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(54) **MULTIPIECE DECK FOR HARD DISK DRIVE**

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(71) Applicant: **Seagate Technology LLC**, Cupertino, CA (US)

(72) Inventors: **Wolfgang Rosner**, Burnsville, MN (US); **Timothy Edward Langlais**, Minneapolis, MN (US); **Hany Michael Gross**, Eden Prairie, MN (US); **Joseph H. Sassine**, Lakeville, MN (US)

(73) Assignee: **Seagate Technology LLC**, Cupertino, CA (US)

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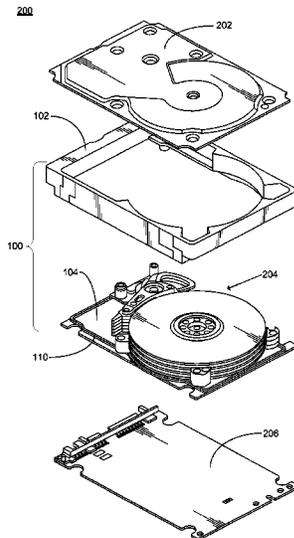
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Primary Examiner — William Doerrler
(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Crawford Maunu PLLC

(57) **ABSTRACT**

An apparatus is provided, including a base-deck floor; a base-deck frame, overlying the base-deck floor; a top cover, overlying the base-deck frame; and an affixing means operable to attach the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor, wherein the base-deck frame is operable to be fastened to both the base-deck floor and the top cover to provide a housing for a hard disk drive. A method is also provided, including assembling at least a portion of a hard disk drive assembly on a base-deck floor; affixing a base-deck frame to the base-deck floor; and securing a top cover to the base-deck frame.

23 Claims, 4 Drawing Sheets



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Page 2

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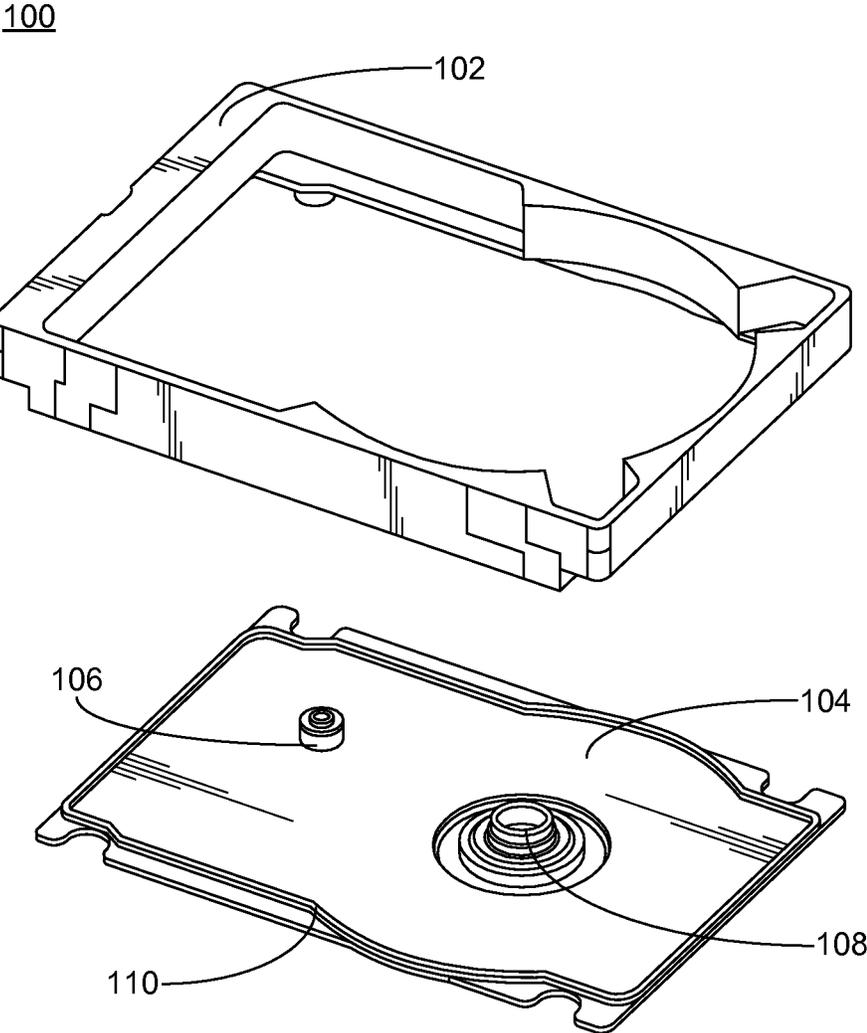


