATAATACGAAACACGGTGAGGATATGGGTAATTTTACTCGGCCGGTT
      481 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 540
      CCGAACTACTCTTATTATGCTTTGTGCCACTCCTATACCCATTAAAAATGAGCCGGCCAA
      c      L D E N N T K H G E D M G N F Y S A G L -

50      TAGACCCGCTTTTCTATTCCCATCACGCCAATGTGGACCGGATGTGGTCCGAGTGGAAG
      541 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 600
      ATCTGGGCGAAAAGATAAGGGTAGTGCGGTTACACCTGGCCTACACCAGGCTCACCTTTC
      c      D P L F Y S H H A N V D R M W S E W K A -

55      CCTTAGGAGGGAAAAGAAGGGATCTCACGCACAAAGATTGGTTGAACTCCGAGTTCTTTT
      601 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 660
      GGAATCCTCCCTTTTCTTCCCTAGAGTGGTGTCTTAACCAACTTGAGGCTCAAGAAAA
      c      L G G K R R D L T H K D W L N S E F F F -

60      TCTACGATGAAAA
      661 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 673
      AGATGCTACTTTT
      c      Y D E -

```

9/15

FIGURE 7 : Sequence of TOBPP026

5
TGCATTGTGCGTATTGCAACGATGCTTACACAATGGGTGACCAAAAGTTACAAGTTCACC
1 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 60
ACGTAACACGCATAACGTTGCTACGAATGTGTTACCCACTGGTTTTCAATGTTCAAGTGG
c H C A Y C N D A Y T M G D Q K L Q V H Q -
10
AATCGTGGCTTTTCTTCCCGTTTCATAGATGGTACTTGTACTTCTACGAGAGAATCTTGG
61 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 120
TTAGCACCGAAAAGAAGGGCAAAGTATCTACCATGAACATGAAGATGCTCTCTTAGAACC
c S W L F F P F H R W Y L Y F Y E R I L G -
15
GCTCCCTCATCGATGATCCAAC'TTTGCTCTGCCATATTGGAAC'TGGGACCATCCAAGCG
121 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 180
CGAGGGAGTAGCTACTAGGTTGAAAACGAGACGGTATAACCTTGACCCTGGTAGGTTTCGC
c S L I D D P T F A L P Y W N W D H P S G -
20
GCATGCGTTTTGCCTGCTATGTTTCGATGTCTGAAGGTTCTTCCCTCTACGATGCAAGACGTA
181 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 240
CGTACGCAAACGGACGATACAAGCTACAGCTTCCAAGAAGGGAGATGCTACGTTCTGCAT
c M R L P A M F D V E G S S L Y D A R R N -
25
ATCCACATGTCCGTAATGGAACCATAATCGATCTTGGTTTTTTCGGTGATGAAGTCAAAA
241 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 300
TAGGTGTACAGGCATTACCTTGGTATTAGCTAGAACCAAAAAAGCCACTACTTCAGTTTT
c P H V R N G T I I D L G F F G D E V K T -
30
CTAATGAAATACAGATGATAACTAACAAC'TTAATTCTAATGTATCGTCAAATGATAACTA
301 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 360
GATTACTTTTATGTCTACTATTGATTGTTGAATTAAGATTACATAGCAGTTTACTATTGAT
c N E I Q M I T N N L I L M Y R Q M I T N -
35
ATGCTCCATGCCCCGCTGTTGTTCTTCGGAGAGCCTTACAGATTTCGGATCTAAACCCAATC
361 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 420
TACGAGGTACGGGCGACAACAAGAAGCCTCTCGGAATGTCTAAGCCTAGATT'TGGGTTAG
c A P C P L L F F G E P Y R F G S K P N P -
40
CGGGGCAGGGAACCATTTGAAAACATTCTCTACTACTCCGGTTCACATTTGGACTGGTACTG
421 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 480
GCCCCGTCCCTTGGTAAC'TTTTGTAAAGAGTATGAGGCCAAGTGTAACCTGACCATGAC
c G Q G T I E N I P H T P V H I W T G T V -
45
TGCGGTGTACGGATT'TGGGTAATTGTGTGCCATCATACGGTGAGGATATGGGTAATTTCT
481 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 540
