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(54) **Title:** AUTOMATIC SUPPLEMENTATION OF WORD CORRECTION DICTIONARIES

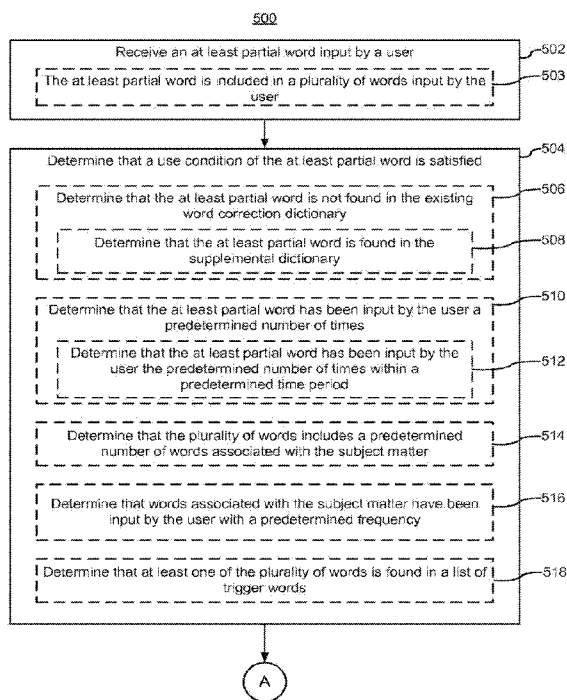


Figure 5A

- (57) **Abstract:** Methods and systems for providing a supplemental word correction dictionary are provided. The method is performed at one or more electronic devices each having one or more processors and memory storing one or more programs for execution by the one or more processors. The method includes receiving an at least partial word input by a user. In some implementations, the at least partial word is input into a text field, such as an email body. The method includes determining that a use condition of the at least partial word is satisfied, such as whether the word appears in a trigger word list. The method further includes, in response to determining that the use condition is satisfied, obtaining a supplemental word correction dictionary that includes words associated with a same subject matter as the at least partial word, wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary supplements an existing word correction dictionary.

# **AUTOMATIC SUPPLEMENTATION OF WORD CORRECTION DICTIONARIES**

## **CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

**[0001]** This Application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/785,703, filed on March 14, 2013, entitled AUTOMATIC SUPPLEMENTATION OF WORD CORRECTION DICTIONARIES, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety for all purposes.

## **TECHNICAL FIELD**

**[0002]** The disclosed implementations relate generally to systems and methods for supplementing existing word correction dictionaries on electronic devices with additional dictionaries.

## **BACKGROUND**

**[0003]** Modern electronic devices accept text inputs for many different purposes, such as for composing emails, text messages, documents, and the like. In the case of small, handheld electronic devices, inputting text can be cumbersome, slow, and prone to errors. In particular, the small keyboards used by these devices (including both mechanical and touchscreen-based keyboards) make entering all but the shortest words difficult, and tend to increase spelling, grammar, and punctuation errors. In some cases, electronic devices provide word suggestion functions (e.g., spell-check and/or word-completion functions) to help increase input speed and decrease input errors. These devices typically rely on locally stored dictionaries in order to identify errors and suggest corrections, and/or to suggest complete words based on partially entered text strings. For example, a mobile phone may consult a locally stored dictionary (e.g., a list of words) to determine that the word “teh” is misspelled because it does not appear in the dictionary. The mobile phone may also provide suggestions of words that are in the dictionary that may be suitable replacements for the misspelled word (e.g., “the”). In another example, the mobile phone receives a partial text string (e.g., “dict”) and presents candidate complete words for that partial text string (e.g., “dictionary” and “diction”).

[0004] Handheld devices, however, have limited memory and processing capacity, and it is not practical to store every possible word in a given language on these types of devices just to provide spell-check or word-completion functions. Moreover, many words relate to specialized subjects, and are only used by a subset of the general population. For example, legal words and/or phrases (e.g., “ex parte,” “affidavit,” “appurtenant,” etc.) are less likely to be used by non-lawyers, and names of professional athletes are less likely to be used by non-sports fans. Thus, while a comprehensive dictionary that includes all of these types of words will provide robust spell-check and word suggestion functionalities to all users, it requires more storage space and results in longer processing times. At the same time, the absence of these words can be an inconvenience for users who use them frequently.

## SUMMARY

[0005] Accordingly, there is a need to provide systems and methods for automatically supplementing on-device dictionaries to provide high quality spell-check and/or word-completion functions without placing undue storage and processing demands on the device. As described herein, existing on-device dictionaries are supplemented with supplemental dictionaries based on individual users’ needs. Moreover, determining that a given user would benefit from a particular supplemental dictionary is determined automatically, so the user need not separately request it, or even know that it has been acquired. For example, in some implementations, a device determines that a user routinely inputs words relating to a certain subject (e.g., medical terms, legal terms, etc.), and will download, from a remote server, a supplemental dictionary of words related to that subject. Thus, the user receives robust spell-check and/or word suggestion functionality—even for highly specialized parlance—without requiring storage of thousands of arcane words for which they have no need.

[0006] Providing supplemental dictionaries specific to a user’s needs helps eliminate several inconveniences associated with traditional spell check and word-completion technologies. First, it prevents false positive errors, such as when correctly spelled words are marked as incorrect or are automatically replaced with other, incorrect words. False positives can be bothersome, as a user’s text input can become riddled with nuisance underlines or highlights that are typical of spell checkers. In addition to simply looking unattractive, these make it difficult for a user to spot those words that are actually misspelled as opposed to

those that are correctly spelled but are not found in the dictionary. Moreover, providing supplemental dictionaries helps prevent correctly spelled but out-of-dictionary words from being replaced with correctly spelled but incorrect words by an autocorrect feature. For example, autocorrect may convert the correctly spelled phrase “ex parte reexamination” to the nonsensical (though correctly spelled) “ex parts prefabrication.” By providing supplemental dictionaries (for legal terms, in this example), such mistakes can be avoided.

**[0007]** Second, by providing supplemental dictionaries, the device will actually identify misspellings of the user’s specialized vernacular, and provide corrected spellings of those words (e.g., as part of a spell check or an autocorrect function). Thus, if a user enters the phrase “ex partr rexanimation,” the device will offer the correct spelling of the misspelled words (“parte reexamination”), rather than offering no suggestions or only incorrect suggestions (e.g., “parts” and “reanimation”).

**[0008]** Some implementations provide a method for providing a supplemental word correction dictionary. The method is performed at one or more electronic devices each having one or more processors and memory storing one or more programs for execution by the one or more processors. The method includes receiving an at least partial word input by a user; determining that a use condition of the at least partial word is satisfied; and in response to determining that the use condition is satisfied, obtaining a supplemental word correction dictionary that includes words associated with a same subject matter as the at least partial word, wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary supplements an existing word correction dictionary. In some implementations, the at least partial word is included in a plurality of words input by a user. In some implementations, the supplemental word correction dictionary is selected from a plurality of supplemental word correction dictionaries, each associated with a respective subject matter.

**[0009]** In some implementations, the method is performed at a server system, and obtaining the supplemental word correction dictionary includes retrieving the supplemental word correction dictionary from a storage device associated with the server system. In some implementations, the method further includes sending the supplemental word correction dictionary to a client device remote from the server system.

**[0010]** In some implementations, the method is performed at a client device, and obtaining the supplemental word correction dictionary includes sending a request for the

supplemental word correction dictionary to a server system remote from the client device; and receiving the supplemental word correction dictionary from the server system. In some implementations, the method further includes replacing a plurality of characters received at the client device with a word from the supplemental word correction dictionary.

[0011] In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the at least partial word is not found in the existing word correction dictionary. In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied further includes determining that the at least partial word is found in the supplemental dictionary.

[0012] In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user a predetermined number of times. In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied further includes determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user the predetermined number of times within a predetermined time period.

[0013] In some implementations, where the at least partial word is included in a plurality of words input by the user, determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the plurality of words includes a predetermined number of words associated with the subject matter.

[0014] In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that words associated with the subject matter have been input by the user with a predetermined frequency.

[0015] In some implementations, where the at least partial word is included in a plurality of words input by the user, determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that at least one of the plurality of words is found in a list of trigger words. In some implementations, the list of trigger words is stored on the client device. In some implementations, the list of trigger words associates trigger words with an identifier of the supplemental word correction dictionary. In some implementations, the method further includes sending the identifier of the supplemental word correction dictionary from the client device to a server system; and receiving the supplemental word correction dictionary from the server system.

[0016] In some implementations, the at least partial word is input into any of the group consisting of: an email; a text message; a text document; a calendar entry; and a social networking post.

[0017] In some implementations, the method further includes, prior to obtaining the supplemental word correction dictionary, requesting user confirmation that the supplemental word correction dictionary should be obtained, wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary is obtained in response to receiving confirmation from the user.

[0018] In accordance with some implementations, an electronic device includes an input receiving unit configured to receive an at least partial word from a user. The electronic device also includes a processing unit coupled to the input receiving unit. The processing unit is configured to determine that a use condition of the at least partial word is satisfied; and in response to determining that the use condition is satisfied, obtain a supplemental word correction dictionary that includes words associated with a same subject matter as the at least partial word, wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary supplements an existing word correction dictionary.

[0019] In accordance with some implementations, an electronic device includes one or more processors, memory, and one or more programs; the one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors and the one or more programs include instructions for performing the operations of any of the methods and/or techniques described herein. In accordance with some implementations, a computer readable storage medium has stored therein instructions, which, when executed by an electronic device, cause the device to perform the operations of any of the methods and/or techniques described herein. In accordance with some implementations, an electronic device includes means for performing the operations of any of the methods and/or techniques described herein. In accordance with some implementations, an information processing apparatus, for use in an electronic device includes means for performing the operations of any of the methods and/or techniques described herein.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0020] Figure 1 is a block diagram illustrating a computer environment in which a method for automatically supplementing word correction dictionaries may be implemented, in accordance with some implementations

[0021] Figure 2 is a block diagram illustrating a computer system, in accordance with some implementations.

