J. DODDS. FIRE ESCAPE. APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 3C, 1905.

3 SHEETS-SHEET 1.

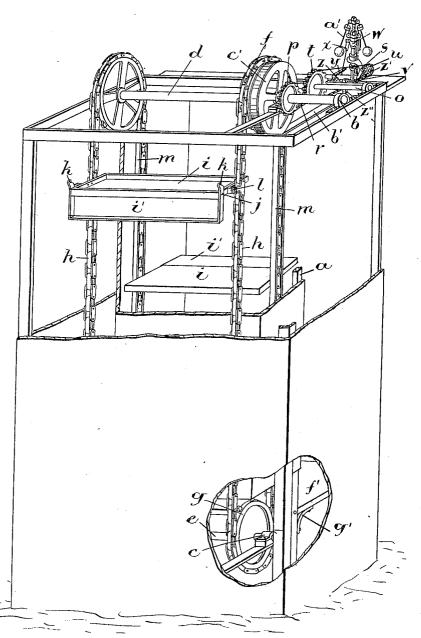


Fig.1

Wetnesses. A. Dimble. M. S. M. Winnow.

Inventor.

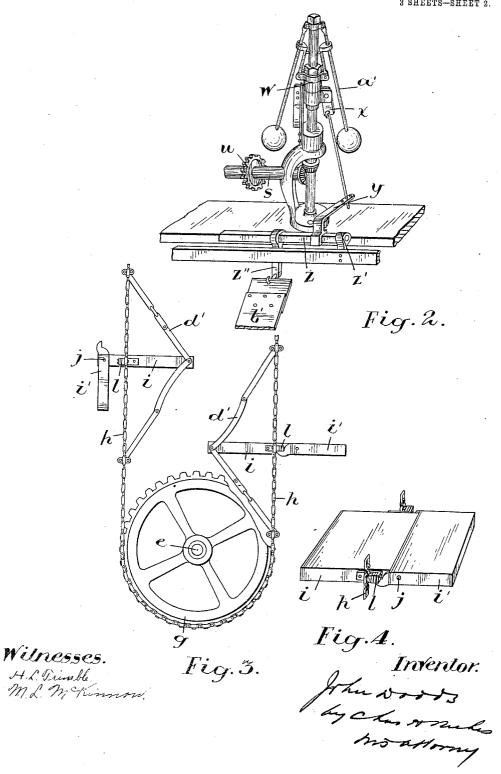
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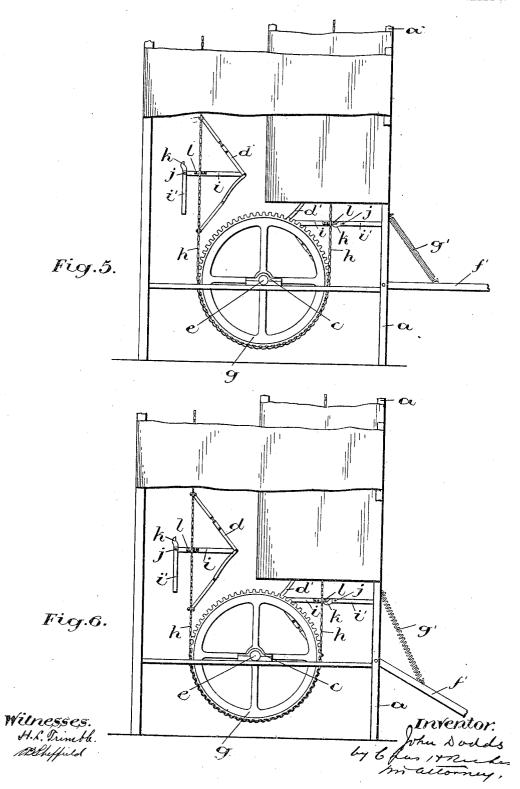
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3 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



J. DODDS.
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3 SHEETS-SHEET 3.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN DODDS, OF CALGARY, CANADA.

FIRE-ESCAPE.

No. 825,524.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented July 10, 1906.

Application filed September 30, 1905. Serial No. 280,743.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John Dodds, of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta and Dominion of Canada, have invented certain new 5 and useful Improvements in Fire-Escapes; and I declare that the following is a full, clear,

and exact description of the same.

