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Martheenal

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(54) **PRECIPITATION COLLECTOR**

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Jul. 15, 2010 (CA) 2710697

(51) **Int. Cl.**
G01W 1/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **73/170.17**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** None
See application file for complete search history.

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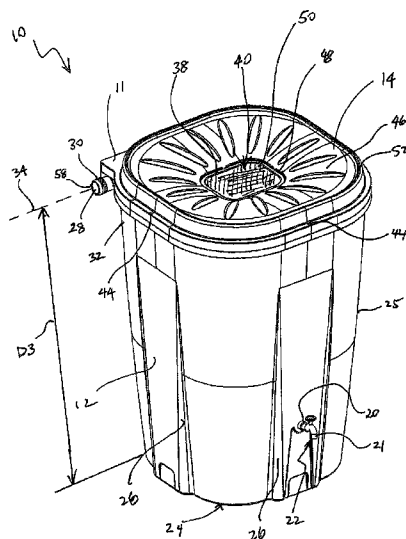
Primary Examiner — Andre Allen

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Osha Liang, LLP

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A precipitation collector includes a container having a container space for containing precipitation received through a container opening. The container includes a discharge outlet fluidly coupled to a valve to define selectively operable outlet of the collector for selectively discharging the received precipitation. A lid partially covering the container opening and includes a lid passage which defines a collector inlet disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space. The container includes an overflow outlet configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation collected within the container space.