ACGCCACATGCCTAAACCCATTAACACACGGTAGTATGCCACTCCTATACCCATTAAAGA
c R C T D L G N C V P S Y G E D M G N F Y -
50
ACTCAGCTGGTTTAGACCCAGTTTTTTTACAGCCACCACGCCAATGTGGACCGCATGTGGA
541 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 600
TGAGTCGACCAAATCTGGGTCAAAAAATGTCGGTGGTGCGGTTACACCTGGCGTACACCT
c S A G L D P V F Y S H H A N V D R M W N -
55
ATGAATGGAAAGCACTAGGAGGGAAAAGAAGGGATCTCACAGACAATGATTGGTTAAACT
601 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 660
TACTTACCTTTTCGTGATCCTCCCTTTTCTTCCCTAGAGTGTCTGTTACTAACCAATTTGA
c E W K A L G G K R R D L T D N D W L N S -
60
CGGAGTTCTTTTTCTACGACGAAAA
661 -----+-----+-----+-----+ 685
GCCTCAAGAAAAAGATGCTGCTTTT
c E F F F Y D E -
65

10/15

FIGURE 8 : Sequence of PINPPO20

5
1 TGCATTGTGCGTACTGCGACGGCGCGTATGACCAAATCGGCTTCCCCGATCTCGAGATCC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 60
ACGTAACACGCATGACGCTGCCGCGCATACTGGTTTAGCCGAAGGGGCTAGAGCTCTAGG
c H C A Y C D G A Y D Q I G F P D L E I Q -
10
AGATCCACAACCTCGTGGCTCTTCTTTCTTGGCACCGGTTCTACCTCTACTTCAACGAGC
61 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 120
TCTAGGTGTTGAGCACCGAGAAGAAAGGAACCGTGGCCAAGATGGAGATGAAGTTGCTCG
c I H N S W L F F P W H R F Y L Y F N E R -
15
GCATACTCGGGAAACTTATCGGCGACGACACGTTTCGCGCTGCCTTTCTGGAACCTGGGACG
121 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 180
CGTATGAGCCCTTTGAATAGCCGCTGCTGTGCAAGCGCGACGGAAGACCTTGACCTGC
c I L G K L I G D D T F A L P F W N W D A -
20
CGCCGGGGGGCATGCAGTTCCTCTATCTACACGACCTTCATCCTCGCTATATGACA
181 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 240
GCGGCCCCCGTACGTCAAGGGCAGATAGATGTGCCTGGGAAGTAGGAGCGATATACTGT
c P G G M Q F P S I Y T D P S S S L Y D K -
25
AGCTGCGTGATGCGAAGCACCAGCCCGCGACTTTGATTGACCTCGACTACAATGGCACCG
241 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 300
TCGACGCACTACGCTTCGTGGTTCGGCGGCTGAACTAACTGGAGCTGATGTTACCGTGGC
c L R D A K H Q P P T L I D L D Y N G T D -
30
ATCCTACCTTCTCCCCTGAAGAACAGATTAACCACAACCTCGCCGTCATGTACCGACAGG
301 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 360
TAGGATGGAAGAGGGGACTTCTGTCTAATTGGTGTGGAGCGGCAGTACATGGCTGTCC
c P T F S P E E Q I N H N L A V M Y R Q V -
35
TGATATCCAGTGGAAGACACCAGAGCTGTTTATGGGCTCAGCGTACCGCGCCGGTGACC
361 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 420
ACTATAGGTCACCTTTCTGTGGTCTCGACAAATACCCGAGTCGCATGGCGCGGCCACTGG
c I S S G K T P E L F M G S A Y R A G D Q -
40
AGCCTGACCCCGGCGCAGGTTCTGTAGAGCAGAAGCCGCACGGCCCGGTGCATGTGTGGA
421 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 480
TCGGACTGGGGCCGCGTCCAAGACATCTCGTCTTCGGCGTGCCGGGCCACGTACACACCT
c P D P G A G S V E Q K P H G P V H V W T -
45
CAGGTGATCGCAACCAGCCCAATCGCGAAGACATGGGCACGCTCTACTCGGCGCGTGGG
481 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 540
GTCCACTAGCGTTGGTCGGGTTAGCGCTTCTGTACCCGTGCGAGATGAGCCGCCGACCC
c G D R N Q P N R E D M G T L Y S A A W D -
50
ACCCCGTTTTTTTCGCACACCACGGCAACATCGACCGCATGTGGTACGTGTGGAGGAACC
541 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 600
