(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau

(43) International Publication Date
25 June 2009 (25.06.2009)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 2009/077645 A1

(51) International Patent Classification:
H01R 13/24 (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:
PCT/FI2008/050721

(22) International Filing Date:
9 December 2008 (09.12.2008)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
12/002,328 14 December 2007 (14.12.2007) US

(71) Applicant *(for all designated States except US)*: **NOKIA CORPORATION** [FI/FI]; Keilalahdentie 4, FI-02150 Espoo (FI).

(72) Inventor; and

(75) Inventor/Applicant *(for US only)*: **LAITINEN, Timo** [FI/FI]; Peiponkatu 6, FI-37830 Viiala (FI).

(74) Agent: **TAMPEREEN PATENTTITOIMISTO OY**; Hermiankatu 1 B, FI-33720 Tampere (FI).

(81) Designated States *(unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available)*: AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States *(unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available)*: ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:
— *with international search report*

(54) **Title:** CONNECTOR STRUCTURE

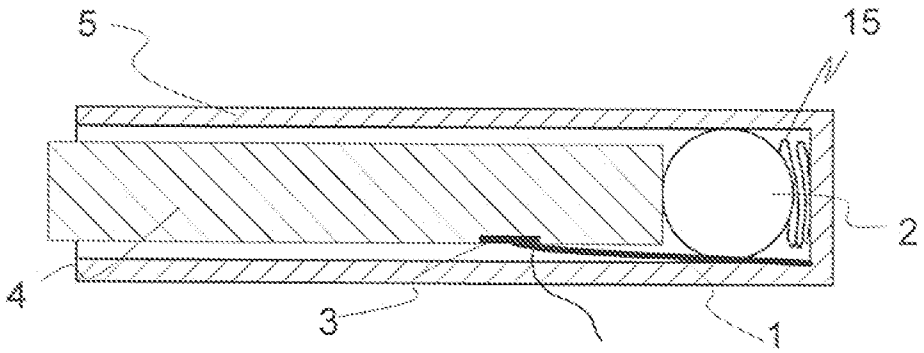


Fig. 2

(57) **Abstract:** The invention relates to a connector comprising at least a contact element, which has at least an unconnected state and a connected state; and a pre-loading element, which has at least a first position and a second position. When the pre-loading element is in the first position, it forces the contact element into the unconnected state and when the pre-loading element is in the second position, it allows the contact element to transfer to the connected state.

WO 2009/077645 A1

CONNECTOR STRUCTURE

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a connector structure and a device with a connector, such as a mobile phone, a personal computer, a hand-held computer, a hand-held media device, or a game machine

Background of the Invention

An integrated circuit (IC) card electronic apparatus is a type of equipment in which information is electrically transferred between circuitry on the electronic apparatus and an IC circuit in a card with desired functions or programs, which card is inserted into a card receptacle slot of the apparatus. The apparatus is common in mobile phones, personal computers, hand-held computers, hand-held media devices, game machines and other electronic equipment.

An IC card consists of a compact, thin, inflexible card body, typically about 0.8-2.0 mm thick. An IC chip (integrated circuit device) having the desired functions is built into such a rigid or semi-rigid card body made of plastic or reinforced cardboard, and numerous contacts (i.e. connecting terminals) are arranged along an edge on the surface of the card.

An IC card may be inserted into the card receiving slot on the electronic equipment, with the card edge having the contacts oriented toward the card receiving slot and with the card face, on which the contacts are arranged, oriented toward the operator, until the card edge abuts the bottom of the connector slot. Thus, the contacts come into full contact with the corresponding contact springs of the slot, so that the IC circuit on the card is electrically interconnected to the control circuit on the electronic equipment to allow information to be transferred between them. Contact springs in card readers have a shape where the end of the spring is bent first up, then down. Therefore, the connector structure is much thicker than the card.

Summary of the Invention

It is, therefore, an object of the present invention to provide a new connector structure that makes thinner connectors possible.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a device with a connector structure.