20 Claims, 38 Drawing Sheets



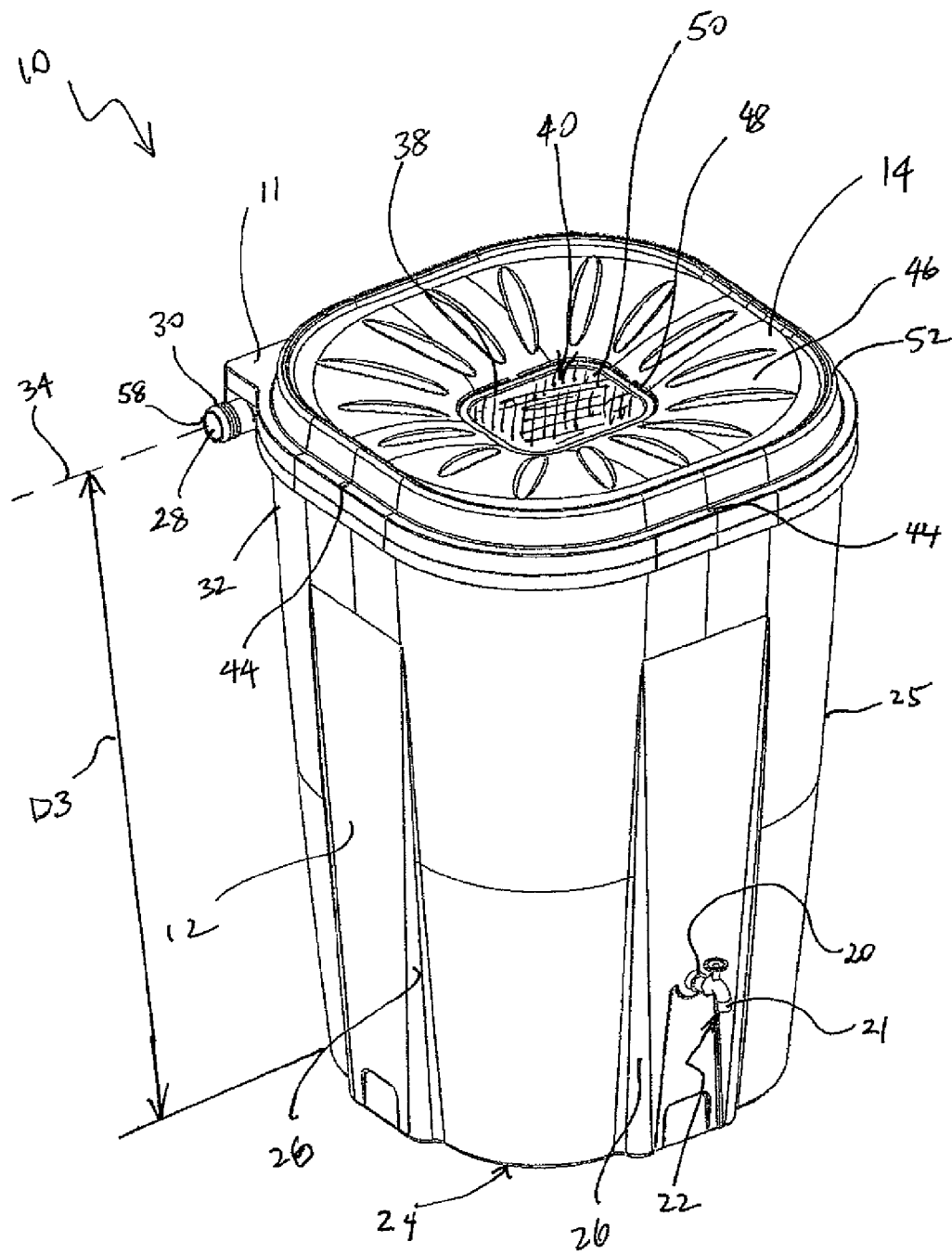


FIGURE 1

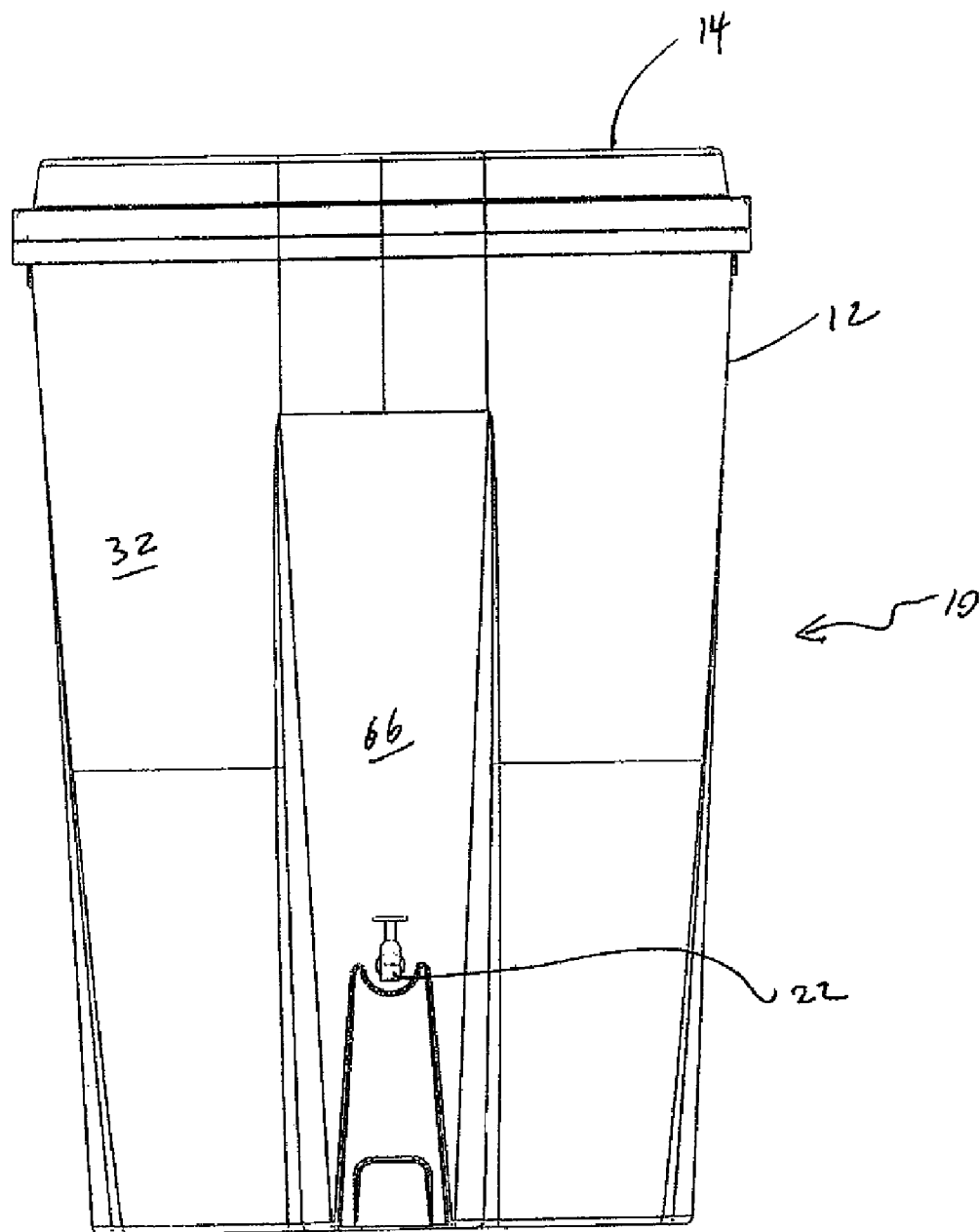


FIGURE 2

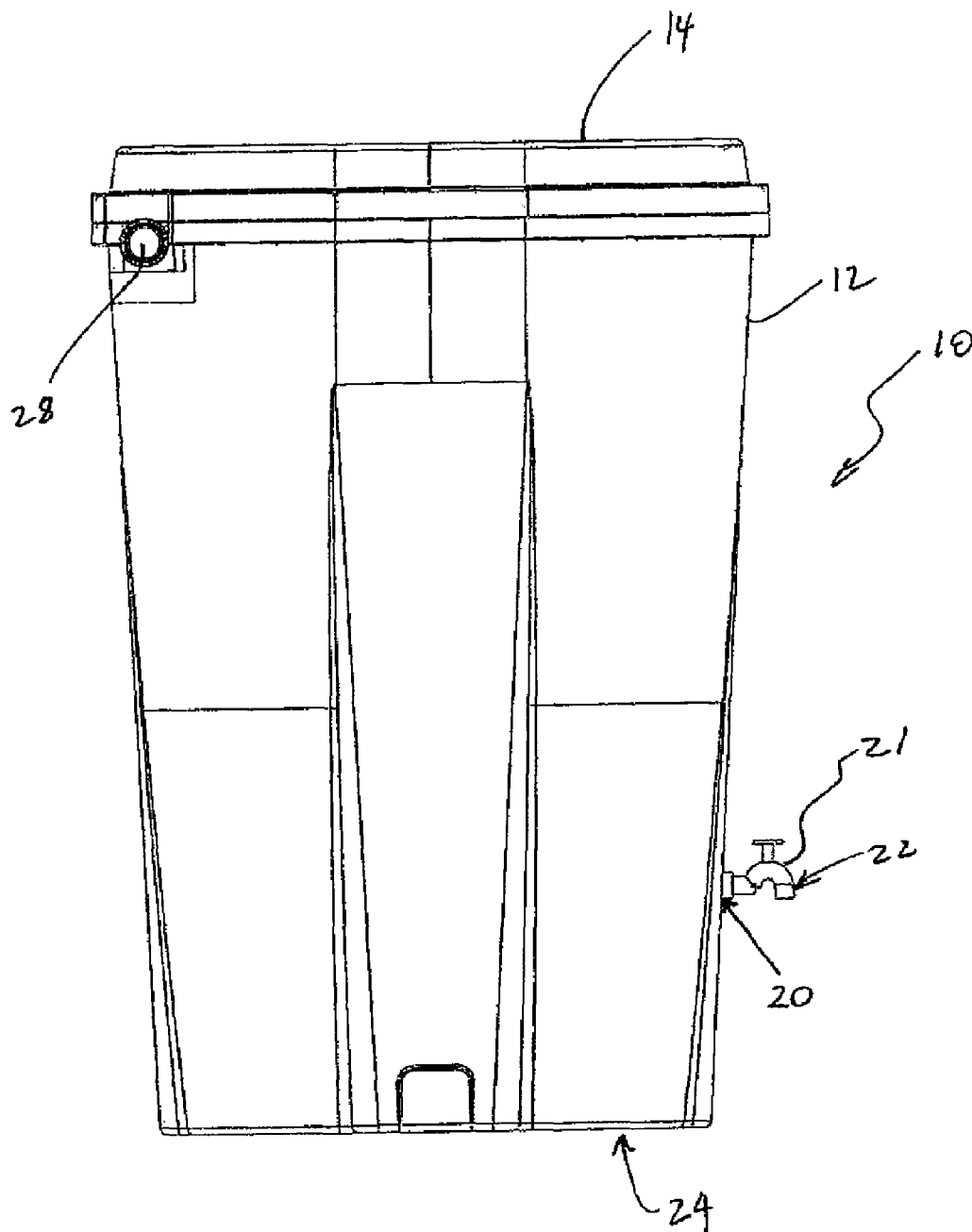


FIGURE 3

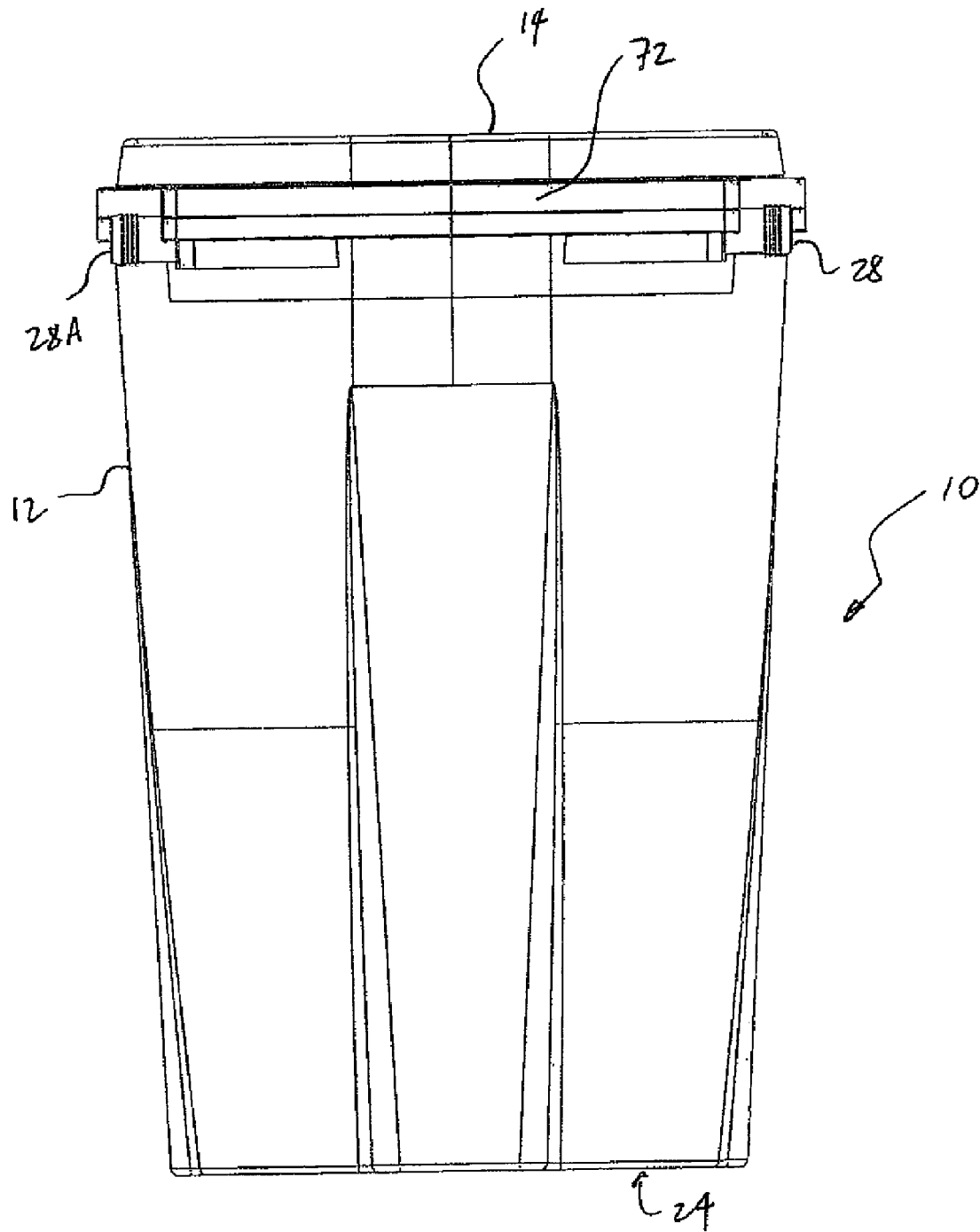


FIGURE 4

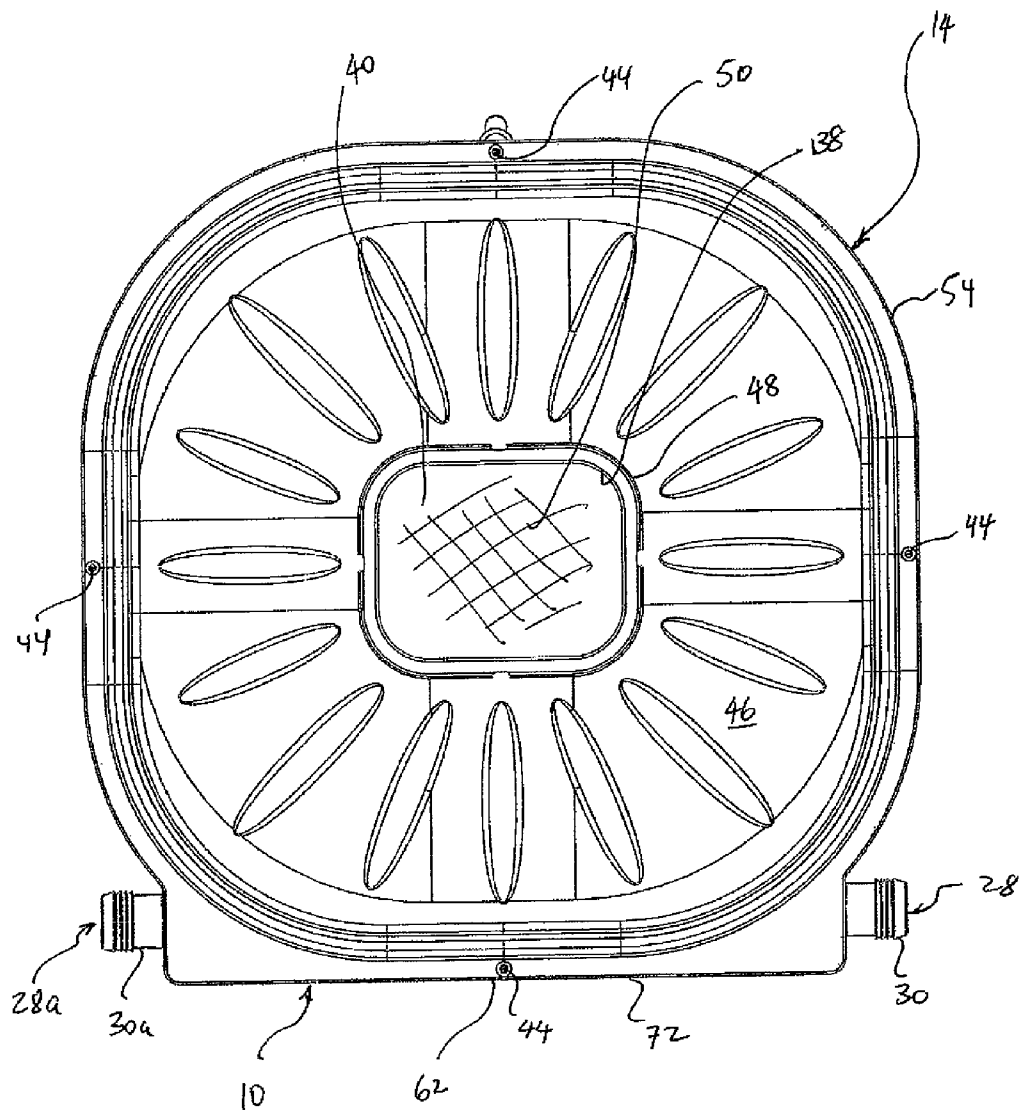


FIGURE 5

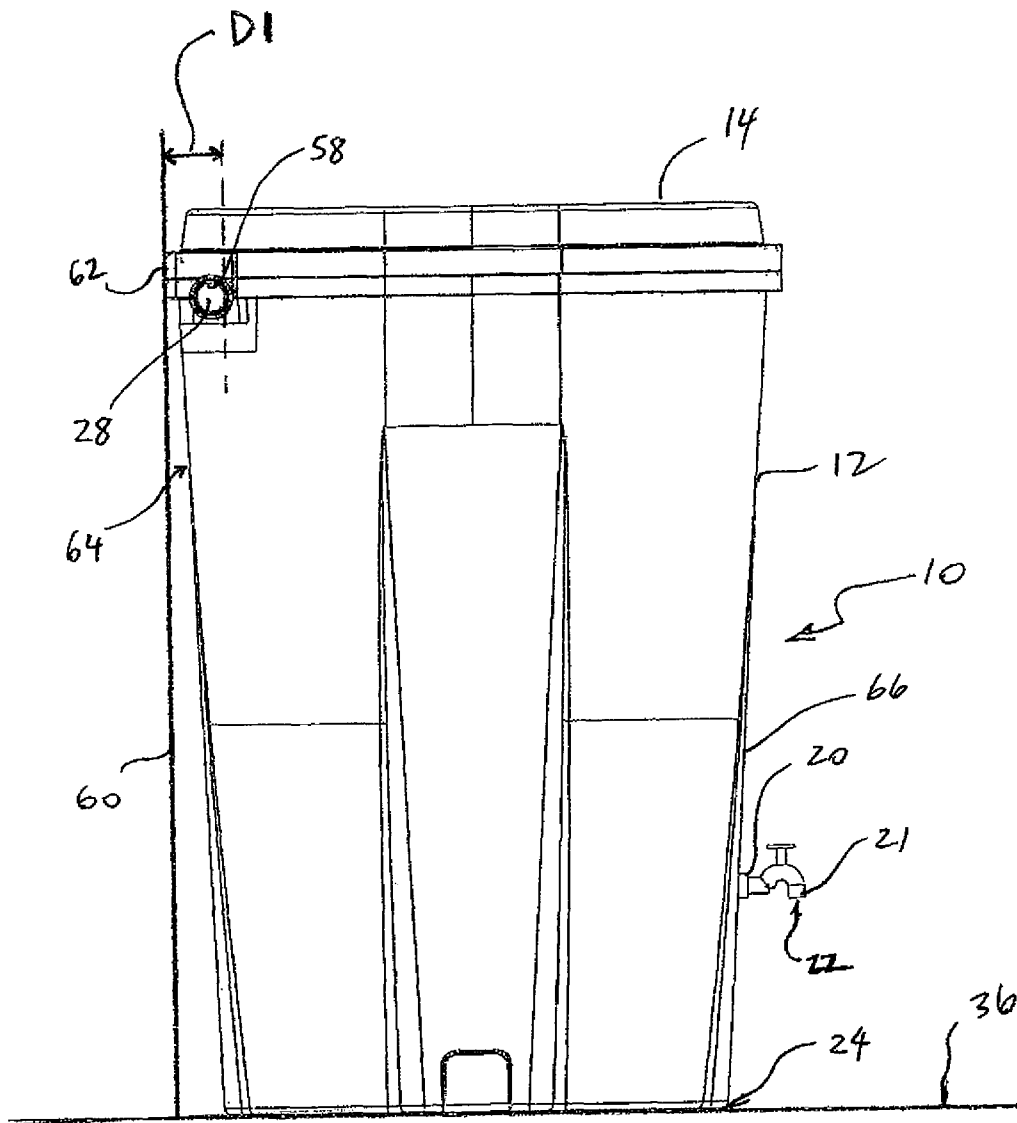
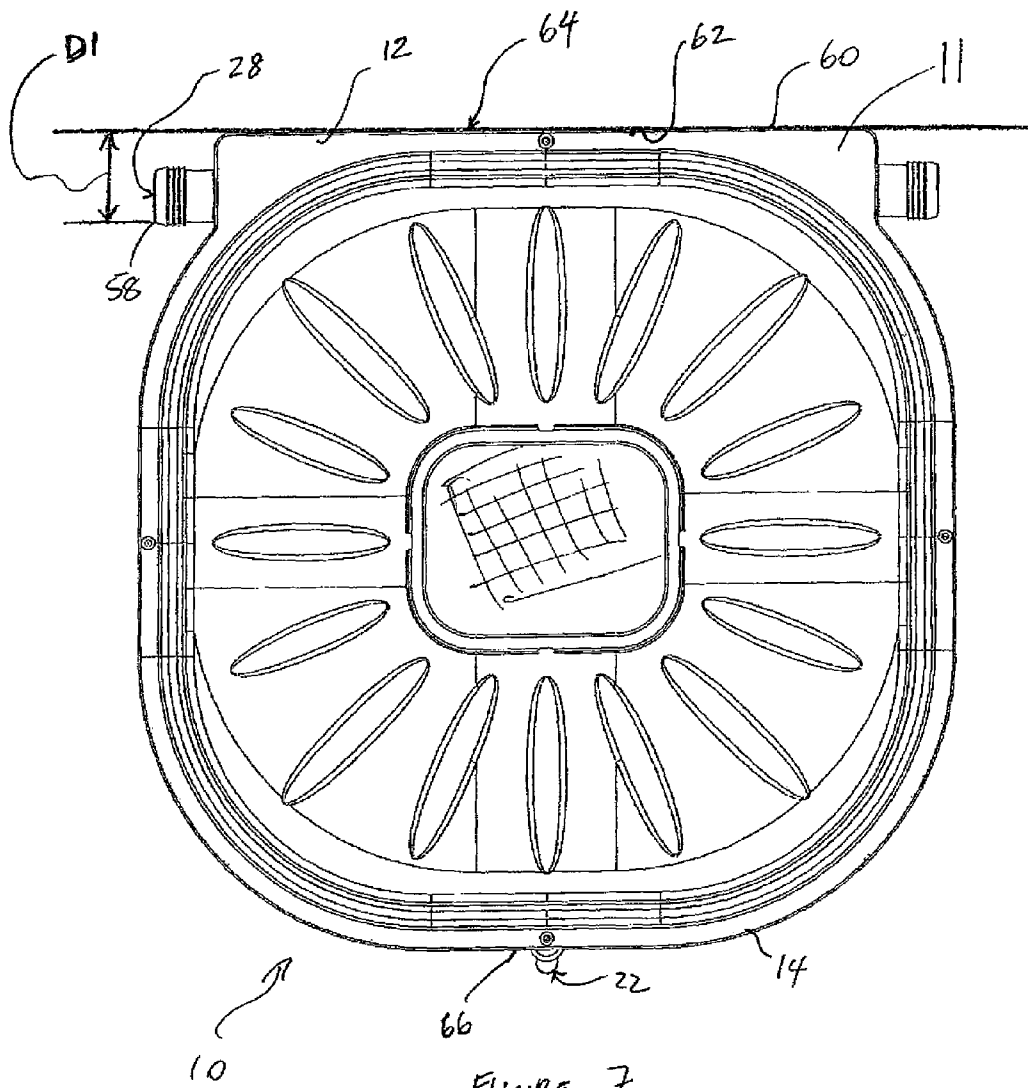


FIGURE 6



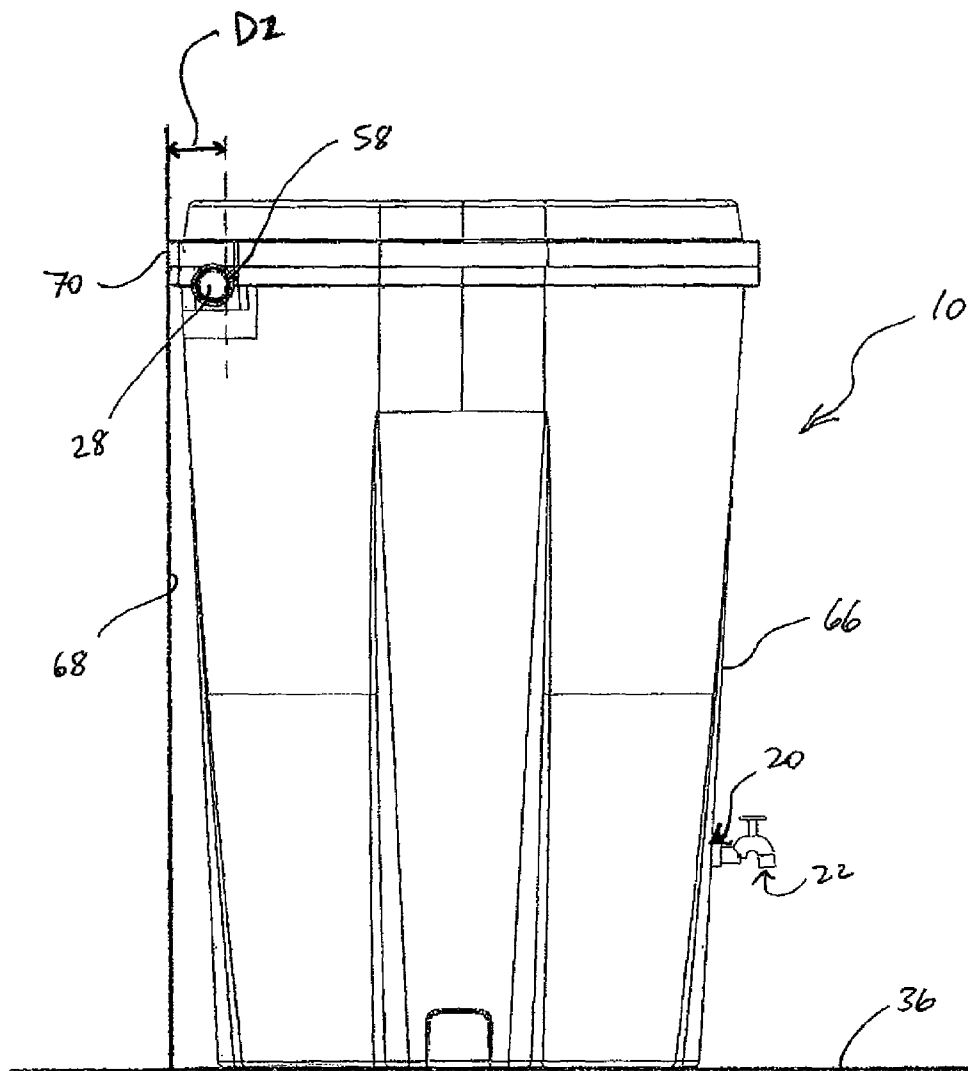
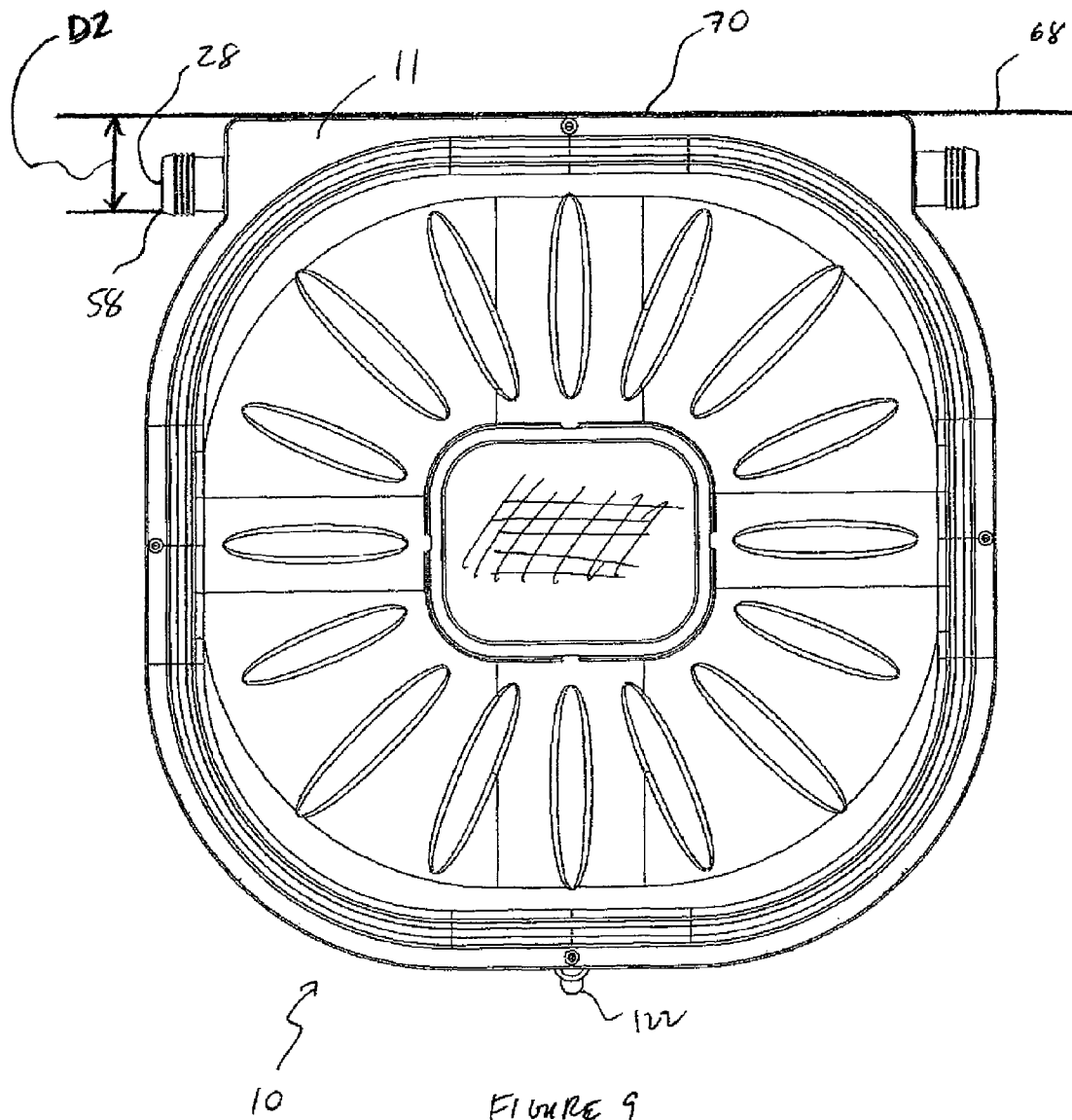


