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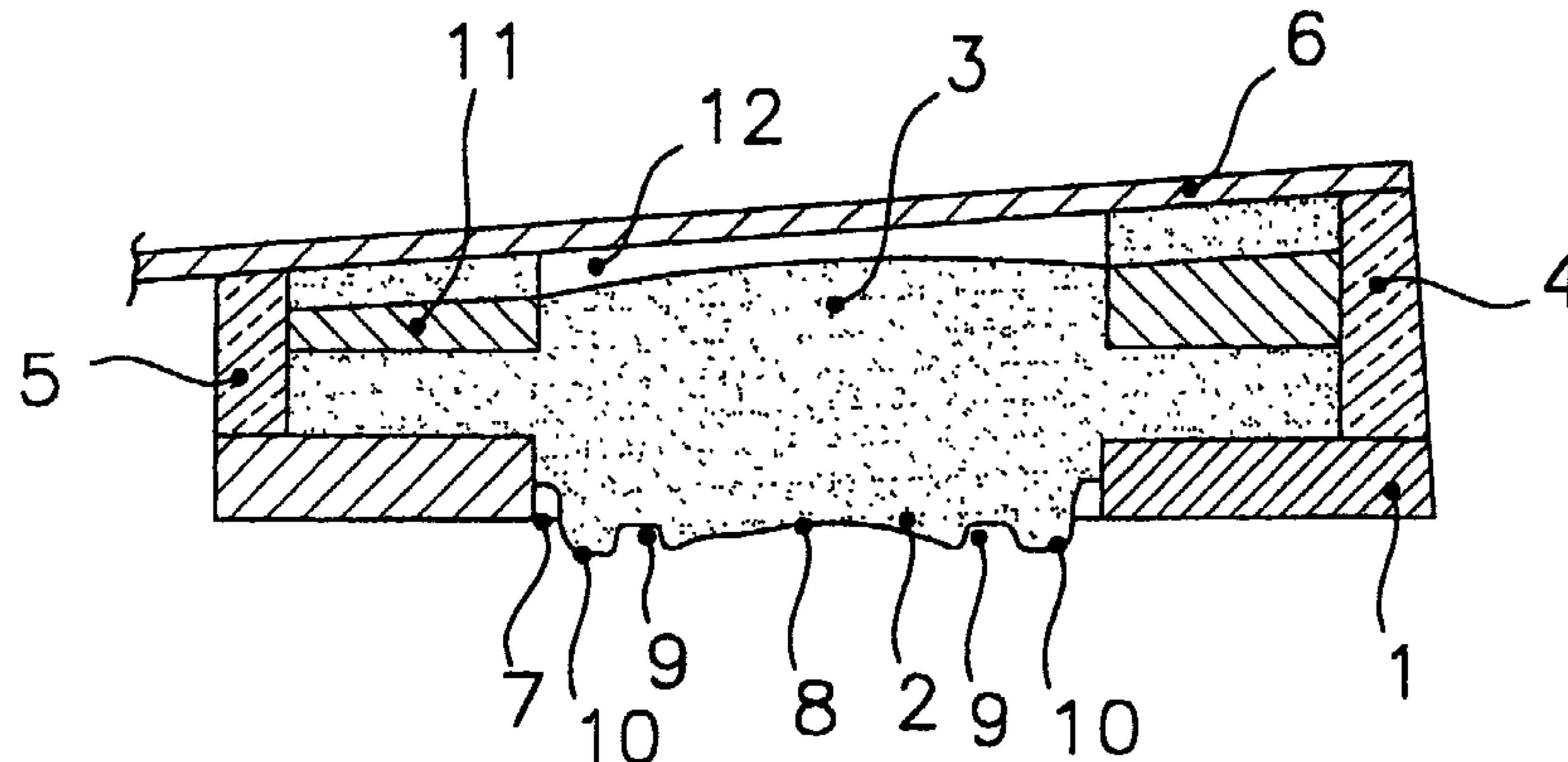
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PRODUCED THEREBY



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

A shock absorbing heel for footwear, made of leather, or a material visually similar to leather, and formed by a rubber underheel (1) with at least one opening (7) from which there projects an appendix (2) of a core (3) made of a resilient plastic material. The material is injected on the underheel in a chamber (12) delimited by strips (4, 5) of leather or the like arranged on the underheel and along its edge and connected to the underheel through the core of plastic material.



