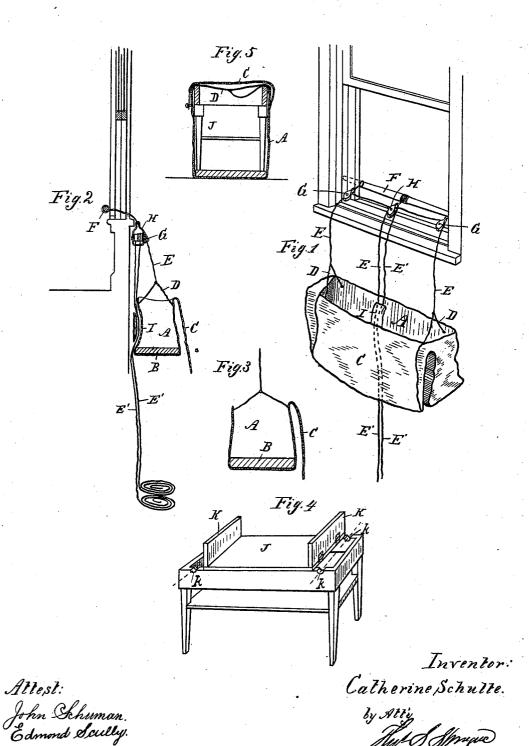
(No Model.)

## C. SCHULTE.

FIRE ESCAPE.

No. 355,349.

Patented Jan. 4, 1887.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

## CATHARINE SCHULTE, OF PORT HURON, MICHIGAN.

## FIRE-ESCAPE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 355,349, dated January 4, 1867.

Application filed February 25, 1886. Serial No. 193,156. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CATHARINE SCHULTE, of Port Huron, in the county of St. Clair and State of Michigan, have invented new and use-5 ful Improvements in Fire-Escapes; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this specification.

This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in fire-escapes; and the object of my invention is to construct a fire-escape that shall be so simple and easily manipulated that it can be used by timid persons for their own 15 escape as well as for the escape of invalids and children, and which is furthermore so arranged that it can always be kept in sight ready for

The use of fixed fire escapes in private build-20 ings is always avoided from the fact of their forming an unsightly, conspicuous, and suggestive object, besides being expensive, and so recourse is had to portable ones, which can be stowed away in a trunk or closet, and the re-25 sult is, that at a sudden fire alarm, especially at night time, utter confusion is created, as the fire-escape has to be discovered first, and then when it is dragged out of its hiding place it consists generally of a bundle of ropes, which, 30 in the reigning state of excitement, nobody has time to unravel and adjust, and for this reason I have constructed a fire-escape which, although partaking of the portable nature, can be always kept in sight and arranged for al-35 most instant use without being conspicuous, whether displayed in a parlor or in any other part of a dwelling.

To this end my invention consists, first, in the peculiar construction and arrangement of 40 certain parts, whereby the object of escaping out of a window is obtained; and, second, in the combination of the peculiarly-constructed canvas bag with a peculiarly-constructed table, whereby the nature of the fire escape is so 45 disguised that it may be kept in sight and ready for use without forming a conspicuous or disagreeably suggestive object.

In the drawings which accompany this specification, Figure 1 is a perspective view show-50 ing my fire-escape as arranged for use. Fig. 2 is a vertical central cross-section of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a central cross-section of the canvas I loops D, window-bar F, blocks G G, central

Fig. 4 is a detached perspective view of the table used in connection therewith. Fig. 5 is a cross section of the fire-escape trans- 55

formed into a household article.

A is a canvas bag of substantially rectangular shape and provided with a floor, B, and cover C. Each end of the canvas bag is secured within a loop, D, in such manner that 60 when in use, as shown in Fig. 1, the bag and its contents are firmly supported by the loops without changing the general shape of the bag. To the apex of the loops D, which may be formed of rope or other flexible material, are 65 secured the ropes E.

F is a bar of suitable length to be used in the manner shown, and provided near its outer end with the blocks G, and near the middle with the double block H. The ropes E, after 70 passing around these blocks, as shown, are passed through a canvas tube, I, secured on the inner side of the canvas bag near the middle thereof. All these parts are so arranged that the fire-escape may be secured in posi- 75 tion, as shown, and lowered from a window either by a person or persons on the ground or in the room, and having hold of the free ends E' of the ropes, or by a person sitting inside the bag and compressing the canvas tube 80 I in hands, so as to prevent the ropes from paying out too freely as the canvas with its

burden descends by its gravity.

When not in use I keep the whole device ready for instant use by means of the table J. 85 (Shown in Fig. 4.) This table has two hinged leaves, K, and is of such dimensions that when placed within the canvas bag and with loops D drawn over the top of the frame, as shown in dotted lines in Fig. 4, it forms a spreader- 90 frame for the canvas bag, so as to prevent any wrinkled appearance of the same. The leaves K may then be lowered and the cover of the bag be thrown over. The ropes E E and the bar F may be placed under the cover C or on 95 a suitable shelf constructed underneath the ta-Thus the device is kept\_constantly in sight, and may be kept at the very place where it is most likely to be wanted, and when occasion should arise no fatal delays in making 100

use of it are liable to occur.

What I claim as my invention is— 1. The combination of the flexible bag A, double block, H, ropes E E, and the canvas tube I, secured to the inside of said bag, and having free ends of said ropes passed therethrough, substantially as and for the purpose specified

5 specified.

2. A fire-escape composed of the rectangular flexible bag having the rigid floor B, loops D, and folding cover C, the whole adapted to serve with a spreader-frame, for which said

folding cover will form a cover, substantially 10 as and for the purpose specified.

 ${\rm CATHARINE} \mathop {\times} \limits_{{\rm mark.}}^{\rm her} {\rm SCHULTE}.$ 

Witnesses:
H. S. Sprague,
Edmond Scully.