FIGURE 8



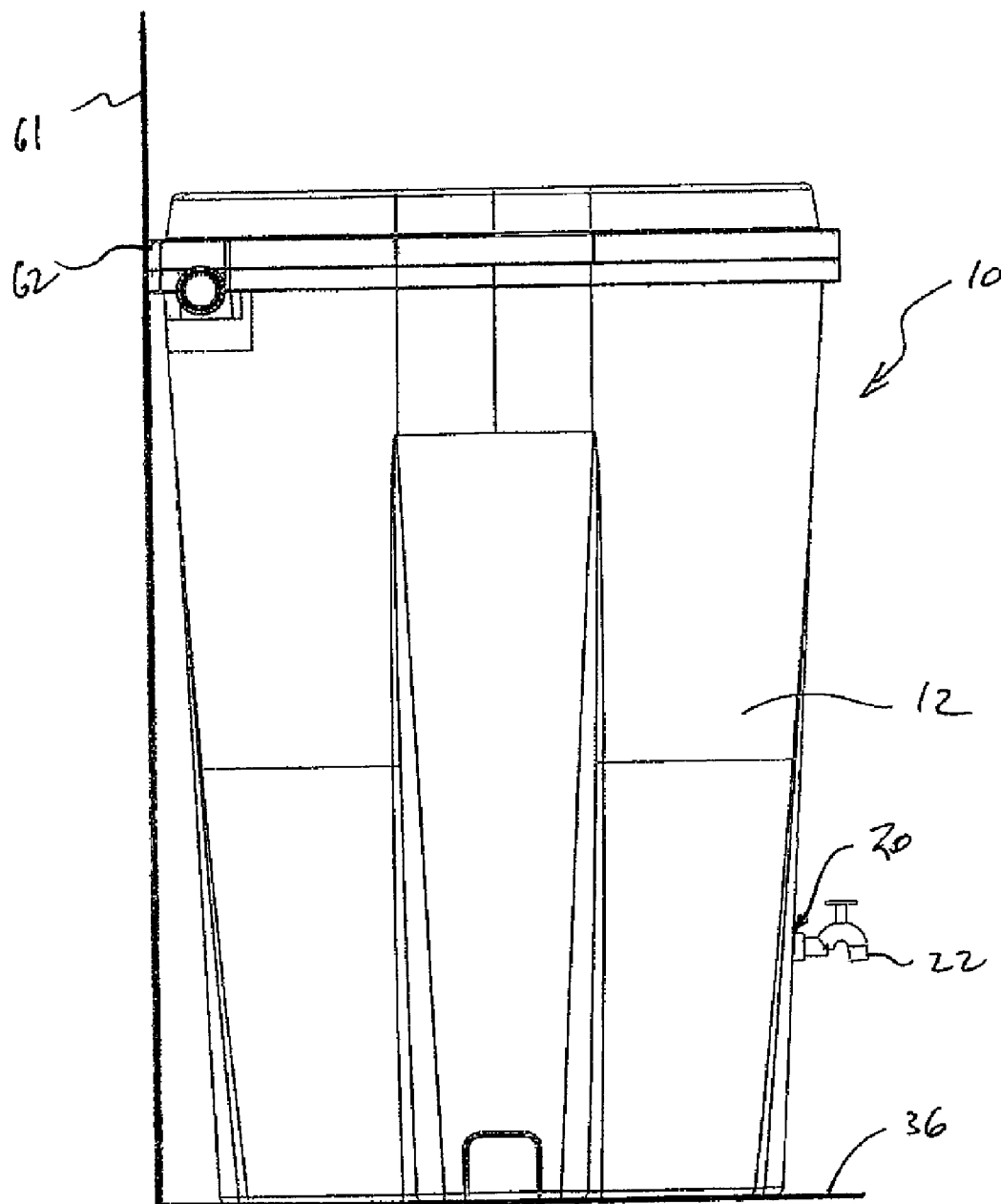


FIGURE 10

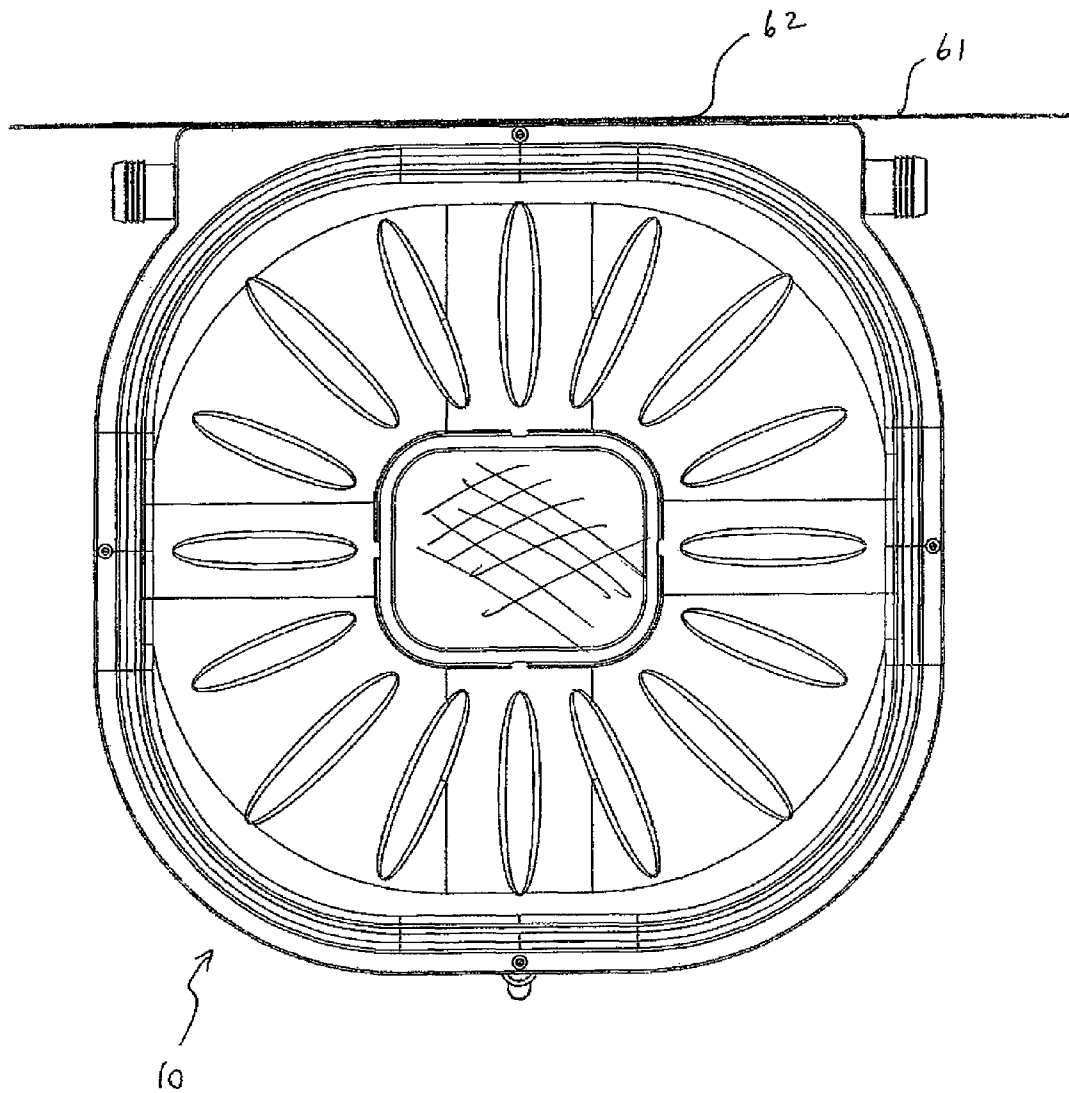


FIGURE 11

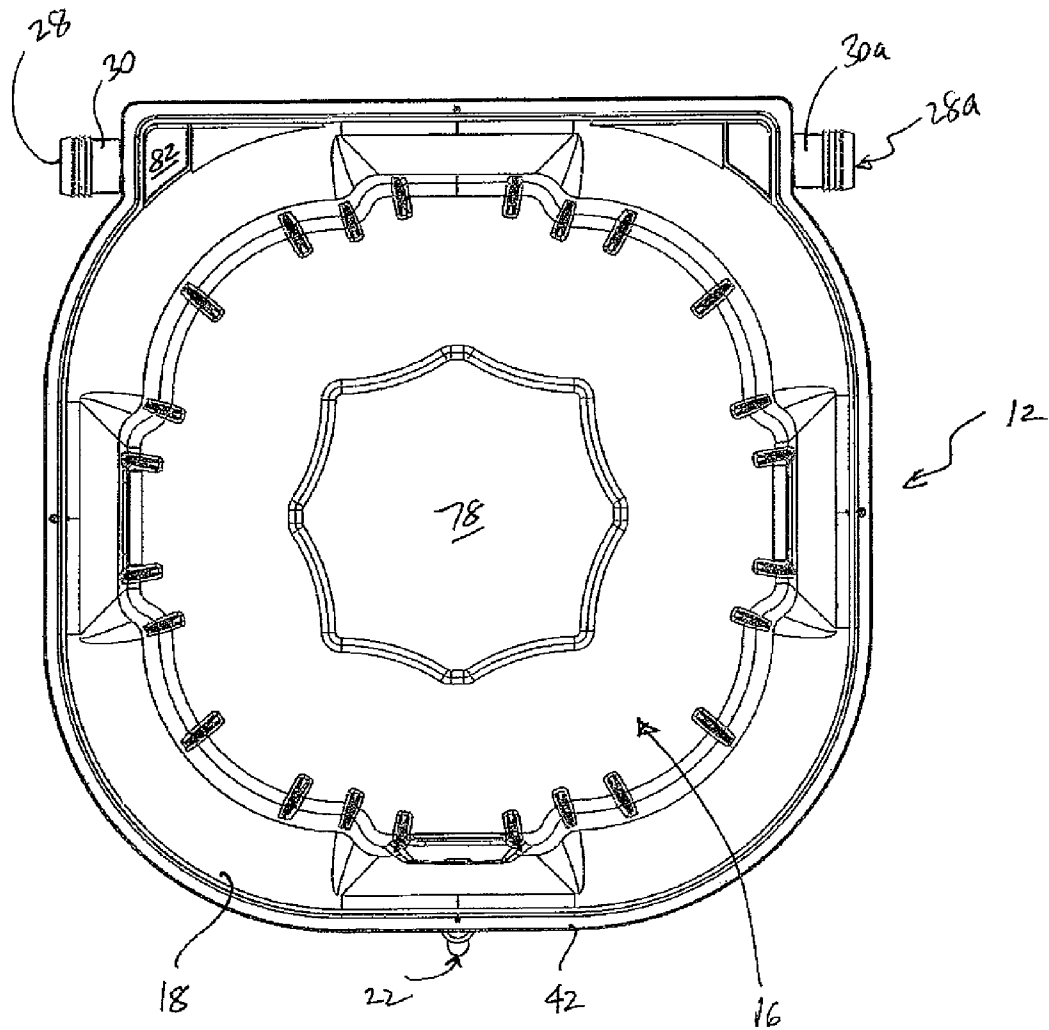


FIGURE 12

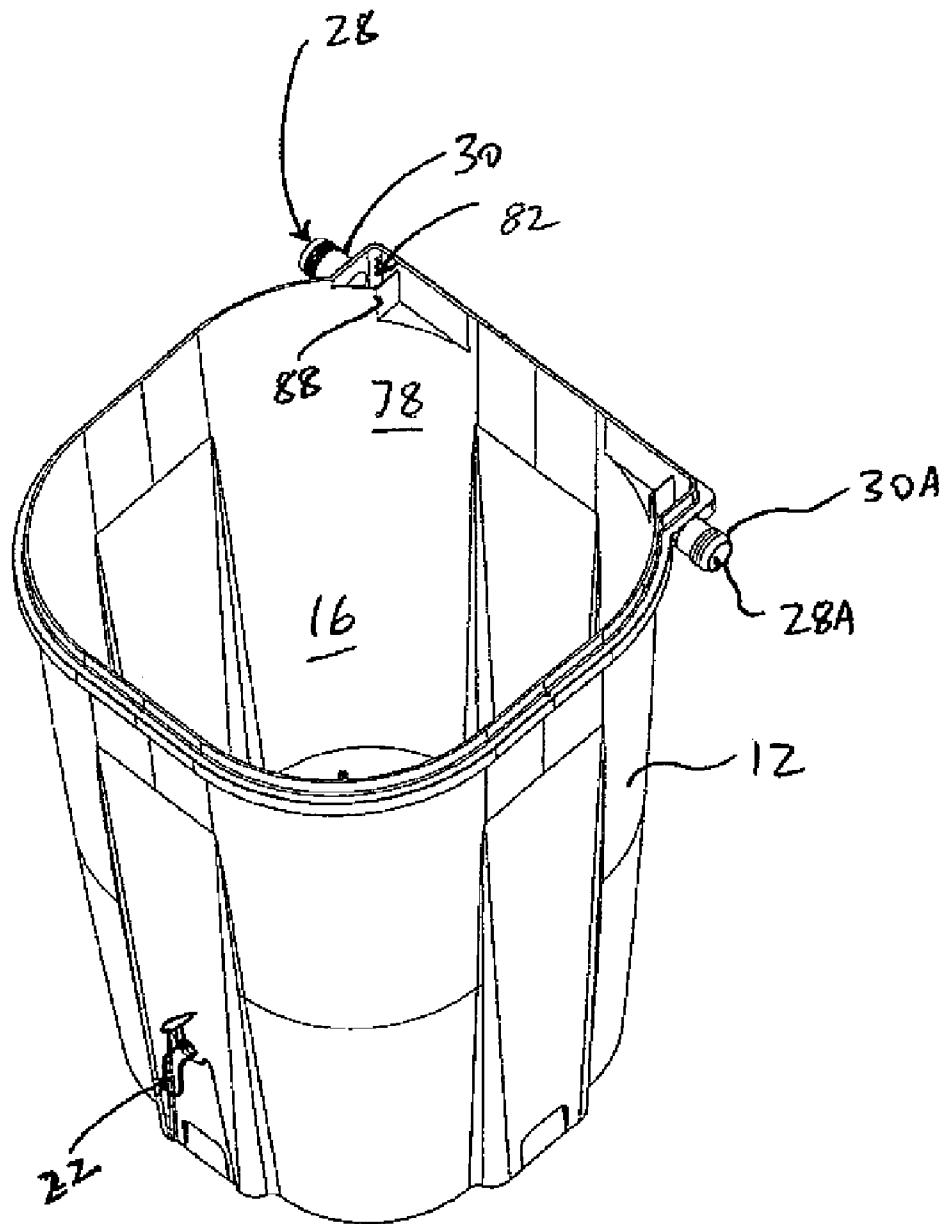


FIGURE 13

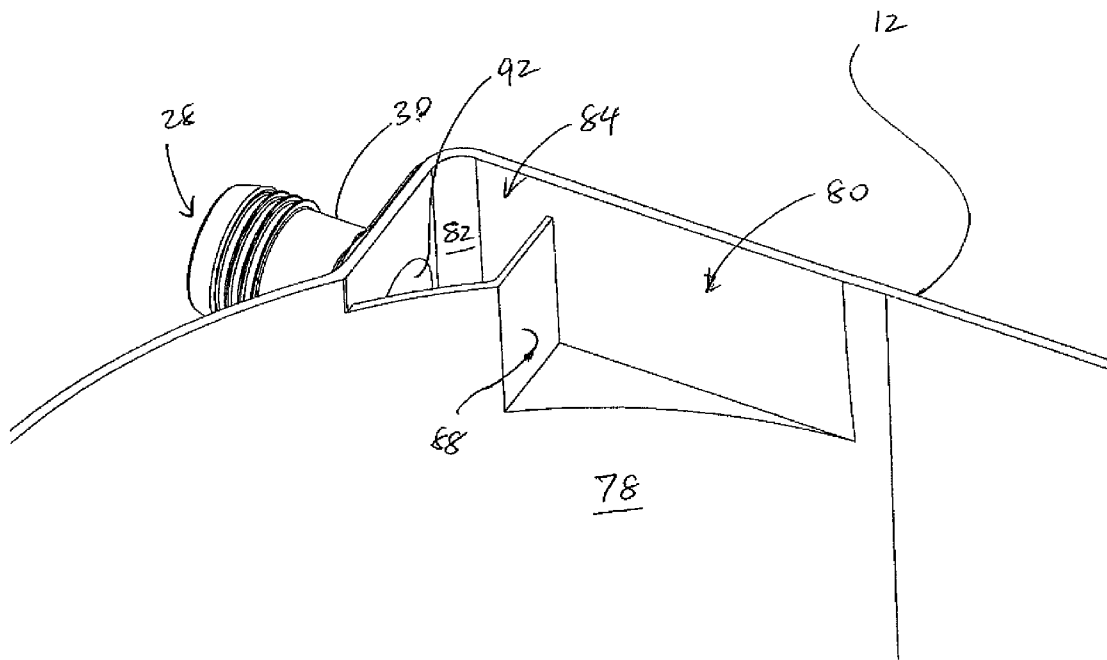


FIGURE 14

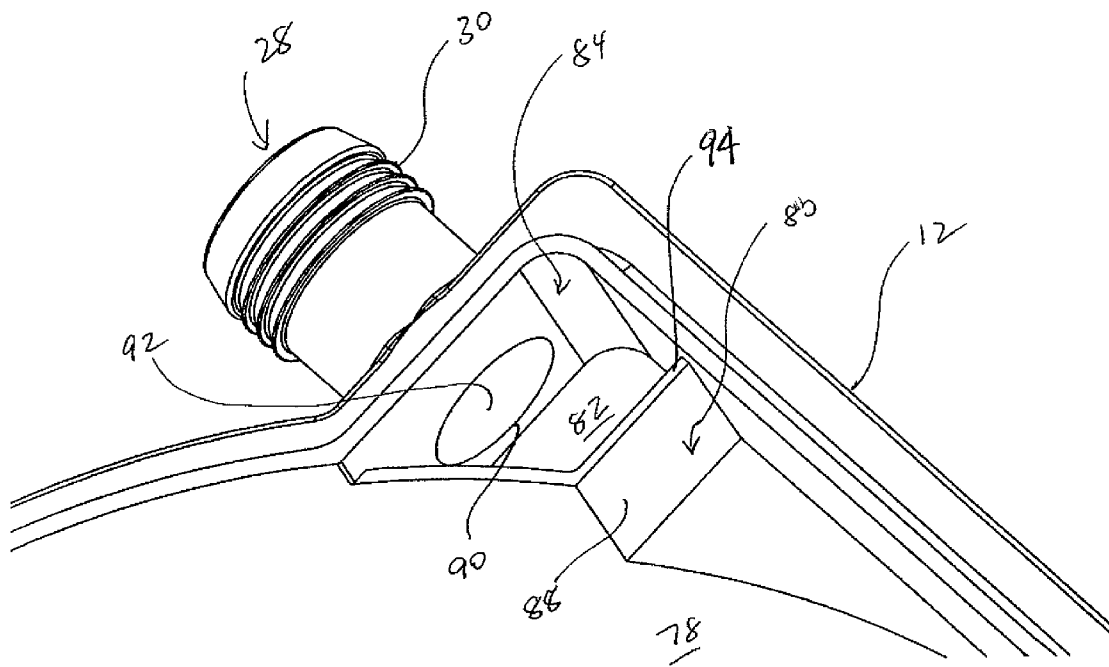
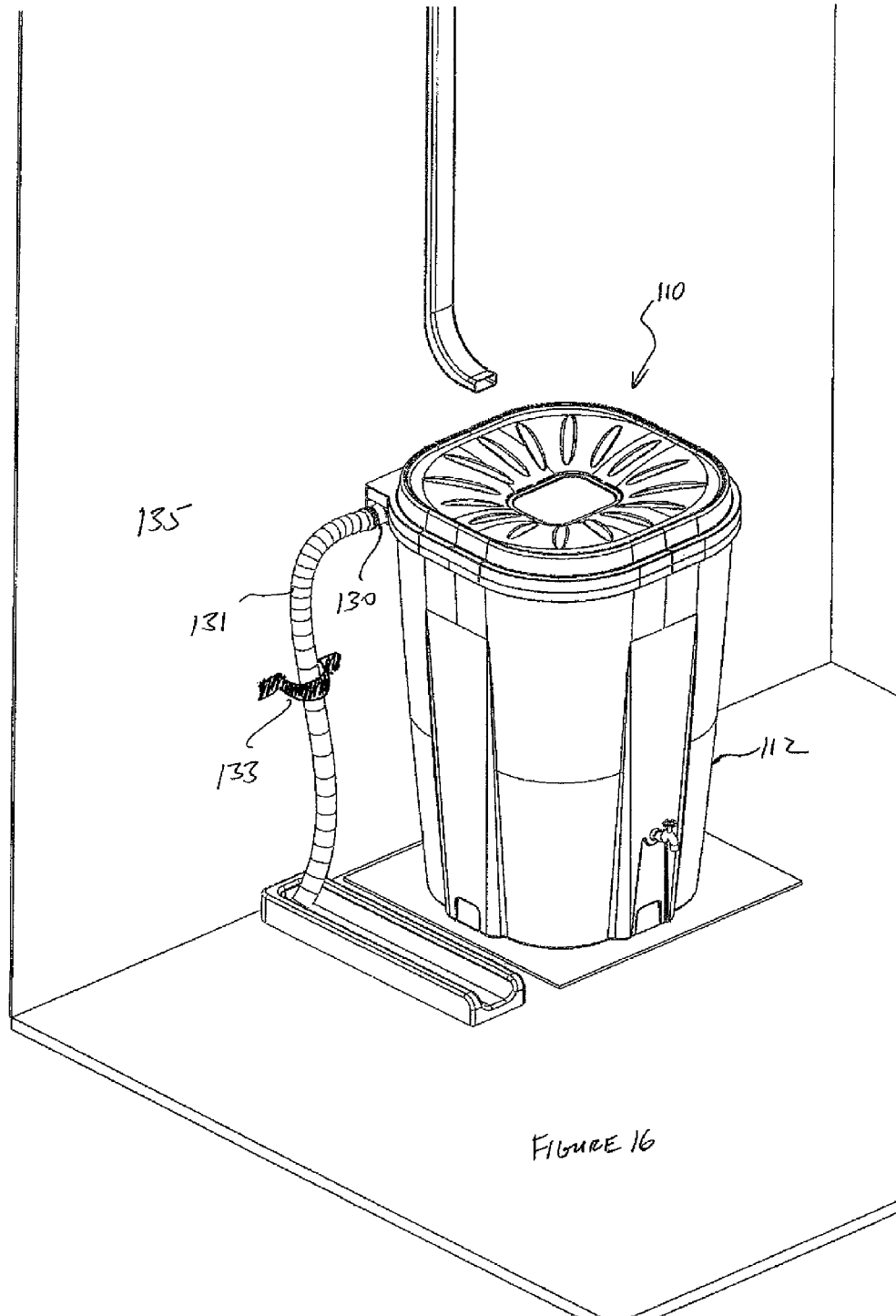


