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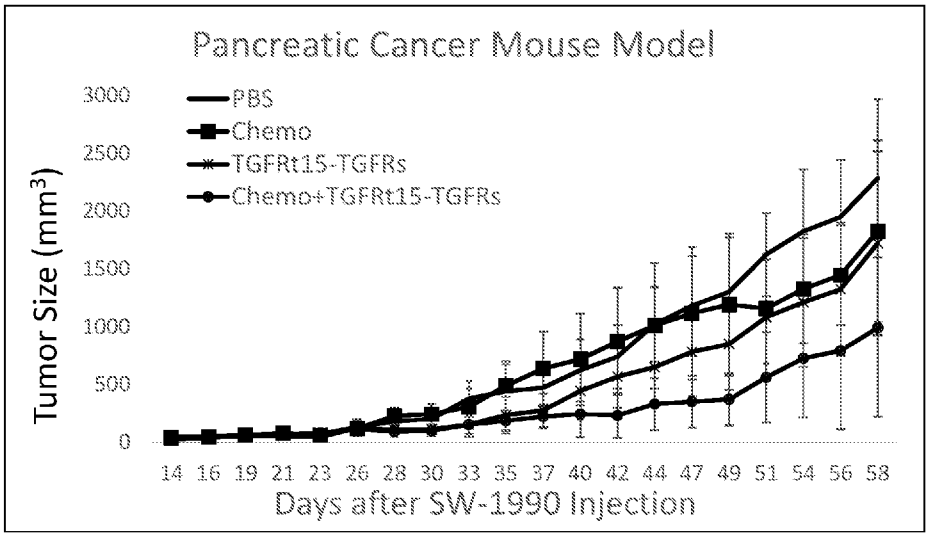


Figure 107

(57) **Abstract:** Provided herein are methods of treating an aging-related disease or condition in a subject in need thereof, killing or reducing the number of senescent cells in a subject in need thereof, improving the texture and/or appearance of skin and/or hair in a subject in need thereof, and assisting in the treatment of obesity in a subject in need thereof, that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s) and/or a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

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METHODS OF TREATING AGING-RELATED DISORDERS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to: U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/816,683, filed March 11, 2019; U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/725,038, filed August 30, 2018; U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/817,244, filed March 12, 2019; U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/881,039, filed July 31, 2019; and U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/724,969, filed August 30, 2018; U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/817,230, filed March 12, 2019; U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/725,043, filed August 30, 2018; U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/725,010, filed August 30, 2018; U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/749,007, filed October 22, 2018; U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/746,832, filed October 17, 2018; U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/749,506, filed October 23, 2018; U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/817,241, filed March 12, 2019; and U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 62/881,088, filed July 31, 2019, each of which is incorporated hereby reference in its entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present disclosure relates to the field of immunology and cell biology.

BACKGROUND

Senescence is a form of irreversible growth arrest accompanied by phenotypic changes, resistance to apoptosis, and activation of damage-sensing signaling pathways. Cellular senescence was first described in cultured human fibroblast cells that lost their ability to proliferate, reaching permanent arrest after about 50 population doublings (referred to as the Hayflick limit). Senescence is considered a stress response that can be induced by a wide range of intrinsic and extrinsic insults, including oxidative and genotoxic stress, DNA damage, telomere attrition, oncogenic activation, mitochondrial dysfunction, or chemotherapeutic agents.

Senescent cells remain metabolically active and can influence tissue hemostasis, disease, and aging through their secretory phenotype. Senescence is considered as a

physiologic process and is important in promoting wound healing, tissue homeostasis, regeneration, and regulation of fibrosis. For instance, transient induction of senescent cells is observed during would healing and contributes to wound resolution. Senescence also plays a role in tumor suppression. The accumulation of senescent cells also drives aging and aging-related diseases and conditions. The senescent phenotype also can trigger chronic inflammatory responses and consequently augment chronic inflammatory conditions to promote tumor growth. The connection between senescence and aging was initially based on the observation that senescent cells accumulate in aged tissue. The use of transgenic models has enabled the detection of senescent cells systematically in many aging-related disorders. Strategies to selectively eliminate senescent cells have demonstrated that senescent cells play a causal role in aging-related disorders.

SUMMARY

The present invention is based on the discovery that administration of NK cell activating agents to a mammal having a cancer resulted in a tumor inhibition and administration of NK cell activating agents to a diabetic animal model demonstrated improved skin and hair appearance and texture, and decreased blood glucose levels. In view of this discovery provided herein are methods of treating an aging-related disease or condition in a subject in need thereof that include administering to a subject identified as having an aging-related disease or condition a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent (s) and/or a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells. Also provided herein are methods of killing or reducing the number of senescent cells in a subject in need thereof that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more NK cell activating agent(s) and/or or a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells. Also provided herein are methods of improving the texture and/or appearance of skin and/or hair in a subject in need thereof over a period of time that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s) and/or a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells. Also provided herein are methods of assisting in the treatment of obesity in a subject in need thereof

over a period of time that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s) and/or a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

Provided herein are methods of treating an aging-related disease or condition in a subject in need thereof that include administering to a subject identified as having an aging-related disease or condition a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s).

Also provided herein are methods of killing or reducing the number of senescent cells in a subject in need thereof that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more NK cell activating agent(s). In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the senescent cells are senescent cancer cells, senescent monocytes, senescent lymphocytes, senescent astrocytes, senescent microglia, senescent neurons, senescent tissue fibroblasts, senescent dermal fibroblasts, senescent keratinocytes, or other differentiated tissue-specific dividing functional cells. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the senescent cancer cells are chemotherapy-induced senescent cells or radiation-induced senescent cells. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the subject has been identified or diagnosed as having an aging-related disease or condition.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group of: a cancer, an autoimmune disease, a metabolic disease, a neurodegenerative disease, a cardiovascular disease, a skin disease, a progeria disease, and a fragility disease. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the cancer is selected from the group of: solid tumor, hematological tumor, sarcoma, osteosarcoma, glioblastoma, neuroblastoma, melanoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, Ewing sarcoma, osteosarcoma, B-cell neoplasms, multiple myeloma, B-cell lymphoma, B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, Hodgkin's lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), acute myeloid leukemia (AML), chronic myeloid leukemia (CML), acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS), cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, retinoblastoma, stomach cancer, urothelial carcinoma, lung cancer, renal cell carcinoma, gastric and esophageal cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate

cancer, breast cancer, colorectal cancer, ovarian cancer, non-small cell lung carcinoma, squamous cell head and neck carcinoma, endometrial cancer, cervical cancer, liver cancer, and hepatocellular carcinoma.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the autoimmune disease is type-1 diabetes.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the metabolic disease is selected from the group of: obesity, a lipodystrophy, and type-2 diabetes mellitus.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the neurodegenerative disease is selected from the group of: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and dementia.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of: coronary artery disease, atherosclerosis, and pulmonary arterial hypertension.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the skin disease is selected from the group of: wound healing, alopecia, wrinkles, senile lentigo, skin thinning, xeroderma pigmentosum, and dyskeratosis congenita.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the progeria disease is selected from the group of: progeria and Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the fragility disease is selected from the group of: frailty, responsiveness to vaccination, osteoporosis, and sarcopenia.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group of: age-related macular degeneration, osteoarthritis, adipose atrophy, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, kidney transplant failure, liver fibrosis, loss of bone mass, sarcopenia, age-associated loss of lung tissue elasticity, osteoporosis, age-associated renal dysfunction, and chemical-induced renal dysfunction.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the aging-related disease or condition is type-2 diabetes or atherosclerosis.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the administering results in a decrease in the number of senescent cells in a target tissue in the subject. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the target tissue is selected from the group of: adipose tissue, pancreatic tissue, liver tissue, lung tissue, vasculature, bone tissue, central nervous system (CNS) tissue, eye tissue, skin tissue, muscle tissue, and secondary lympho-organ tissue.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the administering results in an increase in the expression levels of CD25, CD69, mTORC1, SREBP1, IFN-γ, and granzyme B in activated NK cells.

Also provided herein are methods of treating an aging-related disease or condition in a subject in need thereof that include administering to a subject identified as having an aging-related disease or condition a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

Also provided herein are methods of killing or reducing the number of senescent cells in a subject in need thereof that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the senescent cells are senescent cancer cells, senescent monocytes, senescent lymphocytes, senescent astrocytes, senescent microglia, senescent neurons, senescent tissue fibroblasts, senescent dermal fibroblasts, senescent keratinocytes, or other differentiated tissue-specific dividing functional cells. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the senescent cancer cells are chemotherapy-induced senescent cells or radiation-induced senescent cells. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the subject has been identified or diagnosed as having an aging-related disease or condition.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group of: a cancer, an autoimmune disease, a metabolic disease, a neurodegenerative disease, a cardiovascular disease, a skin disease, a progeria disease, and a fragility disease. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the cancer is selected from the group of: solid tumor, hematological tumor, sarcoma, osteosarcoma, glioblastoma, neuroblastoma, melanoma,

rhabdomyosarcoma, Ewing sarcoma, osteosarcoma, B-cell neoplasms, multiple myeloma, B-cell lymphoma, B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, Hodgkin's lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), acute myeloid leukemia (AML), chronic myeloid leukemia (CML), acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS), cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, retinoblastoma, stomach cancer, urothelial carcinoma, lung cancer, renal cell carcinoma, gastric and esophageal cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, breast cancer, colorectal cancer, ovarian cancer, non-small cell lung carcinoma, squamous cell head and neck carcinoma, endometrial cancer, cervical cancer, liver cancer, and hepatocellular carcinoma.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the autoimmune disease is type-1 diabetes.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the metabolic disease is selected from the group of: obesity, a lipodystrophy, and type-2 diabetes mellitus.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the neurodegenerative disease is selected from the group of: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and dementia.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of: coronary artery disease, atherosclerosis, and pulmonary arterial hypertension.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the skin disease is selected from the group of: wound healing, alopecia, wrinkles, senile lentigo, skin thinning, xeroderma pigmentosum, and dyskeratosis congenita.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the progeria disease is selected from the group of: progeria and Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the fragility disease is selected from the group of: frailty, responsiveness to vaccination, osteoporosis, and sarcopenia.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group of: age-related macular degeneration, osteoarthritis, adipose atrophy, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, kidney transplant failure, liver fibrosis, loss of bone mass, sarcopenia, age-associated loss of lung tissue elasticity, osteoporosis, age-associated renal dysfunction, and chemical-induced renal dysfunction.

Some embodiments of any of the methods described herein further include: obtaining a resting NK cell; and contacting the resting NK cell *in vitro* in a liquid culture medium including one or more NK cell activating agent(s), where the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is an allogeneic resting NK cell. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is an artificial NK cell. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is a haploidentical resting NK cell. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is a genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor. Some embodiments of any of the methods described herein further include isolating the activated NK cells before the activated NK cells are administered to the subject. Some embodiments of any of the methods described herein further include introducing a nucleic acid that encodes a chimeric antigen receptor or a recombinant T cell receptor into the resting NK cell or the activated NK cell prior to administration to the subject.

Also provided herein are methods of improving the texture and/or appearance of skin and/or hair in a subject in need thereof over a period of time that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s).

Also provided herein are methods of improving the texture and/or appearance of skin and/or hair in a subject in need thereof over a period of time that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells. Some embodiments of any of the methods described herein further include: obtaining a

resting NK cell; and contacting the resting NK cell *in vitro* in a liquid culture medium including one or more NK cell activating agent(s), where the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is an allogeneic resting NK cell. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is an artificial NK cell. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is a haploidentical resting NK cell. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is a genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor. Some embodiments of any of the methods described herein further include isolating the activated NK cells before the activated NK cells are administered to the subject.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method provides for an improvement in the texture and/or appearance of skin of the subject over the period of time. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in a decrease in the rate of formation of wrinkles in the skin of the subject over the period of time. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in an improvement in the coloration of skin of the subject over the period of time. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in an improvement in the texture of skin of the subject over the period of time. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method provides for an improvement in the texture and/or appearance of hair of the subject over the period of time. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in a decrease in the rate of formation of gray hair in the subject over the period of time. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in a decrease in the number of gray hairs of the subject over the period of time. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in a decrease in the rate of hair loss in the subject over time. In some embodiments of any of the methods

described herein, the method results in an improvement in the texture of hair of the subject over the period of time.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the period of time is between about one month and about 10 years. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in a decrease in the number of senescent dermal fibroblasts in the skin of the subject over the period of time.

Also provided herein are methods of assisting in the treatment of obesity in a subject in need thereof over a period of time that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s).

Also provided herein are methods of assisting in the treatment of obesity in a subject in need thereof over a period of time that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells. Some embodiments of any of the methods described herein further include: obtaining a resting NK cell; and contacting the resting NK cell *in vitro* in a liquid culture medium including one or more NK cell activating agent(s), where the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is an allogeneic resting NK cell. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is an artificial NK cell. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is a haploidentical resting NK cell. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the resting NK cell is a genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor. Some embodiments of any of the methods described herein further include isolating the activated NK cells before the activated NK cells are administered to the subject.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in a decrease in the mass of the subject over the period of time. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in a decrease in the body mass

index (BMI) of the subject over the period of time. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in a decrease in the rate of progression from pre-diabetes to type-2 diabetes in the subject. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in a decrease in fasting serum glucose level in the subject. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in an increase in insulin sensitivity in the subject. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the method results in a decrease in the severity of atherosclerosis in the subject. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the period of time is between about two weeks and about 10 years.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) results in activation of one or more of: a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for IL-33, CD16, CD69, CD25, CD59, CD352, NKp80, DNAM-1, 2B4, NKp30, NKp44, NKp46, NKG2D, KIR2DS1, KIR2Ds2/3, KIR2DL4, KIR2DS4, KIR2DS5, and KIR3DS1.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-2 is a soluble IL-2 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-2 receptor.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-7 is a soluble IL-7 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-7 receptor.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-12 is a soluble IL-12 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-12 receptor.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-15 is a soluble IL-15 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-15 receptor.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-21 is a soluble IL-21 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-21 receptor.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-33 is a soluble IL-33 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-33 receptor.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for CD16 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a CD16.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for CD69 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a CD69.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for CD25 or CD59 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD25 or CD59.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for CD352 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a CD352.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for NKp80 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an NKp80.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for DNAM-1 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a DNAM-1.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for 2B4 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a 2B4.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for NKp30 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an NKp30.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for NKp44 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an NKp44.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for NKp46 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an NKp46.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for NKG2D is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an NKG2D.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR2DS1 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR2DS1.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR2DS2/3 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR2DS2/3.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR2DL4 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR2DL4.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR2DS4 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR2DS4.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR2DS5 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR2DS5.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR3DS1 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR3DS1.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) results in a decrease in the activation of one or more of: PD-1, a TGF-β receptor, TIGIT, CD1, TIM-3, Siglec-7, IRP60, Tactile, IL1R8, NKG2A/KLRD1, KIR2DL1, KIR2DL2/3, KIR2DL5, KIR3DL1, KIR3DL2, ILT2/LIR-1, and LAG-2. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the

activation of PD-1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to PD-1, a soluble PD-1, a soluble PD-L1, or an antibody that binds specifically to PD-L1. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of a TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor, an antibody that binds specifically to TGF-β, or an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to a TGF-β receptor.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of TIGIT is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to TIGIT, a soluble TIGIT, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of TIGIT.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of CD1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD1, a soluble CD1, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of CD1.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of TIM-3 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to TIM-3, a soluble TIM-3, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of TIM-3.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of Siglec-7 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to Siglec-7 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of Siglec-7.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of IRP60 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to IRP60 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of IRP60.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of Tactile is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to Tactile or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of Tactile.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of IL1R8 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to IL1R8 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of IL1R8.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of NKG2A/KLRD1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKG2A/KLRD1 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of NKG2A/KLRD1.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR2DL1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL1 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR2DL1.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR2DL2/3 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL2/3 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR2DL2/3.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR2DL5 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL5 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR2DL5.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR3DL1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR3DL1 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR3DL1.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR3DL2 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR3DL2 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR3DL2.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of

ILT2/LIR-1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to ILT2/LIR-1 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of ILT2/LIR-1.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of LAG-2is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to LAG-2 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of LAG-2.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) is a single-chain chimeric polypeptide that includes: (i) a first target-binding domain; (ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and (iii) a second target-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the second target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between the second target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-

binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to different antigens.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each an antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv or a single domain antibody.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind to a target selected from the group of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the

soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble human tissue factor domain includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble human tissue factor domain includes a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble human tissue factor domain includes a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble human tissue factor domain does not include one or more of: a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble human tissue factor domain does not include any of: a lysine at an amino acid position that

corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding Factor VIIa. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide does not blood stimulate coagulation in a mammal. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes one or more additional target-binding domains at its N- and/or C-terminus.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide includes one or more additional target-binding domains at its N-terminus. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between one of the at least one additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide includes one or more additional target-binding domains at its C-terminus. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one of the one

or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between one of the at least one additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide includes one or more additional target binding domains at its N-terminus and the C-terminus. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one of the one or more additional antigen binding domains at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domains at the N-terminus and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one of the one or more additional antigen binding domains at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domains at the C-terminus and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains include the

same amino acid sequence. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to different antigens.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains is an antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains are each an antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv or a single domain antibody.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains bind specifically to a target selected from the group of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a

receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) is a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide that includes: (a) a first chimeric polypeptide including: (i) a first target-binding domain; (ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and (iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains; and (b) a second chimeric polypeptide including: (i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and (ii) a second target-binding domain, where the first chimeric polypeptide and the second chimeric polypeptide associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the

first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to different antigens.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each antigen-binding domains. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv or a single domain antibody.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a target selected from the group of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2,

HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes one or more additional target-binding domain(s), where at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s), and/or a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal and/or C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments

of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is disposed at the N- and/or C-terminus of the first chimeric polypeptide, and at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of

affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, directly abuts the soluble tissue factor domain and/or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence disposed (i) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, and/or (ii) between the first domain of the pair of affinity domains and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen. In some

embodiments of any of the methods described herein, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains include the same amino acid sequence. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to different antigens. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains is an antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains are each an antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains bind specifically to a target selected from the group of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3,

AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble receptor a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble human tissue factor domain includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble human tissue factor domain includes a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble human tissue factor domain includes a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble human tissue factor domain does not include one or more of: a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor

protein; an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble human tissue factor domain does not include any of: a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding to Factor VIIa. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide does not stimulate blood coagulation in a mammal. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the pair of affinity domains is a sushi domain from an alpha chain of human IL-15 receptor (IL-15Rα) and a soluble IL-15. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble

IL-15 has a D8N or D8A amino acid substitution. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the human IL-15Rα is a mature full-length IL-15Rα.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the pair of affinity domains is selected from the group of: barnase and barnstar, a PKA and an AKAP, adapter/docking tag modules based on mutated RNase I fragments, and SNARE modules based on interactions of the proteins syntaxin, synaptotagmin, synaptobrevin, and SNAP25.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) is a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide that includes: (a) a first and second chimeric polypeptides, where each includes: (i) a first target-binding domain; (ii) a Fc domain; and (iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains; and (b) a third and fourth chimeric polypeptide, where each includes: (i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and (ii) a second target-binding domain, where the first and second chimeric polypeptides and the third and fourth chimeric polypeptides associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains, and the first and second chimeric polypeptides associate through their Fc domains.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the Fc domain directly abut each other in the first and second chimeric polypeptides. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first and second chimeric polypeptides further include a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the Fc domain in the first and second chimeric polypeptides. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the Fc domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first and second chimeric polypeptides. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence between the Fc domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first and second chimeric polypeptides.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each

other in the third and fourth chimeric polypeptides. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the third and fourth chimeric polypeptides further include a linker sequence between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the third and fourth chimeric polypeptides.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to different antigens. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each antigen-binding domains. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv or a single domain antibody.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a target selected from the group of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand

(FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain that does not stimulate blood coagulation. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain comprises or consists of a sequence from a wildtype soluble human tissue factor.

As used herein, the term "chimeric" refers to a polypeptide that includes amino acid sequences (e.g., domains) originally derived from two different sources (e.g., two different naturally-occurring proteins, e.g., from the same or different species). For example, a chimeric polypeptide can include domains from at least two different naturally occurring human proteins. In some examples, a chimeric polypeptide can include a domain that is a synthetic sequence (e.g., a scFv) and a domain that is derived from a naturally-occurring protein (e.g., a naturally-occurring human protein). In some embodiments, a chimeric polypeptide can include at least two different domains that are synthetic sequences (e.g., two different scFvs).

An "activated NK cell" is a NK cell demonstrating increased expression levels of two or more (e.g., three, four, five, or six) of CD25, CD69, MTOR-C1, SREBP, IFN-γ, and a granzyme (e.g., granzyme B), e.g., as compared to a resting NK cell. Exemplary

methods for identifying the expression levels of CD25, CD69, MTOR-C1, SREBP, IFN-γ, and a granzyme (e.g., granzyme B) are described herein.

A "resting NK cell" is a NK cell that has a reduced expression of two or more (e.g., three, four, five, or six) of CD25, CD69, MTOR-C1, SREBP, IFN-γ, and a granzyme (e.g., granzyme B), e.g., as compared to an activated NK cell.

An "NK cell activating agent" is an agent that induces or promotes (alone or in combination with additional NK cell activating agents) a resting NK cell to develop into an activated NK cell. Non-limiting examples and aspects of NK cell activating agents are described herein.

An "antigen-binding domain" is one or more protein domain(s) (e.g., formed from amino acids from a single polypeptide or formed from amino acids from two or more polypeptides (e.g., the same or different polypeptides) that is capable of specifically binding to one or more different antigen(s). In some examples, an antigen-binding domain can bind to an antigen or epitope with specificity and affinity similar to that of naturally-occurring antibodies. In some embodiments, the antigen-binding domain can be an antibody or a fragment thereof. In some embodiments, an antigen-binding domain can include an alternative scaffold. Non-limiting examples of antigen-binding domains are described herein. Additional examples of antigen-binding domains are known in the art.

A "soluble tissue factor domain" refers to a polypeptide having at least 70% identity (e.g., at least 75% identity, at least 80% identity, at least 85% identity, at least 90% identity, at least 95% identity, at least 99% identity, or 100% identical) to a segment of a wildtype mammalian tissue factor protein (e.g., a wildtype human tissue factor protein) that lacks the transmembrane domain and the intracellular domain. Non-limiting examples of soluble tissue factor domains are described herein.

The term "soluble interleukin protein" is used herein to refer to a mature and secreted interleukin protein or a biologically active fragment thereof. In some examples, a soluble interleukin protein can include a sequence that is at least 70% identical, at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to a wildtype mature and

secreted mammalian interleukin protein (e.g., a wildtype human interleukin protein) and retains its biological activity. Non-limiting examples of soluble interleukin proteins are described herein.

The term "soluble cytokine protein" is used herein to refer to a mature and secreted cytokine protein or a biologically active fragment thereof. In some examples, a soluble cytokine protein can include a sequence that is at least 70% identical, at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to a wildtype mature and secreted mammalian interleukin protein (e.g., a wildtype human interleukin protein) and retains its biological activity. Non-limiting examples of soluble cytokine proteins are described herein.

The term "soluble interleukin receptor" is used herein in the broadest sense to refer to a polypeptide that lacks a transmembrane domain (and optionally an intracellular domain) that is capable of binding one or more of its natural ligands (e.g., under physiological conditions, e.g., in phosphate buffered saline at room temperature). For example, a soluble interleukin receptor can include a sequence that is at least 70% identical (e.g., at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to an extracellular domain of wildtype interleukin receptor and retains its ability to specifically bind to one or more of its natural ligands, but lacks its transmembrane domain (and optionally, further lacks its intracellular domain). Non-limiting examples of soluble interleukin receptors are described herein.

The term "soluble cytokine receptor" is used herein in the broadest sense to refer to a polypeptide that lacks a transmembrane domain (and optionally an intracellular domain) that is capable of binding one or more of its natural ligands (e.g., under physiological conditions, e.g., in phosphate buffered saline at room temperature). For example, a soluble cytokine receptor can include a sequence that is at least 70% identical (e.g., at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to an extracellular domain of wildtype cytokine receptor and retains its ability to specifically

bind to one or more of its natural ligands, but lacks its transmembrane domain (and optionally, further lacks its intracellular domain). Non-limiting examples of soluble cytokine receptors are described herein.

The term "antibody" is used herein in its broadest sense and includes certain types of immunoglobulin molecules that include one or more antigen-binding domains that specifically bind to an antigen or epitope. An antibody specifically includes, e.g., intact antibodies (e.g., intact immunoglobulins), antibody fragments, and multi-specific antibodies. One example of an antigen-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain formed by a VH -VL dimer. Additional examples of an antibody are described herein. Additional examples of an antibody are known in the art.

"Affinity" refers to the strength of the sum total of non-covalent interactions between an antigen-binding site and its binding partner (e.g., an antigen or epitope). Unless indicated otherwise, as used herein, "affinity" refers to intrinsic binding affinity, which reflects a 1:1 interaction between members of an antigen-binding domain and an antigen or epitope. The affinity of a molecule X for its partner Y can be represented by the dissociation equilibrium constant (K_D). The kinetic components that contribute to the dissociation equilibrium constant are described in more detail below. Affinity can be measured by common methods known in the art, including those described herein. Affinity can be determined, for example, using surface plasmon resonance (SPR) technology (e.g., BIACORE®) or biolayer interferometry (e.g., FORTEBIO®). Additional methods for determining the affinity for an antigen-binding domain and its corresponding antigen or epitope are known in the art.

A "single-chain polypeptide" as used herein to refers to a single protein chain.

A "multi-chain polypeptide" as used herein to refers to a polypeptide comprising two or more (e.g., three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) protein chains (e.g., at least a first chimeric polypeptide and a second polypeptide), where the two or more proteins chains associate through non-covalent bonds to form a quaternary structure.

The term "pair of affinity domains" is two different protein domain(s) that bind specifically to each other with a K_D of less than of less than 1×10^{-7} M (e.g., less than 1×10^{-8} M, less than 1×10^{-9} M, less than 1×10^{-10} M, or less than 1×10^{-11} M). In some

examples, a pair of affinity domains can be a pair of naturally-occurring proteins. In some embodiments, a pair of affinity domains can be a pair of synthetic proteins. Non-limiting examples of pairs of affinity domains are described herein.

The term "epitope" means a portion of an antigen that specifically binds to an antigen-binding domain. Epitopes can, e.g., consist of surface-accessible amino acid residues and/or sugar side chains and may have specific three-dimensional structural characteristics, as well as specific charge characteristics. Conformational and non-conformational epitopes are distinguished in that the binding to the former but not the latter may be lost in the presence of denaturing solvents. An epitope may comprise amino acid residues that are directly involved in the binding, and other amino acid residues, which are not directly involved in the binding. Methods for identifying an epitope to which an antigen-binding domain binds are known in the art.

The term "treatment" means to ameliorate at least one symptom of a disorder. In some examples, the disorder being treated is cancer and to ameliorate at least one symptom of cancer includes reducing aberrant proliferation, gene expression, signaling, translation, and/or secretion of factors. Generally, the methods of treatment include administering a therapeutically effective amount of a composition that reduces at least one symptom of a disorder to a subject who is in need of, or who has been determined to be in need of such treatment.

Unless otherwise defined, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. Methods and materials are described herein for use in the present invention; other, suitable methods and materials known in the art can also be used. The materials, methods, and examples are illustrative only and not intended to be limiting. All publications, patent applications, patents, sequences, database entries, and other references mentioned herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety. In case of conflict, the present specification, including definitions, will control.

Other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following detailed description and figures, and from the claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Figures 1A-1B show the results of immunostimulation of an exemplary multi-chain polypeptide in C57BL/6 mice. Figure 1A shows the spleen weight of mice treated with increasing dosage of the exemplary multi-chain polypeptide as compared to mice treated with the control solution. Figure 1B shows the percentages of immune cell types present in the spleen of mice treated with increasing dosage of the exemplary multi-chain polypeptide as compared to mice treated with the control solution.

Figures 2A-2B show the duration of immunostimulation of an exemplary multi-chain polypeptide in C57BL/6 mice. Figure 2A shows the spleen weight over a period of 92 hours in mice treated with 3mg/kg of the exemplary multi-chain polypeptide. Figure 2B shows the percentages of immune cell types present in the spleen over a period of 92 hours in mice treated with 3mg/kg of the exemplary multi-chain polypeptide.

Figures 3A-3B show the expression of Ki67 and Granzyme B in immune cells induced by the exemplary multi-chain polypeptide. Figure 3A shows the expression of Ki67 in $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, natural killer (NK) cells, and $CD19^+$ B cells at various time points post-treatment with the multi-chain polypeptide. Figure 3B shows the expression of Granzyme B in $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, natural killer (NK) cells, and $CD19^+$ B cells at various time points post-treatment with the multi-chain polypeptide.

Figure 4 shows the effect of tumor inhibition by splenocytes prepared from mice treated with an exemplary multi-chain polypeptide at various time points after treatment.

Figures 5A-5B show the percentages and the proliferation rate of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, Natural Killer (NK) cells, and $CD19^+$ B cells in the blood of B6.129P2-$ApoE^{tm1Unc}$/J mice (purchased from The Jackson Laboratory) fed a control diet, a high fat diet and untreated, and mice fed a high fat diet and treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2, or 21t15-TGFRs. Figure 5A shows the percentages of the different cell types in each control and experimental group. Figure 5B shows the proliferation rate of the of the different cell types in each control and experimental group.

Figures 6A-6E show exemplary physical appearance of mice fed either a control or high fat diet and were either untreated or treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2, or 21t15-TGFRs.

Figure 7 shows the fasting body weight of mice fed either a control or a high fat diet and were either untreated or treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2, or 21t15-TGFRs.

Figure 8 shows the fasting blood glucose levels of mice fed either a control or a high fat diet and were either untreated or treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2, or 21t15-TGFRs.

Figures 9A-9F show chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 cells and expression of senescent genes. Figure 9A shows chemotherapy induction of senescent B16F10 cells visualized using SA β-gal staining. Figures 9B-9F show expression of p21, IL6, DPP4, RATE1E, and ULBP1 over time in the chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 cells.

Figures 10A-10F show colony formation and expression of stem cell markers by chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 cells. Figure 10A shows colony formation by chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 cells. Figures 10B and 10C show expression of Oct4 mRNA and Notch4 mRNA by chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 cells as compared to control B16F10 cells. Figures 10D-10F show percentage of chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 cells double-positive for two out of the three stem cell markers including CD44, CD24, and CD133.

Figures 11A-11C show migratory and invasive properties of chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 cells. Figure 11A shows the results of a migration assay comparing chemotherapy-induced senescent cells with stem cell properties (B16F10-SNC-CSC) with control B16F10 cells. Figures 11B and 11C show the results of an invasion assay comparing chemotherapy-induced senescent cells with stem cell properties (B16F10-SNC-CSC) with control B16F10 cells.

Figures 12A and 12B show in vitro expanded NK cells and their cytotoxicity against chemotherapy-induced senescent cells with stem cell properties (B16F10-SNC-CSC) or control B16F10 cells. Figure 12A shows an exemplary schematic of a process of obtaining in vitro expanded NK cells. Figure 12 B shows cytotoxicity of the expanded NK cells against chemotherapy-induced senescent cells with stem cell properties (B16F10-SNC-CSC) or control B16F10 cells.

Figures 13A-13C show results of combination treatment using a mouse melanoma model. Figure 13A shows an exemplary schematic for treating melanoma in a mouse model. Figures 13B and 13C show the change in tumor volume over time with combination treatments including TGFRt15-TGFRs as compared to chemotherapy or TA99 treatment alone.

Figure 14 shows induction of senescence in the human pancreatic tumor cell line SW1990 and expression of CD44 and CD24 in senescent SW1990 cells as compared to control SW1990 cells.

Figure 15 shows expression of senescent markers by chemotherapy-induced senescent SW1990 cells.

Figure 16 shows the cytotoxicity of in vitro activated human NK cells against chemotherapy-induced senescent SW1990 cells or control SW1990 cells.

Figure 17 shows a schematic diagram of an exemplary IL-12/IL-15RαSu DNA construct.

Figure 18 shows a schematic diagram of an exemplary IL-18/TF/IL-15 DNA construct.

Figure 19 shows a schematic diagram of the interaction between the exemplary IL-12/IL-15RαSu and IL-18/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs.

Figure 20 shows a schematic diagram of the interaction between the exemplary IL-12/IL-15RαSu and IL-18/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins resulting in IL-18/TF/IL-15:IL-12/IL-15RαSu complex (18t15-12s).

Figure 21 shows a chromatograph of 18t15-12s purification elution from an anti-TF antibody affinity column.

Figure 22 shows an exemplary chromatographic profile of anti-TF Ab /SEC-purified 18t15-12s protein following elution on an analytical size exclusion column, demonstrating separation of monomeric multiprotein 18t15-12s complexes from protein aggregates.

Figure 23 shows an example of a 4-12% SDS-PAGE of the 18t15-12s complex following disulfide bond reduction. Lane 1: SeeBlue Plus2 marker; Lane 2: anti-TF Ab-purified 18t15-12s (0.5 μg); Lane 3: anti-TF Ab-purified 18t15-12s (1 μg).

Figure 24 shows SDS PAGE analysis of deglycosylated and non-deglycosylated 18t15-12s. Lane 1: anti-TF Ab-purified 18t15-12s (0.5 μg), non-deglycosylated; Lane 2: anti-TF Ab -purified 18t15-12s (1 μg), non-deglycosylated; Lane 3: 18t15-12s (1 μg), deglycosylated, Lane 4: Mark12 unstained maker.

Figure 25 shows a sandwich ELISA for the 18t15-12s complex, comprising an anti-human tissue factor antibody capture and a biotinylated anti-human IL-12 detection antibody (BAF 219).

Figure 26 shows a sandwich ELISA for the 18t15-12s complex, comprising an anti-human tissue factor antibody capture and a biotinylated anti-human IL-15 detection antibody (BAM 247).

Figure 27 shows a sandwich ELISA for the 18t15-12s complex, comprising an anti-human tissue factor antibody capture and a biotinylated anti-human IL-18 detection antibody (D045-6).

Figure 28 shows a sandwich ELISA for the 18t15-12s complex, comprising an anti-human tissue factor (I43) capture antibody and an anti-human tissue factor detection antibody.

Figure 29 shows proliferation of IL-15-dependent 32Dβ cells mediated by the 18t15-12s complex (open squares) and recombinant IL-15 (black squares).

Figure 30 shows biological activity of IL-18 within the 18t15-12s complex (open squares), where recombinant IL-18 (black squares) and recombinant IL-12 (black circles) serve as positive and negative controls, respectively.

Figure 31 shows biological activity of IL-12 within the 18t15-12s complex (open squares), where recombinant IL-12 (black circles) and recombinant IL-18 (open squares) serve as positive and negative controls, respectively.

Figures 32A and 32B show cell-surface expression of CD25 on NK cells induced by the 18t15-12s complex and cell-surface CD69 expression of NK cells induced by the 18t15-12s complex.

Figure 33 shows a flow cytometry graph of intracellular IFN-γ expression of NK cells induced by the 18t15-12s complex.

Figure 34 shows cytotoxicity of 18t15-12s induced human NK cells against K562 cells.

Figure 35 shows a schematic diagram of an exemplary IL-12/IL-15RαSu/αCD16 DNA construct.

Figure 36 shows a schematic diagram of an exemplary IL-18/TF/IL-15 DNA construct.

Figure 37 shows a schematic diagram of the interaction between the exemplary IL-12/IL-15RαSu/αCD16scFv and IL-18/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs.

Figure 38 shows a schematic diagram of an exemplary 18t15-12s/αCD16 protein complex.

Figure 39 shows a sandwich ELISA for the 18t15-12s16 complex, comprising an anti-human tissue factor antibody capture antibody and a biotinylated anti-human IL-12 (BAF 219) (dark line) or an anti-human tissue factor detection antibody (light line).

Figure 40 shows a schematic diagram of an exemplary TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu DNA construct.

Figure 41 shows a schematic diagram of an exemplary IL-21/TF/IL-15 construct.

Figure 42 shows a schematic diagram of the interaction between the exemplary IL- IL-21/TF/IL-15 and TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu constructs.

Figure 43 shows a schematic diagram of the interaction between the exemplary TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu and IL-21/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins, resulting in an IL-21/TF/IL-15/TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu complex (21t15-TGFRs).

Figure 44 shows a chromatograph of 21t15-TGFRs purification elution from an anti-TF antibody affinity column.

Figure 45 shows an exemplary 21t15-TGFRs size exclusion chromatograph showing a main protein peak and a high molecular weight peak

Figure 46 shows an example of a 4-12% SDS-PAGE of the 21t15-TGFRs complex following disulfide bond reduction. Lane 1: Mark12 unstained marker (numbers on the left side indicate molecular weights in kDa); Lane 2: 21t15-TGFRs (0.5 μg); Lane 3: 21t15-TGFRs (1 μg); Lane 4: 21t15-TGFRs, deglycosylated (1 μg), wherein the MW was the expected size of 53kDa and 39.08 kDa.

Figure 47 shows a sandwich ELISA for the 21t15-TGFRs complex, comprising an anti-human tissue factor capture and a biotinylated anti-human IL-21 detection antibody (13-7218-81, BioLegend).

Figure 48 shows a sandwich ELISA for the 21t15-TGFRs complex, comprising an anti-human tissue factor antibody capture and a biotinylated anti-human IL-15 detection antibody (BAM 247, R&D Systems).

Figure 49 shows a sandwich ELISA for the 21t15-TGFRs complex, comprising an anti-human tissue factor antibody capture and a biotinylated anti-human TGFβRII detection antibody (BAF241, R&D Systems).

Figure 50 shows a sandwich ELISA for the 21t15-TGFRs complex, comprising an anti-human tissue factor (I43) capture antibody and an anti-human tissue factor detection antibody.

Figure 51 shows IL-15-dependent proliferation of 32Dβ cells mediated by the 21t15-TGFRs complex (open squares) compared to IL-15 (black squares).

Figure 52 shows biological activity of the TGFβRII domain within the 21t15-TGFRs complex (open squares). TGFβRII/Fc (black squares) served as a positive control.

Figure 53 shows a flow cytometry graph of cell-surface CD25 expression of NK cells induced by the 21t15-TGFRs complex.

Figure 54 shows a flow cytometry graph of cell-surface CD69 expression of NK cells induced by the 21t15-TGFRs complex.

Figure 55 shows a flow cytometry graph of intracellular IFN-γ expression of NK cells induced by the 21t15-TGFRs complex.

Figure 56 shows cytotoxicity of 21t15-TGFRs-induced human NK cells against K562 cells.

Figure 57 are schematic diagrams of an exemplary αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide.

Figure 58 is a chromatograph showing the elution of an exemplary αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide from an anti-tissue factor affinity column.

Figure 59 is a chromatograph showing the elution of a Superdex 200 Increase 10/300 GL gel filtration column loaded with an exemplary αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide.

Figure 60 is a sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel (4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris gel) of an exemplary αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide purified using an anti-tissue factor affinity column.

Figure 61 is a graph showing the ELISA quantitation of an exemplary αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide performed using the methods described in Example 1. Purified tissue factor was used as the control.

Figure 62 is a graph showing the ability of an exemplary αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide to stimulate CD25 expression in $CD4^+$ T-cells isolated from blood from two donors. The experiments were performed as described in Example 2.

Figure 63 is a graph showing the ability of an exemplary αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide to stimulate CD25 expression in $CD8^+$ T-cells isolated from blood from two donors. The experiments were performed as described in Example 2.

Figure 64 is a graph showing the ability of an exemplary αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide to stimulate CD69 expression in $CD4^+$ T-cells isolated from blood from two donors. The experiments were performed as described in Example 2.

Figure 65 shows a schematic diagram of an exemplary IL-7/IL-15RαSu DNA construct.

Figure 66 shows a schematic diagram of an exemplary IL-21/TF/IL-15 DNA construct.

Figure 67 shows a schematic diagram of the interaction between the exemplary IL-7/IL-15RαSu and IL-21/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs.

Figure 68 shows a schematic diagram of the interaction between the exemplary IL-7/IL-15RαSu and IL-21/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins resulting in an IL-21/TF/IL-15:IL-7/IL-15RαSu complex (21t15-7s).

Figure 69 shows a schematic diagram of an exemplary IL-21/IL-15RαSu DNA construct.

Figure 70 shows a schematic diagram of an exemplary IL-7/TF/IL-15 DNA construct.

Figure 71 shows a schematic diagram of the interaction between the exemplary IL-21/IL-15RαSu and IL-7/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs.

Figure 72 shows a schematic diagram of the interaction between the exemplary IL-21/IL-15RαSu and IL-7/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins resulting in an IL-7/TF/IL-15:IL-21/IL-15RαSU complex (7t15-21s).

Figure 73 shows the oxygen consumption rate (OCR) in pmoles/min for human NK cells isolated from blood (2 x 10^6 cells/mL) of two different donors.

Figure 74 shows the extracellular acidification rate (ECAR) in mpH/minute for human NK cells isolated from blood (2 x 10^6 cells/mL) of two different donors.

Figure 75 shows a schematic of the 7t15-16s21 construct.

Figure 76 shows an additional schematic of the 7t15-16s21 construct.

Figures 77A and 77B show binding of 7t15-16s21 to CHO cells expressing human CD16b as compared to a control protein.

Figures 78A-78C are results from ELISA experiments using antibodies against IL-15, IL-21, and IL-7 in detecting 7t15-16s21.

Figure 79 shows results of the 32Dβ cell proliferation assay with 7t15-16s21 or recombinant IL-15.

Figure 80 shows the chromatographic profile of 7t15-16s21 protein containing cell culture supernatant following binding and elution on anti-TF antibody resin.

Figure 81 shows the analytical SEC Profile of 7t15-16s21.

Figure 82 shows a schematic of the TGFRt15-16s21 construct.

Figure 83 shows an additional schematic of the TGFRt15-16s21 construct.

Figures 84A and 84B show binding affinity of TGFRT15-16S21 and 7t15-21s with CHO cells expressing human CD16b. Figure 84A shows binding affinity of

TGFRT15-16S21 with CHO cells expressing human CD16b. Figure 84B shows binding affinity of 7t15-21s with CHO cells expressing human CD16b.

Figure 85 shows results of TGFβ1 inhibition by TGFRt15-16s21 and TGFR-Fc.

Figure 86 shows results of 32Dβ cell proliferation assay with TGFRt15-16s21 or recombinant IL-15.

Figures 87A-87C show results of detecting IL-15, IL-21, and TGFβRII in TGFRt15-16s21 with corresponding antibodies using ELISA.

Figure 88 shows the chromatographic profile of TGFRt15-16s21 protein containing cell culture supernatant following binding and elution on anti-TF antibody resin.

Figure 89 shows results of a reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of TGFRt15-16s21.

Figure 90 shows a schematic of the 7t15-7s construct.

Figure 91 shows an additional schematic of the 7t15-7s construct.

Figure 92 shows the chromatographic profile of 7t15-7s protein containing cell culture supernatant following binding and elution on anti-TF antibody resin.

Figure 93 shows detection of TF, IL-15 and IL-7 in 7t15-7s using ELISA.

Figures 94A and 94B show spleen weight and the percentages of immune cell types in 7t15-7s -treated and control-treated mice. Figure 94A shows spleen weight in mice treated with 7t15-7s as compared to PBS control. Figure 94B shows the percentage of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, and NK cells in mice treated with 7t15-7s as compared to PBS control.

Figure 95 shows a schematic of the TGFRt15-TGFRs construct.

Figure 96 shows an additional schematic of the TGFRt15-TGFRs construct.

Figure 97 shows results of TGFβ1 inhibition by TGFRt15-TGFRs and TGFR-Fc.

Figure 98 shows results of 32Dβ cell proliferation assay with TGFRt15-TGFRs or recombinant IL-15

Figures 99A and 99B show results of detecting IL-15 and TGFβRII in TGFRt15-TGFRs with corresponding antibodies using ELISA.

Figure 100 is a line graph showing the chromatographic profile of TGFRt15-TGFRs protein containing cell culture supernatant following binding and elution on anti-TF antibody resin.

Figure 101 shows the analytical SEC profile of TGFRt15-TGFRs.

Figure 102 shows TGFRt15-TGFRs before and after deglycosylation as analyzed by reduced SDS-PAGE.

Figures 103A and 103B show spleen weight and the percentages of immune cell types in TGFRt15-TGFRs-treated and control-treated mice. Figure 103A shows spleen weight in mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs as compared to PBS control. Figure 103B shows the percentage of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, and NK cells in mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs as compared to PBS control.

Figure 104A and 104B show the spleen weight and immunostimulation over 92 hours in mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs. Figure 104A shows spleen weight of mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs at 16, 24, 48, 72, and 92 hours after treatment. Figure 104B shows the percentages of immune cells in mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs at 16, 24, 48, 72, and 92 hours after treatment.

Figure 105A and 105B show Ki67 and Granzyme B expression in mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs over time.

Figure 106 shows enhancement of cytotoxicity of splenocytes by TGFRt15-TGFRs in C57BL/6 Mice.

Figure 107 shows changes in tumor size in response to PBS treatment, chemotherapy alone, TGFRt15-TGFRs alone, or chemotherapy and TGFRt15-TGFRs combination, in a pancreatic cancer mouse model.

Figure 108 shows the cytotoxicity of NK cells isolated from mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs.

Figure 109 shows a schematic of the 7t15-21s137L (long version) construct.

Figure 110 shows an additional schematic of the 7t15-21s137L (long version) construct.

Figure 111 is a line graph showing the chromatographic profile of 7t15-21s137L (long version) protein containing cell culture supernatant following binding and elution on anti-TF antibody resin.

Figure 112 shows the analytical SEC profile of 7t15-21s137L (long version).

Figure 113 shows binding of 7t15-21s137L (short version) to CD137L (4.1BBL)

Figures 114A-114C show detection of IL-15, IL21, and IL7 in 7t15-21s137L (short version) with ELISA. Figure 114A shows detection of IL-15 in 7t15-21s137L (short version) with ELISA. Figure 114B shows detection of IL21 in 7t15-21s137L (short version) with ELISA. Figure 114C shows detection of IL7 in 7t15-21s137L (short version) with ELISA.

Figure 115 shows results from a CTLL-2 cell proliferation assay.

Figure 116 shows the activity of 7t15-1s137L (short version) in promoting IL21R containing B9 cell proliferation.

Figure 117 shows a schematic of the 7t15-TGFRs construct.

Figure 118 shows an additional schematic of the 7t15-TGFRs construct.

Figure 119 shows results of TGFβ1 inhibition by 7t15-TGFRs and TGFR-Fc.

Figures 120A-120C show detection of IL-15, TGFβRII, and IL-7 in 7t15-TGFRs with ELISA.

Figure 121 shows results of a 32Dβ cell proliferation assay with 7t15-TGFRs or recombinant IL-15.

Figure 122 is a line graph showing the chromatographic profile of 7t15-TGFRs protein containing cell culture supernatant following binding and elution on anti-TF antibody resin.

Figure 123 shows 7t15-TGFRs before and after deglycosylation as analyzed using reduced SDS-PAGE.

Figure 124 shows ELISA detection of IL-7, IL-15 and TGFβRII in the 7t15-TGFRs protein.

Figures 125A and 125B show spleen weight and the percentages of immune cell types in 7t15-TGFRs-treated and control-treated mice. Figure 125A shows spleen weight in mice treated with 7t15-TGFRs at various dosages, as compared to PBS control. Figure

125B shows the percentage of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, and NK cells in mice treated with 7t15-TGFRs at various dosages, as compared to PBS control.

Figures 126A and 126B show upregulation of CD44 expression of $CD4^+$ and $CD8^+$ T cells by 7t15-TGFRs in C57BL/6 mice.

Figures 127A and 127B show upregulation of Ki67 expression and Granzyme B expression of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK Cells by 7t15-TGFRs in C57BL/6 mice.

Figure 128 shows enhancement of cytotoxicity of splenocytes by 7t15-TGFRs in C57BL/6 mice.

Figure 129 shows a schematic of the TGFRt15-21s137L construct.

Figure 130 shows an additional schematic of the TGFRt15-21s137L construct.

Figure 131 is a line graph showing the chromatographic profile of TGFRt15-21s137L protein containing cell culture supernatant following binding and elution on anti-TF antibody resin.

Figure 132 shows a schematic of the TGFRt15-TGFRs21 construct.

Figure 133 shows an additional schematic of the TGFRt15-TGFRs21 construct.

Figure 134 is a line graph showing the chromatographic profile of TGFRt15-TGFRs21 protein containing cell culture supernatant following binding and elution on anti-TF antibody resin.

Figure 135 shows TGFRt15-TGFRs21 before and after deglycosylation as analyzed by reduced SDS-PAGE.

Figures 136A and 136B show detection of components of TGFRt15-TGFRs21 using ELISA.

Figures 137A and 137B show the percentages and proliferation of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, and natural killer (NK) cells present in the spleen of control-treated and TGFRt15-TGFRs21-treated mice.

Figure 138 shows upregulation of Granzyme B expression of splenocytes in mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs21.

Figure 139 shows enhancement of cytotoxicity of splenocytes by TGFRt15-TGFRs21 in C57BL/6 Mice.

Figure 140 shows a schematic of the TGFRt15-TGFRs16 construct.

Figure 141 shows an additional schematic of the TGFRt15-TGFRs16 construct.

Figure 142 shows a schematic of the TGFRt15-TGFRs137L construct.

Figure 143 shows an additional schematic of the TGFRt15-TGFRs137L construct.

Figure 144 are schematic diagrams of an exemplary 2t2 single-chain chimeric polypeptide.

Figure 145 shows IL-2 activity in 2t2 as compared to recombinant IL-2 using a 32Dβ cell proliferation assay.

Figure 146 shows IL-2 activity in 2t2 as compared to recombinant IL-2 using a CTLL-2 cell proliferation assay.

Figure 147 shows the fasting blood glucose levels in $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice fed with standard chow or a high fat diet and treated with a PBS control (untreated) or with 2t2.

Figure 148 shows the ratio of $CD4^{+}CD25^{+}FoxP3^{+}$ T regulatory cells in blood lymphocytes from $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice fed with standard chow or a high fat diet and treated with a PBS control (untreated) or with 2t2.

Figure 149 is a line graph showing the chromatographic profile of 2t2 protein containing cell culture supernatant following binding and elution on anti-TF antibody resin.

Figure 150 shows an analytical SEC profile of 2t2.

Figures 151A and 151B show reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of 2t2 before and after deglycosylation. Figure 151A shows reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of 2t2 before deglycosylation. Figure 151B shows reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of 2t2 after deglycosylation.

Figures 152A and152B show results of immunostimulation in C57BL/6 mice using 2t2. Figure 152A shows spleen weight following treatment with 2t2. Figure 152B shows the percentages of immune cell types following 2t2 treatment.

Figure 153 shows upregulation of CD25 expression of $CD4^{+}$ T cells in mice treated with 2t2.

Figure 154 shows the pharmacokinetics of 2t2 in C57BL/6 mice.

Figures 155A and 155B show effects of 2t2 in attenuating the formation of high fat-induced atherosclerotic plaques in $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice. Figure 155A shows a representative view of atherosclerotic plaques from $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice fed with standard chow or a high fat diet and treated with either PBS control or 2t2. Figure 155B shows the results of quantitative analysis of atherosclerotic plaques of each group.

Figure 156 shows fasting glucose levels in 2t2 treated-mice as compared to control-treated mice.

Figure 157 shows the percentage of $CD4^+CD25^+FoxP3^+$ Tregs in blood lymphocytes from mice treated with 2t2 and control-treated mice.

Figure 158 are schematic diagrams of an exemplary 15t15 single-chain chimeric polypeptide.

Figure 159 shows the IL-15 activity of 15t15 as compared to recombinant IL-15 in a 32Dβ cell proliferation assay.

Figure 160 is a line graph showing the chromatographic profile of 15t15 protein containing cell culture supernatant following binding and elution on anti-TF antibody resin.

Figures 161A and 161B show reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of 15t15 before and after deglycosylation. Figure 161A shows reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of 15t15 before deglycosylation. Figure 161B shows reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of 15t15 after deglycosylation.

Figures 162A and 162B is a set of histograms (Figure 162A) and a set of graphs (Figure 162B) showing the change in the surface phenotype of NK cells after stimulation with 18t15-12s, 18t15-12s16, and 7t15-21s + anti-TF antibody.

Figure 163 is a set of graphs showing changes in the surface phenotype of lymphocyte populations after stimulation with 18t15-12s, 18t15-12s16, and 7t15-21s.

Figure 164 is a set of graphs showing an increase in glycolysis in NK cells following treatment with 18t15-12s.

Figure 165 is a set of graphs showing an increase in phospho-STAT4 and phospho-STAT5 levels in NK cells after stimulation with 18t15-12s.

Figure 166 is a set of graphs showing that overnight stimulation of NK cells with 18t15-12s enhances cell metabolism.

Figure 167A-C is a set of graphs showing immunostimulation in C57BL/6 mice following treatment with 2t2.

Figure 168A-B is a set of graphs showing immunostimulation in C57BL/6 mice following treatment with TGFRt15-TGFRs.

Figure 169A-C is a set of graphs showing *in vivo* stimulation of Tregs, NK cells, and $CD8^+$ T cells in $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice fed with a Western diet and treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2.

Figure 170A-B is a set of graphs showing induction of splenocyte proliferation by 2t2 in C57BL/6 mice.

Figure 171A-C is a set of graphs showing immunostimulation in C57BL/6 mice following treatment with TGFRt15-TGFRs.

Figure 172A-B is a set of graphs showing *in vivo* induction of proliferation of NK cells and $CD8^+$ T cells in $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice fed with a Western diet and treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2.

Figure 173 is a schematic and a set of graphs showing the persistence of 7t15-21s and anti-TF antibody-expanded NK cells in NSG mice following treatment with 7t15-21, TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2.

Figure 174A-B is a set of graphs showing enhancement of cytotoxicity of NK cells following treatment of NK cells with TGFRt15-TGFRs.

Figure 175A-B is a set of graphs showing enhancement of ADCC activity of NK cells following treatment of NK cells with TGFRt15-TGFRs.

Figure 176 is a graph of in vitro killing of senescent B16F10 melanoma cells by TGFRt15-TGFRs/2t2-activated mouse NK cells.

Figure 177A-H is a set of graphs showing antitumor activity of TGFRt15-TGFRs plus anti-TRP1 antibody (TA99) in combination with chemotherapy in a melanoma mouse model.

Figure 178A-C is a set of graphs showing amelioration of the Western diet-induced hyperglycemia in $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice by 2t2.

Figure 179 is a set of graphs showing cell surface staining summarizing the differentiation of NK cells into cytokine-induced memory like NK cells (CIML-NK Cells) after stimulation with 18t15-12s and cultured in rhIL-15.

Figure 180 shows upregulation of CD44 memory T cells. The upper panel shows upregulation of CD44 memory T cells upon treatment with TGFRt15-TGFRs. The lower panel shows upregulation of CD44 memory T cells upon treatment with 2t2.

Figures 181A and 181B show improvement in hair regrowth following depilation in mice treated with 2t2 or IL-2. Figure 181A shows skin pigmentation 10 days after depilation in PBS-, 2t2-, or IL-2-treated mice. Figure 181B shows percent pigmentation in PBS-, 2t2-, or IL-2-treated mice as analyzed using the ImageJ software.

Figure 182 shows skin pigmentation 14 days after depilation in PBS-, 2t2-, or IL-2-treated mice.

Figure 183 shows a graph of Factor X (FX) activation following treatment with single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides.

Figure 184 shows clotting time for a buffer with varying concentrations of Innovin in a prothrombin time (PT) test.

Figure 185 shows clotting time for multi-chain chimeric polypeptides in a PT Assay.

Figure 186 shows clotting time of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides in a PT assay when mixed with 32DB cells.

Figure 187 shows clotting time of multi-chain chimeric polypeptides in a PT assay when mixed with human PBMC.

Figure 188 shows binding of 7t15-21s137L (long version) and 7t15-21s137L (short version) to CD137 (4.1BB).

Figure 189A-189D show detection of IL7, IL21, IL15, and 4.1BBL in 7t15-21s137L (long version) by the respective antibodies using ELISA.

Figure 190 shows IL-15 activity of 7t15-21s137L (long version) and 7t15-21s137L (short version) as evaluated by a IL2R$\alpha\beta\gamma$-containing CTLL2 cell proliferation assay.

Figures 191A-191C show human blood lymphocyte pStat5a responses in $CD4^+CD25^{hi}T_{reg}$ cells, $CD4^+CD25^-T_{con}$ cells, or in $CD8^+$ T_{con} cells in response to 2t2 or IL2 treatment. Figure 191A shows pSTAT5 responses in $CD4^+CD25^{hi}T_{reg}$ cells. Figure C191B shows pSTAT5 responses in $CD4^+CD25^-T_{con}$ cells. Figure 191C shows pSTAT5 responses in $CD8^+$ T_{con} cells.

Figures 192A-192E is a set of imaging showing that treatment with an IL-2 based molecule (2t2) can induce formation of hair follicles following depilation in mouse model. Figure 192A is an image from a control mouse - only depilation done after hair was shaved, Figure 192B is an image from a mouse where depilation was followed by low dose IL-2 (1 mg/kg) administration, and Figures 192C-192E show images from mice where depilation was followed by 2t2 at 0.3 mg/kg, (Figure 192C), 1 mg/kg (Figure 192D), and (Figure 192E) 3 mg/kg. Black arrows indicate anagen-phase hair follicles that will later extend into dermis and facilitate hair growth.

Figure 193 shows the total number of anagen phase hair follicles counted per 10 fields for each treatment group.

Figure 194 is a graph showing the percentage different in DNA demethylation in NK cells (relative to unexposed NK cells) from two different donors following expansion with 7t15-21s+ anti-tissue factor (TF)-antibody (IgG1) (50 nM).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Provided herein are methods of treating an aging-related disease or condition in a subject in need thereof that include administering to a subject identified as having an aging-related disease or condition a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s) and/or a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells. Also provided herein are methods of killing or reducing the number of senescent cells in a subject in need thereof that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more NK cell activating agent(s) and/or a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells. Also provided herein are methods of improving the texture and/or appearance of skin and/or hair in a subject in need thereof over a period of time that include administering to the subject a

therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s) and/or a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells. Also provided herein are methods of assisting in the treatment of obesity in a subject in need thereof over a period of time that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s) and/or a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

Activated NK Cells

Some embodiments of any of the methods described herein can include administering to a subject (e.g., any of the exemplary subjects described herein) a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells (e.g., human activated NK cells). An activated NK cell is an NK cell (e.g., a human NK cell) that has increased expression levels of two or more (e.g., three, four, five, or six) of CD25, CD69, MTOR-C1, SREBP1, IFN-γ, and a granzyme (e.g., granzyme B), e.g., as compared to a resting NK cell (e.g., a human resting NK cell). For example, an activated NK cell can have at least a 10% increase (e.g., at least a 15% increase, at least a 20% increase, at least a 25% increase, at least a 30% increase, at least a 35% increase, at least a 40% increase, at least a 45% increase, at least a 50% increase, at least a 55% increase, at least a 60% increase, at least a 65% increase, at least a 70% increase, at least a 75% increase, at least a 80% increase, at least a 85% increase, at least a 90% increase, at least a 95% increase, at least a 100% increase, at least a 120% increase, at least a 140% increase, at least a 160% increase, at least a 180% increase, at least a 200% increase, at least a 220% increase, at least a 240% increase, at least a 260% increase, at least a 280% increase, or at least a 300% increase) in the expression levels of two of more (e.g., three, four, five, or six) of CD25, CD69, MTOR-C1, SREBP1, IFN-γ, and a granzyme (e.g., granzyme B), e.g., as compared to a resting NK cell (e.g., a human activated NK cell).

In some embodiments, an activated NK cell can optionally further can have at least a 10% increase (e.g., at least a 15% increase, at least a 20% increase, at least a 25% increase, at least a 30% increase, at least a 35% increase, at least a 40% increase, at least a 45% increase, at least a 50% increase, at least a 55% increase, at least a 60% increase,

at least a 65% increase, at least a 70% increase, at least a 75% increase, at least a 80% increase, at least a 85% increase, at least a 90% increase, at least a 95% increase, at least a 100% increase, at least a 120% increase, at least a 140% increase, at least a 160% increase, at least a 180% increase, at least a 200% increase, at least a 220% increase, at least a 240% increase, at least a 260% increase, at least a 280% increase, or at least a 300% increase) in the expression levels of two of more (e.g., 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, or 29) of CD25, CD59, CD352, NKp80, DNAM-1, 2B4, NKp30, NKp44, NKp46, NKG2D, CD16, KIR2DS1, KIR2Ds2/3, KIR2DL4, KIR2DS4, KIR2DS5, KIR3DS1, NKG2C, CCR7, CXCR3, L-Selectin, CXCR1, CXCR2, CX3CR1, ChemR23, CXCR4, CCR5, S1P5, c-Kit, mTORC1, e.g., as compared to a resting NK cell (e.g., a human activated NK cell).

For example, an activated NK cell (e.g., a human activated NK cell) can have about a 10% increase to about a 500% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 450% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 400% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 350% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 300% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 280% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 260% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 240% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 220% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 200% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 180% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 160% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 140% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 120% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 100% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 80% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 60% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 40% increase, about a 10% increase to about a 20% increase, a 20% increase to about a 500% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 450% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 400% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 350% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 300% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 280% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 260% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 240% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 220% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 200% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 180% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 160% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 140% increase, about a 20% increase to about a 120% increase, about

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In some embodiments, an activated NK cell can further have about a 10% increase to about a 500% increase (e.g., or any of the subranges of this range described herein) in the expression levels of two of more (e.g., 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, or 29) of CD25, CD59, CD352, NKp80, DNAM-1, 2B4, NKp30, NKp44, NKp46, NKG2D, CD16, KIR2DS1, KIR2Ds2/3, KIR2DL4, KIR2DS4, KIR2DS5, KIR3DS1, NKG2C, CCR7, CXCR3, L-Selectin, CXCR1, CXCR2, CX3CR1, ChemR23, CXCR4, CCR5, S1P5, c-Kit, mTORC1, e.g., as compared to a resting NK cell (e.g., a human activated NK cell).

Non-limiting examples of assays that can be used to determining the expression level of CD25, CD69, CD59, CD352, NKp80, DNAM-1, 2B4, NKp30, NKp44, NKp46, NKG2D, CD16, KIR2DS1, KIR2Ds2/3, KIR2DL4, KIR2DS4, KIR2DS5, KIR3DS1, NKG2C, CCR7, CXCR3, L-Selectin, CXCR1, CXCR2, CX3CR1, ChemR23, CXCR4, CCR5, S1P5, c-Kit, mTORC1, MYC, SREBP1, IFN-γ, and a granzyme (e.g., granzyme B) include, e.g., immunoblotting, fluorescence-assisted cell sorting, enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays, and RT-PCR.

Non-limiting examples of commercial ELISA assays that can be used to determine the expression level of CD25 are available from Diaclone, Covalab Biotechnology, and Caltag Medsystems. The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CD25 are shown below.

Mature Human CD25 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 1)

```
elcdddppe iphatfkama ykegtmlnce ckrgfrriks gslymlctgn sshsswdnqc
qctssatrnt tkqvtpqpee qkerkttemq spmqpvdqas lpghcreppp weneateriy
hfvvgqmvyy qcvqgyralh rgpaesvckm thgktrwtqp qlictgemet sqfpgeekpq
aspegrpese tsclvtttdf qiqtemaatm etsiftteyq vavagcvfll isvlllsglt
wqrrqrksrr ti
```

Human CD25 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 2)

```
gagctctg tgacgatgac ccgccagaga tcccacacgc cacattcaaa gccatggcct
acaaggaagg aaccatgttg aactgtgaat gcaagagagg tttccgcaga ataaaaagcg
ggtcactcta tatgctctgt acaggaaact ctagccactc gtcctgggac aaccaatgtc
aatgcacaag ctctgccact cggaacacaa cgaaacaagt gacacctcaa cctgaagaac
agaaagaaag gaaaaccaca gaaatgcaaa gtccaatgca gccagtggac caagcgagcc
ttccaggtca ctgcagggaa cctccaccat gggaaaatga agccacagag agaatttatc
```

atttcgtggt ggggcagatg gtttattatc agtgcgtcca gggatacagg gctctacaca
gaggtcctgc tgagagcgtc tgcaaaatga cccacgggaa gacaaggtgg acccagcccc
agctcatatg cacaggtgaa atggagacca gtcagtttcc aggtgaagag aagcctcagg
caagccccga aggccgtcct gagagtgaga cttcctgcct cgtcacaaca acagattttc
aaatacagac agaaatggct gcaaccatgg agacgtccat atttacaaca gagtaccagg
tagcagtggc cggctgtgtt ttcctgctga tcagcgtcct cctcctgagt gggctcacct
ggcagcggag acagaggaag agtagaagaa caatc

Non-limiting examples of commercial ELISA assays that can be used to determine the expression level of CD69 are available from RayBiotech, Novus Biologicals, and Aviscera Bioscience. The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CD69 are shown below.

Mature Human CD69 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 3)

mssencfvae nsslhpesgq endatsphfs trhegsfqvp vlcavmnvvf itiliialia
lsvgqyncpg qytfsmpsds hvsscsedwv gyqrkcyfis tvkrswtsaq nacsehgatl
avidsekdmn flkryagree hwvglkkepg hpwkwsngke fnnwfnvtgs dkcvflknte
vssmeceknl ywicnkpyk

Human CD69 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 4)

atgagctctg aaaattgttt cgtagcagag aacagctctt tgcatccgga gagtggacaa
gaaaatgatg ccaccagtcc ccatttctca acacgtcatg aagggtcctt ccaagttcct
gtcctgtgtg ctgtaatgaa tgtggtcttc atcaccattt taatcatagc tctcattgcc
ttatcagtgg gccaatacaa ttgtccaggc caatacacat tctcaatgcc atcagacagc
catgtttctt catgctctga ggactgggtt ggctaccaga ggaaatgcta ctttatttct
actgtgaaga ggagctggac ttcagcccaa aatgcttgtt ctgaacatgg tgctactctt
gctgtcattg attctgaaaa ggacatgaac tttctaaaac gatacgcagg tagagaggaa
cactgggttg gactgaaaaa ggaacctggt cacccatgga agtggtcaaa tggcaaagaa
tttaacaact ggttcaacgt tacagggtct gacaagtgtg tttttctgaa aaacacagag
gtcagcagca tggaatgtga gaagaattta tactggatat gtaacaaacc ttacaaataa

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CD59 are shown below.

Mature Human CD59 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 5)

lqcyncpnptadckt avncssdfda clitkaglqv ynkcwkfehc nfndvttrlr
eneltyycck kdlcnfneql en

Human CD59 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 6)

atgggaatcc aaggagggtc tgtcctgttc gggctgctgc tcgtcctggc tgtcttctgc
cattcaggtc atagcctgca gtgctacaac tgtcctaacc caactgctga ctgcaaaaca

gccgtcaatt gttcatctga ttttgatgcg tgtctcatta ccaaagctgg gttacaagtg
tataacaagt gttggaagtt tgagcattgc aatttcaacg acgtcacaac ccgcttgagg
gaaaatgagc taacgtacta ctgctgcaag aaggacctgt gtaactttaa cgaacagctt
gaaaatggtg ggacatcctt atcagagaaa acagttcttc tgctggtgac tccatttctg
gcagcagcct ggagccttca tccctaa

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CD352 are shown below.

Mature Human CD352 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 7)

qssltplmv ngilgesvtl plefpagekv nfitwlfnet slafivphet kspeihvtnp
kqgkrlnftq syslqlsnlk medtgsyraq istktsakls sytlrilrql rniqvtnhsq
lfqnmtcelh ltcsvedadd nvsfrwealg ntlssqpnlt vswdprisse qdytciaena
vsnlsfsvsa qklcedvkiq ytdtkmilfm vsgicivfgf iillllvlrk rrdslslstq
rtqgpaesar nleyvsvspt nntvyasvth snreteiwtp rendtitiys tinhskeskp
tfsrataldn vv

Human CD352 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 8)

atgttgtggc tgttccaatc gctcctgttt gtcttctgct ttggcccagg gaatgtagtt
tcacaaagca gcttaacccc attgatggtg aacgggattc tgggggagtc agtaactctt
cccctggagt ttcctgcagg agagaaggtc aacttcatca cttggctttt caatgaaaca
tctcttgcct tcatagtacc ccatgaaacc aaaagtccag aaatccacgt gactaatccg
aaacagggaa agcgactgaa cttcacccag tcctactccc tgcaactcag caacctgaag
atggaagaca caggctctta cagagcccag atatccacaa agacctctgc aaagctgtcc
agttacactc tgaggatatt aagacaactg aggaacatac aagttaccaa tcacagtcag
ctatttcaga atatgacctg tgagctccat ctgacttgct ctgtggagga tgcagatgac
aatgtctcat tcagatggga ggccttggga aacacacttt caagtcagcc aaacctcact
gtctcctggg accccaggat ttccagtgaa caggactaca cctgcatagc agagaatgct
gtcagtaatt tatccttctc tgtctctgcc cagaagcttt gcgaagatgt taaaattcaa
tatacagata ccaaaatgat tctgtttatg gtttctggga tatgcatagt cttcggtttc
atcatactgc tgttacttgt tttgaggaaa agaagagatt ccctatcttt gtctactcag
cgaacacagg gccccgagtc cgcaaggaac ctagagtatg tttcagtgtc tccaacgaac
aacactgtgt atgcttcagt cactcattca aacagggaaa cagaaatctg gacacctaga
gaaaatgata ctatcacaat ttactccaca attaatcatt ccaaagagag taaacccact
ttttccaggg caactgccct tgacaatgtc gtgtaa

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human NKp80 are shown below.

Mature Human NKp80 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 9)

mqdeerymtl nvqskkrssa qtsqltfkdy svtlhwykil lgisgtvngi ltltlislil
lvsqgvllkc qkgscsnatq yedtgdlkvn ngtrrnisnk dlcasrsadq tvlcqsewlk
yqgkcywfsn emkswsdsyv yclerkshll iihdqlemaf iqknlrqlny vwiglnftsl
kmtwtwvdgs pidskiffik gpakenscaa ikeskifset cssvfkwicq y

Human NKp80 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 10)

atgcaagatg aagaaagata catgacattg aatgtacagt caaagaaaag gagttctgcc
caaacatctc aacttacatt taaagattat tcagtgacgt tgcactggta taaaatctta
ctgggaatat ctggaaccgt gaatggtatt ctcactttga ctttgatctc cttgatcctg
ttggtactat gccaatcaga atggctcaaa taccaaggga agtgttattg gttctctaat
gagatgaaaa gctggagtga cagttatgtg tattgtttgg aaagaaaatc tcatctacta
atcatacatg accaacttga aatggctttt atacagaaaa acctaagaca attaaactac
gtatggattg ggcttaactt tacctccttg aaaatgacat ggacttgggt ggatggttct
ccaatagatt caaagatatt cttcataaag ggaccagcta aagaaaacag ctgtgctgcc
attaaggaaa gcaaaatttt ctctgaaacc tgcagcagtg ttttcaaatg gatttgtcag
tattag

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human DNAM-1 are shown below.

Mature Human DNAM-1 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 11)

ee vlwhtsvpfa enmslecvyp smgiltqvew fkigtqqdsi aifspthgmv
irkpyaervy flnstmasnn mtlffrnase ddvgyyscsl ytypqgtwqk viqvvqsdsf
eaavpsnshi vsepgknvtl tcqpqmtwpv qavrwekiqp rqidlltycn lvhgrnftsk
fprqivsncs hgrwsvivip dvtvsdsgly rcylqasage netfvmrltv aegktdnqyt
lfvaggtvll llfvisitti iviflnrrrr rerrdlftes wdtqkapnny rspistsqpt
nqsmddtred iyvnyptfsr rpktrv

Human DNAM-1 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 12)

atggattatc ctactttact tttggctctt cttcatgtat acagagctct atgtgaagag
gtgctttggc atacatcagt tccctttgcc gagaacatgt ctctagaatg tgtgtatcca
tcaatgggca tcttaacaca ggtggagtgg ttcaagatcg ggacccagca ggattccata
gccattttca gccctactca tggcatggtc ataaggaagc cctatgctga gagggtttac
tttttgaatt caacgatggc ttccaataac atgactcttt tctttcggaa tgcctctgaa
gatgatgttg gctactattc ctgctctctt tacacttacc cacagggaac ttggcagaag
gtgatacagg tggttcagtc agatagtttt gaggcagctg tgccatcaaa tagccacatt
gtttcggaac ctggaaagaa tgtcacactc acttgtcagc ctcagatgac gtggcctgtg
caggcagtga ggtgggaaaa gatccagccc cgtcagatcg acctcttaac ttactgcaac
ttggtccatg gcagaaattt cacctccaag ttcccaagac aaatagtgag caactgcagc
cacggaaggt ggagcgtcat cgtcatcccc gatgtcacag tctcagactc ggggctttac
cgctgctact tgcaggccag cgcaggagaa aacgaaacct tcgtgatgag attgactgta
gccgagggta aaaccgataa ccaatatacc ctctttgtgg ctggagggac agttttattg
ttgttgtttg ttatctcaat taccaccatc attgtcattt tccttaacag aaggagaagg
agagagagaa gagatctatt tacagagtcc tgggatacac agaaggcacc caataactat
agaagtccca tctctaccag tcaacctacc aatcaatcca tggatgatac aagagaggat
atttatgtca actatccaac cttctctcgc agaccaaaga ctagagttta a

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human 2B4 are shown below.

Mature Human 2B4 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 13)

gk gcqgsadhvv sisgvplqlq pnsiqtkvds iawkkllpsq ngfhhilkwe
ngslpsntsn drfsfivknl sllikaaqqq dsglyclevt sisgkvqtat fqvfvfdkve
kprlqgqgki ldrgrcqval sclvsrdgnv syawyrgskl iqtagnltyl deevdingth
tytcnvsnpv sweshtlnlt qdcqnahqef rfwpflviiv ilsalflgtl acfcvwrrkr
kekqsetspk efltiyedvk dlktrrnheq eqtfpgggst iysmiqsqss aptsqepayt
lysliqpsrk sgsrkrnhsp sfnstiyevi gksqpkaqnp arlsrkelen fdvys

Human 2B4 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 14)

atgctggggc aagtggtcac cctcatactc ctcctgctcc tcaaggtgta tcagggcaaa
ggatgccagg gatcagctga ccatgtggtt agcatctcgg gagtgcctct tcagttacaa
ccaaacagca tacagacgaa ggttgacagc attgcatgga agaagttgct gccctcacaa
aatggatttc atcacatatt gaagtgggag aatggctctt tgccttccaa tacttccaat
gatagattca gttttatagt caagaacttg agtcttctca tcaaggcagc tcagcagcag
gacagtggcc tctactgcct ggaggtcacc agtatatctg gaaaagttca gacagccacg
ttccaggttt ttgtatttga taaagttgag aaaccccgcc tacaggggca ggggaagatc
ctggacagag ggagatgcca agtggctctg tcttgcttgg tctccaggga tggcaatgtg
tcctatgctt ggtacagagg gagcaagctg atccagacag cagggaacct cacctacctg
gacgaggagg ttgacattaa tggcactcac acatatacct gcaatgtcag caatcctgtt
agctgggaaa gccacaccct gaatctcact caggactgtc agaatgccca tcaggaattc
agattttggc cgtttttggt gatcatcgtg attctaagcg cactgttcct tggcaccctt
gcctgcttct gtgtgtggag gagaaagagg aaggagaagc agtcagagac cagtcccaag
gaatttttga caatttacga agatgtcaag gatctgaaaa ccaggagaaa tcacgagcag
gagcagactt ttcctggagg ggggagcacc atctactcta tgatccagtc ccagtcttct
gctcccacgt cacaagaacc tgcatataca ttatattcat taattcagcc ttccaggaag
tctggatcca ggaagaggaa ccacagccct tccttcaata gcactatcta tgaagtgatt
ggaaagagtc aacctaaagc ccagaaccct gctcgattga gccgcaaaga gctggagaac
tttgatgttt attcctag

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human NKp30 are shown below.

Mature Human NKp30 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 15)

lw vsqppeirtl egssaflpcs fnasqgrlai gsvtwfrdev vpgkevrngt
pefrgrlapl assrflhdhq aelhirdvrg hdasiyvcrv evlglgvgtg ngtrlvveke
hpqlgagtvl llragfyavs flsvavgstv yyqgkcltwk gprrqlpavv paplpppcgs
sahllppvpg g

Human NKp30 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 16)

atggcctgga tgctgttgct catcttgatc atggtccatc caggatcctg tgctctctgg
gtgtcccagc cccctgagat tcgtaccctg gaaggatcct ctgccttcct gccctgctcc
ttcaatgcca gccaagggag actggccatt ggctccgtca cgtggttccg agatgaggtg

gttccaggga aggaggtgag gaatggaacc ccagagttca ggggccgcct ggccccactt
gcttcttccc gtttcctcca tgaccaccag gctgagctgc acatccggga cgtgcgaggc
catgacgcca gcatctacgt gtgcagagtg gaggtgctgg gccttggtgt cgggacaggg
aatgggactc ggctggtggt ggagaaagaa catcctcagc taggggctgg tacagtcctc
ctccttcggg ctggattcta tgctgtcagc tttctctctg tggccgtggg cagcaccgtc
tattaccagg gcaaatgcca ctgtcacatg ggaacacact gccactcctc agatgggccc
cgaggagtga ttccagagcc cagatgtccc tag

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human NKp44 are shown below.

Mature Human NKp44 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 17)

qskaqvlqs vagqtltvrc qypptgslye kkgwckeasa lvcirlvtss kprtmawtsr
ftiwddpdag fftvtmtdlr eedsghywcr iyrpsdnsvs ksvrfylvvs pasastqtsw
tprdlvssqt qtqscvppta garqapesps tipvpsqpqn stlrpgpaap ialvpvfcgl
lvakslvlsa llvwwgdiww ktmmelrsld tqkatchlqq vtdlpwtsvs spvereilyh
tvartkisdd ddehtl

Human NKp44 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 18)

atggcctggc gagccctaca cccactgcta ctgctgctgc tgctgttccc aggctctcag
gcacaatcca aggctcaggt acttcaaagt gtggcagggc agacgctaac cgtgagatgc
cagtacccgc ccacgggcag tctctacgag aagaaaggct ggtgtaagga ggcttcagca
cttgtgtgca tcaggttagt caccagctcc aagcccagga cgatggcttg gacctctcga
ttcacaatct gggacgaccc tgatgctggc ttcttcactg tcaccatgac tgatctgaga
gaggaagact caggacatta ctggtgtaga atctaccgcc cttctgacaa ctctgtctct
aagtccgtca gattctatct ggtggtatct ccagcctctg cctccacaca gacctcctgg
actccccgcg acctggtctc ttcacagacc cagacccaga gctgtgtgcc tcccactgca
ggagccagac aagcccctga gtctccatct accatccctg tcccttcaca gccacagaac
tccacgctcc gccctggccc tgcagccccc attgccctgg tgcctgtgtt ctgtggactc
ctcgtagcca agagcctggt gctgtcagcc ctgctcgtct ggtgggtttt aaggaatcgg
cacatgcagc atcaagggag gtctctgctg cacccagctc agcccaggcc ccaggcccat
agacacttcc cactgagcca cagggcacca ggggggacat atggtggaaa accatga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human NKp46 are shown below.

Mature Human NKp46 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 19)

qqqtlpkpf iwaephfmvp kekqvticcq gnygaveyql hfegslfavd rpkpperink
vqfyipdmns rmagqysciy rvgelwseps nlldlvvtem ydtptlsvhp gpevisgekv
tfycrldtat smflllkegr sshvqrgygk vqaefplgpv ttahrgtyrc fgsynnhaws
fpsepvkllv tgdientsla pedptfpadt wgtyllttet glqkdhalwd htaqnllrmg
laflvlvalv wflvedwlsr krtrerasra stwegrrrln tqtl

Human NKp46 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 20)

atggcctggc gagccctaca cccactgcta ctgctgctgc tgctgttccc aggctctcag
gcacaatcca aggctcaggt acttcaaagt gtggcagggc agacgctaac cgtgagatgc
cagtacccgc ccacgggcag tctctacgag aagaaaggct ggtgtaagga ggcttcagca
cttgtgtgca tcaggttagt caccagctcc aagcccagga cgatggcttg gacctctcga
ttcacaatct gggacgaccc tgatgctggc ttcttcactg tcaccatgac tgatctgaga
gaggaagact caggacatta ctggtgtaga atctaccgcc cttctgacaa ctctgtctct
aagtccgtca gattctatct ggtggtatct ccagcctctg cctccacaca gacctcctgg
actccccgcg acctggtctc ttcacagacc cagacccaga gctgtgtgcc tcccactgca
ggagccagac aagcccctga gtctccatct accatccctg tcccttcaca gccacagaac
tccacgctcc gccctggccc tgcagccccc attgccctgg tgcctgtgtt ctgtggactc
ctcgtagcca agagcctggt gctgtcagcc ctgctcgtct ggtgggtttt aaggaatcgg
cacatgcagc atcaagggag gtctctgctg cacccagctc agcccaggcc ccaggcccat
agacacttcc cactgagcca cagggcacca ggggggacat atggtggaaa accatga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human NKG2D are shown below.

Mature Human NKG2D Protein (SEQ ID NO: 21)

mgwirgrrsr hswemsefhn ynldlkksdf strwqkqrcp vvkskcrena spfffccfia
vamgirfiim vaiwsavfln slfnqevqip ltesycgpcp knwicyknnc yqffdesknw
yesqascmsq nasllkvysk edqdllklvk syhwmglvhi ptngswqwed gsilspnllt
iiemqkgdca lyassfkgyi encstpntyi cmqrtv

Human NKG2D cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 22)

atggggtgga ttcgtggtcg gaggtctcga cacagctggg agatgagtga atttcataat
tataacttgg atctgaagaa gagtgatttt tcaacacgat ggcaaaagca aagatgtcca
gtagtcaaaa gcaaatgtag agaaaatgca tctccatttt ttttctgctg cttcatcgct
gtagccatgg gaatccgttt cattattatg gtaacaatat ggagtgctgt attcctaaac
tcattattca accaagaagt tcaaattccc ttgaccgaaa gttactgtgg cccatgtcct
aaaaactgga tatgttacaa aaataactgc taccaatttt ttgatgagag taaaaactgg
tatgagagcc aggcttcttg tatgtctcaa aatgccagcc ttctgaaagt atacagcaaa
gaggaccagg atttacttaa actggtgaag tcatatcatt ggatgggact agtacacatt
ccaacaaatg gatcttggca gtgggaagat ggctccattc tctcacccaa cctactaaca
ataattgaaa tgcagaaggg agactgtgca ctctatgcct cgagctttaa aggctatata
gaaaactgtt caactccaaa tacgtacatc tgcatgcaaa ggactgtgta a

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CD16a are shown below.

Mature Human CD16a Protein (SEQ ID NO: 23)

maegtlwqil cvssdaqpqt fegvkgadpp tlppgsflpg pvlwwgslar lqteksdevs
rkgnwwvtem gggagerlft ssclvglvpl glrislvtcp lqcgimwqll lptallllvs
agmrtedlpk avvflepqwy rvlekdsvtl kcqgaysped nstqwfhnes lissqassyf
idaatvddsg eyrcqtnlst lsdpvqlevh igwlllqapr wvfkeedpih lrchswknta

lhkvtylqng kgrkyfhhns dfyipkatlk dsgsyfcrgl fgsknvsset vnititqgla
vstissffpp gyqvsfclvm vllfavdtgl yfsvktnirs strdwkdhkf kwrkdpqdk

Human CD16a cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 24)

atggctgagggcacactctggcagattctgtgtgtgtcctcagatgctca
gccacagacctttgagggagtaaaggggcagacccacccaccttgcctc
caggctctttccttcctggtcctgttctatggtggggctcccttgccaga
cttcagactgagaagtcagatgaagtttcaagaaaaggaaattggtgggt
gacagagatgggtggaggggctggggaaaggctgtttacttcctcctgtc
tagtcggtttggtccctttagggctccggatatctttggtgacttgtcca
ctccagtgtggcatcatgtggcagctgctcctcccaactgctctgctact
tctagtttcagctggcatgcggactgaagatctcccaaaggctgtggtgt
tcctggagcctcaatggtacagggtgctcgagaaggacagtgtgactctg
aagtgccagggagcctactcccctgaggacaattccacacagtggtttca
caatgagagcctcatctcaagccaggcctcgagctacttcattgacgctg
ccacagtcgacgacagtggagagtacaggtgccagacaaacctctccacc
ctcagtgacccggtgcagctagaagtccatatcggctggctgttgctcca
ggcccctcggtgggtgttcaaggaggaagaccctattcacctgaggtgtc
acagctggaagaacactgctctgcataaggtcacatatttacagaatggc
aaaggcaggaagtattttcatcataattctgacttctacattccaaaagc
cacactcaaagacagcggctcctacttctgcaggggggcttttgggagta
aaaatgtgtcttcagagactgtgaacatcaccatcactcaaggtttggca
gtgtcaaccatctcatcattctttccacctgggtaccaagtctctttctg
cttggtgatggtactccttttgcagtggacacaggactatatttctctg
tgaagacaaacattcgaagctcaacaagagactggaaggaccataaattt
aaatggagaaaggaccctcaagacaaatga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CD16b are shown below.

Mature Human CD16b Protein (SEQ ID NO: 25)

mwqlllptal lllvsagmrt edlpkavvfl epqwysvlek dsvtlkcqga yspednstqw
fhneslissq assyfidaat vndsgeyrcq tnlstlsdpv qlevhigwll lqaprwvfke
edpihlrchs wkntalhkvt ylqngkdrky fhhnsdfhip katlkdsgsy fcrglvgskn
vssetvniti tqglavstis sfsppgyqvs fclvmvllfa vdtglyfsvk tni

Human CD16b cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 26)

atgtggcagctgctcctcccaactgctctgctacttctagtttcagctgg
catgcggactgaagatctcccaaaggctgtggtgttcctggagcctcaat
ggtacagcgtgcttgagaaggacagtgtgactctgaagtgccagggagcc
tactcccctgaggacaattccacacagtggtttcacaatgagaacctcat
ctcaagccaggcctcgagctacttcattgacgctgccacagtcaacgaca
gtggagagtacaggtgccagacaaacctctccaccctcagtgacccggtg
cagctagaagtccatatcggctggctgttgctccaggcccctcggtgggt
gttcaaggaggaagaccctattcacctgaggtgtcacagctggaagaaca
ctgctctgcataaggtcacatatttacagaatggcaaagacaggaagtat
tttcatcataattctgacttccacattccaaaagccacactcaaagatag

cggctcctacttctgcaggggcttgttgggagtaaaaatgtgtcttcag
agactgtgaacatcaccatcactcaaggtttggcagtgtcaaccatctca
tcattctctccacctgggtaccaagtctctttctgcttggtgatggtact
ccttttgcagtggacacaggactatatttctctgtgaagacaaacattt
ga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human KIR2DS1 are shown below.

Human KIR2DS1 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 27)

msltvvsmac vgffllqgaw phegvhrkps llahpgrlvk seetvilqcw sdvmfehfll
hregmfndtl rligehhdgv skanfsisrm kqdlagtyrc ygsvthspyq vsapsdpldi
viiglyekps lsaqpgptvl agesvtlscs srssydmyhl sregeaherr lpagtkvngt
fqanfplgpa thggtyrcfg sfrdspyews kssdpllvsv tgnpsnswps ptepssetgn
prhlhvligt svvkipftil lffllhrwcs dkknaavmdq epagnrtvns edsdeqdhqe
vsya

Human KIR2DS1 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 28)

atgtcgctcacggtcgtcagcatggcgtgtgttgggttcttcttgctgca
gggggcctggccacatgagggagtccacagaaaaccttccctcctggccc
acccaggtcgcctggtgaaatcagaagagacagtcatcctgcaatgttgg
tcagatgtcatgtttgaacacttccttctgcacagagaggggatgtttaa
cgacactttgcgcctcattggagaacaccatgatggggtctccaaggcca
acttctccatcagtcgcatgaagcaagacctggcagggacctacagatgc
tacggttctgttactcactccccctatcagttgtcagctcccagtgaccc
tctggacatcgtgatcataggtctatatgagaaaccttctctctcagccc
agccgggccccacggttctggcaggagagaatgtgaccttgtcctgcagc
tcccggagctcctatgacatgtaccatctatccagggaaggggaggccca
tgaacgtaggctccctgcagggaccaaggtcaacggaacattccaggcca
actttcctctgggccctgccacccatggagggacctacagatgcttcggc
tctttccgtgactctccatacgagtggtcaaagtcaagtgacccactgct
tgtttctgtcacaggaaacccttcaaatagttggccttcacccactgaac
caagctccgaaaccggtaaccccagacacctacatgttctgattgggacc
tcagtggtcaaaatccctttcaccatcctcctcttctttctccttcatcg
ctggtgctccgacaaaaaaaatgctgctgtaatggaccaagagcctgcag
ggaacagaacagtgaacagcgaggattctgatgaacaagaccatcaggag
gtgtcatacgcataa

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human KIR2DS2 are shown below.

Human KIR2DS2 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 29)

mslmvvsmvc vgffllqgaw phegvhrkps llahpgplvk seetvilqcw sdvrfehfll
hregkykdtl hligehhdgv skanfsigpm mqdlagtyrc ygsvthspyq lsapsdpldi
vitglyekps lsaqpgptvl agesvtlscs srssydmyhl sregeaherr fsagpkvngt
fqadfplgpa thggtyrcfg sfrdspyews nssdpllvsv tgnpsnswps ptepssktgn

prhlhvligt svvkipftil lffllhrwcs nkknaavmdq epagnrtvns edsdeqdhqe vsya

Human KIR2DS2 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 30)

atgtcgctcatggtcgtcagcatggcgtgtgttgggttcttcttgctgca
gggggcctggccacatgagggagtccacagaaaaccttccctcctggccc
acccaggtcccctggtgaaatcagaagagacagtcatcctgcaatgttgg
tcagatgtcaggtttgagcacttccttctgcacagagaggggaagtataa
ggacactttgcacctcattggagagcaccatgatggggtctccaaggcca
acttctccatcggtcccatgatgcaagaccttgcagggacctacagatgc
tacggttctgttactcactccccctatcagttgtcagctcccagtgaccc
tctggacatcgtcatcacaggtctatatgagaaaccttctctctcagccc
agccgggccccacggttttggcaggagagagcgtgaccttgtcctgcagc
tcccggagctcctatgacatgtaccatctatccagggaggggaggccca
tgaacgtaggttctctgcagggcccaaggtcaacggaacattccaggccg
actttcctctgggccctgccacccacggaggaacctacagatgcttcggc
tctttccgtgactctccctatgagtggtcaaactcgagtgacccactgct
tgtttctgtcacaggaaacccttcaaatagttggccttcacccactgaac
caagctccaaaaccggtaaccccagacacctgcatgttctgattgggacc
tcagtggtcaaaatccctttcaccatcctcctcttctttctccttcatcg
ctggtgctccaacaaaaaaaatgctgctgtaatggaccaagagcctgcag
ggaacagaacagtgaacagcgaggactctgatgaacaagaccctcaggag
gtgacatacacacagttgaatcactgcgttttcacacagagaaaaatcac
tcgcccttctcagaggcccaagacacccccaacagatatcatcgtgtaca
cggaacttccaaatgctgagtccaga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human KIR2DS3 are shown below.

Mature Human KIR2DS3 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 31)

mslmvismac vgffwlqgaw phegfrrkps llahpgrlvk seetvilqcw sdvmfehfll
hregtfndtl rligehidgv skanfsigrm rqdlagtyrc ygsvphspyq fsapsdpldi
vitglyekps lsaqpgptvl agesvtlscs swssydmyhl stegeaherr fsagpkvngt
fqadfplgpa tqggtyrcfg sfhdspyews kssdpllvsv tgnpsnswps ptepssktgn
prhlhvligt svvklpftil lffllhrwcs dkknasvmdq gpagnrtvnr edsdeqdhqe
vsya

Human KIR2DS3 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 32)

atgtcgctcatggtcatcagcatggcatgtgttgggttcttctggctgca
gggggcctggccacatgagggattccgcagaaaaccttccctcctggccc
acccaggtcgcctggtgaaatcagaagagacagtcatcctgcaatgttgg
tcagatgtcatgtttgagcacttccttctgcacagagaggggacgtttaa
cgacactttgcgcctcattggagagcacattgatggggtctccaaggcca
acttctccatcggtcgcatgaggcaagacctggcagggacctacagatgc
tacggttctgttcctcactccccctatcagttttcagctcccagtgaccc
tctggacatcgtgatcacaggtctatatgagaaaccttctctctcagccc

agccgggccccacggttctggcaggagagagcgtgaccttgtcctgcagc
tcctggagctcctatgacatgtaccatctatccacggagggggaggccca
tgaacgtaggttctctgcagggcccaaggtcaacggaacattccaggccg
actttcctctgggccctgccacccaaggaggaacctacagatgcttcggc
tctttccatgactctccctacgagtggtcaaagtcaagtgacccactgct
tgtttctgtcacaggaaacccttcaaatagttggccttcacccactgaac
caagctccaaaaccggtaaccccagacacctacacgttctgattgggacc
tcagtggtcaaactccctttcaccatcctcctcttctttctccttcatcg
ctggtgctccgacaaaaaaaatgcatctgtaatggaccaagggcctgcgg
ggaacagaacagtgaacagggaggattctgatgaacaggaccatcaggag
gtgtcatacgcataa

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human KIR2DL4 are shown below.

Mature Human KIR2DL4 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 33)

hvggqdk pfcsawpsav vpqgghatlr chcrrgfnif tlykkdgvpv pelynrifwn
sflispvtpa hagtyrcrgf hphsptewsa psnplvimvt glyekpslta rpgptvrage
nvtlscssqs sfdiyhlsre geahelrlpa vpsingtfqa dfplgpathg etyrcfgsfh
gspyewsdps dplpvsvtgn pssswpspte psfktgiarh lhavirysva iilftilpff
llhrwcskkk naavmnqepa ghrtvnreds deqdpqevty aqldhciftq rkitgpsqrs
krpstdtsvc ielpnaepra lspahehhsq almgssrett alsqtqlass nvpaagi

Human KIR2DL4 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 34)

atgtccccttcacatgttgtggtcaatgtgtcaactgcacgatccgggcc
cctcaccacatcctctgcaccggtcagtcgagccgagtcactgcgtcctg
gcagcagaagctgcaccatgtccatgtcacccacggtcatcatcctggca
tgtcttgggttcttcttggaccagagtgtgtgggcacacgtgggtggtca
ggacaagcccttctgctctgcctggcccagcgctgtggtgcctcaaggag
gacacgtgactcttcggtgtcactatcgtcgtgggtttaacatcttcacg
ctgtacaagaaagatggggtccctgtccctgagctctacaacagaatatt
ctggaacagtttcctcattagccctgtgaccccagcacacgcagggacct
acagatgtcgaggttttcacccgcactcccccactgagtggtcggcaccc
agcaaccccctggtgatcatggtcacaggtctatatgagaaaccttcgct
tacagcccggccgggccccacggttcgcgcaggagagaacgtgaccttgt
cctgcagctcccagagctcctttgacatctaccatctatccagggagggg
gaagcccatgaacttaggctccctgcagtgcccagcatcaatggaacatt
ccaggccgacttccctctgggtcctgccacccacggagagacctacagat
gcttcggctctttccatggatctccctacgagtggtcagacccgagtgac
ccactgcctgtttctgtcacaggaaacccttctagtagttggccttcacc
cactgaaccaagcttcaaaactggtatcgccagacacctgcatgctgtga
ttaggtactcagtggccatcatcctctttaccatccttcccttctttctc
cttcatcgctggtgctccaaaaaaaaagatgctgctgtaatgaaccaaga
gcctgcgggacacagaacagtgaacagggaggactctgatgaacaagacc
ctcaggaggtgacatacgcacagttggatcactgcattttcacacagaga
aaaatcactggcccttctcagaggagcaagagaccctcaacagataccag
cgtgtgtatagaacttccaaatgctgagcccagagcgttgtctcctgccc

atgagcaccacagtcaggccttgatgggatcttctagggagacaacagcc
ctgtctcaaacccagcttgccagctctaatgtaccagcagctggaatctg
a

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human KIR2DS4 are shown below.

Mature Human KIR2DS4 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 35)

qegvhrkps flalpghlvk seetvilqcw sdvmfehfll hregkfnntl hligehhdgv
skanfsigpm mpvlagtyrc yssvphspyq lsapsdpldm viiglyekps lsaqpgptvq
agenvslscs siypgrgrpm nvgslqcaas tehsrptflw alpptegptd asalsvtlpt
sgqtrvihcl fpsqetlqiv glhplnqapk pvtpdtymf

Human KIR2DS4 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 36)

atgtcgctcatggtcatcatcatggcgtgtgttgggttcttcttgctgca
gggggcctggccacaggagggagtccacagaaaaccttccttcctggccc
tcccaggtcacctggtgaaatcagaagagacagtcatcctgcaatgttgg
tcggatgtcatgtttgagcacttccttctgcacagagaggggaagtttaa
caacactttgcacctcattggagagcaccatgatggggtttccaaggcca
acttctccattggtcccatgatgcctgtccttgcaggaacctacagatgc
tacggttctgttcctcactccccctatcagttgtcagctcccagtgaccc
tctggacatggtgatcataggtctatatgagaaaccttctctctcagccc
agccgggccccacggttcaggcaggagagaatgtgaccttgtcctgcagc
tccatctatccagggaaggggaggcccatgaacgtaggctccctgcagtg
cgcagcatcaacggaacattccaggccgactttcctctgggccctgccac
ccacggagggacctacagatgcttcggctctttccgtgacgctccctacg
agtggtcaaactcgagtgatccactgcttgtttccgtcacaggaaaccct
tcaaatagttggccttcacccactgaaccaagctccaaaaccggtaaccc
cagacacctacatgttctgattgggacctcagtggtcaaaatccctttca
ccatcctcctcttctttctccttcatcgctggtgctccgacaaaaaaaat
gctgctgtaatggaccaagagcctgcagggaacagaacagtgaacagcga
ggattctgatgaacaagaccatcaggaggtgtcatacgcataa

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human KIR2DS5 are shown below.

Mature Human KIR2DS5 (SEQ ID NO: 37)

hegfrrkps llahpgplvk seetvilqcw sdvmfehfll hregtfnhtl rligehidgv
skgnfsigrm tqdlagtyrc ygsvthspyq lsapsdpldi vitglyekps lsaqpgptvl
agesvtlscs srssydmyhl sregeaherr lpagtkvngt fqadfpldpa thggtyrcfg
sfrdspyews kssdpllvsv tgntsnswps ptepssktgn prhlhvligt svvklpftil
lfflhrwcs nkknasvmdq gpagnrtvnr edsdeqdhqe vsya

Human KIR2DS5 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 38)

```
atgtcgctcatggtcatcagcatggcgtgtgttgcgttcttcttgctgca
gggggcctggccacatgagggattccgcagaaaaccttccctcctggccc
acccaggtcccctggtgaaatcagaagagacagtcatcctgcaatgttgg
tcagatgtcatgtttgagcacttccttctgcacagagaggggacgtttaa
ccacactttgcgcctcattggagagcacattgatggggtctccaagggca
acttctccatcggtcgcatgacacaagacctggcagggacctacagatgc
tacggttctgttactcactccccctatcagttgtcagcgcccagtgaccc
tctggacatcgtgatcacaggtctatatgagaaaccttctctctcagccc
agccgggccccacggttctggcaggagagagcgtgaccttgtcctgcagc
tcccggagctcctatgacatgtaccatctatccagggaaggggaggccca
tgaacgtaggctccctgcagggcccaaggtcaacagaacattccaggccg
actttcctctggaccctgccacccacggagggacctacagatgcttcggc
tctttccgtgactctccatacgagtggtcaaagtcaagtgacccactgct
tgtttctgtcacaggaaactcttcaaatagttggccttcacccactgaac
caagctccgaaaccggtaaccccagacacctacacgttctgattgggacc
tcagtggtcaaactccctttcaccatcctcctcttctttctccttcatcg
ctggtgctccaacaaaaaaaatgcatctgtaatggaccaagggcctgcgg
ggaacagaacagtgaacagggaggattctgatgaacaggaccatcaggag
gtgtcatacgcataa
```

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human KIR3DS1 are shown below.

Mature Human KIR3DS1 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 39)

```
hmggqdkpf lsawpsavvp rgghvtlrch yrhrfnnfml ykedrihvpi fhgrifqegf
nmspvttaha gnytcrgshp hsptgwsaps npmvimvtgn hrkpsllahp gplvksgerv
ilqcwsdimf ehfflhkegi skdpsrlvgq ihdgvskanf sigsmmrala gtyrcygsvt
htpyqlsaps dpldivvtgl yekpslsaqp gpkvqagesv tlscssrssy dmyhlsregg
aherrlpavr kvnrtfqadf plgpathggt yrcfgsfrhs pyewsdpsdp llvsvtgnps
sswpspteps sksgnlrhlh iligtsvvki pftillffll hrwcsnkkkc ccngpracre
qk
```

Human KIR3DS1 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 40)

```
atgttgctcatggtcgtcagcatggcgtgtgttgggttgttcttggtcca
gagggccggtccacacatgggtggtcaggacaagcccttcctgtctgcct
ggcccagcgctgtggtgcctcgcggaggacacgtgactcttcggtgtcac
tatcgtcataggtttaacaatttcatgctatacaaagaagacagaatcca
cgttcccatcttccatggcagaatattccaggagggcttcaacatgagcc
ctgtgaccacagcacatgcagggaactacacatgtcggggttcacaccca
cactcccccactgggtggtcggcacccagcaaccccatggtgatcatggt
cacaggaaaccacagaaaaccttccctcctggcccacccaggtcccctgg
tgaaatcaggagagagagtcatcctgcaatgttggtcagatatcatgttt
gagcacttctttctgcacaaagagtggatctctaaggacccctcacgcct
cgttggacagatccatgatggggtctccaaggccaatttctccatcggtt
```

ccatgatgcgtgcccttgcagggacctacagatgctacggttctgttact
cacacccctatcagttgtcagctcccagtgatcccctggacatcgtggt
cacaggtctatatgagaaaccttctctctcagcccagccgggccccaagg
ttcaggcaggagagagcgtgaccttgtcctgtagctcccggagctcctat
gacatgtaccatctatccagggaggggggagcccatgaacgtaggctccc
tgcagtgcgcaaggtcaacagaacattccaggcagatttccctctgggcc
ctgccacccacggagggacctacagatgcttcggctctttccgtcactct
ccctacgagtggtcagacccgagtgacccactgcttgtttctgtcacagg
aaacccttcaagtagttggccttcacccacagaaccaagctccaaatctg
gtaacctcagacacctgcacattctgattgggacctcagtggtcaaaatc
cctttcaccatcctcctcttctttctccttcatcgctggtgctccaacaa
aaaaaaatgctgctgtaatggaccaagagcctgcagggaacagaagtga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human NKG2C are shown below.

Mature Human NKG2C Protein (SEQ ID NO: 41)

mskqrgtfse vslaqdpkrq qrkpkgnkss isgteqeifq velnlqnpsl nhqgidkiyd
cqgllpppek ltaevlgiic ivlmatvlkt ivlipfleqn nsspntrtqk arhcghcpee
witysnscyy igkerrtwee sllactskns sllsidneee mkflasilps swigvfrnss
hhpwvtingl afkhkikdsd naelncavlq vnrlksaqcg ssmiyhckhk l

Human NKG2C cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 42)

atgaataaacaaagaggaaccttctcagaagtgagtctggcccaggaccc
aaagcggcagcaaaggaaacctaaaggcaataaaagctccatttcaggaa
ccgaacaggaaatattccaagtagaattaaatcttcaaaatccttccctg
aatcatcaagggattgataaaatatatgactgccaaggtttactgccacc
tccagagaagctcactgccgaggtcctaggaatcatttgcattgtcctga
tggccactgtgttaaaaacaatagttcttattcctttcctggagcagaac
aatttttccccgaatacaagaacgcagaaagcacgtcattgtggccattg
tcctgaggagtggattacatattccaacagttgttattacattggtaagg
aaagaagaacttgggaagagagtttgctggcctgtacttcgaagaactcc
agtctgctttctatagataatgaagaagaaatgaaatttctggccagcat
tttaccttcctcatggattggtgtgtttcgtaacagcagtcatcatccat
gggtgacaataaatggtttggctttcaaacataagataaaagactcagat
aatgctgaacttaactgtgcagtgctacaagtaaatcgacttaaatcagc
ccagtgtggatcttcaatgatatatcattgtaagcataagctttag

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CCR7 are shown below.

Mature Human CCR7 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 43)

qdevtd dyigdnttvd ytlfeslcsk kdvrnfkawf lpimysiicf vgllgnglvv
ltyiyfkrlk tmtdtyllnl avadilfllt lpfwaysaak swvfgvhfck lifaiykmsf
fsgmllllci sidryvaivq avsahrhrar vllisklscv giwilatvls ipellysdlq

rssseqamrc slitehveaf itiqvaqmvi gflvpllams fcylviirtl lqarnfernk
aikviiavvv vfivfqlpyn gvvlaqtvan fnitsstcel skqlniaydv tyslacvrcc
vnpflyafig vkfrndlfkl fkdlgclsqe qlrqwsscrh irrssmsvea ettttfsp

Human CCR7 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 44)

atggacctggggaaaccaatgaaaagcgtgctggtggtggctctccttgt
cattttccaggtatgcctgtgtcaagatgaggtcacggacgattacatcg
gagacaacaccacagtggactacactttgttcgagtctttgtgctccaag
aaggacgtgcggaactttaaagcctggttcctccctatcatgtactccat
catttgtttcgtgggcctactgggcaatgggctggtcgtgttgacctata
tctatttcaagaggctcaagaccatgaccgatacctacctgctcaacctg
gcggtggcagacatcctcttcctcctgacccttcccttctgggcctacag
cgcggccaagtcctgggtcttcggtgtccacttttgcaagctcatctttg
ccatctacaagatgagcttcttcagtggcatgctcctacttctttgcatc
agcattgaccgctacgtggccatcgtccaggctgtctcagctcaccgcca
ccgtgcccgcgtccttctcatcagcaagctgtcctgtgtgggcatctgga
tactagccacagtgctctccatcccagagctcctgtacagtgacctccag
aggagcagcagtgagcaagcgatgcgatgctctctcatcacagagcatgt
ggaggcctttatcaccatccaggtggcccagatggtgatcggctttctgg
tccccctgctggccatgagcttctgttaccttgtcatcatccgcaccctg
ctccaggcacgcaactttgagcgcaacaaggccatcaaggtgatcatcgc
tgtggtcgtggtcttcatagtcttccagctgccctacaatggggtggtcc
tggcccagacggtggccaacttcaacatcaccagtagcacctgtgagctc
agtaagcaactcaacatcgcctacgacgtcacctacagcctggcctgcgt
ccgctgctgcgtcaacccttttcttgtacgccttcatcggcgtcaagttcc
gcaacgatctcttcaagctcttcaaggacctgggctgcctcagccaggag
cagctccggcagtggtcttcctgtcggcacatccggcgctcctccatgag
tgtggaggccgagaccaccaccaccttctccccatag

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CXCR3 are shown below.

Mature Human CXCR3 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 45)

mvlevsdhqv lndaevaall enfsssydyg enesdsccts ppcpqdfsln fdraflpaly
sllfllgllg ngavaavlls rrtalsstdt fllhlavadt llvltlplwa vdaavqwvfg
sglckvagal fninfyagal llacisfdry lnivhatqly rrgpparvtl tclavwglcl
lfalpdfifl sahhderlna thcqynfpqv grtalrvlql vagfllpllv maycyahila
vllvsrgqrr lramrlvvvv vvafalcwtp yhlvvlvdil mdlgalarnc gresrvdvak
svtsglgymh cclnpllyaf vgvkfrermw mlllrlgcpn qrglqrqpss srrdsswset
seasysgl

Human CXCR3 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 46)

atggagttgaggaagtacggccctggaagactggcggggacagttatagg
aggagctgctcagagtaaatcacagactaaatcagactcaatcacaaaag
agttcctgccaggcctttacacagcccttcctccccgttcccgccctca

caggtgagtgaccaccaagtgctaaatgacgccgaggttgccgccctcct
ggagaacttcagctcttcctatgactatggagaaaacgagagtgactcgt
gctgtacctccccgccctgcccacaggacttcagcctgaacttcgaccgg
gccttcctgccagccctctacagcctcctctttctgctggggctgctggg
caacggcgcggtggcagccgtgctgctgagccggcggacagccctgagca
gcaccgacaccttcctgctccacctagctgtagcagacacgctgctggtg
ctgacactgccgctctgggcagtggacgctgccgtccagtgggtctttgg
ctctggcctctgcaaagtggcaggtgccctcttcaacatcaacttctacg
caggagccctcctgctggcctgcatcagctttgaccgctacctgaacata
gttcatgccacccagctctaccgccgggggccccccggcccgcgtgaccct
cacctgcctggctgtctgggggctctgcctgcttttcgccctcccagact
tcatcttcctgtcggcccaccacgacgagcgcctcaacgccacccactgc
caatacaacttcccacaggtgggccgcacggctctgcgggtgctgcagct
ggtggctggctttctgctgcccctgctggtcatggcctactgctatgccc
acatcctggccgtgctgctggtttccaggggccagcggcgcctgcgggcc
atgcggctggtggtggtggtcgtggtggcctttgccctctgctggacccc
ctatcacctggtggtgctggtggacatcctcatggacctgggcgctttgg
cccgcaactgtggccgagaaagcagggtagacgtggccaagtcggtcacc
tcaggcctgggctacatgcactgctgcctcaacccgctgctctatgcctt
tgtaggggtcaagttccgggagcggatgtggatgctgctcttgcgcctgg
gctgccccaaccagagagggctccagaggcagccatcgtcttcccgccgg
gattcatcctggtctgagacctcagaggcctcctactcgggcttgtga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human L-selectin are shown below.

Mature Human L-Selectin Protein (SEQ ID NO: 47)

df lahhgtdcwt yhysekpmnw qrarrfcrdn ytdlvaiqnk aeieylektl
pfsrsyywig irkiggiwtw vgtnksltee aenwgdgepn nkknkedcve iyikrnkdag
kwnddachkl kaalcytasc qpwscsghge cveiinnytc ncdvgyygpq cqfviqcepl
eapelgtmdc thplgnfsfs sqcafscseg tnltgieett cgpfgnwssp eptcqviqce
plsapdlgim ncshplasfs ftsactfics egteligkkk ticessgiws npspicqkld
ksfsmikegd ynplfipvav mvtafsglaf iiwlarrlkk gkkskrsmnd py

Human L-Selectin cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 48)

atgggctgcagaagaactagagaaggaccaagcaaagccatgatatttcc
atggaaatgtcagagcacccagagggacttatggaacatcttcaagttgt
gggggtggacaatgctctgttgtgatttcctggcacatcatggaaccgac
tgctggacttaccattattctgaaaaacccatgaactggcaaagggctag
aagattctgccgagacaattacacagatttagttgccatacaaaacaagg
cggaaattgagtatctggagaagactctgcctttcagtcgttcttactac
tggataggaatccggaagataggaggaatatggacgtgggtgggaaccaa
caaatctcttactgaagaagcagagaactggggagatggtgagcccaaca
acaagaagaacaaggaggactgcgtggagatctatatcaagagaaacaaa
gatgcaggcaaatggaacgatgacgcctgccacaaactaaaggcagccct
ctgttacacagcttcttgccagccctggtcatgcagtggccatggagaat
gtgtagaaatcatcaataattacacctgcaactgtgatgtggggtactat

gggccccagtgtcagtttgtgattcagtgtgagcctttggaggccccaga
gctgggtaccatggactgtactcacccttgggaaacttcagcttcagct
cacagtgtgccttcagctgctctgaaggaacaaacttaactgggattgaa
gaaaccacctgtggaccatttggaaactggtcatctccagaaccaacctg
tcaagtgattcagtgtgagcctctatcagcaccagatttggggatcatga
actgtagccatcccctggccagcttcagctttacctctgcatgtaccttc
atctgctcagaaggaactgagttaattgggaagaagaaaaccatttgtga
atcatctggaatctggtcaaatcctagtccaatatgtcaaaaattggaca
aaagtttctcaatgattaaggagggtgattataacccccctcttcattcca
gtggcagtcatggttactgcattctctgggttggcatttatcatttggct
ggcaaggagattaaaaaaaggcaagaaatccaagagaagtatgaatgacc
catattaa

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CXCR1 are shown below.

Mature Human CXCR1 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 49)

msnitdpqmw dfddlnftgm ppadedyspc xletetlnky vviiayalvf llslgnslv
mlvilysrvg rsvtdvylln laladllfal tlpiwaaskv ngwifgtflc kvvsllkevn
fysgilllac isvdrylaiv hatrtltqkr hlvkfvclgc wglsmnlslp fflfrqayhp
nnsspvcyev lgndtakwrm vlrilphtfg fivplfvmlf cygftlrtlf kahmgqkhra
mrvifavvli fllcwlpynl vlladtlmrt qviqescerr nnigraldat eilgflhscl
npiiyafigq nfrhgflkil amhglvskef larhrvtsyt sssvnvssnl

Human CXCR1 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 50)

atgtcaaatattacagatccacagatgtgggattttgatgatctaaattt
cactggcatgccacctgcagatgaagattacagcccctgtatgctagaaa
ctgagacactcaacaagtatgttgtgatcatcgcctatgccctagtgttc
ctgctgagcctgctgggaaactccctggtgatgctggtcatcttatacag
cagggtcggccgctccgtcactgatgtctacctgctgaacctggccttgg
ccgacctactctttgccctgaccttgcccatctgggccgcctccaaggtg
aatggctggatttttggcacattcctgtgcaaggtggtctcactcctgaa
ggaagtcaacttctacagtggcatcctgctgttggcctgcatcagtgtgg
accgttacctggccattgtccatgccacacgcacactgacccagaagcgt
cacttggtcaagtttgtttgtcttggctgctggggactgtctatgaatct
gtccctgcccttcttccttttccgccaggcttaccatccaaacaattcca
gtccagtttgctatgaggtcctgggaaatgacacagcaaaatggcggatg
gtgttgcggatcctgcctcacacctttggcttcatcgtgccgctgtttgt
catgctgttctgctatggattcaccctgcgtacactgtttaaggcccaca
tggggcagaagcaccgagccatgagggtcatctttgctgtcgtcctcatc
ttcctgctttgctggctgccctacaacctggtcctgctggcagacaccct
catgaggacccaggtgatccaggagagctgtgagcgccgcaacaacatcg
gccgggccctggatgccactgagattctgggatttctccatagctgcctc
aaccccatcatctacgccttcatcggccaaaattttcgccatggattcct
caagatcctggctatgcatggcctggtcagcaaggagttcttggcacgtc
atcgtgttacctcctacacttcttcgtctgtcaatgtctcttccaacctc
tga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CXCR2 are shown below.

Mature Human CXCR2 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 51)

```
medfnmesds fedfwkgedl snysysstlp pflldaapce pesleinkyf vviiyalvfl
lsllgnslvm lvilysrvgr svtdvyllnl aladllfalt lpiwaaskvn gwifgtflck
vvsllkevnf ysgilllaci svdrylaivh atrtltqkry lvkficlsiw glslllalpv
llfrrtvyss nvspacyedm gnntanwrml lrilpqsfgf ivpllimlfc ygftlrtlfk
ahmgqkhram rvifavvlif llcwlpynlv lladtlmrtq viqetcerrn hidraldate
ilgilhscln pliyafigqk frhgllkila ihgliskdsl pkdsrpsfvg sssghtsttl
```

Human CXCR2 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 52)

```
atggaagattttaacatggagagtgacagctttgaagatttctggaaagg
tgaagatcttagtaattacagttacagctctaccctgccccctttctac
tagatgccgccccatgtgaaccagaatccctggaaatcaacaagtatttt
gtggtcattatctatgccctggtattcctgctgagcctgctgggaaactc
cctcgtgatgctggtcatcttatacagcagggtcggccgctccgtcactg
atgtctacctgctgaacctagccttggccgacctactctttgccctgacc
ttgcccatctgggccgcctccaaggtgaatggctggatttttggcacatt
cctgtgcaaggtggtctcactcctgaaggaagtcaacttctatagtggca
tcctgctactggcctgcatcagtgtggaccgttacctggccattgtccat
gccacacgcacactgacccagaagcgctacttggtcaaattcatatgtct
cagcatctggggtctgtccttgctcctggccctgcctgtcttacttttcc
gaaggaccgtctactcatccaatgttagcccagcctgctatgaggacatg
ggcaacaatacagcaaactggcggatgctgttacggatcctgccccagtc
ctttggcttcatcgtgccactgctgatcatgctgttctgctacggattca
ccctgcgtacgctgtttaaggcccacatggggcagaagcaccgggccatg
cgggtcatctttgctgtcgtcctcatcttcctgctctgctggctgcccta
caacctggtcctgctggcagacaccctcatgaggacccaggtgatccagg
agacctgtgagcgccgcaatcacatcgaccgggctctggatgccaccgag
attctgggcatccttcacagctgcctcaacccccctcatctacgccttcat
tggccagaagtttcgccatggactcctcaagattctagctatacatggct
tgatcagcaaggactccctgcccaaagacagcaggccttcctttgttggc
tcttcttcagggcacacttccactactctctaa
```

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CX3CR1 are shown below.

Mature Human CX3CR1 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 53)

```
mdqfpesvte nfeyddlaea cyigdivvfg tvflsifysv ifaiglvgnl lvvfaltnsk
kpksvtdiyl lnlalsdllf vatlpfwthy linekglhna mckfttafff igffgsiffi
tvisidryla ivlaansmnn rtvqhgvtis lgvwaaailv aapqfmftkq keneclgdyp
evlqeiwpvl rnvetnflgf llpllimsyc yfriiqtlfs cknhkkakai klillvvivf
flfwtpynvm ifletlklyd ffpscdmrkd lrlalsvtet vafshcclnp liyafagekf
rrylyhlygk clavlcgrsv hvdfsssesq rsrhgsvlss nftyhtsdgd allll
```

Human CX3CR1 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 54)

```
atggatcagttccctgaatcagtgacagaaaactttgagtacgatgattt
ggctgaggcctgttatattggggacatcgtggtctttgggactgtgttcc
tgtccatattctactccgtcatctttgccattggcctggtgggaaatttg
ttggtagtgtttgccctcaccaacagcaagaagcccaagagtgtcaccga
catttacctcctgaacctggccttgtctgatctgctgtttgtagccactt
tgcccttctggactcactatttgataaatgaaaagggcctccacaatgcc
atgtgcaaattcactaccgccttcttcttcatcggctttttggaagcat
attcttcatcaccgtcatcagcattgataggtacctggccatcgtcctgg
ccgccaactccatgaacaaccggaccgtgcagcatggcgtcaccatcagc
ctaggcgtctgggcagcagccattttggtggcagcaccccagttcatgtt
cacaaagcagaaagaaaatgaatgccttggtgactaccccgaggtcctcc
aggaaatctggcccgtgctccgcaatgtggaaacaaattttcttggcttc
ctactccccctgctcattatgagttattgctacttcagaatcatccagac
gctgttttcctgcaagaaccacaagaaagccaaagccattaaactgatcc
ttctggtggtcatcgtgtttttcctcttctggacaccctacaacgttatg
attttcctggagacgcttaagctctatgacttctttcccagttgtgacat
gaggaaggatctgaggctggccctcagtgtgactgagacggttgcattta
gccattgttgcctgaatcctctcatctatgcatttgctggggagaagttc
agaagataccttaccacctgtatgggaaatgcctggctgtcctgtgtgg
gcgctcagtccacgttgatttctcctcatctgaatcacaaaggagcaggc
atggaagtgttctgagcagcaattttacttaccacacgagtgatggagat
gcattgctccttctctga
```

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human ChemR23 are shown below.

Mature Human ChemR23 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 55)

```
mrmededynt sisygdeypd yldsivvled lsplearvtr iflvvvysiv cflgilgngl
viiiatfkmk ktvnmvwfln lavadflfnv flpihityaa mdyhwvfgta mckisnflli
hnmftsvfll tiissdrcis vllpvwsqnh rsvrlaymac mviwvlaffl sspslvfrdt
anlhgkiscf nnfslstpgs sswpthsqmd pvgysrhmvv tvtrflcgfl vpvliitacy
ltivcklqrn rlaktkkpfk iivtiiitff lcwcpyhtln llelhhtamp gsvfslglpl
atalaiansc mnpilyvfmg qdfkkfkval fsrlvnalse dtghssypsh rsftkmssmn
ertsmneret gml
```

Human ChemR23 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 56)

```
atgagaatggaggatgaagattacaacacttccatcagttacggtgatga
ataccctgattatttagactccattgtggttttggaggacttatccccct
tggaagccagggtgaccaggatcttcctggtggtggtctacagcatcgtc
tgcttcctcgggattctgggcaatggtctggtgatcatcattgccacctt
caagatgaagaagacagtgaacatggtctggttcctcaacctggcagtgg
cagatttcctgttcaacgtcttcctcccaatccatatcacctatgccgcc
atggactaccactgggttttcgggacagccatgtgcaagatcagcaactt
ccttctcatccacaacatgttcaccagcgtcttcctgctgaccatcatca
gctctgaccgctgcatctctgtgctcctccctgtctggtcccagaaccac
cgcagcgttcgcctggcttacatggcctgcatggtcatctgggtcctggc
```

tttcttcttgagttccccatctctcgtcttccgggacacagccaacctgc
atgggaaaatatcctgcttcaacaacttcagcctgtccacacctgggtct
tcctcgtggcccactcactcccaaatggaccctgtggggtatagccggca
catggtggtgactgtcacccgcttcctctgtggcttcctggtcccagtcc
tcatcatcacagcttgctacctcaccatcgtgtgcaaactgcagcgcaac
cgcctggccaagaccaagaagcccttcaagattattgtgaccatcatcat
taccttcttcctctgctggtgcccctaccacacactcaacctcctagagc
tccaccacactgccatgcctggctctgtcttcagcctgggtttgcccctg
gccactgcccttgccattgccaacagctgcatgaaccccattctgtatgt
tttcatgggtcaggacttcaagaagttcaaggtggccctcttctctcgcc
tggtcaatgctctaagtgaagatacaggccactcttcctaccccagccat
agaagctttaccaagatgtcatcaatgaatgagaggacttctatgaatga
gagggagaccggcatgctttga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CXCR4 are shown below.

Mature Human CXCR4 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 57)

megisiytsd nyteemgsgd ydsmkepcfr eenanfnkif lptiysiifl tgivgnglvi
lvmgyqkklr smtdkyrlhl svadllfvit lpfwavdava nwyfgnflck avhviytvnl
yssvlilafi sldrylaivh atnsqrprkl laekvvyvgv wipallltip dfifanvsea
ddryicdrfy pndlwvvvfq fqhimvglil pgivilscyc iiisklshsk ghqkrkalkt
tvililaffa cwlpyyigis idsfilleii kqgcefentv hkwisiteal affhcclnpi
lyaflgakfk tsaqhaltsv srgsslkils kgkrgghssv stesesssfh ss

Human CXCR4 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 58)

atgtccattcctttgcctcttttgcagatatacacttcagataactacac
cgaggaaatgggctcaggggactatgactccatgaaggaaccctgtttcc
gtgaagaaaatgctaatttcaataaaatcttcctgcccaccatctactcc
atcatcttcttaactggcattgtgggcaatggattggtcatcctggtcat
gggttaccagaagaaactgagaagcatgacggacaagtacaggctgcacc
tgtcagtggccgacctcctctttgtcatcacgcttcccttctgggcagtt
gatgccgtggcaaactggtactttgggaacttcctatgcaaggcagtcca
tgtcatctacacagtcaacctctacagcagtgtcctcatcctggccttca
tcagtctggaccgctacctggccatcgtccacgccaccaacagtcagagg
ccaaggaagctgttggctgaaaaggtggtctatgttggcgtctggatccc
tgccctcctgctgactattcccgacttcatctttgccaacgtcagtgagg
cagatgacagatatatctgtgaccgcttctaccccaatgacttgtgggtg
gttgtgttccagtttcagcacatcatggttggccttatcctgcctggtat
tgtcatcctgtcctgctattgcattatcatctccaagctgtcacactcca
agggccaccagaagcgcaaggccctcaagaccacagtcatcctcatcctg
gctttcttcgcctgttggctgccttactacattgggatcagcatcgactc
cttcatcctcctggaaatcatcaagcaagggtgtgagtttgagaacactg
tgcacaagtggatttccatcaccgaggccctagctttcttccactgttgt
ctgaaccccatcctctatgctttccttggagccaaatttaaaacctctgc
ccagcacgcactcacctctgtgagcagagggtccagcctcaagatcctct
ccaaaggaaagcgaggtggacattcatctgtttccactgagtctgagtct

tcaagttttcactccagctaa

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human CCR5 are shown below.

Mature Human CCR5 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 59)

mdyqvsspiy dinyytsepc qkinvkqiaa rllpplyslv fifgfvgnml vililinckr
lksmtdiyll nlaisdlffl ltvpfwahya aaqwdfgntm cqlltglyfi gffsgiffii
lltidrylav vhavfalkar tvtfgvvtsv itwvvavfas lpgiiftrsq keglhytcss
hfpysqyqfw knfqtlkivi lglvlpllvm vicysgilkt llrcrnekkr hravrlifti
mivyflfwap ynivlllntf qeffglnncs ssnrldqamq vtetlgmthc cinpiiyafv
gekfrnyllv ffqkhiakrf ckccsifqqe aperassvyt rstgeqeisv gl

Human CCR5 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 60)

atggattatcaagtgtcaagtccaatctatgacatcaattattatacatc
ggagccctgccaaaaaatcaatgtgaagcaaatcgcagcccgcctcctgc
ctccgctctactcactggtgttcatctttggttttgtgggcaacatgctg
gtcatcctcatcctgataaactgcaaaaggctgaagagcatgactgacat
ctacctgctcaacctggccatctctgacctgtttttccttcttactgtcc
ccttctgggctcactatgctgccgcccagtgggactttggaaatacaatg
tgtcaactcttgacagggctctattttataggcttcttctctggaatctt
cttcatcatcctcctgacaatcgataggtacctggctgtcgtccatgctg
tgtttgctttaaaagccaggacggtcacctttggggtggtgacaagtgtg
atcacttgggtggtggctgtgtttgcgtctctcccaggaatcatctttac
cagatctcaaaaagaaggtcttcattacacctgcagctctcattttccat
acagtcagtatcaattctggaagaatttccagacattaaagatagtcatc
ttggggctggtcctgccgctgcttgtcatggtcatctgctactcgggaat
cctaaaaactctgcttcggtgtcgaaatgagaagaagaggcacagggctg
tgaggcttatcttcaccatcatgattgtttattttctcttctgggctccc
tacaacattgtccttctcctgaacaccttccaggaattctttggcctgaa
taattgcagtagctctaacaggttggaccaagctatgcaggtgacagaga
ctcttgggatgacgcactgctgcatcaaccccatcatctatgcctttgtc
ggggagaagttcagaaactacctcttagtcttcttccaaaagcacattgc
caaacgcttctgcaaatgctgttctattttccagcaagaggctcccgagc
gagcaagctcagtttacacccgatccactggggagcaggaaatatctgtg
ggcttgtga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human S1P5 are shown below.

Mature Human S1P5 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 61)

mesgllrpap vsevivlhyn ytgklrgary qpgaglrada vvclavcafi vlenlavllv
lgrhprfhap mflllgsltl sdllagaaya anillsgplt lklspalwfa reggvfvalt
asvlsllaia lersltmarr gpapvssrgr tlamaaaawg vslllgllpa lgwnclgrld
acstvlplya kayvlfcvla fvgilaaica lyariycqvr anarrlparp gtagttstra
rrkprslall rtlsvvllaf vacwgplfll llldvacpar tcpvllqadp flglamansl

lnpiiytltn rdlrhallrl vccgrhscgr dpsgsqqsas aaeasgglrr clppgldgsf
sgsersspqr dgldtsgstg spgaptaart lvsepaad

Human S1P5 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 62)

atggagtcggggctgctgcggccggcgccggtgagcgaggtcatcgtcct
gcattacaactacaccggcaagctccgcggtgcgcgctaccagccgggtg
ccggcctgcgcgccgacgccgtggtgtgcctggcggtgtgcgccttcatc
gtgctagagaatctagccgtgttgttggtgctcggacgccacccgcgctt
ccacgctcccatgttcctgctcctgggcagcctcacgttgtcggatctgc
tggcaggcgccgcctacgccgccaacatcctactgtcggggccgctcacg
ctgaaactgtcccccgcgctctggttcgcacgggagggaggcgtcttcgt
ggcactcactgcgtccgtgctgagcctcctggccatcgcgctggagcgca
gcctcaccatggcgcgcaggggcccgcgcccgtctccagtcgggggcgc
acgctggcgatggcagccgcggcctggggcgtgtcgctgctcctcgggct
cctgccagcgctgggctggaattgcctgggtcgcctggacgcttgctcca
ctgtcttgccgctctacgccaaggcctacgtgctcttctgcgtgctcgcc
ttcgtgggcatcctggccgctatctgtgcactctacgcgcgcatctactg
ccaggtacgcgccaacgcgcggcgcctgccggcacggcccgggactgcgg
ggaccacctcgacccgggcgcgtcgcaagccgcgctcgctggccttgctg
cgcacgctcagcgtggtgctcctggcctttgtggcatgttggggccccct
cttcctgctgctgttgctcgacgtggcgtgcccggcgcgcacctgtcctg
tactcctgcaggccgatcccttcctgggactggccatggccaactcactt
ctgaaccccatcatctacacgctcaccaaccgcgacctgcgccacgcgct
cctgcgcctggtctgctgcggacgccactcctgcggcagagacccgagtg
gctcccagcagtcggcgagcgcggctgaggcttccgggggcctgcgccgc
tgcctgcccccgggccttgatgggagcttcagcggctcggagcgctcatc
gccccagcgcgacgggctggacaccagcggctccacaggcagccccggtg
cacccacagccgcccggactctggtatcagaaccggctgcagactga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human C-kit are shown below.

Mature Human C-kit Protein (SEQ ID NO: 63)

qpsvs pgepsppsih pgksdlivrv gdeirllctd pgfvkwtfei ldetnenkqn
ewitekaeat ntgkytctnk hglsnsiyvf vrdpaklflv drslygkedn dtlvrcpltd
pevtnyslkg cqgkplpkdl rfipdpkagi miksvkrayh rlclhcsvdq egksvlsekf
ilkvrpafka vpvvsvskas yllregeeft vtctikdvss svystwkren sqtklqekyn
swhhgdfnye rqatltissa rvndsgvfmc yanntfgsan vtttlevvdk gfinifpmin
ttvfvndgen vdliveyeaf pkpehqqwiy mnrtftdkwe dypksenesn iryvselhlt
rlkgteggty tflvsnsdvn aaiafnvyvn tkpeiltydr lvngmlqcva agfpeptidw
yfcpgteqrc sasvlpvdvq tlnssgppfg klvvqssids safkhngtve ckayndvgkt
sayfnfafkg nnkeqihpht lftplligfv ivagmmciiv miltykylqk pmyevqwkvv
eeingnnyvy idptqlpydh kwefprnrls fgktlgagaf gkvveatayg liksdaamtv
avkmlkpsah lterealmse lkvlsylgnh mnivnllgac tiggptlvit eyccygdlln
flrrkrdsfi cskqedhaea alyknllhsk esscsdstne ymdmkpgvsy vvptkadkrr
svrigsyier dvtpaimedd elaldledll sfsyqvakgm aflaskncih rdlaarnill

thgritkicd fglardiknd snyvvkgnar lpvkwmapes ifncvytfes dvwsygiflw
elfslgsspy pgmpvdskfy kmikegfrml spehapaemy dimktcwdad plkrptfkqi
vqliekqise stnhiysnla ncspnrqkpv vdhsvrinsv gstasssqpl lvhddv

Human C-kit cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 64)

atgagaggcgctcgcggcgcctgggattttctctgcgttctgctcctact
gcttcgcgtccagacaggctcttctcaaccatctgtgagtccaggggaac
cgtctccaccatccatccatccaggaaaatcagacttaatagtccgcgtg
ggcgacgagattaggctgttatgcactgatccgggctttgtcaaatggac
ttttgagatcctggatgaaacgaatgagaataagcagaatgaatggatca
cggaaaaggcagaagccaccaacaccggcaaatacacgtgcaccaacaaa
cacggcttaagcaattccatttatgtgtttgttagagatcctgccaagct
tttccttgttgaccgctccttgtatgggaaagaagacaacgacacgctgg
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caagaatgattctaattatgtggttaaaggaaacgctcgactacctgtga
agtggatggcacctgaaagcattttcaactgtgtatacacgtttgaaagt
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aggaaggcttccggatgctcagccctgaacacgcacctgctgaaatgtat
gacataatgaagacttgctgggatgcagatcccctaaaaagaccaacatt
caagcaaattgttcagctaattgagaagcagatttcagagagcaccaatc
atatttactccaacttagcaaactgcagccccaaccgacagaagcccgtg
gtagaccattctgtgcggatcaattctgtcggcagcaccgcttcctcctc
ccagcctctgcttgtgcacgacgatgtctga

The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human mTOR are shown below.

Mature Human mTOR Protein (SEQ ID NO: 65)

mlgtgpaaat taattssnvs vlqqfasglk srneetraka akelqhyvtm elremsqees
trfydqlnhh ifelvsssda nerkggilai asligveggn atrigrfany lrnllpsndp
vvmemaskai grlamagdtf taeyvefevk ralewlgadr negrrhaavl vlrelaisvp
tfffqqvqpf fdnifvavwd pkqairegav aalraclilt tqrepkemqk pqwyrhtfee
aekgfdetla kekgmnrddr ihgallilne lvrissmege rlreemeeit qqqlvhdkyc
kdlmgfgtkp rhitpftsfq avqpqqsnal vgllgysshq glmgfgtsps pakstlvesr
ccrdlmeekf dqvcqwvlkc rnsknsliqm tilnllprla afrpsaftdt qylqdtmnhv
lscvkkeker taafqalgll svavrsefkv ylprvldiir aalppkdfah krqkamqvda
tvftcismla ramgpgiqqd ikellepmla vglspaltav lydlsrqipq lkkdiqdgll
kmlslvlmhk plrhpgmpkg lahqlaspgl ttlpeasdvg sitlalrtlg sfefeghslt
qfvrhcadhf lnsehkeirm eaartcsrll tpsihlisgh ahvvsqtavq vvadvlskll
vvgitdpdpd irycvlasld erfdahlaqa enlqalfval ndqvfeirel aictvgrlss
mnpafvmpfl rkmliqilte lehsgigrik eqsarmlghl vsnaprlirp ymepilkali
lklkdpdpdp npgvinnvla tigelaqvsg lemrkwvdel fiiimdmlqd ssllakrqva
lwtlgqlvas tgyvvepyrk yptllevlln flkteqnqgt rreairvlgl lgaldpykhk
vnigmidqsr dasavslses kssqdssdys tsemlvnmgn lpldefypav smvalmrifr
dqslshhhtm vvqaitfifk slglkcvqfl pqvmptflnv irvcdgaire flfqqlgmlv
sfvkshirpy mdeivtlmre fwvmntsiqs tiillieqiv valggefkly lpqliphmlr
vfmhdnspgr ivsikllaai qlfganlddy lhlllppivk lfdapeaplp srkaaletvd
rltesldftd yasriihpiv rtldqspelr stamdtlssl vfqlgkkyqi fipmvnkvlv
rhrinhqryd vlicrivkgy tladeeedpl iyqhrmlrsg qgdalasgpv etgpmkklhv
stinlqkawg aarrvskddw lewlrrlsle llkdssspsl rscwalaqay npmardlfna
afvscwseln edqqdelirs ielaltsqdi aevtqtllnl aefmehsdkg plplrddngi
vllgeraakc rayakalhyk elefqkgptp aileslisin nklqqpeaaa gvleyamkhf
geleiqatwy eklhewedal vaydkkmdtn kddpelmlgr mrclealgew gqlhqqccek
wtlvndetqa kmarmaaaaa wglgqwdsme eytcmiprdt hdgafyravl alhqdlfsla

qqcidkardl ldaeltamag esysraygam vschmlsele eviqyklvpe rreiirqiww
erlqgcqriv edwqkilmvr slvvsphedm rtwlkyaslc gksgrlalah ktlvlllgvd
psrqldhplp tvhpqvtyay mknmwksark idafqhmqhf vqtmqqqaqh aiatedqqhk
qelhklmarc flklgewqln lqginestip kvlqyysaat ehdrswykaw hawavmnfea
vlhykhqnqa rdekkklrha sganitnatt aattaatatt tastegsnse seaestensp
tpsplqkkvt edlsktllmy tvpavqgffr sislsrgnnl qdtlrvltlw fdyghwpdvn
ealvegvkai qidtwlqvip qliaridtpr plvgrlihql ltdigryhpq aliypltvas
kstttarhna ankilknmce hsntlvqqam mvseelirva ilwhemwheg leeasrlyfg
ernvkgmfev leplhammer gpqtlketsf nqaygrdlme aqewcrkymk sgnvkdltqa
wdlyyhvfrr iskqlpqlts lelqyvspkl lmcrdlelav pgtydpnqpi iriqsiapsl
qvitskqrpr kltlmgsngh efvfllkghe dlrqdervmq lfglvntlla ndptslrknl
siqryavipl stnsgligwv phcdtlhali rdyrekkkil lniehrimlr mapdydhltl
mqkvevfeha vnntagddla kllwlkspss evwfdrrtny trslavmsmv gyilglgdrh
psnlmldrls gkilhidfgd cfevamtrek fpekipfrlt rmltnamevt gldgnyritc
htvmevlreh kdsvmavlea fvydpllnwr lmdtntkgnk rsrtrtdsys agqsveildg
velgepahkk tgttvpesih sfigdglvkp ealnkkaiqi inrvrdkltg rdfshddtld
vptqvellik qatshenlcq cyigwcpfw

Human mTOR cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 66)

atgcttgga accggacctg ccgccgccac caccgctgcc accacatcta gcaatgtgag
cgtcctgcag cagtttgcca gtggcctaaa gagccggaat gaggaaacca gggccaaagc
cgccaaggag ctccagcact atgtcaccat ggaactccga gagatgagtc aagaggagtc
tactcgcttc tatgaccaac tgaaccatca ctttttgaa ttggtttcca gctcagatgc
caatgagagg aaaggtggca tcttggccat agctagcctc ataggagtgg aaggtgggaa
tgccacccga attggcagat ttgccaacta tcttcggaac ctcctcccct ccaatgaccc
agttgtcatg gaaatggcat ccaaggccat tggccgtctt gccatggcag gggacacttt
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cagcggggcc aacatcacca acgccaccac tgccgccacc acggccgcca ctgccaccac
cactgccagc accgagggca gcaacagtga gagcgaggcc gagagcaccg agaacagccc
caccccatcg ccgctgcaga agaaggtcac tgaggatctg tccaaaaccc tcctgatgta
cacggtgcct gccgtccagg gcttcttccg ttccatctcc ttgtcacgag gcaacaacct
ccaggataca ctcagagttc tcaccttatg gtttgattat ggtcactggc cagatgtcaa
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tcagctcatt gcaagaattg atacgcccag acccttggtg ggacgtctca ttcaccagct
tctcacagac attggtcggt accaccccca ggccctcatc tacccactga cagtggcttc
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gcacagcaac accctggtcc agcaggccat gatggtgagc gaggagctga tccgagtggc
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ggaaaggaac gtgaaaggca tgtttgaggt gctggagccc ttgcatgcta tgatggaacg

gggcccccag actctgaagg aaacatcctt taatcaggcc tatggtcgag atttaatgga
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gcaagtcatc acatccaagc agaggccccg gaaattgaca cttatgggca gcaacggaca
tgagtttgtt ttccttctaa aaggccatga agatctgcgc caggatgagc gtgtgatgca
gctcttcggc ctggttaaca cccttctggc caatgaccca acatctcttc ggaaaaacct
cagcatccag agatacgctg tcatcccttt atcgaccaac tcgggcctca ttggctgggt
tccccactgt gacacactgc acgccctcat ccgggactac agggagaaga agaagatcct
tctcaacatc gagcatcgca tcatgttgcg gatggctccg gactatgacc acttgactct
gatgcagaag gtggaggtgt ttgagcatgc cgtcaataat acagctgggg acgacctggc
caagctgctg tggctgaaaa gccccagctc cgaggtgtgg tttgaccgaa gaaccaatta
tacccgttct ttagcggtca tgtcaatggt tgggtatatt ttaggcctgg gagatagaca
cccatccaac ctgatgctgg accgtctgag tgggaagatc ctgcacattg actttgggga
ctgctttgag gttgctatga cccgagagaa gtttccagag aagattccat ttagactaac
aagaatgttg accaatgcta tggaggttac aggcctggat ggcaactaca gaatcacatg
ccacacagtg atggaggtgc tgcgagagca caaggacagt gtcatggccg tgctggaagc
ctttgtctat gacccttgc tgaactggag gctgatggac acaaatacca aaggcaacaa
gcgatcccga acgaggacgg attcctactc tgctggccag tcagtcgaaa ttttggacgg
tgtggaactt ggagagccag cccataagaa aacggggacc acagtgccag aatctattca
ttctttcatt ggagacggtt tggtgaaacc agaggcccta aataagaaag ctatccagat
tattaacagg gttcgagata agctcactgg tcgggacttc tctcatgatg acactttgga
tgttccaacg caagttgagc tgctcatcaa acaagcgaca tcccatgaaa acctctgcca
gtgctatatt ggctggtgcc ctttctggta a

Non-limiting examples of commercial ELISA assays that can be used to determine the expression level of SREBP1 are available from Novus Biologicals and Abcam. The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human SREBP1 are shown below.

Mature Human SREBP1 Protein (SEQ ID NO: 67)

MDEPPFSEAALEQALGEPCDLDAALLTDIEDMLQLINNQDSDFPGLFDPPYAGSG
AGGTDPASPDTSSPGSLSPPPATLSSSLEAFLSGPQAAPSPLSPPQPAPTPLKMYPS
MPAFSPGPGIKEESVPLSILQTPTPQPLPGALLPQSFPAPAPPQFSSTPVLGYPSPPG
GFSTGSPPGNTQQPLPGLPLASPPGVPPVSLHTQVQSVVPQQLLTVTAAPTAAPV
TTTVTSQIQQVPVLLQPHFIKADSLLLTAMKTDGATVKAAGLSPLVSGTTVQTGP

LPTLVSGGTILATVPLVVDAEKLPINRLAAGSKAPASAQSRGEKRTAHNAIEKRY
RSSINDKIIELKDLVVGTEAKLNKSAVLRKAIDYIRFLQHSNQKLKQENLSLRTAV
HKSKSLKDLVSACGSGGNTDVLMEGVKTEVEDTLTPPPSDAGSPFQSSPLSLGSR
GSGSGGSGSDSEPDSPVFEDSKAKPEQRPSLHSRGMLDRSRLALCTLVFLCLSCN
PLASLLGARGLPSPSDTTSVYHSPGRNVLGTESRDGPGWAQWLLPPVVWLLNGL
LVLVSLVLLFVYGEPVTRPHSGPAVYFWRHRKQADLDLARGDFAQAAQQLWLA
LRALGRPLPTSHLDLACSLLWNLIRHLLQRLWVGRWLAGRAGGLQQDCALRVD
ASASARDAALVYHKLHQLHTMGKHTGGHLTATNLALSALNLAECAGDAVSVA
TLAEIYVAAALRVKTSLPRALHFLTRFFLSSARQACLAQSGSVPPAMQWLCHPV
GHRFFVDGDWSVLSTPWESLYSLAGNPVDPLAQVTQLFREHLLERALNCVTQPN
PSPGSADGDKEFSDALGYLQLLNSCSDAAGAPAYSFSISSSMATTTGVDPVAKW
WASLTAVVIHWLRRDEEAAERLCPLVEHLPRVLQESERPLPRAALHSFKAARAL
LGCAKAESGPASLTICEKASGYLQDSLATTPASSSIDKAVQLFLCDLLLVVRTSL
WRQQQPPAPAPAAQGTSSRPQASALELRGFQRDLSSLRRLAQSFRPAMRRVFLH
EATARLMAGASPTRTHQLLDRSLRRRAGPGGKGGAVAELEPRPTRREHAEALLL
ASCYLPPGFLSAPGQRVGMLAEAARTLEKLGDRRLLHDCQQMLMRLGGGTTVT
SS

Human SREBP1 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 68)

atggacgagccacccttcagcgaggcggctttggagcaggcgctgggcga
gccgtgcgatctggacgcggcgctgctgaccgacatcgaagacatgcttc
agcttatcaacaaccaagacagtgacttccctggcctatttgacccaccc
tatgctgggagtggggcaggggcacagaccctgccagccccgataccag
ctccccaggcagcttgtctccacctcctgccacattgagctcctctcttg
aagccttcctgagcgggccgcaggcagcgccctcacccctgtcccctccc
cagcctgcacccactccattgaagatgtacccgtccatgcccgctttctc
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ccctccgggaggcttctctacaggaagccctcccgggaacacccagcagc
cgctgcctggcctgccactggcttccccgccaggggtcccgcccgtctcc
ttgcacacccaggtccagagtgtggtcccccagcagctactgacagtcac
agctgcccccacggcagcccctgtaacgaccactgtgacctcgcagatcc
agcaggtcccggtcctgctgcagccccacttcatcaaggcagactcgctg
cttctgacagccatgaagacagacggagccactgtgaaggcggcaggtct
cagtcccctggtctctggcaccactgtgcagacagggcctttgccgaccc
tggtgagtggcggaaccatcttggcaacagtcccactggtcgtagatgcg

gagaagctgcctatcaaccggctcgcagctggcagcaaggccccggcctc
tgcccagagccgtggagagaagcgcacagcccacaacgccattgagaagc
gctaccgctcctccatcaatgacaaaatcattgagctcaaggatctggtg
gtgggcactgaggcaaagctgaataaatctgctgtcttgcgcaaggccat
cgactacattcgctttctgcaacacagcaaccagaaactcaagcaggaga
acctaagtctgcgcactgctgtccacaaaagcaaatctctgaaggatctg
gtgtcggcctgtggcagtggagggaacacagacgtgctcatggagggcgt
gaagactgaggtggaggacacactgaccccacccccctcggatgctggct
caccttttccagagcagccccttgtcccttggcagcaggggcagtggcagc
ggtggcagtggcagtgactcggagcctgacagcccagtctttgaggacag
caaggcaaagccagagcagcggccgtctctgcacagccggggcatgctgg
accgctcccgcctggccctgtgcacgctcgtcttcctctgcctgtcctgc
aacccccttggcctccttgctgggggcccgggggcttcccagcccctcaga
taccaccagcgtctaccatagccctgggcgcaacgtgctgggcaccgaga
gcagagatggccctggctgggcccagtggctgctgccccagtggtctgg
ctgctcaatgggctgttggtgctcgtctccttggtgcttctctttgtcta
cggtgagccagtcacacggccccactcaggccccgccgtgtacttctgga
ggcatcgcaagcaggctgacctggacctggcccggggagactttgcccag
gctgcccagcagctgtggctggccctgcgggcactgggccggcccctgcc
cacctcccacctggacctggcttgtagcctcctctggaacctcatccgtc
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agacgcagccctggtctaccataagctgcaccagctgcacaccatgggga
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aacctggcagagtgtgcaggggatgccgtgtctgtggcgacgctggccga
gatctatgtggcggctgcattgagagtgaagaccagtctcccacgggcct
tgcattttctgacacgcttcttcctgagcagtgcccgccaggcctgcctg
gcacagagtggctcagtgcctcctgccatgcagtggctctgccaccccgt
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gggagagcctgtacagcttggccgggaacccagtggacccctggcccag
gtgactcagctattccgggaacatctcttagagcgagcactgaactgtgt
gacccagcccaaccccagccctgggtcagctgatggggacaaggaattct
cggatgccctcgggtacctgcagctgctgaacagctgttctgatgctgcg
ggggctcctgcctacagcttctccatcagttccagcatggccaccaccac
cggcgtagacccggtggccaagtggtgggcctctctgacagctgtggtga
tccactggctgcggcgggatgaggaggcggctgagcggctgtgcccgctg
gtggagcacctgccccgggtgctgcaggagtctgagagacccctgcccag
ggcagctctgcactccttcaaggctgcccgggccctgctgggctgtgcca
aggcagagtctggtccagccagcctgaccatctgtgagaaggccagtggg
tacctgcaggacagcctggctaccacaccagccagcagctccattgacaa
ggccgtgcagctgttcctgtgtgacctgcttcttgtggtgcgcaccagcc
tgtggcggcagcagcagcccccggcccccggccccagcagcccagggcacc
agcagcaggccccaggcttccgcccttgagctgcgtggcttccaacggga
cctgagcagcctgaggcggctggcacagagcttccggcccgccatgcgga
gggtgttcctacatgaggccacggcccggctgatggcgggggccagcccc
acacggacacaccagctcctcgaccgcagtctgaggcggcgggcaggccc
cggtggcaaaggaggcgcggtggcggagctggagccgcggcccacgcggc
gggagcacgcggaggccttgctgctggcctcctgctacctgccccccggc
ttcctgtcggcgcccgggcagcgcgtgggcatgctggctgaggcggcgcg

cacactcgagaagcttggcgatcgccggctgctgcacgactgtcagcaga
tgctcatgcgcctgggcggtgggaccactgtcacttccagctag

Non-limiting examples of commercial ELISA assays that can be used to determine the expression level of IFN-γ are available from R&D Systems, Thermo Fisher Scientific, Abcam, Enzo Life Sciences, and RayBiotech. The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human IFN-γ are shown below.

Mature Human IFN-γ (SEQ ID NO: 69)

qdpyvke aenlkkyfna ghsdvadngt lflgilknwk eesdrkimqs qivsfyfklf
knfkddqsiq ksvetikedm nvkffnsnkk krddfekltn ysvtdlnvqr kaiheliqvm
aelspaaktg krkrsqmlfr g

Human IFN-γ cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 70)

caggac ccatatgtaa aagaagcaga aaaccttaag aaatatttta atgcaggtca
ttcagatgta gcggataatg gaactctttt cttaggcatt ttgaagaatt ggaaagagga
gagtgacaga aaaataatgc agagccaaat tgtctccttt tacttcaaac tttttaaaaa
ctttaaagat gaccagagca tccaaaagag tgtggagacc atcaaggaag acatgaatgt
caagtttttc aatagcaaca aaaagaaacg agatgacttc gaaaagctga ctaattattc
ggtaactgac ttgaatgtcc aacgcaaagc aatacatgaa ctcatccaag tgatggctga
actgtcgcca gcagctaaaa cagggaagcg aaaaaggagt cagatgctgt ttcgaggt

Non-limiting examples of commercial ELISA assays that can be used to determine the expression level of granzyme B are available from RayBiotech, Thermo Fisher Scientific, and R&D Systems. The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human granzyme B are shown below.

Mature Human Granzyme B (SEQ ID NO: 71)

iiggheakph srpymaylmi wdqkslkrcg gflirddfvl taahcwgssi nvtlgahnik
eqeptqqfip vkrpiphpay npknfsndim llqlerkakr travqplrlp snkaqvkpgq
tcsvagwgqt aplgkhshtl qevkmtvqed rkcesdlrhy ydstielcvg dpeikktsfk
gdsggplvcn kvaqgivsyg rnngmpprac tkvssfvhwi kktmkry

Human Granzyme B cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 72)

atcatcgggg gacatgaggc caagccccac tcccgcccct acatggctta tcttatgatc
tgggatcaga agtctctgaa gaggtgcggt ggcttcctga tacgagacga cttcgtgctg
acagctgctc actgttgggg aagctccata aatgtcacct tgggggccca caatatcaaa
gaacaggagc cgacccagca gtttatccct gtgaaaagac ccatccccca tccagcctat
aatcctaaga acttctccaa cgacatcatg ctactgcagc tggagagaaa ggccaagcgg
accagagctg tgcagcccct caggctacct agcaacaagg cccaggtgaa gccagggcag
acatgcagtg tggccggctg ggggcagacg gccccctgg gaaaacactc acacacacta
caagaggtga agatgacagt gcaggaagat cgaaagtgcg aatctgactt acgccattat
tacgacagta ccattgagtt gtgcgtgggg gacccagaga ttaaaaagac ttcctttaag
ggggactctg gaggccctct tgtgtgtaac aaggtggccc agggcattgt ctcctatgga
cgaaacaatg gcatgcctcc acgagcctgc accaaagtct caagctttgt acactggata
aagaaaacca tgaaacgcta c

Non-limiting examples of commercial ELISA assays that can be used to determine the expression level of MYC are available from Invitrogen, LSBio, Biocodon Technologies, and Elisa Genie. The protein and cDNA sequences for mature human MYC are shown below.

Human Myc Protien (SEQ ID NO: 329)

mdffrvvenq qppatmplnv sftnrnydld ydsvqpyfyc deeenfyqqq qqselqppap
sediwkkfel lptpplspsr rsglcspsyv avtpfslrgd ndggggsfst adqlemvtel
lggdmvnqsf icdpddetfi kniiiqdcmw sgfsaaaklv seklasyqaa rkdsgspnpa
rghsvcstss lylqdlsaaa secidpsvvf pyplndsssp kscasqdssa fspssdslls
stesspqgsp eplvlheetp pttssdseee qedeeeidvv svekrqapgk rsesgspsag
ghskpphspl vlkrchvsth qhnyaappst rkdypaakrv kldsvrvlrq isnnrkctsp
rssdteenvk rrthnvlerq rrnelkrsff alrdqipele nnekapkvvi lkkatayils
vqaeeqklis eedllrkrre qlkhkleqlr nsca

Human Myc cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 330)

ctggatt tttttcgggt agtggaaaac cagcagcctc ccgcgacgat gcccctcaac
gttagcttca ccaacaggaa ctatgacctc gactacgact cggtgcagcc gtatttctac
tgcgacgagg aggagaactt ctaccagcag cagcagcaga gcgagctgca gcccccggcg
cccagcgagg atatctggaa gaaattcgag ctgctgccca ccccgccccct gtcccctagc
cgccgctccg ggctctgctc gccctcctac gttgcggtca cacccttctc ccttcgggga

gacaacgacg gcggtggcgg gagcttctcc acggccgacc agctggagat ggtgaccgag
ctgctgggag gagacatggt gaaccagagt ttcatctgcg acccggacga cgagaccttc
atcaaaaaca tcatcatcca ggactgtatg tggagcggct tctcggccgc cgccaagctc
gtctcagaga agctggcctc ctaccaggct gcgcgcaaag acagcggcag cccgaacccc
gcccgcggcc acagcgtctg ctccacctcc agcttgtacc tgcaggatct gagcgccgcc
gcctcagagt gcatcgaccc ctcggtggtc ttcccctacc ctctcaacga cagcagctcg
cccaagtcct gcgcctcgca agactccagc gccttctctc cgtcctcgga ttctctgctc
tcctcgacgg agtcctcccc gcagggcagc cccgagcccc tggtgctcca tgaggagaca
ccgcccacca ccagcagcga ctctgaggag gaacaagaag atgaggaaga aatcgatgtt
gtttctgtgg aaaagaggca ggctcctggc aaaaggtcag agtctggatc accttctgct
ggaggccaca gcaaacctcc tcacagccca ctggtcctca agaggtgcca cgtctccaca
catcagcaca actacgcagc gcctccctcc actcggaagg actatcctgc tgccaagagg
gtcaagttgg acagtgtcag agtcctgaga cagatcagca acaaccgaaa atgcaccagc
cccaggtcct cggacaccga ggagaatgtc aagaggcgaa cacacaacgt cttggagcgc
cagaggagga acgagctaaa acggagcttt tttgccctgc gtgaccagat cccggagttg
gaaaacaatg aaaaggcccc caaggtagtt atccttaaaa aagccacagc atacatcctg
tccgtccaag cagaggagca aaagctcatt tctgaagagg acttgttgcg gaaacgacga
gaacagttga aacacaaact tgaacagcta cggaactctt gtgcgtaa

In some embodiments, activated NK cells (e.g., human activated NK cells) can show increased (e.g., at least a 10% increase, at least a 20% increase, at least a 30% increase, at least a 40% increase, at least a 50% increase, at least a 60% increase, at least a 70% increase, at least 80% increase, at least a 90% increase, at least a 100% increase, at least a 120% increase, at least a 140% increase, at least a 160% increase, at least a 180% increase, at least a 200% increase, at least a 220% increase, at least a 240% increase, at least a 260% increase, at least a 280% increase, or at least a 300% increase) ability to kill senescent cells (e.g., any of the senescent cells described herein) in a subject (e.g., any of the subjects described herein) or *in vitro* as compared to resting NK cells (e.g., human resting NK cells).

In some embodiments, activated NK cells (e.g., human activated NK cells) can show about a 10% increase to about a 500% increase (or any of the subranges of this range described herein) ability to kill senescent cells (e.g., any of the senescent cells

described herein) in a subject (e.g., any of the subjects described herein) or *in vivo* as compared to resting NK cells (e.g., human resting NK cells).

In some embodiments, activated NK cells (e.g., human activated NK cells) can show increased (e.g., at least a 10% increase, at least a 20% increase, at least a 30% increase, at least a 40% increase, at least a 50% increase, at least a 60% increase, at least a 70% increase, at least 80% increase, at least a 90% increase, at least a 100% increase, at least a 120% increase, at least a 140% increase, at least a 160% increase, at least a 180% increase, at least a 200% increase, at least a 220% increase, at least a 240% increase, at least a 260% increase, at least a 280% increase, or at least a 300% increase) cytotoxic activity in a contact-cytotoxicity assay in the presence of an antibody that binds specifically to an antigen present on a senescent or target cell, e.g., as compared to a resting NK cell (e.g., human resting NK cells).

In some embodiments, activated NK cells (e.g., human activated NK cells) can show increased (e.g., about a 10% increase to about a 500% increase, or any of the subranges of this range described herein) cytotoxic activity in a contact-cytotoxicity assay in the presence of an antibody that binds specifically to an antigen present on a senescent or target cell, e.g., as compared to a resting NK cell (e.g., human resting NK cells).

In some embodiments, an activated NK cell can be produced by a method that includes obtaining a resting NK cell; and contacting the resting NK cell *in vitro* in a liquid culture medium including one or more NK cell activating agent(s), where the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an haploidentical resting NK cells. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an allogeneic resting NK cell. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an artificial NK cell. In some examples of any of these methods, the resting NK cell is a genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor.

In some examples of these methods, the liquid culture medium is a serum-free liquid culture medium. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the liquid culture medium is a chemically-defined liquid culture medium. Some examples of these methods further include isolating the activated NK cells (and optionally further administering a therapeutically effective amount of the activated NK cells to a subject, e.g., any of the subjects described herein).

In some embodiments of these methods, the contacting step is performed for a period of about 2 hours to about 20 days (e.g., about 2 hours to about 18 days, about 2 hours to about 16 days, about 2 hours to about 14 days, about 2 hours to about 12 days, about 2 hours to about 10 days, about 2 hours to about 8 days, about 2 hours to about 7 days, about 2 hours to about 6 days, about 2 hours to about 5 days, about 2 hours to about 4 days, about 2 hours to about 3 days, about 2 hours to about 2 days, about 2 hours to about 1 day, about 6 hours to about 18 days, about 6 hours to about 16 days, about 6 hours to about 14 days, about 6 hours to about 12 days, about 6 hours to about 10 days, about 6 hours to about 8 days, about 6 hours to about 7 days, about 6 hours to about 6 days, about 6 hours to about 5 days, about 6 hours to about 4 days, about 6 hours to about 3 days, about 6 hours to about 2 days, about 6 hours to about 1 day, about 12 hours to about 18 days, about 12 hours to about 16 days, about 12 hours to about 14 days, about 12 hours to about 12 days, about 12 hours to about 10 days, about 12 hours to about 8 days, about 12 hours to about 7 days, about 12 hours to about 6 days, about 12 hours to about 5 days, about 12 hours to about 4 days, about 12 hours to about 3 days, about 12 hours to about 2 days, about 12 hours to about 1 day, about 1 day to about 18 days, about 1 day to about 16 days, about 1 day to about 15 days, about 1 day to about 14 days, about 1 day to about 12 days, about 1 day to about 10 days, about 1 day to about 8 days, about 1 day to about 7 days, about 1 day to about 6 days, about 1 day to about 5 days, about 1 day to about 4 days, about 1 day to about 3 days, about 1 day to about 2 days, about 2 days to about 18 days, about 2 days to about 16 days, about 2 days to about 14 days, about 2 days to about 12 days, about 2 days to about 10 days, about 2 days to about 8 days, about 2 days to about 7 days, about 2 days to about 6 days, about 2 days to about 5 days, about 2 days to about 4 days, about 2 days to about 3 days, about 3 days to about 18 days, about 3

days to about 16 days, about 3 days to about 14 days, about 3 days to about 12 days, about 3 days to about 10 days, about 3 days to about 8 days, about 3 days to about 7 days, about 3 days to about 6 days, about 3 days to about 5 days, about 3 days to about 4 days, about 4 days to about 18 days, about 4 days to about 16 days, about 4 days to about 14 days, about 4 days to about 12 days, about 4 days to about 10 days, about 4 days to about 8 days, about 4 days to about 7 days, about 4 days to about 6 days, about 4 days to about 5 days, about 5 days to about 18 days, about 5 days to about 16 days, about 5 days to about 14 days, about 5 days to about 12 days, about 5 days to about 10 days, about 5 days to about 8 days, about 5 days to about 7 days, about 5 days to about 6 days, about 6 days to about 18 days, about 6 days to about 16 days, about 6 days to about 14 days, about 6 days to about 12 days, about 6 days to about 10 days, about 6 days to about 8 days, about 6 days to about 7 days, about 7 days to about 18 days, about 7 days to about 16 days, about 7 days to about 14 days, about 7 days to about 12 days, about 7 days to about 10 days, about 7 days to about 8 days, about 8 days to about 18 days, about 8 days to about 16 days, about 8 days to about 14 days, about 8 days to about 12 days, about 8 days to about 10 days, about 9 days to about 18 days, about 9 days to about 16 days, about 9 days to about 14 days, about 9 days to about 12 days, about 12 days to about 18 days, about 12 days to about 16 days, about 12 days to about 14 days, about 14 days to about 18 days, about 14 days to about 16 days, or about 16 days to about 18 days.

NK Cell Activating Agents

Provided herein are methods that include the use or administration of one or more NK cell activating agents. In some embodiments, an NK cell activating agent can be a protein. In some embodiments, an NK cell activating agent can be a single-chain chimeric polypeptide (e.g. any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein), a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide (e.g. any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, e.g., the exemplary type A and type B multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein), an antibody, a recombinant cytokine or an interleukin (e.g. any of the recombinant cytokines or interleukins described herein), and a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor (e.g. any of the soluble interleukin or cytokine

receptors described herein). In some embodiments, the NK cell activating agent can be a small molecule (e.g., a glycogen synthase kinase-3 (GSK3) inhibitor, e.g., CHIR99021 as described in Cichocki et al., *Cancer Res.* 77:5664-5675, 2017) or an aptamer.