[0022] Figure 3 is a block diagram illustrating another computer system, in accordance with some implementations.

[0023] Figures 4A-4B illustrate exemplary data structures associated with providing a supplemental word correction dictionary, in accordance with some implementations.

[0024] Figures 5A-5B are flow charts illustrating a method for providing a supplemental word correction dictionary, in accordance with some implementations.

[0025] Figure 6 is a functional block diagram of an electronic device in accordance with some implementations.

[0026] Like reference numerals refer to corresponding parts throughout the drawings.

## DESCRIPTION OF IMPLEMENTATIONS

[0027] Figure 1 illustrates a computer environment 100 in which a method for automatically supplementing word correction dictionaries may be implemented. The computer environment 100 includes client computer system(s) 102-1 – 102-n (sometimes referred to as client computers or client devices), and a server computer system 104 (sometimes referred to as a server computer), connected via a network 106 (e.g., the Internet). Client computer systems 102-n include, but are not limited to, laptop computers, desktop computers, tablet computers, handheld and/or portable computers, PDAs, cellular phones, smartphones, video game systems, digital audio players, remote controls, watches, televisions, and the like.

[0028] As described in more detail with respect to Figures 2-3, the client computers 102-n and/or the server computer 104 provide hardware, programs, and/or modules to enable automatic supplementation of word correction dictionaries. For example, in some

implementations, a user enters words into a client computer 102 during normal use, such as when composing emails, text messages, documents, and the like, and the client computer 102 and/or the server computer 104 determine that one or more supplemental dictionaries should be added to the client computer 102. Various ways of determining whether to provide supplemental dictionaries (and which supplemental dictionaries) are discussed herein.

**[0029]** Figure 2 is a block diagram depicting a client computer system 102 in accordance with some implementations. In some implementations, the client computer system 102 is a laptop or desktop computer, tablet computer, smart phone, or the like. In some implementations, the components described as being part of the client computer system 102 are distributed across multiple client computers, server computers (e.g., the server computer 104), or any combination of client and server computers.

**[0030]** Moreover, the client computer system 102 is only one example of a suitable computer system, and some implementations have fewer or more components, combine two or more components, or have a different configuration or arrangement of the components than those shown in Figure 2. The various components shown in Figure 2 may be implemented in hardware, software, or a combination of hardware and software, including one or more signal processing and/or application specific integrated circuits.

**[0031]** Returning to Figure 2, in some implementations, the client computer 102 includes memory 202 (which may include one or more computer readable storage mediums), one or more processing units (CPUs) 204, an input/output (I/O) interface 206, and a network communications interface 208. These components may communicate over one or more communication buses or signal lines 201. Communication buses or signal lines 201 may include circuitry (sometimes called a chipset) that interconnects and controls communications between system components.

**[0032]** The network communications interface 208 includes wired communications port 210 and/or RF (radio frequency) circuitry 212. Network communications interface 208 (in some implementations, in conjunction with wired communications port 210 and/or RF circuitry 212) enables communication with networks, such as the Internet, also referred to as the World Wide Web (WWW), an intranet and/or a wireless network, such as a cellular telephone network, a wireless local area network (LAN) and/or a metropolitan area network (MAN), and other devices. In some implementations, the network communications interface

208 facilitates communications between computer systems, such as between client and server computers. Wired communications port 210 receives and sends communication signals via one or more wired interfaces. Wired communications port 210 (e.g., Ethernet, Universal Serial Bus (USB), FIREWIRE, etc.) is adapted for coupling directly to other devices or indirectly over a network (e.g., the Internet, wireless LAN, etc.). In some implementations, wired communications port 210 is a multi-pin connector (e.g., Applicant's "LIGHTNING" connector) that is the same as, or similar to and/or compatible with the connector used on Applicant's IPHONE®, IPOD TOUCH®, and IPAD® devices. In some implementations, the wired communications port is a modular port, such as an RJ type receptacle.

[0033] The radio Frequency (RF) circuitry 212 receives and sends RF signals, also called electromagnetic signals. RF circuitry 212 converts electrical signals to/from electromagnetic signals and communicates with communications networks and other communications devices via the electromagnetic signals. RF circuitry 212 may include well-known circuitry for performing these functions, including but not limited to an antenna system, an RF transceiver, one or more amplifiers, a tuner, one or more oscillators, a digital signal processor, a CODEC chipset, a subscriber identity module (SIM) card, memory, and so forth. Wireless communication may use any of a plurality of communications standards, protocols and technologies, including but not limited to Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Enhanced Data GSM Environment (EDGE), high-speed downlink packet access (HSDPA), high-speed uplink packet access (HSUPA), wideband code division multiple access (W-CDMA), code division multiple access (CDMA), time division multiple access (TDMA), Bluetooth, Wireless Fidelity (Wi-Fi) (e.g., IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g and/or IEEE 802.11n), voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP), Wi-MAX, a protocol for e-mail (e.g., Internet message access protocol (IMAP) and/or post office protocol (POP)), instant messaging (e.g., extensible messaging and presence protocol (XMPP), Session Initiation Protocol for Instant Messaging and Presence Leveraging Extensions (SIMPLE), Instant Messaging and Presence Service (IMPS)), and/or Short Message Service (SMS), or any other suitable communication protocol.

[0034] The I/O interface 206 couples input/output devices of the client computer 102, such as a display 214, a keyboard 216, a touch screen 218, a microphone 219, and a speaker 220 to the user interface module 226. The I/O interface 206 may also include other

input/output components, such as physical buttons (e.g., push buttons, rocker buttons, etc.), dials, slider switches, joysticks, click wheels, and so forth.

**[0035]** The display 214 displays visual output to the user. The visual output may include graphics, text, icons, video, and any combination thereof (collectively termed “graphics”). In some implementations, some or all of the visual output corresponds to user-interface objects. For example, in some implementations, the visual output corresponds to text input fields and any other associated graphics and/or text (e.g., for receiving and displaying natural language text inputs). In some implementations, the display 214 uses LCD (liquid crystal display) technology, LPD (light emitting polymer display) technology, LED (light emitting diode) technology, OLED technology, or any other suitable technology or output device.

**[0036]** The keyboard 216 allows a user to interact with the client computer 102 by inputting characters and controlling operational aspects of the client computer 102. In some implementations, the keyboard 216 is a physical keyboard with a fixed key set. In some implementations, the keyboard 216 is a touchscreen-based, or “virtual” keyboard, such that different key sets (corresponding to different alphabets, character layouts, etc.) may be displayed on the display 214, and input corresponding to selection of individual keys may be sensed by the touchscreen 218.

**[0037]** The touchscreen 218 has a touch-sensitive surface, sensor or set of sensors that accepts input from the user based on haptic and/or tactile contact. The touchscreen 218 (along with any associated modules and/or sets of instructions in memory 202) detects contact (and any movement or breaking of the contact) on the touchscreen 218 and converts the detected contact into interaction with user-interface objects (e.g., one or more soft keys, icons, web pages or images) that are displayed on the display 214.

**[0038]** The touchscreen 218 detects contact and any movement or breaking thereof using any of a plurality of suitable touch sensing technologies, including but not limited to capacitive, resistive, infrared, and surface acoustic wave technologies, as well as other proximity sensor arrays or other elements for determining one or more points of contact with the touchscreen 218. In an exemplary implementation, projected mutual capacitance sensing technology is used, such as that found in Applicant’s IPHONE<sup>®</sup>, IPOD TOUCH<sup>®</sup>, and IPAD<sup>®</sup> devices.

[0039] Memory 202 may include high-speed random access memory and may also include non-volatile and/or non-transitory computer readable storage media, such as one or more magnetic disk storage devices, flash memory devices, or other non-volatile solid-state memory devices. In some implementations, memory 202, or the non-volatile and/or non-transitory computer readable storage media of memory 202, stores the following programs, modules, and data structures, or a subset thereof: operating system 222, communications module 224, user interface module 226, applications 228, spell-check module 230, word suggestion module 232, dictionaries 234, and usage monitoring module 240.

[0040] The operating system 222 (e.g., DARWIN, RTXC, LINUX, UNIX, IOS, OS X, WINDOWS, or an embedded operating system such as VXWORKS) includes various software components and/or drivers for controlling and managing general system tasks (e.g., memory management, storage device control, power management, etc.) and facilitates communication between various hardware and software components.

[0041] The communications module 224 facilitates communication with other devices over the network communications interface 208 and also includes various software components for handling data received by the RF circuitry 212 and/or the wired communications port 210.

[0042] The user interface module 226 receives commands and/or inputs from a user via the I/O interface (e.g., from the keyboard 216 and/or the touchscreen 218), and generates user interface objects on the display 214. In some implementations, the user interface module 226 provides virtual keyboards for entering text via the touchscreen 218.

[0043] Applications 228 may include programs and/or modules that are configured to be executed by the client computer 102. In some implementations, the applications include the following modules (or sets of instructions), or a subset or superset thereof:

- contacts module (sometimes called an address book or contact list);
- telephone module;
- video conferencing module;
- e-mail client module;
- instant messaging (IM) module;
- text messaging module;

- workout support module;
- camera module for still and/or video images;
- image management module;
- browser module;
- calendar module;
- widget modules, which may include one or more of: weather widget, stocks widget, calculator widget, alarm clock widget, dictionary widget, and other widgets obtained by the user, as well as user-created widgets;
- widget creator module for making user-created widgets;
- search module;
- media player module, which may be made up of a video player module and a music player module;
- notes module;
- map module; and/or
- online video module.

**[0044]** Examples of other applications 228 that may be stored in memory 202 include word processing applications, image editing applications, drawing applications, presentation applications, JAVA-enabled applications, encryption, digital rights management, voice recognition, and voice replication applications. In some implementations, these applications (and/or other applications not listed) work together with the spell-check module 230 and the word suggestion module 232 (described below) to provide spell check and/or word selection functions for text that is input into the applications.