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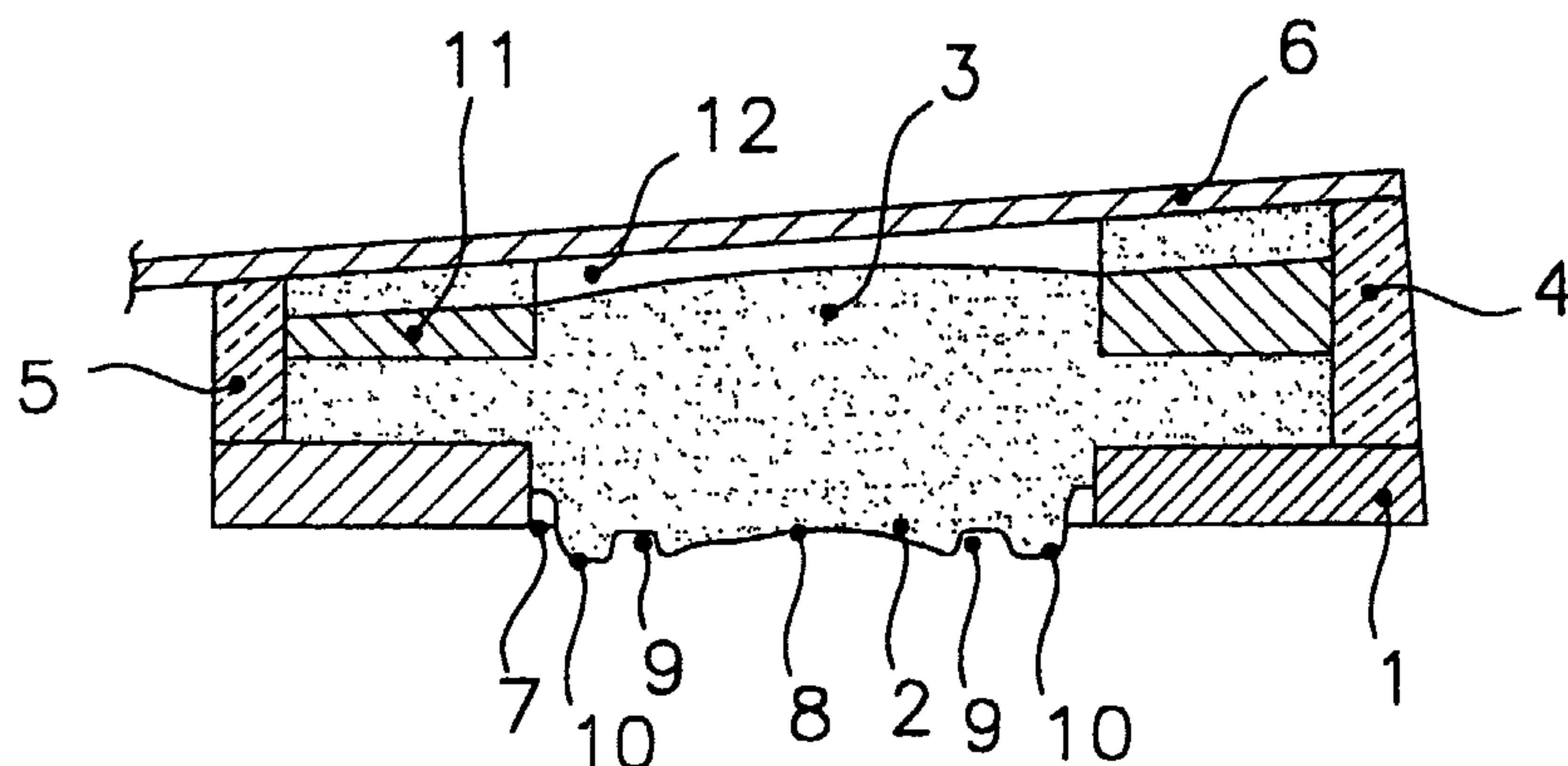
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(54) Title: METHOD FOR THE PRODUCTION OF A SHOCK ABSORBING HEEL FOR FOOTWEAR AND THE HEEL PRODUCED THEREBY



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TITLE

METHOD FOR THE PRODUCTION OF A SHOCK ABSORBING HEEL FOR FOOTWEAR AND THE HEEL PRODUCED THEREBY

DESCRIPTION5 Field of the invention

The present invention relates generally to the field of footwear and, more particularly, relates to a shock-absorbing heel for footwear and a method for producing it.