This invention relates to a fire-escape comprising an elevator-frame, two parallel shafts 10 journaled at opposite ends thereof, sprocketwheels mounted on said shafts and arranged in oppositely-disposed pairs, sprocket-chains traveling around said sprocket-wheels, guideways to prevent the swaying of the sprocket-15 chains as they travel between the sprocketwheels, platforms carried by the sprocketchains, a governor to regulate the traveling speed of the chains as the platforms descend with their loads, and a chute hinged to the elevator-frame and provided with counter-balancing means, as hereinafter more fully set forth, and more particularly pointed out in the claims.

For a full understanding of the invention 25 reference is to be had to the following description and to the accompanying drawings,

in which-

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the fireescape. Fig. 2 is a view of the governor and 30 friction-strap for the brake-wheel. Fig. 3 is a side view of one of the sprocket-wheels, a portion of one of the sprocket-chains, and two platforms, showing the descending and ascending positions of the platform-sections as the 35 sprocket-chains travel around the sprocket-Fig. 4 is a perspective view of one of the platforms, showing the construction of the platform-sections and the means by which they are connected together. Fig. 5 40 is a side elevation of the lower end of the fireescape, showing the chute in a horizontal position; and Fig. 6 is a view of the same parts shown in Fig. 5, but showing the chute in an inclined position.

Like letters of reference refer to like parts throughout the specification and drawings.

At the top and bottom of the elevatorframe a, which is preferably constructed of metal and located either inside or outside the 50 building-walls, are bearings b and c, in which are journaled parallel sprocket-wheel shafts d and e. Mounted on the shafts d and e are sprocket-wheels f and g, arranged in oppositely-disposed pairs so that the sprocketchains h, passing around them, may travel in substantially parallel planes.

Carried by the sprocket-chains h are platforms consisting of platform-sections i, securely fastened to the links of the sprocketchains h, and other platform-sections i', con- 60 nected to the platform-sections i by hinge

members j.

During the descent of the platforms the platform-sections i' assume by gravity a horizontal position in the same plane as the 65 platform-sections i and are maintained in that position by the engagement of the arms k, connected to them with the resistingpieces *l*, connected to the platform-sections When the platforms reach the end of 70 their descent, the platform-sections i' assume by gravity and maintain a position at substantially right angles to the platform-sections i until the platforms have attained the end of their ascent. During the descent of 75 the platforms the sprocket-chains are caused to travel around the sprocket-wheels and revolve the sprocket-wheel shafts, and this motion is transmitted from the sprocket-wheel shaft d to a counter-shaft o by sprocket- 80 wheels p and q and a sprocket-chain r and from the counter-shaft o to the governorshaft s by similar sprocket-wheels t and u and sprocket-chain v, the relative sizes being such as to greatly increase the speed of the revolu- 85 tion of the governor-shaft over that of the sprocket-wheel shaft d.

The revolution of the governor-shaft causes the revolution of the governor-arms a', which as they revolve cause the sliding movement 90 of the governor-head w. The sliding governor-head w is connected by a link x to the crank y of the rock-shaft z, so that it will operate the rock-shaft during the revolution of the governor-arms a'. The rock-shaft z has 95 a second crank z'', to which is connected the brake-band b', embracing the friction-wheel c', mounted upon and revoluble with the shaft d. To brace the platform-sections i in their horizontal position as they travel be- 100 tween the sprocket-wheels, jointed stays d'are connected to them and to the sprocketchains above and below the platforms, so that the platform-sections i will be prevented from tilting in either direction from their nor- 105 mal or horizontal plane, the jointed stays d' automatically extending and contracting when following the curvature of the sprocketchains as they pass around the sprocket-The elevator - frame is provided 110 with chain-guides m to maintain the sprocketchains in a fixed path as they descend from

the sprocket-wheels f to the sprocket-wheels g by preventing them swaying under the load.

or momentum of the platform.