FIGURE 15



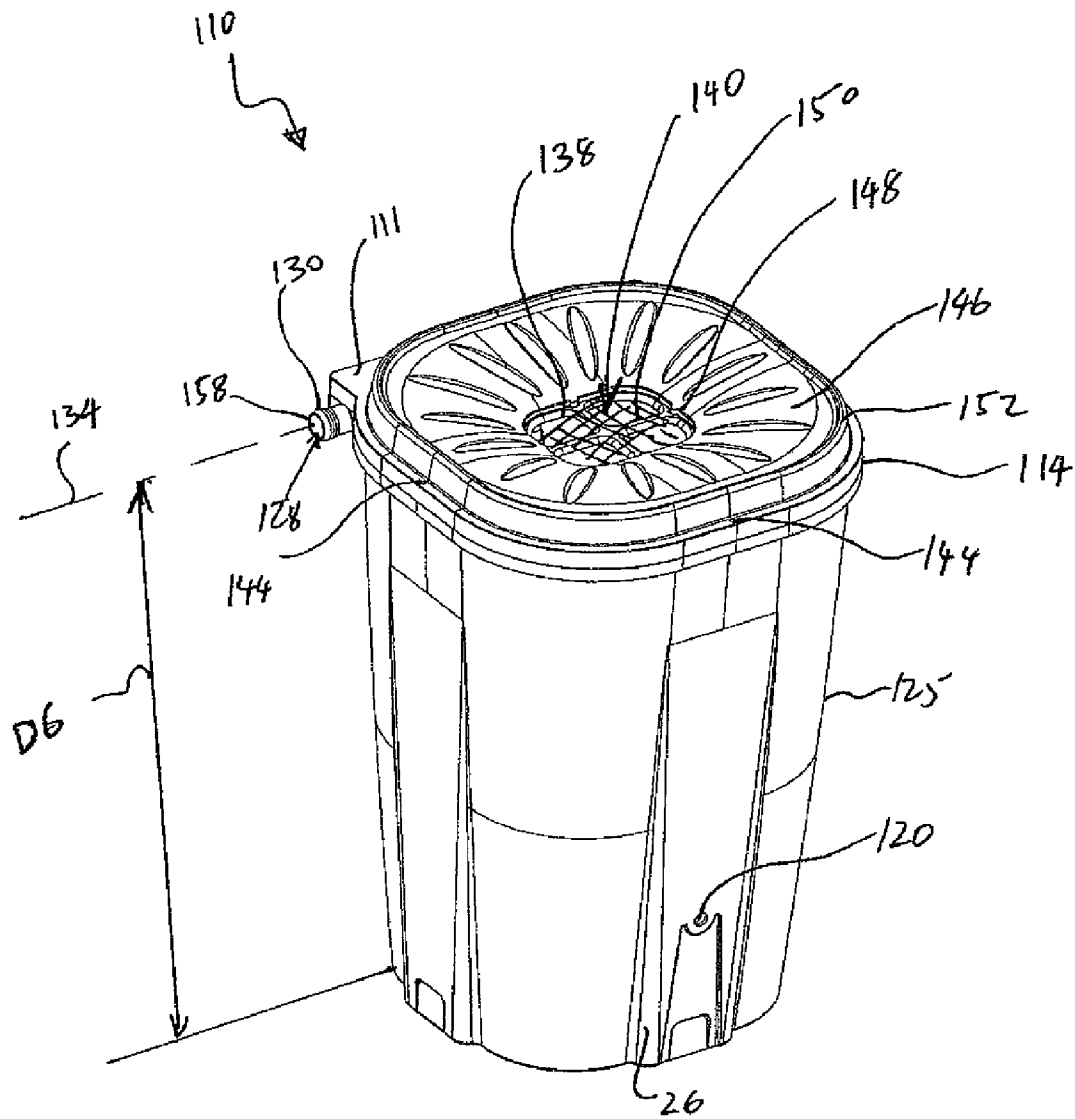


FIGURE 17

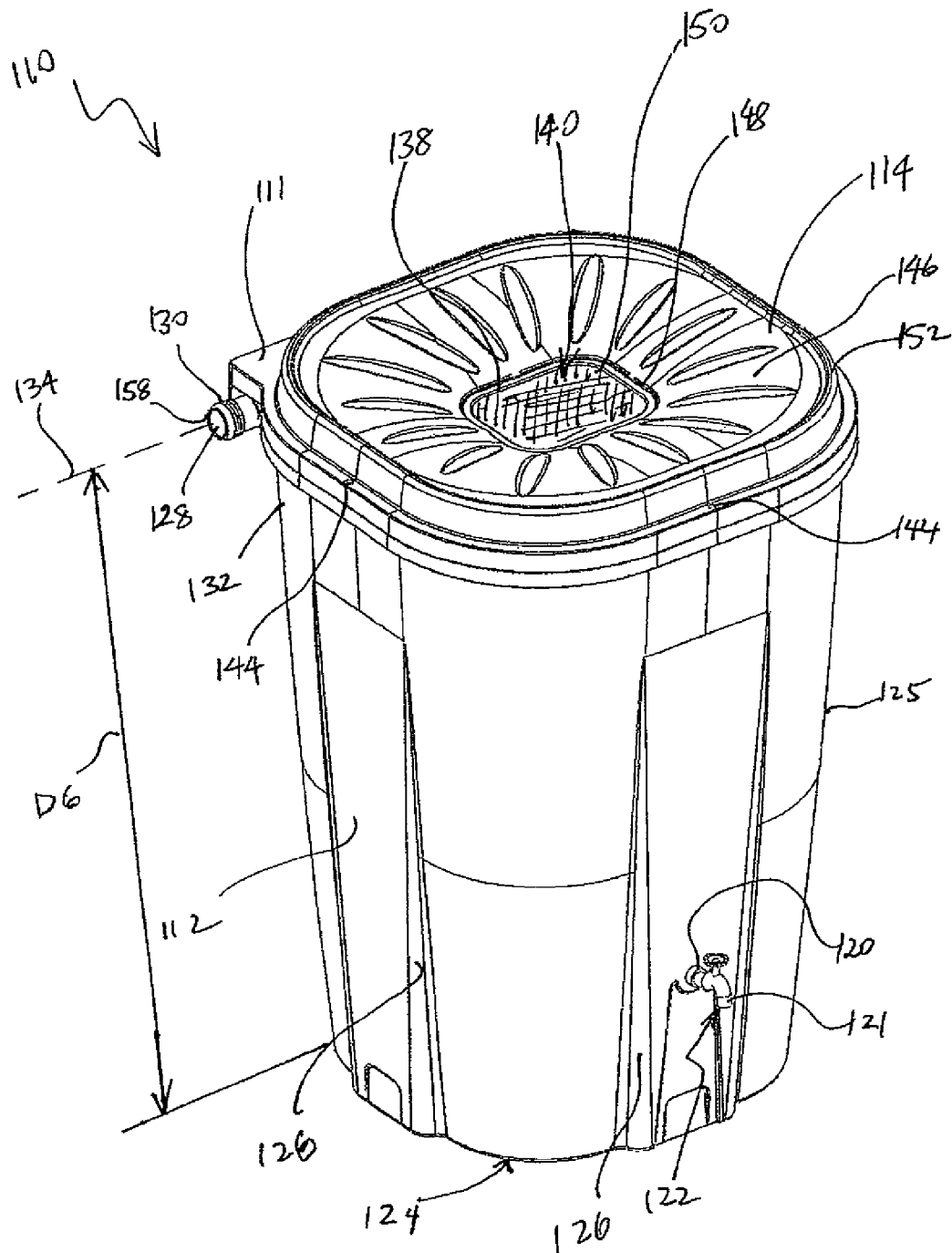


FIGURE 18

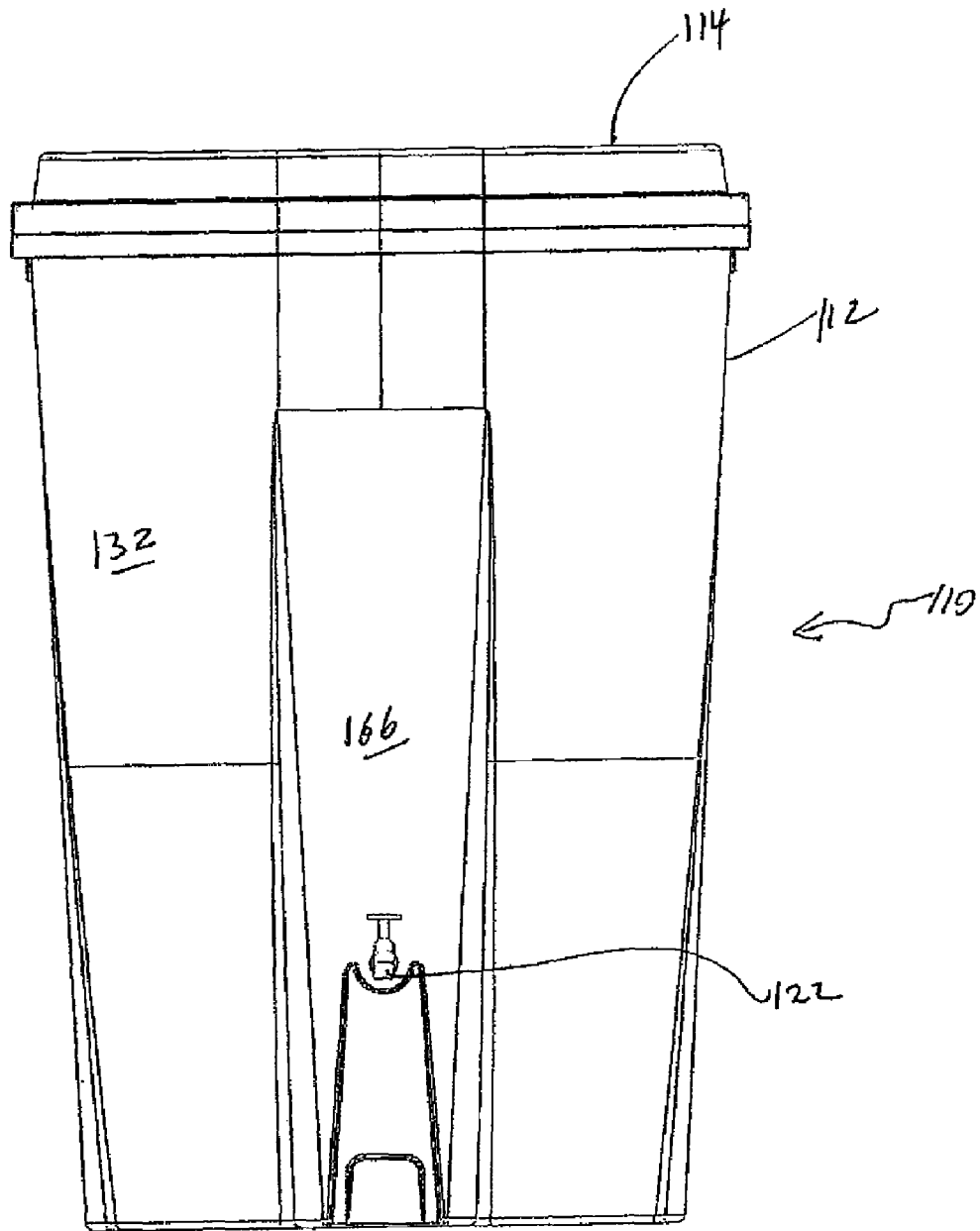


FIGURE 19

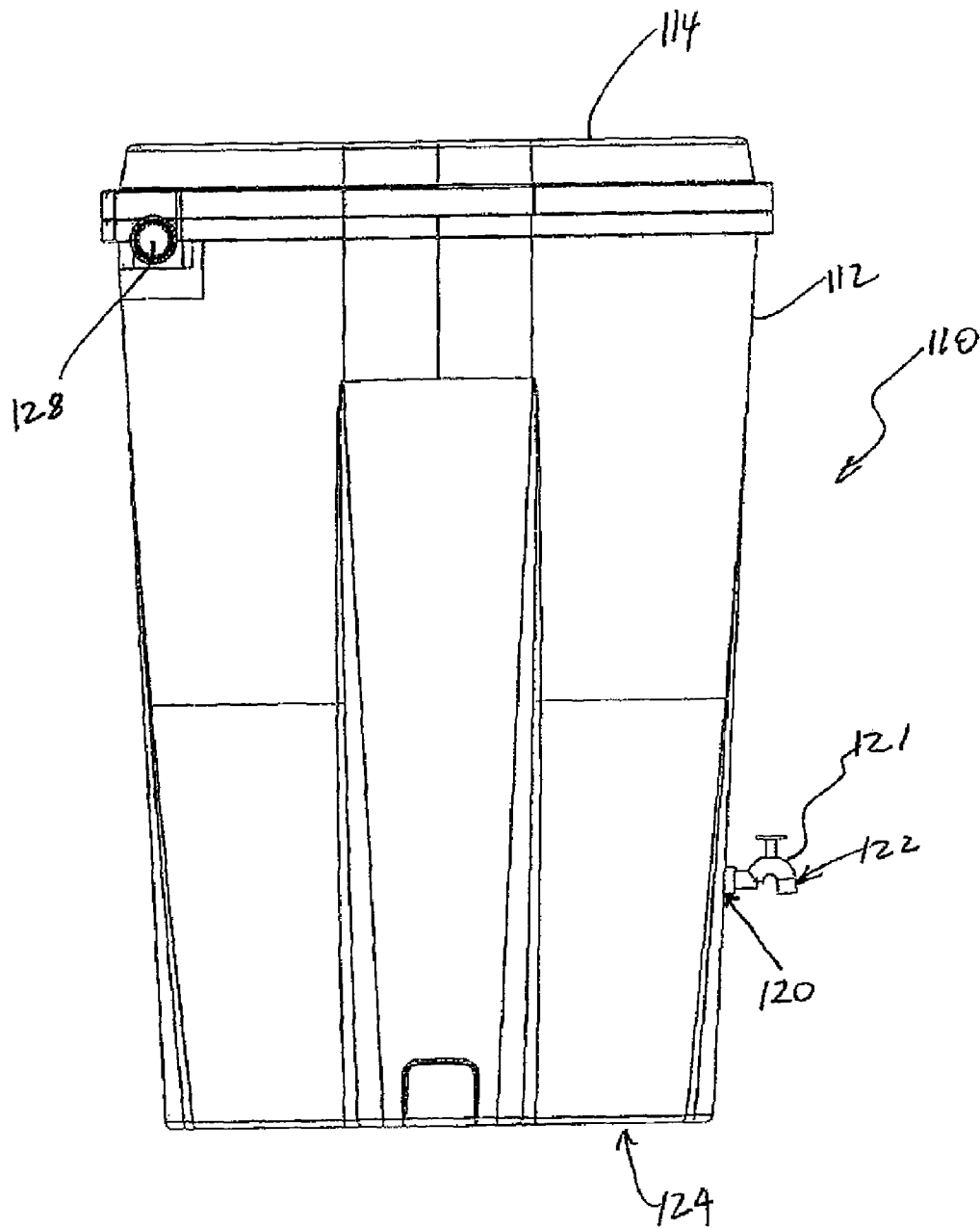


FIGURE 20

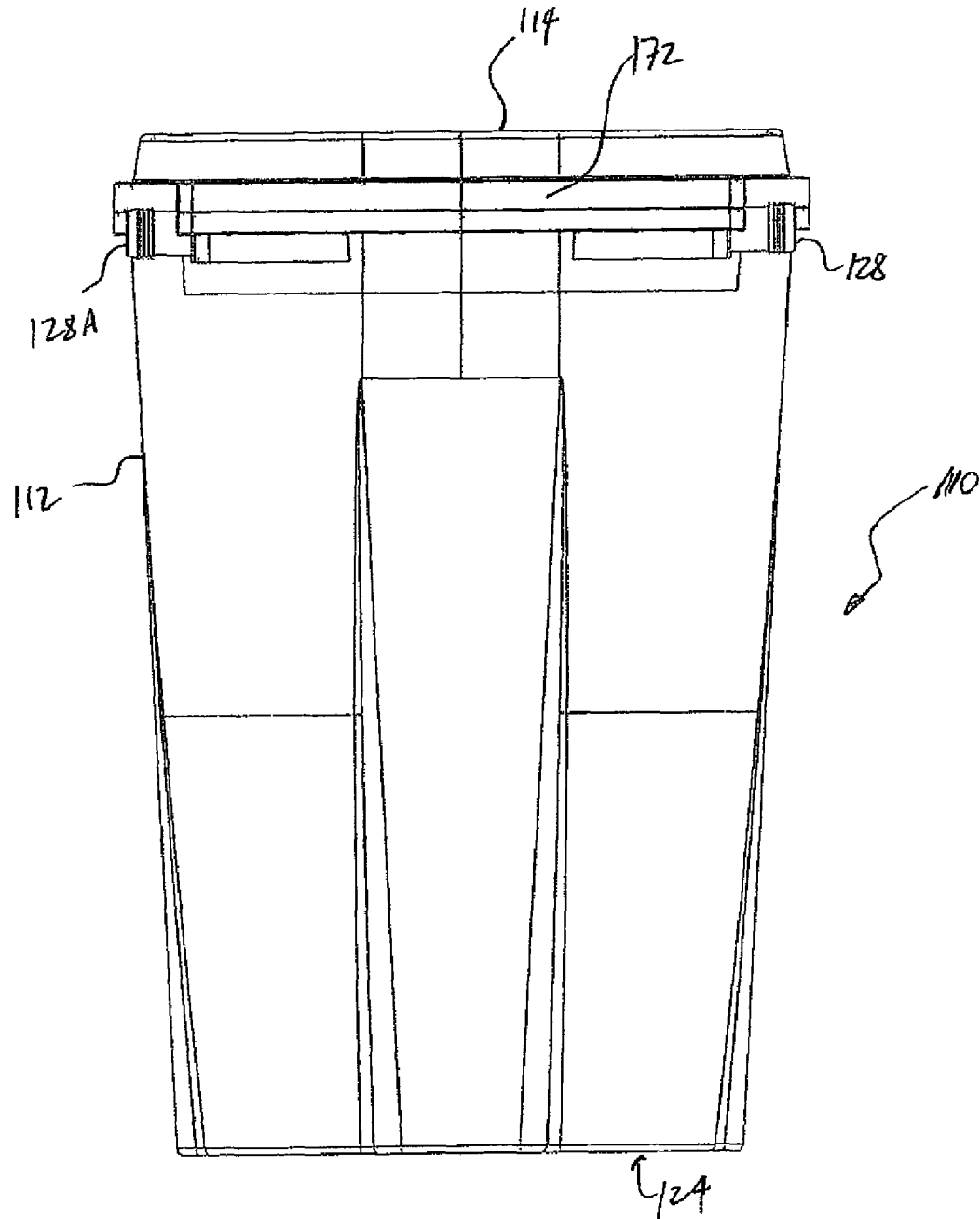


FIGURE 21

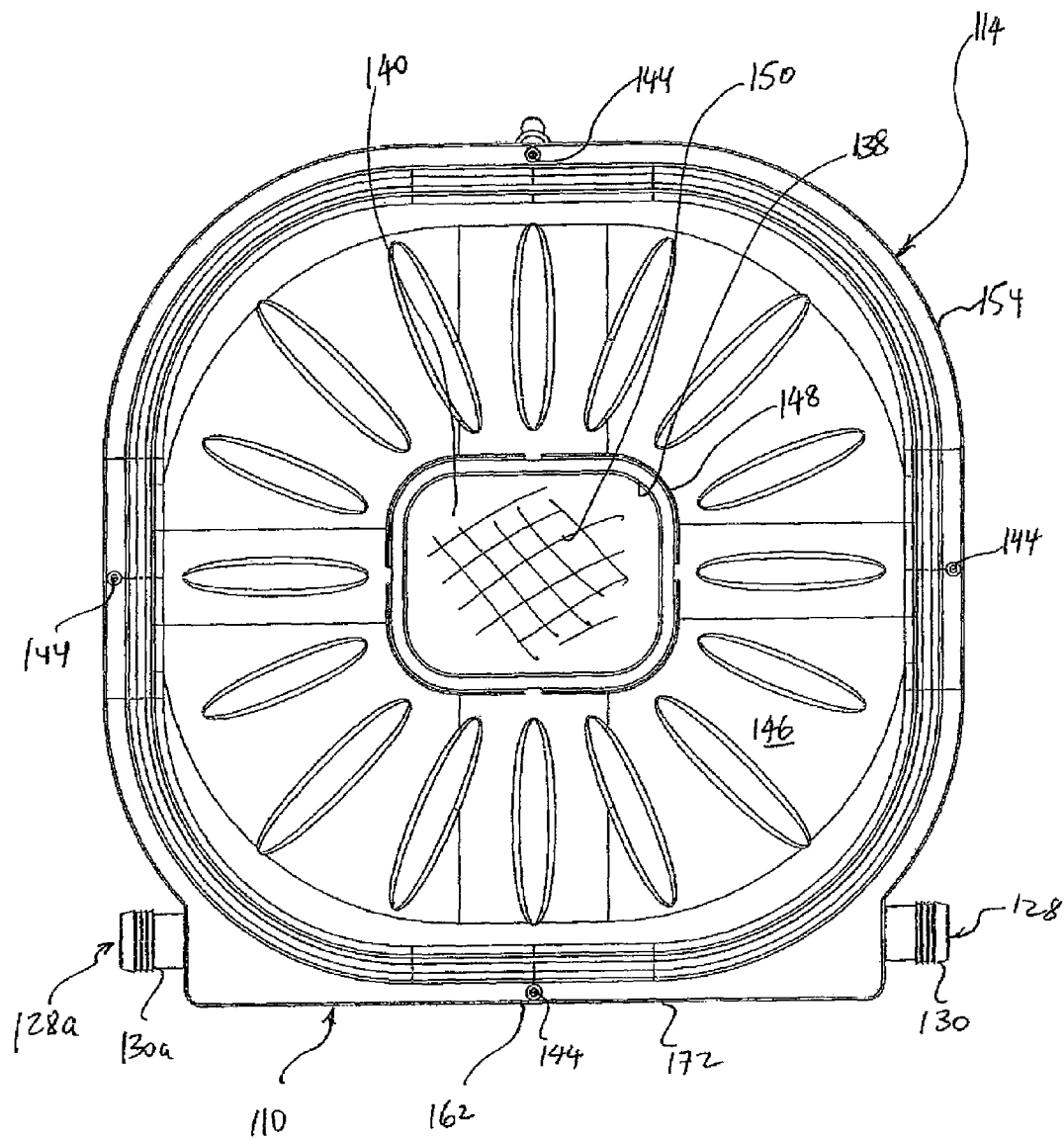
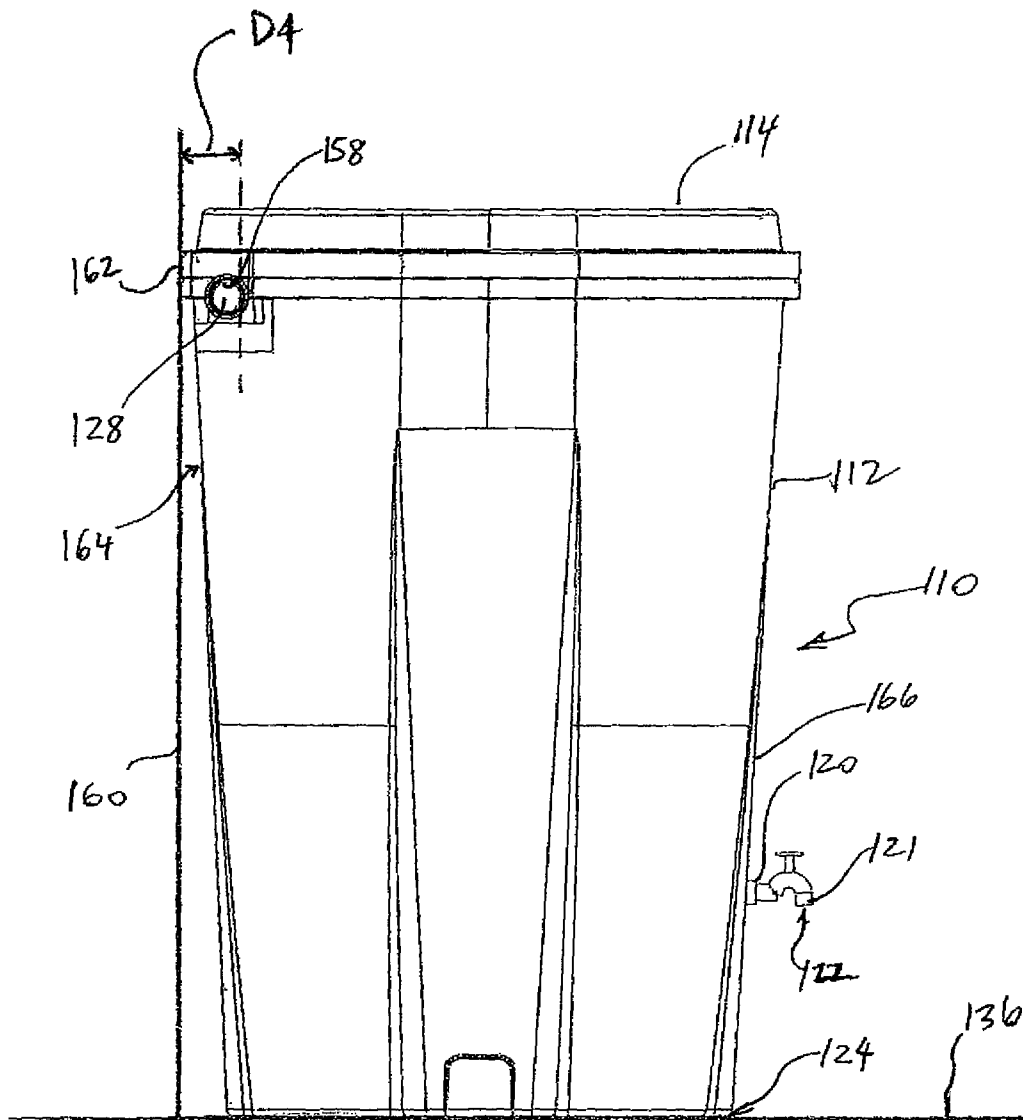
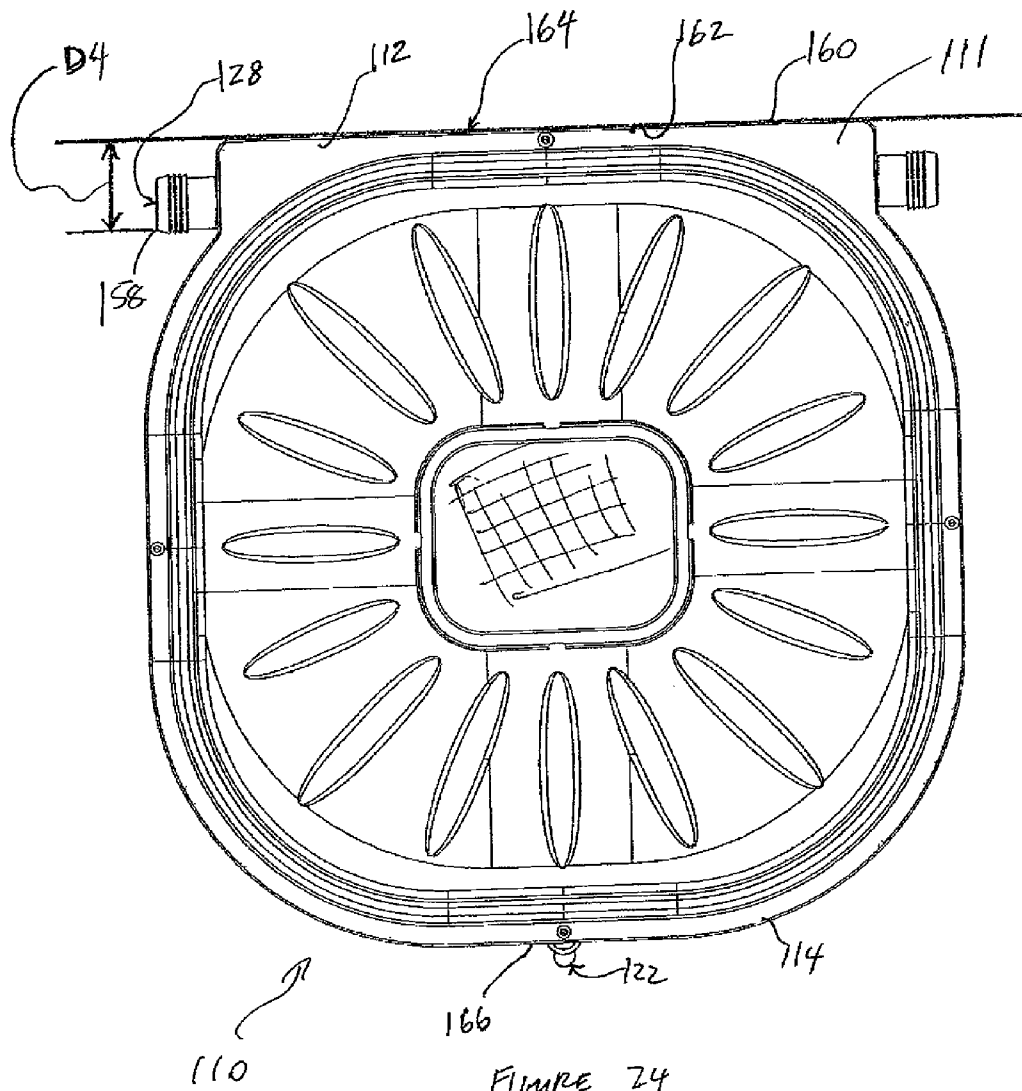