TGGGGCAAAAAAGCGTGTGGTGCCGTTGTAGCTGGCGTACACCATGCACACCTCCTTGG
c P V F F A H H G N I D R M W Y V W R N L -
55
TTGGCGGCAAGCACCGCAACTTCACCGACCCCGACTGGCTCAACGCGTCCTTCCTGTTCT
601 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 660
AACCGCCGTTTCGTGGCGTTGAAGTGGCTGGGGCTGACCGAGTTGCGCAGGAAGGACAAGA
c G G K H R N F T D P D W L N A S F L F Y -
60
ACGACGAAAA
661 -----+ 670
TGCTGCTTTT
c D E -

11/15

FIGURE 9 : Sequence of PINPP02

```

5      TTGCCGTTTTTGAATTGGGACGCGCCGGGGGGCATGCAGATCCCGGCCATCTACGCCGAC
      1  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 60
      AACGGCAAACCTTAACCCCTGCGCGGCCCCCGTACGTCTAGGGCCGGTAGATGCGGCTG
10  a    L P F W N W D A P G G M Q I P A I Y A D -
      GCTTCGTCCCCGCTCTACGACAAGCTGCGCAATGCGAAGCACCAGCCGCGACTTTGGTC
      61  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 120
15  a    CGAAGCAGGGGCGAGATGCTGTTCGACGCGTTACGCTTCGTGGTTCGGCGGCTGAAACCAG
      A S S P L Y D K L R N A K H Q P P T L V -
      GACCTCGACTACAACGGCACCGACCCGACCTTCACCCCTGAGCAGCAGATCGCCCCACAAC
      121  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 180
20  a    CTGGAGCTGATGTTGCCGTGGCTGGGCTGGAAGTGGGGACTCGTCTGTCTAGCGGGTGTG
      D L D Y N G T D P T F T P E Q Q I A H N -
      CTCACCATCATGTACCGACAGGTGATATCCGGCGGGAAGACGCCGGAGTTGTTTATGGGC
      181  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 240
25  a    GAGTGGTAGTACATGGCTGTCCACTATAGGCCCGCCCTTCTGCGGCCTCAACAAATACCCG
      L T I M Y R Q V I S G G K T P E L F M G -
      GCGGCGTACCGCGCGGGCGACGCGCCAGACCCGGGCGCAGGCACTCTAGAGCTCGTGCCG
      241  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 300
30  a    CGCCGCATGGCGCGCCCGCTGCGCGGTCTGGGCGCGCTCCGTGAGATCTCGAGCACGGC
      A A Y R A G D A P D P G A G T L E L V P -
      CACAACACGATGCATTTGTGGACCGGCGACCCCAACCAACCAACGACGAAGACATGGGC
      301  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 360
35  a    GTGTTGTGCTACGTAAACACCTGGCCGCTGGGGTTGGTTGGGTTGCTGCTTCTGTACCCG
      H N T M H L W T G D P N Q P N D E D M G -
      ACGTTCTACGCGGCGGCGGGACCCCATCTTCTTCGCCCACCACGGCAACGTCGACCGC
      361  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 420
40  a    TGCAAGATGCGCCGCGCCCTGGGGTAGAAGAAGCGGGTGGTGCCGTTGCAGCTGGCG
      T F Y A A A R D P I F F A H H G N V D R -
      ATGTGGTACGTGTGGCGGAAACTCGGGGGCACGCACCGCGATTTACCGACCCCGACTGG
      421  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 480
45  a    TACACCATGCACACCGCCTTTGAGCCCCCGTGCCTGGCGCTAAAGTGGCTGGGGCTGACC
      M W Y V W R K L G G T H R D F T D P D W -
      CTCAACGCGTCCTTCTCTTCTACGACGAGAACGCGCAGCTCGTCCGCGTCAAAGTAAAG
      481  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 540
50  a    GAGTTGCGCAGGAAGGAGAAGATGCTGCTCTTGCGCGTCGAGCAGGCGCAGTTTCATTT
      L N A S F L F Y D E N A Q L V R V K V K -
      GACTGCTTGAGCGCCGACGCGCTGCGGTACACGTACCAGGACGTCGACATCCCGTGGATC
      541  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 600