FIG. 1A

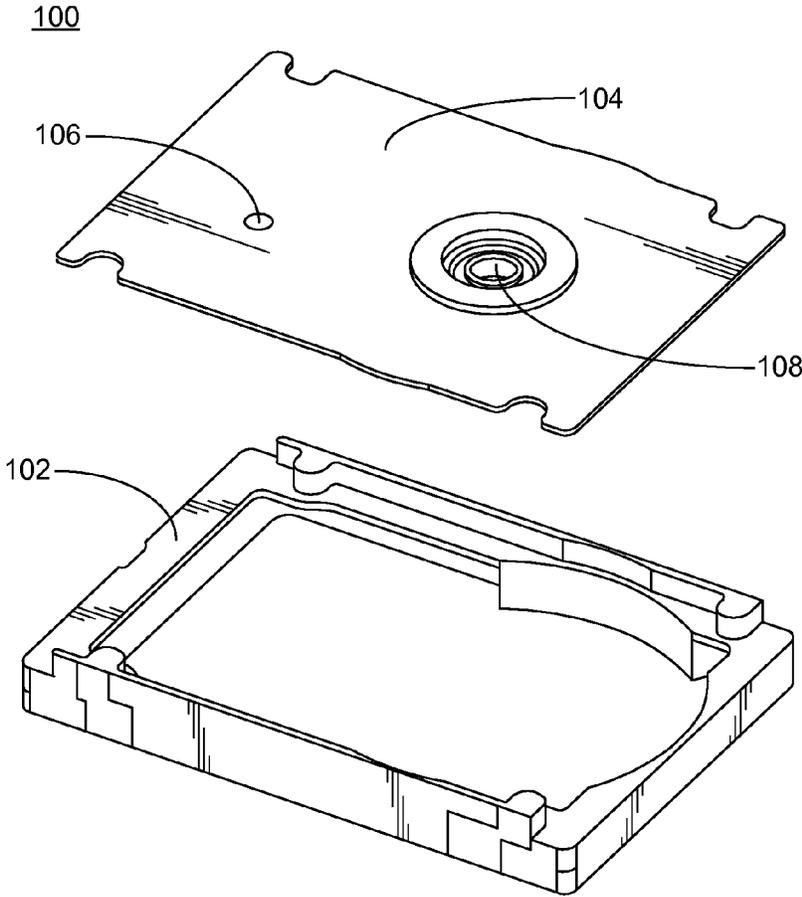


FIG. 1B

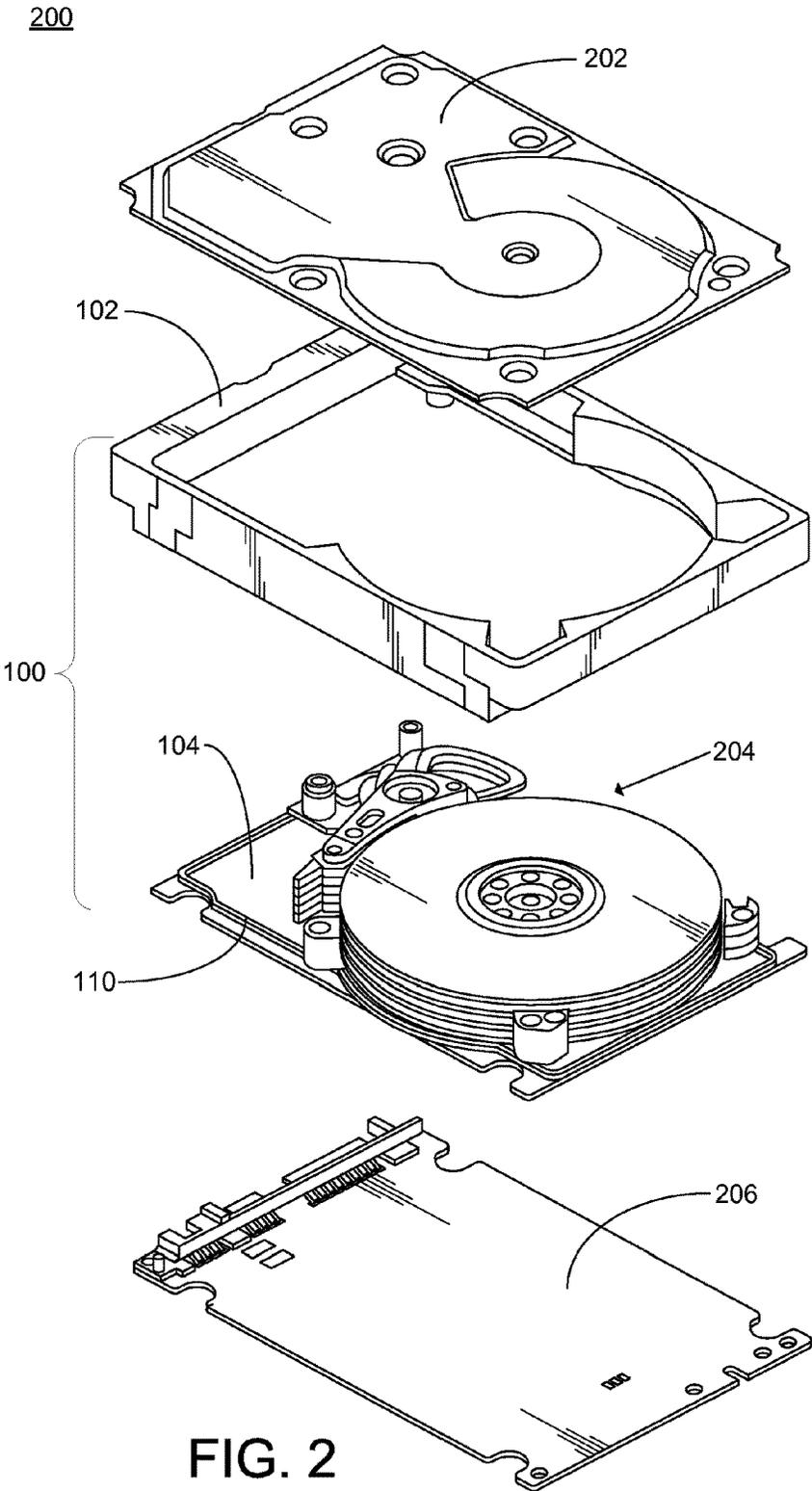


FIG. 2

200

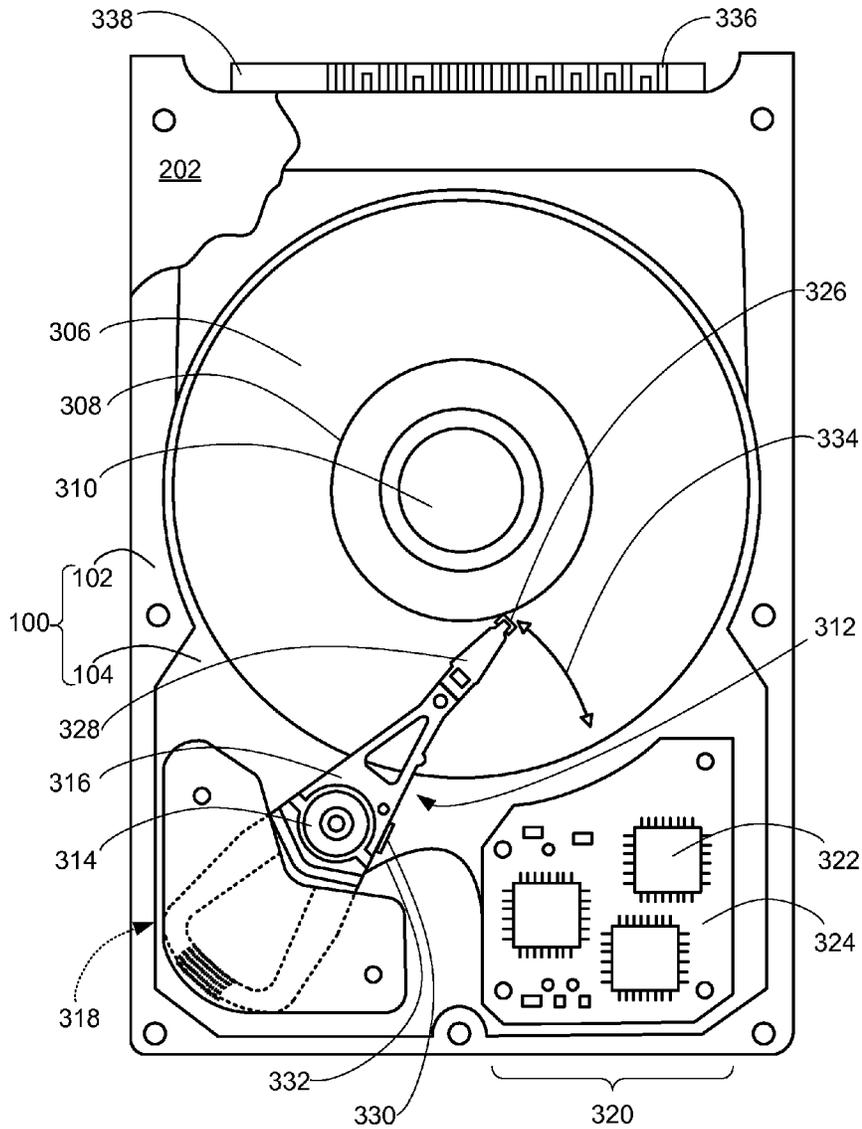


FIG. 3

1

MULTIPIECE DECK FOR HARD DISK DRIVE

Matter enclosed in heavy brackets [] appears in the original patent but forms no part of this reissue specification; matter printed in italics indicates the additions made by reissue; a claim printed with strikethrough indicates that the claim was canceled, disclaimed, or held invalid by a prior post-patent action or proceeding.

CROSS REFERENCE

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/760,331, titled "MULTIPIECE DECK FOR HARD DISK DRIVE", filed Feb. 4, 2013.

BACKGROUND

In efforts to increase the data-storage capacity of hard disk drives, consideration is given to loading additional data-storage disks onto hard disk drive hubs; however, space is limited, as form factors define the space in which hard disk drive assemblies must fit. As a result, designers may consider thinner and/or shorter components for hard disk drive assemblies that are able to fit into such hard disk drive form factors.

The base-deck section of hard disk drive housing under the spindle motor may become thin in accommodating the extra height associated with loading additional data-storage disks onto the hard disk drive hub. A thin base-deck section of hard disk drive housing may affect the stiffness of the base-deck, which may degrade the performance of the components attached to the base-deck through shock, vibration, and/or acoustics. As such, different hard disk drive housings including different base decks may be used in hard disk drives designs.