Background of the Invention

10 Several expedients are known for absorbing and dampening the stresses that are transmitted to the skeleton and muscle structure by means of the foot in the course of normal walking, and even more so on doing sporting activities (running, jumping, etc.). In
15 particular, there are known solutions that envisage forming chambers in the sole of the footwear and arranging appropriate elastic means or air cushions inside them. In other solutions the absorption of shocks and stresses is entrusted to fluid cushions within the sole, thus
20 realizing even a circulation of air in the sole that will be produced by the shocks and the walking movement of the foot itself, especially between the fore part of the sole and its rear part, and possibly also between the sole and the outside, passing through vents and non-return valves

25 Expedients of this kind have so far been applied to footwear of the sporting type or, in any case, equipped with rubber soles, or soles made of plastic material, obtained, for example, by means of injection moulding.

Apart from the sure benefit one obtains when
30 such solutions are adopted in sporting footwear, there can be no doubt that they can make a significant contribution to the comfort of any kind of footwear used for everyday

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activities. However, there are both aesthetic and constructional reasons why shoes with soles made of leather, or similar material, which constitute a substantial fraction of the commonly employed footwear, cannot be provided with such expedients capable of damping the stresses.

Object and Summary of the invention

The object of the present invention is to provide a footwear heel suitable for soles made of leather or similar material and having dampening properties capable of limiting transmission to the skeleton and muscle structure of the stresses that are generated during walking. Another object of the present invention is to provide a method of producing shock-absorbing heels of the aforementioned type suitable for application in industry and in mass production.

These aims are attained by means of the shock-absorbing heel for footwear according to the present invention and the relevant method for its production having the characteristics set out in claims 1 and 8 attached hereto.

Brief description of the drawings

Further characteristics and advantages of the shock-absorbing heel and the method for its production will be apparent from the following description of an embodiment thereof, which is given purely by way of example and is not to be considered limitative in any way, the description making reference to the attached drawings, of which:

- Figure 1 shows a bottom plan view of a heel for footwear in accordance with the present invention;

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- Figure 2 shows a sectional view taken along line II-II of Figure 1;

- Figure 3 shows a partial sectional view taken along lines III-III of Figure 1; and

5 -Figure 4 shows an exploded view of the heel in accordance with the invention.

Detailed description of the Invention

Referring to the aforesaid figures, the shock-absorbing heel in accordance with the invention comprises
10 an underheel 1 made of rubber or some elastomeric material capable of resisting wear, with a circular window 7 provided at its centre, from which there projects for a few millimetres an appendix 2 of a core 3 made of resilient plastic material, polyurethane for example. Core 3 is
15 enclosed between two thick strips of leather, one of which, indicated by the reference number 4, is arcuate in shape such as to line both the rear and the sides of the heel, while the other, indicated by 5, lines the front side of the heel.

20 Advantageously, the projecting appendix 2 of core 3 will be shaped so as to perform its shock-absorbing function in an optimal manner. In particular, it is formed with a central depression 8 delimited by a first circular groove 9 that, in its turn, is delimited by a circular fin
25 10, constituting the outer edge of the appendix 2 and placed at some distance from the wall delimiting window the aperture 7 of the rubber underheel 1.

Advantageously, an insert 11 of light plastic material, polystyrene for example, may be provided in core
30 3 to permit the application of the sole (a visible part of which has been indicated by the reference number 6) by

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means of nailing. Otherwise, the sole may in any case be applied by means of gluing.

With a view to facilitating the movement of appendix 2 in the direction orthogonal to the walking plane, between sole 6 and core 3 there may be provided a chamber 12 forming an air cushion that, by means of its compression and dilation, will likewise assist in absorbing the stresses acting on the foot. In that case insert 11 will have to be provided with a central opening to establish continuity between appendix 2 of core 3 and the air contained in chamber 12.