In some embodiments of any of the one or more NK cell activating agents provided herein, at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) results in activation of one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight) of: a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for IL-33, CD16, CD69, CD25, CD59, CD352, NKp80, DNAM-1, 2B4, NKp30, NKp44, NKp46, NKG2D, KIR2DS1, KIR2Ds2/3, KIR2DL4, KIR2DS4, KIR2DS5, and KIR3DS1 (e.g., in an immune cell, e.g., a human immune cell, e.g., a human NK cell) as compared to the level of activation in the absence of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s).

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-2 is a soluble IL-2 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-2 receptor.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-7 is a soluble IL-7 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-7 receptor.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-12 is a soluble IL-12 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-12 receptor.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-15 is a soluble IL-15 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-15 receptor.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-21 is a soluble IL-21 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-21 receptor.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-33 is a soluble IL-33 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-33 receptor.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of CD16 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD16.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of CD69 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD69.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of CD25, CD59 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD25, CD59.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of CD352 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD352.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of NKp80 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKp80.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of DNAM-1 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to DNAM-1.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of 2B4 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to 2B4.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of NKp30 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKp30.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of NKp44 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKp44.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of NKp46 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKp46.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of NKG2D is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKG2D.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of KIR2DS1 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIT2DS1.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of KIR2DS2/3 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIT2DS2/3.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of KIR2DL4 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIT2DL4.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of KIR2DS4 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIT2DS4.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of KIR2DS5 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIT2DS5.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of KIR3DS1 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIT3DS1.

In some embodiments of any of the one or more NK cell activating agents provided herein, at least one (e.g., two, three, four, or five) of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) results in a decrease in the activation of one or more of: PD-1, a TGF-β receptor, TIGIT, CD1, TIM-3, Siglec-7, IRP60, Tactile, IL1R8, NKG2A/KLRD1, KIR2DL1, KIR2DL2/3, KIR2DL5, KIR3DL1, KIR3DL2, ILT2/LIR-1, and LAG-2 (e.g., in an immune cell, e.g., a human immune cell, e.g., a human NK cell) as compared to the level of activation in the absence of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s).

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of a TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGF-β

receptor, an antibody that binds specifically to TGF-β, or an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to a TGF-β receptor.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of TIGIT is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to TIGIT, a soluble TIGIT, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of TIGIT.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of CD1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD1, a soluble CD1, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of CD1.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of TIM-3 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to TIM-3, a soluble TIM-3, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of TIM-3.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of Siglec-7 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to Siglec-7, a soluble Siglec-7, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of Siglec-7.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of IRP-60 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to IRP-60, a soluble IRP-60, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of IRP-60.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of Tactile is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to Tactile, a soluble Tactile, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of Tactile.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of IL1R8 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to IL1R8, a soluble IL1R8, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of IL1R8.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of NKG2A/KLRD1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKG2A/KLRD1, a soluble NKG2A/KLRD1, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of NKG2A/KLRD1.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR2DL1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL1, a soluble KIR2DL1, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR2DL1.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR2DL2/3 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL2/3, a soluble KIR2DL2/3, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR2DL2/3.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR2DL5 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL5, a soluble KIR2DL5, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR2DL5.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR3DL1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR3DL1, a soluble KIR3DL1, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR3DL1.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR3DL2 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR3DL2, a soluble KIR3DL2, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR3DL2.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of ILT2/LIR-1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to ILT2/LIR-1, a soluble ILT2/LIR-1, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of ILT2/LIR-1.

In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of LAG2 is an antagonistic antibody

that binds specifically to LAG2, a soluble LAG2, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of LAG2.

Non-limiting examples of NK cell activating agents are described below and can be used in any combination.

In some examples, an NK cell activating agents can be a soluble PD-1, a soluble PD-L1, a soluble TIGIT, a soluble CD1, or a soluble TIM-3. Non-limiting examples of soluble PD-1, PD-L1, TIGIT, CD1, and TIM-3 are provided below.

Human Soluble PD-1 (SEQ ID NO: 73)

pgwfldspdr pwnpptfspa llvvtegdna tftcsfsnts esfvlnwyrm
spsnqtdkla afpedrsqpg qdcrfrvtql pngrdfhmsv vrarrndsgt
ylcgaislap kaqikeslra elrvterrae vptahpspsp rpagqfqtlv
vgvvggllgs lvllvwvlav icsraargti garrtgqplk edpsavpvfs
vdygeldfqw rektpeppvp cvpeqteyat ivfpsgmgts sparrgsadg
prsaqplrpe dghcswpl

Human Soluble PD-L1 (SEQ ID NO: 74)

ftvtvpkdlyvv eygsnmtiec kfpvekqldl aalivyweme dkniiqfvhg
eedlkvqhss yrqrarllkd qlslgnaalq itdvklqdag vyrcmisygg
adykritvkv napynkinqr ilvvdpvtse heltcqaegy pkaeviwtss
dhqvlsgktt ttnskreekl fnvtstlrin tttneifyct frrldpeenh
taelvipelp lahppnerth lvilgaillc lgvaltfifr lrkgrmmdvk
kcgiqdtnsk kqsdthleet

Human Soluble TIGIT (SEQ ID NO: 75)

mmtgtiett gnisaekggs iilqchlsst taqvtqvnwe qqdqllaicn
adlgwhisps fkdrvapgpg lgltlqsltv ndtgeyfciy htypdgtytg
riflevless vaehgarfqi pllgamaatl vvictavivv valtrkkkal
rihsvegdlr rksagqeews psapsppgsc vqaeaapagl cgeqrgedca
elhdyfnvls yrslgncsff tetg

Human Soluble CD1A (SEQ ID NO: 76)

nadglkeplsfhvt wiasfynhsw kqnlvsgwls dlqthtwdsn sstivflcpw
srgnfsneew keletlfrir tirsfegirr yahelqfeyp feiqvtggce
lhsgkvsgsf lqlayqgsdf vsfqnnswlp ypvagnmakh fckvlnqnqh
endithnlls dtcprfilgl ldagkahlqr qvkpeawlsh gpspgpghlq
lvchvsgfyp kpvwvmwmrg eqeqqgtqrg dilpsadgtw ylratlevaa
geaadlscrv khsslegqdi vlywehhssv gfiilavivp lllliglalw
frkrcfc

Human Soluble TIM3 (SEQ ID NO: 77)

seveyraev gqnaylpcfy tpaapgnlvp vcwgkgacpv fecgnvvlrt
derdvnywts rywlngdfrk gdvsltienv tladsgiycc riqipgimnd
ekfnlklvik pakvtpaptr qrdftaafpr mlttrghgpa etqtlgslpd
inltqistla nelrdsrlan dlrdsgatir igiyigagic aglalalifg
alifkwyshs kekiqnlsli slanlppsgl anavaegirs eeniytieen
vyeveepney ycyvssrqqp sqplgcrfam

In some embodiments, a soluble PD-1 protein can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 73.

In some embodiments, a soluble PD-L1 protein can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 74.

In some embodiments, a soluble TIGIT protein can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94%

identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 75.

In some embodiments, a soluble CD1A protein can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 76.

In some embodiments, a soluble TIM3 protein can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 77.

Recombinant Antibodies

In some examples, NK activating agent can be: an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-2 receptor (see, e.g., those described in Gaulton et al., *Clinical Immunology and Immunopathology* 36(1):18-29, 1985), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-7 receptor, an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to IL-12 receptor (see, e.g., those described in Rogge et al., *J. Immunol.* 162(7): 3926-3932, 1999), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to IL-15 receptor, an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to IL-21 receptor (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2006/159655), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to IL-33 receptor (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2007/160579), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to PD-1 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 7,521,051), an antibody that binds specifically to PD-L1 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 8,217,149), an antibody that binds specifically to TGF-β, an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to TGF-β receptor (see, e.g., those described in European Patent Application Publication No. 1245676 A1), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to TIGIT (see, e.g., those described in WO 2017/053748), an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of TIGIT (see, e.g.,

those described in WO 2011/127324), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD1 (see, e.g., those described in Szalay et al., *J. Immunol.* 162(12):6955-6958, 1999), an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of CD1 (see, e.g., those described in Kain et al., *Immunity* 41(4):543-554, 2014), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to TIM-3 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2015/218274), an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of TIM-3 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2017/283499), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD69 (see, e.g., those described in Moretta et al., Journal of Experimental Medicine 174:1393, 1991), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD25, CD59, an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD352 (see, e.g., those described in Yigit et al., *Oncotarget* 7:26346-26360, 2016), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKp80 (see, e.g., those described in Peipp et al., *Oncotarget* 6:32075-32088, 2015), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to DNAM-1, an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to 2B4 (see, e.g., those described in Sandusky et al., *European J. Immunol.* 36:3268-3276, 2006), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKp30 (see, e.g., those described in Kellner et al., *OncoImmunology* 5:1-12, 2016), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKp44, an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKp46 (see, e.g., those described in Xiong et al., *J. Clin. Invest.* 123:4264-4272, 2013), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKG2D (see, e.g., those described in Kellner et al., *OncoImmunology* 5:1-12, 2016), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DS1 (see, e.g., those described in Xiong et al., *J. Clin. Invest.* 123:4264-4272, 2013), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2Ds2/3 (see, e.g., those described in Borgerding et al., *Exp. Hematology* 38:213-221, 2010), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL4 (see, e.g., those described in Miah et al., *J. Immunol.* 180:2922-32, 2008), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DS4 (see, e.g., those described in Czaja et al., *Genes and Immunity* 15:33-37, 2014), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DS5 (see, e.g., those described in Czaja et al., *Genes and Immunity* 15:33-37, 2014), an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR3DS1 (see, e.g., those described in Czaja et al., *Genes and Immunity* 15:33-37, 2014), an antagonistic antibody that binds

specifically to Siglec-7 (see, e.g., those described in Hudak et al., *Nature Chemical Biology* 10:69-75, 2014), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to IRP60 (see, e.g., those described in Bachelet et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 281:27190-27196, 2006), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to Tactile (see, e.g., those described in Brooks et al., *Eur. J. Cancer* 61(Suppl. 1):S189, 2016), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to IL1R8 (see, e.g., those described in Molgora et al., *Frontiers Immunol.* 7:1, 2016), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKG2A/KLRD1 (see, e.g., those described in Kim et al., *Infection Immunity* 76:5873-5882, 2008), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL1 (see, e.g., those described in Weiner et al., *Cell* 148:1081-1084, 2012), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL2/3 (see, e.g., those described in Weiner et al., *Cell* 148:1081-1084, 2012), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL5 (see, e.g., those described in US 9,067,997), and an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically KIR3DL1 (see, e.g., those described in US 9,067,997), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR3DL2 (see, e.g., those described in US 9,067,997), an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to ILT2/LIR-1 (see, e.g., those described in US 8,133,485), and an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to LAG-2.

A recombinant antibody that is an NK cell activating agent can be any of exemplary types of antibodies (e.g., a human or humanized antibody) or any of the exemplary antibody fragments described herein. A recombinant antibody that is an NK cell activating agent can include, e.g., any of the antigen-binding domains described herein.

Recombinant Interleukins or Cytokines

In some examples, NK activating agents can be, e.g., a soluble IL-2, a soluble IL-7, a soluble IL-12, a soluble IL-15, a soluble IL-21, and a soluble IL-33. Non-limiting examples of soluble IL-12, IL-15, IL-21, and IL-33. are provided below.

Human Soluble IL-2 (SEQ ID NO: 78)

aptssstkkt qlqlehllld lqmilnginn yknpkltrml tfkfympkka
telkhlqcle eelkpleevl nlaqsknfhl rprdlisnin vivlelkgse
ttfmceyade tativeflnr witfcqsiis tlt

Human Soluble IL-7 (SEQ ID NO: 79)

dcdiegkdgkqyesv lmvsidqlld smkeigsncl nnefnffkrh icdankegmf
lfraarklrq flkmnstgdf dlhllkvseg ttillnctgq vkgrkpaalg
eaqptkslee nkslkeqkkl ndlcflkrll qeiktcwnki lmgtkeh

Human Soluble IL-12 subunit alpha (SEQ ID NO: 80)

rnlpvatp dpgmfpclhh sqnllravsn mlqkarqtle fypctseeid
heditkdkts tveaclplel tknesclnsr etsfitngsc lasrktsfmm
alclssiyed lkmyqvefkt mnakllmdpk rqifldqnml avidelmqal
nfnsetvpqk ssleepdfyk tkiklcillh afriravtid rvmsylnas

Human Soluble IL-12 subunit beta (SEQ ID NO: 81)

iwelkkdv yvveldwypd apgemvvltc dtpeedgitw tldqssevlg
sgktltiqvk efgdagqytc hkggevlshs llllhkkedg iwstdilkdq
kepknktflr ceaknysgrf tcwwlttist dltfsvkssr gssdpqgvtc
gaatlsaerv rgdnkeyeys vecqedsacp aaeeslpiev mvdavhklky
enytssffir diikpdppkn lqlkplknsr qvevsweypd twstphsyfs
ltfcvqvqgk skrekkdrvf tdktsatvic rknasisvra qdryysssws
ewasvpcs

Human Soluble IL-15 (SEQ ID NO: 82)

Nwvnvisdlkki edliqsmhid atlytesdvh psckvtamkc fllelqvisl
esgdasihdt venliilann slssngnvte sgckeceele eknikeflqs
fvhivqmfin ts

Human Soluble IL-21 (SEQ ID NO: 83)

qgqdrhmi rmrqlidivd qlknyvndlv peflpapedv etncewsafs
cfqkaqlksa ntgnneriin vsikklkrkp pstnagrrqk hrltcpscds
yekkppkefl erfksllqkm ihqhlssrth gseds

Human Soluble IL-33 (SEQ ID NO: 84)

mkpkmkystn kistakwknt askalcfklg ksqqkakevc pmyfmklrsg
lmikkeacyf rrettkrpsl ktgrkhkrhl vlaacqqqst vecfafgisg
vqkytralhd ssitgispit eylaslstyn dqsitfaled esyeiyvedl
kkdekkdkvl lsyyesqhps nesgdgvdgk mlmvtlsptk dfwlhannke
hsvelhkcek plpdqaffvl hnmhsncvsf ecktdpgvfi gvkdnhlali
kvdssenlct enilfklset

In some embodiments, a soluble IL-2 protein can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 78.

In some embodiments, a soluble IL-7 protein can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 79.

In some embodiments, a soluble IL-2 protein includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 80 and a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical,

at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 81.

In some embodiments, a soluble IL-15 protein can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

In some embodiments, a soluble IL-21 protein can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 83.

In some embodiments, a soluble IL-33 protein can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 84.

Soluble Cytokine or Interleukin Receptors

In some examples of any of the soluble cytokine or interleukin receptors described herein, the soluble cytokine or interleukin receptors can be a soluble TGF-β receptor. In some examples, the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor I (TGF-βRI) (see, e.g., those described in Docagne et al., *Journal of Biological Chemistry* 276(49):46243-46250, 2001), a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) (see, e.g., those described in Yung et al., *Am. J. Resp. Crit. Care Med.* 194(9):1140-1151, 2016), a soluble TGF-βRIII (see, e.g., those described in Heng et al., *Placenta* 57:320, 2017). In some examples, the soluble TGF-β receptor is a receptor "trap" for TGF-β (see, e.g., those described in Zwaagstra et al., *Mol. Cancer Ther.* 11(7):1477-1487, 2012, and those described in De Crescenzo et al. *Transforming Growth Factor-β in Cancer Therapy, Volume II*, pp 671-684).

Additional examples of soluble cytokine or soluble interleukin receptors are known in the art.

Single Chain Chimeric Polypeptides

Non-limiting examples of NK cell activating agents are single-chain chimeric polypeptides that include: (i) a first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), (ii) a soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein or known in the art), and (iii) as second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the target-binding domains described herein or known in the art).

In some examples of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide can have a total length of about 50 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 340 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 320 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 280 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 260 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 240 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 200 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 150 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about

100 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 340 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 320 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 280 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 260 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 240 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 200 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 150 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 340

amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 320 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 280 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 260 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 240 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 200 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 340 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 320 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 280 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 260 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 240 amino acids, about 200 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 220

amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 340 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 320 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 280 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 260 amino acids, about 220 amino acids to about 240 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 340 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 320 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 280 amino acids, about 240 amino acids to about 260 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 550

amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 340 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 320 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 260 amino acids to about 280 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 340 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 320 amino acids, about 280 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 300

amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 340 amino acids, about 300 amino acids to about 320 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 320 amino acids to about 340 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 380

amino acids, about 340 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 360 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 380 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 400

amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 400 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 420 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 440 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 800

amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 460 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 480 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 500 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 550 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 600 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 600 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 600 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 600

amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 600 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 600 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 600 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 600 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 600 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 600 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 600 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 600 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 650 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 650 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 650 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 650 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 650 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 650 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 650 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 650 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 650 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 650 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 650 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 700 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 700 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 700 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 700 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 700 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 700 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 700 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 700 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 700 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 700 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 750 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 750 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 750 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 750 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 750 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 750 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 750 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 750 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 750 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 800 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 800 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 800 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 800 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 800 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 800 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 800 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 800 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 850 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 850 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 850 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 850 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 850 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 850 amino acids to about

950 amino acids, about 850 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 900 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 900 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 900 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 900 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 900 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 900 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 950 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 950 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 950 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 950 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 950 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 1000 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 1000 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 1000 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 1000 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 1500 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 1500 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 1500 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 2000 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 2000 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, or about 2500 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein) directly abut each other. In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein). In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein) and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) directly abut each other. In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein

or known in the art) between the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein) and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art).

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) directly abut each other. In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art). In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein) directly abut each other. In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein or known in the art).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 70% identical (e.g., at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to

QIVLTQSPAIMSASPGEKVTMTCSASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKLA
SGVPAHFRGSGSGTSYSLTISGMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPFTFGSGTKLEINRGG
GGSGGGGSGGGGSQVQLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTRYTMHWVKQ

RPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDKSSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAV
YYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEP
KPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAG
NVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRR
NNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQ
AVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFREVQLQQSGPELVKPGASVKMSCKASG
YTFTSYVIQWVKQKPGQGLEWIGSINPYNDYTKYNEKFKGKATLTSDKSSITAY
MEFSSLTSEDSALYYCARWGDGNYWGRGTTLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSDIE
MTQSPAIMSASLGERVTMTCTASSSVSSSYFHWYQQKPGSSPKLCIYSTSNLASG
VPPRFSGSGSTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYFCHQYHRSPTFGGGTKLETKR (SEQ ID
NO: 85).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a nucleic acid that includes a sequence that is at least 70% identical (e.g., at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to

CAGATCGTGCTGACCCAAAGCCCCGCCATCATGAGCGCTAGCCCCGGTGAGA
AGGTGACCATGACATGCTCCGCTTCCAGCTCCGTGTCCTACATGAACTGGTAT
CAGCAGAAAAGCGGAACCAGCCCCAAAAGGTGGATCTACGACACCAGCAAG
CTGGCCTCCGGAGTGCCCGCTCATTTCCGGGGCTCTGGATCCGGCACCAGCTA
CTCTTTAACCATTTCCGGCATGGAAGCTGAAGACGCTGCCACCTACTATTGCC
AGCAATGGAGCAGCAACCCCTTCACATTCGGATCTGGCACCAAGCTCGAAAT
CAATCGTGGAGGAGGTGGCAGCGGCGGCGGTGGATCCGGCGGAGGAGGAAG
CCAAGTTCAACTCCAGCAGAGCGGCGCTGAACTGGCCCGGCCCGGCGCCTCC
GTCAAGATGAGCTGCAAGGCTTCCGGCTATACATTTACTCGTTACACAATGCA
TTGGGTCAAGCAGAGGCCCGGTCAAGGTTTAGAGTGGATCGGATATATCAAC
CCTTCCCGGGGCTACACCAACTATAACCAAAAGTTCAAGGATAAAGCCACTT
TAACCACTGACAAGAGCTCCTCCACCGCCTACATGCAGCTGTCCTCTTTAACC
AGCGAGGACTCCGCTGTTTACTACTGCGCTAGGTATTACGACGACCACTACTG
TTTAGACTATTGGGGACAAGGTACCACTTTAACCGTCAGCAGCTCCGGCACC
ACCAATACCGTGGCCGCTTATAACCTCACATGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAGA

CAATTCTGGAATGGGAACCCAAGCCCGTCAATCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGAT
CTCCACCAAATCCGGAGACTGGAAGAGCAAGTGCTTCTACACAACAGACACC
GAGTGTGATTTAACCGACGAAATCGTCAAGGACGTCAAGCAAACCTATCTGG
CTCGGGTCTTTTCCTACCCCGCTGGCAATGTCGAGTCCACCGGCTCCGCTGGC
GAGCCTCTCTACGAGAATTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCTTATTTAGAGACCAATTT
AGGCCAGCCTACCATCCAGAGCTTCGAGCAAGTTGGCACCAAGGTGAACGTC
ACCGTCGAGGATGAAAGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAATAACACATTTTTATCCC
TCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGACCTCATCTACACACTGTACTATTGGAAGTCC
AGCTCCTCCGGCAAAAAGACCGCTAAGACCAACACCAACGAGTTTTTAATTG
ACGTGGACAAAGGCGAGAACTACTGCTTCAGCGTGCAAGCCGTGATCCCTTC
TCGTACCGTCAACCGGAAGAGCACAGATTCCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAA
GAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGGTCCAGCTGCAGCAGAGCGGACCCGAACTC
GTGAAACCCGGTGCTTCCGTGAAAATGTCTTGTAAGGCCAGCGGATACACCT
TCACCTCCTATGTGATCCAGTGGGTCAAACAGAAGCCCGGACAAGGTCTCGA
GTGGATCGGCAGCATCAACCCTTACAACGACTATACCAAATACAACGAGAAG
TTTAAGGGAAAGGCTACTTTAACCTCCGACAAAAGCTCCATCACAGCCTACA
TGGAGTTCAGCTCTTTAACATCCGAGGACAGCGCTCTGTACTATTGCGCCCGG
TGGGGCGACGGCAATTACTGGGGACGGGGCACAACACTGACCGTGAGCAGC
GGAGGCGGAGGCTCCGGCGGAGGCGGATCTGGCGGTGGCGGCTCCGACATC
GAGATGACCCAGTCCCCCGCTATCATGTCCGCCTCTTTAGGCGAGCGGGTCA
CAATGACTTGTACAGCCTCCTCCAGCGTCTCCTCCTCCTACTTCCATTGGTAC
CAACAGAAACCCGGAAGCTCCCCTAAACTGTGCATCTACAGCACCAGCAATC
TCGCCAGCGGCGTGCCCCCTAGGTTTTCCGGAAGCGGAAGCACCAGCTACTC
TTTAACCATCTCCTCCATGGAGGCTGAGGATGCCGCCACCTACTTTTGTCACC
AGTACCACCGGTCCCCCACCTTCGGAGGCGGCACCAAACTGGAGACAAAGA
GG (SEQ ID NO: 86).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 70% identical (e.g., at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSQIVLTQSPAIMSASPGEKVTMTCSASSSVSYMNWYQQ
KSGTSPKRWIYDTSKLASGVPAHFRGSGSGTSYSLTISGMEAEDAATYYCQQWS
SNPFTFGSGTKLEINRGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSQVQLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCK
ASGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDKSS
STAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSSGTTNTVAAY
NLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVK
DVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVG
TKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNE
FLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFREVQLQQSGPEL
VKPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTSYVIQWVKQKPGQGLEWIGSINPYNDYTKYNEKF
KGKATLTSDKSSITAYMEFSSLTSEDSALYYCARWGDGNYWGRGTTLTVSSGGG
GSGGGGSGGGGSDIEMTQSPAIMSASLGERVTMTCTASSSVSSSYFHWYQQKPG
SSPKLCIYSTSNLASGVPPRFSGSGSTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYFCHQYHRSPTFGG
GTKLETKR (SEQ ID NO: 87).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a nucleic acid that includes a sequence that is at least 70% identical (e.g., at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCTTATTATTTTTATTCAGCTCCGCCTATTCC
CAGATCGTGCTGACCCAAAGCCCCGCCATCATGAGCGCTAGCCCCGGTGAGA
AGGTGACCATGACATGCTCCGCTTCCAGCTCCGTGTCCTACATGAACTGGTAT
CAGCAGAAAAGCGGAACCAGCCCCAAAAGGTGGATCTACGACACCAGCAAG
CTGGCCTCCGGAGTGCCCGCTCATTTCCGGGGCTCTGGATCCGGCACCAGCTA
CTCTTTAACCATTTCCGGCATGGAAGCTGAAGACGCTGCCACCTACTATTGCC
AGCAATGGAGCAGCAACCCCTTCACATTCGGATCTGGCACCAAGCTCGAAAT
CAATCGTGGAGGAGGTGGCAGCGGCGGCGGTGGATCCGGCGGAGGAGGAAG
CCAAGTTCAACTCCAGCAGAGCGGCGCTGAACTGGCCCGGCCCGGCGCCTCC
GTCAAGATGAGCTGCAAGGCTTCCGGCTATACATTTACTCGTTACACAATGCA
TTGGGTCAAGCAGAGGCCCGGTCAAGGTTTAGAGTGGATCGGATATATCAAC
CCTTCCCGGGGCTACACCAACTATAACCAAAAGTTCAAGGATAAAGCCACTT

TAACCACTGACAAGAGCTCCTCCACCGCCTACATGCAGCTGTCCTCTTTAACC
AGCGAGGACTCCGCTGTTTACTACTGCGCTAGGTATTACGACGACCACTACTG
TTTAGACTATTGGGGACAAGGTACCACTTTAACCGTCAGCAGCTCCGGCACC
ACCAATACCGTGGCCGCTTATAACCTCACATGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAGA
CAATTCTGGAATGGGAACCCAAGCCCGTCAATCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGAT
CTCCACCAAATCCGGAGACTGGAAGAGCAAGTGCTTCTACACAACAGACACC
GAGTGTGATTTAACCGACGAAATCGTCAAGGACGTCAAGCAAACCTATCTGG
CTCGGGTCTTTTCCTACCCCGCTGGCAATGTCGAGTCCACCGGCTCCGCTGGC
GAGCCTCTCTACGAGAATTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCTTATTTAGAGACCAATTT
AGGCCAGCCTACCATCCAGAGCTTCGAGCAAGTTGGCACCAAGGTGAACGTC
ACCGTCGAGGATGAAAGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAATAACACATTTTTATCCC
TCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGACCTCATCTACACACTGTACTATTGGAAGTCC
AGCTCCTCCGGCAAAAAGACCGCTAAGACCAACACCAACGAGTTTTTAATTG
ACGTGGACAAAGGCGAGAACTACTGCTTCAGCGTGCAAGCCGTGATCCCTTC
TCGTACCGTCAACCGGAAGAGCACAGATTCCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAA
GAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGGTCCAGCTGCAGCAGAGCGGACCCGAACTC
GTGAAACCCGGTGCTTCCGTGAAAATGTCTTGTAAGGCCAGCGGATACACCT
TCACCTCCTATGTGATCCAGTGGGTCAAACAGAAGCCCGGACAAGGTCTCGA
GTGGATCGGCAGCATCAACCCTTACAACGACTATACCAAATACAACGAGAAG
TTTAAGGGAAAGGCTACTTTAACCTCCGACAAAAGCTCCATCACAGCCTACA
TGGAGTTCAGCTCTTTAACATCCGAGGACAGCGCTCTGTACTATTGCGCCCGG
TGGGGCGACGGCAATTACTGGGGACGGGGCACAACACTGACCGTGAGCAGC
GGAGGCGGAGGCTCCGGCGGAGGCGGATCTGGCGGTGGCGGCTCCGACATC
GAGATGACCCAGTCCCCCGCTATCATGTCCGCCTCTTTAGGCGAGCGGGTCA
CAATGACTTGTACAGCCTCCTCCAGCGTCTCCTCCTCCTACTTCCATTGGTAC
CAACAGAAACCCGGAAGCTCCCCTAAACTGTGCATCTACAGCACCAGCAATC
TCGCCAGCGGCGTGCCCCCTAGGTTTTCCGGAAGCGGAAGCACCAGCTACTC
TTTAACCATCTCCTCCATGGAGGCTGAGGATGCCGCCACCTACTTTTGTCACC
AGTACCACCGGTCCCCCACCTTCGGAGGCGGCACCAAACTGGAGACAAAGA
GG (SEQ ID NO: 88).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 70% identical (e.g., at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to

VQLQQSGPELVKPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTSYVIQWVKQKPGQGLEWIGSINPYN
DYTKYNEKFKGKATLTSDKSSITAYMEFSSLTSEDSALYYCARWGDGNYWGRG
TTLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSDIEMTQSPAIMSASLGERVTMTCTASSSVSSSY
FHWYQQKPGSSPKLCIYSTSNLASGVPPRFSGSGSTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYFCH
QYHRSPTFGGGTKLETKRSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTV
QISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAG
EPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDV
FGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRK
STDSPVECMGQEKGEFREQIVLTQSPAIMSASPGEKVTMTCSASSSVSYMNWYQ
QKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKLASGVPAHFRGSGSGTSYSLTISGMEAEDAATYYCQQW
SSNPFTFGSGTKLEINRGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSQVQLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSC
KASGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDKS
SSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 89).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a nucleic acid that includes a sequence that is at least 70% identical (e.g., at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to

GTGCAGCTGCAGCAGTCCGGACCCGAACTGGTCAAGCCCGGTGCCTCCGTGA
AAATGTCTTGTAAGGCTTCTGGCTACACCTTTACCTCCTACGTCATCCAATGG
GTGAAGCAGAAGCCCGGTCAAGGTCTCGAGTGGATCGGCAGCATCAATCCCT
ACAACGATTACACCAAGTATAACGAAAAGTTTAAGGGCAAGGCCACTCTGAC
AAGCGACAAGAGCTCCATTACCGCCTACATGGAGTTTTCCTCTTTAACTTCTG
AGGACTCCGCTTTATACTATTGCGCTCGTTGGGGCGATGGCAATTATTGGGGC
CGGGGAACTACTTTAACAGTGAGCTCCGGCGGCGGCGGAAGCGGAGGTGGA
GGATCTGGCGGTGGAGGCAGCGACATCGAGATGACACAGTCCCCCGCTATCA

TGAGCGCCTCTTTAGGAGAACGTGTGACCATGACTTGTACAGCTTCCTCCAGC
GTGAGCAGCTCCTATTTCCACTGGTACCAGCAGAAACCCGGCTCCTCCCCTAA
ACTGTGTATCTACTCCACAAGCAATTTAGCTAGCGGCGTGCCTCCTCGTTTTA
GCGGCTCCGGCAGCACCTCTTACTCTTTAACCATTAGCTCTATGGAGGCCGAA
GATGCCGCCACATACTTTTGCCATCAGTACCACCGGTCCCCTACCTTTGGCGG
AGGCACAAAGCTGGAGACCAAGCGGAGCGGCACCACCAACACAGTGGCCGC
CTACAATCTGACTTGGAAATCCACCAACTTCAAGACCATCCTCGAGTGGGAG
CCCAAGCCCGTTAATCAAGTTTATACCGTGCAGATTTCCACCAAGAGCGGCG
ACTGGAAATCCAAGTGCTTCTATACCACAGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGA
CGAGATCGTCAAAGACGTGAAGCAGACATATTTAGCTAGGGTGTTCTCCTAC
CCCGCTGGAAACGTGGAGAGCACCGGATCCGCTGGAGAGCCTTTATACGAGA
ACTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCCTATCTGGAAACCAATTTAGGCCAGCCCACCATC
CAGAGCTTCGAACAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAACGTCACCGTCGAAGATGAG
AGGACTTTAGTGCGGAGGAACAATACATTTTTATCCTTACGTGACGTCTTCGG
CAAGGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCTAGCTCCTCCGGCAAGA
AGACCGCCAAGACCAATACCAACGAATTTTTAATTGACGTGGACAAGGGCGA
GAACTACTGCTTCTCCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACAGTGAACCGG
AAGTCCACCGACTCCCCCGTGGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAGAAGGGAGAGTTTC
GTGAGCAGATCGTGCTGACCCAGTCCCCCGCTATTATGAGCGCTAGCCCCGG
TGAAAAGGTGACTATGACATGCAGCGCCAGCTCTTCCGTGAGCTACATGAAC
TGGTATCAGCAGAAGTCCGGCACCAGCCCTAAAAGGTGGATCTACGACACCA
GCAAGCTGGCCAGCGGCGTCCCCGCTCACTTTCGGGGCTCCGGCTCCGGAAC
AAGCTACTCTCTGACCATCAGCGGCATGGAAGCCGAGGATGCCGCTACCTAT
TACTGTCAGCAGTGGAGCTCCAACCCCTTCACCTTTGGATCCGGCACCAAGCT
CGAGATTAATCGTGGAGGCGGAGGTAGCGGAGGAGGCGGATCCGGCGGTGG
AGGTAGCCAAGTTCAGCTCCAGCAAAGCGGCGCCGAACTCGCTCGGCCCGGC
GCTTCCGTGAAGATGTCTTGTAAGGCCTCCGGCTATACCTTCACCCGGTACAC
AATGCACTGGGTCAAGCAACGGCCCGGTCAAGGTTTAGAGTGGATTGGCTAT
ATCAACCCCTCCCGGGGCTATACCAACTACAACCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAAG
CCACCCTCACCACCGACAAGTCCAGCAGCACCGCTTACATGCAGCTGAGCTC

TTTAACATCCGAGGATTCCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCTCGGTACTACGACGATC
ATTACTGCCTCGATTACTGGGGCCAAGGTACCACCTTAACAGTCTCCTCC
(SEQ ID NO: 90).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 70% identical (e.g., at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to
MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSVQLQQSGPELVKPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTSYVIQWV
KQKPGQGLEWIGSINPYNDYTKYNEKFKGKATLTSDKSSITAYMEFSSLTSEDSA
LYYCARWGDGNYWGRGTTLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSDIEMTQSPAIMSASL
GERVTMTCTASSSVSSSYFHWYQQKPGSSPKLCIYSTSNLASGVPPRFSGSGSTSY
SLTISSMEAEDAATYFCHQYHRSPTFGGGTKLETKRSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTN
FKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYL
ARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTV
EDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKG
ENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFREQIVLTQSPAIMSASPGEK
VTMTCSASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKLASGVPAHFRGSGSGTSYSL
TISGMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPFTFGSGTKLEINRGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSQVQL
QQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGY
TNYNQKFKDKATLTTDKSSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWG
QGTTLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 91).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a nucleic acid that includes a sequence that is at least 70% identical (e.g., at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to
ATGAAATGGGTCACCTTCATCTCTTTACTGTTTTTATTTAGCAGCGCCTACAG
CGTGCAGCTGCAGCAGTCCGGACCCGAACTGGTCAAGCCCGGTGCCTCCGTG
AAAATGTCTTGTAAGGCTTCTGGCTACACCTTTACCTCCTACGTCATCCAATG
GGTGAAGCAGAAGCCCGGTCAAGGTCTCGAGTGGATCGGCAGCATCAATCCC
TACAACGATTACACCAAGTATAACGAAAAGTTTAAGGGCAAGGCCACTCTGA

CAAGCGACAAGAGCTCCATTACCGCCTACATGGAGTTTTCCTCTTTAACTTCT
GAGGACTCCGCTTTATACTATTGCGCTCGTTGGGGCGATGGCAATTATTGGGG
CCGGGGAACTACTTTAACAGTGAGCTCCGGCGGCGGCGGAAGCGGAGGTGG
AGGATCTGGCGGTGGAGGCAGCGACATCGAGATGACACAGTCCCCCGCTATC
ATGAGCGCCTCTTTAGGAGAACGTGTGACCATGACTTGTACAGCTTCCTCCAG
CGTGAGCAGCTCCTATTTCCACTGGTACCAGCAGAAACCCGGCTCCTCCCCTA
AACTGTGTATCTACTCCACAAGCAATTTAGCTAGCGGCGTGCCTCCTCGTTTT
AGCGGCTCCGGCAGCACCTCTTACTCTTTAACCATTAGCTCTATGGAGGCCGA
AGATGCCGCCACATACTTTTGCCATCAGTACCACCGGTCCCCTACCTTTGGCG
GAGGCACAAAGCTGGAGACCAAGCGGAGCGGCACCACCAACACAGTGGCCG
CCTACAATCTGACTTGGAAATCCACCAACTTCAAGACCATCCTCGAGTGGGA
GCCCAAGCCCGTTAATCAAGTTTATACCGTGCAGATTTCCACCAAGAGCGGC
GACTGGAAATCCAAGTGCTTCTATACCACAGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCG
ACGAGATCGTCAAAGACGTGAAGCAGACATATTTAGCTAGGGTGTTCTCCTA
CCCCGCTGGAAACGTGGAGAGCACCGGATCCGCTGGAGAGCCTTTATACGAG
AACTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCCTATCTGGAAACCAATTTAGGCCAGCCCACCAT
CCAGAGCTTCGAACAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAACGTCACCGTCGAAGATGAG
AGGACTTTAGTGCGGAGGAACAATACATTTTTATCCTTACGTGACGTCTTCGG
CAAGGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCTAGCTCCTCCGGCAAGA
AGACCGCCAAGACCAATACCAACGAATTTTTAATTGACGTGGACAAGGGCGA
GAACTACTGCTTCTCCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACAGTGAACCGG
AAGTCCACCGACTCCCCCGTGGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAGAAGGGAGAGTTTC
GTGAGCAGATCGTGCTGACCCAGTCCCCCGCTATTATGAGCGCTAGCCCCGG
TGAAAAGGTGACTATGACATGCAGCGCCAGCTCTTCCGTGAGCTACATGAAC
TGGTATCAGCAGAAGTCCGGCACCAGCCCTAAAAGGTGGATCTACGACACCA
GCAAGCTGGCCAGCGGCGTCCCCGCTCACTTTCGGGGCTCCGGCTCCGGAAC
AAGCTACTCTCTGACCATCAGCGGCATGGAAGCCGAGGATGCCGCTACCTAT
TACTGTCAGCAGTGGAGCTCCAACCCCTTCACCTTTGGATCCGGCACCAAGCT
CGAGATTAATCGTGGAGGCGGAGGTAGCGGAGGAGGCGGATCCGGCGGTGG
AGGTAGCCAAGTTCAGCTCCAGCAAAGCGGCGCCGAACTCGCTCGGCCCGGC

GCTTCCGTGAAGATGTCTTGTAAGGCCTCCGGCTATACCTTCACCCGGTACAC
AATGCACTGGGTCAAGCAACGGCCCGGTCAAGGTTTAGAGTGGATTGGCTAT
ATCAACCCCTCCCGGGGCTATACCAACTACAACCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAAG
CCACCCTCACCACCGACAAGTCCAGCAGCACCGCTTACATGCAGCTGAGCTC
TTTAACATCCGAGGATTCCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCTCGGTACTACGACGATC
ATTACTGCCTCGATTACTGGGGCCAAGGTACCACCTTAACAGTCTCCTCC
(SEQ ID NO: 92).

Some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein can further include one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at its N- and/or C-terminus.

In some embodiments, the single-chain chimeric polypeptides can include one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at its N-terminus. In some embodiments, one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at the N-terminus of the single-chain chimeric polypeptide can directly abut the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), or the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein). In some embodiments, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between one of the at least one additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at the N-terminus of the single-chain chimeric polypeptide and the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), or the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein).

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide includes one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at its C-terminus. In some embodiments, one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at the C-terminus of the single-chain chimeric polypeptide directly abuts the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), or the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein or known in the art). In some embodiments, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between one of the at least one additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at the C-terminus of the single-chain chimeric polypeptide and the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), or the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein).

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprises one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) additional target binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at its N-terminus and its C-terminus. In some embodiments, one of the one or more additional antigen binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at the N-terminus of the single-chain chimeric polypeptide directly abuts the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), or the

soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein). In some embodiments, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at the N-terminus and the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), or the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains). In some embodiments, one of the one or more additional antigen binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), or the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains). In some embodiments, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at the C-terminus and the first target-binding domain(e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), or the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein).

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, two or more (e.g., three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains

described herein or known in the art) bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments, two or more (e.g., three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments, two or more (e.g., three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain(e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) each bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments, the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain(e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) each bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) additional target-binding domains each comprise the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain(e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) bind specifically to different antigens.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains is an antigen-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary antigen-binding domains described herein or known in the art). In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains are each an antigen-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary antigen-binding domains described herein or known in the art). In some embodiments, the antigen-binding domain can include a scFv or a single domain antibody.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain(e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD28, CD3, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, IL-1R, IL-1, VEGF, IL-6R, IL-4, IL-10, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D,

a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for IL-1, a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-3, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-8, a receptor for IL-10, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-17, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, a receptor for CD122, and a receptor for CD28.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein. Non-limiting examples of soluble interleukin proteins and soluble cytokine proteins include: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor. Non-limiting examples of soluble interleukin receptors and soluble cytokine receptors include: a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble NKG2D, a soluble NKP30, a soluble NKp44, a soluble NKp46, a soluble DNAM1, a scMHCI, a scMHCII, a scTCR, a soluble CD155, a soluble CD122, a soluble CD3, or a soluble CD28.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the target-binding domains described herein), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the target-binding domains

described herein), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the target-binding domains described herein) can each, independently, bind specifically to a target selected from the group of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKP30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble

TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type A

Non-limiting examples of NK cell activating agents are multi-chain chimeric polypeptides that include: (a) a first chimeric polypeptide including: (i) a first target-binding domain; (ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and (iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains; and (b) a second chimeric polypeptide including: (i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and (ii) a second target-binding domain, where the first chimeric polypeptide and the second chimeric polypeptide associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains.

In some examples of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein the total length of first chimeric polypeptide and/or the second chimeric polypeptide can each independently be about 50 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 340 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 320 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 280 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 260 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 240 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 200 amino acids, about 50

amino acids to about 150 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 380 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 360 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 340 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 320 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 280 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 260 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 240 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 200 amino acids, about 100 amino acids to about 150 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 3000 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 2500 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 2000 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 1500 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 480 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 460 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 440 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 420 amino acids, about 150 amino acids to about 400

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In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the first target-binding domains described herein) and the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein) directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary first target-binding domains described herein) and the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein) in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some

embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary second domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary second target-binding domains described herein) directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary second domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary second target-binding domains described herein) in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) additional target-binding domain(s) (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), where at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein or known in the art) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein). In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can further include a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue

factor domains described herein) and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domain(s) (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and/or a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domain(s) (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains described herein of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein).

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal and/or C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) directly abuts the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains described herein of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains described herein of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein). In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) directly abuts the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in

the art) and the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art).

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) is disposed at the N- and/or C-terminus of the first chimeric polypeptide, and at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein or known in the art) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, the at least one additional target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains described herein of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the linker sequences described herein or known in the art) disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains described herein of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, the at least one additional target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described

herein or known in the art) or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains described herein of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the first domains described herein or any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein), directly abuts the soluble tissue factor domain and/or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains. In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) disposed (i) between the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein) and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein), and/or (ii) between the first domain of the pair of affinity domains and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) at the N-terminal end and/or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) directly abuts the second domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary second domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the second domains described herein of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) directly abuts the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target binding domains described herein or known in the art) in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, two or more (e.g., three or more, four or more, five or more, six or more, seven or more, eight or more, nine or more, or ten or more) of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains

bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments, two or more (e.g., three or more, four or more, five or more, six or more, seven or more, eight or more, nine or more, or ten or more) of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments, two or more (e.g., three or more, four or more, five or more, six or more, seven or more, eight or more, nine or more, or ten or more) of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains include the same amino acid sequence. In some embodiments, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to different antigens. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or more (e.g., two or more, three or more, four or more, five or more, six or more, seven or more, eight or more, nine or more, or ten or more) of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is an antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains are each an antigen-binding domain (e.g., a scFv or a single-domain antibody).

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten) of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more

additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD28, CD3, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, IL-1R, IL-1, VEGF, IL-6R, IL-4, IL-10, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKP30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for IL-1, a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-3, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-8, a receptor for IL-10, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-17, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, a receptor for CD122, and a receptor for CD28.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein. Non-limiting examples of soluble interleukin proteins and soluble cytokine proteins include: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or more of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary target-

binding domains described herein or known in the art) is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor. Non-limiting examples of soluble interleukin receptors and soluble cytokine receptors include: a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble NKG2D, a soluble NKP30, a soluble NKp44, a soluble NKp46, a soluble DNAM1, a scMHCI, a scMHCII, a scTCR, a soluble CD155, a soluble CD122, a soluble CD3, or a soluble CD28.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the target-binding domains described herein, the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the target-binding domains described herein), and the one or more additional target-binding domains (e.g., any of the target-binding domains described herein) can each, independently, bind specifically to a target selected from the group of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the target-binding domains described herein), the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the target-binding domains described herein), and the one or more additional binding domains (e.g., any of the target-binding described herein) is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type B

Non-limiting examples of NK cell activating agents are multi-chain chimeric polypeptides that include: (a) a first and second chimeric polypeptide each including: (i) a first target-binding domain; (ii) a Fc domain; and (iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains; and (b) a third and fourth chimeric polypeptide each including: (i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and (ii) a second target-binding domain, where the first and second chimeric polypeptides and the third and fourth chimeric polypeptides associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains, and the first and second chimeric polypeptides associate through their Fc domains.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the first target-binding domains described herein) and the Fc domain (e.g., any of the exemplary Fc domains described herein) directly abut each other in the first and second chimeric polypeptides. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first and second chimeric polypeptides further comprise a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the first target-bnding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary first target-binding domains described herein) and the Fc domain (e.g., any of the exemplary Fc domains described herein) in the first and second chimeric polypeptides.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the Fc domain (e.g., any of the exemplary Fc domains described herein) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains of

any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) directly abut each other in the first and second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first and second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the Fc domain (e.g., any of the exemplary Fc domains described herein) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary first domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) in the first and second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary second domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary second target-binding domains described herein) directly abut each other in the third and fourth chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the third and fourth chimeric polypeptide further comprise a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., any of the exemplary second domains of any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein) and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary second target-binding domains described herein) in the third and fourth chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to different antigens. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides

described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary second target-binding domains described herein). In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each antigen-binding domains (e.g., any of the exemplary second target-binding domains described herein). In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the antigen-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary second target-binding domains described herein) includes a scFv or a single domain antibody.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD28, CD3, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, IL-1R, IL-1, VEGF, IL-6R, IL-4, IL-10, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for IL-1, a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-3, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-8, a receptor for IL-10, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-17, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, a receptor for CD122, and a receptor for CD28.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-

binding domains described herein or known in the art) and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein. Non-limiting examples of soluble interleukin proteins and soluble cytokine proteins include: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary target-binding domains described herein or known in the art) is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor. Non-limiting examples of soluble interleukin receptors and soluble cytokine receptors include: a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble NKG2D, a soluble NKp30, a soluble NKp44, a soluble NKp46, a soluble DNAM1, a scMHCI, a scMHCII, a scTCR, a soluble CD155, a soluble CD122, a soluble CD3, or a soluble CD28.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain can each, independently, bind specifically to a target selected from the group of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble interleukin or cytokine

protein is selected from the group of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

Tissue Factor

Human tissue factor is a 263 amino-acid transmembrane protein containing three domains: (1) a 219-amino acid N-terminal extracellular domain (residues 1-219); (2) a 22-amino acid transmembrane domain (residues 220-242); and (3) a 21-amino acid cytoplasmic C-terminal tail (residues 242-263) ((UniProtKB Identifier Number: P13726). The cytoplasmic tail contains two phosphorylation sites at Ser253 and Ser258, and one S-palmitoylation site at Cys245. Deletion or mutation of the cytoplasmic domain was not found to affect tissue factor coagulation activity. Tissue factor has one S-palmitoylation site in the intracellular domain of the protein at Cys245. The Cys245 is located at the amino acid terminus of the intracellular domain and close to the membrane surface. The tissue factor transmembrane domain is composed of a single-spanning α-helix.

The extracellular domain of tissue factor, composed of two fibronectin type III domains, is connected to the transmembrane domain through a six-amino acid linker. This linker provides conformational flexibility to decouple the tissue factor extracellular domain from its transmembrane and cytoplasmic domains. Each tissue factor fibronectin type III module is composed of two overlapping β sheets with the top sheet domain containing three antiparallel β-strands and the bottom sheet containing four β-strands. The β-strands are connected by β-loops between strand βA and βB, βC and βD, and βE and βF, all of which are conserved in conformation in the two modules. There are three short α-helix segments connecting the β-strands. A unique feature of tissue factor is a 17-amino acid β-hairpin between strand β10 and strand β11, which is not a common element

of the fibronectin superfamily. The N-terminal domain also contains a 12 amino acid loop between β6F and β7G that is not present in the C-terminal domain and is unique to tissue factor. Such a fibronectin type III domain structure is a feature of the immunoglobulin-like family of protein folds and is conserved among a wide variety of extracellular proteins.

The zymogen FVII is rapidly converted to FVIIa by limited proteolysis once it binds to tissue to form the active tissue factor-FVIIa complex. The FVIIa, which circulates as an enzyme at a concentration of approximately 0.1 nM (1% of plasma FVII), can also bind directly to tissue factor. The allosteric interaction between tissue factor and FVIIa on the tissue factor-FVIIa complex greatly increases the enzymatic activity of FVIIa: an approximate 20- to 100-fold increase in the rate of hydrolysis of small, chromogenic peptidyl substrates, and nearly a million-fold increase in the rate of activation of the natural macromolecular substrates FIX and FX. In concert with allosteric activation of the active site of FVIIa upon binding to tissue factor, the formation of tissue factor-FVIIa complex on phospholipid bilayer (i.e., upon exposure of phosphatidyl-L-serine on membrane surfaces) increases the rate of FIX or FX activation, in a Ca^{2+}-dependent manner, an additional 1,000-fold. The roughly million-fold overall increase in FX activation by tissue factor-FVIIa-phospholipid complex relative to free FVIIa is a critical regulatory point for the coagulation cascade.

FVII is a ~50 kDa, single-chain polypeptide consisting of 406 amino acid residues, with an N-terminal γ-carboxyglutamate-rich (GLA) domain, two epidermal growth factor-like domains (EGF1 and EFG2), and a C-terminal serine protease domain. FVII is activated to FVIIa by a specific proteolytic cleavage of the Ile-^{154}-Arg^{152} bond in the short linker region between the EGF2 and the protease domain. This cleavage results in the light and heavy chains being held together by a single disulfide bond of Cys^{135} and Cys^{262}. FVIIa binds phospholipid membrane in a Ca^{2+}-dependent manner through its N-terminal GLA-domain. Immediately C-terminal to the GLA domain is an aromatic stack and two EGF domains. The aromatic stack connects the GLA to EGF1 domain which binds a single Ca^{2+} ion. Occupancy of this Ca^{2+}-binding site increases FVIIa amidolytic activity and tissue factor association. The catalytic triad consist of His^{193}, Asp^{242}, and

Ser^{344}, and binding of a single Ca^{2+} ion within the FVIIa protease domain is critical for its catalytic activity. Proteolytic activation of FVII to FVIIa frees the newly formed amino terminus at Ile^{153} to fold back and be inserted into the activation pocket forming a salt bridge with the carboxylate of Asp^{343} to generate the oxyanion hole. Formation of this salt bridge is critical for FVIIa activity. However, oxyanion hole formation does not occur in free FVIIa upon proteolytic activation. As a result, FVIIa circulates in a zymogen-like state that is poorly recognized by plasma protease inhibitors, allowing it to circulate with a half-life of approximately 90 minutes.

Tissue factor-mediated positioning of the FVIIa active site above the membrane surface is important for FVIIa towards cognate substrates. Free FVIIa adopts a stable, extended structure when bound to the membrane with its active site positioned ~80Å above the membrane surface. Upon FVIIa binding to tissue factor, the FVa active site is repositioned ~6Å closer to the membrane. This modulation may aid in a proper alignment of the FVIIa catalytic triad with the target substrate cleavage site. Using GLA-domainless FVIIa, it has been shown that the active site was still positioned a similar distance above the membrane, demonstrating that tissue factor is able to fully support FVIIa active site positioning even in the absence of FVIIa-membrane interaction. Additional data showed that tissue factor supported full FVIIa proteolytic activity as long as the tissue factor extracellular domain was tethered in some way to the membrane surface. However, raising the active site of FVIIa greater than 80Å above the membrane surface greatly reduced the ability of the tissue factor-FVIIa complex to activate FX but did not diminish tissue factor-FVIIa amidolytic activity.

Alanine scanning mutagenesis has been used to assess the role of specific amino acid side chains in the tissue factor extracellular domain for interaction with FVIIa (Gibbs et al., *Biochemistry* 33(47): 14003-14010, 1994; Schullek et al., *J Biol Chem* 269(30): 19399-19403, 1994). Alanine substitution identified a limited number of residue positions at which alanine replacements cause 5- to 10-fold lower affinity for FVIIa binding. Most of these residue side chains were found to be well-exposed to solvent in the crystal structure, concordant with macromolecular ligand interaction. The FVIIa ligand-binding site is located over an extensive region at the boundary between the

two modules. In the C-module, residues Arg^{135} and Phe^{140} located on the protruding B-C loop provide an independent contact with FVIIa. Leu^{133} is located at the base of the fingerlike structure and packed into the cleft between the two modules. This provides continuity to a major cluster of important binding residues consisting of Lys^{20}, Thr^{60}, Asp^{58}, and Ile^{22}. Thr^{60} is only partially solvent-exposed and may play a local structural role rather than making a significant contact with ligand. The binding site extends onto the concave side of the intermodule angle involving Glu^{24} and Gln^{110}, and potentially the more distant residue Val^{207}. The binding region extends from Asp58 onto a convex surface area formed by Lys^{48}, Lys^{46}, Gln^{37}, Asp^{44}, and Trp^{45}. Trp^{45} and Asp^{44} do not interact independently with FVIIa, indicating that the mutational effect at the Trp^{45} position may reflect a structural importance of this side chain for the local packing of the adjacent Asp^{44} and Gln^{37} side chain. The interactive area further includes two surface-exposed aromatic residues, Phe^{76} and Tyr^{78}, which form part of the hydrophobic cluster in the N-module.

The known physiologic substrates of tissue factor-FVIIa are FVII, FIX, and FX and certain proteinase-activated receptors. Mutational analysis has identified a number of residues that, when mutated, support full FVIIa amidolytic activity towards small peptidyl substrates but are deficient in their ability to support macromolecular substrate (i.e., FVII, FIX, and FX) activation (Ruf et al., *J Biol Chem* 267(31): 22206-22210, 1992; Ruf et al., *J Biol Chem* 267(9): 6375-6381, 1992; Huang et al., *J Biol Chem* 271(36): 21752-21757, 1996; Kirchhofer et al., *Biochemistry* 39(25): 7380-7387, 2000). The tissue factor loop region at residues 159-165, and residues in or adjacent to this flexible loop have been shown to be critical for the proteolytic activity of the tissue factor-FVIIa complex. This defines the proposed substrate-binding exosite region of tissue factor that is quite distant from the FVIIa active site. A substitution of the glycine residue by a marginally bulkier residue alanine, significantly impairs tissue factor-FVIIa proteolytic activity. This suggests that the flexibility afforded by glycine is critical for the loop of residues 159-165 for tissue factor macromolecular substrate recognition.

The residues Lys^{165} and Lys^{166} have also been demonstrated to be important for substrate recognition and binding. Mutation of either of these residues to alanine results

in a significant decrease in the tissue factor co-factor function. Lys^{165} and Lys^{166} face away from each other, with Lys^{165} pointing towards FVIIa in most tissue factor-FVIIa structures, and Lys^{166} pointing into the substrate binding exosite region in the crystal structure. Putative salt bridge formation between Lys^{165} of and Gla^{35} of FVIIa would support the notion that tissue factor interaction with the GLA domain of FVIIa modulates substrate recognition. These results suggest that the C-terminal portion of the tissue factor ectodomain directly interacts with the GLA-domain, the possible adjacent EGF1 domains, of FIX and FX, and that the presence of the FVIIa GLA-domain may modulate these interactions either directly or indirectly.

Soluble Tissue Factor Domain

In some embodiments of any of the polypeptides, compositions, or methods described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain can be a wildtype tissue factor polypeptide lacking the signal sequence, the transmembrane domain, and the intracellular domain. In some examples, the soluble tissue factor domain can be a tissue factor mutant, wherein a wildtype tissue factor polypeptide lacking the signal sequence, the transmembrane domain, and the intracellular domain, and has been further modified at selected amino acids. In some examples, the soluble tissue factor domain can be a soluble human tissue factor domain. In some examples, the soluble tissue factor domain can be a soluble mouse tissue factor domain. In some examples, the soluble tissue factor domain can be a soluble rat tissue factor domain. Non-limiting examples of soluble human tissue factor domains, a mouse soluble tissue factor domain, a rat soluble tissue factor domain, and mutant soluble tissue factor domains are shown below.

Exemplary Soluble Human Tissue Factor Domain (SEQ ID NO: 93)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTD
TECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQ
PTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGK
KTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRE

Exemplary Nucleic Acid Encoding Soluble Human Tissue Factor Domain (SEQ ID NO: 94)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCA
ACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACC
GTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCAC
CGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACC
TACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTC
CGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGA
CCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGT
GAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTT
CTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGG
AAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTT
TAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATC
CCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGG
GCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

Exemplary Soluble Mouse Tissue Factor Domain (SEQ ID NO: 95)

agipekafnltwistdfktilewqpkptnytytvqisdrsrnwknkcfstt
dtecdltdeivkdvtwayeakvlsvprrnsvhgdgdqlvihgeeppftnap
kflpyrdtnlgqpviqqfeqdgrklnvvvkdsltlvrkngtfltlrqvfgk
dlgyiityrkgsstgkktnitntnefsidveegvsycffvqamifsrktnq
nspgsstvcteqwksflge

Exemplary Soluble Rat Tissue Factor Domain (SEQ ID NO: 96)

Agtppgkafnltwistdfktilewqpkptnytytvqisdrsrnwkykctgt
tdtecdltdeivkdvnwtyearvlsvpwrnsthgketlfgthgeeppftna
rkflpyrdtkigqpviqkyeqggtklkvtvkdsftlvrkngtfltlrqvfg
ndlgyiltyrkdsstgrktntthtneflidvekgvsycffaqavifsrktn
hkspesitkcteqwksvlge

Exemplary Mutant Soluble Human Tissue Factor Domain (SEQ ID NO: 97)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFATALEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTT
DTECALTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNL

GQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVARNNTALSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSS
GKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEF
RE

Exemplary Mutant Soluble Human Tissue Factor Domain (SEQ ID NO: 98)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFATALEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDAKSKCFYTTD
TECALTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLAENSPEFTPYLETNLG
QPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVARNNTALSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSG
KKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFR
E

In some embodiments, a soluble tissue factor domain can include a sequence that is at least 70% identical, at least 72% identical, at least 74% identical, at least 76% identical, at least 78% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93, 95, 96, 97 or 98. In some embodiments, a soluble tissue factor domain can include a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 93, 95, 96, 97, or 98, with one to twenty amino acids (e.g., 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, or 20) amino acids removed from its N-terminus and/or one to twenty amino acids (e.g., 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, or 20) amino acids removed from its C-terminus.

As can be appreciated in the art, one skilled in the art would understand that mutation of amino acids that are conserved between different mammalian species is more likely to decrease the activity and/or structural stability of the protein, while mutation of amino acids that are not conserved between different mammalian species is less likely to decrease the activity and/or structural stability of the protein.

In some examples of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding to Factor VIIa. In some examples of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa. In some

embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide does not stimulate blood coagulation in a mammal.

In some examples, the soluble tissue factor domain can be a soluble human tissue factor domain. In some embodiments, the soluble tissue factor domain can be a soluble mouse tissue factor domain. In some embodiments, the soluble tissue factor domain can be a soluble rat tissue factor domain.

In some examples, the soluble tissue factor domain does not include one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, six, or seven) of: a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein. In some embodiments, the mutant soluble tissue factor possesses the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 97 or SEQ ID NO: 98.

In some examples, the soluble tissue factor domain can be encoded by a nucleic acid including a sequence that is at least 70% identical, at least 72% identical, at least 74% identical, at least 76% identical, at least 78% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 94.

In some embodiments, the soluble tissue factor domain can have a total length of about 20 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 215 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 210 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 205

amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 200 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 195 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 190 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 185 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 180 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 175 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 170 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 165 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 160 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 155 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 150 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 145 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 140 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 135 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 130 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 125 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 120 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 115 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 110 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 105 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 95 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 85 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 75 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 215 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 210 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 205 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 200 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 195 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 190 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 185 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 180 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 175 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 170 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 165 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 160 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 155 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 150 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 145 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 140 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 135 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 130 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 125 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 120 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 115 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 110 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 105

amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 95 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 85 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 75 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 215 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 210 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 205 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 200 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 195 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 190 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 185 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 180 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 175 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 170 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 165 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 160 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 155 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 150 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 145 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 140 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 135 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 130 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 125 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 120 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 115 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 110 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 105 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 95 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 85 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 75 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 215 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 210 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 205 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 200 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 195 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 190 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 185 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 180 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 175 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 170 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 165

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Linker Sequences

In some embodiments, the linker sequence can be a flexible linker sequence. Non-limiting examples of linker sequences that can be used are described in Klein et al., *Protein Engineering, Design & Selection* 27(10):325–330, 2014; Priyanka et al., *Protein Sci.* 22(2):153–167, 2013. In some examples, the linker sequence is a synthetic linker sequence.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein can include one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten linker sequence(s) (e.g., the same or different linker sequences, e.g., any of the exemplary linker

sequences described herein or known in the art). In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein can include one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten linker sequence(s) (e.g., the same or different linker sequences, e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art).

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide can include one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten linker sequence(s) (e.g., the same or different linker sequences, e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art). In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide can include one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten linker sequence(s) (e.g., the same or different linker sequences, e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein or known in the art).

In some embodiments, a linker sequence can have a total length of 1 amino acid to about 100 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 90 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 80 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 70 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 60 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 50 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 45 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 40 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 35 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 30 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 25 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 24 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 22 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 20 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 18 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 16 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 14 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 12 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 10 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 8 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 6 amino acids, 1 amino acid to about 4 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 24 amino acids, about

2 amino acids to about 22 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 20 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 18 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 16 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 14 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 12 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 10 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 8 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 6 amino acids, about 2 amino acids to about 4 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 24 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 22 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 20 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 18 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 16 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 14 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 12 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 10 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 8 amino acids, about 4 amino acids to about 6 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 24 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 22 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 20 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 18 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 16 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 14 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 12 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 10 amino acids, about 6 amino acids to about 8 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 8

amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 24 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 22 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 20 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 18 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 16 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 14 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 12 amino acids, about 8 amino acids to about 10 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 24 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 22 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 20 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 18 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 16 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 14 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 12 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 24 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 22 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 20 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 18 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 16 amino acids, about 12 amino acids to about 14 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 40

amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 24 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 22 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 20 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 18 amino acids, about 14 amino acids to about 16 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 24 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 22 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 20 amino acids, about 16 amino acids to about 18 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 24 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 22 amino acids, about 18 amino acids to about 20 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 24 amino acids, about 20 amino acids to about 22 amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 60

amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 22 amino acids to about 24 amino acids, about 25 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 25 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 25 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 25 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 25 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 25 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 25 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 25 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 25 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 25 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 30 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 35 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 35 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 35 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 35 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 35 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 35 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 35 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 35 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 40 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 45 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 45 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 45 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 45 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 45 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 45 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 50 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 60 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 60 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 60 amino acids to about 80

amino acids, about 60 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 70 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 70 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 70 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 80 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 80 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, or about 90 amino acids to about 100 amino acids.

In some embodiments, the linker is rich in glycine (Gly or G) residues. In some embodiments, the linker is rich in serine (Ser or S) residues. In some embodiments, the linker is rich in glycine and serine residues. In some embodiments, the linker has one or more glycine-serine residue pairs (GS), e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 or more GS pairs. In some embodiments, the linker has one or more Gly-Gly-Gly-Ser (GGGS) (SEQ ID NO: 99) sequences, e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 or more GGGS (SEQ ID NO: 99) sequences. In some embodiments, the linker has one or more Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Ser (GGGGS) sequences, e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 or more GGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 100) sequences. In some embodiments, the linker has one or more Gly-Gly-Ser-Gly (GGSG) (SEQ ID NO: 101) sequences, e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 or more GGSG (SEQ ID NO: 101) sequences.

In some embodiments, the linker sequence can comprise or consist of GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 102). In some embodiments, the linker sequence can be encoded by a nucleic acid comprising or consisting of: GGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCT (SEQ ID NO: 103). In some embodiments, the linker sequence can comprise or consist of: GGGSGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 104),

Target-Binding Domains

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and/or the additional one or more target-binding domains can be an antigen-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary antigen-binding domains described herein or known in the art), a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble interleukin proteins or soluble cytokine proteins described herein), and a soluble interleukin or

cytokine receptor (e.g., any of the exemplary soluble interleukin receptors or soluble cytokine receptors described herein).

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and/or the one or more additional target-binding domains can each independent have a total number of amino acids of about 5 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 450 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 350 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 280 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 260 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 240 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 200 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 195 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 190 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 185 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 180 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 175 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 170 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 165 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 160 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 155 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 150 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 145 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 140 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 135 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 130 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 125 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 120 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 115 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 110 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 105 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 95 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 85 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 80 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 75 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 70 amino acids, about 5

amino acids to about 65 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 60 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 55 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 50 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 45 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 40 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 35 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 30 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 20 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 15 amino acids, about 5 amino acids to about 10 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 1000 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 950 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 900 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 850 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 800 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 750 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 700 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 650 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 600 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 550 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 500 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 450 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 400 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 350 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 300 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 280 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 260 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 240 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 220 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 200 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 195 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 190 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 185 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 180 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 175 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 170 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 165 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 160 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 155 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 150 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 145 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 140 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 135 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 130 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 125 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 120 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 115 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 110 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 105 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 100 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 95 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 90 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to about 85 amino acids, about 10 amino acids to

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Any of the target-binding domains described herein can bind to its target with a dissociation equilibrium constant (K_D) of less than 1 x 10^{-7} M, less than 1 x 10^{-8} M, less than 1 x 10^{-9} M, less than 1 x 10^{-10} M, less than 1 x 10^{-11} M, less than 1 x 10^{-12} M, or less than 1 x 10^{-13} M. In some embodiments, the antigen-binding protein construct provided herein can bind to an identifying antigen with a K_D of about 1 x 10^{-3} M to about 1 x 10^{-5} M, about 1 x 10^{-4} M to about 1 x 10^{-6} M, about 1 x 10^{-5} M to about 1 x 10^{-7} M, about 1 x 10^{-6} M to about 1 x 10^{-8} M, about 1 x 10^{-7} M to about 1 x 10^{-9} M, about 1 x 10^{-8} M to about 1 x 10^{-10} M, or about 1 x 10^{-9} M to about 1 x 10^{-11} M (inclusive).

Any of the target-binding domains described herein can bind to its target with a K_D of between about 1 pM to about 30 nM (e.g., about 1 pM to about 25 nM, about 1 pM to about 20 nM, about 1 pM to about 15 nM, about 1 pM to about 10 nM, about 1 pM to about 5 nM, about 1 pM to about 2 nM, about 1 pM to about 1 nM, about 1 pM to about 950 pM, about 1 pM to about 900 pM, about 1 pM to about 850 pM, about 1 pM to about 800 pM, about 1 pM to about 750 pM, about 1 pM to about 700 pM, about 1 pM to about 650 pM, about 1 pM to about 600 pM, about 1 pM to about 550 pM,about 1 pM to about 500 pM, about 1 pM to about 450 pM, about 1 pM to about 400 pM, about 1 pM to about 350 pM, about 1 pM to about 300 pM, about 1 pM to about 250 pM, about 1 pM to about 200 pM, about 1 pM to about 150 pM, about 1 pM to about 100 pM, about 1 pM to about 90 pM, about 1 pM to about 80 pM, about 1 pM to about 70 pM, about 1 pM to about 60 pM, about 1 pM to about 50 pM, about 1 pM to about 40 pM, about 1 pM to about 30 pM, about 1 pM to about 20 pM, about 1 pM to about 10 pM, about 1 pM to about 5 pM, about 1 pM to about 4 pM, about 1 pM to about 3 pM, about 1 pM to about 2 pM, about 2 pM to about 30 nM, about 2 pM to about 25 nM, about 2 pM to about 20 nM, about 2 pM to about 15 nM, about 2 pM to about 10 nM, about 2 pM to about 5 nM, about 2 pM to about 2 nM, about 2 pM to about 1 nM, about 2 pM to about 950 pM, about 2 pM to about 900 pM, about 2 pM to about 850 pM, about 2 pM to about 800 pM, about 2 pM to about 750 pM, about 2 pM to about 700 pM, about 2 pM to about 650 pM, about 2 pM to about 600 pM, about 2 pM to about 550 pM, about 2 pM to about 500 pM, about 2 pM to about 450 pM, about 2 pM to about 400 pM, about 2 pM to about 350 pM, about 2 pM to about 300 pM, about 2 pM to about 250 pM, about 2 pM to about 200 pM, about 2 pM to

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pM, about 90 pM to about 150 pM, about 90 pM to about 100 pM, about 100 pM to about 30 nM, about 100 pM to about 25 nM, about 100 pM to about 30 nM, about 100 pM to about 15 nM, about 100 pM to about 10 nM, about 100 pM to about 5 nM, about 100 pM to about 2 nM, about 100 pM to about 1 nM, about 100 pM to about 950 pM, about 100 pM to about 900 pM, about 100 pM to about 850 pM, about 100 pM to about 800 pM, about 100 pM to about 750 pM, about 100 pM to about 700 pM, about 100 pM to about 650 pM, about 100 pM to about 600 pM, about 100 pM to about 550 pM, about 100 pM to about 500 pM, about 100 pM to about 450 pM, about 100 pM to about 400 pM, about 100 pM to about 350 pM, about 100 pM to about 300 pM, about 100 pM to about 250 pM, about 100 pM to about 200 pM, about 100 pM to about 150 pM, about 150 pM to about 30 nM, about 150 pM to about 25 nM, about 150 pM to about 30 nM, about 150 pM to about 15 nM, about 150 pM to about 10 nM, about 150 pM to about 5 nM, about 150 pM to about 2 nM, about 150 pM to about 1 nM, about 150 pM to about 950 pM, about 150 pM to about 900 pM, about 150 pM to about 850 pM, about 150 pM to about 800 pM, about 150 pM to about 750 pM, about 150 pM to about 700 pM, about 150 pM to about 650 pM, about 150 pM to about 600 pM, about 150 pM to about 550 pM, about 150 pM to about 500 pM, about 150 pM to about 450 pM, about 150 pM to about 400 pM, about 150 pM to about 350 pM, about 150 pM to about 300 pM, about 150 pM to about 250 pM, about 150 pM to about 200 pM, about 200 pM to about 30 nM, about 200 pM to about 25 nM, about 200 pM to about 30 nM, about 200 pM to about 15 nM, about 200 pM to about 10 nM, about 200 pM to about 5 nM, about 200 pM to about 2 nM, about 200 pM to about 1 nM, about 200 pM to about 950 pM, about 200 pM to about 900 pM, about 200 pM to about 850 pM, about 200 pM to about 800 pM, about 200 pM to about 750 pM, about 200 pM to about 700 pM, about 200 pM to about 650 pM, about 200 pM to about 600 pM, about 200 pM to about 550 pM, about 200 pM to about 500 pM, about 200 pM to about 450 pM, about 200 pM to about 400 pM, about 200 pM to about 350 pM, about 200 pM to about 300 pM, about 200 pM to about 250 pM, about 300 pM to about 30 nM, about 300 pM to about 25 nM, about 300 pM to about 30 nM, about 300 pM to about 15 nM, about 300 pM to about 10 nM, about 300 pM to about 5 nM, about 300 pM to about 2 nM, about 300 pM to about 1 nM, about 300

pM to about 950 pM, about 300 pM to about 900 pM, about 300 pM to about 850 pM, about 300 pM to about 800 pM, about 300 pM to about 750 pM, about 300 pM to about 700 pM, about 300 pM to about 650 pM, about 300 pM to about 600 pM, about 300 pM to about 550 pM, about 300 pM to about 500 pM, about 300 pM to about 450 pM, about 300 pM to about 400 pM, about 300 pM to about 350 pM, about 400 pM to about 30 nM, about 400 pM to about 25 nM, about 400 pM to about 30 nM, about 400 pM to about 15 nM, about 400 pM to about 10 nM, about 400 pM to about 5 nM, about 400 pM to about 2 nM, about 400 pM to about 1 nM, about 400 pM to about 950 pM, about 400 pM to about 900 pM, about 400 pM to about 850 pM, about 400 pM to about 800 pM, about 400 pM to about 750 pM, about 400 pM to about 700 pM, about 400 pM to about 650 pM, about 400 pM to about 600 pM, about 400 pM to about 550 pM, about 400 pM to about 500 pM, about 500 pM to about 30 nM, about 500 pM to about 25 nM, about 500 pM to about 30 nM, about 500 pM to about 15 nM, about 500 pM to about 10 nM, about 500 pM to about 5 nM, about 500 pM to about 2 nM, about 500 pM to about 1 nM, about 500 pM to about 950 pM, about 500 pM to about 900 pM, about 500 pM to about 850 pM, about 500 pM to about 800 pM, about 500 pM to about 750 pM, about 500 pM to about 700 pM, about 500 pM to about 650 pM, about 500 pM to about 600 pM, about 500 pM to about 550 pM, about 600 pM to about 30 nM, about 600 pM to about 25 nM, about 600 pM to about 30 nM, about 600 pM to about 15 nM, about 600 pM to about 10 nM, about 600 pM to about 5 nM, about 600 pM to about 2 nM, about 600 pM to about 1 nM, about 600 pM to about 950 pM, about 600 pM to about 900 pM, about 600 pM to about 850 pM, about 600 pM to about 800 pM, about 600 pM to about 750 pM, about 600 pM to about 700 pM, about 600 pM to about 650 pM, about 700 pM to about 30 nM, about 700 pM to about 25 nM, about 700 pM to about 30 nM, about 700 pM to about 15 nM, about 700 pM to about 10 nM, about 700 pM to about 5 nM, about 700 pM to about 2 nM, about 700 pM to about 1 nM, about 700 pM to about 950 pM, about 700 pM to about 900 pM, about 700 pM to about 850 pM, about 700 pM to about 800 pM, about 700 pM to about 750 pM, about 800 pM to about 30 nM, about 800 pM to about 25 nM, about 800 pM to about 30 nM, about 800 pM to about 15 nM, about 800 pM to about 10 nM, about 800 pM to about 5 nM, about 800 pM to about 2 nM, about 800 pM to about 1

nM, about 800 pM to about 950 pM, about 800 pM to about 900 pM, about 800 pM to about 850 pM, about 900 pM to about 30 nM, about 900 pM to about 25 nM, about 900 pM to about 30 nM, about 900 pM to about 15 nM, about 900 pM to about 10 nM, about 900 pM to about 5 nM, about 900 pM to about 2 nM, about 900 pM to about 1 nM, about 900 pM to about 950 pM, about 1 nM to about 30 nM, about 1 nM to about 25 nM, about 1 nM to about 20 nM, about 1 nM to about 15 nM, about 1 nM to about 10 nM, about 1 nM to about 5 nM, about 2 nM to about 30 nM, about 2 nM to about 25 nM, about 2 nM to about 20 nM, about 2 nM to about 15 nM, about 2 nM to about 10 nM, about 2 nM to about 5 nM, about 4 nM to about 30 nM, about 4 nM to about 25 nM, about 4 nM to about 20 nM, about 4 nM to about 15 nM, about 4 nM to about 10 nM, about 4 nM to about 5 nM, about 5 nM to about 30 nM, about 5 nM to about 25 nM, about 5 nM to about 20 nM, about 5 nM to about 15 nM, about 5 nM to about 10 nM, about 10 nM to about 30 nM, about 10 nM to about 25 nM, about 10 nM to about 20 nM, about 10 nM to about 15 nM, about 15 nM to about 30 nM, about 15 nM to about 25 nM, about 15 nM to about 20 nM, about 20 nM to about 30 nM, and about 20 nM to about 25 nM).

Any of the target-binding domains described herein can bind to its target with a K_D of between about 1 nM to about 10 nM (e.g., about 1 nM to about 9 nM, about 1 nM to about 8 nM, about 1 nM to about 7 nM, about 1 nM to about 6 nM, about 1 nM to about 5 nM, about 1 nM to about 4 nM, about 1 nM to about 3 nM, about 1 nM to about 2 nM, about 2 nM to about 10 nM, about 2 nM to about 9 nM, about 2 nM to about 8 nM, about 2 nM to about 7 nM, about 2 nM to about 6 nM, about 2 nM to about 5 nM, about 2 nM to about 4 nM, about 2 nM to about 3 nM, about 3 nM to about 10 nM, about 3 nM to about 9 nM, about 3 nM to about 8 nM, about 3 nM to about 7 nM, about 3 nM to about 6 nM, about 3 nM to about 5 nM, about 3 nM to about 4 nM, about 4 nM to about 10 nM, about 4 nM to about 9 nM, about 4 nM to about 8 nM, about 4 nM to about 7 nM, about 4 nM to about 6 nM, about 4 nM to about 5 nM, about 5 nM to about 10 nM, about 5 nM to about 9 nM, about 5 nM to about 8 nM, about 5 nM to about 7 nM, about 5 nM to about 6 nM, about 6 nM to about 10 nM, about 6 nM to about 9 nM, about 6 nM to about 8 nM, about 6 nM to about 7 nM, about 7 nM to about 10 nM, about 7 nM to about 9 nM, about

7 nM to about 8 nM, about 8 nM to about 10 nM, about 8 nM to about 9 nM, and about 9 nM to about 10 nM).

A variety of different methods known in the art can be used to determine the K_D values of any of the antigen-binding protein constructs described herein (e.g., an electrophoretic mobility shift assay, a filter binding assay, surface plasmon resonance, and a biomolecular binding kinetics assay, etc.).

Antigen-Binding Domains

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments of these single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of these single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to different antigens.

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of any of the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each antigen-binding domains. In some embodiments of any of the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the antigen-binding domain includes or is a scFv or a single domain antibody (e.g., a V_{HH} or a V_{NAR} domain).

In some examples, an antigen-binding domain (e.g., any of the antigen-binding domains described herein) can bind specifically to any one of CD16a (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 9,035,026), CD28 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent

No. 7,723,482), CD3 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 9,226,962), CD33 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 8,759,494), CD20 (see, e.g., those described in WO 2014/026054), CD19 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 9,701,758), CD22 (see, e.g., those described in WO 2003/104425), CD123 (see, e.g., those described in WO 2014/130635), IL-1R (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 8,741,604), IL-1 (see, e.g., those described in WO 2014/095808), VEGF (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 9,090,684), IL-6R (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 7,482,436), IL-4 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2012/0171197), IL-10 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2016/0340413), PDL-1 (see, e.g., those described in Drees et al., *Protein Express. Purif.* 94:60-66, 2014), TIGIT (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2017/0198042), PD-1 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 7,488,802), TIM3 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 8,552,156), CTLA4 (see, e.g., those described in WO 2012/120125), MICA (see, e.g., those described in WO 2016/154585), MICB (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 8,753,640), IL-6 (see, e.g., those described in Gejima et al., *Human Antibodies* 11(4):121-129, 2002), IL-8 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 6,117,980), TNFα (see, e.g., those described in Geng et al., *Immunol. Res.* 62(3):377-385, 2015), CD26 (see, e.g., those described in WO 2017/189526), CD36 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2015/0259429), ULBP2 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 9,273,136), CD30 (see, e.g., those described in Homach et al., *Scand. J. Immunol.* 48(5):497-501, 1998), CD200 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 9,085,623), IGF-1R (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2017/0051063), MUC4AC (see, e.g., those described in WO 2012/170470), MUC5AC (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 9,238,084), Trop-2 (see, e.g., those described in WO 2013/068946), CMET (see, e.g., those described in Edwardraja et al., *Biotechnol. Bioeng.* 106(3):367-375, 2010), EGFR (see, e.g., those described in Akbari et al., *Protein Expr. Purif.* 127:8-15, 2016), HER1 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2013/0274446), HER2 (see, e.g., those described in Cao et al., *Biotechnol. Lett.* 37(7):1347-1354, 2015), HER3 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 9,505,843),

PSMA (see, e.g., those described in Parker et al., *Protein Expr. Purif.* 89(2):136-145, 2013), CEA (see, e.g., those described in WO 1995/015341), B7H3 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 9,371,395), EPCAM (see, e.g., those described in WO 2014/159531), BCMA (see, e.g., those described in Smith et al., *Mol. Ther.* 26(6):1447-1456, 2018), P-cadherin (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 7,452,537), CEACAM5 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 9,617,345), a UL16-binding protein (see, e.g., those described in WO 2017/083612), HLA-DR (see, e.g., Pistillo et al., *Exp. Clin. Immunogenet.* 14(2):123-130, 1997), DLL4 (see, e.g., those described in WO 2014/007513), TYRO3 (see, e.g., those described in WO 2016/166348), AXL (see, e.g., those described in WO 2012/175692), MER (see, e.g., those described in WO 2016/106221), CD122 (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2016/0367664), CD155 (see, e.g., those described in WO 2017/149538), or PDGF-DD (see, e.g., those described in U.S. Patent No. 9,441,034).

The antigen-binding domains present in any of the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein are each independently selected from the group consisting of: a VHH domain, a VNAR domain, and a scFv. In some embodiments, any of the antigen-binding domains described herein is a BiTe, a $(scFv)_2$, a nanobody, a nanobody-HSA, a DART, a TandAb, a scDiabody, a scDiabody-CH3, scFv-CH-CL-scFv, a HSAbody, scDiabody-HAS, or a tandem-scFv. Additional examples of antigen-binding domains that can be used in any of the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptide are known in the art.

A VHH domain is a single monomeric variable antibody domain that can be found in camelids. A VNAR domain is a single monomeric variable antibody domain that can be found in cartilaginous fish. Non-limiting aspects of V_HH domains and V_{NAR} domains are described in, e.g., Cromie et al., *Curr. Top. Med. Chem.* 15:2543-2557, 2016; De Genst et al., *Dev. Comp. Immunol.* 30:187-198, 2006; De Meyer et al., *Trends Biotechnol.* 32:263-270, 2014; Kijanka et al., *Nanomedicine* 10:161-174, 2015; Kovaleva et al., *Expert. Opin. Biol. Ther.* 14:1527-1539, 2014; Krah et al., *Immunopharmacol. Immunotoxicol.* 38:21-28, 2016; Mujic-Delic et al., *Trends Pharmacol. Sci.* 35:247-255, 2014; Muyldermans, *J. Biotechnol.* 74:277-302, 2001; Muyldermans et al., *Trends*

Biochem. Sci. 26:230-235, 2001; Muyldermans, *Ann. Rev. Biochem.* 82:775-797, 2013; Rahbarizadeh et al., *Immunol. Invest.* 40:299-338, 2011; Van Audenhove et al., *EBioMedicine* 8:40-48, 2016; Van Bockstaele et al., *Curr. Opin. Investig. Drugs* 10:1212-1224, 2009; Vincke et al., *Methods Mol. Biol.* 911:15-26, 2012; and Wesolowski et al., *Med. Microbiol. Immunol.* 198:157-174, 2009.

In some embodiments, each of the antigen-binding domains in the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein are both VHH domains, or at least one antigen-binding domain is a VHH domain. In some embodiments, each of the antigen-binding domains in the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein are both VNAR domains, or at least one antigen-binding domain is a VNAR domain. In some embodiments, each of the antigen-binding domains in the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein are both scFv domains, or at least one antigen-binding domain is a scFv domain.

In some embodiments, two or more of polypeptides present in the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptide can assemble (e.g., non-covalently assemble) to form any of the antigen-binding domains described herein, e.g., an antigen-binding fragment of an antibody (e.g., any of the antigen-binding fragments of an antibody described herein), a VHH-scAb, a VHH-Fab, a Dual scFab, a F(ab')2, a diabody, a crossMab, a DAF (two-in-one), a DAF (four-in-one), a DutaMab, a DT-IgG, a knobs-in-holes common light chain, a knobs-in-holes assembly, a charge pair, a Fab-arm exchange, a SEEDbody, a LUZ-Y, a Fcab, a κλ-body, an orthogonal Fab, a DVD-IgG, a IgG(H)-scFv, a scFv-(H)IgG, IgG(L)-scFv, scFv-(L)IgG, IgG(L,H)-Fv, IgG(H)-V, V(H)-IgG, IgG(L)-V, V(L)-IgG, KIH IgG-scFab, 2scFv-IgG, IgG-2scFv, scFv4-Ig, Zybody, DVI-IgG, Diabody-CH3, a triple body, a miniantibody, a minibody, a TriBi minibody, scFv-CH3 KIH, Fab-scFv, a F(ab')2-scFv2, a scFv-KIH, a Fab-scFv-Fc, a tetravalent HCAb, a scDiabody-Fc, a Diabody-Fc, a tandem scFv-Fc, an Intrabody, a dock and lock, a lmmTAC, an IgG-IgG conjugate, a Cov-X-Body, and a scFv1-PEG-scFv2. See, e.g., Spiess et al., *Mol. Immunol.* 67:95-106, 2015, incorporated in its entirety herewith, for a description of these elements. Non-limiting examples of an antigen-binding fragment of an antibody include an Fv fragment, a Fab fragment, a $F(ab')_2$ fragment, and a Fab' fragment. Additional

examples of an antigen-binding fragment of an antibody is an antigen-binding fragment of an IgG (e.g., an antigen-binding fragment of IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4) (e.g., an antigen-binding fragment of a human or humanized IgG, e.g., human or humanized IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4); an antigen-binding fragment of an IgA (e.g., an antigen-binding fragment of IgA1 or IgA2) (e.g., an antigen-binding fragment of a human or humanized IgA, e.g., a human or humanized IgA1 or IgA2); an antigen-binding fragment of an IgD (e.g., an antigen-binding fragment of a human or humanized IgD); an antigen-binding fragment of an IgE (e.g., an antigen-binding fragment of a human or humanized IgE); or an antigen-binding fragment of an IgM (e.g., an antigen-binding fragment of a human or humanized IgM).

An "Fv" fragment includes a non-covalently-linked dimer of one heavy chain variable domain and one light chain variable domain.

A "Fab" fragment includes, the constant domain of the light chain and the first constant domain (C_{H1}) of the heavy chain, in addition to the heavy and light chain variable domains of the Fv fragment.

A "F(ab')$_2$" fragment includes two Fab fragments joined, near the hinge region, by disulfide bonds.

A "dual variable domain immunoglobulin" or "DVD-Ig" refers to multivalent and multispecific binding proteins as described, e.g., in DiGiammarino et al., *Methods Mol. Biol.* 899:145-156, 2012; Jakob et al., *MABs* 5:358-363, 2013; and U.S. Patent Nos. 7,612,181; 8,258,268; 8,586,714; 8,716,450; 8,722,855; 8,735,546; and 8,822,645, each of which is incorporated by reference in its entirety.

DARTs are described in, e.g., Garber, *Nature Reviews Drug Discovery* 13:799-801, 2014.

In some embodiments of any of the antigen-binding domains described herein can bind to an antigen selected from the group consisting of: a protein, a carbohydrate, a lipid, and a combination thereof.

Additional examples and aspects of antigen-binding domains are known in the art.

Soluble Interleukin or Cytokine Protein

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain can be a soluble interleukin protein or soluble cytokine protein. In some embodiments, the soluble interleukin or soluble cytokine protein is selected from the group of: IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF. Non-limiting examples of soluble IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF are provided below.

Human Soluble IL-3 (SEQ ID NO: 105)

apmtqttplkt swvncsnmid eiithlkqpp lplldfnnln gedqdilmen nlrrpnleaf nravkslqna saiesilknl lpclplataa ptrhpihikd gdwnefrrkl tfylktlena qaqqttlsla if

Human Soluble IL-8 (SEQ ID NO: 106)

egavlprsak elrcqcikty skpfhpkfik elrviesgph canteiivkl sdgrelcldp kenwvqrvve kflkraens

Human Soluble IL-10 (SEQ ID NO: 107)

spgqgtqsensc thfpgnlpnm lrdlrdafsr vktffqmkdq ldnlllkesl ledfkgylgc qalsemiqfy leevmpqaen qdpdikahvn slgenlktlr lrlrrchrfl pcenkskave qvknafnklq ekgiykamse fdifinyiea ymtmkirn

Human Soluble IL-17 (SEQ ID NO: 108)

gitiprn pgcpnsedkn fprtvmvnln ihnrntntnp krssdyynrs tspwnlhrne dperypsviw eakcrhlgci nadgnvdyhm nsvpiqqeil vlrrepphcp nsfrlekilv svgctcvtpi vhhva

Human Soluble IL-18 (SEQ ID NO: 109)

yfgklesklsvirn lndqvlfidq gnrplfedmt dsdcrdnapr tifiismykd
sqprgmavti svkcekistl scenkiisfk emnppdnikd tksdiiffqr
svpghdnkmq fesssyegyf lacekerdlf klilkkedel gdrsimftvq ned

Human Soluble PDGF-DD (SEQ ID NO: 110)

rdtsatpqsasi kalrnanlrr desnhltdly rrdetiqvkg ngyvqsprfp
nsyprnlllt wrlhsqentr iqlvfdnqfg leeaendicr ydfvevedis
etstiirgrw cghkevppri ksrtnqikit fksddyfvak pgfkiyysll
edfqpaaase tnwesvtssi sgvsynspsv tdptliadal dkkiaefdtv
edllkyfnpe swqedlenmy ldtpryrgrs yhdrkskvdl drlnddakry
sctprnysvn ireelklanv vffprcllvq rcggncgcgt vnwrsctcns
gktvkkyhev lqfepghikr rgraktmalv diqldhherc dcicssrppr

Human Soluble SCF (SEQ ID NO: 111)

egicrnrvtnnvkdv tklvanlpkd ymitlkyvpg mdvlpshcwi semvvqlsds
ltdlldkfsn iseglsnysi idklvnivdd lvecvkenss kdlkksfksp
eprlftpeef frifnrsida fkdfvvaset sdcvvsstls pekdsrvsvt
kpfmlppvaa sslrndssss nrkaknppgd sslhwaamal palfsliigf
afgalywkkr qpsltraven iqineednei smlqekeref qev

Human Soluble FLT3L (SEQ ID NO: 112)

tqdcsfqhspissd favkirelsd yllqdypvtv asnlqdeelc gglwrlvlaq
rwmerlktva gskmqgller vnteihfvtk cafqpppscl rfvqtnisrl
lqetseqlva lkpwitrqnf srclelqcqp dsstlpppws prpleatapt
apqppllllll llpvglllla aawclhwqrt rrrtprpgeq vppvpspqdl
llveh

Additional examples of soluble interleukin proteins and soluble cytokine proteins are known in the art.

Soluble Receptor

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin receptor or a soluble cytokine receptor. In some embodiments, the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-β RII) (see, e.g., those described in Yung et al., *Am. J. Resp. Crit. Care Med.* 194(9):1140-1151, 2016), a soluble TGF-βRIII (see, e.g., those described in Heng et al., *Placenta* 57:320, 2017), a soluble NKG2D (see, e.g., Cosman et al., *Immunity* 14(2):123-133, 2001; Costa et al., *Front. Immunol.*, Vol. 9, Article 1150, May 29, 2018; doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2018.01150), a soluble NKp30 (see, e.g., Costa et al., *Front. Immunol.*, Vol. 9, Article 1150, May 29, 2018; doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2018.01150), a soluble NKp44 (see, e.g., those described in Costa et al., *Front. Immunol.*, Vol. 9, Article 1150, May 29, 2018; doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2018.01150), a soluble NKp46 (see, e.g., Mandelboim et al., *Nature* 409:1055-1060, 2001; Costa et al., *Front. Immunol.*, Vol. 9, Article 1150, May 29, 2018; doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2018.01150), a soluble DNAM1 (see, e.g., those described in Costa et al., *Front. Immunol.*, Vol. 9, Article 1150, May 29, 2018; doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2018.01150), a scMHCI (see, e.g., those described in Washburn et al., *PLoS One* 6(3):e18439, 2011), a scMHCII (see, e.g., those described in Bishwajit et al., *Cellular Immunol.* 170(1):25-33, 1996), a scTCR (see, e.g., those described in Weber et al., *Nature* 356(6372):793-796, 1992), a soluble CD155 (see, e.g., those described in Tahara-Hanaoka et al., *Int. Immunol.* 16(4):533-538, 2004), or a soluble CD28 (see, e.g., Hebbar et al., *Clin. Exp. Immunol.* 136:388-392, 2004).

Additional examples of soluble interleukin receptors and soluble cytokine receptors are known in the art.

Pairs of Affinity Domains

In some embodiments, a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide includes: 1) a first chimeric polypeptide that includes a first domain of a pair of affinity domains, and 2) a second chimeric polypeptide that includes a second domain of a pair of affinity domains such that the first chimeric polypeptide and the second chimeric polypeptide associate

through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains. In some embodiments, the pair of affinity domains is a sushi domain from an alpha chain of human IL-15 receptor (IL-15Rα) and a soluble IL-15. A sushi domain, also known as a short consensus repeat or type 1 glycoprotein motif, is a common motif in protein-protein interaction. Sushi domains have been identified on a number of protein-binding molecules, including complement components C1r, C1s, factor H, and C2m, as well as the nonimmunologic molecules factor XIII and β2-glycoprotein. A typical Sushi domain has approximately 60 amino acid residues and contains four cysteines (Ranganathan, Pac. Symp Biocomput. 2000:155-67). The first cysteine can form a disulfide bond with the third cysteine, and the second cysteine can form a disulfide bridge with the fourth cysteine. In some embodiments in which one member of the pair of affinity domains is a soluble IL-15, the soluble IL-15 has a D8N or D8A amino acid substitution. In some embodiments in which one member of the pair of affinity domains is an alpha chain of human IL-15 receptor (IL-15Rα), the human IL-15Rα is a mature full-length IL-15Rα. In some embodiments, the pair of affinity domains is barnase and barnstar. In some embodiments, the pair of affinity domains is a PKA and an AKAP. In some embodiments, the pair of affinity domains is an adapter/docking tag module based on mutated RNase I fragments (Rossi, *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA*. 103:6841-6846, 2006; Sharkey et al., *Cancer Res*. 68:5282-5290, 2008; Rossi et al., *Trends Pharmacol Sci*. 33:474-481, 2012) or SNARE modules based on interactions of the proteins syntaxin, synaptotagmin, synaptobrevin, and SNAP25 (Deyev et al., *Nat Biotechnol*. 1486-1492, 2003).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide includes a first domain of a pair of affinity domains and a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide includes a second domain of a pair of affinity domains, wherein the first domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains bind to each other with a dissociation equilibrium constant (K_D) of less than 1×10^{-7} M, less than 1×10^{-8} M, less than 1×10^{-9} M, less than 1×10^{-10} M, less than 1×10^{-11} M, less than 1×10^{-12} M, or less than 1×10^{-13} M. In some embodiments, the first domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second

domain of the pair of affinity domains bind to each other with a K_D of about 1 x 10^{-4} M to about 1 x 10^{-6} M, about 1 x 10^{-5} M to about 1 x 10^{-7} M, about 1 x 10^{-6} M to about 1 x 10^{-8} M, about 1 x 10^{-7} M to about 1 x 10^{-9} M, about 1 x 10^{-8} M to about 1 x 10^{-10} M, about 1 x 10^{-9} M to about 1 x 10^{-11} M, about 1 x 10^{-10} M to about 1 x 10^{-12} M, about 1 x 10^{-11} M to about 1 x 10^{-13} M, about 1 x 10^{-4} M to about 1 x 10^{-5} M, about 1 x 10^{-5} M to about 1 x 10^{-6} M, about 1 x 10^{-6} M to about 1 x 10^{-7} M, about 1 x 10^{-7} M to about 1 x 10^{-8} M, about 1 x 10^{-8} M to about 1 x 10^{-9} M, about 1 x 10^{-9} M to about 1 x 10^{-10} M, about 1 x 10^{-10} M to about 1 x 10^{-11} M, about 1 x 10^{-11} M to about 1 x 10^{-12} M, or about 1 x 10^{-12} M to about 1 x 10^{-13} M (inclusive). Any of a variety of different methods known in the art can be used to determine the K_D value of the binding of the first domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains (e.g., an electrophoretic mobility shift assay, a filter binding assay, surface plasmon resonance, and a biomolecular binding kinetics assay, etc.).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide includes a first domain of a pair of affinity domains and a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide includes a second domain of a pair of affinity domains, wherein the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains, or both is about 10 to 100 amino acids in length. For example, a first domain of a pair of affinity domains, a second domain of a pair of affinity domains, or both can be about 10 to 100 amino acids in length, about 15 to 100 amino acids in length, about 20 to 100 amino acids in length, about 25 to 100 amino acids in length, about 30 to 100 amino acids in length, about 35 to 100 amino acids in length, about 40 to 100 amino acids in length, about 45 to 100 amino acids in length, about 50 to 100 amino acids in length, about 55 to 100 amino acids in length, about 60 to 100 amino acids in length, about 65 to 100 amino acids in length, about 70 to 100 amino acids in length, about 75 to 100 amino acids in length, about 80 to 100 amino acids in length, about 85 to 100 amino acids in length, about 90 to 100 amino acids in length, about 95 to 100 amino acids in length, about 10 to 95 amino acids in length, about 10 to 90 amino acids in length, about 10 to 85 amino acids in length, about 10 to 80 amino acids in length, about 10 to 75 amino acids in length, about 10 to 70 amino acids in length, about

10 to 65 amino acids in length, about 10 to 60 amino acids in length, about 10 to 55 amino acids in length, about 10 to 50 amino acids in length, about 10 to 45 amino acids in length, about 10 to 40 amino acids in length, about 10 to 35 amino acids in length, about 10 to 30 amino acids in length, about 10 to 25 amino acids in length, about 10 to 20 amino acids in length, about 10 to 15 amino acids in length, about 20 to 30 amino acids in length, about 30 to 40 amino acids in length, about 40 to 50 amino acids in length, about 50 to 60 amino acids in length, about 60 to 70 amino acids in length, about 70 to 80 amino acids in length, about 80 to 90 amino acids in length, about 90 to 100 amino acids in length, about 20 to 90 amino acids in length, about 30 to 80 amino acids in length, about 40 to 70 amino acids in length, about 50 to 60 amino acids in length, or any range in between. In some embodiments, a first domain of a pair of affinity domains, a second domain of a pair of affinity domains, or both is about 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, or 100 amino acids in length.

In some embodiments, any of the first and/or second domains of a pair of affinity domains disclosed herein can include one or more additional amino acids (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more amino acids) at its N-terminus and/or C-terminus, so long as the function of the first and/or second domains of a pair of affinity domains remains intact. For example, a sushi domain from an alpha chain of human IL-15 receptor (IL-15Rα) can include one or more additional amino acids at the N-terminus and/or the C-terminus, while still retaining the ability to bind to a soluble IL-15. Additionally or alternatively, a soluble IL-15 can include one or more additional amino acids at the N-terminus and/or the C-terminus, while still retaining the ability to bind to a sushi domain from an alpha chain of human IL-15 receptor (IL-15Rα).

A non-limiting example of a sushi domain from an alpha chain of IL-15 receptor alpha (IL-15Rα) can include a sequence that is at least 70% identical, at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAH WTTPSLKCIR (SEQ ID NO: 113). In some embodiments, a sushi domain from an alpha chain of IL-15Rα can be encoded by a nucleic acid including

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAG
CTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGA
AGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGT
GGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG (SEQ ID NO: 114).

In some embodiments, a soluble IL-15 can include a sequence that is at least 70% identical, at least 75% identical, at least 80% identical, at least 85% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical to NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGD ASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINT S (SEQ ID NO: 115). In some embodiments, a soluble IL-15 can be encoded by a nucleic acid including the sequence of AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTC CATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAA GGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAG CGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATA ACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGA AGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTG TCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 116).

Signal Sequence

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprises a signal sequence at its N-terminal end. In some embodiments, a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide includes a first chimeric polypeptide that includes a signal sequence at its N-terminal end. In some embodiments, a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide includes a second chimeric polypeptide that includes a signal sequence at its N-terminal end. In some embodiments, both the first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide and a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide include a signal sequence. As will be understood by those of ordinary skill in the art, a signal sequence is an amino acid sequence that is present at the N-terminus of a number of endogenously produced proteins that directs the protein to the secretory pathway (e.g.,

the protein is directed to reside in certain intracellular organelles, to reside in the cell membrane, or to be secreted from the cell). Signal sequences are heterogeneous and differ greatly in their primary amino acid sequences. However, signal sequences are typically 16 to 30 amino acids in length and include a hydrophilic, usually positively charged N-terminal region, a central hydrophobic domain, and a C-terminal region that contains the cleavage site for signal peptidase.

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, includes a signal sequence having an amino acid sequence MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS (SEQ ID NO: 117). In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, includes a signal sequence encoded by the nucleic acid sequence ATGAAATGGGTGACCTTTATTTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTTAGCAGCGCCTACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 118), ATGAAGTGGGTCACATTTATCTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTCTCCAGCGCCTACAGC (SEQ ID NO: 119), or ATGAAATGGGTGACCTTTATTTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTTAGCAGCGCCTACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 120).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, includes a signal sequence having an amino acid sequence MKCLLYLAFLFLGVNC (SEQ ID NO: 121). In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, includes a signal sequence having an amino acid sequence MGQIVTMFEALPHIIDEVINIVIIVLIIITSIKAVYNFATCGILALVSFLFLAGRSCG (SEQ ID NO: 122). In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, includes a signal sequence

having an amino acid sequence:
MPNHQSGSPTGSSDLLLSGKKQRPHLALRRKRRREMRKINRKVRRMNLAPIKEK
TAWQHLQALISEAEEVLKTSQTPQNSLTLFLALLSVLGPPVTG (SEQ ID NO: 123).
In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, includes a signal sequence having an amino acid sequence MDSKGSSQKGSRLLLLLVVSNLLLCQGVVS (SEQ ID NO: 124). Those of ordinary skill in the art will be aware of other appropriate signal sequences for use in a first chimeric polypeptide and/or a second chimeric polypeptide of multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, or single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein.

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, includes a signal sequence that is about 10 to 100 amino acids in length. For example, a signal sequence can be about 10 to 100 amino acids in length, about 15 to 100 amino acids in length, about 20 to 100 amino acids in length, about 25 to 100 amino acids in length, about 30 to 100 amino acids in length, about 35 to 100 amino acids in length, about 40 to 100 amino acids in length, about 45 to 100 amino acids in length, about 50 to 100 amino acids in length, about 55 to 100 amino acids in length, about 60 to 100 amino acids in length, about 65 to 100 amino acids in length, about 70 to 100 amino acids in length, about 75 to 100 amino acids in length, about 80 to 100 amino acids in length, about 85 to 100 amino acids in length, about 90 to 100 amino acids in length, about 95 to 100 amino acids in length, about 10 to 95 amino acids in length, about 10 to 90 amino acids in length, about 10 to 85 amino acids in length, about 10 to 80 amino acids in length, about 10 to 75 amino acids in length, about 10 to 70 amino acids in length, about 10 to 65 amino acids in length, about 10 to 60 amino acids in length, about 10 to 55 amino acids in length, about 10 to 50 amino acids in length, about 10 to 45 amino acids in length, about 10 to 40 amino acids in length, about 10 to 35 amino acids in length, about 10 to 30 amino acids in length, about 10 to 25 amino acids in length, about 10 to 20 amino acids in length, about 10 to 15 amino acids in length, about 20 to 30 amino acids in length, about 30 to 40 amino acids in length, about

40 to 50 amino acids in length, about 50 to 60 amino acids in length, about 60 to 70 amino acids in length, about 70 to 80 amino acids in length, about 80 to 90 amino acids in length, about 90 to 100 amino acids in length, about 20 to 90 amino acids in length, about 30 to 80 amino acids in length, about 40 to 70 amino acids in length, about 50 to 60 amino acids in length, or any range in between. In some embodiments, a signal sequence is about 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, or 100 amino acids in length.

In some embodiments, any of the signal sequences disclosed herein can include one or more additional amino acids (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more amino acids) at its N-terminus and/or C-terminus, so long as the function of the signal sequence remains intact. For example, a signal sequence having the amino acid sequence MKCLLYLAFLFLGVNC (SEQ ID NO: 125) can include one or more additional amino acids at the N-terminus or C-terminus, while still retaining the ability to direct the a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, to the secretory pathway.

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, includes a signal sequence that directs the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide into the extracellular space. Such embodiments are useful in producing single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides that are relatively easy to be isolated and/or purified.

Peptide Tags

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide includes a peptide tag (e.g., at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the chimeric polypeptide). In some embodiments, a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide includes a first chimeric polypeptide that includes a peptide tag (e.g., at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide). In some embodiments, a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide includes a second chimeric polypeptide that includes a peptide tag (e.g., at the N-terminal

end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide). In some embodiments, both the first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide and a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide include a peptide tag. In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, includes two or more peptide tags.

Exemplary peptide tags that can be included in a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide include, without limitation, AviTag (GLNDIFEAQKIEWHE; SEQ ID NO: 126), a calmodulin-tag (KRRWKKNFIAVSAANRFKKISSSGAL; SEQ ID NO: 127), a polyglutamate tag (EEEEEE; SEQ ID NO: 128), an E-tag (GAPVPYPDPLEPR; SEQ ID NO: 129), a FLAG-tag (DYKDDDDK; SEQ ID NO: 130), an HA-tag, a peptide from hemagglutinin (YPYDVPDYA; SEQ ID NO: 131), a his-tag (HHHHH (SEQ ID NO: 132); HHHHHH (SEQ ID NO: 133); HHHHHHH (SEQ ID NO: 134); HHHHHHHH (SEQ ID NO: 135); HHHHHHHHH (SEQ ID NO: 136); or HHHHHHHHHH (SEQ ID NO: 137)), a myc-tag (EQKLISEEDL; SEQ ID NO: 138), NE-tag (TKENPRSNQEESYDDNES; SEQ ID NO: 139), S-tag, (KETAAAKFERQHMDS; SEQ ID NO: 140), SBP-tag (MDEKTTGWRGGHVVEGLAGELEQLRARLEHHPQGQREP; SEQ ID NO: 141), Softag 1 (SLAELLNAGLGGS; SEQ ID NO: 142), Softag 3 (TQDPSRVG; SEQ ID NO: 143), Spot-tag (PDRVRAVSHWSS; SEQ ID NO: 144), Strep-tag (WSHPQFEK; SEQ ID NO: 145), TC tag (CCPGCC; SEQ ID NO: 146), Ty tag (EVHTNQDPLD; SEQ ID NO: 147), V5 tag (GKPIPNPLLGLDST; SEQ ID NO: 148), VSV-tag (YTDIEMNRLGK; SEQ ID NO: 149), and Xpress tag (DLYDDDDK; SEQ ID NO: 150). In some embodiments, tissue factor protein is a peptide tag.

Peptide tags that can be included in a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide can be used in any of a variety of applications related to the multi-chain or single-chain chimeric polypeptide, respectively. For example, a peptide tag can be used in the purification of a multi-chain

or single-chain chimeric polypeptide. As one non-limiting example, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide (e.g., a recombinantly expressed first chimeric polypeptide), a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide (e.g., a recombinantly expressed second chimeric polypeptide), or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, can include a myc tag; the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide that includes the myc-tagged first chimeric polypeptide, the myc-tagged second chimeric polypeptide, or both, or the myc-tagged single-chain chimeric polypeptide can be purified using an antibody that recognizes the myc tag(s). One non-limiting example of an antibody that recognizes a myc tag is 9E10, available from the non-commercial Developmental Studies Hybridoma Bank. As another non-limiting example, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide (e.g., a recombinantly expressed first chimeric polypeptide), a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide (e.g., a recombinantly expressed second chimeric polypeptide), or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, can include a histidine tag; the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide that includes the histidine-tagged first chimeric polypeptide, the histidine-tagged second chimeric polypeptide, or both, or the histidine-tagged single-chain chimeric polypeptide can be purified using a nickel or cobalt chelate. Those of ordinary skill in the art will be aware of other suitable tags and agents that bind those tags for use in purifying a single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments, a peptide tag is removed from the first chimeric polypeptide and/or the second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or the single-chain chimeric polypeptide after purification. In some embodiments, a peptide tag is not removed from the first chimeric polypeptide and/or the second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or the single-chain chimeric polypeptide, after purification.

Peptide tags that can be included in a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, can be used, for example, in immunoprecipitation of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide or single-chain chimeric polypeptide, respectively, imaging of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide or single-

chain chimeric polypeptide, respectively (e.g., via Western blotting, ELISA, flow cytometry, and/or immunocytochemistry), and/or solubilization of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide or single-chain chimeric polypeptide, respectively.

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, includes a peptide tag that is about 10 to 100 amino acids in length. For example, a peptide tag can be about 10 to 100 amino acids in length, about 15 to 100 amino acids in length, about 20 to 100 amino acids in length, about 25 to 100 amino acids in length, about 30 to 100 amino acids in length, about 35 to 100 amino acids in length, about 40 to 100 amino acids in length, about 45 to 100 amino acids in length, about 50 to 100 amino acids in length, about 55 to 100 amino acids in length, about 60 to 100 amino acids in length, about 65 to 100 amino acids in length, about 70 to 100 amino acids in length, about 75 to 100 amino acids in length, about 80 to 100 amino acids in length, about 85 to 100 amino acids in length, about 90 to 100 amino acids in length, about 95 to 100 amino acids in length, about 10 to 95 amino acids in length, about 10 to 90 amino acids in length, about 10 to 85 amino acids in length, about 10 to 80 amino acids in length, about 10 to 75 amino acids in length, about 10 to 70 amino acids in length, about 10 to 65 amino acids in length, about 10 to 60 amino acids in length, about 10 to 55 amino acids in length, about 10 to 50 amino acids in length, about 10 to 45 amino acids in length, about 10 to 40 amino acids in length, about 10 to 35 amino acids in length, about 10 to 30 amino acids in length, about 10 to 25 amino acids in length, about 10 to 20 amino acids in length, about 10 to 15 amino acids in length, about 20 to 30 amino acids in length, about 30 to 40 amino acids in length, about 40 to 50 amino acids in length, about 50 to 60 amino acids in length, about 60 to 70 amino acids in length, about 70 to 80 amino acids in length, about 80 to 90 amino acids in length, about 90 to 100 amino acids in length, about 20 to 90 amino acids in length, about 30 to 80 amino acids in length, about 40 to 70 amino acids in length, about 50 to 60 amino acids in length, or any range in between. In some embodiments, a peptide tag is about 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, or 100 amino acids in length.

Peptide tags included in a first chimeric polypeptide of a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, a second chimeric polypeptide of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, or both, or a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, can be of any suitable length. For example, peptide tags can be 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, or more amino acids in length. In embodiments in which a single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptide includes two or more peptide tags, the two or more peptide tags can be of the same or different lengths. In some embodiments, any of the peptide tags disclosed herein may include one or more additional amino acids (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more amino acids) at the N-terminus and/or C-terminus, so long as the function of the peptide tag remains intact. For example, a myc tag having the amino acid sequence EQKLISEEDL (SEQ ID NO: 138) can include one or more additional amino acids (e.g., at the N-terminus and/or the C- terminus of the peptide tag), while still retaining the ability to be bound by an antibody (e.g., 9E10).

Exemplary Embodiments of Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type A

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and/or the second target-binding domain can independently bind specifically to CD3 (e.g., human CD3) or CD28 (e.g., human CD28). In some embodiments, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to CD3 (e.g., human CD3) and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to CD28 (e.g., human CD28). In some embodiments, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to CD28 (e.g., human CD28) and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to CD3 (e.g., human CD3).

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other. In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain.

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other. In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain.

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each an antigen-binding domain (e.g., any of the exemplary antigen-binding domains described herein). In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv or a single domain antibody.

A non-limiting example of an scFv that binds specifically to CD3 can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QIVLTQSPAIMSASPGEKVTMTCSASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKLA
SGVPAHFRGSGSGTSYSLTISGMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPFTFGSGTKLEINRGG
GGSGGGGSGGGGSQVQLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTRYTMHWVKQ
RPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDKSSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAV
YYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 151).

In some embodiments, an scFv that binds specifically to CD3 can be encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGATCGTGCTGACCCAAAGCCCCGCCATCATGAGCGCTAGCCCCGGTGAGA
AGGTGACCATGACATGCTCCGCTTCCAGCTCCGTGTCCTACATGAACTGGTAT
CAGCAGAAAAGCGGAACCAGCCCCAAAAGGTGGATCTACGACACCAGCAAG
CTGGCCTCCGGAGTGCCCGCTCATTTCCGGGGCTCTGGATCCGGCACCAGCTA

CTCTTTAACCATTTCCGGCATGGAAGCTGAAGACGCTGCCACCTACTATTGCC
AGCAATGGAGCAGCAACCCCTTCACATTCGGATCTGGCACCAAGCTCGAAAT
CAATCGTGGAGGAGGTGGCAGCGGCGGCGGTGGATCCGGCGGAGGAGGAAG
CCAAGTTCAACTCCAGCAGAGCGGCGCTGAACTGGCCCGGCCCGGCGCCTCC
GTCAAGATGAGCTGCAAGGCTTCCGGCTATACATTTACTCGTTACACAATGCA
TTGGGTCAAGCAGAGGCCCGGTCAAGGTTTAGAGTGGATCGGATATATCAAC
CCTTCCCGGGGCTACACCAACTATAACCAAAAGTTCAAGGATAAAGCCACTT
TAACCACTGACAAGAGCTCCTCCACCGCCTACATGCAGCTGTCCTCTTTAACC
AGCGAGGACTCCGCTGTTTACTACTGCGCTAGGTATTACGACGACCACTACTG
TTTAGACTATTGGGGACAAGGTACCACTTTAACCGTCAGCAGC (SEQ ID NO: 152).

A non-limiting example of an scFv that binds specifically to CD28 can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

VQLQQSGPELVKPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTSYVIQWVKQKPGQGLEWIGSINPYN
DYTKYNEKFKGKATLTSDKSSITAYMEFSSLTSEDSALYYCARWGDGNYWGRG
TTLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSDIEMTQSPAIMSASLGERVTMTCTASSSVSSSY
FHWYQQKPGSSPKLCIYSTSNLASGVPPRFSGSGSTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYFCH
QYHRSPTFGGGTKLETKR (SEQ ID NO: 153).

In some embodiments, an scFv that binds specifically to CD28 can be encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GTCCAGCTGCAGCAGAGCGGACCCGAACTCGTGAAACCCGGTGCTTCCGTGA
AAATGTCTTGTAAGGCCAGCGGATACACCTTCACCTCCTATGTGATCCAGTGG
GTCAAACAGAAGCCCGGACAAGGTCTCGAGTGGATCGGCAGCATCAACCCTT
ACAACGACTATACCAAATACAACGAGAAGTTTAAGGGAAAGGCTACTTTAAC
CTCCGACAAAAGCTCCATCACAGCCTACATGGAGTTCAGCTCTTTAACATCCG
AGGACAGCGCTCTGTACTATTGCGCCCGGTGGGGCGACGGCAATTACTGGGG
ACGGGGCACAACACTGACCGTGAGCAGCGGAGGCGGAGGCTCCGGCGGAGG
CGGATCTGGCGGTGGCGGCTCCGACATCGAGATGACCCAGTCCCCCGCTATC
ATGTCCGCCTCTTTAGGCGAGCGGGTCACAATGACTTGTACAGCCTCCTCCAG
CGTCTCCTCCTCCTACTTCCATTGGTACCAACAGAAACCCGGAAGCTCCCCTA
AACTGTGCATCTACAGCACCAGCAATCTCGCCAGCGGCGTGCCCCCTAGGTT

TTCCGGAAGCGGAAGCACCAGCTACTCTTTAACCATCTCCTCCATGGAGGCT
GAGGATGCCGCCACCTACTTTTGTCACCAGTACCACCGGTCCCCCACCTTCGG
AGGCGGCACCAAACTGGAGACAAAGAGG (SEQ ID NO: 154).

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and/or the second target-binding domain is a soluble receptor (e.g., a soluble CD28 receptor or a soluble CD3 receptor). In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein.

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QIVLTQSPAIMSASPGEKVTMTCSASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKLA
SGVPAHFRGSGSGTSYSLTISGMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPFTFGSGTKLEINRGG
GGSGGGGSGGGGSQVQLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTRYTMHWVKQ
RPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDKSSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAV
YYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEP
KPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAG
NVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRR
NNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQ
AVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFREVQLQQSGPELVKPGASVKMSCKASG
YTFTSYVIQWVKQKPGQGLEWIGSINPYNDYTKYNEKFKGKATLTSDKSSITAY
MEFSSLTSEDSALYYCARWGDGNYWGRGTTLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSDIE
MTQSPAIMSASLGERVTMTCTASSSVSSSYFHWYQQKPGSSPKLCIYSTSNLASG
VPPRFSGSGSTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYFCHQYHRSPTFGGGTKLETKR (SEQ ID
NO: 155).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGATCGTGCTGACCCAAAGCCCCGCCATCATGAGCGCTAGCCCCGGTGAGA
AGGTGACCATGACATGCTCCGCTTCCAGCTCCGTGTCCTACATGAACTGGTAT
CAGCAGAAAAGCGGAACCAGCCCCAAAAGGTGGATCTACGACACCAGCAAG

CTGGCCTCCGGAGTGCCCGCTCATTTCCGGGGCTCTGGATCCGGCACCAGCTA
CTCTTTAACCATTTCCGGCATGGAAGCTGAAGACGCTGCCACCTACTATTGCC
AGCAATGGAGCAGCAACCCCTTCACATTCGGATCTGGCACCAAGCTCGAAAT
CAATCGTGGAGGAGGTGGCAGCGGCGGCGGTGGATCCGGCGGAGGAGGAAG
CCAAGTTCAACTCCAGCAGAGCGGCGCTGAACTGGCCCGGCCCGGCGCCTCC
GTCAAGATGAGCTGCAAGGCTTCCGGCTATACATTTACTCGTTACACAATGCA
TTGGGTCAAGCAGAGGCCCGGTCAAGGTTTAGAGTGGATCGGATATATCAAC
CCTTCCCGGGGCTACACCAACTATAACCAAAAGTTCAAGGATAAAGCCACTT
TAACCACTGACAAGAGCTCCTCCACCGCCTACATGCAGCTGTCCTCTTTAACC
AGCGAGGACTCCGCTGTTTACTACTGCGCTAGGTATTACGACGACCACTACTG
TTTAGACTATTGGGGACAAGGTACCACTTTAACCGTCAGCAGCTCCGGCACC
ACCAATACCGTGGCCGCTTATAACCTCACATGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAGA
CAATTCTGGAATGGGAACCCAAGCCCGTCAATCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGAT
CTCCACCAAATCCGGAGACTGGAAGAGCAAGTGCTTCTACACAACAGACACC
GAGTGTGATTTAACCGACGAAATCGTCAAGGACGTCAAGCAAACCTATCTGG
CTCGGGTCTTTTCCTACCCCGCTGGCAATGTCGAGTCCACCGGCTCCGCTGGC
GAGCCTCTCTACGAGAATTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCTTATTTAGAGACCAATTT
AGGCCAGCCTACCATCCAGAGCTTCGAGCAAGTTGGCACCAAGGTGAACGTC
ACCGTCGAGGATGAAAGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAATAACACATTTTTATCCC
TCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGACCTCATCTACACACTGTACTATTGGAAGTCC
AGCTCCTCCGGCAAAAAGACCGCTAAGACCAACACCAACGAGTTTTTAATTG
ACGTGGACAAAGGCGAGAACTACTGCTTCAGCGTGCAAGCCGTGATCCCTTC
TCGTACCGTCAACCGGAAGAGCACAGATTCCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAA
GAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGGTCCAGCTGCAGCAGAGCGGACCCGAACTC
GTGAAACCCGGTGCTTCCGTGAAAATGTCTTGTAAGGCCAGCGGATACACCT
TCACCTCCTATGTGATCCAGTGGGTCAAACAGAAGCCCGGACAAGGTCTCGA
GTGGATCGGCAGCATCAACCCTTACAACGACTATACCAAATACAACGAGAAG
TTTAAGGGAAAGGCTACTTTAACCTCCGACAAAAGCTCCATCACAGCCTACA
TGGAGTTCAGCTCTTTAACATCCGAGGACAGCGCTCTGTACTATTGCGCCCGG
TGGGGCGACGGCAATTACTGGGGACGGGGCACAACACTGACCGTGAGCAGC
GGAGGCGGAGGCTCCGGCGGAGGCGGATCTGGCGGTGGCGGCTCCGACATC
GAGATGACCCAGTCCCCCGCTATCATGTCCGCCTCTTTAGGCGAGCGGGTCA
CAATGACTTGTACAGCCTCCTCCAGCGTCTCCTCCTCCTACTTCCATTGGTAC
CAACAGAAACCCGGAAGCTCCCCTAAACTGTGCATCTACAGCACCAGCAATC
TCGCCAGCGGCGTGCCCCCTAGGTTTTCCGGAAGCGGAAGCACCAGCTACTC
TTTAACCATCTCCTCCATGGAGGCTGAGGATGCCGCCACCTACTTTTGTCACC
AGTACCACCGGTCCCCCACCTTCGGAGGCGGCACCAAACTGGAGACAAAGA
GG (SEQ ID NO: 156).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical,

at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSQIVLTQSPAIMSASPGEKVTMTCSASSSVSYMNWYQQ
KSGTSPKRWIYDTSKLASGVPAHFRGSGSGTSYSLTISGMEAEDAATYYCQQWS
SNPFTFGSGTKLEINRGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSQVQLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCK
ASGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDKSS
STAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSSGTTNTVAAY
NLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVK
DVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVG
TKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNE
FLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFREVQLQQSGPEL
VKPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTSYVIQWVKQKPGQGLEWIGSINPYNDYTKYNEKF
KGKATLTSDKSSITAYMEFSSLTSEDSALYYCARWGDGNYWGRGTTLTVSSGGG
GSGGGGSGGGGSDIEMTQSPAIMSASLGERVTMTCTASSSVSSSYFHWYQQKPG
SSPKLCIYSTSNLASGVPPRFSGSGSTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYFCHQYHRSPTFGG
GTKLETKR (SEQ ID NO: 157).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCTTATTATTTTTATTCAGCTCCGCCTATTCC
CAGATCGTGCTGACCCAAAGCCCCGCCATCATGAGCGCTAGCCCCGGTGAGA
AGGTGACCATGACATGCTCCGCTTCCAGCTCCGTGTCCTACATGAACTGGTAT
CAGCAGAAAAGCGGAACCAGCCCCAAAAGGTGGATCTACGACACCAGCAAG
CTGGCCTCCGGAGTGCCCGCTCATTTCCGGGGCTCTGGATCCGGCACCAGCTA
CTCTTTAACCATTTCCGGCATGGAAGCTGAAGACGCTGCCACCTACTATTGCC
AGCAATGGAGCAGCAACCCCTTCACATTCGGATCTGGCACCAAGCTCGAAAT
CAATCGTGGAGGAGGTGGCAGCGGCGGCGGTGGATCCGGCGGAGGAGGAAG
CCAAGTTCAACTCCAGCAGAGCGGCGCTGAACTGGCCCGGCCCCGGCGCCTCC
GTCAAGATGAGCTGCAAGGCTTCCGGCTATACATTTACTCGTTACACAATGCA
TTGGGTCAAGCAGAGGCCCGGTCAAGGTTTAGAGTGGATCGGATATATCAAC
CCTTCCCGGGGCTACACCAACTATAACCAAAAGTTCAAGGATAAAGCCACTT
TAACCACTGACAAGAGCTCCTCCACCGCCTACATGCAGCTGTCCTCTTTAACC
AGCGAGGACTCCGCTGTTTACTACTGCGCTAGGTATTACGACGACCACTACTG
TTTAGACTATTGGGGACAAGGTACCACTTTAACCGTCAGCAGCTCCGGCACC
ACCAATACCGTGGCCGCTTATAACCTCACATGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAGA

CAATTCTGGAATGGGAACCCAAGCCCGTCAATCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGAT
CTCCACCAAATCCGGAGACTGGAAGAGCAAGTGCTTCTACACAACAGACACC
GAGTGTGATTTAACCGACGAAATCGTCAAGGACGTCAAGCAAACCTATCTGG
CTCGGGTCTTTTCCTACCCCGCTGGCAATGTCGAGTCCACCGGCTCCGCTGGC
GAGCCTCTCTACGAGAATTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCTTATTTAGAGACCAATTT
AGGCCAGCCTACCATCCAGAGCTTCGAGCAAGTTGGCACCAAGGTGAACGTC
ACCGTCGAGGATGAAAGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAATAACACATTTTTATCCC
TCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGACCTCATCTACACACTGTACTATTGGAAGTCC
AGCTCCTCCGGCAAAAAGACCGCTAAGACCAACACCAACGAGTTTTTAATTG
ACGTGGACAAAGGCGAGAACTACTGCTTCAGCGTGCAAGCCGTGATCCCTTC
TCGTACCGTCAACCGGAAGAGCACAGATTCCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAA
GAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGGTCCAGCTGCAGCAGAGCGGACCCGAACTC
GTGAAACCCGGTGCTTCCGTGAAAATGTCTTGTAAGGCCAGCGGATACACCT
TCACCTCCTATGTGATCCAGTGGGTCAAACAGAAGCCCGGACAAGGTCTCGA
GTGGATCGGCAGCATCAACCCTTACAACGACTATACCAAATACAACGAGAAG
TTTAAGGGAAAGGCTACTTTAACCTCCGACAAAAGCTCCATCACAGCCTACA
TGGAGTTCAGCTCTTTAACATCCGAGGACAGCGCTCTGTACTATTGCGCCCGG
TGGGGCGACGGCAATTACTGGGGACGGGGCACAACACTGACCGTGAGCAGC
GGAGGCGGAGGCTCCGGCGGAGGCGGATCTGGCGGTGGCGGCTCCGACATC
GAGATGACCCAGTCCCCCGCTATCATGTCCGCCTCTTTAGGCGAGCGGGTCA
CAATGACTTGTACAGCCTCCTCCAGCGTCTCCTCCTCCTACTTCCATTGGTAC
CAACAGAAACCCGGAAGCTCCCCTAAACTGTGCATCTACAGCACCAGCAATC
TCGCCAGCGGCGTGCCCCCTAGGTTTTCCGGAAGCGGAAGCACCAGCTACTC
TTTAACCATCTCCTCCATGGAGGCTGAGGATGCCGCCACCTACTTTTGTCACC
AGTACCACCGGTCCCCCACCTTCGGAGGCGGCACCAAACTGGAGACAAAGA
GG (SEQ ID NO: 158).

Exemplary Embodiments of Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type B

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and/or the second target-binding domain can independently bind specifically to an IL-2 receptor (e.g., human IL-2 receptor).

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other. In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain.

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other. In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain.

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble human IL-2 protein. A non-limiting example of an IL-2 protein that binds specifically to an IL-2 receptor can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

APTSSSTKKTQLQLEHLLLDLQMILNGINNYKNPKLTRMLTFKFYMPKKATELK HLQCLEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSETTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNRWITFCQSIISTLT (SEQ ID NO: 78).

In some embodiments, an IL-2 protein that binds specifically to an IL-2 receptor can be encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GCACCTACTTCAAGTTCTACAAAGAAAACACAGCTACAACTGGAGCATTTAC TGCTGGATTTACAGATGATTTTGAATGGAATTAATAATTACAAGAATCCCAA ACTCACCAGGATGCTCACATTTAAGTTTTACATGCCCAAGAAGGCCACAGAA CTGAAACATCTTCAGTGTCTAGAAGAAGAACTCAAACCTCTGGAGGAAGTGC TAAATTTAGCTCAAAGCAAAAACTTTCACTTAAGACCCAGGGACTTAATCAG CAATATCAACGTAATAGTTCTGGAACTAAAGGGATCTGAAACAACATTCATG TGTGAATATGCTGATGAGACAGCAACCATTGTAGAATTTCTGAACAGATGGA TTACCTTTTGTCAAAGCATCATCTCAACACTAACT (SEQ ID NO: 159).

In some embodiments, an IL-2 protein that binds specifically to an IL-2 receptor can be encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical,

at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GCCCCCACCTCCTCCTCCACCAAGAAGACCCAGCTGCAGCTGGAGCATTTAC
TGCTGGATTTACAGATGATTTTAAACGGCATCAACAACTACAAGAACCCCAA
GCTGACTCGTATGCTGACCTTCAAGTTCTACATGCCCAAGAAGGCCACCGAG
CTGAAGCATTTACAGTGTTTAGAGGAGGAGCTGAAGCCCCTCGAGGAGGTGC
TGAATTTAGCCCAGTCCAAGAATTTCCATTTAAGGCCCCGGGATTTAATCAGC
AACATCAACGTGATCGTTTTAGAGCTGAAGGGCTCCGAGACCACCTTCATGT
GCGAGTACGCCGACGAGACCGCCACCATCGTGGAGTTTTTAAATCGTTGGAT
CACCTTCTGCCAGTCCATCATCTCCACTTTAACC (SEQ ID NO: 160).

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein.

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

APTSSSTKKTQLQLEHLLLDLQMILNGINNYKNPKLTRMLTFKFYMPKKATELK
HLQCLEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSETTFMCEYADE
TATIVEFLNRWITFCQSIISTLTSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQV
YTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTG
SAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSL
RDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTV
NRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFREAPTSSSTKKTQLQLEHLLLDLQMILNGINNYKNP
KLTRMLTFKFYMPKKATELKHLQCLEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNI
NVIVLELKGSETTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQSIISTLT (SEQ ID NO: 161).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GCCCCCACCTCCTCCTCCACCAAGAAGACCCAGCTGCAGCTGGAGCATTTAC
TGCTGGATTTACAGATGATTTTAAACGGCATCAACAACTACAAGAACCCCAA
GCTGACTCGTATGCTGACCTTCAAGTTCTACATGCCCAAGAAGGCCACCGAG

CTGAAGCATTTACAGTGTTTAGAGGAGGAGCTGAAGCCCCTCGAGGAGGTGC
TGAATTTAGCCCAGTCCAAGAATTTCCATTTAAGGCCCCGGGATTTAATCAGC
AACATCAACGTGATCGTTTTAGAGCTGAAGGGCTCCGAGACCACCTTCATGT
GCGAGTACGCCGACGAGACCGCCACCATCGTGGAGTTTTTAAATCGTTGGAT
CACCTTCTGCCAGTCCATCATCTCCACTTTAACCAGCGGCACAACCAACACAG
TCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGA
ATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAG
TCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATC
TCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTT
TAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTA
TACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGC
CCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGA
GGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGAT
GTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTC
CGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGAT
AAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCG
TGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGG
GCGAGTTCCGGGAGGCACCTACTTCAAGTTCTACAAAGAAAACACAGCTACA
ACTGGAGCATTTACTGCTGGATTTACAGATGATTTTGAATGGAATTAATAATT
ACAAGAATCCCAAACTCACCAGGATGCTCACATTTAAGTTTTACATGCCCAA
GAAGGCCACAGAACTGAAACATCTTCAGTGTCTAGAAGAAGAACTCAAACCT
CTGGAGGAAGTGCTAAATTTAGCTCAAAGCAAAAACTTTCACTTAAGACCCA
GGGACTTAATCAGCAATATCAACGTAATAGTTCTGGAACTAAAGGGATCTGA
AACAACATTCATGTGTGAATATGCTGATGAGACAGCAACCATTGTAGAATTT
CTGAACAGATGGATTACCTTTTGTCAAAGCATCATCTCAACACTAACT (SEQ ID NO: 162).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSAPTSSSTKKTQLQLEHLLLDLQMILNGINNYKNPKLTR
MLTFKFYMPKKATELKHLQCLEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVL
ELKGSETTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQSIISTLTSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKST
NFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTY
LARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVT
VEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDK
GENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFREAPTSSSTKKTQLQLEHL
LLDLQMILNGINNYKNPKLTRMLTFKFYMPKKATELKHLQCLEEELKPLEEVLN

LAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSETTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQSII STLT (SEQ ID NO: 163).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CGCCCCCACCTCCTCCTCCACCAAGAAGACCCAGCTGCAGCTGGAGCATTTA
CTGCTGGATTTACAGATGATTTTAAACGGCATCAACAACTACAAGAACCCCA
AGCTGACTCGTATGCTGACCTTCAAGTTCTACATGCCCAAGAAGGCCACCGA
GCTGAAGCATTTACAGTGTTTAGAGGAGGAGCTGAAGCCCCTCGAGGAGGTG
CTGAATTTAGCCCAGTCCAAGAATTTCCATTTAAGGCCCCGGGATTTAATCAG
CAACATCAACGTGATCGTTTTAGAGCTGAAGGGCTCCGAGACCACCTTCATG
TGCGAGTACGCCGACGAGACCGCCACCATCGTGGAGTTTTTAAATCGTTGGA
TCACCTTCTGCCAGTCCATCATCTCCACTTTAACCAGCGGCACAACCAACACA
GTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCG
AATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAA
GTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGAT
CTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGT
TTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTT
ATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAG
CCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGG
AGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGA
TGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCT
CCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGA
TAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACC
GTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAG
GGCGAGTTCCGGGAGGCACCTACTTCAAGTTCTACAAAGAAAACACAGCTAC
AACTGGAGCATTTACTGCTGGATTTACAGATGATTTTGAATGGAATTAATAAT
TACAAGAATCCCAAACTCACCAGGATGCTCACATTTAAGTTTTACATGCCCAA
GAAGGCCACAGAACTGAAACATCTTCAGTGTCTAGAAGAAGAACTCAAACCT
CTGGAGGAAGTGCTAAATTTAGCTCAAAGCAAAAACTTTCACTTAAGACCCA
GGGACTTAATCAGCAATATCAACGTAATAGTTCTGGAACTAAAGGGATCTGA
AACAACATTCATGTGTGAATATGCTGATGAGACAGCAACCATTGTAGAATTT
CTGAACAGATGGATTACCTTTTGTCAAAGCATCATCTCAACACTAACT (SEQ ID NO: 164).

Exemplary Embodiments of Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type C

In some embodiments of any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and/or the second target-binding domain can independently bind specifically to an IL-15 receptor (e.g., a human IL-15 receptor).

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other. In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain.

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other. In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain.

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble human IL-15 protein. A non-limiting example of an IL-15 protein that binds specifically to an IL-15 receptor can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESG DASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFIN TS (SEQ ID NO: 82).

In some embodiments, an IL-15 protein that binds specifically to an IL-15 receptor can be encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least

90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

AACTGGGTGAACGTGATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAGGATTTAATCCAGA
GCATGCACATCGACGCCACTCTGTACACTGAGAGCGACGTGCACCCTAGCTG
CAAGGTGACTGCCATGAAGTGCTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAG
AGAGCGGCGATGCCAGCATCCACGACACTGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGC
CAACAACTCTTTAAGCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGAGCGGCTGCAAGGA
GTGCGAGGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTTTACAGAGCTTCGTG
CACATCGTGCAGATGTTCATCAACACTAGC (SEQ ID NO: 165).

In some embodiments, an IL-15 protein that binds specifically to an IL-15 receptor can be encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGT
CCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGT
AAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGA
GAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCC
AATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGT
GCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCA
CATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 166).

In some embodiments of these single-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein.

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESG
DASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFIN
TSSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYT
TDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETN
LGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSS
SGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGE
FRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLE

SGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMF INTS (SEQ ID NO: 167).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

AACTGGGTGAACGTGATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAGGATTTAATCCAGA
GCATGCACATCGACGCCACTCTGTACACTGAGAGCGACGTGCACCCTAGCTG
CAAGGTGACTGCCATGAAGTGCTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAG
AGAGCGGCGATGCCAGCATCCACGACACTGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGC
CAACAACTCTTTAAGCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGAGCGGCTGCAAGGA
GTGCGAGGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTTTACAGAGCTTCGTG
CACATCGTGCAGATGTTCATCAACACTAGCAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCG
CTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATG
GGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCC
GGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCA
CCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAG
CTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATAC
GAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCA
CCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGA
CGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTG
TTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGG
CAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAA
GGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGA
ATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCG
AGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGA
TTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGC
ACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTT
ATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAA
TCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGC
TGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAA
TCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 168).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92%

identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSNWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVT
AMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEK
NIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTSSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYT
VQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSA
GEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRD
VFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNR
KSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCK
VTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELE
EKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 169).

In some embodiments, a single-chain chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CAACTGGGTGAACGTGATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAGGATTTAATCCAG
AGCATGCACATCGACGCCACTCTGTACACTGAGAGCGACGTGCACCCTAGCT
GCAAGGTGACTGCCATGAAGTGCTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTA
GAGAGCGGCGATGCCAGCATCCACGACACTGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAG
CCAACAACTCTTTAAGCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGAGCGGCTGCAAGG
AGTGCGAGGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTTTACAGAGCTTCGT
GCACATCGTGCAGATGTTCATCAACACTAGCAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTC
GCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAAT
GGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTC
CGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTC
ACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTA
GCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATA
CGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCC
ACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGG
ACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGT
GTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCG
GCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAA
AGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTG
AATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGC
GAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAG
ATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTG

CACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGT
TATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTA
ATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCG
GCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGC
AATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 170).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type A

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor of IL-18 or a receptor of IL-12. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an agonistic antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each agonistic antigen-binding domains. In some embodiments of these multi-chain

chimeric polypeptides, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv or single-domain antibody.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble IL-15 or a soluble IL-18. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each independently a soluble IL-15 or a soluble IL-18. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain both bind specifically to a receptor of IL-18 or a receptor of IL-12. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-12, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-18. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-18, and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a receptor for IL-12.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-18 (e.g., a soluble human IL-18).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-18 includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

YFGKLESKLSVIRNLNDQVLFIDQGNRPLFEDMTDSDCRDNAPRTIFIISMYKDSQ PRGMAVTISVKCEKISTLSCENKIISFKEMNPPDNIKDTKSDIIFFQRSVPGHDNKM QFESSSYEGYFLACEKERDLFKLILKKEDELGDRSIMFTVQNED (SEQ ID NO: 109).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-18 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

TACTTCGGCAAACTGGAATCCAAGCTGAGCGTGATCCGGAATTTAAACGACC
AAGTTCTGTTTATCGATCAAGGTAACCGGCCTCTGTTCGAGGACATGACCGAC
TCCGATTGCCGGGACAATGCCCCCCGGACCATCTTCATTATCTCCATGTACAA
GGACAGCCAGCCCCGGGGCATGGCTGTGACAATTAGCGTGAAGTGTGAGAA
AATCAGCACTTTATCTTGTGAGAACAAGATCATCTCCTTTAAGGAAATGAACC
CCCCCGATAACATCAAGGACACCAAGTCCGATATCATCTTCTTCCAGCGGTCC
GTGCCCGGTCACGATAACAAGATGCAGTTCGAATCCTCCTCCTACGAGGGCT
ACTTTTTAGCTTGTGAAAAGGAGAGGGATTTATTCAAGCTGATCCTCAAGAA
GGAGGACGAGCTGGGCGATCGTTCCATCATGTTCACCGTCCAAAACGAGGAT
(SEQ ID NO: 171).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-12 (e.g., a soluble human IL-12). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-15 includes a sequence of soluble human IL-12β (p40) and a sequence of soluble human IL-12α (p35). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble IL-15 human IL-15 further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein) between the sequence of soluble IL-12β (p40) and the sequence of soluble human IL-12α (p35). In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the linker sequence comprises GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 102).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the sequence of soluble human IL-12β (p40) comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IWELKKDVYVVELDWYPDAPGEMVVLTCDTPEEDGITWTLDQSSEVLGSGKTLT
IQVKEFGDAGQYTCHKGGEVLSHSLLLLHKKEDGIWSTDILKDQKEPKNKTFLR
CEAKNYSGRFTCWWLTTISTDLTFSVKSSRGSSDPQGVTCGAATLSAERVRGDN

KEYEYSVECQEDSACPAAEESLPIEVMVDAVHKLKYENYTSSFFIRDIIKPDPPKN
LQLKPLKNSRQVEVSWEYPDTWSTPHSYFSLTFCVQVQGKSKREKKDRVFTDKT
SATVICRKNASISVRAQDRYYSSSWSEWASVPCS (SEQ ID NO: 81).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-12β (p40) is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTTGGGAACTGAAGAAGGACGTCTACGTGGTCGAACTGGACTGGTATCCCG
ATGCTCCCGGCGAAATGGTGGTGCTCACTTGTGACACCCCCGAAGAAGACGG
CATCACTTGGACCCTCGATCAGAGCAGCGAGGTGCTGGGCTCCGGAAAGACC
CTCACAATCCAAGTTAAGGAGTTCGGAGACGCTGGCCAATACACATGCCACA
AGGGAGGCGAGGTGCTCAGCCATTCCTTATTATTATTACACAAGAAGGAAGA
CGGAATCTGGTCCACCGACATTTTAAAAGATCAGAAGGAGCCCAAGAATAAG
ACCTTTTTAAGGTGTGAGGCCAAAAACTACAGCGGTCGTTTCACTTGTTGGTG
GCTGACCACCATTTCCACCGATTTAACCTTCTCCGTGAAAAGCAGCCGGGGA
AGCTCCGACCCTCAAGGTGTGACATGTGGAGCCGCTACCCTCAGCGCTGAGA
GGGTTCGTGGCGATAACAAGGAATACGAGTACAGCGTGGAGTGCCAAGAAG
ATAGCGCTTGTCCCGCTGCCGAAGAATCTTTACCCATTGAGGTGATGGTGGAC
GCCGTGCACAAACTCAAGTACGAGAACTACACCTCCTCCTTCTTTATCCGGGA
CATCATTAAGCCCGATCCTCCTAAGAATTTACAGCTGAAGCCTCTCAAAAATA
GCCGGCAAGTTGAGGTCTCTTGGGAATATCCCGACACTTGGAGCACACCCCA
CAGCTACTTCTCTTTAACCTTTTGTGTGCAAGTTCAAGGTAAAAGCAAGCGGG
AGAAGAAAGACCGGGTGTTTACCGACAAAACCAGCGCCACCGTCATCTGTCG
GAAGAACGCCTCCATCAGCGTGAGGGCTCAAGATCGTTATTACTCCAGCAGC
TGGTCCGAGTGGGCCAGCGTGCCTTGTTCC (SEQ ID NO: 172).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-12α (p35) includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

RNLPVATPDPGMFPCLHHSQNLLRAVSNMLQKARQTLEFYPCTSEEIDHEDITKD
KTSTVEACLPLELTKNESCLNSRETSFITNGSCLASRKTSFMMALCLSSIYEDLKM
YQVEFKTMNAKLLMDPKRQIFLDQNMLAVIDELMQALNFNSETVPQKSSLEEPD
FYKTKIKLCILLHAFRIRAVTIDRVMSYLNAS (SEQ ID NO: 80).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-12α (p35) is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CGTAACCTCCCCGTGGCTACCCCCGATCCCGGAATGTTCCCTTGTTTACACCA
CAGCCAGAATTTACTGAGGGCCGTGAGCAACATGCTGCAGAAAGCTAGGCAG
ACTTTAGAATTTTACCCTTGCACCAGCGAGGAGATCGACCATGAAGATATCA
CCAAGGACAAGACATCCACCGTGGAGGCTTGTTTACCTCTGGAGCTGACAAA
GAACGAGTCTTGTCTCAACTCTCGTGAAACCAGCTTCATCACAAATGGCTCTT
GTTTAGCTTCCCGGAAGACCTCCTTTATGATGGCTTTATGCCTCAGCTCCATCT
ACGAGGATTTAAAGATGTACCAAGTGGAGTTCAAGACCATGAACGCCAAGCT
GCTCATGGACCCTAAACGGCAGATCTTTTTAGACCAGAACATGCTGGCTGTG
ATTGATGAGCTGATGCAAGCTTTAAACTTCAACTCCGAGACCGTCCCTCAGA
AGTCCTCCCTCGAGGAGCCCGATTTTTACAAGACAAAGATCAAACTGTGCAT
TTTACTCCACGCCTTTAGGATCCGGGCCGTGACCATTGACCGGGTCATGAGCT
ATTTAAACGCCAGC (SEQ ID NO: 173).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

YFGKLESKLSVIRNLNDQVLFIDQGNRPLFEDMTDSDCRDNAPRTIFIISMYKDSQ
PRGMAVTISVKCEKISTLSCENKIISFKEMNPPDNIKDTKSDIIFFQRSVPGHDNKM
QFESSSYEGYFLACEKERDLFKLILKKEDELGDRSIMFTVQNEDSGTTNTVAAYN
LTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKD
VKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGT
KVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEF
LIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLK
KIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLI
ILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 174).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least

94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

TACTTCGGCAAACTGGAATCCAAGCTGAGCGTGATCCGGAATTTAAACGACC
AAGTTCTGTTTATCGATCAAGGTAACCGGCCTCTGTTCGAGGACATGACCGAC
TCCGATTGCCGGGACAATGCCCCCCGGACCATCTTCATTATCTCCATGTACAA
GGACAGCCAGCCCCGGGGCATGGCTGTGACAATTAGCGTGAAGTGTGAGAA
AATCAGCACTTTATCTTGTGAGAACAAGATCATCTCCTTTAAGGAAATGAACC
CCCCCGATAACATCAAGGACACCAAGTCCGATATCATCTTCTTCCAGCGGTCC
GTGCCCGGTCACGATAACAAGATGCAGTTCGAATCCTCCTCCTACGAGGGCT
ACTTTTTAGCTTGTGAAAAGGAGAGGGATTTATTCAAGCTGATCCTCAAGAA
GGAGGACGAGCTGGGCGATCGTTCCATCATGTTCACCGTCCAAAACGAGGAT
AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCA
ACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACAC
CGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACC
ACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGA
CCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGG
TTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCG
AGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAA
GGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACAC
CTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATT
ACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGA
GTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCT
GTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGT
GCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCA
GCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCAC
TTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAAT
GTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATC
CACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAA
CGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAA
GAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCA
ATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 175).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSYFGKLESKLSVIRNLNDQVLFIDQGNRPLFEDMTDSD
CRDNAPRTIFIISMYKDSQPRGMAVTISVKCEKISTLSCENKIISFKEMNPPDNIKD

TKSDIIFFQRSVPGHDNKMQFESSSYEGYFLACEKERDLFKLILKKEDELGDRSIM
FTVQNEDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKS
KCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTP
YLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYY
WKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMG
QEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLEL
QVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFV
HIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 176).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTCACATTTATCTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTCTCCAGCGCCTACAGC
TACTTCGGCAAACTGGAATCCAAGCTGAGCGTGATCCGGAATTTAAACGACC
AAGTTCTGTTTATCGATCAAGGTAACCGGCCTCTGTTCGAGGACATGACCGAC
TCCGATTGCCGGGACAATGCCCCCCGGACCATCTTCATTATCTCCATGTACAA
GGACAGCCAGCCCCGGGGCATGGCTGTGACAATTAGCGTGAAGTGTGAGAA
AATCAGCACTTTATCTTGTGAGAACAAGATCATCTCCTTTAAGGAAATGAACC
CCCCCGATAACATCAAGGACACCAAGTCCGATATCATCTTCTTCCAGCGGTCC
GTGCCCGGTCACGATAACAAGATGCAGTTCGAATCCTCCTCCTACGAGGGCT
ACTTTTTAGCTTGTGAAAAGGAGAGGGATTTATTCAAGCTGATCCTCAAGAA
GGAGGACGAGCTGGGCGATCGTTCCATCATGTTCACCGTCCAAAACGAGGAT
AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCA
ACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACAC
CGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACC
ACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGA
CCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGG
TTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCG
AGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAA
GGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACAC
CTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATT
ACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGA
GTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCT
GTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGT
GCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCA
GCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCAC
TTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAAT
GTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATC

CACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAA
CGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAA
GAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCA
ATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 177).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IWELKKDVYVVELDWYPDAPGEMVVLTCDTPEEDGITWTLDQSSEVLGSGKTLT
IQVKEFGDAGQYTCHKGGEVLSHSLLLLHKKEDGIWSTDILKDQKEPKNKTFLR
CEAKNYSGRFTCWWLTTISTDLTFSVKSSRGSSDPQGVTCGAATLSAERVRGDN
KEYEYSVECQEDSACPAAEESLPIEVMVDAVHKLKYENYTSSFFIRDIIKPDPPKN
LQLKPLKNSRQVEVSWEYPDTWSTPHSYFSLTFCVQVQGKSKREKKDRVFTDKT
SATVICRKNASISVRAQDRYYSSSWSEWASVPCSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSRNLPV
ATPDPGMFPCLHHSQNLLRAVSNMLQKARQTLEFYPCTSEEIDHEDITKDKTSTV
EACLPLELTKNESCLNSRETSFITNGSCLASRKTSFMMALCLSSIYEDLKMYQVEF
KTMNAKLLMDPKRQIFLDQNMLAVIDELMQALNFNSETVPQKSSLEEPDFYKTK
IKLCILLHAFRIRAVTIDRVMSYLNASITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICN
SGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR (SEQ ID NO: 178).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTTGGGAACTGAAGAAGGACGTCTACGTGGTCGAACTGGACTGGTATCCCG
ATGCTCCCGGCGAAATGGTGGTGCTCACTTGTGACACCCCCGAAGAAGACGG
CATCACTTGGACCCTCGATCAGAGCAGCGAGGTGCTGGGCTCCGGAAAGACC
CTCACAATCCAAGTTAAGGAGTTCGGAGACGCTGGCCAATACACATGCCACA
AGGGAGGCGAGGTGCTCAGCCATTCCTTATTATTATTACACAAGAAGGAAGA
CGGAATCTGGTCCACCGACATTTTAAAAGATCAGAAGGAGCCCAAGAATAAG
ACCTTTTTAAGGTGTGAGGCCAAAAACTACAGCGGTCGTTTCACTTGTTGGTG
GCTGACCACCATTTCCACCGATTTAACCTTCTCCGTGAAAAGCAGCCGGGGA
AGCTCCGACCCTCAAGGTGTGACATGTGGAGCCGCTACCCTCAGCGCTGAGA
GGGTTCGTGGCGATAACAAGGAATACGAGTACAGCGTGGAGTGCCAAGAAG
ATAGCGCTTGTCCCGCTGCCGAAGAATCTTTACCCATTGAGGTGATGGTGGAC
GCCGTGCACAAACTCAAGTACGAGAACTACACCTCCTCCTTCTTTATCCGGGA

CATCATTAAGCCCGATCCTCCTAAGAATTTACAGCTGAAGCCTCTCAAAAATA
GCCGGCAAGTTGAGGTCTCTTGGGAATATCCCGACACTTGGAGCACACCCCA
CAGCTACTTCTCTTTAACCTTTTGTGTGCAAGTTCAAGGTAAAAGCAAGCGGG
AGAAGAAAGACCGGGTGTTTACCGACAAAACCAGCGCCACCGTCATCTGTCG
GAAGAACGCCTCCATCAGCGTGAGGGCTCAAGATCGTTATTACTCCAGCAGC
TGGTCCGAGTGGGCCAGCGTGCCTTGTTCCGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAG
GTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCTCGTAACCTCCCCGTGGCTACCCCCGATCC
CGGAATGTTCCCTTGTTTACACCACAGCCAGAATTTACTGAGGGCCGTGAGC
AACATGCTGCAGAAAGCTAGGCAGACTTTAGAATTTTACCCTTGCACCAGCG
AGGAGATCGACCATGAAGATATCACCAAGGACAAGACATCCACCGTGGAGG
CTTGTTTACCTCTGGAGCTGACAAAGAACGAGTCTTGTCTCAACTCTCGTGAA
ACCAGCTTCATCACAAATGGCTCTTGTTTAGCTTCCCGGAAGACCTCCTTTAT
GATGGCTTTATGCCTCAGCTCCATCTACGAGGATTTAAAGATGTACCAAGTGG
AGTTCAAGACCATGAACGCCAAGCTGCTCATGGACCCTAAACGGCAGATCTT
TTTAGACCAGAACATGCTGGCTGTGATTGATGAGCTGATGCAAGCTTTAAACT
TCAACTCCGAGACCGTCCCTCAGAAGTCCTCCCTCGAGGAGCCCGATTTTTAC
AAGACAAAGATCAAACTGTGCATTTTACTCCACGCCTTTAGGATCCGGGCCG
TGACCATTGACCGGGTCATGAGCTATTTAAACGCCAGCATTACATGCCCCCCT
CCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACA
GCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCA
GCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGAC
AACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG (SEQ ID NO: 179).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIWELKKDVYVVELDWYPDAPGEMVVLTCDTPEEDGI
TWTLDQSSEVLGSGKTLTIQVKEFGDAGQYTCHKGGEVLSHSLLLLHKKEDGIW
STDILKDQKEPKNKTFLRCEAKNYSGRFTCWWLTTISTDLTFSVKSSRGSSDPQG
VTCGAATLSAERVRGDNKEYEYSVECQEDSACPAAEESLPIEVMVDAVHKLKYE
NYTSSFFIRDIIKPDPPKNLQLKPLKNSRQVEVSWEYPDTWSTPHSYFSLTFCVQV
QGKSKREKKDRVFTDKTSATVICRKNASISVRAQDRYYSSSWSEWASVPCSGGG
GSGGGGSGGGGSRNLPVATPDPGMFPCLHHSQNLLRAVSNMLQKARQTLEFYP
CTSEEIDHEDITKDKTSTVEACLPLELTKNESCLNSRETSFITNGSCLASRKTSFMM
ALCLSSIYEDLKMYQVEFKTMNAKLLMDPKRQIFLDQNMLAVIDELMQALNFNS
ETVPQKSSLEEPDFYKTKIKLCILLHAFRIRAVTIDRVMSYLNASITCPPPMSVEHA
DIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR
(SEQ ID NO: 180).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAATGGGTGACCTTTATTTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTTAGCAGCGCCTACTCC
ATTTGGGAACTGAAGAAGGACGTCTACGTGGTCGAACTGGACTGGTATCCCG
ATGCTCCCGGCGAAATGGTGGTGCTCACTTGTGACACCCCCGAAGAAGACGG
CATCACTTGGACCCTCGATCAGAGCAGCGAGGTGCTGGGCTCCGGAAAGACC
CTCACAATCCAAGTTAAGGAGTTCGGAGACGCTGGCCAATACACATGCCACA
AGGGAGGCGAGGTGCTCAGCCATTCCTTATTATTATTACACAAGAAGGAAGA
CGGAATCTGGTCCACCGACATTTTAAAAGATCAGAAGGAGCCCAAGAATAAG
ACCTTTTTAAGGTGTGAGGCCAAAAACTACAGCGGTCGTTTCACTTGTTGGTG
GCTGACCACCATTTCCACCGATTTAACCTTCTCCGTGAAAAGCAGCCGGGGA
AGCTCCGACCCTCAAGGTGTGACATGTGGAGCCGCTACCCTCAGCGCTGAGA
GGGTTCGTGGCGATAACAAGGAATACGAGTACAGCGTGGAGTGCCAAGAAG
ATAGCGCTTGTCCCGCTGCCGAAGAATCTTTACCCATTGAGGTGATGGTGGAC
GCCGTGCACAAACTCAAGTACGAGAACTACACCTCCTCCTTCTTTATCCGGGA
CATCATTAAGCCCGATCCTCCTAAGAATTTACAGCTGAAGCCTCTCAAAAATA
GCCGGCAAGTTGAGGTCTCTTGGGAATATCCCGACACTTGGAGCACACCCCA
CAGCTACTTCTCTTTAACCTTTTGTGTGCAAGTTCAAGGTAAAAGCAAGCGGG
AGAAGAAAGACCGGGTGTTTACCGACAAAACCAGCGCCACCGTCATCTGTCG
GAAGAACGCCTCCATCAGCGTGAGGGCTCAAGATCGTTATTACTCCAGCAGC
TGGTCCGAGTGGGCCAGCGTGCCTTGTTCCGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAG
GTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCTCGTAACCTCCCCGTGGCTACCCCCGATCC
CGGAATGTTCCCTTGTTTACACCACAGCCAGAATTTACTGAGGGCCGTGAGC
AACATGCTGCAGAAAGCTAGGCAGACTTTAGAATTTTACCCTTGCACCAGCG
AGGAGATCGACCATGAAGATATCACCAAGGACAAGACATCCACCGTGGAGG
CTTGTTTACCTCTGGAGCTGACAAAGAACGAGTCTTGTCTCAACTCTCGTGAA
ACCAGCTTCATCACAAATGGCTCTTGTTTAGCTTCCCGGAAGACCTCCTTTAT
GATGGCTTTATGCCTCAGCTCCATCTACGAGGATTTAAAGATGTACCAAGTGG
AGTTCAAGACCATGAACGCCAAGCTGCTCATGGACCCTAAACGGCAGATCTT
TTTAGACCAGAACATGCTGGCTGTGATTGATGAGCTGATGCAAGCTTTAAACT
TCAACTCCGAGACCGTCCCTCAGAAGTCCTCCCTCGAGGAGCCCGATTTTTAC
AAGACAAAGATCAAACTGTGCATTTTACTCCACGCCTTTAGGATCCGGGCCG
TGACCATTGACCGGGTCATGAGCTATTTAAACGCCAGCATTACATGCCCCCCT
CCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACA
GCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCA
GCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGAC
AACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG (SEQ ID NO: 181).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type B

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor of IL-21 or to TGF-β. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble IL-21

(e.g., a soluble human IL-21 polypeptide) or a soluble TGF-β receptor (e.g., a soluble TGFRβRII receptor). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each independently a soluble IL-21 or a soluble TGF-β receptor (e.g., a soluble TGFRβRII receptor). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain both bind specifically to a receptor of IL-21 or to TGF-β. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β, and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-21 (e.g., a soluble human IL-21). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 83).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least

90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 182).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain includes a soluble TGF-β receptor (e.g., a soluble TGFRβRII receptor (e.g., a soluble human TGFRβRII receptor)). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and a second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a linker disposed between the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the linker includes the sequence GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 102).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 183).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at

least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 184).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCACGATCACCTCCA TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGAT (SEQ ID NO: 185).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATA ACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTT TCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCACAATCACCTCCA TCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGA GAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGAT TTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGA AGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGA CAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 186).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCACGATCACCTCCA
TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG
AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGG
CGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTG
CAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGA
AATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAAC
CAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCACAATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC
GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC
TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 187).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the human TGFβRII receptor includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK
NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND
NIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 188).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least

94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQ
VYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVEST
GSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLS
LRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRT
VNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHP
SCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECE
ELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 189).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCTCCGGCACCACCAAT
ACCGTGGCCGCTTATAACCTCACATGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAGACAATTC
TGGAATGGGAACCCAAGCCCGTCAATCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCTCCAC
CAAATCCGGAGACTGGAAGAGCAAGTGCTTCTACACAACAGACACCGAGTGT
GATTTAACCGACGAAATCGTCAAGGACGTCAAGCAAACCTATCTGGCTCGGG
TCTTTTCCTACCCCGCTGGCAATGTCGAGTCCACCGGCTCCGCTGGCGAGCCT
CTCTACGAGAATTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCTTATTTAGAGACCAATTTAGGCCA
GCCTACCATCCAGAGCTTCGAGCAAGTTGGCACCAAGGTGAACGTCACCGTC
GAGGATGAAAGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAATAACACATTTTTATCCCTCCGGG
ATGTGTTCGGCAAAGACCTCATCTACACACTGTACTATTGGAAGTCCAGCTCC
TCCGGCAAAAAGACCGCTAAGACCAACACCAACGAGTTTTTAATTGACGTGG
ACAAAGGCGAGAACTACTGCTTCAGCGTGCAAGCCGTGATCCCTTCTCGTAC
CGTCAACCGGAAGAGCACAGATTCCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAA
GGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATC
GAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGA

CGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGC
AAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAA
TTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGT
CCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTC
TGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 190).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSQGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPED
VETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLT
CPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSSGTTNTVAAYNLTW
KSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQ
TYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVN
VTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDV
DKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIED
LIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILAN
NSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 191).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CCAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTC
GACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCC
CCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAA
GGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGT
GAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAG
GCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCC
CCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATC
AGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCTCCGGCACCACCAA
TACCGTGGCCGCTTATAACCTCACATGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAGACAATT
CTGGAATGGGAACCCAAGCCCGTCAATCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCTCCA
CCAAATCCGGAGACTGGAAGAGCAAGTGCTTCTACACAACAGACACCGAGT

GTGATTTAACCGACGAAATCGTCAAGGACGTCAAGCAAACCTATCTGGCTCG
GGTCTTTTCCTACCCCGCTGGCAATGTCGAGTCCACCGGCTCCGCTGGCGAGC
CTCTCTACGAGAATTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCTTATTTAGAGACCAATTTAGGC
CAGCCTACCATCCAGAGCTTCGAGCAAGTTGGCACCAAGGTGAACGTCACCG
TCGAGGATGAAAGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAATAACACATTTTTATCCCTCCG
GGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGACCTCATCTACACACTGTACTATTGGAAGTCCAGCT
CCTCCGGCAAAAAGACCGCTAAGACCAACACCAACGAGTTTTTAATTGACGT
GGACAAAGGCGAGAACTACTGCTTCAGCGTGCAAGCCGTGATCCCTTCTCGT
ACCGTCAACCGGAAGAGCACAGATTCCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAA
AGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGAT
CGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCG
ACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTG
CAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGA
ATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAG
TCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTT
CTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 192).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK
NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND
NIIFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLT
ECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR (SEQ ID NO: 193).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCACGATCACCTCCA

TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG
AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGG
CGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTG
CAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGA
AATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAAC
CAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCACAATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC
GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC
TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGACATCACGTGTCCTCCTCCTATGTCC
GTGGAACACGCAGACATCTGGGTCAAGAGCTACAGCTTGTACTCCAGGGAGC
GGTACATTTGTAACTCTGGTTTCAAGCGTAAAGCCGGCACGTCCAGCCTGAC
GGAGTGCGTGTTGAACAAGGCCACGAATGTCGCCCACTGGACAACCCCCAGT
CTCAAATGTATTAGA (SEQ ID NO: 194).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG
GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRER
YICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR (SEQ ID NO: 195).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGAC

AACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTT
CAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCACGATCACCTCC
ATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGAC
GAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACG
ACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAA
GAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAAC
GACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTG
GCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGT
GCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTG
AAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAA
CCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCACAATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCT
CAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGG
AAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGA
CGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGAC
CTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTA
GCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGACATCACGTGTCCTCCTCCTATGTC
CGTGGAACACGCAGACATCTGGGTCAAGAGCTACAGCTTGTACTCCAGGGAG
CGGTACATTTGTAACTCTGGTTTCAAGCGTAAAGCCGGCACGTCCAGCCTGAC
GGAGTGCGTGTTGAACAAGGCCACGAATGTCGCCCACTGGACAACCCCCAGT
CTCAAATGTATTAGA (SEQ ID NO: 196).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type C

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor of IL-7 or a receptor of IL-21. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor

domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble IL-21 (e.g., a soluble human IL-21 polypeptide) or a soluble IL-7 (e.g., a soluble human IL-7 polypeptide). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each independently a soluble IL-21 or a soluble IL-7. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain both bind specifically to a receptor of IL-21 or a receptor of IL-7. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-7. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a

receptor for IL-7, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-21 (e.g., a soluble human IL-21).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 83).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAAGGTCAAGATCGCCACATGATTAGAATGCGTCAACTTATAGATATTGTTG ATCAGCTGAAAAATTATGTGAATGACTTGGTCCCTGAATTTCTGCCAGCTCCA GAAGATGTAGAGACAAACTGTGAGTGGTCAGCTTTTTCCTGTTTTCAGAAGG CCCAACTAAAGTCAGCAAATACAGGAAACAATGAAAGGATAATCAATGTATC AATTAAAAAGCTGAAGAGGAAACCACCTTCCACAAATGCAGGGAGAAGACA GAAACACAGACTAACATGCCCTTCATGTGATTCTTATGAGAAAAAACCACCC AAAGAATTCCTAGAAAGATTCAAATCACTTCTCCAAAAGATGATTCATCAGC ATCTGTCCTCTAGAACACACGGAAGTGAAGATTCC (SEQ ID NO: 197).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG

GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 182).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the sequence of soluble human IL-7 comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM
FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ
PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH (SEQ ID NO: 79).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-7 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGTGATATTGAAGGTAAAGATGGCAAACAATATGAGAGTGTTCTAATGG
TCAGCATCGATCAATTATTGGACAGCATGAAAGAAATTGGTAGCAATTGCCT
GAATAATGAATTTAACTTTTTTAAAAGACATATCTGTGATGCTAATAAGGAA
GGTATGTTTTTATTCCGTGCTGCTCGCAAGTTGAGGCAATTTCTTAAAATGAA
TAGCACTGGTGATTTTGATCTCCACTTATTAAAAGTTTCAGAAGGCACAACAA
TACTGTTGAACTGCACTGGCCAGGTTAAAGGAAGAAAACCAGCTGCCCTGGG
TGAAGCCCAACCAACAAAGAGTTTGGAAGAAAATAAATCTTTAAAGGAACA
GAAAAAACTGAATGACTTGTGTTTCCTAAAGAGACTATTACAAGAGATAAAA
ACTTGTTGGAATAAAATTTTGATGGGCACTAAAGAACAC (SEQ ID NO: 198).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQ
VYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVEST
GSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLS
LRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRT
VNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHP
SCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECE
ELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 199).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAAGGTCAAGATCGCCACATGATTAGAATGCGTCAACTTATAGATATTGTTG
ATCAGCTGAAAAATTATGTGAATGACTTGGTCCCTGAATTTCTGCCAGCTCCA
GAAGATGTAGAGACAAACTGTGAGTGGTCAGCTTTTTCCTGTTTTCAGAAGG
CCCAACTAAAGTCAGCAAATACAGGAAACAATGAAAGGATAATCAATGTATC
AATTAAAAAGCTGAAGAGGAAACCACCTTCCACAAATGCAGGGAGAAGACA
GAAACACAGACTAACATGCCCTTCATGTGATTCTTATGAGAAAAAACCACCC
AAAGAATTCCTAGAAAGATTCAAATCACTTCTCCAAAAGATGATTCATCAGC
ATCTGTCCTCTAGAACACACGGAAGTGAAGATTCCTCAGGCACTACAAATAC
TGTGGCAGCATATAATTTAACTTGGAAATCAACTAATTTCAAGACAATTTTGG
AGTGGGAACCCAAACCCGTCAATCAAGTCTACACTGTTCAAATAAGCACTAA
GTCAGGAGATTGGAAAAGCAAATGCTTTTACACAACAGACACAGAGTGTGAC
CTCACCGACGAGATTGTGAAGGATGTGAAGCAGACGTACTTGGCACGGGTCT
TCTCCTACCCGGCAGGGAATGTGGAGAGCACCGGTTCTGCTGGGGAGCCTCT
GTATGAGAACTCCCCAGAGTTCACACCTTACCTGGAGACAAACCTCGGACAG
CCAACAATTCAGAGTTTTGAACAGGTGGGAACAAAAGTGAATGTGACCGTAG
AAGATGAACGGACTTTAGTCAGAAGGAACAACACTTTCCTAAGCCTCCGGGA
TGTTTTTGGCAAGGACTTAATTTATACACTTTATTATTGGAAATCTTCAAGTTC
AGGAAAGAAAACAGCCAAAACAAACACTAATGAGTTTTTGATTGATGTGGAT
AAAGGAGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGTGTTCAAGCAGTGATTCCCTCCCGAACAG
TTAACCGGAAGAGTACAGACAGCCCGGTAGAGTGTATGGGCCAGGAGAAAG
GGGAATTCAGAGAAAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCG
AAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGAC
GTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCA
AGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAAT
TTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTC

CGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCT
GCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 200).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MGVKVLFALICIAVAEAQGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPED
VETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLT
CPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSSGTTNTVAAYNLTW
KSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQ
TYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVN
VTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDV
DKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIED
LIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILAN
NSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 201).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGGGAGTGAAAGTTCTTTTTGCCCTTATTTGTATTGCTGTGGCCGAGGCCCA
AGGTCAAGATCGCCACATGATTAGAATGCGTCAACTTATAGATATTGTTGATC
AGCTGAAAAATTATGTGAATGACTTGGTCCCTGAATTTCTGCCAGCTCCAGAA
GATGTAGAGACAAACTGTGAGTGGTCAGCTTTTTCCTGTTTTCAGAAGGCCCA
ACTAAAGTCAGCAAATACAGGAAACAATGAAAGGATAATCAATGTATCAATT
AAAAAGCTGAAGAGGAAACCACCTTCCACAAATGCAGGGAGAAGACAGAAA
CACAGACTAACATGCCCTTCATGTGATTCTTATGAGAAAAAACCACCCAAAG
AATTCCTAGAAAGATTCAAATCACTTCTCCAAAAGATGATTCATCAGCATCTG
TCCTCTAGAACACACGGAAGTGAAGATTCCTCAGGCACTACAAATACTGTGG
CAGCATATAATTTAACTTGGAAATCAACTAATTTCAAGACAATTTTGGAGTGG
GAACCCAAACCCGTCAATCAAGTCTACACTGTTCAAATAAGCACTAAGTCAG
GAGATTGGAAAAGCAAATGCTTTTACACAACAGACACAGAGTGTGACCTCAC
CGACGAGATTGTGAAGGATGTGAAGCAGACGTACTTGGCACGGGTCTTCTCC
TACCCGGCAGGGAATGTGGAGAGCACCGGTTCTGCTGGGGAGCCTCTGTATG

AGAACTCCCCAGAGTTCACACCTTACCTGGAGACAAACCTCGGACAGCCAAC
AATTCAGAGTTTTGAACAGGTGGGAACAAAAGTGAATGTGACCGTAGAAGAT
GAACGGACTTTAGTCAGAAGGAACAACACTTTCCTAAGCCTCCGGGATGTTT
TTGGCAAGGACTTAATTTATACACTTTATTATTGGAAATCTTCAAGTTCAGGA
AAGAAAACAGCCAAAACAAACACTAATGAGTTTTTGATTGATGTGGATAAAG
GAGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGTGTTCAAGCAGTGATTCCCTCCCGAACAGTTAAC
CGGAAGAGTACAGACAGCCCGGTAGAGTGTATGGGCCAGGAGAAAGGGGAA
TTCAGAGAAAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATT
TAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCAC
CCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTAT
CTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATC
ATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCT
GCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAAT
CCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 202)

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM
FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ
PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEHITCPPPMSVEH
ADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR
(SEQ ID NO: 203)

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGTGATATTGAAGGTAAAGATGGCAAACAATATGAGAGTGTTCTAATGG
TCAGCATCGATCAATTATTGGACAGCATGAAAGAAATTGGTAGCAATTGCCT
GAATAATGAATTTAACTTTTTTAAAAGACATATCTGTGATGCTAATAAGGAA
GGTATGTTTTTATTCCGTGCTGCTCGCAAGTTGAGGCAATTTCTTAAAATGAA
TAGCACTGGTGATTTTGATCTCCACTTATTAAAAGTTTCAGAAGGCACAACAA
TACTGTTGAACTGCACTGGCCAGGTTAAAGGAAGAAAACCAGCTGCCCTGGG
TGAAGCCCAACCAACAAAGAGTTTGGAAGAAAATAAATCTTTAAAGGAACA
GAAAAAACTGAATGACTTGTGTTTCCTAAAGAGACTATTACAAGAGATAAAA

ACTTGTTGGAATAAAATTTTGATGGGCACTAAAGAACACATCACGTGCCCTC
CCCCCATGTCCGTGGAACACGCAGACATCTGGGTCAAGAGCTACAGCTTGTA
CTCCAGGGAGCGGTACATTTGTAACTCTGGTTTCAAGCGTAAAGCCGGCACG
TCCAGCCTGACGGAGTGCGTGTTGAACAAGGCCACGAATGTCGCCCACTGGA
CAACCCCCAGTCTCAAATGCATTAGA (SEQ ID NO: 204).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MGVKVLFALICIAVAEADCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNN
EFNFFKRHICDANKEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNC
TGQVKGRKPAALGEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKIL
MGTKEHITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNK
ATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR (SEQ ID NO: 205).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGGGAGTGAAAGTTCTTTTTGCCCTTATTTGTATTGCTGTGGCCGAGGCCGA
TTGTGATATTGAAGGTAAAGATGGCAAACAATATGAGAGTGTTCTAATGGTC
AGCATCGATCAATTATTGGACAGCATGAAAGAAATTGGTAGCAATTGCCTGA
ATAATGAATTTAACTTTTTTAAAAGACATATCTGTGATGCTAATAAGGAAGGT
ATGTTTTTATTCCGTGCTGCTCGCAAGTTGAGGCAATTTCTTAAAATGAATAG
CACTGGTGATTTTGATCTCCACTTATTAAAAGTTTCAGAAGGCACAACAATAC
TGTTGAACTGCACTGGCCAGGTTAAAGGAAGAAAACCAGCTGCCCTGGGTGA
AGCCCAACCAACAAAGAGTTTGGAAGAAAATAAATCTTTAAAGGAACAGAA
AAAACTGAATGACTTGTGTTTCCTAAAGAGACTATTACAAGAGATAAAAACT
TGTTGGAATAAAATTTTGATGGGCACTAAAGAACACATCACGTGCCCTCCCC
CCATGTCCGTGGAACACGCAGACATCTGGGTCAAGAGCTACAGCTTGTACTC
CAGGGAGCGGTACATTTGTAACTCTGGTTTCAAGCGTAAAGCCGGCACGTCC
AGCCTGACGGAGTGCGTGTTGAACAAGGCCACGAATGTCGCCCACTGGACAA
CCCCCAGTCTCAAATGCATTAGA (SEQ ID NO: 206).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type D

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor of IL-7 or a receptor of IL-21. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble IL-21

(e.g., a soluble human IL-21 polypeptide) or a soluble IL-7 (e.g., a soluble human IL-7 polypeptide). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each independently a soluble IL-21 or a soluble IL-7. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain both bind specifically to a receptor of IL-21 or a receptor of IL-7. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-7. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-7, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 83).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAAGGTCAAGATCGCCACATGATTAGAATGCGTCAACTTATAGATATTGTTG ATCAGCTGAAAAATTATGTGAATGACTTGGTCCCTGAATTTCTGCCAGCTCCA

GAAGATGTAGAGACAAACTGTGAGTGGTCAGCTTTTTCCTGTTTTCAGAAGG
CCCAACTAAAGTCAGCAAATACAGGAAACAATGAAAGGATAATCAATGTATC
AATTAAAAAGCTGAAGAGGAAACCACCTTCCACAAATGCAGGGAGAAGACA
GAAACACAGACTAACATGCCCTTCATGTGATTCTTATGAGAAAAAACCACCC
AAAGAATTCCTAGAAAGATTCAAATCACTTCTCCAAAAGATGATTCATCAGC
ATCTGTCCTCTAGAACACACGGAAGTGAAGATTCC (SEQ ID NO: 197).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 182).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the sequence of soluble human IL-7 comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM
FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ
PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH (SEQ ID NO: 79).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-7 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGTGATATTGAAGGTAAAGATGGCAAACAATATGAGAGTGTTCTAATGG
TCAGCATCGATCAATTATTGGACAGCATGAAAGAAATTGGTAGCAATTGCCT
GAATAATGAATTTAACTTTTTTAAAAGACATATCTGTGATGCTAATAAGGAA
GGTATGTTTTTATTCCGTGCTGCTCGCAAGTTGAGGCAATTTCTTAAAATGAA
TAGCACTGGTGATTTTGATCTCCACTTATTAAAAGTTTCAGAAGGCACAACAA
TACTGTTGAACTGCACTGGCCAGGTTAAAGGAAGAAAACCAGCTGCCCTGGG
TGAAGCCCAACCAACAAAGAGTTTGGAAGAAAATAAATCTTTAAAGGAACA
GAAAAAACTGAATGACTTGTGTTTCCTAAAGAGACTATTACAAGAGATAAAA
ACTTGTTGGAATAAAATTTTGATGGGCACTAAAGAACAC (SEQ ID NO: 198).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM
FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ
PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEHSGTTNTVAAY
NLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVK
DVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVG
TKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNE
FLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDL
KKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVEN
LIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 207).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATG
GTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCC
TCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGA
GGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATG
AACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCA
CCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCT
GGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGA
GCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATC

AAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCATAGCGGCACA
ACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAA
CCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGAT
CAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACC
GAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCG
CCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGG
CGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATT
TAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGT
GACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGC
CTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTC
CTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATC
GACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCT
CCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCA
AGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAA
GAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACA
GAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACT
GGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACC
GTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGT
GACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAA
GGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC
(SEQ ID NO: 208).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSDCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNN
EFNFFKRHICDANKEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNC
TGQVKGRKPAALGEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKIL
MGTKEHSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKS
KCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTP
YLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYY
WKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMG
QEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLEL
QVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFV
HIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 209).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86%

identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CGATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGAT
GGTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGC
CTCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGG
AGGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGAT
GAACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACC
ACCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTC
TGGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGG
AGCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGAT
CAAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCATAGCGGCAC
AACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAA
ACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGA
TCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACAC
CGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTC
GCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTG
GCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAA
TTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAAT
GTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCA
GCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAG
TCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAA
TCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCC
CTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGC
CAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTA
AAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACA
CAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTA
CTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACA
CCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAAC
GTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATC
AAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTC
C (SEQ ID NO: 210).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGF
KRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR (SEQ ID NO: 211).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCATTACATGCCCCCCTC
CCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAG
CCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAG
CAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACA
ACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG (SEQ ID NO: 212).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSQGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPED
VETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLT
CPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSITCPPPMSVEHADIW
VKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR (SEQ
ID NO: 213).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at

least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CCAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTC
GACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCC
CCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAA
GGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGT
GAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAG
GCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCC
CCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATC
AGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCATTACATGCCCCCCT
CCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACA
GCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCA
GCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGAC
AACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG (SEQ ID NO: 214).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type E

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor for IL-18 (e.g., a soluble human IL-18), a receptor for IL-12 (e.g., a soluble human IL-12), or CD16 (e.g., an anti-CD16 scFv). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes the additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes the additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16 or a receptor for IL-12.