The foregoing objects are accomplished by a connector comprising at least a contact element, which has at least an unconnected state and a connected state; and a pre-loading element, which has at least a first position and a second position. When the pre-loading element is in the first position it forces the contact element into the unconnected state and when the pre-loading element is in the second position it allows the contact element to move into the connected state.

In one embodiment the connector comprises several contact elements and one pre-loading element is adapted to affect these several elements.

In one embodiment the connector comprises a spring-like contact element and a tip of the contact spring is adapted to form a contact when in the connected state.

In one embodiment the connector is a memory card connector and the contact element is adapted to contact a contact of the memory card. In one embodiment the connector further comprises several contact elements and one pre-loading element is adapted to affect these several elements. The connector structure can be used in many other applications as well, for example, subscriber identity module (SIM) connectors, universal serial bus (USB) connectors, bottom connectors, battery connectors, charger connectors and many other types of connectors.

In one embodiment the connector comprises a first group of contact elements and a second group of contact elements and the first group of contact elements is adapted to contact the first side of the memory card

and the second group of contact elements is adapted to contact the second side of the memory card. In one embodiment one pre-loading element is adapted to affect the first group of contact elements and the second group of contact elements.

In one solution the contact elements are not electrically attached to the printed wiring board (PWB), but instead, when a card is inserted into the card reader, the card presses the contact elements so that the contact elements come into contact with the PWB, which has contact areas for connection.

As the size of mobile devices is very relevant for the markets, this invention improves current solutions because the thickness of the reader can be reduced somewhat as the invented solution does not require as much height as previous current solutions.

Description of the Drawings

The objects and features of the present invention will become more apparent from the consideration of the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 illustrates an embodiment of a connector in an unconnected state without a memory card

Fig. 2 illustrates the embodiment of Figure 1 in a connected state with a memory card

Fig. 3 illustrates the embodiment of Figure 1 in an unconnected state without a memory card

Fig. 4 illustrates another embodiment of a connector

Fig. 5 illustrates an embodiment of a connector with an ejector structure

Fig. 6 illustrates another embodiment of a connector in an unconnected state

Fig. 7 illustrates the embodiment of Figure 6 in a connected state with a memory card

Fig. 8 illustrates another embodiment of a connector in an unconnected state

Fig. 9 illustrates the embodiment of Figure 8 in a connected state with a memory card

Fig. 10 illustrates another embodiment of a connector in an unconnected state

Fig. 11 illustrates the embodiment of Figure 10 in a connected state with a memory card

For the sake of clarity, the figures only show the details necessary for understanding the invention. The structures and details that are not necessary for understanding the invention but are obvious for anyone skilled in the art have been omitted from the figures in order to emphasize the characteristics of the invention.

Detailed Description of the Invention

Figures 1, 2 and 3 illustrate a connector device according to an embodiment. In this embodiment the device is a card reader. A similar connector can be used in many other applications as well, for example, audio, radio frequency (RF), power, and/or data connectors.

The connector comprises at least a contact element 1 and a pre-loading element 2. In the examples according the Figures 1 to 9, the contact element 1 is a contact spring. The contact spring 1 is adapted to contact a contact 3 of a memory card 4.

The contact spring 1 is curved so that its shape is similar to that of the tip of a ski. In the free state the tip of the contact spring 1 is pointing upwards so that it will force itself against the contacts 3 of the card 4 inserted in the reader. In addition, there is a pre-loading element 2, which keeps the contact spring 1 flat when there is no card 4 in the reader. The pre-loading element 2 is pushed off the contact spring 1 by the card 4 that is inserted into the reader.

In addition, in Figures 1, 2 and 3 are shown a housing 5 of the connector. In this embodiment the housing 5 forms some kind of a frame, where the contact springs 1 and the pre-loading element 2 are attached. The housing 5 can be formed in many different ways. The form depends, for example, on the device and the connected device (i.e. memory card). The housing 5 can also comprise other structures than those mentioned, for example, locking structures for keeping a memory card 4 in a reader. In addition, the housing 5 or a part of it can be a part of the device or it can be integrated in the device.