55  a    CTGACGAACTCGCGGCTGCGCGACGCCATGTGCATGGTCCTGCAGCTGTAGGGCACCTAG
      D C L S A D A L R Y T Y Q D V D I P W I -
      AGTGCGAAGCCGACGCCGAAGAAAACACCGGGGGCGCTGCGCCTTCCACGACAGAGGCT
      601  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 660
60  a    TCACGCTTCGGCTGCGGCTTCTTTGTGGCCCCCGCGACGCGGAAGGTGCTGTCTCCGA
      S A K P T P K K T P G G A A P S T T E A -
      ATATTTCCGGTGGTGCTGGATAAGCCGGTGAGCTCTACGGTGCGAGGCCGAAGACGGGG
      661  -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 720
      TATAAAGGCCACCACGACCTATTCGGCCACTCGAGATGCCACCGCTCCGGCTTCTGCCCC
      a    I F P V V L D K P V S S T V A R P K T G -

```

12/15

5 721 AGGAGTACTGGGGAGGAGGAGGTGTTGGTGGTGGAGGGAATCGAGCTGGACAAGGACGTG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 780
a TCCTCATGACCCCTCCTCCTCCACAACCACCACCTCCCTTAGCTCGACCTGTTCTGCAC
R S T G E E E V L V V E G I E L D K D V -

10 781 GCCGTGAAGTTCGACGTGTATATAAACGCGCCGACAACGAAGGGGTGGGGCCGGAGGCG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 840
a CGGCACTTCAAGCTGCACATATATTTGCGCGGCCTGTTGCTTCCCCACCCCGCCTCCGC
A V K F D V Y I N A P D N E G V G P E A -

15 841 AGCGAGTTCGAGGGAGCTTCGTCCAGGTGCCGACAAGCACAAGAAGGGGAAGAAGGAG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 900
a TCGCTCAAGCGTCCCTCGAAGCAGGTCCACGGCGTGTTCGTGTTCTTCCCTTCTTCCTC
S E F A G S F V Q V P H K H K K G K K E -

20 901 AAGGCGAGGATTAAAACGACGCTCAGGCTCGGGATAACGACCTGCTCGAGGACATCGGC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 960
a TTCCGCTCCTAATTTTGCTGCGAGTCCGAGCCCTATTGCTGACGAGCTCCTGTAGCCG
K A R I K T T L R L G I T D L L E D I G -

25 961 GCCGAGGACGACGAGAGCGTGCTCGTCACGCTCGTGCCGAGGATAGGCGAGGGGTGGTC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1020
a CGGCTCCTGCTGCTCTCGCAGCAGTGCAGCAGCGCTCCTATCCGCTCCCCAACCAG
A E D D E S V L V T L V P R I G E G L V -

30 1021 AAGGTTGGTGGGCTAAGGATCGATTTCTCCAAGTGATCAGCAGCAAATTAACATACATG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1080
a TTCCAACCAACCGATTCCCTAGCTAAAGAGGTTCACTAGTCGTCGTTTAATTGATATGTAC
K V G G L R I D F S K * S A A N * L Y M -

35 1081 AAAGTAAAAAAATTGCATTTACCTACCTATAGAAGAGAATAAATGCGTATGTAATCTGC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1140
a TTTCATTTTTTTTAACGTAAATGGATGGATATCTTCTCTTATTTACGCATACATTAGACG
K V K K I A F T Y L * K R I N A Y V I C -

40 1141 CCCATTTGTCACTTTTAATTTCTCGAGCGTGTCTGAATGAGAGTTGCATGCATGCGCGC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1200
a GGGTAAACAGTGAAAATTAAAGAGCTCGCACAGACTTACTCTCAACGTACGTACGCGCG
P I C H F * F L E R V L N E S C M H A R -

45 1201 AGCCATAATGCCTGGTATAGTGTAGTAGTTTAGGCGTGGATACGTATAACGTACGTATGC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1260
a TCGGTATTACGACCATATCACATCATCAAATCCGCACCTATGCATATTGCATGCATACG
S H N A W Y S V V V * A W I R I T Y V C -

50 1261 ATGTATAAGGAATAATGATGAGTTTACTATGCAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1319
a TACATATTCCTTATTACTACTCAAATGATACGTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT
M Y K E * * * V Y Y A K K K K K K K K K -