**[0045]** The spell-check module 230 determines whether words that are input by the user are correctly spelled. In some implementations, the spell-check module 230 compares each word entered by the user against the words in the dictionaries 234 to determine whether a match exists. If no match exists for a respective word, the user is alerted that the word may be misspelled. For example, the word may be highlighted (e.g., in yellow), underlined, or otherwise displayed in a distinctive manner. In some implementations, if no match exists, the

user is alerted during a spell-check operation, where the user is sequentially alerted to all of the misspelled words in a document or text input. In some implementations, the spell-check module 230 operates in conjunction with the word suggestion module 232 to provide alternative spellings for a misspelled word. In some implementations, the spell-check module 230 and the word suggestion module 232 operate in conjunction with the user interface module 226 to display misspelled words in a distinctive manner and to provide user interface objects for word suggestions (e.g., lists of suggested words, additional letters following those that are already entered, etc.). For example, in some implementations, the spell-check module 230 identifies, to the user interface module 226, which words are misspelled, and the user interface module 226 causes those words to be displayed in a distinctive manner (e.g., with a red underline). When the word is selected (e.g., by a finger press or mouse click), the user interface module 226 causes a list of selectable alternative spellings provided by the word suggestion module 232 to be displayed to the user (e.g., in a drop down menu or popup window).

[0046] The word suggestion module 232 determines alternative spellings (e.g., words that the user likely intended to enter) for user-entered words or text sequences that do not appear in the dictionaries 234. For example, in some implementations, when the spell-check module 230 determines that a user-entered word does not appear in the dictionaries 234, the word suggestion module 232 identifies one or more words from the dictionaries 234 that are similar to the misspelled word. Various techniques may be used to determine what words are similar to a misspelled word, such as approximate string matching (e.g., using Damerau–Levenshtein distance to determine the similarity between the misspelled word and candidate word suggestions), n-gram analysis, and the like. In some implementations, one or more candidate word suggestions are presented to the user as possible replacements for a misspelled word (e.g., in a drop down menu or popup window and/or as part of a spell-check operation, as discussed above). In some implementations, the word suggestion module provides an autocorrect function, where misspelled words are automatically replaced (as soon as they are input) with other words if it is determined that the other words were actually intended by the user. For example, this may occur when the word suggestion module 232 identifies only one candidate word for a misspelled word, or when one candidate word is substantially more similar to the misspelled word than any other candidate words, either of which indicates that the user most likely intended the candidate word.

[0047] The dictionaries 234 include an initial dictionary 236 and supplemental dictionaries 238-n. The dictionaries 234 include lists of words, and are accessible to and/or used by the spell-check module 230 and the word suggestion module 232 (and/or any other programs or modules of the client computer 102). In some implementations, the dictionaries 234 include additional information, such as pronunciation guides (human and/or machine readable), subject matter identifiers, definitions, part-of-speech information, common misspellings, usage statistics, etc. In some implementations, the supplemental dictionaries 238-n relate to particular subjects. For example, supplemental dictionaries may be dictionaries of words related to legal terms, medical terms, sports terms (including, for example, team names, player rosters, etc.), music terms (including, for example, band names, artist names, song/album names, etc.), scientific terms, computer terms, and the like. Of course, dictionaries for other subjects (and sub-categories and super-categories of the listed subjects) may be provided as well. For example, there may be numerous different supplemental dictionaries for sports terms, such as dictionaries for specific sports (e.g., including team names and player rosters for all professional and college football teams), dictionaries for sports associated with a particular region (e.g., including team names and player rosters for all California professional sports teams), etc. In some implementations, the supplemental dictionaries 238-n include words from different languages (e.g., Latin words may commonly appear in Medical and Legal supplemental dictionaries).

[0048] In some implementations, the supplemental dictionaries 238-n include dictionaries of foreign words. These may be particularly beneficial for users that input text into a device in several different languages, either as mixed text strings (e.g., "I'm all out of dinero!"), or separate text strings (e.g., a bi-lingual user may use different languages at different times). In some implementations, supplemental word correction dictionaries that include foreign words are full spell-check dictionaries (e.g., include all or substantially all of the words that would be in an initial dictionary for that language. In some implementations, they include a smaller subset of foreign words, such as those words from the foreign language that are most commonly used by non-native speakers of that language.

[0049] The usage monitoring module 240 monitors text inputs for determining which (if any) supplemental dictionaries should be included in a client computer. In some implementations, the usage monitoring module 240 includes a trigger word list 242 and usage logs 244. The trigger word list (or lists) 242 includes words that are each associated with a

subject for which a supplemental dictionary exists. An example of a trigger word list 242 is shown in Figure 4A, in accordance with some implementations. As shown in Figure 4A, individual words may be associated with one or more subjects. For example, “syzygy” is associated with the broader “scientific” subject, as well as the narrower “astronomy” subject. In some implementations, the usage monitoring module 240 uses the trigger word list 242 to determine which supplemental dictionaries should be included on the client computer 102. For example, if a user enters a word that is found in the trigger words list 242, the supplemental dictionary associated with that word is downloaded to the client computer. Specific techniques for determining which dictionaries to include are discussed below with reference to Figures 5A-5B.

**[0050]** In some implementations, the usage logs 244 include a list of out-of-dictionary words that were entered by a user and were not corrected. For example, if a user enters the word “syzygy” into a note taking application, and it is identified as misspelled but is not corrected by the user, that word may be included in a usage log 244. In some implementations, usage logs include a listing of all of the words entered by a user. In some implementations, usage logs exclude common words, such as “the,” “and,” “be,” and the like. In some implementations, the usage monitoring module 240 uses the usage logs 244 to determine which supplemental dictionaries should be included on the client computer.

**[0051]** In some implementations, the usage logs 244 also include usage statistics for the words, such as the number of times that a word has been used, the frequency of its use, etc. Figure 4B illustrates an example of a usage log 244 that includes a list of all words entered by a user, in accordance with some implementations. In this example, the usage log 244 includes a column identifying the number of times that each word has been input by the user (e.g., the “# of instances”). Various ways in which usage logs 244 may be used by the usage monitoring module 240 to determine what supplemental dictionaries should be included in the client computer are discussed below with reference to Figures 5A-5B.

**[0052]** In some implementations, usage logs are provided to a remote computer system (e.g., the server computer 104). The remote computer system then uses the usage logs to determine what supplemental dictionaries should be provided to the client computer. By providing usage logs to the remote computer system for analysis, a user’s privacy can be maintained while also reducing the processing load on the client computer. In particular,

because the usage log includes word lists that have been extracted from text inputs, but does not include the text inputs themselves, the contents of the user's communications and documents are not exposed. In some implementations, where analysis of usage logs occurs on a server or other computer remote from the client computer, users can disable the option of sending usage logs to the remote computer.

**[0053]** Figure 3 is a block diagram depicting a server computer system 104 in accordance with some implementations. In some implementations, the components described as being part of the server computer system 104 are distributed across multiple server computers, client computers, or any combination of client and server computers.

**[0054]** Moreover, the server computer system 104 is only one example of a suitable computer system, and some implementations have fewer or more components, combine two or more components, or have a different configuration or arrangement of the components than those shown in Figure 3. The various components shown in Figure 3 may be implemented in hardware, software, or a combination of hardware and software, including one or more signal processing and/or application specific integrated circuits.

**[0055]** Returning to Figure 3, in some implementations, the server computer 104 includes memory 302 (which may include one or more computer readable storage mediums), one or more processing units (CPUs) 304, an input/output (I/O) interface 306, and a network communications interface 308. These components may communicate over one or more communication buses or signal lines 301. Communication buses or signal lines 301 may include circuitry (sometimes called a chipset) that interconnects and controls communications between system components.

**[0056]** The network communications interface 308 includes wired communications port 310 and/or RF (radio frequency) circuitry 312. Network communications interface 308 (in some implementations, in conjunction with wired communications port 310 and/or RF circuitry 312) enables communication with networks, such as the Internet, also referred to as the World Wide Web (WWW), an intranet and/or a wireless network, such as a cellular telephone network, a wireless local area network (LAN) and/or a metropolitan area network (MAN), and other devices. In some implementations, the network communications interface 308 facilitates communications between computer systems, such as between client and server computers. Wired communications port 310 receives and sends communication signals via

one or more wired interfaces. Wired communications port 310 (e.g., Ethernet, Universal Serial Bus (USB), FIREWIRE, etc.) is adapted for coupling directly to other devices or indirectly over a network (e.g., the Internet, wireless LAN, etc.). In some implementations, the wired communications port is a modular port, such as an RJ type receptacle.

**[0057]** The radio Frequency (RF) circuitry 312 receives and sends RF signals, also called electromagnetic signals. RF circuitry 312 converts electrical signals to/from electromagnetic signals and communicates with communications networks and other communications devices via the electromagnetic signals. RF circuitry 312 may include well-known circuitry for performing these functions, including but not limited to an antenna system, an RF transceiver, one or more amplifiers, a tuner, one or more oscillators, a digital signal processor, a CODEC chipset, a subscriber identity module (SIM) card, memory, and so forth. Wireless communication may use any of a plurality of communications standards, protocols and technologies, including but not limited to Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Enhanced Data GSM Environment (EDGE), high-speed downlink packet access (HSDPA), high-speed uplink packet access (HSUPA), wideband code division multiple access (W-CDMA), code division multiple access (CDMA), time division multiple access (TDMA), Bluetooth, Wireless Fidelity (Wi-Fi) (e.g., IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g and/or IEEE 802.11n), voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP), Wi-MAX, a protocol for e-mail (e.g., Internet message access protocol (IMAP) and/or post office protocol (POP)), instant messaging (e.g., extensible messaging and presence protocol (XMPP), Session Initiation Protocol for Instant Messaging and Presence Leveraging Extensions (SIMPLE), Instant Messaging and Presence Service (IMPS)), and/or Short Message Service (SMS), or any other suitable communication protocol.