SUMMARY

An apparatus is provided, including a base-deck floor; a base-deck frame, overlying the base-deck floor; a top cover, overlying the base-deck frame; and an affixing means operable to attach the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor, wherein the base-deck frame is operable to be fastened to both the base-deck floor and the top cover to provide a housing for a hard disk drive. A method is also provided, including assembling at least a portion of a hard disk drive assembly on a base-deck floor; affixing a base-deck frame to the base-deck floor; and securing a top cover to the base-deck frame. These and other features, aspects, and advantages of the invention may be better understood with reference to the following drawings, description, and appended claims.

DRAWINGS

FIG. 1A provides an exploded view of a base-deck assembly from the top in accordance with at least one embodiment.

FIG. 1B provides an exploded view of a base-deck assembly from the bottom in accordance with at least one embodiment.

FIG. 2 provides an exploded view of housing for a hard disk drive in accordance with at least one embodiment.

2

FIG. 3 provides a plan view of a hard disk drive in housing in accordance with at least one embodiment.

DESCRIPTION

Before the invention is described in greater detail, it should be understood by persons having ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains that the invention is not limited to the particular embodiments described and/or illustrated herein, as elements in such embodiments may vary. It should likewise be understood that a particular embodiment described and/or illustrated herein has elements which may be readily separated from the particular embodiment and optionally combined with any of several other embodiments or substituted for elements in any of several other embodiments described herein.

It should also be understood by persons having ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing the invention and particular embodiments thereof, and the terminology is not intended to be limiting. Unless indicated otherwise, ordinal numbers (e.g., first, second, third, etc.) are used to distinguish or identify different elements or steps in a group of elements or steps, and do not supply a serial or numerical limitation on the elements or steps of the claimed invention, or embodiments thereof. For example, "first," "second," and "third" elements or steps need not necessarily appear in that order, and the invention, or embodiments thereof, need not necessarily be limited to three elements or steps. It should also be understood that, unless indicated otherwise, any labels such as "left," "right," "front," "back," "top," "bottom," "forward," "reverse," "clockwise," "counter clockwise," "up," "down," or other similar terms such as "upper," "lower," "aft," "fore," "vertical," "horizontal," "proximal," "distal," and the like are used for convenience and are not intended to imply, for example, any particular fixed location, orientation, or direction. Instead, such labels are used to reflect, for example, relative location, orientation, or directions. It should also be understood that the singular forms of "a," "an," and "the" include plural references unless the context clearly dictates otherwise.

Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by persons of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains.

The invention will now be described in greater detail.

An apparatus is provided, including a base-deck assembly having a base-deck floor and a base-deck frame overlying the base-deck floor; a top cover overlying the base-deck assembly; and an affixing means operable to attach the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor, wherein the base-deck frame is operable to be fastened to both the base-deck floor and the top cover to provide a housing for a hard disk drive.

FIG. 1A and FIG. 1B provide exploded views of a base-deck assembly in accordance with at least one embodiment. As shown, base-deck assembly 100 comprises base-deck frame 102 and base-deck floor 104, which, in combination with a top cover, forms a housing for a hard disk drive. The housing, including each of the base-deck frame 102, base-deck floor 104, and the top cover, may adhere to any of a number of different form factors, including, for example, the 2.5" and 3.5" form factors for hard disk drives.

Base-deck frame 102 accommodates the space needed for hard disk drive internals, which hard disk drive internals may include, but are not limited to, a spindle motor, one or more data storage disks, a voice coil motor, an actuator arm

assembly, and control electronics. In addition, the base-deck frame **102** may have holes in the top and/or bottom surface of the frame, designed to accommodate fasteners (e.g., screws) for fastening the top cover and/or base-deck floor to the frame. Such a base-deck frame **102** may be cast aluminum. Alternatively, base-deck frame **102** may be steel, such as stainless steel.

Base-deck floor **104** also accommodates the space needed for hard disk drive internals, which hard disk drive internals may include, but are not limited to, a spindle motor, one or more data storage disks, a voice coil motor, an actuator arm assembly, and control electronics. Base-deck floor **104** may have one or more elements for accommodating hard disk drive internals, wherein the one or more elements may include, but are not limited to, spaces, holes, and depressions. As shown in FIG. 1A, one such element may be used to accommodate a boss **106** for a pivot bearing. Another such element may be used to accommodate a boss **108** for a spindle motor. In addition, the base-deck floor **104** may have holes (e.g., peripheral holes) therethrough designed to accommodate fasteners (e.g., screws) for fastening the base-deck floor to the base-deck frame.

Such a base-deck floor **104** may be cast aluminum; however, because thinly cast aluminum may have certain manufacturing limitations (e.g., porosity and/or flow concerns in aluminum casting process) and/or performance limitations (e.g., reduced stiffness under the spindle motor), base-deck floor **104** may be fashioned from a material having a higher elastic modulus than aluminum. Such a material may be magnesium or steel, such as stainless steel, for example, stamped steel or stamped stainless steel, which material, having a higher elastic modulus than aluminum, provides more stiffness per thickness for base-deck floor **104** than a similarly cast aluminum base-deck floor. In an alternative to stamped steel or stamped stainless steel, base-deck floor **104** may be forged, extruded, or die cast.

Whether stamped, forged, extruded, or die cast, the base-deck floor **104** may be further shaped, shaved, or machined to provide a finished base-deck floor. In some embodiments, for example, the base-deck floor may be, either uniformly or in certain places, at least 100 μm and no more than 2000 μm thick (i.e., between 100 and 2000 μm thick) such as at least 100 μm and no more than 1000 μm thick (i.e., between 100 and 1000 μm thick), for example, at least 100 μm and no more than 750 μm thick (i.e., between 100 and 750 μm thick) or at least 100 μm and no more than 500 μm thick (i.e., between 100 and 500 μm thick). With respect to non-uniform thickness of the base-deck floor **104**, the base-deck floor **104** may be thicker in certain places (e.g., to provide greater reinforcement and/or stiffness) or thinner in certain places (e.g., to provide more height for disk drive internals). In some embodiments, for example, the base-deck floor **104** may be 500-775 μm thick under the spindle motor, providing additional height for inclusion of, for example, an additional data storage disk. If desired to provide greater stiffness, the base-deck floor **104** may be reinforced, for example, with bracing. In some embodiments, bracing may extend radially from an area at or near a point in the base-deck floor coincident with the axis of the spindle of the spindle motor.