MAP of: pin2join check: 3759 from: 1 to: 1319 June 19, 1997

13/15

FIGURE 10 : Sequence of PINPPOFL

5 CCGTATCGATAAGCTTGATCCAGTGCCTGGTTTAGGTGTATTCACTATGGCCACCCTCTC
 1 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 60
 GCCATAGCTATTTCGAAGTAGGTACGGACCAAATCCACATAAGTGATACCGGTGGGAGAG
 b G I D K L D P V P G L G V F T M A T L S -

10 TAAACTAGCTTCCCAACCAATAACACCTCCACTCTCCCCGCTCCCTCCTTTGCATGCTCC
 61 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 120
 ATTTGATCGAAGGGTTGGTTATTGTGGAGGTGAGAGGGGCGAGGGAGGAAACGTACGAGG
 b K L A S Q P I T P P L S P L P P L H A P -

15 TTCTCTCACCAAAGCTTCACCACCACCTTCCTCTCCCCTGTAGGGGTCCCAAACCACCC
 121 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 180
 AAGAGAGTGGTTTTCGAAGTGGTGGTGAAGGAGAGGGGACATCCCCAGGGTTTGGTGGG
 b S L T K S F T T T F L S P V G V P N H P -

20 CGTCATAAGATCTCATGCAAATCTAAGGAGCAACAAGAGAATGCCGACAAGCCTGCGGGC
 181 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 240
 GCAGTATTCTAGAGTACGTTTAGATTCTCTCGTTGTTCTCTTACGGCTGTTTCGACGCCCCG
 b V I R S H A N L R S N K R M P T S L R A -

25 CGCATCGCCCGCCGCGACCTACTCCTGGGCCCTCGGCGGGCTTTACGGTGCCACCACTGG
 241 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 300
 GCGTAGCGGGCGGCGCTGGATGAGGACCCGGGAGCCGCCCCGAAATGCCACGGTGGTGACC
 b A S P A A T Y S W A L G G L Y G A T T G -

30 GCTCGGCCTCAACCGTCGAGCGGCGCGCCGCCCTATCCTGGCTCCCGACCTCTCAACTTG
 301 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 360
 CGAGCCGAGTTGGCAGCTCGCCGCGCGGGGATAGGACCGAGGGCTGGAGAGTTGAAC
 b L G L N R R A A A A P I L A P D L S T C -

35 TGGGCCGCTGCCGACCTCCCTGCCTCCGCCCGACCGACAGTTTGCTGCCCGCCATACCA
 361 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 420
 ACCCGGCGGACGGCTGGAGGGACGAGGGCGGGCTGGCTGTCAAACGACGGGCGGTATGGT
 b G P P A D L P A S A R P T V C C P P Y Q -

40 ATCCACCATCATCGACTTCAAGTCCCCCGCGATCTGCTCCGCTTCGCGTCCGGCCTGC
 421 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 480
 TAGGTGGTAGTAGCTGAAGTTCGAGGGGGCGCTAGACGAGGCGAAGCGCAGGCCGACG
 b S T I I D F K L P P R S A P L R V R P A -

45 GGCCCACTTGGTTGACGCCGACTACCTGGCCAAGTATAAGAAGGCGGTGAGCTCATGAG
 481 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 540
 CCGGGTGAACCAACTGCGGCTGATGGACCGGTTTCATATTCTTCCGCCAGCTCGAGTACTC
 b A H L V D A D Y L A K Y K K A V E L M R -

50 GGCCCTGCCGCGCGACGACCCGCGCAACTTCGTACAGCAAGCGAAAGTGCACTGTGCGTA
 541 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 600
 CCGGGACGGCCGGCTGCTGGGCGCGTTGAAGCATGTCGTTTCGCTTTCACGTGACACGCAT
 b A L P A D D P R N F V Q Q A K V H C A Y -

55 TTGCGACGGCGCGTATGACCAAATCGGCTTCCCCGATCTCGAGATCCAGATCCACAACCTC
 601 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 660
 AACGCTGCCGCGCATACTGGTTTAGCCGAAGGGGCTAGAGCTCTAGGTCTAGGTGTTGAG
 b C D G A Y D Q I G F P D L E I Q I H N S -

60 GTGGCTCTTCTTTCCTTGGCACCGGTTCTACCTCTACTCCAACGAGCGCATACTCGGGAA
 661 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 720
 CACCGAGAAGAAAGGAACCGTGGCCAAGATGGAGATGAGGTTGCTCGCGTATGAGCCCTT
 b W L F F P W H R F Y L Y S N E R I L G K -