The fire-escape is placed convenient to the 5 outlets of the building, and when the platforms are loaded they descend by gravity until they reach the end of their descent. The descent of the platforms causes the sprocketchains to revolve the sprocket-wheels and 10 sprocket-wheel shafts, and during the revolution of the latter motion is transmitted by the sprocket-chain r from the sprocket-wheel shaft d to the counter-shaft o; and from the counter-shaft o by the sprocket-chain v to the governor-shaft s, the relative diameters of the sprocket-wheels being such as to cause the governor-shaft to revolve at a higher rate of speed than the sprocket-wheel shafts and rapidly revolve the governor - arms a'. 20 The revolution of the governor-arms a' actuates the sliding governor-head w, and the governor-head w as it rises and falls causes the link x to actuate the crank y and rock the shaft z in its bearings z'. The rocking of the 25 shaft z causes the crank z'' to draw the friction-band b' against or release it from the rim of the friction-pulley c', and thus control its revolution and that of the sprocket wheel shaft d to regulate the speed of the descent of 30 the platform. When the platforms reach the end of their descent, the platform-sections i' move by gravity into a position at substantially right angles to the platformsections i, so that a saving of the depth of 35 space required for the fire-escape can be effected by an amount equal to the width of the platform-sections i'. The platform-sections i' maintain their vertical position until the platform-sections i have passed over the top of the sprocket-wheels f and commenced their descent, when they automatically return by gravity to a substantially horizontal position in the same plane as the platform-

Hinged to the lower end of the elevatorframe a is a chute f, normally supported in a substantially horizontal position below the 50 sprocket-chains and platforms by counterbalance-springs g' or other counterbalancing means so regulated as to allow the chute to assume an inclined position under the influence of its load, and then automatically return it to its normal position when freed

sections i, and in that position they are held 45 by the engagement of the arms with the re-

sisting-pieces.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by

Letters Patent, is—

1. A fire-escape comprising an elevatorframe, parallel shafts journaled therein, sprocket-wheels mounted on said shafts alined in oppositely-disposed pairs, sprocket-chains traveling around said sprocket-wheels, plat-65 forms carried by the sprocket-chains, guide-

ways to maintain the sprocket-chains in a fixed path during the descent of the platforms, a governor, a governor-shaft, a counter-shaft, means for transmitting motion from one of the sprocket-wheel shafts to the coun- 70 ter-shaft and from the counter-shaft to the governor-shaft, a sliding governor-head, a rock-shaft connected with and actuated by the sliding governor-head, a friction-wheel for said last-mentioned sprocket-wheel shaft 75 and a brake-band embracing the frictionwheel and connected with the rock-shaft.

2. A fire-escape comprising an elevatorframe, parallel shafts journaled therein, sprocket-wheels mounted on said shafts alined 80 in oppositely-disposed pairs, sprocket-chains traveling around said sprocket-wheels, platforms carried by the sprocket-chains, guideways to maintain the sprocket-chains in a fixed path during the descent of the platforms, 85 governor, motion - transmission means for the governor and one of the sprocketwheel shafts, a braking mechanism acting directly on said sprocket-wheel shaft actuated by the operation of the governor, a chute 90 hinged to the elevator-frame, and a counterbalancing means to normally support the chute in a substantially horizontal position.

3. A fire-escape comprising an elevator-frame parallel shafts journaled therein, 95 sprocket-wheels mounted on said shafts alined in oppositely-disposed pairs, sprocketchains traveling around said sprocket-wheels, platforms carried by the sprocket-chains guideways to maintain the sprocket-chains in 100 a fixed path during the descent of the platforms, a governor, motion-transmission means for the governor and one of the sprocketwheel shafts, a braking mechanism for said sprocket-wheel shaft actuated by the opera- 105 tion of the governor consisting of a frictionpulley mounted upon the sprocket - wheel shaft, a brake-band embracing the frictionpulley positioned by the operation of the governor, a chute hinged to the elevator- 110 frame and a counterbalancing means to normally support the chute in a substantially

horizontal position. 4. A fire-escape comprising an elevatorframe, parallel shafts journaled therein, 115 sprocket-wheels mounted on said shafts alined in oppositely-disposed pairs, sprocketchains traveling around said sprocket-wheels, platforms carried by the sprocket-chains, guideways to maintain the sprocket-chains 120 in a fixed path during the descent of the platforms, a governor, motion-transmission means for the governor, and one of the sprocket-wheel shafts, a braking mechanism for said sprocket-wheel shaft actuated by the 125 operation of the governor consisting of a friction-pulley mounted upon the sprocket-wheel shaft, a friction-band embracing the frictionpulley, a rock-shaft to which the frictionband is connected, a connecting means pe- 13c

tween the rock-shaft and governor, a chute hinged to the elevator-frame and a counterbalancing means to normally support the chute in a substantially horizontal position.