Figure 4 illustrates an embodiment, where the housing 5 does not comprise a typical bottom part, that is used to connecting the connector to the device. In this kind of a solution the surface of the device or another component creates at least one wall of the card slot of the connector. Thus, it is possible to produce very thin connectors and furthermore thin devices.

The contact spring 1 has at least an unconnected state and a connected state. In the unconnected state the contact spring 1 allows the card 4 to be insert in the connector. In the unconnected state the contact spring 1 does preferably not touch the contacts 3 of the card 4 and/or the card. In the connected state the contact spring 1 is allowed to touch the contacts 3 of the inserted card 4. In this embodiment a tip 14 of the contact spring 1 is adapted to form the contact with the contacts 3 of the inserted card 4 in the connected state. In this description and figures the movement and the shape of the contact spring 1 is only an example. The tip of the contact spring 1 can move more or less than in the examples when the contact element moves between the unconnected state and the connected state, depending on the solution.

In addition, in the examples the connection point is produced between the tips of the contact springs 1 and contacts 3. It is possible to use a larger area of the contact spring 1 to produce the contact. For example, the contact spring 1 can be flat or almost flat in the connected state.

The pre-loading element 2 has at least a first position and a second position. When the pre-loading element 2 is in the first position, it forces the contact spring 1 into the unconnected state. Usually the first position is prevailing when there is no card 4 in the connector. When the pre-loading element 2 is in the second position, it allows the contact spring 1 to move into the connected state. Usually the second position is prevailing when there is card 4 in the connector.

The pre-loading element 2 can be formed in many ways. In one embodiment the pre-loading element 2 is provided with an actuator which moves the pre-loading element between the different positions. The actuator can be, for example, a spring 15 or a flexible member (see Figures 1 and 2). The pre-loading element 2 can also be an adaptable member, wherein the first position is a first shape and the second position is a second shape of the pre-loading element.

Figure 5 illustrates an embodiment where the connector comprises an ejector 8. The ejector 8 can be used, for example, to remove the card 4 from the connector. In one solution the ejector 8 affects the pre-loading element 2. For example, when the ejector 8 is used to remove the card 4, at the same time it moves the pre-loading element 2 from the second position to the first position.

In many solutions the connector comprises many contact elements i.e. contact springs 1. In one embodiment the connector comprises several contact springs 1 and one pre-loading element 2 is adapted to affect these several contact springs. When the pre-loading element 2 is in the first position it forces the contact springs 1 into the unconnected state. When the pre-loading element 2 is in the second position it allows the contact springs 2 to move into the connected state.

Figures 6 and 7 illustrate another embodiment of the connector structure where the connector comprises a first group of contact springs 11 and a second group of contact springs 12. The first group of contact springs 11 is adapted to contact the first side of the memory card 41 and the second group of contact springs 12 is adapted to contact the second side of the memory card 42. In the shown embodiment one pre-loading element 2 is adapted to affect the first group of contact springs 11 and the second group of contact springs 12. When the pre-loading element 2 is in the first position it forces the groups of contact springs 11, 12 into the unconnected state, as can be seen in Figure 6. When the pre-loading element 2 is in the second position, it allows the groups of contact springs 11, 12 to move into the connected state as can be seen in Figure 7.

In one solution the contact springs 1 are not electrically attached to the printed wiring board 6 all the time. When a card 4 is inserted to the card reader, the card presses a contact spring 1 so that the contact spring comes into contact with the printed wiring board 6, which has contact areas 7 for connection. In turn, when there is no card 4 in the card reader, the contacts with the printed wiring board 6 are disabled. One such solution is illustrated in Figures 8 and 9. Figure 8 shows the situation when there is no card 4 in the card reader. Figure 9, in turn, shows the situation when there is a card 4 in the card reader. As can be seen the contact spring 1 is adapted to contact also the contacts 3 of the card 4 and the contacts 7 of the printed wiring board 6. In this embodiment the contact spring 1 comprises a first contact area 1a and a second contact area 1b. The first contact area 1a is adapted to contact the contact 3 of the card 4. The second contact area 1a is adapted to contact the contact 7 of the printed wiring board 6. The pre-loading element 2 is adapted to force the contact spring 1 into the connected state.