FIGURE 22





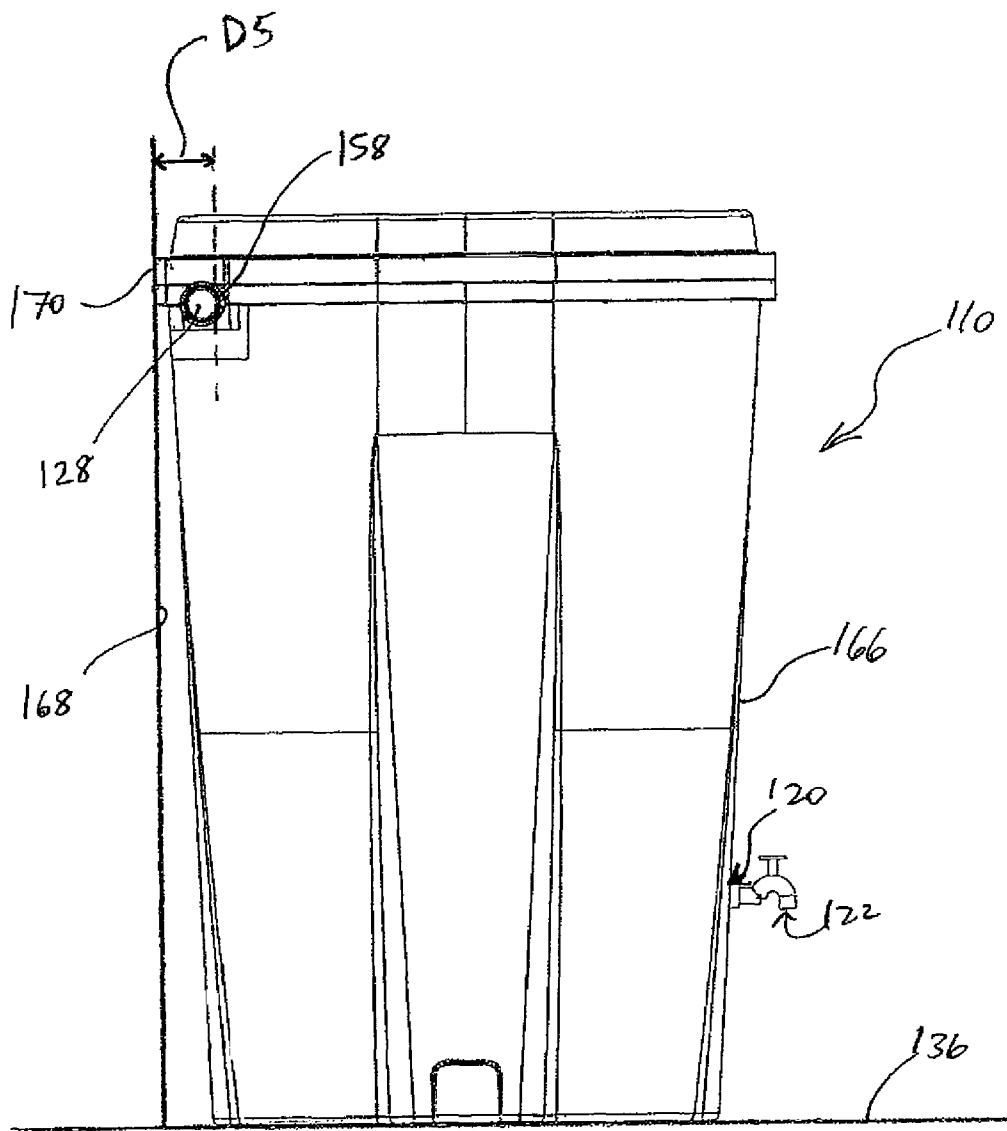
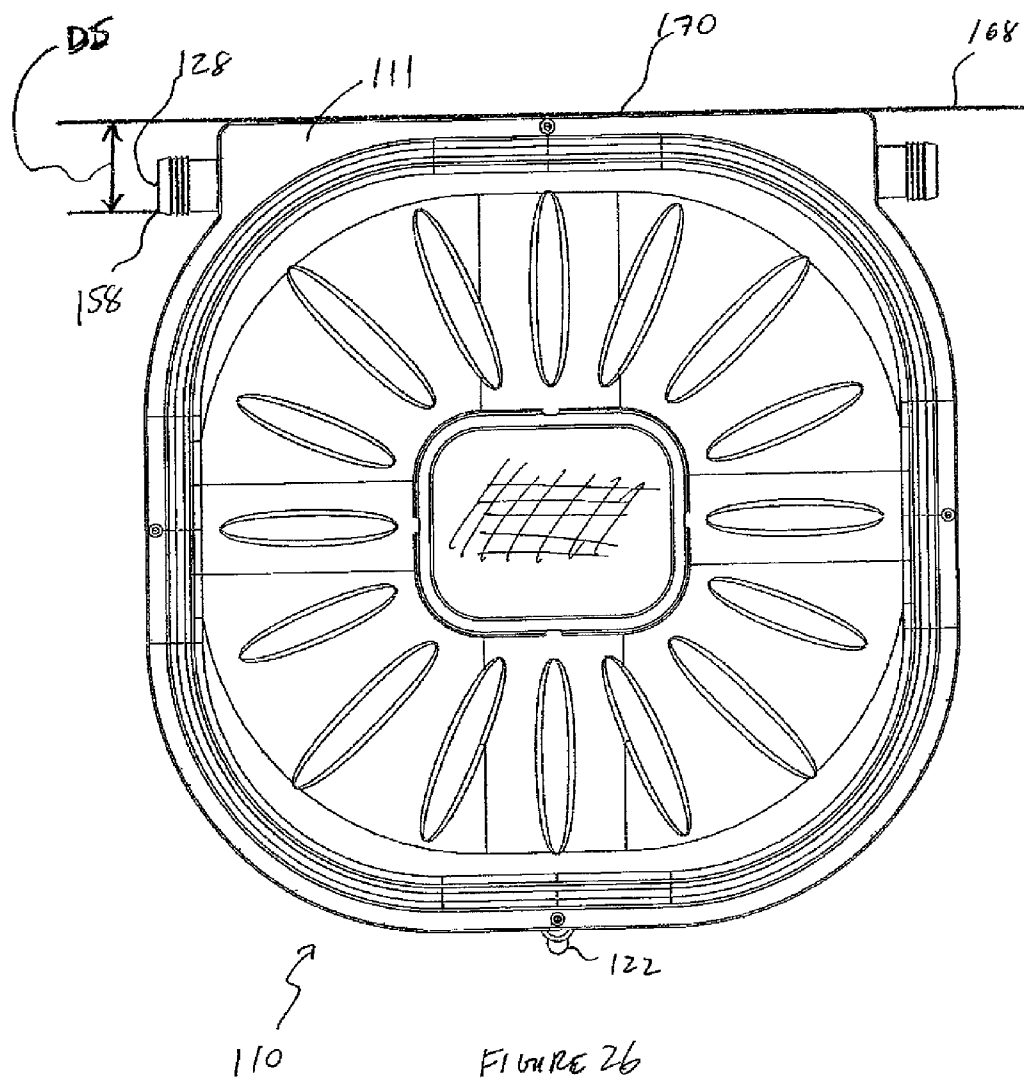