In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second target-binding domain and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain and the additional antigen-binding domain is an agonistic antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the additional antigen-binding domain are each agonistic antigen-binding domains. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv or single-domain antibody.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble IL-15 or a soluble IL-18. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each independently a soluble IL-15 or a soluble IL-18. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain both bind specifically to a receptor of IL-18 or a receptor of IL-12. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-12, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-18. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-18, and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a receptor for IL-12. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-18. In some embodiments of these multi-chain

chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-18, and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to CD16.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains comprise the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-18 (e.g., a soluble human IL-18).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-18 includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

YFGKLESKLSVIRNLNDQVLFIDQGNRPLFEDMTDSDCRDNAPRTIFIISMYKDSQ PRGMAVTISVKCEKISTLSCENKIISFKEMNPPDNIKDTKSDIIFFQRSVPGHDNKM QFESSSYEGYFLACEKERDLFKLILKKEDELGDRSIMFTVQNED (SEQ ID NO: 109).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-18 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

TACTTCGGCAAACTGGAATCCAAGCTGAGCGTGATCCGGAATTTAAACGACC AAGTTCTGTTTATCGATCAAGGTAACCGGCCTCTGTTCGAGGACATGACCGAC TCCGATTGCCGGGACAATGCCCCCCGGACCATCTTCATTATCTCCATGTACAA GGACAGCCAGCCCCGGGGCATGGCTGTGACAATTAGCGTGAAGTGTGAGAA AATCAGCACTTTATCTTGTGAGAACAAGATCATCTCCTTTAAGGAAATGAACC CCCCCGATAACATCAAGGACACCAAGTCCGATATCATCTTCTTCCAGCGGTCC

GTGCCCGGTCACGATAACAAGATGCAGTTCGAATCCTCCTCCTACGAGGGCT
ACTTTTTAGCTTGTGAAAAGGAGAGGGATTTATTCAAGCTGATCCTCAAGAA
GGAGGACGAGCTGGGCGATCGTTCCATCATGTTCACCGTCCAAAACGAGGAT
(SEQ ID NO: 171).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-12 (e.g., a soluble human IL-12). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-15 includes a sequence of soluble human IL-12β (p40) and a sequence of soluble human IL-12α (p35). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble IL-15 (e.g., soluble human IL-15) further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linker sequences described herein) between the sequence of soluble IL-12β (p40) and the sequence of soluble human IL-12α (p35). In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the linker sequence comprises GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 102).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the sequence of soluble human IL-12β (p40) comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IWELKKDVYVVELDWYPDAPGEMVVLTCDTPEEDGITWTLDQSSEVLGSGKTLT
IQVKEFGDAGQYTCHKGGEVLSHSLLLLHKKEDGIWSTDILKDQKEPKNKTFLR
CEAKNYSGRFTCWWLTTISTDLTFSVKSSRGSSDPQGVTCGAATLSAERVRGDN
KEYEYSVECQEDSACPAAEESLPIEVMVDAVHKLKYENYTSSFFIRDIIKPDPPKN
LQLKPLKNSRQVEVSWEYPDTWSTPHSYFSLTFCVQVQGKSKREKKDRVFTDKT
SATVICRKNASISVRAQDRYYSSSWSEWASVPCS (SEQ ID NO: 81).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-12β (p40) is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTTGGGAACTGAAGAAGGACGTCTACGTGGTCGAACTGGACTGGTATCCCG
ATGCTCCCGGCGAAATGGTGGTGCTCACTTGTGACACCCCCGAAGAAGACGG
CATCACTTGGACCCTCGATCAGAGCAGCGAGGTGCTGGGCTCCGGAAAGACC

CTCACAATCCAAGTTAAGGAGTTCGGAGACGCTGGCCAATACACATGCCACA
AGGGAGGCGAGGTGCTCAGCCATTCCTTATTATTATTACACAAGAAGGAAGA
CGGAATCTGGTCCACCGACATTTTAAAAGATCAGAAGGAGCCCAAGAATAAG
ACCTTTTTAAGGTGTGAGGCCAAAAACTACAGCGGTCGTTTCACTTGTTGGTG
GCTGACCACCATTTCCACCGATTTAACCTTCTCCGTGAAAAGCAGCCGGGGA
AGCTCCGACCCTCAAGGTGTGACATGTGGAGCCGCTACCCTCAGCGCTGAGA
GGGTTCGTGGCGATAACAAGGAATACGAGTACAGCGTGGAGTGCCAAGAAG
ATAGCGCTTGTCCCGCTGCCGAAGAATCTTTACCCATTGAGGTGATGGTGGAC
GCCGTGCACAAACTCAAGTACGAGAACTACACCTCCTCCTTCTTTATCCGGGA
CATCATTAAGCCCGATCCTCCTAAGAATTTACAGCTGAAGCCTCTCAAAAATA
GCCGGCAAGTTGAGGTCTCTTGGGAATATCCCGACACTTGGAGCACACCCCA
CAGCTACTTCTCTTTAACCTTTTGTGTGCAAGTTCAAGGTAAAAGCAAGCGGG
AGAAGAAAGACCGGGTGTTTACCGACAAAACCAGCGCCACCGTCATCTGTCG
GAAGAACGCCTCCATCAGCGTGAGGGCTCAAGATCGTTATTACTCCAGCAGC
TGGTCCGAGTGGGCCAGCGTGCCTTGTTCC (SEQ ID NO: 172).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-12α (p35) includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

RNLPVATPDPGMFPCLHHSQNLLRAVSNMLQKARQTLEFYPCTSEEIDHEDITKD
KTSTVEACLPLELTKNESCLNSRETSFITNGSCLASRKTSFMMALCLSSIYEDLKM
YQVEFKTMNAKLLMDPKRQIFLDQNMLAVIDELMQALNFNSETVPQKSSLEEPD
FYKTKIKLCILLHAFRIRAVTIDRVMSYLNAS (SEQ ID NO: 80).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-12α (p35) is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CGTAACCTCCCCGTGGCTACCCCCGATCCCGGAATGTTCCCTTGTTTACACCA
CAGCCAGAATTTACTGAGGGCCGTGAGCAACATGCTGCAGAAAGCTAGGCAG
ACTTTAGAATTTTACCCTTGCACCAGCGAGGAGATCGACCATGAAGATATCA
CCAAGGACAAGACATCCACCGTGGAGGCTTGTTTACCTCTGGAGCTGACAAA
GAACGAGTCTTGTCTCAACTCTCGTGAAACCAGCTTCATCACAAATGGCTCTT
GTTTAGCTTCCCGGAAGACCTCCTTTATGATGGCTTTATGCCTCAGCTCCATCT
ACGAGGATTTAAAGATGTACCAAGTGGAGTTCAAGACCATGAACGCCAAGCT
GCTCATGGACCCTAAACGGCAGATCTTTTTAGACCAGAACATGCTGGCTGTG

ATTGATGAGCTGATGCAAGCTTTAAACTTCAACTCCGAGACCGTCCCTCAGA
AGTCCTCCCTCGAGGAGCCCGATTTTTACAAGACAAAGATCAAACTGTGCAT
TTTACTCCACGCCTTTAGGATCCGGGCCGTGACCATTGACCGGGTCATGAGCT
ATTTAAACGCCAGC (SEQ ID NO: 173).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain includes an scFv that specifically binds to CD16 (e.g., an anti-CD16 scFv).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 includes a light chain variable domain that includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

SELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPS
GIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKLTVGH
(SEQ ID NO: 215).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 is encoded by a light chain variable domain sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

TCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTGA
GGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACCA
GCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAGG
CCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCTC
CCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAAC
TCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTGA
CCGTGGGCCAT (SEQ ID NO: 216).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 includes a heavy chain variable domain that includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92%

identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

EVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINW
NGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDY
WGQGTLVTVSR (SEQ ID NO: 217).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 is encoded by a heavy chain variable domain sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGAGGCTCC
CTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGGCATGTC
CTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGCATCAAC
TGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGTTCACCA
TCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTCCCTGAG
GGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTGCTGTTC
GACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG (SEQ ID NO: 218).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

YFGKLESKLSVIRNLNDQVLFIDQGNRPLFEDMTDSDCRDNAPRTIFIISMYKDSQ
PRGMAVTISVKCEKISTLSCENKIISFKEMNPPDNIKDTKSDIIFFQRSVPGHDNKM
QFESSSYEGYFLACEKERDLFKLILKKEDELGDRSIMFTVQNEDSGTTNTVAAYN
LTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKD
VKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGT
KVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEF
LIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLK
KIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLI
ILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 174).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

TACTTCGGCAAACTGGAATCCAAGCTGAGCGTGATCCGGAATTTAAACGACC
AAGTTCTGTTTATCGATCAAGGTAACCGGCCTCTGTTCGAGGACATGACCGAC
TCCGATTGCCGGGACAATGCCCCCCGGACCATCTTCATTATCTCCATGTACAA
GGACAGCCAGCCCCGGGGCATGGCTGTGACAATTAGCGTGAAGTGTGAGAA
AATCAGCACTTTATCTTGTGAGAACAAGATCATCTCCTTTAAGGAAATGAACC
CCCCCGATAACATCAAGGACACCAAGTCCGATATCATCTTCTTCCAGCGGTCC
GTGCCCGGTCACGATAACAAGATGCAGTTCGAATCCTCCTCCTACGAGGGCT
ACTTTTTAGCTTGTGAAAAGGAGAGGGATTTATTCAAGCTGATCCTCAAGAA
GGAGGACGAGCTGGGCGATCGTTCCATCATGTTCACCGTCCAAAACGAGGAT
AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCA
ACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACAC
CGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACC
ACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGA
CCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGG
TTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCG
AGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAA
GGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACAC
CTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATT
ACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGA
GTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCT
GTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGT
GCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCA
GCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCAC
TTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAAT
GTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATC
CACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAA
CGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAA
GAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCA
ATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 175).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least

94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSYFGKLESKLSVIRNLNDQVLFIDQGNRPLFEDMTDSD
CRDNAPRTIFIISMYKDSQPRGMAVTISVKCEKISTLSCENKIISFKEMNPPDNIKD
TKSDIIFFQRSVPGHDNKMQFESSSYEGYFLACEKERDLFKLILKKEDELGDRSIM
FTVQNEDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKS
KCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTP
YLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYY
WKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMG
QEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLEL
QVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFV
HIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 176).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTCACATTTATCTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTCTCCAGCGCCTACAGC
TACTTCGGCAAACTGGAATCCAAGCTGAGCGTGATCCGGAATTTAAACGACC
AAGTTCTGTTTATCGATCAAGGTAACCGGCCTCTGTTCGAGGACATGACCGAC
TCCGATTGCCGGGACAATGCCCCCCGGACCATCTTCATTATCTCCATGTACAA
GGACAGCCAGCCCCGGGGCATGGCTGTGACAATTAGCGTGAAGTGTGAGAA
AATCAGCACTTTATCTTGTGAGAACAAGATCATCTCCTTTAAGGAAATGAACC
CCCCCGATAACATCAAGGACACCAAGTCCGATATCATCTTCTTCCAGCGGTCC
GTGCCCGGTCACGATAACAAGATGCAGTTCGAATCCTCCTCCTACGAGGGCT
ACTTTTTAGCTTGTGAAAAGGAGAGGGATTTATTCAAGCTGATCCTCAAGAA
GGAGGACGAGCTGGGCGATCGTTCCATCATGTTCACCGTCCAAAACGAGGAT
AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCA
ACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACAC
CGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACC
ACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGA
CCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGG
TTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCG
AGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAA
GGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACAC
CTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATT
ACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGA
GTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCT

GTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGT
GCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCA
GCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCAC
TTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAAT
GTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATC
CACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAA
CGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAA
GAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCA
ATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 177).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IWELKKDVYVVELDWYPDAPGEMVVLTCDTPEEDGITWTLDQSSEVLGSGKTLT
IQVKEFGDAGQYTCHKGGEVLSHSLLLLHKKEDGIWSTDILKDQKEPKNKTFLR
CEAKNYSGRFTCWWLTTISTDLTFSVKSSRGSSDPQGVTCGAATLSAERVRGDN
KEYEYSVECQEDSACPAAEESLPIEVMVDAVHKLKYENYTSSFFIRDIIKPDPPKN
LQLKPLKNSRQVEVSWEYPDTWSTPHSYFSLTFCVQVQGKSKREKKDRVFTDKT
SATVICRKNASISVRAQDRYYSSSWSEWASVPCSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSRNLPV
ATPDPGMFPCLHHSQNLLRAVSNMLQKARQTLEFYPCTSEEIDHEDITKDKTSTV
EACLPLELTKNESCLNSRETSFITNGSCLASRKTSFMMALCLSSIYEDLKMYQVEF
KTMNAKLLMDPKRQIFLDQNMLAVIDELMQALNFNSETVPQKSSLEEPDFYKTK
IKLCILLHAFRIRAVTIDRVMSYLNASITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICN
SGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRSELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRIT
CQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPSGIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITG
AQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKLTVGHGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQL
VESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINWNGG
STGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDYWGQ
GTLVTVSR (SEQ ID NO: 223).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTTGGGAACTGAAGAAGGACGTCTACGTGGTCGAACTGGACTGGTATCCCG
ATGCTCCCGGCGAAATGGTGGTGCTCACTTGTGACACCCCCGAAGAAGACGG

CATCACTTGGACCCTCGATCAGAGCAGCGAGGTGCTGGGCTCCGGAAAGACC
CTCACAATCCAAGTTAAGGAGTTCGGAGACGCTGGCCAATACACATGCCACA
AGGGAGGCGAGGTGCTCAGCCATTCCTTATTATTATTACACAAGAAGGAAGA
CGGAATCTGGTCCACCGACATTTTAAAAGATCAGAAGGAGCCCAAGAATAAG
ACCTTTTTAAGGTGTGAGGCCAAAAACTACAGCGGTCGTTTCACTTGTTGGTG
GCTGACCACCATTTCCACCGATTTAACCTTCTCCGTGAAAAGCAGCCGGGGA
AGCTCCGACCCTCAAGGTGTGACATGTGGAGCCGCTACCCTCAGCGCTGAGA
GGGTTCGTGGCGATAACAAGGAATACGAGTACAGCGTGGAGTGCCAAGAAG
ATAGCGCTTGTCCCGCTGCCGAAGAATCTTTACCCATTGAGGTGATGGTGGAC
GCCGTGCACAAACTCAAGTACGAGAACTACACCTCCTCCTTCTTTATCCGGGA
CATCATTAAGCCCGATCCTCCTAAGAATTTACAGCTGAAGCCTCTCAAAAATA
GCCGGCAAGTTGAGGTCTCTTGGGAATATCCCGACACTTGGAGCACACCCCA
CAGCTACTTCTCTTTAACCTTTTGTGTGCAAGTTCAAGGTAAAAGCAAGCGGG
AGAAGAAAGACCGGGTGTTTACCGACAAAACCAGCGCCACCGTCATCTGTCG
GAAGAACGCCTCCATCAGCGTGAGGGCTCAAGATCGTTATTACTCCAGCAGC
TGGTCCGAGTGGGCCAGCGTGCCTTGTTCCGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAG
GTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCTCGTAACCTCCCCGTGGCTACCCCCGATCC
CGGAATGTTCCCTTGTTTACACCACAGCCAGAATTTACTGAGGGCCGTGAGC
AACATGCTGCAGAAAGCTAGGCAGACTTTAGAATTTTACCCTTGCACCAGCG
AGGAGATCGACCATGAAGATATCACCAAGGACAAGACATCCACCGTGGAGG
CTTGTTTACCTCTGGAGCTGACAAAGAACGAGTCTTGTCTCAACTCTCGTGAA
ACCAGCTTCATCACAAATGGCTCTTGTTTAGCTTCCCGGAAGACCTCCTTTAT
GATGGCTTTATGCCTCAGCTCCATCTACGAGGATTTAAAGATGTACCAAGTGG
AGTTCAAGACCATGAACGCCAAGCTGCTCATGGACCCTAAACGGCAGATCTT
TTTAGACCAGAACATGCTGGCTGTGATTGATGAGCTGATGCAAGCTTTAAACT
TCAACTCCGAGACCGTCCCTCAGAAGTCCTCCCTCGAGGAGCCCGATTTTTAC
AAGACAAAGATCAAACTGTGCATTTTACTCCACGCCTTTAGGATCCGGGCCG
TGACCATTGACCGGGTCATGAGCTATTTAAACGCCAGCATTACATGCCCCCCT
CCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACA
GCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCA
GCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGAC
AACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGTCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGT
CCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTGAGGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAG
GTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACCAGCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTG
GTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAGGCCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCG
GATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCTCCCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGA
GGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAACTCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTG
GTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTGACCGTGGGCCATGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCG
GAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGAGGAGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCG
GAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGAGGCTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTC
CGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGGCATGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGA
AAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGCATCAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCT

ACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGTTCACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGA
ACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTCCCTGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTA
CTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTGCTGTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACC
CTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG (SEQ ID NO: 224).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIWELKKDVYVVELDWYPDAPGEMVVLTCDTPEEDGI
TWTLDQSSEVLGSGKTLTIQVKEFGDAGQYTCHKGGEVLSHSLLLLHKKEDGIW
STDILKDQKEPKNKTFLRCEAKNYSGRFTCWWLTTISTDLTFSVKSSRGSSDPQG
VTCGAATLSAERVRGDNKEYEYSVECQEDSACPAAEESLPIEVMVDAVHKLKYE
NYTSSFFIRDIIKPDPPKNLQLKPLKNSRQVEVSWEYPDTWSTPHSYFSLTFCVQV
QGKSKREKKDRVFTDKTSATVICRKNASISVRAQDRYYSSSWSEWASVPCSGGG
GSGGGGSGGGGSRNLPVATPDPGMFPCLHHSQNLLRAVSNMLQKARQTLEFYP
CTSEEIDHEDITKDKTSTVEACLPLELTKNESCLNSRETSFITNGSCLASRKTSFMM
ALCLSSIYEDLKMYQVEFKTMNAKLLMDPKRQIFLDQNMLAVIDELMQALNFNS
ETVPQKSSLEEPDFYKTKIKLCILLHAFRIRAVTIDRVMSYLNASITCPPPMSVEHA
DIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRSE
LTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPSGI
PDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKLTVGHGG
GGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQA
PGKGLEWVSGINWNGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAV
YYCARGRSLLFDYWGQGTLVTVSR (SEQ ID NO: 225).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAATGGGTGACCTTTATTTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTTAGCAGCGCCTACTCC
ATTTGGGAACTGAAGAAGGACGTCTACGTGGTCGAACTGGACTGGTATCCCG
ATGCTCCCGGCGAAATGGTGGTGCTCACTTGTGACACCCCCGAAGAAGACGG
CATCACTTGGACCCTCGATCAGAGCAGCGAGGTGCTGGGCTCCGGAAAGACC
CTCACAATCCAAGTTAAGGAGTTCGGAGACGCTGGCCAATACACATGCCACA
AGGGAGGCGAGGTGCTCAGCCATTCCTTATTATTATTACACAAGAAGGAAGA
CGGAATCTGGTCCACCGACATTTTAAAAGATCAGAAGGAGCCCAAGAATAAG

ACCTTTTTAAGGTGTGAGGCCAAAAACTACAGCGGTCGTTTCACTTGTTGGTG
GCTGACCACCATTTCCACCGATTTAACCTTCTCCGTGAAAAGCAGCCGGGGA
AGCTCCGACCCTCAAGGTGTGACATGTGGAGCCGCTACCCTCAGCGCTGAGA
GGGTTCGTGGCGATAACAAGGAATACGAGTACAGCGTGGAGTGCCAAGAAG
ATAGCGCTTGTCCCGCTGCCGAAGAATCTTTACCCATTGAGGTGATGGTGGAC
GCCGTGCACAAACTCAAGTACGAGAACTACACCTCCTCCTTCTTTATCCGGGA
CATCATTAAGCCCGATCCTCCTAAGAATTTACAGCTGAAGCCTCTCAAAAATA
GCCGGCAAGTTGAGGTCTCTTGGGAATATCCCGACACTTGGAGCACACCCCA
CAGCTACTTCTCTTTAACCTTTTGTGTGCAAGTTCAAGGTAAAAGCAAGCGGG
AGAAGAAAGACCGGGTGTTTACCGACAAAACCAGCGCCACCGTCATCTGTCG
GAAGAACGCCTCCATCAGCGTGAGGGCTCAAGATCGTTATTACTCCAGCAGC
TGGTCCGAGTGGGCCAGCGTGCCTTGTTCCGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAG
GTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCTCGTAACCTCCCCGTGGCTACCCCCGATCC
CGGAATGTTCCCTTGTTTACACCACAGCCAGAATTTACTGAGGGCCGTGAGC
AACATGCTGCAGAAAGCTAGGCAGACTTTAGAATTTTACCCTTGCACCAGCG
AGGAGATCGACCATGAAGATATCACCAAGGACAAGACATCCACCGTGGAGG
CTTGTTTACCTCTGGAGCTGACAAAGAACGAGTCTTGTCTCAACTCTCGTGAA
ACCAGCTTCATCACAAATGGCTCTTGTTTAGCTTCCCGGAAGACCTCCTTTAT
GATGGCTTTATGCCTCAGCTCCATCTACGAGGATTTAAAGATGTACCAAGTGG
AGTTCAAGACCATGAACGCCAAGCTGCTCATGGACCCTAAACGGCAGATCTT
TTTAGACCAGAACATGCTGGCTGTGATTGATGAGCTGATGCAAGCTTTAAACT
TCAACTCCGAGACCGTCCCTCAGAAGTCCTCCCTCGAGGAGCCCGATTTTTAC
AAGACAAAGATCAAACTGTGCATTTTACTCCACGCCTTTAGGATCCGGGCCG
TGACCATTGACCGGGTCATGAGCTATTTAAACGCCAGCATTACATGCCCCCCT
CCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACA
GCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCA
GCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGAC
AACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGTCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGT
CCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTGAGGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAG
GTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACCAGCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTG
GTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAGGCCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCG
GATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCTCCCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGA
GGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAACTCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTG
GTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTGACCGTGGGCCATGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCG
GAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGAGGAGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCG
GAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGAGGCTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTC
CGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGGCATGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGA
AAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGCATCAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCT
ACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGTTCACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGA
ACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTCCCTGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTA
CTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTGCTGTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACC
CTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG (SEQ ID NO: 226).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type F

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor for IL-7 (e.g., a soluble human IL-7), CD16 (e.g., an anti-CD16 scFv), or a receptor for IL-21 (e.g., a soluble human IL-21). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes the additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes the additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16 or a receptor for IL-21.

In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second

domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second target-binding domain and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain and the additional antigen-binding domain is an agonistic antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the additional antigen-binding domain are each agonistic antigen-binding domains. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv or single-domain antibody.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor IL-7 and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16 or a receptor for IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-7 protein. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble IL-7 protein is a soluble human IL-7. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second antigen-binding domain includes a target-binding domain that binds specifically to CD16. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second target-binding domain includes an scFv that binds specifically to CD16. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble IL-21 is a soluble human IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the additional target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble IL-21 is a soluble human IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to CD16.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the

second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains comprise the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-7 (e.g., a soluble human IL-7).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-7 includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH (SEQ ID NO: 79).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-7 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGTGATATTGAAGGTAAAGATGGCAAACAATATGAGAGTGTTCTAATGG TCAGCATCGATCAATTATTGGACAGCATGAAAGAAATTGGTAGCAATTGCCT GAATAATGAATTTAACTTTTTTAAAAGACATATCTGTGATGCTAATAAGGAA GGTATGTTTTTATTCCGTGCTGCTCGCAAGTTGAGGCAATTTCTTAAAATGAA TAGCACTGGTGATTTTGATCTCCACTTATTAAAAGTTTCAGAAGGCACAACAA TACTGTTGAACTGCACTGGCCAGGTTAAAGGAAGAAAACCAGCTGCCCTGGG TGAAGCCCAACCAACAAAGAGTTTGGAAGAAAATAAATCTTTAAAGGAACA GAAAAAACTGAATGACTTGTGTTTCCTAAAGAGACTATTACAAGAGATAAAA ACTTGTTGGAATAAAATTTTGATGGGCACTAAAGAACAC (SEQ ID NO: 198).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-7 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATG
GTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCC
TCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGA
GGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATG
AACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCA
CCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCT
GGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGA
GCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATC
AAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT (SEQ ID NO: 227).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the sequence of soluble human IL-21 comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 83).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAAGGTCAAGATCGCCACATGATTAGAATGCGTCAACTTATAGATATTGTTG
ATCAGCTGAAAAATTATGTGAATGACTTGGTCCCTGAATTTCTGCCAGCTCCA
GAAGATGTAGAGACAAACTGTGAGTGGTCAGCTTTTTCCTGTTTTCAGAAGG
CCCAACTAAAGTCAGCAAATACAGGAAACAATGAAAGGATAATCAATGTATC
AATTAAAAAGCTGAAGAGGAAACCACCTTCCACAAATGCAGGGAGAAGACA
GAAACACAGACTAACATGCCCTTCATGTGATTCTTATGAGAAAAAACCACCC
AAAGAATTCCTAGAAAGATTCAAATCACTTCTCCAAAAGATGATTCATCAGC
ATCTGTCCTCTAGAACACACGGAAGTGAAGATTCC (SEQ ID NO: 197).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least

90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 182)

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain includes an scFv that specifically binds to CD16 (e.g., an anti-CD16 scFv).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 includes a light chain variable domain that includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

SELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPS
GIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKLTVGH
(SEQ ID NO: 215).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 is encoded by a light chain variable domain sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

TCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTGA
GGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACCA
GCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAGG
CCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCTC
CCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAAC

TCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTGA
CCGTGGGCCAT (SEQ ID NO: 216).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 includes a heavy chain variable domain that includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

EVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINW
NGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDY
WGQGTLVTVSR (SEQ ID NO: 217).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 is encoded by a heavy chain variable domain sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGAGGCTCC
CTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGGCATGTC
CTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGCATCAAC
TGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGTTCACCA
TCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTCCCTGAG
GGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTGCTGTTC
GACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG (SEQ ID NO: 218).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM
FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ
PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEHSGTTNTVAAY
NLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVK

DVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVG
TKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNE
FLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDL
KKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVEN
LIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 207).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATG
GTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCC
TCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGA
GGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATG
AACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCA
CCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCT
GGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGA
GCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATC
AAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCATAGCGGCACA
ACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAA
CCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGAT
CAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACC
GAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCG
CCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGG
CGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATT
TAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGT
GACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGC
CTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTC
CTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATC
GACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCT
CCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCA
AGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAA
GAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACA
GAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACT
GGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACC
GTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGT
GACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAA

GGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 208).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSDCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNN
EFNFFKRHICDANKEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNC
TGQVKGRKPAALGEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKIL
MGTKEHSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKS
KCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTP
YLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYY
WKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMG
QEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLEL
QVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFV
HIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 209).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CGATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGAT
GGTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGC
CTCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGG
AGGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGAT
GAACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACC
ACCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTC
TGGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGG
AGCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGAT
CAAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCATAGCGGCAC
AACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAA
ACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGA
TCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACAC
CGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTC
GCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTG

GCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAA
TTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAAT
GTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCA
GCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAG
TCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAA
TCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCC
CTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGC
CAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTA
AAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACA
CAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTA
CTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACA
CCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAAC
GTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATC
AAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTC
C (SEQ ID NO: 210).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

SELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPS
GIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKLTVGHG
GGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQ
APGKGLEWVSGINWNGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTA
VYYCARGRSLLFDYWGQGTLVTVSRITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYIC
NSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRQGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVD
QLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKK
LKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTH
GSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 232).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

TCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTGA
GGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACCA
GCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAGG

CCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCTC
CCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAAC
TCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTGA
CCGTGGGCCATGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGAGGAG
GATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGAG
GCTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGGC
ATGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGCA
TCAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGTT
CACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTCC
CTGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTGC
TGTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGGATTACATG
CCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGC
CTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCG
GCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCA
CTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGCAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATG
ATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGA
ACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTG
CGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAAC
ACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGG
AAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGC
CCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGT
TCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCA
CGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 233).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSSELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQ
KPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPSGIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSS
GNHVVFGGGTKLTVGHGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSC
AASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINWNGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNA
KNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDYWGQGTLVTVSRITCPPPMSVEH
ADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRQ
GQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQL
KSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERF
KSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 234).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CTCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTG
AGGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACC
AGCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAG
GCCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCT
CCCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAA
CTCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTG
ACCGTGGGCCATGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGAGGA
GGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGA
GGCTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGG
CATGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGC
ATCAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGT
TCACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTC
CCTGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTG
CTGTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGGATTACAT
GCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAG
CCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCC
GGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTC
ACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGCAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACAT
GATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTG
AACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACT
GCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAA
CACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCG
GAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTG
CCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGG
TTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCC
ACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 235).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type G

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGFβ (e.g., a human TGFβRII receptor), CD16 (e.g., an anti-CD16 scFv), or a receptor for IL-21 (e.g., a soluble human IL-21). In some

embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes the additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes the additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16 or a receptor for IL-21.

In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second target-binding domain and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain and the additional antigen-binding domain is an agonistic antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the additional antigen-binding domain are each agonistic antigen-binding domains. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv or single-domain antibody.

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β, CD16, or a receptor for IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a TGF-β and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16 or a receptor of IL-21. In some embodiments of any

of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second antigen-binding domain includes an antigen-binding domain that binds specifically to CD16. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second antigen-binding domain includes an scFv that binds specifically to CD16. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second target-binding domain includes a soluble human IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the additional target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the soluble IL-21 is a soluble human IL-21. In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to CD16.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen. In some embodiments, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments, two or more of the first target-binding domain, the

second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains comprise the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain includes a TGFβRII receptor (e.g., a soluble human TGFβRII receptor). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and a second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a linker disposed between the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the linker includes the sequence GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 102).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 183).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 184).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94%

identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCA
TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG
AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGAT (SEQ ID NO: 185)

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATA
ACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTT
TCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCAT
CTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAG
AATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTT
CATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAA
GCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGAC
AATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 186).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK

NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND NIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 188).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCA
TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG
AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGG
CGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTG
CAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGA
AATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAAC
CAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC
GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC
TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 187).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the sequence of soluble human IL-21 comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 83).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least

90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAAGGTCAAGATCGCCACATGATTAGAATGCGTCAACTTATAGATATTGTTG
ATCAGCTGAAAAATTATGTGAATGACTTGGTCCCTGAATTTCTGCCAGCTCCA
GAAGATGTAGAGACAAACTGTGAGTGGTCAGCTTTTTCCTGTTTTCAGAAGG
CCCAACTAAAGTCAGCAAATACAGGAAACAATGAAAGGATAATCAATGTATC
AATTAAAAAGCTGAAGAGGAAACCACCTTCCACAAATGCAGGGAGAAGACA
GAAACACAGACTAACATGCCCTTCATGTGATTCTTATGAGAAAAAACCACCC
AAAGAATTCCTAGAAAGATTCAAATCACTTCTCCAAAAGATGATTCATCAGC
ATCTGTCCTCTAGAACACACGGAAGTGAAGATTCC (SEQ ID NO: 197).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 182).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 includes a light chain variable domain that includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

SELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPS
GIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKLTVGH
(SEQ ID NO: 215).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 is encoded by a light chain variable domain sequence that is at

least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

TCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTGA
GGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACCA
GCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAGG
CCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCTC
CCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAAC
TCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTGA
CCGTGGGCCAT (SEQ ID NO: 216).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 includes a heavy chain variable domain that includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

EVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINW
NGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDY
WGQGTLVTVSR (SEQ ID NO: 217).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 is encoded by a heavy chain variable domain sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGAGGCTCC
CTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGGCATGTC
CTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGCATCAAC
TGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGTTCACCA
TCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTCCCTGAG
GGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTGCTGTTC
GACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG (SEQ ID NO: 218).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK
NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND
NIIFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKS
GDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYEN
SPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLI
YTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPV
ECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKC
FLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFL
QSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 236).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCA
TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG
AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGG
CGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTG
CAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGA
AATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAAC
CAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC
GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC

TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGC
TGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGG
GAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCG
GCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCAC
CGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGC
TACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACG
AGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCAC
CATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGAC
GAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGT
TCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGC
AAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAA
GGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGA
ATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCG
AGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGA
TTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGC
ACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTT
ATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAA
TCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGC
TGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAA
TCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 237).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG
GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEW
EPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYP
AGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLV
RRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSV
QAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATL
YTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVT
ESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 238).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGAC
AACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTT
CAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCC
ATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGAC
GAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACG
ACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAA
GAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAAC
GACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTG
GCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGT
GCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTG
AAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAA
CCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC
GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC
TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGC
TGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGG
GAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCG
GCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCAC
CGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGC
TACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACG
AGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCAC
CATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGAC
GAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGT
TCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGC
AAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAA
GGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGA
ATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCG
AGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGA
TTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGC
ACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTT
ATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAA
TCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGC

TGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAA
TCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 239).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

SELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPS
GIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKLTVGHG
GGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQ
APGKGLEWVSGINWNGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTA
VYYCARGRSLLFDYWGQGTLVTVSRITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYIC
NSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRQGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVD
QLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKK
LKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTH
GSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 232).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

TCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTGA
GGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACCA
GCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAGG
CCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCTC
CCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAAC
TCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTGA
CCGTGGGCCATGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGAGGAG
GATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGAG
GCTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGGC
ATGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGCA
TCAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGTT
CACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTCC
CTGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTGC
TGTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGGATTACATG
CCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGC
CTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCG

GCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCA
CTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGCAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATG
ATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGA
ACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTG
CGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAAC
ACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGG
AAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGC
CCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGT
TCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCA
CGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 233).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSSELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQ
KPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPSGIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSS
GNHVVFGGGTKLTVGHGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSC
AASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINWNGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNA
KNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDYWGQGTLVTVSRITCPPPMSVEH
ADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRQ
GQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQL
KSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERF
KSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 234).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CTCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTG
AGGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACC
AGCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAG
GCCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCT
CCCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAA
CTCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTG
ACCGTGGGCCATGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGAGGA

GGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGA
GGCTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGG
CATGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGC
ATCAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGT
TCACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTC
CCTGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTG
CTGTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGGATTACAT
GCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAG
CCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCC
GGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTC
ACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGCAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACAT
GATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTG
AACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACT
GCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAA
CACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCG
GAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTG
CCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGG
TTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCC
ACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 235).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type H

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor of IL-7. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor

domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor for IL-7. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include a soluble IL-7 (e.g., a soluble human IL-7). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-7 includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH (SEQ ID NO: 79).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-7 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATG
GTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCC
TCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGA
GGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATG
AACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCA
CCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCT
GGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGA
GCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATC
AAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT (SEQ ID NO: 227).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM
FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ
PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEHSGTTNTVAAY
NLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVK
DVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVG
TKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNE
FLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDL
KKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVEN
LIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 207).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATG
GTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCC
TCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGA
GGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATG
AACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCA
CCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCT
GGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGA
GCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATC
AAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCATAGCGGCACA
ACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAA
CCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGAT
CAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACC
GAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCG
CCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGG
CGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATT
TAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGT
GACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGC
CTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTC
CTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATC
GACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCT
CCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCA
AGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAA
GAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACA
GAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACT
GGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACC
GTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGT
GACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAA
GGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC
(SEQ ID NO: 208).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSDCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNN
EFNFFKRHICDANKEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNC
TGQVKGRKPAALGEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKIL
MGTKEHSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKS
KCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTP

YLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYY
WKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMG
QEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLEL
QVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFV
HIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 209).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CGATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGAT
GGTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGC
CTCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGG
AGGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGAT
GAACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACC
ACCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTC
TGGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGG
AGCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGAT
CAAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCATAGCGGCAC
AACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAA
ACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGA
TCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACAC
CGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTC
GCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTG
GCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAA
TTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAAT
GTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCA
GCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAG
TCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAA
TCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCC
CTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGC
CAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTA
AAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACA
CAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTA
CTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACA
CCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAAC
GTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATC

AAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTC
C (SEQ ID NO: 210).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM
FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ
PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEHITCPPPMSVEH
ADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR
(SEQ ID NO: 203).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGTGATATTGAAGGTAAAGATGGCAAACAATATGAGAGTGTTCTAATGG
TCAGCATCGATCAATTATTGGACAGCATGAAAGAAATTGGTAGCAATTGCCT
GAATAATGAATTTAACTTTTTTAAAAGACATATCTGTGATGCTAATAAGGAA
GGTATGTTTTTATTCCGTGCTGCTCGCAAGTTGAGGCAATTTCTTAAAATGAA
TAGCACTGGTGATTTTGATCTCCACTTATTAAAAGTTTCAGAAGGCACAACAA
TACTGTTGAACTGCACTGGCCAGGTTAAAGGAAGAAAACCAGCTGCCCTGGG
TGAAGCCCAACCAACAAAGAGTTTGGAAGAAAATAAATCTTTAAAGGAACA
GAAAAAACTGAATGACTTGTGTTTCCTAAAGAGACTATTACAAGAGATAAAA
ACTTGTTGGAATAAAATTTTGATGGGCACTAAAGAACACATCACGTGCCCTC
CCCCCATGTCCGTGGAACACGCAGACATCTGGGTCAAGAGCTACAGCTTGTA
CTCCAGGGAGCGGTACATTTGTAACTCTGGTTTCAAGCGTAAAGCCGGCACG
TCCAGCCTGACGGAGTGCGTGTTGAACAAGGCCACGAATGTCGCCCACTGGA
CAACCCCCAGTCTCAAATGCATTAGA (SEQ ID NO: 204).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least

94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSDCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNN
EFNFFKRHICDANKEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNC
TGQVKGRKPAALGEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKIL
MGTKEHITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNK
ATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR (SEQ ID NO: 250).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CGATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGAT
GGTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGC
CTCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGG
AGGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGAT
GAACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACC
ACCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTC
TGGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGG
AGCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGAT
CAAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCATATTACATGC
CCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCC
TCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGG
CACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCAC
TGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG (SEQ ID NO: 251).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type I

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first

target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include the same amino acid sequence.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor (e.g., a soluble TGFβRII receptor, e.g., a soluble human TGFβRII). In some

embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and a second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a linker disposed between the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the linker includes the sequence GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 102).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 183).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 184).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT

GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGAT (SEQ ID NO: 185).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATA
ACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTT
TCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCAT
CTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAG
AATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTT
CATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAA
GCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGAC
AATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 186).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK
NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND
NIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 188).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least

90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 187).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK
NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND
NIIFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKS
GDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYEN
SPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLI
YTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPV
ECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKC
FLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFL
QSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 236).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86%

identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCA
TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG
AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGG
CGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTG
CAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGA
AATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAAC
CAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC
GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC
TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGC
TGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGG
GAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCG
GCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCAC
CGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGC
TACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACG
AGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCAC
CATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGAC
GAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGT
TCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGC
AAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAA
GGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGA
ATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCG
AGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGA
TTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGC
ACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTT
ATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAA
TCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGC
TGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAA
TCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 237).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG
GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEW
EPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYP
AGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLV
RRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSV
QAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATL
YTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVT
ESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 238).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGAC
AACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTT
CAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCC
ATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGAC
GAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACG
ACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAA
GAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAAC
GACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTG
GCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGT
GCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTG
AAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAA
CCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC

GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC
TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGC
TGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGG
GAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCG
GCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCAC
CGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGC
TACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACG
AGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCAC
CATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGAC
GAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGT
TCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGC
AAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAA
GGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGA
ATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCG
AGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGA
TTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGC
ACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTT
ATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAA
TCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGC
TGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAA
TCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 239).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK
NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND
NIIFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLT
ECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR (SEQ ID NO: 193).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at

least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCA
TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG
AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGG
CGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTG
CAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGA
AATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAAC
CAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC
GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC
TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGACATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGC
GTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGA
GGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCAC
CGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCT
TTAAAGTGCATCCGG (SEQ ID NO: 257).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG
GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRER
YICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR (SEQ ID NO: 195).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least

86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGAC
AACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTT
CAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCC
ATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGAC
GAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACG
ACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAA
GAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAAC
GACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTG
GCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGT
GCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTG
AAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAA
CCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC
GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC
TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGACATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGC
GTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGA
GGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCAC
CGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCT
TTAAAGTGCATCCGG (SEQ ID NO: 259).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type J

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor of IL-7, a receptor of IL-21, or a receptor of CD137L. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes the additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21 (e.g., a soluble IL-21, e.g., a soluble human IL-21) or a receptor for CD137L (e.g., a soluble CD137L, e.g., a soluble human CD137L).

In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second target-binding domain and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include an additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments, the additional target-binding domain and the

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain and the additional target-binding domain is an agonistic antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the additional target-binding domain are each agonistic antigen-binding domains. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv or single-domain antibody.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-7, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21 or a receptor for CD137L. In some embodiments, the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21 or a receptor for CD137L.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain is a soluble IL-7 (e.g., a soluble human IL-7). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-7 includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least

94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH (SEQ ID NO: 79).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-7 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATG GTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCC TCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGA GGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATG AACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCA CCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCT GGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGA GCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATC AAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT (SEQ ID NO: 227).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain or the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain or the additional target-binding domain is a soluble IL-21 (e.g., a soluble human IL-21).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human IL-21 includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 83).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 182).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for CD137L. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to a receptor for CD137L. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain and/or the additional target-binding domain is a soluble CD137L (e.g., a soluble human CD137L).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human CD137L includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

REGPELSPDDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGL
SYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAA
ALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQ
GATVLGLFRVTPEIPAGLPSPRSE (SEQ ID NO: 260).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human CD137L is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least

90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CGCGAGGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGC
GGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGG
GCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGG
GGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGA
GTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGG
CTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTG
GGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCT
CGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCC
AGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCA
GCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC
CCAGCCGGACTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA (SEQ ID NO: 261).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human CD137L includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGLSYKEDTKEL
VVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAAALALTVDLP
PASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQGATVLGLFR
VTPEI (SEQ ID NO: 262).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human CD137L is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGG
CCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGG
CCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAA
GGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGC
TGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCA
CCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGG
ACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGC
CGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGA

GGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGA
CTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC (SEQ ID NO: 263).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM
FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ
PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEHSGTTNTVAAY
NLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVK
DVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVG
TKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNE
FLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDL
KKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVEN
LIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID
NO: 207).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATG
GTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCC
TCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGA
GGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATG
AACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCA
CCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCT
GGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGA
GCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATC
AAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCATAGCGGCACA
ACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAA
CCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGAT
CAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACC
GAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCG
CCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGG
CGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATT

TAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGT
GACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGC
CTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTC
CTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATC
GACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCT
CCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCA
AGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAA
GAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACA
GAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACT
GGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACC
GTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGT
GACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAA
GGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC
(SEQ ID NO: 208).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSDCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNN
EFNFFKRHICDANKEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNC
TGQVKGRKPAALGEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKIL
MGTKEHSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKS
KCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTP
YLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYY
WKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMG
QEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLEL
QVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFV
HIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 209).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CGATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGAT
GGTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGC

CTCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGG
AGGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGAT
GAACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACC
ACCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTC
TGGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGG
AGCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGAT
CAAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCATAGCGGCAC
AACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAA
ACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGA
TCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACAC
CGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTC
GCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTG
GCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAA
TTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAAT
GTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCA
GCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAG
TCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAA
TCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCC
CTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGC
CAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTA
AAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACA
CAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTA
CTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACA
CCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAAC
GTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATC
AAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTC
C (SEQ ID NO: 210).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGF
KRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSREGPELS
PDDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGLSYKEDTK
ELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAAALALTVD

LPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQGATVLGLF
RVTPEIPAGLPSPRSE (SEQ ID NO: 268).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCATTACATGCCCCCCTC
CCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAG
CCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAG
CAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACA
ACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCT
CCGGCGGCGGAGGATCTCGCGAGGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGC
CGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAAT
GTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAG
GCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGG
TGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGC
GTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGC
CACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCA
CCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCT
GCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGG
GCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCC
GGGTGACCCCCGAAATCCCAGCCGGACTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA (SEQ
ID NO: 269).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSQGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPED
VETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLT
CPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSITCPPPMSVEHADIW
VKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRGGGGS
GGGGSGGGGSREGPELSPDDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPG
LAGVSLTGGLSYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHL
QPLRSAAGAAALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEAR
ARHAWQLTQGATVLGLFRVTPEIPAGLPSPRSE (SEQ ID NO: 270).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CCAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTC
GACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCC
CCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAA
GGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGT
GAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAG
GCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCC
CCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATC
AGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCATTACATGCCCCCCT
CCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACA
GCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCA
GCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGAC
AACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGC
TCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCTCGCGAGGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCG
CCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAA
TGTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCA
GGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTG
GTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCG
CGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAG
CCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCC
ACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGC
TGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAG
GGCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTC
CGGGTGACCCCCGAAATCCCAGCCGGACTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA (SEQ
ID NO: 271).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGF
KRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSDPAGLL
DLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGLSYKEDTKELVVAKA
GVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAAALALTVDLPPASSEA
RNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQGATVLGLFRVTPEI
(SEQ ID NO: 272).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCATTACATGCCCCCCTC
CCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAG
CCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAG
CAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACA
ACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCT
CCGGCGGCGGAGGATCTGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCAT
GTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGCT
GGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCTA
CAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATGTC
TTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTCCG
TTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCGCC
CTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCGGC

CTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGGGC
GTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCAGG
GCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC (SEQ ID NO: 273).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSQGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPED
VETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLT
CPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSITCPPPMSVEHADIW
VKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRGGGGS
GGGGSGGGGSDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTG
GLSYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAG
AAALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQL
TQGATVLGLFRVTPEI (SEQ ID NO: 274).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
CCAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTC
GACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCC
CCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAA
GGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGT
GAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAG
GCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCC
CCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATC
AGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCATTACATGCCCCCCT
CCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACA
GCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCA
GCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGAC
AACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGC
TCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCTGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCA
TGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGC
TGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCT

ACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATG
TCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTC
CGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCG
CCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCG
GCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGG
GCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCA
GGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC (SEQ ID NO: 275).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type K

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor of IL-7 or TGF-β. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-7, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-7.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-7 protein (e.g., a soluble human IL-7 protein). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-7 protein includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH (SEQ ID NO: 79).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-7 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATG GTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCC TCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGA GGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATG AACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCA CCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCT GGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGA GCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATC

AAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT (SEQ ID NO: 227).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain comprises a target-binding domain that binds specifically to TGF-β. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor (e.g., a soluble TGFβRII receptor, e.g., a soluble human TGFβRII receptor). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and a second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a linker disposed between the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the linker includes the sequence GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 102).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 183).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 184).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGAT (SEQ ID NO: 185).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATA
ACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTT
TCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCAT
CTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAG
AATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTT
CATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAA
GCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGAC
AATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 186).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK
NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND
NIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 188).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 187).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM
FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ
PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEHSGTTNTVAAYN
LTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKD

VKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTK
VNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLI
DVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIE
DLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILA
NNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 207).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATGG
TGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCCTC
AACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGAGG
GCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATGAA
CTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCACC
ATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCTGG
GAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGAGC
AGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATCAA
GACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCATAGCGGCACAACC
AACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCAT
CCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCA
CCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGC
GATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGT
GTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTT
TATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAG
CCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGG
AGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGA
TGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTC
CGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGAT
AAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGT
GAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGC
GAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAG
ATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGC
ACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTA
TCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATC
ATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTG
CAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCC
TTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 208).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSDCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNN
EFNFFKRHICDANKEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNC
TGQVKGRKPAALGEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKIL
MGTKEHSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSK
CFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWK
SSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEK
GEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 209).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTCC
GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATGG
TGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCCTC
AACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGAGG
GCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATGAA
CTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCACC
ATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCTGG
GAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGAGC
AGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATCAA
GACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCATAGCGGCACAACC
AACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCAT
CCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCA
CCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGC
GATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGT
GTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTT
TATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAG
CCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGG

AGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGA
TGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTC
CGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGAT
AAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGT
GAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGC
GAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAG
ATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGC
ACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTA
TCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATC
ATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTG
CAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCC
TTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 210).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETF
FMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMI
VTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKN
DENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNI
IFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTEC
VLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR (SEQ ID NO: 193).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC

CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCG
ACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAAC
AGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTG
AATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCG
G (SEQ ID NO: 257).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG
GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSIT
SICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKP
GETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERY
ICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIR (SEQ ID NO: 195).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTCC
ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC

CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCG
ACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAAC
AGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTG
AATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCG
G (SEQ ID NO: 259).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type L

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β, a receptor of IL-21, or a receptor of CD137L. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes the additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21 (e.g., a soluble IL-21, e.g., a soluble human IL-21) or a receptor for CD137L (e.g., a soluble CD137L, e.g., a soluble human CD137L).

In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut

each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second target-binding domain and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described

herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain and the additional target-binding domain is an agonistic antigen-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the additional target-binding domain are each agonistic antigen-binding domains. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the antigen-binding domain includes a scFv or single-domain antibody.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21 or a receptor for CD137L.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor (e.g., a soluble TGFβRII receptor, e.g., a soluble human TGFβRII receptor). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and a second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a linker disposed between the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the linker includes the sequence GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 102).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 183).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 184).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGAT (SEQ ID NO: 185).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATA ACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTT TCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCAT CTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAG AATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTT CATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAA

GCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGAC
AATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO:
186).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK
NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND
NIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 188).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 187).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain or the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain or the additional target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-21(e.g., a soluble human IL-21).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human IL-21 includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 83).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 182).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain or the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for CD137L. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain and/or the additional target-binding domain includes a soluble CD137L (e.g., a soluble human CD137L).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble CD137L includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

REGPELSPDDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGL SYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAA ALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRVTPEIPAGLPSPRSE (SEQ ID NO: 260).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble CD137L is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CGCGAGGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGC GGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGG GCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGG GGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGA GTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGG CTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTG GGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCT CGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCC AGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCA GCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC CCAGCCGGACTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA (SEQ ID NO: 261).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human CD137L includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% identical) to:

DPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGLSYKEDTKEL VVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAAALALTVDLP PASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQGATVLGLFR VTPEI (SEQ ID NO: 262).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human CD137L is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% identical) to:

GATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGG
CCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGG
CCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAA
GGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGC
TGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCA
CCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGG
ACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGC
CGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGA
GGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGA
CTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC (SEQ ID NO: 263).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETF
FMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMI
VTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKN
DENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNI
IFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGD
WKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPE
FTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTL
YYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECM
GQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLE
LQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSF
VHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 236).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least

94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTC
ACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCG
TTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTC
CAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGA
AAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAAT
GTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATT
TACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGC
AAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCG
GCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCT
ACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACC
AACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAG
CGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCC
CCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGA
ACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCG
ACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCC
ATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCT
AGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCC
AGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAG
GAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTT
CATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 237).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86%

identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG
GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSIT
SICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKP
GETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWE
PKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPA
GNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRR
NNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQA
VIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTE
SDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESG
CKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 238).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTCC
ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTC

ACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCG
TTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTC
CAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGA
AAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAAT
GTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATT
TACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGC
AAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCG
GCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCT
ACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACC
AACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAG
CGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCC
CCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGA
ACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCG
ACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCC
ATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCT
AGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCC
AGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAG
GAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTT
CATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 239).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGF
KRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSREGPELSP
DDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGLSYKEDTKE
LVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAAALALTVDLPP
ASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQGATVLGLFRVT
PEIPAGLPSPRSE (SEQ ID NO: 268).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTGA
GCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGGC
AGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCCC
CAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCAG
CACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCATTACATGCCCCCTCC
CATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCC
GGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAG
CCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACA
CCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCG
GCGGCGGAGGATCTCGCGAGGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGCCGG
CCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTC
TGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGT
GTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGT
GGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGG
TGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACT
GCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCG
CCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCAC
CTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCAC
GCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTG
ACCCCCGAAATCCCAGCCGGACTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA (SEQ ID NO: 269)

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSQGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPED
VETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLT
CPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSITCPPPMSVEHADIW
VKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRGGGGS
GGGGSGGGGSREGPELSPDDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPG
LAGVSLTGGLSYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQ
PLRSAAGAAALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARA
RHAWQLTQGATVLGLFRVTPEIPAGLPSPRSE (SEQ ID NO: 270).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTCC
CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTGA
GCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGGC
AGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCCC
CAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCAG
CACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCATTACATGCCCCCCTCC
CATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCC
GGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAG
CCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACA
CCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCG
GCGGCGGAGGATCTCGCGAGGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGCCGG
CCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTC
TGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGT
GTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGT
GGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGG
TGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACT
GCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCG
CCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCAC
CTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCAC
GCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTG
ACCCCCGAAATCCCAGCCGGACTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA (SEQ ID NO: 271)

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER

FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGF
KRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSDPAGLLD
LRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGLSYKEDTKELVVAKAGV
YYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAAALALTVDLPPASSEARNS
AFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQGATVLGLFRVTPEI (SEQ ID NO: 272).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTGA
GCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGGC
AGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCCC
CAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCAG
CACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCATTACATGCCCCCCTCC
CATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCC
GGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAG
CCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACA
CCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCG
GCGGCGGAGGATCTGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTT
GCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTA
CAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAA
GAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCT
TTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTC
ACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGG
CTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTC
GGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCC
ATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCC
ACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC (SEQ ID NO: 273).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at

least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSQGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPED
VETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLT
CPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDSITCPPPMSVEHADIW
VKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRGGGGS
GGGGSGGGGSDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGG
LSYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAA
ALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQG
ATVLGLFRVTPEI (SEQ ID NO: 274).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTCC
CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTGA
GCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGGC
AGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCCC
CAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCAG
CACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCCATTACATGCCCCCCTCC
CATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCC
GGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAG
CCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACA
CCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGGGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCG
GCGGCGGAGGATCTGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTT
GCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTA
CAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAA
GAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCT
TTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTC
ACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGG
CTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTC
GGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCC
ATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCC
ACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC (SEQ ID NO: 275).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type M

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β or a receptor of IL-21. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes the additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21 (e.g., a soluble IL-21, e.g., a soluble human IL-21) or a TGF-β (e.g., a soluble TGF-β receptor, e.g., a soluble TGFβRII receptor).

In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second target-binding domain and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β or a receptor for IL-21. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor (e.g., a soluble TGFβRII receptor, e.g., a soluble human TGFβRII receptor). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and a second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a linker disposed between the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In

some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the linker includes the sequence GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 102).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 183).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 184).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCA
TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG
AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGAT (SEQ ID NO: 185).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATA
ACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTT
TCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCAT
CTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAG
AATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTT
CATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAA
GCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGAC
AATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 186).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK
NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND
NIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 188).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCA
TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG

AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGG
CGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTG
CAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGA
AATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAAC
CAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC
GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC
TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 187).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain includes a soluble IL-21 (e.g., a human soluble IL-21). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble IL-21 includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 83).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble IL-21 is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC

CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 182).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETF
FMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMI
VTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKN
DENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNI
IFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGD
WKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPE
FTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTL
YYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECM
GQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLE
LQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSF
VHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 236).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG

CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTC
ACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCG
TTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTC
CAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGA
AAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAAT
GTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATT
TACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGC
AAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCG
GCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCT
ACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACC
AACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAG
CGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCC
CCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGA
ACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCG
ACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCC
ATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCT
AGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCC
AGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAG
GAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTT
CATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 237).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG
GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSIT
SICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKP
GETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWE
PKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPA
GNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRR
NNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQA
VIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTE

SDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESG
CKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 238).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTCC
ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTC
ACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCG
TTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTC
CAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGA
AAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAAT
GTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATT
TACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGC
AAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCG
GCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCT
ACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACC
AACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAG
CGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCC
CCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGA
ACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCG
ACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCC

ATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCT
AGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCC
AGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAG
GAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTT
CATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 239).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETF
FMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMI
VTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKN
DENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNI
IFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTEC
VLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRQGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAP
EDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHR
LTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 300).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG

CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCG
ACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAAC
AGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTG
AATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCG
GCAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTC
GACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCC
CCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAA
GGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 301).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG
GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSIT
SICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKP
GETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERY
ICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRQGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIV
DQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIK
KLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRT
HGSEDS (SEQ ID NO: 302).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTCC
ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA

CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCG
ACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAAC
AGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTG
AATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCG
GCAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTC
GACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCC
CCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAA
GGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC (SEQ ID NO: 303).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type N

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β or CD16. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes the additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16 (e.g., an anti-CD16 scFv) or a TGF-β (e.g., a soluble TGF-β receptor, e.g., a soluble TGFβRII receptor).

In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second target-binding domain and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β or CD16. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor (e.g., a soluble TGFβRII receptor, e.g., a soluble human TGFβRII receptor). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and a second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a linker disposed between the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the linker includes the sequence GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 102).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 183).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 184).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCA TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGAT (SEQ ID NO: 185).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATA ACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTT TCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCAT CTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAG AATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTT

CATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAA
GCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGAC
AATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO:
186).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK
NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND
NIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 188).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCA
TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG
AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGG
CGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTG
CAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGA
AATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAAC
CAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC
GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC
TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 187).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain includes an anti-CD16 scFv. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 includes a light chain variable domain that includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

SELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPS GIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKLTVGH (SEQ ID NO: 215).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 is encoded by a light chain variable domain sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

TCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTGA GGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACCA GCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAGG CCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCTC CCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAAC TCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTGA CCGTGGGCCAT (SEQ ID NO: 216).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 includes a heavy chain variable domain that includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

EVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINW
NGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDY
WGQGTLVTVSR (SEQ ID NO: 217).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the scFv that binds specifically to CD16 is encoded by a heavy chain variable domain sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

GAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGAGGCTCC
CTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGGCATGTC
CTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGCATCAAC
TGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGTTCACCA
TCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTCCCTGAG
GGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTGCTGTTC
GACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG (SEQ ID NO: 218).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETF
FMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMI
VTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKN
DENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNI
IFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGD
WKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPE
FTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTL
YYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECM
GQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLE
LQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSF
VHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 236).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86%

identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTC
ACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCG
TTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTC
CAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGA
AAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAAT
GTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATT
TACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGC
AAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCG
GCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCT
ACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACC
AACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAG
CGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCC
CCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGA
ACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCG
ACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCC
ATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCT
AGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCC
AGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAG
GAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTT
CATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 237).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG
GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSIT
SICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKP
GETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWE
PKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPA
GNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRR
NNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQA
VIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTE
SDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESG
CKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 238).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTCC
ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC

CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTC
ACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCG
TTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTC
CAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGA
AAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAAT
GTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATT
TACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGC
AAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCG
GCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCT
ACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACC
AACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAG
CGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCC
CCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGA
ACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCG
ACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCC
ATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCT
AGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCC
AGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAG
GAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTT
CATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 239).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETF
FMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMI
VTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKN
DENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNI
IFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTEC
VLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRSELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQ
QKPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPSGIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDS
SGNHVVFGGGTKLTVGHGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLS
CAASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINWNGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDN
AKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDYWGQGTLVTVSR (SEQ ID NO:
308).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCG
ACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAAC
AGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTG
AATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCG
GTCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTG
AGGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACCA
GCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAGG
CCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCTC
CCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAAC
TCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTGA
CCGTGGGCCATGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGAGGAG
GATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGAG
GCTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGGC
ATGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGCA
TCAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGTT
CACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTCC
CTGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTGC
TGTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG (SEQ ID NO: 309).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG
GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSIT
SICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKP
GETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERY
ICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRSELTQDPAVSVALGQTVR
ITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGKNNRPSGIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTIT
GAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKLTVGHGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQ
LVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINWNGG
STGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDYWGQG
TLVTVSR (SEQ ID NO: 310).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTCC
ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC

CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCG
ACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAAC
AGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTG
AATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCG
GTCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACCGTG
AGGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGTACCA
GCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAACAGG
CCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCGCCTC
CCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTGCAAC
TCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAGCTGA
CCGTGGGCCATGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGAGGAG
GATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGAG
GCTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGGC
ATGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGCA
TCAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGTT
CACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTCC
CTGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTGC
TGTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG (SEQ ID NO: 311).

Exemplary Multi-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides- Type O

In some embodiments of any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β or a receptor of CD137L. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes the additional target-binding domain. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides described herein, the additional target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor to TGF- β (e.g., a soluble TGF-β receptor, e.g., a soluble TGFβRII receptor) or CD137L.

In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary

linkers described herein) between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g., any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the additional target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second chimeric polypeptide further includes a linker sequence (e.g.,

any of the exemplary linkers described herein) between the second target-binding domain and the additional target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble tissue factor domain can be any of the exemplary soluble tissue factor domains described herein. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the pair of affinity domains can be any of the exemplary pairs of affinity domains described herein.

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to CD137L. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first target-binding domain or the additional target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor (e.g., a soluble TGFβRII receptor, e.g., a soluble human TGFβRII receptor).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and a second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble human TGFRβRII includes a linker disposed between the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII and the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII. In some examples of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the linker includes the sequence GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 102).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 183).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at

least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 184).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the first sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCA
TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG
AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGAT (SEQ ID NO: 185).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second sequence of soluble human TGFRβRII receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATA
ACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTT
TCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCAT
CTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAG
AATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTT
CATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAA
GCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGAC
AATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 186).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGET
FFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDM
IVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRK
NDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECND
NIIFSEEYNTSNPD (SEQ ID NO: 188).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the soluble TGF-β receptor is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACA
ACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTC
AGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCA
TCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACG
AGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGA
CTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAG
AAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACG
ACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGG
CGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTG
CAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGA
AATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAAC
CAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTC
AGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGA
AACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGAC
GCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACC
TTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAG
CGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC (SEQ ID NO: 187).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, the second target-binding domain includes a soluble CD137L protein (e.g., a soluble human CD137L protein). In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble

human CD137L includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% identical) to:

REGPELSPDDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGL
SYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAA
ALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQ
GATVLGLFRVTPEIPAGLPSPRSE (SEQ ID NO: 260).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human CD137L is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% identical) to:

CGCGAGGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGC
GGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGG
GCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGG
GGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGA
GTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGG
CTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTG
GGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCT
CGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCC
AGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCA
GCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC
CCAGCCGGACTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA (SEQ ID NO: 261).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human CD137L includes a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% identical) to:

DPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGLSYKEDTKEL
VVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAAALALTVDLP
PASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQGATVLGLFR
VTPEI (SEQ ID NO: 262).

In some embodiments of these multi-chain chimeric polypeptides, a soluble human CD137L is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% identical) to:

GATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGG
CCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGG
CCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAA
GGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGC
TGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCA
CCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGG
ACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGC
CGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGA
GGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGA
CTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC (SEQ ID NO: 263).

In some embodiments, the first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETF
FMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMI
VTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKN
DENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNI
IFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGD
WKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPE
FTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTL
YYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECM
GQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLE
LQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSF
VHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 236).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC

ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTC
ACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCG
TTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTC
CAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGA
AAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAAT
GTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATT
TACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGC
AAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCG
GCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCT
ACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACC
AACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAG
CGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCC
CCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGA
ACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCG
ACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCC
ATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCT
AGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCC
AGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAG
GAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTT
CATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 237).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG

GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSIT
SICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKP
GETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDSGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWE
PKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPA
GNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRR
NNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQA
VIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFRENWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTE
SDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESG
CKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFINTS (SEQ ID NO: 238).

In some embodiments, a first chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTCC
ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACAGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTC
ACTTGGAAGAGCACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCG
TTAACCAAGTTTACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTC
CAAATGTTTCTATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGA
AAGATGTGAAACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAAT
GTGGAGAGCACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATT
TACCCCTTACCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGC
AAGTTGGCACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCG

GCGGAACAACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCT
ACACACTGTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACC
AACACAAACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAG
CGTGCAAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCC
CCGTTGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAGAACTGGGTGA
ACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGTCCATGCATATCG
ACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGTAAGGTGACCGCC
ATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGAGAGCGGAGACGCT
AGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCCAATAACTCTTTATCC
AGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAG
GAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCACATTGTCCAGATGTT
CATCAATACCTCC (SEQ ID NO: 239).

In some embodiments, the second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICE
KPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETF
FMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMI
VTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKN
DENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNI
IFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTEC
VLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSREGPELSPDDPAGLLDLRQ
GMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGLSYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYV
FFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAAALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFG
FQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQGATVLGLFRVTPEIPAGLPSPRS
E (SEQ ID NO: 316).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA

ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCG
ACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAAC
AGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTG
AATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCG
GGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCTCGCGA
GGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAG
GGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCT
GAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTG
AGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACT
ATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGC
TCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGC
CGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACT
CGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTG
GGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCA
GGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATCCCAGCCGGA
CTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA (SEQ ID NO: 317).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide can include a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFST
CDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILED
AASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSG
GGGSIPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSIT
SICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKP
GETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERY

ICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAHWTTPSLKCIRGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSRE
GPELSPDDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGLSYK
EDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAAALAL
TVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQGATVL
GLFRVTPEIPAGLPSPRSE (SEQ ID NO: 318).

In some embodiments, a second chimeric polypeptide is encoded by a sequence that is at least 80% identical (e.g., at least 82% identical, at least 84% identical, at least 86% identical, at least 88% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 92% identical, at least 94% identical, at least 96% identical, at least 98% identical, at least 99% identical, or 100% identical) to:

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTCC
ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACCGACAA
CAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCAGGTTCA
GCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCACCTCCATCT
GCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAATGACGAGA
ACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATCACGACTTC
ATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGC
CCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGTAACGACAAC
ATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAGGTGGCGGATC
CGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAG
AGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCC
CCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGT
CCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTG
TGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTG
CCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCC
CTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGC
TCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAA
TACCAGCAACCCCGACATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCG
ACATCTGGGTGAAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAAC
AGCGGCTTCAAGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTG
AATAAGGCTACCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCG
GGGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCTCGCGA
GGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAG
GGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCT
GAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTG
AGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACT
ATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGC
TCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGC
CGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACT

CGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTG
GGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCA
GGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATCCCAGCCGGA
CTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA (SEQ ID NO: 319).

Methods of Treating an Aging-Related Disease or Condition

Provided herein are methods of treating an aging-related disease or condition (e.g. any of the exemplary types of aging-related disease or condition described herein or known in the art) in a subject in need thereof that include administering to a subject identified as having an aging-related disease or condition (e.g. any of the exemplary types of aging-related disease or condition described herein or known in the art) a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s) (e.g. any of the natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s) described herein or known in the art).

Provided herein are methods of treating an aging-related disease or condition (e.g. any of the exemplary types of aging-related disease or condition described herein or known in the art) in a subject in need thereof that include administering to a subject identified as having an aging-related disease or condition (e.g. any of the exemplary types of aging-related disease or condition described herein or known in the art) a therapeutically effective amount of activated NK cells (e.g. any of the activated NK cells described herein or known in the art).

Some embodiments of these methods further include: obtaining a resting NK cell; and contacting the resting NK cell *in vitro* in a liquid culture medium including one or more NK cell activating agent(s), where the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is a haploidentical NK cell obtained from the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an allogeneic resting NK cell. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an artificial NK cell. In some examples of any of these methods, the resting NK cell is a

genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor.

In some examples of these methods, the liquid culture medium is a serum-free liquid culture medium. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the liquid culture medium is a chemically-defined liquid culture medium. Some examples of these methods further include isolating the activated NK cells (and optionally further administering a therapeutically effective amount of the activated NK cells to a subject, e.g., any of the subjects described herein). In some embodiments of these methods, the contacting step is performed for a period of about 2 hours to about 20 days (or any of the subranges of this range described herein).

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group of: a cancer, an autoimmune disease, a metabolic disease, a neurodegenerative disease, a cardiovascular disease, a skin disease, a progeria disease, and a fragility disease.

Non-limiting examples of cancer include: solid tumor, hematological tumor, sarcoma, osteosarcoma, glioblastoma, neuroblastoma, melanoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, Ewing sarcoma, osteosarcoma, B-cell neoplasms, multiple myeloma, B-cell lymphoma, B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, Hodgkin's lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), acute myeloid leukemia (AML), chronic myeloid leukemia (CML), acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS), cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, retinoblastoma, stomach cancer, urothelial carcinoma, lung cancer, renal cell carcinoma, gastric and esophageal cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, breast cancer, colorectal cancer, ovarian cancer, non-small cell lung carcinoma, squamous cell head and neck carcinoma, endometrial cancer, cervical cancer, liver cancer, and hepatocellular carcinoma.

A non-limiting example of an autoimmune disease is type-1 diabetes.

Non-limiting examples of metabolic disease include: obesity, a lipodystrophy, and type-2 diabetes mellitus.

Non-limiting examples of neurodegenerative disease include: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and dementia.

Non-limiting examples of cardiovascular disease include: coronary artery disease, atherosclerosis, and pulmonary arterial hypertension.

Non-limiting examples of skin disease include: wound healing, alopecia, wrinkles, senile lentigo, skin thinning, xeroderma pigmentosum, and dyskeratosis congenita.

Non-limiting examples of progeria disease include: progeria and Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome.

Non-limiting examples of fragility disease include: frailty, responsiveness to vaccination, osteoporosis, and sarcopenia.

In some embodiments of any of the aging-related disease or condition described herein, the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group of: age-related macular degeneration, osteoarthritis, adipose atrophy, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, kidney transplant failure, liver fibrosis, loss of bone mass, sarcopenia, age-associated loss of lung tissue elasticity, osteoporosis, age-associated renal dysfunction, and chemical-induced renal dysfunction.

In some embodiments of any of the aging-related disease or condition described herein, the aging-related disease or condition is type-2 diabetes or atherosclerosis.

In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the subject has been diagnosed or identified as having an aging-related disease or condition (e.g., any of the exemplary aging-related diseases or conditions described herein). Some embodiments of any of the methods described herein can include a step of selecting a subject identified or diagnosed as having an aging-related disease or condition (e.g., any of the exemplary aging-related diseases or conditions described herein).

In some embodiments of these methods, the administering results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90% decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 10% decrease to about a 99% decrease,

about a 10% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 65% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 60% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 55% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 50% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 45% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 40% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 35% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 30% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 25% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 20% decrease, about a 10% decrease to about a 15% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 65% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 60% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 55% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 50% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 45% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 40% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 35% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 30% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 25% decrease, about a 15% decrease to about a 20% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 65% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 60% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 55% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 50% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 45% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 40% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 35% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 30% decrease, about a 20% decrease to about a 25% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 80% decrease,

about a 25% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 65% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 60% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 55% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 50% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 45% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 40% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 35% decrease, about a 25% decrease to about a 30% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 65% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 60% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 55% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 50% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 45% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 40% decrease, about a 30% decrease to about a 35% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 65% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 60% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 55% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 50% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 45% decrease, about a 35% decrease to about a 40% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 65% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 60% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 55% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 50% decrease, about a 40% decrease to about a 45% decrease, about a 45% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 45% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 45% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 45% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 45% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 45% decrease to about a 75% decrease,

about a 45% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 45% decrease to about a 65% decrease, about a 45% decrease to about a 60% decrease, about a 45% decrease to about a 55% decrease, about a 45% decrease to about a 50% decrease, about a 50% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 50% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 50% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 50% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 50% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 50% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 50% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 50% decrease to about a 65% decrease, about a 50% decrease to about a 60% decrease, about a 50% decrease to about a 55% decrease, about a 55% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 55% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 55% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 55% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 55% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 55% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 55% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 55% decrease to about a 65% decrease, about a 55% decrease to about a 60% decrease, about a 60% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 60% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 60% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 60% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 60% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 60% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 60% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 60% decrease to about a 65% decrease, about a 65% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 65% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 65% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 65% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 65% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 65% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 65% decrease to about a 70% decrease, about a 70% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 70% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 70% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 70% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 70% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 70% decrease to about a 75% decrease, about a 75% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 75% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 75% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 75% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 75% decrease to about a 80% decrease, about a 80% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 80% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 80% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 80% decrease to about a 85% decrease, about a 85% decrease to about a 99% decrease,

about a 85% decrease to about a 95% decrease, about a 85% decrease to about a 90% decrease, about a 90% decrease to about a 99% decrease, about a 90% decrease to about a 95% decrease, or about a 95% decrease to about a 99% decrease) in the number of senescent cells in a target tissue in the subject, e.g., as compared to the number of senescent cells in the target tissue in the subject prior to treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, the administering results in an increase (e.g., at least a 5% increase, at least a 10% increase, at least a 15% increase, at least a 20% increase, at least a 25% increase, at least a 30% increase, at least a 35% increase, at least a 40% increase, at least a 45% increase, at least a 50% increase, at least a 55% increase, at least a 60% increase, at least a 65% increase, at least a 70% increase, at least a 75% increase, at least a 80% increase, at least a 85% increase, at least a 90% increase, at least a 95% increase, or at least a 99% increase, or about a 10% increase to about a 500% increase (or any of the subranges of this range described herein) in the levels of IFN-γ, a cytotoxic granule granzyme, and/or perforin in the subject, as compared to the levels in a subject prior to treatment or a similar control subject who has not received a treatment.

In some embodiments, these methods can result in a reduction in the number, severity, or frequency of one or more symptoms of the cancer in the subject (e.g., as compared to the number, severity, or frequency of the one or more symptoms of the cancer in the subject prior to treatment). In some embodiments, these methods can result in a reduction (e.g., about 1% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 55% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 50% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 45% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 40% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 35% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 30% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 25% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 20% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 15% reduction, about 1% reduction to about 10% reduction, about 1% reduction to

about 5% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 55% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 50% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 45% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 40% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 35% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 30% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 25% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 20% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 15% reduction, about 5% reduction to about 10% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 55% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 50% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 45% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 40% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 35% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 30% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 25% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 20% reduction, about 10% reduction to about 15% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 55% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 50% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 45% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 40% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 35% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 30% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 25% reduction, about 15% reduction to about 20% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 20% reduction to

about 90% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 55% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 50% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 45% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 40% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 35% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 30% reduction, about 20% reduction to about 25% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 55% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 50% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 45% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 40% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 35% reduction, about 25% reduction to about 30% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 55% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 50% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 45% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 40% reduction, about 30% reduction to about 35% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 55% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 50% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 45% reduction, about 35% reduction to about 40% reduction, about 40%

reduction to about 99% reduction, about 40% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 40% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 40% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 40% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 40% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 40% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 40% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 40% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 40% reduction to about 55% reduction, about 40% reduction to about 50% reduction, about 40% reduction to about 45% reduction, about 45% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 45% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 45% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 45% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 45% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 45% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 45% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 45% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 45% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 45% reduction to about 55% reduction, about 45% reduction to about 50% reduction, about 50% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 50% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 50% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 50% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 50% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 50% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 50% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 50% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 50% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 50% reduction to about 55% reduction, about 55% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 55% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 55% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 55% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 55% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 55% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 55% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 55% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 55% reduction to about 60% reduction, about 60% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 60% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 60% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 60% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 60% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 60% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 60% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 60% reduction to about 65% reduction, about 65% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 65% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 65% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 65% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 65% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 65% reduction to about 75% reduction,

about 65% reduction to about 70% reduction, about 70% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 70% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 70% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 70% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 70% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 70% reduction to about 75% reduction, about 75% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 75% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 75% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 75% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 75% reduction to about 80% reduction, about 80% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 80% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 80% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 80% reduction to about 85% reduction, about 85% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 85% reduction to about 95% reduction, about 85% reduction to about 90% reduction, about 90% reduction to about 99% reduction, about 90% reduction to about 95% reduction, or about 95% reduction to about 99% reduction) in the volume of one or more solid tumors in the subject (e.g., as compared to the volume of the one or more solid tumors prior to treatment or at the start of treatment). In some embodiments, the these methods can reduce (e.g., about 1% reduction to about 99% reduction, or any of the subranges of this range described herein) the risk of developing a metastasis or developing one or more additional metastasis in a subject (e.g., as compared to the risk of developing a metastasis or developing one or more additional metastasis in a subject prior to treatment or in a similar subject or a population of subjects administered a different treatment).

In some embodiments, these methods can result in treatment of metabolic disease in the subject. In some embodiments, the treatment of metabolic disease can result in, e.g., one or more (e.g., two, three, four, five, or six) improved glucose tolerance, improved glucose utilization, decreased severity or progression of diabetic osteoarthropathy, decreased severity or progression of skin lesions, decreased severity or progression of ketosis, decreased generation of autoantibodies against islet cells, increased insulin sensitivity, decreased mass, and decreased body mass index. The response of a subject to treatment can be monitored by determining fasting glucose or glucose tolerance according to standard techniques. Typically, in accordance with the method, blood glucose is lowered so as to achieve a blood glucose level characterized by

a fasting blood glucose of less than 100 mg/dL or a two-hour 75-g oral glucose tolerance test values of less than 140 mg/dL. In some embodiments, response to treatment may include determining other factors relevant to pre-diabetes, new-onset diabetes, or active diabetes including blood pressure, body mass index, PPARy function, lipid metabolism, glycated hemoglobin (H1c), and renal function.

In some embodiments, these methods can eliminate or reduce the risk, lessen the severity, or delay the outset of the neurodegenerative disease, including biochemical, histologic and/or behavioral symptoms of the disease, its complications and intermediate pathological phenotypes presenting during development of the disease.

In some embodiments, effective treatment of a skin disease can be assessed by any method described herein or known in the art, including inspecting skin conditions that include skin color, moisture, temperature, texture, mobility and turgor, and skin lesions, as compared to the skin conditions prior to treatment.

In some embodiments, effective treatment of an autoimmune disease can be assessed by any method described herein or known in the art, including monitoring full blood count analysis on freshly isolated PBMCs, total Ig levels, and analysis of serum autoantibody titers.

In some embodiments, effective treatment of a fragility disease can be assessed by any method described herein or known in the art, including monitoring bone mineral density, bone architecture and geometry, biomedical markers of bone turnover, vitamin D measurement, Karnofsky performance status and ECOG scores, and responsiveness to vaccination.

Methods of Killing or Reducing the Number of Senescent Cells in a Subject

Provided herein are methods of killing or reducing the number of senescent cells (e.g. any of the exemplary types of senescent cells described herein or known in the art) in a subject in need thereof that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more NK cell activating agent(s) (e.g. any of the NK cell activating agent(s) described herein or known in the art).

Also provided herein are methods of killing or reducing the number of senescent cells (e.g. any of the exemplary types of senescent cells described herein or known in the art) in a subject in need thereof that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of activated NK cells (e.g. any of the activated NK cells described herein or known in the art).

Some embodiments of these methods further include: obtaining a resting NK cell; and contacting the resting NK cell in vitro in a liquid culture medium including one or more NK cell activating agent(s), where the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is a haploidentical NK cell obtained from the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an allogeneic resting NK cell. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an artificial NK cell. In some examples of any of these methods, the resting NK cell is a genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor.

In some examples of these methods, the liquid culture medium is a serum-free liquid culture medium. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the liquid culture medium is a chemically-defined liquid culture medium. Some examples of these methods further include isolating the activated NK cells (and further administering a therapeutically effective amount of the activated NK cells to a subject, e.g., any of the subjects described herein). In some embodiments of these methods, the contacting step is performed for a period of about 2 hours to about 20 days (or any of the subranges of this range described herein).

In some embodiments of these methods, the senescent cells are senescent cancer cells, senescent monocytes, senescent lymphocytes, senescent astrocytes, senescent microglia, senescent neurons, senescent tissue fibroblasts, senescent dermal fibroblasts, senescent keratinocytes, or other differentiated tissue-specific dividing functional cells. In some embodiments of these methods, senescent cancer cells are chemotherapy-induced senescent cells or radiation-induced senescent cells.

In some embodiments of these methods, the subject has been identified or diagnosed as having an aging-related disease or condition (e.g., any of the aging-related diseases or conditions described herein or known in the art). In some embodiments of any of the aging-related disease or condition described herein, the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group of: a cancer, an autoimmune disease, a metabolic disease, a neurodegenerative disease, a cardiovascular disease, a skin disease, a progeria disease, and a fragility disease.

Non-limiting examples of cancer include: solid tumor, hematological tumor, sarcoma, osteosarcoma, glioblastoma, neuroblastoma, melanoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, Ewing sarcoma, osteosarcoma, B-cell neoplasms, multiple myeloma, B-cell lymphoma, B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, Hodgkin's lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), acute myeloid leukemia (AML), chronic myeloid leukemia (CML), acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS), cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, retinoblastoma, stomach cancer, urothelial carcinoma, lung cancer, renal cell carcinoma, gastric and esophageal cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, breast cancer, colorectal cancer, ovarian cancer, non-small cell lung carcinoma, squamous cell head and neck carcinoma, endometrial cancer, cervical cancer, liver cancer, and hepatocellular carcinoma.

A non-limiting example of an autoimmune disease is type-1 diabetes.

Non-limiting examples of metabolic disease include: obesity, a lipodystrophy, and type-2 diabetes mellitus.

Non-limiting examples of neurodegenerative disease include: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and dementia.

Non-limiting examples of cardiovascular disease include: coronary artery disease, atherosclerosis, and pulmonary arterial hypertension.

Non-limiting examples of skin disease include: wound healing, alopecia, wrinkles, senile lentigo, skin thinning, xeroderma pigmentosum, and dyskeratosis congenita.

Non-limiting examples of progeria disease include: progeria and Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome.

Non-limiting examples of fragility disease include: frailty, responsiveness to vaccination, osteoporosis, and sarcopenia.

In some embodiments of any of the aging-related disease or condition described herein, the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group of: age-related macular degeneration, osteoarthritis, adipose atrophy, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, kidney transplant failure, liver fibrosis, loss of bone mass, sarcopenia, age-associated loss of lung tissue elasticity, osteoporosis, age-associated renal dysfunction, and chemical-induced renal dysfunction.

In some embodiments of any of the aging-related disease or condition described herein, the aging-related disease or condition is type-2 diabetes or atherosclerosis.

In some embodiments of these methods, the administering results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90% decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 10% decrease to about a 99% decrease (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in the number of senescent cells in a target tissue in the subject, e.g., as compared to the number of senescent cells in the target tissue in the subject prior to treatment. In some embodiments of these methods, the target tissue in the subject can be one or more of an adipose tissue, pancreatic tissue, liver tissue, lung tissue, vasculature, bone tissue, central nervous system (CNS) tissue, eye tissue, skin tissue, muscle tissue, and secondary lympho-organ tissue.

In some embodiments of these methods, the administering results in an increase (e.g., at least a 5% increase, at least a 10% increase, at least a 15% increase, at least a 20% increase, at least a 25% increase, at least a 30% increase, at least a 35% increase, at least a 40% increase, at least a 45% increase, at least a 50% increase, at least a 55% increase, at least a 60% increase, at least a 65% increase, at least a 70% increase, at least a 75% increase, at least a 80% increase, at least a 85% increase, at least a 90% increase, at least a 95% increase, or at least a 99% increase, or about a 10% increase to about a

500% increase (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in the levels of IFN-γ, a cytotoxic granule granzyme, and/or perforin in the subject, as compared to the levels in a subject prior to treatment or a similar control subject who has not received a treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, the number of senescent cells in a target tissue (e.g. any of the target tissues described herein) can be determined by performing immunostaining on a biopsy sample. In some embodiments of these methods, the number of senescent cells in a target tissue (e.g. any of the target tissues described herein) can be observed indirectly through an improvement in one or more symptoms of an aging-related disease or condition (e.g. any of the symptoms of an aging-related disease or condition described herein) in a subject.

Senescent Cells

Senescent cells display important and unique properties which include changes in morphology, chromatin organization, gene expression, and metabolism. There are several biochemical and functional properties associated with cellular senescence, such as (i) increased expression of p16 and p21, inhibitors of cyclin-dependent kinases, (ii) presence of senescence-associated β-galactosidase, a marker of lysosomal activity, (iii) appearance of senescence-associated heterochromatin foci and downregulation of lamin B1 levels, (iv) resistance to apoptosis caused by an increased expression of anti-apoptotic BCL-family protein, and (v) upregulation of CD26 (DPP4), CD36 (Scavenger receptor), forkhead box 4 (FOXO4), and secretory carrier membrane protein 4 (SCAMP4). Senescent cells also express an inflammatory signature, the so-called senescence-associated secretory phenotype (SASP). Through SASP, the senescent cells produce a wide range of inflammatory cytokines (IL-6, IL-8), growth factors (TGF-β), chemokines (CCL-2), and matrix metalloproteinases (MMP-3, MMP-9) that operate in a cell-autonomous manner to reinforce senescence (autocrine effects) and communicate with and modify the microenvironment (paracrine effects). SASP factors can contribute to tumor suppression by triggering senescence surveillance, an immune-mediated clearance of senescent cells. However, chronic inflammation is also a known driver of

tumorigenesis, and accumulating evidence indicates that chronic SASP can also boost cancer metastasis and aging-related diseases.

The secretion profile of senescent cells is context dependent. For instance, the mitochondrial dysfunction-associated senescence (MiDAS), induced by different mitochondrial dysfunction in human fibroblasts, led to the appearance of a SASP that was deficient in IL-1-dependent inflammatory factors. A decrease in the NAD+/NADH ratio activated AMPK signaling which induced MiDAS through the activation of p53. As a result, p53 inhibited NF-κB signaling which is a crucial inducer of pro-inflammatory SASP. In contrast, the cellular senescence caused by persistent DNA damage in human cells induced an inflammatory SASP, which was dependent on the activation of ataxia-telangiectasia mutated (ATM) kinase but not on that of p53. In particular, the expression and secretion levels of IL-6 and IL-8 were increased. It was also demonstrated that cellular senescence caused by the ectopic expression p16INK4a and p21CIP1 induced the senescent phenotype in human fibroblasts without an inflammatory SASP indicating that the growth arrest itself did not stimulate SASP.

One of the most defining characteristics of senescence is stable growth arrest. This is achieved by two important pathways, the p16/Rb and the p53/p21, both of which are central in tumor suppression. DNA damage results in: (1) high deposition of γH2Ax (histone coding gene) and 53BP1 (involved in DNA damage response) in chromatin: this leads to activation of a kinase cascade eventually resulting in p53 activation, and (2) activation of p16INK4a and ARF (both encoded by CDKN2A) and P15INK4b (encoded by CDKN2B): p53 induces transcription of cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor (p21) and along with both p16INK4a and p15INK4b block genes for cell cycle progression (CDK4 and CDK6). This eventually leads to hypophosphorylation of Retinoblastoma protein (Rb) and cell cycle arrest at the G1 phase.

Selectively killing senescent cells has been shown to significantly improve the health span of mice in the context of normal aging and ameliorates the consequences of age-related disease or cancer therapy (Ovadya, *J Clin Invest.* 128(4):1247-1254, 2018). In nature, the senescent cells are normally removed by the innate immune cells. Induction of senescence not only prevents the potential proliferation and transformation of

damaged/altered cells, but also favors tissue repair through the production of SASP factors that function as chemoattractants mainly for Natural Killer (NK) cells (such as IL-15 and CCL2) and macrophages (such as CFS-1 and CCL2). These innate immune cells mediate the immunosurveillance mechanism for eliminating stressed cells. Senescent cells usually up-regulate the NK-cell activating receptor NKG2D and DNAM1 ligands, which belong to a family of stress-inducible ligands: an important component of the frontline immune defense against infectious diseases and malignancies. Upon receptor activation, NK cells can then specifically induce the death of senescent cells through their cytolytic machinery. A role for NK cells in the immune surveillance of senescent cells has been pointed out in liver fibrosis (Sagiv, Oncogene 32(15): 1971-1977, 2013), hepatocellular carcinoma (Iannello, *J Exp Med* 210(10): 2057-2069, 2013), multiple myeloma (Soriani, *Blood* 113(15): 3503-3511, 2009), and glioma cells stressed by dysfunction of the mevalonate pathway (Ciaglia, *Int J Cancer* 142(1): 176-190, 2018). Endometrial cells undergo acute cellular senescence and do not differentiate into decidual cells. The differentiated decidual cells secrete IL-15 and thereby recruit uterine NK cells to target and eliminate the undifferentiated senescent cells thus helping to re-model and rejuvenate the endometrium (Brighton, *Elife* 6: e31274, 2017). With a similar mechanism, during liver fibrosis, p53-expressing senescent liver satellite cells skewed the polarization of resident Kupfer macrophages and freshly infiltrated macrophages toward the pro-inflammatory M1 phenotype, which display senolytic activity. F4/80+ macrophages have been shown to play a key role in the clearance of mouse uterine senescent cells to maintain postpartum uterine function.

Senescent cells recruit NK cells by mainly upregulating ligands to NKG2D (expressed on NK cells), chemokines, and other SASP factors. In vivo models of liver fibrosis have shown effective clearance of senescent cells by activated NK cells (Krizhanovsky, *Cell* 134(4): 657-667, 2008). Studies have described various models to study senescence including liver fibrosis (Krizhanovsky, *Cell* 134(4): 657-667, 2008), osteoarthritis (Xu, *J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci* 72(6): 780-785, 2017), and Parkinson's disease (Chinta, *Cell Rep* 22(4): 930-940, 2018). Animal models for studying senescent cells are described in: Krizhanovsky, *Cell* 134(4): 657-667, 2008; Baker, *Nature*

479(7372): 232-236, 2011; Farr, *Nat Med* 23(9): 1072-1079, 2017; Bourgeois, *FEBS Lett* 592(12): 2083-2097, 2018; Xu, *Nat Med* 24(8): 1246-1256, 2018).

Methods of Improving the Texture and/or Appearance of Skin and/or Hair

Also provided herein are methods of improving the texture and/or appearance of skin and/or hair in a subject in need thereof over a period of time (e.g. any of the periods of time described herein) that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s) (e.g. any of the NK cell activating agent(s) described herein or known in the art).

Also provided herein are methods of improving the texture and/or appearance of skin and/or hair in a subject in need thereof over a period of time (e.g. any of the periods of time described herein) that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells (e.g. any of the activated NK cells described herein or known in the art).

Some embodiments of these methods further include: obtaining a resting NK cell; and contacting the resting NK cell in vitro in a liquid culture medium including one or more NK cell activating agent(s), where the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is a haploidentical NK cell obtained from the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an allogeneic resting NK cell. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an artificial NK cell. In some examples of any of these methods, the resting NK cell is a genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor.

In some examples of these methods, the liquid culture medium is a serum-free liquid culture medium. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the liquid culture medium is a chemically-defined liquid culture medium. Some examples of these methods further include isolating the activated NK cells (and further administering a therapeutically effective amount of the activated NK cells to a subject, e.g., any of the

subjects described herein). In some embodiments of these methods, the contacting step is performed for a period of about 2 hours to about 20 days (or any of the subranges of this range described herein).

In some embodiments of these methods, the method provides for an improvement in the texture and/or appearance of skin of the subject over the period of time (e.g. any of periods of time described herein).

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90% decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 5% decrease to about a 99% decrease (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in the rate of formation of wrinkles in the skin of the subject over the period of time (e.g., any of the periods of time described herein), e.g., as compared to the rate of formulation of wrinkles in the subject prior to treatment or the rate of formulation of wrinkles in a similar subject not receiving a treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in an improvement in the coloration of skin of the subject over the period of time (e.g. any of the periods of time described herein).

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in an improvement in the texture of skin of the subject over the period of time (e.g. any of the periods of time described herein).

In some embodiments of these methods, the method provides for an improvement in the texture and/or appearance of hair of the subject over the period of time (e.g. any of the periods of time described herein).

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at

least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90% decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 5% decrease to about a 99% decrease (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in the rate of formation of gray hair in the subject over the period of time (e.g. any of the range of time period described herein), e.g., as compared to the rate of formulation of gray hair in the subject prior to treatment or the rate of formulation of gray hair in a similar subject not receiving a treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90% decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 5% decrease to about a 99% decrease (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in the number of gray hairs of the subject over the period of time (e.g. any of the periods of time described herein), e.g., as compared to the number of gray hairs in the subject prior to treatment or the rate of formation of gray hairs in a similar subject not receiving a treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90% decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 5% decrease to about a 99% decrease (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in the rate of hair loss in the subject over the period of time (e.g., any of the periods of time described herein), e.g., as

compared to the rate of hair loss in the subject prior to treatment or the rate of hair loss in a similar subject not receiving a treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in an improvement in the texture of hair of the subject over the period of time (e.g. any of the periods of time described herein).

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90% decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 5% decrease to about a 99% decrease (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in the number of senescent dermal fibroblasts in the skin of the subject over the period of time (e.g., any of the periods of time described herein), e.g., as compared to the number of senescent dermal cells in the subject prior to treatment or the number of senescent dermal cells in a similar subject not receiving a treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, improvement in the texture and/or appearance of skin of the subject over the period of time (e.g. any of the periods of time described herein) can be assessed by any method described herein or known in the art, including inspecting the presence, size and shape of skin lesions, skin color and pigmentation, skin moisture, temperature, elasticity, and vascularity.

In some embodiments of these methods, improvement in the texture and/or appearance of hair of the subject over the period of time (e.g., any of periods of time described herein) can be assessed by any method described herein or known in the art,

In some embodiments of these methods, the period of time is, e.g., one month to ten years, one month to nine years, one month to eight years, one month to seven years, one month to six years, one month to five years, one month to four years, one month to three years, one month to two years, one month to eighteen months, one month to twelve months, one month to ten months, one month to eight months, one month to six months,

one month to four months, one month to two months, one month to six weeks, six weeks to ten years, six weeks to nine years, six weeks to eight years, six weeks to seven years, six weeks to six years, six weeks to five years, six weeks to four years, six weeks to three years, six weeks to two years, six weeks to eighteen months, six weeks to twelve months, six weeks to ten months, six weeks to eight months, six weeks to six months, six weeks to four months, six weeks to two months, two months to ten years, two months to nine years, two months to eight years, two months to seven years, two months to six years, two months to five years, two months to four years, two months to three years, two months to two years, two months to eighteen months, two months to twelve months, two months to ten months, two months to eight months, two months to six months, two months to four months, four months to ten years, four months to nine years, four months to eight years, four months to seven years, four months to six years, four months to five years, four months to four years, four months to three years, four months to two years, four months to eighteen months, four months to twelve months, four months to ten months, four months to eight months, four months to six months, six months to ten years, six months to nine years, six months to eight years, six months to seven years, six months to six years, six months to five years, six months to four years, six months to three years, six months to two years, six months to eighteen months, six months to twelve months, six months to ten months, six months to eight months, eight months to ten years, eight months to nine years, eight months to eight years, eight months to seven years, eight months to six years, eight months to five years, eight months to four years, eight months to three years, eight months to two years, months to eighteen months, eight months to twelve months, eight months to ten months, ten months to ten years, ten months to nine years, ten months to eight years, ten months to seven years, ten months to six years, ten months to five years, ten months to four years, ten months to three years, ten months to two years, ten months to eighteen months, ten months to twelve months, twelve months to ten years, twelve months to nine years, twelve months to eight years, twelve months to seven years, twelve months to six years, twelve months to five years, twelve months to four years, twelve months to three years, twelve months to two years, twelve months to eighteen months, eighteen months to ten years, eighteen months to nine years, eighteen

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In some embodiments of these methods, the age of the subject is between about 30 to about 35, about 35 to about 40, about 40 to about 45, about 45 to about 50, about 50 to about 55, about 55 to about 60, about 60 to about 65, about 65 to about 70, about 70 to about 75, about 75 to about 80, about 80 to about 85, about 85 to about 90, about 90 to about 95, about 95 to about 100, about 100 to about 105, about 105 to about 110, about 110 to about 115, or about 115 to about 120.

Methods of Assisting in the Treatment of Obesity in a Subject

Provided herein are methods of assisting in the treatment of obesity in a subject in need thereof over a period of time (e.g. any of the range of time period described herein), that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s) (e.g. any of the NK cell activating agent(s) described herein or known in the art).

Also provided herein are methods of assisting in the treatment of obesity in a subject in need thereof over a period of time (e.g. any of the range of time period described herein) that include administering to the subject a therapeutically effective

number of activated NK cells (e.g. any of the activated NK cells described herein or known in the art).

Some embodiments of these methods further include: obtaining a resting NK cell; and contacting the resting NK cell in vitro in a liquid culture medium including one or more NK cell activating agent(s), where the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is a haploidentical NK cell obtained from the subject. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an allogeneic resting NK cell. In some examples of these methods, the resting NK cell is an artificial NK cell. In some examples of any of these methods, the resting NK cell is a genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor.

In some examples of these methods, the liquid culture medium is a serum-free liquid culture medium. In some embodiments of any of the methods described herein, the liquid culture medium is a chemically-defined liquid culture medium. Some examples of these methods further include isolating the activated NK cells (and further administering a therapeutically effective amount of the activated NK cells to a subject, e.g., any of the subjects described herein). In some embodiments of these methods, the contacting step is performed for a period of about 2 hours to about 20 days (or any of the subranges of this range described herein).

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90% decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 5% decrease to about a 99% decrease (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in the mass of the subject over the

period of time (e.g. any of the periods of time described herein), e.g., as compared to the mass of the subject prior to treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90% decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 5% decrease to about a 99% decrease (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in the body mass index (BMI) of the subject over the period of time (e.g. any of periods of time described herein), e.g., as compared to the BMI of the subject prior to treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90% decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 5% decrease to about a 99% decrease (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in the rate of progression from pre-diabetes to type 2 diabetes in the subject, e.g., as compared to the rate of progression from pre-diabetes to type 2 diabetes in the subject prior to treatment or the rate of progression from pre-diabetes to type 2 diabetes in a similar subject not receiving a treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90%

decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 5% decrease to about a 99% decrease (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in fasting serum glucose level in the subject, e.g., as compared to the fasting serum glucose level in the subject prior to treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in an increase (e.g., at least a 5% increase, at least a 10% increase, at least a 15% increase, at least a 20% increase, at least a 25% increase, at least a 30% increase, at least a 35% increase, at least a 40% increase, at least a 45% increase, at least a 50% increase, at least a 55% increase, at least a 60% increase, at least a 65% increase, at least a 70% increase, at least a 75% increase, at least a 80% increase, at least a 85% increase, at least a 90% increase, at least a 95% increase, or at least a 99% increase, or about a 10% increase to about a 500% increase (or any of the subranges of this range described herein) in insulin sensitivity in the subject, e.g., as compared to the insulin sensitivity in the subject prior to treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, the method results in a decrease (e.g., at least a 5% decrease, at least a 10% decrease, at least a 15% decrease, at least a 20% decrease, at least a 25% decrease, at least a 30% decrease, at least a 35% decrease, at least a 40% decrease, at least a 45% decrease, at least a 50% decrease, at least a 55% decrease, at least a 60% decrease, at least a 65% decrease, at least a 70% decrease, at least a 75% decrease, at least a 80% decrease, at least a 85% decrease, at least a 90% decrease, or at least a 95% decrease, or about a 5% decrease to about a 99% decrease (or any of the subranges of this range described herein)) in the severity of atherosclerosis in the subject, e.g., as compared to the severity of atherosclerosis in the subject prior to treatment.

In some embodiments of these methods, treatment of obesity in the subject over the period of time (e.g. any of the periods of time described herein) can be assessed by any method described herein or known in the art, including, e.g., measurement of body weight and/or body dimensions, total body fat, total or regional adiposity, and body mass index (BMI).

In some embodiments of these methods, the response of a subject to the treatment can be monitored by determining fasting serum glucose level or glucose tolerance

according to standard techniques. In some embodiments of these methods, insulin sensitivity can be measured using any method described herein or known in the art, including hyperinsulinemic euglycemic clamp and intravenous glucose tolerance test, homeostasis model assessment (HOMA), and quantitative insulin sensitivity check index (QUICKI).

In some embodiments of these methods, the severity of atherosclerosis in the subject can be measured using any method described herein or known in the art, including cardiac catheterization, Doppler sonography, blood pressure comparison, MUGA/radionuclide angiography, Thallium/myocardial perfusion scan, and computerized tomography.

In some embodiments of these methods, the period of time is one month to ten years (or any of the subranges of this range described herein).

In some embodiments of these methods, the age range for the subject is between about 1 to about 5, about 5 to about 10, about 10 to about 15, about 15 to about 20, about 20 to about 25, about 25 to about 30, about 30 to about 35, about 35 to about 40, about 40 to about 45, about 45 to about 50, about 50 to about 55, about 55 to about 60, about 60 to about 65, about 65 to about 70, about 70 to about 75, about 75 to about 80, about 80 to about 85, about 85 to about 90, about 90 to about 95, about 95 to about 100, about 100 to about 105, about 105 to about 110, about 110 to about 115, or about 115 to about 120.

Additional Therapeutic Agents

Some embodiments of any of the methods described herein can further include administering to a subject (e.g., any of the subjects described herein) a therapeutically effective amount of one or more additional therapeutic agents. The one or more additional therapeutic agents can be administered to the subject at substantially the same time as the NK cell activating agent(s) or activated NK cells (e.g., administered as a single formulation or two or more formulations to the subject). In some embodiments, one or more additional therapeutic agents can be administered to the subject prior to administration of the NK cell activating agent(s) or activated NK cells. In some embodiments, one or more additional therapeutic agents can be administered to the

subject after administration of the NK cell activating agent(s) or activated NK cells to the subject.

Non-limiting examples of additional therapeutic agents include: anti-cancer drugs, activating receptor agonists, immune checkpoint inhibitors, agents for blocking HLA-specific inhibitory receptors, Glucogen Synthase Kinase (GSK) 3 inhibitors, and antibodies.

Non-limiting examples of anticancer drugs include antimetabolic drugs (e.g., 5-fluorouracil (5-FU), 6-mercaptopurine (6-MP), capecitabine, cytarabine, floxuridine, fludarabine, gemcitabine, hydroxycarbamide, methotrexate, 6-thioguanine, cladribine, nelarabine, pentostatin, or pemetrexed), plant alkaloids (e.g., vinblastine, vincristine, vindesine, camptothecin, 9-methoxycamptothecin, coronaridine, taxol, naucleaorals, diprenylated indole alkaloid, montamine, schischkiniin, protoberberine, berberine, sanguinarine, chelerythrine, chelidonine, liriodenine, clivorine, β-carboline, antofine, tylophorine, cryptolepine, neocryptolepine, corynoline, sampangine, carbazole, crinamine, montanine, ellipticine, paclitaxel, docetaxel, etoposide, tenisopide, irinotecan, topotecan, or acridone alkaloids), proteasome inhibitors (e.g., lactacystin, disulfiram, epigallocatechin-3-gallate, marizomib (salinosporamide A), oprozomib (ONX-0912), delanzomib (CEP-18770), epoxomicin, MG132, beta-hydroxy beta-methylbutyrate, bortezomib, carfilzomib, or ixazomib), antitumor antibiotics (e.g., doxorubicin, daunorubicin, epirubicin, mitoxantrone, idarubicin, actinomycin, plicamycin, mitomycin, or bleomycin), histone deacetylase inhibitors (e.g., vorinostat, panobinostat, belinostat, givinostat, abexinostat, depsipeptide, entinostat, phenyl butyrate, valproic acid, trichostatin A, dacinostat, mocetinostat, pracinostat, nicotinamide, cambinol, tenovin 1, tenovin 6, sirtinol, ricolinostat, tefinostat, kevetrin, quisinostat, resminostat, tacedinaline, chidamide, or selisistat), tyrosine kinase inhibitors (e.g., axitinib, dasatinib, encorafinib, erlotinib, imatinib, nilotinib, pazopanib, and sunitinib), and chemotherapeutic agents (e.g., all-trans retinoic acid, azacitidine, azathioprine, doxifluridine, epothilone, hydroxyurea, imatinib, teniposide, tioguanine, valrubicin, vemurafenib, and lenalidomide). Additional examples of chemotherapeutic agents include alkylating agents, e.g., mechlorethamine, cyclophosphamide, chlorambucil, melphalan, ifosfamide,

thiotepa, hexamethylmelamine, busulfan, altretamine, procarbazine, dacarbazine, temozolomide, carmustine, lumustine, streptozocin, carboplatin, cisplatin, and oxaliplatin.

Non-limiting examples of activating receptor agonists include any agonists for activating receptors which activate and enhance the cytotoxicity of NK cells, including anti-CD16 antibodies (e.g., anti-CD16/CD30 bispecific monoclonal antibody (BiMAb)) and Fc-based fusion proteins. Non-limiting examples of checkpoint inhibitors include anti-PD-1 antibodies (e.g., MEDI0680), anti-PD-L1 antibodies (e.g., BCD-135, BGB-A333, CBT-502, CK-301, CS1001, FAZ053, KN035, MDX-1105, MSB2311, SHR-1316, anti-PD-L1/CTLA-4 bispecific antibody KN046, anti-PD-L1/TGFβRII fusion protein M7824, anti-PD-L1/TIM-3 bispecific antibody LY3415244, atezolizumab, or avelumab), anti-TIM3 antibodies (e.g., TSR-022, Sym023, or MBG453) and anti-CTLA-4 antibodies (e.g., AGEN1884, MK-1308, or an anti-CTLA-4/OX40 bispecific antibody ATOR-1015). Non-limiting examples of agents for blocking HLA-specific inhibitory receptors include monalizumab (e.g., an anti-HLA-E NKG2A inhibitory receptor monoclonal antibody). Non-limiting examples of GSK3 inhibitor include tideglusib or CHIR99021. Non-limiting examples of antibodies that can be used as additional therapeutic agents include anti-CD26 antibodies (e.g., YS110), anti-CD36 antibodies, and any other antibody or antibody construct that can bind to and activate an Fc receptor (e.g., CD16) on a NK cell. In some embodiments, an additional therapeutic agent can be insulin or metformin.

EXAMPLES

The invention is further described in the following examples, which do not limit the scope of the invention described in the claims.

Example 1: Immunostimulation in C57BL/6 mice using a multi-chain polypeptide

Materials and Methods

An exemplary multi-chain polypeptide (a type A multi-chain polypeptide described herein) was generated that includes a first polypeptide and a second polypeptide, where the first polypeptide is a soluble fusion of two TGFβRII domains, a human tissue factor 219 fragment, and a human IL-15, and the second polypeptide is a soluble fusion of two TGFβRII domains and the sushi domain of human IL-15Rα chain.

Results

Immunostimulation in C57BL/6 mice

Wild type C57BL/6 mice were treated subcutaneously with either a control PBS solution or with the multi-chain polypeptide at a dosage of 0.3 mg/kg, 1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, or 10 mg/kg, respectively. Four days after treatment, spleen weight and the percentages of various immune cell types present in the spleen were evaluated. Specifically, single splenocyte suspensions were generated and stained with fluorochrome-conjugated antibodies including anti-CD4, anti-CD8, anti-NK1.1, and anti-CD19. The percentages of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, Natural Killer (NK) cells, and $CD19^+$ B cells present in the spleen of mice treated with either the control solution or the multi-chain polypeptide were evaluated using flow cytometry. As shown in Figure 1A, the spleen weight in mice treated with the multi-chain polypeptide increased with increasing dosage of the multi-chain polypeptide. Moreover, the spleen weight in mice treated with 1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, and 10 mg/kg of the multi-chain polypeptide were significantly higher as compared to mice treated with the control solution, respectively. As shown in Figure 1B, in the spleens of mice treated with the multi-chain polypeptide, the percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells both increased with increasing dosage of the multi-chain polypeptide. Specifically, the percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells were higher in mice treated with 0.3 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, and 10 mg/kg of the multi-chain polypeptide compared to control-treated mice, and the percentages of NK cells were higher in mice treated with 0.3 mg/kg, 1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, and 10 mg/kg of the multi-chain polypeptide compared to control-treated mice.

These results demonstrate that the exemplary multi-chain polypeptide is able to stimulate immune cells in the spleen, in particular $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells.

Pharmacokinetics

The pharmacokinetics of the exemplary multi-chain polypeptide were evaluated in wild type C57BL/6 mice. Mice were treated subcutaneously with the multi-chain polypeptide at a dosage of 3 mg/kg. Blood was collected at various time points via tail vein, and serum was prepared. The concentration of the multi-chain polypeptide in the serum was determined with ELISA. Briefly, the multi-chain polypeptide was captured using an anti-human tissue factor antibody, and detected using a biotinylated anti-human TGFβ receptor, a peroxidase conjugated streptavidin, and ABTS substrate. The results showed that the half-life of the exemplary multi-chain polypeptide was 12.66 hours.

Immunostimulation over time in C57BL/6 mice

To evaluate the effect of immunostimulation by the multi-chain polypeptide over time, mice were treated with a single dose of the multi-chain polypeptide at 3mg/kg and the spleen weight and percentages of immune cell types present in the spleen were evaluated immediately upon treatment and at 16, 24, 48, 72, and 92 hours after treatment, using techniques described above. As shown in Figure 2A, the spleen weight of mice treated with the multi-chain polypeptide increased at 48 hours after treatment, and continued to increase over the next 44 hours. Moreover, as shown in Figure 2B, in the spleens of mice treated with the multi-chain polypeptide, the percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells both increased at 48 hours after treatment and continued to increase over the next 44 hours. These results further demonstrate that the exemplary multi-chain polypeptide is able to stimulate immune cells in the spleen, in particular $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells, over time.

Increased proliferation and Granzyme B expression by $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells

To evaluate the proliferation and cytotoxic potential of the immune cells induced by the multi-chain polypeptide, mice were treated with a single dose of the multi-chain

polypeptide at 3mg/kg, and the spleens of these mice were evaluated immediately after, and at 16, 24, 48, 72, and 92 hours after treatment. Briefly, single splenocyte suspensions were generated and stained with fluorochrome-conjugated antibodies for the various cell types including anti-CD4, anti-CD8, anti-NK1.1, and anti-CD19, and with an anti-Ki67 antibody (i.e. a cell proliferation marker) and an anti-Granzyme B antibody (i.e. a cytotoxic marker). The mean fluorescent intensity (MFI) of Ki67 and Granzyme B for each immune cell type was analyzed by flow cytometry. As shown in Figures 3A and 3B, the expression of Ki67 and Granzyme B by NK cells showed an increase at 24 hours as well as each time point evaluated thereafter as compared to immediately after treatment (0 hours). Moreover, the expression of Ki67 and Granzyme B by $CD8^+$ T cells showed an increase at 48 hours as well as each time point evaluated thereafter as compared to immediately after treatment (0 hours). As such, a single dose of the multi-chain polypeptide resulted in proliferation of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells for up to at least 4 days post-treatment.

These results demonstrate that the multi-chain polypeptide not only increased the number of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells in the spleen, but also enhanced the proliferation and cytotoxicity of these cells.

Cytotoxicity against tumor cells

Next, the cytotoxicity of the splenocytes activated by the multi-chain polypeptide against tumor cells were evaluated in C57BL/6 mice. Mouse Moloney leukemia cells (Yac-1) were labeled with CellTrace Violet and used as tumor target cells. C57BL/6 mice were treated with a single dose of the multi-chain polypeptide at 3mg/kg, and splenocytes were prepared at various time points thereafter and used as effector cells. The target tumor cells were mixed with the effector cells at an effector:target (E:T) ratio of 10:1, and incubated at 37°C for 20 hours. Target cell viability was assessed by analyzing Propidium Iodide (PI)-positive, violet-labeled Yac-1 cells using flow cytometry. The percentage of Yac-1 tumor inhibition was calculated using the formula:

Percentage of Yac-1 tumor inhibition = (1-viable Yac-1 cell number in experimental sample/viable Yac-1 cell number in the sample without splenocytes) x 100

As shown in Figure 4, splenocytes from mice after 24-hour or more treatment with the multi-chain polypeptide showed increased cytotoxicity against Yac-1 cells as compared to the splenocytes from untreated mice.

Example 2: Immunostimulation in C57BL/6 mice using a high fat diet-based Type-2 diabetes mouse model

Materials and Methods

TGFRt15-TGFRs is a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide (a type A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide described herein) that includes two TGFβ-binding domains which a soluble human TGFβRII dimer (aa24-159). 21t15-TGFRs is a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide (a type A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide described herein) that includes IL-21 and a TGFβ-binding domain. 3t28 is a chimeric polypeptide (a type B chimeric polypeptide described herein) that include two IL-2 polypeptides.

Results

To evaluate the effect of TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2, and 21t15-TGFRs in treating Type-2 diabetes, a high fat diet-based Type-2 diabetes mouse model (B6.129P2-ApoE^{tm1Unc}/J from The Jackson Laboratory) was used. Mice were fed either a control diet or a high fat diet for 11 weeks. A subset of mice fed with the high fat diet were also treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2, or 21t15-TGFRs. Mice fed the control diet, high fat diet, and mice fed with the high fat diet and treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2, or 21t15-TGFRs were evaluated 4 days post-treatment. Briefly, single splenocyte suspensions were generated and stained with fluorochrome-conjugated antibodies including anti-CD4, anti-CD8, anti-NK1.1, and anti-CD19. The percentages of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, Natural Killer (NK) cells, and $CD19^+$ B cells present in the spleen of mice in each group were evaluated using flow cytometry.

As shown in Figure 5A, in mice fed a high fat diet, the percentage of NK cells in PBMCs was significantly increased after treatment with TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2 compared to untreated mice, but not after treatment with 21t15-TGFRs. Furthermore, the

percentage of $CD8^+$ T cells in PBMCs was significantly increased after treatment with TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2, or 21t15-TGFRs compared to untreated mice. Moreover, the proliferation of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, Natural Killer (NK) cells, and $CD19^+$ B cells in PBMCs were also evaluated using an anti-Ki67 antibody. As shown in Figure 5B, the number of proliferating NK cells, $CD4^+$ T cells, and $CD8^+$ T cells were significantly increased after treatment with TGFRt15-TGFRs, but not after treatment with 2t2 or 21t15-TGFRs.

To examine the effect of TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2 and 21t15-TGFRs on the appearance and texture of skin and hair in animals, mice were fed either a control or a high fat diet for 7 weeks, and a subset of the mice fed a high fat diet were also treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2 or 21t15-TGFRs. One week post-treatment, the appearance of the mice was evaluated. Mice fed a high fat diet and untreated, or a high diet and treated with 21t15-TGFRs appeared ungroomed and ruffled, and had increased gray hair/hair loss as compared to mice fed a control diet (Figure 6A, 6B and 6E). Surprisingly, mice fed a high fat diet that received TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2 treatment appeared groomed and healthier (less gray hair/hair loss) (Figure 6C and 6D) as compared to mice fed a high fat diet that did not receive TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2 treatment (Figure 6B). Specifically, TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2-treated mice showed superior skin and hair appearance and texture as compared to control mice. These results demonstrate that treatment with TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2 improves the appearance and texture of skin and hair in mammals.

Next, mice were fed either a control or high fat diet for 9 weeks, and a subset of the mice fed a high fat diet were treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2, or 21t15-TGFRs. Four days post-treatment, the fasting body weight of mice in each group were measured. The fasting body weight of mice fed with the high fat diet and untreated, as well as mice fed with the high fat diet and treated with 21t15-TGFRs were significantly increased compared to mice fed a control diet. However, the fasting body weight of mice fed a high fat diet and treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2 were decreased compared to the other two high fat diet groups mentioned above. The fasting body weight of the mice at the end of the study (9 weeks) is shown in Figure 7.

To evaluate the fasting glucose levels in the mice of each group, mice were fed either a control or a high fat diet and were either untreated or treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, 2t2, or 21t15-TGFRs on days 44, 59 and 73. The fasting blood glucose in the mice of each group were measured 4 days post-treatment. As shown in Figure 8, after the second and third doses (on Days 59 and 73, respectively), the fasting blood glucose level was significantly reduced for mice fed a high fat diet and treated with 2t2 (red line) as compared to mice fed a high fat diet but untreated (yellow line). The fasting blood glucose level remained constant for mice fed a high fat diet and treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs (green line), whereas the fasting blood glucose level increased for mice fed a high fat diet and treated with 21t15-TGFRs (blue line).

Example 3: Chemotherapy-induced Senescent B16F10 Melanoma Cells express NK ligands

Material and Methods

Cellular senescence in B16F10 melanoma cells was induced by treating the cells with docetaxel (7.5μM, Sigma) for 3 days followed by recovery in complete media for 4 days. Cellular senescence was accessed by staining the cells with senescence-associated β-galactosidase (SA β-gal). Briefly, B16F10 control and senescence cells (B16F10-SNC) were washed once with PBS, fixed with 0.5% glutaraldehyde (PBS (pH 7.2)), for 30 minutes. Cells were stained in X-gal solution (1 mg/mL X-gal, 0.12 mM $K_3Fe[CN]_6$, 0.12 mM $K_4Fe[CN]_6$, and 1 mM $MgCl_2$ in PBS at pH 6.0) overnight at 37 °C, and were imaged using a Nikon optical light microscope.

Results

Cellular senescence in B16F10 melanoma cells was induced using chemotherapy as described above. As shown in Figure 9A, chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 cells (B16F10-SNC) were positive for SA β-gal staining, while the control B16F10 cells were not stained. Next, expression of senescence genes was analyzed using RT-qPCR with RNA isolated on day 0 or following senescence induction on days 4, 8, 12 and 16,

respectively. The expression levels were normalized to control B16F10 cells. As shown in Figures 9B-9D, the expression of p21, IL6 and DPP4 were upregulated in RNA isolated from the senescent cells over the duration of the experiment. Moreover, as shown in Figures 9E and 9F, the expression of RATE1E and ULBP1 (NK activating receptor NKG2D ligands) were also induced in senescent cells, with the highest expression level being on day 16. These results demonstrate that the chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 cells are subjected to stronger cytotoxicity of activated NK cells than control B16F10 cells.

Acquisition of Stem-cell Properties in Chemotherapy-induced Senescent B16F10 Melanoma Cells

To examine whether chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 melanoma cells acquired stem cell properties, a colony formation assay was performed. Briefly, 1000 cells/well were seeded on a six well plate, and the media was changed every third day. As shown in Figure 10A (images taken at 100x magnification), after 5 weeks in culture the senescent cells were able to form colonies. To evaluate stem cell marker expression by the colonies, RNA was isolated from the colonies and the expression of Oct4 and Notch4 mRNA were determined by RT-qPCR. As compared to control B16F10 cells, chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 melanoma cells showed upregulation of Oct4 and Notch 4, which are cancer stem cell markers (Figures 10B and 10C). Moreover, cell surface expression of stem cell markers CD44, CD24 and CD133 were evaluated by staining with antibodies against CD44, CD24, and CD133 followed by flow cytometry. As shown in Figures 10D-10F, double positive populations ($CD44^+CD24^+$, $CD44^+CD133^+$, and $CD24^+CD133^+$) were increased in the chemotherapy induced senescence stem cells (B16F10-SNC-CSC) compared to control B16F10.

Chemotherapy-induced senescent (CIS) melanoma cells with stem cell properties are more "Migratory" and "Invasive" than control B16F10 cells

The migratory properties of chemotherapy-induced senescent (CIS) melanoma cells with stem cell properties (B16F10-SNC-CSC) were analyzed using a migration

assay. Briefly, control B16F10 cells and B16F10-SNC-CSC cells were plated on six well plates and wounded with a p20 pipette tip. Movement of cells were imaged at 0, 12, and 24 hours after. As shown in Figure 11A, chemotherapy-induced senescent (CIS) melanoma cells with stem cell properties (B16F10-SNC-CSC) were more migratory in the *in vitro* migration assay, as compared to control B16F10 cells.

Next, the invasive properties of chemotherapy-induced senescent cells with stem cell properties (B16F10-SNC-CSC) were analyzed using an invasion assay. The invasion assay was carried out on 24-well transwell inserts coated with Matrigel. Briefly, $0.5x10^6$ control B16F10 cells and B16F10-SNC-CSC cells were seeded in serum-free media onto the upper chamber, and the lower chamber was filled with media supplemented with 10% FBS. After 16 hours of incubation, the cells on the upper surface of the filter were removed, and cells underneath the filter were fixed and stained with a 0.02% crystal violet solution. The number of cells were counted in three fields at 100× magnification. As shown in Figures 11B and 11C, chemotherapy-induced senescent cells with stem cell properties were more aggressive in invading the Matrigel coated membrane as compared to control B16F10 cells. These results demonstrate that chemotherapy-induced senescent B16F10 tumor cells are able to regain their proliferation capability, obtain stem-cell features, and have increased migratory abilities and invasiveness for metastasis.

Cytotoxic Activity of Mouse NK Cells on Chemotherapy-induced Senescent Cells with Stem Cell Properties

To expand NK cells *in vivo*, C57BL/6 mice were injected subcutaneously with TGFRt15-TGFRs (10 mg/kg) for 4 days. The spleens from these mice were obtained and NK cells were purified using MACS Miltenyi column. The purified NK cells were then expanded *in vitro* with 2t2 (Figure 12A).

To evaluate the cytotoxicity of the expanded NK cells, chemotherapy-induced senescent stem cells (B16F10-SNC-CSC) or control B16F10 cells were labelled with CellTrace violet and incubated with *in vitro* activated 2t2 mouse NK cells (isolated from spleen of C57BL/6 mice injected with 10 mg/kg TGFRt15-TGFRs for 4 days) at various E:T ratios for 16 hrs. The B16F10-SNC-CSC and control B16F10 cells were trypsinized,

washed and re-suspended in complete media containing a Propidium Iodide (PI) solution, and cytotoxicity was accessed by flow cytometry. As shown in Figure 12B, NK cells were more effective at killing chemotherapy-induced senescent cells with stem cell properties (B16F10-SNC-CSC), as compared to control B16F10 cells.

Combination Treatment in Melanoma Mouse Model

The effect of TGFRt15-TGFRs in treating melanoma was evaluated in a mouse melanoma model. Briefly, $5x10^5$ B16F10 cells were injected subcutaneously into C57BL/6 mice. When the tumor volume reached ~100 mm^3, mice were treated with docetaxel (chemotherapy) (5 mg/kg) or TA99 (200 μg) either as a single agent or in combination every third day, and TGFRt15-TGFRs (3 mg/kg) was given once a week (Figure 13A). Mice that received saline, docetaxel (chemotherapy)/TA99 alone, or TGFRt15-TGFRs alone were used as controls. Five mice were tested in each experimental and control group. Tumor volume was measured every third day. As shown in Figures 13B and 13C, combinations of TGFRt15-TGFRs with either chemotherapy or TA99 slowed down tumor progression as compared to mice treated with saline or mice treated with chemotherapy or TA99 alone in the syngeneic melanoma mouse model.

Example 4: Chemotherapeutic Induction of Senescence in Human Pancreatic Cell Line SW1990

Materials and Methods

β-galactosidase staining: Confirmation of chemotherapy induced senescence was carried out by standard β-galactosidase staining at pH 6.0 using commercially available kit (Cell Signaling Technology) according to manufacturer's instructions. The following day, the staining solution was removed, and cells were washed with phosphate buffered saline, and 70% glycerol was added to the wells. The β-galactosidase positive cells will be stained blue, while control untreated cells will not stain.

Flow cytometry: One million control and senescent cells were obtained and stained using commercially available antibodies to surface markers of stem cells such as anti-CD44 and anti-CD24 antibodies (Biolegend) according to manufacturers' instructions. The cells were then washed and analyzed using the BD Celesta flow cytometer. Cells showing stem cell-like properties will be doubly positive for both CD44 and CD24.

Gene expression assay: One million control and senescent cells were obtained and lysed using Trizol (Thermofisher), followed by RNA purification using an RNA isolation kit (Qiagen). The RNA was quantified and converted to cDNA using a Qiagen cDNA Quantitect kit. The cDNA was then used as a template for standard Taqman gene expression assays (Thermofisher) to quantify the relative abundance of senescent, stem cell markers as well as NK ligands.

NK cell cytotoxicity assay: NK cells were isolated from healthy human donors (n=2) using a commercially available NK isolation kit (Stem Cell), and were activated overnight using the cytokine fusion molecule 18t15-12s (100nM). On the following day, NK cells were washed to remove cytokine molecules and mixed with either CellTrace Violet labelled control untreated tumor cells or chemotherapy-induced senescent tumor cells at an E:T ratio of 4:1 for 20 hours. On the following day, cells were trypsinized, and complete contents of each well were analyzed using flow cytometry and percent inhibition of cells was analyzed.

Results

Senescence in the human pancreatic tumor cell line SW1990 was induced through treatment with chemotherapeutic drugs Abraxane (Celgene) and Gemcitabine (Sigma Aldrich) for 3 days at 2.5μM and 6.25μM, respectively. SW1990 cells that were untreated were used as controls. Media was changed after 3 days and cells were allowed to rest in the culture media for 4 days. As shown in Figure 14, senescent cells treated with the chemotherapeutic drugs were positive for β-galactosidase staining (blue), while

control cells were not stained. Senescent cells and control cells were evaluated for their expression of senescence and stem cell markers at 4 days, 11 days, and 22 days post-treatment. As shown in Figure 14, senescent cells showed increased double positive staining for CD44 and CD24 over time as compared to the control cells. Moreover, the chemotherapy-induced senescent SW1990 cells were also analyzed for their expression of senescent markers including DPP4, IL6, and p21, stem cell markers including Oct3/4, CD24, and CD44, and NK ligands including Nectin and MICA, on day 0, and days 2, 4, and 24 post-treatment using the gene expression assay described above. As shown in Figure 15, the expression of all of the markers mentioned showed an increase over time.

Cytotoxicity of in vitro activated Human NK Cells

To evaluate the cytotoxicity of *in vitro* activated human NK Cells (treated with 18t15-12s), senescence in the human pancreatic tumor cell line SW1990 was induced through treatment with chemotherapeutic drugs Abraxane (Celgene) and Gemcitabine (Sigma Aldrich) for 3 days at 2.5μM and 6.25μM, respectively. SW1990 cells that were untreated were used as controls. Media was changed after 3 days and cells were allowed to rest in the culture media for 30 days. The culture media was changed every 4 days. Activated NK cells were obtained and their cytotoxicity for chemotherapy-induced senescent tumor cells and untreated control tumor cells were evaluated using the NK cell cytotoxicity assay described above. As shown in Figure 16, activated NK cells showed increased cytotoxicity against both control SW1990 cells (SW1990) and senescent SW1990 cells (SW1990s).

Example 5: Creation of an IL-12/IL-15RαSu DNA construct

In a non-limiting example, an IL-12/IL-15RαSu DNA construct was created (Figure 17). The human IL-12 subunit sequences, human IL-15RαSu sequence, human IL-15 sequence, human tissue factor 219 sequence, and human IL-18 sequence were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. A DNA construct was made linking the IL-12 subunit beta (p40) to IL-12 subunit alpha (p35) with a GS (3) linker to generate a single chain version of IL-12 and

then directly linking the IL-12 sequence to the IL-15RαSu sequence. The final IL-12/IL-15RαSu DNA construct sequence was synthesized by Genewiz.

The nucleic acid sequence of the IL12/IL-15RαSu construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 181):

(*Signal peptide*)

ATGAAATGGGTGACCTTTATTTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTTAGCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL-12 subunit beta (p40))

ATTTGGGAACTGAAGAAGGACGTCTACGTGGTCGAACTGGACTGGTAT
CCCGATGCTCCCGGCGAAATGGTGGTGCTCACTTGTGACACCCCCGAAGAAG
ACGGCATCACTTGGACCCTCGATCAGAGCAGCGAGGTGCTGGGCTCCGGAAA
GACCCTCACAATCCAAGTTAAGGAGTTCGGAGACGCTGGCCAATACACATGC
CACAAGGGAGGCGAGGTGCTCAGCCATTCCTTATTATTATTACACAAGAAGG
AAGACGGAATCTGGTCCACCGACATTTTAAAAGATCAGAAGGAGCCCAAGA
ATAAGACCTTTTTAAGGTGTGAGGCCAAAAACTACAGCGGTCGTTTCACTTGT
TGGTGGCTGACCACCATTTCCACCGATTTAACCTTCTCCGTGAAAAGCAGCCG
GGGAAGCTCCGACCCTCAAGGTGTGACATGTGGAGCCGCTACCCTCAGCGCT
GAGAGGGTTCGTGGCGATAACAAGGAATACGAGTACAGCGTGGAGTGCCAA
GAAGATAGCGCTTGTCCCGCTGCCGAAGAATCTTTACCCATTGAGGTGATGG
TGGACGCCGTGCACAAACTCAAGTACGAGAACTACACCTCCTCCTTCTTTATC
CGGGACATCATTAAGCCCGATCCTCCTAAGAATTTACAGCTGAAGCCTCTCA
AAAATAGCCGGCAAGTTGAGGTCTCTTGGGAATATCCCGACACTTGGAGCAC
ACCCCACAGCTACTTCTCTTTAACCTTTTGTGTGCAAGTTCAAGGTAAAAGCA
AGCGGGAGAAGAAAGACCGGGTGTTTACCGACAAAACCAGCGCCACCGTCA
TCTGTCGGAAGAACGCCTCCATCAGCGTGAGGGCTCAAGATCGTTATTACTCC
AGCAGCTGGTCCGAGTGGGCCAGCGTGCCTTGTTCC

(*Linker)*

GGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCT

(*Human IL-12 subunit alpha (p35)*)

CGTAACCTCCCCGTGGCTACCCCCGATCCCGGAATGTTCCCTTGTTTAC
ACCACAGCCAGAATTTACTGAGGGCCGTGAGCAACATGCTGCAGAAAGCTAG
GCAGACTTTAGAATTTTACCCTTGCACCAGCGAGGAGATCGACCATGAAGAT
ATCACCAAGGACAAGACATCCACCGTGGAGGCTTGTTTACCTCTGGAGCTGA
CAAAGAACGAGTCTTGTCTCAACTCTCGTGAAACCAGCTTCATCACAAATGG
CTCTTGTTTAGCTTCCCGGAAGACCTCCTTTATGATGGCTTTATGCCTCAGCTC
CATCTACGAGGATTTAAAGATGTACCAAGTGGAGTTCAAGACCATGAACGCC
AAGCTGCTCATGGACCCTAAACGGCAGATCTTTTTAGACCAGAACATGCTGG
CTGTGATTGATGAGCTGATGCAAGCTTTAAACTTCAACTCCGAGACCGTCCCT
CAGAAGTCCTCCCTCGAGGAGCCCGATTTTTACAAGACAAAGATCAAACTGT
GCATTTTACTCCACGCCTTTAGGATCCGGGCCGTGACCATTGACCGGGTCATG
AGCTATTTAAACGCCAGC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

Example 6: Creation of an IL-18/TF/IL-15 DNA construct

In a non-limiting example, an IL-18/TF/IL-15 construct was made (Figure 18) linking the IL-18 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219, and further linking the IL-18/TF construct with the N-terminus coding region of IL-15. The nucleic acid sequence of the IL-18/TF/IL-15 construct (including leader sequence), synthesized by Genewiz, is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 177):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTCACATTTATCTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACAGC

(Human IL-18)

TACTTCGGCAAACTGGAATCCAAGCTGAGCGTGATCCGGAATTTAAAC
GACCAAGTTCTGTTTATCGATCAAGGTAACCGGCCTCTGTTCGAGGACATGAC
CGACTCCGATTGCCGGGACAATGCCCCCCGGACCATCTTCATTATCTCCATGT
ACAAGGACAGCCAGCCCCGGGGCATGGCTGTGACAATTAGCGTGAAGTGTGA
GAAAATCAGCACTTTATCTTGTGAGAACAAGATCATCTCCTTTAAGGAAATG
AACCCCCCCGATAACATCAAGGACACCAAGTCCGATATCATCTTCTTCCAGC
GGTCCGTGCCCGGTCACGATAACAAGATGCAGTTCGAATCCTCCTCCTACGA
GGGCTACTTTTTAGCTTGTGAAAAGGAGAGGGATTTATTCAAGCTGATCCTCA
AGAAGGAGGACGAGCTGGGCGATCGTTCCATCATGTTCACCGTCCAAAACGA
GGAT

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG

GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

Example 7: Secretion of IL-12/IL-15RαSu and IL-18/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins

The IL-12/IL-15RαSu and IL-18/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs were cloned into a pMSGV-1 modified retrovirus expression vector (as described by Hughes, *Hum Gene Ther* 16:457–72, 2005, hereby incorporated by reference), and the expression vector was transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of a soluble IL-18/TF/IL-15:IL-12/IL-15RαSu protein complex (referred to as 18t15-12s; Figure 19 and Figure 20). The 18t15-12s protein was purified from CHO-K1 cell culture supernatant using anti-TF antibody affinity chromatography and size exclusion chromatography resulting in soluble (non-aggregated) protein complexes consisting of IL-12/IL-15RαSu and IL-18/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins.

The amino acid sequence of the IL12/IL-15RαSu fusion protein (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 180):

(Signal peptide)
MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS
(Human IL-12 subunit beta (p40))
IWELKKDVYVVELDWYPDAPGEMVVLTCDTPEEDGITWTLDQSSEVLGS
GKTLTIQVKEFGDAGQYTCHKGGEVLSHSLLLLHKKEDGIWSTDILKDQKEPKN
KTFLRCEAKNYSGRFTCWWLTTISTDLTFSVKSSRGSSDPQGVTCGAATLSAERV
RGDNKEYEYSVECQEDSACPAAEESLPIEVMVDAVHKLKYENYTSSFFIRDIIKPD
PPKNLQLKPLKNSRQVEVSWEYPDTWSTPHSYFSLTFCVQVQGKSKREKKDRVF
TDKTSATVICRKNASISVRAQDRYYSSSWSEWASVPCS
(*Linker*)
GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS
(*Human IL-12 subunit alpha (p35))*

RNLPVATPDPGMFPCLHHSQNLLRAVSNMLQKARQTLEFYPCTSEEIDHE
DITKDKTSTVEACLPLELTKNESCLNSRETSFITNGSCLASRKTSFMMALCLSSIYE
DLKMYQVEFKTMNAKLLMDPKRQIFLDQNMLAVIDELMQALNFNSETVPQKSS
LEEPDFYKTKIKLCILLHAFRIRAVTIDRVMSYLNAS

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

The amino acid sequence of the IL-18/TF/IL-15 fusion protein (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 176):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-18)

YFGKLESKLSVIRNLNDQVLFIDQGNRPLFEDMTDSDCRDNAPRTIFIISM
YKDSQPRGMAVTISVKCEKISTLSCENKIISFKEMNPPDNIKDTKSDIIFFQRSVPG
HDNKMQFESSSYEGYFLACEKERDLFKLILKKEDELGDRSIMFTVQNED

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

In some cases, the leader (signal sequence) peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

Example 8: Purification of 18t15-12s by immunoaffinity chromatography

An anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare™ AKTA Avant protein purification system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Cell culture harvest of 18t15-12s was adjusted to pH 7.4 with 1M Tris base and loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After loading the sample, the column was washed with 5 column volumes PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes 0.1M acetic acid, pH 2.9. Absorbance at 280 nm was collected and then the sample was neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 by adding 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon® centrifugal filters with a 30 KDa molecular weight cutoff. Figure 21 shows that the 18t15-12s complex binds the anti-TF antibody affinity column, wherein TF is an 18t15-12s binding partner. The buffer-exchanged protein sample is stored at 2-8°C for further biochemical analysis and biological activity testing.

After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was then stripped using 6 column volumes 0.1M glycine, pH 2.5. The column was then neutralized using 10 column volumes PBS, 0.05% sodium azide and stored at 2-8°C.

Example 9: Size exclusion chromatography of 18t15-12s

A GE Healthcare Superdex® 200 Increase 10/300 GL gel filtration column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA™ Avant protein purification system. The column was equilibrated with 2 column volumes of PBS. The flow rate was 0.8 mL/min. A capillary loop was used to inject 200µL of 1 mg/mL of 18t15-12s complex onto the column. The injection was chased with 1.25 column volumes of PBS. The SEC chromatograph is shown in Figure 22. There is a main 18t15-12s protein peak with a minor high molecular weight peak, likely due to differing degrees of glycosylation of 18t15-12s dimers or aggregates.

Example 10: SDS-PAGE of 18t15-12s

To determine the purity and protein molecular weight, the purified 18t15-12s protein sample was analyzed using 4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris protein gel SDS-PAGE. The gel was stained with InstantBlue™ for about 30 min, followed by destaining overnight in purified water. Figure 23 shows an example SDS gel of anti-TF antibody affinity purified 18t15-12s, with bands at the expected molecular weights (66 kDa and 56 kDa).

Example 11: Glycosylation of 18t15-12s in CHO-K1 cells

Glycosylation of 18t15-12s in CHO-K1 cells was confirmed using the Protein Deglycosylation Mix II kit (New England Biolabs), according to the manufacturer's instructions. Figure 24 shows an example SDS PAGE of deglycosylated and non-deglycosylated 18t15-12s. Deglycosylation reduces the molecular weight of 18t15-12s as seen in Figure 24, lane 4.

Example 12: Recombinant protein quantitation of 18t15-12s complexes

The 18t15-12s complex was detected and quantified using standard sandwich ELISA methods (Figures 25-28). Anti-human tissue factor antibody served as the capture antibody and biotinylated anti-human IL-12, IL-15, or IL-18 antibody (BAF 219, BAM 247, D045-6, all R&D Systems) served as the detection antibody. Tissue factor in purified 18t15-12s protein complexes was also detected using an anti-human tissue factor capture antibody (I43), and anti-human tissue factor antibody detection. The I43/anti-TF antibody ELISA was compared to purified tissue factor at similar concentrations.

Example 13: Immunostimulatory capacity of the 18t15-12s complex

To assess the IL-15 immunostimulatory activity of the 18t15-12s complex, increasing concentrations of 18t15-12s was added to 32Dβ cells (104 cell/well) in 200 µL IMDM:10% FBS media. The 32Dβ cells were incubated for 3 days at 37°C. On the fourth day, WST-1 proliferation reagent (10 µL/well) was added and after 4 hours, absorbance was measured at 450 nm to determine cell proliferation based on cleavage of WST-1 to a soluble formazan dye. Bioactivity of human recombinant IL-15 was assessed

as a positive control. As shown in Figure 29, 18t15-12s demonstrated IL-15-dependent cell proliferation of 32Dβ cells. The 18t15-12s complex demonstrated reduced activity compared to human recombinant IL-15, possibly due to the linkage of IL-18 and tissue factor to the IL-15 domain.

In order to assess the individual activities of IL-12 and IL-18 in the 18t15-12s complex, 18t15-12s was added to HEK-Blue IL-12 and HEK-Blue IL-18 reporter cells ($5x10^4$ cell/well; hkb-il12 and hkb-hmil18, InvivoGen) in 200 µL IMDM:10% heat-inactivated FBS media. Cells were incubated for overnight at 37°C. 20 µl of induced HEK-Blue IL-12 and HEK-Blue IL-18 reporter cell supernatant was added to 180 µl of QUANTI-Blue (InvivoGen), and incubated for 1-3 hours at 37°C. IL-12 or IL-18 activity was assessed by measuring absorbance at 620 nm. Human recombinant IL-12 or IL-18 was assessed as a positive or negative control. As shown in Figure 30 and Figure 31, each of the cytokine domains of the 18t15-12s complex retain specific biological activity. The activity of 18t15-12s was reduced compared to that of human recombinant IL-18 or IL-12, possibly due to linkage of IL-15 and tissue factor to the IL-18 domain and linkage of IL-12 to the IL-15Rα sushi domain.

Example 14: Induction of cytokine-induced memory-like NK cells by the 18t15-12s complex

Cytokine-induced memory-like NK cells can be induced *ex vivo* following overnight stimulation of purified NK cells with saturating amounts of IL-12 (10 ng/mL), IL-15 (50 ng/mL), and IL-18 (50 ng/mL). These memory-like properties have been measured through expression of IL-2 receptor α (IL-2Rα, CD25), CD69 (and other activation markers), and increased IFN-γ production. To evaluate the ability of 18t15-12s complexes to promote generation of cytokine-induced memory-like NK cells, purified human NK cells (>95% CD56+) were stimulated for 14-18 hours with 0.01nM to 10000nM of the 18t15-12s complex or a combination of individual cytokines (recombinant IL-12 (10 ng/ml), IL-18 (50 ng/ml), and IL-15 (50 ng/ml)). Cell-surface CD25 and CD 69 expression and intracellular IFN-γ levels were assessed by antibody-staining and flow cytometry.

Fresh human leukocytes were obtained from a blood bank and CD56+ NK cells were isolated with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). The purity of NK cells was >70% and confirmed by staining with CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, CD69-APCFire750 specific antibodies (BioLegend). Cells were counted and resuspended in 0.2 x 10^6/mL in a 96 well flat bottom plate in 0.2 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco), supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). Cells were stimulated with either a mixture of cytokines hIL-12 (10 ng/mL) (Biolegend), hIL-18 (50 ng/mL) (R&D Systems) and hIL-15 (50 ng/mL) (NCI) or with 0.01 nM to 10000nM of the 18t15-12s at 37°C, 5% CO_2 for 14-18 hrs. The cells were then harvested and surface stained for CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, CD69-APCFire750 specific antibodies (BioLegend) for 30 minutes. After staining, cells were washed (1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature) in FACS buffer (1X PBS (Hyclone), with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)). After two washes, cells were analyzed using a BD FACSCelesta™ flow cytometer (Plotted Data-Mean Fluorescence Intensity; Figure. 32A and Figure 32B).

Fresh human leukocytes were obtained from a blood bank and CD56+ NK cells were isolated with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). The purity of NK cells was >70% and confirmed by staining with CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, CD69-APCFire750 specific antibodies (BioLegend). Cells were counted and resuspended in 0.2 x 10^6/mL in a 96 well flat bottom plate in 0.2 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco), supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). Cells were stimulated with either a cytokine mix of hIL-12 (10 ng/mL) (Biolegend), hIL-18 (50 ng/mL) (R&D), and hIL-15 (50 ng/mL) (NCI), or 0.01 nM to 10000 nM of the 18t15-12s complex at 37°C, 5% CO2 for 14-18 hrs. The cells were then treated with 10 µg/mL of Brefeldin A (Sigma) and 1X of Monensin (eBioscience) for 4 hrs before harvesting and staining for CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, CD69-APCFire750 specific antibodies for 30 minutes. After staining, cells were washed (1500 RPM for 5 minutes in room temperature) in FACS

buffer (1X PBS (Hyclone), with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)) and fixed for 10 minutes at room temperature. After fixation, cells were washed (1500 RPM for 5 minutes in room temperature) in 1x permeabilized buffer (eBioscience) and stained with IFN-γ- PE (Biolegend) for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were washed once again with 1x permeabilized buffer and then washed with FACS buffer. Cell pellets were resuspended in 300 µls of FACS buffer and analyzed using a BD FACSCelesta™ flow cytometer (Plotted % of IFN-γ Positive Cells; Figure 33).

Example 15: In vitro cytotoxicity of NK cells against human tumor cells

Human myelogenous leukemia cells, K562 (CellTrace violet labelled), were incubated with purified human NK cells in the presence of increasing concentrations of the 18t15-12s complex or a mixture of cytokines as a control. After 20 hours, the cultures were harvested, stained with propidium iodide (PI), and assessed by flow cytometry. As shown in Figure 34, the 18t15-12s complex induced human NK cytotoxicity against K562, at levels similar or greater than the cytokine mixture, wherein both the 18t15-12s complex and the cytokine mixture induced greater cytotoxicity than the medium control.

Example 16: Creation of IL-12/IL-15RαSu/αCD16scFv and IL-18/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs

In a non-limiting example, IL-12/IL-15RαSu/αCD16scFv and IL-18/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs were created (Figure 35 and Figure 36). The human IL-12 subunit sequences, human IL-15RαSu sequence, human IL-15 sequence, human tissue factor 219 sequence, and human IL-18 sequence were synthesized by Genewiz. A DNA construct was made linking the IL-12 subunit beta (p40) to IL-12 subunit alpha (p35) with a GS (3) linker to generate a single chain version of IL-12, directly linking the IL-12 sequence to the IL-15RαSu sequence, and directly linking the IL-12/ IL-15RαSu construct to the N-terminus coding region of αCD16scFv.

The nucleic acid sequence of the IL-12/IL-15RαSu/αCD16scFv construct is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 226):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAATGGGTGACCTTTATTTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTTAGCAGCGCCTACTCC

(Human IL-12 subunit beta (p40))

ATTTGGGAACTGAAGAAGGACGTCTACGTGGTCGAACTGGACTGGTAT
CCCGATGCTCCCGGCGAAATGGTGGTGCTCACTTGTGACACCCCCGAAGAAG
ACGGCATCACTTGGACCCTCGATCAGAGCAGCGAGGTGCTGGGCTCCGGAAA
GACCCTCACAATCCAAGTTAAGGAGTTCGGAGACGCTGGCCAATACACATGC
CACAAGGGAGGCGAGGTGCTCAGCCATTCCTTATTATTATTACACAAGAAGG
AAGACGGAATCTGGTCCACCGACATTTTAAAAGATCAGAAGGAGCCCAAGA
ATAAGACCTTTTTAAGGTGTGAGGCCAAAAACTACAGCGGTCGTTTCACTTGT
TGGTGGCTGACCACCATTTCCACCGATTTAACCTTCTCCGTGAAAAGCAGCCG
GGGAAGCTCCGACCCTCAAGGTGTGACATGTGGAGCCGCTACCCTCAGCGCT
GAGAGGGTTCGTGGCGATAACAAGGAATACGAGTACAGCGTGGAGTGCCAA
GAAGATAGCGCTTGTCCCGCTGCCGAAGAATCTTTACCCATTGAGGTGATGG
TGGACGCCGTGCACAAACTCAAGTACGAGAACTACACCTCCTCCTTCTTTATC
CGGGACATCATTAAGCCCGATCCTCCTAAGAATTTACAGCTGAAGCCTCTCA
AAAATAGCCGGCAAGTTGAGGTCTCTTGGGAATATCCCGACACTTGGAGCAC
ACCCCACAGCTACTTCTCTTTAACCTTTTGTGTGCAAGTTCAAGGTAAAAGCA
AGCGGGAGAAGAAAGACCGGGTGTTTACCGACAAAACCAGCGCCACCGTCA
TCTGTCGGAAGAACGCCTCCATCAGCGTGAGGGCTCAAGATCGTTATTACTCC
AGCAGCTGGTCCGAGTGGGCCAGCGTGCCTTGTTCC

(Linker)

GGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCT

(Human IL-12 subunit alpha (p35))

CGTAACCTCCCCGTGGCTACCCCCGATCCCGGAATGTTCCCTTGTTTAC
ACCACAGCCAGAATTTACTGAGGGCCGTGAGCAACATGCTGCAGAAAGCTAG
GCAGACTTTAGAATTTTACCCTTGCACCAGCGAGGAGATCGACCATGAAGAT

ATCACCAAGGACAAGACATCCACCGTGGAGGCTTGTTTACCTCTGGAGCTGA
CAAAGAACGAGTCTTGTCTCAACTCTCGTGAAACCAGCTTCATCACAAATGG
CTCTTGTTTAGCTTCCCGGAAGACCTCCTTTATGATGGCTTTATGCCTCAGCTC
CATCTACGAGGATTTAAAGATGTACCAAGTGGAGTTCAAGACCATGAACGCC
AAGCTGCTCATGGACCCTAAACGGCAGATCTTTTTAGACCAGAACATGCTGG
CTGTGATTGATGAGCTGATGCAAGCTTTAAACTTCAACTCCGAGACCGTCCCT
CAGAAGTCCTCCCTCGAGGAGCCCGATTTTTACAAGACAAAGATCAAACTGT
GCATTTTACTCCACGCCTTTAGGATCCGGGCCGTGACCATTGACCGGGTCATG
AGCTATTTAAACGCCAGC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

(anti-Human CD16 light chain variable domain)

TCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACC
GTGAGGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGT
ACCAGCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAA
CAGGCCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCG
CCTCCCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTG
CAACTCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAG
CTGACCGTGGGCCAT

(*Linker)*

GGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGAGGAGGATCC

(anti-Human CD16 heavy chain variable domain)

GAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCTGGAGG
CTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTACGGCA
TGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCCGGCAT
CAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCAGGTTC
ACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAACTCCC

TGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCCCTGCT
GTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG

Constructs were also made linking the IL-18 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219, and linking the IL-18/TF construct with the N-terminus coding region of IL-15 (Figure 36). The nucleic acid sequence of the IL-18/TF/IL-15 construct (including leader sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 177):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTCACATTTATCTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACAGC

(Human IL-18)

TACTTCGGCAAACTGGAATCCAAGCTGAGCGTGATCCGGAATTTAAAC
GACCAAGTTCTGTTTATCGATCAAGGTAACCGGCCTCTGTTCGAGGACATGAC
CGACTCCGATTGCCGGGACAATGCCCCCCGGACCATCTTCATTATCTCCATGT
ACAAGGACAGCCAGCCCCGGGGCATGGCTGTGACAATTAGCGTGAAGTGTGA
GAAAATCAGCACTTTATCTTGTGAGAACAAGATCATCTCCTTTAAGGAAATG
AACCCCCCCCGATAACATCAAGGACACCAAGTCCGATATCATCTTCTTCCAGC
GGTCCGTGCCCGGTCACGATAACAAGATGCAGTTCGAATCCTCCTCCTACGA
GGGCTACTTTTTAGCTTGTGAAAAGGAGAGGGATTTATTCAAGCTGATCCTCA
AGAAGGAGGACGAGCTGGGCGATCGTTCCATCATGTTCACCGTCCAAAACGA
GGAT

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC

AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

Example 17: Secretion of IL-12/IL-15RαSu/αCD16scFv and IL-18/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins

The IL-12/IL-15RαSu/αCD16scFv and IL-18/TF/IL-15 constructs were cloned into a pMSGV-1 modified retrovirus expression vector (Hughes, *Hum Gene Ther* 16:457–72, 2005, herein incorporated by reference), and the expression vector was transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells resulted in secretion of a soluble IL-18/TF/IL-15:IL-12/IL-15RαSu/αCD16scFv protein complex (referred to as 18t15-12s/αCD16; Figure 37 and Figure 38). Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells resulted in secretion of the soluble IL-18/TF/IL-15:IL-12/IL-15RαSu/αCD16scFv protein complex (referred to as 18t15-12s/αCD16; Figure 37 and Figure 38), which can be purified by anti-TF Ab affinity and other chromatography methods. In some cases, the signal peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form.