14/15

ACTTATCGGCGACGACACGTTTCGCGCTGCCTTTCTGGAAGTGGGACGCGCCGGGGGGGCAT
721 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 780
5 b TGAATAGCCGCTGCTGTGCAAGCGCGACGGAAAGACCTTGACCCTGCGCGGCCCCCGTA
L I G D D T F A L P F W N W D A P G G M -
GCAGTTCCCGTCTATCTACACAGACCCTTCATCCTCGCTATATGACAAGCTGCGTGATGC
781 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 840
10 b CGTCAAGGGCAGATAGATGTGTCTGGGAAGTAGGAGCGATATACTGTTTCGACGCACTACG
Q F P S I Y T D P S S S L Y D K L R D A -
GAAGCACCAGCCGCGGACTTTGATTGACCTCGACTACAATGGCACCGATCCTACCTTCTC
841 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 900
15 b CTTTCGTGGTCGGCGGCTGAAACTAACTGGAGCTGATGTTACCGTGGCTAGGATGGAAGAG
K H Q P P T L I D L D Y N G T D P T F S -
CCCTGAAGAACAGATTAACCACAACCTCGCCGTCATGTACCGACAGGTGATATCCAGTGG
901 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 960
20 b GGGACTTCTTGTCTAATTGGTGTGGAGCGGCAGTACATGGCTGTCCACTATAGGTCACC
P E E Q I N H N L A V M Y R Q V I S S G -
AAAGACGCCAGAGCTGTTTATGGGCTCAGCGTACCGCGCCGGTGACCAGCTGACCCCGG
961 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1020
25 b TTTCTGCGGTCTCGACAAATACCCGAGTCGCATGGCGCGGCCACTGGTTCGGACTGGGGCC
K T P E L F M G S A Y R A G D Q P D P G -
CGCAGGCTCTGTAGAGCAGAAGCCGCACGCGCCCGGTGCATGTGTGGACAGGTGATCGCAA
1021 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1080
30 b GCGTCCGAGACATCTCGTCTTCGGCGTGC CGGGCCACGTACACACCTGTCCACTAGCGTT
A G S V E Q K P H G P V H V W T G D R N -
CCAGCCCAATCGCGAAGACATGGGCACGCTCTACTCGCGCGGTGGGACCCCGTCTTCTT
1081 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1140
35 b GGTTCGGGTTAGCGCTTCTGTACCCGTGCGAGATGAGCCGCGCCACCTGGGGCAGAAGAA
Q P N R E D M G T L Y S A A W D P V F F -
CGCACACCACGGCAACATCGACCGCATGTGGTACGTGTGGAGGAACCTTGGCGGCAAGCA
1141 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1200
40 b GCGTGTGGTGC CGTTGTAGCTGGCGTACACCATGCACACCTCCTTGAACCGCGTTCGT
A H H G N I D R M W Y V W R N L G G K H -
CCGCAACTTCACCGACCCCGACTGGCTCAACGCGTCTTCTCTTCTATGATGAGAATGC
1201 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1260
45 b GGC GTTGAAGTGGCTGGGGCTGACCGAGTTGCGCAGGAAGGACAAGATACTACTCTTACG
R N F T D P D W L N A S F L F Y D E N A -
GCAGCTCGTCCGTGTTAAAGTAAAAGACTGCTTAGAGGCCGACGCAATGCGGTACACATA
1261 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1320
50 b CGTTCGAGCAGGCACAATTTCTTTCTGACGAATCTCCGGCTGCGTTACGCCATGTGTAT
Q L V R V K V K D C L E A D A M R Y T Y -
CCAGGATGTAGAGATCCCGTGGCTCAAAGCAAAGCCGACGCCAAAGAGCGCCCTACAGAA
1321 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1380
55 b GGTCTTACATCTCTAGGGCACCGAGTTTCGTTTCGGCTGCGGTTTCTCGCGGGATGTCTT
Q D V E I P W L K A K P T P K S A L Q K -
GATAAAGAGCAAGGTATCGACGCTGAAGGCAACACCAAGGGGACGACGACTACCAACAGC
1381 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1440
60 b CTATTTCTCGTTCCATAGCTGCGACTTCCGTTGTGGTTCCCCCTGCTGCTGATGGTGTCTG
I K S K V S T L K A T P R G T T T T T A -
AGAGACTACATTTCCGGTGGTGTCTGGATAAGCCGGTGAGTGCAACAGTGGCTAGACCGAA