As provided above, each of the base-deck frame **102** and the base-deck floor may have holes designed to accommodate fasteners (e.g., screws) for fastening the base-deck floor to the frame. In such an embodiment, a gasket such as gasket **110** of FIG. 1A may be used in combination with fasteners to fasten the base-deck floor **104** to the base-deck frame **102**. Gasket **110** of FIG. 1A may be a form-in-place gasket or a molded gasket. Gaskets such as gasket **110** may also be used

without fasteners in some embodiments. As an alternative to the foregoing gaskets, and, optionally, as an alternative to fastening with fasteners, an epoxy or a metal seal (e.g., metal C-seal) may be used to fasten the base-deck floor **104** to the base-deck frame **102**. Welding may also be used to fasten the base-deck floor **104** to the base-deck frame **102** in some embodiments. For example, welding may be used to fasten the base-deck floor **104** to the base-deck frame **102**, wherein one or both of the base-deck floor and the base-deck frame comprise extruded steel, such as extruded stainless steel. Any of the foregoing may comprise an isolation seal operable to mechanically isolate forces imparted to the base-deck frame **102** or base-deck floor **104** from hard disk drive internals that are attached to the base-deck floor **104** or base-deck frame **102**, respectively.

FIG. 2 provides an exploded view of a hard disk drive with a housing in accordance with at least one embodiment. As shown, the housing comprises top cover **202**, base-deck frame **102**, and base-deck floor **104**, which housing, in combination with hard disk drive internals **204** and logic board **206** (see FIG. 3 for exposed contacts **336** of drive connector **338** on the logic board) provide a hard disk drive **200**. The two-piece deck design (i.e., base-deck frame **102**, and base-deck floor **104**) allows for assembly of hard disk drive internals **204** to occur on base-deck floor **104** without base-deck frame **102** in place. Such an arrangement allows for greater access for merge than is currently available with one-piece cast aluminum designs.

Given the foregoing, an apparatus is described comprising a base-deck floor and a base-deck frame overlying the base-deck floor, which, in combination with an affixing means operable to affix the base-deck floor and a base-deck frame, provides a base-deck assembly. Such a base-deck assembly, further in combination with a top cover and an affixing means operable to attach the base-deck assembly to the top cover, further provides a housing for a hard disk drive. Also given the foregoing, the apparatus may comprise dissimilar materials for the base-deck floor, the base-deck frame, and/or the top cover. In some embodiments, the housing comprises a base-deck floor of steel (e.g., stainless steel), a base-deck frame of cast aluminum, and a top cover of steel (e.g., stainless steel). In other embodiments, the housing comprises a base-deck floor of magnesium, a base-deck frame of cast aluminum, and a top cover of steel (e.g., stainless steel). In yet other embodiments, each component of the housing (i.e., base-deck floor, base-deck frame, and top cover) comprises steel (e.g., stainless steel).

FIG. 3 is a plan view of a hard disk drive **200**, which hard disk drive may use the base-deck assembly described herein. As such, hard disk drive **200** may include a base-deck assembly **100**, comprising base-deck frame **102** and base-deck floor **104**, and a cover **202** that mates with base-deck assembly **100** to define a housing for various hard disk drive components. The hard disk drive **200** includes one or more data storage disks **306** of computer-readable data storage media. Typically, both of the major surfaces of each data storage disk **306** include a plurality of concentrically disposed tracks for data storage purposes. Each data storage disk **306** is mounted on a hub **308**, which in turn is rotatably interconnected with the base-deck assembly **100** and/or cover **202**. Multiple data storage disks **306** are typically mounted in vertically spaced and parallel relation on the hub **308**. A spindle motor **310** rotates the data storage disks **306**.

The hard disk drive **200** also includes an actuator arm assembly **312** that pivots about a pivot bearing **314**, which in turn is rotatably supported by the base plate **104** and/or cover **202**. The actuator arm assembly **312** includes one or

more individual rigid actuator arms **316** that extend out from near the pivot bearing **314**. Multiple actuator arms **316** are typically disposed in vertically spaced relation, with one actuator arm **316** being provided for each major data storage surface of each data storage disk **306** of the hard disk drive **200**. Other types of actuator arm assembly configurations could be utilized as well, an example being an “E” block having one or more rigid actuator arm tips, or the like, that cantilever from a common structure. Movement of the actuator arm assembly **312** is provided by an actuator arm drive assembly, such as a voice coil motor **318** or the like. The voice coil motor **318** is a magnetic assembly that controls the operation of the actuator arm assembly **312** under the direction of control electronics **320**. The control electronics **320** may include a plurality of integrated circuits **322** coupled to a printed circuit board **324**. The control electronics **320** may be coupled to the voice coil motor assembly **318**, a slider **326**, or the spindle motor **310** using interconnects that can include pins, cables, or wires (not shown).