The amino acid sequence of the IL-12/IL-15RαSu/αCD16scFv fusion protein (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 225):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-12 subunit beta (p40))

IWELKKDVYVVELDWYPDAPGEMVVLTCDTPEEDGITWTLDQSSEVLGS
GKTLTIQVKEFGDAGQYTCHKGGEVLSHSLLLLHKKEDGIWSTDILKDQKEPKN
KTFLRCEAKNYSGRFTCWWLTTISTDLTFSVKSSRGSSDPQGVTCGAATLSAERV
RGDNKEYEYSVECQEDSACPAAEESLPIEVMVDAVHKLKYENYTSSFFIRDIIKPD
PPKNLQLKPLKNSRQVEVSWEYPDTWSTPHSYFSLTFCVQVQGKSKREKKDRVF
TDKTSATVICRKNASISVRAQDRYYSSSWSEWASVPCS

(*Linker*)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(*Human IL-12 subunit alpha (p35))*

RNLPVATPDPGMFPCLHHSQNLLRAVSNMLQKARQTLEFYPCTSEEIDHE
DITKDKTSTVEACLPLELTKNESCLNSRETSFITNGSCLASRKTSFMMALCLSSIYE
DLKMYQVEFKTMNAKLLMDPKRQIFLDQNMLAVIDELMQALNFNSETVPQKSS
LEEPDFYKTKIKLCILLHAFRIRAVTIDRVMSYLNAS

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

(anti-Human CD16 light chain variable domain)

SELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGK
NNRPSGIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKL
TVGH

(*Linker*)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(anti-Human CD16 heavy chain variable domain)

EVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGMSWVRQAPGKGLEWV
SGINWNGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARGRS
LLFDYWGQGTLVTVSR

The amino acid sequence of the IL-18/TF/IL-15 fusion protein (including leader sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 221):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-18)

YFGKLESKLSVIRNLNDQVLFIDQGNRPLFEDMTDSDCRDNAPRTIFIISM YKDSQPRGMAVTISVKCEKISTLSCENKIISFKEMNPPDNIKDTKSDIIFFQRSVPG HDNKMQFESSSYEGYFLACEKERDLFKLILKKEDELGDRSIMFTVQNED

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ MFINTS

Example 18: Creation of IL-18/IL-15RαSu and IL-12/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs

In a non-limiting example, IL-18/IL-15RαSu and IL-12/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs were created. The human IL-18 subunit sequences, human IL-15RαSu sequence, human IL-12 sequence, human tissue factor 219 sequence, and human IL-15 sequence were synthesized by Genewiz. A DNA construct was made linking IL-18 directly to IL-15RαSu. An additional construct was also made linking IL-12 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of human tissue factor 219 form, and further linking the IL-12/TF construct to the N-terminus coding region of IL-15. As described above, a single-chain version of IL-12 (p40-linker-p35) was used.

The nucleic acid sequence of the IL-18/IL-15RαSu construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 320):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTCACATTTATCTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACAGC

(Human IL-18)

TACTTCGGCAAACTGGAATCCAAGCTGAGCGTGATCCGGAATTTAAAC
GACCAAGTTCTGTTTATCGATCAAGGTAACCGGCCTCTGTTCGAGGACATGAC
CGACTCCGATTGCCGGGACAATGCCCCCCGGACCATCTTCATTATCTCCATGT
ACAAGGACAGCCAGCCCCGGGGCATGGCTGTGACAATTAGCGTGAAGTGTGA
GAAAATCAGCACTTTATCTTGTGAGAACAAGATCATCTCCTTTAAGGAAATG
AACCCCCCCCGATAACATCAAGGACACCAAGTCCGATATCATCTTCTTCCAGC
GGTCCGTGCCCGGTCACGATAACAAGATGCAGTTCGAATCCTCCTCCTACGA
GGGCTACTTTTTAGCTTGTGAAAAGGAGAGGGATTTATTCAAGCTGATCCTCA
AGAAGGAGGACGAGCTGGGCGATCGTTCCATCATGTTCACCGTCCAAAACGA
GGAT

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

The nucleic acid sequence of the IL-12/TF/IL-15 construct (including leader sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 321):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAATGGGTGACCTTTATTTCTTTACTGTTCCTCTTTAGCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL-12 subunit beta (p40))

ATTTGGGAACTGAAGAAGGACGTCTACGTGGTCGAACTGGACTGGTAT
CCCGATGCTCCCGGCGAAATGGTGGTGCTCACTTGTGACACCCCCGAAGAAG
ACGGCATCACTTGGACCCTCGATCAGAGCAGCGAGGTGCTGGGCTCCGGAAA
GACCCTCACAATCCAAGTTAAGGAGTTCGGAGACGCTGGCCAATACACATGC
CACAAGGGAGGCGAGGTGCTCAGCCATTCCTTATTATTATTACACAAGAAGG
AAGACGGAATCTGGTCCACCGACATTTTAAAAGATCAGAAGGAGCCCAAGA
ATAAGACCTTTTTAAGGTGTGAGGCCAAAAACTACAGCGGTCGTTTCACTTGT
TGGTGGCTGACCACCATTTCCACCGATTTAACCTTCTCCGTGAAAAGCAGCCG
GGGAAGCTCCGACCCTCAAGGTGTGACATGTGGAGCCGCTACCCTCAGCGCT
GAGAGGGTTCGTGGCGATAACAAGGAATACGAGTACAGCGTGGAGTGCCAA
GAAGATAGCGCTTGTCCCGCTGCCGAAGAATCTTTACCCATTGAGGTGATGG
TGGACGCCGTGCACAAACTCAAGTACGAGAACTACACCTCCTCCTTCTTTATC
CGGGACATCATTAAGCCCGATCCTCCTAAGAATTTACAGCTGAAGCCTCTCA
AAAATAGCCGGCAAGTTGAGGTCTCTTGGGAATATCCCGACACTTGGAGCAC
ACCCCACAGCTACTTCTCTTTAACCTTTTGTGTGCAAGTTCAAGGTAAAAGCA
AGCGGGAGAAGAAAGACCGGGTGTTTACCGACAAAACCAGCGCCACCGTCA
TCTGTCGGAAGAACGCCTCCATCAGCGTGAGGGCTCAAGATCGTTATTACTCC
AGCAGCTGGTCCGAGTGGGCCAGCGTGCCTTGTTCC

(*Linker*)

GGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCT

(*Human IL-12 subunit alpha (p35)*)

CGTAACCTCCCCGTGGCTACCCCCGATCCCGGAATGTTCCCTTGTTTAC
ACCACAGCCAGAATTTACTGAGGGCCGTGAGCAACATGCTGCAGAAAGCTAG
GCAGACTTTAGAATTTTACCCTTGCACCAGCGAGGAGATCGACCATGAAGAT
ATCACCAAGGACAAGACATCCACCGTGGAGGCTTGTTTACCTCTGGAGCTGA
CAAAGAACGAGTCTTGTCTCAACTCTCGTGAAACCAGCTTCATCACAAATGG
CTCTTGTTTAGCTTCCCGGAAGACCTCCTTTATGATGGCTTTATGCCTCAGCTC
CATCTACGAGGATTTAAAGATGTACCAAGTGGAGTTCAAGACCATGAACGCC
AAGCTGCTCATGGACCCTAAACGGCAGATCTTTTTAGACCAGAACATGCTGG
CTGTGATTGATGAGCTGATGCAAGCTTTAAACTTCAACTCCGAGACCGTCCCT

CAGAAGTCCTCCCTCGAGGAGCCCGATTTTTACAAGACAAAGATCAAACTGT
GCATTTTACTCCACGCCTTTAGGATCCGGGCCGTGACCATTGACCGGGTCATG
AGCTATTTAAACGCCAGC

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

Example 19: Secretion of IL-18/IL-15RαSu and IL-12/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins

The IL-18/IL-15RαSu and IL-12/TF/IL-15 constructs were cloned into a pMSGV-1 modified retrovirus expression vector (Hughes, *Hum Gene Ther* 16:457–72, 2005 herein incorporated by reference), and the expression vector was transfected into CHO-

K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells resulted in secretion of a soluble IL-12/TF/IL-15:IL-18/IL-15RαSu protein complex (referred to as 12t15/s18), which can be purified by anti-TF Ab affinity and other chromatography methods.

The amino acid sequence of the IL-18/IL-15RαSu fusion protein (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 322):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-18)

YFGKLESKLSVIRNLNDQVLFIDQGNRPLFEDMTDSDCRDNAPRTIFIISM YKDSQPRGMAVTISVKCEKISTLSCENKIISFKEMNPPDNIKDTKSDIIFFQRSVPG HDNKMQFESSSYEGYFLACEKERDLFKLILKKEDELGDRSIMFTVQNED

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

The amino acid sequence of the IL-12/TF/IL-15 fusion protein (including leader sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 323):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-12 subunit beta (p40))

IWELKKDVYVVELDWYPDAPGEMVVLTCDTPEEDGITWTLDQSSEVLGS GKTLTIQVKEFGDAGQYTCHKGGEVLSHSLLLLHKKEDGIWSTDILKDQKEPKN KTFLRCEAKNYSGRFTCWWLTTISTDLTFSVKSSRGSSDPQGVTCGAATLSAERV RGDNKEYEYSVECQEDSACPAAEESLPIEVMVDAVHKLKYENYTSSFFIRDIIKPD PPKNLQLKPLKNSRQVEVSWEYPDTWSTPHSYFSLTFCVQVQGKSKREKKDRVF TDKTSATVICRKNASISVRAQDRYYSSSWSEWASVPCS

(Linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(Human IL-12 subunit alpha (p35))

RNLPVATPDPGMFPCLHHSQNLLRAVSNMLQKARQTLEFYPCTSEEIDHE
DITKDKTSTVEACLPLELTKNESCLNSRETSFITNGSCLASRKTSFMMALCLSSIYE
DLKMYQVEFKTMNAKLLMDPKRQIFLDQNMLAVIDELMQALNFNSETVPQKSS
LEEPDFYKTKIKLCILLHAFRIRAVTIDRVMSYLNAS

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

Example 20: Recombinant protein quantitation of the 18t15-12s16 complex

The 18t15-12s16 complex (comprising IL-12/IL-15RαSu/αCD16scFv;IL-18/TF/IL-15) was detected and quantified using standard sandwich ELISA methods (Figure 39). Anti-human tissue factorantibody/IL-2 or anti-TF Ab /IL-18 served as the capture antibody and biotinylated anti-human IL-12 or IL-18 antibody (BAF 219, D045-6, both R&D Systems) served as the detection antibody. Tissue factor was also detected using an anti-human tissue factor antibody (I43), and anti-human tissue factor antibody detection.

Example 21: Creation of TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu and IL-21/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs

In a non-limiting example, a TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu DNA construct was created (Figure 40). The human TGFβRII dimer and human IL-21 sequences were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. A DNA

construct was made linking the TGFβRII to another TGFβRII with a linker to generate a single chain version of TGFβRII and then directly linking the TGFβRII single chain dimer sequence to the N-terminal coding region of IL-15RαSu.

The nucleic acid sequences of the TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu construct (including signal sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 196):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human TGFβRII-1st fragment)

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCACGATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC
ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGAT

(*Linker)*

GGAGGTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGT

(Human TGFβRII-2nd fragment)

ATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACC
GATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGA
GGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCACAATCAC
CTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAAT
GACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACC
ACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAA
AAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGC
AACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATCACGTGTCCTCCTCCTATGTCCGTGGAACACGCAGACATCTGGGTC
AAGAGCTACAGCTTGTACTCCAGGGAGCGGTACATTTGTAACTCTGGTTTCAA
GCGTAAAGCCGGCACGTCCAGCCTGACGGAGTGCGTGTTGAACAAGGCCACG
AATGTCGCCCACTGGACAACCCCCAGTCTCAAATGTATTAGA

Additionally, an IL-21/TF/IL-15 construct was made linking the IL-21 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219, and further linking the IL-21/TF construct to the N-terminus coding region of IL-15 (Figure 41). The nucleic acid sequence of the IL-21/TF/IL-15 construct (including leader sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 192):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL-21)

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACAT
CGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCT
GCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTC
AGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCA
ACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCA
GGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGA
AGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGAT
CCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

TCCGGCACCACCAATACCGTGGCCGCTTATAACCTCACATGGAAGAGC
ACCAACTTCAAGACAATTCTGGAATGGGAACCCAAGCCCGTCAATCAAGTTT
ACACCGTGCAGATCTCCACCAAATCCGGAGACTGGAAGAGCAAGTGCTTCTA
CACAACAGACACCGAGTGTGATTTAACCGACGAAATCGTCAAGGACGTCAAG
CAAACCTATCTGGCTCGGGTCTTTTCCTACCCCGCTGGCAATGTCGAGTCCAC
CGGCTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTCTCTACGAGAATTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCTTATT
TAGAGACCAATTTAGGCCAGCCTACCATCCAGAGCTTCGAGCAAGTTGGCAC

CAAGGTGAACGTCACCGTCGAGGATGAAAGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAATAAC
ACATTTTTATCCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGACCTCATCTACACACTGTA
CTATTGGAAGTCCAGCTCCTCCGGCAAAAAGACCGCTAAGACCAACACCAAC
GAGTTTTTAATTGACGTGGACAAAGGCGAGAACTACTGCTTCAGCGTGCAAG
CCGTGATCCCTTCTCGTACCGTCAACCGGAAGAGCACAGATTCCCCCGTTGA
GTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

Example 22: Secretion of TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu and IL-21/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins

The TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu and IL-21/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs were cloned into a pMSGV-1 modified retrovirus expression vector (as described in Hughes et al., *Hum Gene Ther* 16:457–72, 2005, herein incorporated by reference), and the expression vector was transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells resulted in secretion of the soluble IL-21/TF/IL-15:TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu protein complex (referred to as 21t15-TGFRs; Figure 42 and Figure 43). The 21t15-TGFRs complex was purified from CHO-K1 cell culture supernatant using anti-TF antibody affinity chromatography and other chromatography methods.

The amino acid sequence of the TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 195):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβRII-1st fragment)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(Human TGFβRII-2nd fragment)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

The amino acid sequence of the mature IL-21/TF/IL-15 fusion protein (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 191):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCF
QKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPK
EFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate a mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

Example 23: Purification of 21t15-TGFRs by immunoaffinity chromatography

An anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA™ Avant protein purification system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Cell culture harvest of 21t15-TGFRs was adjusted to pH 7.4 with 1M Tris base and loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After loading the sample, the column was washed with 5 column volumes PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes 0.1M acetic acid, pH 2.9. Absorbance at 280 nm was collected and then the sample was then neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 by adding 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon® centrifugal filters with a 30 KDa molecular weight cutoff. Figure 44 shows that the 21t15-TGFRs complex binds anti-TF antibody affinity column, wherein TF is a 21t15-TGFRs binding partner. The buffer-exchanged protein sample is stored at 2-8°C for further biochemical analysis and biological activity testing.

After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was then stripped using 6 column volumes 0.1M glycine, pH 2.5. The column was then neutralized using 10 column volumes PBS, 0.05% sodium azide, and stored at 2-8°C.

Example 24: Size exclusion chromatography of 21t15-TGFRs

A GE Healthcare Superdex® 200 Increase 10/300 GL gel filtration column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA™ Avant protein purification system. The column was equilibrated with 2 column volumes of PBS. The flow rate was 0.8 mL/min. A capillary loop was used to inject 200μL of 1 mg/mL of 21t15-TGFRs complex onto the

column. The injection was then chased with 1.25 column volumes of PBS. The SEC chromatograph was shown in Figure 45. There were two protein peaks, likely representing a monomer and dimer forms of 21t15-TGFRs.

Example 25: SDS-PAGE of 21t15-TGFRs

To determine the purity and protein molecular weight, the purified 21t15-TGFRs complex protein sample was analyzed using 4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris protein gel SDS-PAGE under reduced conditions. The gel was stained with InstantBlue™ for about 30 min, followed by destaining overnight in purified water. Figure 46 shows an example SDS gel of anti-TF antibody affinity purified 21t15-TGFRs, with bands at 39.08 kDa and 53 kDa

Glycosylation of 21t15-TGFRs in CHO cells was confirmed using the Protein Deglycosylation Mix II kit (New England Biolabs) and the manufacturer's instructions. Deglycosylation reduces the molecular weight of 21t15-TGFRs, as seen in lane 4 of Figure 46.

Example 26: Recombinant protein quantitation of 21t15-TGFRs complexes

The 21t15-TGFRs complex was detected and quantified using standard sandwich ELISA methods (Figures 47-50). Anti-human tissue factor antibody served as the capture antibody and biotinylated anti-human IL-21, IL-15, or TGFβRII served as the detection antibody. Tissue factor was also detected using an anti-human tissue factor capture antibody (I43), and anti-human tissue factor antibody detection. The I43/ anti-TF antibody ELISA was compared to purified tissue factor at similar concentrations.

Example 27: Immunostimulatory capacity of the 21t15-TGFRs complex

To assess the IL-15 immunostimulatory activity of the 21t15-TGFRs complexes, increasing concentrations of 21t15-TGFRs was added to 32Dβ cells (10^4 cell/well) in 200 μL IMDM:10% FBS media and cells were incubated for 3 days at 37°C. On the fourth day, WST-1 proliferation reagent (10 μL/well) then was added and after 4 hours, absorbance was measured at 450 nm to determine cell proliferation based on cleavage of

WST-1 to a soluble formazan dye. Bioactivity of the human recombinant IL-15 was assessed as a positive control. As shown in Figure 51, 21t15-TGFRs demonstrated IL-15-dependent 32Dβ cell proliferation. The 21t15-TGFRs complex was reduced compared to that of human recombinant IL-15, possibly due to the linkage of IL-21 and tissue factor to the IL-15 domain.

Additionally, HEK-Blue TGFβ reporter cells (hkb-tgfb, InvivoGen) were used to measure the ability of 21t15-TGFRs to block TGFβ1 activity (Figure 52). Increasing concentrations of 21t15-TGFRs were mixed with 0.1 nM of TGFβ1 and added to HEK-Blue TGFβ reporter cells ($2.5x10^4$ cell/well) in 200 µL IMDM:10% heat-inactivated FBS media. Cells were incubated overnight at 37°C. The next day, 20 µl of induced HEK-Blue TGFβ reporter cell supernatant was added to 180 µl of QUANTI-Blue (InvivoGen) and incubated for 1-3 hours at 37°C. 21t15-TGFRs activity was assessed by measuring absorbance at 620 nm. Human recombinant TGFβRII/Fc activity was assessed as a positive control.

These results demonstrate that TGFβRII domain of the 21t15-TGFRs complex retains its ability to trap TGFβ1. The ability of 21t15-TGFRs to block TGFβ1 activity was reduced compared to that of human recombinant TGFβRII/Fc, possibly due to the linkage of TGFβRII to the IL-15Rα sushi domain.

Example 28: Induction of cytokine-induced memory-like NK cells by the 21t15-TGFRs complex

Cytokine-induced memory-like NK cells can be induced *ex vivo* following overnight stimulation of purified NK cells with saturating amounts of cytokines. These memory-like properties can be measured through expression of IL-2 receptor α (IL-2Rα, CD25), CD69 (and other activation markers), and increased IFN-γ production. To evaluate the ability of 21t15-TGFRs complexes to promote generation of cytokine-induced memory-like NK cells, purified human NK cells (>95% CD56+) were stimulated for 14-18 hours with 1 nM to 100 nM of the 21t15-TGFRs complex. Cell-surface CD25

and CD 69 expression and intracellular IFN-γ levels were assessed by antibody-staining and flow cytometry.

Fresh human leukocytes were obtained from a blood bank and CD56+ NK cells were isolated with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). The purity of NK cells was >70% and confirmed by staining with CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, CD69-APCFire750 specific antibodies (BioLegend). Cells were counted and resuspended in 0.2 x 10^6/mL in a 96 well flat bottom plate in 0.2 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco), supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). Cells were stimulated with either mix-cytokines of hIL-21 (50 ng/ml) (Biolegend) and hIL-15 (50 ng/ml) (NCI) or with 1 nM, 10 nM, or 100 nM 21t15-TGFRs complex overnight at 37°C, 5% CO_2 for 14-18 hrs. The cells were then harvested and surface stained for CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, CD69-APCFire750 specific antibodies for 30 minutes. After staining, cells were washed (1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature) in FACS buffer (1X PBS (Hyclone) with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)). After two washes, cells were analyzed using a BD FACSCelesta™ flow cytometer. (Plotted Data-Mean Fluorescence Intensity; Figure 53 and Figure 54).

Fresh human leukocytes were obtained from a blood bank and CD56+ NK cells were isolated with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). The purity of NK cells was >70% and confirmed by staining with CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, CD69-APCFire750 specific antibodies (BioLegend). Cells were counted and resuspended in 0.2 x 106/ml in a 96 well flat bottom plate in 0.2 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco), supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). Cells were stimulated with either mix-cytokines of hIL-21 (50 ng/ml) (Biolegend) and hIL-15 (50 ng/ml) (NCI) or with 1 nM, 10 nM, or 100 nM 21t15-TGFRs complex overnight at 37°C, 5% CO2 for 14-18 hrs. The cells were then treated with 10 μg/ml of Brefeldin A (Sigma) and 1X of Monensin (eBioscience) for 4 hrs. Cells were harvested and surface stained for CD56-BV421,

CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, CD69-APCFire750 specific antibodies for 30 minutes. After staining, cells were washed (1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature) in FACS buffer (1X PBS (Hyclone) with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)) and fixed for 10 minutes at room temperature. After fixation, cells were washed (1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature) with 1x permeabilized buffer (eBioscience) and stained for intracellular IFN-γ- PE (Biolegend) for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were washed once again with 1x permeabilized buffer and then washed with FACS buffer. Cell pellets were resuspended in 300 µls of FACS Buffer and analyzed using a BD FACSCelesta™ flow cytometer. (Plotted % of IFN-γ Positive Cells; Figure 55).

Example 29: In vitro cytotoxicity of NK cells against human tumor cells

K562 (CellTrace violet labelled), human myelogenous leukemia cells, were incubated with purified human NK cells (using StemCell human NK cell purification kit (E:T ratio; 2:1)) in the presence of increasing concentrations of the 21t15-TGFRs complex. After 20 hours, the cultures were harvested, stained with propidium iodide (PI), and assessed by flow cytometry. As shown in Figure 56, the 21t15-TGFRs complex induced human NK cytotoxicity against K562, as compared to control.

Example 30: Creation of an IL-21/TF mutant/IL-15 DNA construct and resulting fusion protein complex with TGFβRII /IL-15RαSu

In a non-limiting example, an IL-21/TF mutant/IL-15 DNA construct was made by linking IL-21 directly to the N-terminus coding region of a tissue factor 219 mutant, and further linking the IL-21/TF mutant to the N-terminus coding region of IL-15.

The nucleic acid sequence of the IL-21/TF mutant/IL-15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 324, shaded nucleotides are mutant and the mutant codons are underlined):

(Signal sequence)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT ACTCC

(Human IL-21)

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACAT
CGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCT
GCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTC
AGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCA
ACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCA
GGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGA
AGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGAT
CCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC

(Human Tissue Factor 219 mutants)

TCCGGCACCACCAATACCGTGGCCGCTTATAACCTCACATGGAAGAGC
ACCAACTTCGCGACAGCTCTGGAATGGGAACCCAAGCCCGTCAATCAAGTTT
ACACCGTGCAGATCTCCACCAAATCCGGAGACTGGAAGAGCAAGTGCTTCTA
CACAACAGACACCGAGTGTGCTTTAACCGACGAAATCGTCAAGGACGTCAAG
CAAACCTATCTGGCTCGGGTCTTTTCCTACCCCGCTGGCAATGTCGAGTCCAC
CGGCTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTCTCTACGAGAATTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCTTATT
TAGAGACCAATTTAGGCCAGCCTACCATCCAGAGCTTCGAGCAAGTTGGCAC
CAAGGTGAACGTCACCGTCGAGGATGAAAGGACTTTAGTGCCGCGGAATAA
CACAGCCTTTATCCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGACCTCATCTACACACTGT
ACTATTGGAAGTCCAGCTCCTCCGGCAAAAAGACCGCTAAGACCAACACCAA
CGAGTTTTTAATTGACGTGGACAAAGGCGAGAACTACTGCTTCAGCGTGCAA
GCCGTGATCCCTTCTCGTACCGTCAACCGGAAGAGCACAGATTCCCCCGTTG
AGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG

GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of the IL-21/TF mutant/IL-15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 325, substituted residues are shaded):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCF
QKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPK
EFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTKLEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTRLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate a mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

In some embodiments, the IL-21/TF mutant/IL-15 DNA construct may be combined with an TGFβRII /IL-15RαSu DNA construct, transfected into cells using a retroviral vector as described above, and expressed as IL-21/TF mutant/IL-15 and TGFβRII/IL-15RαSu fusion proteins. The IL-15RαSu domain of the TGFβRII/IL-

15RαSu fusion protein binds to the IL-15 domain of the IL-21/TF mutant/IL-15 fusion protein to create an IL-21/TF mutant/IL-15:TGFβRII /IL-15RαSu complex.

Example 31: Creation of IL-21/IL-15RαSu and TGFβRII/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs and the resulting fusion protein complex

In a non-limiting example, an IL-21/IL-15RαSu DNA construct was made by linking IL-21 directly to the IL-15RαSu subunit sequence. The nucleic acid sequence of the IL-21/IL-15RαSu construct (including signal sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 214):

(Signal sequence)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL-21)

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACAT
CGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCT
GCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTC
AGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCA
ACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCA
GGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGA
AGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGAT
CCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

The amino acid sequence of the IL-21/IL-15RαSu construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 213):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCF
QKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPK
EFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate a mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

In some embodiments, the IL-21/IL-15RαSu DNA construct may be combined with a TGFβRII/TF/IL-15 DNA construct, transfected into a retroviral vector as described above, and expressed as IL-21/IL-15RαSu and TGFβRII/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins. The IL-15RαSu domain of the IL-21/IL-15RαSu fusion protein binds to the IL-15 domain of the TGFβRII/TF/IL-15 fusion protein to create a TGFβRII/TF/IL-15:IL-21/IL-15RαSu complex.

The TGFβRII/TF/IL-15RαSu DNA construct was created by linking the TGFβRII sequence to the N-terminus coding region of human tissue factor 219 form, and then linking the TGFβRII/TF construct to the N-terminus coding region of IL-15. As described above, a single-chain version of TGFβRII (TGFβRII-linker-TGFβRII) was used. The nucleic acid sequence of the TGFβRII/TF/IL-15 construct (including leader sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 239):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human TGFβRII-1st fragment)

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCACGATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC
ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGAT

(*Linker)*

GGAGGTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGT

(Human TGFβRII-2nd fragment)

ATTCCTCCCCACGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACC
GATAACAATGGCGCCGTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGA
GGTTTTCCACCTGCGACAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCACAATCAC
CTCCATCTGTGAGAAGCCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAAT
GACGAGAATATCACCCTGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACC
ACGATTTCATCCTGGAAGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAA
AAAGAAGCCTGGCGAGACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGC
AACGACAATATCATCTTTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

TCCGGCACCACCAATACCGTGGCCGCTTATAACCTCACATGGAAGAGC
ACCAACTTCAAGACAATTCTGGAATGGGAACCCAAGCCCGTCAATCAAGTTT
ACACCGTGCAGATCTCCACCAAATCCGGAGACTGGAAGAGCAAGTGCTTCTA
CACAACAGACACCGAGTGTGATTTAACCGACGAAATCGTCAAGGACGTCAAG
CAAACCTATCTGGCTCGGGTCTTTTCCTACCCCGCTGGCAATGTCGAGTCCAC
CGGCTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTCTCTACGAGAATTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCTTATT
TAGAGACCAATTTAGGCCAGCCTACCATCCAGAGCTTCGAGCAAGTTGGCAC
CAAGGTGAACGTCACCGTCGAGGATGAAAGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAATAAC
ACATTTTTATCCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGACCTCATCTACACACTGTA

CTATTGGAAGTCCAGCTCCTCCGGCAAAAAGACCGCTAAGACCAACACCAAC
GAGTTTTTAATTGACGTGGACAAAGGCGAGAACTACTGCTTCAGCGTGCAAG
CCGTGATCCCTTCTCGTACCGTCAACCGGAAGAGCACAGATTCCCCCGTTGA
GTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of the TGFβRII/TF/IL-15 fusion protein (including signal peptide) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 238):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβRII-1st fragment)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(Human TGFβRII-2nd fragment)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL

ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

Example 32. Production of an Exemplary Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptides

An exemplary single-chain chimeric polypeptide including a first target-binding domain that is an anti-CD3 scFv, a soluble human tissue factor domain, and a second target-binding domain that is an anti-CD28 scFv was generated (αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv) (Figure 57). The nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of this single-chain chimeric polypeptide are shown below.

Nucleic Acid Encoding Exemplary Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide (αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv) (SEQ ID NO: 158)

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCTTATTATTTTTATTCAGCTCCGCCT
ATTCC

(αCD3 light chain variable region)

CAGATCGTGCTGACCCAAAGCCCCGCCATCATGAGCGCTAGCCCCGGT
GAGAAGGTGACCATGACATGCTCCGCTTCCAGCTCCGTGTCCTACATGAACT
GGTATCAGCAGAAAAGCGGAACCAGCCCCAAAAGGTGGATCTACGACACCA
GCAAGCTGGCCTCCGGAGTGCCCGCTCATTTCCGGGGCTCTGGATCCGGCAC
CAGCTACTCTTTAACCATTTCCGGCATGGAAGCTGAAGACGCTGCCACCTACT
ATTGCCAGCAATGGAGCAGCAACCCCTTCACATTCGGATCTGGCACCAAGCT
CGAAATCAATCGT

(Linker)

GGAGGAGGTGGCAGCGGCGGCGGTGGATCCGGCGGAGGAGGAAGC

(αCD3 heavy chain variable region)

CAAGTTCAACTCCAGCAGAGCGGCGCTGAACTGGCCCGGCCCGGCGC
CTCCGTCAAGATGAGCTGCAAGGCTTCCGGCTATACATTTACTCGTTACACAA
TGCATTGGGTCAAGCAGAGGCCCGGTCAAGGTTTAGAGTGGATCGGATATAT
CAACCCTTCCCGGGGCTACACCAACTATAACCAAAAGTTCAAGGATAAAGCC
ACTTTAACCACTGACAAGAGCTCCTCCACCGCCTACATGCAGCTGTCCTCTTT
AACCAGCGAGGACTCCGCTGTTTACTACTGCGCTAGGTATTACGACGACCAC
TACTGTTTAGACTATTGGGGACAAGGTACCACTTTAACCGTCAGCAGC

(Human tissue factor 219 form)

TCCGGCACCACCAATACCGTGGCCGCTTATAACCTCACATGGAAGAGC
ACCAACTTCAAGACAATTCTGGAATGGGAACCCAAGCCCGTCAATCAAGTTT
ACACCGTGCAGATCTCCACCAAATCCGGAGACTGGAAGAGCAAGTGCTTCTA
CACAACAGACACCGAGTGTGATTTAACCGACGAAATCGTCAAGGACGTCAAG
CAAACCTATCTGGCTCGGGTCTTTTCCTACCCCGCTGGCAATGTCGAGTCCAC
CGGCTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTCTCTACGAGAATTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCTTATT
TAGAGACCAATTTAGGCCAGCCTACCATCCAGAGCTTCGAGCAAGTTGGCAC
CAAGGTGAACGTCACCGTCGAGGATGAAAGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAATAAC
ACATTTTTATCCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGACCTCATCTACACACTGTA
CTATTGGAAGTCCAGCTCCTCCGGCAAAAAGACCGCTAAGACCAACACCAAC
GAGTTTTTAATTGACGTGGACAAAGGCGAGAACTACTGCTTCAGCGTGCAAG
CCGTGATCCCTTCTCGTACCGTCAACCGGAAGAGCACAGATTCCCCCGTTGA
GTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(αCD28 light chain variable region)

GTCCAGCTGCAGCAGAGCGGACCCGAACTCGTGAAACCCGGTGCTTCC
GTGAAAATGTCTTGTAAGGCCAGCGGATACACCTTCACCTCCTATGTGATCCA
GTGGGTCAAACAGAAGCCCGGACAAGGTCTCGAGTGGATCGGCAGCATCAA
CCCTTACAACGACTATACCAAATACAACGAGAAGTTTAAGGGAAAGGCTACT
TTAACCTCCGACAAAAGCTCCATCACAGCCTACATGGAGTTCAGCTCTTTAAC

ATCCGAGGACAGCGCTCTGTACTATTGCGCCCGGTGGGGCGACGGCAATTAC
TGGGGACGGGGCACAACACTGACCGTGAGCAGC

(Linker)

GGAGGCGGAGGCTCCGGCGGAGGCGGATCTGGCGGTGGCGGCTCC

(αCD28 light chain variable region)

GACATCGAGATGACCCAGTCCCCCGCTATCATGTCCGCCTCTTTAGGCGAGC
GGGTCACAATGACTTGTACAGCCTCCTCCAGCGTCTCCTCCTCCTACTTCCAT
TGGTACCAACAGAAACCCGGAAGCTCCCCTAAACTGTGCATCTACAGCACCA
GCAATCTCGCCAGCGGCGTGCCCCCTAGGTTTTCCGGAAGCGGAAGCACCAG
CTACTCTTTAACCATCTCCTCCATGGAGGCTGAGGATGCCGCCACCTACTTTT
GTCACCAGTACCACCGGTCCCCCACCTTCGGAGGCGGCACCAAACTGGAGAC
AAAGAGG

Exemplary Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide (αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv) (SEQ ID NO: 157)

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(αCD3 light chain variable region)

QIVLTQSPAIMSASPGEKVTMTCSASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDT
SKLASGVPAHFRGSGSGTSYSLTISGMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPFTFGSGTKLEI
NR

(Linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(αCD3 heavy chain variable region)

QVQLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWI
GYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDKSSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDD
HYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSS

(Human tissue factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(αCD28 light chain variable region)

VQLQQSGPELVKPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTSYVIQWVKQKPGQGLEWIGS
INPYNDYTKYNEKFKGKATLTSDKSSITAYMEFSSLTSEDSALYYCARWGDGNY
WGRGTTLTVSS

(Linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(αCD28 heavy chain variable region)

DIEMTQSPAIMSASLGERVTMTCTASSSVSSSYFHWYQQKPGSSPKLCIYSTSNLA
SGVPPRFSGSGSTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYFCHQYHRSPTFGGGTKLETKR

A second exemplary single-chain chimeric polypeptide including a first target-binding domain that is an anti-CD28 scFv, a soluble human tissue factor domain, and a second target-binding domain that is an anti-CD3 scFv was generated (αCD28scFv/TF/αCD3scFv) (Figure 57). The nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of this single-chain chimeric polypeptide are shown below.

Nucleic Acid Encoding Exemplary Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide (αCD28scFv/TF/αCD3scFv) (SEQ ID NO: 326)

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAATGGGTCACCTTCATCTCTTTACTGTTTTTATTTAGCAGCGCCT
ACAGC

(αCD28 light chain variable region)

GTGCAGCTGCAGCAGTCCGGACCCGAACTGGTCAAGCCCGGTGCCTCC
GTGAAAATGTCTTGTAAGGCTTCTGGCTACACCTTTACCTCCTACGTCATCCA
ATGGGTGAAGCAGAAGCCCGGTCAAGGTCTCGAGTGGATCGGCAGCATCAAT
CCCTACAACGATTACACCAAGTATAACGAAAAGTTTAAGGGCAAGGCCACTC

TGACAAGCGACAAGAGCTCCATTACCGCCTACATGGAGTTTTCCTCTTTAACT
TCTGAGGACTCCGCTTTATACTATTGCGCTCGTTGGGGCGATGGCAATTATTG
GGGCCGGGGAACTACTTTAACAGTGAGCTCC

(*Linker)*

GGCGGCGGCGGAAGCGGAGGTGGAGGATCTGGCGGTGGAGGCAGC

(αCD28 heavy chain variable region)

GACATCGAGATGACACAGTCCCCCGCTATCATGAGCGCCTCTTTAGGA
GAACGTGTGACCATGACTTGTACAGCTTCCTCCAGCGTGAGCAGCTCCTATTT
CCACTGGTACCAGCAGAAACCCGGCTCCTCCCCTAAACTGTGTATCTACTCCA
CAAGCAATTTAGCTAGCGGCGTGCCTCCTCGTTTTAGCGGCTCCGGCAGCACC
TCTTACTCTTTAACCATTAGCTCTATGGAGGCCGAAGATGCCGCCACATACTT
TTGCCATCAGTACCACCGGTCCCCTACCTTTGGCGGAGGCACAAAGCTGGAG
ACCAAGCGG

(Human tissue factor 219 form)

AGCGGCACCACCAACACAGTGGCCGCCTACAATCTGACTTGGAAATCC
ACCAACTTCAAGACCATCCTCGAGTGGGAGCCCAAGCCCGTTAATCAAGTTT
ATACCGTGCAGATTTCCACCAAGAGCGGCGACTGGAAATCCAAGTGCTTCTA
TACCACAGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGACGAGATCGTCAAAGACGTGAAG
CAGACATATTTAGCTAGGGTGTTCTCCTACCCCGCTGGAAACGTGGAGAGCA
CCGGATCCGCTGGAGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACTCCCCCGAATTCACCCCCTAT
CTGGAAACCAATTTAGGCCAGCCCACCATCCAGAGCTTCGAACAAGTTGGCA
CAAAGGTGAACGTCACCGTCGAAGATGAGAGGACTTTAGTGCGGAGGAACA
ATACATTTTTATCCTTACGTGACGTCTTCGGCAAGGATTTAATCTACACACTG
TATTACTGGAAGTCTAGCTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACCGCCAAGACCAATACCA
ACGAATTTTTAATTGACGTGGACAAGGGCGAGAACTACTGCTTCTCCGTGCA
AGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACAGTGAACCGGAAGTCCACCGACTCCCCCGTG
GAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAGAAGGGAGAGTTTCGTGAG

(αCD3 light chain variable region)

CAGATCGTGCTGACCCAGTCCCCCGCTATTATGAGCGCTAGCCCCGGT
GAAAAGGTGACTATGACATGCAGCGCCAGCTCTTCCGTGAGCTACATGAACT

GGTATCAGCAGAAGTCCGGCACCAGCCCTAAAAGGTGGATCTACGACACCAG
CAAGCTGGCCAGCGGCGTCCCCGCTCACTTTCGGGGCTCCGGCTCCGGAACA
AGCTACTCTCTGACCATCAGCGGCATGGAAGCCGAGGATGCCGCTACCTATT
ACTGTCAGCAGTGGAGCTCCAACCCCTTCACCTTTGGATCCGGCACCAAGCTC
GAGATTAATCGT

(Linker)

GGAGGCGGAGGTAGCGGAGGAGGCGGATCCGGCGGTGGAGGTAGC

(αCD3 heavy chain variable region)

CAAGTTCAGCTCCAGCAAAGCGGCGCCGAACTCGCTCGGCCCGGCGCT
TCCGTGAAGATGTCTTGTAAGGCCTCCGGCTATACCTTCACCCGGTACACAAT
GCACTGGGTCAAGCAACGGCCCGGTCAAGGTTTAGAGTGGATTGGCTATATC
AACCCCTCCCGGGGCTATACCAACTACAACCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAAGCCA
CCCTCACCACCGACAAGTCCAGCAGCACCGCTTACATGCAGCTGAGCTCTTT
AACATCCGAGGATTCCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCTCGGTACTACGACGATCATT
ACTGCCTCGATTACTGGGGCCAAGGTACCACCTTAACAGTCTCCTCC

Exemplary Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide (αCD28scFv/TF/αCD3scFv) (SEQ ID NO: 327)

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(αCD28 light chain variable region)

VQLQQSGPELVKPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTSYVIQWVKQKPGQGLEWIGS
INPYNDYTKYNEKFKGKATLTSDKSSITAYMEFSSLTSEDSALYYCARWGDGNY
WGRGTTLTVSS

(Linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(αCD28 heavy chain variable region)

DIEMTQSPAIMSASLGERVTMTCTASSSVSSSYFHWYQQKPGSSPKLCIYS
TSNLASGVPPRFSGSGSTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYFCHQYHRSPTFGGGTKLETKR

(Human tissue factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(αCD3 light chain variable region)

QIVLTQSPAIMSASPGEKVTMTCSASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDT
SKLASGVPAHFRGSGSGTSYSLTISGMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPFTFGSGTKLEI
NR

(Linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(αCD3 heavy chain variable region)

QVQLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWI
GYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDKSSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDD
HYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSS

The nucleic acid encoding αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv was cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vectors as described previously (Hughes et al., *Hum Gene Ther* 16:457–72, 2005). The expression vector encoding αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv was transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Expression of the expression vector in CHO-K1 cells allowed for secretion of the soluble αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide (referred to as 3t28), which can be purified by anti-TF Ab affinity and other chromatography methods.

An anti-tissue factor affinity column was used to purify the αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide. The anti-tissue factor affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA Avant system. A flow rate of 4 mL/min was used for all steps except the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Cell culture harvest including αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide was adjusted to pH 7.4 with 1M Tris base and loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column (described above) which was equilibrated with 5 column

volumes of PBS. After sample loading, the column was washed with 5 column volumes PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes 0.1 M acetic acid, pH 2.9. An A280 elution peak was collected and then neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 by adding 1 M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon centrifugal filters with a 30 kDa molecular weight cutoff. The data in Figure 58 show that the anti-tissue factor affinity column can bind the αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide, which contains a human soluble tissue factor domain. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8 °C for further biochemical analysis and biological activity testing.

After each elution, the anti-tissue factor affinity column was stripped using 6 column volumes of 0.1 M glycine, pH 2.5. The column was then neutralized using 10 column volumes of PBS, 0.05% NaN_3, and stored at 2-8 °C.

Analytical size exclusion chromatography (SEC) was performed on the αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide using a Superdex 200 Increase 10/300 GL gel filtration column (from GE Healthcare) connected to an AKTA Avant system (from GE Healthcare). The column was equilibrated with 2 column volumes of PBS. A flow rate of 0.8 mL/min was used. Two hundred µL of αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide (1 mg/mL) was injected onto the column using a capillary loop. After injection of the single-chain chimeric polypeptide, 1.25 column volumes of PBS were flowed into the column. The SEC chromatograph is shown in Figure 59. The data show that there are 3 protein peaks, likely representing a monomer and dimer or other different forms of the αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide.

To determine the purity and protein molecular weight of the αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide, the purified αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv protein sample from anti-tissue factor affinity column was analyzed by standard sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel (4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris gel) electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) method under reduced conditions. The gel was stained with InstantBlue for about 30 minutes and destained overnight with purified water. Figure 60 shows the SDS gel of the αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain

chimeric polypeptide purified using an anti-tissue factor affinity column. The results show that the purified αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide has the expected molecular weight (72 kDa) in reduced SDS gel.

Example 33. Functional Characterization of αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide

ELISA-based methods confirmed the formation of the αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide. The αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide was detected using an anti-TF antibody (I43)/anti-TF antibody-specific ELISA with a capture antibody, anti-human tissue factor antibody (I43), and a detection antibody, anti-TF antibody(Figure 61). A purified tissue factor protein with a similar concentration was used as a control.

A further in vitro experiment was performed to determine whether the αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide is capable of activating human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs). Fresh human leukocytes were obtained from the blood bank and peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) were isolated using density gradient Histopaque (Sigma). The cells were counted and resuspended in 0.2 x 10^6/mL in a 96-well flat bottom plate in 0.2 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco) supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). The cells were stimulated with αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide from 0.01 nM to 1000 nM for 3 days at 37 °C, 5% CO_2. After 72 hours, the cells were harvested and surface stained for CD4-488, CD8-PerCP Cy5.5, CD25-BV421,CD69-APCFire750, CD62L-PE Cy7, and CD44-PE specific antibodies (Biolegend) for 30 minutes. After surface staining, the cells were washed (1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature) in FACS buffer (1X PBS (Hyclone) with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)). After two washes, the cells were resuspended in 300 µL of FACS buffer and analyzed by Flow Cytometry (Celesta-BD Bioscience). The data in Figures 62 and 63 show that the αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide is able to stimulate both $CD8^+$ and $CD4^+$ T-cells.

A further experiment was performed, in which PBMCs isolated from blood using Histopaque (Sigma) were counted and resuspended in 0.2 x 10^6/mL in a 96-well flat bottom plate in 0.2 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco) supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). The cells were then stimulated with the αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide from 0.01 nM to 1000 nM for 3 days at 37 °C, 5% CO_2. After 72 hours, the cells were harvested and surface stained for CD4-488, CD8-PerCP Cy5.5, CD25-BV421, CD69-APCFire750, CD62L-PE Cy7, and CD44-PE (Biolegend) for 30 minutes. After surface staining, the cells were washed (1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature) in FACS buffer (1X PBS (Hyclone) with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)). After two washes, the cells were resuspended in 300 µL of FACS buffer and analyzed by Flow Cytometry (Celesta-BD Bioscience). The data again show that the αCD3scFv/TF/αCD28scFv single-chain chimeric polypeptide was able to stimulate activation of $CD4^+$ T cells (Figure 64).

Example 34: Creation of an IL-7/IL-15RαSu DNA construct

In a non-limiting example, an IL-7/IL-15RαSu DNA construct was created (see Figure 65). The human IL-7 sequence, human IL-15RαSu sequence, human IL-15 sequence, and human tissue factor 219 sequence were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. A DNA construct was made linking the IL-7 sequence to the IL-15RαSu sequence. The final IL-7/IL-15RαSu DNA construct sequence was synthesized by Genewiz.

The nucleic acid sequence encoding the second chimeric polypeptide of IL-7/IL-15RαSu construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 206):

(Signal peptide)

ATGGGAGTGAAAGTTCTTTTTGCCCTTATTTGTATTGCTGTGGCCGAGG
CC

(Human IL-7)

GATTGTGATATTGAAGGTAAAGATGGCAAACAATATGAGAGTGTTCTA
ATGGTCAGCATCGATCAATTATTGGACAGCATGAAAGAAATTGGTAGCAATT
GCCTGAATAATGAATTTAACTTTTTTAAAAGACATATCTGTGATGCTAATAAG
GAAGGTATGTTTTTATTCCGTGCTGCTCGCAAGTTGAGGCAATTTCTTAAAAT
GAATAGCACTGGTGATTTTGATCTCCACTTATTAAAAGTTTCAGAAGGCACAA
CAATACTGTTGAACTGCACTGGCCAGGTTAAAGGAAGAAAACCAGCTGCCCT
GGGTGAAGCCCAACCAACAAAGAGTTTGGAAGAAAATAAATCTTTAAAGGA
ACAGAAAAAACTGAATGACTTGTGTTTCCTAAAGAGACTATTACAAGAGATA
AAAACTTGTTGGAATAAAATTTTGATGGGCACTAAAGAACAC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATCACGTGCCCTCCCCCCATGTCCGTGGAACACGCAGACATCTGGGTC
AAGAGCTACAGCTTGTACTCCAGGGAGCGGTACATTTGTAACTCTGGTTTCAA
GCGTAAAGCCGGCACGTCCAGCCTGACGGAGTGCGTGTTGAACAAGGCCACG
AATGTCGCCCACTGGACAACCCCCAGTCTCAAATGCATTAGA

The second chimeric polypeptide of IL-7/IL-15RαSu construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 205):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-7)

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDAN
KEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAAL
GEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

Example 35: Creation of an IL-21/TF/IL-15 DNA construct

In a non-limiting example, an IL-21/TF/IL-15 construct was made (Figure 66) by linking the IL-21 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219, and further linking the IL-21/TF construct with the N-terminus coding region of IL-15.

The nucleic acid sequence encoding the first chimeric polypeptide of IL-21/TF/IL-15 construct (including leader sequence), synthesized by Genewiz, is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 202):

(Signal peptide)

ATGGGAGTGAAAGTTCTTTTTGCCCTTATTTGTATTGCTGTGGCCGAGG
CC

(Human IL-21 fragment)

CAAGGTCAAGATCGCCACATGATTAGAATGCGTCAACTTATAGATATT
GTTGATCAGCTGAAAAATTATGTGAATGACTTGGTCCCTGAATTTCTGCCAGC
TCCAGAAGATGTAGAGACAAACTGTGAGTGGTCAGCTTTTTCCTGTTTTCAGA
AGGCCCAACTAAAGTCAGCAAATACAGGAAACAATGAAAGGATAATCAATG
TATCAATTAAAAAGCTGAAGAGGAAACCACCTTCCACAAATGCAGGGAGAA
GACAGAAACACAGACTAACATGCCCTTCATGTGATTCTTATGAGAAAAAACC
ACCCAAAGAATTCCTAGAAAGATTCAAATCACTTCTCCAAAAGATGATTCAT
CAGCATCTGTCCTCTAGAACACACGGAAGTGAAGATTCC

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

TCAGGCACTACAAATACTGTGGCAGCATATAATTTAACTTGGAAATCA
ACTAATTTCAAGACAATTTTGGAGTGGGAACCCAAACCCGTCAATCAAGTCT
ACACTGTTCAAATAAGCACTAAGTCAGGAGATTGGAAAAGCAAATGCTTTTA
CACAACAGACACAGAGTGTGACCTCACCGACGAGATTGTGAAGGATGTGAA
GCAGACGTACTTGGCACGGGTCTTCTCCTACCCGGCAGGGAATGTGGAGAGC
ACCGGTTCTGCTGGGGAGCCTCTGTATGAGAACTCCCCAGAGTTCACACCTTA

CCTGGAGACAAACCTCGGACAGCCAACAATTCAGAGTTTTGAACAGGTGGGA
ACAAAAGTGAATGTGACCGTAGAAGATGAACGGACTTTAGTCAGAAGGAAC
AACACTTTCCTAAGCCTCCGGGATGTTTTTGGCAAGGACTTAATTTATACACT
TTATTATTGGAAATCTTCAAGTTCAGGAAAGAAAACAGCCAAAACAAACACT
AATGAGTTTTTGATTGATGTGGATAAAGGAGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGTGTTCA
AGCAGTGATTCCCTCCCGAACAGTTAACCGGAAGAGTACAGACAGCCCGGTA
GAGTGTATGGGCCAGGAGAAAGGGGAATTCAGAGAA

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The first chimeric polypeptide of IL-21/TF/IL-15 construct including leader sequence is SEQ ID NO: 201:

(Signal peptide)

MGVKVLFALICIAVAEA (SEQ ID NO: 328)

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCF
QKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPK
EFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTD
TECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLG
QPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSG
KKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFR
E

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESG
DASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFIN
TS

Example 36: Secretion of IL-7/IL-15RαSu and IL-21/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins

The IL-7/IL-15RαSu and IL-21/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs were cloned into a pMSGV-1 modified retrovirus expression vector (as described by Hughes, *Hum Gene Ther* 16:457–72, 2005, hereby incorporated by reference), and the expression vector was transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of a soluble IL-21/TF/IL-15:IL-7/IL-15RαSu protein complex (referred to as 21t15-7s; Figures 67 and Figure 68). The 21t15-7s protein was purified from CHO-K1 cell culture supernatant using anti-TF antibody affinity chromatography and size exclusion chromatography resulting in soluble (non-aggregated) protein complexes consisting of IL-7/IL-15RαSu and IL-21/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins.

In some cases, the leader (signal sequence) peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

Example 37: Purification of 21t15-7s by immunoaffinity chromatography

An anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare™ AKTA Avant protein purification system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Cell culture harvest of 21t15-7s was adjusted to pH 7.4 with 1M Tris base and loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After loading the sample, the column was washed with 5 column volumes PBS,

followed by elution with 6 column volumes 0.1M acetic acid, pH 2.9. Absorbance at 280 nm was collected and then the sample was neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 by adding 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon® centrifugal filters with a 30 KDa molecular weight cutoff. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8°C for further biochemical analysis and biological activity testing.

After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was then stripped using 6 column volumes 0.1M glycine, pH 2.5. The column was then neutralized using 10 column volumes PBS, 0.05% sodium azide and stored at 2-8 °C.

Example 38: Size exclusion chromatography

A GE Healthcare Superdex® 200 Increase 10/300 GL gel filtration column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA™ Avant protein purification system. The column was equilibrated with 2 column volumes of PBS. The flow rate was 0.7 mL/min. A capillary loop was used to inject 200µL of 1 mg/mL of 7t15-21scomplex onto the column. The injection was chased with 1.25 column volumes of PBS.

Example 39: SDS-PAGE of 21t15-7s and 21t15-TGFRs

To determine the purity and protein molecular weight, the purified 21t15-7s or 21t15-TGFRs protein sample were analyzed using 4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris protein gel SDS-PAGE. The gel will be stained with InstantBlue™ for about 30 min, followed by destaining overnight in purified water.

Example 40: Glycosylation of 21t15-7s and 21t15-TGFRs in CHO-K1 cells

Glycosylation of 21t15-7s in CHO-K1 cells or 21t15-TGFRs in CHO-K1 cells were confirmed using the Protein Deglycosylation Mix II kit (New England Biolabs), according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Example 41: Recombinant protein quantitation of 21t15-7s and 21t15-TGFRs complexes

The 21t15-7s complex or the 21t15-TGFRs complex were detected and quantified using standard sandwich ELISA methods. Anti-human tissue factor antibody (IgG1) served as the capture antibody and biotinylated anti-human IL-21, IL-15, or IL-7 antibody (21t15-7s) or biotinylated anti-human IL-21, IL-15, or TGF-βRII antibody (21t15-TGFRs) served as the detection antibody. Tissue factor in purified 21t15-7s or 21t15-TGFRs protein complexes was detected using an anti-human tissue factor capture antibody, and anti-human tissue factor antibody (IgG1) detection antibody. The anti-TF antibody ELISA will be compared to purified tissue factor at similar concentrations.

Example 42: Creation of an IL-21/IL-15RαSu DNA construct

In a non-limiting example, an IL-21/IL-15RαSu DNA construct was created. The human IL-21 sequence and human IL-15RαSu sequence were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. A DNA construct was made linking the IL-21 sequence to the IL-15RαSu sequence. The final IL-21/IL-15RαSu DNA construct sequence was synthesized by Genewiz. See Figure 69.

Example 43: Creation of an IL-7/TF/IL-15 DNA construct

In a non-limiting example, an IL-7/TF/IL-15 construct was made by linking the IL-7 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219, and further linking the IL-7/TF construct with the N-terminus coding region of IL-15. See Figure 70.

Example 44: Creation of an IL-21/IL-15Rα Sushi DNA construct

In a non-limiting example, a second chimeric polypeptide of IL-21/IL-15RαSu was generated. The human IL-21 and human IL-15Rα sushi sequences were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. A DNA construct was made linking the IL-21 sequence to the IL-15Rα sushi sequence. The final IL-21/IL-15RαSu DNA construct sequence was synthesized by Genewiz.

The nucleic acid sequence encoding the second chimeric polypeptide of IL-21/IL-15RαSu domain (including leader sequence), synthesized by Genewiz, is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 214):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
C

(Human IL-21)

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC
CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGA
GCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAG
GAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAAC
GTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

The second chimeric polypeptide of IL-21/IL-15Rα sushi domain (including leader sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 213):

(Signal Sequence)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

(Human IL-15Rα sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAH
WTTPSLKCIR

Example 45: Creation of an IL-7/TF/IL-15 DNA construct

In a non-limiting example, an exemplary first chimeric polypeptide of IL-7/TF/IL-15 was made by linking the IL-7 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219, and further linking the IL-7/TF construct with the N-terminus coding region of IL-15. The nucleic acid sequence encoding the first chimeric polypeptide of IL-7/TF/IL-15 (including leader sequence), synthesized by Genewiz, is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 210):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
C

(Human IL-7 fragment)

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATG
GTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCC
TCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGA
GGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATG
AACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCA
CCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCT
GGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGA
GCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATC
AAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCA
ACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACAC
CGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACC
ACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGA
CCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGG
TTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCG

AGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAA
GGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACAC
CTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATT
ACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGA
GTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCT
GTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGT
GCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGT
CCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGT
AAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGA
GAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCC
AATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGT
GCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCA
CATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The first chimeric polypeptide of IL-7/TF/IL-15 (including leader sequence), is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 209):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-7)

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM
FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ
PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTD
TECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLG
QPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSG
KKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFR
E

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESG DASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFIN TS

Example 46: Secretion of IL-21/IL-15RαSu and IL-7/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins

The IL-21/IL-15RαSu and IL-7/TF/IL-15 DNA constructs were cloned into a pMSGV-1 modified retrovirus expression vector (as described by Hughes, *Hum Gene Ther* 16:457–72, 2005, hereby incorporated by reference), and the expression vector was transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of a soluble IL-7/TF/IL-15:IL-21/IL-15RαSu protein complex (referred to as 7t15-21s). The 7t15-21s protein was purified from CHO-K1 cell culture supernatant using anti-TF antibody (IgG1) affinity chromatography and size exclusion chromatography resulting in soluble (non-aggregated) protein complexes consisting of IL-21/IL-15RαSu and IL-7/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins. See Figure 71 and Figure 72.

Example 47: Expansion capacity of primary natural killer (NK) cells by 7t15-21s complex + anti-TF IgG1 antibody

To assess the 7t15-21s complex's ability to expand primary natural killer (NK) cells, 7t15-21s complex and 7t15-21s complex + anti-TF IgG1 antibody are added to NK cells obtained from samples of fresh human leukocytes. Cells are stimulated with 50nM of 7t15-21s complex with or without 25 nM of anti-TF IgG1 or anti-TF IgG4 antibody at 37° and 5% CO_2. Cells are maintained at concentration at 0.5 x 10^6/mL not exceeding 2.0 x 10^6/mL by counting every 48-72 hours and media is replenished with fresh stimulator. Cells stimulated with 7t15-21s complex or anti-TF IgG1 antibody or anti-TFIgG4 antibody or anti-TF IgG4 + 7t15-21s complex are maintained up to day 5. Expansion of primary NK cells upon incubation with 21t15-7s complex + anti-TF IgG1 antibody is observed.

Example 48: Activation of expanded NK cells by the 7t15-21s complex + anti-TF IgG1 antibody

Primary NK cells are induced *ex vivo* following overnight stimulation of purified NK cells with 7t15-21s complex + anti-TF IgG1 antibody. Fresh human leukocytes are obtained from a blood bank and CD56+ NK cells are isolated with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). The purity of NK cells is >80% and is confirmed by staining with CD56-BV421 and CD16-BV510 specific antibodies (BioLegend). Cells are counted and resuspended in 1 x 10^6/mL in a 24 well flat bottom plate in 1 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco), supplemented with 4 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), non-essential amino acid (Thermo Life Technologies), sodium pyruvate (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). Cells are stimulated with 50 nM of 7t15-21s with or without 25 nM of anti-TF IgG1 antibody at 37° and 5% CO_2. Cells are counted every 48-72 hours and maintained at a concentration of 0.5 x 10^6/mL to 2.0 x 10^6/mL until day 14. Media is periodically replenished with fresh stimulator. Cells are harvested and surface stained at day 3 for CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, CD69-APCFire750 specific antibodies (Biolegend and analyzed by Flow Cytometry-Celeste-BD Bioscience). The activation marker CD25 MFI are observed to increase with 7t15-21s complex + anti-TF IgG1 antibody stimulation, but not 7t15-21s complex stimulation. The activation marker CD69 MFI is observed to increase with both 7t15-21s complex + anti-TF IgG1 antibody and with 7t15-21s complex, alone.

Example 49: Increase in Glucose Metabolism in NK Cells Using 18t15-12s

A set of experiments was performed to determine the effect of the construct of 18t15-12s on oxygen consumption rate and extracellular acidification rate (ECAR) on NK cells purified from human blood.

In these experiments, fresh human leukocytes were obtained from the blood bank from two different human donors and NK cells were isolated via negative selection using the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). The purity of NK cells

was >80% and confirmed by staining with CD56-BV421 and CD16-BV510 specific antibodies (BioLegend). The cells were counted and resuspended in 2 x 10^6/mL in 24-well, flat-bottom plates in 1 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco) supplemented with 4 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), non-essential amino acid (Thermo Life Technologies), sodium pyruvate (Thermo Life Technologies) and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). The cells were stimulated with either (1) media alone, (2) 100 nM 18t15-12s, or (3) mixture of single cytokines recombinant human IL-12 (0.25 μg), recombinant human IL-15 (1.25 μg), and recombinant human IL-18 (1.25 μg) overnight at 37 °C, 5% CO_2. On the next day, the cells were harvested and extracellular flux assays on expanded NK cells were performed using a XFp Analyzer (Seahorse Bioscience). The harvested cells washed and plated 2.0 x 10^5 cells/well in at least duplicate for extracellular flux analysis of OCR (Oxygen Consumption Rate) and ECAR (Extracellular Acidification Rate). The glycolysis stress tests were performed in Seahorse Media contain 2 mM of glutamine. The following were used during the assay: 10 mM glucose; 100 nM oligomycin; and 100 mM 2-deoxy-D-glycose (2DG).

The data show that the 18t15-12s results in significantly increased oxygen consumption rate (Figure 73) and extracellular acidification rate (ECAR) as compared to the same cells activated with a combination of recombinant human IL-12, recombinant human IL-15, and recombinant human IL-18 (Figure 74).

Example 50: 7t15-16s21 fusion protein generation and characterization

A fusion protein complex was generated comprising of anti-CD16scFv/IL-15RαSu/IL-21 and IL-7/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins. The human IL-7 and IL-21 sequences were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. Specifically, a construct was made linking the IL-7 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219 followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-15.

The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising IL-7 linked to the N-terminus of tissue factor 219 following with the N-terminus of IL-15 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the IL-7/TF/IL-15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL-7)

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCT
GATGGTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAAC
TGCCTCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACA
AGGAGGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAA
GATGAACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGC
ACCACCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTG
CTCTGGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGA
AGGAGCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGG
AGATCAAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC

AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of IL-7/TF/IL-15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-7)

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDAN
KEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAAL
GEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

Constructs were also made by linking the anti-CD16scFv sequence to the N-terminus coding region of IL-15RαSu chain followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-21 which was synthesized by Genewiz. The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising the anti-CD16scFv linked to the N-terminus of IL-15RαSu chain followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-21 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the anti-CD16SscFv/IL-15 RαSu/IL-21 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

((Anti-human CD16scFv)

TCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACC
GTGAGGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGT
ACCAGCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAA
CAGGCCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCG
CCTCCCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTG
CAACTCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAG
CTGACCGTGGGCCATGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGA
GGAGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCT
GGAGGCTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTA
CGGCATGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCC
GGCATCAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCA
GGTTCACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAA
CTCCCTGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCC
CTGCTGTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

(Human IL-21)

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACAT
CGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCT
GCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTC
AGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCA
ACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCA
GGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGA
AGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGAT
CCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC

The amino acid sequence of the anti-CD16scFv/IL-15RαSu/IL-21 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Anti-human CD16scFv)

SELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGK
NNRPSGIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKL
TVGHGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGM
SWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINWNGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLR
AEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDYWGQGTLVTVSR

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCF
QKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPK
EFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

The anti-CD16scFv/IL-15RαSu/IL-21 and IL-7/TF/IL-15 constructs were cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vectors as described previously (Hughes MS, Yu YY, Dudley ME, Zheng Z, Robbins PF, Li Y, et al. Transfer of a TCR gene derived from a patient with a marked antitumor response conveys highly active T-cell effector functions. *Hum Gene Ther* 2005;16:457–72), and the expression vectors were transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of the soluble IL-7/TF/IL-15:anti-CD16scFv/IL-15RαSu/IL-21 protein complex (referred to as 7t15-16s21; Figure 75 and Figure 76), which can be purified by anti-TF IgG1 antibody-based affinity and other chromatography methods.

Binding of 7t15-16s21 to CHO cells expressing human CD16b

CHO cells were transfected with human CD16b in a pMC plasmid and selected with 10 μg/mL of blasticidin for 10 days. The CHO cells stably expressing CD16b were stained with 1.2 μg/mL of 7t15-16s21, containing anti-human CD16 scFv or 18t15-12s, which does not contain anti-human CD16 scFv, as a negative control, and then stained with biotinylated anti-human tissue factor and PE conjugated streptavidin. Only anti-human CD16scFv containing 7t15-16s21 stained the cells as shown in Figure 77A. 18t15-12s did not stain the CHO cells expressing human CD16b as showed in Figure 77B.

Detection of IL-15, IL-21, and IL-7 in 7t15-16s21 using ELISA

A 96-well plate was coated with 100 μL (8 μg/mL) of anti-TF IgG1 in R5 (coating buffer) and incubated at room temperature (RT) for 2 hrs. The plates were washed 3 times and blocked with 100 μL of 1% BSA in PBS. Serial dilution of 7t15-16s21 (at a 1:3 ratio) were added to the wells, and incubated at RT for 60 min. Following 3 washes, 50 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-IL-15 antibody (BAM247, R&D Systems), 500 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-IL-21 antibody (13-7218-81, R&D Systems), or 500 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-IL-7 antibody (506602, R&D Systems) was added to the wells and incubated at RT for 60 min. The plate was washed 3 times, and incubated with 0.25 μg/mL of HRP-SA (Jackson ImmunoResearch) at 100 μL per well for 30 min at RT,

followed by 4 washes and incubation with 100 µl of ABTS for 2 mins at RT. Absorbance was read at 405 nm. As shown in Figures 78A-78C, the IL-15, IL-21, and IL-7 domains in 7t15-16s21 were detected by the individual antibodies.

The IL-15 in 7t15-16s21 promotes IL-2Rβ and common γ chain containing 32Dβ cell proliferation

To analyze the activity of IL-15 in 7t15-16s21, the IL-15 activity of 7t15-16s21 was compared to recombinant IL-15 using 32Dβ cells that express IL2Rβ and common γ chain, and evaluating their effects on promoting cell proliferation. IL-15 dependent 32Dβ cells were washed 5 times with IMDM-10% FBS and seeded in the wells at 2 x 10^4 cells/well. Serially-diluted 7t15-16s21 or IL-15 were added to the cells (Figure 79). Cells were incubated in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C for 3 days. Cell proliferation was detected by adding 10 µl of WST1 to each well on day 3 and incubating for an additional 3 hours in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C. The absorbance at 450 nm was measured by analyzing the amount of formazan dye produced. As shown in Figure 79, 7t15-16s21 and IL-15 promoted 32Dβ cell proliferation, with the EC_{50} of 7t15-16s21 and IL-15 being 172.2 pM and 16.63 pM, respectively.

Purification elution chromatograph of 7t15-16s21 from anti-TF antibody affinity column

7t15-16s21 harvested from cell culture was loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. The column was then washed with 5 column volumes of PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes of 0.1M acetic acid (pH 2.9). A280 elution peak was collected and neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 with 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon centrifugal filters with a 30 KDa molecular weight cutoff. Figure 80 is a line graph showing the chromatographic profile of 7t15-16s21 protein containing cell culture supernatant following binding and elution on anti-TF antibody resin. As shown in Figure 80, the anti-TF antibody affinity column bound 7t15-16s21 which contains TF. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8 °C for further biochemical analyses and biological activity tests. After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was

stripped using 6 column volumes of 0.1M glycine (pH 2.5). The column was then neutralized using 5 column volumes of PBS, and 7 column volumes of 20% ethanol for storage. The anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA Avant system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except for the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Analytical size exclusion chromatography (SEC) analysis of 7t15-16s21

To perform size exclusion chromatography (SEC) analysis for 7t15-16s21, a Superdex 200 Increase 10/300 GL gel filtration column (GE Healthcare) connected to an AKTA Avant system (GE Healthcare) was used. The column was equilibrated with 2 column volumes of PBS. The flow rate was 0.7 mL/min. A sample containing 7t15-16s21 in PBS was injected into the Superdex 200 column using a capillary loop, and analyzed by SEC. As shown in Figure 81, the SEC results showed two protein peaks for 7t15-16s21.

Example 51: TGFRt15-16s21 fusion protein generation and characterization

A fusion protein complex was generated comprising anti-human CD16scFv/IL-15RαSu/IL21 and TGFβ Receptor II/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins (Figure 82 and 83). The human TGFβ Receptor II (Ile24-Asp159), tissue factor 219, and IL-15 sequences were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. Specifically, a construct was made linking two TGFβ Receptor II sequences with a G4S(3) linker to generate a single chain version of TGFβ Receptor II and then directly linking to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219 followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-15.

The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising two TGFβ Receptor II linked to the N-terminus of tissue factor 219 following with the N-terminus of IL-15 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the two TGFβ Receptor II/TF/IL-15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Two Human TGFβ Receptor II fragments)

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC
ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAG
GTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCA
CGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCC
GTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGA
CAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAG
CCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCC
TGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGA
AGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGA
GACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCT
TTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT

GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of TGFβ Receptor II/TF/IL-15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβ Receptor II)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVN
NDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAV
WRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDE
CNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

Constructs were also made by attaching anti-human CD16scFv directly linking to the N-terminus coding region of IL-15RαSu chain followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-21 which was synthesized by Genewiz. The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising the anti-human CD16scFv linked to the N-terminus of IL-15RαSu followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-21 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the anti-CD16scFv/IL-15 RαSu/IL-21 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Anti-human CD16scFv)

TCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACC
GTGAGGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGT
ACCAGCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAA
CAGGCCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCG
CCTCCCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTG
CAACTCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAG
CTGACCGTGGGCCATGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGA
GGAGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCT
GGAGGCTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTA
CGGCATGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCC
GGCATCAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCA
GGTTCACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAA
CTCCCTGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCC
CTGCTGTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

(Human IL-21)

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACAT
CGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCT
GCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTC
AGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCA
ACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCA
GGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGA
AGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGAT
CCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC

The amino acid sequence of the anti-CD16scFv/IL-15RαSu/IL-21 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Anti-human CD16scFv)

SELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGK
NNRPSGIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKL
TVGHGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGM
SWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINWNGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLR
AEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDYWGQGTLVTVSR

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCF
QKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPK
EFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

The anti-CD16scFv/IL-15RαSu/IL-21 and TGFR/TF/IL-15 constructs were cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vectors as described previously (Hughes MS, Yu YY, Dudley ME, Zheng Z, Robbins PF, Li Y, et al. Transfer of a TCR gene derived from a patient with a marked antitumor response conveys highly active T-cell effector functions. *Hum Gene Ther* 2005;16:457–72), and the expression vectors were transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of the soluble TGFR/TF/IL-15:CD16scFv/IL-15RαSu/IL-21 protein complex (referred to as TGFRt15-16s21), which can be purified by anti-TF IgG1-based affinity and other chromatography methods.

Interaction between TGFRt15-16s21 and CHO cells expressing human CD16b

CHO cells were transfected with human CD16b in a pMC plasmid and selected with 10 μg/mL of blasticidin for10 days. Cells stably expressing CD16b were stained with 1.2 μg/mL of TGFRt15-16s21, containing anti-human CD16 scFv, or 7t15-21s, not containing anti-human CD16 scFv, as a negative control, and with biotinylated anti-human tissue factor antibody and PE conjugated streptavidin. As shown in Figures 84A and 84B, TGFRt15-16s21, which contains anti-human CD16scFv, showed positive binding, while 7t15-21s did not show binding.

Effect of TGFRt15-16s21 on TGFβ1 activity in HEK-Blue TGFβ cells

To evaluate the activity of TGFβRII in TGFRt15-16s21, the effect of TGFRt15-16s21 on the activity of TGFβ1 in HEK-Blue TGFβ cells was analyzed. HEK-Blue TGFβ cells (Invivogen) were washed twice with pre-warmed PBS and resuspended in the testing medium (DMEM, 10% heat-inactivated FCS, 1x glutamine, 1x anti-anti, and 2x

glutamine) at 5 x 10^5 cells/mL. In a flat-bottom 96-well plate, 50 µl cells were added to each well (2.5 x 10^4 cells/well) and followed with 50 µL 0.1nM TGFβ1 (R&D systems). TGFRt15-16s21 or TGFR-Fc (R&D Systems) prepared at a 1:3 serial dilution was then added to the plate to reach a total volume of 200 µL. After 24 hrs of incubation at 37°C, 40 µL of induced HEK-Blue TGFβ cell supernatant was added to 160 µL pre-warmed QUANTI-Blue (Invivogen) in a flat-bottom 96-well plate, and incubated at 37°C for 1-3 hrs. The OD values were then determined using a plate reader (Multiscan Sky) at 620-655 nM. The IC_{50} of each protein sample was calculated with GraphPad Prism 7.04. The IC_{50} of TGFRt15-16s21 and TGFR-Fc were 9127 pM and 460.6 pM respectively. These results showed that the TGFβRII domain in TGFRt15-16s21 was able to block the activity of TGFβ-1 in HEK-Blue TGFβ cells.

The IL-15 in TGFRt15-16s21 promotes IL-2Rβ and common γ chain containing 32Dβ cell proliferation

To analyze the activity of IL-15 in TGFRt15-16s21, the IL-15 activity of TGFRt15-16s21 was compared to recombinant IL-15 using 32Dβ cells that express IL2Rβ and common γ chain, and evaluating their effects on promoting cell proliferation. IL-15 dependent 32Dβ cells were washed 5 times with IMDM-10% FBS and seeded in the wells at 2 x 10^4 cells/well. Serially-diluted TGFRt15-16s21 or IL-15 were added to the cells (Figure 86). Cells were incubated in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C for 3 days. Cell proliferation was detected by adding 10 µL of WST1 to each well on day 3 and incubating for an additional 3 hours in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C. The absorbance at 450 nm was measured by analyzing the amount of formazan dye produced. The data are shown in Figure 85. As shown in Figure 86, TGFRt15-16s21 and IL-15 promoted 32Dβ cell proliferation, with the EC_{50} of TGFRt15-16s21 and IL-15 being 51298 pM and 10.63 pM, respectively.

Detection of IL-15, IL-21, and TGFβRII in TGFRt15-16s21 using ELISA

A 96-well plate was coated with 100 µL (8 µg/mL) of anti-TF IgG1 in R5 (coating buffer) and incubated at room temperature (RT) for 2 hrs. The plates were

washed 3 times and blocked with 100 µL of 1% BSA in PBS. TGFRt15-16s21 serially diluted at a 1:3 ratio was added and incubated at RT for 60 min. Following three washes, 50 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-IL-15 antibody (BAM247, R&D Systems), 500 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-IL-21 antibody (13-7218-81, R&D Systems), or 200 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-TGFβRII antibody (BAF241, R&D Systems) was applied per well, and incubated at RT for 60 min. Following three washes, incubation with 0.25 µg/mL of HRP-SA (Jackson ImmunoResearch at 100 µL per well for 30 min at RT was carried out, followed by 4 washes and incubation with 100 µL of ABTS for 2 mins at RT. Absorbance was read at 405 nm. As shown in Figures 87A-87C, the IL-15, IL-21, and TGFβRII domains in TGFRt15-16s21 were detected by the respective antibodies.

Purification elution chromatograph of TGFRt15-16s21 using anti-TF antibody affinity column

TGFRt15-16s21 harvested from cell culture was loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After sample loading, the column was washed with 5 column volumes of PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes of 0.1M acetic acid (pH 2.9). A280 elution peak was collected and then neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 with 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon centrifugal filters with a 30 KDa molecular weight cutoff. As shown in Figure 88, the anti-TF antibody affinity column bound to TGFRt15-16s21, which contains tissue factor as a fusion partner. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8 °C for further biochemical analyses and biological activity tests. After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was stripped using 6 column volumes of 0.1M glycine (pH 2.5). The column was then neutralized using 5 column volumes of PBS, and 7 column volumes of 20% ethanol for storage. The anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA Avant system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except for the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Reduced SDS-PAGE of TGFRt15-16s21

To determine the purity and molecular weight of the TGFRt15-16s21 protein, protein sample purified with anti-TF antibody affinity column was analyzed by sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel (4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris gel) electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) under reduced condition. After electrophoresis, the gel was stained with InstantBlue for about 30 min, followed by destaining overnight in purified water.

To verify that the TGFRt15-16s21 protein undergoes glycosylation after translation in CHO cells, a deglycosylation experiment was conducted using the Protein Deglycosylation Mix II kit from New England Biolabs according to the manufacturer's instructions. Figure 89 shows results from the reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of the sample in non-deglycosylated (lane 1 in red outline) and deglycosylated (lane 2 in yellow outline) state. The results showed that the TGFRt15-16s21 protein is glycosylated when expressed in CHO cells. After deglycosylation, the purified sample showed expected molecular weights (69 kDa and 48 kDa) in the reduced SDS gel. Lane M was loaded with 10μL of SeeBlue Plus2 Prestained Standard.

Example 52: 7t15-7s fusion protein generation and characterization

A fusion protein complex was generated comprising IL-7/TF/IL-15 and IL-7/IL-15RαSu fusion proteins (Figure 90 and Figure 91). The human IL-7, tissue factor 219, and IL-15 sequences were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. Specifically, a construct was made linking the IL-7 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219 followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-15.

The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising IL-7 linked to the N-terminus of tissue factor 219 following with the N-terminus of IL-15 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of 7t15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL7)

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCT
GATGGTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAAC
TGCCTCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACA
AGGAGGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAA
GATGAACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGC
ACCACCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTG
CTCTGGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGA
AGGAGCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGG
AGATCAAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC

TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of 7t15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL7)

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDAN
KEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAAL
GEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

Constructs were also made by linking the IL-7 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of IL-15RαSu chain which was synthesized by Genewiz. The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising the IL-7 linked to the N-terminus of IL-15RαSu chain are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of 7s construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL7)

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCT
GATGGTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAAC
TGCCTCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACA
AGGAGGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAA
GATGAACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGC
ACCACCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTG
CTCTGGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGA
AGGAGCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGG
AGATCAAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

The amino acid sequence of 7s fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL7)

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDAN
KEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAAL
GEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

The IL-7/TF/IL-15 and IL-7/IL-15RαSu constructs were cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vectors as described previously (Hughes MS, Yu YY, Dudley ME, Zheng Z, Robbins PF, Li Y, et al. Transfer of a TCR gene derived from a patient with a marked antitumor response conveys highly active T-cell effector functions. *Hum Gene Ther* 2005;16:457–72), and the expression vectors were transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of the soluble IL-7/TF/IL-15:IL-7/IL-15RαSu protein complex referred to as 7t15-7s, which can be purified by anti-TF antibody IgG1 affinity and other chromatography methods.

Purification elution chromatograph of 7t15-7s using anti-TF antibody affinity column

7t15-7s harvested from cell culture was loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After sample loading, the column was washed with 5 column volumes of PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes of 0.1M acetic acid (pH 2.9). A280 elution peak was collected and then neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 with 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon centrifugal filters with a 30 KDa molecular weight cutoff. As shown in Figure 92, the anti-TF antibody affinity column bound to 7t15-7s which contains tissue factor (TF) as a fusion partner. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8 °C for further biochemical analyses and biological activity tests. After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was stripped using 6 column volumes of 0.1M glycine (pH 2.5). The column was then neutralized using 5 column volumes of PBS, and 7 column volumes of 20% ethanol for storage. The anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA Avant system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Immunostimulation of 7t15-7s in C57BL/6 mice

7t15-7s is a multi-chain polypeptide (a type A multi-chain polypeptide described herein) that includes the first polypeptide that is a soluble fusion of human IL-7, human

tissue factor 219 fragment and human IL-15 (7t15), and the second polypeptide that is a soluble fusion of human IL-7 and sushi domain of human IL-15 receptor alpha chain (7s).

CHO cells were co-transfected with the IL7-TF-IL-15 (7t15) and IL7-IL-15Ra sushi domain (7s) vectors. The 7t15-7s complex was purified from the transfected CHO cell culture supernatant. The IL-7, IL-15 and tissue factor (TF) components were demonstrated in the complex by ELISA as shown in Figure 93. A humanized anti-TF antibody monoclonal antibody (anti-TF IgG1) was used as the capture antibody to determine TF in 7t15-7s, and biotinylated anti-human IL-15 antibody (R&D systems) and biotinylated anti-human IL-7 antibody (R&D Systems) were used as the detection antibodies to respectively detect IL-15 and IL-7 in 7t15-7s, followed by peroxidase conjugated streptavidin (Jackson ImmunoResearch Lab) and ABTS substrate (Surmodics IVD, Inc.).

7t15-7s was subcutaneously injected into C57BL/6 mice at 10 mg/kg to determine the immunostimulatory activity of 7t15-7s in vivo. C57BL/6 mice subcutaneously treated with PBS were used as control. The mouse spleens were collected and weighed day 4 post treatment. Single splenocytes suspensions were prepared, and with fluorochrome-conjugated anti-CD4, anti-CD8, and anti–NK1.1 antibodies and the percentage of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, and NK cells was analyzed by flow cytometry. The results showed that 7t15-7s was effective at expanding splenocytes based on spleen weight (Figure 94A) and specifically, the percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells were higher compared to control-treated mice (Figure 94B).

Example 53: TGFRt15-TGFRs fusion protein generation and characterization

A fusion protein complex was generated comprising of TGFβ Receptor II/IL-15RαSu and TGFβ Receptor II/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins (Figure 95 and Figure 96). The human TGFβ Receptor II (Ile24-Asp159), tissue factor 219, and IL-15 sequences were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. Specifically, a construct was made linking two TGFβ Receptor II sequences with a G4S(3) linker to generate a single chain version of TGFβ Receptor II and then

directly linking to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219 followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-15.

The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising two TGFβ Receptor II linked to the N-terminus of tissue factor 219 following with the N-terminus of IL-15 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the two TGFβ Receptor II/TF/IL-15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Two Human TGFβ Receptor II fragments)

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC
ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAG
GTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCA
CGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCC
GTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGA
CAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAG
CCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCC
TGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGA
AGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGA
GACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCT
TTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of TGFβ Receptor II/TF/IL-15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβ Receptor II)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVN

NDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAV
WRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDE
CNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

Constructs were also made by attaching two TGFβ Receptor II directly to the IL-15RαSu chain which was synthesized by Genewiz. The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising the TGFβ Receptor II linked to the N-terminus of IL-15RαSu are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the TGFβ Receptor II/IL-15 RαSu construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Two human TGFβ Receptor II fragments)

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC
ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA

GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAG
GTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCA
CGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCC
GTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGA
CAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAG
CCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCC
TGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGA
AGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGA
GACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCT
TTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

The amino acid sequence of the two TGFβ Receptor II/IL-15RαSu construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Two human TGFβ Receptor II extra-cellular domains)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVN
NDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAV
WRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDE
CNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

The TGFβR/IL-15RαSu and TGFβR/TF/IL-15 constructs were cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vectors as described previously (Hughes MS, Yu YY, Dudley ME, Zheng Z, Robbins PF, Li Y, et al. Transfer of a TCR gene derived from a patient with a marked antitumor response conveys highly active T-cell effector functions. *Hum Gene Ther* 2005;16:457–72), and the expression vectors were transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of the soluble TGFβR/TF/IL-15:TGFβR/IL-15RαSu protein complex (referred to as TGFRt15-TGFRs), which can be purified by anti-TF IgG1 affinity and other chromatography methods.

Effect of TGFRt15-TGFRs on TGFβ1 activity in HEK-Blue TGFβ cells

To evaluate the activity of TGFβRII in TGFRt15-TGFRs, the effect of TGFRt15-16s21 on the activity of TGFβ1 in HEK-Blue TGFβ cells was analyzed. HEK-Blue TGFβ cells (Invivogen) were washed twice with pre-warmed PBS and resuspended in the testing medium (DMEM, 10% heat-inactivated FCS, 1x glutamine, 1x anti-anti, and 2x glutamine) at 5 x 10^5 cells/mL. In a flat-bottom 96-well plate, 50 µL cells were added to each well (2.5 x 10^4 cells/well) and followed with 50 µL 0.1nM TGFβ1 (R&D systems). TGFRt15-16s21 or TGFR-Fc (R&D Systems) prepared at a 1:3 serial dilution was then added to the plate to reach a total volume of 200 µL. After 24hrs of incubation at 37°C, 40 µL of induced HEK-Blue TGFβ cell supernatant was added to 160 µL pre-warmed QUANTI-Blue (Invivogen) in a flat-bottom 96-well plate, and incubated at 37°C for 1-3 hrs. The OD values were then determined using a plate reader (Multiscan Sky) at 620-655 nM (Figure 97). The IC_{50} of each protein sample was calculated with GraphPad Prism 7.04. The IC_{50} of TGFRt15-TGFRs and TGFR-Fc were 216.9 pM and 460.6 pM

respectively. These results showed that the TGFβRII domain in TGFRt15-TGFRs was able to block the activity of TGFβ1 in HEK-Blue TGFβ cells.

The IL-15 in TGFRt15-TGFRs promotes IL-2Rβ and common γ chain containing 32Dβ cell proliferation

To evaluate the activity of IL-15 in TGFRt15-TGFRs, the IL-15 activity of TGFRt15-TGFRs was compared to recombinant IL-15 using 32Dβ cells that express IL2Rβ and common γ chain, and evaluating their effects on promoting cell proliferation. IL-15 dependent 32Dβ cells were washed 5 times with IMDM-10% FBS and seeded in the wells at 2 x 10^4 cells/well. Serially-diluted TGFRt15-TGFRs or IL-15 were added to the cells (Figure 98). Cells were incubated in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C for 3 days. Cell proliferation was detected by adding 10 µL of WST1 to each well on day 3 and incubating for an additional 3 hours in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C. The absorbance at 450 nm was measured by analyzing the amount of formazan dye produced. As shown in Figure 98, TGFRt15-TGFRs and IL-15 promoted 32Dβ cell proliferation, with the EC_{50} of TGFRt15-16s21 and IL-15 being 1901 pM and 10.63 pM, respectively.

Detection of IL-15 and TGFβRII domains in TGFRt15-TGFRs with corresponding antibodies using ELISA

A 96-well plate was coated with 100 µL (8 µg/mL) of anti-TF IgG1 in R5 (coating buffer) and incubated at room temperature (RT) for 2 hrs. The plates were washed 3 times and blocked with 100 µL of 1% BSA in PBS. TGFRt15-TGFRs was added at a 1:3 serial dilution, and incubated at RT for 60 min. After 3 washes, 50 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-IL-15 antibody (BAM247, R&D Systems), or 200 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-TGFbRII antibody (BAF241, R&D Systems) was added to the wells and incubated at RT for 60 min. Next the plates were washed 3 times, and 0.25 µg/mL of HRP-SA (Jackson ImmunoResearch) at 100 µL per well was added and incubated for 30 min at RT, followed by 4 washes and incubation with 100 µL of ABTS for 2 mins at RT. Absorbance at 405 nm was read. As shown in Figure 99A and 99B, the IL-15 and TGFβRII domains in TGFRt15-TGFRs were detected by the individual antibodies.

Purification elution chromatograph of TGFRt15-TGFRs from anti-TF antibody affinity column

TGFRt15-TGFRs harvested from cell culture was loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After sample loading, the column was washed with 5 column volumes of PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes of 0.1M acetic acid (pH 2.9). A280 elution peak was collected and then neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 with 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon centrifugal filters with a 30 KDa molecular weight cutoff. As shown in Figure 100, the anti-TF antibody affinity column bound to TGFRt15-TGFRs which contains TF as a fusion partner. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8 °C for further biochemical analyses and biological activity tests. After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was stripped using 6 column volumes of 0.1M glycine (pH 2.5). The column was then neutralized using 5 column volumes of PBS, and 7 column volumes of 20% ethanol for storage. The anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA Avant system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except for the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Analytical size exclusion chromatography (SEC) analysis of TGFRt15-TGFRs

A Superdex 200 Increase 10/300 GL gel filtration column (from GE Healthcare) was connected to an AKTA Avant system (from GE Healthcare). The column was equilibrated with 2 column volumes of PBS. The flow rate was 0.7 mL/min. A sample containing TGFRt15-TGFRs in PBS was injected into the Superdex 200 column using a capillary loop, and analyzed by SEC. The SEC chromatograph of the sample is shown in Figure 101. The SEC results showed four protein peaks for TGFRt15-TGFRs.

Reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of TGFRt15-TGFRs

To determine the purity and molecular weight of the TGFRt15-TGFRs protein, protein sample purified with anti-TF antibody affinity column was analyzed by sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel (4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris gel) electrophoresis (SDS-

PAGE) method under reduced condition. After electrophoresis, the gel was stained with InstantBlue for about 30 min, followed by destaining overnight in purified water.

To verify that the TGFRt15-TGFRs protein undergoes glycosylation after translation in CHO cells, a deglycosylation experiment was conducted using the Protein Deglycosylation Mix II kit from New England Biolabs and the manufacturer's instructions. Figure 102 shows the reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of the sample in non-deglycosylated (lane 1 in red outline) and deglycosylated (lane 2 in yellow outline) state. The results showed that the TGFRt15-TGFRs protein is glycosylated when expressed in CHO cells. After deglycosylation, the purified sample showed expected molecular weights (69 kDa and 39 kDa) in the reduced SDS gel. Lane M was loaded with 10 ul of SeeBlue Plus2 Prestained Standard.

Immunostimulatory activity of TGFRt15-TGFRs in C57BL/6 mice

TGFRt15-TGFRs is a multi-chain polypeptide (a type A multi-chain polypeptide described herein) that includes a first polypeptide that is a soluble fusion of two TGFβRII domains, human tissue factor 219 fragment and human IL-15, and the second polypeptide that is a soluble fusion of two TGFβRII domains and sushi domain of human IL-15 receptor alpha chain.

Wild type C57BL/6 mice were treated subcutaneously with either control solution or with TGFRt15-TGFRs at a dosage of 0.3 mg/kg, 1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, or 10 mg/kg. Four days after treatment, spleen weight and the percentages of various immune cell types present in the spleen were evaluated. As shown in Figure 103A, the spleen weight in mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs increased with increasing dosage of TGFRt15-TGFRs. Moreover, the spleen weight in mice treated with 1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, and 10 mg/kg of TGFRt15-TGFRs were higher as compared to mice treated with the control solution, respectively. In addition, the percentages of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, NK cells, and $CD19^+$ B cells present in the spleen of control-treated and TGFRt15-TGFRs-treated mice were evaluated. As shown in Figure 103B, in the spleens of mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, the percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells both increased with increasing dosage of TGFRt15-TGFRs. Specifically, the percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells

were higher in mice treated with 0.3 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, and 10 mg/kg of TGFRt15-TGFRs compared to control-treated mice, and the percentages of NK cells were higher in mice treated with 0.3 mg/kg, 1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, and 10 mg/kg of TGFRt15-TGFRs compared to control-treated mice. These results demonstrate that TGFRt15-TGFRs is able to stimulate immune cells in the spleen, in particular $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells.

The pharmacokinetics of TGFRt15-TGFRs molecules were evaluated in wild type C57BL/6 mice. The mice were treated subcutaneously with TGFRt15-TGFRs at a dosage of 3 mg/kg. The mouse blood was drained from tail vein at various time points and the serum was prepared. The TGFRt15-TGFRs concentrations in mouse serum was determined with ELISA (capture: anti-human tissue factor antibody; detection: biotinylated anti-human TGFβ receptor antibody and followed by peroxidase conjugated streptavidin and ABTS substrate). The results showed that the half-life of TGFRt15-TGFRs was 12.66 hours in C57BL/6 mice.

The mouse splenocytes were prepared in order to evaluate the immunostimulatory activity of TGFRt15-TGFRs over time in mice. As shown in Figure 104A, the spleen weight in mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs increased 48 hours posttreatment and continued to increase over time. In addition, the percentages of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, NK cells, and $CD19^+$ B cells present in the spleen of control-treated and TGFRt15-TGFRs-treated mice were evaluated. As shown in Figure 104B, in the spleens of mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, the percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells both increased at 48 hours after treatment and were higher and higher overtime after the single dose treatment. These results further demonstrate that TGFRt15-TGFRs is able to stimulate immune cells in the spleen, in particular $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells.

Furthermore, the dynamic proliferation of immune cells based on Ki67 expression of splenocytes and cytotoxicity potential based on granzyme B expression were evaluated in splenocytes isolated from mice following a single dose (3 mg/kg) of TGFRt15-TGFRs. As shown in Figure 105A and 105B, in the spleens of mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs, the expression of Ki67 and granzyme B by NK cells increased at 24 hours after treatment and its expression of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells both increased at 48 hours and later time points after the single dose treatment. These results demonstrate that

TGFRt15-TGFRs not only increases the numbers of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells but also enhance the cytotoxicity of these cells. The single dose treatment of TGFRt15-TGFRs led $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells to proliferate for at least 4 days.

The cytotoxicity of the splenocytes from TGFRt15-TGFRs-treated mice against tumor cells was also evaluated. Mouse Moloney leukemia cells (Yac-1) were labeled with CellTrace Violet and were used as tumor target cells. Splenocytes were prepared from TGFRt15-TGFRs (3 mg/kg)-treated mouse spleens at various time points post treatment and were used as effector cells. The target cells were mixed with effector cells at an E:T ratio = 10:1 and incubated at 37°C for 20 hours. Target cell viability was assessed by analysis of propidium iodide positive, violet-labeled Yac-1 cells using flow cytometry. Percentage of Yac-1 tumor inhibition was calculated using the formula, (1-[viable Yac-1 cell number in experimental sample]/[viable Yac-1 cell number in the sample without splenocytes]) x 100. As shown in Figure 106, splenocytes from TGFRt15-TGFRs-treated mice had stronger cytotoxicity against Yac-1 cells than the control mouse splenocytes.

Tumor size analysis in response to chemotherapy and/or TGFRt15-TGFRs

Pancreatic cancer cells (SW1990, ATCC® CRL-2172) were subcutaneously (s.c.) injected into C57BL/6 scid mice (The Jackson Laboratory, 001913, $2x10^6$ cells/mouse, in 100μL HBSS) to establish the pancreatic cancer mouse model. Two weeks after tumor cell injection, chemotherapy was initiated in these mice intraperitoneally with a combination of Abraxane (Celgene, 68817-134, 5 mg/kg, i.p.) and Gemcitabine (Sigma Aldrich, G6423, 40 mg/kg, i.p.), followed by immunotherapy with TGFRt15-TGFRs (3 mg/kg, s.c.) in 2 days. The procedure above was considered one treatment cycle and was repeated for another 3 cycles (1 cycle/week). Control groups were set up as the SW1990-injected mice that received PBS, chemotherapy (Gemcitabine and Abraxane), or TGFRt15-TGFRs alone. Along with the treatment cycles, tumor size of each animal was measured and recorded every other day, until the termination of the experiment 2 months after the SW1990 cells were injected. Measurement of the tumor volumes were analyzed by group and the results indicated that the animals receiving a combination of

chemotherapy and TGFRt15-TGFRs had significantly smaller tumors comparing to the PBS group, whereas neither chemotherapy nor TGFRt15-TGFRs therapy alone work as sufficiently as the combination (Figure 107).

In vitro senescent B16F10 melanoma model

Next, in vitro killing of senescent B16F10 melanoma cells by activated mouse NK cells was evaluated. B16F10 senescence cells (B16F10-SNC) cells were labelled with CellTrace violet and incubated for 16 hrs with different E:T ratio of in vitro 2t2-activated mouse NK cells (isolated from spleen of C57BL/6 mice injected with TGFRt15-TGFRs10 mg/kg for 4 days). The cells were trypsinized, washed and resuspended in complete media containing propidium iodide (PI) solution. The cytotoxicity was assessed by flow cytometry (Figure 108).

Example 54: 7t15-21s137L (long version) fusion protein creation and characterization

A fusion protein complex was generated comprising of IL-21/IL-15RαSu/CD137L and IL-7/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins (Figure 109 and Figure 110). Specifically, a construct was made linking the IL-7 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219 followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-15. The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising IL-7 linked to the N-terminus of tissue factor 219 following with the N-terminus of IL-15 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the 7t15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL7)

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCT
GATGGTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAAC
TGCCTCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACA

AGGAGGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAA
GATGAACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGC
ACCACCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTG
CTCTGGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGA
AGGAGCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGG
AGATCAAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of 7t15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL7)

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDAN
KEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAAL
GEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

The nucleic acid and protein sequences of the 21s137L are shown below. The nucleic acid sequence of the 21s137L construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL-21)

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACAT
CGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCT
GCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTC
AGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCA

ACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCA
GGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGA
AGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGAT
CCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

((G4S)3 linker)

GGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCT

(Human CD137L)

CGCGAGGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGAC
CTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCG
ATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGAC
GGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGC
TGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCG
AGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCT
GCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGA
GGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCG
GCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTG
GCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAA
ATCCCAGCCGGACTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA

The amino acid sequence of 21s137L fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCF
QKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPK
EFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

((G4S)3 linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(Human CD137L)

REGPELSPDDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVS
LTGGLSYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSA
AGAAALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAW
QLTQGATVLGLFRVTPEIPAGLPSPRSE

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

The IL-21/IL-15RαSu/CD137L and IL-7/TF/IL-15 constructs were cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vectors as described previously (Hughes MS, Yu YY, Dudley ME, Zheng Z, Robbins PF, Li Y, et al. Transfer of a TCR gene derived from a patient with a marked antitumor response conveys highly active T-cell effector functions. *Hum Gene Ther* 2005;16:457–72), and the expression vectors were transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of the soluble IL-7/TF/IL-15: IL-21/IL-15RαSu/CD137L protein complex (referred to as 7t15-21s137L), which can be purified by anti-TF antibody IgG1 affinity and other chromatography methods.

Purification elution chromatograph of 7t15-21s137L using anti-TF antibody affinity column

7t15-21s137L harvested from cell culture was loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After sample loading, the

column was washed with 5 column volumes of PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes of 0.1M acetic acid (pH 2.9). A280 elution peak was collected and then neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 with 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon centrifugal filters with a 30 KDa molecular weight cutoff. As shown in Figure 111, the anti-TF antibody affinity column bound to 7t15-21s137L which contains TF as a fusion partner. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8 °C for further biochemical analyses and biological activity tests. After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was stripped using 6 column volumes of 0.1M glycine (pH 2.5). The column was then neutralized using 5 column volumes of PBS, and 7 column volumes of 20% ethanol for storage. The anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA Avant system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except for the elution step, which was 2 mL/min. Figure 112 shows the analytical SEC profile of 7t15-21s137L.

Example 55: 7t15-21s137L (short version) fusion protein generation and characterization

A fusion protein complex was generated comprising of IL-21/IL-15RαSu/CD137L and IL-7/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins. Specifically, a construct was made linking the IL-7 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219 followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-15. The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising IL-7 linked to the N-terminus of tissue factor 219 following with the N-terminus of IL-15 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of 7t15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL7)

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCT
GATGGTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAAC

TGCCTCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACA
AGGAGGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAA
GATGAACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGC
ACCACCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTG
CTCTGGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGA
AGGAGCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGG
AGATCAAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of 7t15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL7)

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDAN KEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAAL GEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ MFINTS

The nucleic acid and protein sequences of the 21s137L (short version) are shown below. The nucleic acid sequence of 21s137L (short version) construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT ACTCC

(Human IL-21)

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACAT CGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCT GCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTC AGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCA

ACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCA
GGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGA
AGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGAT
CCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

((G4S)3 linker)

GGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCT

(Human CD137 Ligand short version)

GATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTG
GTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACC
CAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACA
CGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTA
GAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGC
TGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACC
GTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCA
GGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCAC
ACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCT
TGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC

The amino acid sequence of the 21s137L (short version) construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCF
QKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPK
EFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

((G4S)3 linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(Human CD137 Ligand short version)

DPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGLSYKE
DTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAAALAL
TVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQGATV
LGLFRVTPEI

The IL-21/IL-15RαSu/CD137L (short version) and IL-7/TF/IL-15 constructs were cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vectors as described previously (Hughes MS, Yu YY, Dudley ME, Zheng Z, Robbins PF, Li Y, et al. Transfer of a TCR gene derived from a patient with a marked antitumor response conveys highly active T-cell effector functions. *Hum Gene Ther* 2005;16:457–72), and the expression vectors were transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of the soluble IL-7/TF/IL-15: IL-21/IL-15RαSu/CD137L protein complex (referred to as 7t15-21s137L (short version)), which can be purified by anti-TF antibody IgG1 affinity and other chromatography methods.

Binding of 7t15-21s137L (short version) to CD137 (4.1BB)

On day 1, a 96-well plate was coated with 100 µL (2.5 µg/mL) of GAH IgG Fc (G-102-C, R&D Systems) in R5 (coating buffer) or R5 only and incubated at 4°C, overnight. On day 2, the plates were washed three times and blocked with 300 µL of 1% BSA in PBS at 37°C for 2 hrs. 10 ng/mL of 4.1BB/Fc (838-4B, R&D Systems) was added at 100 µL/well and incubated for 2 hrs at RT. After three washes, the 7t15-

21s137L or 7t15-21s serially diluted at a 1/3 ratio (starting at 10 nM), and incubated at 4°C overnight. On day 3, following 3 washes, 300 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-hTF antibody (BAF2339, R&D Systems) was added at 100 µL per well and incubated at RT for 2 hrs. The plate was then washed three times and incubated with 0.25 µg/mL of HRP-SA (Jackson ImmuneResearch) at 100 µL per well for 30 min, followed by 3 washes and incubation with 100 µL of ABTS for 2 mins at RT. Absorbance was read at 405 nm. As shown in Figure 113, 7t15-21s137L (short version) showed significant interaction with 4.1BB/Fc (blue line) as compared to 7t15-21s.

Detection of IL-15, IL-21, and IL-7 in 7t15-21s137L (short version) with ELISA

A 96-well plate was coated with 100 µL (8 µg/mL) of anti-TF antibody IgG1 in R5 (coating buffer) and incubated at RT for 2 hrs. The plates were washed 3 times and blocked with 100 µL of 1% BSA in PBS. 7t15-21s137L (short version), serially diluted at a 1:3 ratio was added, and incubated at RT for 60 min. After three washes, 50 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-IL-15 antibody (BAM247, R&D Systems), 500 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-IL21 antibody (13-7218-81, R&D Systems), or 500 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-IL7 antibody (506602, R&D Systems) was added to the wells and incubated at RT for 60 min. After three washes and incubation with 0.25 µg/mL of HRP-SA (Jackson ImmunoResearch) at 100 µL per well was carried out for 30 min at RT, followed by four washes and incubation with 100 µL of ABTS for 2 mins at RT. Absorbance was read at 405 nm. As shown in Figures 114A-114C, the IL-15, IL-21, and IL-7 domains in 7t15-21s137L (short version) were detected by the respective antibodies.

The IL-15 in 7t15-1s137L (short version) promotes IL2Rαβγ containing CTLL2 cell proliferation

To evaluate the IL-15 activity of 7t15-21s137L (short version), 7t15-21s137L (short version) was compared with recombinant IL-15 in promoting proliferation of IL2R$\alpha\beta\gamma$ expressing CTLL2 cells. IL-15-dependent CTLL2 cells were washed 5 times with IMDM-10% FBS and seeded to the wells at 2 x 10^4 cells/well. Serially diluted 7t15-21s137L (short version) or IL-15 were added to the cells (Figure 115). Cells were

incubated in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C for 3 days. Cell proliferation was detected by adding 10 μL of WST1 to each well on day 3 and incubated for an additional 3 hours in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C. The amount of formazan dye produced was analyzed by measuring the absorbance at 450 nm. As shown in Figure 115, 7t15-21s137L (short version) and IL-15 promoted CTLL2 cell proliferation. The EC_{50} of 7t15-21s137L (short version) and IL-15 was 55.91 pM and 6.22 pM, respectively.

The IL-21 in 7t15-1s137L (short version) promotes IL21R containing B9 cell proliferation

To evaluate the IL-21 activity of 7t15-21s137L (short version), 7t15-21s137L (short version) was compared with recombinant IL-21 in promoting proliferation of IL-21R expressing B9 cells. IL-21R containing B9 cells were washed 5 times with RPMI-10% FBS and seeded to the wells at 1 x 10^4 cells/well. Serially diluted 7t15-21s137L (short version) or IL-21 were added to the cells (Figure 116). Cells were incubated in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C for 5 days. Cell proliferation was detected by adding 10 μL of WST1 to each well on day 5 and incubated for an additional 4 hours in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C. The amount of formazan dye produced was analyzed by measuring the absorbance at 450 nm. As shown in Figure 116, 7t15-21s137L (short version) and IL-21 promoted B9 cell proliferation. The EC_{50} of 7t15-21s137L (short version) and IL-21 was 104.1 nM and 72.55 nM, respectively.

Example 56: 7t15-TGFRs fusion protein generation and characterization

A fusion protein complex was generated comprising of TGFβ Receptor II/IL-15RαSu and IL-7/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins (Figure 117 and Figure 118). The human TGFβ Receptor II (Ile24-Asp159), tissue factor 219, IL-15, and IL-7 sequences were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. Specifically, a construct was made linking the IL-7 sequence to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219 followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-15. The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising IL-7 linked to the N-terminus of tissue factor 219 following with the N-terminus of IL-15 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the 7t15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL7)

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCT
GATGGTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAAC
TGCCTCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACA
AGGAGGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAA
GATGAACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGC
ACCACCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTG
CTCTGGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGA
AGGAGCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGG
AGATCAAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of 7t15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL7)

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDAN
KEGMFLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAAL
GEAQPTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

Constructs were also made by attaching two TGFβ Receptor II directly to the IL-15RαSu chain which was synthesized by Genewiz. The nucleic acid and protein

sequences of a construct comprising the TGFβ Receptor II linked to the N-terminus of IL-15RαSu are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the TGFRs construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human TGFβ Receptor II fragments)

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC
ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAG
GTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCA
CGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCC
GTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGA
CAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAG
CCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCC
TGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGA
AGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGA
GACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCT
TTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

The amino acid sequence of TGFRs fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβ Receptor II)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVN NDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAV WRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDE CNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

Effect of 7t15-TGFRs on TGFβ1 activity in HEK-Blue TGFβ cells

To evaluate the activity of TGFβR in 7t15-TGFRs, the effect of 7t15-TGFRs on the activity of TGFβ1 in HEK-Blue TGFβ cells was analyzed. HEK-Blue TGFβ cells (Invivogen) were washed twice with pre-warmed PBS and resuspended in the testing medium (DMEM, 10% heat-inactivated FCS, 1x glutamine, 1x anti-anti, and 2x glutamine) at 5 x 10^5 cells/mL. In a flat-bottom 96-well plate, 50 µL cells were added to each well (2.5 x 10^4 cells/well) and followed with 50 µL 0.1nM TGFβ1 (R&D systems). 7t15-TGFRs or TGFR-Fc (R&D Systems) prepared at a1:3 serial dilution was then added to the plate to reach a total volume of 200 µL. After 24hrs of incubation at 37°C, 40 µL of induced HEK-Blue TGFβ cell supernatant was added to 160 µL pre-warmed QUANTI-Blue (Invivogen) in a flat-bottom 96-well plate, and incubated at 37°C for 1-3 hrs. The OD values were then determined using a plate reader (Multiscan Sky) at 620-655 nM. The data are shown in Figure 119. The IC_{50} of each protein sample was calculated with GraphPad Prism 7.04. The IC_{50} of 7t15-TGFRs and TGFR-Fc were 1142 pM and

558.6 pM respectively. These results showed that the TGFβR in 7t15-TGFRs was able to block the activity of TGFβ1 in HEK-Blue TGFβ cells.

Detection of IL-15, TGFβRII, and IL-7 in 7t15-TGFRs with ELISA

A 96-well plate was coated with 100 µL (8 µg/mL) of anti-TF antibody IgG1 in R5 (coating buffer) and incubated at room temperature (RT) for 2 hrs. The plates were washed three times and blocked with 100 µL of 1% BSA in PBS. Serial dilution of 7t15-TGFRs (1:3 ratio) was added, and incubated at RT for 60 mins. After 3 washes, 50 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-IL-15 antibody (BAM247, R&D Systems), 200 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-TGFbRII antibody (BAF241, R&D Systems), or 500 ng/mL of biotinylated-anti-IL-7 antibody (506602, R&D Systems) was added and incubated at RT for 60 min. Following three washes, incubation with 0.25 µg/mL of HRP-SA (Jackson ImmunoResearch) at 100 µL per well was carried out for 30 min at RT, followed by 4 washes and incubation with 100 µL of ABTS for 2 mins at RT. Absorbance was read at 405 nm. As shown in Figures 120A-120C, the IL-15, TGFR, and IL-7 in 7t15-TGFRs were detected by the respective antibodies.

The IL-15 in 7t15-TGFRs promotes IL-2Rβ and common γ chain containing 32Dβ cell proliferation

To evaluate the activity of IL-15 in 7t15-TGFRs, 7t15-TGFRs was compared to recombinant IL-15 using 32Dβ cells that express IL2Rβ and common γ chain, and evaluating their effects on promoting cell proliferation. IL-15 dependent 32Dβ cells were washed 5 times with IMDM-10% FBS and seeded in the wells at 2 x 10^4 cells/well. Serially-diluted 7t15-TGFRs or IL-15 were added to the cells (Figure 121). Cells were incubated in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C for 3 days. Cell proliferation was detected by adding 10 µL of WST1 to each well on day 3 and incubating for an additional 3 hours in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C. The amount of formazan dye produced was analyzed by measuring the absorbance at 450 nm. As shown in Figure 121, 7t15-TGFRs and IL-15 promoted 32Dβ cell proliferation, with the EC_{50} of 7t15-TGFRs and IL-15 being 126 nM and 16.63 pM, respectively.

Purification elution chromatograph of 7t15-TGFRs using anti-TF antibody affinity column

7t15-TGFRs harvested from cell culture was loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After sample loading, the column was washed with 5 column volumes of PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes of 0.1M acetic acid (pH 2.9). A280 elution peak was collected and then neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 with 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon centrifugal filters with a 30 KDa molecular weight cutoff. As shown in Figure 122, the anti-TF antibody affinity column can bind 7t15-TGFRs which contains TF as a fusion partner of 7t15-TGFRs. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8 °C for further biochemical analyses and biological activity tests. After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was stripped using 6 column volumes of 0.1M glycine (pH 2.5). The column was then neutralized using 5 column volumes of PBS, and 7 column volumes of 20% ethanol for storage. The anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA Avant system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except for the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of 7t15-TGFRs

To determine the purity and molecular weight of the protein, 7t15-TGFRs protein sample purified with anti-TF antibody affinity column was analyzed by sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel (4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris gel) electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) method under reduced condition. After electrophoresis, the gel was stained with InstantBlue for about 30 min, followed by destaining overnight in purified water.

To verify that the 7t15-TGFRs protein undergoes glycosylation after translation in CHO cells, a deglycosylation experiment was conducted using the Protein Deglycosylation Mix II kit from New England Biolabs and the manufacturer's instructions. Figure 123 shows reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of the sample in non-deglycosylated (lane 1 in red outline) and deglycosylated (lane 2 in yellow outline) state. These results showed that the protein is glycosylated when it is expressed in CHO cells. After deglycosylation, the purified sample showed expected molecular weights (55 kDa

and 39 kDa) in reduced SDS gel. Lane M was loaded with 10 ul of SeeBlue Plus2 Prestained Standard.

Characterization of 7t15-TGFRs

7t15-TGFRs is a multi-chain polypeptide (a type A multi-chain polypeptide described herein) that includes the first polypeptide that is a soluble fusion of human IL-7, human tissue factor 219 fragment and human IL-15 (7t15), and the second polypeptide that is a soluble fusion of single chain two TGFβRII domains and sushi domain of human IL-15 receptor alpha chain (TGFRs).

CHO cells were co-transfected with 7t15 and TGFRs vectors. The 7t15-TGFRs complex was purified from the transfected CHO cell culture supernatant. The IL-7, IL-15, TGFβ receptor and tissue factor (TF) components were demonstrated in the complex by ELISA as shown in Figure 124. A humanized anti-TF antibody monoclonal antibody (anti-TF antibody IgG1) was used as the capture antibody to determine TF in 7t15-TGFRs, and biotinylated antibodies against human IL-15 (R&D systems), human IL-7 (Biolegend), anti-TGFβ receptor (R&D Systems) were used as the detection antibodies to respectively determine IL-7, IL-15 and TGFβ receptor in 7t15-TGFRs. Peroxidase conjugated streptavidin (Jackson ImmunoResearch Lab) and ABTS substrate (Surmodics IVD, Inc.) were then used to detect the bound biotinylated antibodies. The results were analyzed by ELISA (Figure 124).

In vivo characterization of 7t15-TGFRs in C57BL/6 mice

To determine the immunostimulatory activity of 7t15-TGFRs in vivo, C57BL/6 mice were subcutaneously treated with control solution (PBS) or 7t15-TGFRs at 0.3, 1, 3 and 10 mg/kg. The treated mice were euthanized. The mouse spleens were collected and weighed day 4 post treatment. Single splenocyte suspensions were prepared and stained with fluorochrome-conjugated anti-CD4, anti-CD8, and anti–NK1.1 antibodies and the percentage of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, and NK cells was analyzed by flow cytometry. The results showed that 7t15-TGFRs was effective at expanding splenocytes based on spleen weight (Figure 125A), especially at 1-10 mg/kg. The percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells

and NK cells were higher compared to control-treated mice (Figure 125B) at all doses tested.

CD44 Expression of $CD4^+$ and $CD8^+$ T cells

It has been known that IL-15 induces CD44 expression on T cells and development of memory T cells. CD44 expression of $CD4^+$ and $CD8^+$ T cells in the 7t15-TGFRs treated mice were assessed. C57BL/6 mice were subcutaneously treated with 7t15-TGFRs. The splenocytes were stained with fluorochrome-conjugated anti-CD4, anti-CD8 and anti-CD44 monoclonal antibodies for immunocyte subsets. The percentages of $CD4^+CD44^{high}$ T cells of total CD4+ T cells and $CD8^+CD44^{high}$ T cells of total $CD8^+$ T cells were analyzed by flow cytometry. As shown in Figures 126A and 126B, 7t15-TGFRs significantly activated $CD4^+$ and $CD8^+$ T cells to differentiate into memory T cells.

Furthermore, the dynamic proliferation of immune cells based on Ki67 expression of splenocytes and cytotoxicity potential based on granzyme B expression of the splenocytes induced by 7t15-TGFRs after the single dose treatment of mouse were also evaluated. C57BL/6 mice were subcutaneously treated with 7t15-TGFRs at 3 mg/kg. The treated mice were euthanized and the splenocytes were prepared. The prepared splenocytes were stained with fluorochrome-conjugated anti-CD4, anti-CD8, and anti–NK1.1 (NK) antibodies for immunocyte subsets and then intracellularly stained with anti-Ki67 antibody for cell proliferation and anti-granzyme B antibody for cytotoxic marker. The mean fluorescent intensity (MFI) of Ki67 and granzyme B of corresponding immunocyte subsets was analyzed by flow cytometry. As shown in Figures 127A and 127B, in the spleens of mice treated with 7t15-TGFRs, the expression of Ki67 and granzyme B by $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells increased compared with PBS control treatment. These results demonstrate that 7t15-TGFRs is not only to increase numbers of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells but also enhance potential cytotoxicity of these cells.

Additionally, cytotoxicity of the mouse splenocytes against tumor cells was also evaluated. Mouse Yac-1 cells were labeled with CellTrace Violet and used as tumor target cells. The splenocytes were prepared from 7t15-TGFRs-treated mice and used as

effector cells. The target cells were mixed with effector cells at E:T ratio = 10:1 in RPMI-10 medium with or without 7t15-TGFRs at 100 nM and incubated at 37°C for 20 hours. Target Yac-1 cell inhibition was assessed by analysis of viable violet-labeled Yac-1 cells using flow cytometry. Percentage of Yac-1 inhibition was calculated using a formula, (1-viable Yac-1 cell number in experimental sample/viable Yac-1 cell number in the sample without splenocytes) x 100. As shown in Figure 128, 7t15-TGFRs-treated mouse splenocytes had stronger cytotoxicity against Yac-1 cells than the control mouse splenocytes and addition of 7t15-TGFRs during cytotoxic assay further enhanced cytotoxicity of splenocytes against Yac-1 target cells.

Example 57: TGFRt15-21s137L fusion protein generation and characterization

A fusion protein complex was generated comprising IL-21/IL-15RαSu/CD137L and TGFβ Receptor II/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins (Figure 129 and Figure 130). The human TGFβ Receptor II (Ile24-Asp159), tissue factor 219, and IL-15 sequences were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. Specifically, a construct was made linking two TGFβ Receptor II sequences with a G4S(3) linker to generate a single chain version of TGFβ Receptor II and then directly linking to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219 followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-15.

The nucleic acid sequence of the TGFRt15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human TGFβ Receptor II fragments)

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC

ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAG
GTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCA
CGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCC
GTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGA
CAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAG
CCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCC
TGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGA
AGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGA
GACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCT
TTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT

TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of TGFRt15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβ Receptor II)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVN
NDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAV
WRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDE
CNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

The nucleic acid and protein sequences of the 21s137L are shown below. The nucleic acid sequence of the 21s137L construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human IL-21)

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACAT
CGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCT
GCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTC
AGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCA
ACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCA
GGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGA
AGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGAT
CCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

((G4S)3 linker)

GGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCT

(Human CD137L)

CGCGAGGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGAC
CTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCG
ATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGAC
GGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGC
TGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCG
AGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCT
GCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGA
GGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCG
GCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTG

GCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAA
ATCCCAGCCGGACTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA

The amino acid sequence of 21s137L fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCF
QKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPK
EFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

((G4S)3 linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(Human CD137L)

REGPELSPDDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVS
LTGGLSYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSA
AGAAALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAW
QLTQGATVLGLFRVTPEIPAGLPSPRSE

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

The IL-21/IL-15RαSu/CD137L and TGFR/TF/IL-15 constructs were cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vectors as described previously (Hughes MS, Yu YY, Dudley ME, Zheng Z, Robbins PF, Li Y, et al. Transfer of a TCR gene derived from a patient with a marked antitumor response conveys highly active T-cell effector functions. *Hum Gene Ther* 2005;16:457–72), and the expression vectors were transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation

and secretion of the soluble TGFR/TF/IL-15: IL-21/IL-15RαSu/CD137L protein complex (referred to as TGFRt15-21s137L), which can be purified by anti-TF antibody IgG1 affinity and other chromatography methods.

Purification elution chromatograph of TGFRt15-21s137L using anti-TF antibody affinity column

TGFRt15-21s137L harvest from cell culture was loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After sample loading, the column was washed with 5 column volumes of PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes of 0.1M acetic acid (pH 2.9). A280 elution peak was collected and then neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 with 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon centrifugal filters with a 30 KDa molecular weight cutoff. As shown in Figure 131, the anti-TF antibody affinity column bound to TGFRt15-21s137L which contains TF as a fusion partner of TGFRt15-21s137L. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8 °C for further biochemical analyses and biological activity tests. After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was stripped using 6 column volumes of 0.1M glycine (pH 2.5). The column was then neutralized using 5 column volumes of PBS, and 7 column volumes of 20% ethanol for storage. The anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA Avant system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except for the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Example 58: TGFRt15-TGFRs21 fusion protein generation and characterization

A fusion protein complex was generated comprising of TGFβ Receptor II/IL-15RαSu/IL-21 and TGFβ Receptor II/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins (Figure 132 and Figure 133). The human TGFβ Receptor II (Ile24-Asp159), tissue factor 219, IL-21, and IL-15 sequences were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. Specifically, a construct was made linking two TGFβ Receptor II sequences with a G4S(3) linker to generate a single chain version of TGFβ Receptor II

and then directly linking to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219 followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-15.

The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising two TGFβ Receptor II linked to the N-terminus of tissue factor 219 following with the N-terminus of IL-15 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the TGFRt15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human TGFβ Receptor II fragments)

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC
ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAG
GTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCA
CGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCC
GTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGA
CAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAG
CCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCC
TGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGA
AGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGA
GACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCT
TTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of TGFRt15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβ Receptor II)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVN

NDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAV
WRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDE
CNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

Constructs were also made by attaching two TGFβ Receptor II directly to the IL-15RαSu chain, followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-21, which was synthesized by Genewiz. The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising the TGFβ Receptor II linked to the N-terminus of IL-15RαSu following with the N-terminus of IL-21 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the TGFRs21 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human TGFβ Receptor II fragments)

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC

ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAG
GTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCA
CGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCC
GTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGA
CAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAG
CCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCC
TGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGA
AGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGA
GACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCT
TTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

(Human IL-21)

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACAT
CGTCGACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCT
GCCCCCGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTC
AGAAGGCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCA
ACGTGAGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCA
GGAGGCAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGA
AGCCCCCCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGAT
CCATCAGCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC

The amino acid sequence of TGFRs21 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβ Receptor II)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVN
NDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAV
WRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDE
CNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCF
QKAQLKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPK
EFLERFKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

The TGFR/IL-15RαSu/IL-21 and TGFR/TF/IL-15 constructs were cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vectors as described previously (Hughes MS, Yu YY, Dudley ME, Zheng Z, Robbins PF, Li Y, et al. Transfer of a TCR gene derived from a patient with a marked antitumor response conveys highly active T-cell effector functions. *Hum Gene Ther* 2005;16:457–72), and the expression vectors were transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of the soluble TGFR/TF/IL-15:TGFR/IL-15RαSu/IL-21 protein complex (referred to as TGFRt15-TGFRs21), which can be purified by anti-TF antibody IgG1 affinity and other chromatography methods.

Purification elution chromatograph of TGFRt15-TGFRs21 using anti-TF antibody affinity column

TGFRt15-TGFRs21 harvested from cell culture was loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After sample loading, the column was washed with 5 column volumes of PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes of 0.1M acetic acid (pH 2.9). A280 elution peak was collected and then neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 with 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon centrifugal filters with a 30 KDa molecular weight cutoff. As shown in Figure 134, the anti-TF antibody affinity column bound to TGFRt15-TGFRs21 which contains TF as a fusion partner. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8 °C for further biochemical analyses and biological activity tests. After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was stripped using 6 column volumes of 0.1M glycine (pH 2.5). The column was then neutralized using 5 column volumes of PBS, and 7 column volumes of 20% ethanol for storage. The anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA Avant system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except for the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of TGFRt15-TGFRs21

To determine the purity and molecular weight of the protein, TGFRt15-TGFRs21 protein sample purified with anti-TF antibody affinity column was analyzed by sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel (4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris gel) electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) method under reduced condition. After electrophoresis, the gel was stained with InstantBlue for about 30 min, followed by destaining overnight in purified water.

To verify that the TGFRt15-TGFRs21 protein undergoes glycosylation after translation in CHO cells, a deglycosylation experiment was conducted using the Protein Deglycosylation Mix II kit from New England Biolabs and the manufacturer's instructions. Figure 135 shows the reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of the sample in non-deglycosylated (lane 1 in red outline) and deglycosylated (lane 2 in yellow outline) state. It is clear that the protein is glycosylated when it is expressed in CHO cells. After deglycosylation, the purified sample showed expected molecular weights (69 kDa and 55

kDa) in reduced SDS gel. Lane M was loaded with 10 ul of SeeBlue Plus2 Prestained Standard.

Immunostimulation of TGFRt15-TGFRs21 in C57BL/6 mice

TGFRt15-TGFRs21 is a multi-chain polypeptide (a type A multi-chain polypeptide described herein) that includes the first polypeptide that is a soluble fusion of single chain two TGFβRII domains, human tissue factor 219 fragment and human IL-15 (TGFRt15), and the second polypeptide that is a soluble fusion of single chain two TGFβRII domains, sushi domain of human IL-15 receptor alpha chain and human IL-21 (TGFRs21).

CHO cells were co-transfected with TGFRt15 and TGFRs21 vectors. The TGFRt15-TGFRs21 complex was purified from the transfected CHO cell culture supernatant. The TGFβ receptor, IL-15, IL-21 and tissue factor (TF) components were demonstrated in the complex by ELISA as shown in Figure 136. A humanized anti-TF monoclonal antibody (anti-TF IgG1) was used as the capture antibody to determine TF in TGFRt15-TGFRs21, biotinylated anti-human IL-15 antibody (R&D systems), biotinylated anti-human TGFβ receptor antibody (R&D systems, and biotinylated anti-human IL-21 antibody (R&D Systems) were used as the detection antibodies to respectively determine IL-15, TGFβ receptor, and IL-21 in TGFRt15-TGFRs21. For detection, peroxidase conjugated streptavidin (Jackson ImmunoResearch Lab) and ABTS were used.

Wild type C57BL/6 mice were treated subcutaneously with either control solution (PBS) or with TGFRt15-TGFRs21 at 3 mg/kg. Four days after treatment, spleen weight and the percentages of various immune cell types present in the spleen were evaluated. As shown in Figure 137A, the percentages of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, and NK cells present in the spleen of control-treated and TGFRt15-TGFRs21-treated mice were evaluated. The dynamic proliferation of immune cells based on Ki67 expression after TGFRt15-TGFRs21 treatment was also evaluated. The splenocytes were stained with fluorochrome-conjugated anti-CD4, anti-CD8, and anti–NK1.1 (NK) antibodies and then intracellularly stained with anti-Ki67 antibody. The percentage of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T

cells, and NK cells and the mean fluorescent intensity (MFI) of Ki67 of corresponding immunocyte subsets were analyzed by flow cytometry (Figures 137A and 137B). Furthermore, cytotoxicity potential based on granzyme B expression of the splenocytes induced by TGFRt15-TGFRs21 after the single dose treatment of mouse was also evaluated. As shown in Figure 138, in the spleens of mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs21, the expression of granzyme B by NK cells increased after treatment. The splenocytes from TGFRt15-TGFRs21-treated mice were stained with fluorochrome-conjugated anti-CD4, anti-CD8, and anti–NK1.1 (NK) antibodies and then intracellularly stained with anti-granzyme B antibody. The mean fluorescent intensity (MFI) of granzyme B of corresponding immunocyte subsets was analyzed by flow cytometry (Figure 138).

As shown in Figure 137A, in the spleens of mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs21, the percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells both increased on day 4 after a single TGFRt15-TGFRs21 treatment. These results demonstrate that TGFRt15-TGFRs21 is able to induce immune cells to proliferate in mouse spleen, in particular $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells.

Additionally, cytotoxicity of the mouse splenocytes against tumor cells was also evaluated. Mouse Yac-1 cells were labeled with CellTrace Violet and used as tumor target cells. The splenocytes were prepared from TGFRt15-TGFRs21-treated mice and used as effector cells. The target cells were mixed with effector cells at E:T ratio = 10:1 in RPMI-10 medium with or without TGFRt15-TGFRs21 at 100 nM and incubated at 37°C for 24 hours. Target Yac-1 cell inhibition was assessed by analysis of viable violet-labeled Yac-1 cells using flow cytometry. Percentage of Yac-1 inhibition was calculated using a formula, (1-[viable Yac-1 cell number in experimental sample]/[viable Yac-1 cell number in the sample without splenocytes]) x 100. As shown in Figure 139, TGFRt15-TGFRs21-treated mouse splenocytes had stronger cytotoxicity against Yac-1 cells than the control mouse cells in the presence of TGFRt15-TGFRs21 during cytotoxic assay (Figure 139).

Example 59: TGFRt15-TGFRs16 fusion protein generation

A fusion protein complex was generated comprising of TGFβ Receptor II/IL-15RαSu/ anti-CD16scFv and TGFβ Receptor II/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins (Figure 140 and Figure 141). The human TGFβ Receptor II (Ile24-Asp159), tissue factor 219, and IL-15 sequences were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. Specifically, a construct was made linking two TGFβ Receptor II sequences with a G4S(3) linker to generate a single chain version of TGFβ Receptor II and then directly linking to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219 followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-15.

The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising two TGFβ Receptor II linked to the N-terminus of tissue factor 219 following with the N-terminus of IL-15 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the TGFRt15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human TGFβ Receptor II fragments)

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC
ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAG
GTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCA
CGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCC
GTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGA
CAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAG

CCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCC
TGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGA
AGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGA
GACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCT
TTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of TGFRt15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβ Receptor II)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVN
NDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAV
WRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDE
CNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

Constructs were also made by attaching two TGFβ Receptor II directly to the IL-15RαSu chain, followed by the anti-CD16scFv sequence, which was synthesized by Genewiz. The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising the TGFβ Receptor II linked to the N-terminus of IL-15RαSu following with the anti-CD16scFv sequence are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the TGFRs16 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human TGFβ Receptor II fragments)

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC
ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAG
GTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCA
CGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCC
GTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGA
CAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAG
CCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCC
TGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGA
AGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGA
GACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCT
TTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

(Anti-human CD16scFv)

TCCGAGCTGACCCAGGACCCTGCTGTGTCCGTGGCTCTGGGCCAGACC
GTGAGGATCACCTGCCAGGGCGACTCCCTGAGGTCCTACTACGCCTCCTGGT
ACCAGCAGAAGCCCGGCCAGGCTCCTGTGCTGGTGATCTACGGCAAGAACAA
CAGGCCCTCCGGCATCCCTGACAGGTTCTCCGGATCCTCCTCCGGCAACACCG
CCTCCCTGACCATCACAGGCGCTCAGGCCGAGGACGAGGCTGACTACTACTG
CAACTCCAGGGACTCCTCCGGCAACCATGTGGTGTTCGGCGGCGGCACCAAG

CTGACCGTGGGCCATGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGAGGCGGCGGCAGCGGCGGA
GGAGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCCGGAGGAGGAGTGGTGAGGCCT
GGAGGCTCCCTGAGGCTGAGCTGTGCTGCCTCCGGCTTCACCTTCGACGACTA
CGGCATGTCCTGGGTGAGGCAGGCTCCTGGAAAGGGCCTGGAGTGGGTGTCC
GGCATCAACTGGAACGGCGGATCCACCGGCTACGCCGATTCCGTGAAGGGCA
GGTTCACCATCAGCAGGGACAACGCCAAGAACTCCCTGTACCTGCAGATGAA
CTCCCTGAGGGCCGAGGACACCGCCGTGTACTACTGCGCCAGGGGCAGGTCC
CTGCTGTTCGACTACTGGGGACAGGGCACCCTGGTGACCGTGTCCAGG

The amino acid sequence of TGFRs16 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβ Receptor II)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVN
NDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAV
WRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDE
CNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

(Anti-human CD16scFv)

SELTQDPAVSVALGQTVRITCQGDSLRSYYASWYQQKPGQAPVLVIYGK
NNRPSGIPDRFSGSSSGNTASLTITGAQAEDEADYYCNSRDSSGNHVVFGGGTKL
TVGHGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGVVRPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYGM
SWVRQAPGKGLEWVSGINWNGGSTGYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLR
AEDTAVYYCARGRSLLFDYWGQGTLVTVSR

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

The TGFR/IL-15RαSu/anti-CD16scFv and TGFR/TF/IL-15 constructs were cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vectors as described previously (Hughes MS, Yu YY, Dudley ME, Zheng Z, Robbins PF, Li Y, et al. Transfer of a TCR gene derived from a patient with a marked antitumor response conveys highly active T-cell effector functions. *Hum Gene Ther* 2005;16:457–72), and the expression vectors were transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of the soluble TGFR/TF/IL-15:TGFR/IL-15RαSu/anti-CD16scFv protein complex (referred to as TGFRt15-TGFRs16), which can be purified by anti-TF IgG1 affinity and other chromatography methods.

Example 60: The TGFRt15-TGFRs137L fusion protein generation

A fusion protein complex was generated comprising of TGFβ Receptor II/IL-15RαSu/ CD137L and TGFβ Receptor II/TF/IL-15 fusion proteins (Figure 142 and Figure 143). The human TGFβ Receptor II (Ile24-Asp159), tissue factor 219, CD137L, and IL-15 sequences were obtained from the UniProt website and DNA for these sequences was synthesized by Genewiz. Specifically, a construct was made linking two TGFβ Receptor II sequences with a G4S(3) linker to generate a single chain version of TGFβ Receptor II and then directly linking to the N-terminus coding region of tissue factor 219 followed by the N-terminus coding region of IL-15.

The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising two TGFβ Receptor II linked to the N-terminus of tissue factor 219 following with the N-terminus of IL-15 are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the TGFRt15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human TGFβ Receptor II fragments)

ATCCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC
ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAG
GTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCA
CGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCC
GTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGA
CAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAG
CCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCC
TGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGA
AGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGA
GACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCT
TTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC

AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of TGFRt15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβ Receptor II)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVN
NDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAV
WRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDE
CNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

Constructs were also made by attaching two TGFβ Receptor II directly to the IL-15RαSu chain, followed by a (G4S)3 linker and the CD137L sequence, which was synthesized by Genewiz. The nucleic acid and protein sequences of a construct comprising the TGFβ Receptor II linked to the N-terminus of IL-15RαSu following with a (G4S)3 linker and the CD137L sequence are shown below.

The nucleic acid sequence of the TGFRs137L construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows:

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(Human TGFβ Receptor II fragments)

ATCCCCCCCCATGTGCAAAAGAGCGTGAACAACGATATGATCGTGACC
GACAACAACGGCGCCGTGAAGTTTCCCCAGCTCTGCAAGTTCTGCGATGTCA
GGTTCAGCACCTGCGATAATCAGAAGTCCTGCATGTCCAACTGCAGCATCAC
CTCCATCTGCGAGAAGCCCCAAGAAGTGTGCGTGGCCGTGTGGCGGAAAAAT
GACGAGAACATCACCCTGGAGACCGTGTGTCACGACCCCAAGCTCCCTTATC
ACGACTTCATTCTGGAGGACGCTGCCTCCCCCAAATGCATCATGAAGGAGAA
GAAGAAGCCCGGAGAGACCTTCTTTATGTGTTCCTGTAGCAGCGACGAGTGT
AACGACAACATCATCTTCAGCGAAGAGTACAACACCAGCAACCCTGATGGAG
GTGGCGGATCCGGAGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAGGTGGGAGTATTCCTCCCCA
CGTGCAGAAGAGCGTGAATAATGACATGATCGTGACCGATAACAATGGCGCC
GTGAAATTTCCCCAGCTGTGCAAATTCTGCGATGTGAGGTTTTCCACCTGCGA
CAACCAGAAGTCCTGTATGAGCAACTGCTCCATCACCTCCATCTGTGAGAAG
CCTCAGGAGGTGTGCGTGGCTGTCTGGCGGAAGAATGACGAGAATATCACCC
TGGAAACCGTCTGCCACGATCCCAAGCTGCCCTACCACGATTTCATCCTGGA
AGACGCCGCCAGCCCTAAGTGCATCATGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAGCCTGGCGA

GACCTTTTTCATGTGCTCCTGCAGCAGCGACGAATGCAACGACAATATCATCT
TTAGCGAGGAATACAATACCAGCAACCCCGAC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTG
AAGAGCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCA
AGAGGAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTA
CCAACGTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

((G4S)3 linker)

GGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCT

(Human CD137L)

CGCGAGGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGAC
CTGCGGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCG
ATGGGCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGAC
GGGGGGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGC
TGGAGTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCG
AGGGCTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCT
GCTGGGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGA
GGCTCGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCG
GCCAGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTG
GCAGCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAA
ATCCCAGCCGGACTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA

The amino acid sequence of TGFRs137L fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows:

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human TGFβ Receptor II)

IPPHVQKSVNNDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSI
TSICEKPQEVCVAVWRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKK
PGETFFMCSCSSDECNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPDGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIPPHVQKSVN

NDMIVTDNNGAVKFPQLCKFCDVRFSTCDNQKSCMSNCSITSICEKPQEVCVAV
WRKNDENITLETVCHDPKLPYHDFILEDAASPKCIMKEKKKPGETFFMCSCSSDE
CNDNIIFSEEYNTSNPD

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKAT
NVAHWTTPSLKCIR

((G4S)3 linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(Human CD137L)

REGPELSPDDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVS
LTGGLSYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSA
AGAAALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAW
QLTQGATVLGLFRVTPEIPAGLPSPRSE

In some cases, the leader peptide is cleaved from the intact polypeptide to generate the mature form that may be soluble or secreted.

The TGFR/IL-15RαSu/CD137L and TGFR/TF/IL-15 constructs were cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vectors as described previously (Hughes MS, Yu YY, Dudley ME, Zheng Z, Robbins PF, Li Y, et al. Transfer of a TCR gene derived from a patient with a marked antitumor response conveys highly active T-cell effector functions. Hum Gene Ther 2005;16:457–72), and the expression vectors were transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Co-expression of the two constructs in CHO-K1 cells allowed for formation and secretion of the soluble TGFR/TF/IL-15:TGFR/IL-15RαSu/CD137L protein complex (referred to as TGFRt15-TGFRs137L), which can be purified by anti-TF IgG1 affinity and other chromatography methods.

Example 61. Production and characterization of the Exemplary Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide 2t2

An exemplary single-chain chimeric polypeptide including a first target-binding domain that binds to an IL-2 receptor, a soluble human tissue factor domain, and a second target-binding domain that binds to an IL-2 receptor was generated (IL-2/TF/IL-2;

referred to as 2t2) (Figure 144). The nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of this single-chain chimeric polypeptide are shown below.

Nucleic Acid Encoding Exemplary Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide (IL-2/TF/IL-2) (SEQ ID NO: 164)

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(First IL-2 fragment)

GCCCCCACCTCCTCCTCCACCAAGAAGACCCAGCTGCAGCTGGAGCAT
TTACTGCTGGATTTACAGATGATTTTAAACGGCATCAACAACTACAAGAACC
CCAAGCTGACTCGTATGCTGACCTTCAAGTTCTACATGCCCAAGAAGGCCAC
CGAGCTGAAGCATTTACAGTGTTTAGAGGAGGAGCTGAAGCCCCTCGAGGAG
GTGCTGAATTTAGCCCAGTCCAAGAATTTCCATTTAAGGCCCCGGGATTTAAT
CAGCAACATCAACGTGATCGTTTTAGAGCTGAAGGGCTCCGAGACCACCTTC
ATGTGCGAGTACGCCGACGAGACCGCCACCATCGTGGAGTTTTTAAATCGTT
GGATCACCTTCTGCCAGTCCATCATCTCCACTTTAACC

(Human tissue factor 219 form)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC
ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC

AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Second IL-2 fragment)

GCACCTACTTCAAGTTCTACAAAGAAAACACAGCTACAACTGGAGCAT
TTACTGCTGGATTTACAGATGATTTTGAATGGAATTAATAATTACAAGAATCC
CAAACTCACCAGGATGCTCACATTTAAGTTTTACATGCCCAAGAAGGCCACA
GAACTGAAACATCTTCAGTGTCTAGAAGAAGAACTCAAACCTCTGGAGGAAG
TGCTAAATTTAGCTCAAAGCAAAAACTTTCACTTAAGACCCAGGGACTTAAT
CAGCAATATCAACGTAATAGTTCTGGAACTAAAGGGATCTGAAACAACATTC
ATGTGTGAATATGCTGATGAGACAGCAACCATTGTAGAATTTCTGAACAGAT
GGATTACCTTTTGTCAAAGCATCATCTCAACACTAACT

Exemplary Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide (IL-2/TF/IL-2) (SEQ ID NO: 163)

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-2)

APTSSSTKKTQLQLEHLLLDLQMILNGINNYKNPKLTRMLTFKFYMPKKA
TELKHLQCLEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSETTFMCE
YADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQSIISTLT

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-2)

APTSSSTKKTQLQLEHLLLDLQMILNGINNYKNPKLTRMLTFKFYMPKKA
TELKHLQCLEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSETTFMCE
YADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQSIISTLT

The nucleic acid encoding IL-2/TF/IL-2 was cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vector as described previously (Hughes et al., *Hum Gene Ther* 16:457–72, 2005). The expression vector encoding IL-2/TF/IL-2 was transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Expression of the expression vector in CHO-K1 cells allowed for secretion of the soluble IL-2/TF/IL-2 single-chain chimeric polypeptide (referred to as 2t2), which can be purified by anti-TF antibody affinity and other chromatography methods.

IL-2 and 2t2 promoted IL-2Rβ and common γ chain containing 32Dβ cell proliferation in a similar manner

To evaluate the IL-2 activity of 2t2, 2t2 was compared with recombinant IL-2 for promoting proliferation of 32Dβ cells that express IL-2Rβ and common γ chain. IL-2 dependent 32Dβ cells were washed 5 times with IMDM-10% FBS and seeded to the wells at 2 x 10^4 cells/well. Serial dilutions of 2t2 or IL-2 were added to the cells (Figure 145). Cells were incubated in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C for 3 days. Cell proliferation was detected by adding 10 µl of WST1 to each well on day 3 and incubating for an additional 3 hours in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C. The amount of formazan dye produced was analyzed by measuring the absorbance at 450 nm. As shown in Figure 145, 2t2 and IL-2 activated 32Dβ cells in a similar manner. The EC_{50} of 2t2 and IL-2 was 158.1 pM and 140 pM. respectively.

2t2 showed improved ability to promote IL-2Rαβγ containing CTLL-2 cell proliferation as compared to IL-2

To evaluate the IL-2 activity of 2t2, 2t2 was compared with recombinant IL-2 for promoting proliferation of CTLL-2 cells that express IL-2Rα, IL-2Rβ and common γ chain. IL-2 dependent CTLL-2 cells were washed 5 times with IMDM-10% FBS and seeded to the wells at 2 x 10^4 cells/well. Serial dilutions of 2t2 or IL-2 were added to the cells (Figure 146). Cells were incubated in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C for 3 days. Cell proliferation was detected by adding 10 µl of WST1 to each well in the day 3 and incubating for an additional 3 hours in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C. The amount of formazan

dye produced was analyzed by measuring the absorbance at 450 nm. As shown in Figure 146, 2t2 promoted CTLL-2 cell proliferation 4-5-fold stronger than IL-2. The EC_{50} of 2t2 was 123.2 pM and IL-2 was 548.2 pM.

2t2 suppressed the increase of the high fat-induced hyperglycemia in ApoE$^{-/-}$ mice

Six-week-old female ApoE$^{-/-}$ mice (Jackson Lab) were fed with standard chow diet or high diet fat containing 21% fat, 0.15% cholesterol, 34.1% sucrose, 19.5% casein, and 15% starch (TD88137, Harlan Laboratories) and maintained in the standard conditions. At week 7, mice fed with high fat diet were randomly assigned into the control group and treatment group. Mice then received either 2t2 (treatment group) or PBS (chow diet group and control group) per subcutaneous injection at a dosage of 3 mg/kg. Three days post dosing, the mice were fasted overnight, and blood samples were collected through retro-orbital venous plexus puncture. Overnight fasting glucose levels were measured using a OneTouch Glucometer. As shown in Figure 147, the results showed that 2t2 injection effectively suppresses the increase of glucose levels in ApoE$^{-/-}$ mice.

2t2 significantly upregulate the ratio of CD4^{+}CD25^{+}FoxP3^{+} T regulatory (Treg) cells in blood lymphocytes

Six-week-old female ApoE$^{-/-}$ mice (Jackson Lab) were fed with standard chow diet or high diet fat containing 21% fat, 0.15% cholesterol, 34.1% sucrose, 19.5% casein, and 15% starch (TD88137, Harlan Laboratories) and maintained in the standard conditions. At week 7, mice fed with the high fat diet were randomly assigned into control group and treatment group. Mice then received either 2t2 (treatment group) or PBS (chow diet group and control group) per subcutaneous injection at a dosage of 3mg/kg. Three days after the dosing, overnight fasting blood samples were collected through retro-orbital venous plexus puncture and incubated with ACK lysing buffer (Thermo Fisher Scientific) at 37°C for 5 minutes. Samples were then resuspended in FACS buffer (1 X PBS (Hyclone) with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)) and surface stained with FITC-anti-CD4 and APC-anti-CD25 antibodies

(BioLegend) for 30 minutes. Surface-stained samples were further fixed and premetallized with Fix/Perm buffer (BioLegend) and intracellular stained with PE-anti-Foxp3 antibody (BioLegend). After staining, cells were washed twice with FACs buffer followed by centrifugation at 1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature. The cells were analyzed by flow cytometry (Celesta-BD Bioscience). As shown in Figure 148, 2t2 treatment significantly increased Treg populations in blood lymphocytes (3.5%±0.32) compared to the untreated groups (0.4%±0.16 for chow diet group and 0.46%±0.09 for high fat diet group).

Purification elution chromatograph of 2t2 from anti-TF antibody affinity column

2t2 harvested from cell culture was loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After sample loading, the column was washed with 5 column volumes of PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes of 0.1M acetic acid, pH 2.9. A280 elution peak was collected and then neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 with 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS using Amicon centrifugal filters with a 30 kDa molecular weight cutoff. As shown in Figure 149, the anti-TF antibody affinity column bound to 2t2 which contains TF as a fusion domain. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8 °C for further biochemical analyses and biological activity tests. After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was stripped using 6 column volumes of 0.1M glycine, pH 2.5. The column was then neutralized using 5 column volumes of PBS, and 7 column volumes of 20% ethanol for storage. The anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA Avant system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except for the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Analytical size exclusion chromatography (SEC) analysis of 2t2

To analyze 2t2 using analytical size exclusion chromatography (SEC), a Superdex 200 Increase 10/300 GL gel filtration column (from GE Healthcare) was connected to an AKTA Avant system (from GE Healthcare). The column was equilibrated with 2 column volumes of PBS. The flow rate was 0.7 mL/min. A sample containing 2t2 in PBS was

injected into the Superdex 200 column using a capillary loop, and analyzed by SEC. The SEC chromatograph of the sample is shown in Figure 150. The SEC results indicated two protein peaks for 2t2.

Reduced SDS-PAGE of 2t2

To determine the purity and molecular weight of the protein, 2t2 protein sample purified with anti-TF antibody affinity column was analyzed by sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel (4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris gel) electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) method under reduced condition. After electrophoresis, the gel was stained with InstantBlue for about 30 min, followed by destaining overnight in purified water.

To verify that the 2t2 protein undergoes glycosylation after translation in CHO cells, a deglycosylation experiment was conducted using the Protein Deglycosylation Mix II kit from New England Biolabs according to the manufacturer's instructions. Figures 151A and 151B show the reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of the sample in non-deglycosylated (lane 1 in red outline) and deglycosylated (lane 2 in yellow outline) state. The results show that the 2t2 protein is glycosylated when expressed in CHO cells. After deglycosylation, the purified sample ran with expected molecular weights (56 kDa) in reduced SDS gel. Lane M was loaded with 10 μL of SeeBlue Plus2 Prestained Standard.

In vivo characterization of 2t2

2t2 was subcutaneously injected into C57BL/6 mice at various doses to determine the immunostimulatory activity of 2t2 in vivo. Mice were subcutaneously treated with control solution (PBS) or 2t2 at 0.1, 0.4, 2 and 10 mg/kg. The treated mice were euthanized day 3 post treatment. The mouse spleens were collected and weighed day 3 post treatment. Single splenocyte suspensions were prepared, and the prepared splenocytes were stained for $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells (with fluorochrome-conjugated anti-CD4, -CD8, and –NK1.1 antibodies), and analyzed by flow cytometry. The results showed that 2t2 was effective at expanding splenocytes based on spleen weight (Figure 152A) especially at 0.1-10 mg/kg. The percentage of $CD8^+$ T cells were higher compared to control-treated mice (Figure 152B) at 2 and 10

mg/kg. The percentage of NK cells were higher compared to control-treated mice (Figure 152B) at all doses tested.

It has been known that IL-2 upregulates CD25 expression by immunocytes. We therefore accessed CD25 expression of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells in the 2t2 treated mice. C57BL/6 mice were subcutaneously treated with 2t2 as described in the paragraph above. The splenocytes were stained with fluorochrome-conjugated anti-CD4, -CD8, CD25 and NK1.1 monoclonal antibodies. The CD25 expression (MFI) of splenocyte subsets was analyzed by flow cytometry. As shown in Figure 153, at the doses and time points tested, 2t2 significantly upregulated CD25 expression by $CD4^+$ T cells but not CD8+ T cells or NK cells.

The pharmacokinetics of 2t2 in C57BL/6 mice were also investigated. 2t2 was subcutaneously injected into C57BL/6 mice at 1 mg/kg. The mouse blood was drawn from tail vein at various time points as shown in Figure 154 and the serum was prepared. 2t2 concentrations were determined with ELISA (Capture: anti-tissue factor antibody; Detection: biotinylated anti-human IL-2 antibody followed by SA-HRP and ABTS substrate). The half-life of 2t2 was 1.83 hours calculated with PK Solutions 2.0 (Summit Research Services).

2t2 attenuated the formation of high fat-induced atherosclerotic plaques in $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice

Six-week-old female $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice (The Jackson Laboratory) were fed with standard chow diet or high diet fat (21% fat, 0.15% cholesterol, 34.1% sucrose, 19.5% casein, and 15% starch) (TD88137, Harlan Laboratories) and maintained in the standard conditions. At week 7, mice fed with high fat diet (HFD) were randomly assigned into control group and treatment group. Mice were then administrated either 2t2 (treatment group) or PBS (chow diet group and control group) subcutaneously at a dosage of 3mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks. At week 12, all mice were euthanized by isoflurane. Aortas were collected, opened longitudinally and stained with Sudan IV solution (0.5%) using *en face* method. The percentage of plaque area (red color as shown in Figure 155A) relative to total aorta area was then quantified with Image J software. Figure 155A shows a representative view of atherosclerotic plaques from each group. Figure 155B shows the

results of quantitative analysis of atherosclerotic plaques of each group. The percentage of plaque areas in control group (HF Diet) was much higher than the treatment group (HFD+2t2), being 10.28% vs 4.68 %.

2t2 suppresses the progression of type 2 diabetes.

Male BKS.Cg-Dock7^{m} +/+ Lepr^{db}/J (db/db (Jackson Lab)) mice were fed with standard chow diet and received drinking water ad libitum. At the age of six weeks, mice were randomly assigned into control group and treatment group. The treatment group received 2t2 by subcutaneous injection at 3 mg/kg bi-weekly, while control group received vehicle (PBS) only. Overnight fasting glucose levels were measure weekly using a OneTouch Glucometer. The results showed that 2t2 effectively suppressed the increase of glucose levels in BKS.Cg-Dock7^{m} +/+ Lepr^{db}/J mice (Figure 156).

2t2 significantly upregulates the ratio of CD4^{+}CD25^{+}FoxP3^{+} T regulatory cells in blood lymphocytes after the first injection

Male BKS.Cg-Dock7^{m} +/+ Lepr^{db}/J (db/db) (The Jackson Laboratory) mice were fed with standard chow diet and received drinking water ad libitum. At the age of six weeks, mice were randomly assigned into control group and treatment group. The treatment group received 2t2 by subcutaneous injection at 3 mg/kg bi-weekly, while the control group received vehicle (PBS) only. Four days after the first drug injection, overnight fasting blood samples were collected and incubated with ACK lysing buffer (Thermo Fisher Scientific) at 37°C for 5 minutes. Samples were then resuspended in FACS buffer (1X PBS (Hyclone) with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)) and surface stained with FITC-anti-CD4 and APC-anti-CD25 antibodies (BioLegend) for 30 minutes. Surface-stained samples were further fixed and premetallized with Fix/Perm buffer (BioLegend) and intracellular stained with PE-anti-Foxp3 antibody (BioLegend). After staining, cells were washed twice with FACs buffer and were analyzed by flow cytometry (Celesta-BD Bioscience). The percentage of CD4^{+}CD25^{+}FoxP3^{+} Tregs in blood lymphocytes were measured. As shown in Figure

157, the results showed that 2t2 significantly upregulated the ratio of Tregs in blood lymphocytes (* $p<0.05$).

Example 62. Production and characterization of the Exemplary Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide 15t15

A second exemplary single-chain chimeric polypeptide including a first target-binding domain that binds to an IL-15 receptor, a soluble human tissue factor domain, and a second target-binding domain that binds to an IL-15 receptor was generated (IL-15/TF/IL-15; referred to at 15t15) (Figure 158). The nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of this single-chain chimeric polypeptide are shown below.

Nucleic Acid Encoding Exemplary Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide (IL-15/TF/IL-15) (SEQ ID NO: 170)

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCT
ACTCC

(First IL-15 fragment)

AACTGGGTGAACGTGATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAGGATTTAATC
CAGAGCATGCACATCGACGCCACTCTGTACACTGAGAGCGACGTGCACCCTA
GCTGCAAGGTGACTGCCATGAAGTGCTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCT
TTAGAGAGCGGCGATGCCAGCATCCACGACACTGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTT
TAGCCAACAACTCTTTAAGCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGAGCGGCTGCA
AGGAGTGCGAGGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTTTACAGAGCT
TCGTGCACATCGTGCAGATGTTCATCAACACTAGC

(Human tissue factor 219 form)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAG
CACCAACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTT
TACACCGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCT
ATACCACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAA
ACAGACCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGC

ACTGGTTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTA
CCTCGAGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGC
ACAAAGGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAAC
AACACCTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACT
GTATTACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACA
AACGAGTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGC
AAGCTGTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGT
TGAGTGCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Second IL-15 fragment)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATT
CAGTCCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTC
TTGTAAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTT
TAGAGAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTT
AGCCAATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAG
GAGTGCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTG
TGCACATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

Exemplary Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide (IL-15/TF/IL-15) (SEQ ID NO: 169)

(*Signal peptide)*

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKC
FYTTDTECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYL
ETNLGQPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYW
KSSSSGKKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQE
KGEFRE

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVIS
LESGDASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQ
MFINTS

The nucleic acid encoding IL-15/TF/IL-15 was cloned into a modified retrovirus expression vector as described previously (Hughes et al., *Hum Gene Ther* 16:457–72, 2005). The expression vector encoding IL-15/TF/IL-15 was transfected into CHO-K1 cells. Expression of the expression vector in CHO-K1 cells allowed for secretion of the soluble IL-15/TF/IL-15 single-chain chimeric polypeptide (referred to as 15t15), which can be purified by anti-TF antibody affinity and other chromatography methods.

15t15 promotes IL-2Rβ and common γ chain containing 32Dβ cell proliferation

IL-15 activity of 15t15 was compared with recombinant IL-15 in IL2Rβ and common γ chain expressed 32Dβ cells. IL-15 dependent 32Dβ cells were washed five times with IMDM-10% FBS and seeded to the wells at 2 x 10^4 cells/well. Serial dilutions of 15t15 or IL-15 were added to the cells (Figure 159). Cells were incubated in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C for 3 days. Cell proliferation was detected by adding 10 µl of WST1 to each well in the day 3 and incubating for an additional 3 hours in a CO_2 incubator at 37°C. The amount of formazan dye produced was analyzed by measuring the absorbance at 450 nm. As shown in Figure 159, 15t15 promoted 32Dβ cell proliferation less efficiently as compared to IL-15. The EC_{50} of 15t15 and IL-15 was 161.4 pM and 1.6 pM, respectively.

Purification elution chromatograph of 15t15 from anti-TF antibody affinity column

15t15 harvested from cell culture was loaded onto the anti-TF antibody affinity column equilibrated with 5 column volumes of PBS. After sample loading, the column was washed with 5 column volumes of PBS, followed by elution with 6 column volumes of 0.1M acetic acid, pH 2.9. A280 elution peak was collected and then neutralized to pH 7.5-8.0 with 1M Tris base. The neutralized sample was then buffer exchanged into PBS

using Amicon centrifugal filters with a 30 kDa molecular weight cutoff. As shown in Figure 160, the anti-TF antibody affinity column bound to 15t15 which contains TF as a fusion domain. The buffer-exchanged protein sample was stored at 2-8 °C for further biochemical analyses and biological activity tests. After each elution, the anti-TF antibody affinity column was stripped using 6 column volumes of 0.1M glycine, pH 2.5. The column was then neutralized using 5 column volumes of PBS, and 7 column volumes of 20% ethanol for storage. The anti-TF antibody affinity column was connected to a GE Healthcare AKTA Avant system. The flow rate was 4 mL/min for all steps except for the elution step, which was 2 mL/min.

Reduced SDS-PAGE of 15t15

To determine the purity and molecular weight of the protein, 15t15 protein sample purified with anti-TF antibody affinity column was analyzed by sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel (4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris gel) electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) method under reduced condition. After electrophoresis, the gel was stained with InstantBlue for about 30 min, followed by destaining overnight in purified water.

To verify that the 15t15 protein undergoes glycosylation after translation in CHO cells, a deglycosylation experiment was conducted using the Protein Deglycosylation Mix II kit from New England Biolabs and the manufacturer's instructions. Figures 161A and 161B show the reduced SDS-PAGE analysis of the sample in non-deglycosylated (lane 1 in red outline) and deglycosylated (lane 2 in yellow outline) state. The results showed that the 15t15 protein is glycosylated when expressed in CHO cells. After deglycosylation, the purified sample ran with expected molecular weights (50 kDa) in reduced SDS gel. Lane M was loaded with 10 µL of SeeBlue Plus2 Prestained Standard.

Example 63: Stimulation of NK cells *in vitro*

A set of experiments was performed to assess the changes in surface phenotype of NK cells after stimulation with 18t15-12s, 18t15-12s16, and 7t15-21s + anti-TF antibody. In these experiments, fresh human leukocytes were obtained from the blood bank and $CD56^+$ NK cells were isolated with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell

Technologies). The purity of NK cells was >90% and confirmed by staining with CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, and CD69-APCFire750 antibodies (BioLegend). The cells were counted and resuspended at 0.2 x 10^6/mL in a 96-well flat-bottom plate in 0.2 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco) supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). The cells were stimulated with: 18t15-12s (100 nM); 18t15-12s16 (100 nM); a mixture of single cytokines rhIL-15 (50 ng/mL) (Miltenyi), rhIL18 (50 ng/mL) (Invivogen), and rhIL-12 (10 ng/mL) (Peprotech); 7t15-21s + anti-TF antibody (100 nM-50 nM); 7t15-21s (100 nM); or anti-TF antibody (50nM) at 37 °C and 5% CO_2 for 16 hours. The next day, the cells were harvested and surface stained for 30 minutes with CD56, CD16, CD25, CD69, CD27, CD62L, NKp30, and NKp44 specific antibodies. After surface staining, the cells were washed (1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature) in FACS buffer (1X PBS (Hyclone) with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)). After two washes, the cells were analyzed by flow cytometry (Celesta-BD Bioscience). Figure 162A and 162B shows that overnight incubation of purified NK cells with 18t15-12s, 18t15-12s16, and 7t15-21s + anti-TF antibody resulted in an increase in the percentage of cells expressing CD25, CD69, NKp44, and NKp30 activation markers and a decrease in the percentage of cells expressing CD62L. All activation marker data is from $CD56^+$ gated lymphocytes.

A set of experiments was performed to assess changes in the surface phenotype of lymphocyte populations after stimulation with 18t15-12s, 18t15-12s16, and 7t15-21s. In these experiments, fresh human leukocytes were obtained from the blood bank. Peripheral blood lymphocytes were isolated with the Ficoll-PAQUE Plus (GE Healthcare) density gradient media. The cells were counted and resuspended at 0.2 x 10^6/mL in a 96-well flat-bottom plate in 0.2 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco) supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). The cells were stimulated with: 18t15-12s (100 nM); 18t15-12s16 (100 nM), a mixture of single cytokines rhIL-15 (50 ng/mL) (Miltenyi), rhIL18 (50 ng/mL) (Invivogen), and rhIL-12 (10 ng/mL) (Peprotech); 7t15-21s (100 nM) + anti-TF antibody (50 nM); 7t15-

21s (100 nM); or anti-TF antibody (50 nM) at 37 °C and 5% CO_2 for 16 hours. The next day, the cells were harvested and surface stained for 30 minutes for CD4 or CD8, CD62L, and CD69 specific antibodies. After surface staining, cells were washed (1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature) in FACS buffer (1X PBS (Hyclone) with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)). After two washes, the cells were analyzed by flow cytometry (Celesta-BD Bioscience). Figure 163 shows that overnight incubation of purified lymphocyte populations (CD4 and CD8 T cells) with 18t15-12s, 18t15-12s16, or 7t15-21s + anti-TF antibody resulted in an increase in the percentage of CD8 and CD4 T cells expressing CD69. Additionally, incubation with 7t15-21s + anti-TF antibody resulted in an increase in the percentage of CD8 and CD4 T cells expressing CD62L (Figure 163).