5. A fire-escape comprising an elevatorframe parallel shafts journaled therein, sprocket-wheels mounted on said shafts alined in oppositely-disposed pairs, sprocketchains traveling around said sprocket-wheels, platforms consisting of platform-sections fastened to the sprocket-chains and other platform-sections hinged to the first-mentioned platform-sections, resisting-pieces connected to the first-mentioned platform-sections and 15 arms connected to the last-mentioned platform-sections to engage said resisting-pieces and hold the hinged platform-sections in substantially the same plane as the others during the descent of the platforms, guideways to 20 maintain the sprocket-chains in a fixed path during the descent of the platforms, a governor, motion - transmission means for the governor and one of the sprocket-wheel shafts and a braking mechanism acting directly on 25 said sprocket-wheel shaft actuated by the op-

eration of the governor. 6. A fire-escape comprising an elevatorframe parallel shafts journaled therein, sprocket-wheels mounted on said shafts 30 alined in oppositely-disposed pairs, sprocketchains traveling around said sprocket-wheels, platforms consisting of platform-sections fastened to the sprocket-chains and other platform-sections hinged to the first-mentioned 35 platform-sections resisting-pieces connected to the first-mentioned platform-sections and arms connected to the last-mentioned platform-sections to engage said resisting-pieces and hold the hinged platform-sections in substantially the same plane as the others during the descent of the platforms, guideways to maintain the sprocket-chains in a fixed path during the descent of the platforms, a governor, motion-transmission means for the governor and one of the sprocket-wheel shafts a braking mechanism for said sprocket-wheel shaft actuated by the operation of the governor, consisting of a friction-pulley mounted upon the sprocket-wheel shaft and a brakeband embracing the friction-pulley positioned

by the operation of the governor.

7. A fire-escape comprising an elevator-frame, parallel shafts journaled therein, sprocket-wheels mounted on said shafts

alined in oppositely-disposed pairs, sprocket- 55 chains traveling around said sprocket-wheels, platforms consisting of platform-sections fastened to the sprocket-chains and other platform-sections hinged to the first-mentioned platform-sections resisting-pieces connected 60 to the first-mentioned platform-sections and arms connected to the last-mentioned platform-section to engage said resisting-pieces and hold the hinged platform-sections in substantially the same plane as the others during 65 the descent of the platforms, guideways to maintain the sprocket-chains in a fixed path during the descent of the platforms, a governor, motion-transmission means for the governor and one of the sprocket-wheel 70 shafts, a braking mechanism for said sprocketwheel shaft actuated by the operation of the governor consisting of a friction - pulley mounted upon the sprocket-wheel shaft a friction-band embracing the friction-pulley, 75 a rock-shaft to which the friction-band is connected and a connecting means between

the rock-shaft and governor. 8. A fire-escape comprising an elevatorframe parallel shafts journaled therein, 80 sprocket-wheels mounted on said shafts alined in oppositely-disposed pairs, sprocketchains traveling around said sprocket-wheels, platforms consisting of platform-sections fas-tened to the sprocket-chains and other plat-form-sections hinged to the first-mentioned platform-sections resisting-pieces connected to the first-mentioned platform-sections and arms connected to the last-mentioned platform-sections to engage said resisting-pieces 90 and hold the hinged platform-sections in substantially the same plane as the others during the descent of the platforms, guideways to maintain the sprocket-chains in a fixed path during the descent of the platforms, a gov- 95 ernor, motion - transmission means for the governor and one of the sprocket-wheel shafts a braking mechanism acting directly on said sprocket-wheel shaft actuated by the operation of the governor, a chute hinged to the 100 elevator-frame, and a counterbalancing means to normally support the chute in a substantially horizontal position.

Toronto, September 12, A. D. 1905. JOHN DODDS.

In presence of— Chas. H. Riches, H. L. Trimble.