1441 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1500
65 b TCTCTGATGTAAAGGCCACCACGACCTATTCGGCCACTCACGTTGTCACCGATCTGGCTT
E T T F P V V L D K P V S A T V A R P K -

5
b
1501
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1560
CCGGTCCTCCTCACCTTCTCTTCTCTCTCTCTCCTCCACAACCACCACCTCCCTTA
A R R S G K E K E E E E E V L V V E G I -

10
b
1561
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1620
CGAGTTGGAGAAGGACGTGTTTCGTGAAGTTTGATGTGTATATAAACTCGCCGGAGCACGA
GCTCAACCTCTTCTGTCACAAGCACTTCAAACCTACACATATATTGAGCGGCCTCGTGCT
E L E K D V F V K F D V Y I N S P E H E -

15
b
1621
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1680
AGGGGTGGGGCCGGAGGCGAGTGAGTTTCGCAGGGAGCTTCGTCCACGTGCCACACAAGCA
TCCCCACCCCGGCCTCCGCTCACTCAAGCGTCCCTCGAAGCAGGTGCACGGTGTGTTCGT
G V G P E A S E F A G S F V H V P H K H -

20
b
1681
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1740
CAAGAAGGCGAAGAAGGGGAAGGAGATGGCCAGGATGAACACAAGGCTTAAGCTCGGGAT
GTTCTTCCGCTTCTTCCCCTTCTCTACCGGTCTACTTGTGTTCCGAATTCGAGCCCTA
K K A K K G K E M A R M N T R L K L G I -

25
b
1741
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1800
AACGGACCTGCTCGAGGACATCGGCGCTGAGGACGACGAGAGCGTGCTCATCACGCTCGT
TTGCCTGGACGAGCTCCTGTAGCCGCGACTCCTGCTGCTCTCGCAGGAGTAGTGCAGCA
T D L L E D I G A E D D E S V L I T L V -

30
b
1801
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1860
GCCCAGGAGCGGCAAGGGAATGGTGAAGGTTGGAGGGCTAAGGATTGATTTCTCCAAGTG
CGGGTCTTCGCGGTTCCCTTACCACTTCCAACCTCCCGATTCTTAATAAGAGGTTTAC
P R S G K G M V K V G G L R I D F S K * -

35
b
1861
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1920
ATGAGCATATTGTGAAGAGAAAATTTGCATTTACCGCCCTATAGAATCGAAAAATTGCGT
TACTCGTATAACACTTCTCTTTTAAACGTAAATGGCGGGATATCTTAGCTTTTTTAACGCA
* A Y C E E K I C I Y R P I E S K N C V -

40
b
1921
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 1980
ATATGTCCCATTATTGTTTTTTTATTCTTCAAGCGTATTGAGAATAAGAGTTGCGTGCA
TATACAGGGTAATAACAAAAAATAAGAAGTTCGCATAAGTCTTATTCTCAACGCACGT
Y V P L L F F L F F K R I Q N K S C V H -

45
b
1981
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 2040
TGCACGCATGCAGCCATGTTGTTGTAGTCGATATGTGGGGTATGTTTGGATCAGGGATAA
ACGTGCGTACGTCCGTACAACAACATCAGCTATACACCCCATACAAACCTAGTCCCTATT
A R M Q P C C C S R Y V G Y V W I R D N -

50
b
2041
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 2100
TGATGTGAACCTTTGAATTAATTATTACACTCTGAGAATAAATTAGAGAGTTTATTATGCA
ACTACACTTGAACTTAATTAATAATGTGAGACTCTATTTAATCTCTCAAATAATACGT
D V N F E L I I T L * E * I R E F I M Q -

55
b
2101
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 2160
AGTTGCTTGGTGTAATAGATATTCAACATTGTTTCCTATACATCTTTTTTTTGAAGAAAA
TCAACGAACCACATTATCTATAAGTTGTAACAAAGGATATGTAGAAAAAACCTTCTTTT
V A W C N R Y S T L F P I H L F L E E K -

60
b
2161
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 2181
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAATCGAT
TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTAGCTA
K K K K K S -

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No.