**[0058]** The I/O interface 306 couples input/output devices of the server computer 104, such as a display 314 and a keyboard 316 to the user interface module 326. The I/O interface 306 may also include other input/output components, such as physical buttons (e.g., push buttons, rocker buttons, etc.), dials, slider switches, joysticks, click wheels, and so forth.

**[0059]** The display 314 displays visual output to the user. The visual output may include graphics, text, icons, video, and any combination thereof (collectively termed “graphics”). In some implementations, the display 314 uses LCD (liquid crystal display)

technology, LPD (light emitting polymer display) technology, LED (light emitting diode) technology, OLED technology, or any other suitable technology or output device.

**[0060]** The keyboard 316 allows a user to interact with the server computer 104 by inputting characters and controlling operational aspects of the server computer 104. In some implementations, the keyboard 316 is a physical keyboard with a fixed key set. In some implementations, the keyboard 316 is a touchscreen-based, or “virtual” keyboard, such that different key sets (corresponding to different alphabets, character layouts, etc.) may be displayed on the display 314, and input corresponding to selection of individual keys may be sensed by one or more touch-sensitive sensors and/or surfaces.

**[0061]** Memory 302 may include high-speed random access memory and may also include non-volatile and/or non-transitory computer readable storage media, such as one or more magnetic disk storage devices, flash memory devices, or other non-volatile solid-state memory devices. In some implementations, memory 302, or the non-volatile and/or non-transitory computer readable storage media of memory 302, stores the following programs, modules, and data structures, or a subset thereof: operating system 322, communications module 324, user interface module 326, supplemental dictionaries 328-n, and usage monitoring module 330.

**[0062]** The operating system 322 (e.g., DARWIN, RTXC, LINUX, UNIX, IOS, OS X, WINDOWS, or an embedded operating system such as VXWORKS) includes various software components and/or drivers for controlling and managing general system tasks (e.g., memory management, storage device control, power management, etc.) and facilitates communication between various hardware and software components.

**[0063]** The communications module 324 facilitates communication with other devices over the network communications interface 308 and also includes various software components for handling data received by the RF circuitry 312 and/or the wired communications port 310.

**[0064]** The user interface module 326 receives commands and/or inputs from a user via the I/O interface (e.g., from the keyboard 316 and/or the touchscreen 318), and generates user interface objects on the display 314. In some implementations, the user interface module 326 provides virtual keyboards for entering text via the touchscreen 318.

**[0065]** Supplemental dictionaries 328-n include the various supplemental dictionaries that can be provided to client computers to supplement an initial word correction dictionary on those devices (e.g., the initial dictionary 236, Figure 2). In some implementations, the supplemental dictionaries 328-n include terms related to a particular subject matter. For example, as shown in Figure 3, supplemental dictionaries 328 include a legal dictionary 328-1, a medical dictionary 328-2, a scientific dictionary 328-3, a sports dictionary 328-4, and so forth. Individual supplemental dictionaries are provided to a client device based on a request from the client device for that dictionary (e.g., because the client device determined that a use condition has been satisfied indicating a need for that dictionary), and/or because a server computer determined that the use condition has been met. Thus, in some implementations, the client computer 102 initiates the transfer of a supplemental dictionary from a server, and in some implementations, the server computer 104 initiates the transfer. In some implementations, both the server 104 and the client 102 are able to initiate the transfer of a supplemental dictionary.

**[0066]** In some implementations, the usage monitoring module 330 monitors word usage from one or more client computers, and determines which (if any) supplemental dictionaries 328 should be provided to the respective client computers. In some implementations, the usage monitoring module 330 receives usage logs from client computers (e.g., the usage logs 244, Figure 2), and compares the words in the usage logs against the words in the supplemental dictionaries 328 to determine if certain use conditions are met (e.g., whether a user has input a predetermined number of words in a given supplemental dictionary). In some implementations, the usage monitoring module 330 includes a trigger word list 332, similar to the trigger word list 242 discussed above with respect to Figures 2 and 4A. Trigger word lists 332 include subsets of words from respective supplemental dictionaries. In some implementations, the usage monitoring module 330 uses the trigger word list 332 to determine which supplemental dictionaries should be included on the client computer. Specific techniques for determining which dictionaries to include are discussed below with reference to Figures 5A-5B.

**[0067]** In some implementations, comparing a user's word usage against all of the words in the supplemental dictionaries provides a robust analysis of what subjects the user is interested in (and hence what dictionaries would be useful to him or her), because any user-inputted word that appears in the supplemental dictionaries will be identified. On the other

hand, comparing word usage against the trigger word list 332, which includes only a subset of the words in the supplemental dictionaries, may adequately identify dictionaries that will be useful to a user, while reducing processing time and memory usage.

**[0068]** Figures 5A-5B are flow diagrams representing a method 500 for providing a supplemental word correction dictionary, according to certain implementations. The methods are, optionally, governed by instructions that are stored in a computer memory or non-transitory computer readable storage medium (e.g., memory 202 of the client computer 102, memory 302 of the server computer 104) and that are executed by one or more processors of one or more computer systems, including, but not limited to, the client computer system 102 and/or the server computer system 104. The computer readable storage medium may include a magnetic or optical disk storage device, solid state storage devices such as Flash memory, or other non-volatile memory device or devices. The computer readable instructions stored on the computer readable storage medium may include one or more of: source code, assembly language code, object code, or other instruction format that is interpreted by one or more processors. In various implementations, some operations in each method may be combined and/or the order of some operations may be changed from the order shown in the figures. Also, in some implementations, operations shown in separate figures and/or discussed in association with separate methods may be combined to form other methods, and operations shown in the same figure and/or discussed in association with the same method may be separated into different methods.

**[0069]** In some implementations, the method 500 is performed at one or more electronic devices each having one or more processors and memory storing one or more programs for execution by the one or more processors (e.g., the client computer 102 and/or the server computer 104). For simplicity, the following discussion describes several of the steps of the method 500 as being performed by a computer system, which includes, in some implementations, the client computer 102, the server computer 104, or both (and/or other computer systems as well).

**[0070]** Turning to Figure 5A, the computer system receives an at least partial word input by a user (502). In some implementations, the at least partial word is included in a plurality of words input by the user (503). Words are input, for example, into a text entry field in an email, a text/instant message, a text document (e.g., a word processing document,

a note taking application, etc.), a calendar entry, a social networking post, and the like. In some implementations, the words may be input into a text field via a speech-to-text function (e.g., a user can speak the words, and the speech-to-text function will provide textual representations of the words for input into the text field.) In some implementations where the computer system is a server computer system, the plurality of words are input into a client device, and are received by the server computer. In some implementations, the plurality of words are sent to the server computer in one or more usage logs 244 (Figures 2 and 4B).

**[0071]** The computer system determines that a use condition of at least one word of the plurality of words is satisfied (504).

**[0072]** In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (step 504) includes determining that the at least partial word is not found in the existing word correction dictionary (506). For example, a client device (e.g., the client computer 102) will determine as part of a spell-check operation (e.g., with the spell-check module 230) that the at least partial word that was input by a user does not appear in the initial dictionary 236. In some implementations, the computer system determines that the at least partial word is not found in the existing word correction dictionary, and is also not corrected by the user (since a user correcting a word indicates that it was misspelled, and not merely out-of-dictionary). Thus, for example, if a user enters the word “teh” but subsequently corrects it to “the,” the computer system will not attempt to obtain a supplemental dictionary based on the word “teh,” even though it did not appear in the existing dictionary. In some implementations, if a word is not found in the existing dictionary, but corresponds to a common misspelling of another word (e.g., “teh” for “the”), the use condition will not be satisfied with respect to that word.

**[0073]** In some implementations, the electronic device determines whether the use condition is satisfied for a partial word, instead of a complete word, such as by determining that a partial word most likely corresponds to a particular word, and then determining whether a use condition is satisfied for that particular word. For example, if a user enters the partial word “szyg,” the electronic device can determine that the most likely (or possibly the only) word that starts with these letters is “szygzy,” and determine whether the use condition for the complete word is satisfied.

**[0074]** In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (step 504) further includes determining that the at least partial word is found in the supplemental dictionary (508). Thus, if a word is not found in an existing dictionary, but it is found in a supplemental dictionary, then the use condition is satisfied, and the supplemental dictionary will be obtained. If the word is not found in either the existing or the supplemental dictionaries, the use condition is not satisfied, and no supplemental dictionary will be obtained. In some implementations, such as where the method takes place on a client computer, step (508) includes sending the at least one word to a remote computer (e.g., the server system 104) so that the remote computer can search among stored supplemental dictionaries (e.g., supplemental dictionaries 328) for the at least partial word. In some implementations, the at least partial word is sent to the remote computer in one or more usage logs (e.g., usage log 244, Figures 2 and 4B).

**[0075]** In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (step 504) includes determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user a predetermined number of times (510). For example, in some implementations, if a word that does not appear in an existing dictionary (but that does appear in a supplemental dictionary) has been input by a user twice, then a supplemental dictionary in which that word appears is obtained. In some implementations, the predetermined number of times is 2, 3, 4, or 5, or any other appropriate number. In some implementations, if the word does not appear in any supplemental dictionary, then the use condition is not satisfied and no supplemental dictionary is obtained, regardless of how many times the word has been entered.

**[0076]** In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (step 504) further includes determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user the predetermined number of times within a predetermined time period (512). For example, in some implementations, the use condition is satisfied if the word is input twice in a single day. Other usage frequencies are used in various implementations, such as if the word is used five times per day, once per week, etc.