FIGURE 25



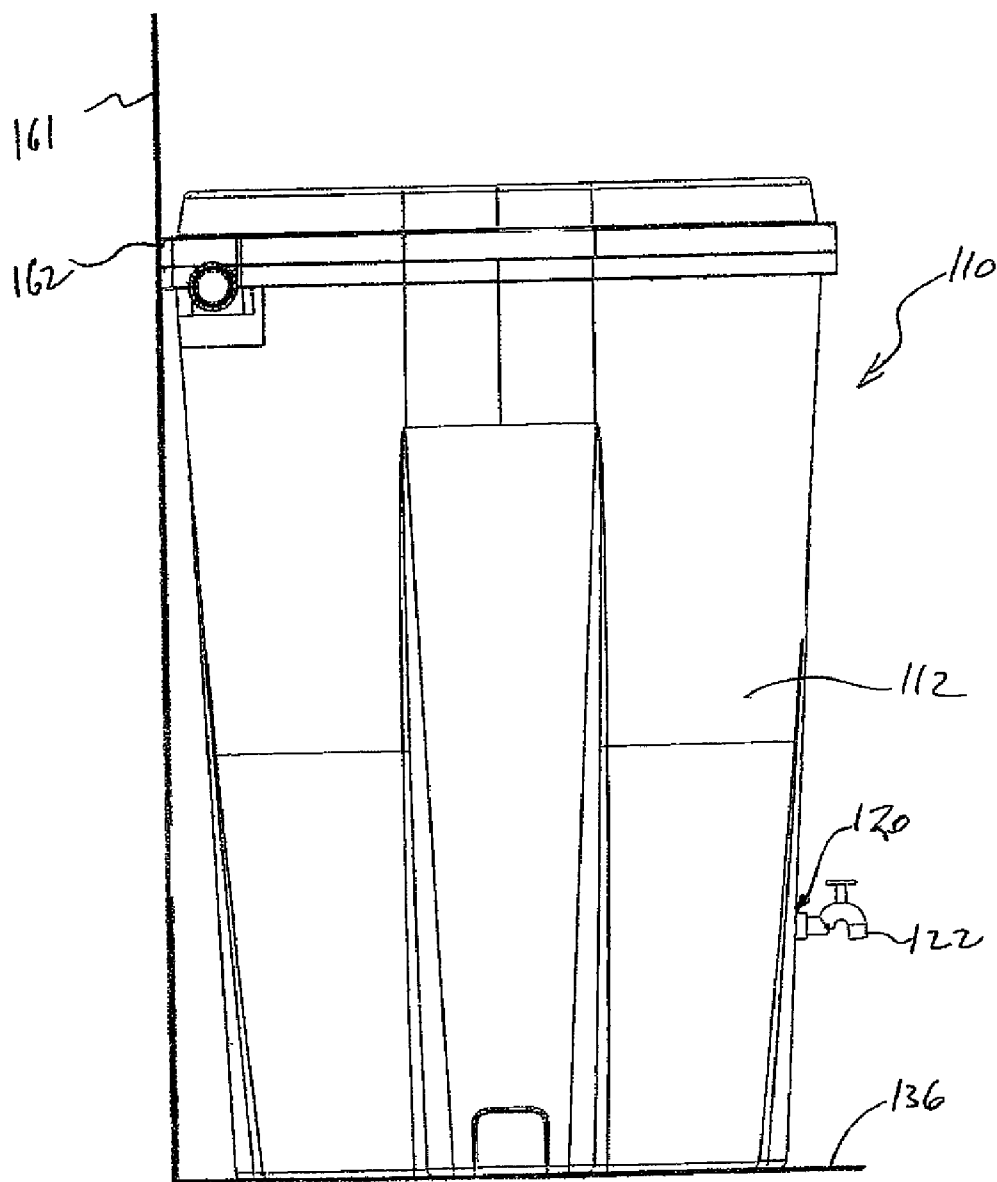


FIGURE 27

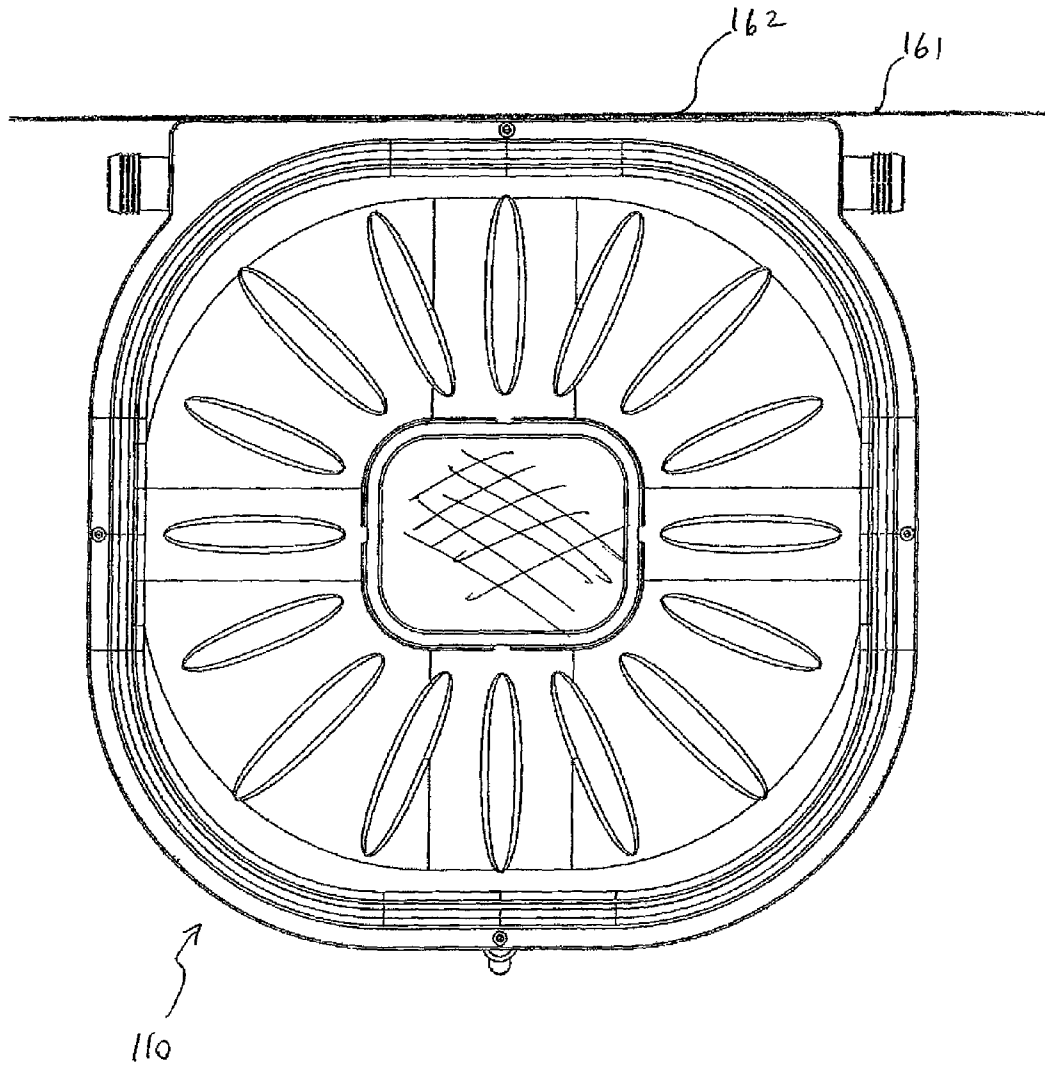


FIGURE 28

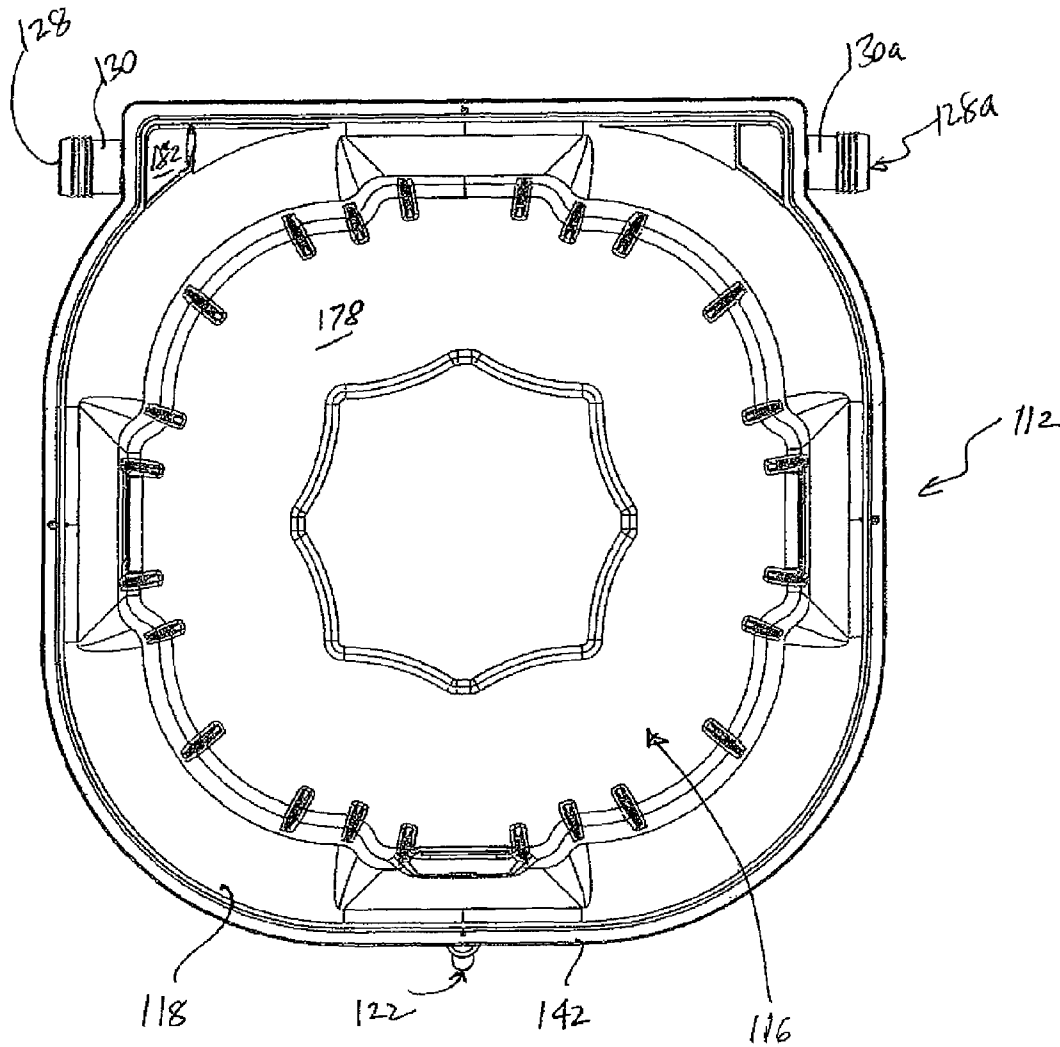


FIGURE 29

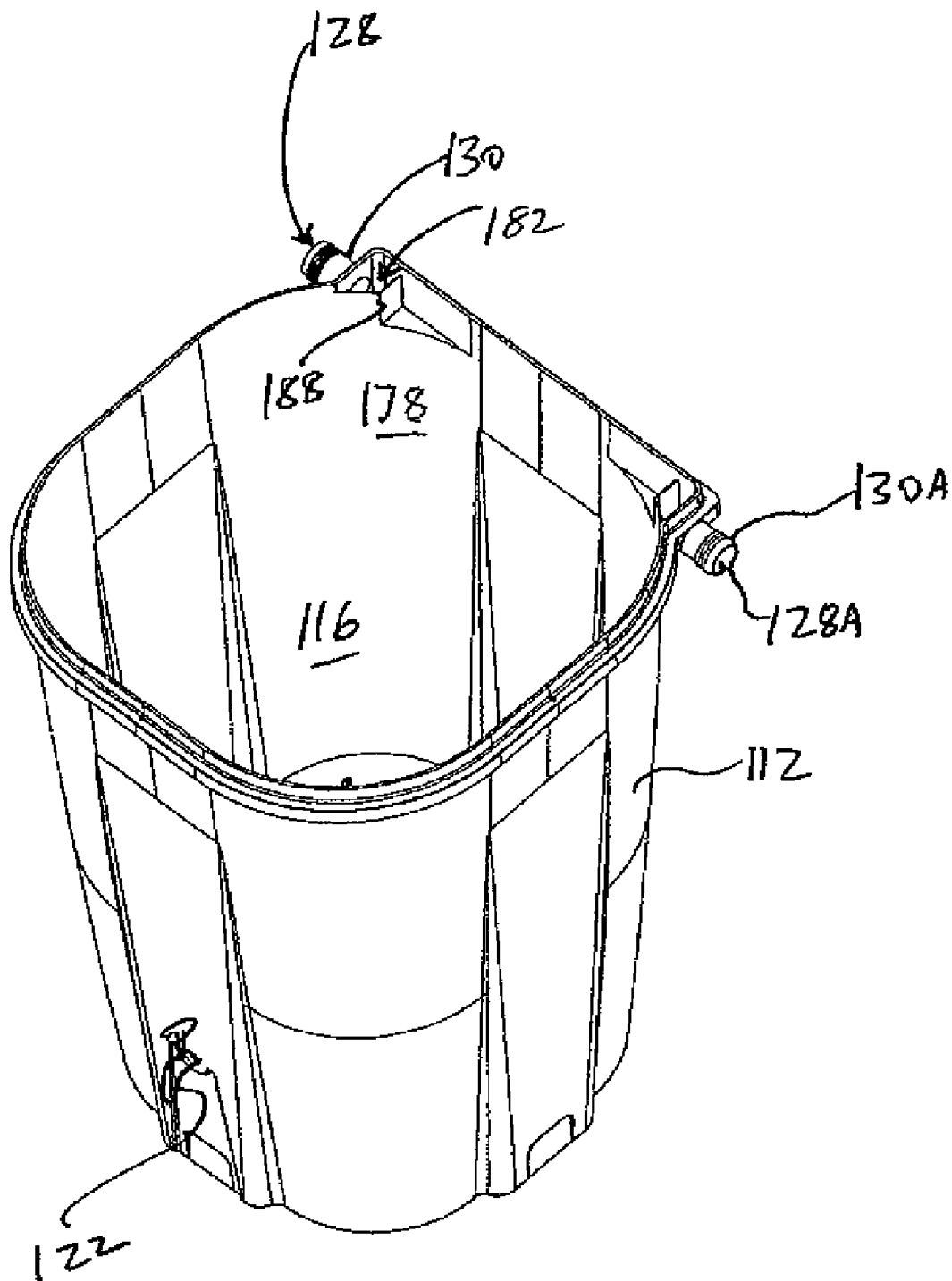


FIGURE 30

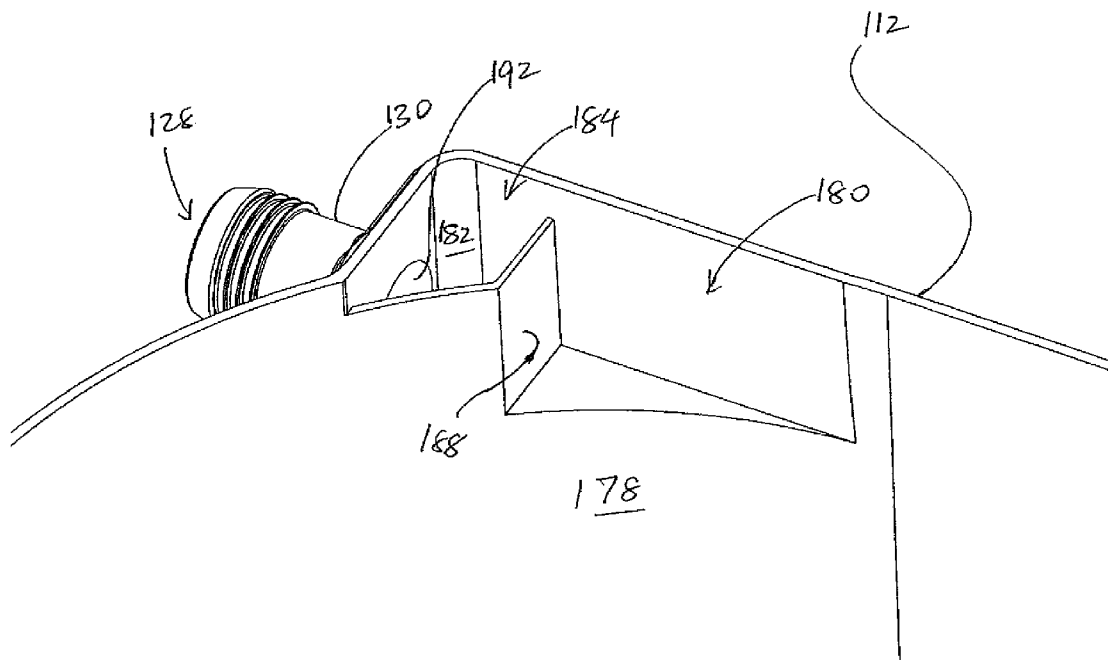


FIGURE 31

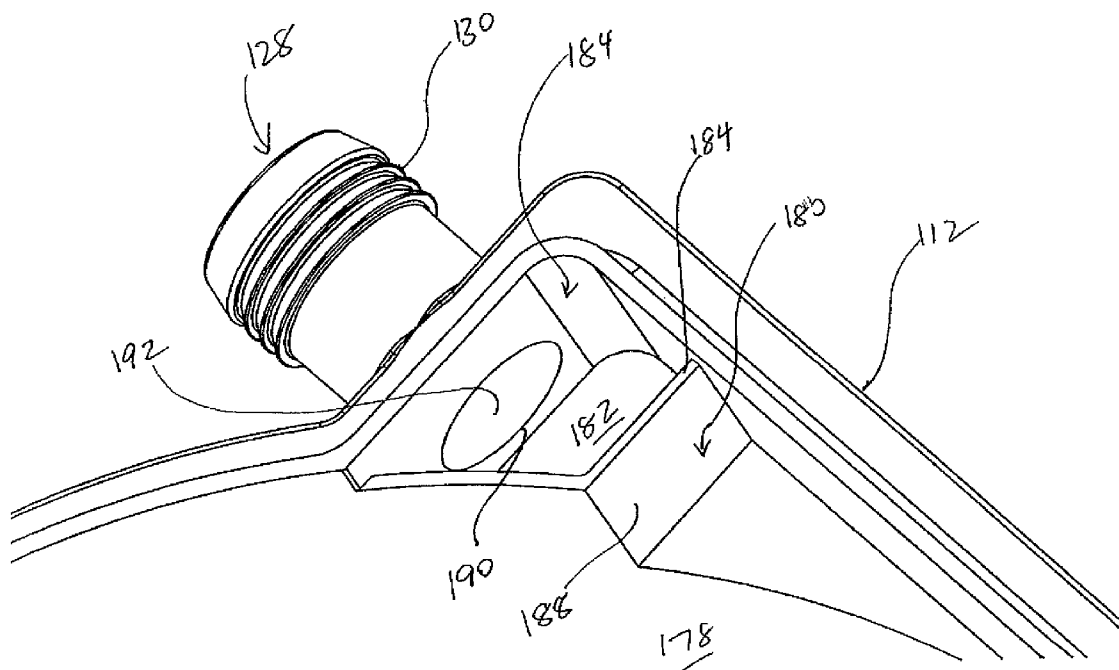


FIGURE 32

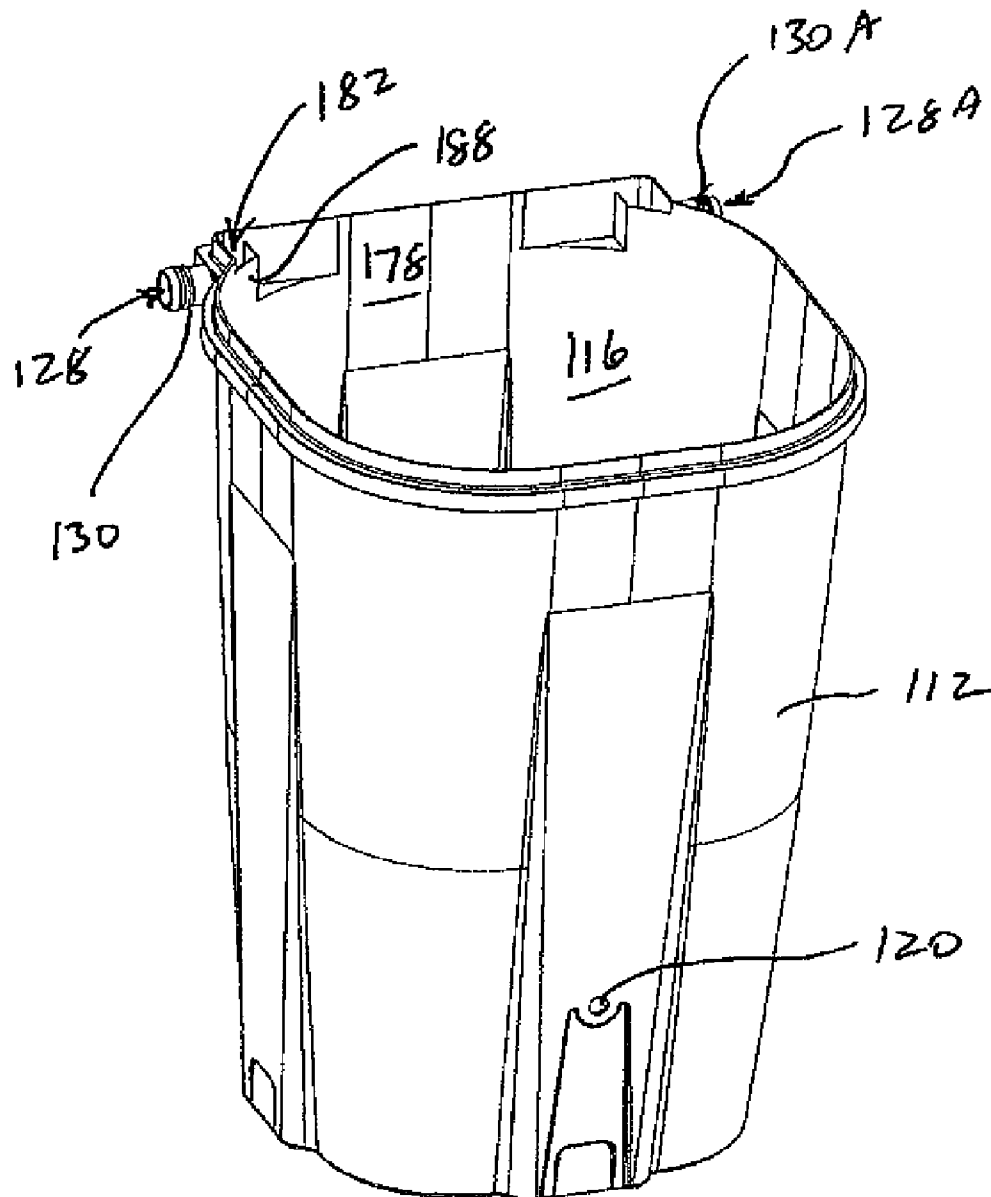


FIGURE 33

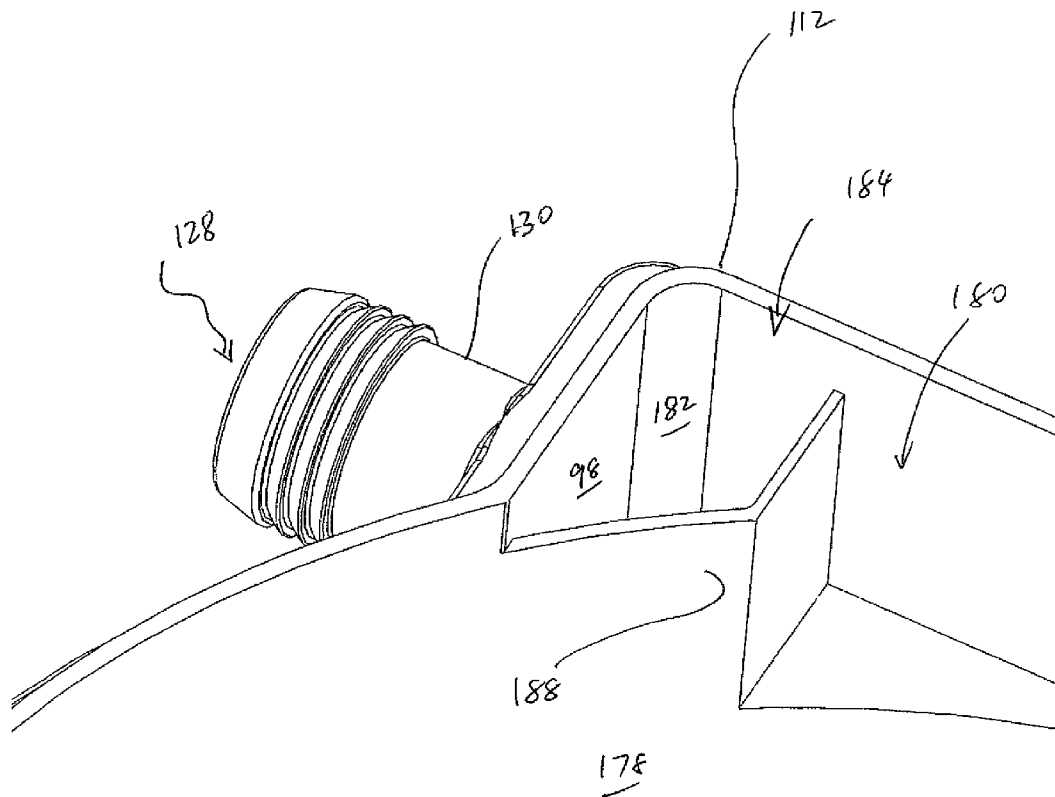


FIGURE 34

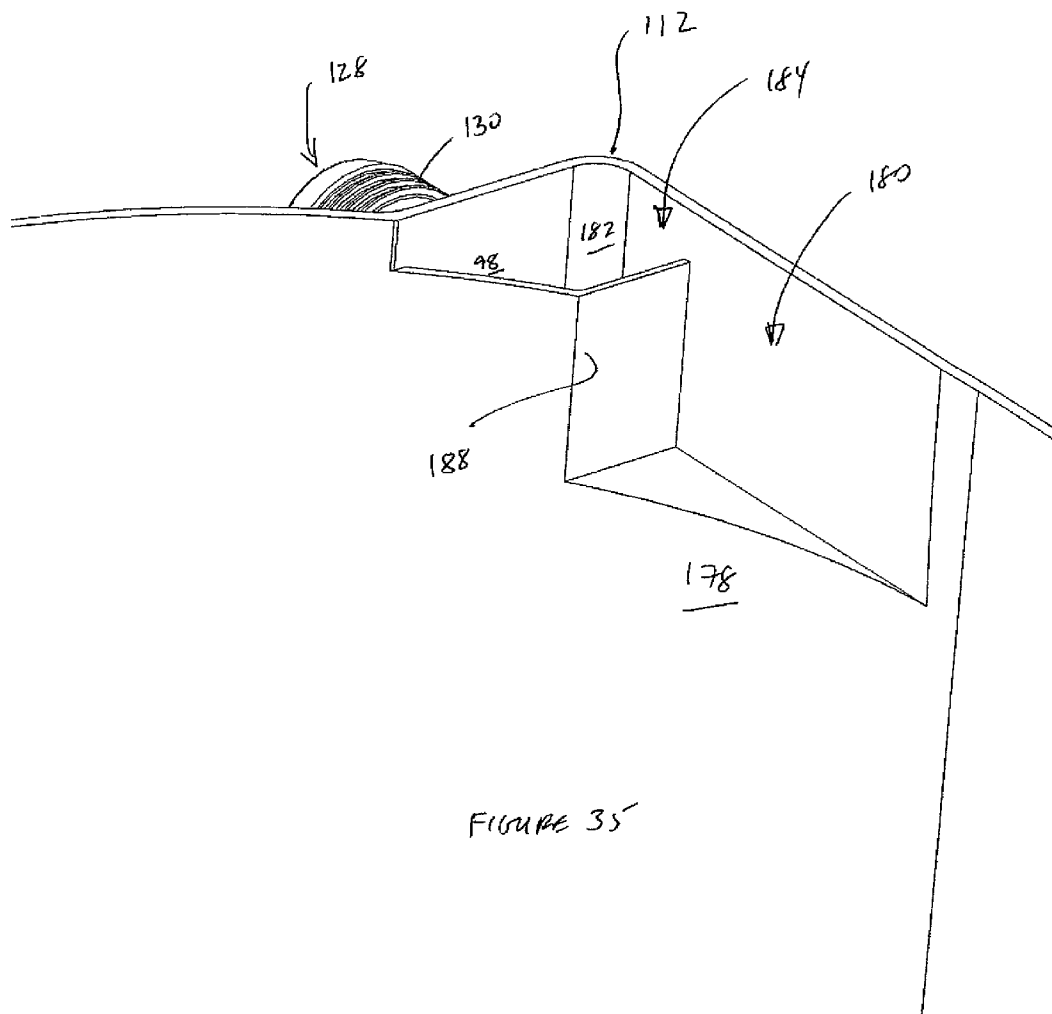


FIGURE 35

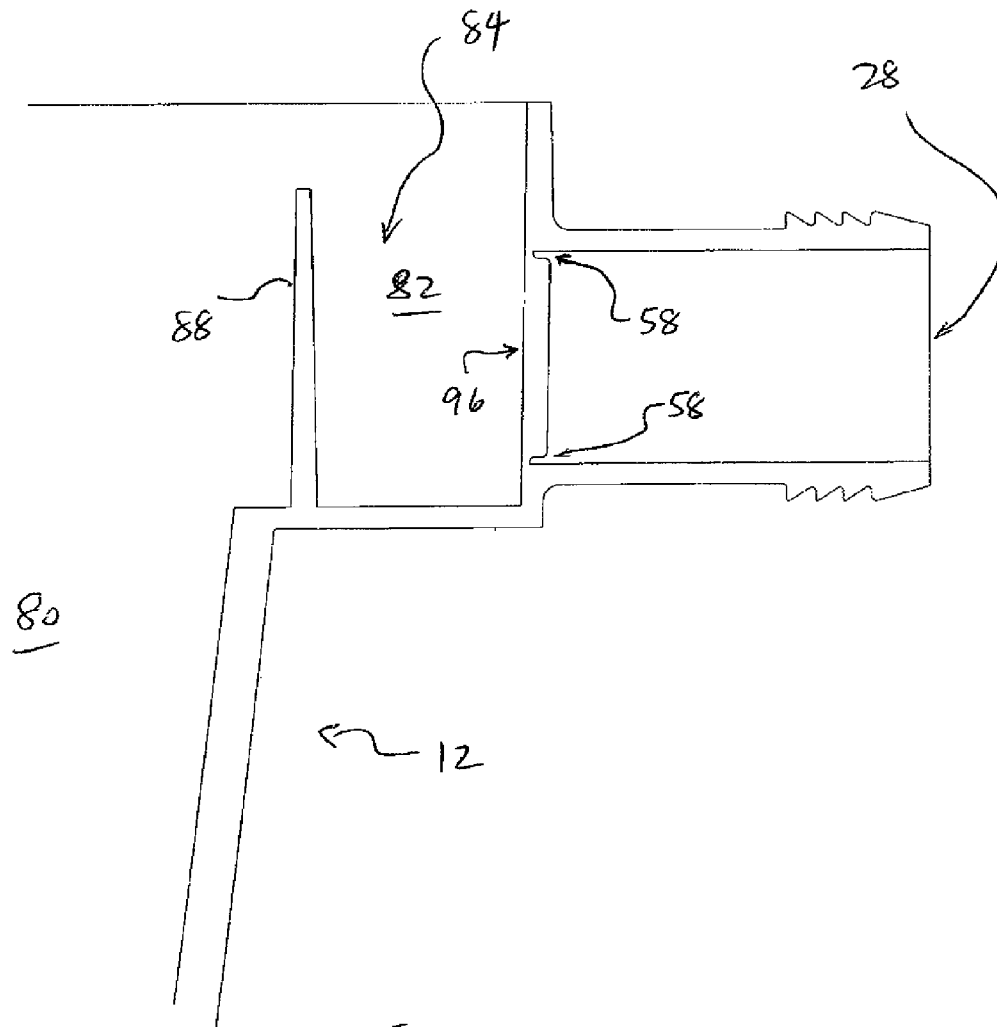


FIGURE 36

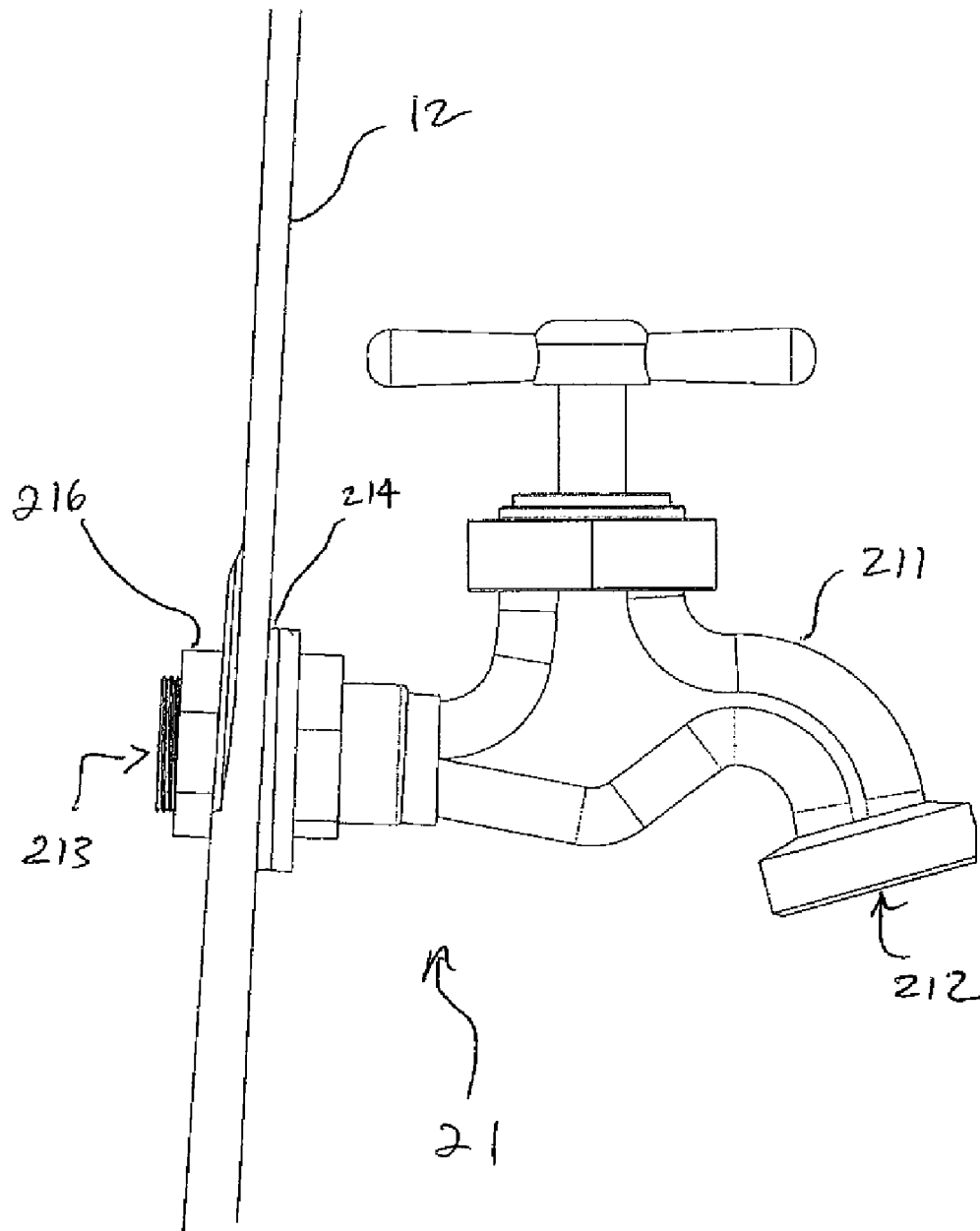
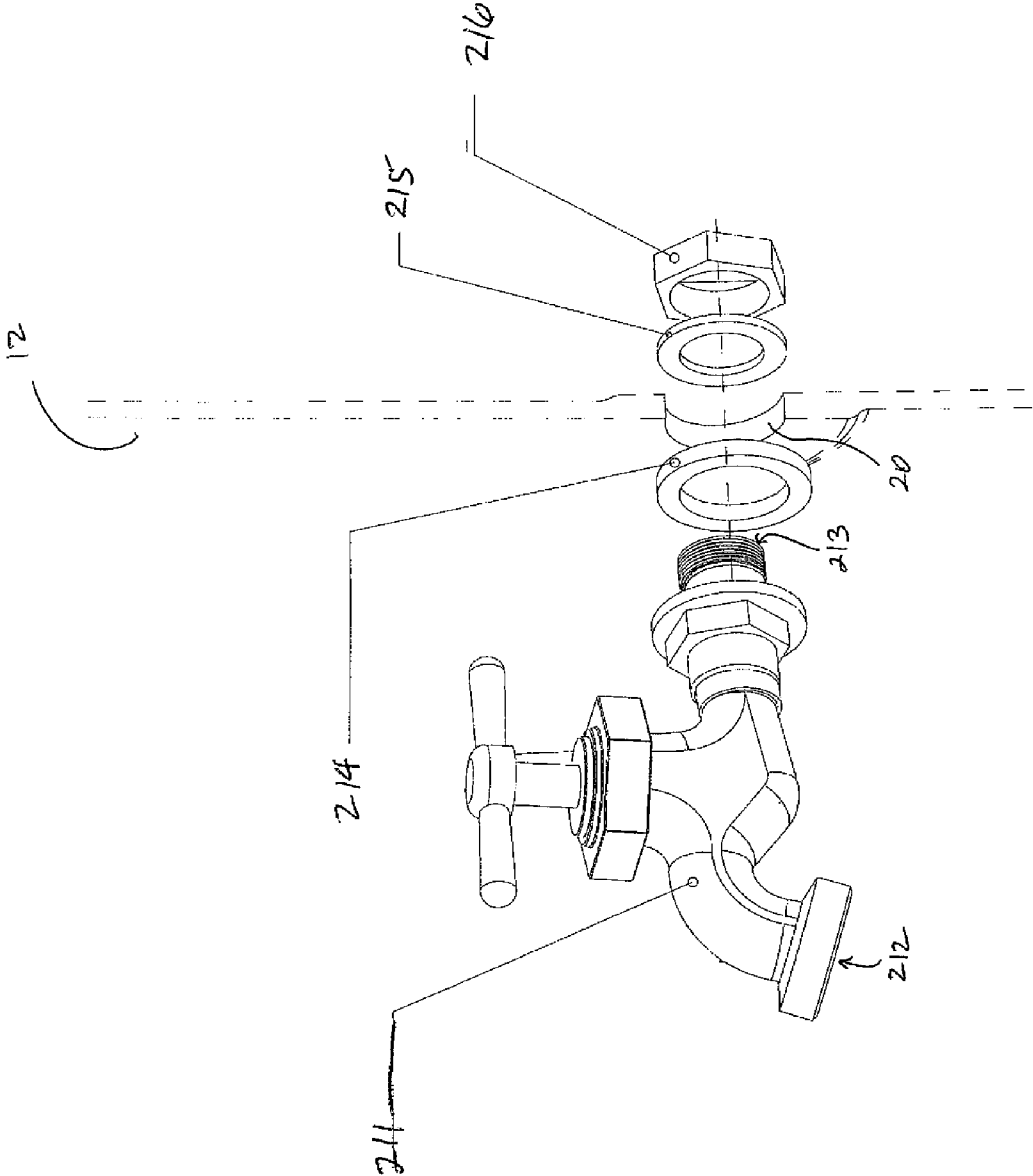


FIGURE 37

FIGURE 38



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PRECIPITATION COLLECTOR

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This relates to precipitation collectors and kits for assembling such devices.

BACKGROUND

Household use of precipitation collectors is becoming more widespread as water conservation awareness increases. A precipitation collector collects environmentally-derived precipitation and provides for storage of the collected precipitation until such time as it is desirable to use the collected precipitation for household purposes (eg. watering plants). Precipitation collectors should be ergonomically designed so as to facilitate their usage.