A set of experiments was performed to determine the effect of 18t15-12s on the extracellular acidification rate (ECAR) of NK cells purified from human blood. ECAR can be used to measure glycolysis. Glycolysis is the intracellular biochemical conversion of one molecule of glucose into two molecules of pyruvate with the concurrent generation of two molecules of ATP. An increase in glycolysis was indicated by an increase in ECAR measured by a Seahorse XF96 Analyzer. In these experiments, fresh human leukocytes were obtained from the blood bank and $CD56^+$ NK cells were isolated with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). The purity of NK cells was >70% and confirmed by staining for CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, and CD69-APCFire750 antibodies (BioLegend). The cells were counted and resuspended in 0.2 x 10^6/mL in a 96-well flat-bottom plate in 0.2 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco) supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). The cells were stimulated with either a mixture of single cytokines hIL-12 (10 ng/mL) (Biolegend), hIL-18 (50 ng/mL) (R&D), and hIL-15 (50 ng/mL) (NCI) or 18t15-12s (100 nM) at 37 °C and 5% CO_2 for 14-18 hours. The next day, the cells were harvested and washed two times in Seahorse media. The cells (2×10^5 cells/well) were seeded in 96-well flux plates that were coated with 10 µL of poly-L-lysine (Sigma). NK cells were adhered to plates for 30 minutes prior to the assay.

Glucose, oligomycin, and 2DG solutions were prepared at 10x concentration in buffered Seahorse medium and injected in port A, B, and C of the calibration plate. ECAR readings were taken every 6.5–7 minutes and ECAR results represent the average readings over 80 minutes or average readings at each timepoint. Figure 164 shows overnight stimulation of NK cells with 18t15-12s resulted in increased basal ECAR levels. The addition of glucose and oligomycin further showed enhanced glycolysis and glycolytic capacity, respectively, of NK cells stimulated with 18t15-12s overnight (Figure 164). NK cells treated overnight with media alone or a mixture of IL12, IL18, and IL-15 were used for comparison (Figure 164).

A set of experiments was performed to determine the increase in phospho-STAT4 and phospho-STAT5 levels in NK cells after stimulation with 18t15-12s. In these experiments, fresh human leukocytes were obtained from the blood bank and $CD56^+$ NK cells were isolated with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). The purity of NK cells was >70% and confirmed by staining with CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, and CD69-APCFire750 specific antibodies (BioLegend). The cells were counted and resuspended in 0.05 x 10^6/mL in a 96-well flat-bottom plate in 0.1 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco) supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). The cells were stimulated with hIL-12 (10 ng/mL) (Biolegend) or hIL-15 (50 ng/mL) (NCI) (Single cytokines), or 18t15-12s (100 nM) at 37 °C and 5% CO_2 for 90 minutes. Unstimulated NK cells (US) were used as a control. The cells were harvested and fixed in paraformaldehyde (Sigma) to a final concentration of 1.6%. Plates were incubated in the dark at room temperature for 10 minutes. FACS buffer (1X PBS (Hyclone) with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)) (100 µL) was added and cells were transferred to 96-well "V" bottom plate. The cells were washed for 1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature. The cell pellet was mixed with 100 µL chilled methanol by gently pipetting up and down, and cells were incubated for 30 minutes at 4 °C. The cells were mixed with 100 mL of FACS buffer and washed for 1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature. The cell pellets were mixed with 50 mL of FACS buffer containing 4 mL of pSTAT4 (BD

Bioscience) and pSTAT5 antibodies (BD Bioscience) followed by incubation for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark. The cells were mixed with 100 mL of FACS buffer and washed for 1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature. The cell pellets were mixed with 50 mL of FACS buffer and cells were analyzed by flow cytometry (Celesta-BD Bioscience). Figure 165 shows that incubation of NK cells with 18t15-12s induced an increase in pSTAT4 and pSTAT5 (plotted data, normalized fold-change).

A set of experiments was performed to determine the effect of 18t15-12s or a mixture of cytokines (e.g., IL12, IL18, and IL-15) on oxygen consumption rate (OCR) and extracellular acidification rate (ECAR) on NK cells purified from human blood. OCR and ECAR were measured by a Seahorse XF96 Analyzer. In these experiments, fresh human NK cells were isolated from human leukocytes via negative selection using the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). Freshly purified NK cells were stimulated overnight (16 h) with either 18t15-12s (100nM) or a mixture of rhIL12 (10 ng/mL), rhIL18 (50 ng/mL), and rhIL-15 (50 ng/mL) cytokines as a control. The next day, the cells were washed, counted, and equal numbers of cells were plated in buffered Seahorse media. Glucose, oligomycin, and 2DG solutions were prepared at 10x concentration in buffered Seahorse medium and injected in port A, B, and C of the calibration plate. Figure 166 shows OCR (left) and ECAR (right) data from two individual donors. Overnight stimulation of NK cells with 18t15-12s resulted in an increase in basal ECAR and OCR levels. Addition of glucose and oligomycin further showed enhanced glycolysis and glycolytic capacity, respectively, of NK cells stimulated with 18t15-12s overnight. NK cells treated overnight with media alone or a mixture of IL12, IL18, and IL-15 were used for comparison.

Example 64: Stimulation of NK cells *in vivo* by 2t2 and/or TGFRt15-TGFRs

A set of experiments was performed to determine the effect of the 2t2 construct on immune stimulation in C57BL/6 mice. In these experiments, C57BL/6 mice were subcutaneously treated with control solution (PBS) or 2t2 at 0.1, 0.4, 2, and 10 mg/kg. Treated mice were euthanized 3 days post-treatment. Spleen weight was measured and single splenocyte suspensions were prepared. Splenocytes suspensions were stained with

conjugated anti-CD4, anti-CD8, and anti-NK1.1 (NK) antibodies. The percentage of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, and NK cells, and CD25 expression on lymphocyte subsets were analyzed by flow cytometry. Figure 167A shows that 2t2 was effective at expanding splenocytes based on spleen weight especially at a dose level of 0.1-10 mg/kg. Following treatment, the percentage of $CD8^+$ T cells were higher in 2t2-treated mice compared to control-treated mice at 2 and 10 mg/kg (Figure 167B). The percentage of NK cells were also higher in 2t2-treated mice compared to control-treated mice at all doses of 2t2 tested (Figure 167B). Additionally, 2t2 significantly upregulated CD25 expression by $CD4^+$ T cells, but not $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells following treatment at 0.4 to10 mg/kg (Figure 167C).

A set of experiments was performed to determine the effect of the TGFRt15-TGFRs construct on immune stimulation in C57BL/6 mice. In these experiments, C57BL/6 mice were subcutaneously treated with control solution (PBS) or TGFRt15-TGFRs at 0.3, 1, 3, and 10 mg/kg. The treated mice were euthanized 4 days post-treatment. Spleen weight was measured and single splenocyte suspensions were prepared. The splenocytes suspensions were stained with conjugated anti-CD4, anti-CD8, and anti-NK1.1 (NK) antibodies. The percentage of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, and NK cells were analyzed by flow cytometry. Figure 168A shows that spleen weight in mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs increased with increasing dosage of TGFRt15-TGFRs. Additionally, spleen weight in mice treated with 1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, and 10 mg/kg of TGFRt15-TGFRs were higher as compared to mice treated with the control solution. Figure 168B shows that the percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells both increased with increasing dosage of TGFRt15-TGFRs. Specifically, the percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells were higher in mice treated with 0.3 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, and 10 mg/kg of TGFRt15-TGFRs compared to control-treated mice, and the percentages of NK cells were higher in mice treated with 0.3 mg/kg, 1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, and 10 mg/kg of TGFRt15-TGFRs compared to control-treated mice.

A set of experiments was performed to determine the effect of the TGFRt15-TGFRs construct or 2t2 construct on immune stimulation in $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice fed with a Western diet. In these experiments, 6-week old female B6.129P2-$ApoE^{tm1Unc}$/J mice

(Jackson Laboratory) were fed with a Western diet containing 21% fat, 0.15% cholesterol, 34.1% sucrose, 19.5% casein, and 15% starch (TD88137, Envigo Laboratories). After 8-weeks of the Western diet, the mice were injected subcutaneously with TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2 at 3 mg/kg. Three days post treatment, mice were fasted for 16 hours and then blood samples were collected through retro-orbital venous plexus puncture. The blood was mixed with 10 μL 0.5 M EDTA, and 20 μL blood was taken for lymphocyte subsets analysis. The red blood cells were lysed with ACK (0.15 M NH_4Cl, 1.0 mM $KHCO_3$, 0.1 mM Na_2EDTA, pH 7.4) and the lymphocytes were stained with anti-mouse CD8a and anti-mouse NK1.1 antibodies for 30 minutes at 4 °C in FACS staining buffer (1% BSA in PBS). The cells were washed once and analyzed with a BD FACS Celesta. For Treg staining, ACK treated blood lymphocytes were stained with anti-mouse CD4 and anti-mouse CD25 antibodies for 30 minutes at 4 °C in FACS staining buffer. The cells were washed once and resuspended in fixation/permeabilization working solution and incubated at room temperature for 60 minutes. The cells were washed once and resuspended in permeabilization buffer. The samples were centrifuged at 300-400 x g for 5 minutes at room temperature and the supernatant was then discarded. The cell pellet was resuspended in residual volume and the volume adjusted to about 100 μL with 1 x permeabilization buffer. Anti-Foxp3 antibody was added to the cells, and the cells were incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature. Permeabilization buffer (200 μL) was added to the cells, and the cells were centrifuged at 300-400 x g for 5 minutes at room temperature. The cells were resuspended in flow cytometry staining buffer and analyzed on a flow cytometer. Figures 169B-169C show that treatment with TGFRt15-TGFRs and 2t2 increased the percentage of NK cells and $CD8^+$ T cells in $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice fed with Western diet. Figure 169A shows that treatment with 2t2 also increased the percentage of Treg cells.

Example 65: Induction of proliferation of immune cells *in vivo*

A set of experiments was performed to determine the effect of the 2t2 construct on immune cell stimulation in C57BL/6 mice. In these experiments, C57BL/6 mice were subcutaneously treated with control solution (PBS) or 2t2 at 0.1, 0.4, 2, and 10 mg/kg.

Treated mice were euthanized 3 days post-treatment. Spleen weight was measured and single splenocyte suspensions were prepared. The splenocyte suspensions were stained with conjugated anti-CD4, anti-CD8, and anti-NK1.1 (NK) antibodies. The percentage of $CD4^+$ T cells, $CD8^+$ T cells, and NK cells were analyzed by flow cytometry. Figure 170A shows that 2t2 treatment was effective at expanding splenocytes based on spleen weight especially at 0.1-10 mg/kg. The percentage of $CD8^+$ T cells was higher compared to control-treated mice at 2 and 10 mg/kg (Figure 170B). Additionally, the percentage of NK cells was higher compared to control-treated mice at all doses of 2t2 tested (Figure 170B). These results demonstrate that 2t2 treatment was able to induce proliferation of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells in C57BL/6 mice.

A set of experiments was performed to determine the effect of the TGFRt15-TGFRs construct on immune stimulation in C57BL/6 mice. In these experiments, C57BL/6 mice were subcutaneously treated with control solution (PBS) or TGFRt15-TGFRs at 0.1, 0.3, 1, 3, and 10 mg/kg. The treated mice were euthanized 4 days post-treatment. Spleen weight was measured and splenocyte suspensions were prepared. The splenocyte suspensions were stained with conjugated anti-CD4, anti-CD8, and anti-NK1.1 (NK) antibodies. The cells were additionally stained for proliferation marker Ki67. Figure 171A shows that spleen weight in mice treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs increased with increasing dosage of TGFRt15-TGFRs. Additionally, spleen weight in mice treated with 1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, and 10 mg/kg of TGFRt15-TGFRs was higher as compared to mice treated with just the control solution. The percentages of $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells both increased with increasing dosage of TGFRt15-TGFRs (Figure 171B). Finally, TGFRt15-TGFRs significantly upregulated expression of cell proliferation marker Ki67 in both $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells at all doses of TGFRt15-TGFRs tested. These results demonstrate that TGFRt15-TGFRs treatment induced proliferation of both $CD8^+$ T cells and NK cells in C57BL/6 mice.

A set of experiments was performed to determine the effect of the TGFRt15-TGFRs construct or the 2t2 construct on immune stimulation in $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice fed with a Western diet. In these experiments, 6-week old female B6.129P2-$ApoE^{tm1Unc}$/J mice (Jackson Laboratory) were fed with a Western diet containing 21% fat, 0.15%

cholesterol, 34.1% sucrose, 19.5% casein, and 15% starch (TD88137, Envigo Laboratories). After 8-week of the Western diet, the mice were injected subcutaneously with TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2 at 3 mg/kg. Three days post-treatment, the mice were fasted for 16 hours and then blood samples were collected through retro-orbital venous plexus puncture. The blood was mixed with 10 μL 0.5 M EDTA and 20 μL blood was taken for lymphocyte subsets analysis. The red blood cells were lysed with ACK (0.15 M NH_4Cl, 1.0 mM $KHCO_3$, 0.1 mM Na_2EDTA, pH 7.4) and the lymphocytes were stained with anti-mouse CD8a and anti-mouse NK1.1 antibodies for 30 minutes at 4 °C in FACS staining buffer (1% BSA in PBS). The cells were washed once and resuspended in Fixation Buffer (BioLegend Cat# 420801) for 20 minutes at room temperature. The cells were centrifuged at 350 x g for 5 minutes, the fixed cells were resuspended in Intracellular Staining Permeabilization Wash Buffer (BioLegend Cat# 421002) and then centrifuged at 350 x g for 5 minutes. The cells were then stained with anti-Ki67 antibody for 20 minutes at RT. The cells were washed twice with Intracellular Staining Permeabilization Wash Buffer and centrifuged at 350 x g for 5 minutes. The cells were then resuspended in FACS staining buffer. Lymphocyte subsets were analyzed with a BD FACS Celesta. As described in Figure 172A, treatment of $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice with TGFRt15-TGFRs induced proliferation (Ki67-positive staining) in NK and $CD8^+$ T cells. Additionally, Figure 172B shows treatment of $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice with 2t2 also induced proliferation (Ki67-positive staining) in NK and $CD8^+$ T cells.

A set of experiments was performed to determine the effect 7t15-21s + anti-TF antibody-expanded NK cells in NSG mice following treatment with 7t15-21s, TGFRt15-TGFRs, and 2t2. In these experiments, fresh human leukocytes were obtained from the blood bank and $CD56^+$ NK cells were isolated with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). The purity of NK cells was >90% and confirmed by staining with CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, and CD69-APCFire750 antibodies (BioLegend). The cells were counted and resuspended in 2 x 10^6/mL in a 24-well flat-bottom plate in 2 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco) supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). The cells were

stimulated with: 7t15-21s (100 nM) and anti-TF antibody (50 nM) for 15 days. After every 2 days, the cells were resuspended at 2 x 10^6/mL with fresh media containing 100 nM 7t15-21s and 50 nM of anti-TF antibody. As the volume of the cultures increased, the cells were transferred to higher volume flasks. The cells were counted using trypan blue to access the fold-expansion. 7t15-21s + anti-TF antibody-expanded NK cells were washed three times in warm HBSS Buffer (Hyclone) at 1000 RPM for 10 minutes at room temperature. The 7t15-21s + anti-TF antibody-expanded-NK cells were resuspended in 10 x 10^6/0.2 mL HBSS buffer and injected intravenously into the tail vein of *NSG mice* (NOD scid gamma mouse) (Jackson Laboratories). The transferred NK cells were supported every 48 hours with either 7t15-21s (10 ng/dose, i.p.), TGFRt15-TGFRs (10 ng/dose, i.p.) or 2t2 (10 ng/dose, i.p.) for up to 21 days. Engraftment and persistence of the human 7t15-21s + anti-TF antibody-expanded NK cells were measured every week in blood staining for hCD45, mCD45, hCD56, hCD3, and hCD16 antibodies by flow cytometry (Celesta-BD Bioscience) (Data represent 3 mice per group). Figure 173 indicates that treatment of mice bearing adoptively-transferred 7t15-21s + anti-TF antibody-expanded NK cells with 7t15-21s-, TGFRt15-TGFRs-, or 2t2-induced expansion and persistence of the adoptively transferred NK cells compared to control treated mice.

Example 66: NK-mediated cytotoxicity following treatment with single-chain constructs or multi-chain constructs

A set of experiments was performed to determine if treatment of NK cells with TGFRt15-TGFRs enhanced cytotoxicity of NK cells. In these experiments, Human Daudi B lymphoma cells were labeled with CellTrace Violet (CTV) and used as tumor target cells. Mouse NK effector cells were isolated with NK1.1-positive selection using a magnetic cell sorting method (Miltenyi Biotec) of C57BL/6 female mouse spleens 4 days post TGFRt15-TGFRs subcutaneous treatment at 3 mg/kg. Human NK effector cells were isolated from peripheral blood mononuclear cells derived from human blood buffy coats with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (Stemcell Technologies). The target cells (Human Daudi B lymphoma cells) were mixed with effector cells (either mouse NK

effector cells or human NK effector cells) in the presence of 50 nM TGFRt15-TGFRs or in the absence of TGFRt15-TGFRs (control) and incubated at 37 °C for 44 hours for mouse NK cells and for 20 hours for human NK cells. Target cell (Daudi) viability was assessed by analysis of propidium iodide-positive, CTV-labeled cells using flow cytometry. The percentage of Daudi inhibition was calculated using the formula (1-viable tumor cell number in experimental sample/viable tumor cell number in the sample without NK cells) x 100. Figure 174 shows that mouse (Figure 174A) and human (Figure 174B) NK cells had significantly stronger cytotoxicity against Daudi B cells following NK cell activation with TGFRt15-TGFRs than in the absence of TGFRt15-TGFRs activation.

A set of experiments was performed to determine antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) of mouse and human NK cells following treatment with TGFRt15-TGFRs. In these experiments, human Daudi B lymphoma cells were labeled with CellTrace Violet (CTV) and used as tumor target cells. Mouse NK effector cells were isolated with NK1.1-positive selection using a magnetic cell sorting method (Miltenyi Biotec) of C57BL/6 female mouse spleens 4 days post-TGFRt15-TGFRs subcutaneous treatment at 3 mg/kg. Human NK effector cells were isolated from peripheral blood mononuclear cells derived from human blood buffy coats with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (Stemcell Technologies). The target cells (Daudi B cells) were mixed with effector cells (either mouse NK effector cells or human NK effector cells) in the presence of anti-CD20 antibody (10 nM Rituximab, Genentech) and in the presence of 50 nM TGFRt15-TGFRs, or in the absence of TGFRt15-TGFRs (control) and incubated at 37 °C for 44 hours for mouse NK cells and for 20 hours for human NK cells. The Daudi B cells express the CD20 targets for the anti-CD20 antibody. Target cell viability was assessed after incubation by analysis of propidium iodide-positive, CTV-labeled target cells using flow cytometry. The percentage of Daudi inhibition was calculated using the formula (1-viable tumor cell number in experimental sample/viable tumor cell number in the sample without NK cells) x 100. Figure 175 shows that mouse NK cells (Figure 175A) and human NK cells (Figure 175B) had stronger ADCC activity against Daudi B cells

following NK cell activation with TGFRt15-TGFRs than in the absence of TGFRt15-TGFRs activation.

A set of experiments was performed to determine cytotoxicity of TGFRt15-TGFRs-activated mouse NK cells towards senescent B16F10 melanoma cells. In these experiments, mouse NK cells were activated *in vivo* by injecting C57BL/6 mice with 10 mg/kg of TGFRt15-TGFRs for 4 days followed by isolation of splenic NK cells. The NK cells were then expanded *in vitro* for 7 days in the presence of 100 nM 2t2. The B16F10 senescent target cells (B16F10-SNC) were labelled with CellTrace Violet (CTV) and incubated at different Effector:Target (E:T) ratios with the activated mouse NK effector cells for 16 hours. The cells were trypsinized, washed, and resuspended in complete media containing propidium iodide (PI) solution. The cytotoxicity of the TGFRt15-TGFRs/2t2-activated NK cells against the senescent cell targets was accessed by flow cytometry based on PI staining of the CTV-labeled cells. The findings demonstrate that *in vivo* activation of NK cells with TGFRt15-TGFRs followed by *in vitro* expansion and activation with 2t2 resulted in increased killing of senescent melanoma tumor cells by the NK cells (Figure 176).

Example 67: Treatment of Cancer, Diabetes, and Atherosclerosis

A set of experiments was performed to assess antitumor activity of TGFRt15-TGFRs plus anti-TRP1 antibody (TA99) in combination with chemotherapy in a melanoma mouse model. In these experiments, C57BL/6 mice were subcutaneously injected with 0.5×10^6 B16F10 melanoma cells. The mice were treated with three doses of chemotherapy docetaxel (10 mg/kg) (DTX) on day 1, day 4, and day 7, followed by treatment with single dose of combination immunotherapy TGFRt15-TGFRs (3 mg/kg) + anti-TRP1 antibody TA99 (200 μg) on day 9. Figure 177A shows a schematic of the treatement regimen. Tumor growth was monitored by caliper measurement, and tumor volume was calculated using the formula $V = (L \times W^2)/2$, where L is the largest tumor diameter and W is the perpendicular tumor diameter. Figure 177B shows that treatment with DTX + TGFRt15-TGFRs + TA99 significantly reduced tumor growth compared to saline control and DTX treatment groups (N=10, ****p <0.001, Multiple t test analyses).

To assess immune cell subsets in the B16F10 tumor model, peripheral blood analysis was performed. In these experiments, C57BL/6 mice were injected with B16F10 cells and treated with DTX, DTX + TGFRt15-TGFRs + TA99, or saline. Blood was drawn from the submandibular vein of B16F10 tumor-bearing mice on days 2, 5, and 8 post-immunotherapy for the DTX + TGFRt15-TGFRs + TA99 group and day 11 post-tumor injection for the DTX and saline groups. RBCs were lysed in ACK lysis buffer and the lymphocytes were washed and stained with anti-NK1.1, anti-CD8, and anti-CD4 antibodies. The cells were analyzed by flow cytometry (Celesta-BD Bioscience). Figures 177C-177E show that DTX + TGFRt15-TGFRs + TA99 treatment induced an increase in the percentage of NK cells and $CD8^+$ T cells in the tumors compared to the saline and DTX treatment groups.

On day 17, total RNA was extracted from tumors of mice treated with saline, DTX or DTX + TGFRt15-TGFRs + TA99 using Trizol. Total RNA (1 μg) was used for cDNA synthesis using the QuantiTect Reverse Transcription Kit (Qiagen). Real-time PCR was carried out with CFX96 Detection System (Bio-Rad) using FAM-labeled predesigned primers for senescence cell markers, (F) p21 (G) DPP4 and (H) IL6. The housekeeping gene 18S ribosomal RNA was used as an internal control to normalize the variability in expression levels. The expression of each target mRNA relative to *18S* rRNA was calculated based on Ct as $2^{-\Delta(\Delta Ct)}$, in which $\Delta Ct = Ct_{target} - Ct_{18S}$. The data is presented as fold-change as compared to saline control. Figure 177F-177H show that DTX treatment induced an increase in senescent tumor cells that were subsequently reduced following treatment with TGFRt15-TGFRs + TA99 immunotherapy.

A set of experiments was performed to investigate amelioration of Western diet-induced hyperglycemia in $ApoE^{-/-}$ mice by 2t2. In these experiments, 6-week old female B6.129P2-$ApoE^{tm1Unc}$/J mice (Jackson Laboratory) were fed with a Western diet containing 21% fat, 0.15% cholesterol, 34.1% sucrose, 19.5% casein, and 15% starch (TD88137, Envigo Laboratories). After 8-weeks of the Western diet, the mice were injected subcutaneously with TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2 at 3 mg/kg. Three days post-treatment, the mice were fasted for 16 hours and then blood samples were collected through retro-orbital venous plexus puncture. Blood glucose was detected with a glucose

meter (OneTouch UltraMini) and GenUltimated test strips using a drop of fresh blood. As shown in Figure 178A, 2t2 treatment significantly reduced hyperglycemia induced by the Western diet ($p<0.04$). The plasma insulin and resistin levels were analyzed with Mouse Rat Metabolic Array by Eve Technologies. HOMA-IR was calculated using the following formula: homeostatic model assessment-insulin resistance = Glucose (mg/dL) * Insulin (mU/mL)/405. As shown in Figure 178B, both 2t2 and TGFRt15-TGFRs treatment reduced insulin resistance compared to the untreated group. Both 2t2 ($p<0.02$) and TGFRt15-TGFRs ($p<0.05$) reduced resistin levels significantly compared to the untreated group as shown in Figure 178C, which may relate to the reduced insulin resistance induced by 2t2 and TGFRt15-TGFRs (Figure F3B).

Example 68: Induction of differentiation of NK cells into cytokine-induced memory like NK cells

A set of experiments was performed to assess the differentiation of NK cells into cytokine-induced memory like NK Cells (CIMK-NK Cells) after stimulation with 18t15-12s. In these experiments, fresh human leukocytes were obtained from the blood bank and $CD56^+$ NK cells were isolated with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). The purity of NK cells was >90% and confirmed by staining with CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, and CD69-APCFire750 antibodies (BioLegend). The cells were counted and resuspended in 2 x 10^6/mL in a 24-well flat-bottom plate in 2 mL of complete media (RPMI 1640 (Gibco) supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), penicillin (Thermo Life Technologies), streptomycin (Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone)). The cells were unstimulated ("No Spike") or stimulated with 18t15-12s (100 nM) or a mixture of single cytokines including rhIL-15 (50 ng/mL) (Miltenyi), rhIL18 (50 ng/mL) (Invivogen), and rhIL-12 (10 ng/mL) (Peprotech) ("single cytokines") at 37 °C and 5% CO_2 for 16 hrs. The next day, the cells were harvested, and washed two times with warm complete media at 1000 RPM for 10 minutes at room temperature. The cells were resuspended at 2 x 10^6/mL in a 24-well flat-bottom plate in 2 mL of complete media with rhIL-15 (1 ng/mL). After every 2 days, half of the medium was replaced with fresh complete media containing rhIL-15.

To assess the change in memory phenotype of NK cells at day 7, the cells were stained with antibodies to cell-surface CD56, CD16, CD27, CD62L, NKp30, and NKp44 (BioLegend). After surface staining, the cells were washed (1500 RPM for 5 minutes at room temperature) in FACS buffer (1X PBS (Hyclone) with 0.5% BSA (EMD Millipore) and 0.001% sodium azide (Sigma)). After two washes, the cells were analyzed by flow cytometry (Celesta-BD Bioscience). Figure 179 shows that incubation of NK cells with 18t15-12s resulted in an increase in the percentage of $CD16^{+}CD56^{+}$ NK cells expressing CD27, CD62L, and NKp44, and an increase in the levels (MFI) of NKp30 in $CD16^{+}CD56^{+}$ NK cells.

Example 69. Upregulation of CD44 memory T cells

C57BL/6 mice were subcutaneously treated with TGFRt15-TGFRs or 2t2. The treated mice were euthanized and the single splenocyte suspensions were prepared 4 days (TGFRt15-TGFRs) or 3 days (2t2) following the treatment. The prepared splenocytes were stained with fluorochrome-conjugated anti-CD4, anti-CD8 and anti-CD44 antibodies and the percentages of $CD44^{high}$ T cells in $CD4^{+}$ T cells or $CD8^{+}$ T cells were analyzed by flow cytometry. The results show that TGFRt15-TGFRs and 2t2 upregulated expression of the memory marker CD44 on CD4+ and CD8+ T cells (Figures 180). These findings indicate that TGFRt15-TGFRs and 2t2 molecules were able to induce mouse T cells to differentiate into memory T cells.

Example 70: Improvement of the texture and/or appearance and/or hair

To examine the effect of 2t2 on hair regrowth, dorsal hair of C57BL6/J mice (Jackson Laboratory) was first shortened with clippers followed by application of depilatory cream (Nair) to the shaved region for a period of 30 seconds before wiping clean. After 4 hours, 2t2 (3 mg/kg, single dose), low dose recombinant IL-2 (25000 IU, 5 consecutive days, 1 dose/day), or PBS were administered subcutaneously. The mice were monitored for skin pigmentation related to hair regrowth and pictures were taken and analyzed using the Image J software. Figure 181A shows skin pigmentation 10 days after depilation in PBS-, 2t2-, or IL-2-treated mice. Figure 181B shows the percent

pigmentation in each group of mice 10 days post-treatment as analyzed using the Image J software. The results showed that treatment of mice with 2t2 or IL-2 promoted hair regrowth following depilation compared to PBS-treated mice.

Dorsal hair of C57BL6/J mice (Jackson Laboratory) was first shortened with clippers before applying depilatory cream (Nair) to the shaved region for a period of exactly 30 seconds before wiping clean. After 4 hours, 2t2 (3 mg/kg, single dose), low dose recombinant IL-2 (25000 IU, 5 consecutive days, 1 dose/day) or PBS were administered subcutaneously. The mice were monitored for skin pigmentation related to hair regrowth and pictures were taken and analyzed using Image J software. Figure 182 shows skin pigmentation 14 days after depilation in PBS-, 2t2-, or IL-2-treated mice. The results showed that treatment of mice with 2t2 or IL-2 promoted hair regrowth following depilation compared to the PBS-treated mice.

Example 71: Tissue factor coagulation assays following treatment with single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides

A set of experiments was performed to assess blood coagulation following treatment with single-chain or multi-chain chimeric polypeptides. To initiate the blood coagulation cascade pathway, tissue factor (TF) binds to Factor VIIa (FVIIa) to form a TF/FVIIa complex. The TF/FVIIa complex then binds Factor X (FX) and converts FX to FXa.

Factor VIIa (FVIIa) activity Assay

One assay to measure blood coagulation involves measuring Factor VIIa (FVIIa) activity. This type of assay requires the presence of tissue factor and calcium. The TF/FVIIa complex activity can be measured by a small substrate or by a natural protein substrate, for example, Factor X (FX). When FX is used as a substrate, phospholipids are also required for TF/FVIIa activity. In this assay, FVIIa activity is determined with FVIIa-specific chromogenic substrate S-2288 (Diapharma, West Chester, OH). The color change of the S-2288 substrate can be measured spectrophotometrically and is proportional to the proteolytic activity of FVIIa (e.g., the TF/FVIIa complex).

In these experiments, the FVIIa activity of the following groups were compared: the 219-amino acid extracellular domain of tissue factor domain (TF_{219}), a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide with a wild-type tissue factor domain, and a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide with a mutant tissue factor domain. The chimeric polypeptides containing mutant tissue factor molecules were constructed with mutations to the TF domain at amino acid sites: Lys20, Ile22, Asp58, Arg135, and Phe140.

In order to assess activity of FVIIa, FVIIa, and TF_{219} or a TF_{219} -containing multi-chain chimeric polypeptide were mixed at an equal molar concentration (10 nM) in all wells of a 96-well ELISA plate in a total volume of 70 µL. After incubation for 10 minutes at 37 °C, 10 µL of 8 mM S-2288 substrate was added to start the reaction. The incubation was then kept at 37 °C for 20 minutes. Finally, color change was monitored by reading absorbance at 405 nm. The OD values of different TF/VIIa complexes are shown in Table 1 and Table 2. Table 1 shows a comparison of TF_{219}, 21t15-21s wild-type (WT) and 21t15-21s mutant (Mut). Table 2 shows a comparison of TF_{219}, 21t15-TGFRs wild-type (WT), and 21t15-TGFRs mutant (Mut). These data show that TF_{219}-containing multi-chain chimeric polypeptides (e.g., 21t15-21s-WT, 21t15-21s-Mut, 21t15-TGFRS-WT, and 21t15-TGFRS-Mut) have lower FVIIa activity than TF_{219} when the chromogenic S-2288 was used as a substrate. Notably, the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides containing TF_{219} mutations showed much lower FVIIa activity when compared to multi-chain chimeric polypeptides containing wild type TF_{219}.

Table 1. FVIIa activity

Molecule	**OD value at 405 nm**
TF_{219}	0.307
21t15/21S-WT	0.136
21t15/21S-Mut	0.095

WT: wild type of TF_{219}, Mut: TF_{219} containing mutations.

Table 2. FVIIa activity

Molecule	OD value at 405 nm
TF_{219}	0.345
21t15/TGFRS-WT	0.227
21t15/TGFRS-Mut	0.100

WT: wild type of TF_{219}, Mut: TF_{219} containing mutations.

Factor X (FX) Activation Assay

An additional assay to measure blood coagulation involves measuring activation of Factor X (FX). Briefly, TF/VIIa activates blood coagulation Factor X (FX) to Factor Xa (FXa) in the presence of calcium and phospholipids. TF_{243}, which contains the transmembrane domain of TF, has much higher activity in activating FX to FXa than TF_{219}, which does not contain the transmembrane domain. TF/VIIa dependent activation of FX is determined by measuring FXa activity using an FXa-specific chromogenic substrate S-2765 (Diapharma, West Chester, OH). The color change of S-2765 can be monitored spectrophotometrically and is proportional to the proteolytic activity of FXa.

In these experiments, FX activation with a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide (18t15-12s, mouse (m)21t15, 21t15-TGFRs, and 21t15-7s) was compared with a positive control (Innovin) or TF_{219}. TF_{219} (or TF_{219}-containing multi-chain chimeric polypeptides)/FVIIa complexes were mixed at an equal molar concentration (0.1 nM each) in a volume of 50 µL in round bottom wells of a 96-well ELISA plate, after which 10 µL of 180 nM FX was added. After 15 minutes of incubation at 37 °C, during which time FX was converted to FXa, 8 µL of 0.5 M EDTA (which chelates calcium and thus terminates FX activation by TF/VIIa) was added to each well to stop FX activation. Next, 10 µL of 3.2 mM S-2765 substrate was added to the reaction mixture. Immediately, the plate absorbance was measured at 405 nm and was recorded as the absorbance at time 0. The plate was then incubated for 10-20 minutes at 37 °C. The color change was monitored by reading absorbance at 405 nm following the incubation. Results of FX activation as measured by FXa activity using chromogenic substrate S-2765 are shown in Figure 183. In this experiment, Innovin, which is a commercial

prothrombin reagent containing lipidated recombinant human TF_{243}, was used as a positive control for FX activation. Innovin was reconstituted with purified water to about 10 nM of TF_{243}. Next, 0.1 nM TF/VIIa complex was made by mixing an equal volume of 0.2nM of FVIIa with 0.2 nM of Innovin. Innovin demonstrated very potent FX activation activity, while TF_{219} and TF_{219}-containing multi-chain chimeric polypeptides had very low FX activation activity, confirming that TF_{219} is not active in a TF/FVIIa complex for activating natural substrate FX *in vivo*.

Prothrombin Time Test

A third assay to measure blood coagulation is the prothrombin time (PT) test, which measures blood clotting activity. Here, the PT test was performed using commercially available normal human plasma (Ci-Trol Coagulation Control, Level I). For a standard PT test, clot reactions were initiated by addition of Innovin, a lipidated recombinant human TF_{243}, in the presence of calcium. Clotting time was monitored and reported by STart PT analyzer (Diagnostica Stago, Parsippany, N.J.). PT assays were started by injecting 0.2 mL of various dilutions of Innovin diluted in PT assay buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 14.6 mM $CaCl_2$, 0.1% BSA) into cuvettes containing 0.1 mL of normal human plasma prewarmed at 37 °C. In the PT assay, shorter PT time (clotting time) indicates a higher TF-dependent clotting activity while longer PT (clotting time) means lower TF-dependent clotting activity.

As seen in Figure 184, addition of different amounts of Innovin (e.g., Innovin reconstituted with purified water equivalent to 10 nM of lipidated recombinant human TF_{243} was considered to be 100% Innovin) to the PT assay demonstrated a dose-response relationship, where lower concentrations of TF_{243} resulted in a longer PT time (lower clotting activity). For example, 0.001% Innovin had a PT time greater than 110 seconds, which was almost the same as buffer alone.

In another experiment, the PT test was conducted on TF_{219} and multi-chain chimeric polypeptides including: 18t15-12s, 7t15-21s, 21t15-TGFRs-WT, and 21t15-TGFRs-Mut. Figure 185 show that TF_{219} and TF_{219}-containing multi-chain chimeric

polypeptides (at a concentration of 100 nM) had prolonged PT times indicating extremely low or no clotting activity.

Studies were also conducted to evaluate whether incubating the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides in the presence of other cells carrying receptors for the cytokine components of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide (32Dβ or human PBMCs) would affect the clotting time in the PT assay. To examine whether cells that express IL-15 receptor (32Dβ cells) or IL-15 and IL-21 receptors (PBMCs) would bind IL-15 -containing multi-chain chimeric polypeptides to mimic natural TF as a cellular FVIIa receptor, TF_{219}-containing multi-chain chimeric polypeptides (at a concentration of 100 nM for each molecule) were diluted in the PT assay buffer and preincubated with 32Dβ cells (at 2 x 10^5 cells/mL) or PBMC (at 1 x 10^5 cells/mL) for 20-30 minutes at room temperature. The PT assay was then conducted as described above. Figures 186 and 187 shows that TF_{219} and TF_{219}-containing multi-chain chimeric polypeptides mixed with 32Dβ cells (Figure 186) or PBMC (Figure 187) at a final concentration of 100 nM had prolonged PT times similar to 0.001-0.01% Innovin (equivalent to 0.1 pM to 1.0 pM of TF_{243}). Expressed in percentage of relative TF_{243} activity, TF_{219}-containing multi-chain chimeric polypeptides had 100,000 to 1,000,000 times lower TF dependent clotting activity when compared to Innovin. This demonstrated that TF_{219}-containing multi-chain chimeric polypeptides had extremely low or no TF-dependent clotting activity, even while the molecules were bound to an intact cell membrane surface, such as 32Dβ or PBMCs.

Example 72: Characterization of 7t15-21s137L (long version)

The nucleic acid sequence of the 7t15 construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 210):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
C

(Human IL7)

GATTGCGACATCGAGGGCAAGGACGGCAAGCAGTACGAGAGCGTGCTGATG
GTGTCCATCGACCAGCTGCTGGACAGCATGAAGGAGATCGGCTCCAACTGCC
TCAACAACGAGTTCAACTTCTTCAAGCGGCACATCTGCGACGCCAACAAGGA
GGGCATGTTCCTGTTCAGGGCCGCCAGGAAACTGCGGCAGTTCCTGAAGATG
AACTCCACCGGCGACTTCGACCTGCACCTGCTGAAGGTGTCCGAGGGCACCA
CCATCCTGCTGAACTGCACCGGACAGGTGAAGGGCCGGAAACCTGCTGCTCT
GGGAGAGGCCCAACCCACCAAGAGCCTGGAGGAGAACAAGTCCCTGAAGGA
GCAGAAGAAGCTGAACGACCTGTGCTTCCTGAAGAGGCTGCTGCAGGAGATC
AAGACCTGCTGGAACAAGATCCTGATGGGCACCAAGGAGCAT

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

AGCGGCACAACCAACACAGTCGCTGCCTATAACCTCACTTGGAAGAGCACCA
ACTTCAAAACCATCCTCGAATGGGAACCCAAACCCGTTAACCAAGTTTACAC
CGTGCAGATCAGCACCAAGTCCGGCGACTGGAAGTCCAAATGTTTCTATACC
ACCGACACCGAGTGCGATCTCACCGATGAGATCGTGAAAGATGTGAAACAGA
CCTACCTCGCCCGGGTGTTTAGCTACCCCGCCGGCAATGTGGAGAGCACTGG
TTCCGCTGGCGAGCCTTTATACGAGAACAGCCCCGAATTTACCCCTTACCTCG
AGACCAATTTAGGACAGCCCACCATCCAAAGCTTTGAGCAAGTTGGCACAAA
GGTGAATGTGACAGTGGAGGACGAGCGGACTTTAGTGCGGCGGAACAACAC
CTTTCTCAGCCTCCGGGATGTGTTCGGCAAAGATTTAATCTACACACTGTATT
ACTGGAAGTCCTCTTCCTCCGGCAAGAAGACAGCTAAAACCAACACAAACGA
GTTTTTAATCGACGTGGATAAAGGCGAAAACTACTGTTTCAGCGTGCAAGCT
GTGATCCCCTCCCGGACCGTGAATAGGAAAAGCACCGATAGCCCCGTTGAGT
GCATGGGCCAAGAAAAGGGCGAGTTCCGGGAG

(Human IL-15)

AACTGGGTGAACGTCATCAGCGATTTAAAGAAGATCGAAGATTTAATTCAGT
CCATGCATATCGACGCCACTTTATACACAGAATCCGACGTGCACCCCTCTTGT
AAGGTGACCGCCATGAAATGTTTTTTACTGGAGCTGCAAGTTATCTCTTTAGA
GAGCGGAGACGCTAGCATCCACGACACCGTGGAGAATTTAATCATTTTAGCC
AATAACTCTTTATCCAGCAACGGCAACGTGACAGAGTCCGGCTGCAAGGAGT

GCGAAGAGCTGGAGGAGAAGAACATCAAGGAGTTTCTGCAATCCTTTGTGCA
CATTGTCCAGATGTTCATCAATACCTCC

The amino acid sequence of 7t15 fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 209):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL7)

DCDIEGKDGKQYESVLMVSIDQLLDSMKEIGSNCLNNEFNFFKRHICDANKEGM
FLFRAARKLRQFLKMNSTGDFDLHLLKVSEGTTILLNCTGQVKGRKPAALGEAQ
PTKSLEENKSLKEQKKLNDLCFLKRLLQEIKTCWNKILMGTKEH

(Human Tissue Factor 219)

SGTTNTVAAYNLTWKSTNFKTILEWEPKPVNQVYTVQISTKSGDWKSKCFYTTD
TECDLTDEIVKDVKQTYLARVFSYPAGNVESTGSAGEPLYENSPEFTPYLETNLG
QPTIQSFEQVGTKVNVTVEDERTLVRRNNTFLSLRDVFGKDLIYTLYYWKSSSSG
KKTAKTNTNEFLIDVDKGENYCFSVQAVIPSRTVNRKSTDSPVECMGQEKGEFR
E

(Human IL-15)

NWVNVISDLKKIEDLIQSMHIDATLYTESDVHPSCKVTAMKCFLLELQVISLESG
DASIHDTVENLIILANNSLSSNGNVTESGCKECEELEEKNIKEFLQSFVHIVQMFIN
TS

The nucleic acid sequence of the 21s137L construct (including signal peptide sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 331):

(Signal peptide)

ATGAAGTGGGTGACCTTCATCAGCCTGCTGTTCCTGTTCTCCAGCGCCTACTC
C

(Human IL-21)

CAGGGCCAGGACAGGCACATGATCCGGATGAGGCAGCTCATCGACATCGTCG
ACCAGCTGAAGAACTACGTGAACGACCTGGTGCCCGAGTTTCTGCCTGCCCC

CGAGGACGTGGAGACCAACTGCGAGTGGTCCGCCTTCTCCTGCTTTCAGAAG
GCCCAGCTGAAGTCCGCCAACACCGGCAACAACGAGCGGATCATCAACGTG
AGCATCAAGAAGCTGAAGCGGAAGCCTCCCTCCACAAACGCCGGCAGGAGG
CAGAAGCACAGGCTGACCTGCCCCAGCTGTGACTCCTACGAGAAGAAGCCCC
CCAAGGAGTTCCTGGAGAGGTTCAAGTCCCTGCTGCAGAAGATGATCCATCA
GCACCTGTCCTCCAGGACCCACGGCTCCGAGGACTCC

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ATTACATGCCCCCCTCCCATGAGCGTGGAGCACGCCGACATCTGGGTGAAGA
GCTATAGCCTCTACAGCCGGGAGAGGTATATCTGTAACAGCGGCTTCAAGAG
GAAGGCCGGCACCAGCAGCCTCACCGAGTGCGTGCTGAATAAGGCTACCAAC
GTGGCTCACTGGACAACACCCTCTTTAAAGTGCATCCGG

((G4S)3 linker)

GGCGGTGGAGGATCCGGAGGAGGTGGCTCCGGCGGCGGAGGATCT

(Human CD137L)

CGCGAGGGTCCCGAGCTTTCGCCCGACGATCCCGCCGGCCTCTTGGACCTGC
GGCAGGGCATGTTTGCGCAGCTGGTGGCCCAAAATGTTCTGCTGATCGATGG
GCCCCTGAGCTGGTACAGTGACCCAGGCCTGGCAGGCGTGTCCCTGACGGGG
GGCCTGAGCTACAAAGAGGACACGAAGGAGCTGGTGGTGGCCAAGGCTGGA
GTCTACTATGTCTTCTTTCAACTAGAGCTGCGGCGCGTGGTGGCCGGCGAGGG
CTCAGGCTCCGTTTCACTTGCGCTGCACCTGCAGCCACTGCGCTCTGCTGCTG
GGGCCGCCGCCCTGGCTTTGACCGTGGACCTGCCACCCGCCTCCTCCGAGGCT
CGGAACTCGGCCTTCGGTTTCCAGGGCCGCTTGCTGCACCTGAGTGCCGGCC
AGCGCCTGGGCGTCCATCTTCACACTGAGGCCAGGGCACGCCATGCCTGGCA
GCTTACCCAGGGCGCCACAGTCTTGGGACTCTTCCGGGTGACCCCCGAAATC
CCAGCCGGACTCCCTTCACCGAGGTCGGAA

The amino acid sequence of 21s137L fusion protein (including the leader sequence) is as follows (SEQ ID NO: 332):

(Signal peptide)

MKWVTFISLLFLFSSAYS

(Human IL-21)

QGQDRHMIRMRQLIDIVDQLKNYVNDLVPEFLPAPEDVETNCEWSAFSCFQKAQ
LKSANTGNNERIINVSIKKLKRKPPSTNAGRRQKHRLTCPSCDSYEKKPPKEFLER
FKSLLQKMIHQHLSSRTHGSEDS

(Human IL-15R α sushi domain)

ITCPPPMSVEHADIWVKSYSLYSRERYICNSGFKRKAGTSSLTECVLNKATNVAH
WTTPSLKCIR

((G4S)3 linker)

GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS

(Human CD137L)

REGPELSPDDPAGLLDLRQGMFAQLVAQNVLLIDGPLSWYSDPGLAGVSLTGGL
SYKEDTKELVVAKAGVYYVFFQLELRRVVAGEGSGSVSLALHLQPLRSAAGAA
ALALTVDLPPASSEARNSAFGFQGRLLHLSAGQRLGVHLHTEARARHAWQLTQ
GATVLGLFRVTPEIPAGLPSPRSE

The following experiment was conducted to evaluate whether the CD137L portion in 7t15-21s137L was intact to bind to CD137 (4.1BB). On day 1, a 96-well plate was coated with 100 μL (2.5 μg/mL) of GAH IgG Fc (G-102-C, R&D Systems) in R5 (coating buffer), overnight. On day 2, the plates were washed three times and blocked with 300 μL of 1% BSA in PBS at 37°C for 2 hrs. 10 ng/ml of 4.1BB/Fc (838-4B, R&D Systems) was added at 100 μl/well for 2 hrs at room temperature. Following three washes, 7t15-21s137L (long version) or 7t15-21s137Ls (short version) was added starting at 10 nM, or recombinant human 4.1BBL starting at 180ng/mL, with 1/3 dilution, followed by incubation at 4°C overnight. On day 3, the plates were washed three times, and 500 ng/mL of biotinylate-goat anti-human 4.1BBL (BAF2295, R&D Systems) was applied at 100 μL per well, followed by incubation at RT for 2 hrs. The plates were washed three times, and incubated with 0.25 μg/mL of HRP-SA (Jackson ImmuneResearch) at 100 μL per well for 30 min. The plates were then washed three times, and incubated with 100 μL of ABTS for 2 mins at RT. The results were read at 405 nm. As shown in Figure 188, both 7t15-21s137L (long version) and 7t15-21s137L

(short version) could interact with 4.1BB/Fc (dark diamond and gray square) compared to the recombinant human 4.1BB ligand (rhCD137L, light gray star). 7t15-21s137L (long version) (dark diamond) interacted better with 4.1BB/Fc as compared to 7t15-21s137L (short version) (gray square).

The following experiments were conducted to evaluate whether the components IL7, IL21, IL15, and 4.1BBL in 7t15-21s137L (long version) were intact to be detected by the individual antibody using ELISA. A 96-well plate was coated with 100 μL (4 μg/mL) of anti-TF (human IgG1) in R5 (coating buffer) and incubated at RT for 2 hrs. The plates were washed three times, and blocked with 100 μL of 1% BSA in PBS. Purified 7t15-21s137L (long version) was added starting at 10 nM, and at 1/3 dilution, followed by incubation at RT for 60 min. The plates were washed three times, and 500 ng/mL of biotinylate-anti-IL7 (506602, R&D Systems), 500 ng/mL of biotinylate-anti-IL21 (13-7218-81, R&D Systems), 50 ng/mL of biotinylate-anti-IL15 (BAM247, R&D Systems), or 500 ng/ml of biotinylate-goat anti-human 4.1BBL (BAF2295, R&D Systems) was added per well and incubated at room temperature for 60 min. The plates were washed three times and incubated with 0.25 μg/mL of HRP-SA (Jackson ImmunoResearch) at 100 μL per well for 30 min at RT. The plates were washed four times, and incubated with 100 μL of ABTS for 2 mins at room temperature. The absorbance results were read at 405 nm. As shown in Figure 189A-189D, the components including IL7, IL21, IL15, and 4.1BBL in 7t15-21s137L (long version) were detected by the individual antibodies.

The following experiment was conducted to evaluate the activity of IL15 in 7t15-21s137L (long version) and 7t15-21s137L (short version). The ability of 7t15-21s137L (long version) and 7t15-21s137L (short version) to promote proliferation of IL2Rαβγ-expressing CTLL2 cells was compared with that of recombinant IL15. IL15 dependent CTLL2 cells were washed five times with IMDM-10% FBS and seeded to the wells at 2 x 10^4 cells/well. Serially diluted 7t15-21s137L (long version), 7t15-21s137L (short version), or IL15 were added to the cells. Cells were incubated in a CO_2 incubator at 37 °C for 3 days. Cell proliferation was detected by adding 20 μL of PrestoBlue (A13261,

ThermoFisher) to each well on day 3 and incubated for an additional 4 hours in a CO_2 incubator at 37 °C. Raw absorbance at 570-610 nm was read in a micro-titer plate reader. As shown in Figure 190, 7t15-21s137L (long version), 7t15-21s137L (short version), and IL15 all promoted CTLL2 cell proliferation. The EC_{50} of 7t15-21s137L (long version), 7t15-21s137L (short version), and IL15 is 51.19 pM, 55.75 pM, and 4.947 pM, respectively.

Example 73: Induction of Treg cells by 2t2

The peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) of a heathy donor (Donor 163) were isolated from 5 mL of whole blood buffy coats by Ficoll Paque Plus (GE17144003). The PBMC were then lysed with ACK to remove red blood cells. Cells were washed with IMDM-10% FBS and counted. 1.8 x10^6 cells (100 µL/tube) were seeded to the flow tubes and incubated with 50 µL of descending 2t2 or IL2 (15000, 1500, 150, 15, 1.5, 0.15, or 0 pM) and 50 µLof pre-staining antibodies (anti-CD8-BV605 and anti-CD127-AF647). Cells were incubated for 30 min at 37 °C in water bath. 200 µL of pre-warmed BD Phosflow Fix Buffer I (Cat# 557870, Becton Dickinson Biosciences) was added for 10 min at 37° C in water bath to stop the stimulation. Cells (4.5 x10^5 cells/100 µL) were transferred to a V-shape 96-well plate and were spun down followed by permeabilization with 100 µL of -20 °C pre-cooled BD Phosflow Perm Buffer III (Cat# BD Biosciences) for 30 min on ice. The cells were then extensively washed x2 with 200 µL of FACS buffer and stained with a panel of fluorescent antibodies (anti-CD25-PE, CD4-PerCP-Cy5.5, CD56-BV421, CD45RA-PE-Cy7 and pSTAT5a-AF488) to distinguish between different lymphocyte subpopulations and evaluate the pSTAT5a status. Cells were spun down and resuspended in 200 µL of FACS buffer for FACSCelesta analysis. As sown in Figure 191A, 6 pM of 2t2 was sufficient to induce the phosphorylation of Stat5a in $CD4^+CD25^{hi}$ T_{reg} cells while 43.11 pM of IL-2 was required to induce phosphorylation of Stat5a in the same population of lymphocytes. In contrast, 2t2 was less active (Figure 191B) or equally active (Figure 191C) as compared to IL2 in inducing phosphorylation of Stat5a in $CD4^+CD25^-T_{con}$ and $CD8^+T_{con}$ cells. These results suggest that 2t2 is superior

as compared to IL2 in activating T_{reg} in human PBMC, and that 2t2 demonstrates increased T_{reg} selectivity compared to IL-2 in human blood lymphocyte pStat5a responses.

Example 74. Improvement in Hair Growth using a Single-Chain Chimeric Polypeptide

The dorsal hair of 7-week-old C57BL6/J mice was shaved and depilated using commercial depilatory cream. The mice were injected on the same day subcutaneously with a single dose of 2t2 or low dose commercially available recombinant IL-2, followed by daily dosing for four additional days. Untreated mice served as controls. On day 10, the mice were sacrificed and skin sections of the shaved areas were prepared. Representative H&E staining of skin sections from C57BL6J mice on day 10 following depilation are shown in Figures 192A – 192E. Figure 192A shows control mice - only depilation done after hair was shaved, Figure 192B shows mice where depilation was followed by low dose IL-2 (1 mg/kg) administration, and Figures 192C-192E shows mice where depilation was followed by 2t2 administered at 0.3 mg/kg (Figure 192C), 1 mg/kg (Figure 192D), and 3 mg/kg (Figure 192E). Black arrows indicate anagen-phase hair follicles that will later extend into dermis and facilitate hair growth. Figure 194 shows the total number of anagen phase hair follicles counted per 10 fields for each treatment group. In summary, the data show that the 2t2 molecule resulted in increased numbers of anagen-phase hair follicles compared to depilation alone. This effect was also dose-dependent.

Example 75: Differentiation of the Immune Cell into a Memory-Like Immune Cell

Fresh human leukocytes were obtained from the blood bank and $CD56^+$ NK cells were isolated with the RosetteSep/human NK cell reagent (StemCell Technologies). The purity of NK cells was >70% and confirmed by staining with CD56-BV421, CD16-BV510, CD25-PE, CD69-APCFire750 (BioLegend). The cells were counted and resuspended at a density of 2×10^6 cells/mL in RPMI 1640 medium (Gibco) supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine (Thermo Life Technologies), antibiotics

(penicillin, 10,000 units/mL; streptomycin, 10,000 µg/mL; Thermo Life Technologies), and 10% FBS (Hyclone). The cells (1 mL) were transferred into a 24-well flat bottom plate, and subjected to either: no treatment, or expanded with 7t15-21s + anti-tissue factor (TF)-antibody (IgG1) (50 nM) for 14 days with medium. The cells were replenished with fresh 7t15-21s + anti-TF-antibody (IgG1) (50 nM) to keep the cell density at approximately 1 x 10^6 cells/mL.

Unexpanded NK cells to treatment groups were used as positive controls for full DNA methylation levels (Data not shown). NK cells were pelleted (1 x 10^6), and genomic DNA (nDNA) isolated using the QIAamp UCP DNA Micro Kit (Qiagen). 500 ng of purified nDNA was subjected to sodium bisulfite treatment using the EZ DNA Methylation-Direct kit (Zymo Research) according to the manufacturer's protocol. Bisulfite treatment introduces methylation-dependent changes in the DNA with demethylated cytosines being converted into uracil, whereas methylated cytosines remain unchanged. The bisulfite-treated nDNA (10-50 ng) was used as template to PCR amplify a 228 bp region of the IFNγ promoter containing two CpG sites (CpG -186 and CpG -54, position relative to the transcription start site, TSS), known to be heavily regulated by DNA methylation in T cells, using the Pyromark PCR kit (Qiagen) with the forward primer IFNG127F (5′-ATGGTATAGGTGGGTATAATGG-3′) and the biotinylated reverse primer IFNG355R-bio (biotin-5′-CAATATACTACACCTCCTCTAACTAC-3′) (GENEWIZ). T he PCR conditions were 15 minutes at 95°C, 48 cycles of 30 seconds at 95 °C, 30 seconds at 56°C, 60 seconds at 72°C followed by 10 minutes at 72°C. The integrity and quality of the PCR amplified products were visualized on a 1.2% TAE agarose gel. The DNA methylation status of these two CpG sites was determined by pyrosequencing, which is the gold standard technique to quantitatively measure DNA methylation at single CpG-site. Pyrosequencing reactions were performed at Johns Hopkins University Genetic Resources Core Facility using the DNA sequencing primers C186-IFNG135F (5′-GGTGGGTATAATGGG-3′) (SEQ ID NO: 333) and C54-IFNG261F (5′-ATTATTTTATTTTAAAAAATTTGTG-3′) (SEQ ID NO: 334), specific to the CpG sites -186 and -54, respectively. Commercially available non-methylated and methylated DNA (Zymo Research) were used as controls for DNA methylation. The

methylation percentages of the two CpG sites (-186 and -54) were pooled for each treatment. The percent difference in DNA methylation was calculated relative to the levels of DNA methylation at the two CpG sites observed in unexposed NK cells.

Analysis of the DNA methylation status of these two IFNγ CpG sites revealed higher levels of DNA demethylation in NK cells supported by 7t15-21s + anti-TF-antibody compared to unexposed NK cells (Figure 194). These 7t15-21s + anti-TF-antibody supported NK cells exhibited 47.70% ± 11.76 difference in DNA methylation (i.e., demethylation) compared to unexposed NK cells. The DNA methylation levels of these two IFNγ CpG sites correlated with increased expression of IFNγ following treatment with 7t15-21s + anti-TF-antibody. These data suggest that long-term exposure of NK cells (14 days expansion in culture) with a combination regimen of 7t15-21s + anti-TF-antibody is able to induce DNA demethylation of the two hypomethylated IFNγ CpG sites (-186 and -54) and that 7t15-21s + anti-TF-antibody (IgG1) can epigenetically reprogram gene expression of IFNγ via DNA demethylation of CpG sites leading to interconversion of NK cells into innate immune memory NK cells.

OTHER EMBODIMENTS

It is to be understood that while the invention has been described in conjunction with the detailed description thereof, the foregoing description is intended to illustrate and not limit the scope of the invention, which is defined by the scope of the appended claims. Other aspects, advantages, and modifications are within the scope of the following claims.

Exemplary Embodiments

Embodiment A1. A single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and

(iii) a second target-binding domain.

Embodiment A2. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A1, wherein the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment A3. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A1, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment A4. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A3, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment A5. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A3, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain.

Embodiment A6. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A1, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment A7. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A1, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain.

Embodiment A8. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A6 or A7, wherein the second target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment A9. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A6 or A7, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the second target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment A10. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A9, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment A11. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A10, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment A12. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A11, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment A13. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A9, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment A14. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A13, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment A15. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A14, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment A16. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A13, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv or a single domain antibody.

Embodiment A17. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A16, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD28, CD3, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, IL-1R, IL-1, VEGF, IL-6R, IL-4, IL-10, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for IL-1, a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-3, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-8, a receptor for IL-10, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-17, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for PDGF-D, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, a receptor for CD122, and a receptor for CD28.

Embodiment A18. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A16, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment A19. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A18, wherein the soluble interleukin, cytokine, or ligand protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-D, and SCF, FLT3L, MICA, MICB, and a ULP16-binding protein.

Embodiment A20. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A16, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment A21. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A20, wherein the soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble NKG2D, a soluble NKp30, a soluble NKp44, a soluble NKp46, a soluble DNAM1, a scMHCI, a scMHCII, a scTCR, a soluble CD155, or a soluble CD28.

Embodiment A22. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A21, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain.

Embodiment A23. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A22, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment A24. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A23, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment A25. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A24, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment A26. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A22-A25, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise one or more of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment A27. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A26, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise any of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment A28. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A27, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding Factor VIIa.

Embodiment A29. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A28, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa.

Embodiment A30. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A29, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide does not stimulate blood coagulation in a mammal.

Embodiment A31. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A30, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at its N- and/or C-terminus.

Embodiment A32. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A31, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at its N-terminus.

Embodiment A33. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A32, wherein one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment A34. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A33, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between one of the at least one additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment A35. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A31, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at its C-terminus.

Embodiment A36. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A35, wherein one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment A37. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A35, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between one of the at least one additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment A38. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A31, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprises one or more additional target binding domains at its N-terminus and the C-terminus.

Embodiment A39. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A38, wherein one of the one or more additional antigen binding domains at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment A40. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A38, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence

between one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domains at the N-terminus and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment A41. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A38, wherein one of the one or more additional antigen binding domains at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment A42. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A38, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domains at the C-terminus and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment A43. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A31-A42, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment A44. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A43, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment A45. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A44, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment A46. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A43, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment A47. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A46, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment A48. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A47, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment A49. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A31-A42, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment A50. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A31-A49, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains is an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment A51. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A50, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains are each an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment A52. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A51, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv or a single domain antibody.

Embodiment A53. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A31-A52, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD28, CD3, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, IL-1R, IL-1, VEGF, IL-6R, IL-4, IL-10, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for IL-1, a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-3, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-8, a receptor for IL-10, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-17, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for PDGF-D, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, a receptor for CD122, and a receptor for CD28.

Embodiment A54. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A31-A52, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment A55. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A54, wherein the soluble interleukin, cytokine, or ligand protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-D, and SCF, FLT3L, MICA, MICB, and a ULP16-binding protein.

Embodiment A56. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A31-A52, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment A57. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A56, wherein the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble NKG2D, a soluble NKp30, a soluble NKp44, a soluble NKp46, a soluble DNAM1, a scMHCI, a scMHCII, a scTCR, a soluble CD155, a soluble CD122, a soluble CD3, or a soluble CD28.

Embodiment A58. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A57, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a signal sequence at its N-terminal end.

Embodiment A59. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments A1-A58, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag positioned at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the single-chain chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment A60. A composition comprising any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides of embodiments A1-A59.

Embodiment A61. The composition of embodiment A60, wherein the composition is a pharmaceutical composition.

Embodiment A62. A kit comprising at least one dose of the composition of embodiment A60 or A61.

Embodiment A63. Nucleic acid encoding any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides of any one of embodiments A1-A59.

Embodiment A64. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment A63.

Embodiment A65. The vector of embodiment A64, wherein the vector is an expression vector.

Embodiment A66. A cell comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment A63 or the vector of embodiment A64 or A65.

Embodiment A67. A method of producing a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, the method comprising:

culturing the cell of embodiment A66 in a culture medium under conditions sufficient to result in the production of the single-chain chimeric polypeptide; and

recovering the single-chain chimeric polypeptide from the cell and/or the culture medium.

Embodiment A68. A single-chain chimeric polypeptide produced by the method of embodiment A67.

Embodiment A69. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A26, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment A70. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A69, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment A71. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A70, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment A72. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A71, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment A73. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A26, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment A74. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A73, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment A75. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A74, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment A76. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A75, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment B1. A single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and

(iii) a second target-binding domain,

wherein:

the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain each specifically bind to an IL-2 receptor; or

the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain each specifically bind to an IL-15 receptor.

Embodiment B2. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B1, wherein the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment B3. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B1, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment B4. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B1-B3, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment B5. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B1-B3, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain.

Embodiment B6. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B1, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment B7. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B1, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain.

Embodiment B8. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B6 or B7, wherein the second target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment B9. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B6 or B7, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the second target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment B10. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B1-B9, wherein both the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin protein.

Embodiment B11. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B10, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble IL-2 protein.

Embodiment B12. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B11, wherein the soluble IL-2 protein is a soluble human IL-2 protein.

Embodiment B13. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B12, wherein the soluble human IL-2 protein comprises SEQ ID NO: 78.

Embodiment B14. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B10, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble IL-15 protein.

Embodiment B15. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B14, wherein the soluble IL-15 protein is a soluble human IL-15 protein.

Embodiment B16. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B15, wherein the soluble human IL-15 protein comprises SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment B17. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B1-B16, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain.

Embodiment B18. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B17, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment B19. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B18, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment B20. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B19, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment B21. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B17-B20, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise one or more of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment B22. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B21, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise any of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment B23. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B1-B22, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding Factor VIIa.

Embodiment B24. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B1-B23, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa.

Embodiment B25. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B1-B24, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide does not stimulate blood coagulation in a mammal.

Embodiment B26. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B1-B25, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at its N- and/or C-terminus.

Embodiment B27. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B26, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at its N-terminus.

Embodiment B28. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B27, wherein one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment B29. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B28, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between one of the at least one additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment B30. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B26, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at its C-terminus.

Embodiment B31. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B30, wherein one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment B32. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B30, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between one of the at least one additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment B33. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B26, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprises one or more additional target binding domains at its N-terminus and the C-terminus.

Embodiment B34. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B33, wherein one of the one or more additional antigen binding domains at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment B35. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B33, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domains at the N-terminus and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment B36. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B33, wherein one of the one or more additional antigen binding domains at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment B37. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B33, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domains at the C-terminus and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment B38. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B26-B37, wherein each of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to an IL-2 receptor or an IL-15 receptor.

Embodiment B39. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B38, wherein each of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment B40. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B26-B37, wherein the one or more additional target-binding domains is an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment B41. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B40, wherein the antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv or a single domain antibody.

Embodiment B42. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B26-B37, B40, and B41, wherein the one or more additional target-binding

domains bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD28, CD3, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, IL-1R, IL-1, VEGF, IL-6R, IL-4, IL-10, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for IL-1, a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-3, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-8, a receptor for IL-10, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-17, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, a receptor for CD122, and a receptor for CD28.

Embodiment B43. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B6-B37, B40, and B41, wherein the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment B44. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B43, wherein the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

Embodiment B45. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B6-B37, B40, and B41, wherein the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment B46. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B45, wherein the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) and a soluble TGF-βRIII.

Embodiment B47. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B1-B46, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a signal sequence at its N-terminal end.

Embodiment B48. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments B1-B47, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag positioned at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the single-chain chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment B49. A composition comprising any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides of embodiments B1-B48.

Embodiment B50. The composition of embodiment B49, wherein the composition is a pharmaceutical composition.

Embodiment B51. A kit comprising at least one dose of the composition of embodiment B49 or B50.

Embodiment B52. A nucleic acid encoding any of the single-chain chimeric polypeptides of any one of embodiments B1-B48.

Embodiment B53. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment B52.

Embodiment B54. The vector of embodiment B53, wherein the vector is an expression vector.

Embodiment B55. A cell comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment B52 or the vector of embodiment B53 or B54.

Embodiment B56. A method of producing a single-chain chimeric polypeptide, the method comprising:

culturing the cell of embodiment B55 in a culture medium under conditions sufficient to result in the production of the single-chain chimeric polypeptide; and

recovering the single-chain chimeric polypeptide from the cell and/or the culture medium.

Embodiment B57. A single-chain chimeric polypeptide produced by the method of embodiment B56.

Embodiment B58. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B21, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment B59. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B58, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment B60. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B59, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment B61. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B60, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment B62. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B21, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment B63. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B62, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment B64. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B63, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment B65. The single-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B64, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment C1. A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(a) a first chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and

(iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains;

(b) a second chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and

(ii) a second target-binding domain,

wherein the first chimeric polypeptide and the second chimeric polypeptide associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment C2. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C1, wherein the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C3. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C4. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C3, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C5. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C3, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C6. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C5, wherein the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C7. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C5, wherein second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C8. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C7, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment C9. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C8, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment C10. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C9, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment C11. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C7, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment C12. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C11, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment C13. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C12, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each antigen-binding domains.

Embodiment C14. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C12 or C13, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv or a single domain antibody.

Embodiment C15. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C14, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD28, CD3, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, IL-1R, IL-1, VEGF, IL-6R, IL-4, IL-10, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for IL-1, a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-3, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-8, a receptor for IL-10, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-17, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, a receptor for CD122, and a receptor for CD28.

Embodiment C16. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C14, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment C17. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C16, wherein the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, SCF, FLT3L, MICA, MICB, and a ULP16-binding protein.

Embodiment C18. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C14, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment C19. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C18, wherein the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-β RII), a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble NKG2D, a soluble NKp30, a soluble NKp44, a soluble NKp46, a soluble DNAM1, a scMHCI, a scMHCII, a scTCR, a soluble CD155, or a soluble CD28.

Embodiment C20. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C19, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domain(s), where at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment C21. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C20, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s), and/or a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment C22. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C19, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal and/or C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C23. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C22, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C24. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C22, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment C25. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C22, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C26. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C22, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain.

Embodiment C27. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C22, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is disposed at the N- and/or C-terminus of the first chimeric polypeptide, and at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C28. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C27, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C29. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C27, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C30. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C27, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C31. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C27, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C32. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C27, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, directly abuts the soluble tissue factor domain and/or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment C33. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C27, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed (i) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, and/or (ii) between the first domain of the pair of affinity domains and the at least one of the one or more additional target-

binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment C34. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C33, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C35. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C34, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C36. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C34, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C37. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C34, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C38. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C34, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C39. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C20-C38, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment C40. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C39, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment C41. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C40, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment C42. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C39, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment C43. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C42, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment C44. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C43, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment C45. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C20-C38, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment C46. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C20-C45, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the

second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains is an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment C47. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C46, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains are each an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment C48. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C47, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv.

Embodiment C49. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C20-C48, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD28, CD3, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, IL-1R, IL-1, VEGF, IL-6R, IL-4, IL-10, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for IL-1, a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-3, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-8, a receptor for IL-10, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-17, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, a receptor for CD122, and a receptor for CD3, and a receptor for CD28.

Embodiment C50. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C20-C48, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment C51. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C50, wherein the soluble interleukin, cytokine, or ligand protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF, FLT3L, MICA, MICB, and a ULP16-binding protein.

Embodiment C52. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C20-C48, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment C53. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C52, wherein the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-β RII), a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble NKG2D, a soluble NKp30, a soluble NKp44, a soluble NKp46, a soluble DNAM1, a scMHCI, a scMHCII, a scTCR, a soluble CD155, a soluble CD122, a soluble CD3, or a soluble CD28.

Embodiment C54. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C53, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C55. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C53, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment C56. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C55, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain.

Embodiment C57. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C56, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment C58. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C57, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment C59. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C58, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment C60. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C56-C59, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise one or more of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment C61. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C60, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise any of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment C62. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C61, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding to Factor VIIa.

Embodiment C63. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C62, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa.

Embodiment C64. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C63, wherein the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide does not stimulate blood coagulation in a mammal.

Embodiment C65. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C64, wherein the pair of affinity domains is a sushi domain from an alpha chain of human IL-15 receptor (IL-15Rα) and a soluble IL-15.

Embodiment C66. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C65, wherein the soluble IL-15 has a D8N or D8A amino acid substitution.

Embodiment C67. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C65 or C66, wherein the human IL-15Rα is a mature full-length IL-15Rα.

Embodiment C68. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C64, wherein the pair of affinity domains is selected from the group consisting of: barnase and barnstar, a PKA and an AKAP, adapter/docking tag modules based on mutated RNase I fragments, and SNARE modules based on interactions of the proteins syntaxin, synaptotagmin, synaptobrevin, and SNAP25.

Embodiment C69. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments C1-C68, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide and/or the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a signal sequence at its N-terminal end.

Embodiment C70. A composition comprising any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides of embodiments C1-C69.

Embodiment C71. The composition of embodiment C70, wherein the composition is a pharmaceutical composition.

Embodiment C72. A kit comprising at least one dose of the composition of embodiment C70 or C71.

Embodiment C73. Nucleic acid encoding any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides of any one of embodiments C1-C69.

Embodiment C74. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment C73.

Embodiment C75. The vector of embodiment C74, wherein the vector is an expression vector.

Embodiment C76. A cell comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment C73 or the vector of embodiment C74 or C75.

Embodiment C77. A method of producing a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, the method comprising:

culturing the cell of embodiment C76 in a culture medium under conditions sufficient to result in the production of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide; and

recovering the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide from the cell and/or the culture medium.

Embodiment C78. A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide produced by the method of embodiment C77.

Embodiment C79. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment A56, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment C80. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C79, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment C81. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C80, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment C82. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C81, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment C83. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C56, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment C84. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C83, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment C85. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C84, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment C86. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment C85, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment D1. A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(a) a first chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and

(iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains;

(b) a second chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and

(ii) a second target-binding domain,

wherein:

the first chimeric polypeptide and the second chimeric polypeptide associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains;

the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor of IL-18 or a receptor of IL-12.

Embodiment D2. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D1, wherein the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D3. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D4. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D3, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D5. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D3, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker

sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D6. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D5, wherein the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D7. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D5, wherein second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D8. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D7, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain.

Embodiment D9. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D8, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment D10. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D9, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment D11. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D10, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment D12. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D8-D11, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise one or more of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment D13. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D12, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise any of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment D14. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D13, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding to Factor VIIa.

Embodiment D15. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D14, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa.

Embodiment D16. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D15, wherein the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide does not stimulate blood coagulation in a mammal.

Embodiment D17. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D16, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D18. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D17, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D19. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D18, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide and/or the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a signal sequence at its N-terminal end.

Embodiment D20. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D19, wherein the signal sequence comprises SEQ ID NO: 117.

Embodiment D21. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D20, wherein the signal sequence is SEQ ID NO: 117.

Embodiment D22. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D21, wherein the pair of affinity domains is a sushi domain from an alpha chain of human IL-15 receptor (IL-15Rα) and a soluble IL-15.

Embodiment D23. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D22, wherein the soluble IL-15 has a D8N or D8A amino acid substitution.

Embodiment D24. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D22, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment D25. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D24, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment D26. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D25, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment D27. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D26, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment D28. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D22-D27, wherein the sushi domain of IL-15Rα comprises a sushi domain from human IL-15Rα.

Embodiment D29. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D28, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment D30. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D29, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment D31. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D30, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment D32. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D31, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment D33. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D28, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα is a mature full-length IL-15Rα.

Embodiment D34. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D21, wherein the pair of affinity domains is selected from the group consisting of: barnase and barnstar, a PKA and an AKAP, adapter/docking tag modules based on mutated RNase I fragments, and SNARE modules based on interactions of the proteins syntaxin, synaptotagmin, synaptobrevin, and SNAP25.

Embodiment D35. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D34, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an agonistic antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment D36. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D35, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each agonistic antigen-binding domains.

Embodiment D37. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D35 or D36, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv or single-domain antibody.

Embodiment D38. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D34, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble IL-15 or a soluble IL-18.

Embodiment D39. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D38, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each independently a soluble IL-15 or a soluble IL-18.

Embodiment D40. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D39, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain both bind specifically to a receptor of IL-18 or a receptor of IL-12.

Embodiment D41. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B40, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment D42. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D41, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment D43. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D39, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a

receptor for IL-12, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-18.

Embodiment D44. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D39, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-18, and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a receptor for IL-12.

Embodiment D45. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D44, wherein the first target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-18.

Embodiment D46. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D45, wherein the soluble IL-18 is a soluble human IL-18.

Embodiment D47. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D46, wherein the soluble human IL-18 comprises a sequence at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 109.

Embodiment D48. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D47, wherein the soluble human IL-18 comprises a sequence at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 109.

Embodiment D49. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D48, wherein the soluble human IL-18 comprises a sequence at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 109.

Embodiment D50. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D49, wherein the soluble human IL-18 comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 109.

Embodiment D51. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D44-D50, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-12.

Embodiment D52. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D51, wherein the soluble IL-18 is a soluble human IL-12.

Embodiment D53. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D52, wherein the soluble human IL-15 comprises a sequence of soluble human IL-12β (p40) and a sequence of soluble human IL-12α (p35).

Embodiment D54. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D53, wherein the soluble human IL-15 further comprises a linker sequence between the sequence of soluble IL-12β (p40) and the sequence of soluble human IL-12α (p35).

Embodiment D55. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D54, wherein the linker sequence comprises SEQ ID NO: 102.

Embodiment D56. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D53-D55, wherein the sequence of soluble human IL-12β (p40) comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 81.

Embodiment D57. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D56, wherein the sequence of soluble human IL-12β (p40) comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 81.

Embodiment D58. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D57, wherein the sequence of soluble human IL-12β (p40) comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 81.

Embodiment D59. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D58, wherein the sequence of soluble human IL-12β (p40) comprises SEQ ID NO: 81.

Embodiment D60. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D53-D59, wherein the sequence of soluble human IL-12α (p35) comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 80.

Embodiment D61. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D60, wherein the sequence of soluble human IL-12α (p35) comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 80.

Embodiment D62. The mule-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D61, wherein the sequence of soluble human IL-12α (p35) comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 80.

Embodiment D63. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D62, wherein the sequence of soluble human IL-12α (p35) comprises SEQ ID NO: 80.

Embodiment D64. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 174.

Embodiment D65. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D64, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 174.

Embodiment D66. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D65, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 174.

Embodiment D67. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D66, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 174.

Embodiment D68. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D67, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 176.

Embodiment D69. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1 and D64-D68, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 178.

Embodiment D70. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D69, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 178.

Embodiment D71. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D70, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 178.

Embodiment D72. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D71, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 178.

Embodiment D73. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D72, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 180.

Embodiment D74. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D63, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domain(s), where at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment D75. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D74, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s), and/or a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s)and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment D76. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D63, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal and/or C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D77. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D76, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D78. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D76, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment D79. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D76, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D80. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D76, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain.

Embodiment D81. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D76, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is disposed at the N- and/or C-terminus of the first chimeric polypeptide, and at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D82. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D81, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D83. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D81, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D84. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D81, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D85. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D81, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D86. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D81, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, directly abuts the soluble tissue factor domain and/or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment D87. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D81, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed (i) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, and/or (ii) between the first domain of the pair of affinity domains and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment D88. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D1-D63 and D74-D87, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D89. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D88, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D90. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D88, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D91. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D88, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D92. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B88, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment D93. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D74-D92, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment D94. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B93, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment D95. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B94, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment D96. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D74-D92, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment D97. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D74-D96, wherein the one or more additional antigen-binding domains bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD28, CD3, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, IL-1R, IL-1, VEGF, IL-6R, IL-4, IL-10, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for IL-1, a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-3, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-8, a receptor for IL-10, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-17, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD28.

Embodiment D98. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D74-D96, wherein the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment D99. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B98, wherein the soluble interleukin, cytokine, or ligand protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, SCF, FLT3L, MICA, MICB, and a ULP16-binding protein.

Embodiment D100. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments D74-D96, wherein the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment D101. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment B100, wherein the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-β RII), a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble NKG2D, a soluble NKp30, a soluble NKp44, a soluble NKp46, a soluble DNAM1, a scMHCI, a scMHCII, a scTCR, a soluble CD155, a soluble CD122, or a soluble CD28.

Embodiment D102. A composition comprising any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides of embodiments D1-D101.

Embodiment D103. The composition of embodiment D102, wherein the composition is a pharmaceutical composition.

Embodiment D104. A kit comprising at least one dose of the composition of embodiment D102 or D103.

Embodiment D105. Nucleic acid encoding any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides of any one of embodiments D1-D101.

Embodiment D106. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment D105.

Embodiment D107. The vector of embodiment D106, wherein the vector is an expression vector.

Embodiment D108. A cell comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment D105 or the vector of embodiment D106 or D107.

Embodiment D109. A method of producing a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, the method comprising:

culturing the cell of embodiment D108 in a culture medium under conditions sufficient to result in the production of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide; and

recovering the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide from the cell and/or the culture medium.

Embodiment D110. A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide produced by the method of embodiment D109.

Embodiment D111. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D8, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment D112. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D111, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment D113. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D112, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment D114. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D113, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment D115. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D8, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment D116. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D115, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment D117. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D116, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment D118. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D117, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment E1. A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(a) a first chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and

(iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains;

(b) a second chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and

(ii) a second target-binding domain,

wherein:

the first chimeric polypeptide and the second chimeric polypeptide associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains; and

the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor of IL-21 or a ligand of tumor growth factor receptor β II (TGFβRII).

Embodiment E2. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E1, wherein the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E3. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiments E1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E4. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E3, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E5. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E3, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E6. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E5, wherein the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E7. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E5, wherein second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E8. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E7, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain.

Embodiment E9. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E8, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment E10. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E9, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment E11. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E10, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment E12. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E8-E11, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise one or more of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment E13. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E12, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise any of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment E14. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E13, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding to Factor VIIa.

Embodiment E15. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E14, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa.

Embodiment E16. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E15, wherein the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide does not stimulate blood coagulation in a mammal.

Embodiment E17. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E16, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E18. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E17, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E19. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E18, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide and/or the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a signal sequence at its N-terminal end.

Embodiment E20. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E19, wherein the signal sequence comprises SEQ ID NO: 117.

Embodiment E21. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E20, wherein the signal sequence is SEQ ID NO: 117.

Embodiment E22. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E21, wherein the pair of affinity domains is a sushi domain from an alpha chain of human IL-15 receptor (IL-15Rα and a soluble IL-15.

Embodiment E23. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E22, wherein the soluble IL-15 has a D8N or D8A amino acid substitution.

Embodiment E24. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E22, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment E25. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E24, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment E26. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E25, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment E27. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E26, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment E28. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E22-E27, wherein the sushi domain of IL-15Rα comprises a sushi domain from human IL-15Rα.

Embodiment E29. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E28, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment E30. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E29, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment E31. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E30, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment E32. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E31, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment E33. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E28, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα is a mature full-length IL-15Rα.

Embodiment E34. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E21, wherein the pair of affinity domains is selected from the group consisting of: barnase and barnstar, a PKA and an AKAP, adapter/docking tag modules based on mutated RNase I fragments, and SNARE modules based on interactions of the proteins syntaxin, synaptotagmin, synaptobrevin, and SNAP25.

Embodiment E35. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E34, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment E36. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E35, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are antigen-binding domains.

Embodiment E37. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E35 or E36, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv or single-domain antibody.

Embodiment E38. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E34, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble IL-21 or a soluble TGFβRII.

Embodiment E39. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E38, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain both bind specifically to a receptor of IL-21 or a ligand of TGFβRII.

Embodiment E40. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E39, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment E41. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E40, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment E42. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E38, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a ligand of TGFβRII, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment E43. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E38, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a

receptor for IL-21, and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a ligand of TGFβRII.

Embodiment E44. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E43, wherein the first target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-21.

Embodiment E45. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E44, wherein the soluble IL-21 is a soluble human IL-21.

Embodiment E46. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E45, wherein the soluble human IL-21 comprises a sequence at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 83.

Embodiment E47. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E46, wherein the soluble human IL-21 comprises a sequence at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 83.

Embodiment E48. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E47, wherein the soluble human IL-21 comprises a sequence at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 83.

Embodiment E49. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E48, wherein the soluble human IL-21 comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 83.

Embodiment E50. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E43-E49, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble TGFβRII.

Embodiment E51. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E50, wherein the soluble TGFβRII is a soluble human TGFβRII.

Embodiment E52. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E51, wherein the soluble human TGFβRII comprises a first sequence of soluble human TGFβRII and a second sequence of soluble human TGFβRII.

Embodiment E53. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E52, wherein the soluble human TGFβRII further comprises a linker sequence between the first sequence of soluble human TGFβRII and the second sequence of soluble human TGFβRII.

Embodiment E54. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E53, wherein the linker sequence comprises SEQ ID NO: 102.

Embodiment E55. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E52-E54, wherein the first sequence of soluble human TGFβRII comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 183.

Embodiment E56. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E55, wherein the first sequence of soluble human TGFβRII comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 183.

Embodiment E57. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E56, wherein the first sequence of soluble human TGFβRII comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 183.

Embodiment E58. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E57, wherein the first sequence of soluble human TGFβRII comprises SEQ ID NO: 183.

Embodiment E59. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E52-E58, wherein the second sequence of soluble human TGFβRII comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 184.

Embodiment E60. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E59, wherein the second sequence of soluble human TGFβRII comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 184.

Embodiment E61. The mule-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E60, wherein the second sequence of soluble human TGFβRII comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 184.

Embodiment E62. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E61, wherein the second sequence of soluble human TGFβRII comprises SEQ ID NO: 184.

Embodiment E63. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 189.

Embodiment E64. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E63, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 189.

Embodiment E65. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E64, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 189.

Embodiment E66. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E65, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 189.

Embodiment E67. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E66, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 191.

Embodiment E68. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1 and E63-E67, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment E69. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E68, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment E70. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E69, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment E71. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E70, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment E72. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E71, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 195.

Embodiment E73. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E62, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domain(s), where at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment E74. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E73, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s), and/or a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment E75. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E62, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal and/or C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E76. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E75, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E77. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E75, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment E78. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E75, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E79. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E75, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain.

Embodiment E80. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E75, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is disposed at the N- and/or C-terminus of the first chimeric polypeptide, and at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E81. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E80, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E82. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E80, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E83. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E80, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E84. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E80, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E85. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E80, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, directly abuts the soluble tissue factor domain and/or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment E86. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E80, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed (i) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, and/or (ii) between the first domain of the pair of affinity domains and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment E87. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E1-E62 and E73-E86, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E88. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E87, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E89. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E87, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E90. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E87, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E91. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E87, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between at

least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment E92. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E73-E91, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment E93. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E92, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment E94. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E93, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment E95. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E73-E91, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment E96. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E73-E95, wherein the one or more additional antigen-binding domains bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD28, CD3, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, IL-1R, IL-1, VEGF, IL-6R, IL-4, IL-10, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein,

HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-D, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for IL-1, a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-3, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-8, a receptor for IL-10, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-17, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD28.

Embodiment E97. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E73-E95, wherein the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment E98. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E97, wherein the soluble interleukin, cytokine, or ligand protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, SCF, FLT3L, MICA, MICB, and a ULP16-binding protein.

Embodiment E99. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments E73-E95, wherein the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment E100. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E99, wherein the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-β RII), a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble NKG2D, a soluble NKp30, a soluble NKp44, a soluble NKp46, a soluble DNAM1, a scMHCI, a scMHCII, a scTCR, a soluble CD155, , or a soluble CD28.

Embodiment E101. A composition comprising any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides of embodiments E1-E100.

Embodiment E102. The composition of embodiment E101, wherein the composition is a pharmaceutical composition.

Embodiment E103. A kit comprising at least one dose of the composition of embodiment E101 or E102.

Embodiment E104. Nucleic acid encoding any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides of any one of embodiments E1-E100.

Embodiment E105. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment E104.

Embodiment E106. The vector of embodiment E105, wherein the vector is an expression vector.

Embodiment E107. A cell comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment C104 or the vector of embodiment E105 or E106.

Embodiment E108. A method of producing a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, the method comprising:

culturing the cell of embodiment E107 in a culture medium under conditions sufficient to result in the production of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide; and

recovering the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide from the cell and/or the culture medium.

Embodiment E109. A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide produced by the method of embodiment E108.

Embodiment E110. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E12, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment E111. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E110, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment E112. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E111, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment E113. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E112, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment E114. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E12, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment E115. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E114, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment E116. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E115, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment E117. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment E116, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment F1. A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(c) a first chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and

(iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains;

(d) a second chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and

(ii) a second target-binding domain,

wherein:

the first chimeric polypeptide and the second chimeric polypeptide associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains;

the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor of IL-21 or a receptor of IL-7.

Embodiment F2. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F1, wherein the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F3. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F4. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F3, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F5. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F3, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker

sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F6. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F5, wherein the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F7. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F5, wherein second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F8. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F7, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain.

Embodiment F9. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F8, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment F10. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F9, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment F11. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F10, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment F12. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F11, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment F13. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F8, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment F14. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F13, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment F15. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F14, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment F16. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F15, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment F17. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F8, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment F18. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F17, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment F19. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F18, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment F20. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F19, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment F21. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F8-F11, F13-F15, and F17-F19, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise one or more of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment F22. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F21, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise any of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment F23. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F22, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding to Factor VIIa.

Embodiment F24. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F23, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa.

Embodiment F25. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F24, wherein the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide does not stimulate blood coagulation in a mammal.

Embodiment F26. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F25, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F27. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F26, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F28. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F27, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide and/or the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a signal sequence at its N-terminal end.

Embodiment F29. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F28, wherein the signal sequence comprises SEQ ID NO: 117.

Embodiment F30. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F28, wherein the signal sequence is SEQ ID NO: 328.

Embodiment F31. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F30, wherein the pair of affinity domains is a sushi domain from an alpha chain of human IL-15 receptor (IL-15Rα) and a soluble IL-15.

Embodiment F32. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F31, wherein the soluble IL-15 has a D8N or D8A amino acid substitution.

Embodiment F33. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F31, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment F34. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F33, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment F35. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F34, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment F36. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F35, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment F37. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F31-F36, wherein the sushi domain of IL-15Rα comprises a sushi domain from human IL-15Rα.

Embodiment F38. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F37, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment F39. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F38, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment F40. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F39, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment F41. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F40, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment F42. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F37, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα is a mature full-length IL-15Rα.

Embodiment F43. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F30, wherein the pair of affinity domains is selected from the group consisting of: barnase and barnstar, a PKA and an AKAP, adapter/docking tag modules based on mutated RNase I fragments, and SNARE modules based on interactions of the proteins syntaxin, synaptotagmin, synaptobrevin, and SNAP25.

Embodiment F44. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F43, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an agonistic antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment F45. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F44, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each agonistic antigen-binding domains.

Embodiment F46. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F44 or F45, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv or single-domain antibody.

Embodiment F47. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F43, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble IL-21 or a soluble IL-7.

Embodiment F48. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F47, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each independently a soluble IL-21 or a soluble IL-7.

Embodiment F49. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F48, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain both bind specifically to a receptor of IL-21 or a receptor of IL-7.

Embodiment F50. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F49, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment F51. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F50, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment F52. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F48, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21, and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-7.

Embodiment F53. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F48, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-7, and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment F54. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F53, wherein the first target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-21.

Embodiment F55. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F54, wherein the soluble IL-21 is a soluble human IL-21.

Embodiment F56. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F55, wherein the soluble human IL-21 comprises a sequence at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 83.

Embodiment F57. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F56, wherein the soluble human IL-21 comprises a sequence at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 83.

Embodiment F58. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F57, wherein the soluble human IL-21 comprises a sequence at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 83.

Embodiment F59. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F58, wherein the soluble human IL-21 comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 83.

Embodiment F60. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F53-F59, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-7.

Embodiment F61. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment D60, wherein the soluble IL-7 is a soluble human IL-7.

Embodiment F62. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F61, wherein the soluble human IL-7 comprises a sequence at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 79.

Embodiment F63. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F62, wherein the soluble human IL-7 comprises a sequence at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 79.

Embodiment F64. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F63, wherein the soluble human IL-7 comprises a sequence at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 79.

Embodiment F65. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F64, wherein the soluble human IL-7 comprises a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 79.

Embodiment F66. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment F67. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F66, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment F68. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F67, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment F69. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F68, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment F70. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F69, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 209.

Embodiment F71. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1 and F66-F70, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 211.

Embodiment F72. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F71, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 211.

Embodiment F73. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F72, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 211.

Embodiment F74. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F73, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 211.

Embodiment F75. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F74, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 213.

Embodiment F76. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 199.

Embodiment F77. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F76, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 199.

Embodiment F78. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F77, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 199.

Embodiment F79. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F68, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 199.

Embodiment F80. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F69, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 201.

Embodiment F81. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1 and F76-F80, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 203.

Embodiment F82. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F81, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 203.

Embodiment F83. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F82, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 203.

Embodiment F84. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F83, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 203.

Embodiment F85. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F84, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 209.

Embodiment F86. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F65, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domain(s), where at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment F87. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F86, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s), and/or a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s)and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment F88. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F65, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal and/or C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F89. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F88, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F90. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F88, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at

least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment F91. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F88, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F92. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F88, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain.

Embodiment F93. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F88, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is disposed at the N- and/or C-terminus of the first chimeric polypeptide, and at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F94. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F93, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F95. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F93, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F96. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F93, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F97. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F93, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F98. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F93, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, directly abuts the soluble tissue factor domain and/or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment F99. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F93, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed (i) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, and/or (ii) between the first domain of the pair of affinity domains and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment F100. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F1-F65 and F86-F99, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further

comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F101. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F100, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F102. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F100, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F103. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F100, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F104. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F100, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment F105. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F86-F104, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment F106. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F105, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment F107. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F106, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment F108. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F86-F104, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment F109. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F86-F108, wherein the one or more additional antigen-binding domains bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD28, CD3, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, IL-1R, IL-1, VEGF, IL-6R, IL-4, IL-10, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for IL-1, a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-3, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-8, a receptor for IL-10, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-17, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD28.

Embodiment F110. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F86-F108, wherein the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment F111. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F110, wherein the soluble interleukin, cytokine, or ligand protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, SCF, FLT3L, MICA, MICB, and a ULP16-binding protein.

Embodiment F112. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments F86-F108, wherein the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment F113. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment F112, wherein the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble NKG2D, a soluble NKp30, a soluble NKp44, a soluble NKp46, a soluble DNAM1, a scMHCI, a scMHCII, a scTCR, a soluble CD155, a soluble CD122, or a soluble CD28.

Embodiment F114. A composition comprising any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides of embodiments F1-F113.

Embodiment F115. The composition of embodiment F114, wherein the composition is a pharmaceutical composition.

Embodiment F116. A kit comprising at least one dose of the composition of embodiment F114 or F115.

Embodiment F117. Nucleic acid encoding any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides of any one of embodiments F1-F113.

Embodiment F118. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment F117.

Embodiment F119. The vector of embodiment F118, wherein the vector is an expression vector.

Embodiment F120. A cell comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment F117 or the vector of embodiment F118 or F119.

Embodiment F121. A method of producing a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, the method comprising:

culturing the cell of embodiment F120 in a culture medium under conditions sufficient to result in the production of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide; and

recovering the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide from the cell and/or the culture medium.

Embodiment F122. A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide produced by the method of embodiment F121.

Embodiment G1. A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(e) a first chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and

(iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains;

(f) a second chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and

(ii) a second target-binding domain,

wherein:

the first chimeric polypeptide and the second chimeric polypeptide associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains; and

the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to: a receptor for IL-7, CD16, a receptor for IL-21, TGF-β, or a receptor for CD137L.

Embodiment G2. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G3. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G4. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G3, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G5. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G3, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G6. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G5, wherein the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G7. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G5, wherein second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G8. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G7, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain.

Embodiment G9. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G8, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment G10. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G9, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment G11. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G10, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment G12. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G8-G11, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise one or more of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment G13. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G12, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise any of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment G14. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G13, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding to Factor VIIa.

Embodiment G15. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G14, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa.

Embodiment G16. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G15, wherein the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide does not stimulate blood coagulation in a mammal.

Embodiment G17. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G16, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G18. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G17, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a peptide tag at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G19. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G18, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide and/or the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a signal sequence at its N-terminal end.

Embodiment G20. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G19, wherein the signal sequence comprises SEQ ID NO: 117.

Embodiment G21. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G20, wherein the signal sequence is SEQ ID NO: 117.

Embodiment G22. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G21, wherein the pair of affinity domains is a sushi domain from an alpha chain of human IL-15 receptor (IL-15Rα) and a soluble IL-15.

Embodiment G23. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G22, wherein the soluble IL-15 has a D8N or D8A amino acid substitution.

Embodiment G24. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G22, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment G25. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G24, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment G26. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G25, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises a sequence that is 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment G27. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G26, wherein the soluble IL-15 comprises SEQ ID NO: 82.

Embodiment G28. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G22-G27, wherein the sushi domain of IL-15Rα comprises a sushi domain from human IL-15Rα.

Embodiment G29. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G28, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment G30. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G29, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment G31. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G30, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises a sequence that is 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment G32. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G31, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα comprises SEQ ID NO: 113.

Embodiment G33. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G28, wherein the sushi domain from human IL-15Rα is a mature full-length IL-15Rα.

Embodiment G34. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G21, wherein the pair of affinity domains is selected from the group consisting of: barnase and barnstar, a PKA and an AKAP, adapter/docking tag modules based on mutated RNase I fragments, and SNARE modules based on interactions of the proteins syntaxin, synaptotagmin, synaptobrevin, and SNAP25.

Embodiment G35. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G34, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor for IL-7, CD16, or a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G36. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G35, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor IL-7 and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16 or a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G37. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G36, wherein the first target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-7 protein.

Embodiment G38. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G37, wherein the soluble IL-7 protein is a soluble human IL-7.

Embodiment G39. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G36-G38, wherein the second antigen-binding domain comprises an antigen-binding domain that binds specifically to CD16.

Embodiment G40. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G39, wherein the second antigen-binding domain comprises an scFv that binds specifically to CD16.

Embodiment G41. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G36-G38, wherein the second antigen-binding domain bind specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G42. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G41, wherein the second antigen-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-21.

Embodiment G43. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G42, wherein the soluble IL-21 is a soluble human IL-21.

Embodiment G44. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G36-G40, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G45. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G44, wherein the additional target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-21.

Embodiment G46. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G45, wherein the soluble IL-21 is a soluble human IL-12.

Embodiment G47. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G34, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β, CD16, or a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G48. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G47, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a TGF-β and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16 or a receptor of IL-21.

Embodiment G49. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G48, wherein the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G50. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G49, wherein soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G51. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G48-G50, wherein the second target-binding domain binds specifically to CD16.

Embodiment G52. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G51, wherein the second antigen-binding domain comprises an antigen-binding domain that binds specifically to CD16.

Embodiment G53. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G52, wherein the second antigen-binding domain comprises an scFv that binds specifically to CD16.

Embodiment G54. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G48-G50, wherein the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G55. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G54, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-21.

Embodiment G56. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G55, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble human IL-21.

Embodiment G57. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G48-G53, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G58. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G57, wherein the additional target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-21.

Embodiment G59. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G58, wherein the soluble IL-21 is a soluble human IL-21.

Embodiment G60. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G34, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor for IL-7.

Embodiment G61. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G60, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain include a soluble IL-7.

Embodiment G62. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G61, wherein the soluble IL-7 is a soluble human IL-7.

Embodiment G63. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G34, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β.

Embodiment G64. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G63, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G65. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G64, wherein the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G66. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G34, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-21, or a receptor for CD137L.

Embodiment G67. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G66, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-7 and the

second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21 or a receptor for CD137L.

Embodiment G68. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G67, wherein the first target-binding domain is a soluble IL-7.

Embodiment G69. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G68, wherein the soluble IL-7 is a soluble human IL-7.

Embodiment G70. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G67-G69, wherein the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G71. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G70, wherein the second target-binding domain is a soluble IL-21.

Embodiment G72. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G71, wherein the soluble IL-21 is a soluble human IL-21.

Embodiment G73. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G67-G69, wherein the second antigen-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for CD137L.

Embodiment G74. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G73, wherein the second antigen-binding domain is a soluble CD137L.

Embodiment G75. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G74, wherein the soluble CD137L is a soluble human CD137L.

Embodiment G76. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G67-G72, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to a receptor for CD137L.

Embodiment G77. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G76, wherein the additional target-binding domain comprises a soluble CD137L.

Embodiment G78. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G77, wherein the soluble CD137L is a soluble human CD137L.

Embodiment G79. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G34, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a receptor for IL-7 or TGF-β.

Embodiment G80. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G79, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor IL-7 and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β.

Embodiment G81. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G80, wherein the first target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-7 protein.

Embodiment G82. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G81, wherein the soluble IL-7 protein is a soluble human IL-7.

Embodiment G83. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G80-G82, wherein the second antigen-binding domain comprises an antigen-binding domain that binds specifically to TGF-β.

Embodiment G84. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G83, wherein the second target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G85. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G84, wherein the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G86. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G34, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β, a receptor for IL-21, or a receptor for CD137L.

Embodiment G87. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G86, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a TGF-β and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21 or a receptor for CD137L.

Embodiment G88. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G87, wherein the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G89. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G88, wherein the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G90. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G87-G89, wherein the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G91. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G90, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-21.

Embodiment G92. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G91, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble human IL-21.

Embodiment G93. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G87-G89, wherein the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for CD137L.

Embodiment G94. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G93, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble CD137L.

Embodiment G95. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G94, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble human CD137L.

Embodiment G96. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G87-G92, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to a receptor for CD137L.

Embodiment G97. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G96, wherein the additional target-binding domain comprises a soluble CD137L.

Embodiment G98. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G97, wherein the soluble CD137L is a soluble human CD137L.

Embodiment G99. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G34, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β or a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G100. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G99, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a TGF-β and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β or a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G101. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G100, wherein the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G102. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G101, wherein the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G103. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G100-G102, wherein the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for IL-21.

Embodiment G104. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G103, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble IL-21.

Embodiment G105. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G104, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble human IL-21.

Embodiment G106. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G100-G102, wherein the second target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β.

Embodiment G107. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G106, wherein the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G108. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G107, wherein the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G109. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G100-G105, wherein the second polypeptide further comprises an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to TGF-β.

Embodiment G110. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G109, wherein the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G111. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G110, wherein the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G112. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G34, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to TGF-β or IL-16.

Embodiment G113. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G112, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to a TGF-β and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β or IL-16.

Embodiment G114. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G113, wherein the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G115. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G114, wherein the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G116. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G113-G115, wherein the second target-binding domain binds specifically to IL-16.

Embodiment G117. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G116, wherein the second antigen-binding domain comprises an antigen-binding domain that binds specifically to CD16.

Embodiment G118. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G117, wherein the second antigen-binding domain comprises an scFv that binds specifically to CD16.

Embodiment G119. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G113-G115, wherein the second target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β.

Embodiment G120. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G119, wherein the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G121. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G120, wherein the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G122. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G113-G118, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to TGF-β.

Embodiment G123. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G122, wherein the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G124. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G123, wherein the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G125. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G34, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second targeting-binding domain each independently bind specifically to a TGF-β or a receptor for CD137L.

Embodiment G126. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G125, wherein the first target-binding domain binds specifically to TGF-β and the second target-binding domain binds specifically to a receptor for CD137L.

Embodiment G127. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G126, wherein the first target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G128. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G127, wherein the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G129. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G128, wherein the second target-binding domain comprises a soluble CD137L protein.

Embodiment G130. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G129, wherein the soluble CD137L protein is a soluble human CD137L.

Embodiment G131. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G126-G130, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises an additional target-binding domain that binds specifically to TGF-β.

Embodiment G132. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G131, wherein the additional target-binding domain is a soluble TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment G133. The multi-specific chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G132, wherein the soluble TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGFβRII receptor.

Embodiment G134. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G135. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G134, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G136. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G135, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G137. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G136, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G138. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G137, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 209.

Embodiment G139. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1 and G134-G138, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 232.

Embodiment G140. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G139, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 232.

Embodiment G141. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G140, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 232.

Embodiment G142. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G141, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 232.

Embodiment G143. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G142, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 234.

Embodiment G144. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G145. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G144, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G146. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G145, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G147. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G146, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G148. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G147, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 238.

Embodiment G149. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1 and G144-G148, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 232.

Embodiment G150. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G149, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 232.

Embodiment G151. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G150, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 232.

Embodiment G152. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G151, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 232.

Embodiment G153. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G152, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 234.

Embodiment G154. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G155. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G154, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G156. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G155, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G157. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G156, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G158. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G157, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 209.

Embodiment G159. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1 and G154-G158, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 203.

Embodiment G160. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G159, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 203.

Embodiment G161. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G160, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 203.

Embodiment G162. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G161, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 203.

Embodiment G163. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G162, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 250.

Embodiment G164. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G165. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G164, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G166. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G165, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G167. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G166, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G168. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G167, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 238.

Embodiment G169. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1 and G164-G168, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment G170. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G169, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment G171. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G170, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment G172. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G171, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment G173. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G172, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 195.

Embodiment G174. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G175. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G174, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G176. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G175, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G177. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G176, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G178. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G177, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 209.

Embodiment G179. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1 and G174-G178, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 268.

Embodiment G180. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G179, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 268.

Embodiment G181. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G180, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 268.

Embodiment G182. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G181, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 268.

Embodiment G183. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G182, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 270.

Embodiment G184. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G185. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G184, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G186. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G185, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G187. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G186, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G188. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G187, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 209.

Embodiment G189. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1 and G184-G188, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 272.

Embodiment G190. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G189, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 272.

Embodiment G191. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G190, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 272.

Embodiment G192. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G191, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 272.

Embodiment G193. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G192, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 272.

Embodiment G194. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G195. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G194, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G196. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G195, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G197. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G196, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 207.

Embodiment G198. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G197, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 209.

Embodiment G199. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1 and G194-G198, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment G200. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G199, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment G201. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G200, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment G202. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G201, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 193.

Embodiment G203. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G202, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 195.

Embodiment G204. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G205. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G204, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G206. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G205, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G207. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G206, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G208. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G207, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 238.

Embodiment G209. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1 and G204-G208, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 268.

Embodiment G210. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G209, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 268.

Embodiment G211. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G210, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 268.

Embodiment G212. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G211, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 268.

Embodiment G213. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G212, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 270.

Embodiment G214. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G215. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G214, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G216. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G215, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G217. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G216, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G218. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G217, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 238.

Embodiment G219. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1 and G214-G218, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 300.

Embodiment G220. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G219, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 300.

Embodiment G221. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G220, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 300.

Embodiment G222. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G221, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 300.

Embodiment G223. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G222, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 302.

Embodiment G224. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G225. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G224, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G226. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G225, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G227. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G226, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G228. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G227, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 238.

Embodiment G229. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1 and G224-G228, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 308.

Embodiment G230. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G229, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 308.

Embodiment G231. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G230, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 308.

Embodiment G232. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G231, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 308.

Embodiment G233. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G232, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 310.

Embodiment G234. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G1, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G235. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G234, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G236. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G235, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G237. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G236, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 236.

Embodiment G238. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G237, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 238.

Embodiment G239. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1 and G234-G238, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 316.

Embodiment G240. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G239, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 316.

Embodiment G241. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G240, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 316.

Embodiment G242. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G241, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 316.

Embodiment G243. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G242, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 318.

Embodiment G244. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G133, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domain(s), where at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment G245. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G244, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s), and/or a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s)and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment G246. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G1-G133, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal and/or C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G247. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G246, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G248. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G246, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment G249. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G246, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G250. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G246, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain.

Embodiment G251. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G246, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is disposed at the N- and/or C-terminus of the first chimeric polypeptide, and at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G252. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G251, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G253. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G251, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G254. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G251, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G255. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G251, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G256. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G251, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, directly abuts the soluble tissue factor domain and/or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment G257. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G251, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed (i) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, and/or (ii) between the first domain of the pair of affinity domains and the at least one of the one or more additional target-

binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment G258. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of any one of embodiments G44-G46, G57-G59, G76-G78, G96-G98, G109-G111, G122-G124, and G131-G133, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises the additional target-binding domain at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G259. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G258, wherein the additional target-binding domain directly abuts the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G260. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G258, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the additional target-binding domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G261. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G258, wherein the additional target-binding domain directly abuts the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G262. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G258, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the additional target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment G263. A composition comprising any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides of embodiments G1-G262.

Embodiment G264. The composition of embodiment G263, wherein the composition is a pharmaceutical composition.

Embodiment G265. A kit comprising at least one dose of the composition of embodiment G263 or G264.

Embodiment G266. Nucleic acid encoding any of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptides of any one of embodiments G1-G262.

Embodiment G267. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment G266.

Embodiment G268. The vector of embodiment G267, wherein the vector is an expression vector.

Embodiment G269. A cell comprising the nucleic acid of embodiment G323 or the vector of embodiment G267 or G268.

Embodiment G270. A method of producing a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide, the method comprising:

culturing the cell of embodiment G269 in a culture medium under conditions sufficient to result in the production of the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide; and

recovering the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide from the cell and/or the culture medium.

Embodiment G271. A multi-chain chimeric polypeptide produced by the method of embodiment G270.

Embodiment G272. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G8, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment G273. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G272, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment G274. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G273, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment G275. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G274, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 97.

Embodiment G276. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G8, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment G277. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G276, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment G278. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G277, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

Embodiment G279. The multi-chain chimeric polypeptide of embodiment G278, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is 100% identical to SEQ ID NO: 98.

5

Embodiment H1. A method of treating an aging-related disease or condition in a subject in need thereof, the method comprising administering to a subject identified as having an aging-related disease or condition a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s).

Embodiment H2. A method of killing or reducing the number of senescent cells in a subject in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more NK cell activating agent(s).

Embodiment H3. The method of embodiment H2, wherein the senescent cells are senescent cancer cells, senescent monocytes, senescent lymphocytes, senescent astrocytes, senescent microglia, senescent neurons, senescent tissue fibroblasts, senescent dermal fibroblasts, senescent keratinocytes, or other differentiated tissue-specific dividing functional cells.

Embodiment H4. The method of embodiment H3, wherein the senescent cancer cells are chemotherapy-induced senescent cells or radiation-induced senescent cells.

Embodiment H5. The method of embodiment H2, wherein the subject has been identified or diagnosed as having an aging-related disease or condition.

Embodiment H6. The method of embodiment H1 or H5, wherein the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group consisting of: a cancer, an autoimmune disease, a metabolic disease, a neurodegenerative disease, a cardiovascular disease, a skin disease, a progeria disease, and a fragility disease.

Embodiment H7. The method of embodiment H6, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of: solid tumor, hematological tumor, sarcoma, osteosarcoma, glioblastoma, neuroblastoma, melanoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, Ewing sarcoma, osteosarcoma, B-cell neoplasms, multiple myeloma, B-cell lymphoma, B-cell non-

Hodgkin's lymphoma, Hodgkin's lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), acute myeloid leukemia (AML), chronic myeloid leukemia (CML), acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS), cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, retinoblastoma, stomach cancer, urothelial carcinoma, lung cancer, renal cell carcinoma, gastric and esophageal cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, breast cancer, colorectal cancer, ovarian cancer, non-small cell lung carcinoma, squamous cell head and neck carcinoma, endometrial cancer, cervical cancer, liver cancer, and hepatocellular carcinoma.

Embodiment H8. The method of embodiment H6, wherein the autoimmune disease is type-1 diabetes.

Embodiment H9. The method of embodiment H6, wherein the metabolic disease is selected from the group consisting of: obesity, a lipodystrophy, and type 2 diabetes mellitus.

Embodiment H10. The method of embodiment H6, wherein the neurodegenerative disease is selected from the group consisting of: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and dementia.

Embodiment H11. The method of embodiment H6, wherein the cardiovascular disease is selected from the group consisting of: coronary artery disease, atherosclerosis, and pulmonary arterial hypertension.

Embodiment H12. The method of embodiment H6, wherein the skin disease is selected from the group consisting of: wound healing, alopecia, wrinkles, senile lentigo, skin thinning, xeroderma pigmentosum, and dyskeratosis congenita.

Embodiment H13. The method of embodiment H6, wherein the progeria disease is selected from the group consisting of: progeria and Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome.

Embodiment H14. The method of embodiment H6, wherein the fragility disease is selected from the group consisting of: frailty, responsiveness to vaccination, osteoporosis, and sarcopenia.

Embodiment H15. The method of embodiment H1 or H5, wherein the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group of: age-related macular degeneration, osteoarthritis, adipose atrophy, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, kidney transplant failure, liver fibrosis, loss of bone mass, sarcopenia, age-associated loss of lung tissue elasticity, osteoporosis, age-associated renal dysfunction, and chemical-induced renal dysfunction.

Embodiment H16. The method of embodiment H1 or H5, wherein the aging-related disease or condition is type 2 diabetes or atherosclerosis.

Embodiment H17. The method of any one of embodiments H1-H16, wherein the administering results in a decrease in the number of senescent cells in a target tissue in the subject.

Embodiment H18. The method of embodiment H17, wherein the target tissue is selected from the group consisting of: adipose tissue, pancreatic tissue, liver tissue, lung tissue, vasculature, bone tissue, central nervous system (CNS) tissue, eye tissue, skin tissue, muscle tissue, and secondary lympho-organ tissue.

Embodiment H19. The method of any one of embodiments H1-H18, wherein the administering results in an increase in the expression levels of CD25, CD69, MTOR-C1, SREBP1, IFN-γ, and granzyme B in activated NK cells.

Embodiment H20. A method of treating an aging-related disease or condition in a subject in need thereof, the method comprising administering to a subject identified as having an aging-related disease or condition a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

Embodiment H21. A method of killing or reducing the number of senescent cells in a subject in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

Embodiment H22. The method of embodiment H21, wherein the senescent cells are senescent cancer cells, senescent monocytes, senescent lymphocytes, senescent astrocytes, senescent microglia, senescent neurons, senescent tissue fibroblasts, senescent dermal fibroblasts, senescent keratinocytes, or other differentiated tissue-specific dividing functional cells.

Embodiment H23. The method of embodiment H22, wherein the senescent cancer cells are chemotherapy-induced senescent cells or radiation-induced senescent cells.

Embodiment H24. The method of embodiment H21, wherein the subject has been identified or diagnosed as having an aging-related disease or condition.

Embodiment H25. The method of embodiment H20 or H24, wherein the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group consisting of: a cancer, an autoimmune disease, a metabolic disease, a neurodegenerative disease, a cardiovascular disease, a skin disease, a progeria disease, and a fragility disease.

Embodiment H26. The method of embodiment H25, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of: solid tumor, hematological tumor, sarcoma, osteosarcoma, glioblastoma, neuroblastoma, melanoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, Ewing sarcoma, osteosarcoma, B-cell neoplasms, multiple myeloma, B-cell lymphoma, B-cell

non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, Hodgkin's lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), acute myeloid leukemia (AML), chronic myeloid leukemia (CML), acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS), cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, retinoblastoma, stomach cancer, urothelial carcinoma, lung cancer, renal cell carcinoma, gastric and esophageal cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, breast cancer, colorectal cancer, ovarian cancer, non-small cell lung carcinoma, squamous cell head and neck carcinoma, endometrial cancer, cervical cancer, liver cancer, and hepatocellular carcinoma.

Embodiment H27. The method of embodiment H25, wherein the autoimmune disease is type-1 diabetes.

Embodiment H28. The method of embodiment H25, wherein the metabolic disease is selected from the group consisting of: obesity, a lipodystrophy, and type 2 diabetes mellitus.

Embodiment H29. The method of embodiment H25, wherein the neurodegenerative disease is selected from the group consisting of: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and dementia.

Embodiment H30. The method of embodiment H25, wherein the cardiovascular disease is selected from the group consisting of: coronary artery disease, atherosclerosis, and pulmonary arterial hypertension.

Embodiment H31. The method of embodiment H25, wherein the skin disease is selected from the group consisting of: wound healing, alopecia, wrinkles, senile lentigo, skin thinning, xeroderma pigmentosum, and dyskeratosis congenita.

Embodiment H32. The method of embodiment H25, wherein the progeria disease is selected from the group consisting of: progeria and Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome.

Embodiment H33. The method of embodiment H25, wherein the fragility disease is selected from the group consisting of: frailty, responsiveness to vaccination, osteoporosis, and sarcopenia.

Embodiment H34. The method of embodiment H20 or H24, wherein the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group consisting of: age-related macular degeneration, osteoarthritis, adipose atrophy, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, kidney transplant failure, liver fibrosis, loss of bone mass, sarcopenia, age-associated loss of lung tissue elasticity, osteoporosis, age-associated renal dysfunction, and chemical-induced renal dysfunction.

Embodiment H35. The method of any one of embodiments H20-H34, wherein the method further comprises:

obtaining a resting NK cell; and

contacting the resting NK cell *in vitro* in a liquid culture medium comprising one or more NK cell activating agent(s), wherein the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject.

Embodiment H36. The method of embodiment H35, wherein the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject.

Embodiment H37. The method of embodiment H35, wherein the resting NK cell is an allogeneic resting NK cell.

Embodiment H38. The method of embodiment H35, wherein the resting NK cell is an artificial NK cell.

Embodiment H39. The method of embodiment H35, wherein the resting NK cell is a haploidentical resting NK cell.

Embodiment H40. The method of any one of embodiments H35-H39, wherein the resting NK cell is a genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor.

Embodiment H41. The method of any one of embodiments H35-H40, wherein the method further comprises isolating the activated NK cells before the activated NK cells are administered to the subject.

Embodiment H42. A method of improving the texture and/or appearance of skin and/or hair in a subject in need thereof over a period of time, the method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s).

Embodiment H43. A method of improving the texture and/or appearance of skin and/or hair in a subject in need thereof over a period of time, the method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

Embodiment H44. The method of embodiment H43, wherein the method further comprises:

obtaining a resting NK cell; and

contacting the resting NK cell *in vitro* in a liquid culture medium comprising one or more NK cell activating agent(s), wherein the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject.

Embodiment H45. The method of embodiment H44, wherein the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject.

Embodiment H46. The method of embodiment H44, wherein the resting NK cell is an allogeneic resting NK cell.

Embodiment H47. The method of embodiment H44, wherein the resting NK cell is an artificial NK cell.

Embodiment H48. The method of embodiment H44, wherein the resting NK cell is a haploidentical resting NK cell.

Embodiment H49. The method of any one of embodiments H44-H48, wherein the resting NK cell is a genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor.

Embodiment H50. The method of any one of embodiments H44-H49, wherein the method further comprises isolating the activated NK cells before the activated NK cells are administered to the subject.

Embodiment H51. The method of any one of embodiments H42-H50, wherein the method provides for an improvement in the texture and/or appearance of skin of the subject over the period of time.

Embodiment H52. The method of embodiment H51, wherein the method results in a decrease in the rate of formation of wrinkles in the skin of the subject over the period of time.

Embodiment H53. The method of embodiment H51 or H52, wherein the method results in an improvement in the coloration of skin of the subject over the period of time.

Embodiment H54. The method of any one of embodiments H51-H53, wherein the method results in an improvement in the texture of skin of the subject over the period of time.

Embodiment H55. The method of any one of embodiments H42-H50, wherein the method provides for an improvement in the texture and/or appearance of hair of the subject over the period of time.

Embodiment H56. The method of embodiment H55, wherein the method results in a decrease in the rate of formation of gray hair in the subject over the period of time.

Embodiment H57. The method of embodiment H55 or H56, wherein the method results in a decrease in the number of gray hairs of the subject over the period of time.

Embodiment H58. The method of any one of embodiments H55-H57, wherein the method results in a decrease in the rate of hair loss in the subject over time.

Embodiment H59. The method of any one of embodiments H55-H58, wherein the method results in an improvement in the texture of hair of the subject over the period of time.

Embodiment H60. The method of any one of embodiments H42-H59, wherein the period of time is between about one month and about 10 years.

Embodiment H61. The method of any one of embodiments H42-H60, wherein the method results in a decrease in the number of senescent dermal fibroblasts in the skin of the subject over the period of time.

Embodiment H62. A method of assisting in the treatment of obesity in a subject in need thereof over a period of time, the method comprising administering to the subject a

therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s).

Embodiment H63. A method of assisting in the treatment of obesity in a subject in need thereof over a period of time, the method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

Embodiment H64. The method of embodiment H63, wherein the method further comprises:

obtaining a resting NK cell; and

contacting the resting NK cell *in vitro* in a liquid culture medium comprising one or more NK cell activating agent(s), wherein the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject.

Embodiment H65. The method of embodiment H64, wherein the resting NK cell is an autologous NK cell obtained from the subject.

Embodiment H66. The method of embodiment H64, wherein the resting NK cell is an allogeneic resting NK cell.

Embodiment H67. The method of embodiment H64, wherein the resting NK cell is an artificial NK cell.

Embodiment H68. The method of embodiment H64, wherein the resting NK cell is a haploidentical resting NK cell.

Embodiment H69. The method of any one of embodiments H64-H68, wherein the resting NK cell is a genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor.

Embodiment H70. The method of any one of embodiments H64-H69, wherein the method further comprises isolating the activated NK cells before the activated NK cells are administered to the subject.

Embodiment H71. The method of any one of embodiments H62-H70, wherein the method results in a decrease in the mass of the subject over the period of time.

Embodiment H72. The method of any one of embodiments H62-H71, wherein the method results in a decrease in the body mass index (BMI) of the subject over the period of time.

Embodiment H73. The method of any one of embodiments H62-H70, wherein the method results in a decrease in the rate of progression from pre-diabetes to type 2 diabetes in the subject.

Embodiment H74. The method of any one of embodiments H62-H70, wherein the method results in a decrease in fasting serum glucose level in the subject.

Embodiment H75. The method of any one of embodiments H62-H70, wherein the method results in an increase in insulin sensitivity in the subject.

Embodiment H76. The method of any one of embodiments H62-H70, wherein the method results in a decrease in the severity of atherosclerosis in the subject.

Embodiment H77. The method of any one of embodiments H62-H76, wherein the period of time is between about two weeks and about 10 years.

Embodiment H78. The method of any one of embodiments H1-H19, H35-H42, H44-H62, and H64-H77, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) results in activation of one or more of: a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-7, a

receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for IL-33, CD16, CD69, CD25, CD36, CD59, CD352, NKp80, DNAM-1, 2B4, NKp30, NKp44, NKp46, NKG2D, KIR2DS1, KIR2Ds2/3, KIR2DL4, KIR2DS4, KIR2DS5, and KIR3DS1.

Embodiment H79. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-2 is a soluble IL-2 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-2 receptor.

Embodiment H80. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-7 is a soluble IL-7 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-7 receptor.

Embodiment H81. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-12 is a soluble IL-12 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-12 receptor.

Embodiment H82. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-15 is a soluble IL-15 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-15 receptor.

Embodiment H83. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-21 is a soluble IL-21 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-21 receptor.

Embodiment H84. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for IL-33 is a soluble IL-33 or an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an IL-33 receptor.

Embodiment H85. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for CD16 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a CD16.

Embodiment H86. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for CD69 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a CD69.

Embodiment H87. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for CD25, CD36, CD59 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a CD25, CD6, CD59.

Embodiment H88. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for CD352 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a CD352.

Embodiment H89. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for NKp80 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an NKp80.

Embodiment H90. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for DNAM-1 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a DNAM-1.

Embodiment H91. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for 2B4 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a 2B4.

Embodiment H92. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for NKp30 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an NKp30.

Embodiment H93. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for NKp44 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an NKp44.

Embodiment H94. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for NKp46 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an NKp46.

Embodiment H95. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for NKG2D is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to an NKG2D.

Embodiment H96. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR2DS1 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR2DS1.

Embodiment H97. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR2DS2/3 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR2DS2/3.

Embodiment H98. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR2DL4 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR2DL4.

Embodiment H99. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR2DS4 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR2DS4.

Embodiment H100. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR2DS5 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR2DS5.

Embodiment H101. The method of embodiment H78, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in activation of a receptor for KIR3DS1 is an agonistic antibody that binds specifically to a KIR3DS1.

Embodiment H102. The method of any one of embodiments H1-H19, H35-H42, H44-H62, and H64-H101, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) results in a decrease in the activation of one or more of: PD-1, a TGF-β receptor, TIGIT, CD1, TIM-3, Siglec-7, IRP60, Tactile, IL1R8, NKG2A/KLRD1, KIR2DL1, KIR2DL2/3, KIR2DL5, KIR3DL1, KIR3DL2, ILT2/LIR-1, and LAG-2.

Embodiment H103. The method of embodiment H102, wherein the at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of PD-1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to PD-1, a soluble PD-1, a soluble PD-L1, or an antibody that binds specifically to PD-L1.

Embodiment H104. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of a TGF-β receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor, an antibody that binds specifically to TGF-β, or an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to a TGF-β receptor.

Embodiment H105. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of

TIGIT is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to TIGIT, a soluble TIGIT, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of TIGIT.

Embodiment H106. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of CD1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to CD1, a soluble CD1, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of CD1.

Embodiment H107. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of TIM-3 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to TIM-3, a soluble TIM-3, or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of TIM-3.

Embodiment H108. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of Siglec-7 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to Siglec-7 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of Siglec-7.

Embodiment H109. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of IRP60 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to IRP60 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of IRP60.

Embodiment H110. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of Tactile is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to Tactile or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of Tactile.

Embodiment H111. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of

IL1R8 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to IL1R8 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of IL1R8.

Embodiment H112. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of NKG2A/KLRD1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to NKG2A/KLRD1 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of NKG2A/KLRD1.

Embodiment H113. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR2DL1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL1 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR2DL1.

Embodiment H114. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR2DL2/3 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL2/3 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR2DL2/3.

Embodiment H115. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR2DL5 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR2DL5 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR2DL5.

Embodiment H116. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of KIR3DL1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR3DL1 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR3DL1.

Embodiment H117. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of

KIR3DL2 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to KIR3DL2 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of KIR3DL2.

Embodiment H118. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of ILT2/LIR-1 is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to ILT2/LIR-1 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of ILT2/LIR-1.

Embodiment H119. The method of embodiment H102, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) that results in a decrease in the activation of LAG-2is an antagonistic antibody that binds specifically to LAG-2 or an antibody that binds specifically to a ligand of LAG-2.

Embodiment H120. The method of any one of embodiments H1-H19, H35-H42, H44-H62, and H64-H77, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) is a single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and

(iii) a second target-binding domain.

Embodiment H121. The method of embodiment H120, wherein the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment H122. The method of embodiment H120, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H123. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H122, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment H124. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H122, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain.

Embodiment H125. The method of embodiment H120, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment H126. The method of embodiment H120, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain.

Embodiment H127. The method of embodiment H125 or H126, wherein the second target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other.

Embodiment H128. The method of embodiment H125 or H126, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the second target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H129. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H128, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment H130. The method of embodiment H129, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment H131. The method of embodiment H130, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment H132. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H128, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment H133. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H132, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment H134. The method of embodiment H133, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment H135. The method of embodiment H134, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv or a single domain antibody.

Embodiment H136. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H135, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKP30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

Embodiment H137. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H128, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment H138. The method of embodiment H137, wherein the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

Embodiment H139. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H128, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment H140. The method of embodiment H139, wherein the soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

Embodiment H141. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H140, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H142. The method of embodiment H141, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment H143. The method of embodiment H142, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment H144. The method of embodiment H143, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment H145. The method of any one of embodiments H141-H144, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise one or more of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment H146. The method of embodiment H145, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise any of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment H147. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H146, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding Factor VIIa.

Embodiment H148. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H147, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa.

Embodiment H149. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H148, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide does not stimulate blood coagulation in a mammal.

Embodiment H150. The method of any one of embodiments H120-H149, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at its N- and/or C-terminus.

Embodiment H151. The method of embodiment H150, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at its N-terminus.

Embodiment H152. The method of embodiment H151, wherein one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H153. The method of embodiment H152, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between one of the at least one additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H154. The method of embodiment H150, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at its C-terminus.

Embodiment H155. The method of embodiment H154, wherein one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H156. The method of embodiment H154, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between one of the at least one additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H157. The method of embodiment H150, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprises one or more additional target binding domains at its N-terminus and the C-terminus.

Embodiment H158. The method of embodiment H157, wherein one of the one or more additional antigen binding domains at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H159. The method of embodiment H157, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domains at the N-terminus and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H160. The method of embodiment H157, wherein one of the one or more additional antigen binding domains at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H161. The method of embodiment H157, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domains at the C-terminus and the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, or the soluble tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H162. The method of any one of embodiments H150-H161, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment H163. The method of embodiment H162, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment H164. The method of embodiment H163, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment H165. The method of embodiment H162, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment H166. The method of embodiment H165, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment H167. The method of embodiment H166, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment H168. The method of any one of embodiments H150-H161, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment H169. The method of any one of embodiments H150-H168, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains is an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment H170. The method of embodiment H169, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains are each an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment H171. The method of embodiment H170, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv or a single domain antibody.

Embodiment H172. The method of any one of embodiments H150-H171, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKP30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor

(SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

Embodiment H173. The method of any one of embodiments H150-H161, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment H174. The method of embodiment H173, wherein the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

Embodiment H175. The method of any one of embodiments H150-H161, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment H176. The method of embodiment H175, wherein the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

Embodiment H177. The method of any one of embodiments H1-H19, H35-H42, H44-H62, and H64-H77, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) is a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(c) a first chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and

(iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains;

(d) a second chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and

(ii) a second target-binding domain,

wherein the first chimeric polypeptide and the second chimeric polypeptide associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment H178. The method of embodiment H177, wherein the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H179. The method of embodiment H177, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H180. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H179, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H181. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H179, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H182. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H181, wherein the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H183. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H181, wherein second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the second

domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H184. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H183, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment H185. The method of embodiment H184, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment H186. The method of embodiment H185, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment H187. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H183, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment H188. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H187, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment H189. The method of embodiment H188, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each antigen-binding domains.

Embodiment H190. The method of embodiment H188 or H189, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv or a single domain antibody.

Embodiment H191. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H190, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKP30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

Embodiment H192. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H183, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment H193. The method of embodiment H192, wherein the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

Embodiment H194. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H183, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment H195. The method of embodiment H194, wherein the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

Embodiment H196. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H195, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domain(s), where at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment H197. The method of embodiment H196, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s), and/or a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional antigen-binding domain(s) and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment H198. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H195, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal and/or C-terminal end of the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H199. The method of embodiment H198, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H200. The method of embodiment H198, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment H201. The method of embodiment H198, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the first target-binding domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H202. The method of embodiment H198, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the first target-binding domain.

Embodiment H203. The method of embodiment H198, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is disposed at the N- and/or C-terminus of the first chimeric polypeptide, and at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains is positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H204. The method of embodiment H203, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the N-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H205. The method of embodiment H203, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H206. The method of embodiment H203, wherein the at least one additional target-binding domain of the one or more additional target-binding domains disposed at the C-terminus directly abuts the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H207. The method of embodiment H203, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed between the at least one additional target-binding domain and the first target-binding domain or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H208. The method of embodiment H203, wherein the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, directly abuts the soluble tissue factor domain and/or the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment H209. The method of embodiment H203, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence disposed (i) between the soluble tissue factor domain and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains, and/or (ii) between the first domain of the pair of affinity domains and the at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains positioned between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains.

Embodiment H210. The method of any one of embodiments H177-H209, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises one or more additional target-binding domains at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end of the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H211. The method of embodiment H210, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H212. The method of embodiment H210, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H213. The method of embodiment H210, wherein at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains directly abuts the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H214. The method of embodiment H210, wherein the second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between at least one of the one or more additional target-binding domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

Embodiment H215. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H214, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment H216. The method of embodiment H215, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment H217. The method of embodiment H216, wherein two or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment H218. The method of embodiment H215, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment H219. The method of embodiment H218, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment H220. The method of embodiment H219, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains each comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment H221. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H214, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment H222. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H221, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains is an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment H223. The method of embodiment H222, wherein the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains are each an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment H224. The method of embodiment H223, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv.

Embodiment H225. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H224, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more target-binding domains bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

Embodiment H226. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H214, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment H227. The method of embodiment H226, wherein the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

Embodiment H228. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H214, wherein one or more of the first target-binding domain, the second target-binding domain, and the one or more additional target-binding domains is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment H229. The method of embodiment H228, wherein the soluble receptor a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

Embodiment H230. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H229, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain.

Embodiment H231. The method of embodiment H230, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment H232. The method of embodiment H231, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment H233. The method of embodiment H232, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 93.

Embodiment H234. The method of any one of embodiments H230-H233, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise one or more of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment H235. The method of embodiment H234, wherein the soluble human tissue factor domain does not comprise any of:

a lysine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 20 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an isoleucine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 22 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tryptophan at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 45 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an aspartic acid at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 58 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

a tyrosine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 94 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein;

an arginine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 135 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein; and

a phenylalanine at an amino acid position that corresponds to amino acid position 140 of mature wildtype human tissue factor protein.

Embodiment H236. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H235, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is not capable of binding to Factor VIIa.

Embodiment H237. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H236, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain does not convert inactive Factor X into Factor Xa.

Embodiment H238. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H237, wherein the multi-chain chimeric polypeptide does not stimulate blood coagulation in a mammal.

Embodiment H239. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H238, wherein the pair of affinity domains is a sushi domain from an alpha chain of human IL-15 receptor (IL-15Rα) and a soluble IL-15.

Embodiment H240. The method of embodiment H239, wherein the soluble IL-15 has a D8N or D8A amino acid substitution.

Embodiment H241. The method of embodiment H239 or H240, wherein the human IL-15Rα is a mature full-length IL-15Rα.

Embodiment H242. The method of any one of embodiments H196-H238, wherein the pair of affinity domains is selected from the group consisting of: barnase and

barnstar, a PKA and an AKAP, adapter/docking tag modules based on mutated RNase I fragments, and SNARE modules based on interactions of the proteins syntaxin, synaptotagmin, synaptobrevin, and SNAP25.

Embodiment H243. The method of any one of embodiments H1-H19, H35-H42, H44-H62, and H64-H77, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) is a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(a) a first and second chimeric polypeptides, wherein each comprises:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a Fc domain; and

(iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains;

(b) a third and fourth chimeric polypeptide, wherein each comprises:

(i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and

(ii) a second target-binding domain,

wherein the first and second chimeric polypeptides and the third and fourth chimeric polypeptides associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains, and the first and second chimeric polypeptides associate through their Fc domains.

Embodiment H244. The method of embodiment H243, wherein the first target-binding domain and the Fc domain directly abut each other in the first and second chimeric polypeptides.

Embodiment H245. The method of embodiment H243, wherein the first and second chimeric polypeptides further comprise a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the Fc domain in the first and second chimeric polypeptides.

Embodiment H246. The method of any one of embodiments H243-H245, wherein the Fc domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first and second chimeric polypeptides.

Embodiment H247. The method of any one of embodiments H243-H245, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the Fc domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first and second chimeric polypeptides.

Embodiment H248. The method of any one of embodiments H243-H247, wherein the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the third and fourth chimeric polypeptides.

Embodiment H249. The method of any one of embodiments H243-H247, wherein third and fourth chimeric polypeptides further comprise a linker sequence between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the third and fourth chimeric polypeptides.

Embodiment H250. The method of any one of embodiments H243-H249, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same antigen.

Embodiment H251. The method of embodiment H250, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to the same epitope.

Embodiment H252. The method of embodiment H251, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain comprise the same amino acid sequence.

Embodiment H253. The method of any one of embodiments H243-H249, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to different antigens.

Embodiment H254. The method of any one of embodiments H243-H253, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is an antigen-binding domain.

Embodiment H255. The method of embodiment H254, wherein the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain are each antigen-binding domains.

Embodiment H256. The method of embodiment H254 or H255, wherein antigen-binding domain comprises a scFv or a single domain antibody.

Embodiment H257. The method of any one of embodiments H243-H256, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2, HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

Embodiment H258. The method of any one of embodiments H243-H256, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

Embodiment H259. The method of embodiment H258, wherein the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

Embodiment H260. The method of any one of embodiments H243-H256, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

Embodiment H261. The method of embodiment H260, wherein the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of treating an aging-related disease or condition in a subject in need thereof, the method comprising administering to a subject identified as having an aging-related disease or condition a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s).

2. A method of killing or reducing the number of senescent cells in a subject in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more NK cell activating agent(s).

3. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein the administering results in a decrease in the number of senescent cells in a target tissue in the subject.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein the target tissue is selected from the group consisting of: adipose tissue, pancreatic tissue, liver tissue, lung tissue, vasculature, bone tissue, central nervous system (CNS) tissue, eye tissue, skin tissue, muscle tissue, and secondary lympho-organ tissue.

5. A method of treating an aging-related disease or condition in a subject in need thereof, the method comprising administering to a subject identified as having an aging-related disease or condition a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

6. A method of killing or reducing the number of senescent cells in a subject in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

7. The method of any one of claims 1-6, wherein the subject has been identified or diagnosed as having an aging-related disease or condition.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group consisting of: a cancer, an autoimmune disease, a metabolic disease, a neurodegenerative disease, a cardiovascular disease, a skin disease, a progeria disease, and a fragility disease.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of: solid tumor, hematological tumor, sarcoma, osteosarcoma, glioblastoma, neuroblastoma, melanoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, Ewing sarcoma, osteosarcoma, B-cell neoplasms, multiple myeloma, B-cell lymphoma, B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, Hodgkin's lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), acute myeloid leukemia (AML), chronic myeloid leukemia (CML), acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS), cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, retinoblastoma, stomach cancer, urothelial carcinoma, lung cancer, renal cell carcinoma, gastric and esophageal cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, breast cancer, colorectal cancer, ovarian cancer, non-small cell lung carcinoma, squamous cell head and neck carcinoma, endometrial cancer, cervical cancer, liver cancer, and hepatocellular carcinoma.

10. The method of claim 8, wherein the autoimmune disease is type-1 diabetes.

11. The method of claim 8, wherein the metabolic disease is selected from the group consisting of: obesity, a lipodystrophy, and type 2 diabetes mellitus.

12. The method of claim 8, wherein the neurodegenerative disease is selected from the group consisting of: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and dementia.

13. The method of claim 8, wherein the cardiovascular disease is selected from the group consisting of: coronary artery disease, atherosclerosis, and pulmonary arterial hypertension.

14. The method of claim 8, wherein the skin disease is selected from the group consisting of: wound healing, alopecia, wrinkles, senile lentigo, skin thinning, xeroderma pigmentosum, and dyskeratosis congenita.

15. The method of claim 8, wherein the progeria disease is selected from the group consisting of: progeria and Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome.

16. The method of claim 8, wherein the fragility disease is selected from the group consisting of: frailty, responsiveness to vaccination, osteoporosis, and sarcopenia.

17. The method of any one of claims 1-6, wherein the aging-related disease or condition is selected from the group consisting of: age-related macular degeneration, osteoarthritis, adipose atrophy, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, kidney transplant failure, liver fibrosis, loss of bone mass, sarcopenia, age-associated loss of lung tissue elasticity, osteoporosis, age-associated renal dysfunction, and chemical-induced renal dysfunction.

18. The method of any one of claims 1-6, wherein the aging-related disease or condition is type 2 diabetes or atherosclerosis.

19. A method of improving the texture and/or appearance of skin and/or hair in a subject in need thereof over a period of time, the method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s).

20. A method of improving the texture and/or appearance of skin and/or hair in a subject in need thereof over a period of time, the method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

21. The method of claim 19 or 20, wherein the method provides for an improvement in the texture and/or appearance of skin of the subject over the period of time.

22. The method of claim 21, wherein the method results in a decrease in the rate of formation of wrinkles in the skin of the subject over the period of time.

23. The method of claim 21 or 22, wherein the method results in an improvement in the coloration of skin of the subject over the period of time.

24. The method of any one of claims 21-23, wherein the method results in an improvement in the texture of skin of the subject over the period of time.

25. The method of any one of claims 20-24, wherein the method provides for an improvement in the texture and/or appearance of hair of the subject over the period of time.

26. The method of claim 25, wherein the method results in a decrease in the rate of formation of gray hair in the subject over the period of time.

27. The method of claim 25 or 26, wherein the method results in a decrease in the number of gray hairs of the subject over the period of time.

28. The method of any one of claims 25-27, wherein the method results in a decrease in the rate of hair loss in the subject over time.

29. The method of any one of claims 25-28, wherein the method results in an improvement in the texture of hair of the subject over the period of time.

30. The method of any one of claims 19-29, wherein the method results in a decrease in the number of senescent dermal fibroblasts in the skin of the subject over the period of time.

31. A method of assisting in the treatment of obesity in a subject in need thereof over a period of time, the method comprising administering to the subject a

therapeutically effective amount of one or more natural killer (NK) cell activating agent(s).

32. A method of assisting in the treatment of obesity in a subject in need thereof over a period of time, the method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective number of activated NK cells.

33. The method of any one of claims 1-32, wherein the method further comprises:

obtaining a resting NK cell; and

contacting the resting NK cell *in vitro* in a liquid culture medium comprising one or more NK cell activating agent(s), wherein the contacting results in the generation of the activated NK cells that are subsequently administered to the subject.

34. The method of claim 33, wherein the resting NK cell is a genetically-engineered NK cell carrying a chimeric antigen receptor or recombinant T cell receptor.

35. The method of claim 33, wherein the method further comprises introducing a nucleic acid that encodes a chimeric antigen receptor or a recombinant T cell receptor into the resting NK cell or the activated NK cell prior to administration to the subject.

36. The method of any one of claims 31-35, wherein the method results in a decrease in the mass of the subject over the period of time.

37. The method of any one of claims 31-36, wherein the method results in a decrease in the body mass index (BMI) of the subject over the period of time.

38. The method of any one of claims 31-35, wherein the method results in a decrease in the rate of progression from pre-diabetes to type 2 diabetes in the subject.

39. The method of any one of claims 31-35, wherein the method results in a decrease in fasting serum glucose level in the subject.

40. The method of any one of claims 31-35, wherein the method results in an increase in insulin sensitivity in the subject.

41. The method of any one of claims 31-35, wherein the method results in a decrease in the severity of atherosclerosis in the subject.

42. The method of any one of claims 1-41, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) results in activation of one or more of: a receptor for IL-2, a receptor for IL-7, a receptor for IL-12, a receptor for IL-15, a receptor for IL-18, a receptor for IL-21, a receptor for IL-33, CD16, CD69, CD25, CD36, CD59, CD352, NKp80, DNAM-1, 2B4, NKp30, NKp44, NKp46, NKG2D, KIR2DS1, KIR2Ds2/3, KIR2DL4, KIR2DS4, KIR2DS5, and KIR3DS1.

43. The method of any one of claims 1-42, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) results in a decrease in the activation of one or more of: PD-1, a TGF-β receptor, TIGIT, CD1, TIM-3, Siglec-7, IRP60, Tactile, IL1R8, NKG2A/KLRD1, KIR2DL1, KIR2DL2/3, KIR2DL5, KIR3DL1, KIR3DL2, ILT2/LIR-1, and LAG-2.

44. The method of any one of claims 1-41, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) is a single-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and

(iii) a second target-binding domain.

45. The method of claim 44, wherein the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other.

46. The method of claim 44, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain.

47. The method of any one of claims 44-46, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other.

48. The method of any one of claims 44-46, wherein the single-chain chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the second target-binding domain.

49. The method of any one of claims 1-41, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) is a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(e) a first chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a soluble tissue factor domain; and

(iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains;

(f) a second chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and

(ii) a second target-binding domain,

wherein the first chimeric polypeptide and the second chimeric polypeptide associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains.

50. The method of claim 49, wherein the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

51. The method of claim 49, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the first target-binding domain and the soluble tissue factor domain in the first chimeric polypeptide.

52. The method of any one of claims 49-51, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains directly abut each other in the first chimeric polypeptide.

53. The method of any one of claims 49-51, wherein the first chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the soluble tissue factor domain and the first domain of the pair of affinity domains in the first chimeric polypeptide.

54. The method of any one of claims 49-53, wherein the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain directly abut each other in the second chimeric polypeptide.

55. The method of any one of claims 49-53, wherein second chimeric polypeptide further comprises a linker sequence between the second domain of the pair of affinity domains and the second target-binding domain in the second chimeric polypeptide.

56. The method of any one of claims 1-41, wherein at least one of the one or more NK cell activating agent(s) is a multi-chain chimeric polypeptide comprising:

(a) a first and second chimeric polypeptides, wherein each comprises:

(i) a first target-binding domain;

(ii) a Fc domain; and

(iii) a first domain of a pair of affinity domains;

(b) a third and fourth chimeric polypeptide, wherein each comprises:

(i) a second domain of a pair of affinity domains; and

(ii) a second target-binding domain,

wherein the first and second chimeric polypeptides and the third and fourth chimeric polypeptides associate through the binding of the first domain and the second domain of the pair of affinity domains, and the first and second chimeric polypeptides associate through their Fc domains.

57. The method of any one of claims 44-56, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain bind specifically to a target selected from the group consisting of: CD16a, CD33, CD20, CD19, CD22, CD123, PDL-1, TIGIT, PD-1, TIM3, CTLA4, MICA, MICB, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα, CD26, CD36, ULBP2, CD30, CD200, IGF-1R, MUC4AC, MUC5AC, Trop-2, CMET, EGFR, HER1, HER2,

HER3, PSMA, CEA, B7H3, EPCAM, BCMA, P-cadherin, CEACAM5, a UL16-binding protein, HLA-DR, DLL4, TYRO3, AXL, MER, CD122, CD155, PDGF-DD, a ligand of TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII), a ligand of TGF-βRIII, a ligand of DNAM1, a ligand of NKp46, a ligand of NKp44, a ligand of NKG2D, a ligand of NKp30, a ligand for a scMHCI, a ligand for a scMHCII, a ligand for a scTCR, a receptor for PDGF-DD, a receptor for stem cell factor (SCF), a receptor for stem cell-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand (FLT3L), a receptor for MICA, a receptor for MICB, a receptor for a ULP16-binding protein, a receptor for CD155, and a receptor for CD122.

58. The method of any one of claims 44-56, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine protein.

59. The method of claim 58, wherein the soluble interleukin or cytokine protein is selected from the group consisting of: IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-15, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, PDGF-DD, and SCF.

60. The method of any one of claims 44-56, wherein one or both of the first target-binding domain and the second target-binding domain is a soluble interleukin or cytokine receptor.

61. The method of claim 60, wherein the soluble receptor is a soluble TGF-β receptor II (TGF-βRII) a soluble TGF-βRIII, a soluble receptor for TNFα, a soluble receptor for IL-4, or a soluble receptor for IL-10.

62. The method of any one of claims 44-55, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain is a soluble human tissue factor domain that does not stimulate blood coagulation.

63. The method of any one of claims 43-55, wherein the soluble tissue factor domain comprises or consists of a sequence from a wildtype soluble human tissue factor.