A load beam or suspension **328** is attached to the free end of each actuator arm **316** and cantilevers therefrom. Typically, the suspension **328** is biased generally toward its corresponding data storage disk **306** by a spring-like force. The slider **326** is disposed at or near the free end of each suspension **328**. What is commonly referred to as the read/write head (e.g., transducer) is appropriately mounted as a head unit (not shown) under the slider **326** and is used in hard disk drive read/write operations. The head unit under the slider **326** may utilize various types of read sensor technologies such as anisotropic magnetoresistive (AMR), giant magnetoresistive (GMR), tunneling magnetoresistive (TuMR), or tunneling giant magnetoresistive (TGMR), other magnetoresistive technologies, or other suitable technologies.

The head unit under the slider **326** is connected to a preamplifier **330**, which is interconnected with the control electronics **320** of the hard disk drive **200** by a flex cable **332** that is typically mounted on the actuator arm assembly **312**. Signals are exchanged between the head unit and its corresponding data storage disk **306** for hard disk drive read/write operations. In this regard, the voice coil motor **318** is utilized to pivot the actuator arm assembly **312** to simultaneously move the slider **326** along a path **334** and across the corresponding data storage disk **306** to position the head unit at the appropriate position on the data storage disk **306** for hard disk drive read/write operations.

When the hard disk drive **200** is not in operation, the actuator arm assembly **312** is pivoted to a “parked position” to dispose each slider **326** generally at or beyond a perimeter of its corresponding data storage disk **306**, but in any case in vertically spaced relation to its corresponding data storage disk **306**. In this regard, the hard disk drive **200** includes a ramp assembly (not shown) that is disposed beyond a perimeter of the data storage disk **306** to both move the corresponding slider **326** vertically away from its corresponding data storage disk **306** and to also exert somewhat of a retaining force on the actuator arm assembly **312**.

Exposed contacts **336** of a drive connector **338** along a side end of the hard disk drive **200** may be used to provide connectivity between circuitry of the hard disk drive **200** and a next level of integration such as an interposer, a circuit board, a cable connector, or an electronic assembly. The drive connector **338** may include jumpers (not shown) or switches (not shown) that may be used to configure the hard disk drive **200** for user specific features or configurations.

The jumpers or switches may be recessed and exposed from within the drive connector **338**.

Thus, as provided herein, is an apparatus, comprising a base-deck floor; a base-deck frame, overlying the base-deck floor; a top cover, overlying the base-deck frame; and an affixing feature operable to affix the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor, wherein the base-deck frame is operable to be fastened to both the base-deck floor and the top cover to provide a housing for a hard disk drive. In some embodiments, the base-deck frame is operable to be unfastened from the both the base-deck floor and the top cover. In some embodiments, the base-deck frame comprises cast aluminum. In some embodiments, the base-deck floor comprises a material having a higher elastic modulus than aluminum. In some embodiments, the material and the top cover comprise stainless steel. In some embodiments, the base-deck floor comprises stamped stainless steel. In some embodiments, the base-deck floor is no more than 2000 μm thick. In some embodiments, the base-deck floor is no more than 500 μm thick. In some embodiments, the affixing feature comprises a gasket and a fastener. In some embodiments, the affixing feature comprises an epoxy or metal seal. In some embodiments, the affixing feature comprises an isolation seal operable to mechanically isolate forces imparted to the base-deck frame from internals of the hard disk drive that are attached to the base-deck frame.

Also provided herein, is a method, comprising assembling at least a portion of a hard disk drive assembly on a base-deck floor; affixing a base-deck frame to the base-deck floor; and securing a top cover to the base-deck frame. In some embodiments, the method further comprises stamping a top cover; casting a base-deck frame; and stamping a base-deck floor. In some embodiments, stamping the top cover comprises stamping the top cover from stainless steel. In some embodiments, casting the base-deck frame comprises casting the base-deck frame from aluminum. In some embodiments, stamping the base-deck floor comprises stamping the base-deck floor from stainless steel. In some embodiments, stamping the base-deck floor further comprises stamping the base-deck floor from stainless steel between 500 and 2000 μm thick. In some embodiments, affixing the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor comprises affixing the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor with a gasket and a fastener. In some embodiments, affixing the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor comprises affixing the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor with an epoxy or metal seal.