SUMMARY

In one aspect, there is provided a precipitation collector, comprising:

a container including a container space configured for containing precipitation received through a container opening, wherein the container includes a discharge outlet fluidly coupled to a valve to define selectively operable outlet of the collector for selectively discharging the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space; and

a lid partially covering the container opening, wherein the lid includes a lid passage which defines a collector inlet disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space;

wherein the container includes an overflow outlet configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation collected within the container space, wherein an edge of the perimeter of the overflow outlet, disposed furthest from a reference vertical plane tangent to an operative outermost external surface portion of the collector, is disposed at a minimum distance of less than six (6) inches from the reference vertical plane when the operative outermost external surface portion is positioned adjacent to the reference vertical plane when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface;

and wherein the operative outermost external surface portion is disposed on an operative external surface portion of the collector, and wherein the operative external surface portion of the collector is that portion of the external surface which is opposite from the external surface portion at which the selectively operable discharge outlet is disposed, and wherein the operative outermost external surface portion is a portion of the operative external surface portion which extends furthest outwardly relative to other portions of the operative external surface portion when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface.

In another aspect, there is provided a precipitation collector, comprising:

a container including a container space configured for containing precipitation received through a container opening; wherein the container includes a discharge outlet fluidly coupled to a valve to define a selectively operable outlet of the collector for selectively discharging the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space; and

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a lid partially covering the container opening, wherein the lid includes a lid passage which defines a collector inlet disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space;

wherein the container includes an overflow outlet configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation collected within the container space, wherein an edge of the perimeter of the overflow outlet, disposed furthest from an operative planar vertical surface, is disposed at a minimum distance of less than six (6) inches from the operative planar vertical surface when a position-operative external surface portion of the collector is positioned adjacent to the operative planar vertical surface when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface;

and wherein the position-operative external surface portion is a portion of the external surface of the collector which is opposite from the external surface portion at which the discharge outlet is disposed.

In a further aspect, there is provided a kit for assembly of a precipitation collector, comprising:

a container including a container space configured for containing precipitation received through a container opening, wherein the container includes a discharge outlet;

wherein either:

(a.1) a selectively operable outlet for selectively discharging precipitation which has been received within the container space is defined by a valve fluidly coupled to the discharge outlet;

or

(a.2) a valve is provided and configured for fluid coupling to the container to thereby co-operate with the discharge outlet such that the valve is operable to effect selective discharge, through the discharge outlet, of received precipitation which has been collected within the container space; and

a lid including a lid passage which defines a collector inlet, wherein the lid is either:

(a) coupled to the container and partially covering the container opening, and the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space; or

(b) positionable relative to the container to an operative position for partially covering the container opening, wherein the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening when the lid is disposed in the operative position such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space;

wherein the container includes an overflow outlet, or an outlet-creating portion configured for separation from the container to effect fluid communication between the container space and an overflow outlet, wherein the overflow outlet is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space, wherein an edge of the perimeter of the overflow outlet, disposed furthest from a reference vertical plane tangent to an operative outermost external surface portion of the collector, is disposed at a minimum distance of less than six (6) inches from the reference vertical plane when the operative outermost external surface portion is positioned adjacent to the reference vertical plane when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface;

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and wherein the operative outermost external surface portion is disposed on an operative external surface portion of the collector, and wherein the operative external surface portion of the collector is that portion of the external surface which is opposite from the external surface portion at which the discharge outlet is disposed, and wherein the operative outermost external surface portion is a portion of the operative external surface portion which extends furthest outwardly relative to other portions of the operative external surface portion when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface.

In yet another aspect, there is provided a kit for assembly of a precipitation collector, comprising:

a container including a container space configured for containing precipitation received through a container opening, wherein the container includes a discharge outlet;

wherein either:

(a.1) a selectively operable outlet for selectively discharging precipitation which has been received within the container space is defined by a valve fluidly coupled to the discharge outlet;

or

(a.2) a valve is provided and configured for fluid coupling to the container to thereby co-operate with the discharge outlet such that the valve is operable to effect selective discharge, through the discharge outlet, of received precipitation which has been collected within the container space; and

a lid including a lid passage which defines a collector inlet, wherein the lid is either:

(a) coupled to the container and partially covering the container opening, and the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space; or

(b) positionable relative to the container to an operative position for partially covering the container opening, wherein the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening when the lid is disposed in the operative position such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space;

wherein the container includes an overflow outlet, or an outlet-creating portion configured for separation from the container to effect fluid communication between the container space and an overflow outlet, wherein the overflow outlet is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space, wherein an edge of the perimeter of the overflow outlet, disposed furthest from an operative planar vertical surface, is disposed at a minimum distance of less than six (6) inches from the operative planar vertical surface when a position-operative external surface portion of the collector is positioned adjacent to the operative planar vertical surface when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface;

and wherein the position-operative external surface portion is a portion of the external surface of the collector which is opposite from the external surface portion at which the discharge outlet is disposed.

In a further aspect, there is provided a kit for assembly of a precipitation collector device, comprising:

a container including a container space configured for containing precipitation received through a container opening, wherein the container includes a discharge outlet, and wherein the container includes an overflow outlet, or an

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outlet-creating portion configured for separation from the container to effect fluid communication between the container space and an overflow outlet, wherein the overflow outlet is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space, wherein either:

(a.1) a selectively operable outlet for selectively discharging precipitation which has been received within the container space is defined by a valve fluidly coupled to the discharge outlet;

or

(a.2) a valve is provided and configured for fluid coupling to the container to thereby co-operate with the discharge outlet such that the valve is operable to effect selective discharge, through the discharge outlet, of received precipitation which has been collected within the container space;

a lid including a lid passage which defines a collector inlet, wherein the lid is either:

(b.1) coupled to the container and partially covering the container opening, and the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space; or

(b.2) positionable relative to the container to an operative position for partially covering the container opening, wherein the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening when the lid is disposed in the operative position such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space;

a flexible conduit coupled to, or configured for fluid coupling to, the overflow outlet; and

instructions for effecting connection of a clamp to a wall, fluid coupling of the flexible conduit to the overflow outlet, and co-operation between the clamp and the flexible conduit so as to effect coupling of the flexible conduit to the wall.

In yet a further aspect, there is provided a precipitation collector, comprising:

a container including a container space, wherein the container space includes a precipitation containment compartment provided in a precipitation containment compartment and an overflow containment compartment space provided in an overflow containment compartment, wherein the precipitation containment compartment is configured to receive precipitation through a container opening, and wherein the overflow containment compartment space is configured for receiving an overflow of precipitation from the precipitation containment compartment, and wherein the container includes a selectively operable outlet for selectively discharging precipitation which has been collected within the precipitation containment compartment;

a lid partially covering the container opening, wherein the lid includes a lid passage which defines a collector inlet disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space;

wherein the container includes an overflow fluid passage disposed in fluid communication with the overflow containment compartment space for effecting discharge of precipitation collected within the overflow containment compartment space through an outlet.

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In yet another aspect, there is provided a kit for assembling a precipitation collector, comprising:

a container including a container space, wherein the container space includes a precipitation containment compartment space provided in a precipitation containment compartment and an overflow compartment space provided in an overflow containment compartment, wherein the precipitation containment compartment is configured to receive precipitation through a container opening, and wherein the overflow containment compartment space is configured for receiving an overflow of precipitation from the precipitation containment compartment, wherein the container includes a discharge outlet, and wherein the container includes an overflow outlet, or an outlet-creating portion configured for separation from the container to effect fluid communication between the container space and an overflow outlet, wherein the overflow outlet is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space, wherein either:

(a.1) a selectively operable outlet for selectively discharging precipitation which has been received within the precipitation containment compartment space and is defined by a valve fluidly coupled to the discharge outlet;

or

(a.2) a valve is provided and configured for fluid coupling to the container to thereby co-operate with the discharge outlet such that the valve is operable to effect selective discharge, through the discharge outlet, of received precipitation which has been collected within the precipitation containment compartment space;

a lid including a lid passage which defines a collector inlet, wherein the lid is either:

(b.1) coupled to the container and partially covering the container opening, and the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space; or

(b.2) positionable relative to the container to an operative position for partially covering the container opening, wherein the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening when the lid is disposed in the operative position such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The embodiments disclosed herein will now be described in further detail with reference to the following figures:

FIG. 1 is a top perspective view of an embodiment of a precipitation collector;

FIG. 2 is a front elevation view of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a side elevation view of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is a rear elevation view of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1;

FIG. 5 is a top plan view of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1;

FIG. 6 is another side elevation view of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1, illustrating the dimension D1;

FIG. 7 is another top plan view of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1, illustrating the dimension D1;

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FIG. 8 is another side elevation view of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1, illustrating the dimension D2;

FIG. 9 is another top plan view of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1, illustrating the dimension D2;

FIG. 10 is another side elevation view of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1, illustrating a relationship between the precipitation collector of FIG. 1 and a reference planar vertical surface;

FIG. 11 is another top plan view of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1, illustrating a relationship between the precipitation collector of FIG. 1 and a reference planar vertical surface;

FIG. 12 is a top plan view of a container of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1;

FIG. 13 is a top perspective view of a container of the precipitation collector of FIG. 1;

FIG. 14 is a top perspective view of a section of the container of FIG. 13, illustrating an overflow compartment of the precipitation collector;

FIG. 15 is another top perspective view of a section of the container of FIG. 13, illustrating an overflow compartment of the precipitation collector;

FIG. 16 is a top perspective view of a system including an embodiment of a precipitation collector;

FIG. 17 is a top perspective view of an embodiment of a kit for assembling a precipitation collector;

FIG. 18 is a top perspective view of another embodiment of a kit for assembling a precipitation collector;

FIG. 19 is a front elevation view of the kit of FIG. 1;

FIG. 20 is a side elevation view of the kit of FIG. 18;

FIG. 21 is a rear elevation view of the kit of FIG. 18;

FIG. 22 is a top plan view of the kit of FIG. 18;

FIG. 23 is another side elevation view of the kit of FIG. 18, illustrating the dimension D4;

FIG. 24 is another top plan view of the kit of FIG. 18, illustrating the dimension D4;

FIG. 25 is another side elevation view of the kit of FIG. 18, illustrating the dimension D5;

FIG. 26 is another top plan view of the kit of FIG. 18, illustrating the dimension D5;

FIG. 27 is another side elevation view of the kit of FIG. 18, illustrating a relationship between the kit of FIG. 18 and a reference planar vertical surface;

FIG. 28 is another top plan view of the kit of FIG. 18, illustrating a relationship between the kit of FIG. 18 and a reference planar vertical surface;

FIG. 29 is a top plan view of a container of the kit of FIG. 18;

FIG. 30 is a top perspective view of a container of the kit of FIG. 18;

FIG. 31 is a top perspective view of a section of the container of FIG. 13, illustrating an overflow compartment of the kit of FIG. 18;

FIG. 32 is another top perspective view of a section of the container of FIG. 13, illustrating an overflow compartment of the kit of FIG. 18;

FIG. 33 is a top perspective view of a container of the kit of FIG. 17;

FIG. 34 is a top perspective view of a section of a container of another embodiment of a kit for assembling a precipitation collector, illustrating an outlet-creating portion of an overflow compartment of the container, which is configured for separation from the container;

FIG. 35 is another top perspective view of a section of the container of FIG. 34, illustrating an outlet-creating portion of an overflow compartment of the container, which is configured for separation from the container;

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FIG. 36 is a sectional elevation view of a section of the container of FIG. 34, illustrating an outlet-creating portion of an overflow compartment of the container, which is configured for separation from the container;

FIG. 37 is a sectional elevation view of a section of the container of the kit of FIG. 18, illustrating the integration of a valve with the container; and

FIG. 38 is an exploded view of the components illustrated in FIG. 37.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Referring to FIGS. 1 to 15, there is provided a precipitation collector 10. Referring to FIGS. 16 to 38, there is also provided a kit for assembling a precipitation collector 10.

A. Precipitation Collector

The precipitation collector 10 is provided for receiving and collecting all forms of environmental precipitation which are capable of entering the precipitation collector 10 through a lid passage 38 (described below), such as rain, sleet and snow.

The precipitation collector 10 includes a container 12 and a lid 14.

Referring to FIG. 12, the container 12 includes a container space 16 configured for containing precipitation received through a container opening 18. Referring to FIG. 1, the container 12 includes a discharge outlet 20 which co-operates with a valve 21 coupled to the container 12 so as to define a selectively operable outlet 22 of the collector 10 for selectively discharging the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space 16.

In some embodiments, for example, the collector 10 includes a base 24 (such as a substantially planar base) and a continuous sidewall 25 extending from the base 24. The base 24 and the continuous sidewall 25 define the container space 16. The continuous sidewall 25 is suitably reinforced so as to resist hydrostatic pressure forces effected by precipitation which has been collected within the container space 16. For example, the reinforcement is effected by providing some regions 26 with thicker wall portions.

In some embodiments, for example, the continuous sidewall 25 of the container 12 is substantially square-shaped. This facilitates for the closely-spaced arrangement of multiple precipitation collectors, which thereby reduces space requirements for transportation.

The container 12 also includes an overflow outlet 28 configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation collected within the container space 16. In some embodiments, for example, two outlets 28, 28a are provided on opposite sides of the collector 10.

In some embodiments, for example, the overflow outlet 28 is defined by an overflow conduit structure 30 extending from an external surface 32 of the container 12. Similarly, where there is a second outlet 28a, second outlet 28a is defined by overflow conduit structure 30a.

In some embodiments, for example, the axis 34 of the overflow outlet 28 is disposed a minimum distance D3 of at least twenty (20) inches above the base 24 of the collector 10 when the base 24 is disposed on a reaction surface 36. For example, in some embodiments, the axis 34 is disposed 30.75 inches above the base 24 when the base 24 is disposed on a reaction surface 36.

The lid 14 is provided for partially covering the container opening 18. The lid 14 includes a lid passage 38 which defines a collector inlet 40 disposed in fluid communication with the container space 16 through the container opening 18. The lid passage 38 provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space 16.

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In some embodiments, for example, the lid 14 is coupled to the container 12. In some of these embodiments, for example, the lid 14 is coupled to a rim 42 of the container 12 with one or more fasteners. For example, the lid 14 is coupled to the rim 42 with screws 44.

In some embodiments, for example, a lid upper surface portion 46 extends from the periphery 48 of the lid passage 38 and is sloped downwardly towards the lid passage 38 so as to facilitate flow of precipitation collected on the lid upper surface portion 46 towards the lid passage 38.

In some embodiments, for example, a filter element 50 extends across the lid passage 38. The filter element mitigates the ingress of solid matter into the container space 16. For example, a suitable filter element includes a mesh. For example, in some embodiments, the filter element includes 16×16 per inch stainless steel mesh with a wire diameter of 0.0180 inch, with a rim (for example, made of plastic or aluminum) joined to the mesh and extending about the perimeter of the mesh.

In some embodiments, for example, the lid 14 includes a lip 52 extending about the periphery 48 of the lid upper surface portion 46, thereby containing precipitation collected on the lid upper surface portion 46 so as to mitigate movement of the collected precipitation over the peripheral edge 54 of the lid 14.

In some embodiments, for example, the valve 21 is a 45-degree garden faucet or "bib cock".

In some embodiments, for example, the material of one of, or each of, the container 12 and the lid 14 is plastic. For example, suitable plastics include polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride. For example, one of, or each of, the container 12 and the lid 14 is injection molded.

The precipitation collector 10 additionally includes any one of, or any combination of, the following aspects, including described exemplary embodiments of the following agents.

A1. Disposition of Overflow of Precipitation Collector

There is provided aspects relating to the disposition of the overflow of the container 12.

In this respect, in one aspect, and referring to FIGS. 6 and 7, the overflow outlet 28 of the container 12 is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation collected within the container space 16. An edge of the perimeter 58 of the overflow outlet 28, disposed furthest from a reference vertical plane 60 tangent to an operative outermost external surface portion 62 of the collector 10, is disposed at a minimum distance D1 of less than six (6) inches from the reference vertical plane 60 when the operative outermost external surface portion 62 is positioned adjacent to the reference vertical plane 60 when the container 12 is supported on a horizontal reaction surface 36. For example, in some embodiments, the edge of the perimeter 58 is disposed 2.5 inches from the reference vertical plane 60 when the operative outermost external surface portion 62 is positioned adjacent to the reference vertical plane 60 when the container 12 is supported on a horizontal reaction surface 36. The operative outermost external surface portion 62 is disposed on an operative external surface portion 64 of the collector 10. The operative external surface portion 64 of the container 12 is that portion of the external surface 11 of the collector 10 which is opposite from the external surface portion 66 at which the discharge outlet 20 is disposed. The operative outermost external surface portion 62 is a portion of the operative external surface portion 64 which extends furthest outwardly relative to other portions of the operative external surface portion 64 when the collector 10 is supported on a horizontal reaction surface 36.

In another related aspect, and referring to FIGS. 8 and 9, the overflow outlet 28 of the container 12 is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation collected within the container space 16. An edge of the perimeter 58 of the overflow outlet 28, disposed furthest from an operative planar vertical surface 68, is disposed at a minimum distance D2 of less than six (6) inches from the operative planar vertical surface 68 when a position-operative external surface portion 70 of the collector 10 is positioned adjacent to the operative planar vertical surface 68 when the collector 10 is supported on a horizontal reaction surface 36. The position-operative external surface portion 70 is a portion of the external surface 11 of the collector 10 which is opposite from the external surface portion 66 at which the discharge outlet 20 is disposed. For example, in some embodiments, the edge of the perimeter 58 is disposed 2.5 inches from the operative planar vertical surface 68 when a position-operative external surface portion 70 of the collector 10 is positioned adjacent to the operative planar vertical surface 68 when the collector 10 is supported on a horizontal reaction surface 36.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector 10 including either one of the above-described aspects, for example, and referring to FIGS. 9 and 10, the operative outermost external surface portion 62 is a portion of a substantially planar surface portion 72 which is contiguous to the reference vertical plane 60 when the collector 10 is supported on a horizontal reaction surface 36. In some of these embodiments, for example, the substantially planar surface portion 72 includes a length of at least ten (10) inches. For example, in some embodiments, the length is twenty (20) inches.

Referring to FIGS. 10 and 11, in some embodiments of a precipitation collector 10 including either one of the above-described aspects, for example, the operative outermost external surface portion 62 of the container 12 is shaped to co-operate with a planar vertical surface 61 such that the container 12 is positionable so that the operative outermost external surface portion 62 is disposed contiguous to the planar vertical surface 61 when the collector 10 is supported on a horizontal reaction surface 36.

A2. Precipitation Collector with Overflow Compartment

Referring to FIGS. 12 to 15, another aspect of the precipitation collector 10 which is provided is a container 12 with separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments 84, 80. The overflow containment compartment 84 enables the container 12 to receive and contain a larger volume of precipitation, before capacity is exceeded and the collected precipitation overflows the container 12. This is because, with a separate overflow compartment 84, the liquid level in the precipitation containment compartment 80 is permitted to closer approach the top of the container 12 before being directed to an overflow outlet 28. In those embodiments with two overflow outlets 28, 28a, a corresponding overflow compartment 84 may be provided for each of the outlets 28, 28a.

In this respect, the container space 16 includes a precipitation containment compartment space 78 provided in a precipitation containment compartment 80 and an overflow containment compartment space 82 provided in an overflow compartment 84. The precipitation containment compartment 80 is configured to receive precipitation through a container opening 18. The overflow containment compartment space 82 is configured for receiving an overflow of precipitation from the precipitation containment compartment 80. An overflow fluid passage 86 is disposed in fluid communication with the overflow compartment space 82 for effecting

discharge of precipitation collected within the overflow containment compartment space 82 through the overflow outlet 28.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector 10 including separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments 84, 80, for example, the overflow fluid passage 86 extends from the overflow containment compartment space 82.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector 10 including separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments 84, 80, for example, the overflow containment compartment space 82 is separated from the precipitation containment compartment 80 by a weir 88. The overflow of precipitation from the precipitation containment compartment 80 is effected when the level of the precipitation within the container 12 exceeds the height of the weir 88.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector 10 including separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments 84, 80, the overflow fluid passage 86 extends from the overflow containment compartment space 82 through a container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion 92. The lowermost edge 90 of the container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion 92 is disposed below the upper edge 94 of the weir 88 when the base 24 of the collector 10 is supported on a substantially horizontal reaction surface 36 (see FIG. 15). For example, when the base 24 of the collector 10 is supported on a substantially horizontal reaction surface 36, the lowermost edge 90 of the container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion is disposed below the upper edge 94 of the weir 88 by a minimum distance of at least 0.75 inches. As another example, when the base 24 of the collector 10 is supported on a substantially horizontal reaction surface 36, the lowermost edge 90 of the container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion 92 is disposed below the upper edge 94 of the weir 88 by 1.75 inches.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector 10 including separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments 84, 80, for example, the precipitation containment compartment 80 is positioned to receive precipitation through the container opening 18.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector 10 including separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments 84, 80, for example, the precipitation containment compartment 80 is disposed in alignment with the lid passage 38.

In some embodiments, for example, the overflow fluid passage 86 includes a minimum cross-sectional area of at least 1.2 square inches. In some embodiments, for example, the overflow fluid passage 86 includes a minimum cross-sectional area of between 1.2 square inches and 3.0 square inches. In some embodiments, for example, the overflow fluid passage 86 includes a minimum cross-sectional area of 1.7 square inches.

B. Kit for Assembling a Precipitation Collector.

A kit is provided for assembling a precipitation collector 10. The precipitation collector 10 is provided for receiving and collecting all forms of environmental precipitation which are capable of entering the precipitation collector 10 through a lid opening 38, such as rain, sleet and snow.

The kit includes a container 12 and a lid 14, and optionally includes a valve 21. In some embodiments, the kit further includes instructions for effecting coupling of the valve 21 to the container 12, as is described below.

Referring to FIGS. 18 to 22, the container 12 including a container space 16 configured for containing precipitation received through a container opening 18. The container 12 includes a discharge outlet 20, and either: (a) a selectively

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operable outlet **22** for selectively discharging precipitation which has been received within the container space **16** is defined by a valve **21** fluidly coupled to the discharge outlet **20**, or (b) a valve **21** is provided and configured for fluid coupling to the container **12** to thereby co-operate with the discharge outlet **20** such that the valve **21** is operable to effect selective discharge, through the discharge outlet **20**, of received precipitation which has been collected within the container space **16**.

In some embodiments, for example, and referring to FIGS. **37** and **38**, the valve **21** includes a brass spigot **211**. The brass spigot **211** includes a discharge port **212** which fluidly communicates with a fluid source port **213**, and the fluid source port is configured for receiving a flow of collected precipitation from the container space **16**, and the flow of collected precipitation flows through the discharge port **212** when a sealing element of the brass spigot **211** is disposed in an open position, thereby permitting flow between the fluid source port **213** and the discharge port **212**. The fluid source port **213** is externally threaded. Coupling of the brass spigot **211** to the discharge outlet **20** is effected by fitting a rubber gasket **214** over the fluid source port **213** of the brass spigot **211** and then inserting the fluid source port **213** through the discharge outlet **20** such that the fluid source port **213** becomes disposed within the container space **16**, and the rubber gasket is pressed against an external surface of the container **12**. Next, a washer **215** is fitted over the fluid source port **213**, and an internally threaded brass nut **216** is threadably coupled to the fluid source port **213** such that the washer **215** is pressed between the brass nut **216** and an internal surface of the container **12** and such that the spigot **211** becomes coupled to the container **12** and disposed in fluid communication with the container space **16**.