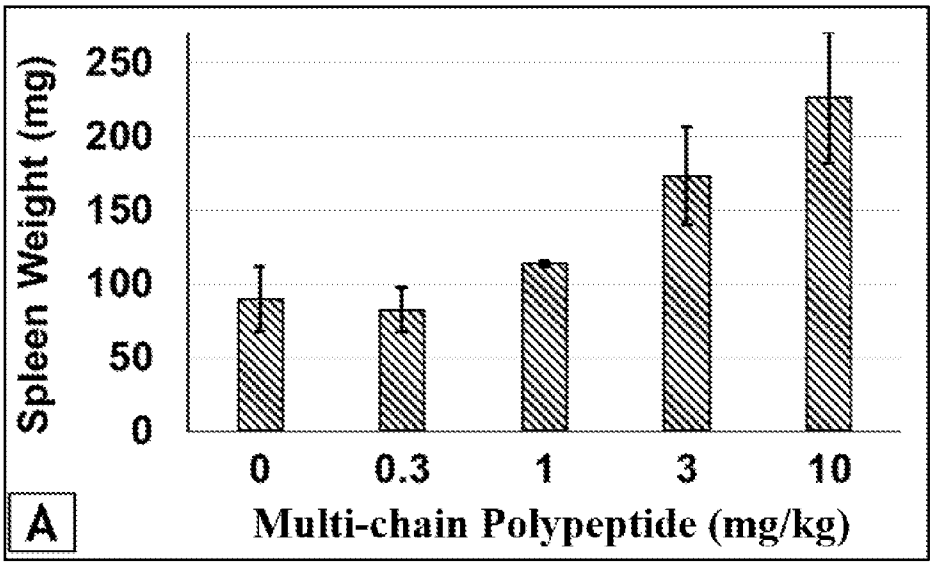


Figure 1A

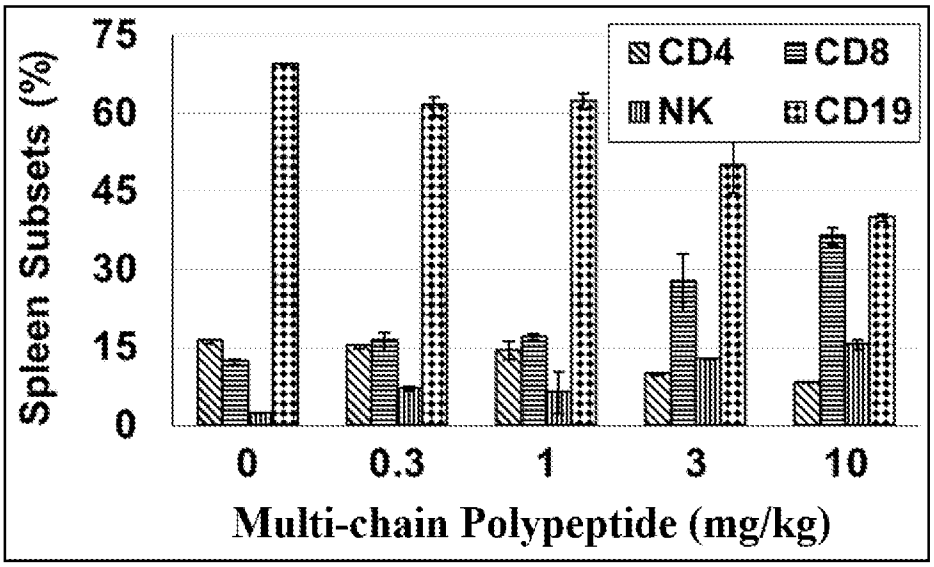


Figure 1B

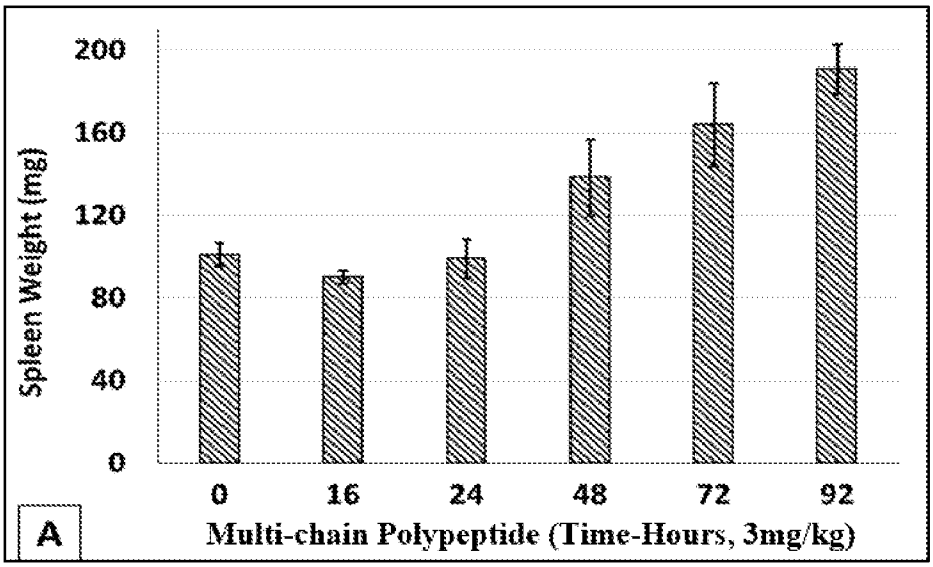


Figure 2A

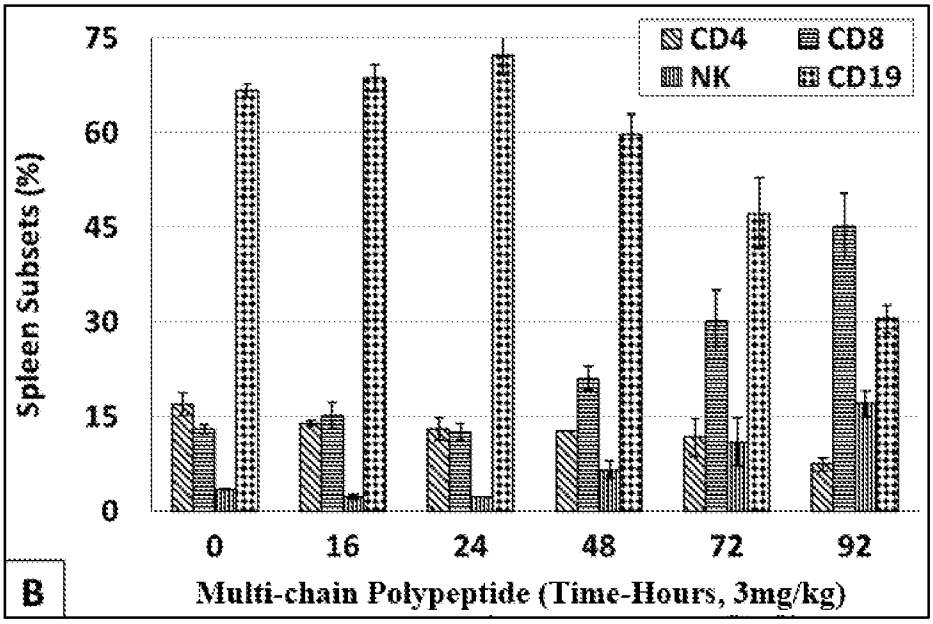


Figure 2B

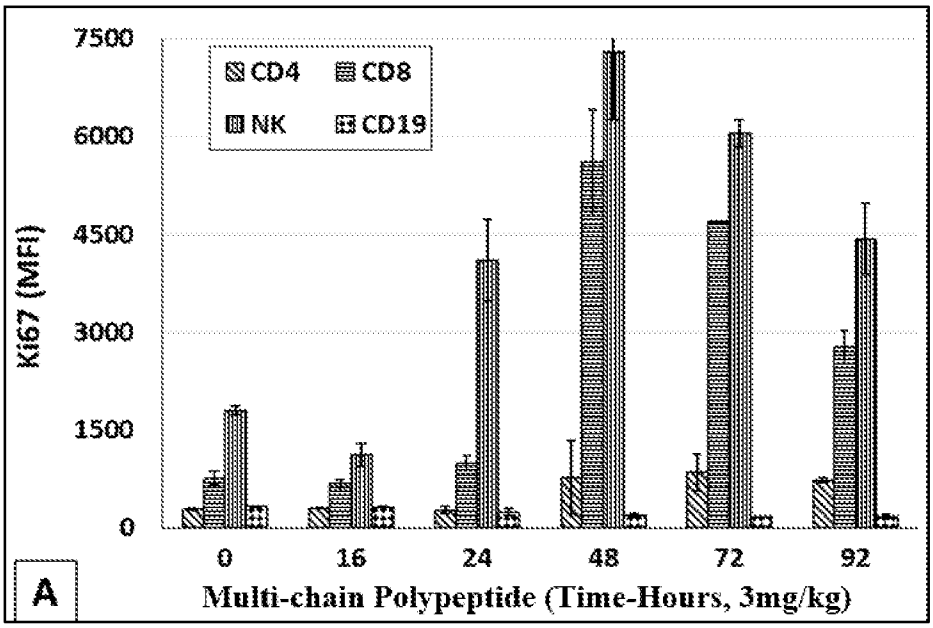


Figure 3A

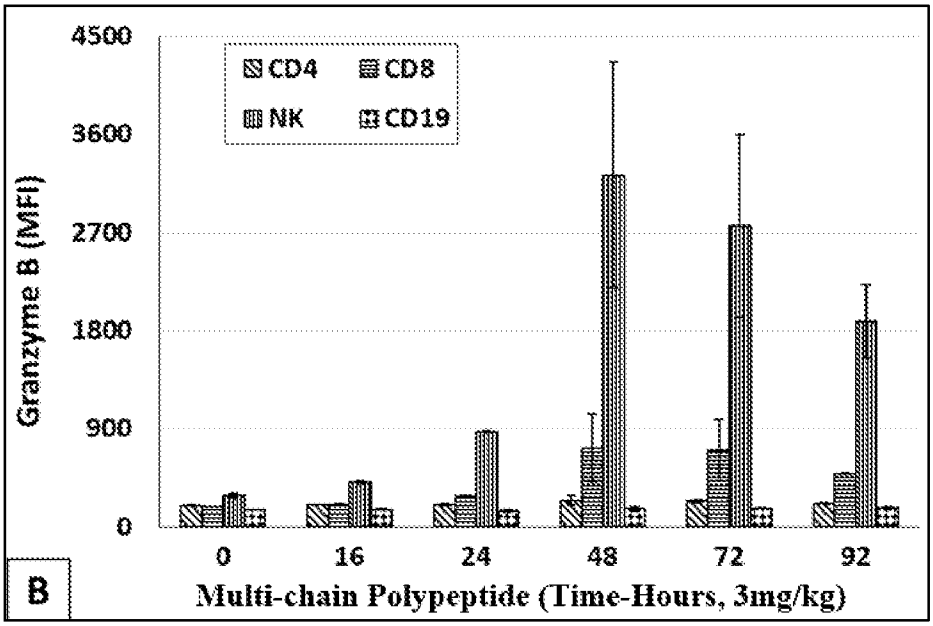


Figure 3B

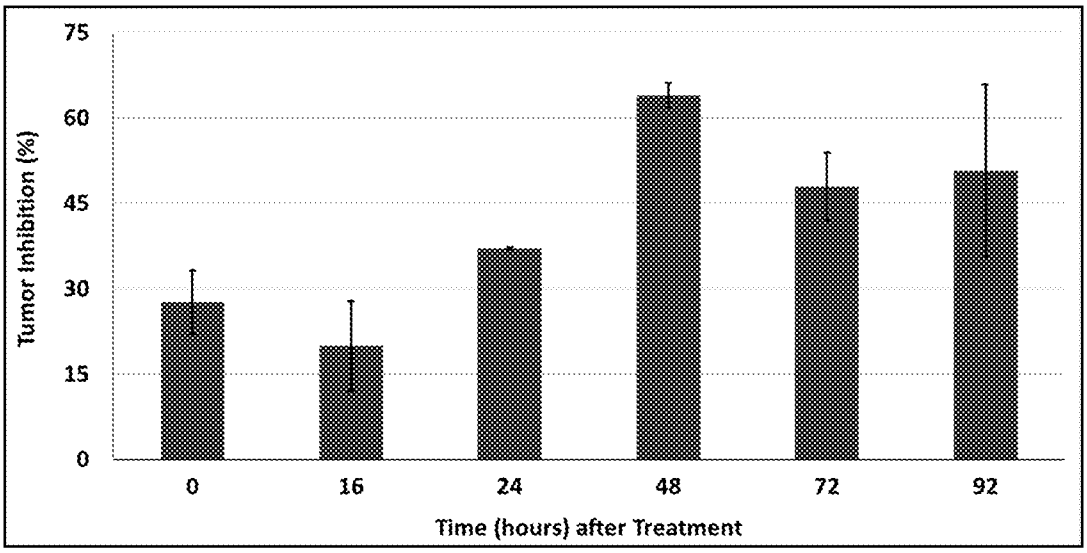
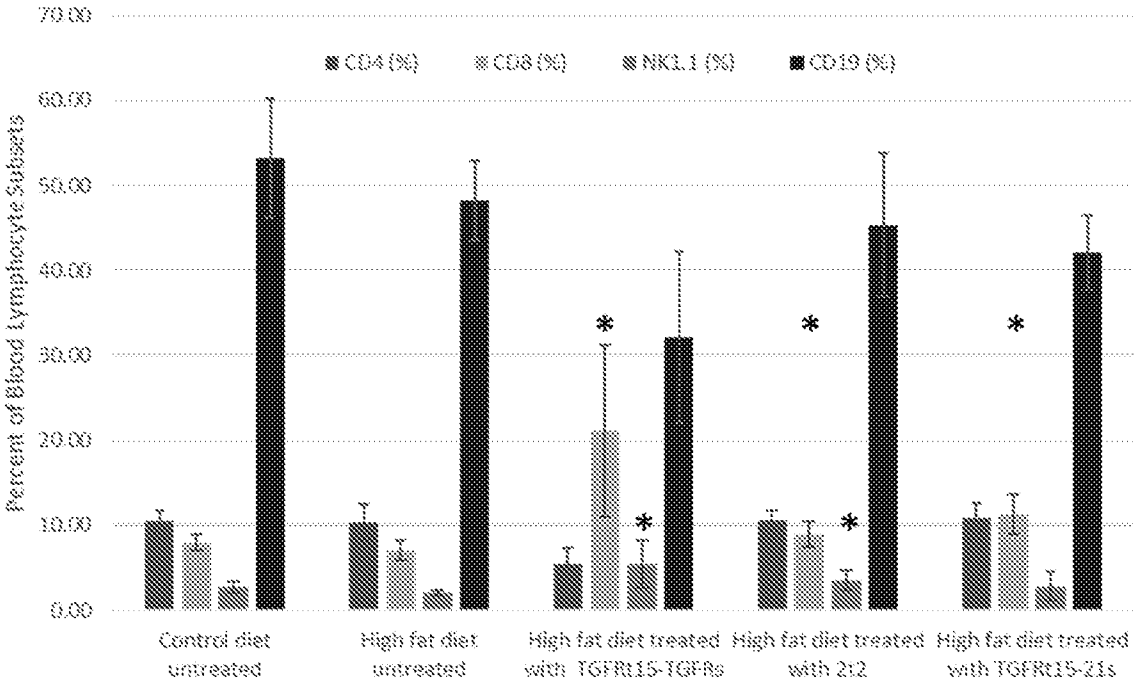
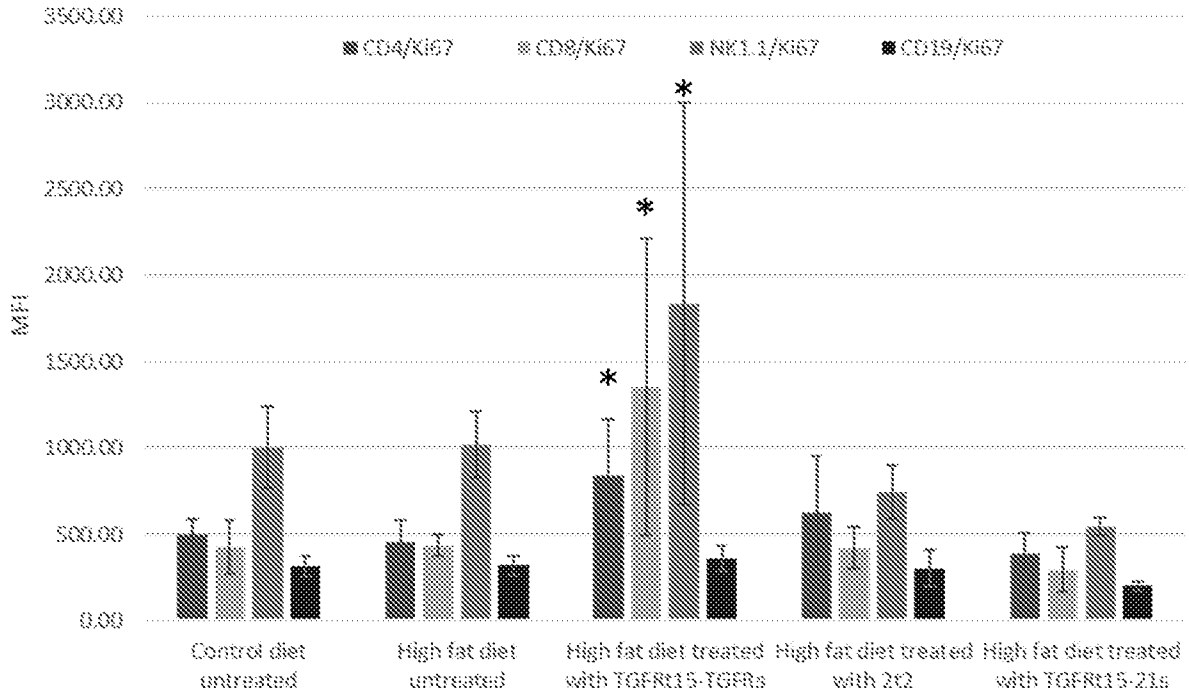

75
60
45
30
15
0
Tumor Inhibition (%)
0
16
24
48
72
92
Time (hours) after Treatment

Figure 4



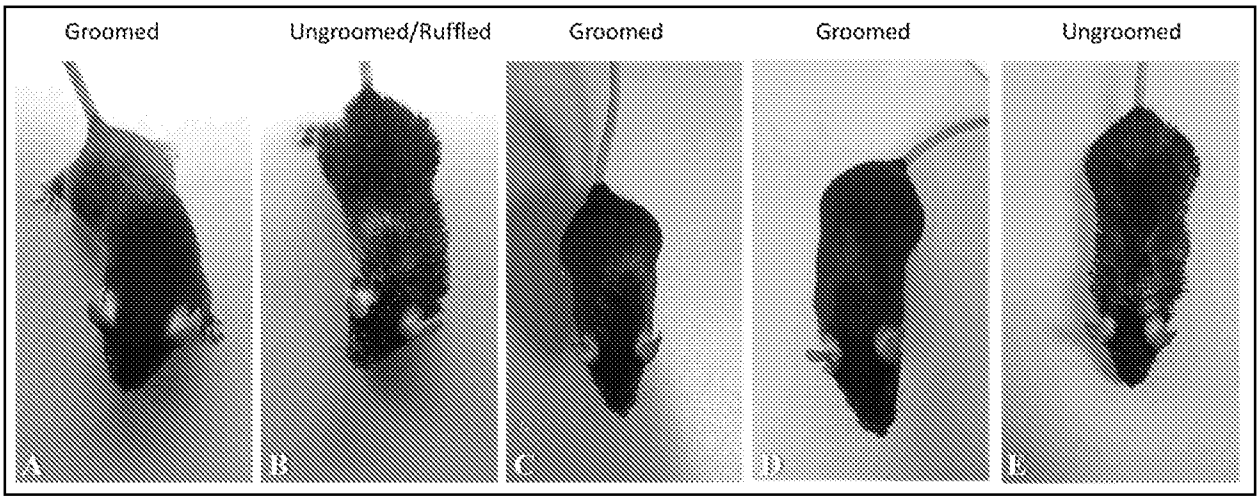
* Statistically significant from High Fat Diet untreated Group

Figure 5A

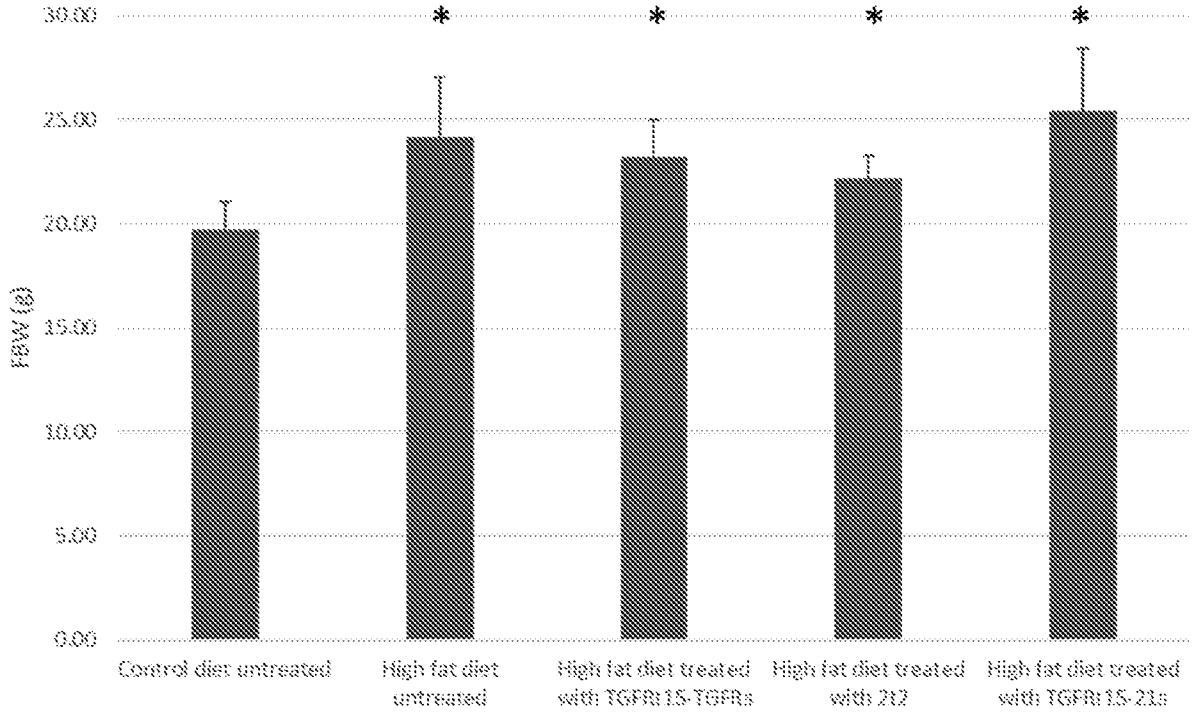


* Statistically significant from High fat diet untreated Group

Figure 5B



Figures 6A-6E



* Statistically significant from Control Normal Diet Group

Figure 7

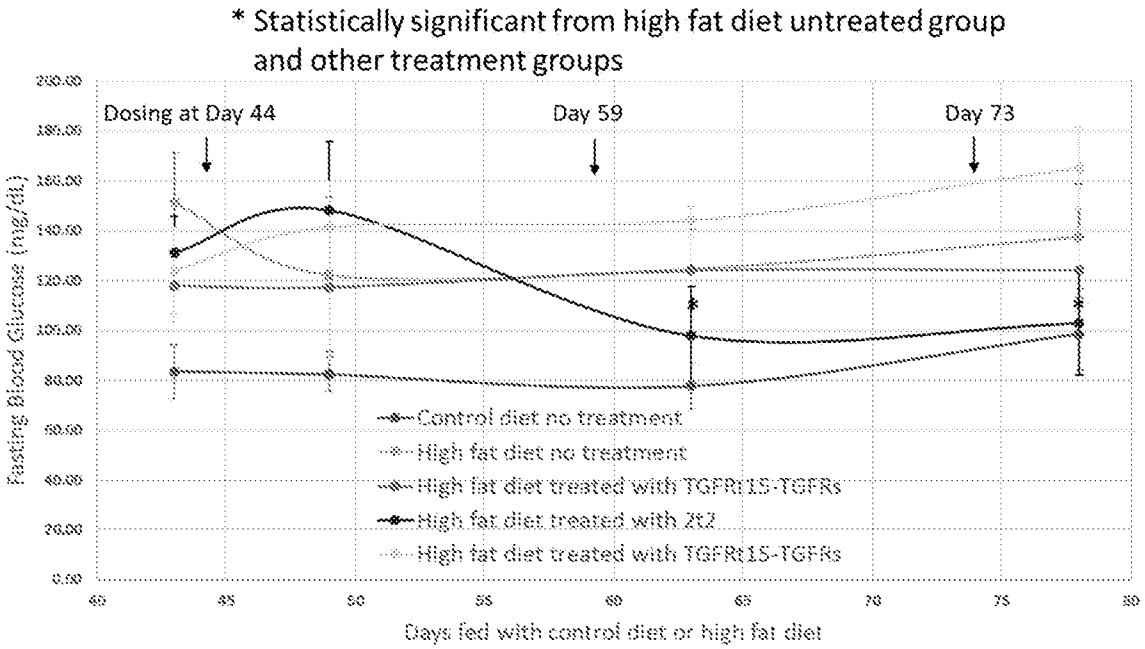
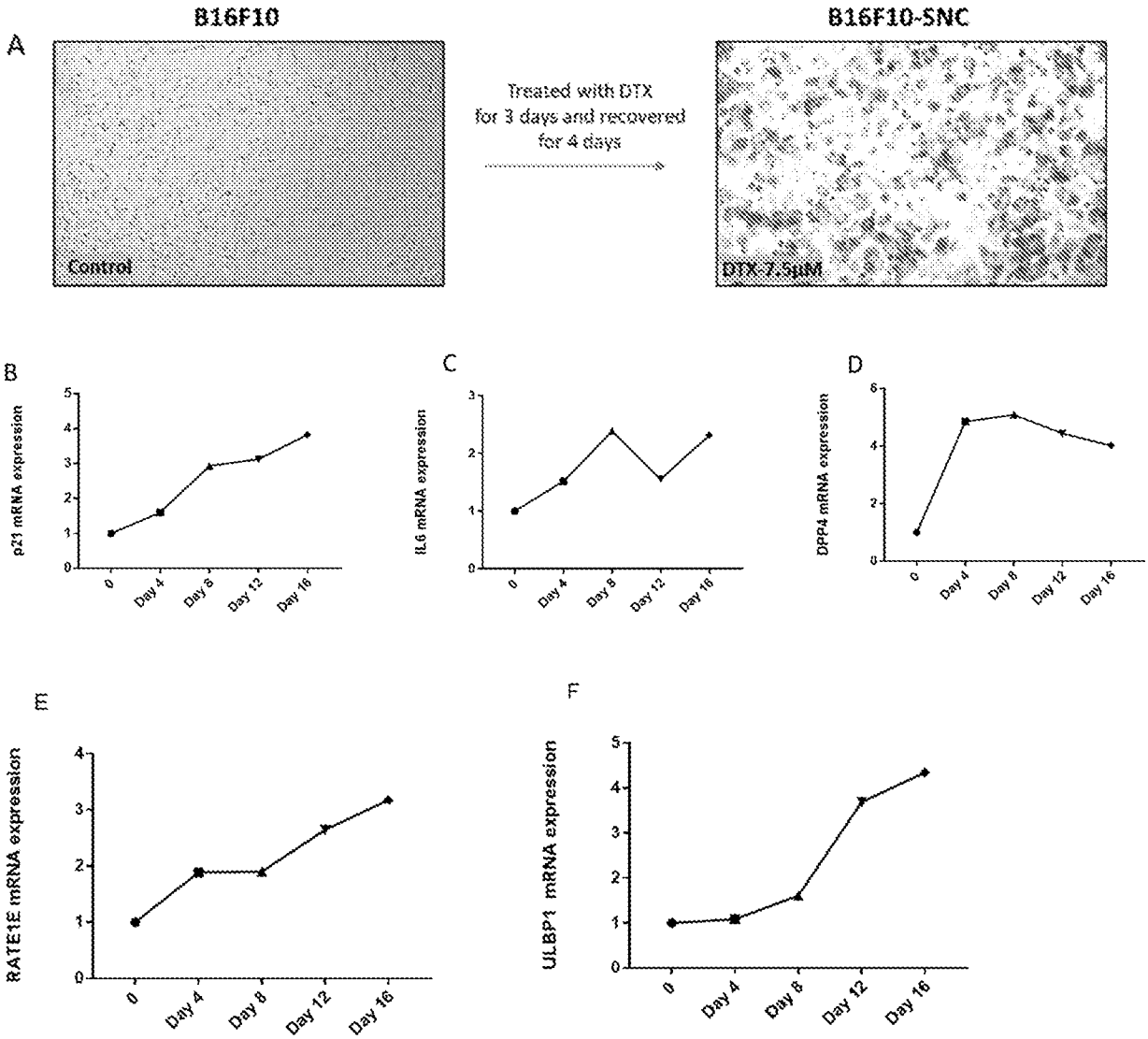
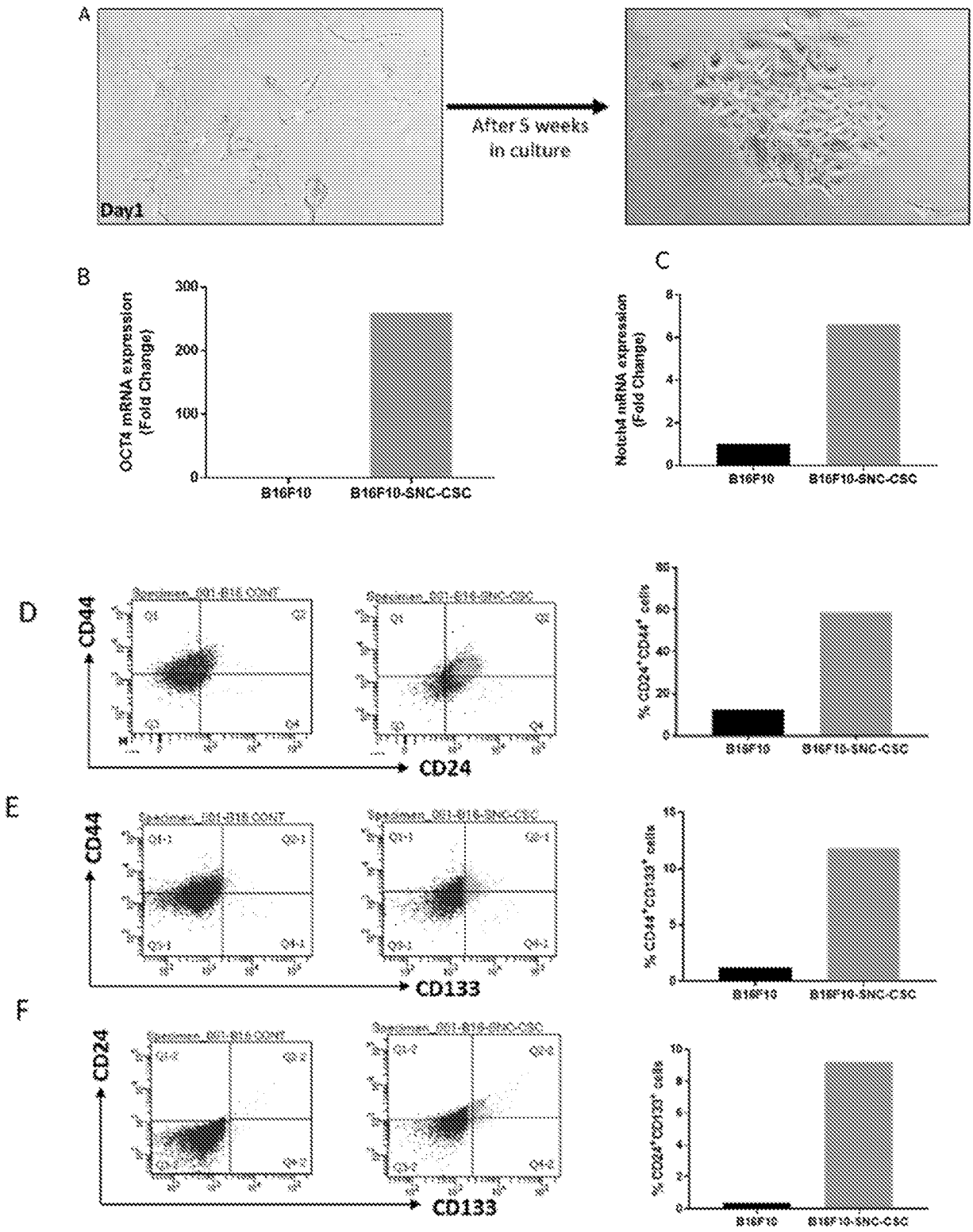

* Statistically significant from high fat diet untreated group and other treatment groups
Dosing at Day 44
Day 59
Day 73
Fasting Blood Glucose (mg/dL)
Control diet no treatment
High fat diet no treatment
High fat diet treated with TGFRt1S-TGFRs
High fat diet treated with Zt2
High fat diet treated with TGFRt1S-TGFRs
Days fed with control diet or high fat diet

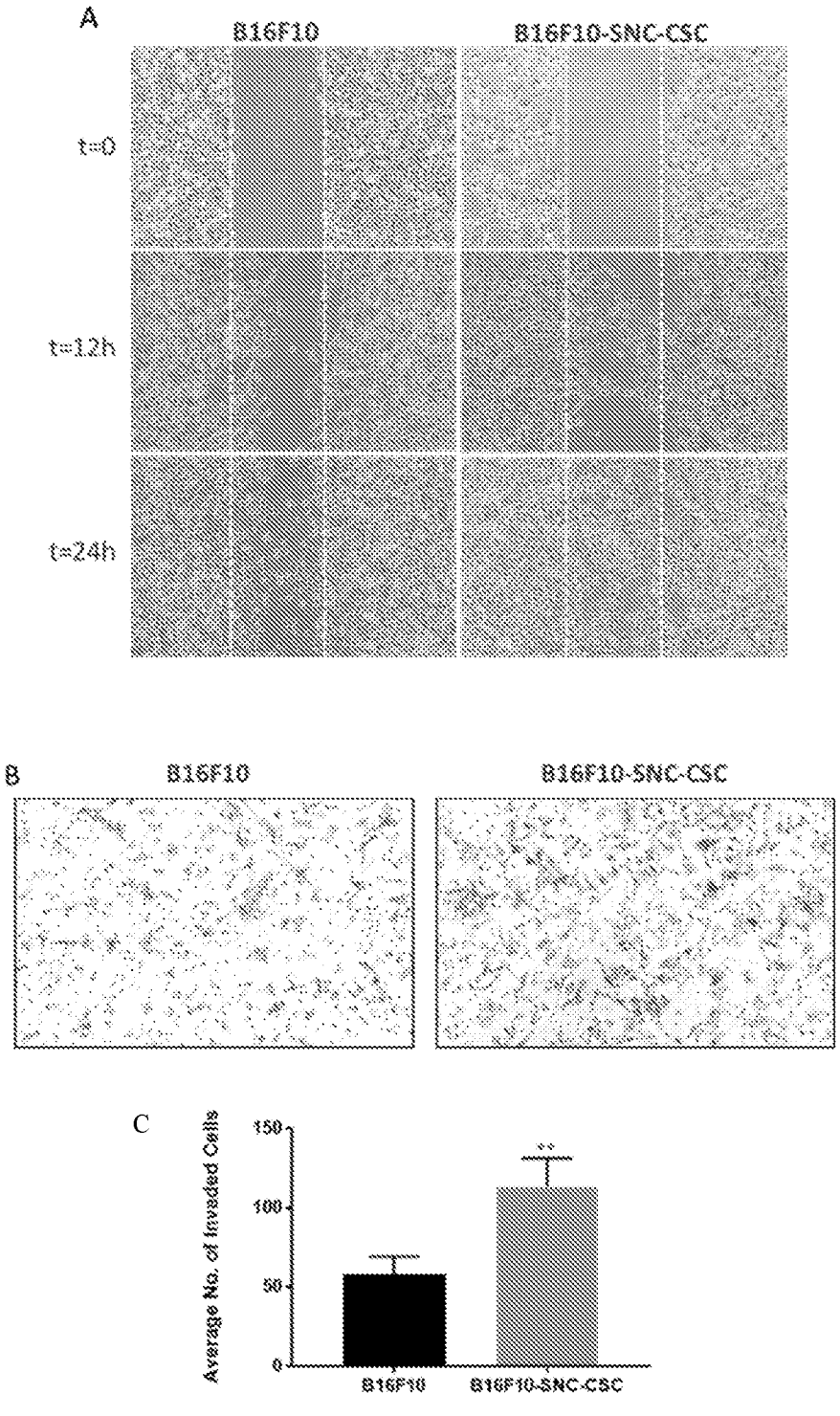
Figure 8



Figures 9A-9F

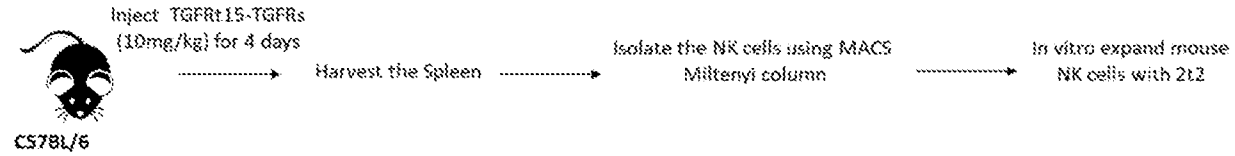


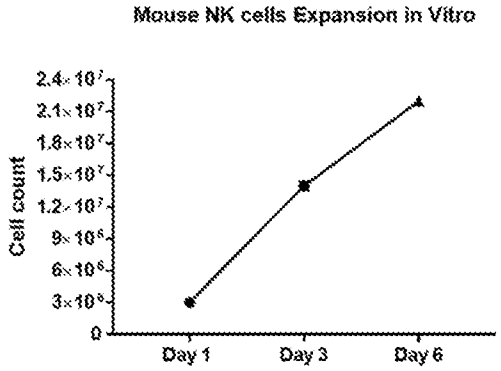
Figures 10A-10F



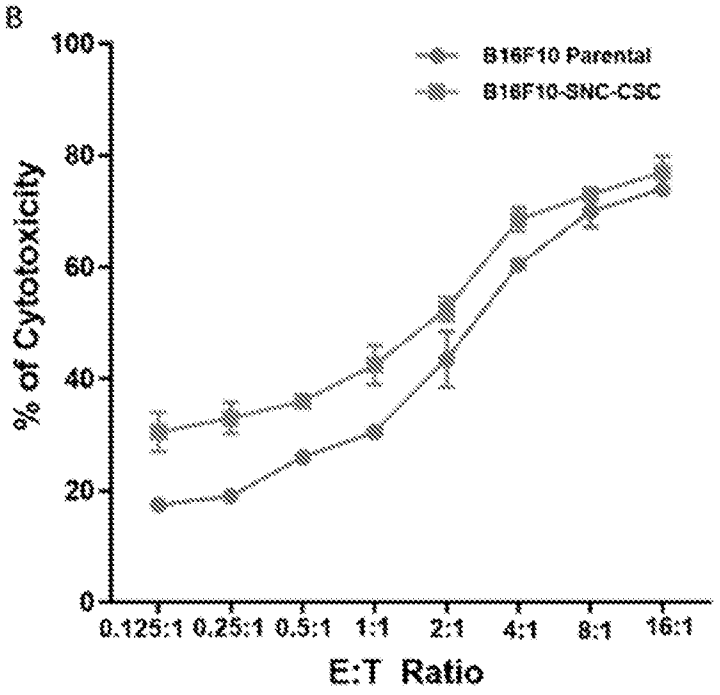
Figures 11A-11C

A



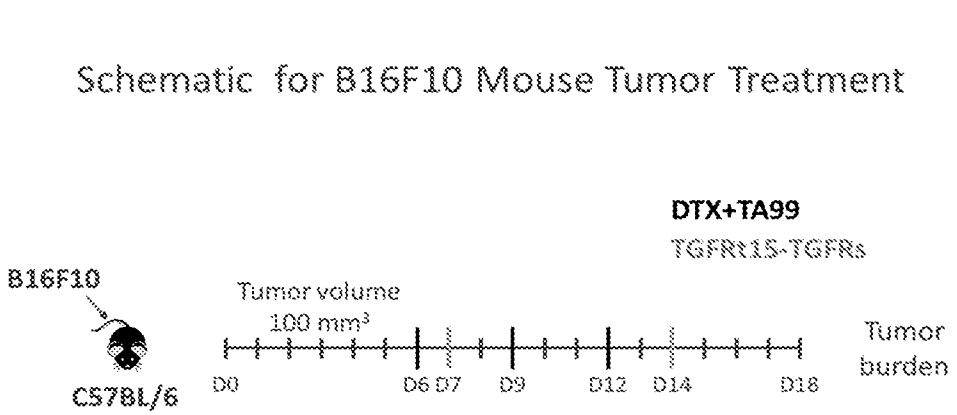


B

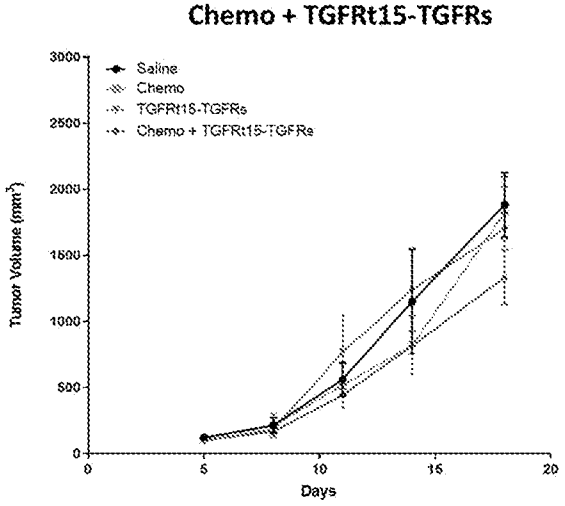


Figures 12A-12B

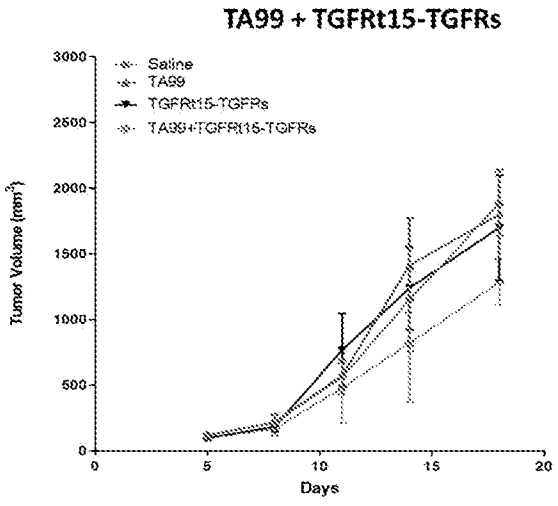
A



B



C



Figures 13A-13C

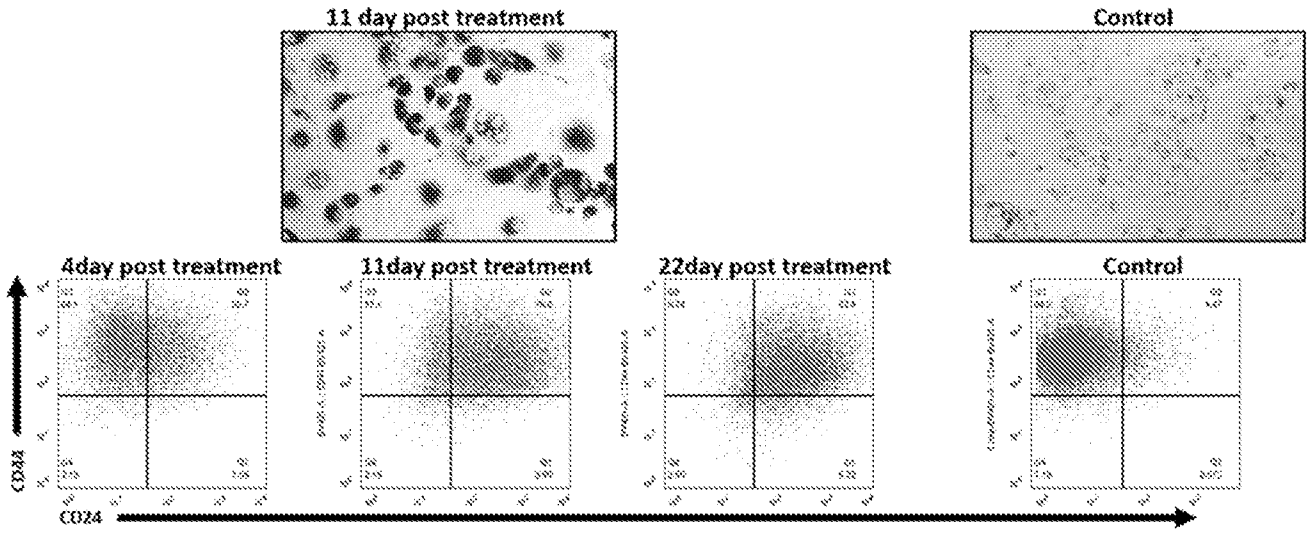

11 day post treatment
Control
4day post treatment
11day post treatment
22day post treatment
Control
CD28
CD24

Figure 14

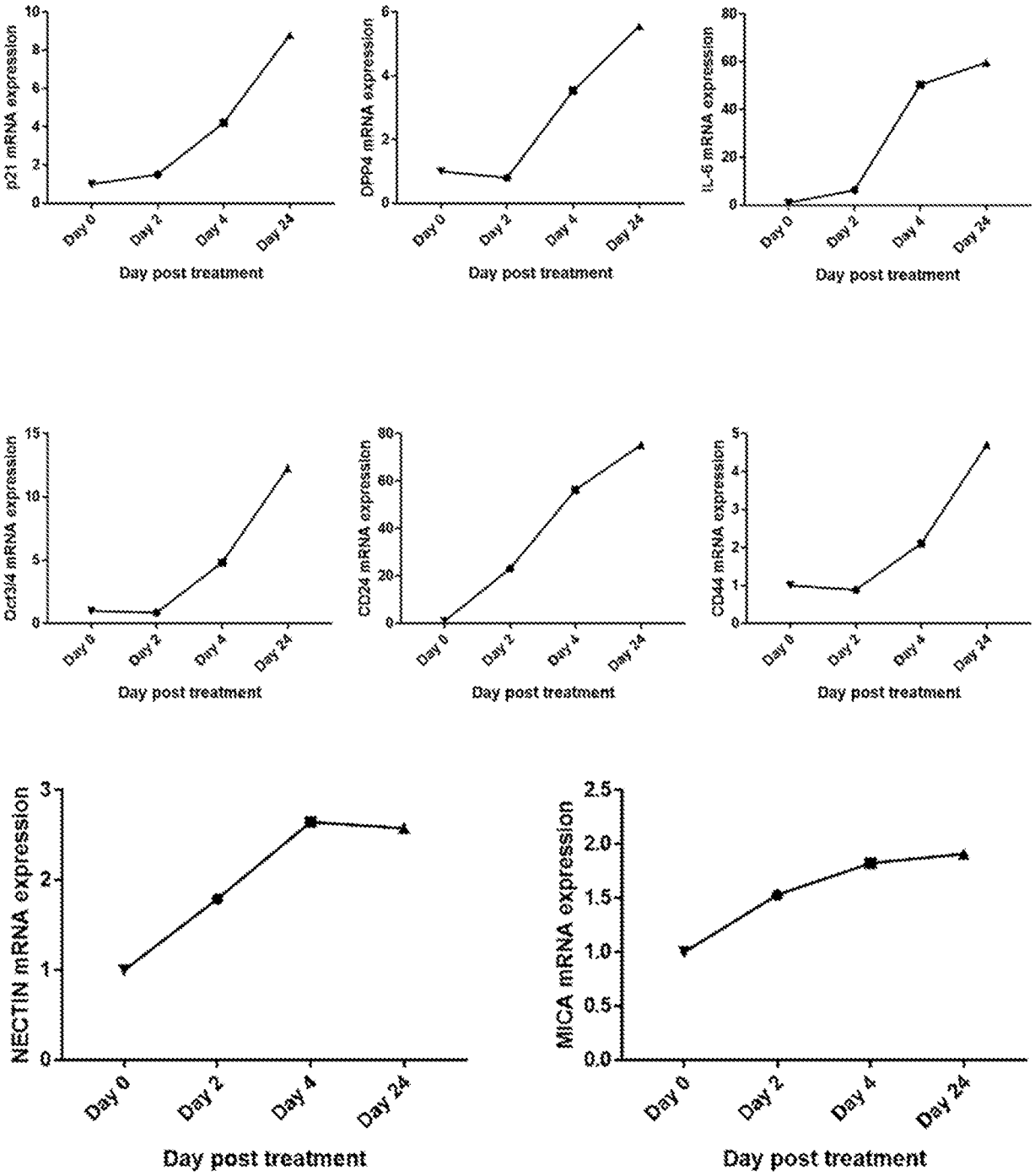

p21 mRNA expression
DPP4 mRNA expression
IL-6 mRNA expression
Oct3/4 mRNA expression
CD24 mRNA expression
CD44 mRNA expression
NECTIN mRNA expression
MICA mRNA expression
Day 0
Day 2
Day 4
Day 24
Day post treatment

Figure 15

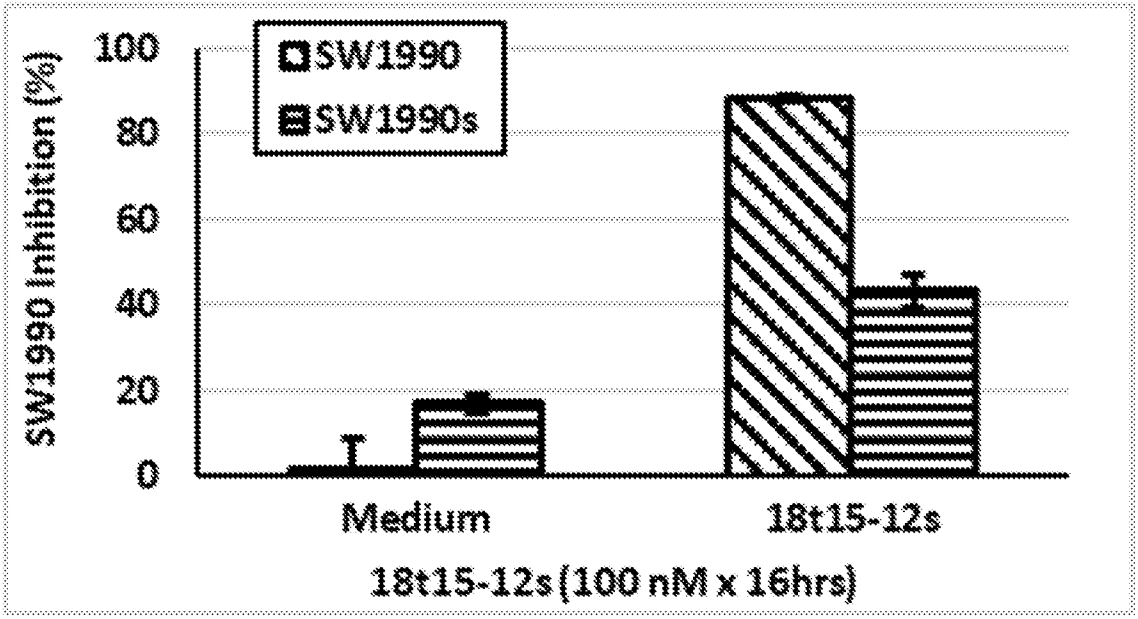

SW1990 Inhibition (%)
100
80
60
40
20
0
SW1990
SW1990s
Medium
18t15-12s
18t15-12s (100 nM x 16hrs)

Figure 16



Figure 17

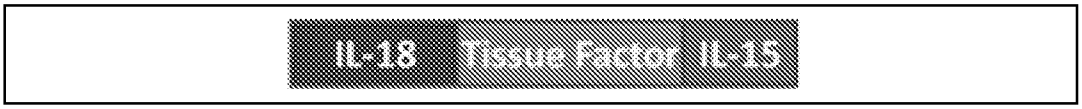


Figure 18

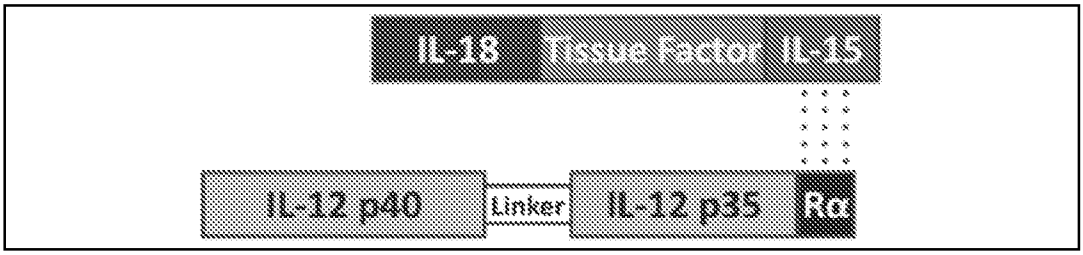


Figure 19

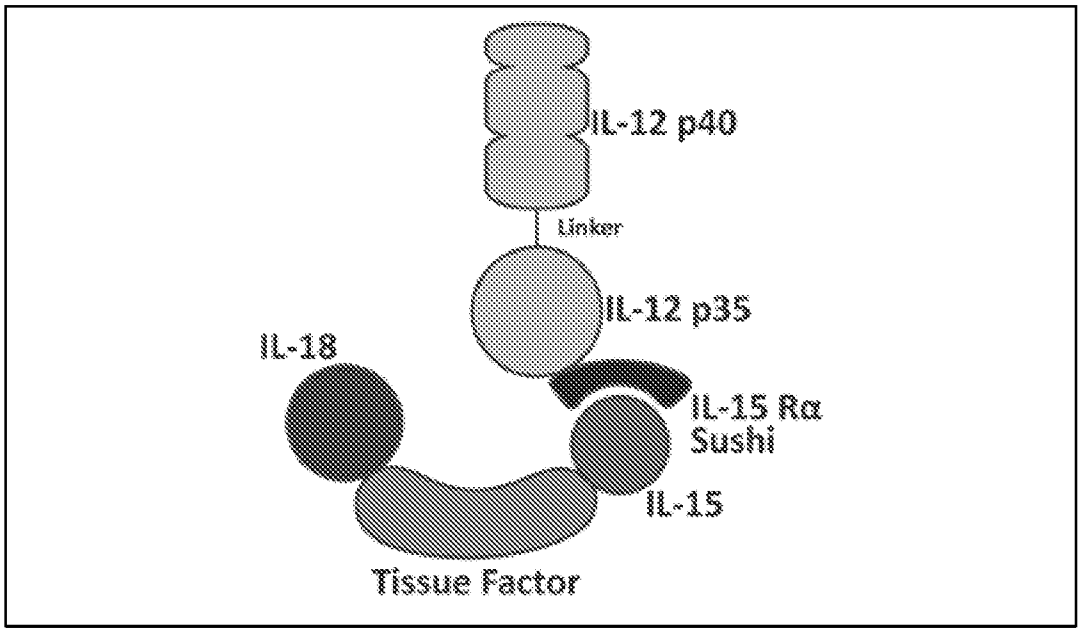


Figure 20

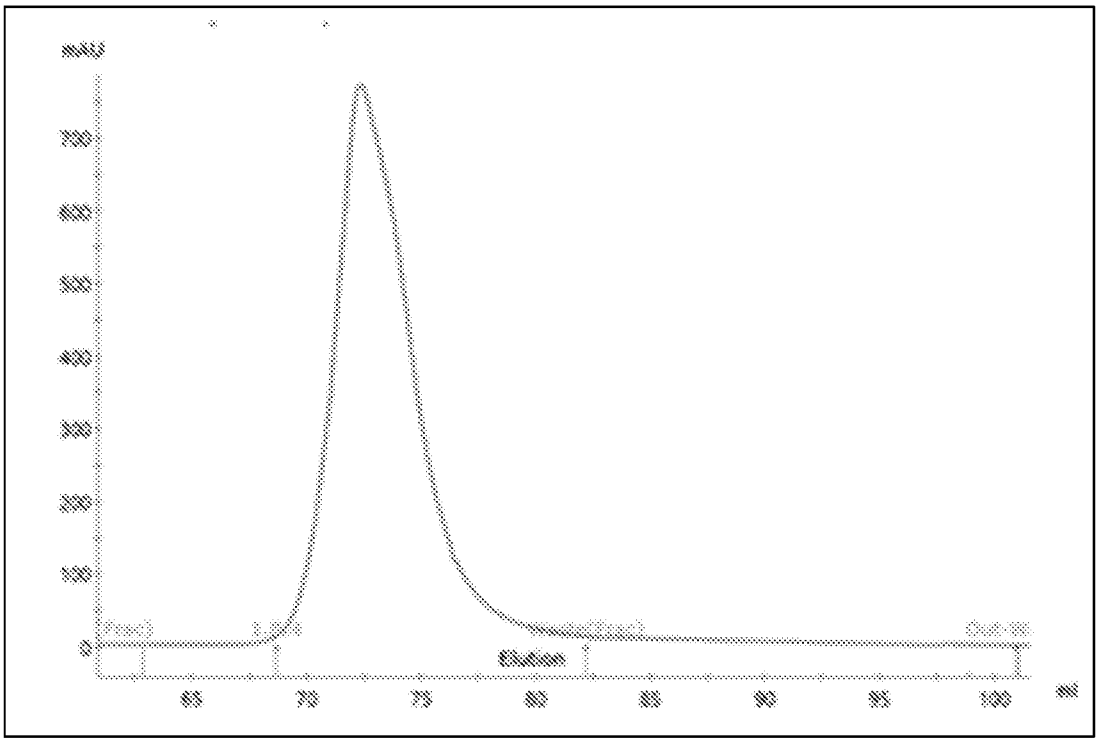


Figure 21

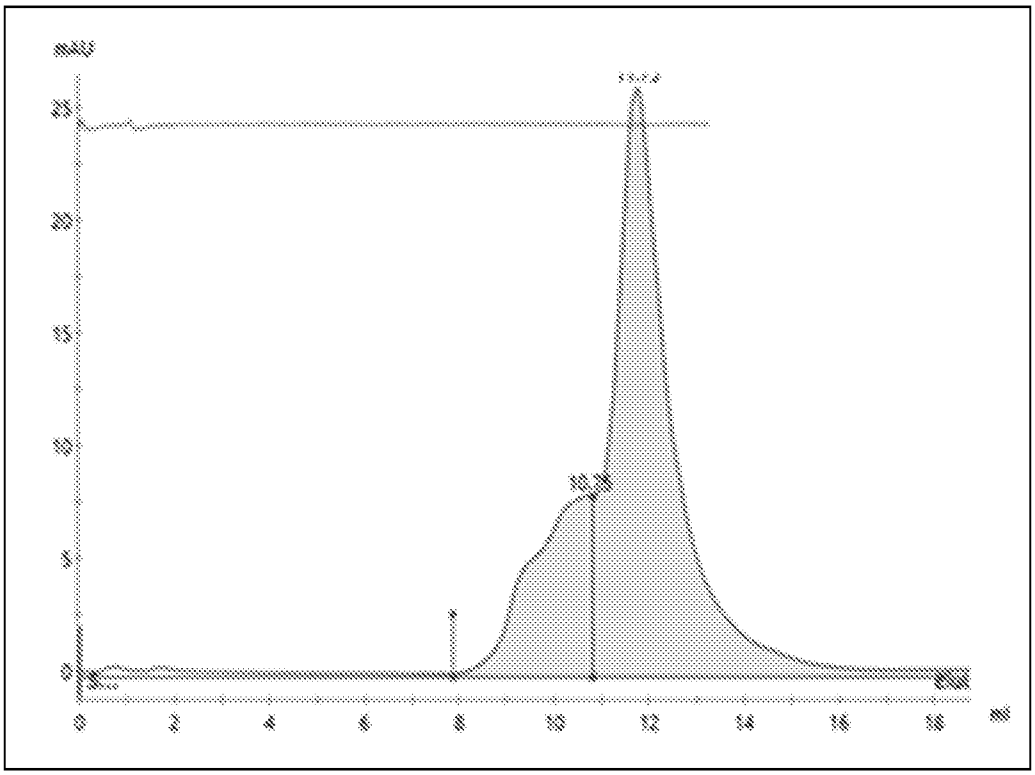


Figure 22

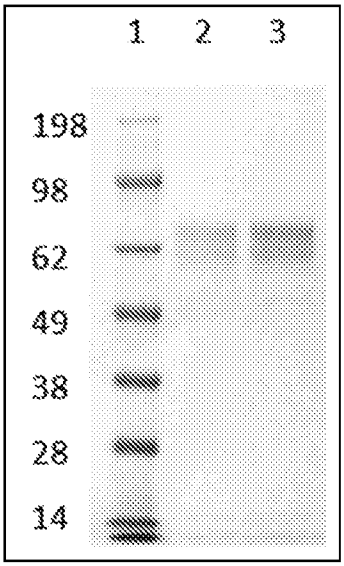


Figure 23

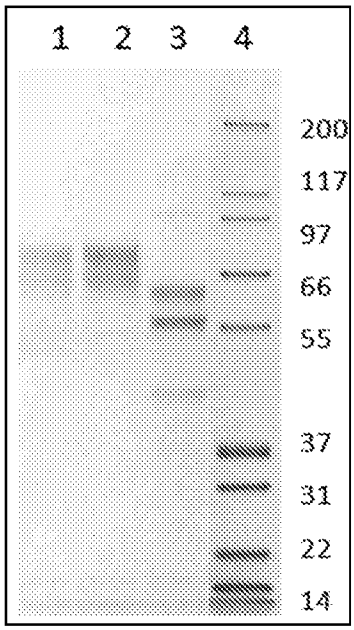


Figure 24

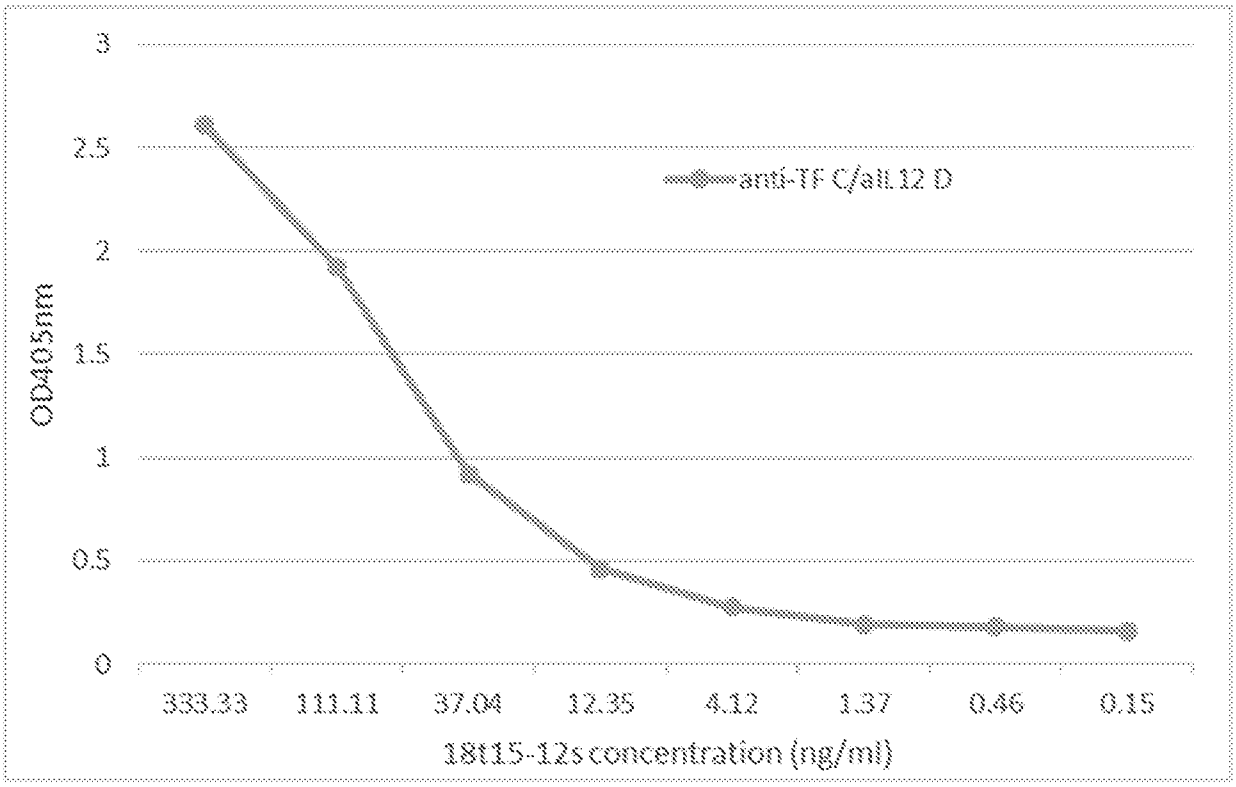


Figure 25

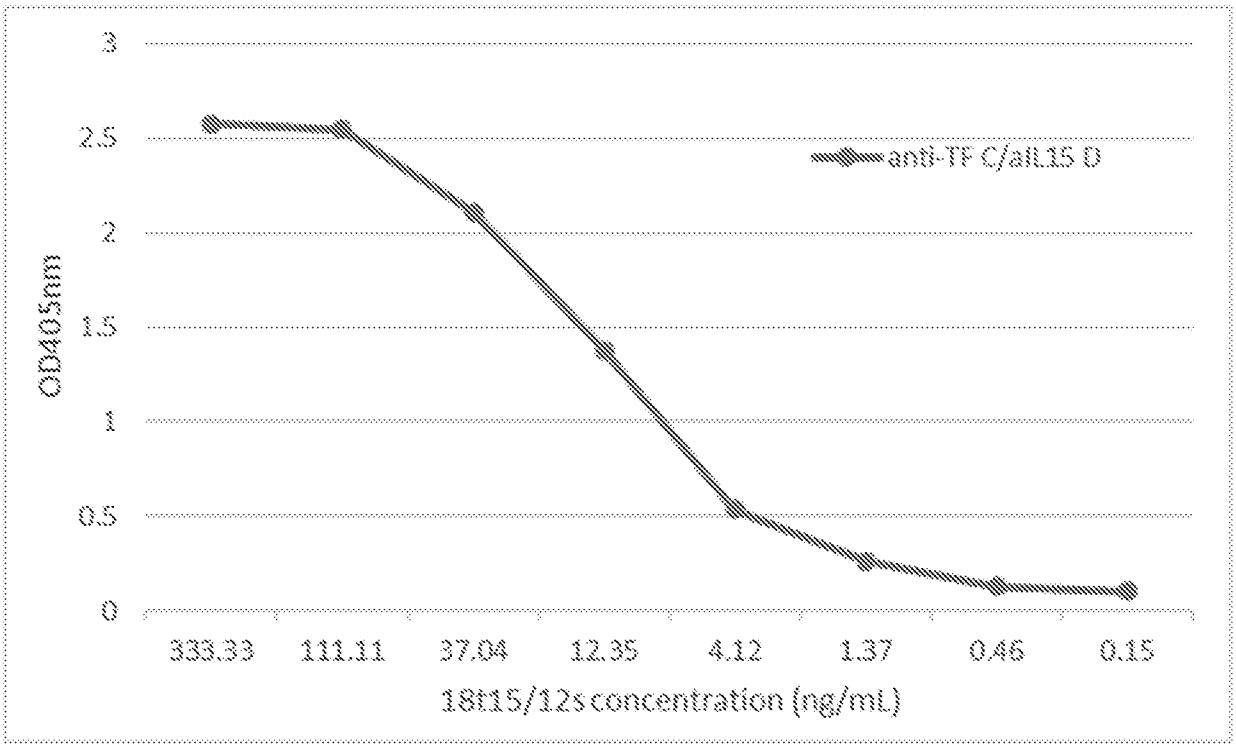


Figure 26

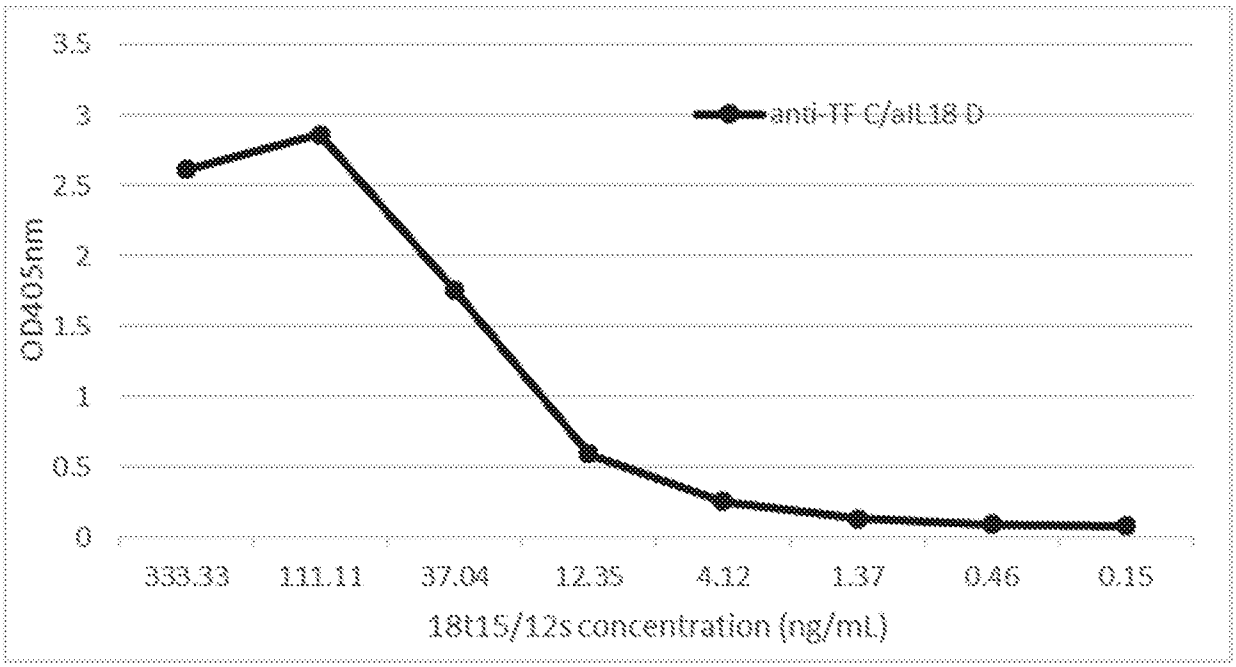


Figure 27

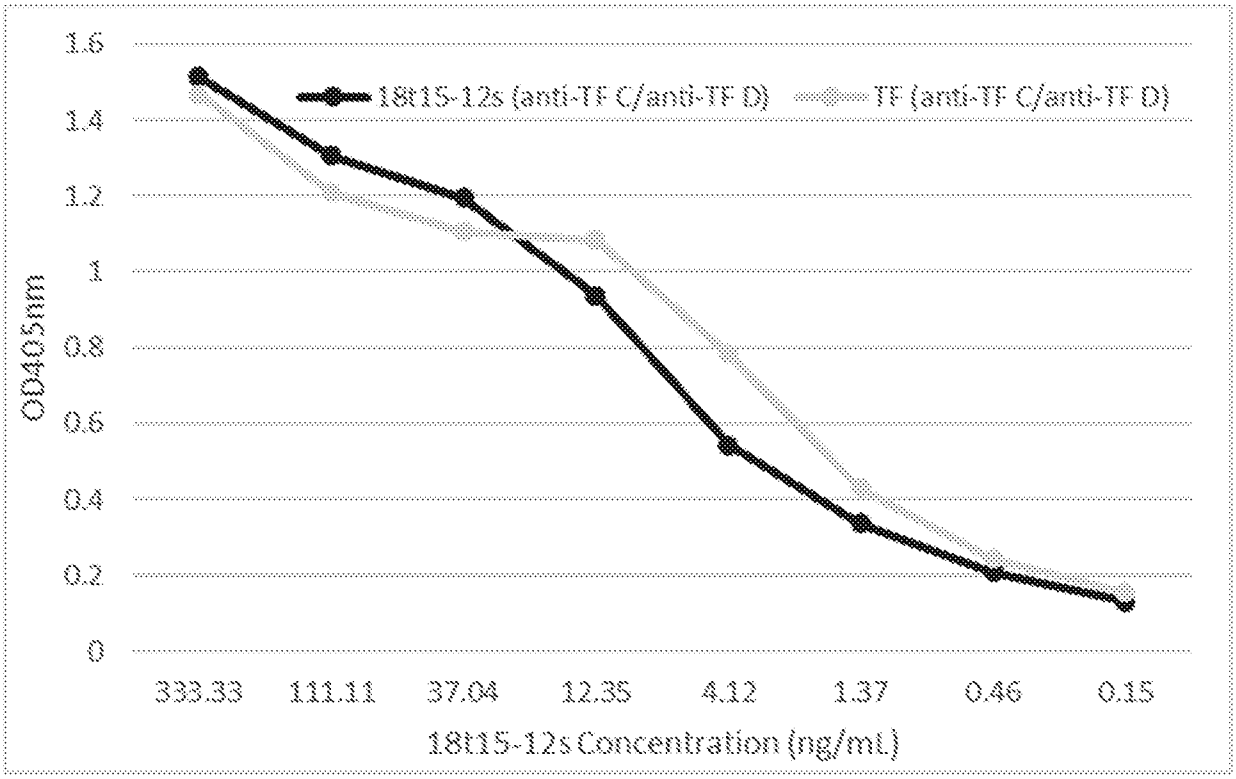

1.6
1.4
1.2
1
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0
OD405nm
18t15-12s (anti-TF C/anti-TF D)
TF (anti-TF C/anti-TF D)
333.33
111.11
37.04
12.35
4.12
1.37
0.46
0.15
18t15-12s Concentration (ng/mL)

Figure 28

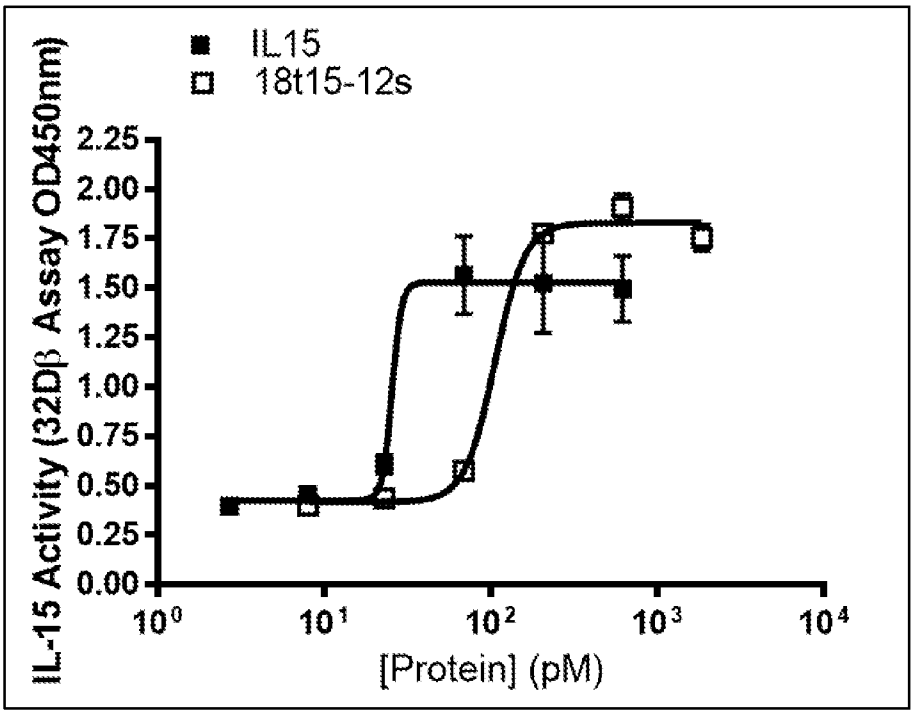


Figure 29

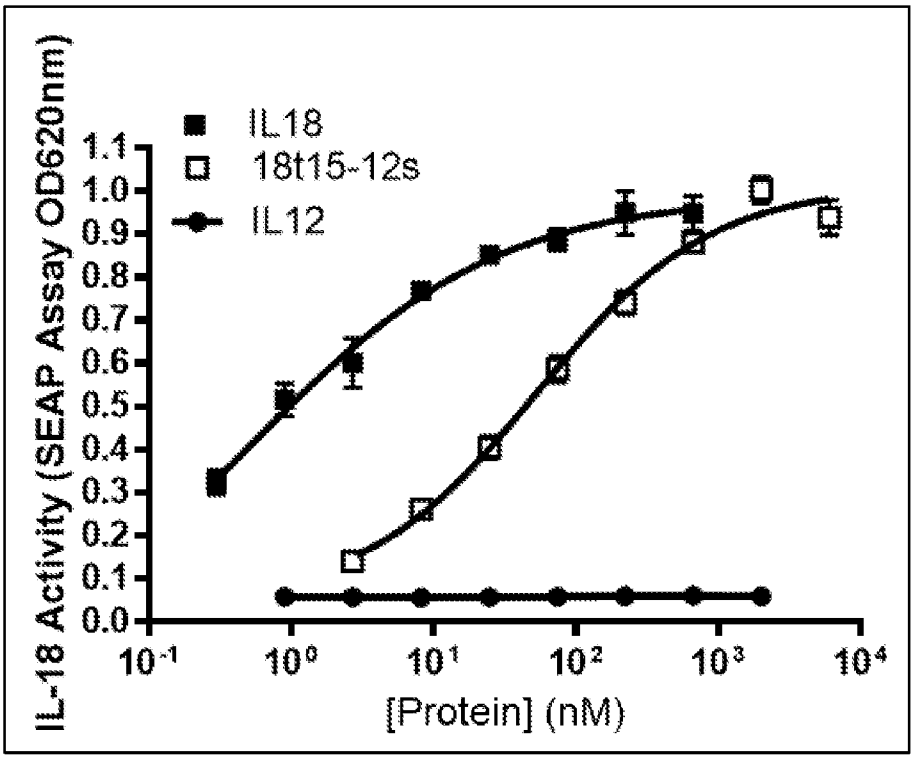


Figure 30

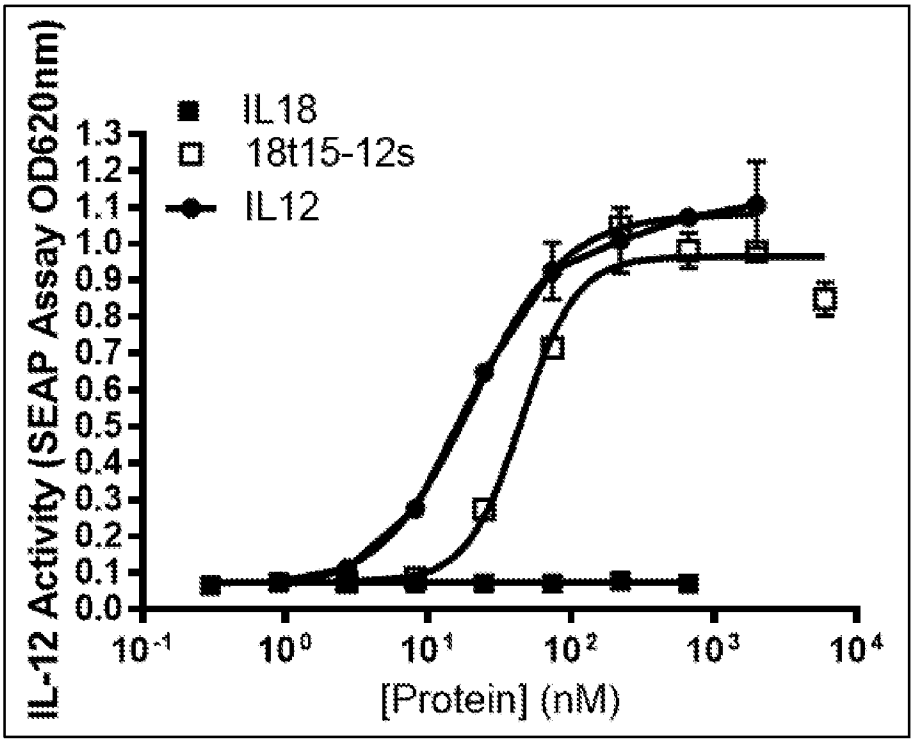

IL18
18t15-12s
IL12
IL-12 Activity (SEAP Assay OD620nm)
1.3
1.2
1.1
1.0
0.9
0.8
0.7
0.6
0.5
0.4
0.3
0.2
0.1
0.0
10-1
100
101
102
103
104
[Protein] (nM)

Figure 31

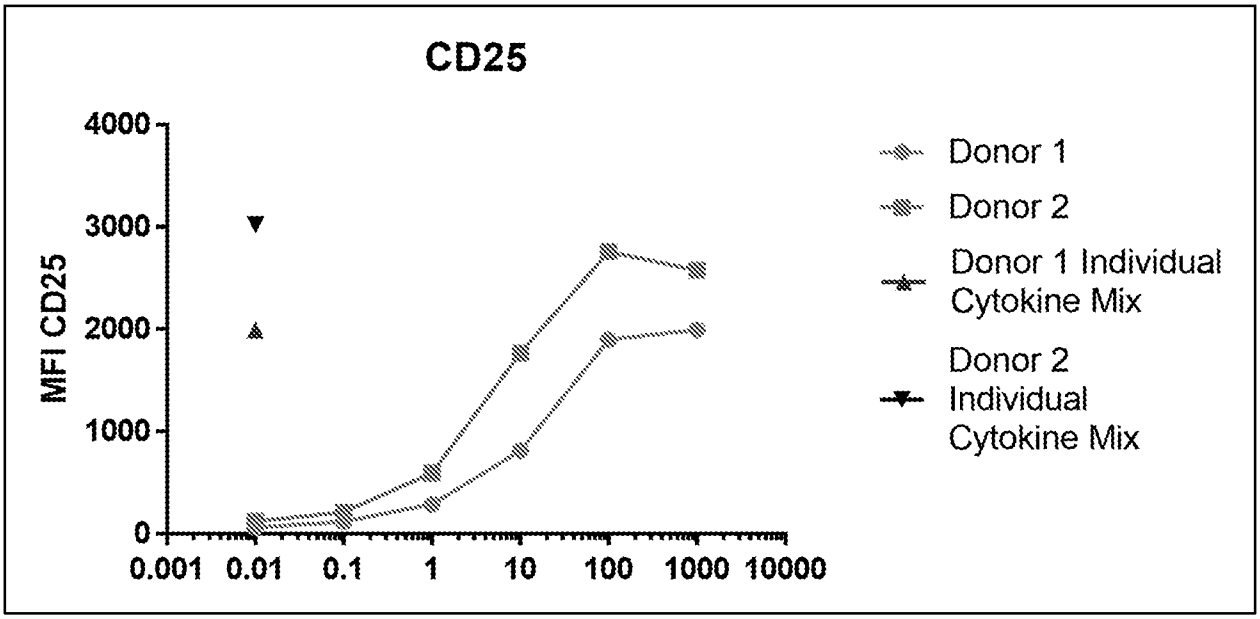


Figure 32A

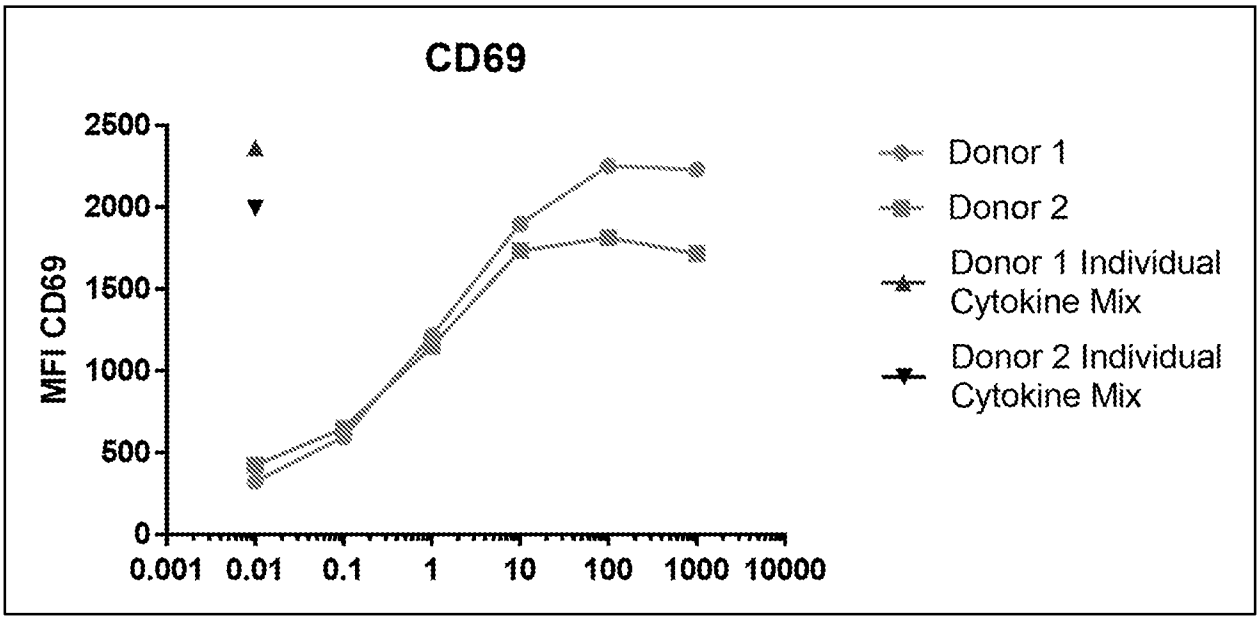


Figure 32B

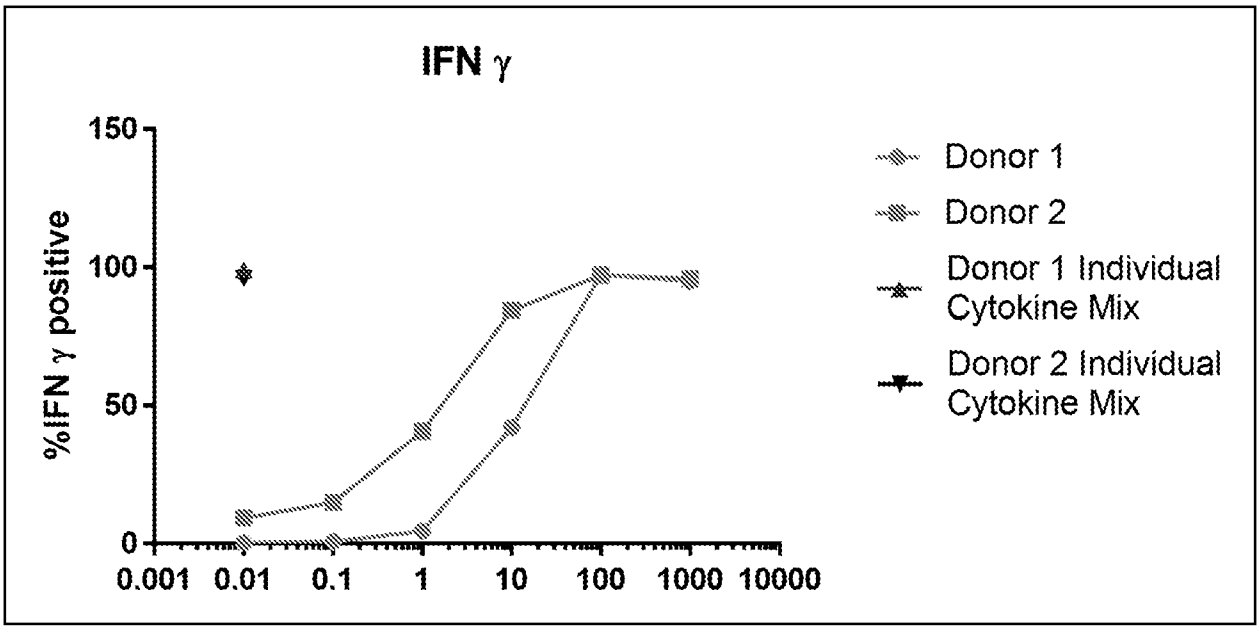


Figure 33

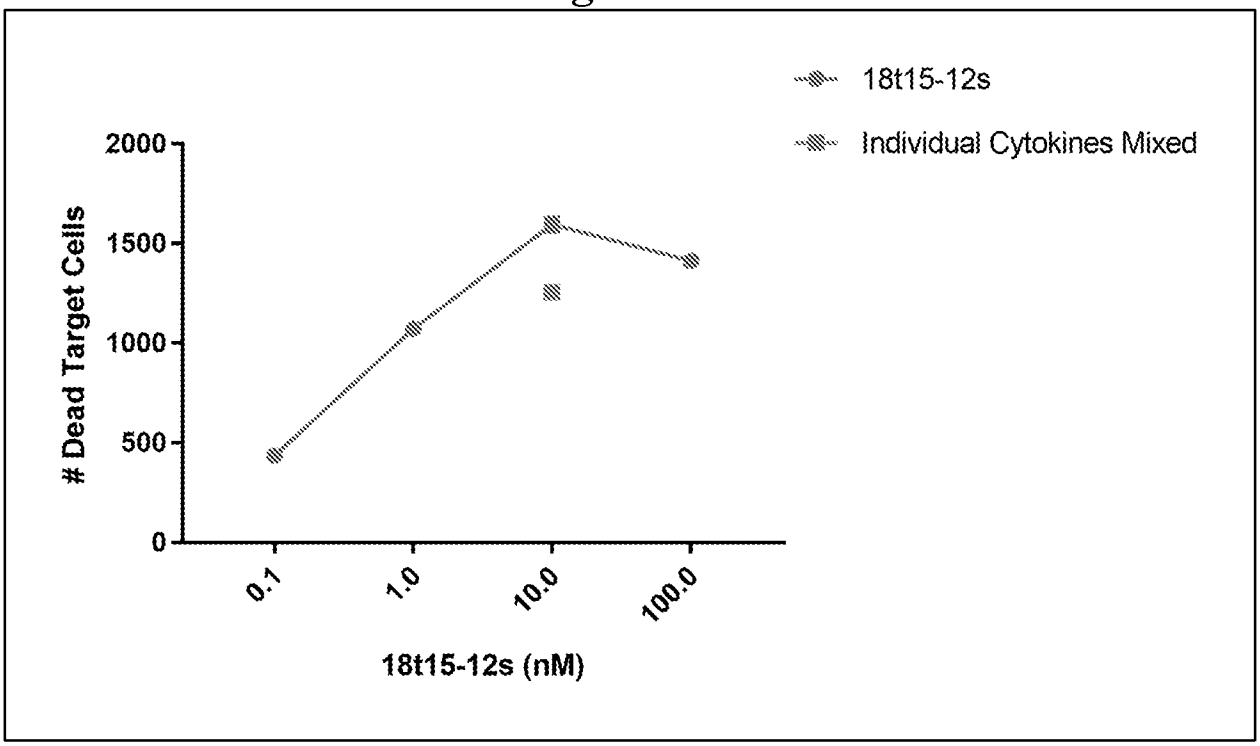


Figure 34

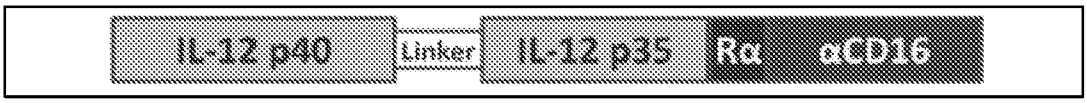


Figure 35

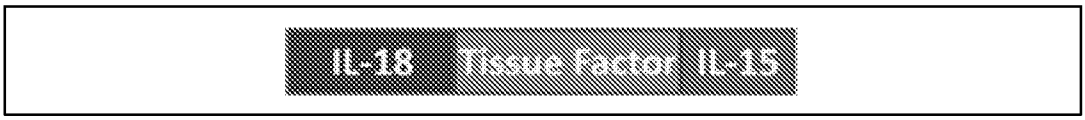


Figure 36

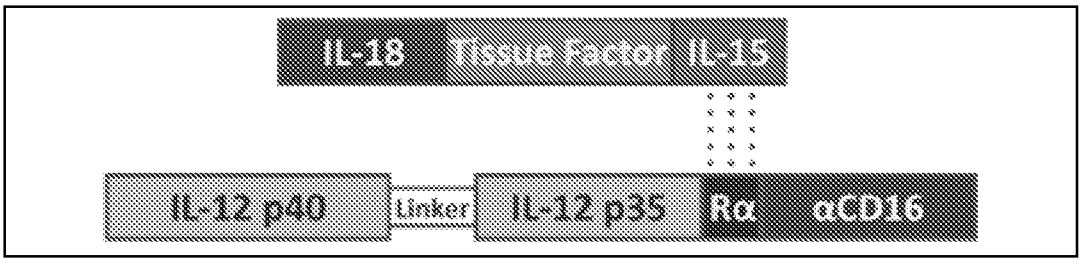


Figure 37

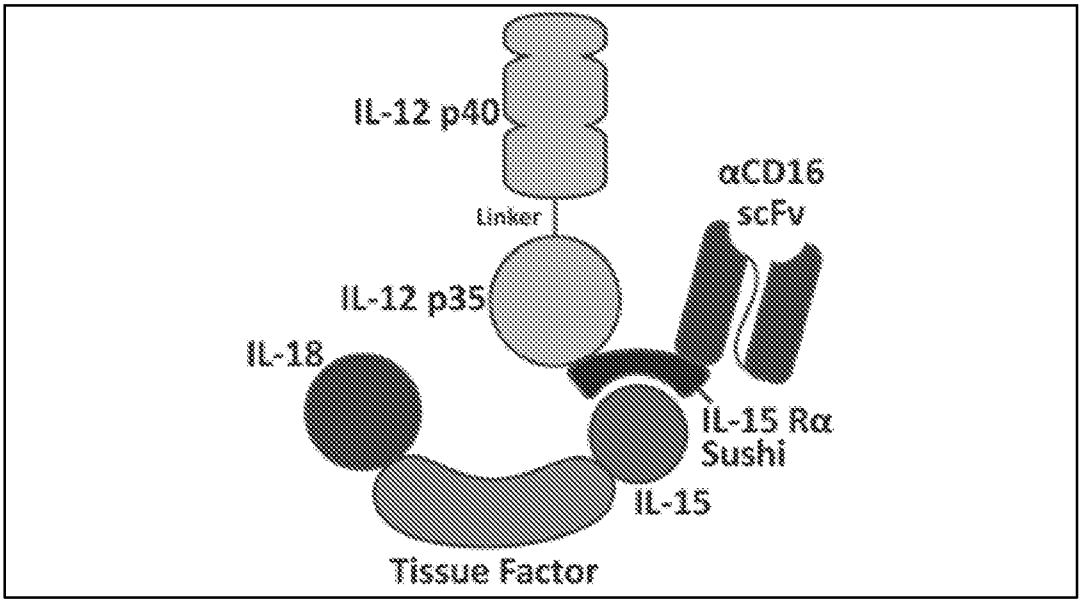


Figure 38

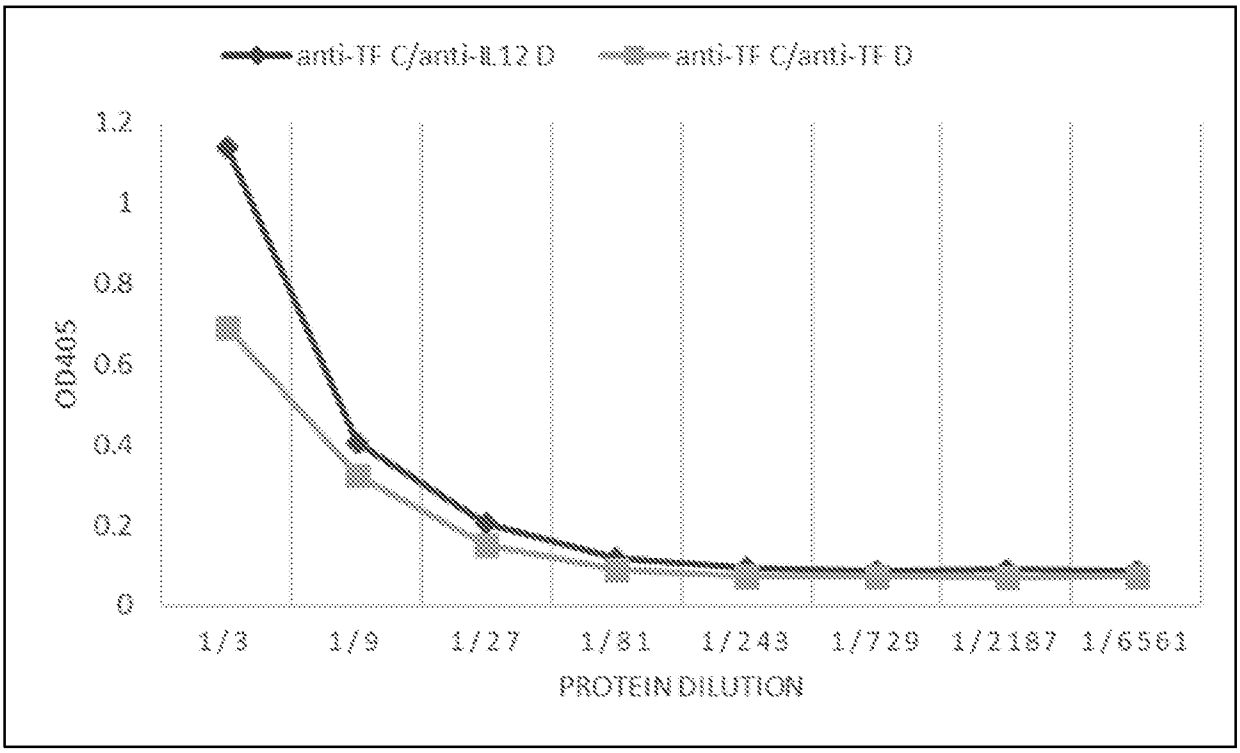

anti-TF C/anti-IL12 D
anti-TF C/anti-TF D
OD405
1.2
1
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0
1/3
1/9
1/27
1/81
1/243
1/729
1/2187
1/6561
PROTEIN DILUTION

Figure 39



Figure 40



Figure 41

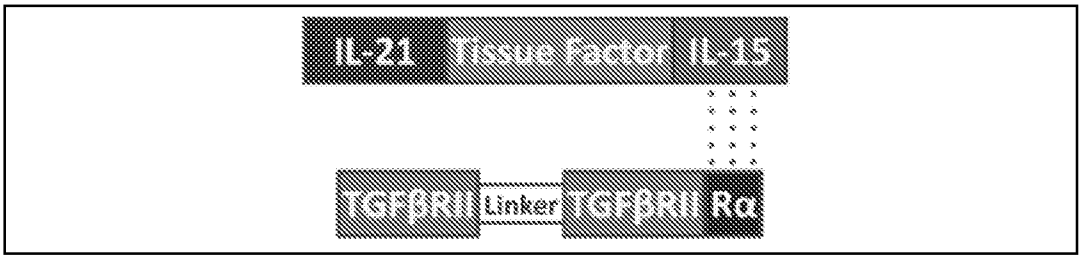


Figure 42

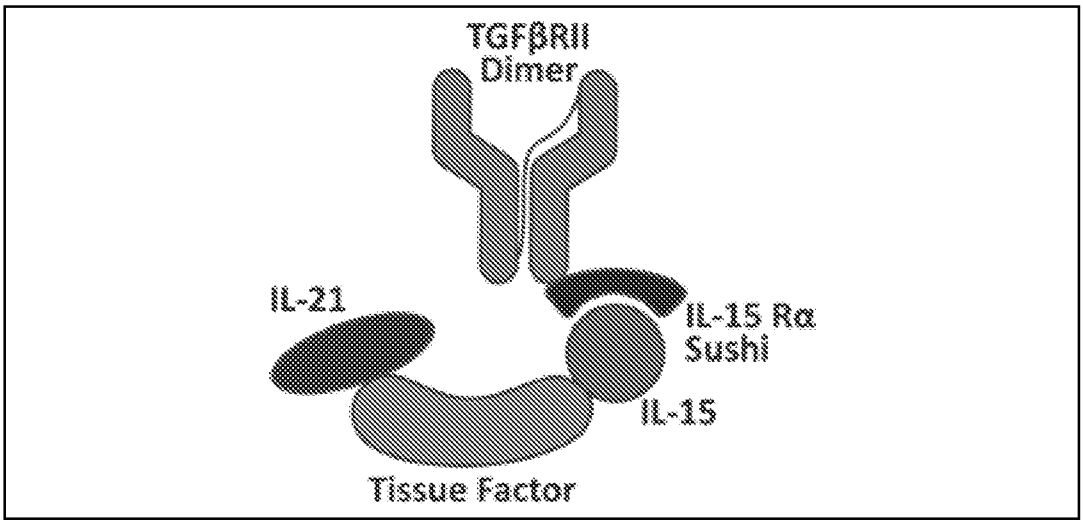


Figure 43

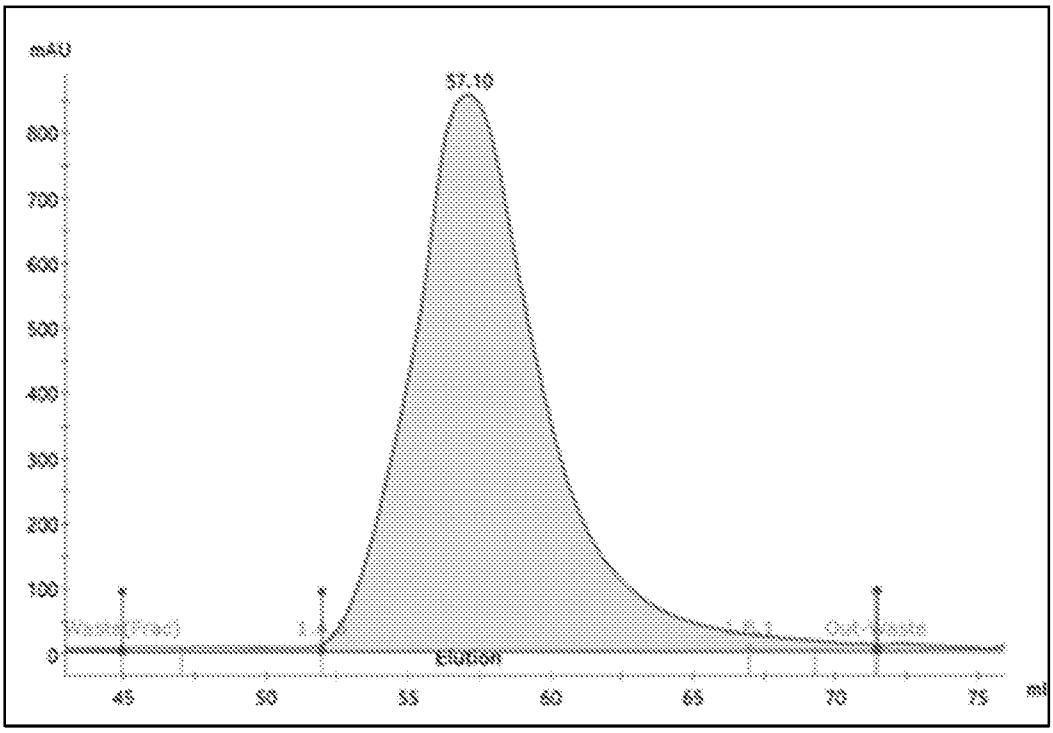


Figure 44

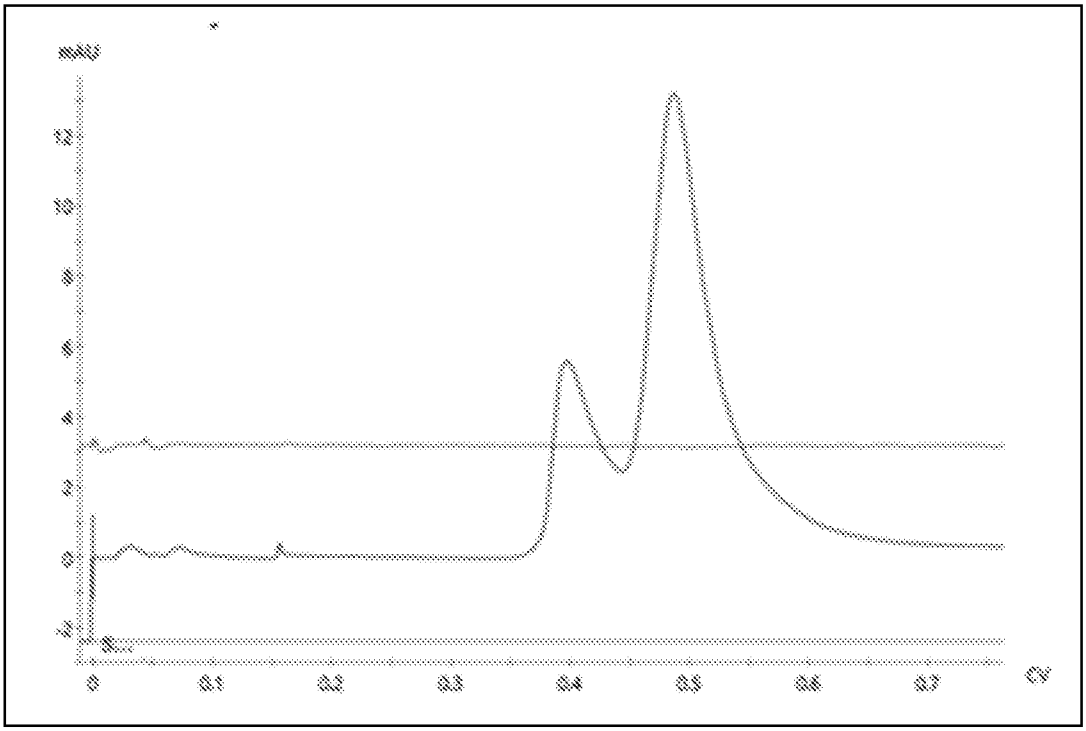


Figure 45

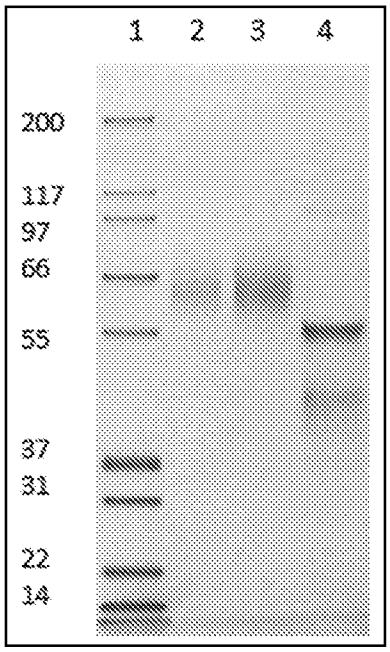


Figure 46

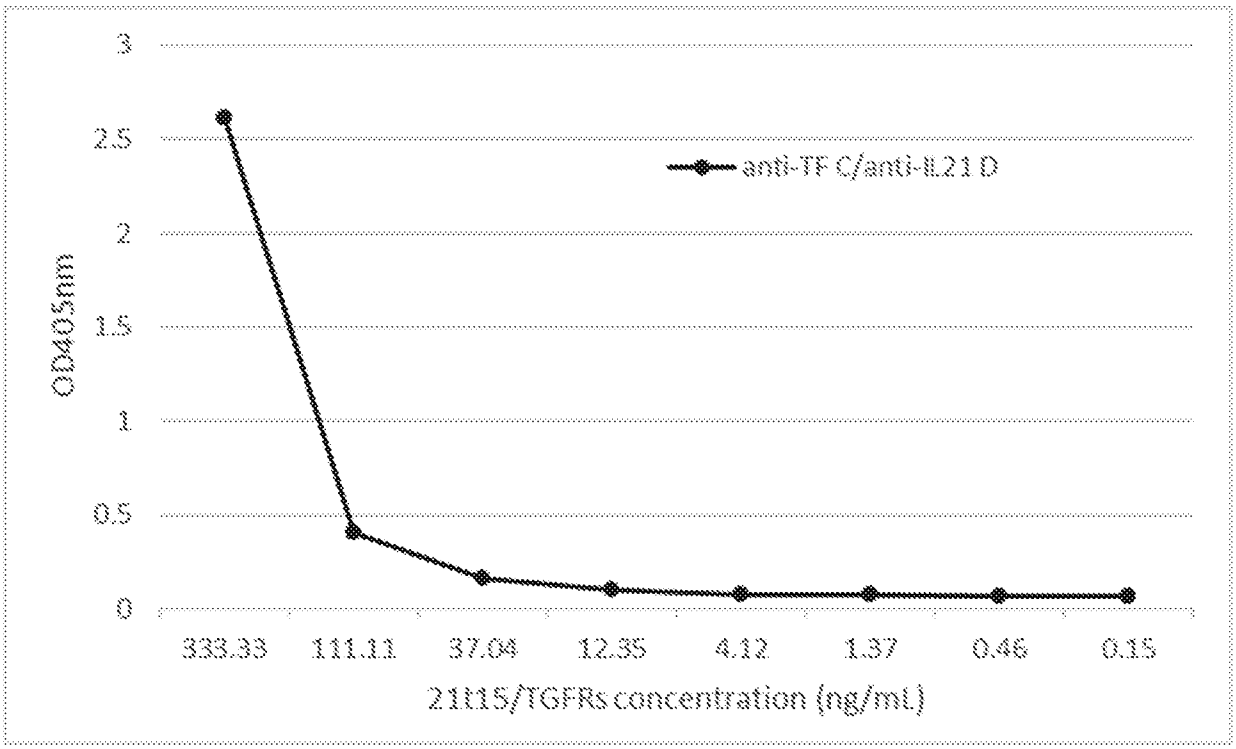


Figure 47

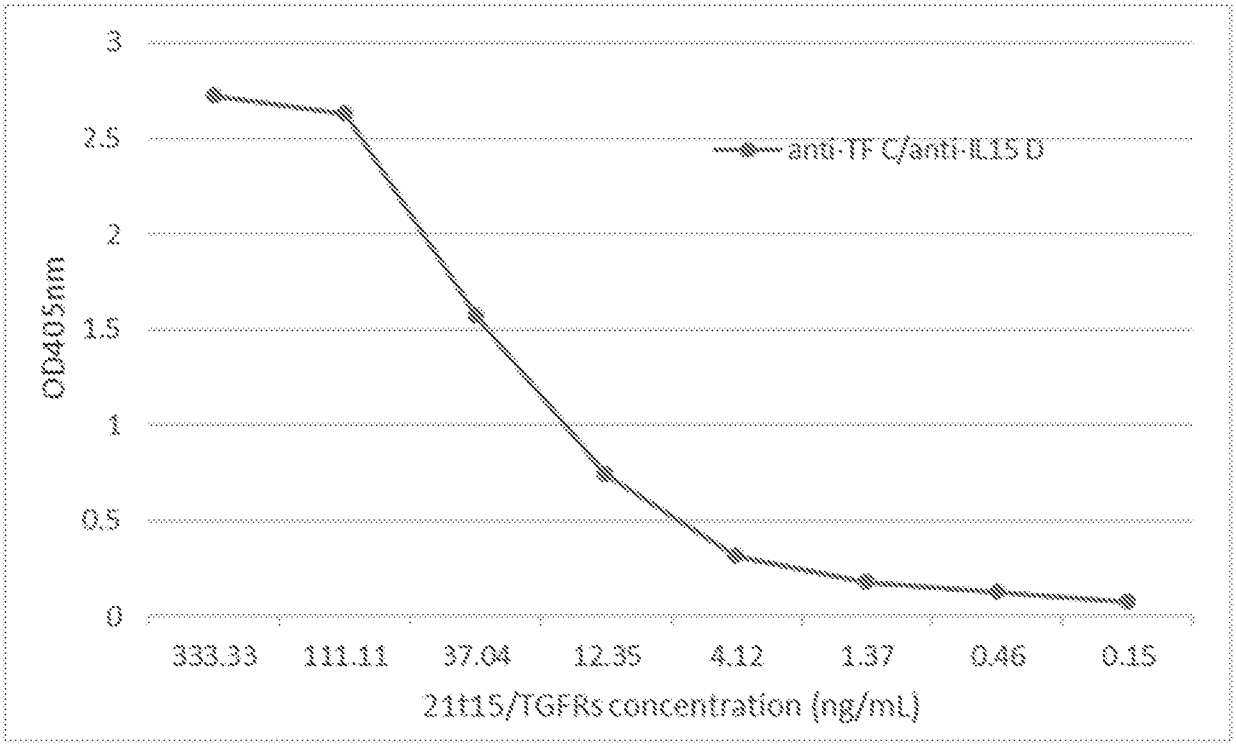


Figure 48

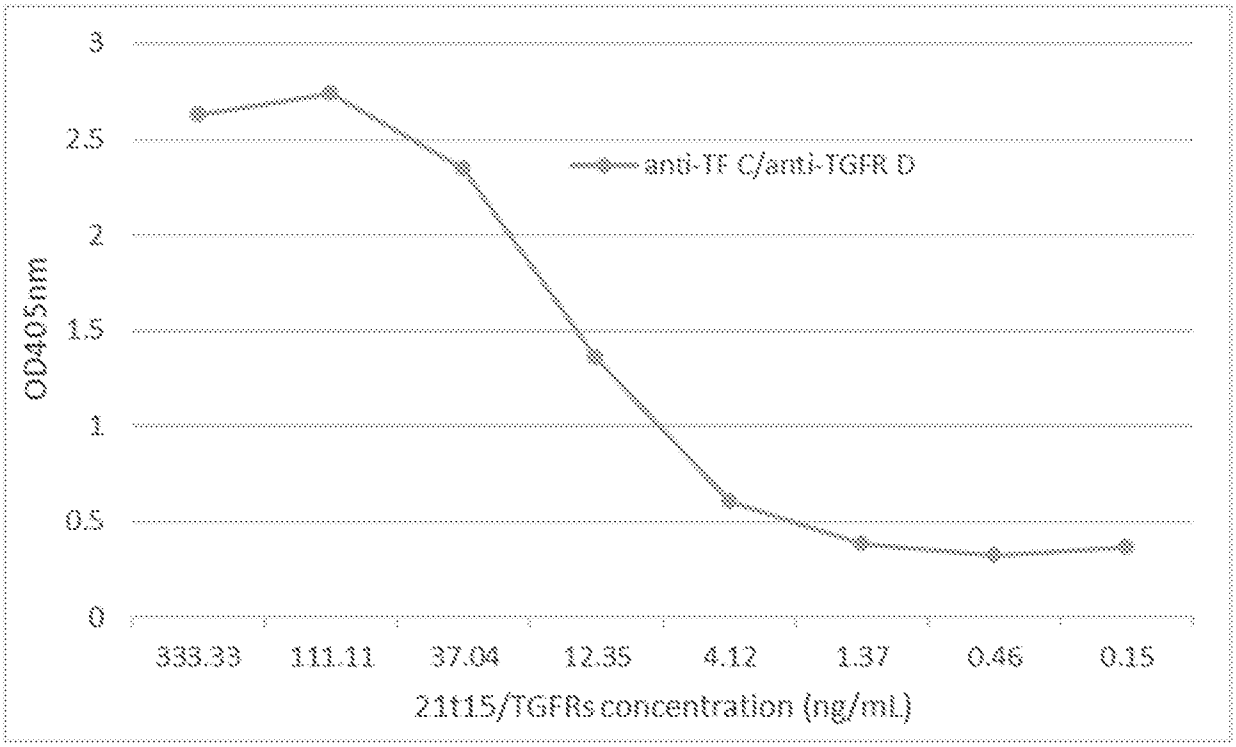


Figure 49

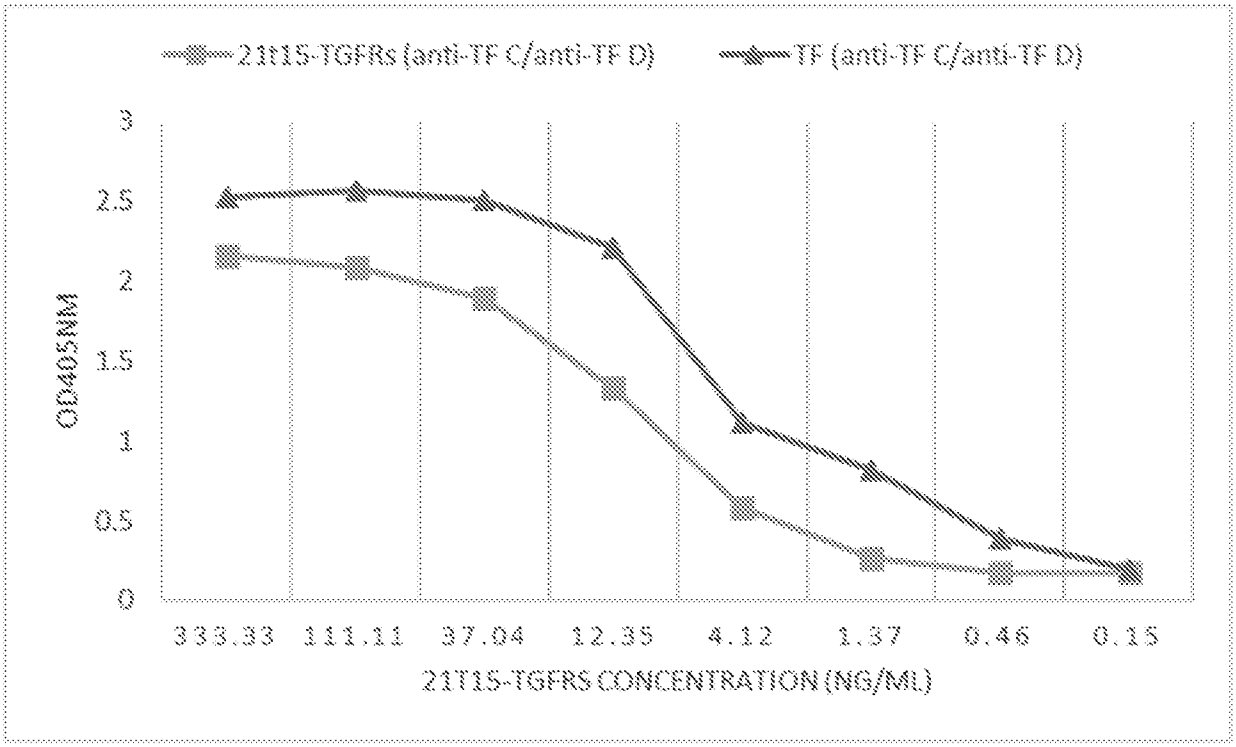

21T15-TGFRs (anti-TF C/anti-TF D)
TF (anti-TF C/anti-TF D)
OD405NM
3
2.5
2
1.5
1
0.5
0
333.33
111.11
37.04
12.35
4.12
1.37
0.46
0.15
21T15-TGFRS CONCENTRATION (NG/ML)

Figure 50

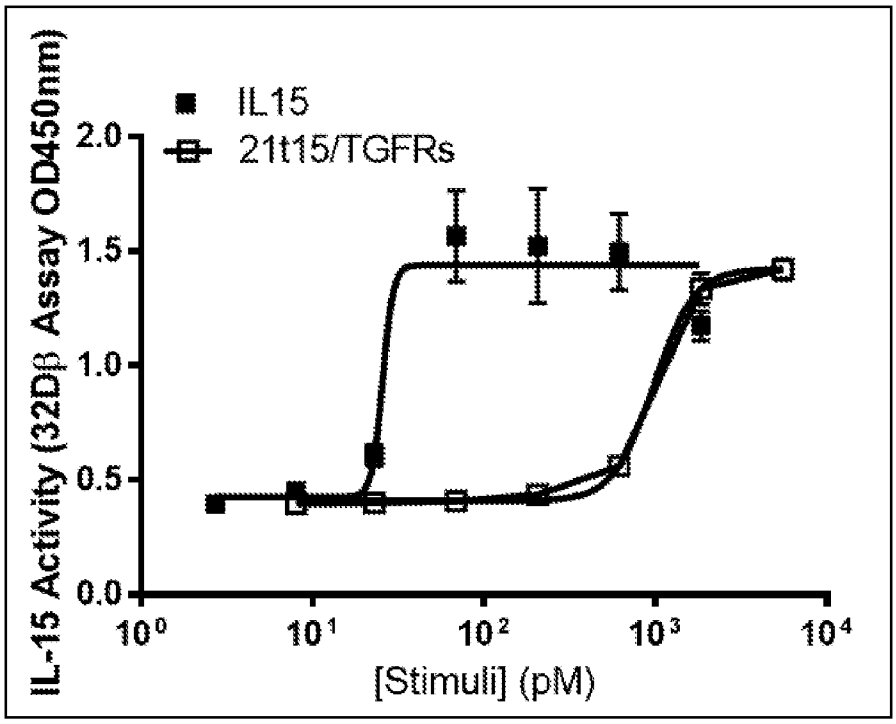


Figure 51

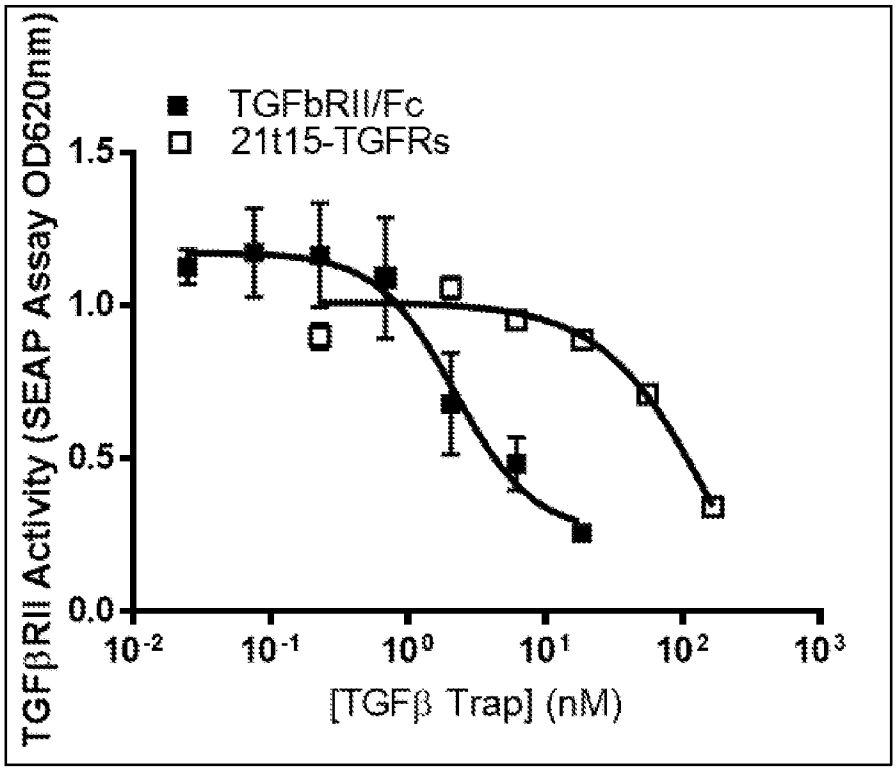


Figure 52

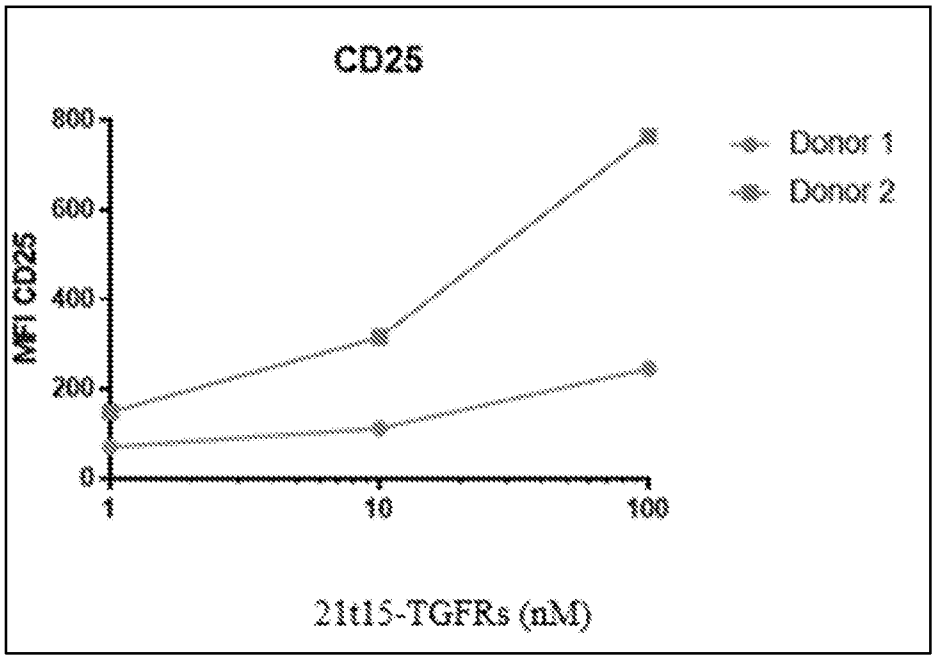


Figure 53

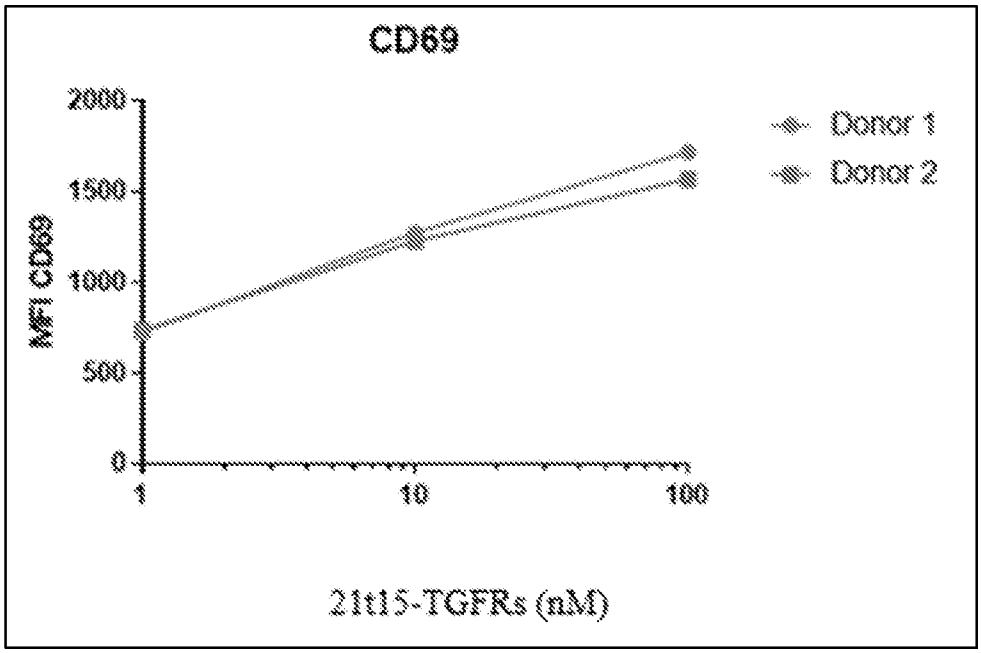


Figure 54

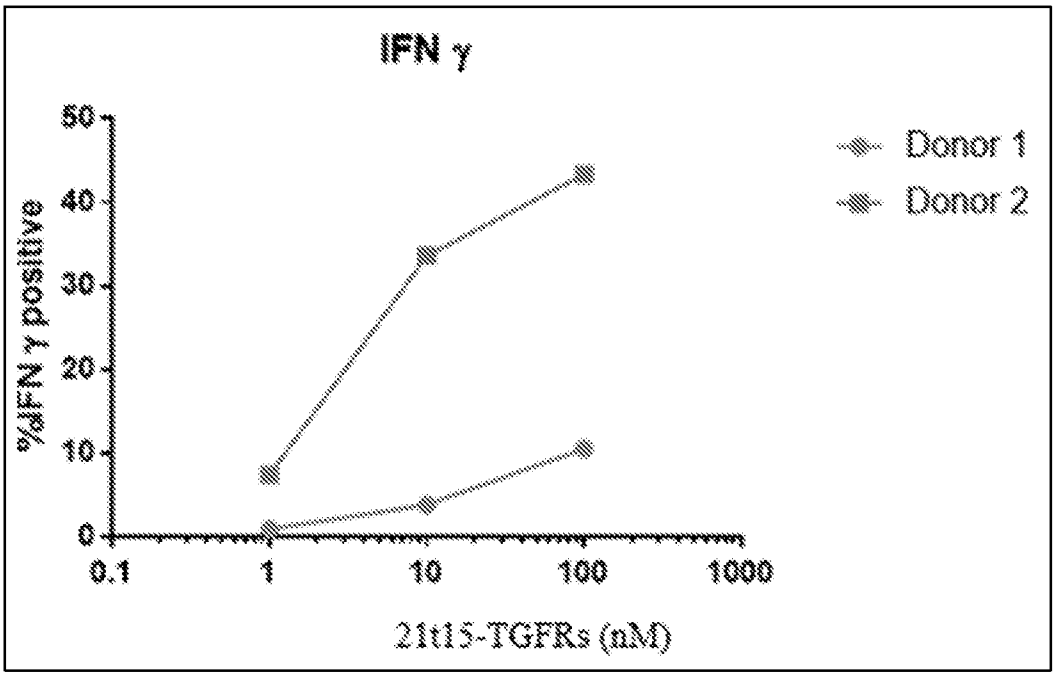


Figure 55

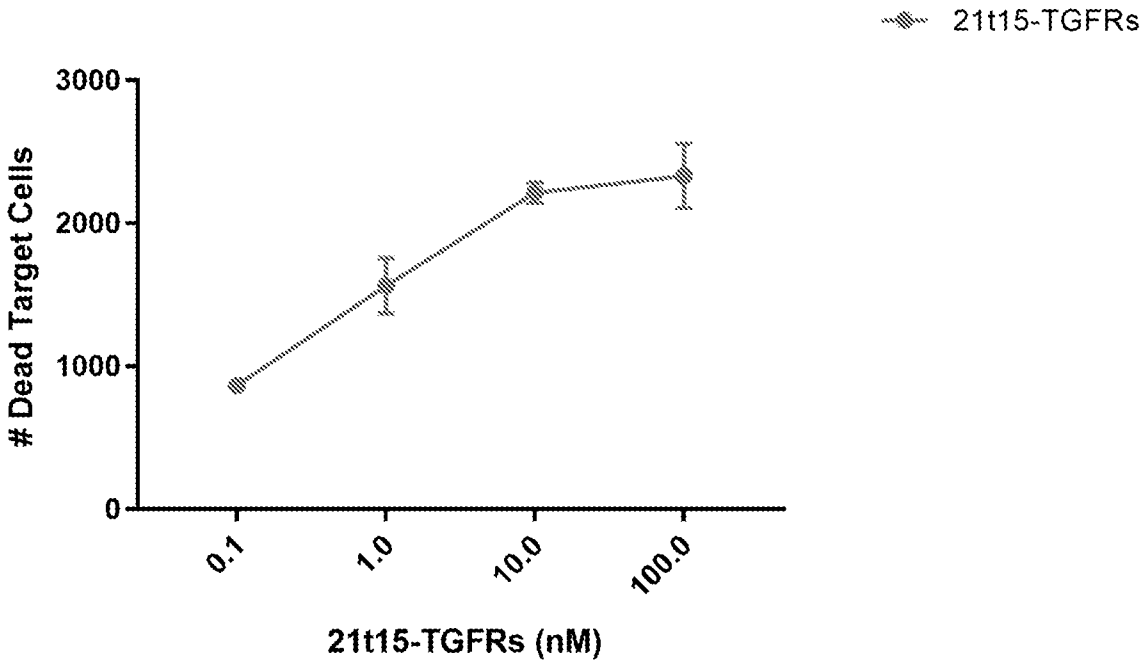


Figure 56

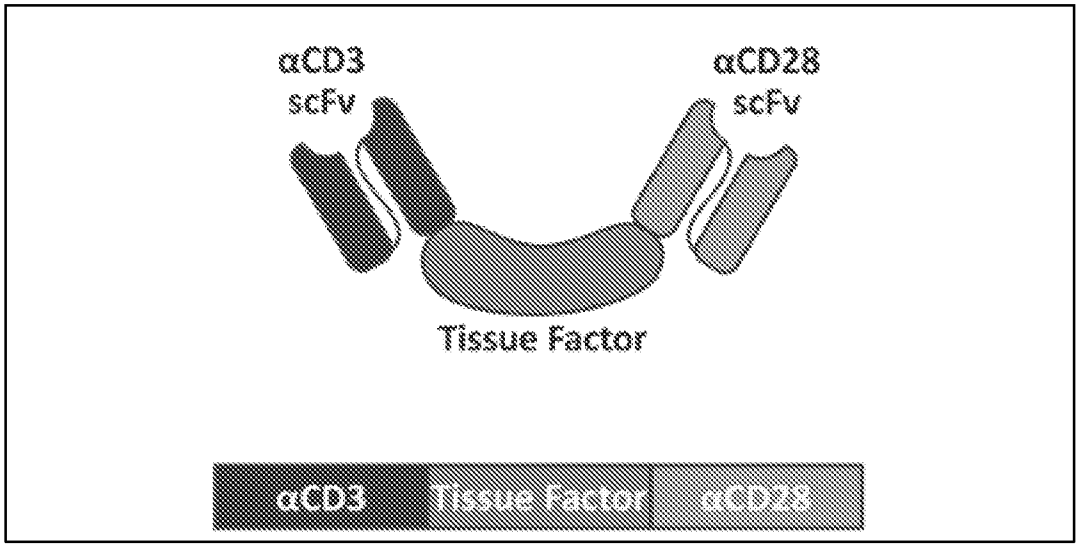

αCD3
scFv
αCD28
scFv
Tissue Factor
αCD3
Tissue Factor
αCD28

Figure 57

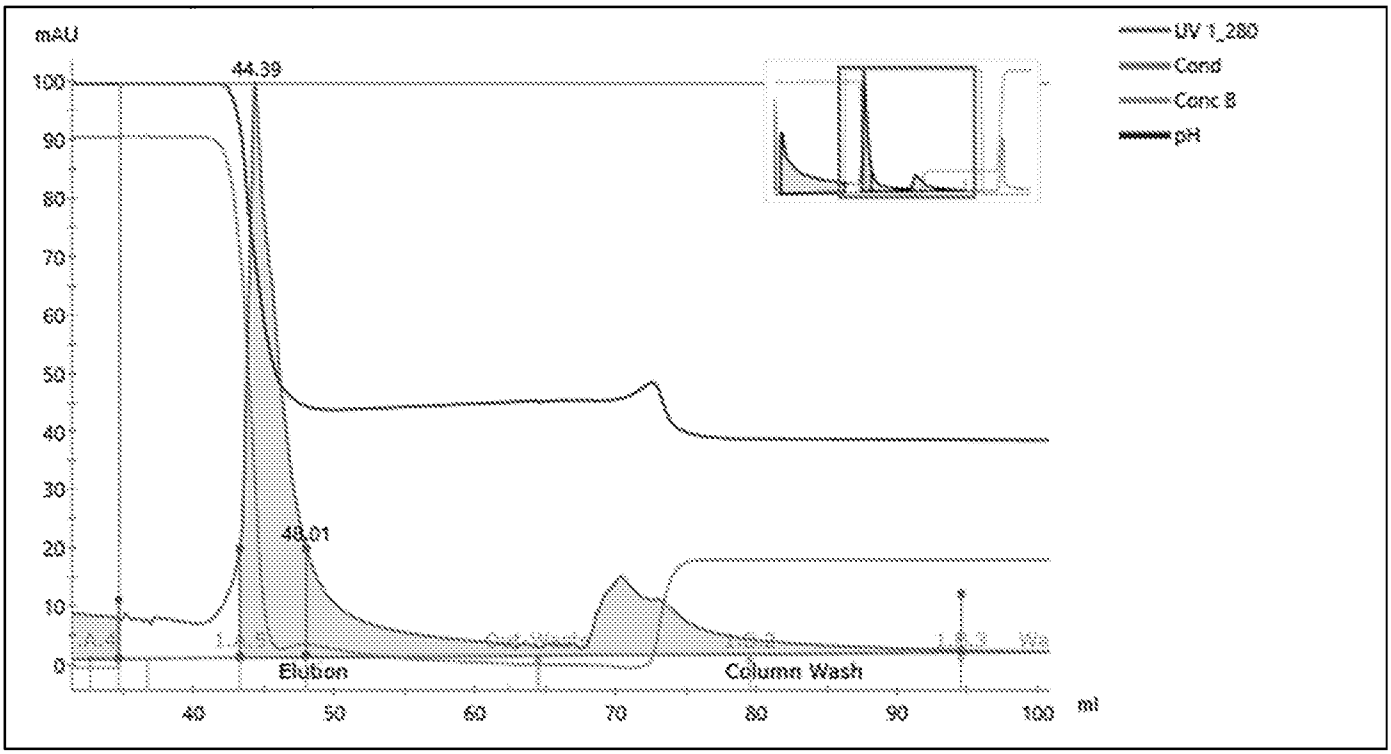

mAU
100
90
80
70
60
50
40
30
20
10
0
44.39
49.01
Elution
Column Wash
40
50
60
70
80
90
100
ml
UV 1_280
Cond
Conc B
pH

Figure 58

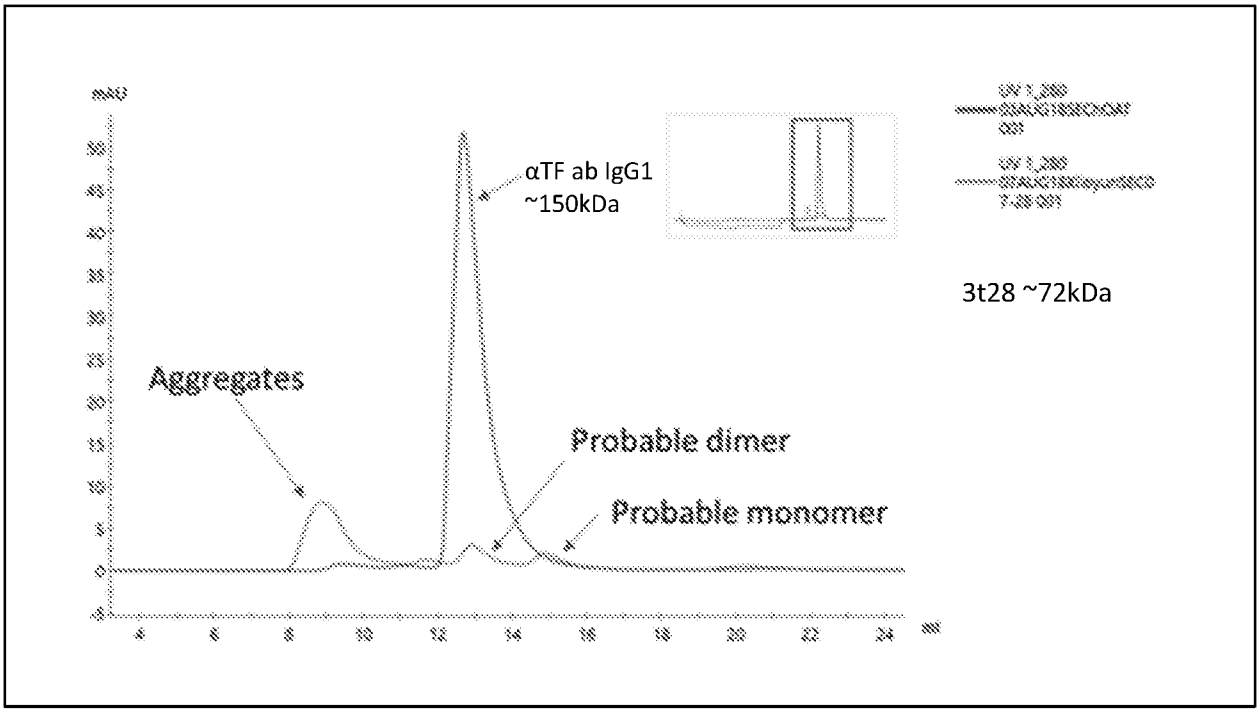

αTF ab IgG1
~150kDa
3t28 ~72kDa
Aggregates
Probable dimer
Probable monomer

Figure 59

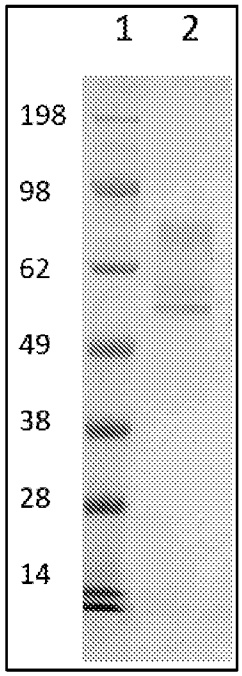


Figure 60

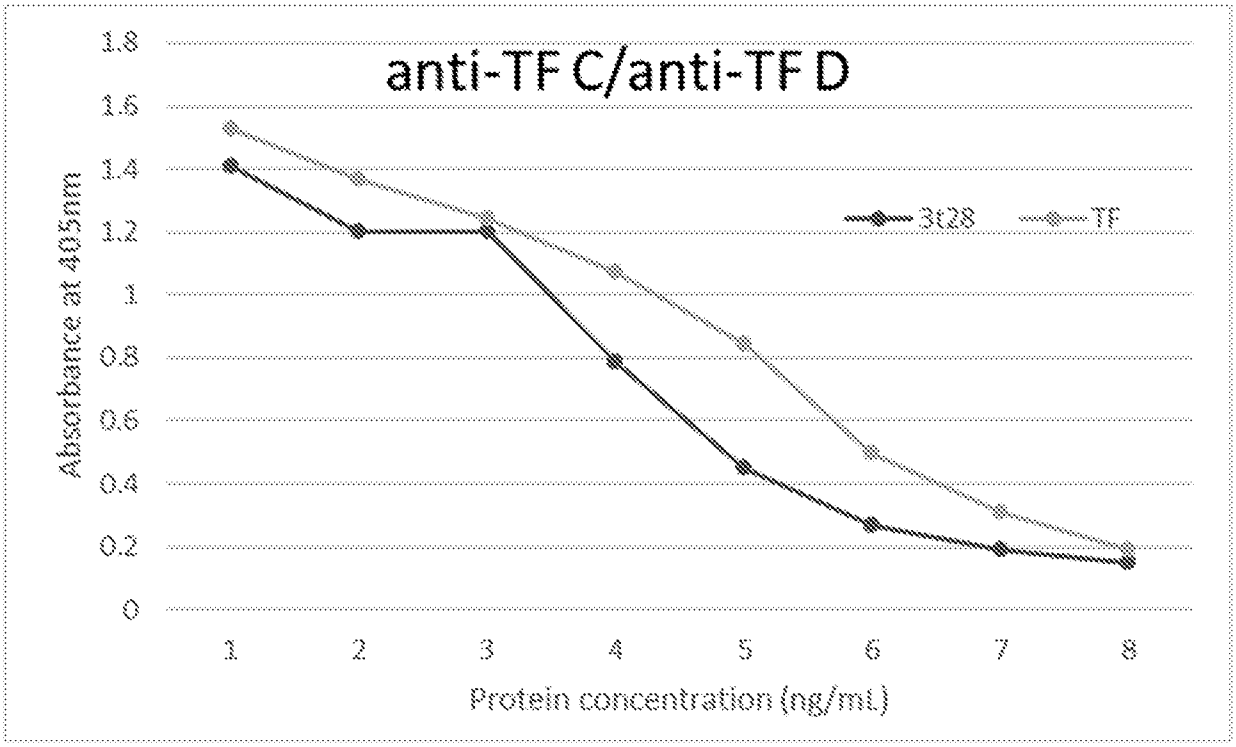


Figure 61

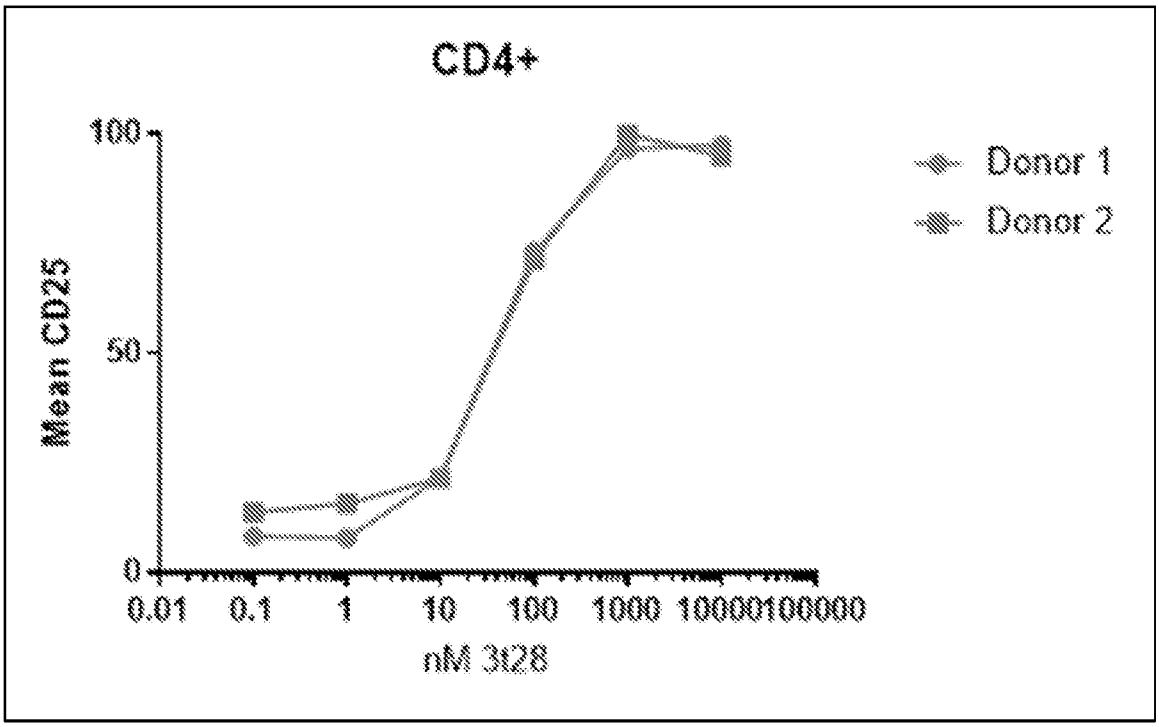


Figure 62

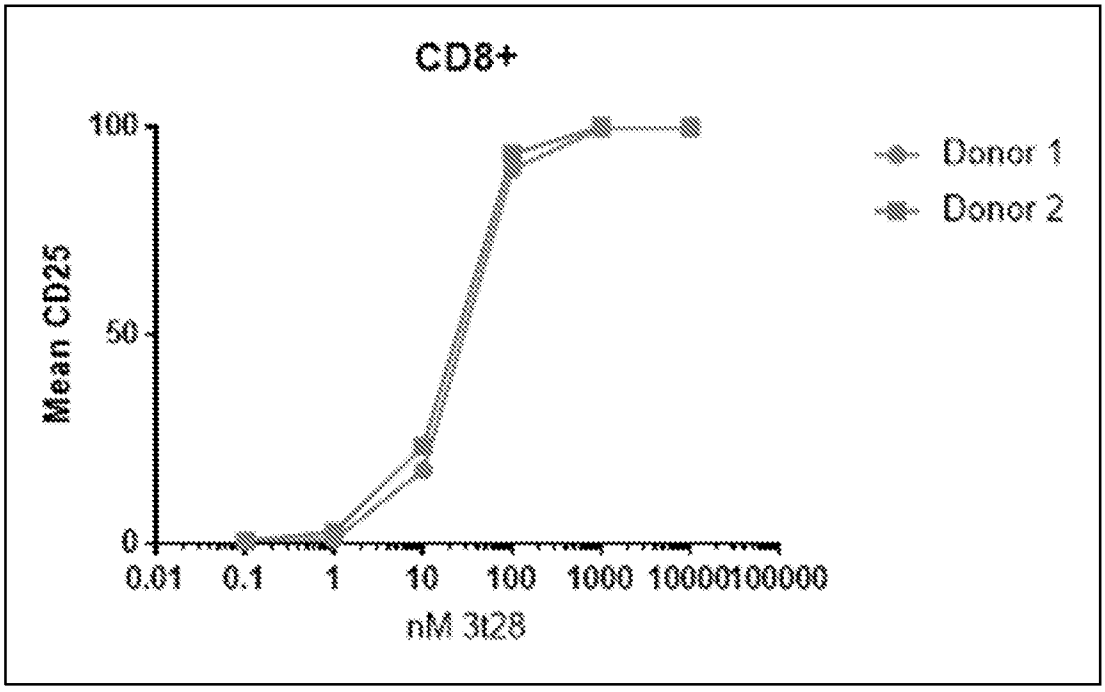


Figure 63

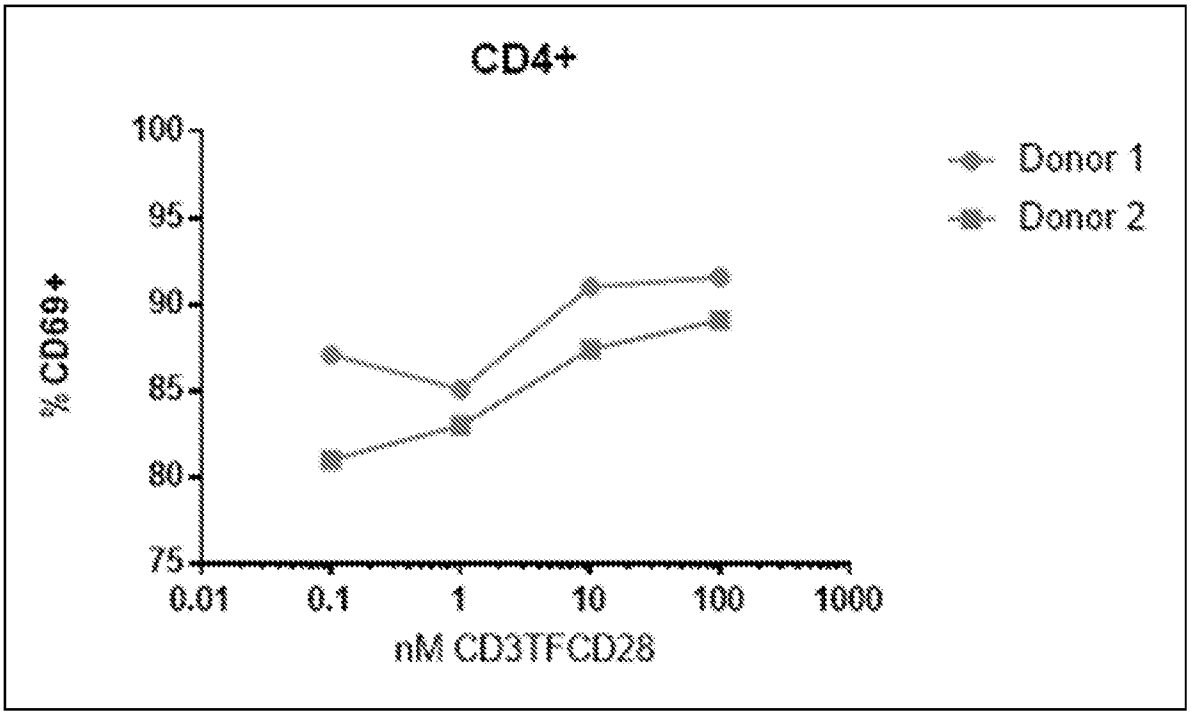

CD4+
100
95
90
85
80
75
% CD69+
0.01
0.1
1
10
100
1000
nM CD3TFCD28
Donor 1
Donor 2

Figure 64



Figure 65

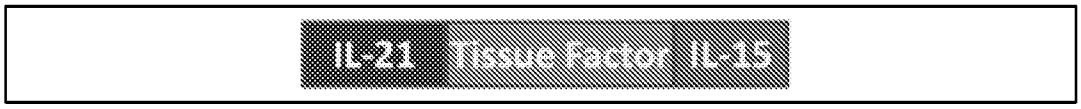


Figure 66

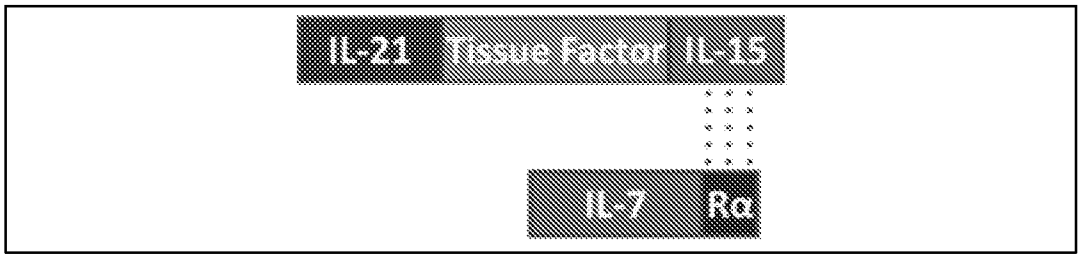


Figure 67

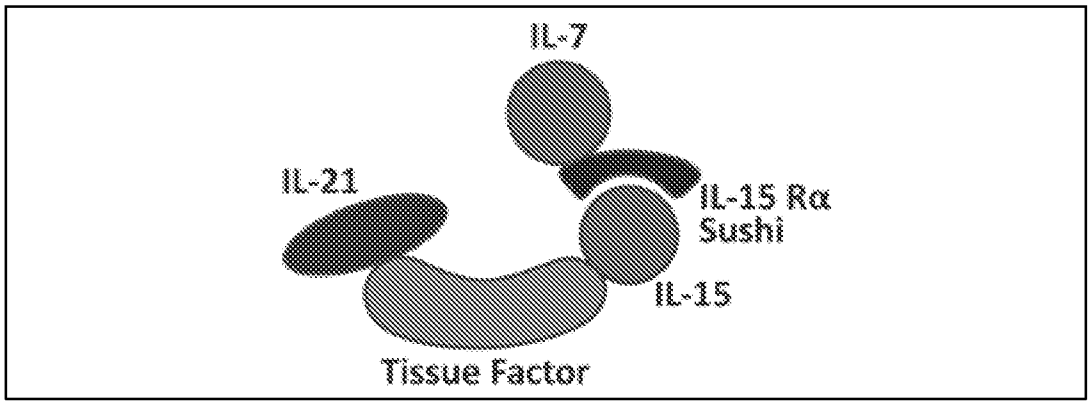


Figure 68

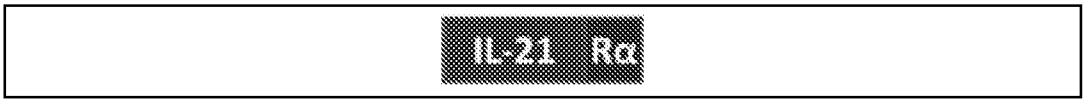


Figure 69

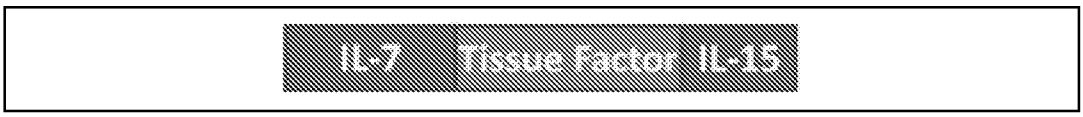


Figure 70

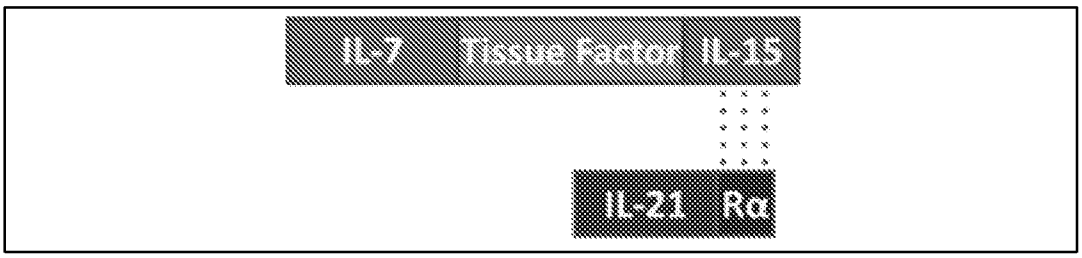


Figure 71

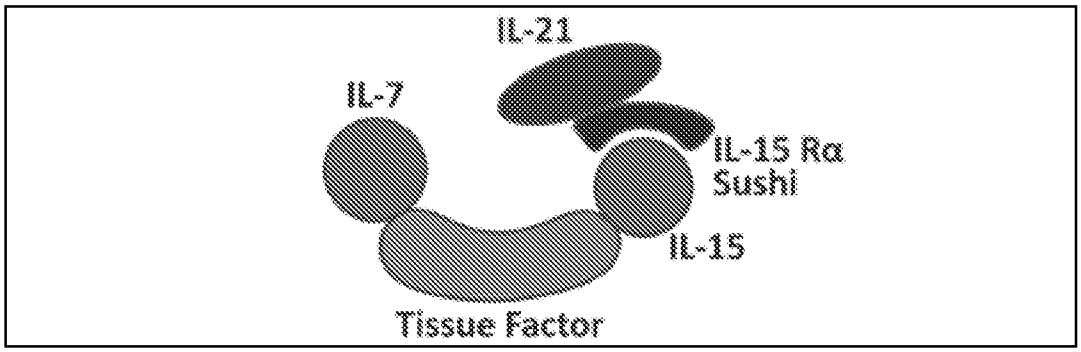


Figure 72

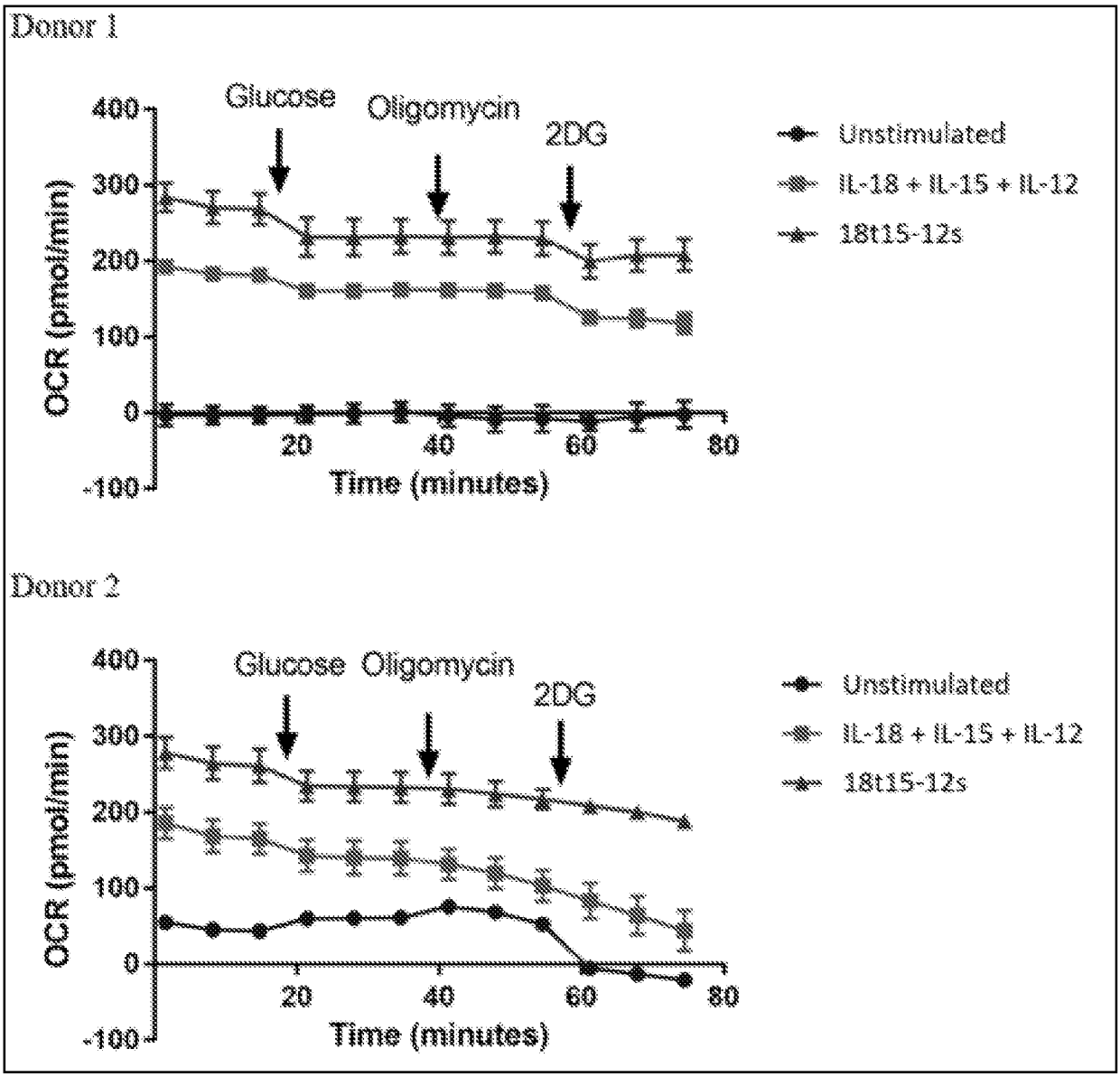

Donor 1
Glucose
Oligomycin
2DG
OCR (pmol/min)
400
300
200
100
0
-100
20
40
60
80
Time (minutes)
Unstimulated
IL-18 + IL-15 + IL-12
18t15-12s
Donor 2
Glucose
Oligomycin
2DG
OCR (pmol/min)
400
300
200
100
0
-100
20
40
60
80
Time (minutes)
Unstimulated
IL-18 + IL-15 + IL-12
18t15-12s

Figure 73

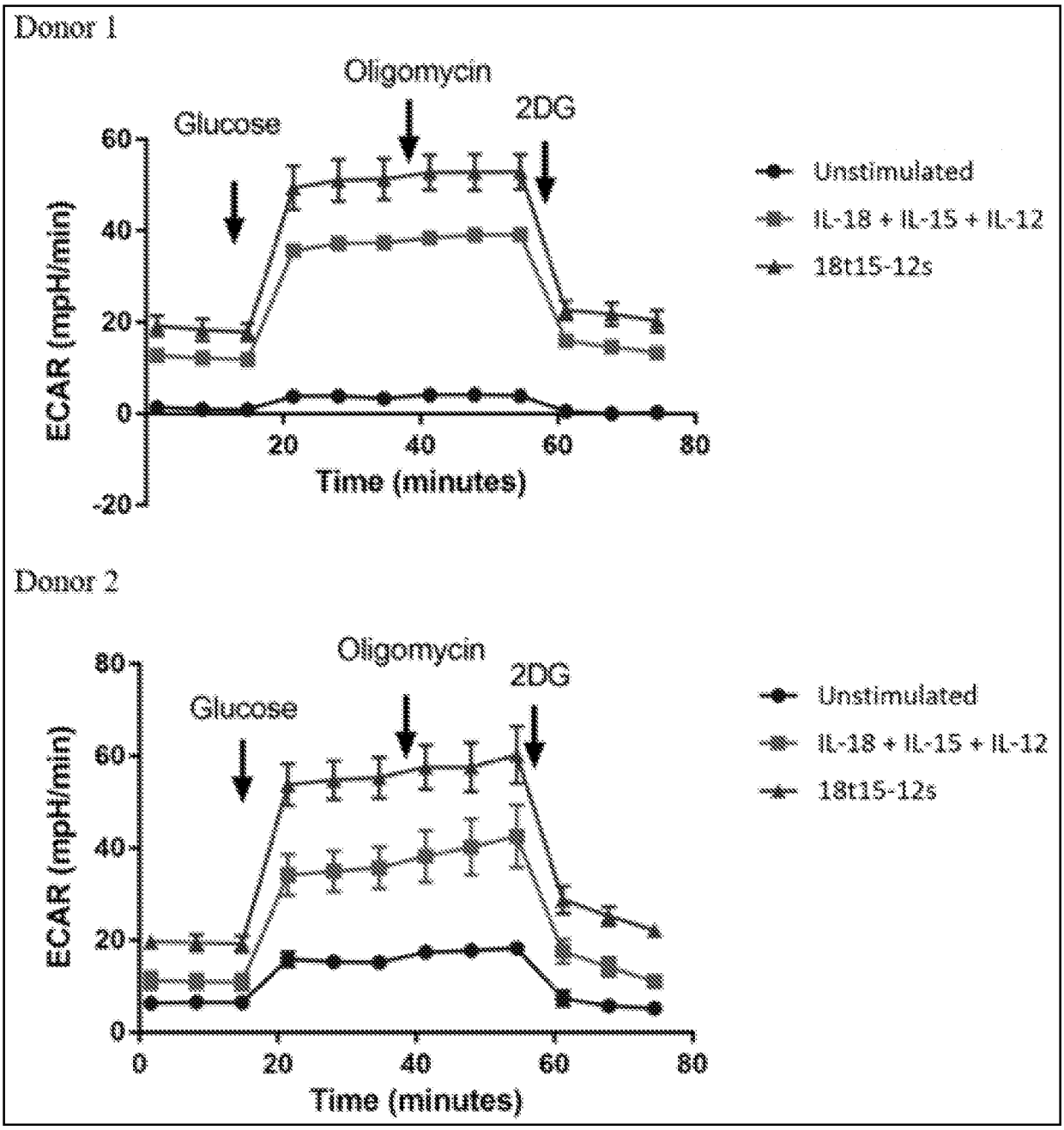

Donor 1
Oligomycin
2DG
Glucose
ECAR (mpH/min)
Time (minutes)
Unstimulated
IL-18 + IL-15 + IL-12
18t15-12s
Donor 2
Oligomycin
2DG
Glucose
ECAR (mpH/min)
Time (minutes)
Unstimulated
IL-18 + IL-15 + IL-12
18t15-12s

Figure 74

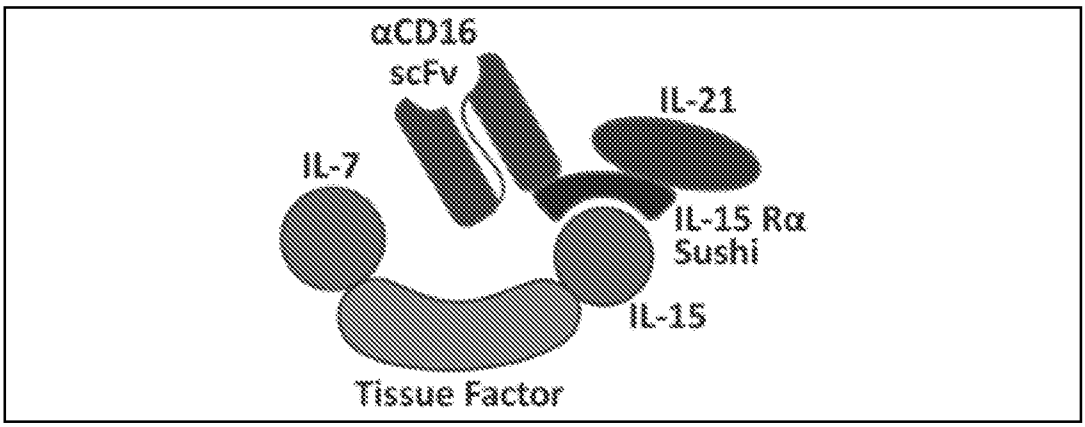


Figure 75

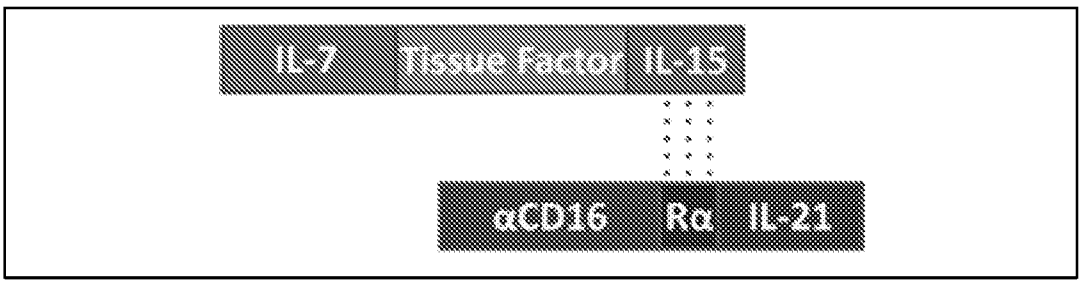


Figure 76

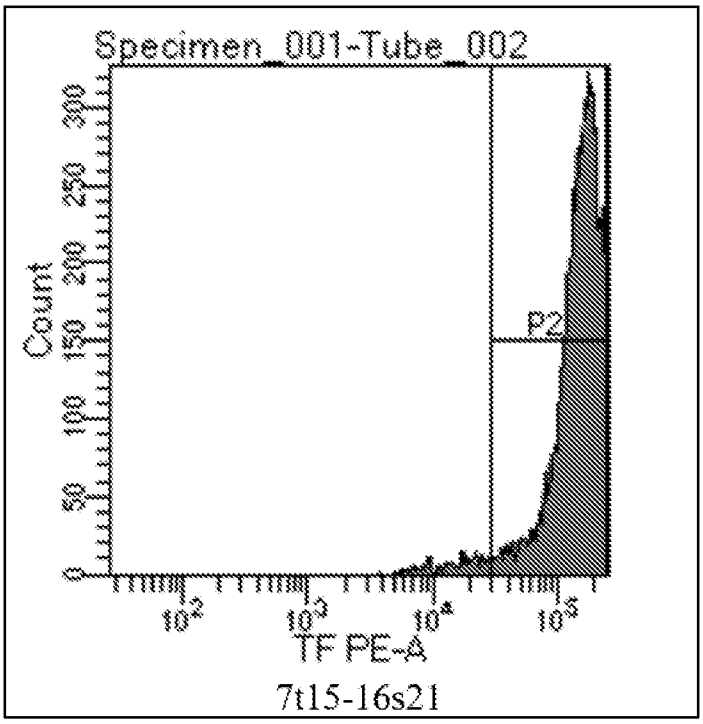


Figure 77A

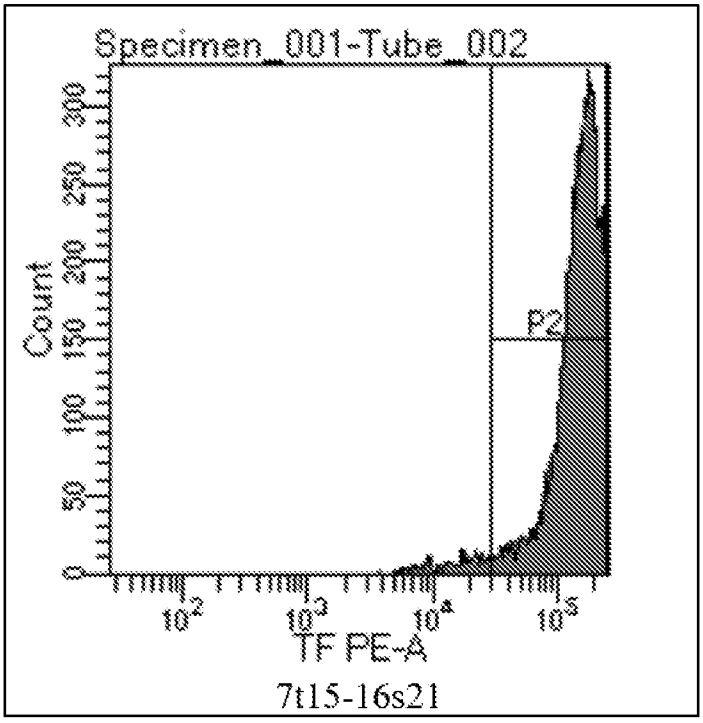


Figure 77B

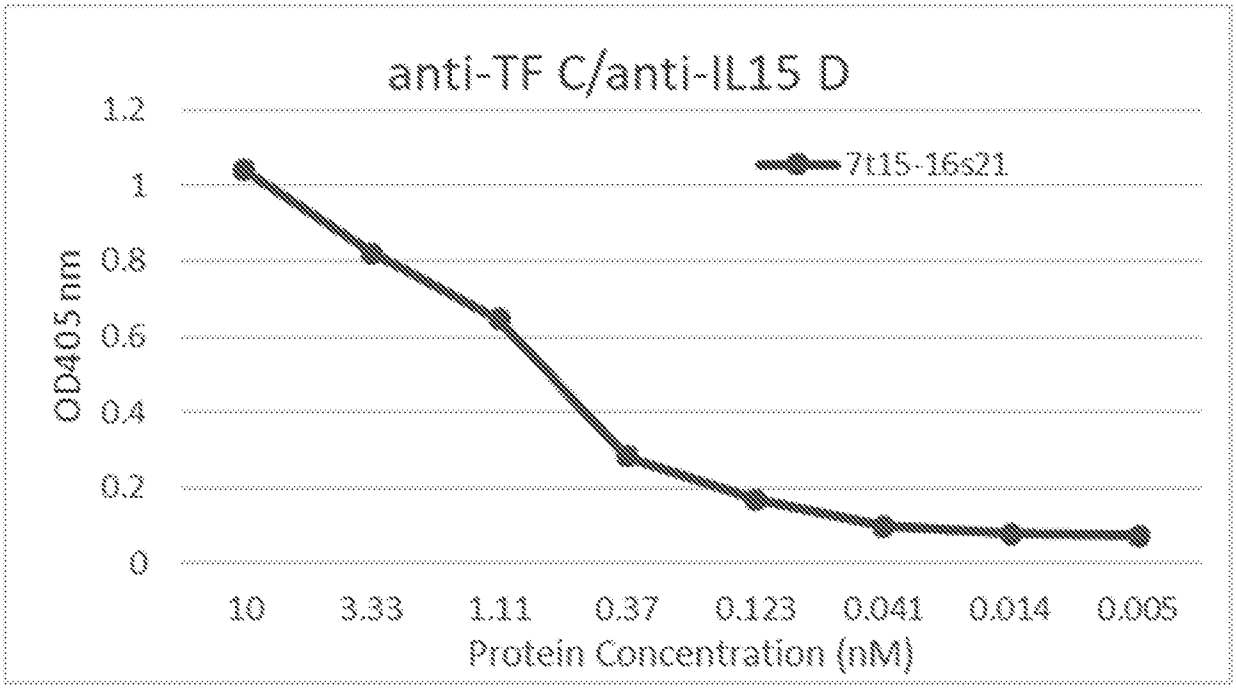


Figure 78A

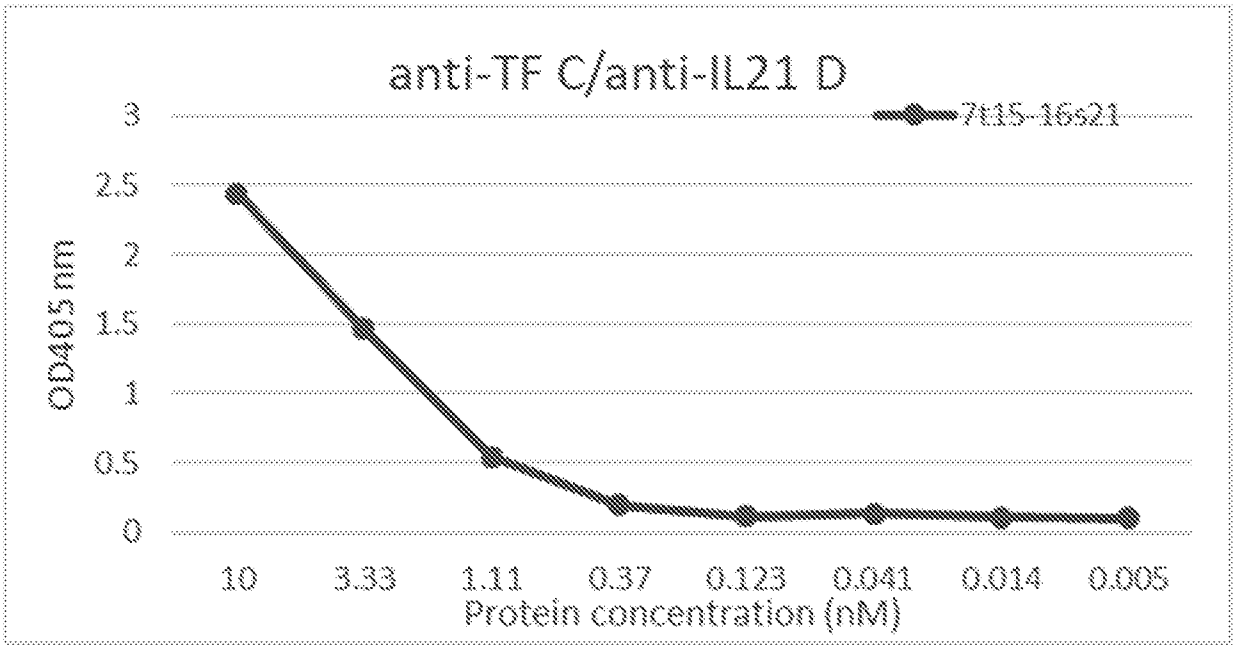


Figure 78B

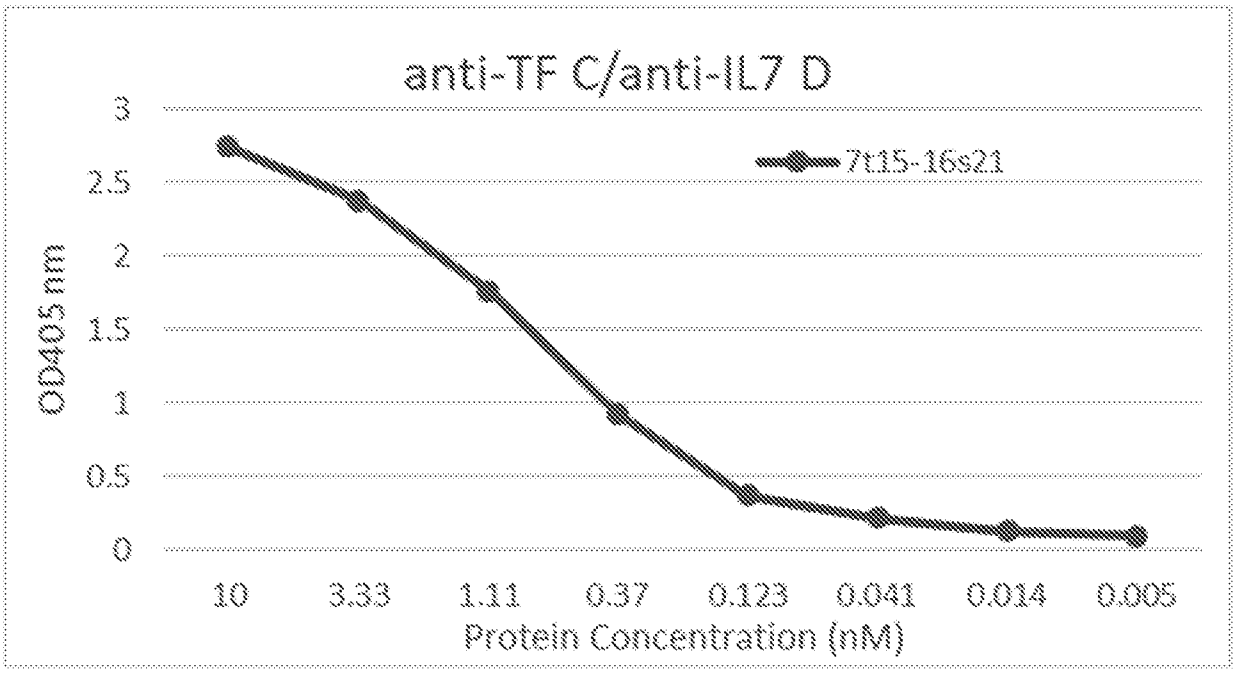

anti-TF C/anti-IL7 D
7t15-16s21
OD405 nm
3
2.5
2
1.5
1
0.5
0
10
3.33
1.11
0.37
0.123
0.041
0.014
0.005
Protein Concentration (nM)