**[0077]** In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (step 504) includes determining that the plurality of words includes a predetermined number of words associated with the subject matter (514). Thus, it can be determined whether a user is using enough different words of a particular subject matter to justify obtaining the

supplemental dictionary for that subject matter. Additionally, it can be inferred that a user would benefit from that supplemental dictionary without relying on the user entering just a single word a predetermined number of times and/or with a predetermined frequency. In some implementations, the use condition is satisfied if 2, 5, 10, or more user-entered words are found in a supplemental dictionary for a particular subject matter. As a specific example, in some implementations, if a user enters any two words (e.g., “Favre” and “Pujols”) that are found in a particular supplemental dictionary (e.g., including “Sports” terms), then that supplemental dictionary is obtained. In some implementations, the use condition is satisfied if a predetermined number of words associated with the subject matter are input into a single text input field (e.g., an email body, a text/instant message, a text document, etc.).

**[0078]** In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (step 504) includes determining that words associated with the subject matter have been input by the user with a predetermined frequency (516). Thus, if a user inputs words that appear in a “medical” supplemental dictionary (even if they are different words) with a predetermined frequency (e.g., 1 word per day, 5 words per day, 50 words per week, etc.), the use condition is satisfied.

**[0079]** In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (step 504) includes determining that at least one of the plurality of words is found in a list of trigger words (518). In some implementations, the computer system stores one or more lists of trigger words (e.g., the trigger word list 242, Figures 2 and 4A), and if the user enters a word that appears on the trigger word list, a supplemental dictionary of the same subject matter of that word is obtained. For example, if a user entered the word “reexamination,” which is listed as a “legal” word on the trigger word list 242 (Figure 4A), a supplemental dictionary for “legal” terms will be obtained. In some implementations, the list of trigger words is stored on a client device (e.g., the client device 102), and the client device determines whether the at least one of the plurality of words appear in the list of trigger words (e.g., with the usage monitoring module 240). In some implementations, if the client device determines that a trigger word associated with a particular word correction dictionary has been used, it sends an identifier of the supplemental word correction dictionary to a server system (e.g., the server system 104), and receives the supplemental word correction dictionary from the server system, as discussed below with reference to step (522). In some implementations, the client device only requests the supplemental dictionary from the server

system when the client device is coupled to a high-speed network and/or a network that is not associated with a data-limited service (e.g., a Wi-Fi rather than a cellular data network).

**[0080]** In some implementations, any of the use conditions described above are used in conjunction with the trigger word list. For example, in some implementations, the use condition is satisfied when a user inputs a word that appears on a trigger word list a predetermined number of times and/or with a predetermined frequency. In some implementations, the use condition is satisfied when a user inputs a plurality of words that both appear on a trigger word list and are associated with a particular subject matter a particular number of times and/or with a predetermined frequency. For example, the use condition may be satisfied if a user inputs 5 “sports” words that are each contained in the trigger word list 242. On the other hand, in some implementations, the user conditions are used in conjunction with entire dictionaries, such as when usage logs are sent to a remote server, and the remote server determines if the use conditions are satisfied with respect to any word found in any of the supplemental dictionaries.

**[0081]** Turning to Figure 5B, in some implementations, the computer system requests user confirmation that the supplemental word correction dictionary should be obtained (519). For example, the computer system will cause a prompt to be presented to the user that identifies the particular supplemental dictionary that is to be obtained and allows the user to accept or reject the dictionary. Specifically, a prompt may include the text “It looks like you use quite a few [subject matter] words. Would you like to download a dictionary that will help make sure these words are correctly spelled?” In some implementations, the prompt is displayed graphically. In some implementations, the prompt is spoken to the user, such as by a digital assistant (e.g., Applicants’ SIRI®). If the user accepts the dictionary (e.g., by pressing an “accept” button, speaking words of assent, or any other appropriate way), the dictionary will be obtained. If the user rejects the dictionary, it will not be obtained. This way, if a word was simply mistyped, represents an isolated usage by the user, or is associated with several different (and potentially unrelated) subjects, an unnecessary supplemental dictionary will not be obtained.

**[0082]** In response to determining that the use condition is satisfied (and, in some implementations, determining that the user has confirmed that the dictionary should be obtained), the computer system obtains a supplemental word correction dictionary that

includes words associated with a same subject matter as the at least partial word, wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary supplements an existing word correction dictionary (520). Thus, as a specific example, if a use condition is satisfied for the word “szygzy” (e.g., it is not found in an existing word correction dictionary on a client device), the computer system obtains a supplemental word correction dictionary that includes other words associated with the subject matter of “science” or “astronomy.”

**[0083]** In some implementations where parts of the method 500 are performed at a client device (e.g. the client computer 102), obtaining the supplemental word correction dictionary includes sending a request for the supplemental word correction dictionary to a server system remote from the client device, and receiving the supplemental word correction dictionary from the server system (522). In some implementations, the request includes an identifier of a particular supplemental dictionary (e.g., “sports,” “legal,” etc.).

**[0084]** In some implementations where parts of the method 500 are performed at a server system (e.g., the server system 104), obtaining the supplemental word correction dictionary includes retrieving the supplemental word correction dictionary from a storage device associated with the server system (524). In some implementations, the method then further includes sending the supplemental word correction dictionary to a client device (e.g., the client computer 102) remote from the server system (526).

**[0085]** In some implementations, the computer system replaces a plurality of characters received at the client device with a word from the supplemental word correction dictionary (528). For example, once the client device 102 receives and stores a supplemental word correction dictionary, the client device 102 replaces a plurality of user-entered characters (e.g., a misspelled word) with a word from the supplemental dictionary (e.g., as part of a spell-check operation). In another example, the client device 102 replaces one or more user-entered characters with a selected candidate word from the supplemental dictionary, such as when an auto-suggest and/or auto-complete function provides one or more candidate complete words based on one or more initial letters (e.g., suggesting “reexamination” when the user enters “reex”).

**[0086]** In accordance with some implementations, Figure 6 shows a functional block diagram of electronic device 600 configured in accordance with the principles of the invention as described above. The functional blocks of the device may be implemented by

hardware, software, or a combination of hardware and software to carry out the principles of the invention. It is understood by persons of skill in the art that the functional blocks described in Figure 6 may be combined or separated into sub-blocks to implement the principles of the invention as described above. Therefore, the description herein may support any possible combination or separation or further definition of the functional blocks described herein.

**[0087]** As shown in Figure 6, electronic device 600 includes an input receiving unit 602 configured to receive an at least partial word from a user. In some implementations, the at least partial word is input into any of the group consisting of: an email; a text message; a text document; a calendar entry; and a social networking post. The electronic device 600 also includes processing unit 606 coupled to the input receiving unit 600. In some implementations, processing unit 606 includes a use condition determining unit 608, a word correction dictionary obtaining unit 609, a dictionary requesting unit 610, and a word suggesting/replacing unit 612.

**[0088]** The processing unit 606 is configured to determine that a use condition of the at least partial word is satisfied (e.g., with the use condition determining unit 608); and in response to determining that the use condition is satisfied, obtain a supplemental word correction dictionary that includes words associated with a same subject matter as the at least partial word (e.g., with the word correction dictionary obtaining unit 609), wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary supplements an existing word correction dictionary.

**[0089]** In some implementations, the at least partial word is included in a plurality of words input by a user. In some implementations, the supplemental word correction dictionary is selected from a plurality of supplemental word correction dictionaries, each associated with a respective subject matter.

**[0090]** In some implementations, the electronic device 600 obtains the supplemental word correction dictionary by sending a request for the supplemental word correction dictionary to a server system remote from the electronic device 600 device (e.g., with the dictionary requesting unit 610); and receives the supplemental word correction dictionary from the server system (e.g., with the word correction dictionary obtaining unit 609).

[0091] In some implementations, the electronic device 600 is further configured to replace a plurality of characters received at the electronic device with a word from the supplemental word correction dictionary (e.g., with the word suggesting/replacing unit 612).

[0092] In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (e.g., with the use condition determining unit 608) includes determining that the at least partial word is not found in the existing word correction dictionary. In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (e.g., with the use condition determining unit 608) further includes determining that the at least partial word is found in the supplemental dictionary.

[0093] In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (e.g., with the use condition determining unit 608) includes determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user a predetermined number of times. In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (e.g., with the use condition determining unit 608) further includes determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user the predetermined number of times within a predetermined time period.

[0094] In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (e.g., with the use condition determining unit 608) includes determining that the plurality of words includes a predetermined number of words associated with the subject matter.

[0095] In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (e.g., with the use condition determining unit 608) includes determining that words associated with the subject matter have been input by the user with a predetermined frequency.

[0096] In some implementations, determining that the use condition is satisfied (e.g., with the use condition determining unit 608) includes determining that at least one of the plurality of words is found in a list of trigger words. In some implementations, the list of trigger words is stored on the electronic device. In some embodiments, the list of trigger words associates trigger words with an identifier of the supplemental word correction dictionary.

[0097] In some implementations, the electronic device 600 sends the identifier of the supplemental word correction dictionary from the electronic device to a server system (e.g., with the dictionary requesting unit 612); and receives the supplemental word correction

dictionary from the server system (e.g., with the word correction dictionary obtaining unit 609).

[0098] The foregoing description, for purpose of explanation, has been described with reference to specific implementations. However, the illustrative discussions above are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the disclosed implementations to the precise forms disclosed. Many modifications and variations are possible in view of the above teachings. The implementations were chosen and described in order to best explain the principles and practical applications of the disclosed ideas, to thereby enable others skilled in the art to best utilize them with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.

[0099] It will be understood that, although the terms “first,” “second,” etc. may be used herein to describe various elements, these elements should not be limited by these terms. These terms are only used to distinguish one element from another.

[0100] The terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular implementations only and is not intended to be limiting of the claims. As used in the description of the implementations and the appended claims, the singular forms “a,” “an” and “the” are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. It will also be understood that the term “and/or” as used herein refers to and encompasses any and all possible combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. It will be further understood that the terms “comprises” and/or “comprising,” when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or components, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, operations, elements, components, and/or groups thereof.