Figures 10 and 11 illustrate another embodiment of the connector structure, where the connector comprises contact elements 1, which are elastic structures. An elastic structure returns to its original shape when a load is removed. In the shown embodiment the pre-loading element 2 is adapted to affect the contact elements 1. When the pre-loading

element 2 is in the first position it forces the contact elements 1 into the unconnected state, as can be seen in Figure 10. When the pre-loading element 2 is in the second position, it allows the contact elements 1 to expand into the connected state, as can be seen in Figure 11.

In one embodiment the connector structure is used in an adapter. An adapter is needed when a card 4 is used in a reader, which is for a different type of card than the one used. For example, there are adapters which allow a microSD card to be used in devices intended for SD or miniSD cards. Usually the size of the card 4 and/or the layout of the connecting terminals are different in different kinds of cards. The connector structure according to the previous examples is very advantageous in adapters, especially adapters that adapt the card 4 to a card reader that has almost the same thickness as the card. It is possible to produce an adapter that comprises the foregoing connector structure. The card 4 can be inserted in the adapter and then the pre-loading element 2 moves from the first position to the second position. Therefore, it allows the contact element 1 to move into the connected state and the card 4 is connected to the device via the adapter (presuming that the adapter is in the device).

In addition, it is possible to adjust the foregoing ejector structure 8 in the adapter. In one embodiment the ejector structure 8 also ejects the card 4 out from the adapter and moves the pre-loading element 2 to the first position (unconnected state).

While the present invention has been described with reference to the particular illustrative embodiments, it is not to be restricted by the embodiments but only by the appended claims. It is to be appreciated that those skilled in the art can change or modify the embodiments without departing from the scope and spirit of the present invention.

What is claimed is:

1. A connector comprising:
   - a contact element, which has at least an unconnected state and a connected state;
   - a pre-loading element, which has at least a first position and a second position;

   wherein

   when the pre-loading element is in the first position it forces the contact element into the unconnected state; and

   when the pre-loading element is in the second position it allows the contact element to transfer to the connected state.

2. The connector according to claim 1, further comprising several contact elements, wherein one pre-loading element is adapted to affect these several elements.

3. The connector according to claim 1, wherein a tip of the contact element is adapted to form a contact when in the connected state.

4. The connector according to claim 1, wherein the connector is a memory card connector and the contact element is adapted to contact a contact of the memory card.

5. The connector according to claim 4, further comprising several contact elements and wherein one pre-loading element is adapted to affect these several elements.

6. The connector according to claim 4, further comprising a first group of contact elements and a second group of contact elements; wherein the first group of contact elements is adapted to contact a first side of the memory card and the second group of contact elements is adapted to contact a second side of the memory card.

7. The connector according to claim 6, wherein one pre-loading element is adapted to affect the first group of contact elements and the second group of contact elements.

8. The connector according to claim 1, wherein the connector is at least one of the following: an audio connector, a radio frequency connector, a power connector, a data connector.

9. A device with a connector comprising:

- a contact element, which has at least an unconnected state and a connected state;
- a pre-loading element, which has at least a first position and a second position;

wherein

when the pre-loading element is in the first position it forces the contact element into the unconnected state; and

when the pre-loading element is in the second position it allows the contact element to transfer to the connected state.

10. The device according to claim 9, further comprising several contact elements, wherein one pre-loading element is adapted to affect these several elements.

11. The device according to claim 9, wherein a tip of the contact element is adapted to form a contact when in the connected state.

12. The device according to claim 9, wherein the connector is a memory card connector and the contact element is adapted to contact a contact of the memory card.

13. The device according to claim 12, further comprising several contact elements and wherein one pre-loading element is adapted to affect these several elements.