FIG. **17** illustrates a container **12** and a lid **14** of a kit where a valve **21** must still be installed and the container **12** is coupled to the lid **14**. FIG. **18** illustrates a kit where the valve is already coupled to the container **12**, and the lid **14** is coupled to the container **12**.

Otherwise, the container **12** and the lid **14** of the kit illustrated in FIG. **17** is identical to the container **12** and the lid **14** of the kit illustrated in FIG. **18**.

In some embodiments, for example, the collector **10** includes a base **24** (such as a substantially planar base) and a continuous sidewall **25** extending from the base **24**. The base **24** and the continuous sidewall **25** define the container space **16**. The continuous sidewall **25** is suitably reinforced so as to resist hydrostatic pressure forces effected by precipitation which has been collected within the container space **16**. For example, the reinforcement is effected by providing some regions **26** with thicker wall portions.

In some embodiments, for example, the continuous sidewall **25** of the container **12** is substantially square-shaped. This facilitates for the closely-spaced arrangement of multiple precipitation collectors, which thereby reduces space requirements for transportation.

The container **12** also includes an overflow outlet **28**, or an outlet-creating portion **98** (see the embodiment illustrated in FIGS. **33** to **36**) configured for separation from the container **12** to effect fluid communication between the container space **16** and an overflow outlet **28**, wherein the overflow outlet **28** is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space **16**. In some embodiments, a second overflow outlet **28a**, or a second outlet-creating portion **98a** is provided.

In some embodiments, for example, and referring to FIG. **36**, the outlet-creating portion **98** is defined by a weakened portion **96** of the container **12** and is configured for separation

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from the container **12** by applying a pressing force to the weakened portion **96**. In some of these embodiments, for example, and referring to FIG. **36**, the weakened portion **96** includes a perimeter **58** whose wall thickness is thinner relative to a container portion disposed peripherally of the perimeter **58**.

In some embodiments, for example, the overflow outlet **28** is defined by an overflow conduit structure **30** extending from an external surface **32** of the container **12**. In those embodiments with second overflow outlet **28a** or a second outlet creating portion **98a**, a second overflow conduit structure **30a** is provided.

In some embodiments, for example, the axis **34** of the overflow outlet **28** is disposed a minimum distance **D6** of at least twenty (20) inches above the base **24** of the collector **10** when the base **24** is disposed on a reaction surface **36**. For example, in some embodiments, the axis **34** is disposed 30.75 inches above the base **24** when the base **24** is disposed on a reaction surface **36**.

The lid includes a lid passage **38** which defines a collector inlet **40**. The lid **14** is either: (a) coupled to the container **12** and partially covering the container opening **18**, and the collector inlet **40** is disposed in fluid communication with the container space **16** through the container opening **18** such that the lid passage **38** provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space **16**, or (b) positionable relative to the container **12** to an operative position for partially covering the container opening **18**, wherein the collector inlet **40** is disposed in fluid communication with the container space **16** through the container opening **18** when the lid **14** is disposed in the operative position such that the lid passage **38** provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space **16**.

In some embodiments, for example, the lid **14** is coupled to the container **12** and partially covering the container opening **18**, and the collector inlet **40** is disposed in fluid communication with the container space **16** through the container opening **18** such that the lid passage **38** provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space **16**. In some of these embodiments, for example, the lid **14** is coupled to a rim **42** of the container **12** with one or more fasteners. For example, the lid **14** is coupled to the rim **42** with screws **44**.

In some embodiments, for example, the lid **14** is positionable relative to the container **12** to an operative position for partially covering the container opening **18**, wherein the collector inlet **40** is disposed in fluid communication with the container space **16** through the container opening **18** when the lid **14** is disposed in the operative position such that the lid passage **38** provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space **16**. In this respect, in some embodiments, for example, the lid **14** is configured for coupling to a rim **42** of the container **12** with one or more fasteners (such as screws **44**) to assume the operative position.

In some embodiments, for example, a lid upper surface portion **46** extends from the periphery **48** of the lid passage **38** and is sloped downwardly towards the lid passage **38** so as to facilitate flow of precipitation collected on the lid upper surface portion **46** towards the lid passage **38**.

In some embodiments, for example, a filter element **50** extends across the lid passage **38**. The filter element **50** mitigates the ingress of solid matter into the container space **16**. For example, a suitable filter element **50** includes a mesh. For example, in some embodiments, the filter element includes 16x16 per inch stainless steel mesh with a wire diameter of

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0.0180 inch, with a rim (for example, made of plastic or aluminum) joined to the mesh and extending about the perimeter of the mesh.

In some embodiments, for example, the lid **14** includes a lip **52** extending about the periphery **48** of the lid upper surface portion **46**, thereby containing precipitation collected on the lid upper surface portion **46** so as to mitigate movement of the collected precipitation over the peripheral edge **54** of the lid **14**.

In some embodiments, for example, the valve **21** is 45-degree garden faucet or “bib-cock”.

In some embodiments, for example, the material of one of, or each of, the container **12** and the lid **14** is plastic. For example, suitable plastics include polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride. For example, one of, or each of, the container **12** and the lid is injection molded.

The kit additionally includes any one of, or any combination of, the following aspects, including described exemplary embodiments of the following aspects.

B1. Kit for Assembling a Precipitation Collector Including Novel Disposition of Overflow Outlet

There is provided aspects relating to the disposition of the overflow of the container **112**.

In this respect, and referring to FIGS. **23** and **24**, in one aspect, the overflow outlet **28** of the container **112** is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation collected within the container space **16**. An edge of the perimeter **58** of the overflow outlet **28**, disposed furthest from a reference vertical plane **60** tangent to an operative outermost external surface portion **62** of the container **112**, is disposed at a minimum distance **D4** of less than six (6) inches from the reference vertical plane **60** when the operative outermost external surface portion **62** is positioned adjacent to the reference vertical plane **60** when the collector **10** is supported on a horizontal reaction surface **36**. For example, in some embodiments, the edge of the perimeter **58** is disposed 2.5 inches from the reference vertical plane **60** when the operative outermost external surface portion **62** is positioned adjacent to the reference vertical plane **60** when the collector **10** is supported on a horizontal reaction surface **36**. The operative outermost external surface portion **62** is disposed on an operative external surface portion **64** of the collector **10**. The operative external surface portion **64** of the collector **10** is that portion of the external surface of the collector **10** which is opposite from the external surface portion **66** at which the discharge outlet **20** is disposed. The operative outermost external surface portion is a portion **62** of the operative external surface portion **64** which extends furthest outwardly relative to other portions of the operative external surface portion **64** when the collector **10** is supported on a horizontal reaction surface **36**.

In another related aspect, and referring to FIGS. **25** and **26**, the overflow outlet **28** of the container **112** is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation collected within the container space **16**. An edge of the perimeter **58** of the overflow outlet **28**, disposed furthest from an operative planar vertical surface **68**, is disposed at a minimum distance **D5** of less than six (6) inches from the operative planar vertical surface **68** when a position-operative exterior surface portion **70** of the collector **10** is positioned adjacent to the operative planar vertical surface **68** when the collector **10** is supported on a horizontal reaction surface **36**. For example, in some embodiments, the edge of the perimeter **58** is disposed 0.5 inches from the operative planar vertical surface **68** when a position-operative exterior surface portion **70** of the collector **10** is positioned adjacent to the operative planar vertical surface **68** when the collector **10** is supported on a

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horizontal reaction surface **36**. The position-operative external surface portion **64** is a portion of the external surface **11** of the collector **10** which is opposite from the external surface portion of the container **112** at which the discharge outlet **20** is disposed.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector **10** including either one of the above-described aspects, for example, the operative outermost external surface portion **62** is a portion of a substantially planar surface portion **72** which is contiguous to the reference vertical plane **60** when the collector **10** is supported on a horizontal reaction surface **36**. In some of these embodiments, for example, the substantially planar surface portion **72** includes a length of at least ten (10) inches. For example, in some embodiments, the length is twenty (20) inches.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector **10** including either one of the above-described aspects, for example, and referring to FIGS. **27** and **28**, the operative outermost external surface portion **62** of the container **112** is shaped to co-operate with a planar vertical surface **61** such that the collector **10** is positionable so that the operative outermost external surface portion is disposed contiguous to the planar vertical surface **61** when the container **112** is supported on a horizontal reaction surface **36**.

B2. Kit for Assembling a Precipitation Collector Including a Flexible Conduit

There is provided an aspect relating to the directing of overflow from the container **112** of the precipitation collector **10**.

In this respect, and referring to FIG. **16**, there is further provided a flexible conduit **31** coupled to, or configured for fluid coupling to, the overflow outlet **28**. The flexible conduit **31** is provided to direct the overflow to a desirable location. In some embodiments, for example, the flexible conduit **31** is a 1.5 inch inside diameter corrugated plastic pipe. For example, suitable plastics includes polypropylene or polyvinylchloride.

There is also provided instructions for effecting connection of a clamp **33** (such as, for example, a C-clamp) to a wall **35**, fluid coupling of the flexible conduit **31** to the overflow outlet **28**, and co-operation between the clamp **33** and the flexible conduit **31** so as to effect coupling of the flexible conduit **31** to the wall **35**. Optionally, there is also provided a clamp **33** with fasteners for effecting connection of the clamp **33** to the wall. In this respect, a hose clamp is slid over the flexible conduit **31**, and the assembly is fitted over the overflow outlet **28**. The hose clamp is then tightened to effect a more robust connection to the overflow outlet **28**. The flexible conduit **31** is then secured to a structure, such as the wall **35**, by the clamp **33**. By effecting coupling of the flexible conduit **31** to the wall **35**, the flexible conduit **31** can become disposed in a position which does not interfere with traffic about the collector **10**.

B3. Kit for Assembling a Precipitation Collector with Overflow Compartment

Referring to FIGS. **29** to **35**, another aspect of the kit which is provided is a container **112** with separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments **84**, **80**. The overflow compartment **84** enables the container **112** to receive and contain a larger volume of precipitation, before capacity is exceeded and the collected precipitation overflows the container **112**. This is because, with a separate overflow containment compartment **84**, the liquid level in the precipitation containment compartment **80** is permitted to closer approach the top of the container **112** before being directed to an overflow outlet **28**.

In this respect, the container space **16** includes a precipitation containment compartment space **78** provided in a pre-

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precipitation containment compartment **80** and an overflow containment compartment space **82** provided in an overflow containment compartment **84**. The precipitation containment compartment **80** is configured to receive precipitation through a container opening **18**. The overflow containment compartment space **82** is configured for receiving an overflow of precipitation from the precipitation containment compartment **80**. The overflow fluid passage **86** is disposed in fluid communication with the overflow containment compartment space **82** for effecting discharge of precipitation collected within the overflow containment compartment space **82** through the overflow outlet **28**. In those embodiments with two overflow outlets **28, 28a**, a corresponding overflow compartment **84** may be provided for each of the outlets **28, 28a**.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector **10** including separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments **84, 80**, for example, the overflow fluid passage **86** extends from the overflow containment compartment space **82**.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector **10** including separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments **84, 80**, for example, the overflow containment compartment space **82** is separated from the precipitation containment compartment **80** by a weir **88**. The overflow of precipitation from the precipitation containment compartment **80** is effected when the level of the precipitation within the container **112** exceeds the height of the weir **88**.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector **10** including separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments **84, 80**, the overflow fluid passage **86** extends from the overflow containment compartment space **82** through a container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion **92**. The lowermost edge **90** of the container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion **92** is disposed below the upper edge **94** of the weir **88** when the base of the collector **10** is supported on a substantially horizontal reaction surface **36**. For example, when the base **24** of the collector **10** is supported on a substantially horizontal reaction surface **36**, the lowermost edge **90** of the container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion **92** is disposed below the upper edge **94** of the weir **88** by a minimum distance of at least 0.75 inches. As another example, when the base **24** of the collector **10** is supported on a substantially horizontal reaction surface **36**, the lowermost edge **90** of the container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion **92** is disposed below the upper edge **94** of the weir **88** by a minimum distance of at least 1.75 inches.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector **10** including separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments **84, 80**, for example, the precipitation containment compartment **80** is positioned to receive precipitation through the container opening **18**.

In some embodiments of a precipitation collector **10** including separate overflow and precipitation containment compartments **84, 80**, for example, the precipitation containment compartment **80** is disposed in alignment with the lid passage **38**.

In some embodiments, for example, the overflow fluid passage **86** includes a minimum cross-sectional area of at least 1.2 square inches. In some embodiments, for example, the overflow fluid passage **86** includes a minimum cross-sectional area of between 1.2 square inches and 3.0 square inches. In some embodiments, for example, the overflow fluid passage **86** includes a minimum cross-sectional area of 1.7 square inches.

In the above description, for purposes of explanation, numerous details are set forth in order to provide a thorough

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understanding of the present disclosure. However, it will be apparent to one skilled in the art that these specific details are not required in order to practice the present disclosure. Although certain dimensions and materials are described for implementing the disclosed example embodiments, other suitable dimensions and/or materials may be used within the scope of this disclosure. All such modifications and variations, including all suitable current and future changes in technology, are believed to be within the sphere and scope of the present disclosure. All references mentioned are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

The invention claimed is:

1. A precipitation collector, comprising:

a container including a container space configured for containing precipitation received through a container opening, wherein the container includes a discharge outlet fluidly coupled to a valve to define selectively operable outlet of the collector for selectively discharging the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space; and

a lid partially covering the container opening, wherein the lid includes a lid passage which defines a collector inlet disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space;

wherein the container includes an overflow outlet configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation collected within the container space, wherein an edge of the perimeter of the overflow outlet, disposed furthest from a reference vertical plane tangent to an operative outermost external surface portion of the collector, is disposed at a minimum distance of less than six (6) inches from the reference vertical plane when the operative outermost external surface portion is positioned adjacent to the reference vertical plane when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface; and wherein the operative outermost external surface portion is disposed on an operative external surface portion of the collector, and wherein the operative external surface portion of the collector is that portion of the external surface which is opposite from the external surface portion at which the selectively operable discharge outlet is disposed, and wherein the operative outermost external surface portion is a portion of the operative external surface portion which extends furthest outwardly relative to other portions of the operative external surface portion when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface.

2. The precipitation collector as claimed in claim 1;

wherein the operative outermost external surface portion is a portion of a substantially planar surface portion which is contiguous to the reference vertical plane when the container is supported on a horizontal reaction surface.

3. The precipitation collector as claimed in claim 1;

wherein the overflow outlet includes an axis which is transverse to an operative outermost external surface portion-reference vertical plane, wherein the operative outermost external surface portion-reference vertical plane is orthogonal to the operative outermost external surface portion.

4. The precipitation collector as claimed in claim 1;

wherein the operative outermost external surface portion of the collector is shaped to co-operate with a planar vertical surface such that the collector is positionable so that the operative outermost external surface portion is dis-

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posed contiguous to the planar vertical surface when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface.

5. The precipitation collector as claimed in claim 1; wherein the overflow outlet is defined by an overflow conduit structure extending from an external surface of the container.

6. The precipitation collector as claimed in claim 1; wherein the axis of the overflow outlet is disposed a minimum distance of at least twenty (20) inches above the base of the collector when the base is supported on a reaction surface.

7. A kit for assembly of a precipitation collector, comprising:

a container including a container space configured for containing precipitation received through a container opening, wherein the container includes a discharge outlet; wherein either:

(a.1) a selectively operable outlet for selectively discharging precipitation which has been received within the container space is defined by a valve fluidly coupled to the discharge outlet;

or

(a.2) a valve is provided and configured for fluid coupling to the container to thereby co-operate with the discharge outlet such that the valve is operable to effect selective discharge, through the discharge outlet, of received precipitation which has been collected within the container space; and

a lid including a lid passage which defines a collector inlet, wherein the lid is either:

(a) coupled to the container and partially covering the container opening, and the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space; or

(b) positionable relative to the container to an operative position for partially covering the container opening, wherein the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening when the lid is disposed in the operative position such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space;

wherein the container includes an overflow outlet, or an outlet-creating portion configured for separation from the container to effect fluid communication between the container space and an overflow outlet, wherein the overflow outlet is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space, wherein an edge of the perimeter of the overflow outlet, disposed furthest from a reference vertical plane tangent to an operative outermost external surface portion of the collector, is disposed at a minimum distance of less than six (6) inches from the reference vertical plane when the operative outermost external surface portion is positioned adjacent to the reference vertical plane when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface;

and wherein the operative outermost external surface portion is disposed on an operative external surface portion of the collector, and wherein the operative external surface portion of the collector is that portion of the external surface which is opposite from the external surface portion at which the discharge outlet is disposed, and wherein the operative outermost external surface portion is a portion of the operative external surface portion

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which extends furthest outwardly relative to other portions of the operative external surface portion when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface.

8. The kit as claimed in claim 7; wherein the outlet-creating portion is defined by a weakened portion of the container and is configured for separation from the container by applying a pressing force to the weakened portion.

9. The kit as claimed in claim 8; wherein the weakened portion includes a perimeter whose wall thickness is thinner relative to a container portion disposed peripherally of the perimeter.

10. A kit for assembly of a precipitation collector device, comprising:

a container including a container space configured for containing precipitation received through a container opening, wherein the container includes a discharge outlet, and wherein the container includes an overflow outlet, or an outlet-creating portion configured for separation from the container to effect fluid communication between the container space and an overflow outlet, wherein the overflow outlet is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space, wherein either:

(a.1) a selectively operable outlet for selectively discharging precipitation which has been received within the container space is defined by a valve fluidly coupled to the discharge outlet;

or

(a.2) a valve is provided and configured for fluid coupling to the container to thereby co-operate with the discharge outlet such that the valve is operable to effect selective discharge, through the discharge outlet, of received precipitation which has been collected within the container space;

a lid including a lid passage which defines a collector inlet, wherein the lid is either:

(b.1) coupled to the container and partially covering the container opening, and the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space; or

(b.2) positionable relative to the container to an operative position for partially covering the container opening, wherein the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening when the lid is disposed in the operative position such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space;

a flexible conduit coupled to, or configured for fluid coupling to, the overflow outlet; and

instructions for effecting connection of a clamp to a wall, fluid coupling of the flexible conduit to the overflow outlet, and co-operation between the clamp and the flexible conduit so as to effect coupling of the flexible conduit to the wall.

11. The kit as claimed in claim 10; further comprising a clamp configured for connection to a wall, such that, when the clamp is connected to a wall, the clamp co-operates with the wall to define space for receiving insertion of the flexible conduit, and when the flexible conduit extends through the space, the flexible conduit is disposed in a coupling relationship with the wall.

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12. A precipitation collector, comprising:
 a container including a container space, wherein the container space includes a precipitation containment compartment space provided in a precipitation containment compartment and an overflow containment compartment space provided in an overflow containment compartment, wherein the precipitation containment compartment is configured to receive precipitation through a container opening, and wherein the overflow containment compartment space is configured for receiving an overflow of precipitation from the precipitation containment compartment, and wherein the container includes a selectively operable outlet for selectively discharging precipitation which has been collected within the precipitation containment compartment;
 a lid partially covering the container opening, wherein the lid includes a lid passage which defines a collector inlet disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space;
 wherein the container includes an overflow fluid passage disposed in fluid communication with the overflow containment compartment space for effecting discharge of precipitation collected within the overflow containment compartment space through an outlet.
13. The precipitation collector as claimed in claim 12; wherein the overflow fluid passage extends from the overflow containment compartment space.
14. The precipitation collector as claimed in claim 12; wherein the overflow containment compartment space is separated from the precipitation containment compartment by a weir, and wherein the overflow of precipitation from the precipitation containment compartment is effected when the level of the precipitation within the container exceeds the height of the weir.
15. The precipitation collector as claimed in claim 14; wherein the overflow fluid passage extends from the overflow containment compartment space through a container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion, wherein the lowermost edge of the container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion is disposed below the upper edge of the weir when the base of the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface.
16. The precipitation collector as claimed in claim 12; wherein the precipitation containment compartment is positioned to receive precipitation through the container opening.
17. A kit for assembling a precipitation collector, comprising:
 a container including a container space, wherein the container space includes a precipitation containment compartment space provided in a precipitation containment compartment and an overflow compartment space provided in an overflow containment compartment, wherein the precipitation containment compartment is configured to receive precipitation through a container opening, and wherein the overflow containment compartment space is configured for receiving an overflow

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- of precipitation from the precipitation containment compartment, wherein the container includes a discharge outlet, and wherein the container includes an overflow outlet, or an outlet-creating portion configured for separation from the container to effect fluid communication between the container space and an overflow outlet, wherein the overflow outlet is configured for discharging an overflow of the received precipitation which has been collected within the container space, wherein either:
 (a.1) a selectively operable outlet for selectively discharging precipitation which has been received within the precipitation containment compartment space and is defined by a valve fluidly coupled to the discharge outlet;
 or
 (a.2) a valve is provided and configured for fluid coupling to the container to thereby co-operate with the discharge outlet such that the valve is operable to effect selective discharge, through the discharge outlet, of received precipitation which has been collected within the precipitation containment compartment space;
 a lid including a lid passage which defines a collector inlet, wherein the lid is either:
 (b.1) coupled to the container and partially covering the container opening, and the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space; or
 (b.2) positionable relative to the container to an operative position for partially covering the container opening, wherein the collector inlet is disposed in fluid communication with the container space through the container opening when the lid is disposed in the operative position such that the lid passage provides a passage for entry of environmental precipitation into the container space.
18. The kit as claimed in claim 17; wherein the overflow fluid passage extends from the overflow containment compartment space.
19. The kit as claimed in claim 17; wherein the overflow containment compartment space is separated from the precipitation containment compartment by a weir, and wherein the overflow of precipitation from the precipitation containment compartment is effected when the level of the precipitation within the container exceeds the height of the weir.
20. The kit as claimed in claim 19; wherein the overflow fluid passage extends from the overflow containment compartment space through a container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion, wherein the lowermost edge of the container wall overflow fluid passage-defining portion is disposed below the upper edge of the weir when the collector is supported on a horizontal reaction surface.

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