[0101] As used herein, the term “if” may be construed to mean “when” or “upon” or “in response to determining” or “in accordance with a determination” or “in response to detecting,” that a stated condition precedent is true, depending on the context. Similarly, the phrase “if it is determined [that a stated condition precedent is true]” or “if [a stated condition precedent is true]” or “when [a stated condition precedent is true]” may be construed to mean “upon determining” or “upon a determination that” or “in response to determining” or “in accordance with a determination” or “upon detecting” or “in response to detecting” that the stated condition precedent is true, depending on the context.

What is claimed is:

1. A method for providing a supplemental word correction dictionary, comprising:

at one or more electronic devices each having one or more processors and memory storing one or more programs for execution by the one or more processors:

receiving, an at least partial word input by a user;  
determining that a use condition of the at least partial word is satisfied; and in response to determining that the use condition is satisfied, obtaining a

supplemental word correction dictionary that includes words associated with a same subject matter as the at least partial word, wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary supplements an existing word correction dictionary.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the at least partial word is included in a plurality of words input by a user.

3. The method of any of claims 1-2, wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary is selected from a plurality of supplemental word correction dictionaries, each associated with a respective subject matter.

4. The method of any of claims 1-3, wherein the method is performed at a server system, and wherein obtaining the supplemental word correction dictionary includes retrieving the supplemental word correction dictionary from a storage device associated with the server

system;

the method further comprising sending the supplemental word correction dictionary to

a client device remote from the server system.

5. The method of any of claims 1-3, wherein the method is performed at a client device, and wherein obtaining the supplemental word correction dictionary includes:

    sending a request for the supplemental word correction dictionary to a server system remote from the client device; and

    receiving the supplemental word correction dictionary from the server system.

6. The method of claim 5, further comprising replacing a plurality of characters received at the client device with a word from the supplemental word correction dictionary.

7. The method of any of claims 1-6, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the at least partial word is not found in the existing word correction dictionary.

8. The method of any of claims 1-7, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the at least partial word is found in the supplemental dictionary.

9. The method of any of claims 1-8, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user a predetermined number of times.

10. The method of any of claims 1-9, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user the predetermined number of times within a predetermined time period.

11. The method of any of claims 2-10, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the plurality of words includes a predetermined number of words associated with the subject matter.

12. The method of claim 1, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that words associated with the subject matter have been input by the user with a predetermined frequency.

13. The method of any of claims 2-12, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that at least one of the plurality of words is found in a list of trigger words.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein the list of trigger words is stored on the client device.

15. The method of claim 14, wherein the list of trigger words associates trigger words with an identifier of the supplemental word correction dictionary.

16. The method of claim 15, further comprising:  
    sending the identifier of the supplemental word correction dictionary from the client device to a server system; and  
    receiving the supplemental word correction dictionary from the server system.

17. The method of claim 1, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes any of the group consisting of:  
    determining that the at least partial word is not found in the existing word correction dictionary;  
    determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user with a predetermined frequency;  
    determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user a predetermined number of times; and  
    determining that words associated with the subject matter have been input by the user with a predetermined frequency.

18. The method of claim 2, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes any of the group consisting of:
- determining that the plurality of words includes a predetermined number of words associated with the subject matter; and
  - determining that at least one of the plurality of words input by the user is found in a list of trigger words.
19. The method of any of claims 1-18, wherein the at least partial word is input into any of the group consisting of:
- an email;
  - a text message;
  - a text document;
  - a calendar entry; and
  - a social networking post.
20. The method of any of claims 1-19, further comprising, prior to obtaining the supplemental word correction dictionary, requesting user confirmation that the supplemental word correction dictionary should be obtained, wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary is obtained in response to receiving confirmation from the user.
21. A system, comprising:
- one or more processors; and
  - memory storing one or more programs for execution by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including instructions for:
    - receiving an at least partial word input by a user;
    - determining that a use condition of the at least partial word is satisfied; and in response to determining that the use condition is satisfied, obtaining a

supplemental word correction dictionary that includes words associated with a same subject matter as the at least partial word, wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary supplements an existing word correction dictionary.

22. The system of claim 21, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for performing any of the methods of claims 2-20.

23. An electronic device,  
comprising: a display;  
a touch-sensitive  
surface; one or  
more processors;  
memory; and  
one or more programs, wherein the one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including instructions for performing any of the methods of claims 1-20.

24. A computer readable storage medium storing one or more programs, the one or more programs comprising instructions, which when executed by an electronic device with a display, a touch-sensitive surface cause the device to perform any of the methods of claims 1- 20.

25. An electronic device,  
comprising: a display;  
a touch-sensitive surface; and  
means for performing any of the methods of claims 1-20.

26. An information processing apparatus for use in an electronic device with a display, a touch-sensitive surface, comprising:  
means for performing any of the methods of claims 1-20.

27. An electronic device, comprising:  
an input receiving unit configured to receive an at least partial word from a user; and a processing unit coupled to the input receiving unit, the processing unit configured

to:

determine that a use condition of the at least partial word is satisfied; and in response to determining that the use condition is satisfied, obtain a supplemental word correction dictionary that includes words associated with a same subject matter as the at least partial word, wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary supplements an existing word correction dictionary.

28. The electronic device of claim 27, wherein the at least partial word is included in a plurality of words input by a user.

29. The electronic device of any of claims 27-28, wherein the supplemental word correction dictionary is selected from a plurality of supplemental word correction dictionaries, each associated with a respective subject matter.

30. The electronic device of any of claims 27-29, the processing unit further configured to obtain the supplemental word correction dictionary by:

sending a request for the supplemental word correction dictionary to a server system remote from the electronic device; and

receiving the supplemental word correction dictionary from the server system.

31. The electronic device of any of claims 27-30, the processing unit further configured to replace a plurality of characters received at the electronic device with a word from the supplemental word correction dictionary.

32. The electronic device of any of claims 27-31, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the at least partial word is not found in the existing word correction dictionary.
33. The electronic device of any of claims 27-32, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the at least partial word is found in the supplemental dictionary.
34. The electronic device of any of claims 27-33, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user a predetermined number of times.
35. The electronic device of any of claims 27-34, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the at least partial word has been input by the user the predetermined number of times within a predetermined time period.
36. The electronic device of any of claims 28-35, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that the plurality of words includes a predetermined number of words associated with the subject matter.
37. The electronic device of claim 27, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that words associated with the subject matter have been input by the user with a predetermined frequency.
38. The electronic device of any of claims 28-37, wherein determining that the use condition is satisfied includes determining that at least one of the plurality of words is found in a list of trigger words.
39. The electronic device of claim 38, wherein the list of trigger words is stored on the electronic device.

40. The electronic device of any of claims 38-39, wherein the list of trigger words associates trigger words with an identifier of the supplemental word correction dictionary.

41. The electronic device of claim 40, the processing unit further configured to:

send the identifier of the supplemental word correction dictionary from the client device to a server system; and  
receive the supplemental word correction dictionary from the server system.

42. The electronic device of any of claims 27-41, wherein the at least partial word is input

into any of the group consisting of:

an email;  
a text message;  
a text document;  
a calendar entry; and  
a social networking post.