Also provided is an apparatus, comprising a top cover, optionally comprising stamped stainless steel; a base-deck assembly, the base-deck assembly comprising a base-deck frame comprising cast aluminum and a base-deck floor comprising stamped stainless steel no more than 2000 μm thick; and an affixing means for affixing the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor, wherein the base-deck frame is operable to mate with both the base-deck floor and the top cover to provide a housing for a hard disk drive. In some embodiments, the affixing means comprises a gasket and a fastener. In some embodiments, the affixing means comprises an epoxy seal or a metal seal. In some embodiments, the base-deck floor is no more than 500 μm thick.

While the invention has been described and/or illustrated by means of various embodiments and/or examples, and while these embodiments and/or examples have been described in considerable detail, it is not the intention of the applicant(s) to restrict or in any way limit the scope of the invention to such detail. Additional adaptations and/or modifications of the invention may readily appear to persons

having ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains, and, in its broader aspects, the invention may encompass these adaptations and/or modifications. Accordingly, departures may be made from the foregoing embodiments and/or examples without departing from the scope of the invention, which scope is limited only by the following claims when appropriately construed.

What is claimed is:

1. An apparatus, comprising:
 - a base-deck floor comprising a first metal;
 - a base-deck frame comprising a second metal different than the first metal, overlying the base-deck floor, *the base-deck frame having sidewalls that extend from an upper surface of the base-deck floor along a perimeter thereof, an inner surface of the base-deck frame and the upper surface of the base-deck floor defining a cavity enclosed laterally by the sidewalls;*
 - a top cover, overlying the base-deck frame; and
 - an affixing feature operable to affix the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor,
 wherein the base-deck frame is operable to be fastened to both the base-deck floor and the top cover to provide a housing for a hard disk drive.
2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the base-deck frame is operable to be unfastened from [the] both the base-deck floor and the top cover.
3. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first metal has a higher elastic modulus than the second metal.
4. The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the first metal comprises stainless steel and the second metal comprises aluminum.
5. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the base-deck floor comprises stamped stainless steel.
6. The apparatus of claim 5, wherein the base-deck floor has a thickness no more than 2000 μm .
7. The apparatus of claim 6, wherein the thickness provides sufficient stiffness and space in height for hard disk drive internals in a 2.5" or 3.5" form factor.
8. The apparatus of claim 5, wherein the base-deck floor has a thickness no more than 500 μm .
9. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the affixing feature comprises a gasket and a fastener, an epoxy, or metal seal.
10. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the affixing feature comprises an isolation seal operable to mechanically isolate forces imparted to the base-deck frame from internals of the hard disk drive that are attached to the base-deck frame.

11. A method, comprising:
 - assembling at least a portion of a hard disk drive assembly on a stamped base-deck floor;
 - affixing a cast base-deck frame to the base-deck floor; and
 - securing a top cover to the base-deck frame.
12. The method of claim 11, further comprising:
 - stamping the top cover;
 - casting the base-deck frame from aluminum; and
 - stamping the base-deck floor from stainless steel.
13. The method of claim 12, wherein stamping the top cover comprises stamping the top cover from stainless steel.
14. The method of claim 12, wherein the stainless steel has a thickness between 500 and 2000 μm .
15. The method of claim 14, wherein the thickness provides sufficient stiffness and space in height for hard disk drive internals in a 2.5" or 3.5" form factor.
16. The method of claim 11, wherein affixing the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor comprises affixing the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor with a gasket and a fastener, an epoxy, or metal seal.
17. The method of claim 11, wherein affixing the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor comprises welding the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor.
18. An apparatus, comprising:
 - a top cover, optionally comprising stamped stainless steel;
 - a base-deck assembly, the base-deck assembly comprising a base-deck frame comprising cast aluminum and a base-deck floor comprising stamped stainless steel no more than 2000 μm thick, *the base-deck frame having sidewalls that extend from an upper surface of the base-deck floor along a perimeter thereof, with an inner surface of the base-deck frame and the upper surface of the base-deck floor defining a cavity enclosed laterally by the sidewalls;* and
 - an affixing means for affixing the base-deck frame to the base-deck floor, wherein the base-deck frame is operable to mate with both the base-deck floor and the top cover to provide a housing for a hard disk drive.
19. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein the affixing means comprises a weld.
20. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the base-deck floor comprises bracing for greater stiffness.
21. The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the bracing extends radially from an area near or at a point in the base-deck floor coincident with an axis of a spindle motor.
22. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein the apparatus further comprises a 2.5" or 3.5" form factor.
23. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein [a] *the* thickness of the base-deck floor provides sufficient stiffness and space in height for hard disk drive internals.

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