Figure 78C

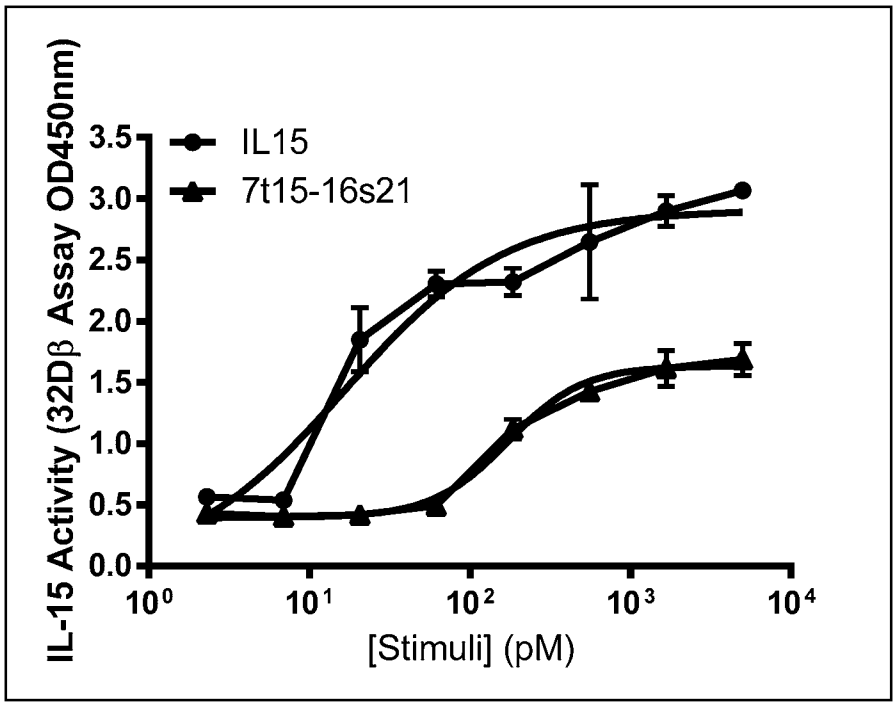

IL-15 Activity (32Dβ Assay OD450nm)
3.5
3.0
2.5
2.0
1.5
1.0
0.5
0.0
IL15
7t15-16s21
10⁰
10¹
10²
10³
10⁴
[Stimuli] (pM)

Figure 79

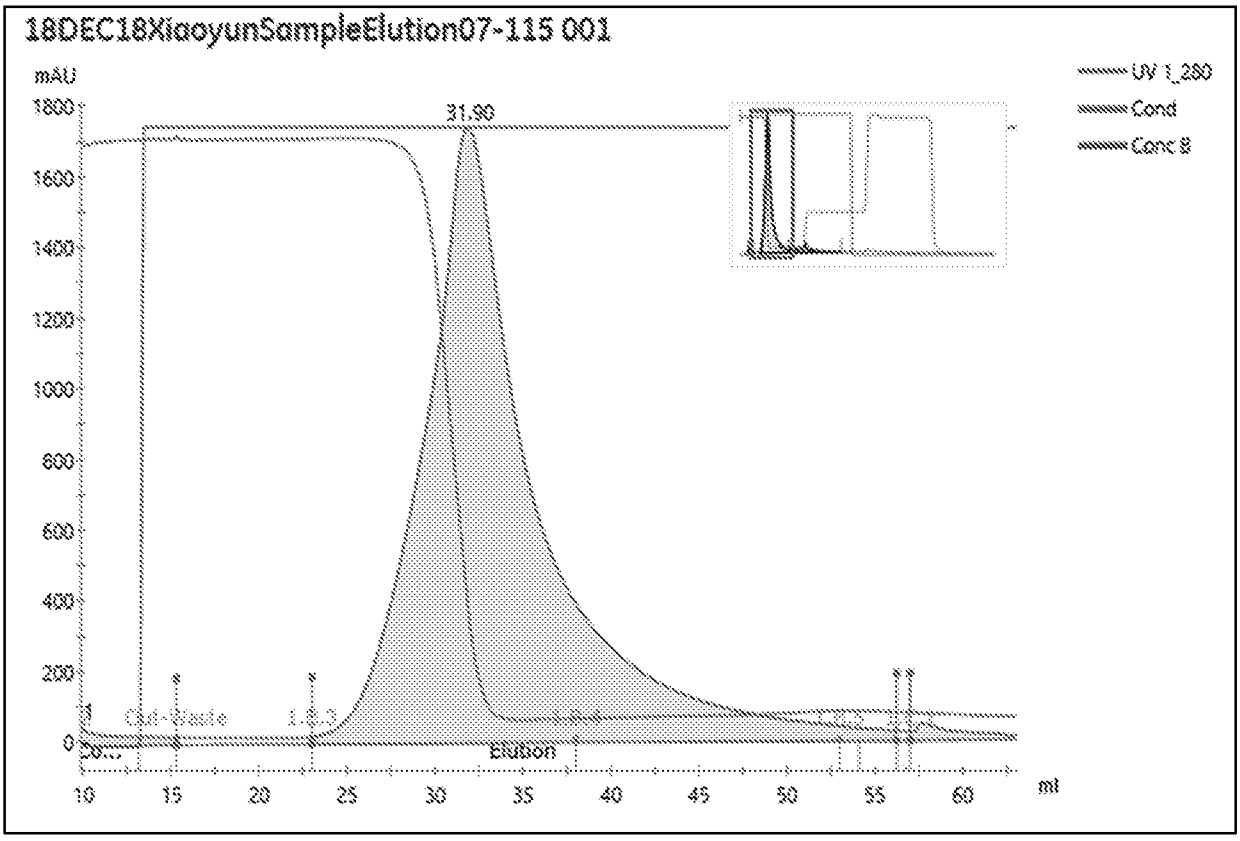

18DEC18XiaoyunSampleElution07-115 001
mAU
1800
1600
1400
1200
1000
800
600
400
200
0
31.90
UV 1_280
Cond
Conc B
Elution
10
15
20
25
30
35
40
45
50
55
60
ml

Figure 80

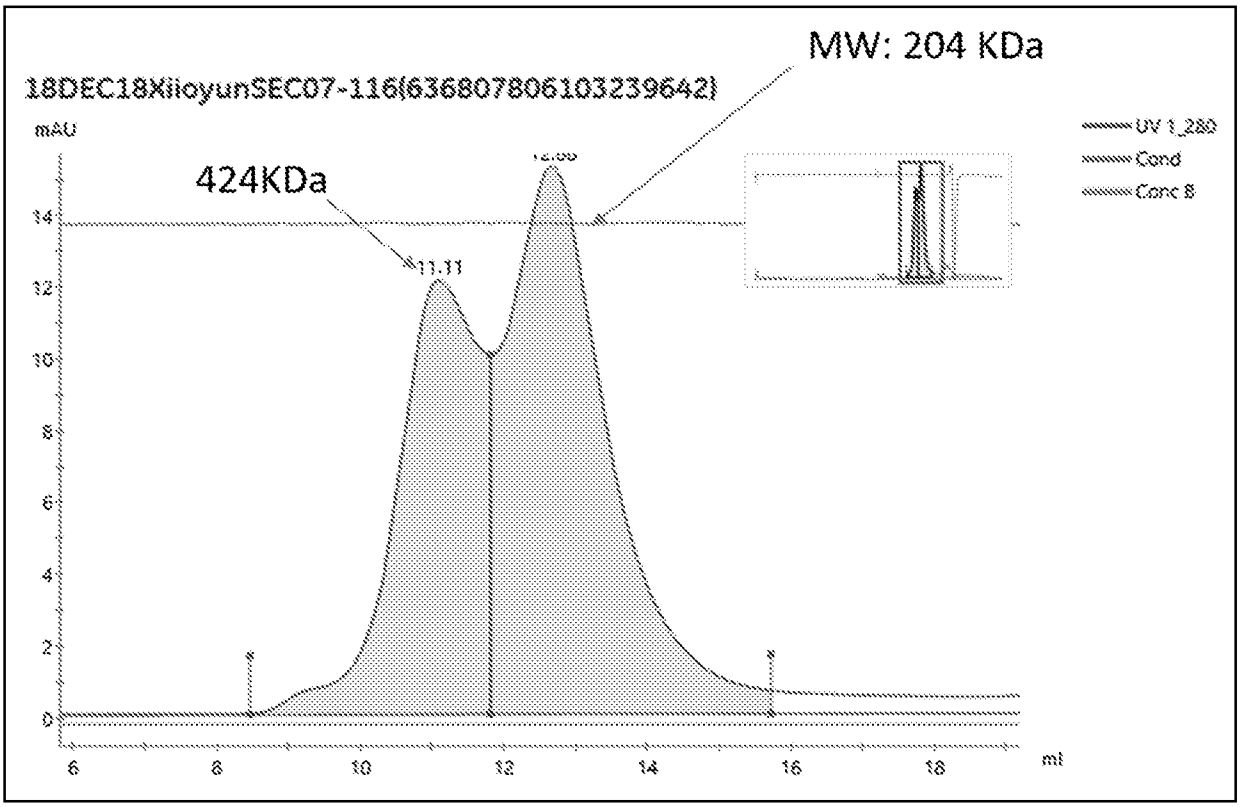

MW: 204 KDa
18DEC18XiloyunSEC07-116(6368078061032396 42)
mAU
424KDa
11.11
UV 1_280
Cond
Conc B
14
12
10
8
6
4
2
0
6
8
10
12
14
16
18
ml

Figure 81

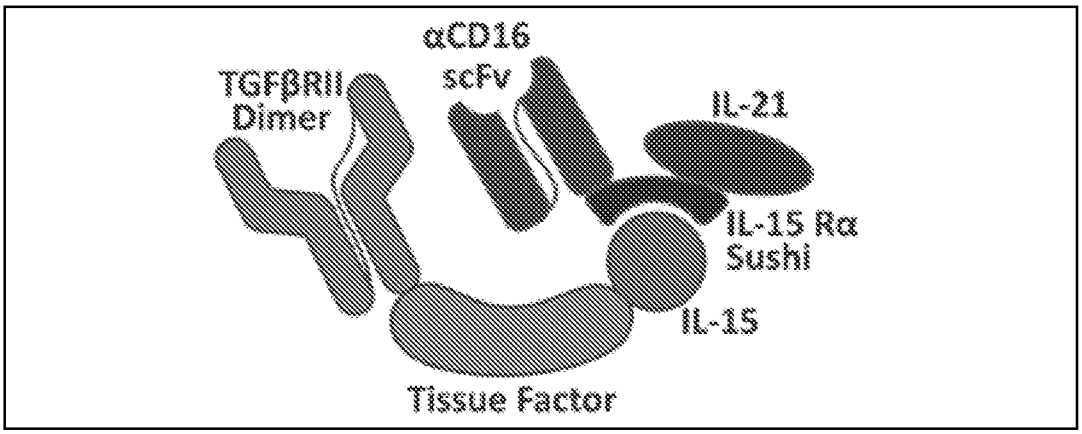


Figure 82

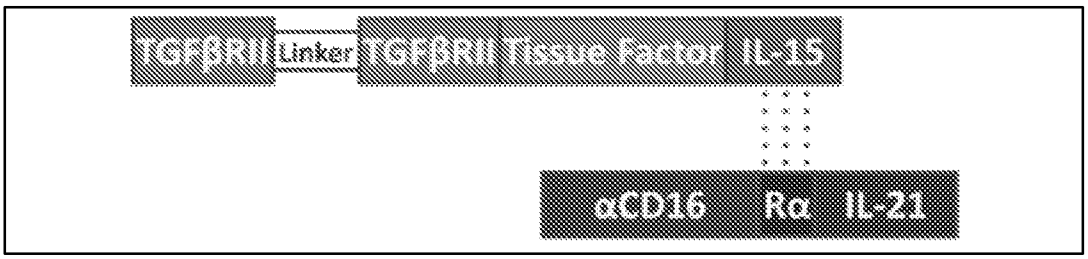


Figure 83

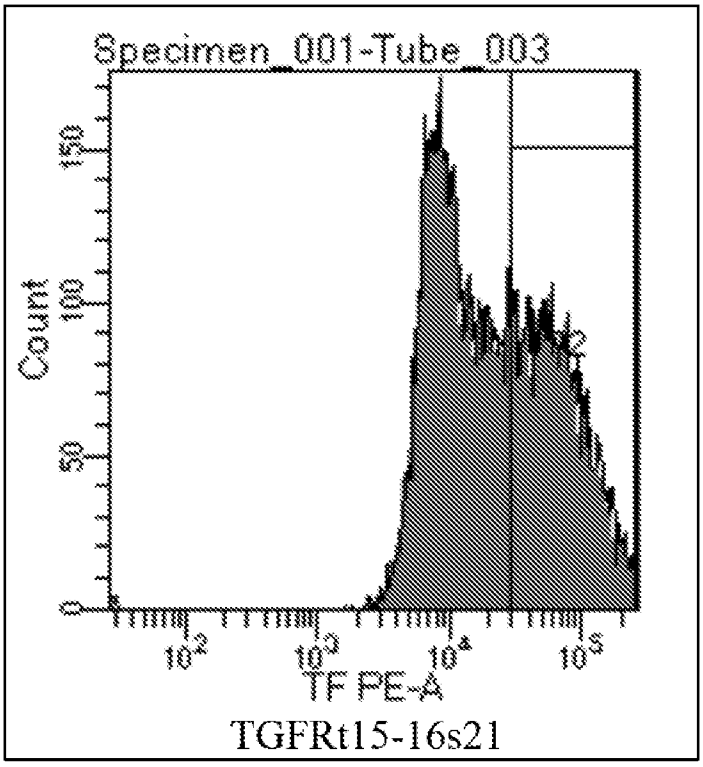

Specimen_001-Tube_003
Count
150
100
50
0
10^2
10^3
10^4
10^5
TF PE-A
TGFRt15-16s21

Figure 84A

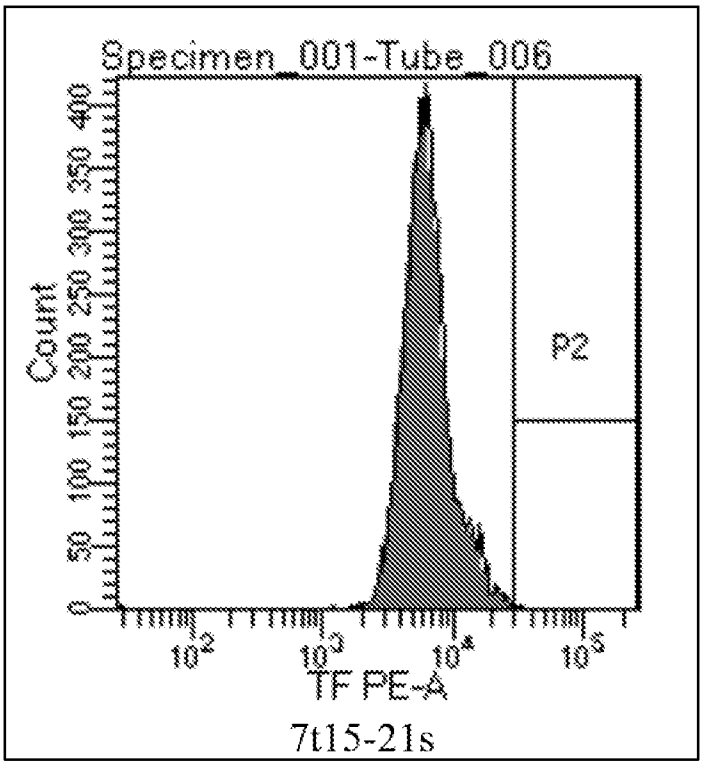


Figure 84B

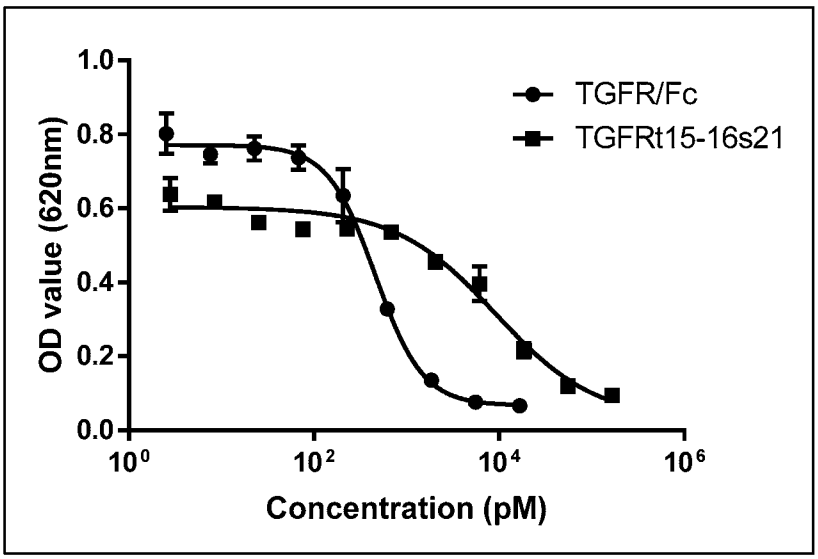


Figure 85

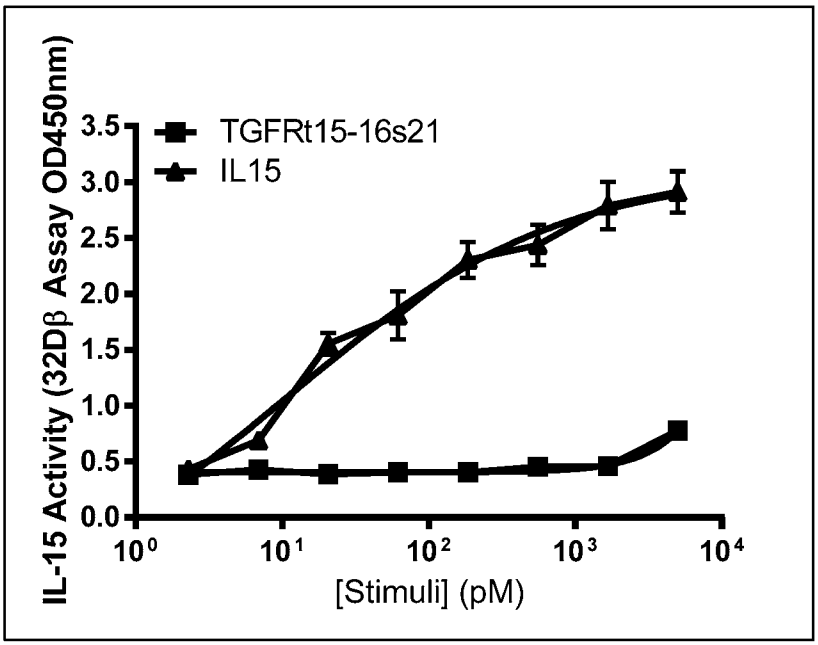


Figure 86

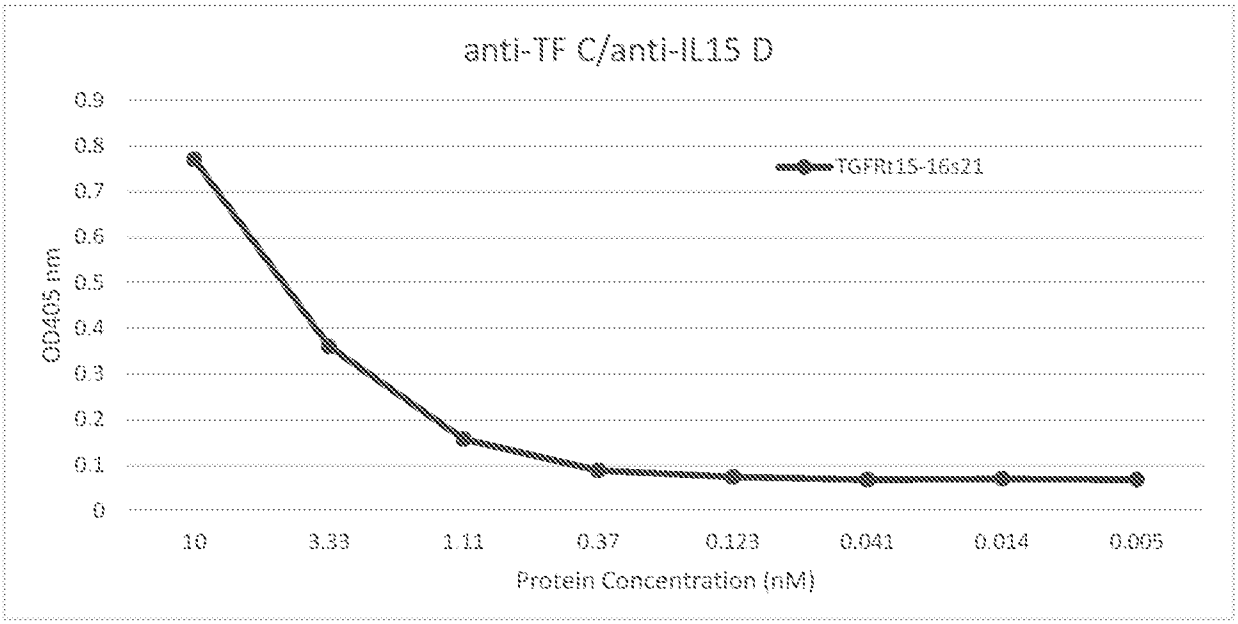


Figure 87A

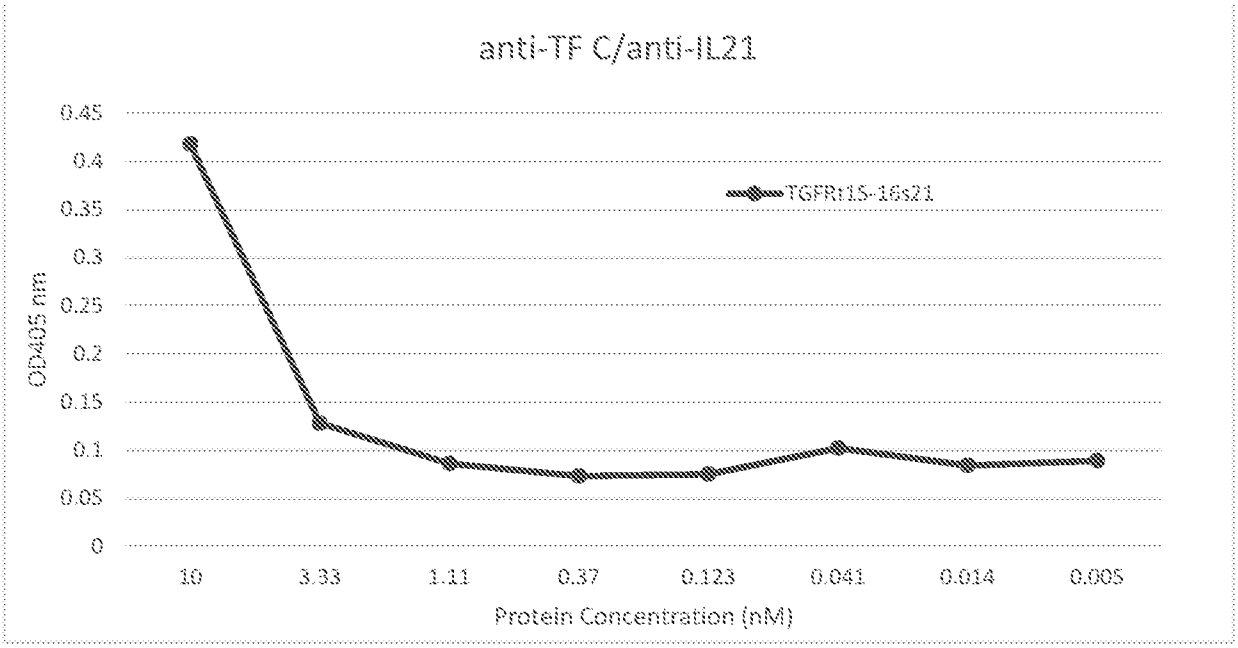


Figure 87B

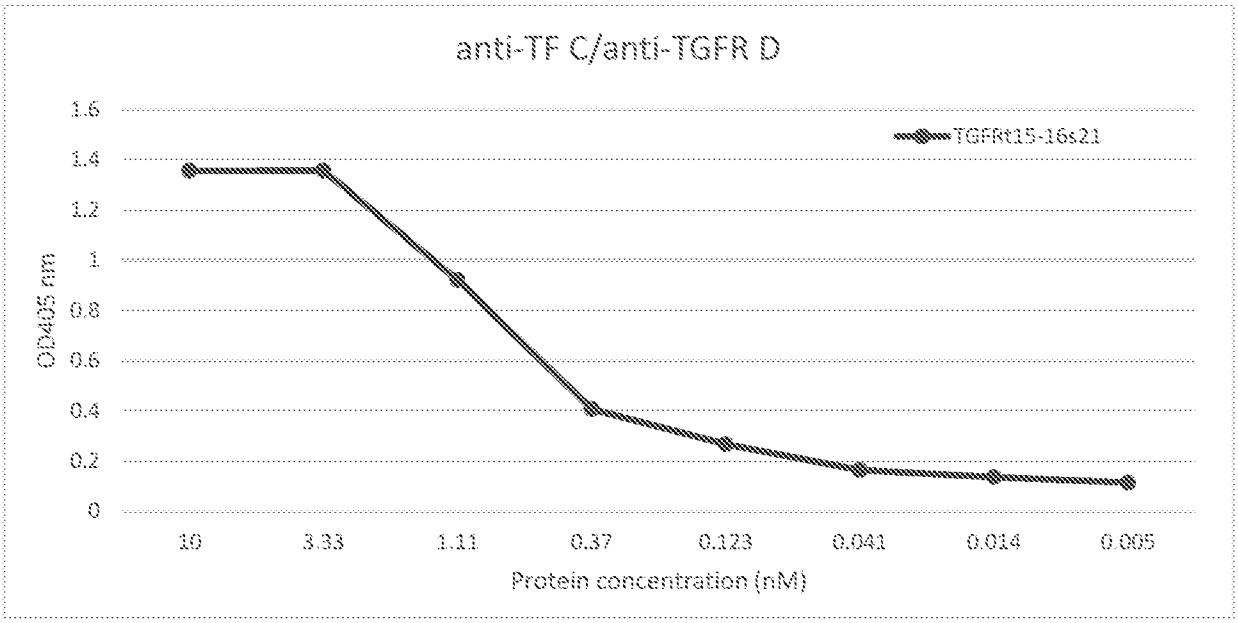


Figure 87C

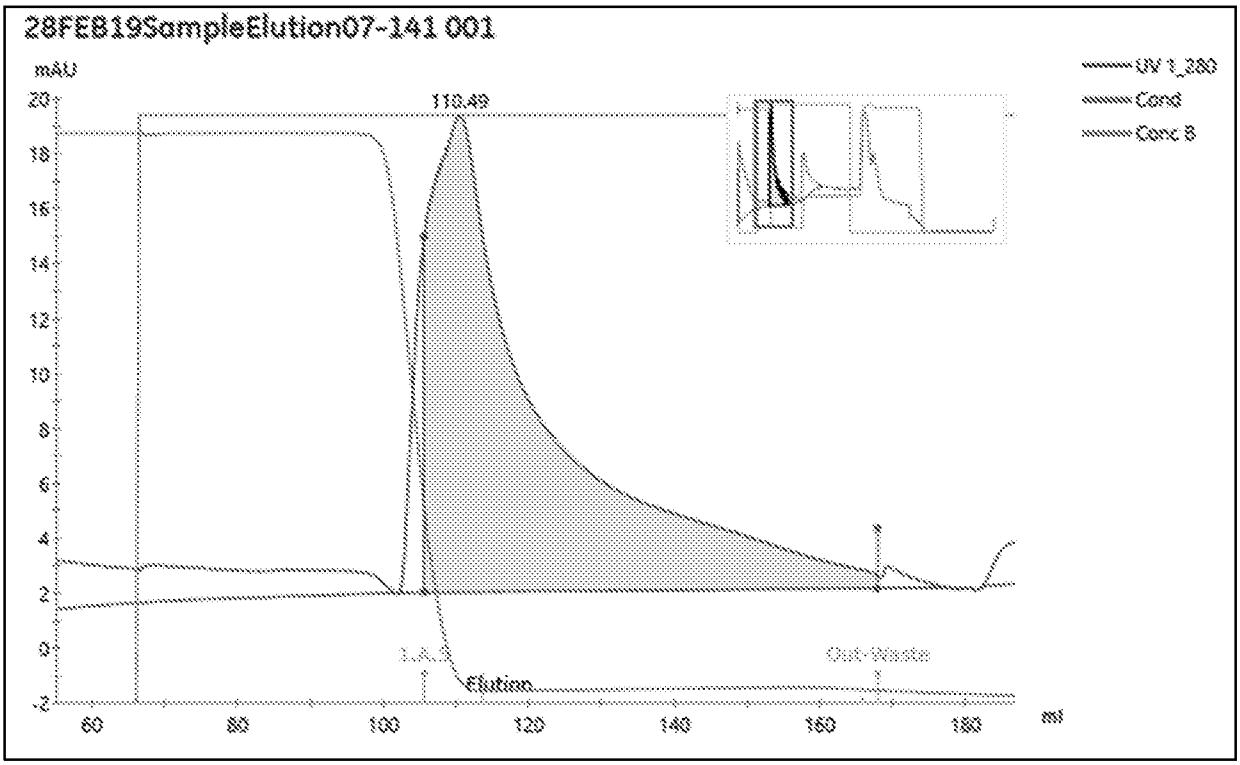


Figure 88

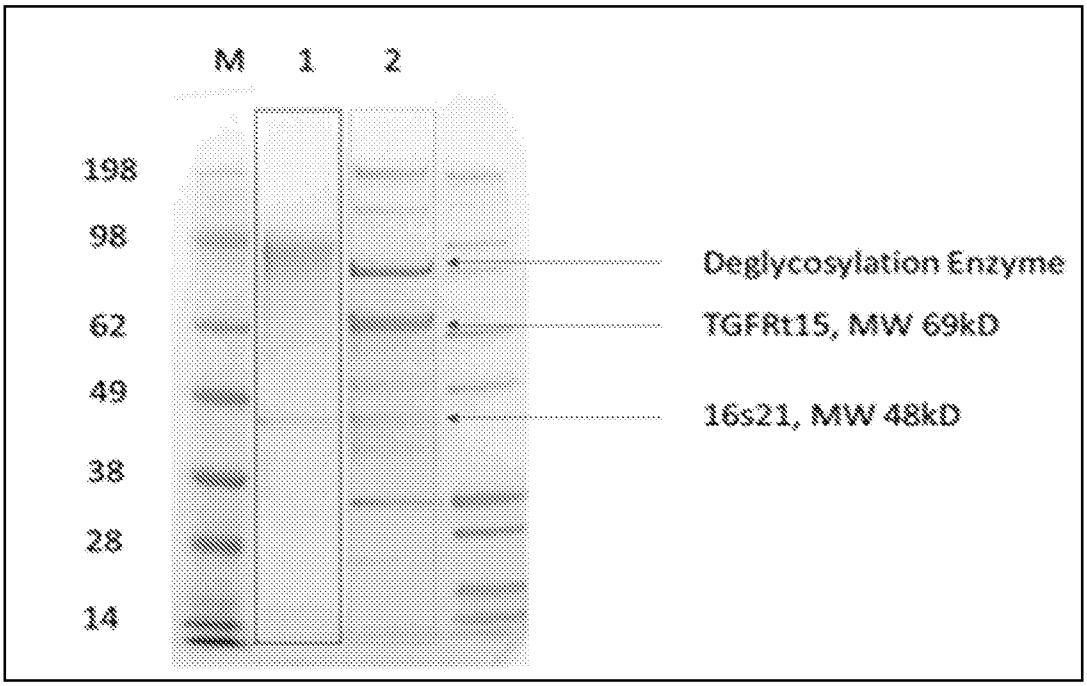


Figure 89

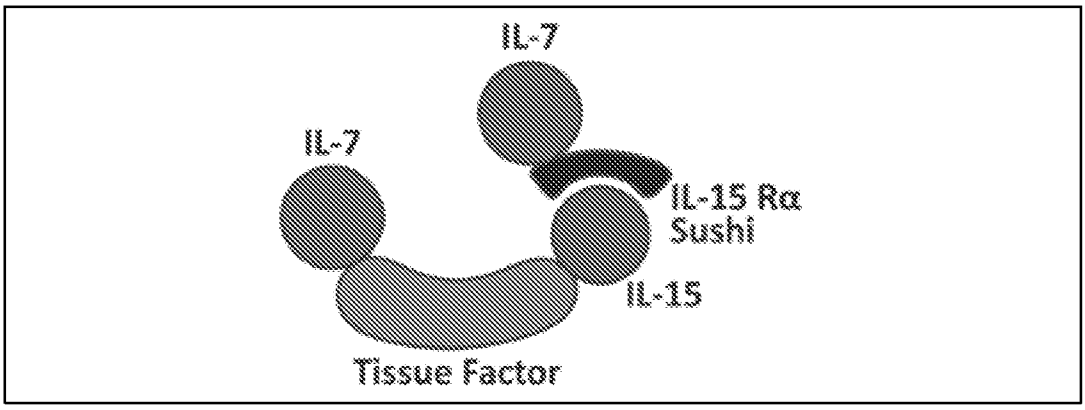


Figure 90

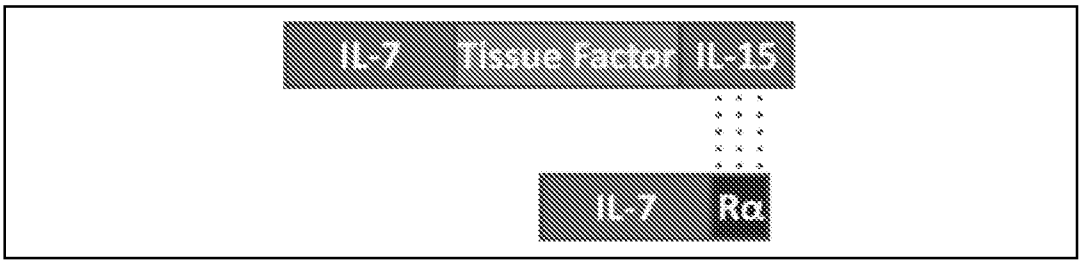


Figure 91

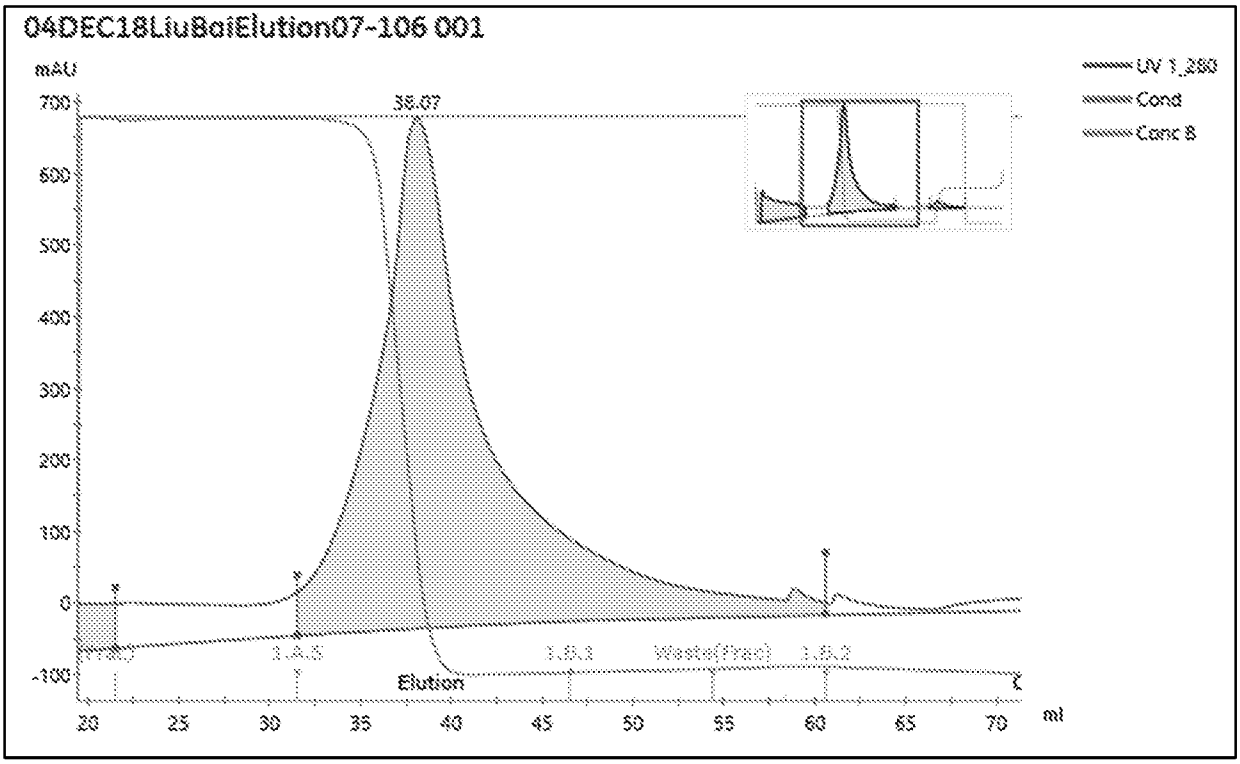


Figure 92

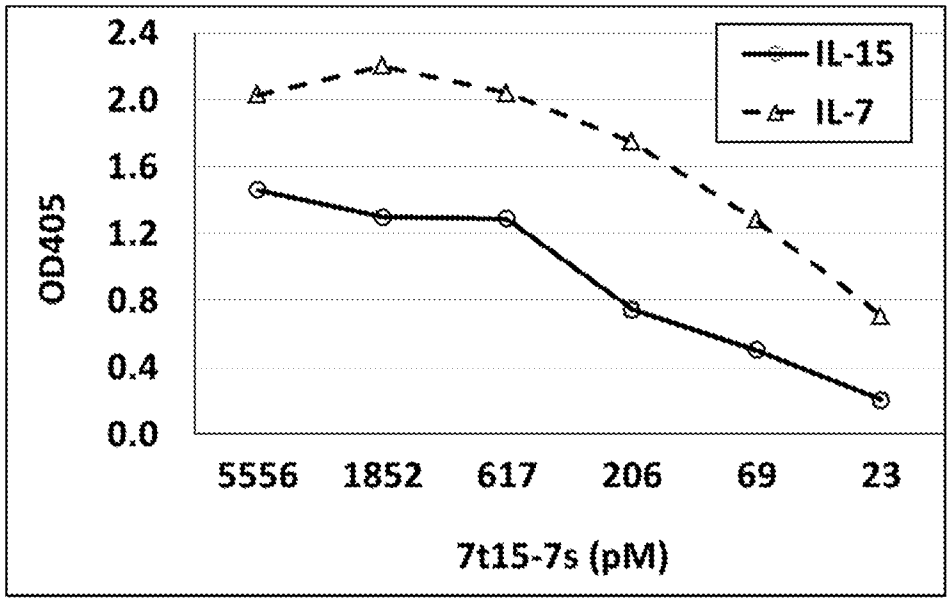

2.4
2.0
1.6
1.2
0.8
0.4
0.0
OD405
IL-15
IL-7
5556
1852
617
206
69
23
7t15-7s (pM)

Figure 93

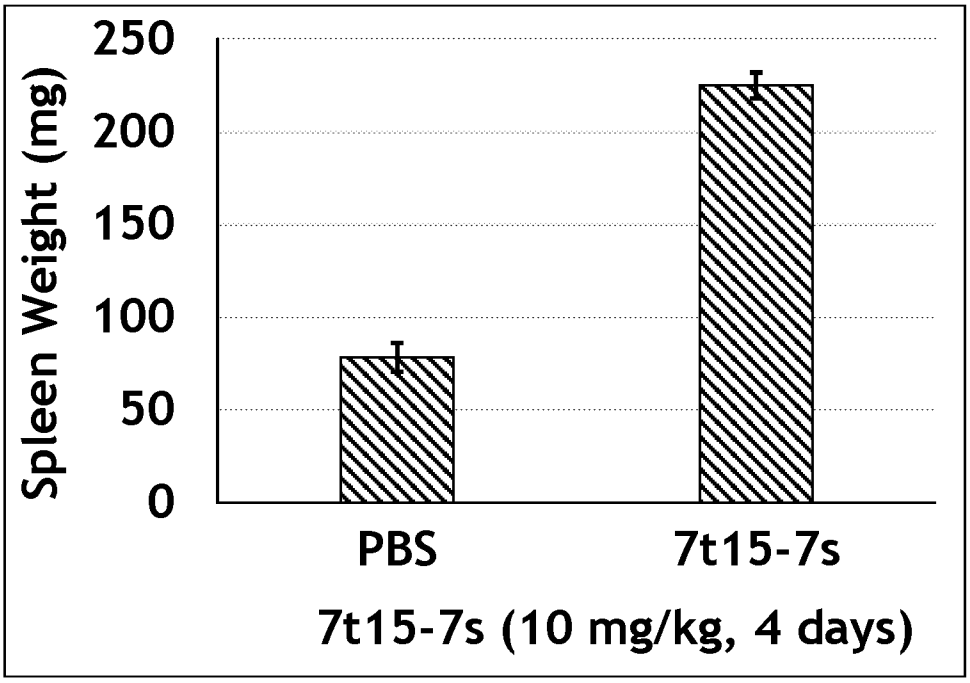


Figure 94A

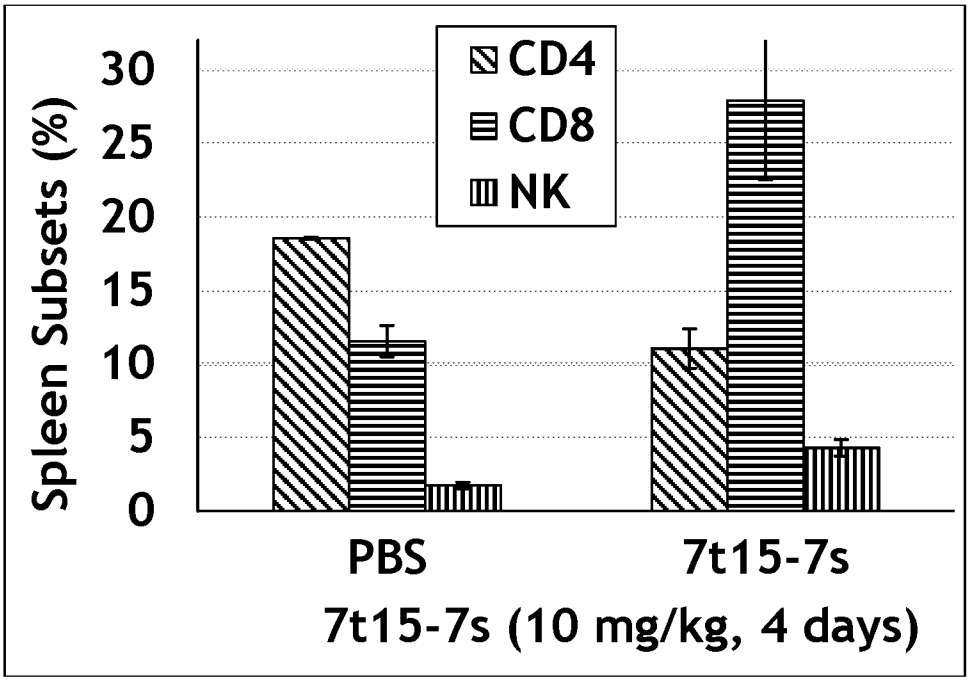


Figure 94B

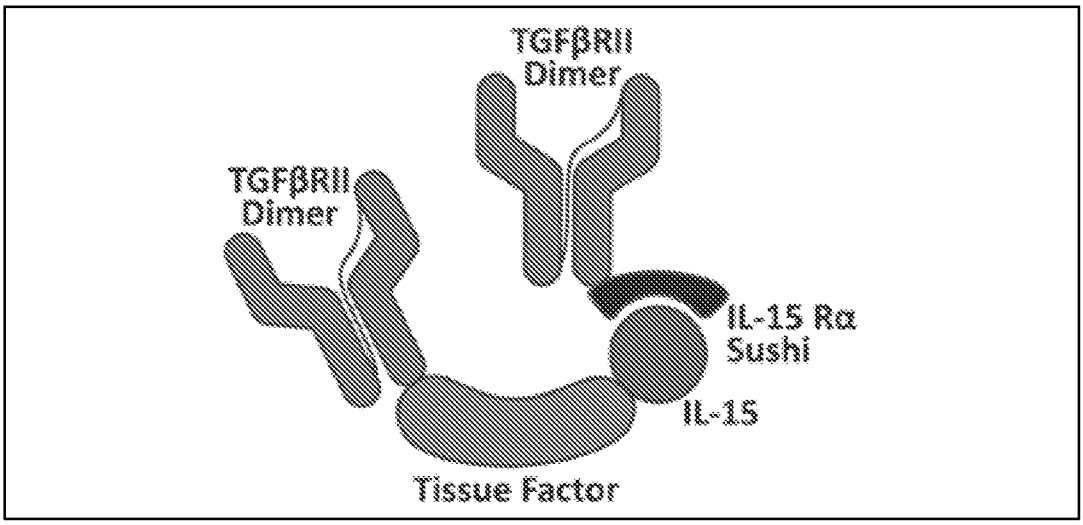


Figure 95

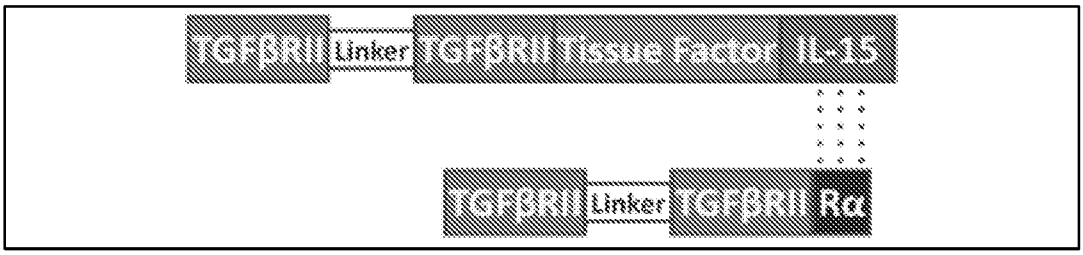


Figure 96

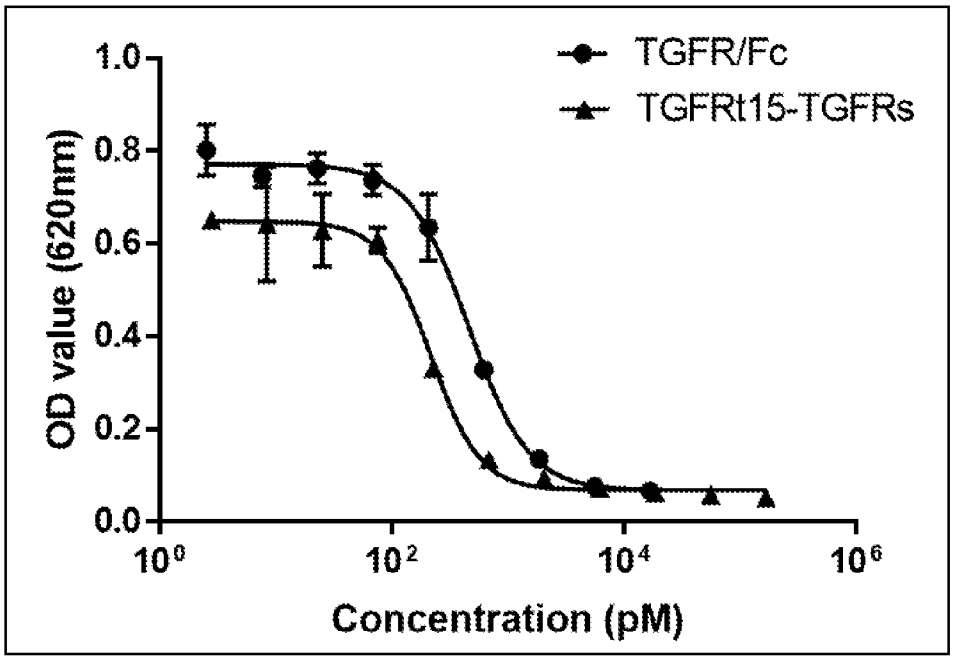


Figure 97

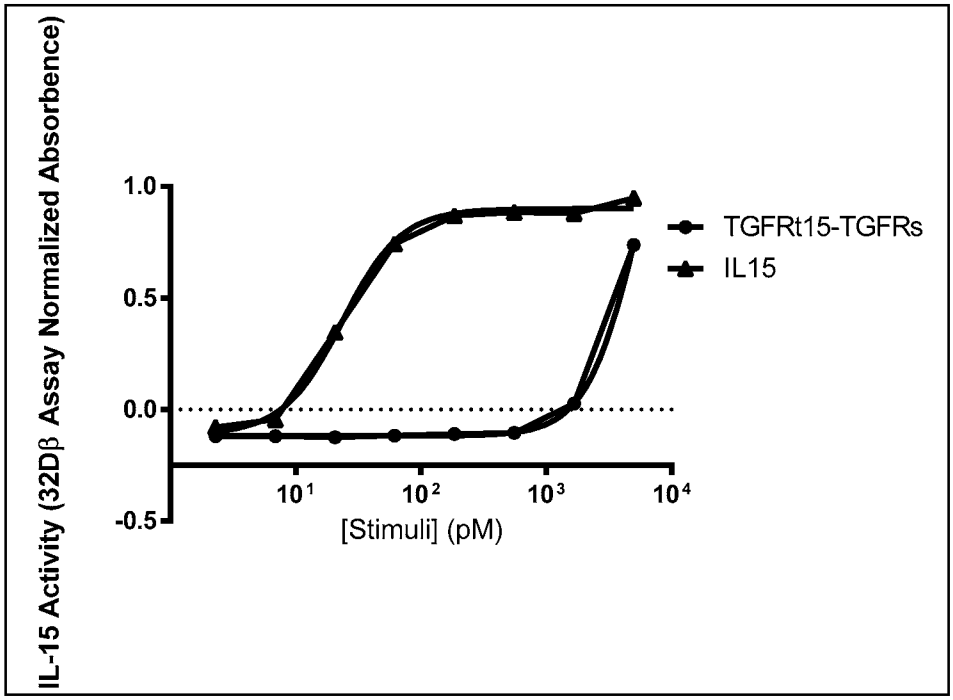


Figure 98

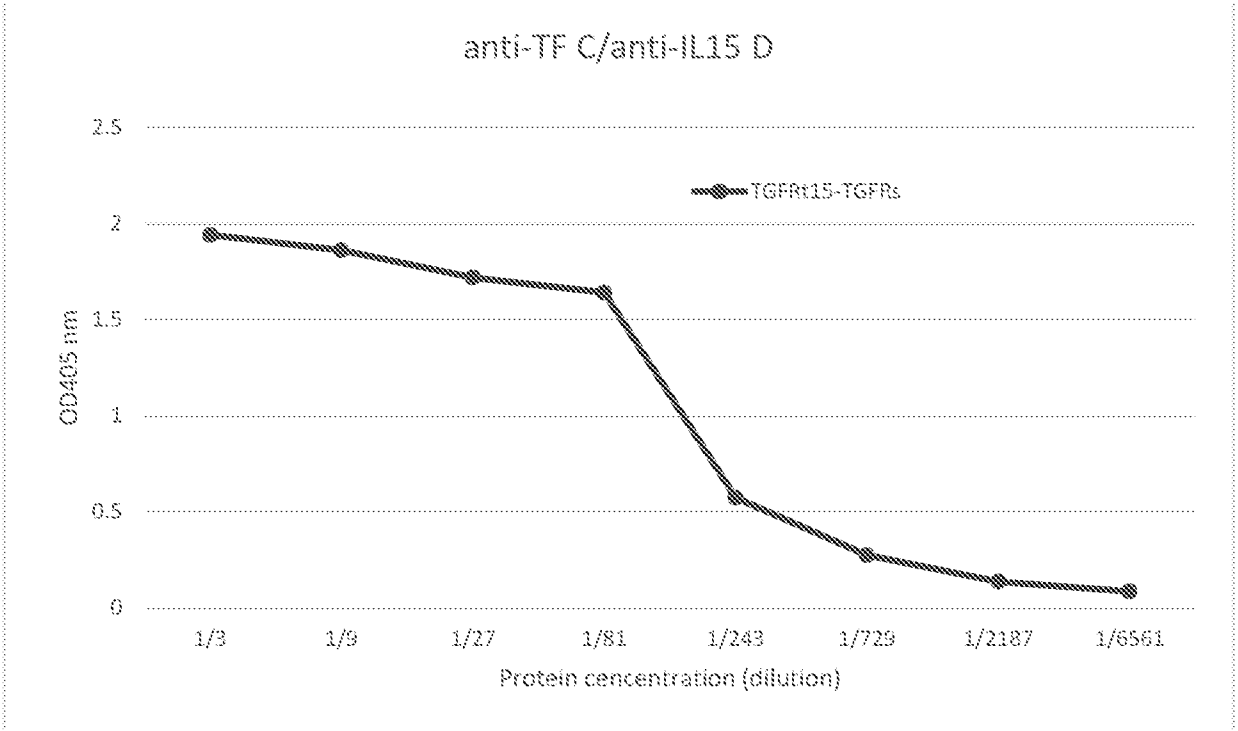


Figure 99A

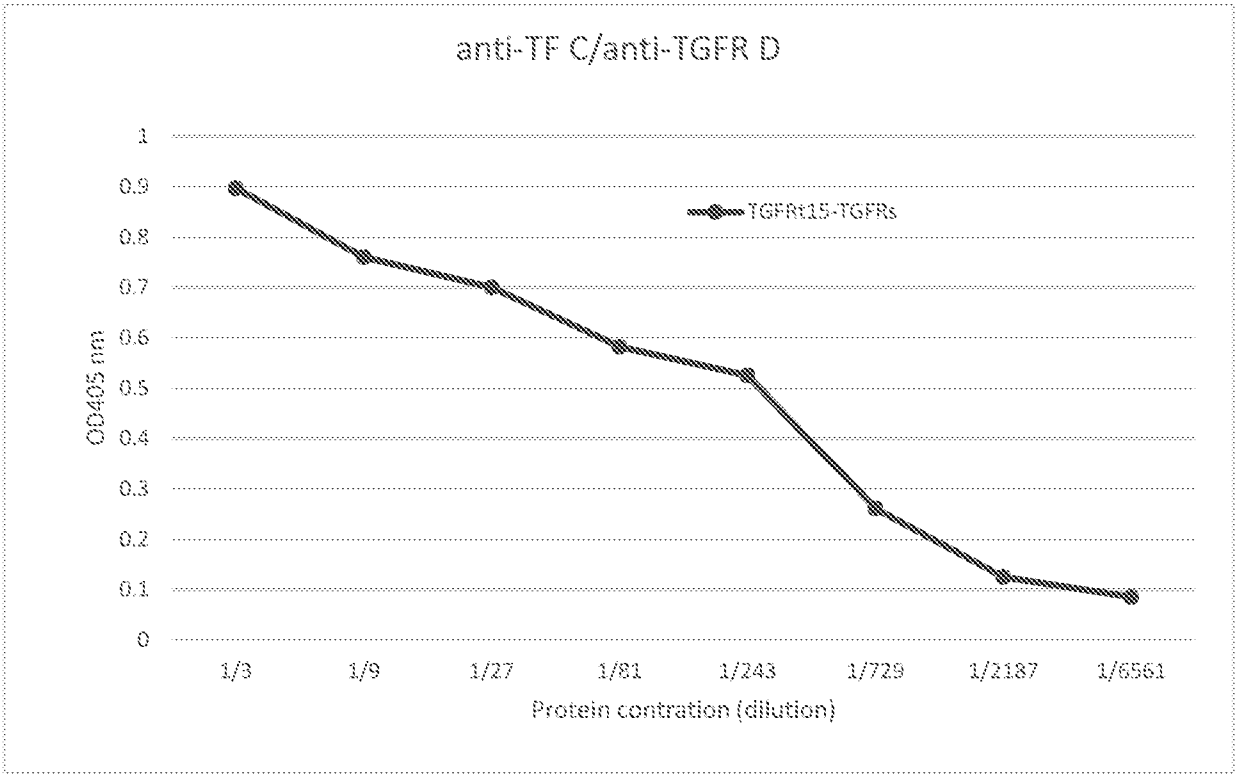


Figure 99B

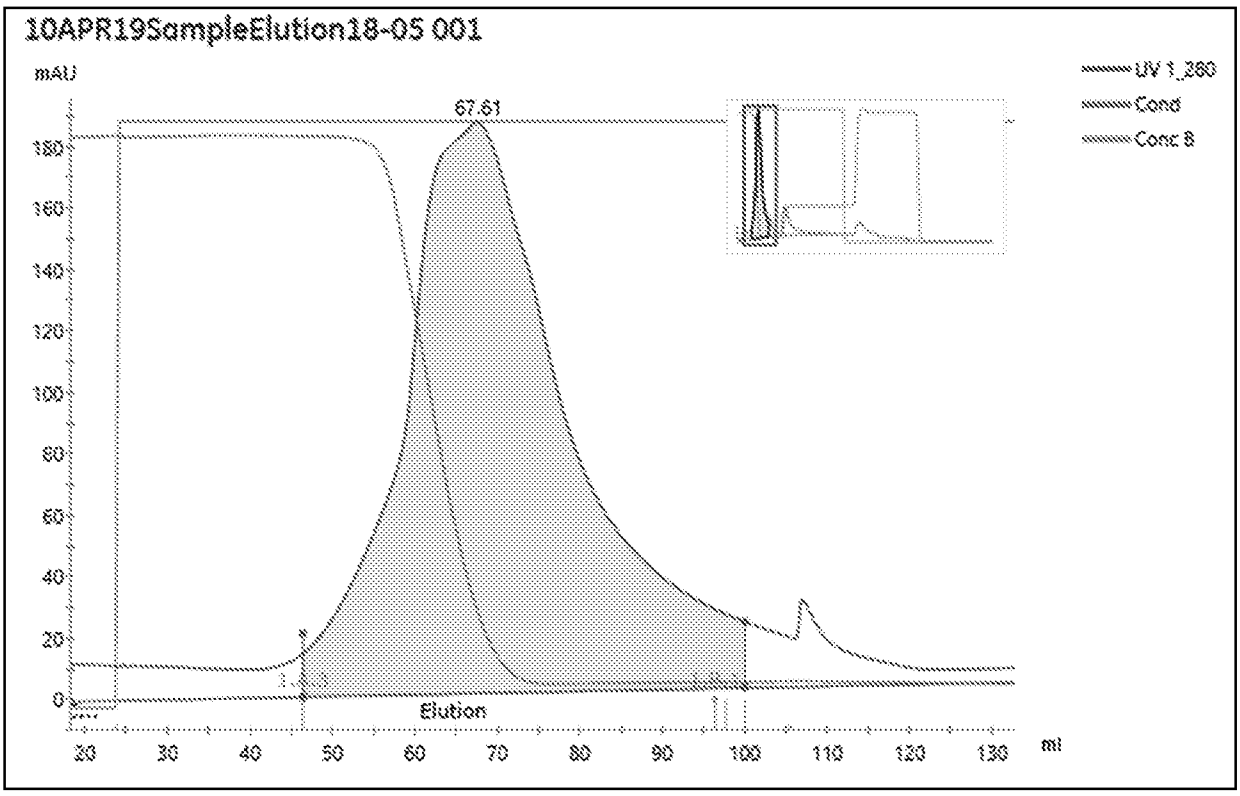

10APR19SampleElution18-05 001
mAU
UV 1_280
Cond
Conc B
67.61
180
160
140
120
100
80
60
40
20
0
Elution
30
40
50
60
70
80
90
100
110
120
130
ml

Figure 100

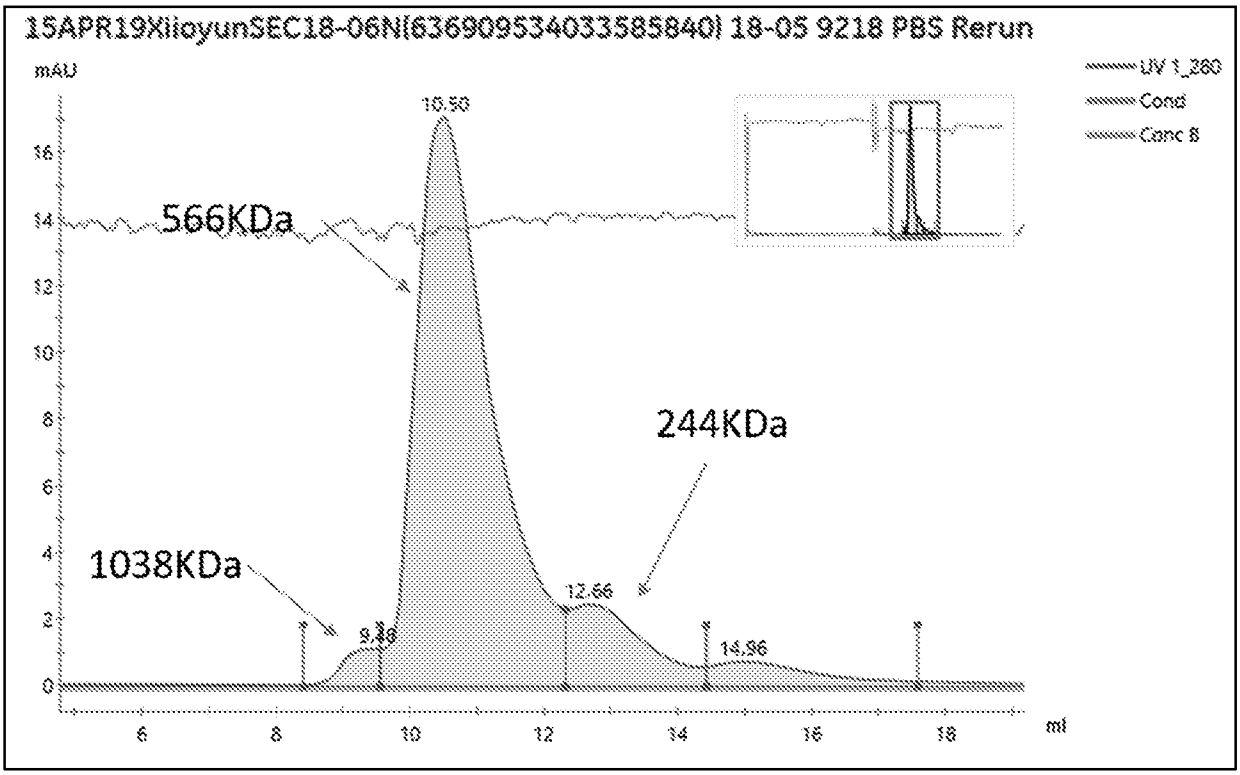

15APR19XiaoyunSEC18-06N(6369095340333585840) 18-05 9218 PBS Rerun
mAU
UV 1_280
Cond
Conc B
16.50
566KDa
244KDa
1038KDa
12.66
14.96
ml

Figure 101

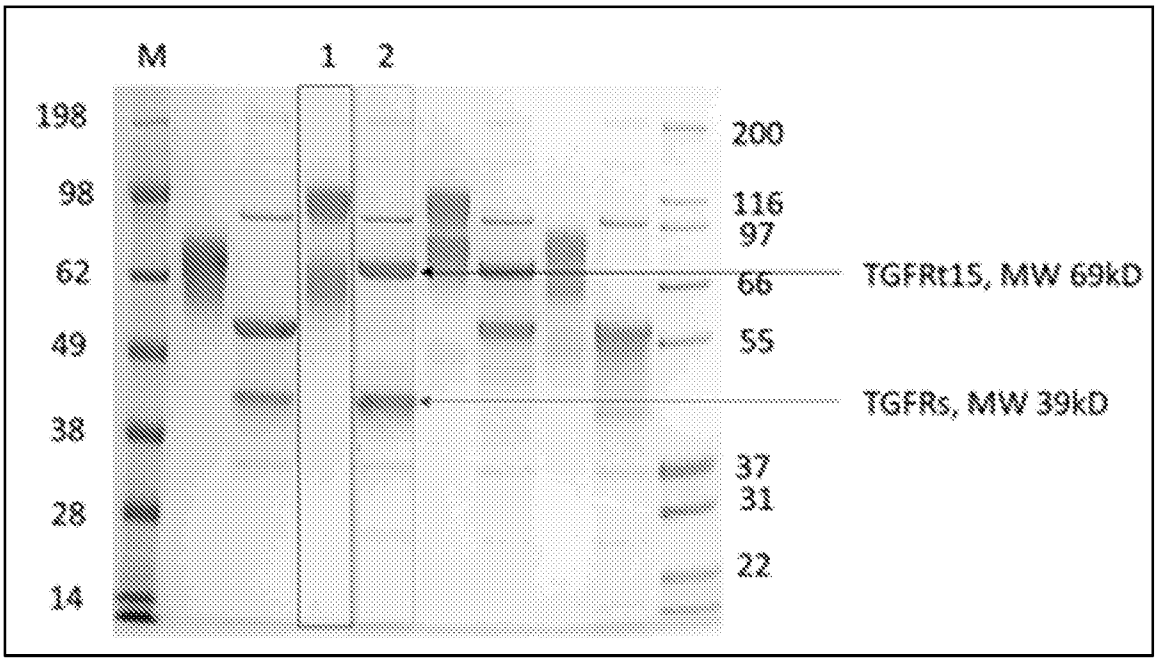

M
1
2
198
98
62
49
38
28
14
200
116
97
66
55
37
31
22
TGFRt1S, MW 69kD
TGFRs, MW 39kD

Figure 102

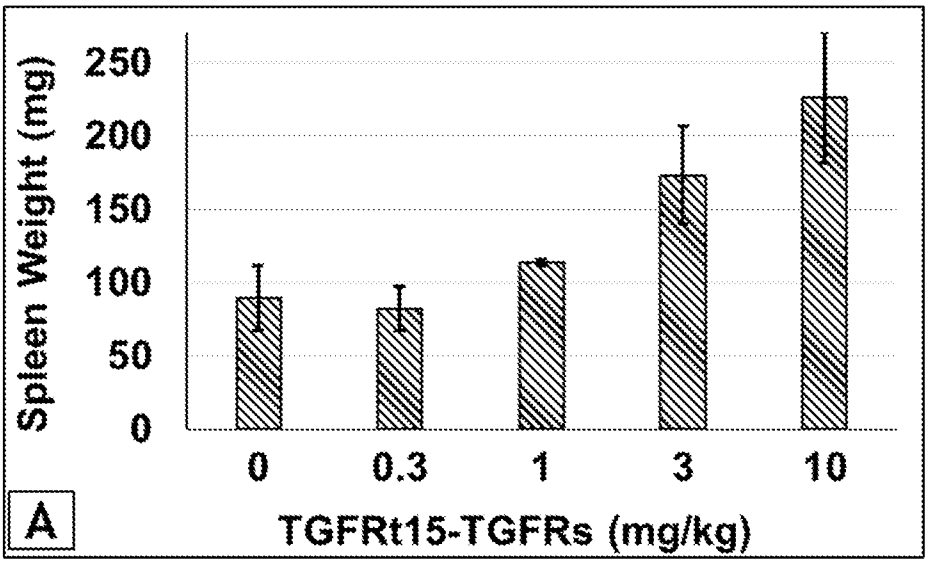


Figure 103A

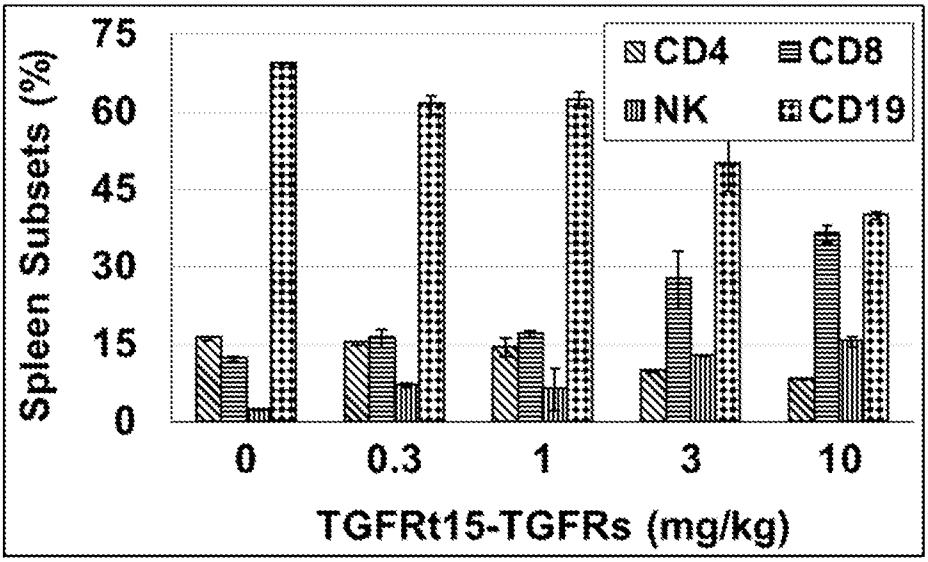


Figure 103B

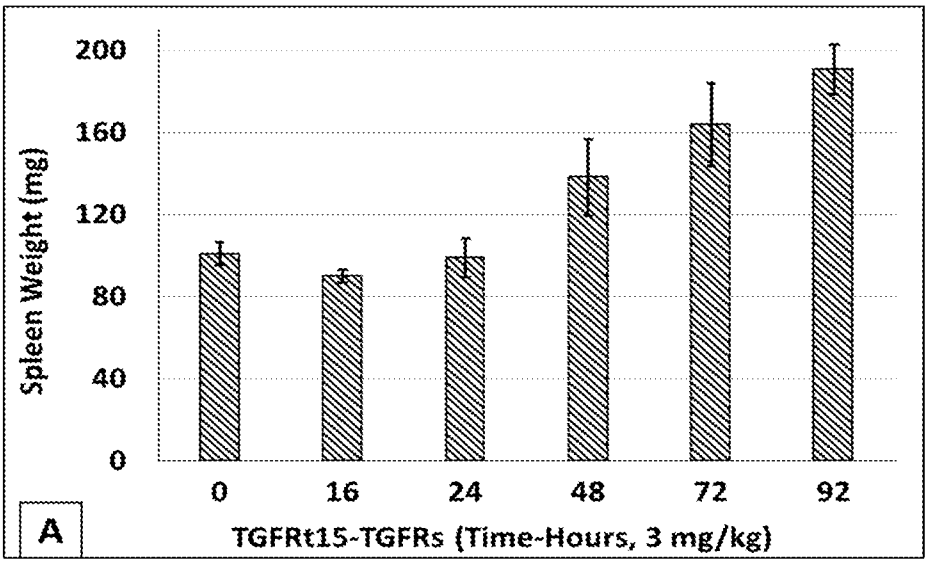


Figure 104A

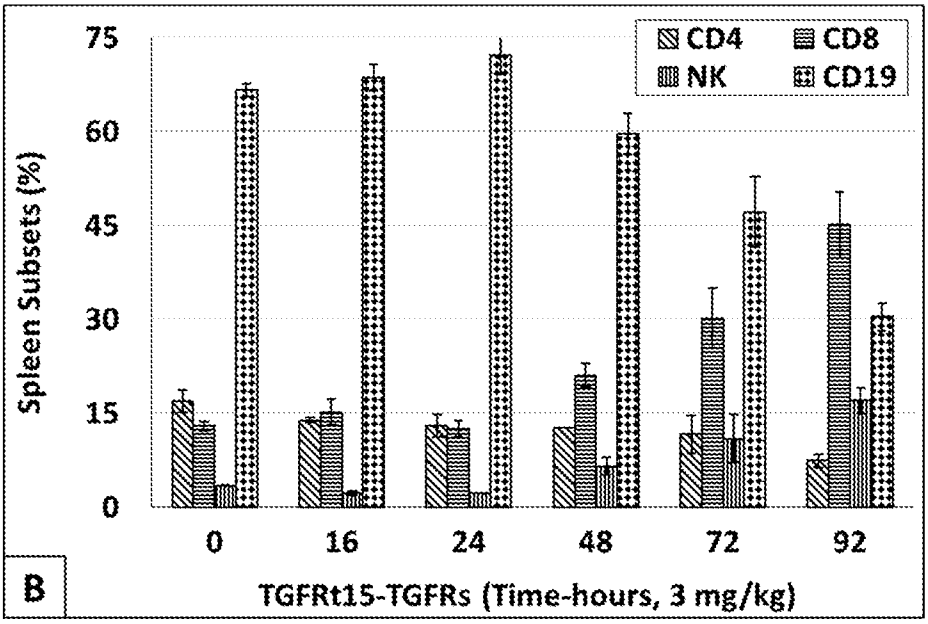


Figure 104B

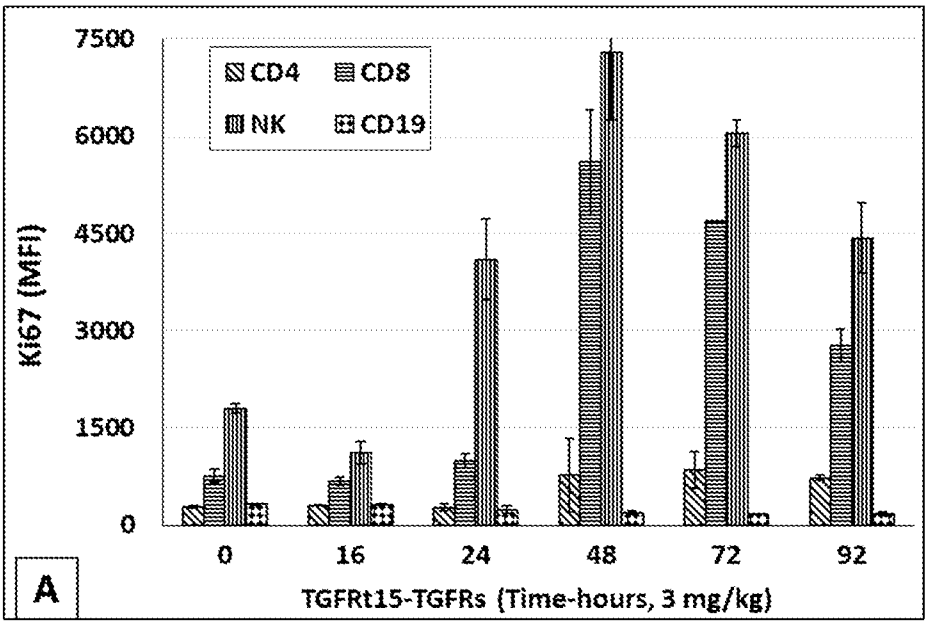


Figure 105A

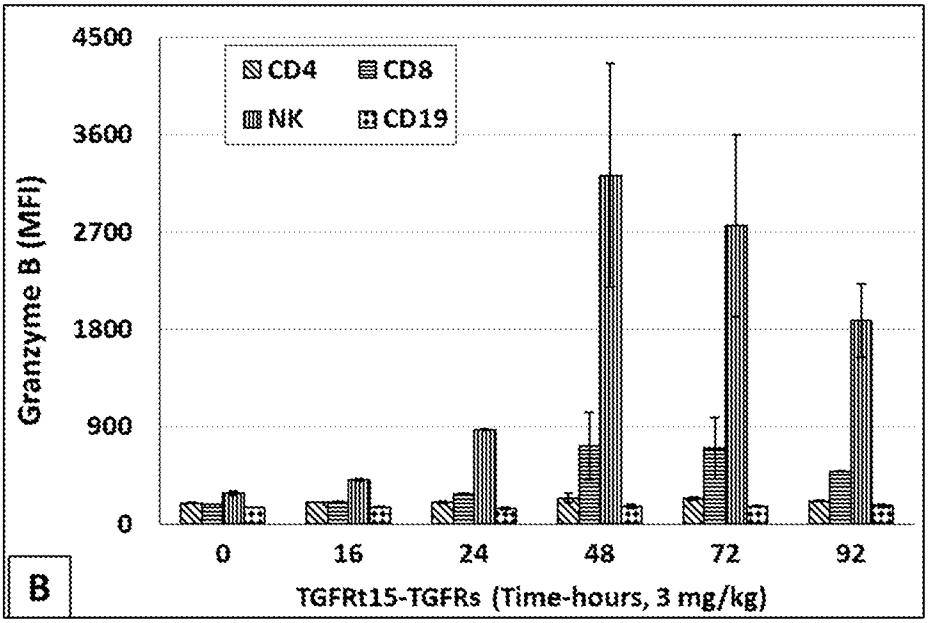


Figure 105B

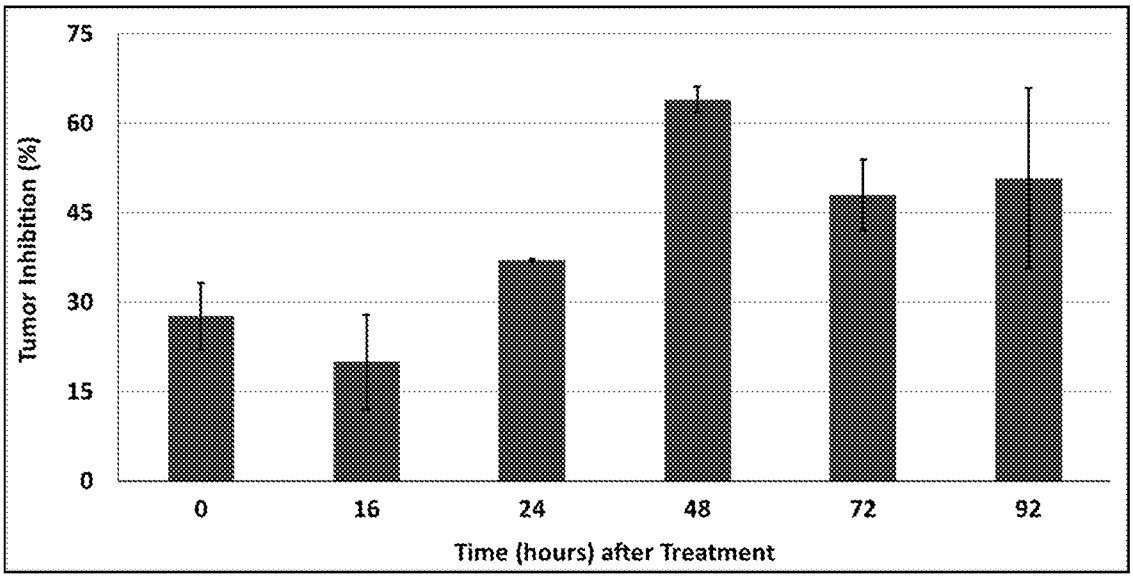

75
60
45
30
15
0
Tumor Inhibition (%)
0
16
24
48
72
92
Time (hours) after Treatment

Figure 106

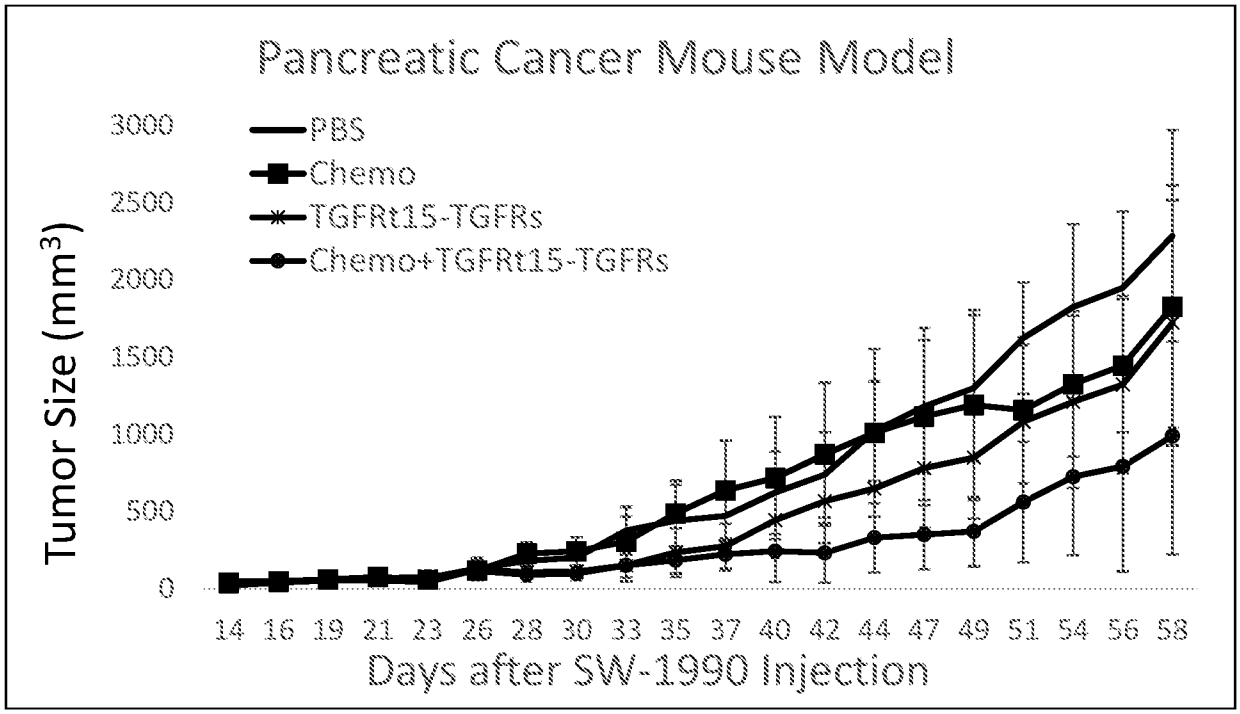

Pancreatic Cancer Mouse Model
PBS
Chemo
TGFRt15-TGFRs
Chemo+TGFRt15-TGFRs
Tumor Size (mm3)
3000
2500
2000
1500
1000
500
0
14 16 19 21 23 26 28 30 33 35 37 40 42 44 47 49 51 54 56 58
Days after SW-1990 Injection

Figure 107

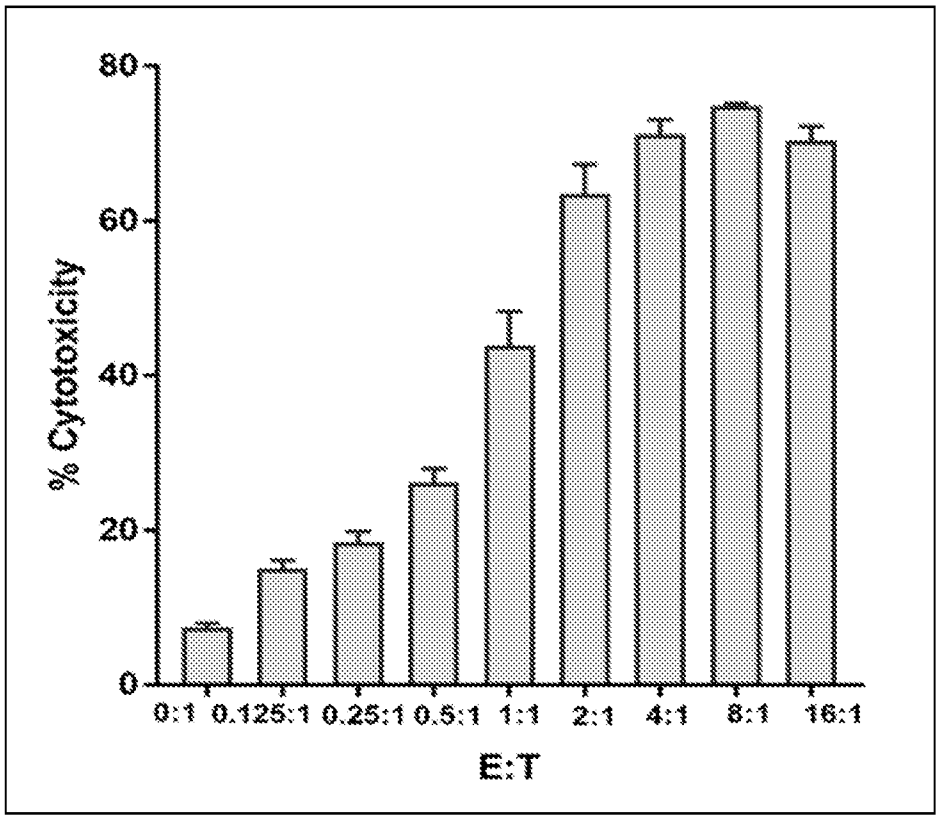


Figure 108

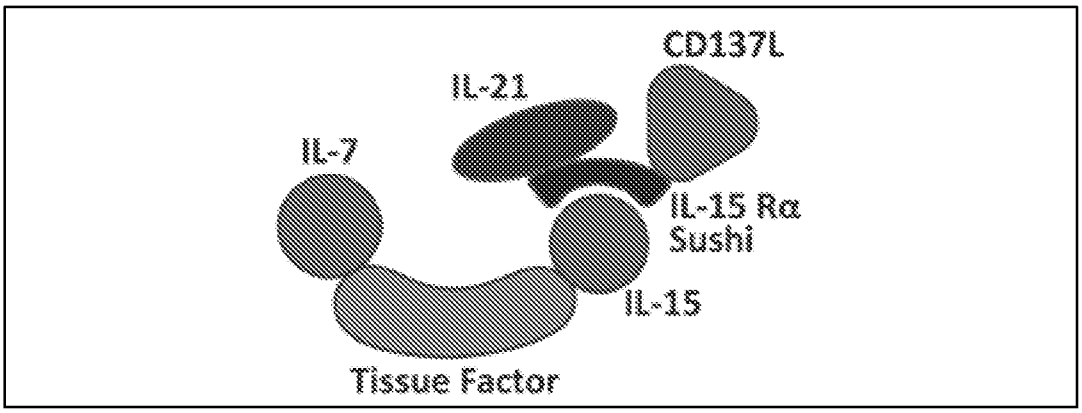


Figure 109

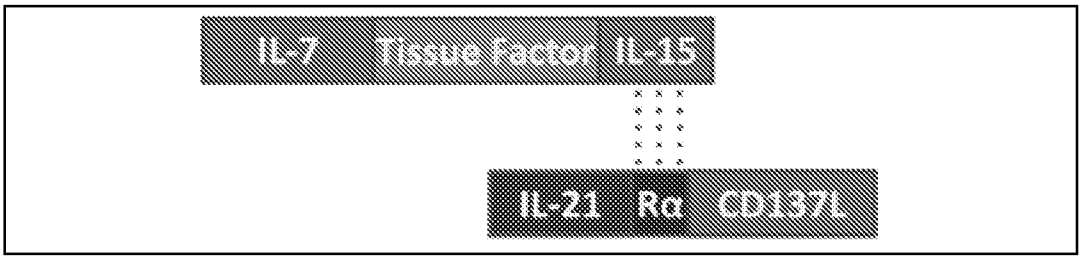


Figure 110

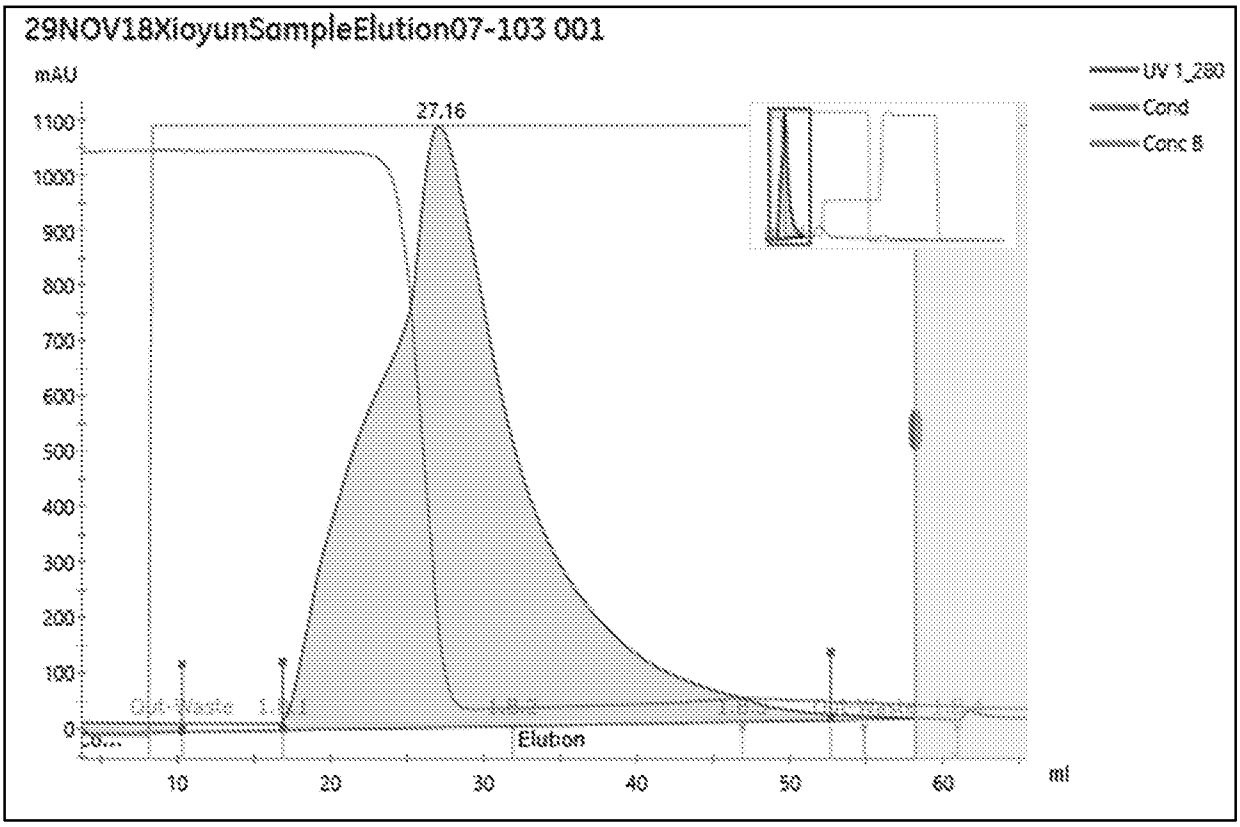

29NOV18XiaoyunSampleElution07-103 001
mAU
1100
1000
900
800
700
600
500
400
300
200
100
0
27.16
UV 1_280
Cond
Conc B
Elution
10
20
30
40
50
60
ml

Figure 111

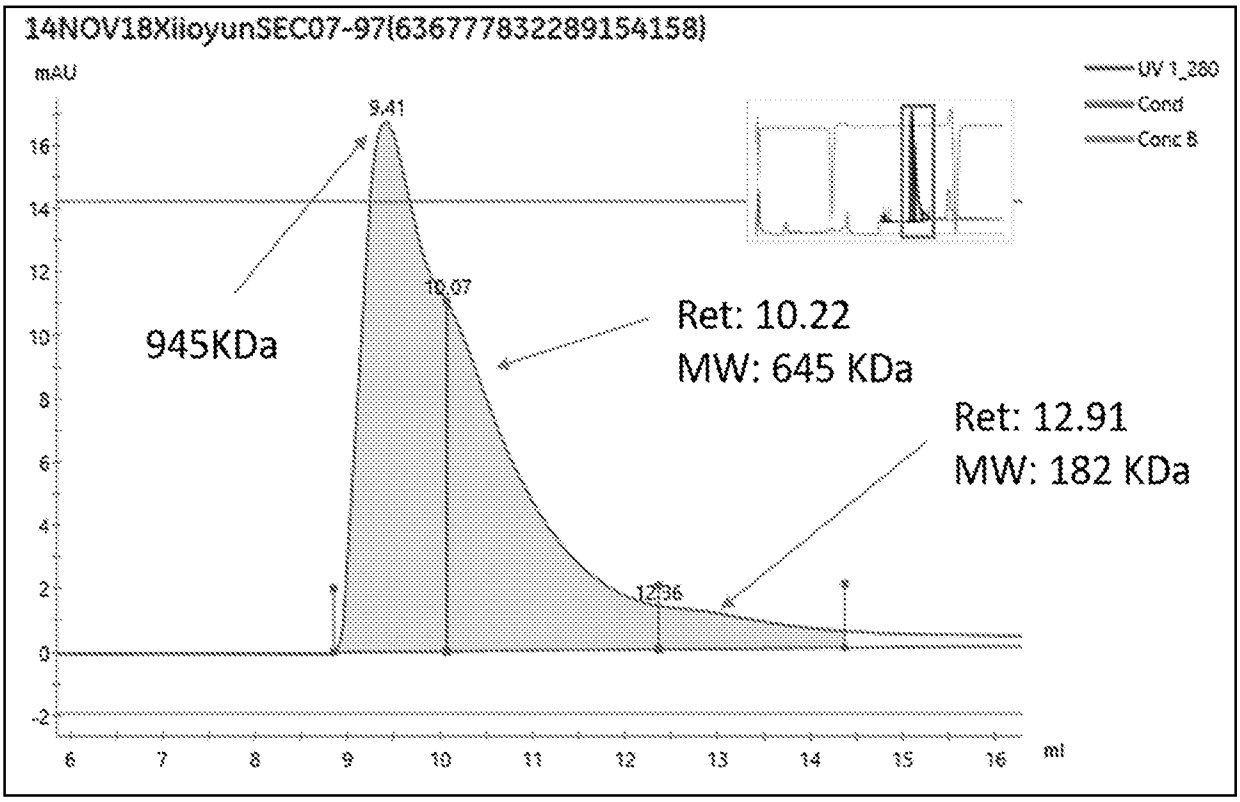

14NOV18XiloyunSEC07-97(636777832289154158)
mAU
UV 1_280
Cond
Conc B
9.41
10.07
12.36
945KDa
Ret: 10.22
MW: 645 KDa
Ret: 12.91
MW: 182 KDa
ml

Figure 112

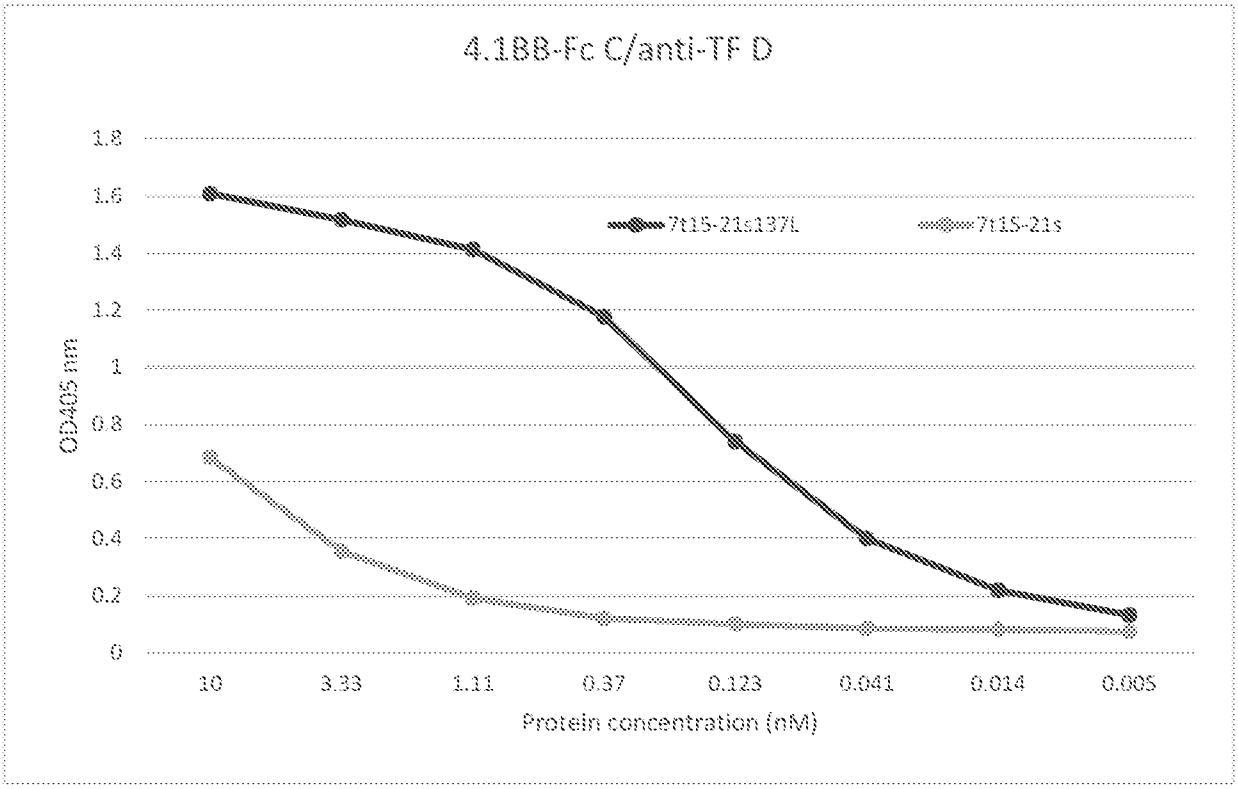

4.1BB-Fc C/anti-TF D
1.8
1.6
1.4
1.2
1
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0
OD405 nm
7t15-21s137L
7t15-21s
10
3.33
1.11
0.37
0.123
0.041
0.014
0.005
Protein concentration (nM)

Figure 113

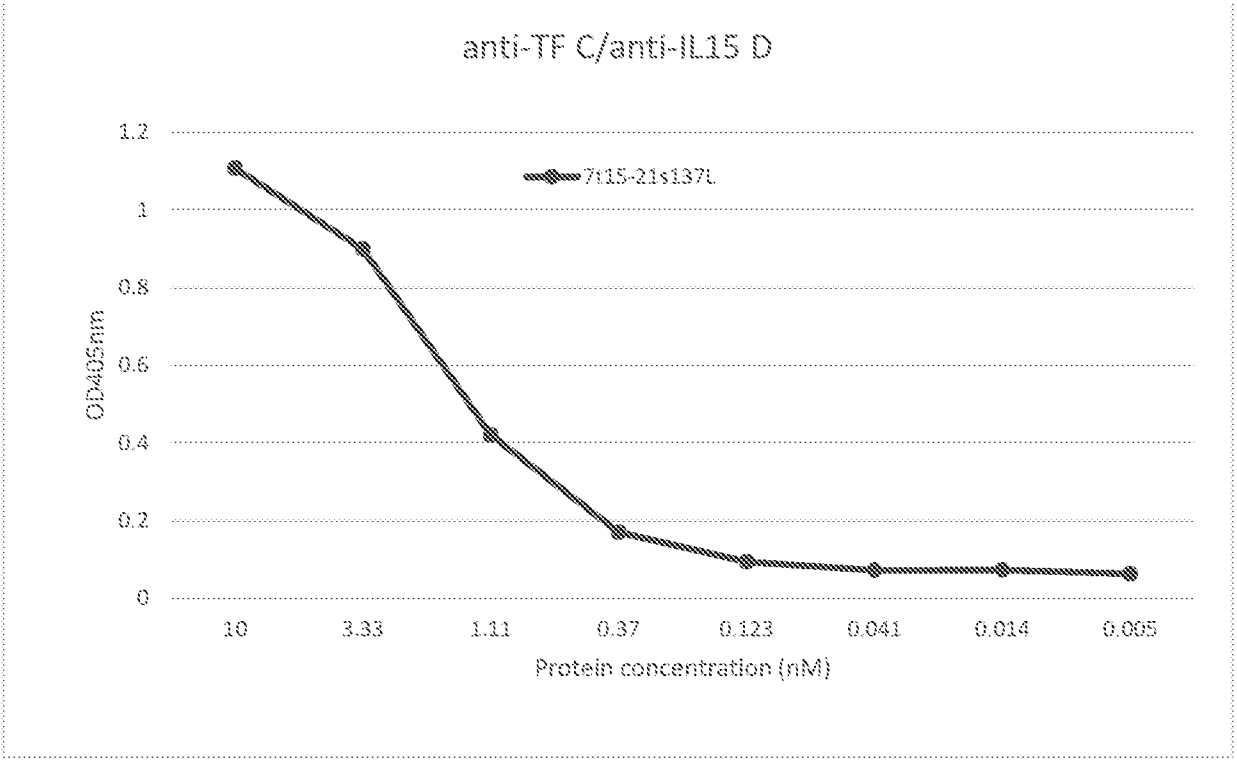


Figure 114A

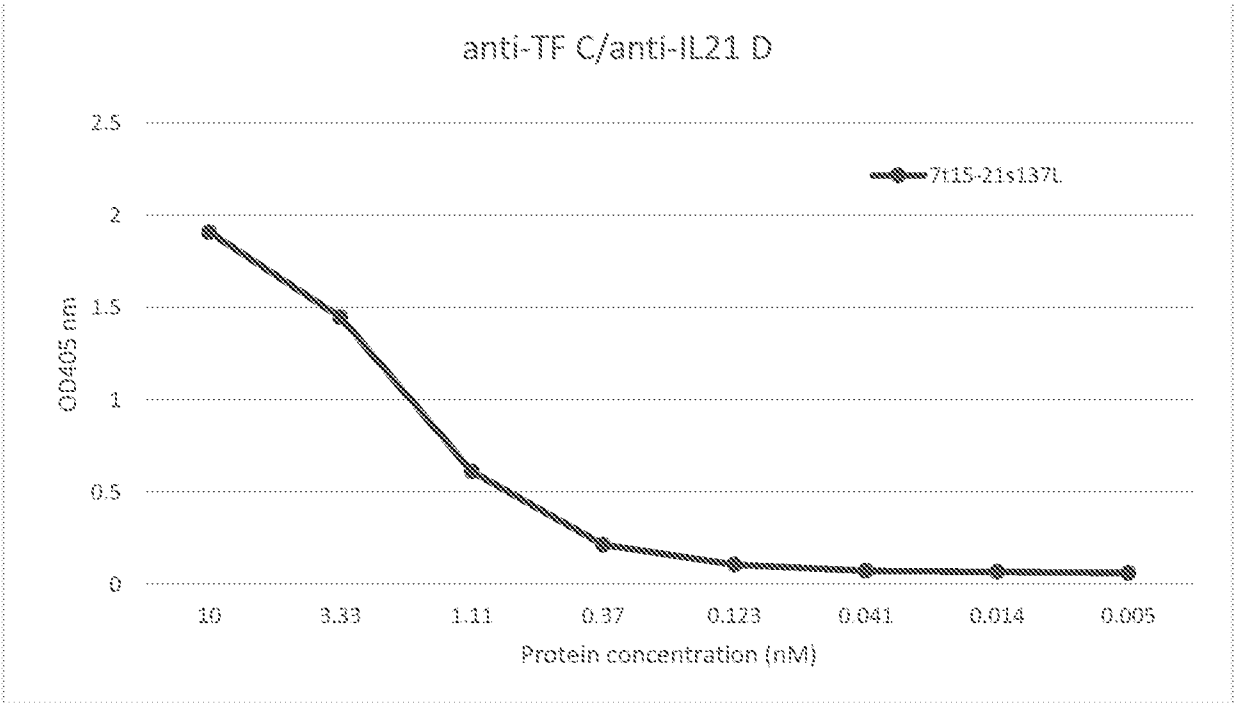


Figure 114B

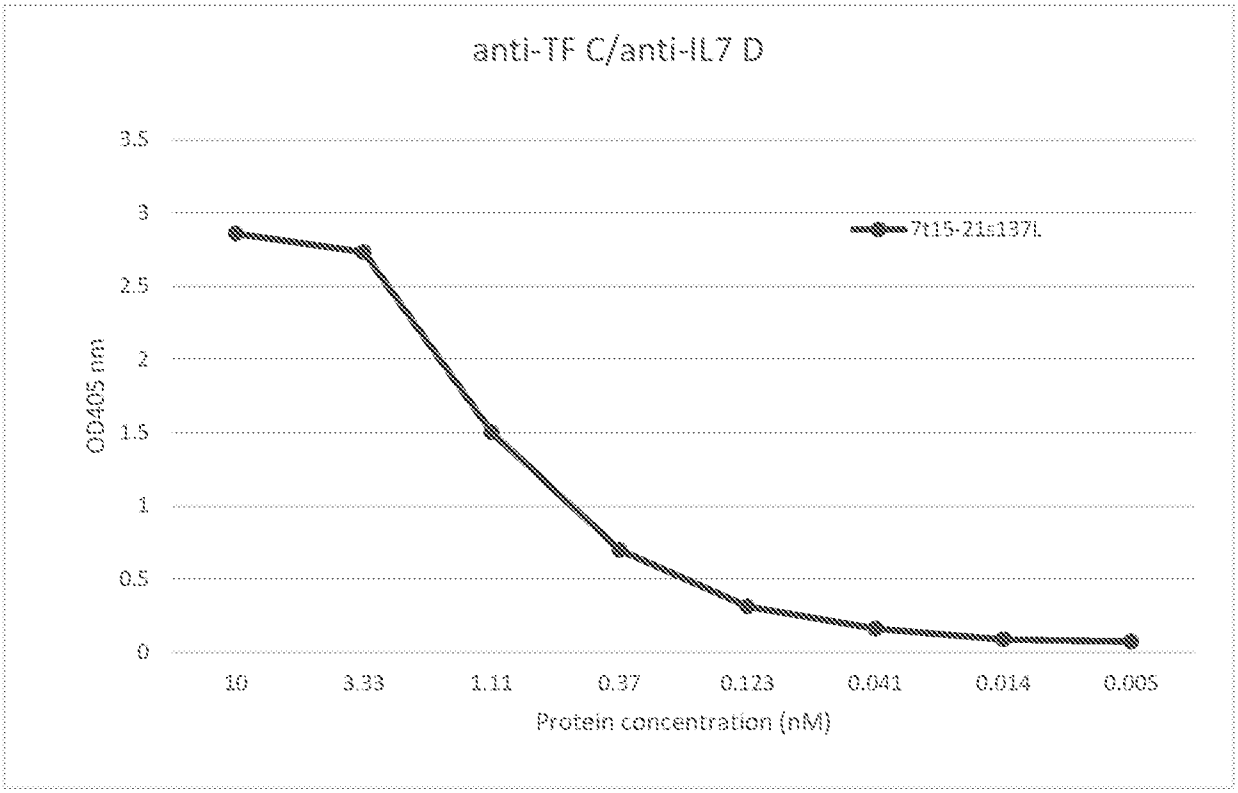

anti-TF C/anti-IL7 D
OD405 nm
3.5
3
2.5
2
1.5
1
0.5
0
7t15-21:137L
10
3.33
1.11
0.37
0.123
0.041
0.014
0.005
Protein concentration (nM)

Figure 114C

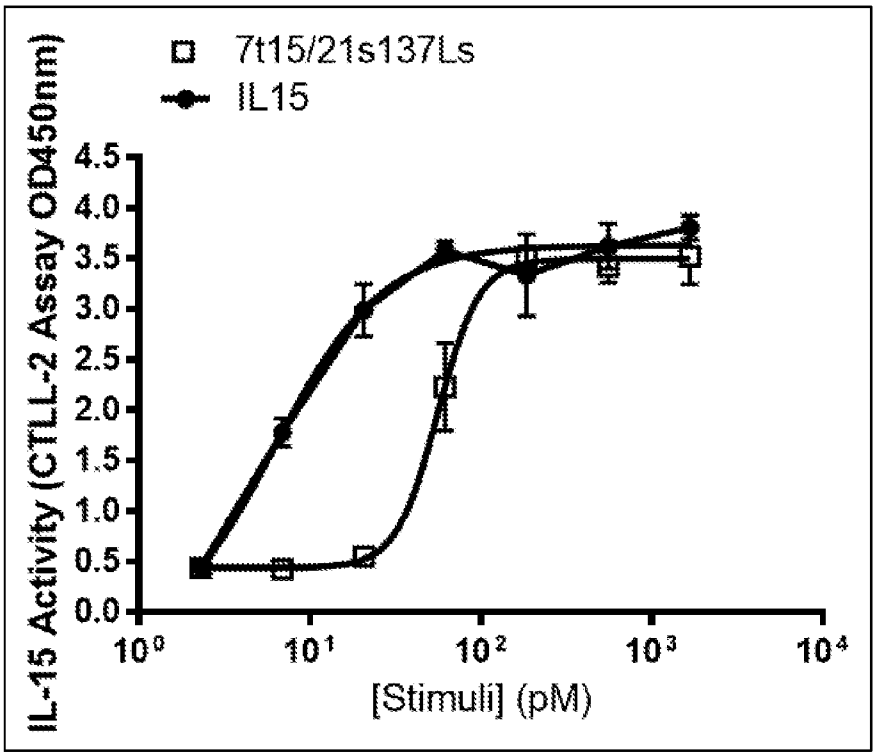


Figure 115

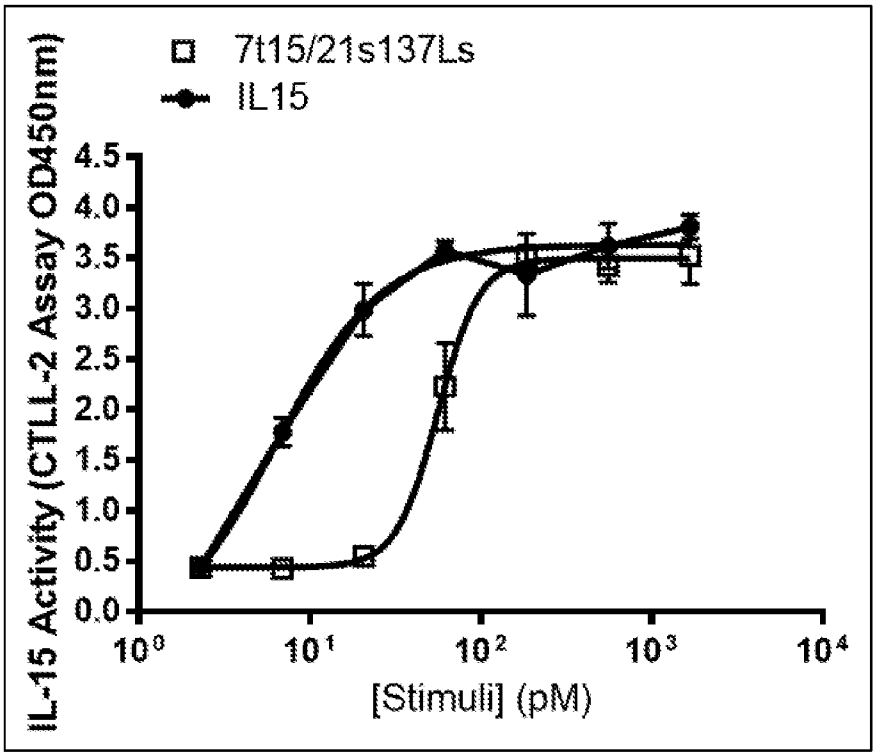


Figure 116

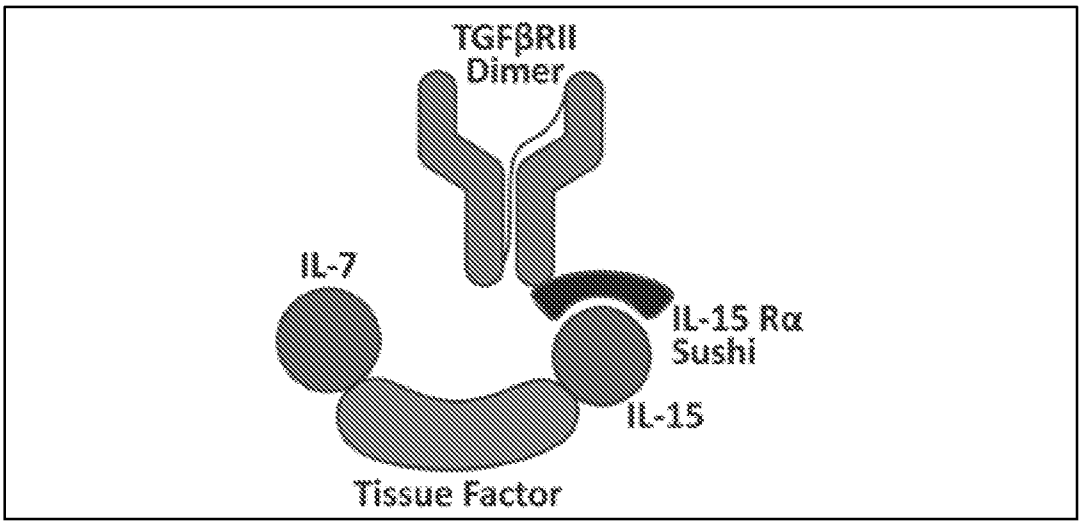


Figure 117

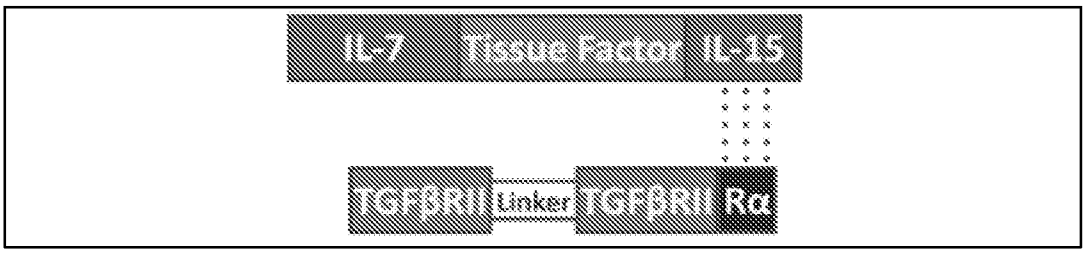


Figure 118

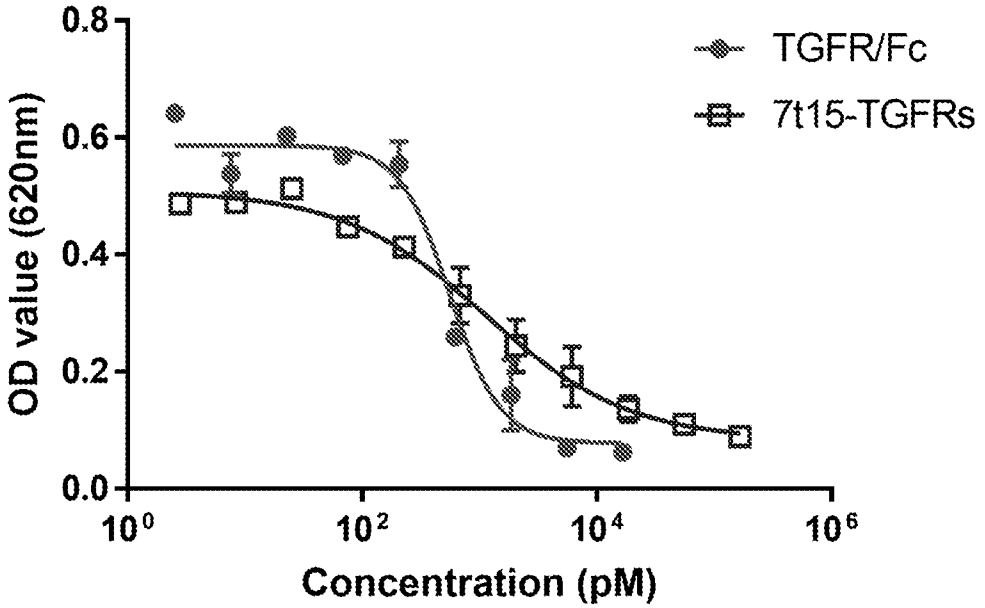

0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0.0
OD value (620nm)
10^0
10^2
10^4
10^6
Concentration (pM)
TGFR/Fc
7t15-TGFRs

Figure 119

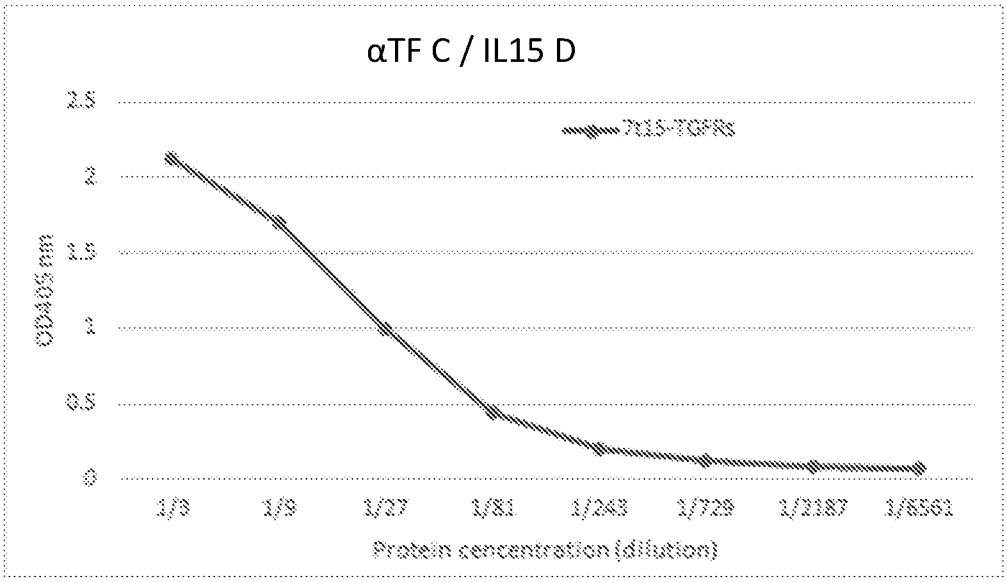


Figure 120A

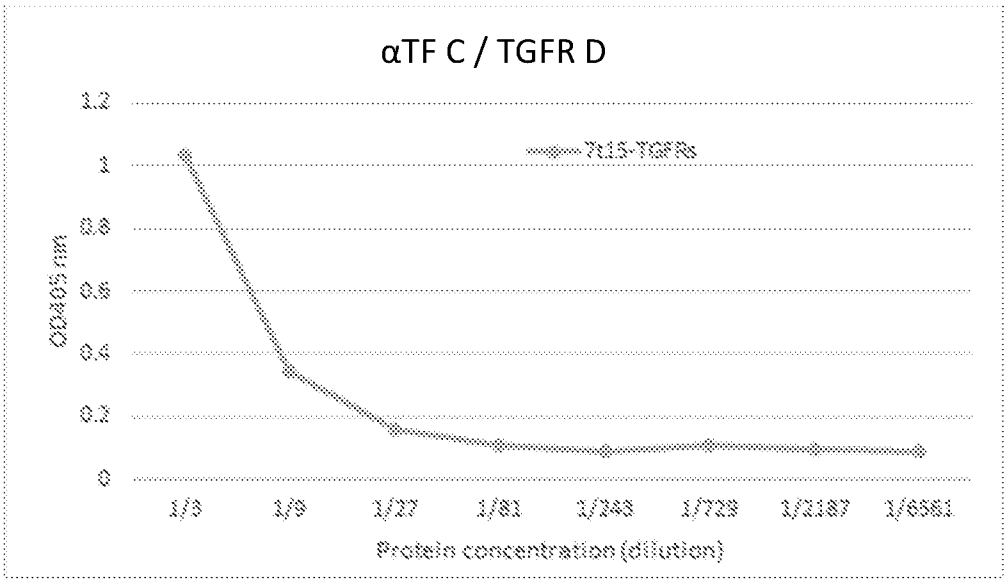


Figure 120B

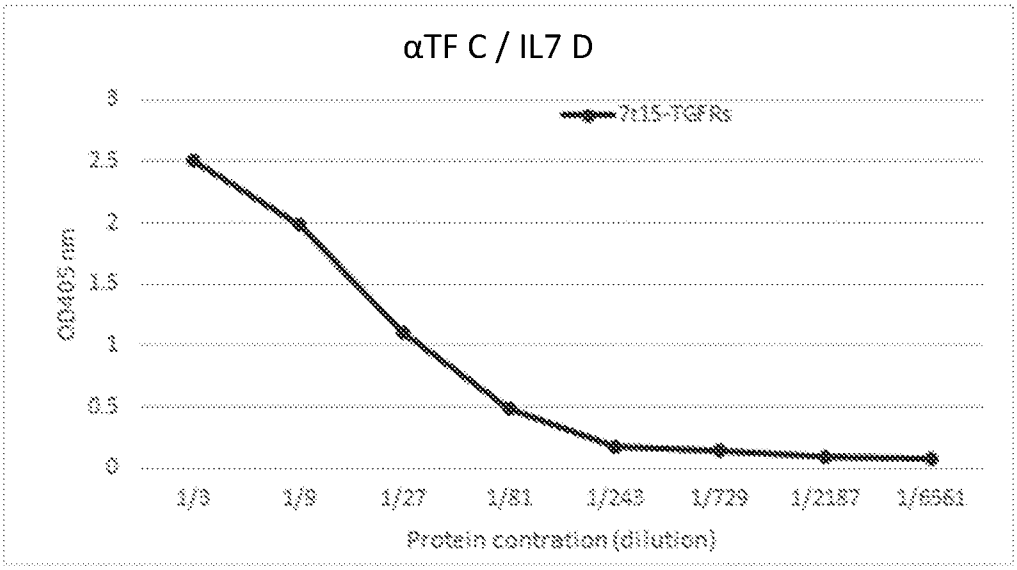

αTF C / IL7 D
7r15-TGFRs
OD405 nm
3
2.5
2
1.5
1
0.5
0
1/3
1/9
1/27
1/81
1/243
1/729
1/2187
1/6561
Protein contration (dilution)

Figure 120C

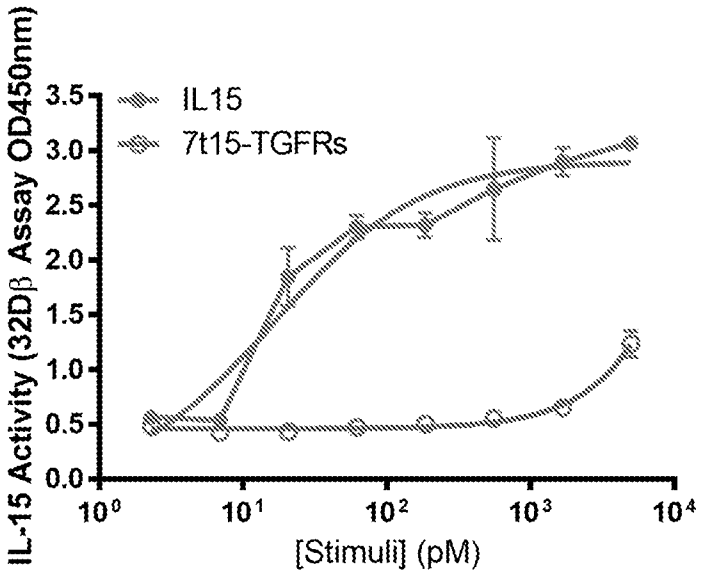


Figure 121

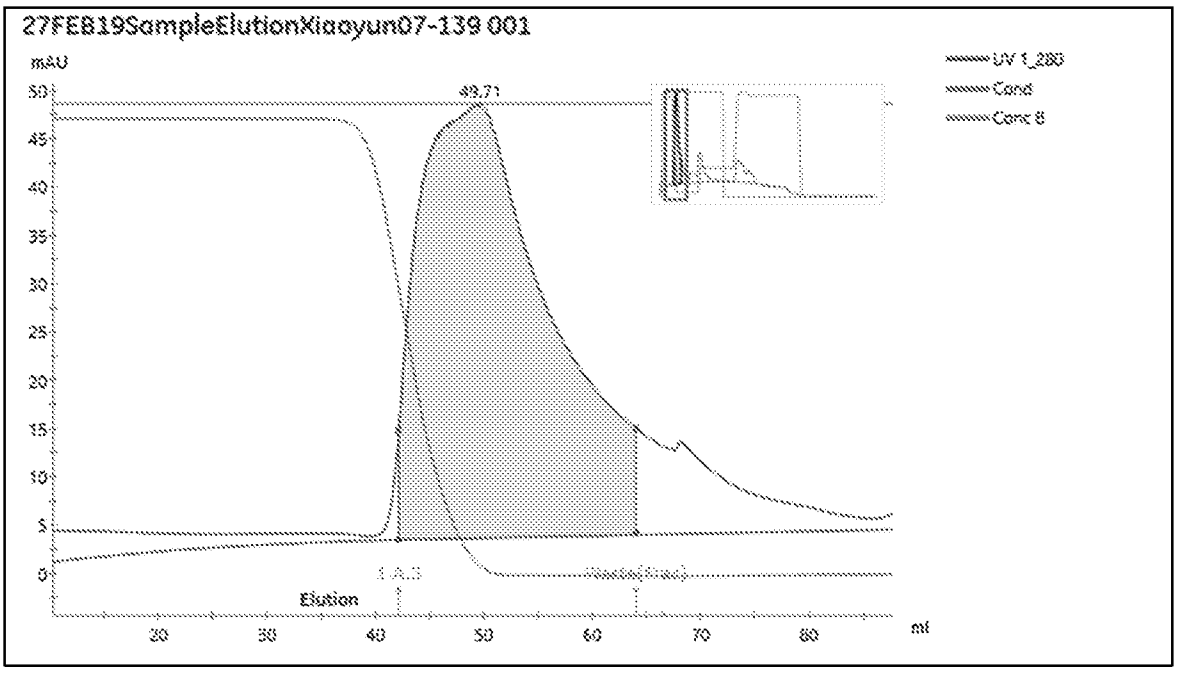


Figure 122

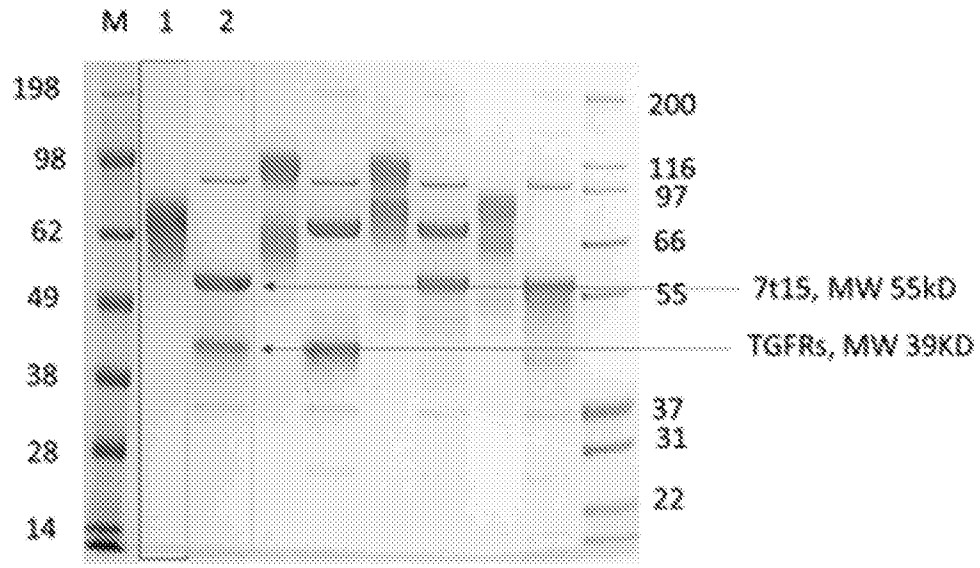


Figure 123

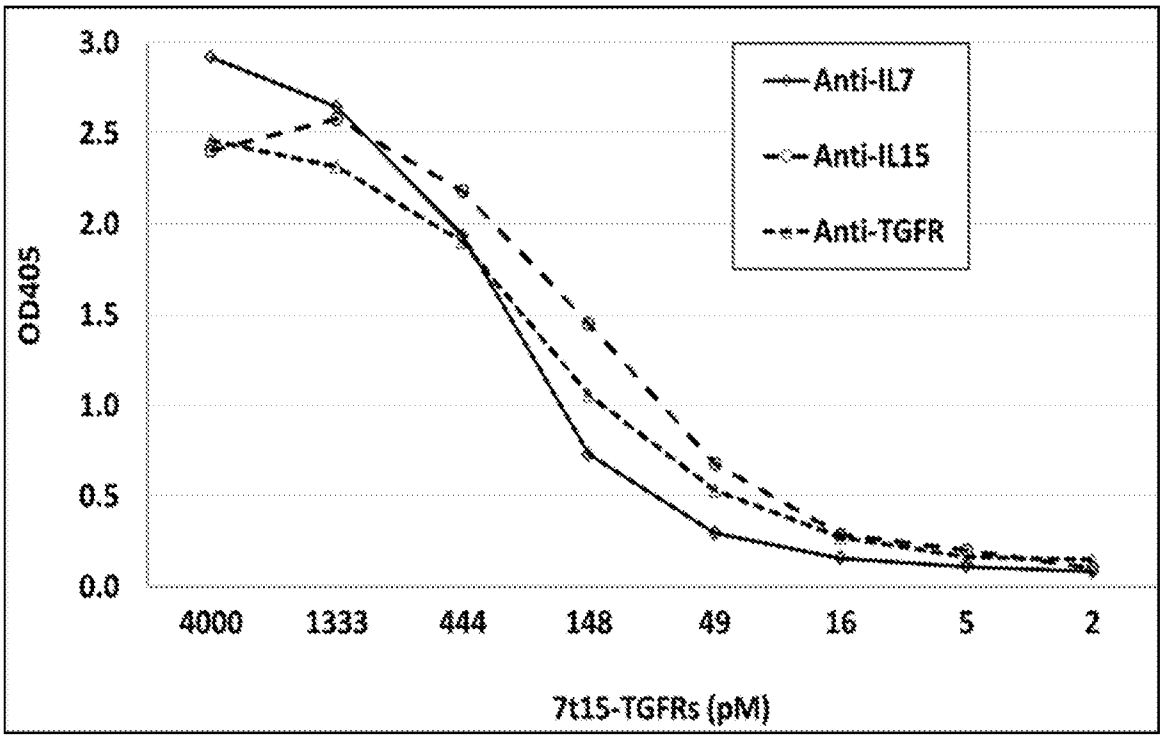


Figure 124

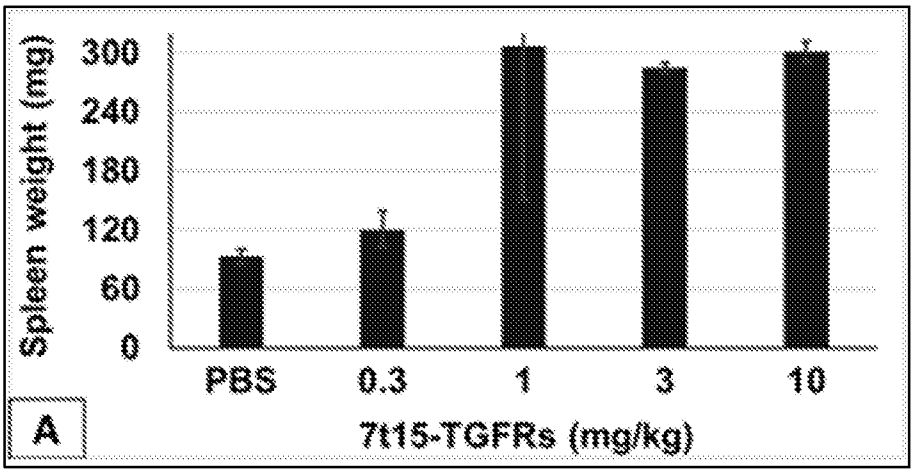


Figure 125A

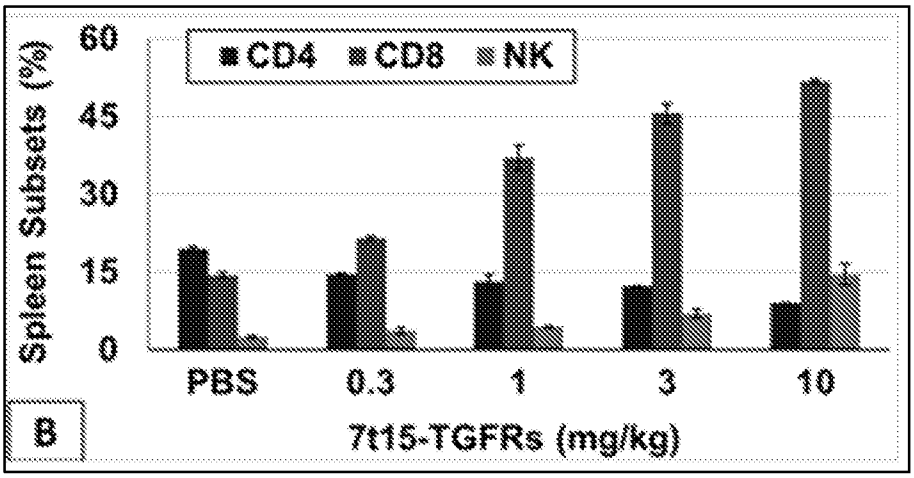


Figure 125B

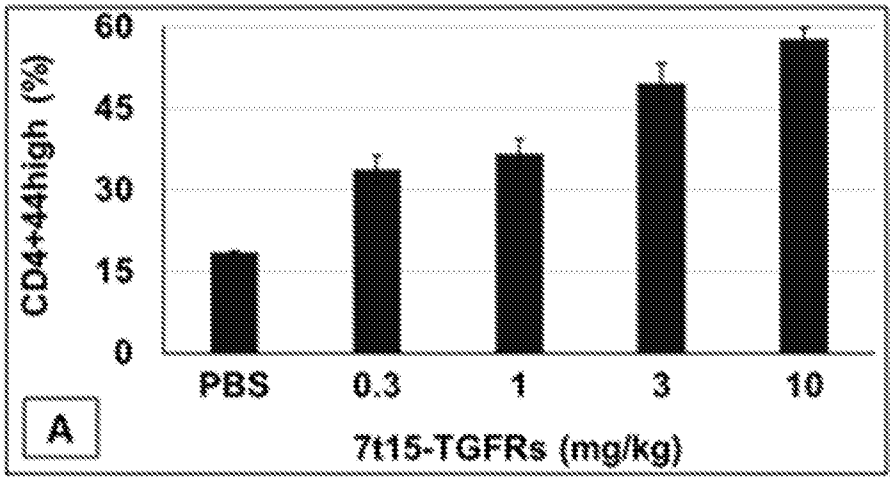


Figure 126A

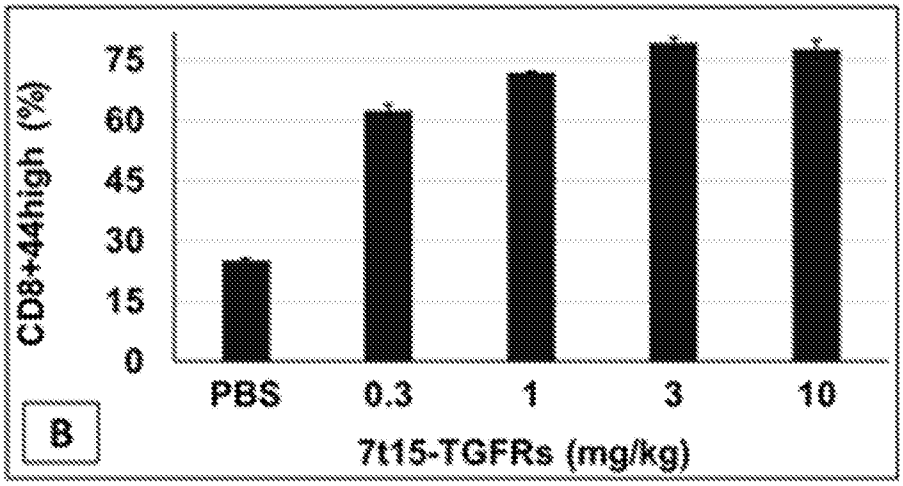


Figure 126B

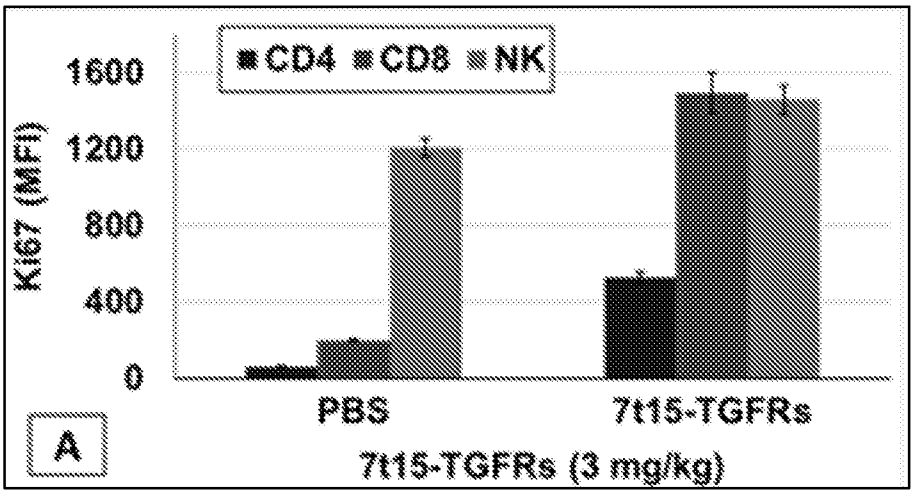


Figure 127A

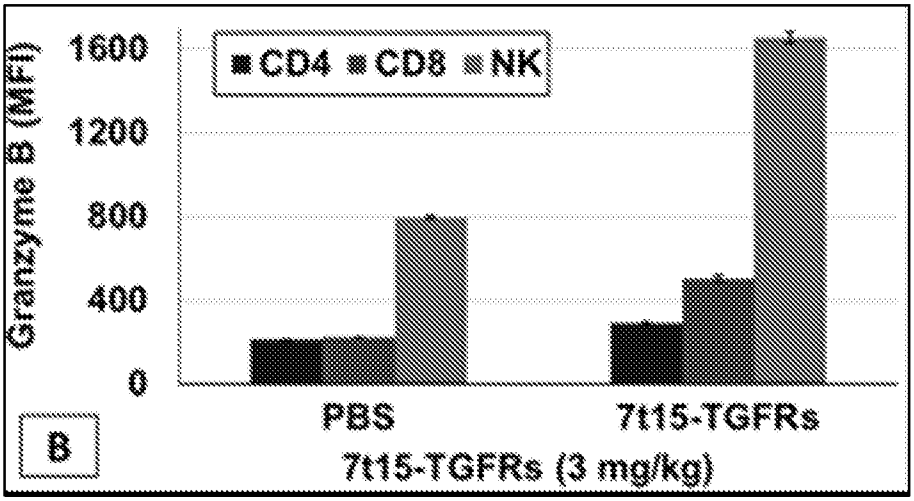


Figure 127B

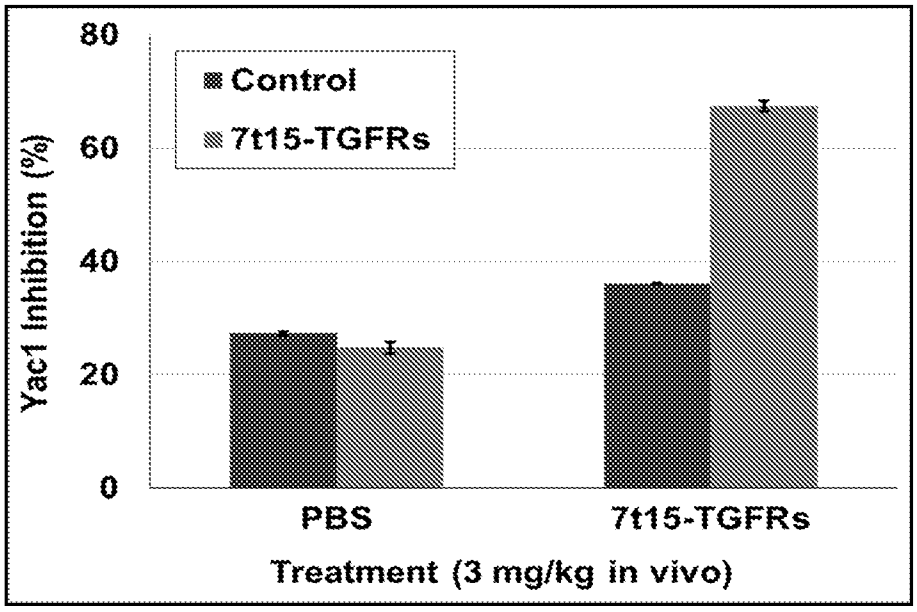

80
60
40
20
0
Yac1 Inhibition (%)
Control
7t15-TGFRs
PBS
7t15-TGFRs
Treatment (3 mg/kg in vivo)

Figure 128

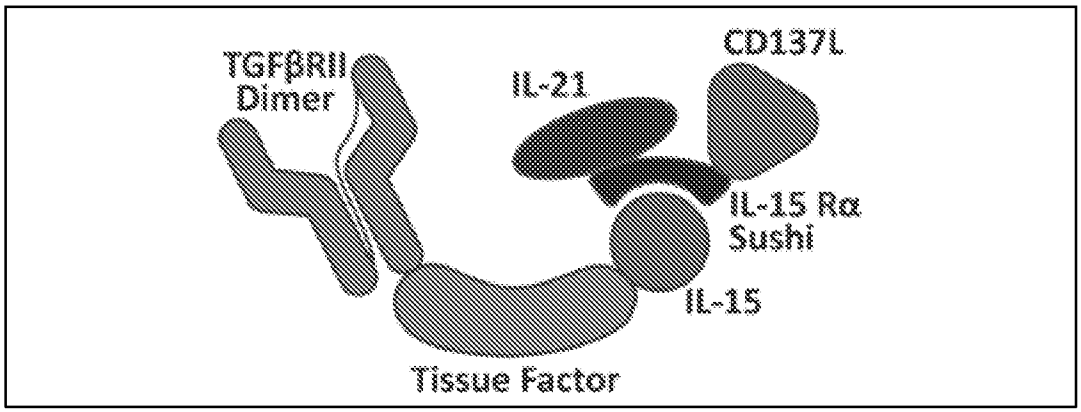


Figure 129

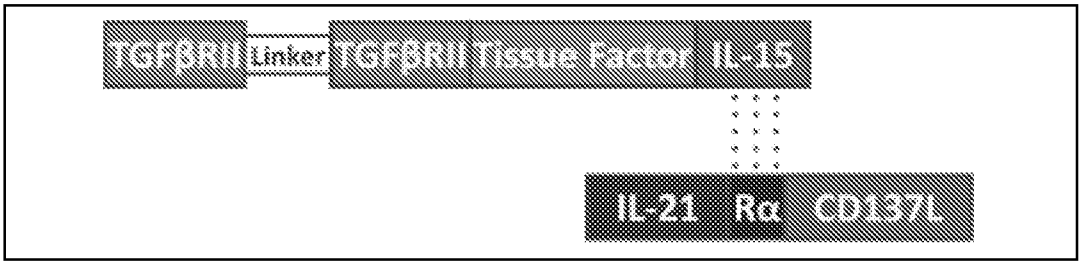


Figure 130

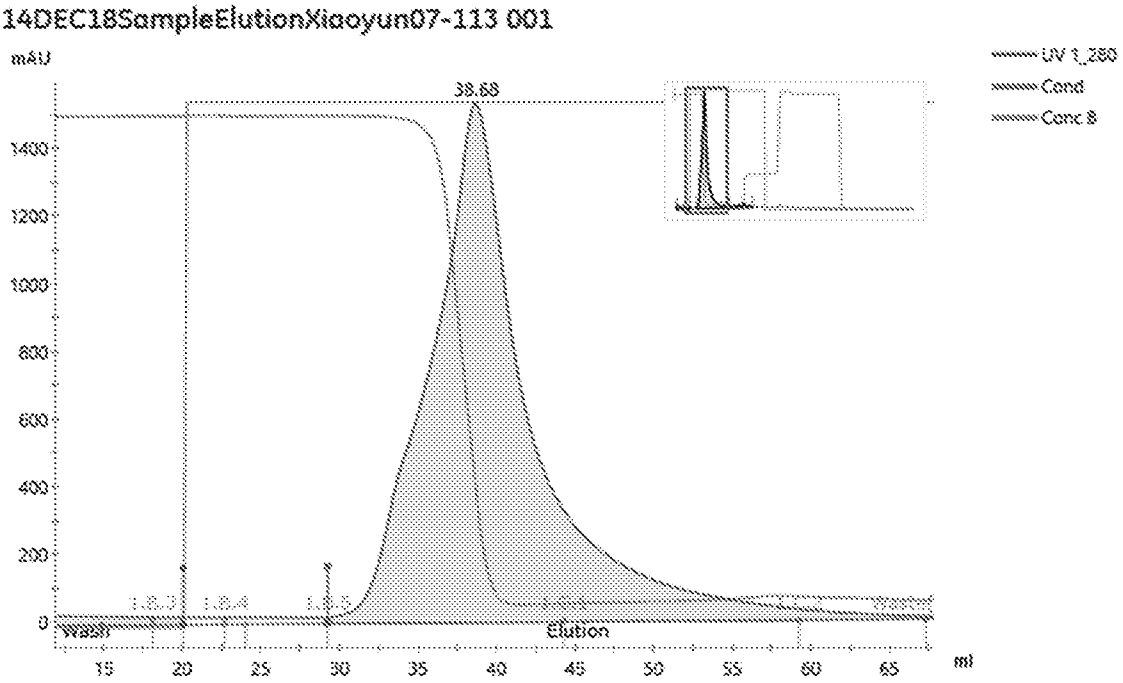

14DEC18SampleElutionXiaoyun07-113 001
mAU
38.68
UV 1_280
Cond
Conc B
1400
1200
1000
800
600
400
200
0
Wash
Elution
15
20
25
30
35
40
45
50
55
60
65
ml