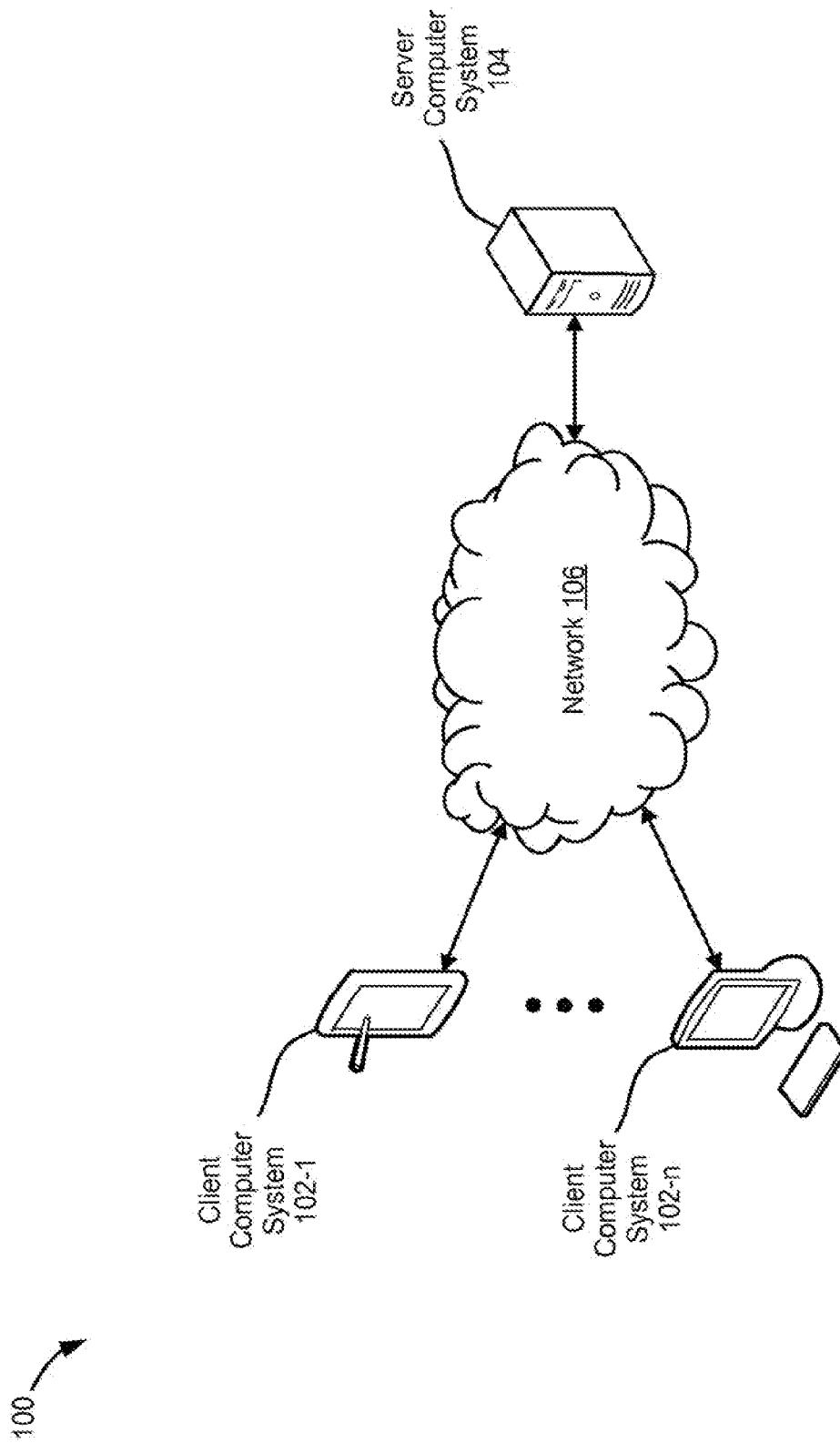


Figure 1

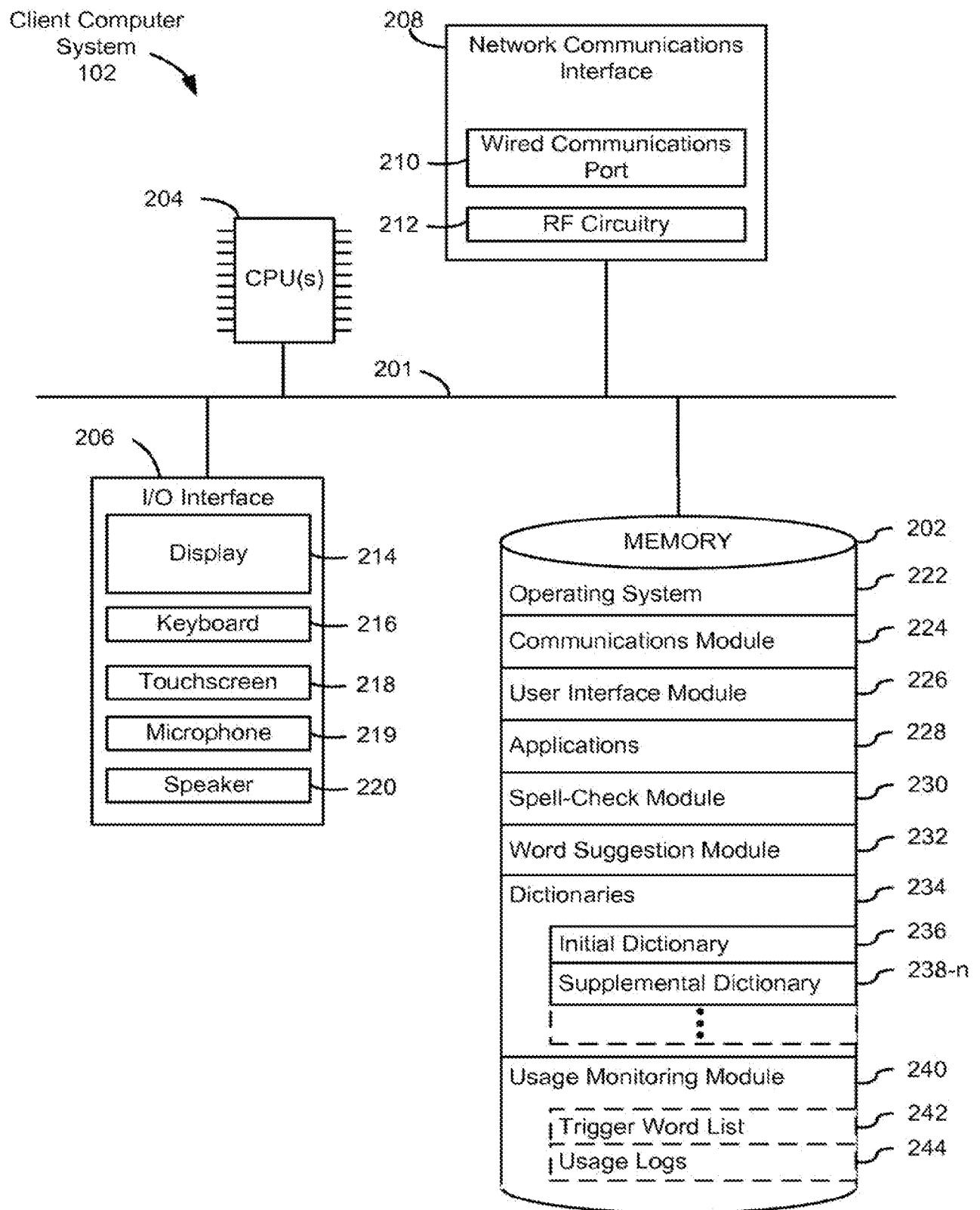


Figure 2

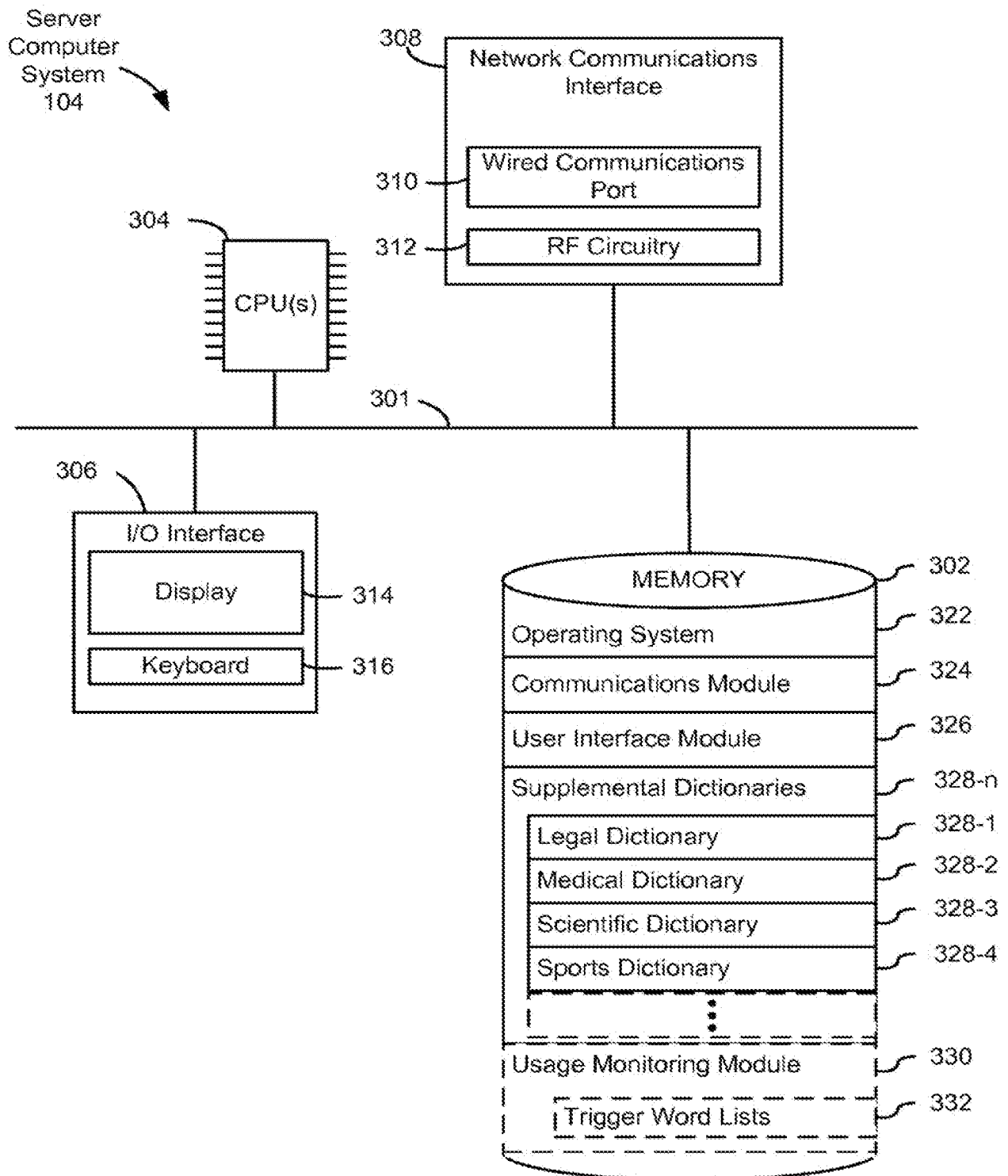


Figure 3

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Trigger Word List  
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| Trigger Words | Subject Matter                      |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| dactyledema   | Medical                             |
| ectopic       | Medical                             |
| parte         | Legal                               |
| partes        | Legal                               |
| reexamination | Legal                               |
| sygzy         | Scientific; Astronomy               |
| Pujols        | Sports; California Sports; Baseball |
| Favre         | Sports; Wisconsin Sports; Football  |

**Figure 4A**

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Usage Log  
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| Words  | # of instances |
|--------|----------------|
| a      | 2900           |
| and    | 3365           |
| be     | 4302           |
| in     | 2125           |
| the    | 5765           |
| ⋮      | ⋮              |
| parte  | 17             |
| Favre  | 8              |
| szyzgy | 1              |