14. The device according to claim 12, further comprising a first group of contact elements and a second group of contact elements; wherein the first group of contact elements is adapted to contact a first side of the memory card and the second group of contact elements is adapted to contact a second side of the memory card.

15. The device according to claim 14, wherein one pre-loading element is adapted to affect the first group of contact elements and the second group of contact elements.

16. The device according to claim 9, wherein the device is at least one of the following: a mobile phone, a personal computer, a hand-held computer, a hand-held media device, a game machine.

17. The device according to claim 9, wherein the connector is at least one of the following: a card connector, a universal serial bus connector, a battery connector, a charger connector.

18. A connector comprising:

- means for contacting, which has at least an unconnected state and a connected state;
- means for pre-loading, which has at least a first position and a second position;

wherein

the means for pre-loading in the first position forces the means for contact into the unconnected state; and

the means for pre-loading in the second position allows the means for contact to transfer to the connected state.

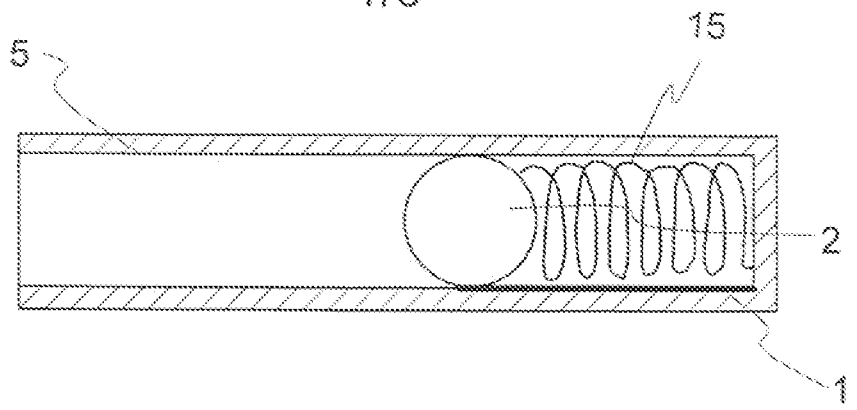


Fig. 1

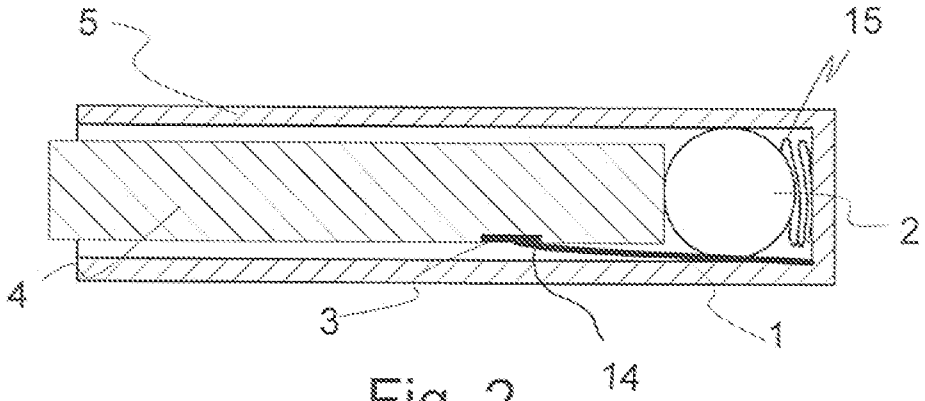


Fig. 2

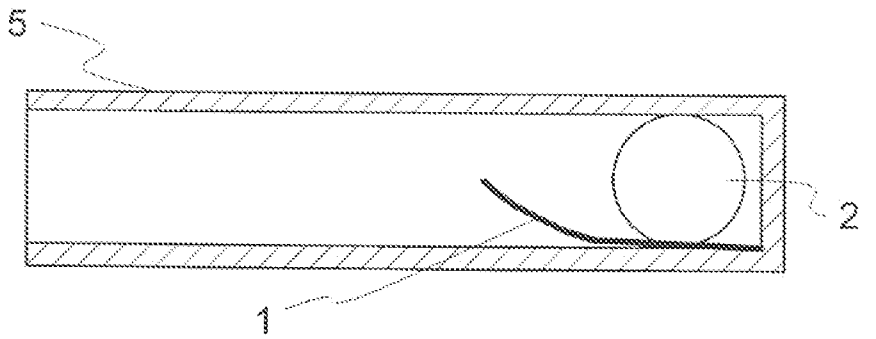


Fig. 3

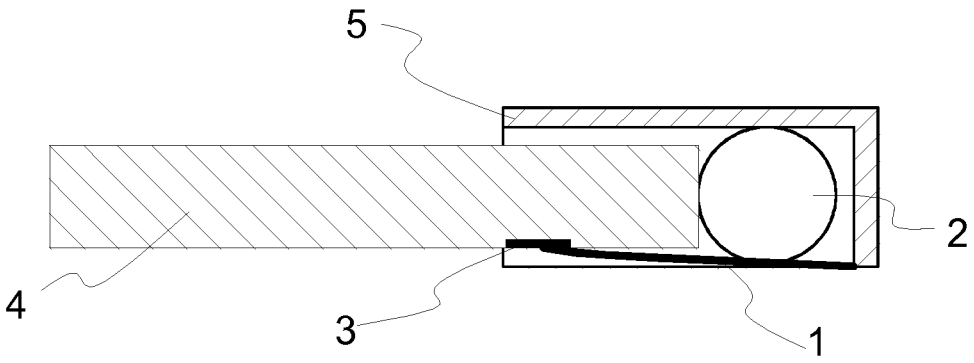


Fig. 4

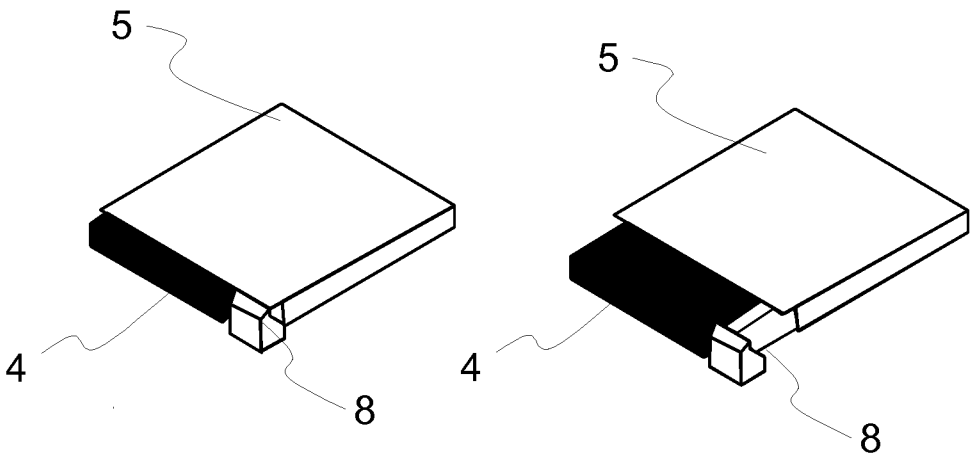


Fig. 5

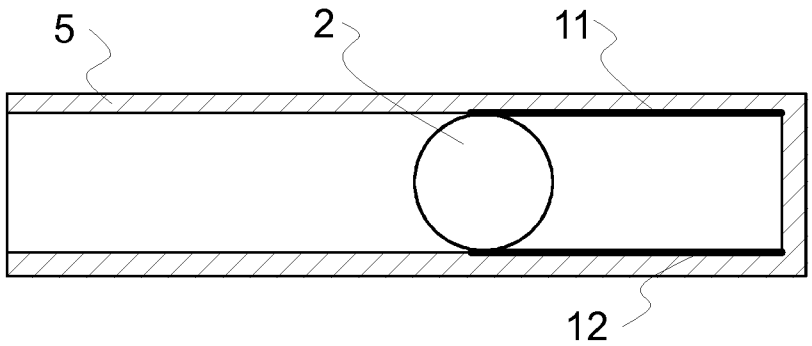


Fig. 6

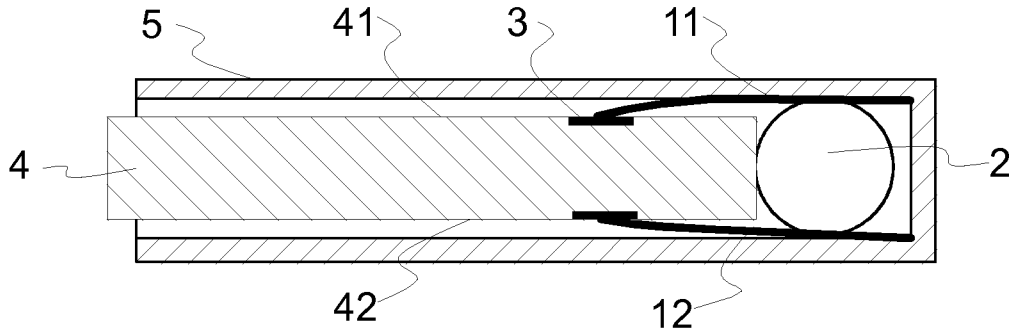


Fig. 7

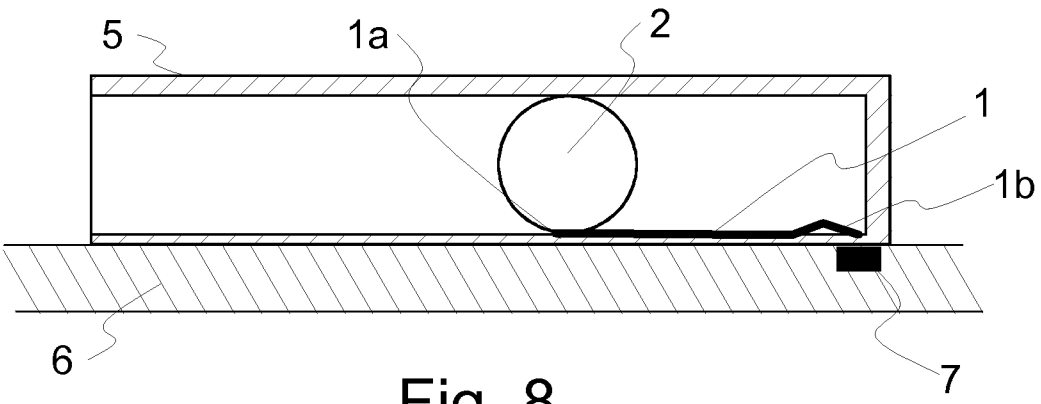


Fig. 8

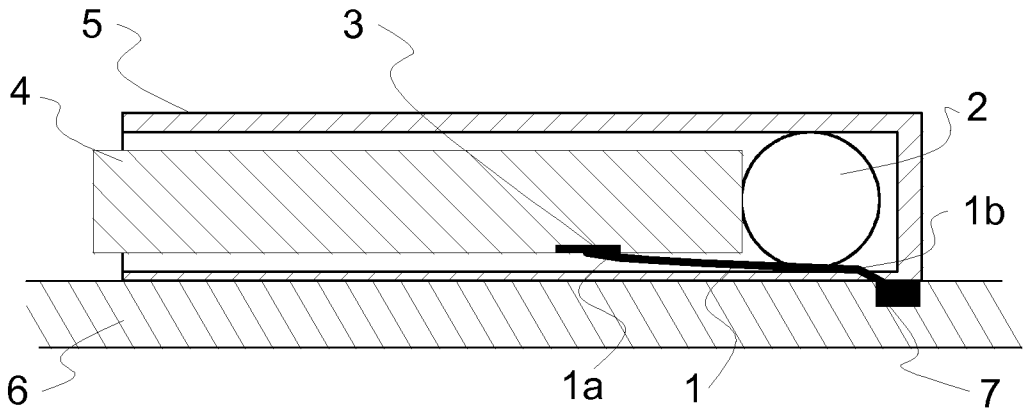


Fig. 9