Figure 131

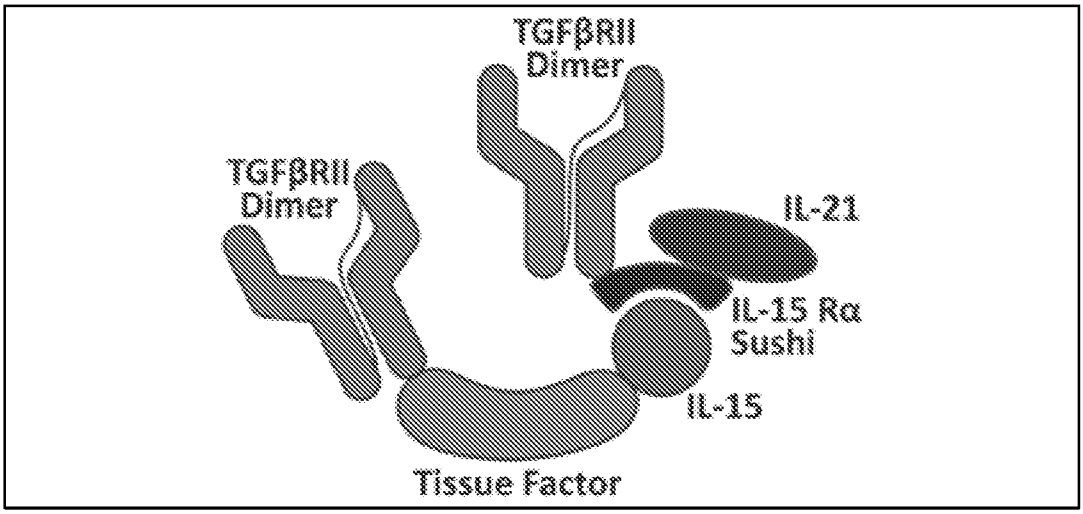


Figure 132

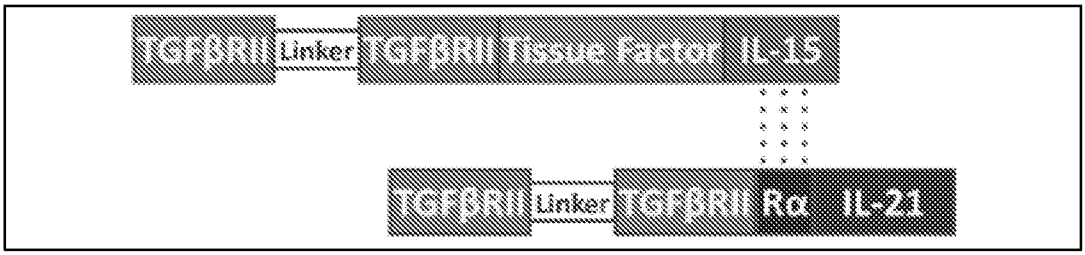


Figure 133

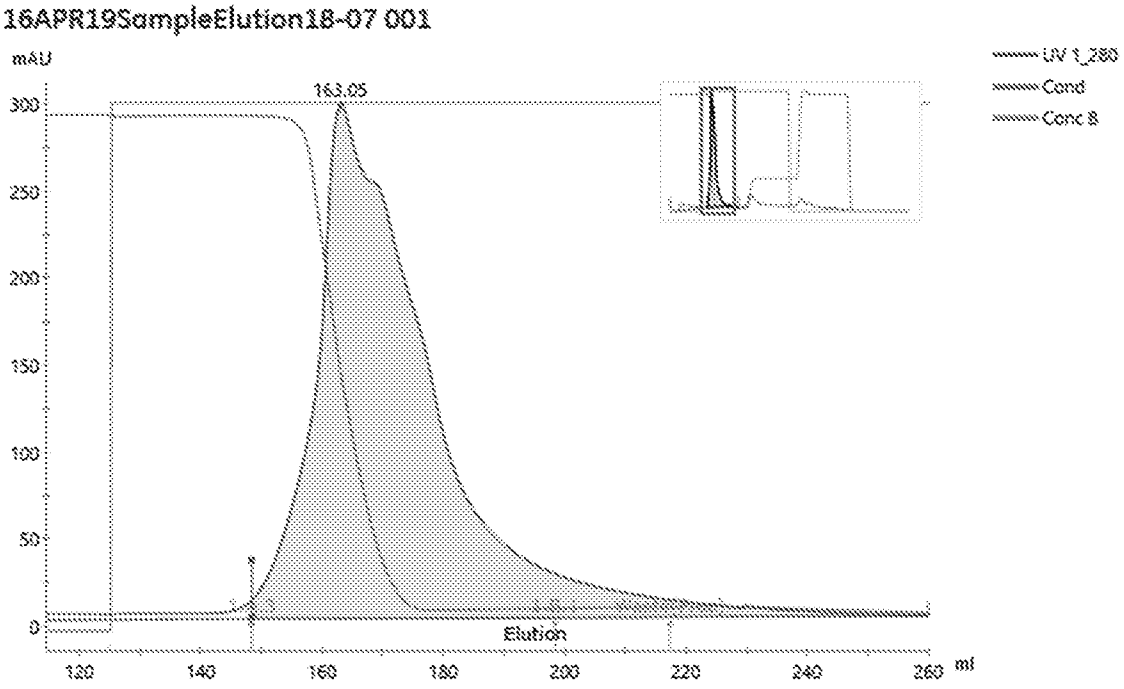


Figure 134

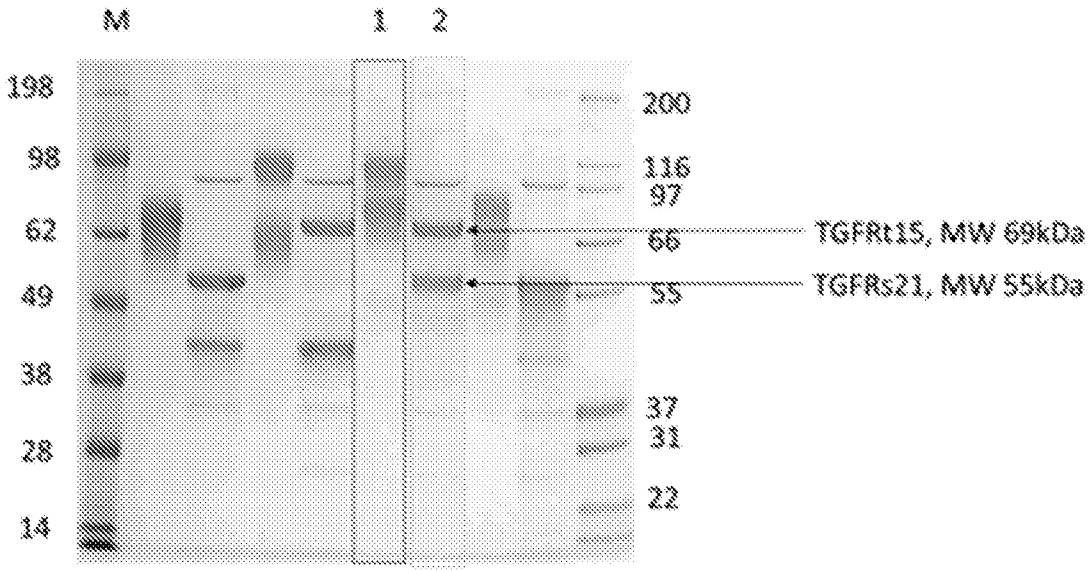


Figure 135

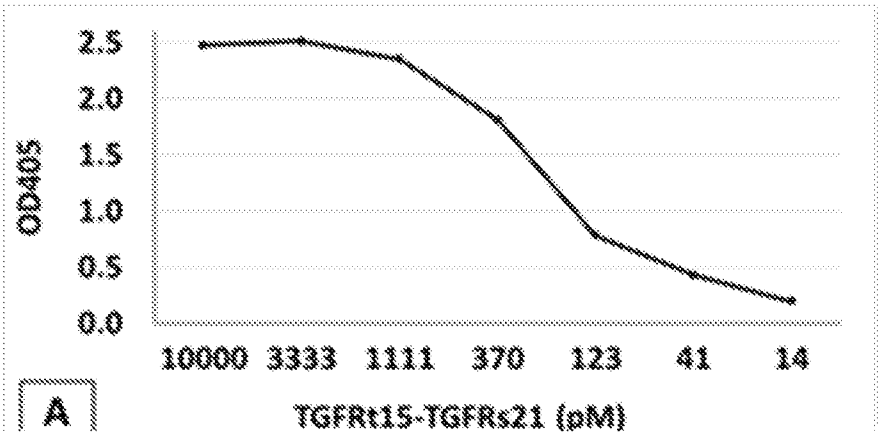


Figure 136A

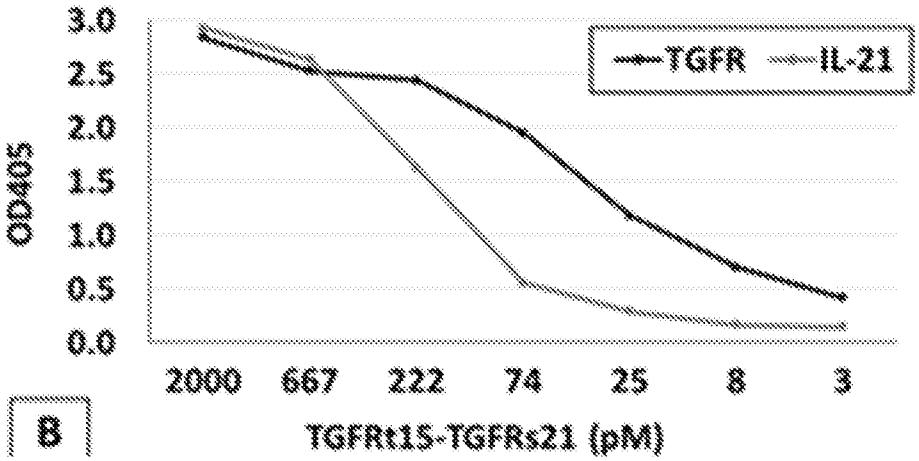


Figure 136B

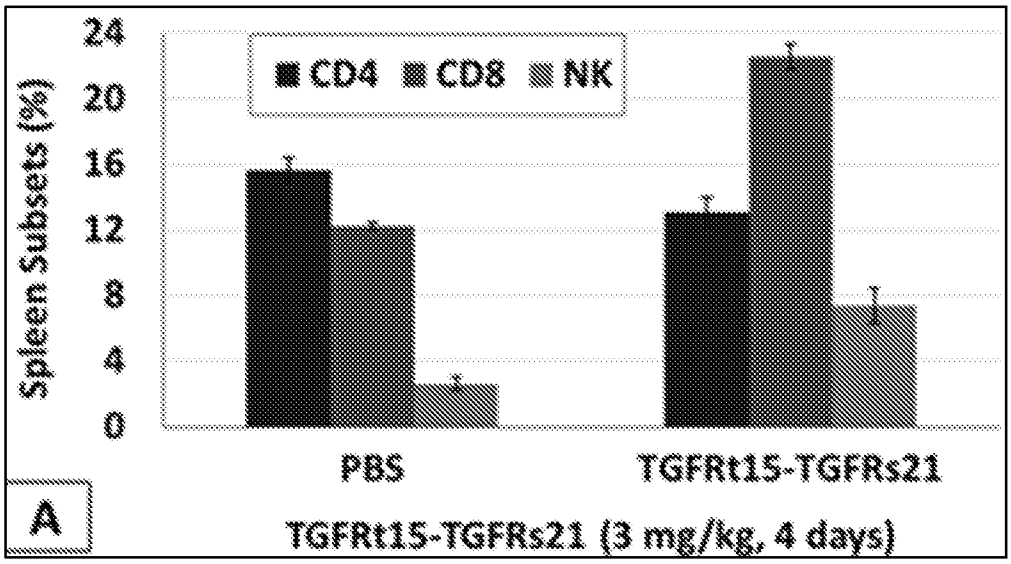


Figure 137A

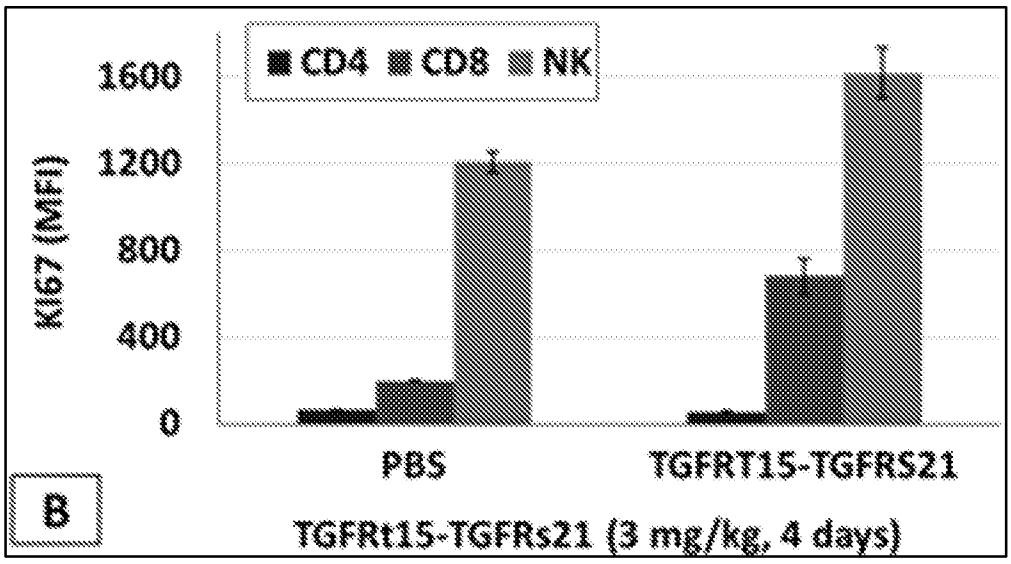


Figure 137B

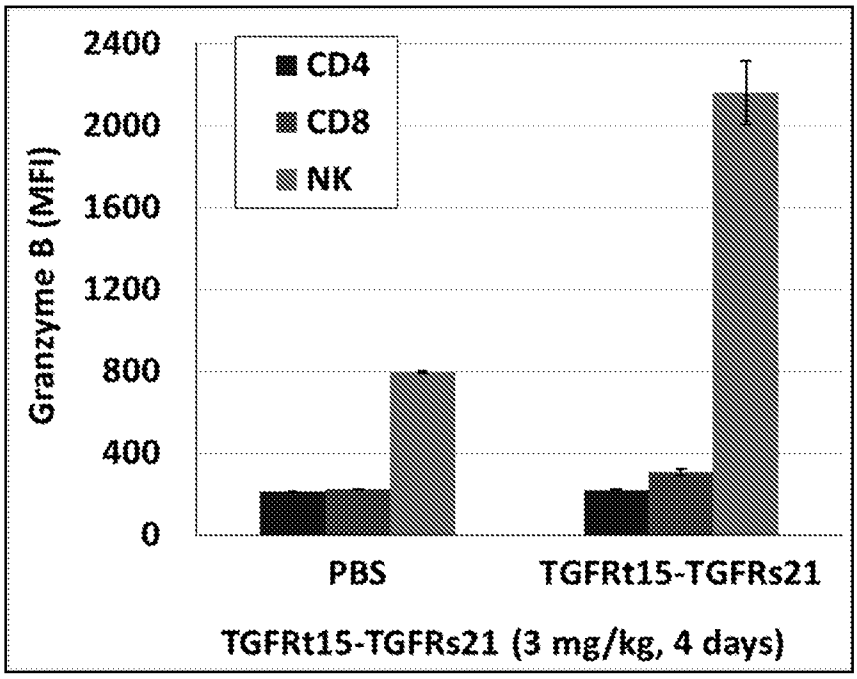


Figure 138

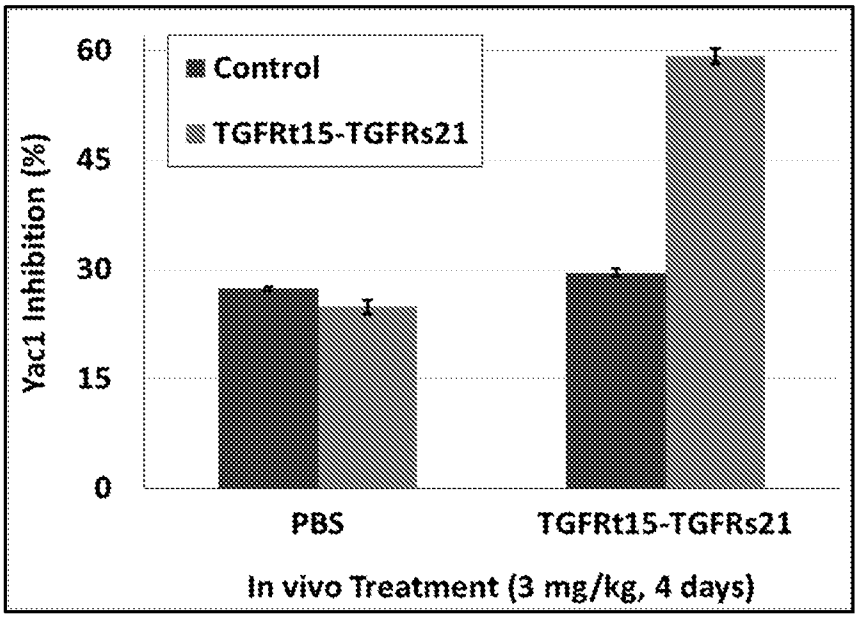


Figure 139

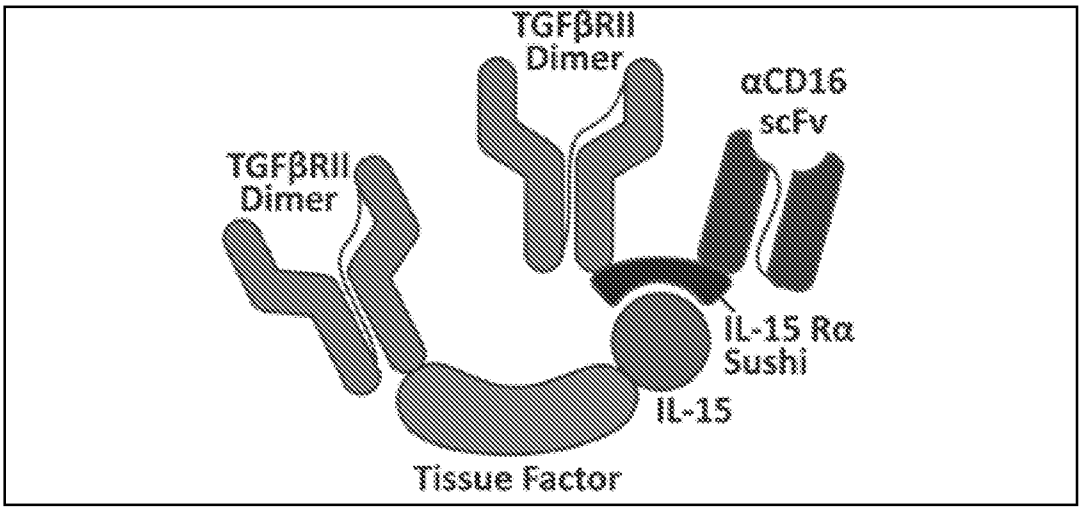


Figure 140

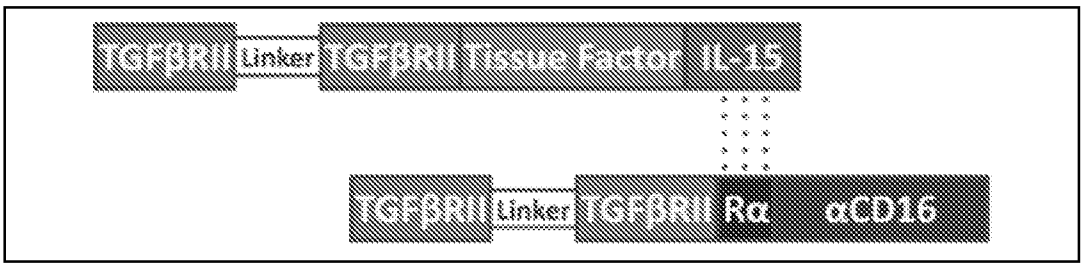


Figure 141

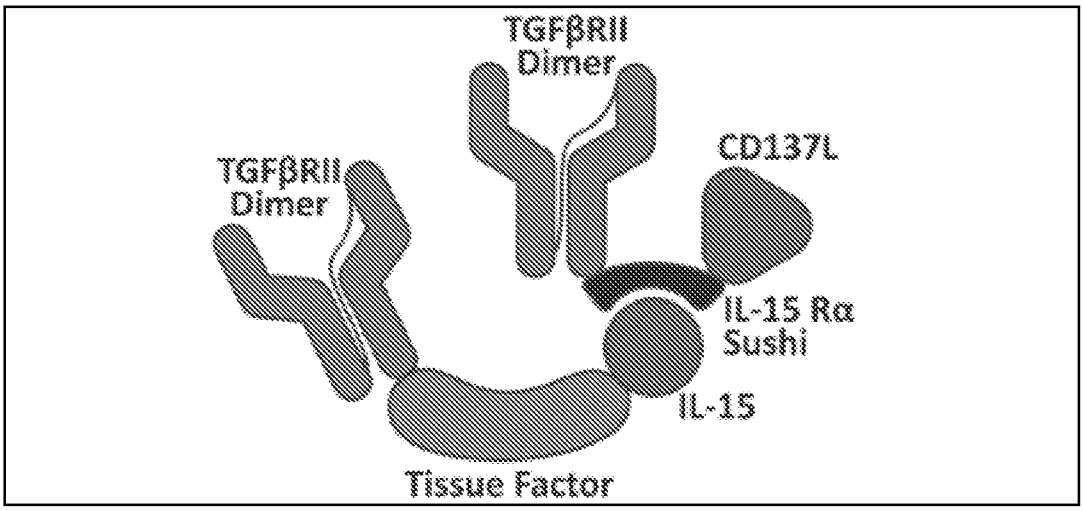


Figure 142

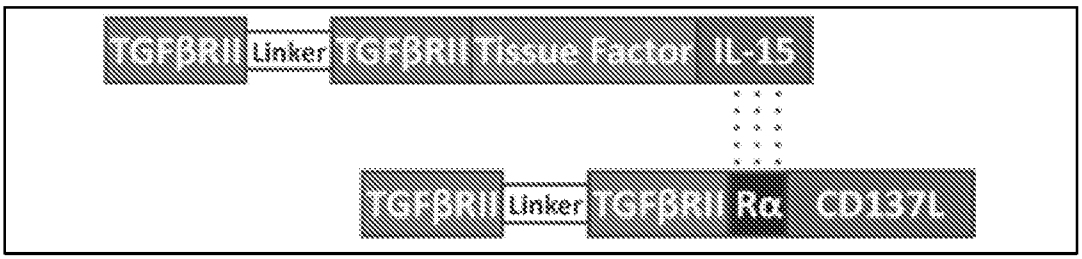


Figure 143

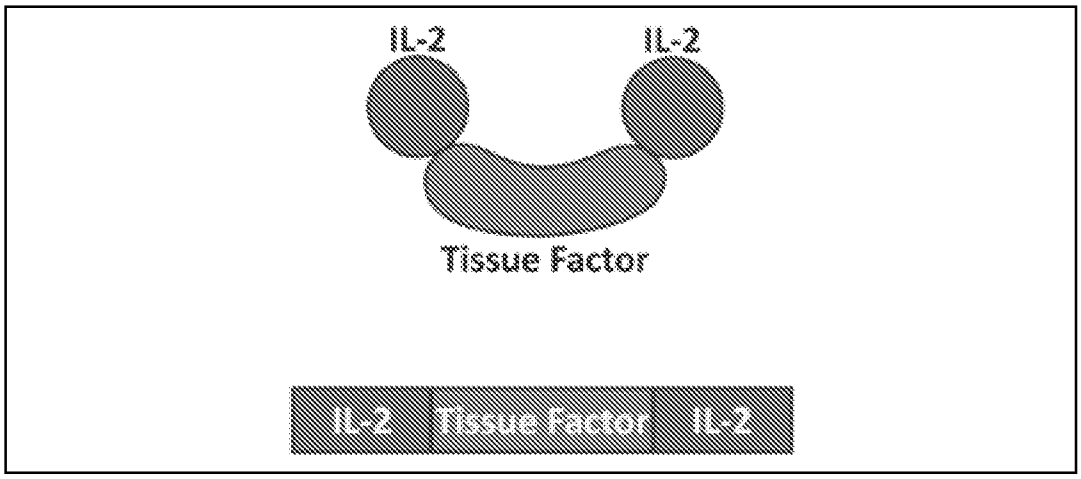


Figure 144

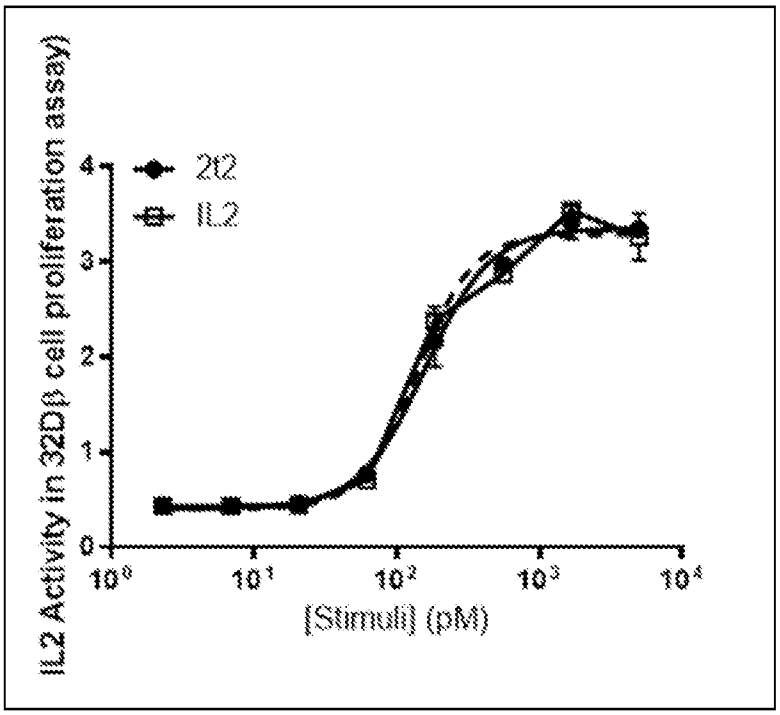


Figure 145

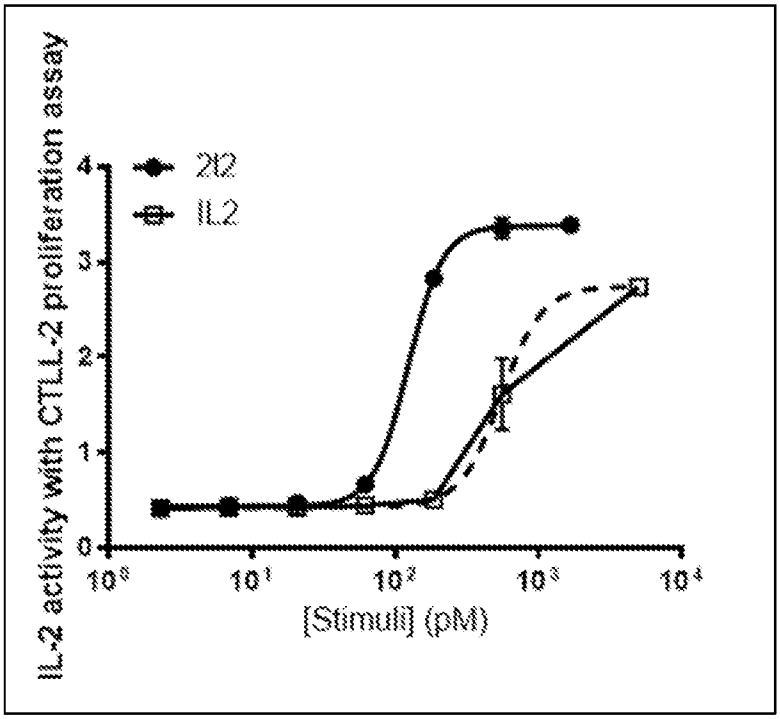


Figure 146

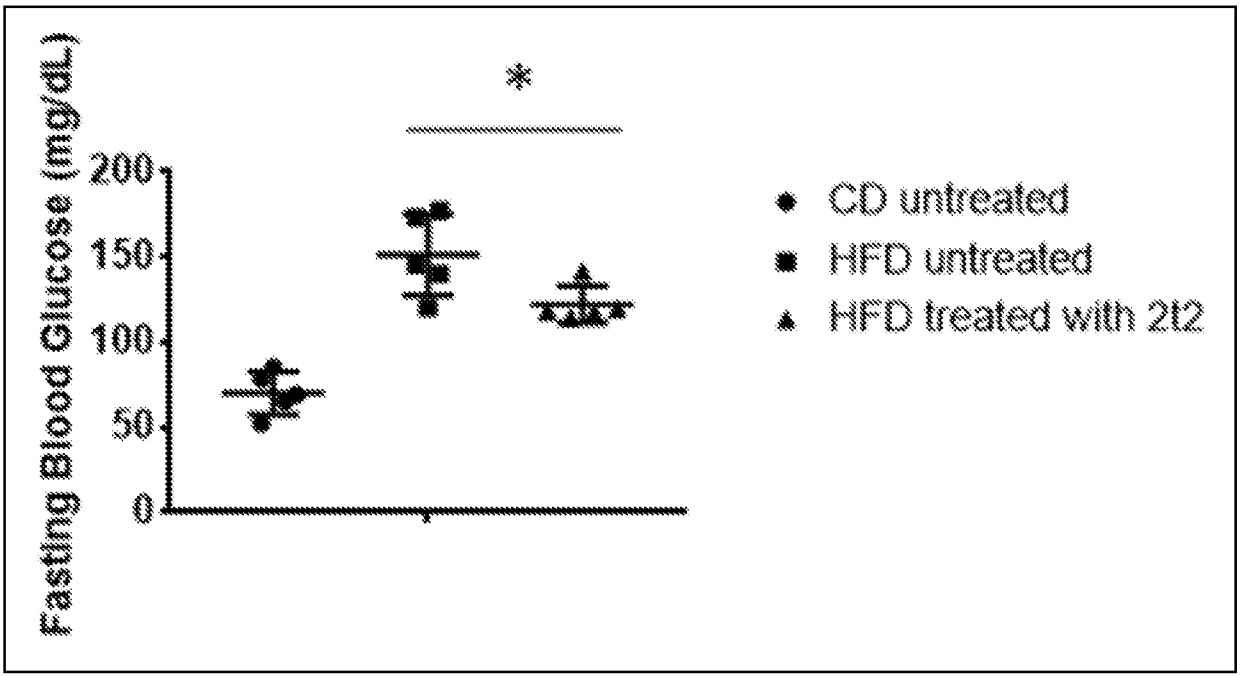


Figure 147

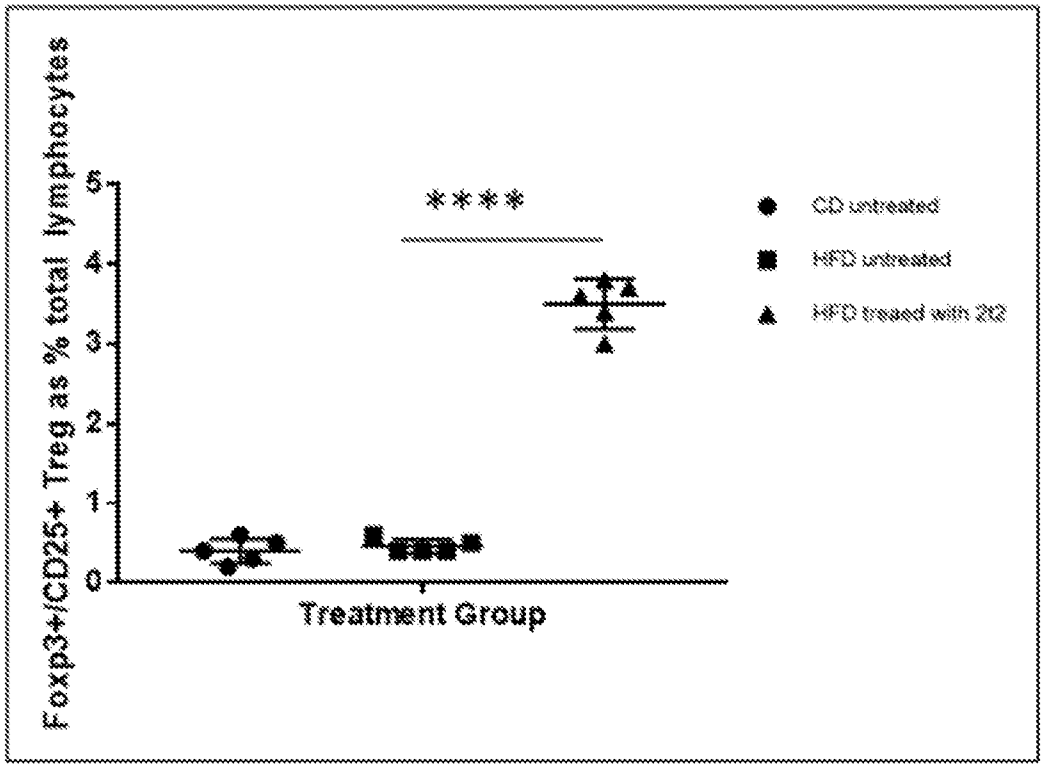


Figure 148

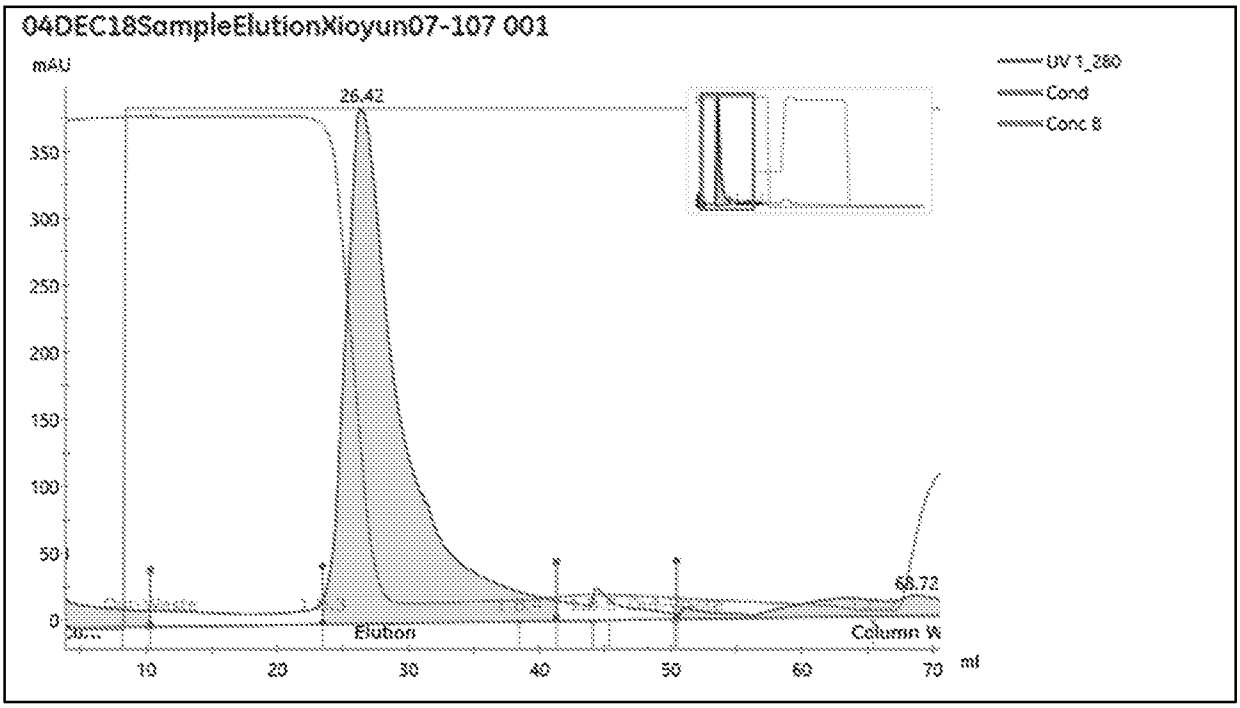


Figure 149

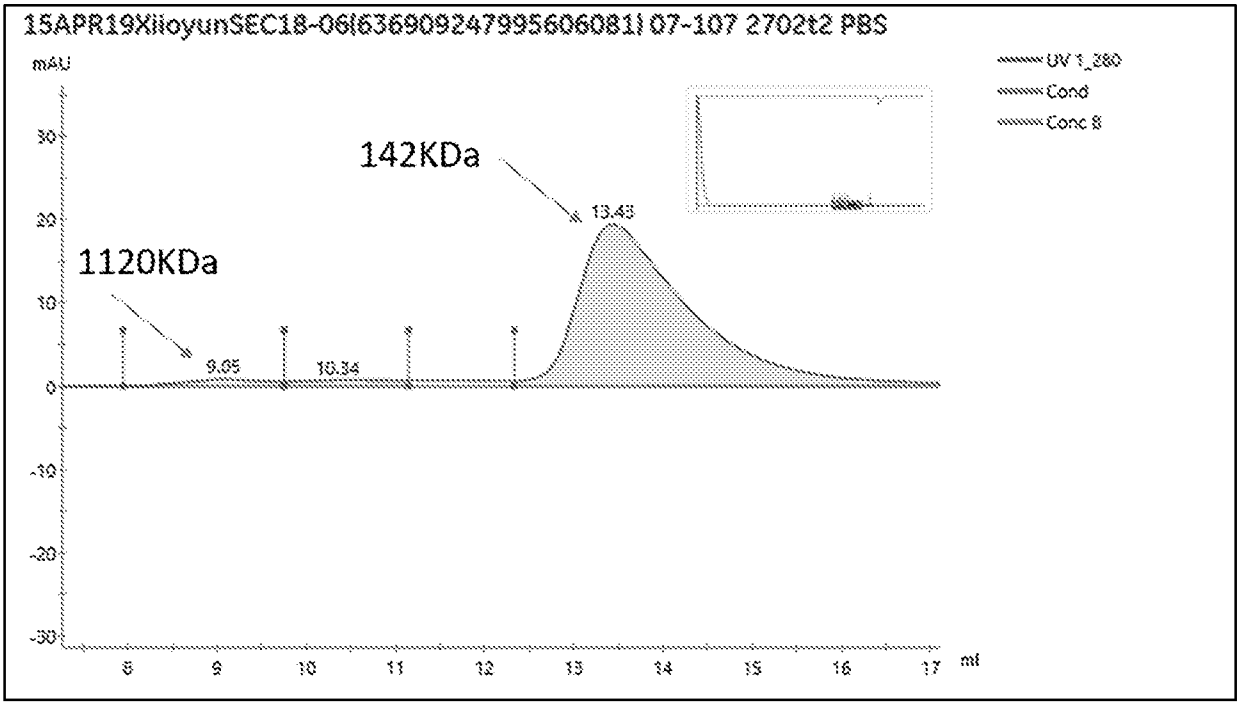


Figure 150

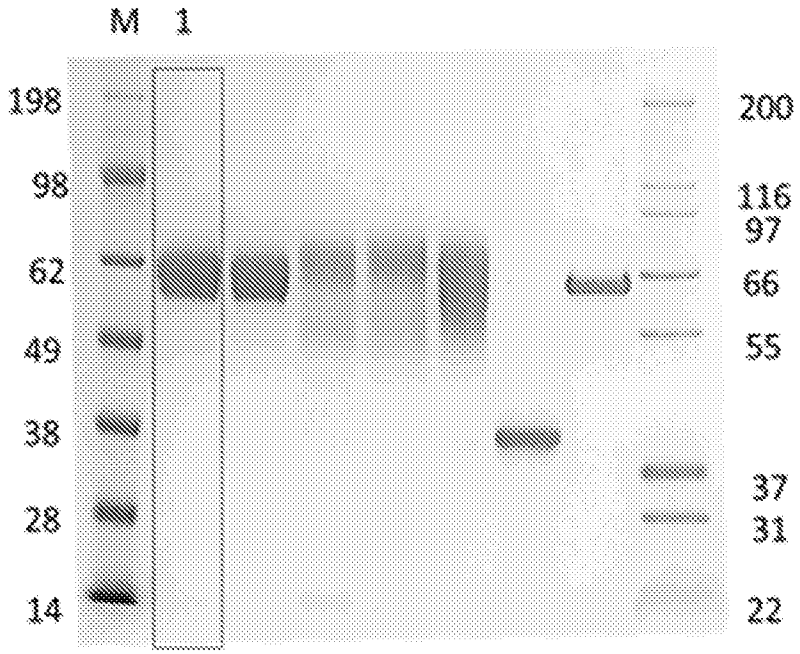


Figure 151A

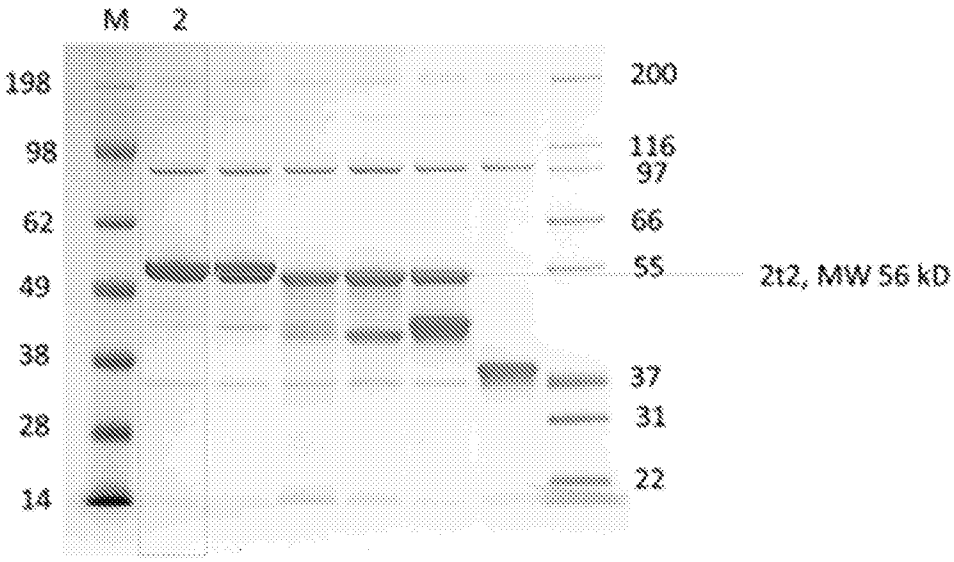


Figure 151B

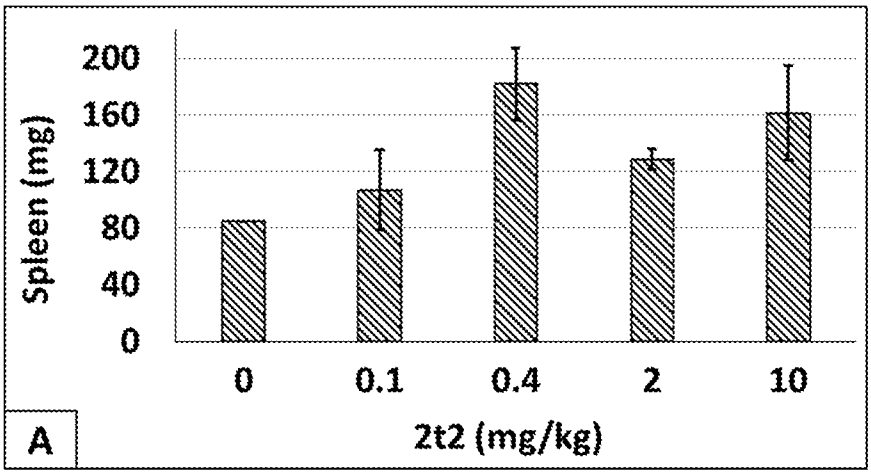


Figure 152A

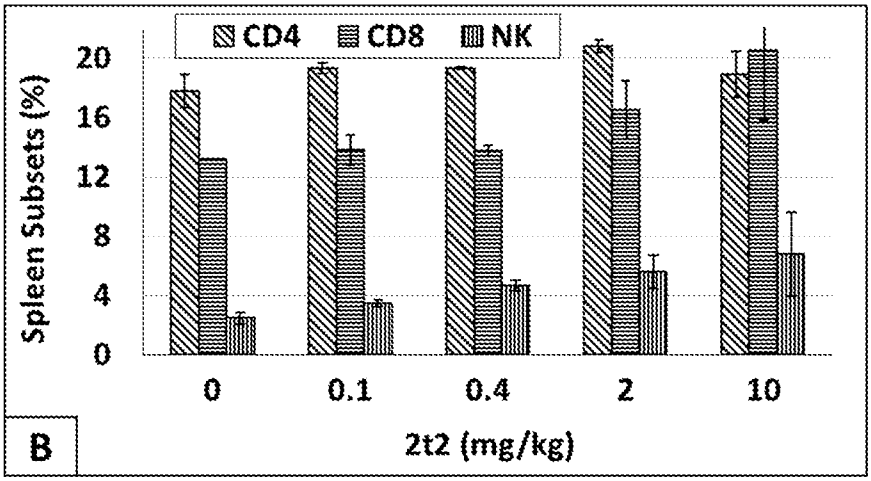


Figure 152B

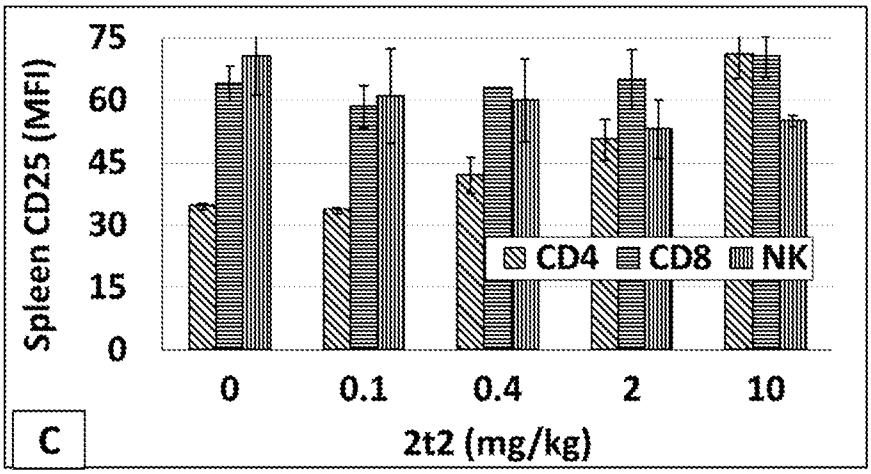


Figure 153

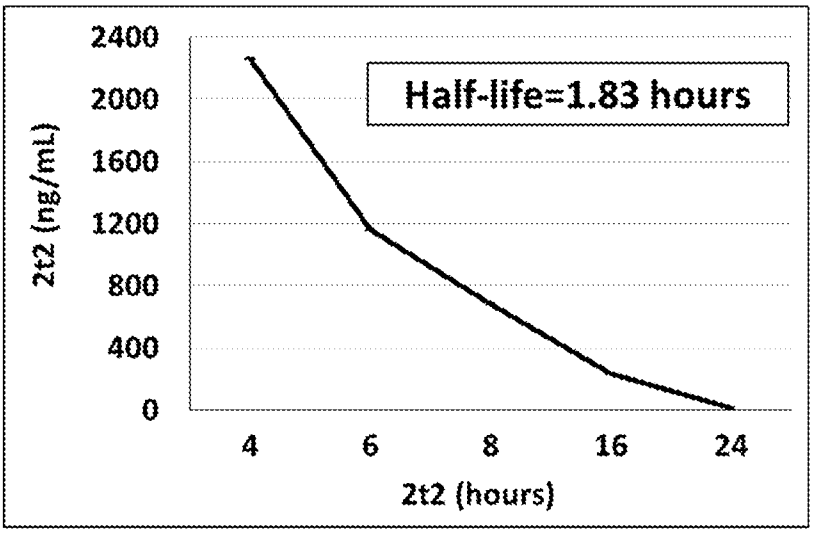


Figure 154

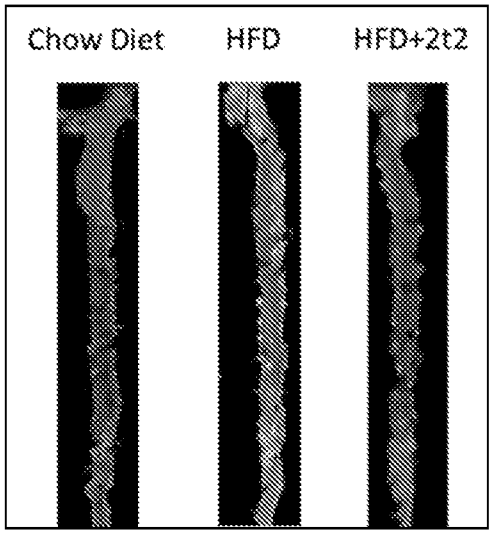


Figure 155A

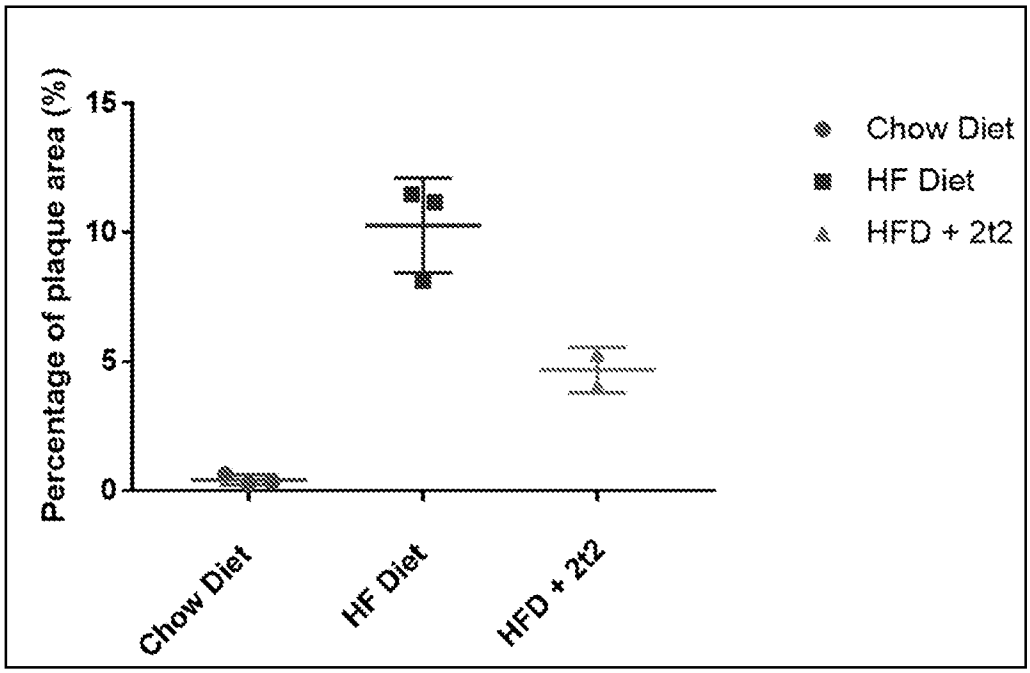


Figure 155B

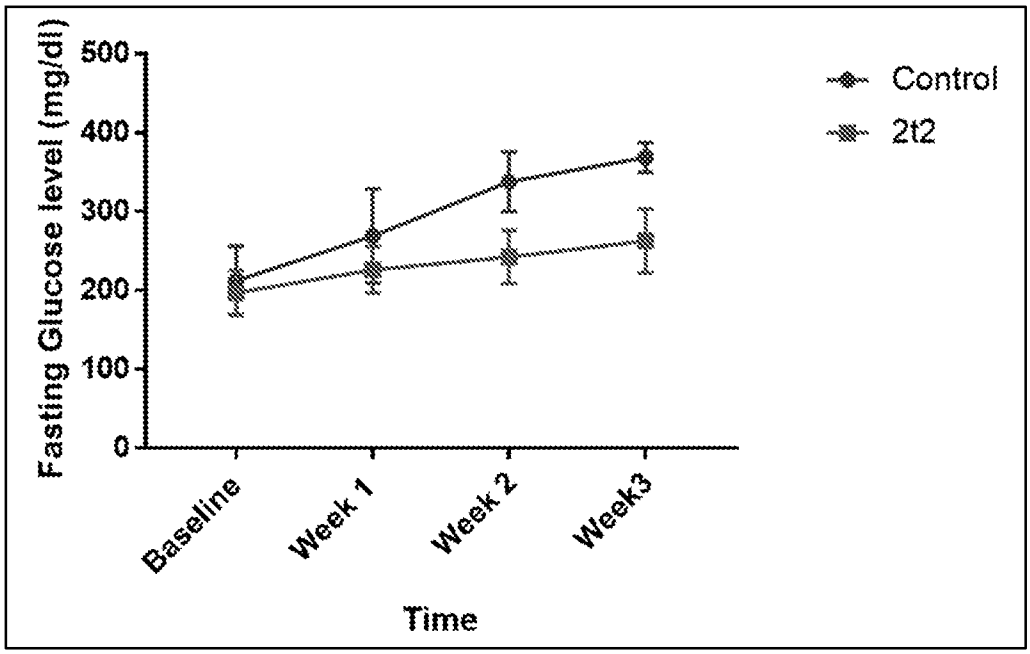


Figure 156

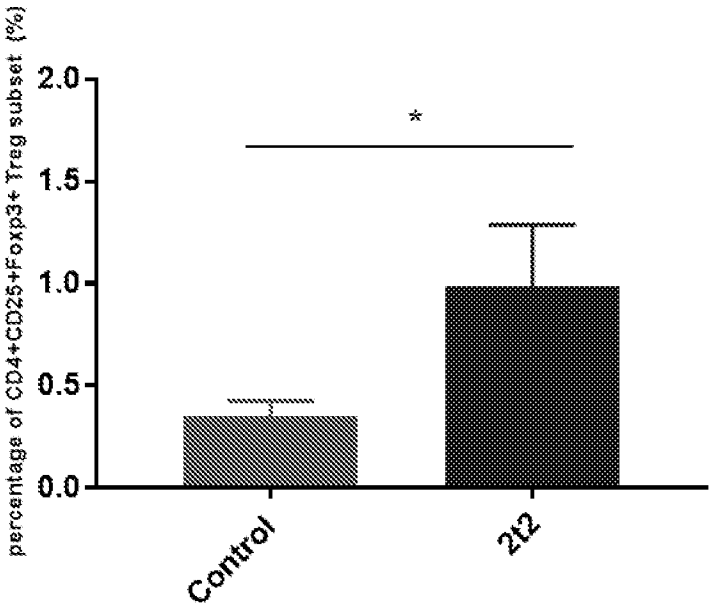


Figure 157

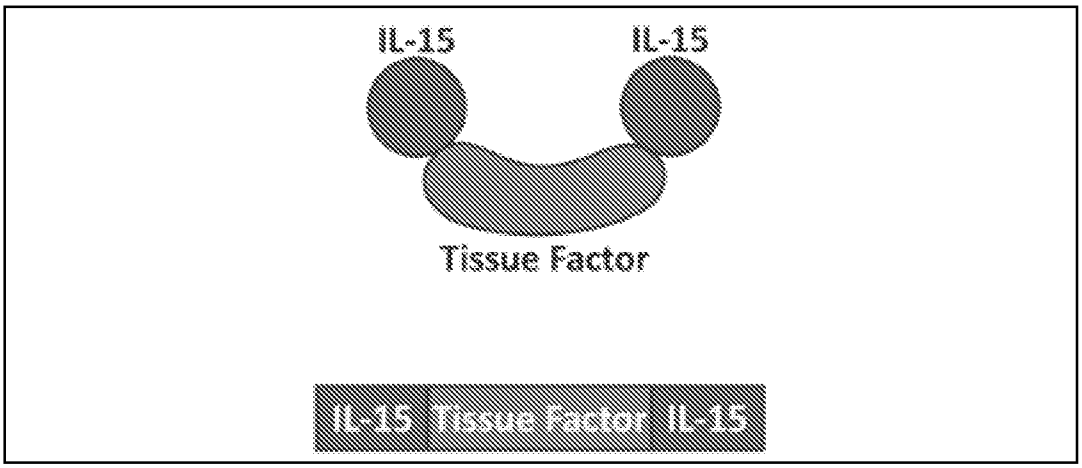


Figure 158

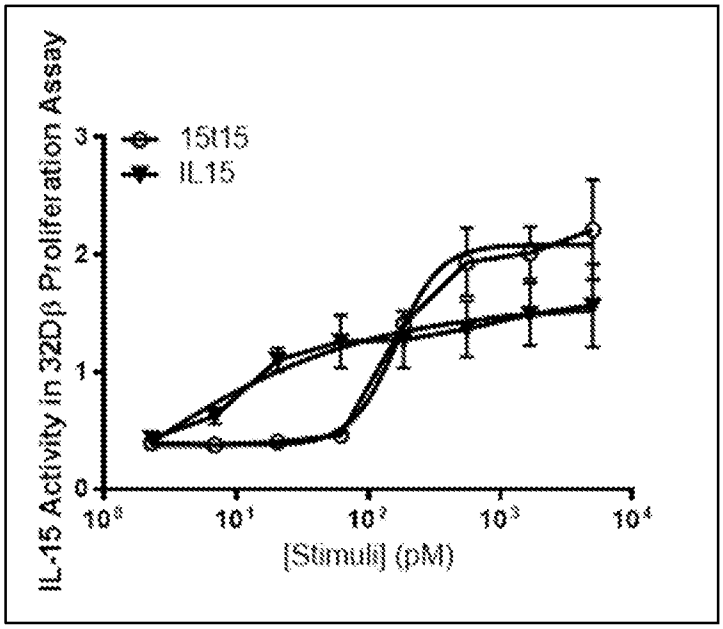

IL-15 Activity in 32Dβ Proliferation Assay
15i15
IL15
3
2
1
0
10⁰
10¹
10²
10³
10⁴
[Stimuli] (pM)

Figure 159

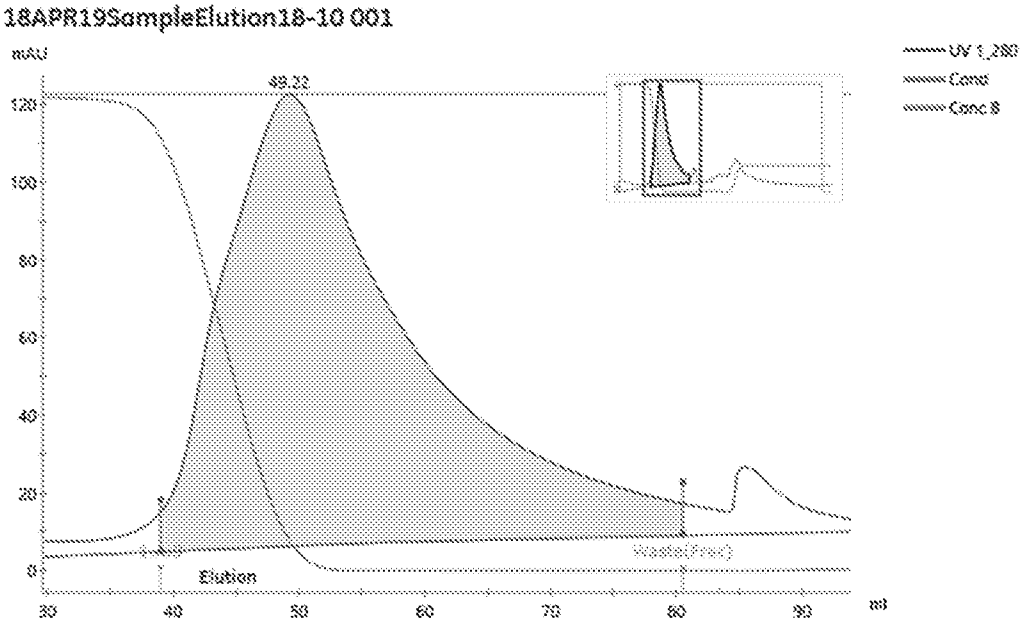

18APR19SampleElution18-10 001
mAU
UV 1_280
Cond
Conc B
Elution
Waste(Frac)
ml

Figure 160

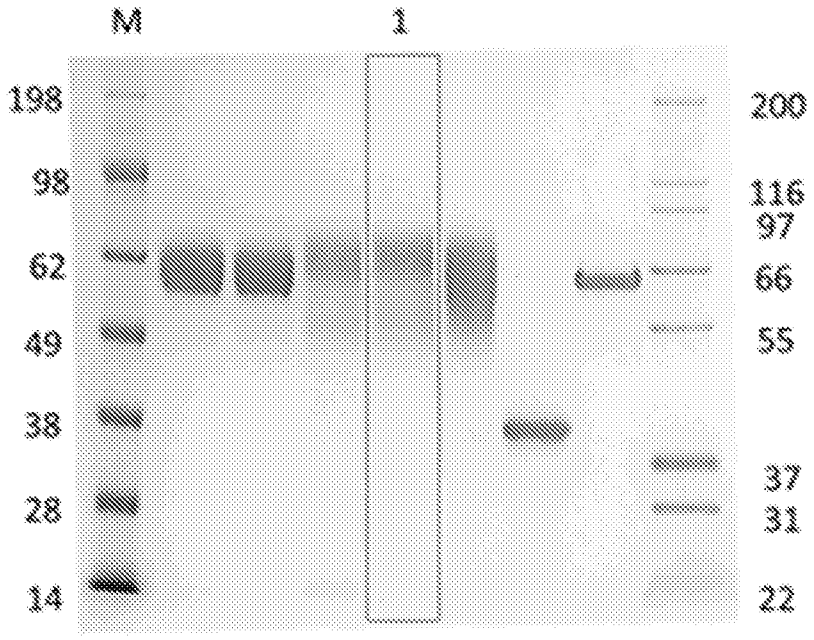


Figure 161A

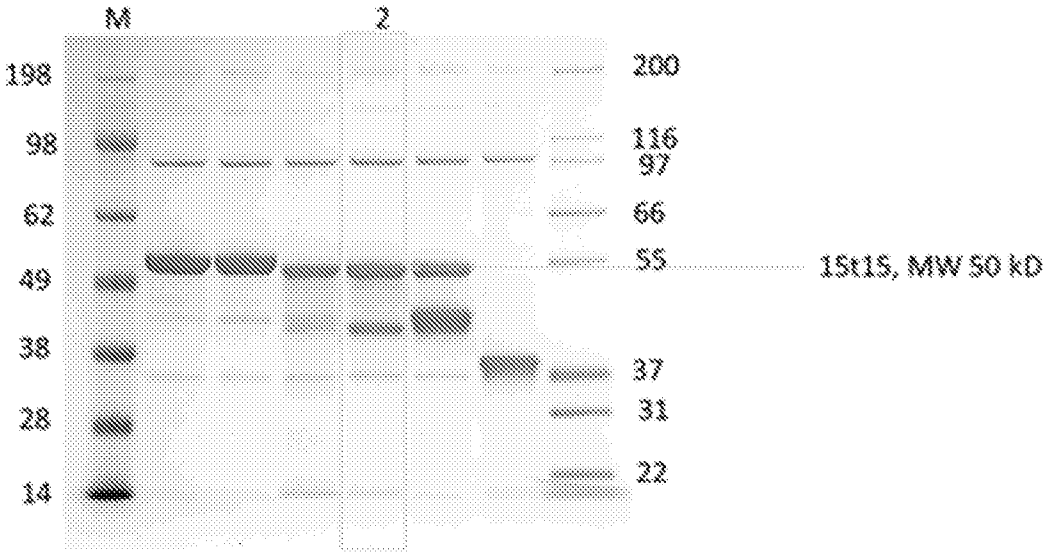
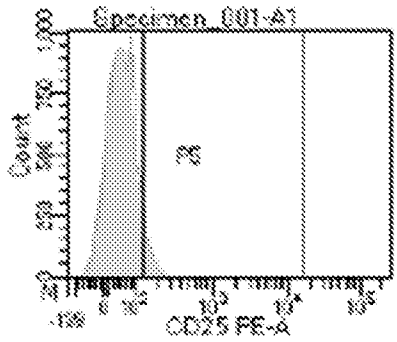
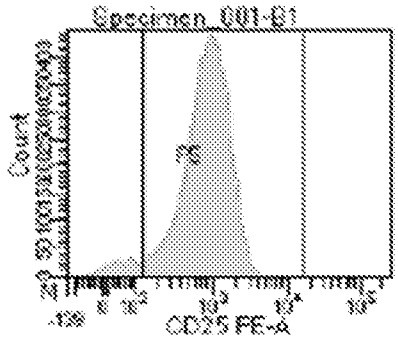


Figure 161B

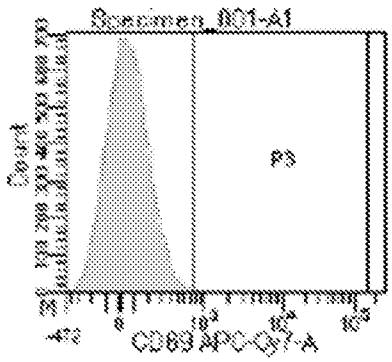
Before Stimulation



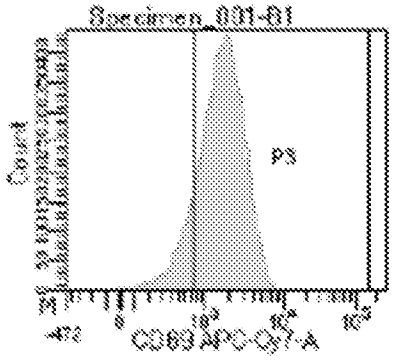
After Overnight Stimulation with 100nM 18t15-12s



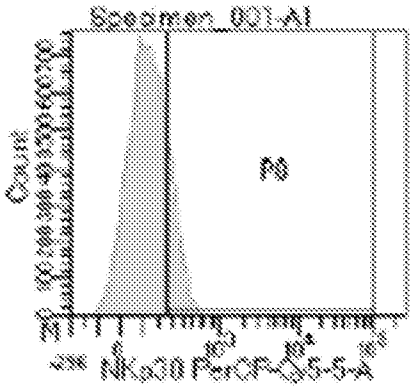
Before Stimulation



After Overnight Stimulation with 100nM 18t15-12s



Before Stimulation



After Overnight Stimulation with 100nM 18t15-12s

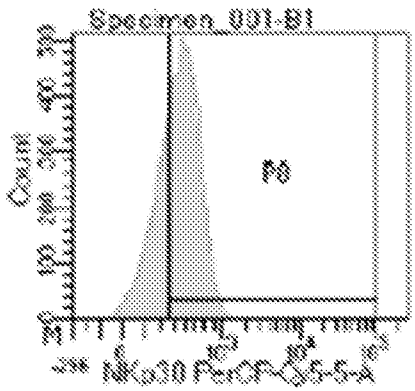


Figure 162A

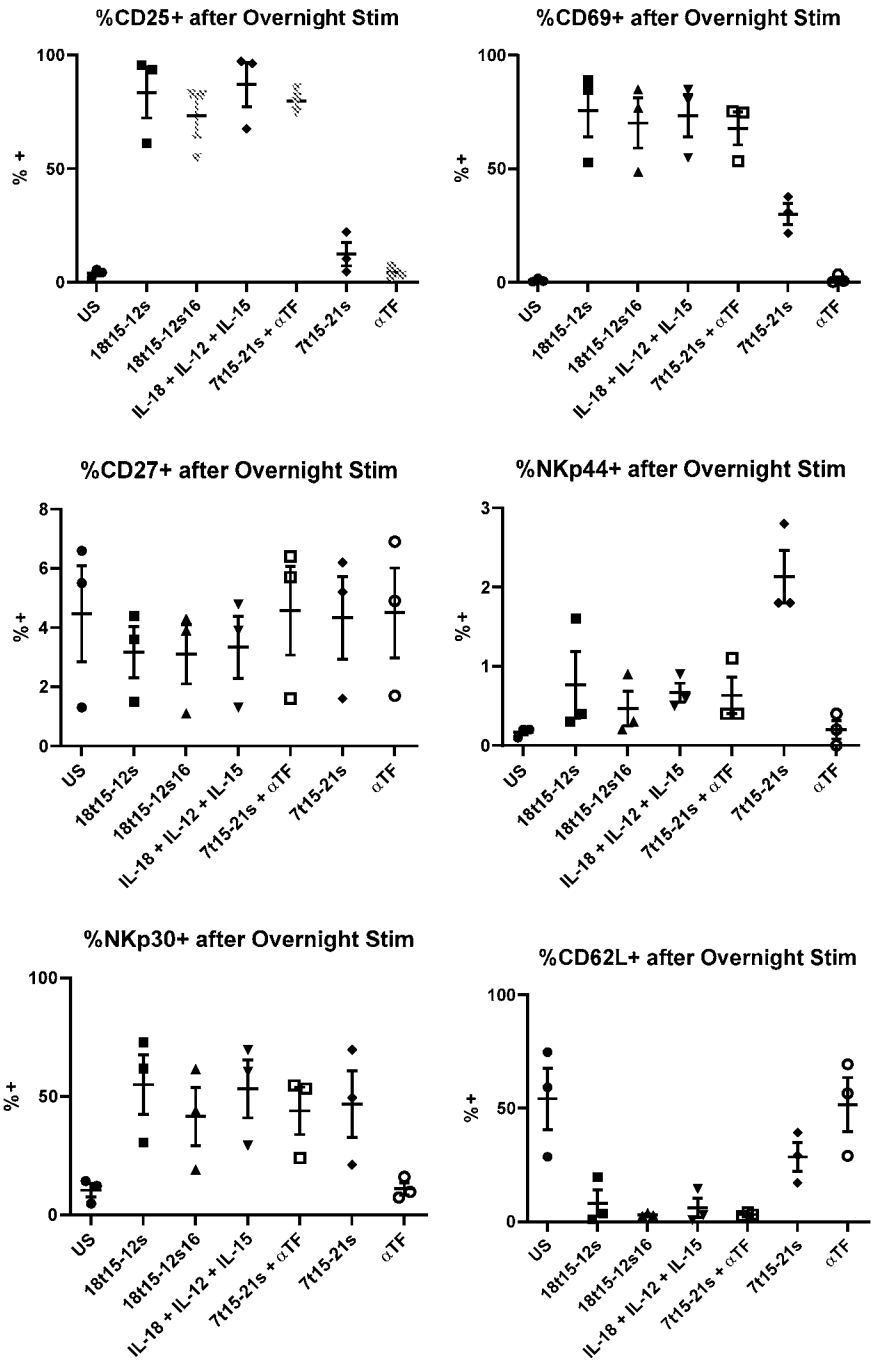

%CD25+ after Overnight Stim
%CD69+ after Overnight Stim
%CD27+ after Overnight Stim
%NKp44+ after Overnight Stim
%NKp30+ after Overnight Stim
%CD62L+ after Overnight Stim
% +
US
18t15-12s
18t15-12s16
IL-18 + IL-12 + IL-15
7t15-21s + αTF
7t15-21s
αTF

Figure 162B

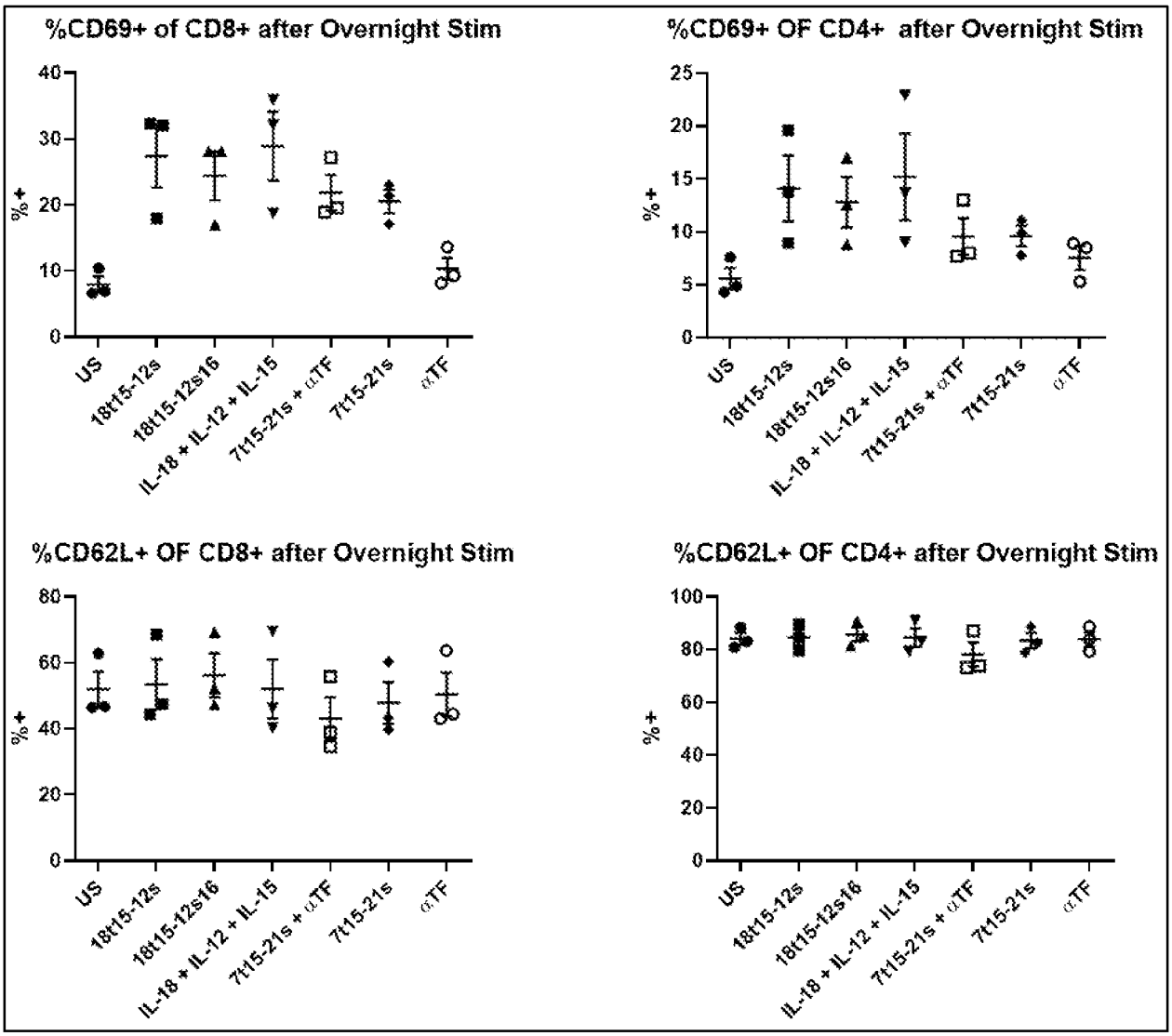

%CD69+ of CD8+ after Overnight Stim
%+
40
30
20
10
0
US
18t15-12s
18t15-12s16
IL-18 + IL-12 + IL-15
7t15-21s + αTF
7t15-21s
αTF
%CD69+ OF CD4+ after Overnight Stim
%+
25
20
15
10
5
0
US
18t15-12s
18t15-12s16
IL-18 + IL-12 + IL-15
7t15-21s + αTF
7t15-21s
αTF
%CD62L+ OF CD8+ after Overnight Stim
%+
80
60
40
20
0
US
18t15-12s
18t15-12s16
IL-18 + IL-12 + IL-15
7t15-21s + αTF
7t15-21s
αTF
%CD62L+ OF CD4+ after Overnight Stim
%+
100
80
60
40
20
0
US
18t15-12s
18t15-12s16
IL-18 + IL-12 + IL-15
7t15-21s + αTF
7t15-21s
αTF

Figure 163

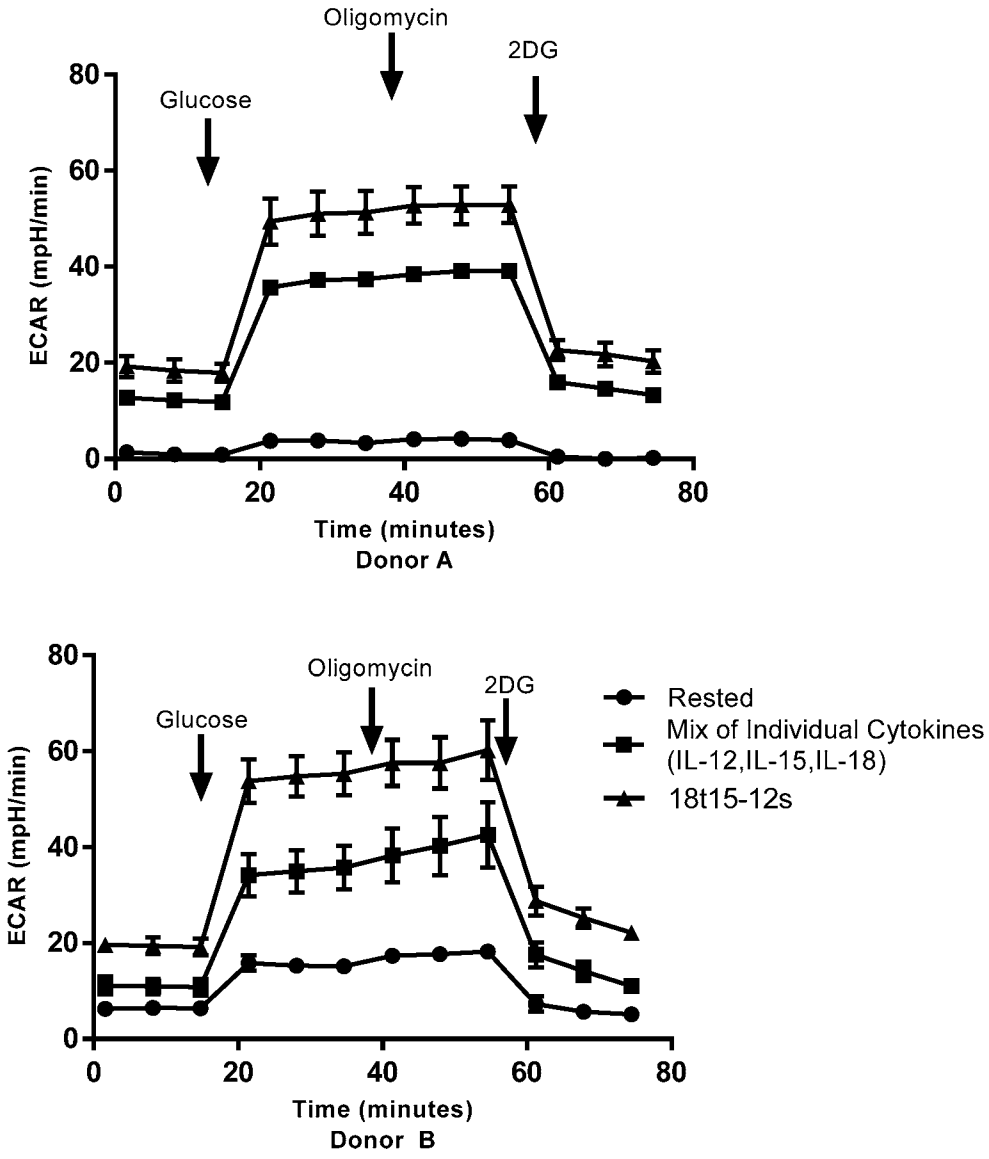

Oligomycin
2DG
Glucose
ECAR (mpH/min)
Time (minutes)
Donor A
Oligomycin
2DG
Glucose
ECAR (mpH/min)
Time (minutes)
Donor B
Rested
Mix of Individual Cytokines
(IL-12,IL-15,IL-18)
18t15-12s

Figure 164

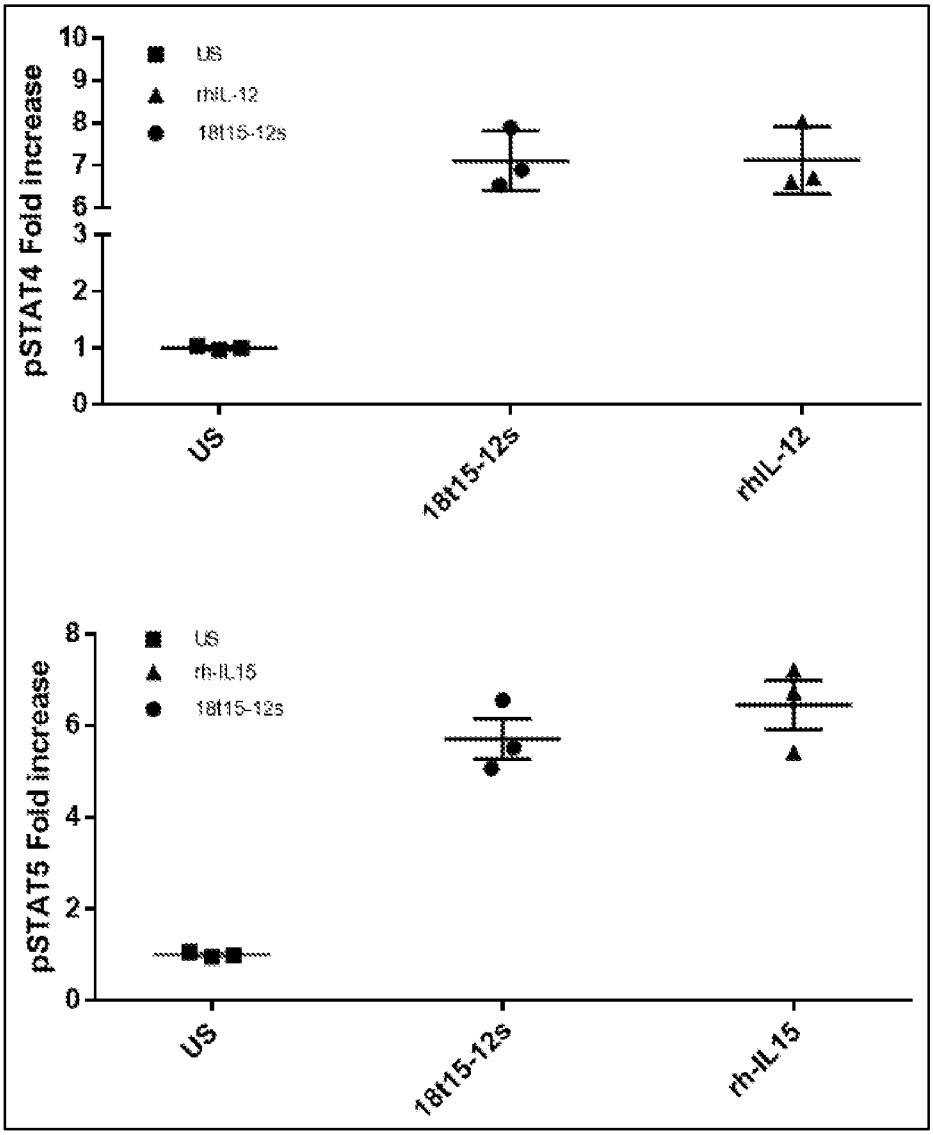

pSTAT4 Foid increase
US
rhIL-12
18t15-12s
US
18t15-12s
rhIL-12
pSTAT5 Foid increase
US
rh-IL15
18t15-12s
US
18t15-12s
rh-IL15

Figure 165

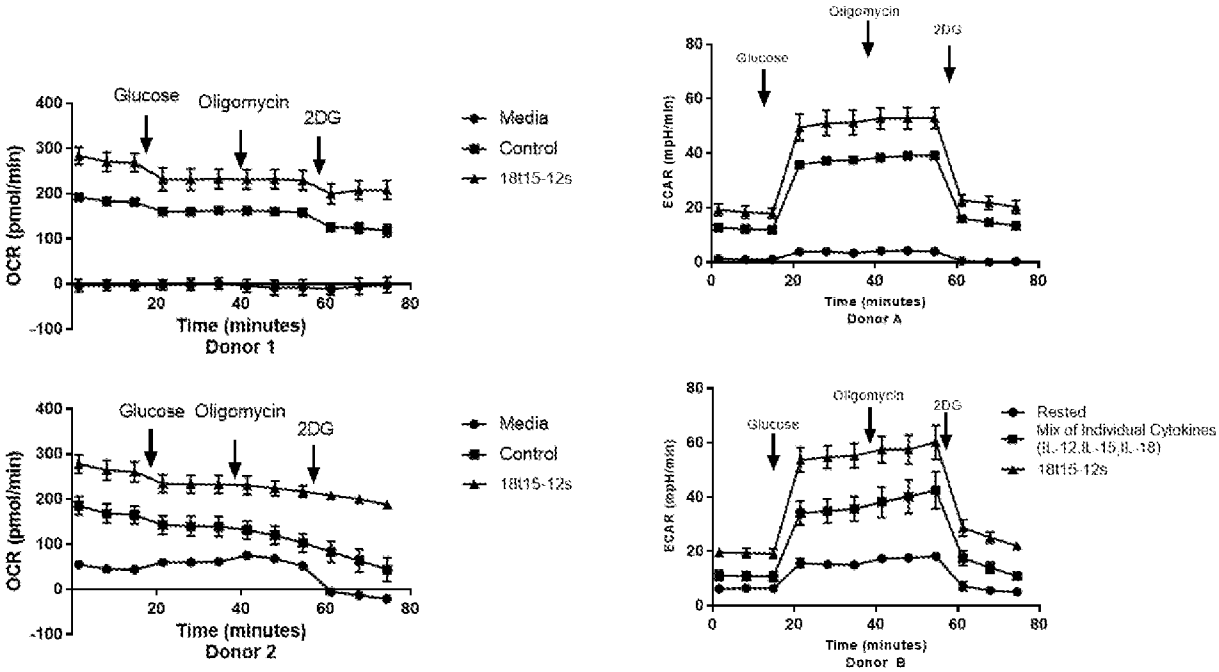

Glucose
Oligomycin
2DG
OCR (pmol/min)
Time (minutes)
Donor 1
Media
Control
18t15-12s
ECAR (mpH/min)
Donor A
Donor 2
Donor B
Rested
Mix of Individual Cytokines
(IL-12,IL-15,IL-18)

Figure 166

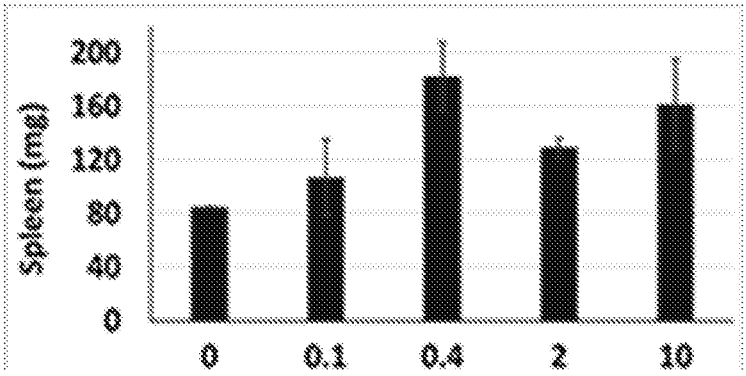


Figure 167A

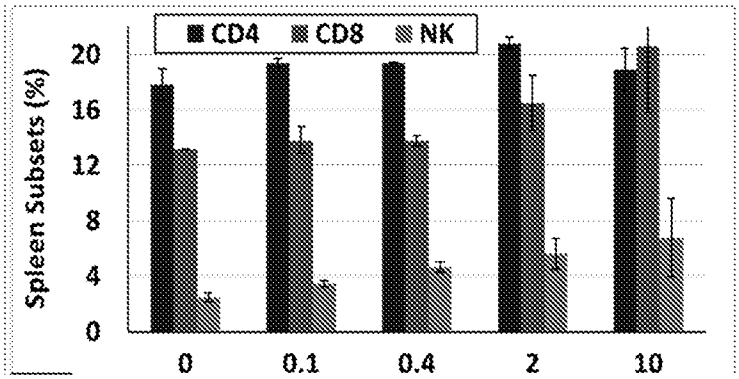


Figure 167B

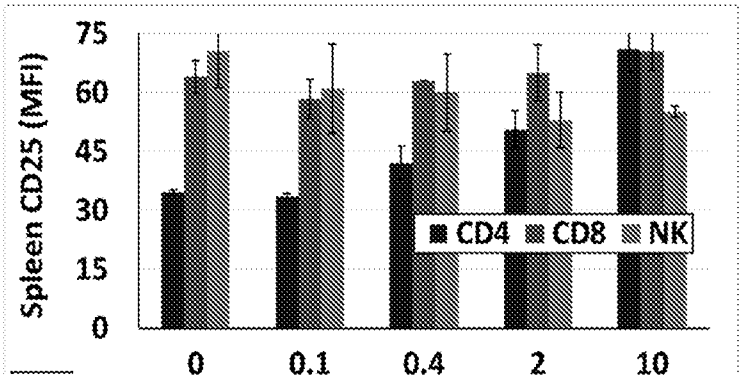


Figure 167C

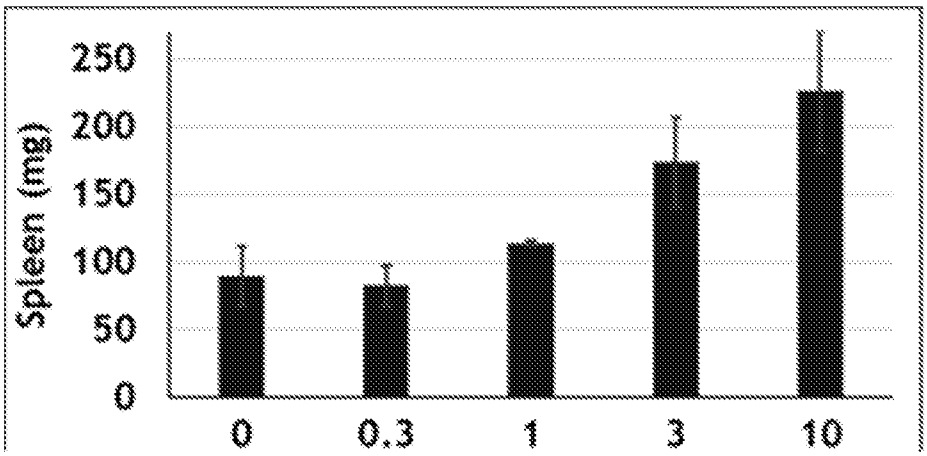


Figure 168A

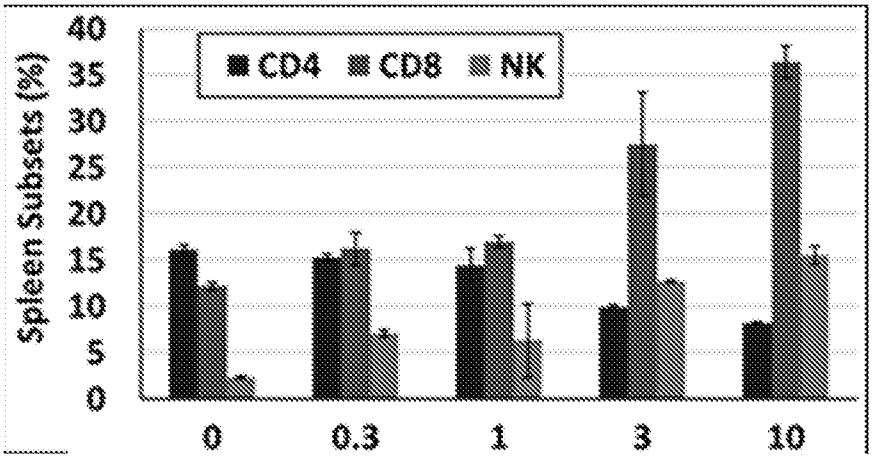


Figure 168B

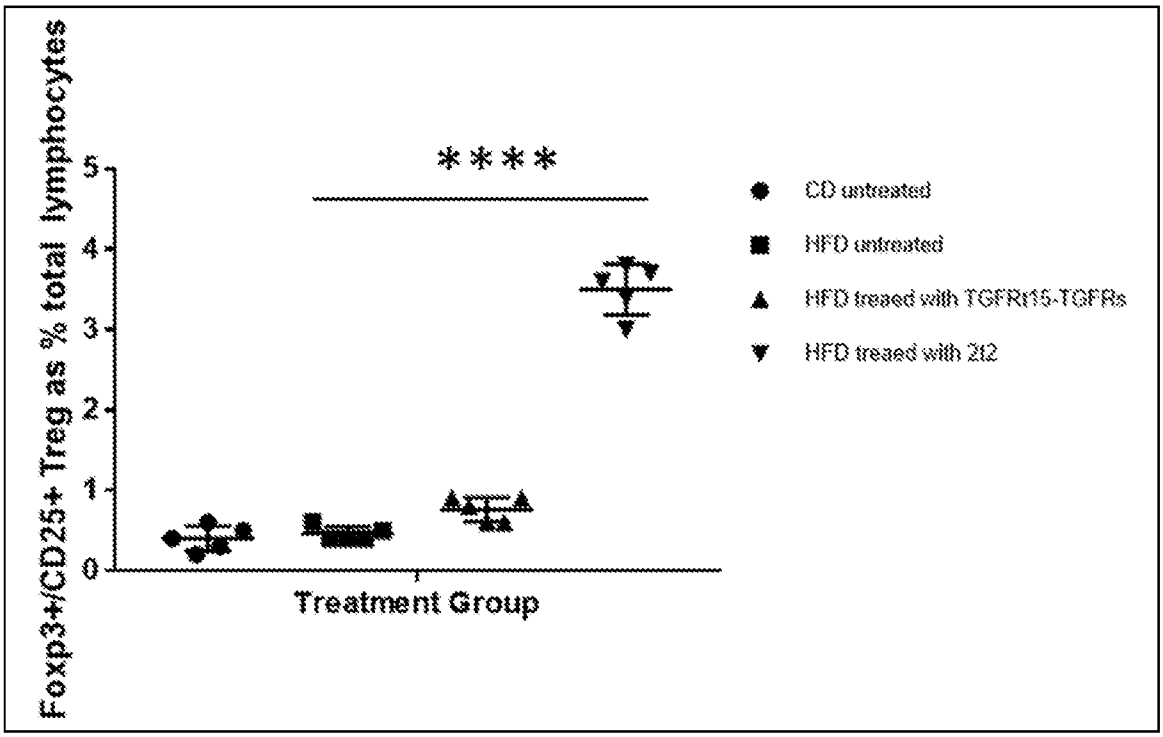


Figure 169A

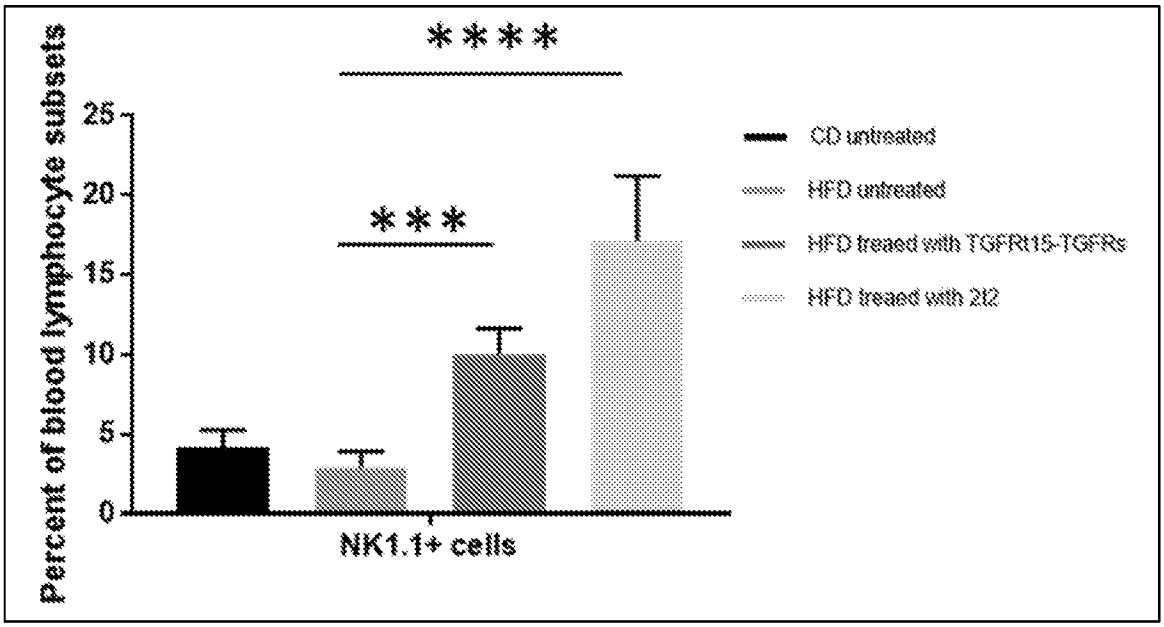


Figure 169B

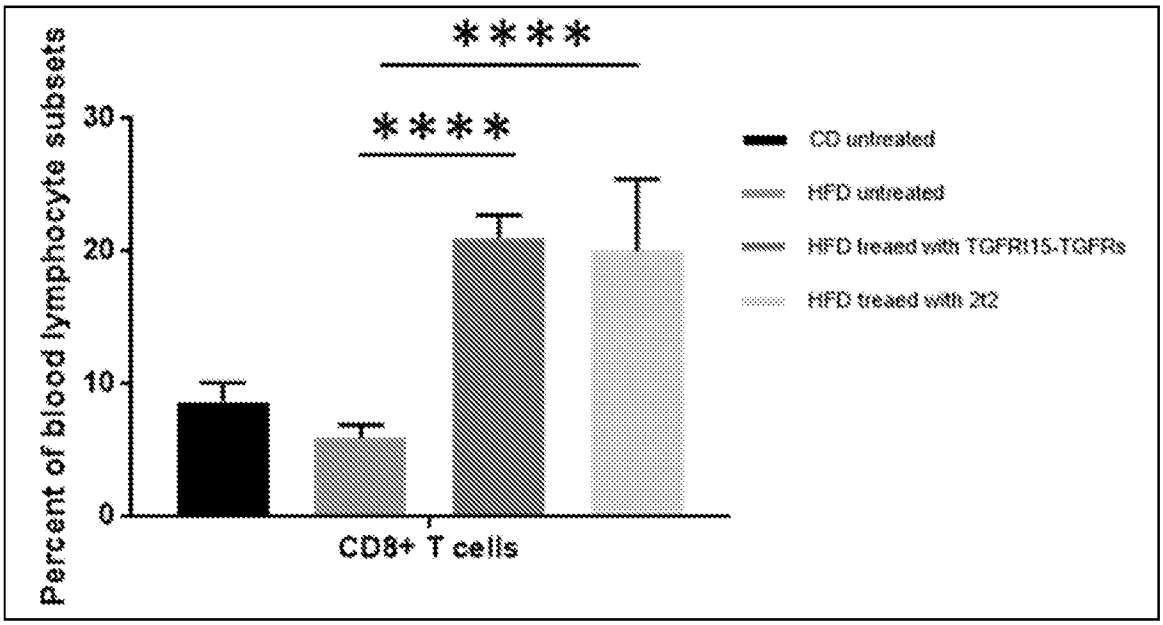

****
****
Percent of blood lymphocyte subsets
30
20
10
0
CD8+ T cells
CD untreated
HFD untreated
HFD treaed with TGFBR1S-TGFBRs
HFD treaed with 2t2

Figure 169C

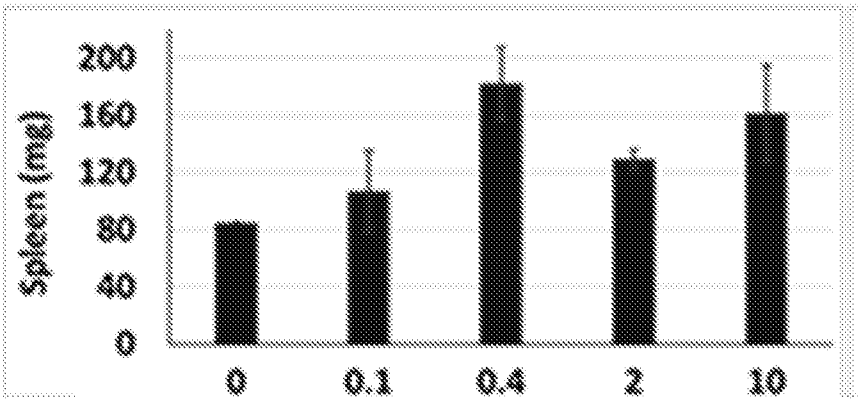


Figure 170A

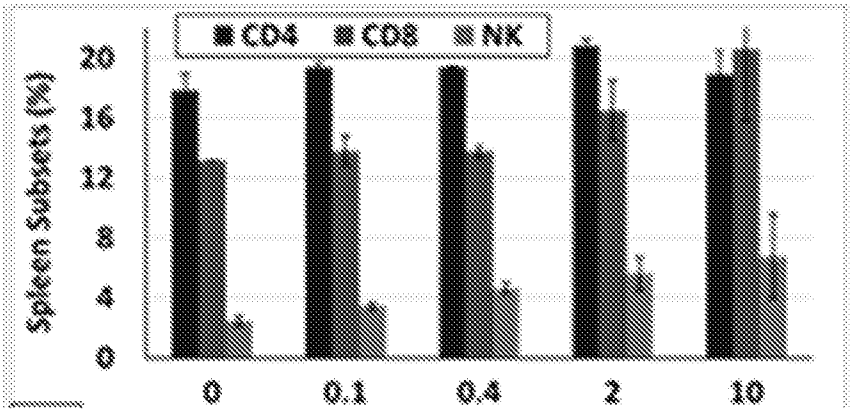


Figure 170B

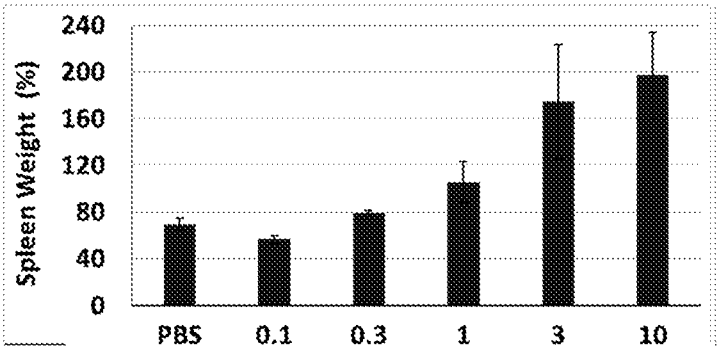


Figure 171A

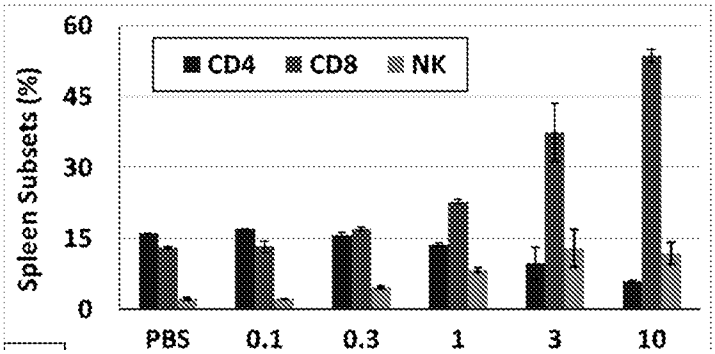


Figure 171B

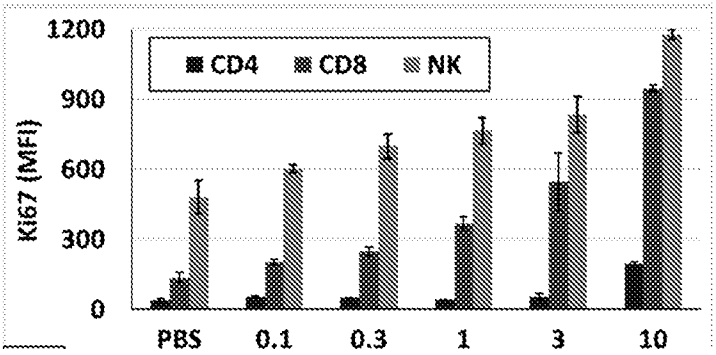


Figure 171C

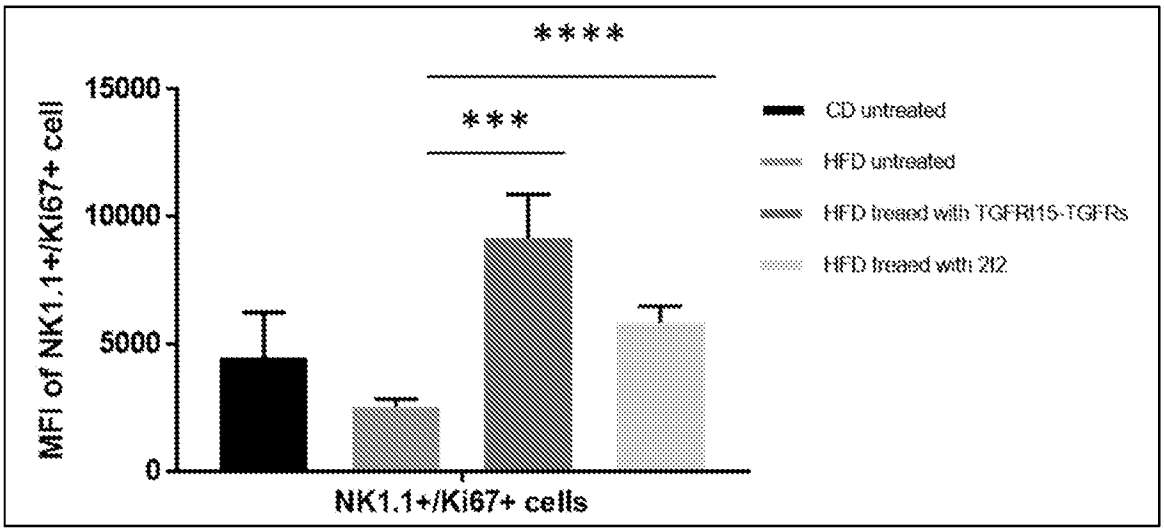


Figure 172A

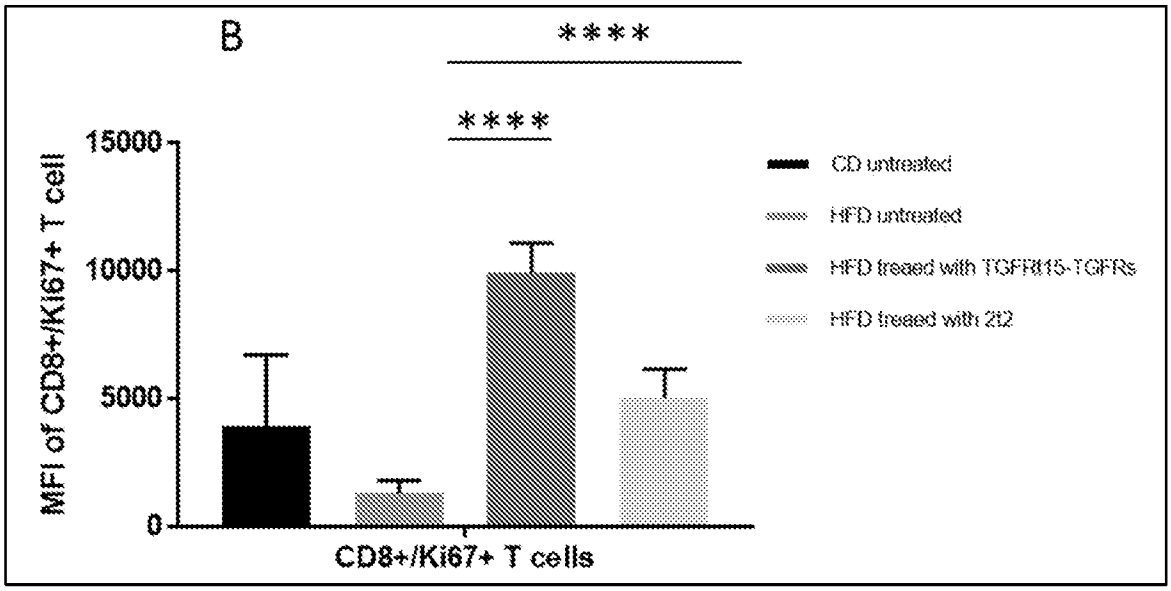
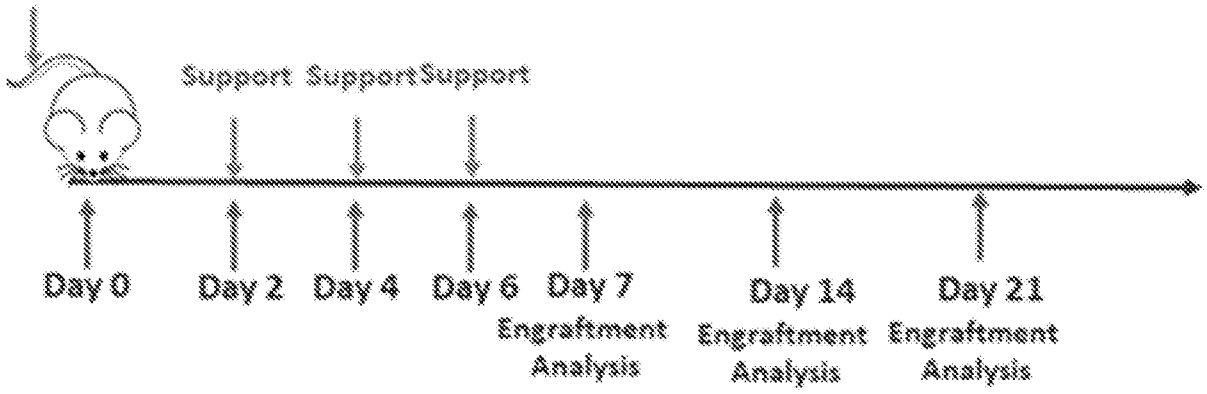


Figure 172B


Support
Support
Support
Day 0
Day 2
Day 4
Day 6
Day 7
Engraftment Analysis
Day 14
Engraftment Analysis
Day 21
Engraftment Analysis

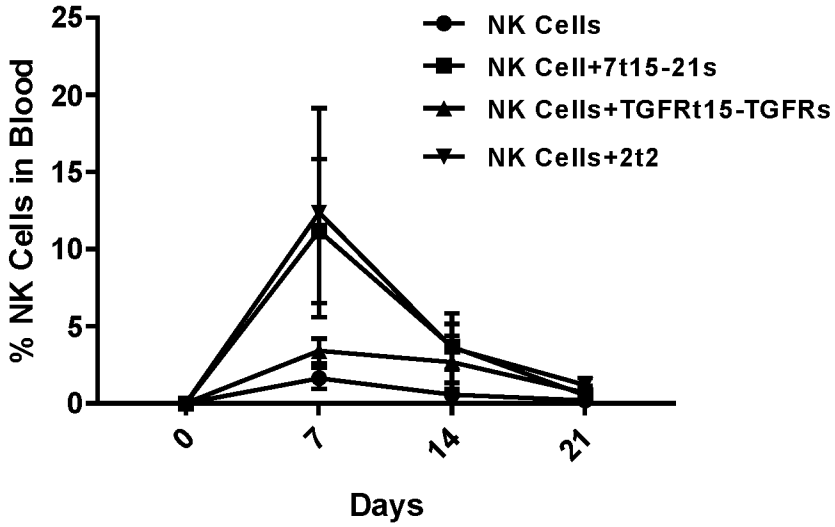

NK Cells
NK Cell+7t15-21s
NK Cells+TGFRt15-TGFRs
NK Cells+2t2
% NK Cells in Blood
25
20
15
10
5
0
0
7
14
21
Days

Figure 173

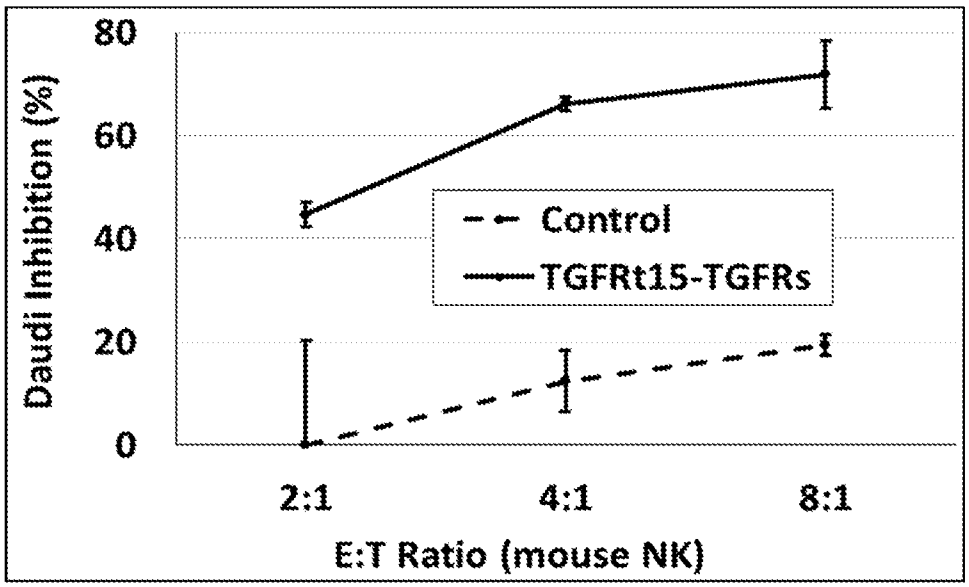


Figure 174A

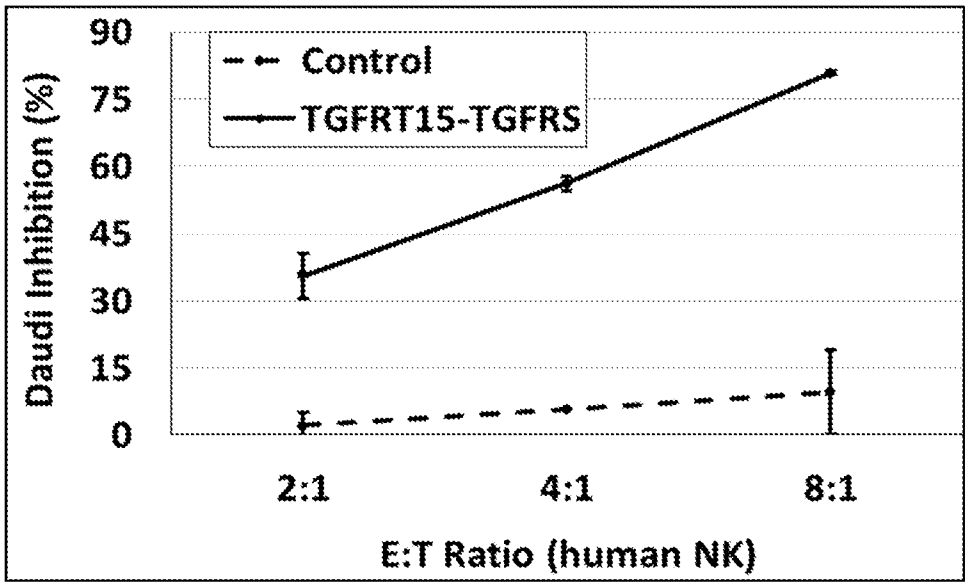


Figure 174B

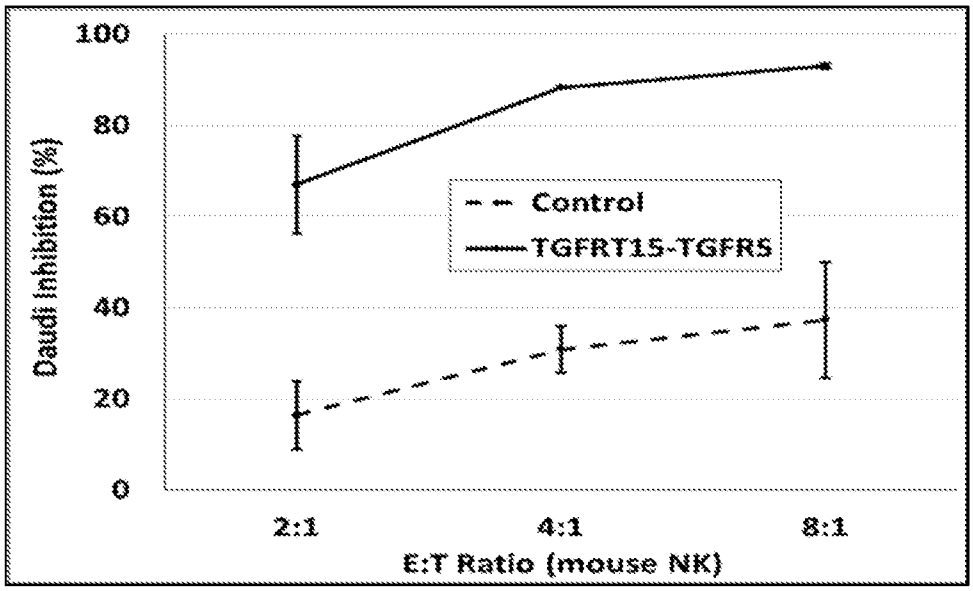


Figure 175A

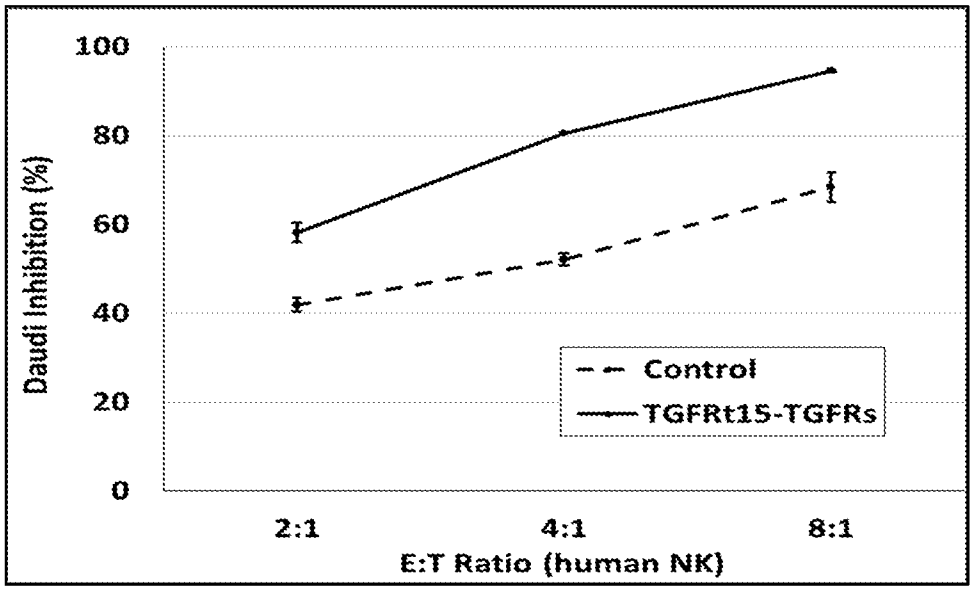


Figure 175B

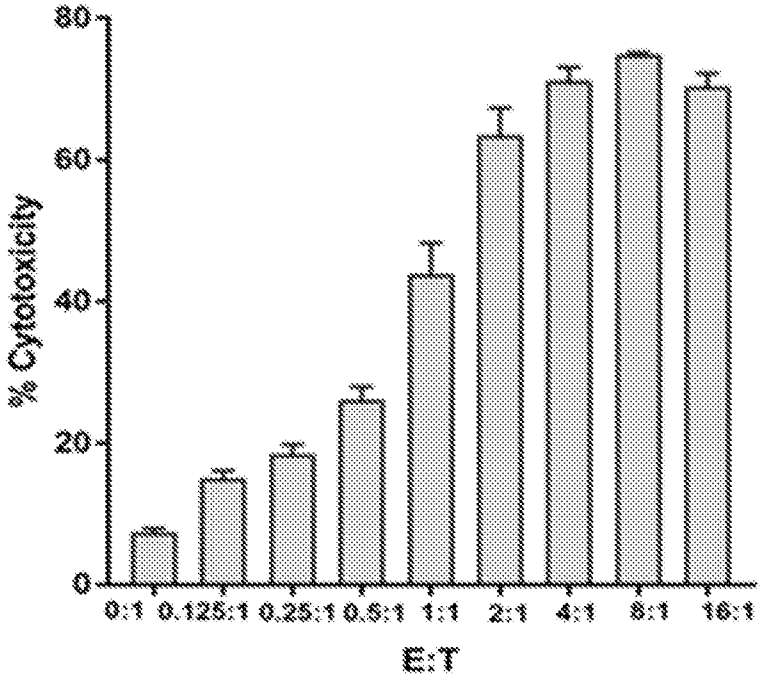
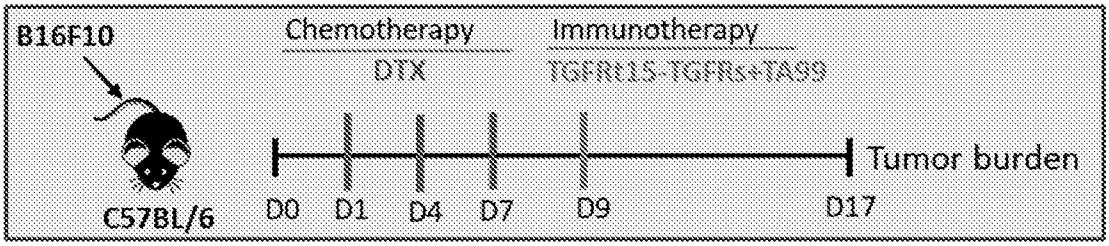


Figure 176



DTX (10 mg/kg), TGFRt15-TGFRs (3mg/kg), TA99 (200 μg)

Figure 177A

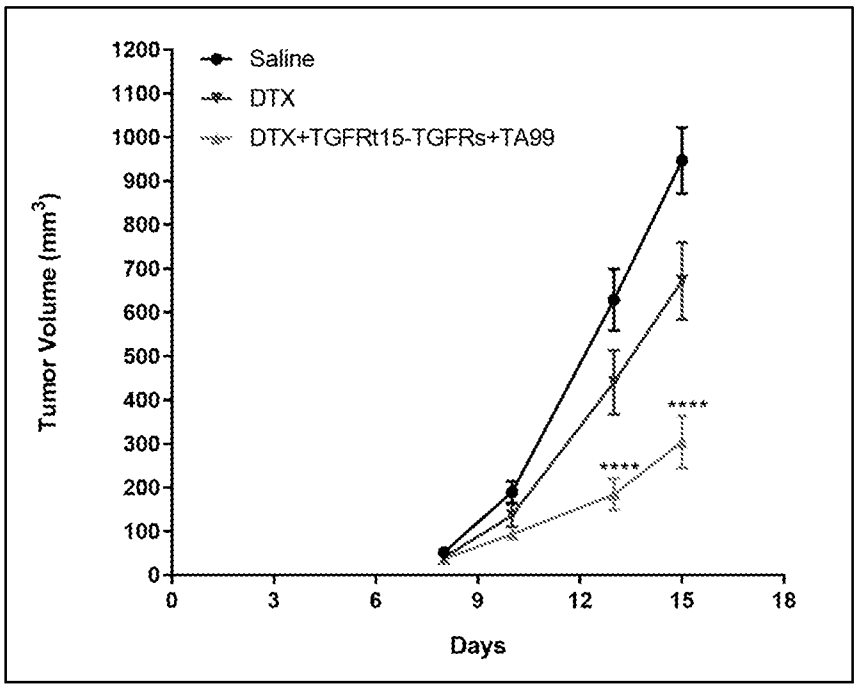


Figure 177B

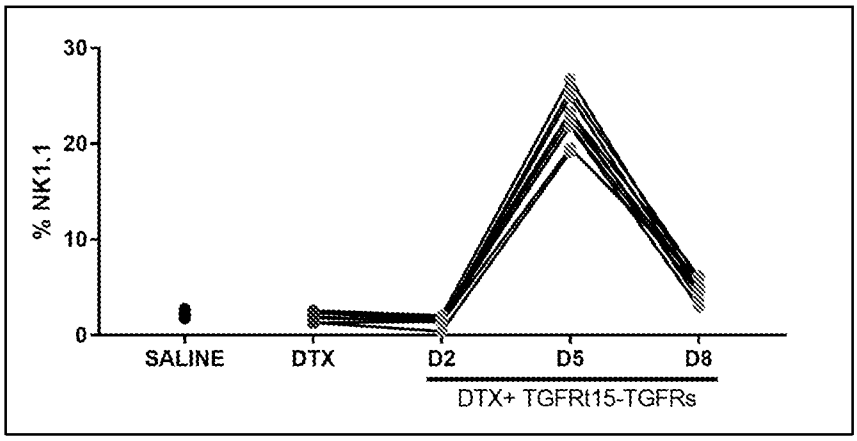


Figure 177C

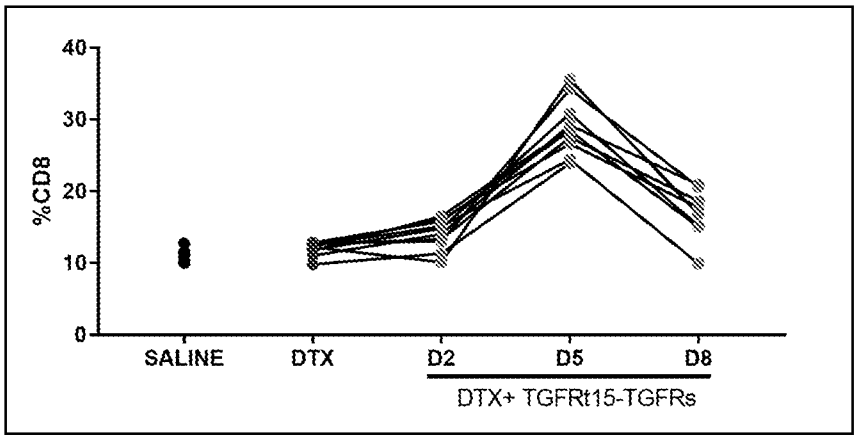


Figure 177D

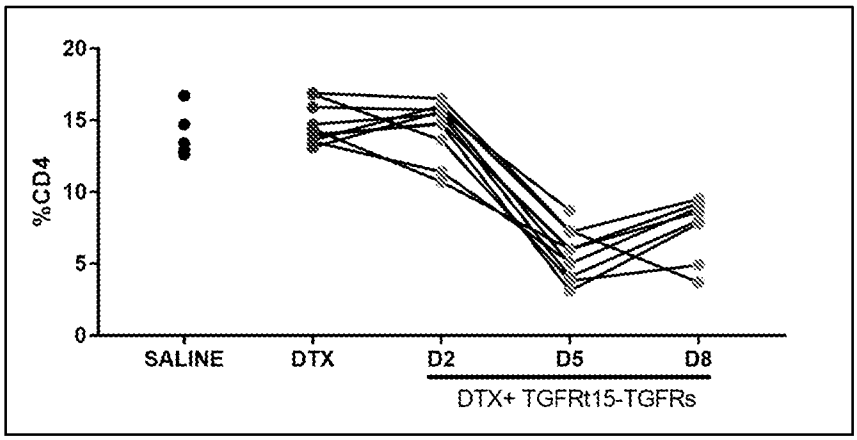


Figure 177E

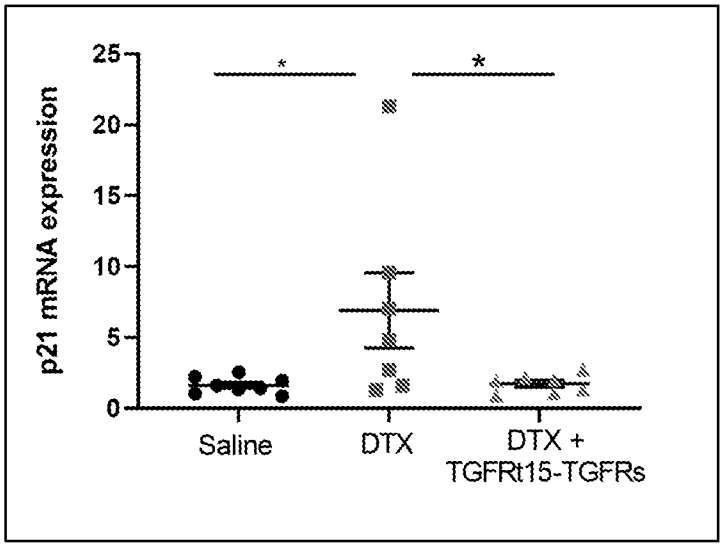


Figure 177F

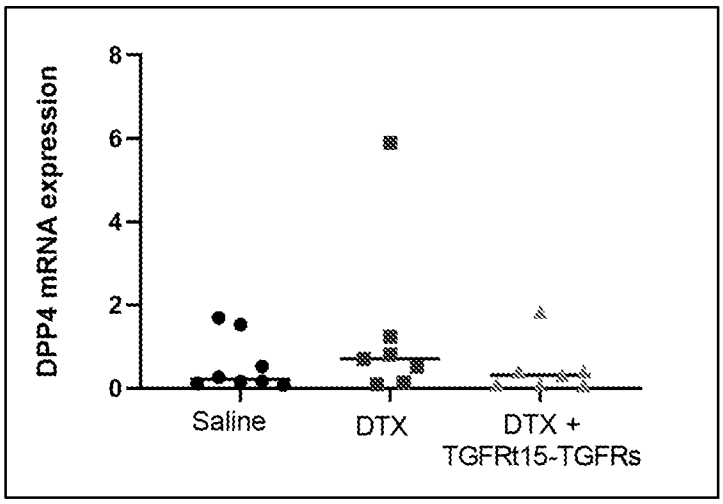


Figure 177G

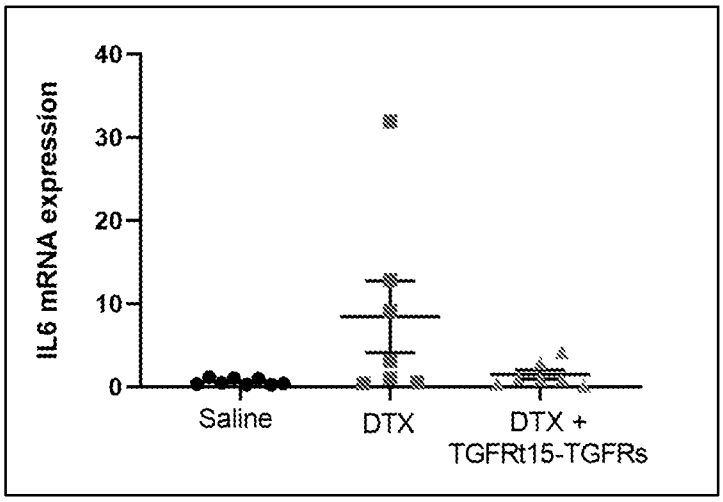

IL6 mRNA expression
40
30
20
10
0
Saline
DTX
DTX +
TGFRt15-TGFRs

Figure 177H

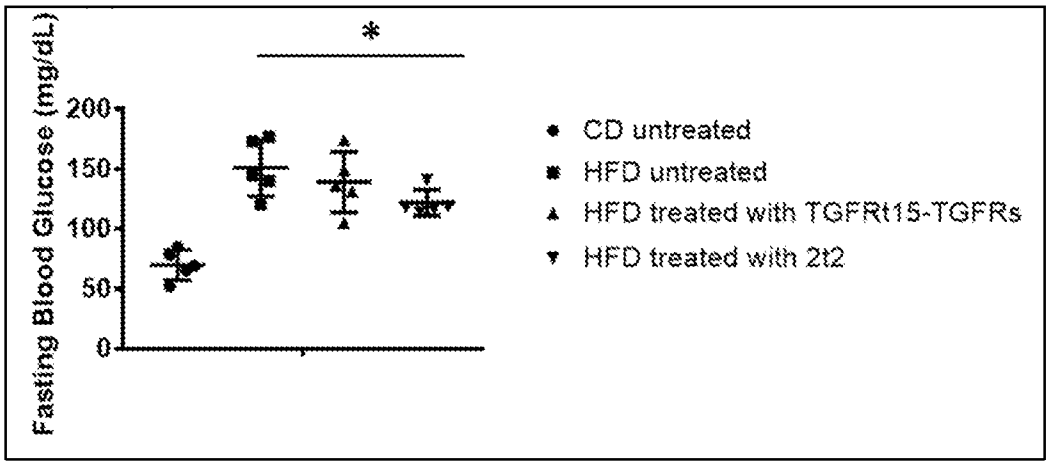


Figure 178A

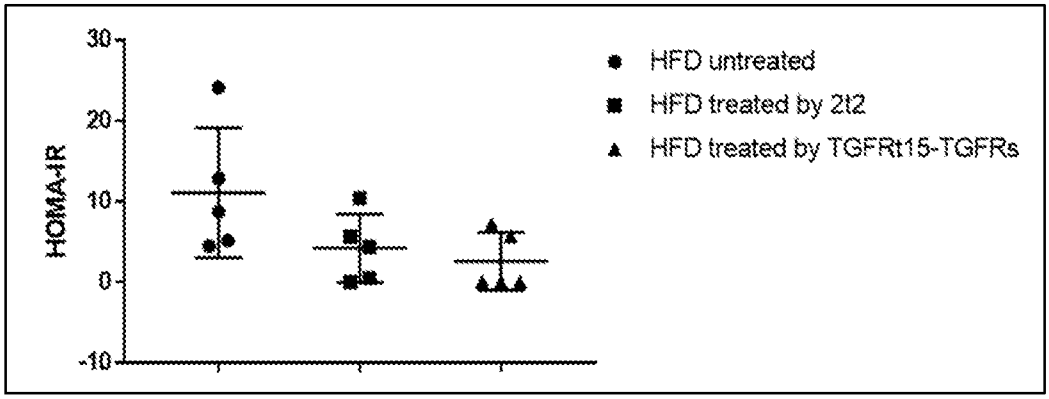


Figure 178B

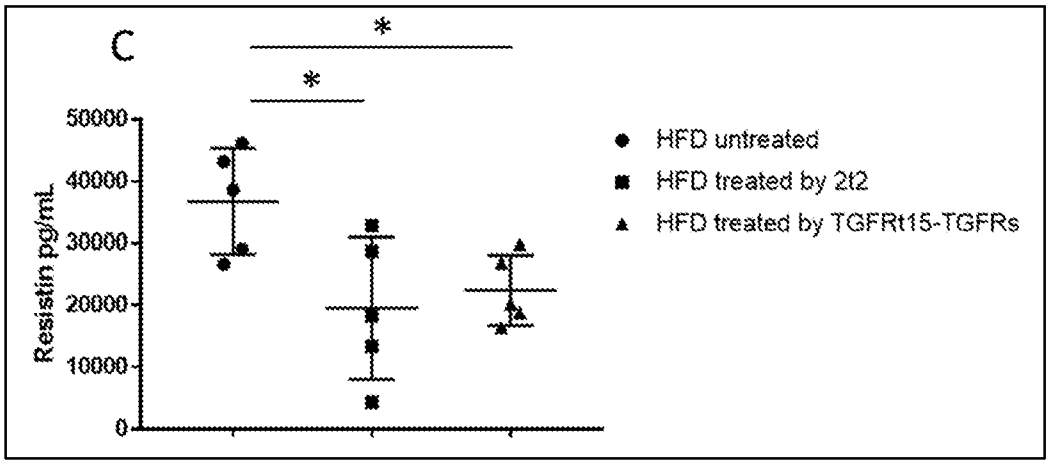


Figure 178C

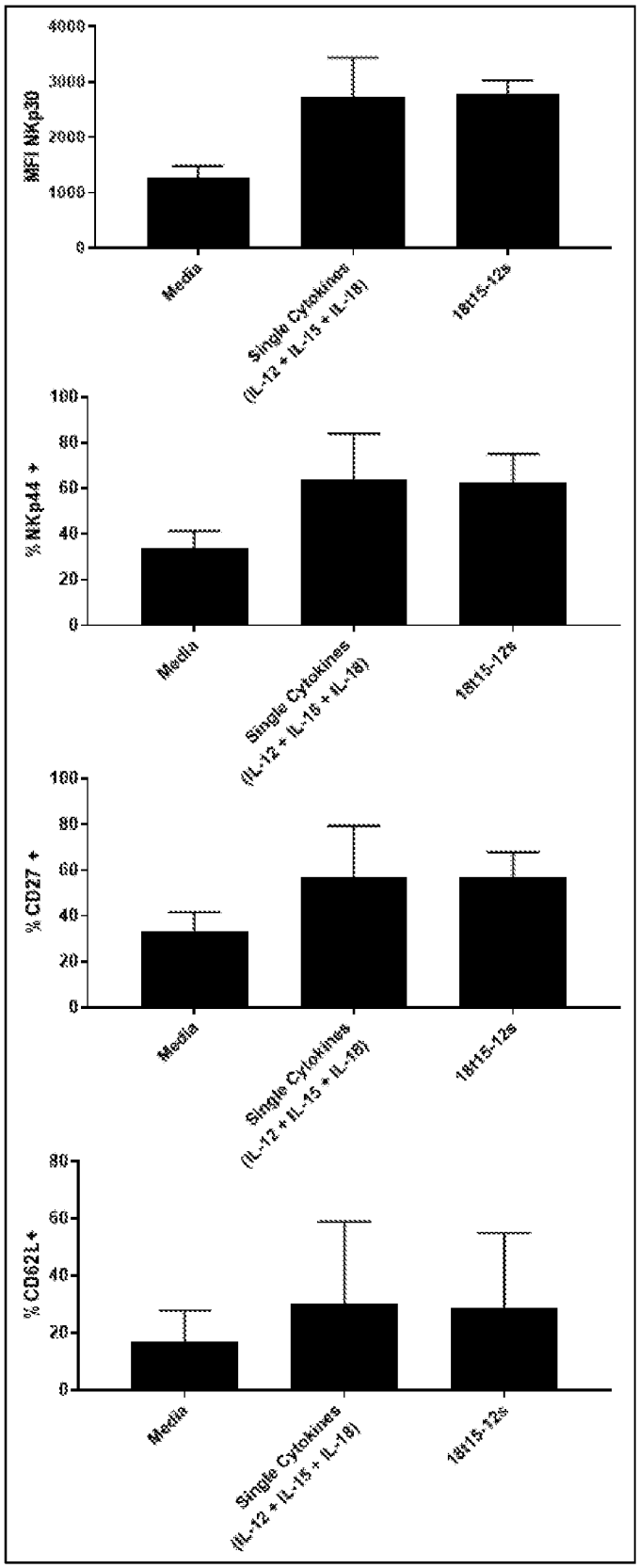

MFI NKp30
4000
3000
2000
1000
0
Media
Single Cytokines (IL-12 + IL-15 + IL-18)
18I15-12s
% NKp44 +
100
80
60
40
20
0
Media
Single Cytokines (IL-12 + IL-15 + IL-18)
18I15-12s
% CD27 +
100
80
60
40
20
0
Media
Single Cytokines (IL-12 + IL-15 + IL-18)
18I15-12s
% CD62L +
80
60
40
20
0
Media
Single Cytokines (IL-12 + IL-15 + IL-18)
18I15-12s

Figure 179

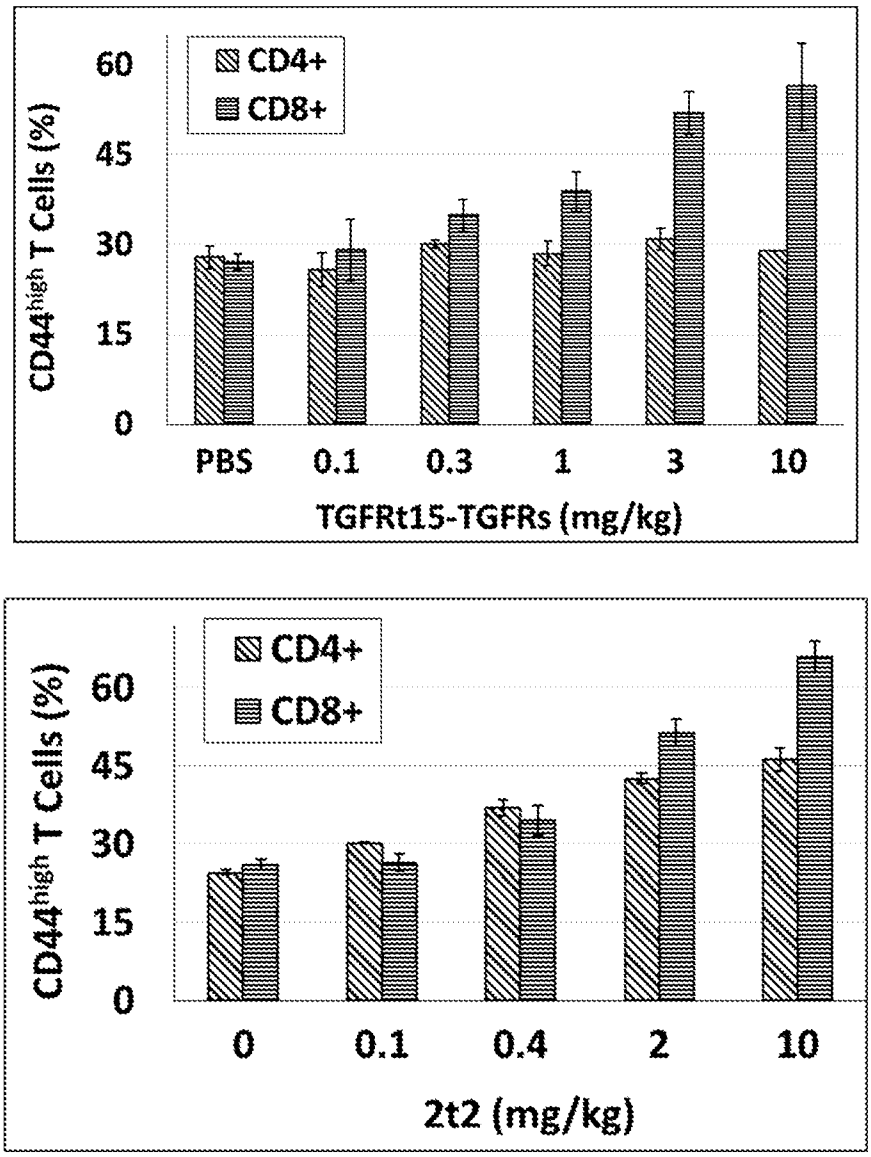

CD4+
CD8+
CD44high T Cells (%)
60
45
30
15
0
PBS
0.1
0.3
1
3
10
TGFRt15-TGFRs (mg/kg)
CD4+
CD8+
CD44high T Cells (%)
60
45
30
15
0
0
0.1
0.4
2
10
2t2 (mg/kg)

Figure 180

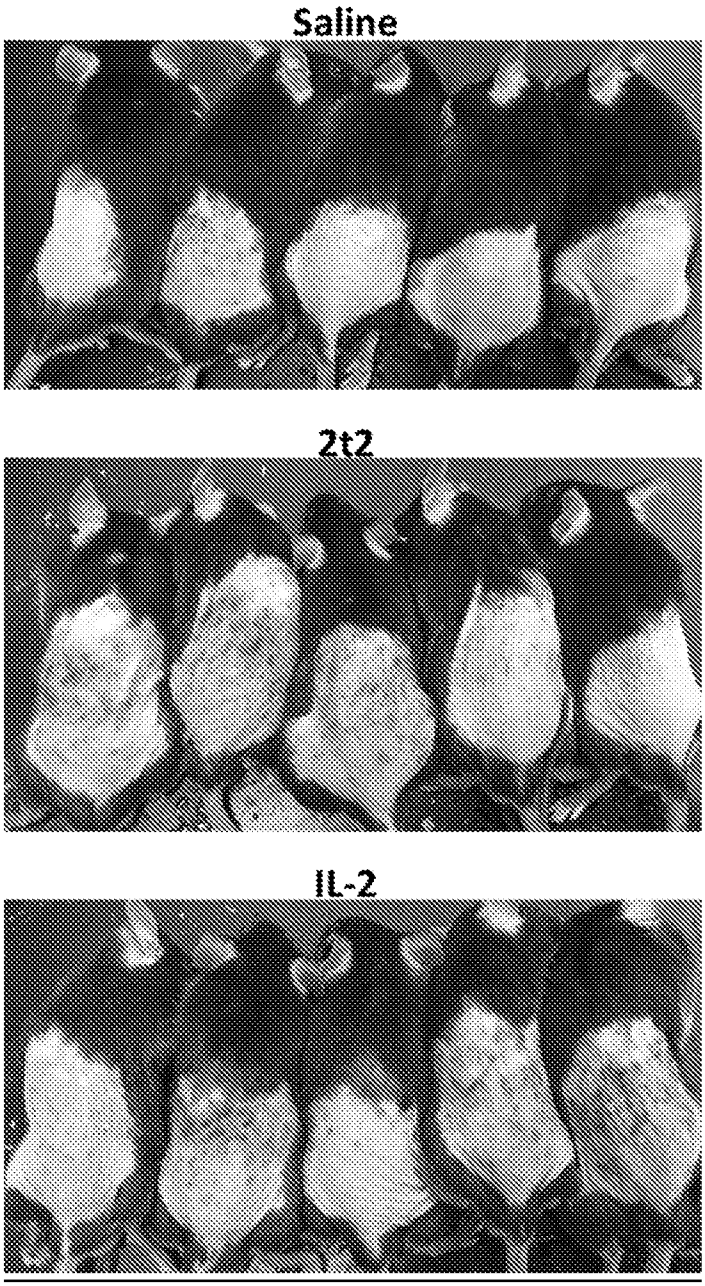


Figure 181A

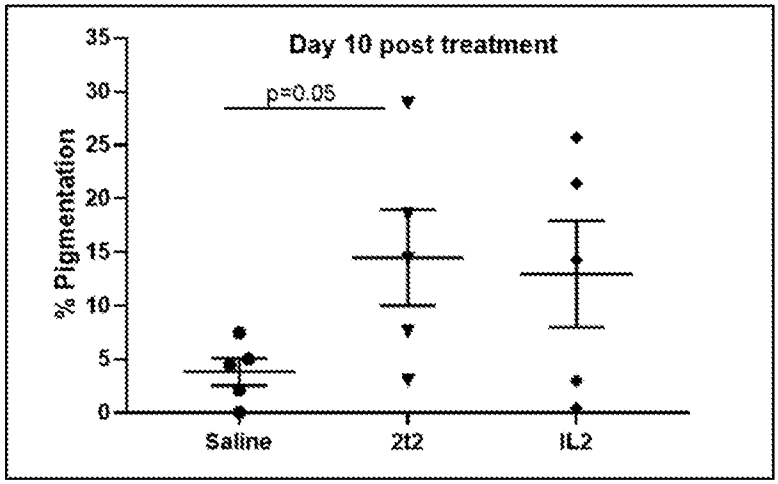

Day 10 post treatment
p=0.05
% Pigmentation
35
30
25
20
15
10
5
0
Saline
2t2
IL2

Figure 181B

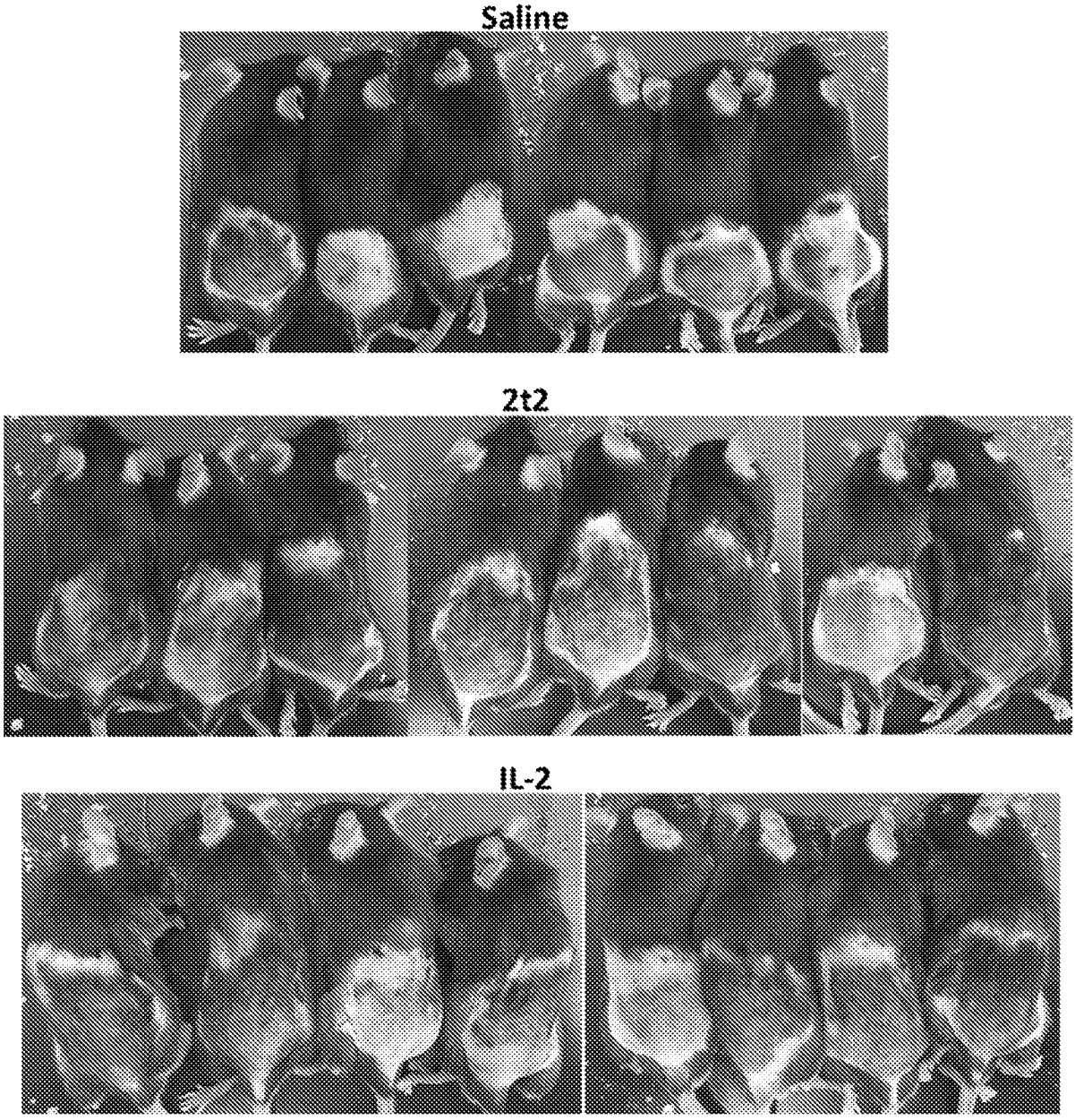


Figure 182

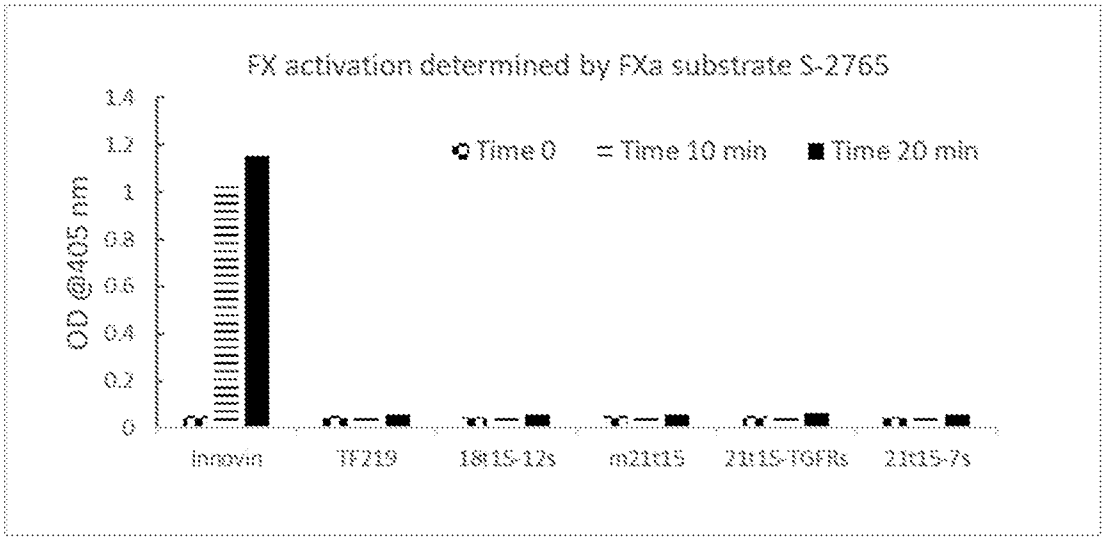


Figure 183

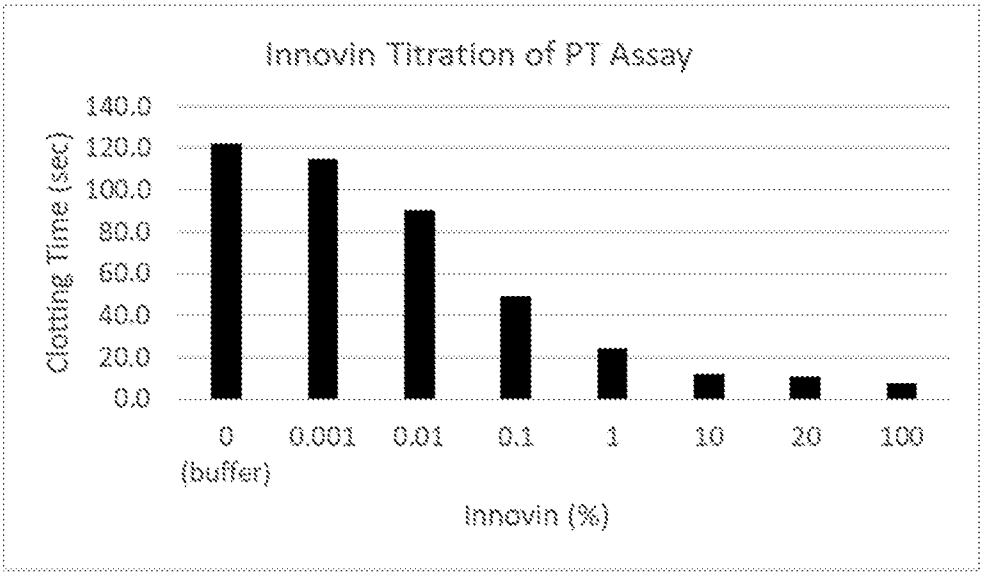


Figure 184

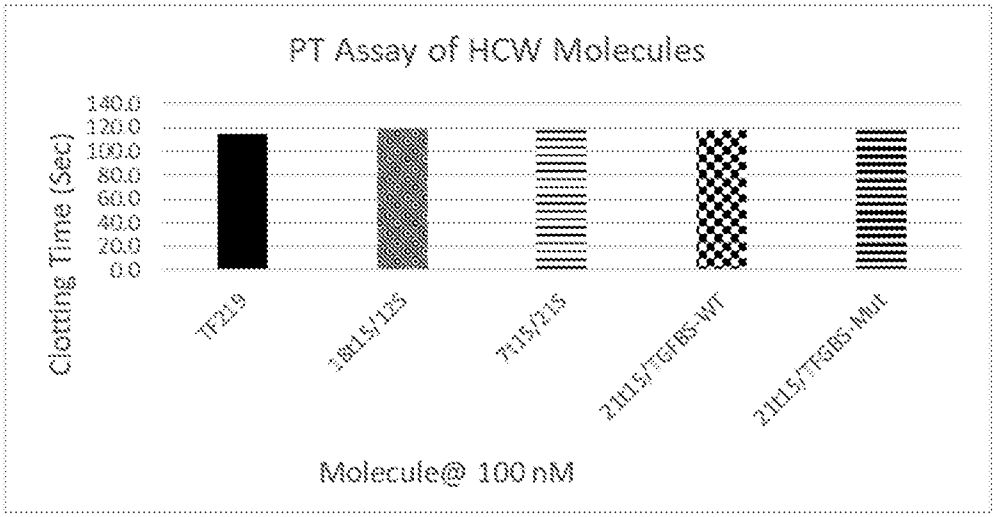


Figure 185

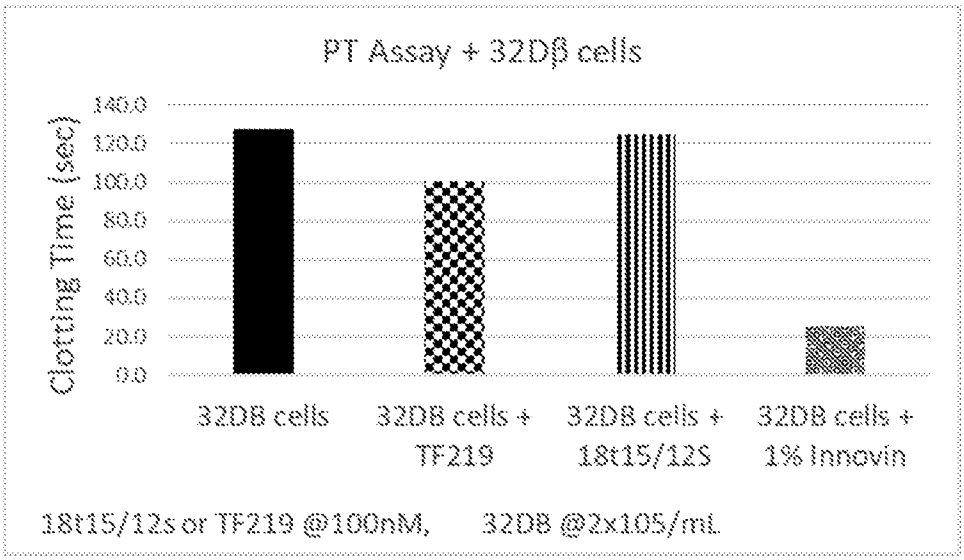


Figure 186

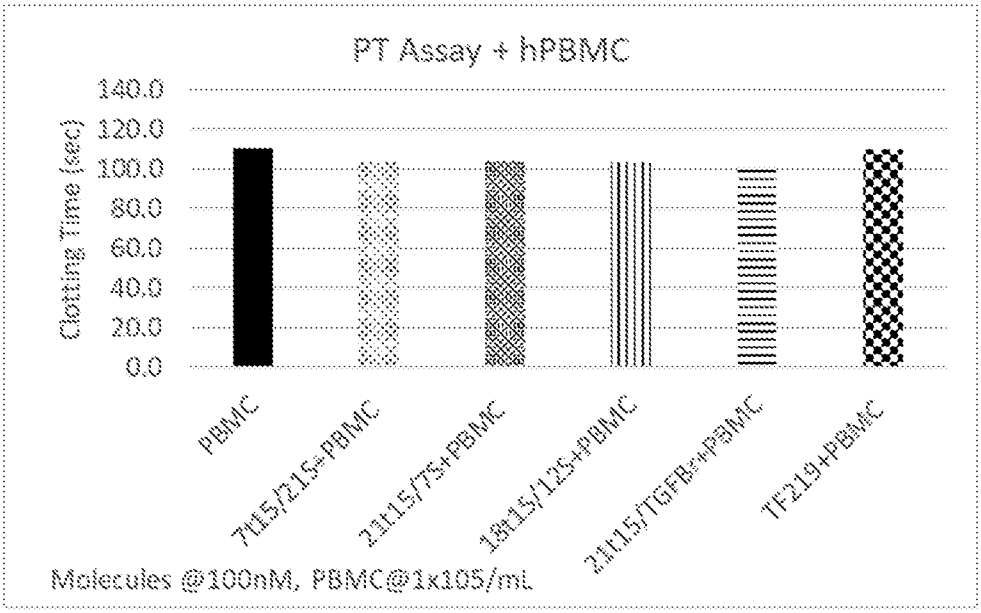


Figure 187

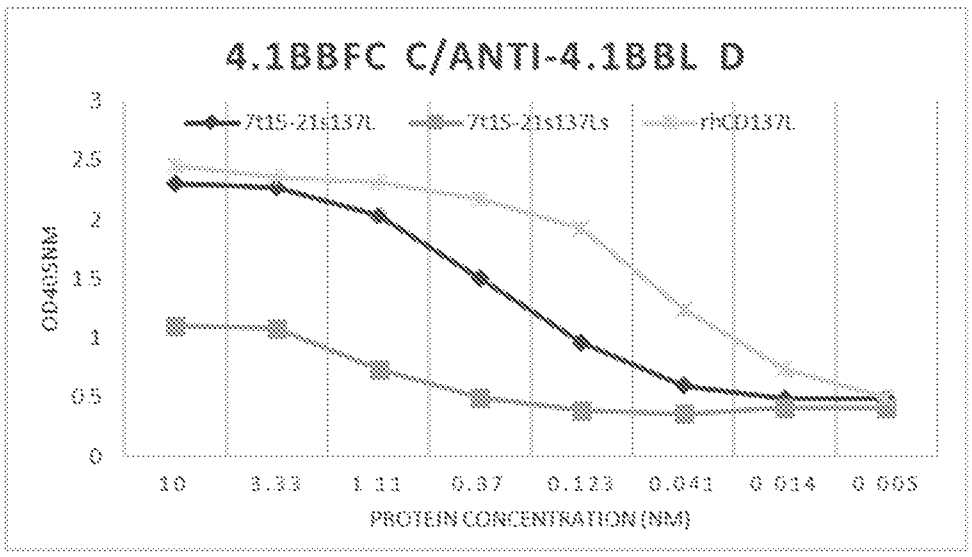


Figure 188

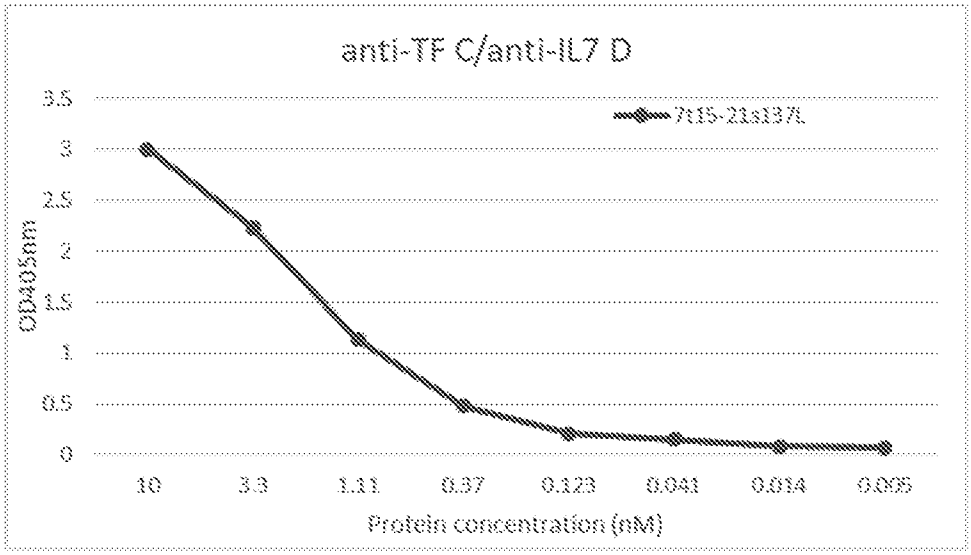


Figure 189A

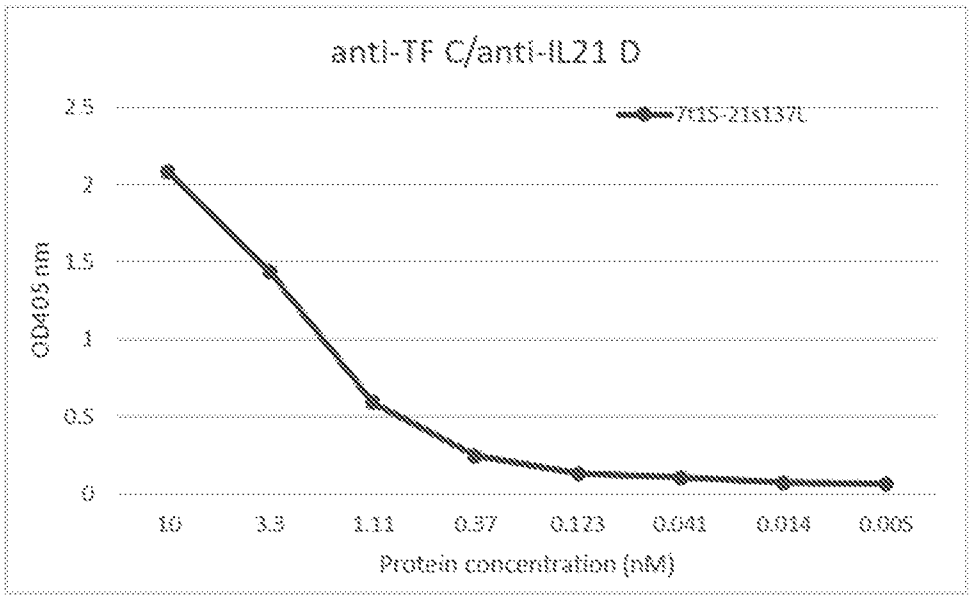


Figure 189B

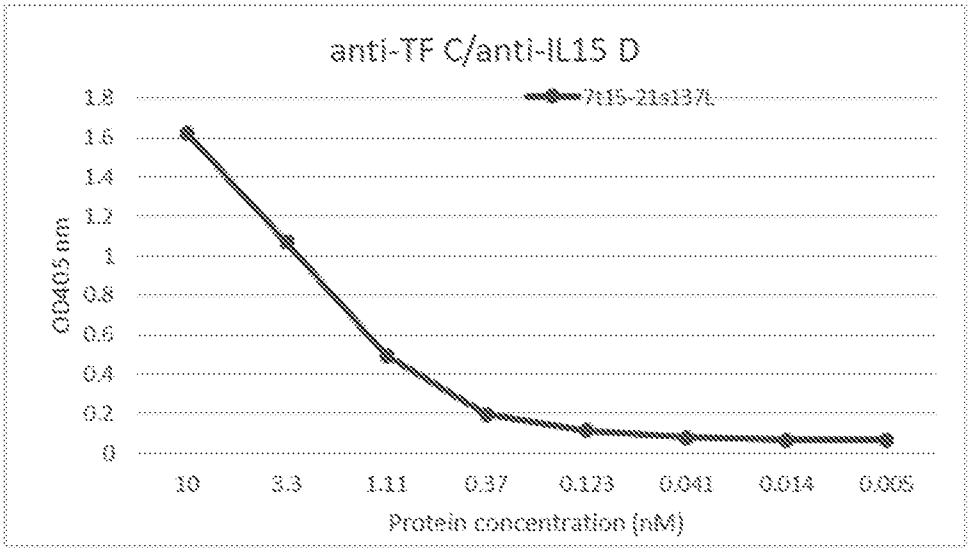


Figure 189C

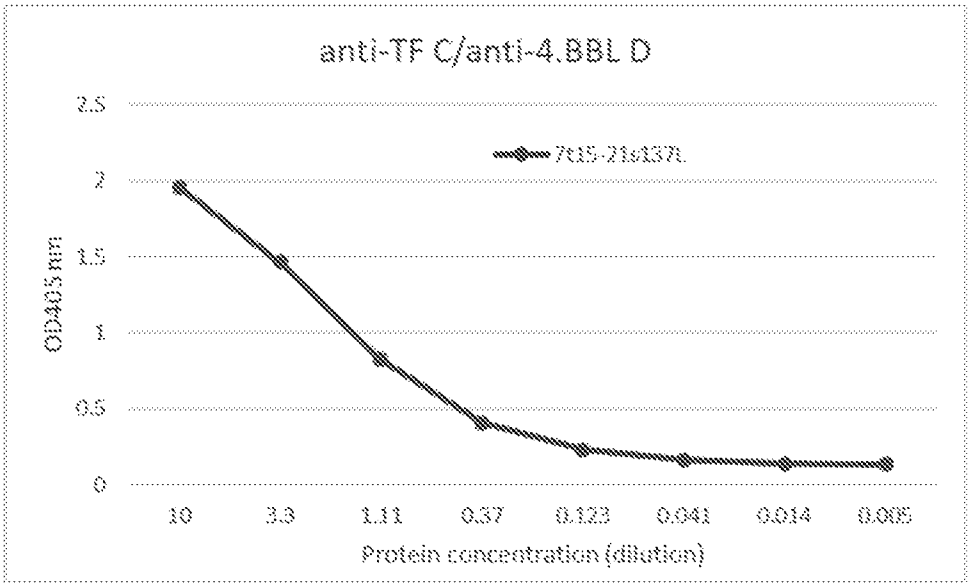


Figure 189D

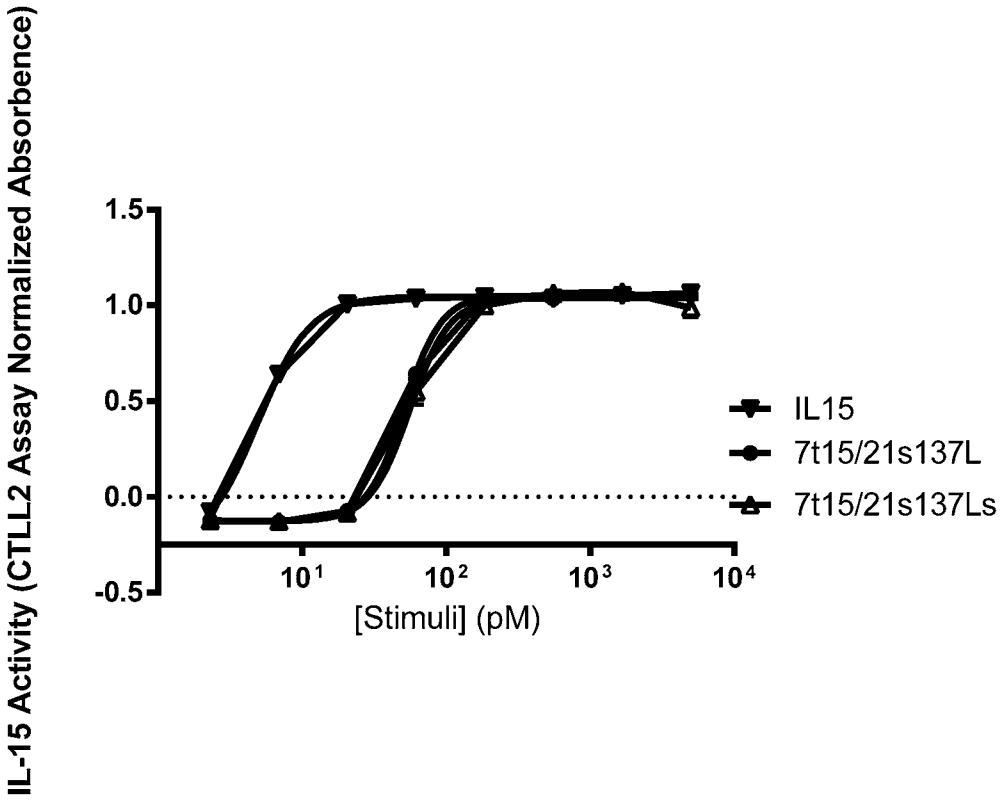

IL-15 Activity (CTLL2 Assay Normalized Absorbence)
1.5
1.0
0.5
0.0
-0.5
10¹
10²
10³
10⁴
[Stimuli] (pM)
IL15
7t15/21s137L
7t15/21s137Ls

Figure 190

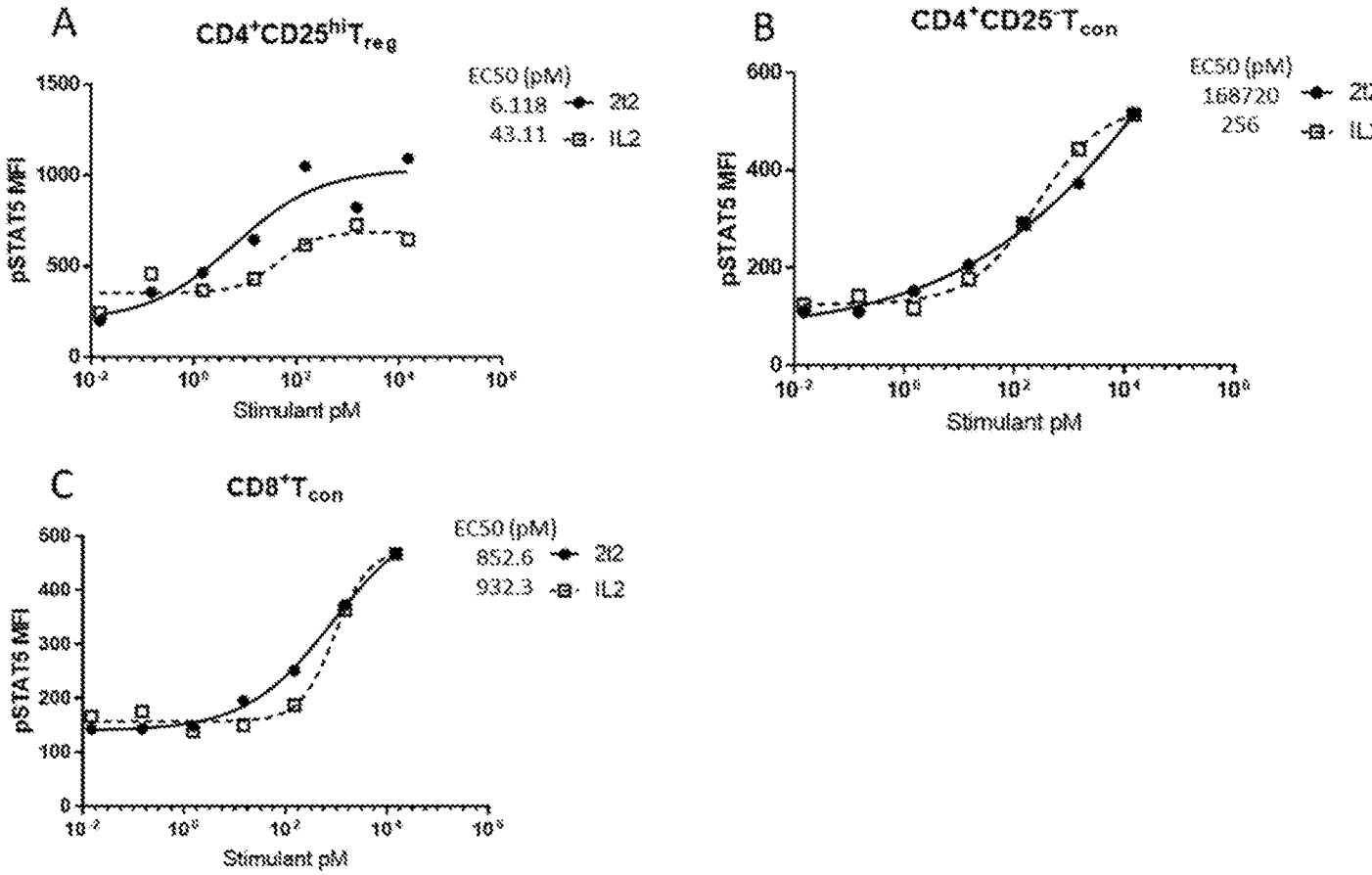

A
CD4+CD25hiTreg
EC50 (pM)
6.118 2I2
43.11 IL2
pSTAT5 MFI
Stimulant pM
B
CD4+CD25-Tcon
EC50 (pM)
168720
256
pSTAT5 MFI
Stimulant pM
C
CD8+Tcon
EC50 (pM)
852.6 2I2
932.3 IL2
pSTAT5 MFI
Stimulant pM

Figure 191

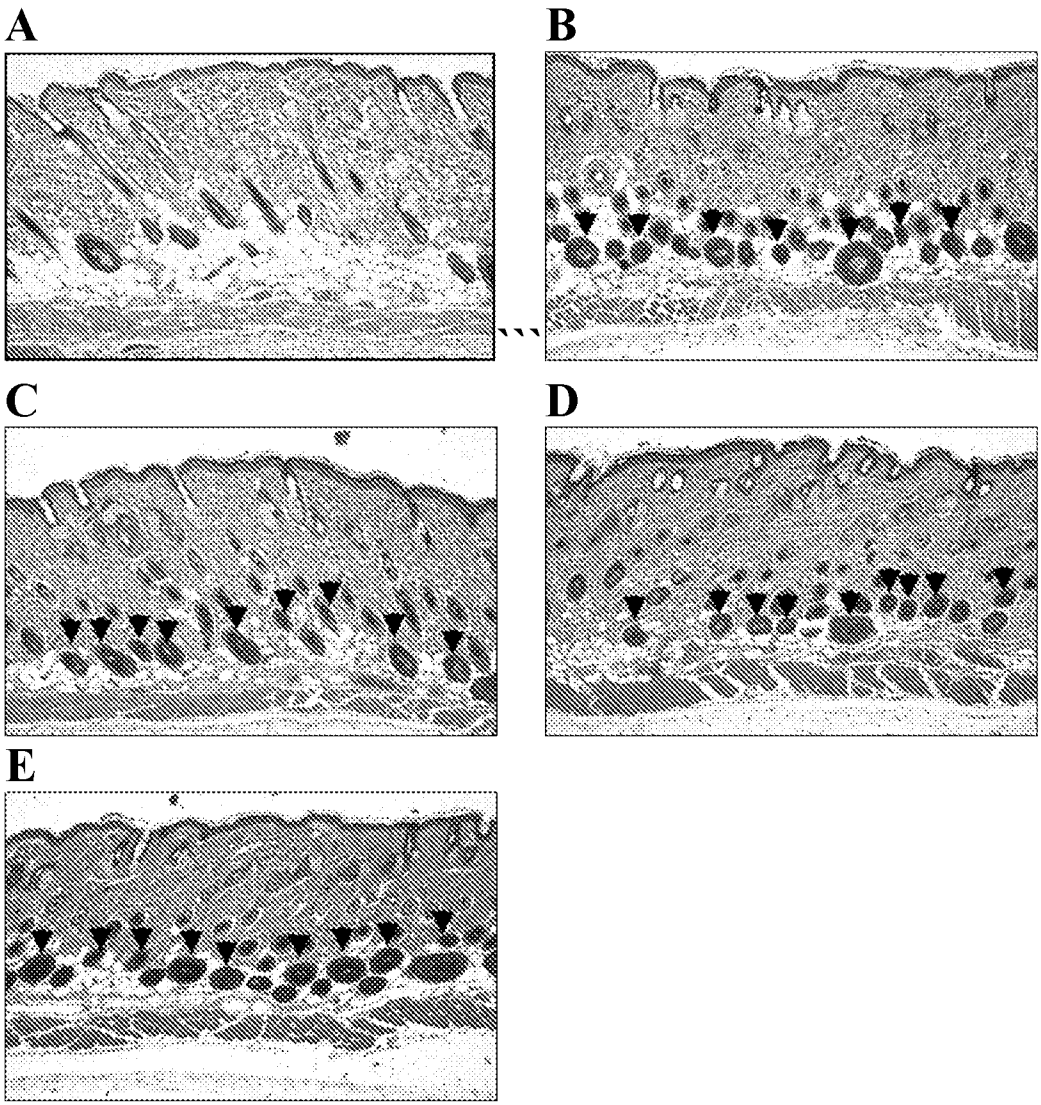


Figure 192

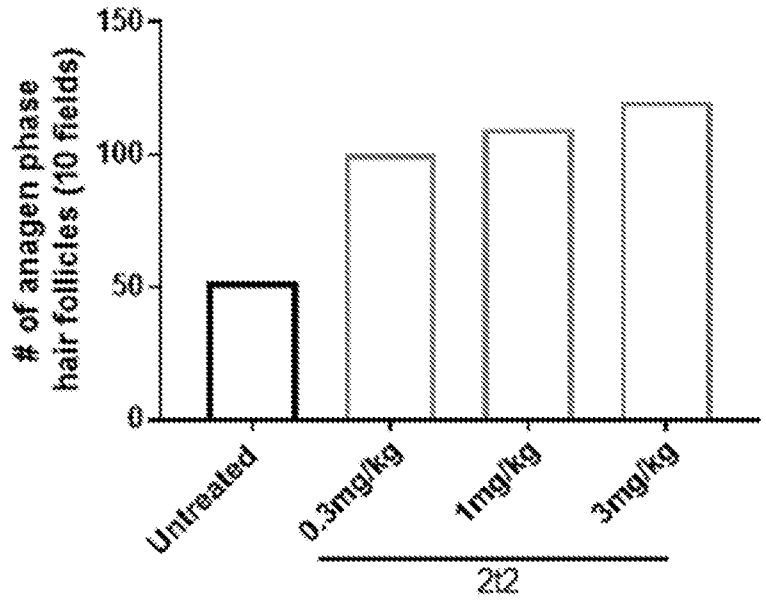


Figure 193

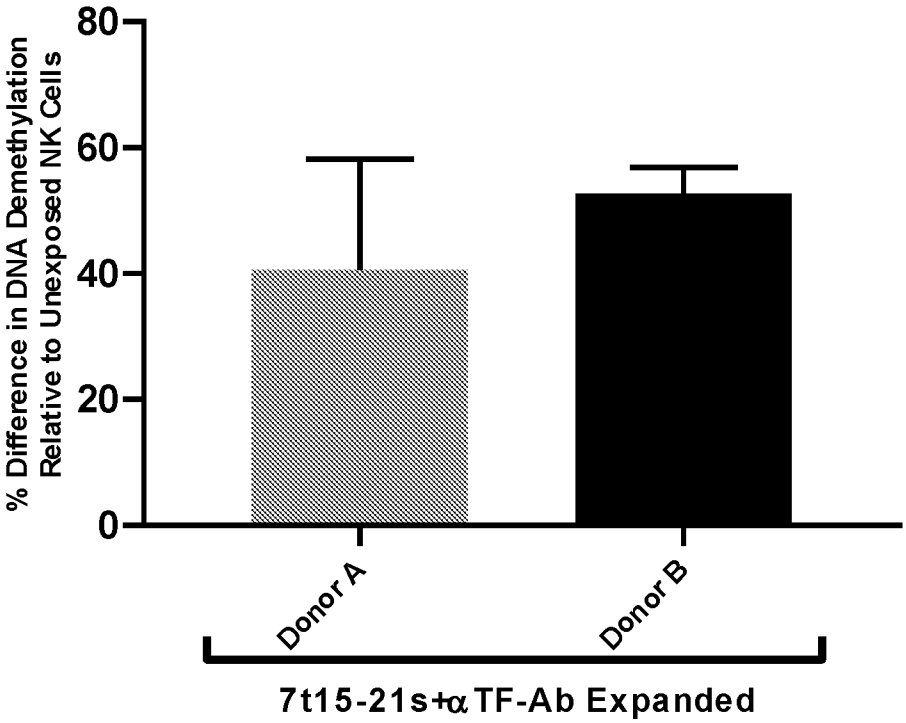


Figure 194