Figure 4B

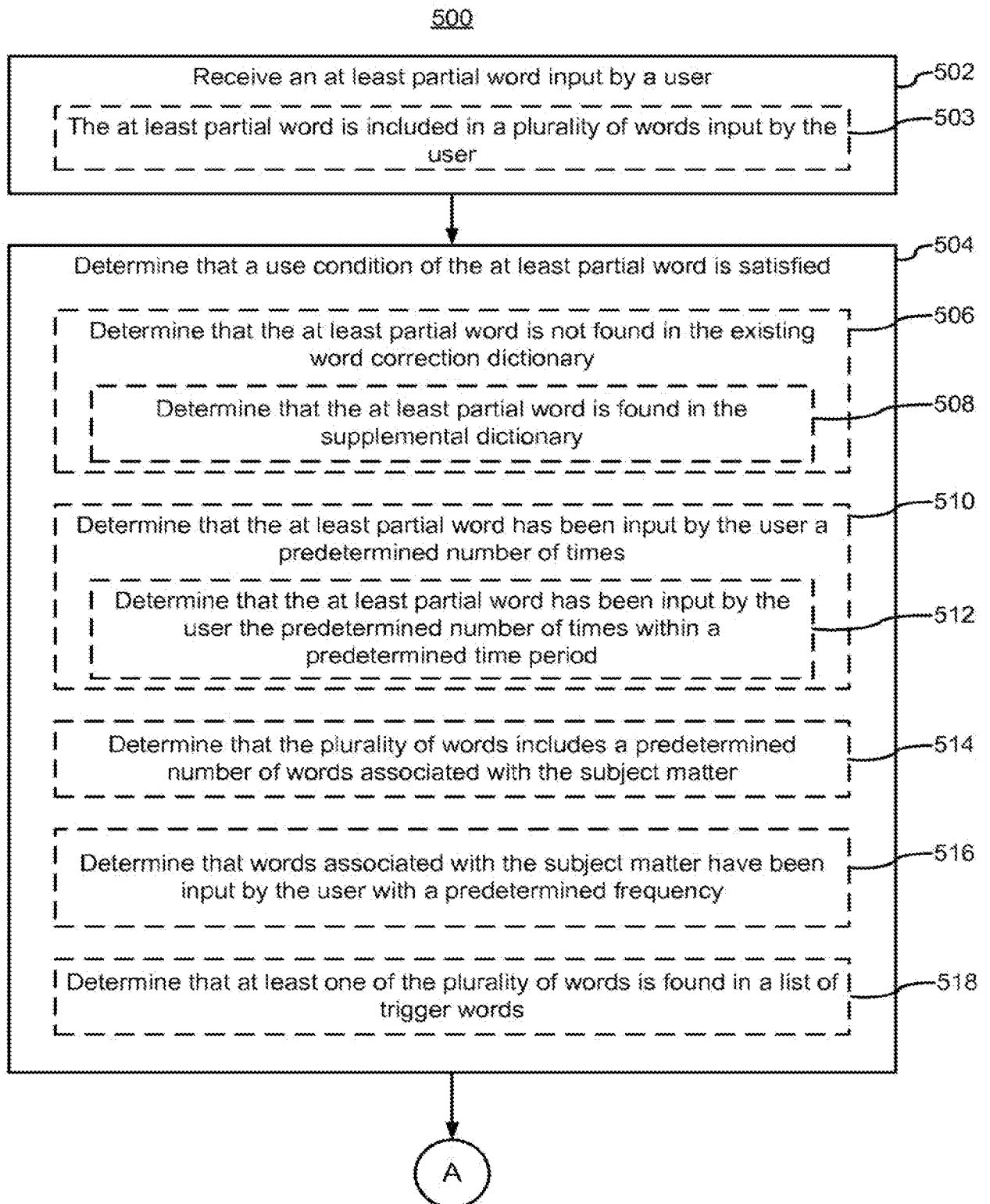


Figure 5A

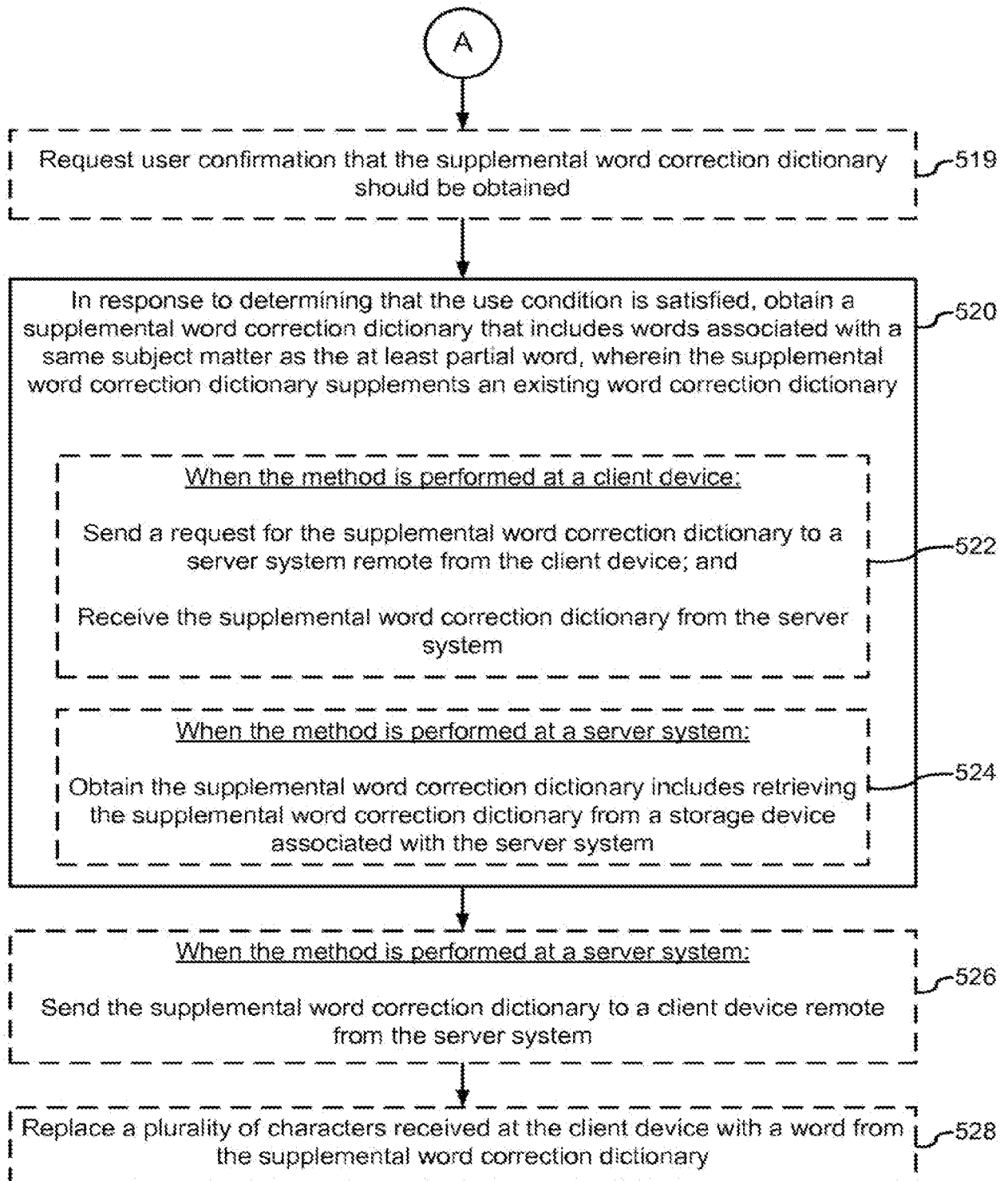


Figure 5B

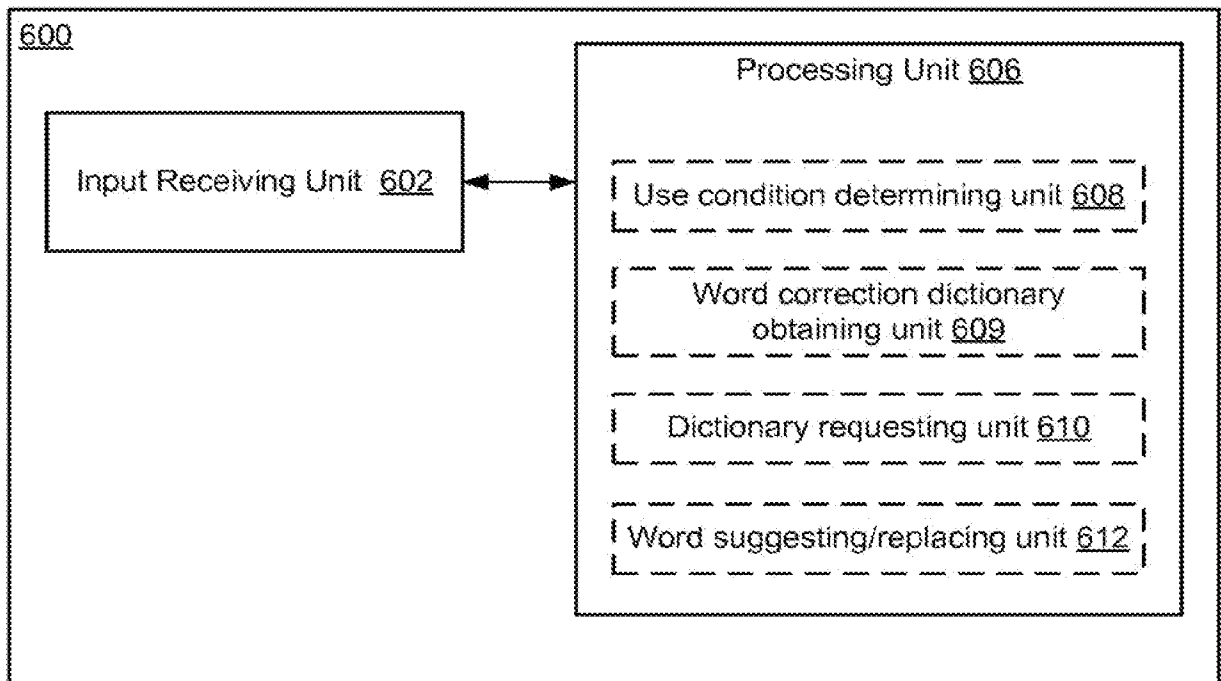


Figure 6