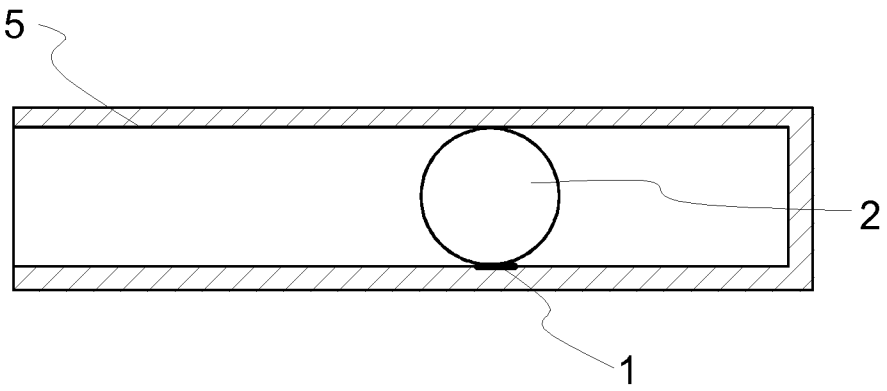


Fig. 10

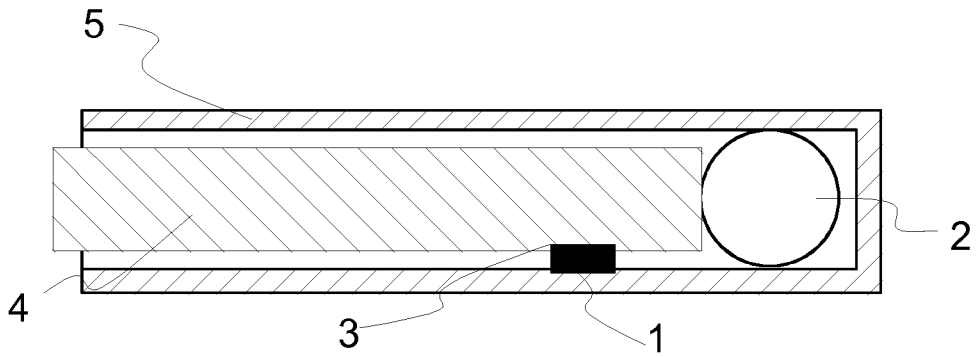


Fig. 11

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/FI2008/050721

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

See extra sheet

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC: H01R

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

FI, SE, NO, DK

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

WPI, TXTE, EPODOC

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 2005104007 A1 (MOLEX INC et al.) 03 November 2005 (03.11.2005), abstract; figures	1-18
A	US 6358082 B1 (LETOURNEAU GUY LOUIS) 19 March 2002 (19.03.2002), abstract; figures	1-18

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☒ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date

"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
17 March 2009 (17.03.2009)	26 March 2009 (26.03.2009)

Name and mailing address of the ISA/FI
National Board of Patents and Registration of Finland
P.O. Box 1160, FI-00101 HELSINKI, Finland
Facsimile No. +358 9 6939 5328

Authorized officer
Jorma Lehtonen
Telephone No. +358 9 6939 500

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
Information on patent family members

International application No.
PCT/FI2008/050721

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family members(s)	Publication date
WO 2005104007 A1	03/11/2005	US 2008268690 A1	30/10/2008
		JP 2008500682T T	10/01/2008
		CN 2699525Y Y	11/05/2005
		CN 2699524Y Y	11/05/2005
US 6358082 B1	19/03/2002	CN 1684314 A	19/10/2005
		CN 1371147 A	25/09/2002
		EP 1231678 A1	14/08/2002
		US 2002111061 A1	15/08/2002

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/FI2008/050721

CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

Int.Cl.
H01R 13/24 (2006.01)