PCT/AU 98/00362

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

Int Cl⁶: C12N 15/53, A01H 1/00, 5/00.

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
WPAT, Chemical Abstracts: Key words - see electronic database box below.

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Medline, JAPIO, USPM, EMBL, GENE BANK, SWISS-PROT, PIR: Key words - see electronic database box below.

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)
WPAT, JAPIO, USPM, Chemical Abstracts and Medline Key words: Polyphenol oxidase and (tobacco or banana or pineapple);
EMBL, GENE BANK, SWISS-PROT, PIR: Sequences as defined in figures 1-10

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
P, X	WO 97/29193 (COMMONWEALTH SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH ORGANISATION) 14 August 1997, See entire document, especially the examples.	1-16, 18-34.
X, Y	WO 96/37617 (COMMONWEALTH SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH ORGANISATION) 28 November 1996, See entire document, especially the examples and figures 1-3.	1-16, 18-34.
X	<i>Plant Molecular Biology</i> 26: 495-502, 1994 Dry I. B. and Robinson S. P. "Molecular cloning and characterisation of grape berry polyphenol oxidase" See especially pages 499-500.	1-16, 18-34.
X Y	<i>Plant Molecular Biology</i> 27: 429-433, 1995. Boss P. K. <i>et al</i> "An apple polyphenol oxidase CDNA is up-regulated in wounded tissues" See especially page 430 (EMBL acc no. L29450).	16, 18. 1-15, 19-34.



Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C



See patent family annex

* Special categories of cited documents:	
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	"&" document member of the same patent family
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	

Date of the actual completion of the international search
16 July 1998

Date of mailing of the international search report
20 JUL 1998

Name and mailing address of the ISA/AU
AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE
PO BOX 200
WODEN ACT 2606
AUSTRALIA
Facsimile No.: (02) 6285 3929

Authorized officer
J.H. CHAN

Telephone No.: (02) 6283 2340

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No.

PCT/AU 98/00362

C (Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 93/02195 (COMMONWEALTH SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH ORGANISATION) 4 February 1993 See especially pages 8, 9.	1-16, 18-34.
X Y	<i>Plant Physiol</i> (1995) 109: 525-531. Thygesen P. W. et al "Polyphenol oxidase in potato A multigene family that exhibits differential expression patterns" See especially page 528. (EMBL accession nos. U22921 and U22922)	17. 1-15, 19-34.
X Y	<i>Plant Molecular Biology</i> 21: 1035-1051, 1993. Newman S. M. et al "Organisation of the potato polyphenol oxidase gene family" See especially pages 1042-1043. (EMBL accession no. Z12837)	17. 1-15, 19-34.
X Y	<i>Plant Molecular Biology</i> 21: 59-68, 1993. Hunt M. D. et al "CDNA cloning and expression of potato polyphenol oxidase" See especially pages 62, 63. (EMBL accession no. M95196)	17. 1-15, 19-34.
P, X	EMBL accession nos D87669 and D87670 Published on 2 August 1997.	16, 18.
P, X	EMBL accession no Y12501. Published on 25 February 1998	17.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No.
PCT/AU 98/00362

This Annex lists the known "A" publication level patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The Australian Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent Document Cited in Search Report				Patent Family Member			
WO	97/29193	AU	14330/97				
WO	96/37617	AU	56803/96	EP	832244		
WO	9302195	AU	23126/92	CA	2112998	EP	599868
		NZ	243594				
							END OF ANNEX