P. WEISS AND J. VERDIER.

PROCESS AND APPARATUS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF INTENSE ARTIFICIAL CLOUDS, FOGS, OR MISTS

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Fig. 1

Fig. 2

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Signed:
Paul Goldsborough, Daniel acto.
To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, Paul Weiss, engineer, of 78th Avenue Henri Martin, at Paris, Department of the Seine, in France, and Jules Verdié, engineer, of 7 Rue Villebois Mareuil, at Enghien, Department of the Seine and Oise, in France, citizens of the French Republic, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Processes and Apparatus for the Production of Intense Artificial Clouds, Fogs, or Mists, and do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

The present invention renders it possible to produce very opaque artificial mists by effecting the atomization of anhydrous chlorides, such as titanium chloride or stannic chloride, or analogous bodies in a moist ammoniacal atmosphere.

Figure 1 is a side elevation of an apparatus for carrying out the process, and Fig. 2 is a plan view thereof.

The arrangement employed comprises two steel flasks; in one of these, A, is placed the anhydrous chloride product or analogous product intended for forming the fumes, the flask being only partially filled and containing compressed air or any suitable inert gas under pressure, in a quantity and at a pressure such that the whole of the product may be forced out by means of a siphon tube B', with enough pressure to insure a sufficient atomization in an atomizer of a known type. This atomization is effected at the upper orifice of a chimney C in which a strong current of air is induced by means of the injection of ammoniacal gas under pressure effected at the bottom of the chimney.

The ammoniacal gas may be obtained from a flask containing this product in a liquefied condition through a pipe A'; it becomes mixed with the more or less moist aspirated air and thus provides the desired ammoniacal atmosphere.

It is not necessary, in order to produce intense fogs or mists, to introduce a precisely determined quantity of ammoniacal gas. With a very small addition of this gas the fog is noticeably increased in intensity.

The product generating the fumes or forming the fumes on contact with the moist ammoniacal gas may with advantage have added to it some hydrochloric acid gas or sulfuric anhydrid or another analogous acid gas which, while considerably facilitating the atomization, further increases the intensity of the fog in the ammoniacal atmosphere.

Finally, if the operation is carried out under the conditions of the present invention with a calculated quantity of ammoniacal gas, the fog produced may be rendered free from all acid reaction.

We claim:

1. Apparatus for the production of intense artificial clouds from a fume producing product and ammoniacal gas, consisting of flasks containing under pressure in the one case the fume producing product and in the other case the ammoniacal gas in the liquid state, in combination with a chimney at the bottom of which a current of air is induced by an ejector brought into operation by the escape of the expanding ammoniacal gas, and means for atomizing the fume producing product at the top of the chimney in the current of ammoniacal air.

2. A process for the production of intense artificial clouds, fogs or mists, which consists in atomizing in a moist ammoniacal atmosphere an anhydrous chloride mixed with a product which will increase the opacity of the fog.

3. A process for the production of intense artificial clouds, fogs or mists, which consists in hydrolyzing an anhydrous chloride in a moist ammoniacal atmosphere and adding thereto a substance which will increase opacity of the fog.

In testimony whereof we affix our signatures in presence of two witnesses.

Paul Weiss.
Jules Verdié.

Witnesses:
Chas. P. Pressly,
Alexander Basholle.