With a view to producing the shock-absorbing heel in accordance with the present invention, one first prepares by means of moulding, or some other suitable process, a rubber underheel 1 provided with at least one opening, a central window 7 for example, as shown in the figures. The underheel 1 is then arranged within a mould for injection moulding having a shape equal to that of the underheel and a height substantially equal to the height of the heel that is to be produced. The mould is shaped in such a way as to have a lowered bottom in the position of the opening provided in the underheel to permit the formation of the projecting appendix 7. In the space delimited by the two leather strips 4 and 5 above the underheel 1 there may also be arranged a connection insert 11 and then, after closing the mould, thermoplastic or elastomer resin, polyurethane for example, is injected to form an internal resilient core provided with an appendix 2 arranged in the opening 7 and partially projecting therefrom. On solidifying, the resin becomes secured to the underheel and the two strips, thus forming a single body.

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It is preferable to shape the lid of the mould in such a manner as to create a chamber 12 in the upper part of the heel in a position opposite the opening 7, which, once the sole 6 has been applied, will come to contain an
5 air cushion that improves the shock-absorbing function of resilient core 3, facilitating movements of appendix 2 in the direction at right angles to the plane of walking.

The heel formed in this manner can be fixed to the sole by means of known systems, for example, by means of
10 nailing if the insert 11 is present or by means of gluing. The exterior appearance of the heel produced in this manner will be the classical one of a leather heel, but provided with the shock-absorbing function. It is to be understood that, even though the present description has
15 been made with reference to the case of heels made of rubber and the use of strips 4 and 5 consisting of this material, the invention is applicable in exactly the same manner also to heels realized with some material that is visually similar to leather, for example, heels made of
20 masonite or regenerated leather. In that case, obviously, the employed strips 4 and 5 will be made of these materials.

Though the present description makes reference to a single window provided in the underheel, it is obvious
25 that the underheel may be provided with several windows, preferably arranged symmetrically, from each of which there will project an appendix 2 of the internal elastic core. Similarly, the shape of the openings provided in the underheel may be different from the circular shape here
30 illustrated. The various parts making up the heel in accordance with the invention are kept together by the

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adhesive action developed by the resin at the moment of injection and its subsequent solidification.

Variations and/or modifications may be brought to the shock-absorbing heel and the relevant production method
5 according to the present invention without departing from the scope of the invention as set forth in the appended claims.

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CLAIMS

1. A shock-absorbing heel for footwear characterized in that it comprises an underheel (1) made of elastomer material with at least one opening (7) from which there
5 projects an appendix (2) of a core (3) of resilient plastic material injected above said underheel (1) into a chamber delimited by strips (4, 5) made of leather, or some material visually similar to leather, arranged above said underheel along its edge and connected to the
10 underheel by means of said core made of resilient plastic material.
2. A heel in accordance with claim 1, wherein said core (3) incorporates an insert (11) made of light plastic material.
- 15 3. A heel in accordance with claim 2, wherein said insert (11) is provided with an opening in a position opposite said at least one opening (7) of the underheel (1).
4. A heel in accordance with any one of the preceding claims, wherein said core (3), together with a sole (6)
20 applied to it, defines a chamber (12) in a position opposite to said at least one opening (7) of the underheel (1) within which there is present an air cushion performing an auxiliary shock-absorbing function.
5. A heel in accordance with any one of the preceding
25 claims, wherein said underheel (1) is provided with a plurality of openings (7) from which there project respective appendices (2) of said core (3).
6. A heel in accordance with claim 5, wherein said openings (7) are arranged in a symmetrical fashion.
- 30 7. A heel in accordance with any one of the preceding claims, comprising two leather strips (4, 5) arranged, respectively, along the forward edge of said underheel

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and, bent in the manner of an arc along the lateral and rearward edges of said underheel.

8. A method for producing a shock-absorbing heel for footwear, characterized in that it comprises the following
5 steps:

- moulding an underheel (1) made of elastomer material and having at least one opening (7);
- arranging the underheel (1) within a mould having a shape equal to that of the underheel and a height
10 substantially equal to the height of the heel that is to be produced, said mould being provided with a lowered bottom in a position corresponding to said opening;
- arranging strips (4, 5) of leather, or a material visually similar to leather, above the underheel (1) to
15 abut against the side walls of the mould;
- injecting molten resilient plastic material above said underheel into a chamber delimited by said strips.

9. The method in accordance with claim 8, wherein an insert (11) is arranged in said chamber before said light
20 plastic material is injected into it.

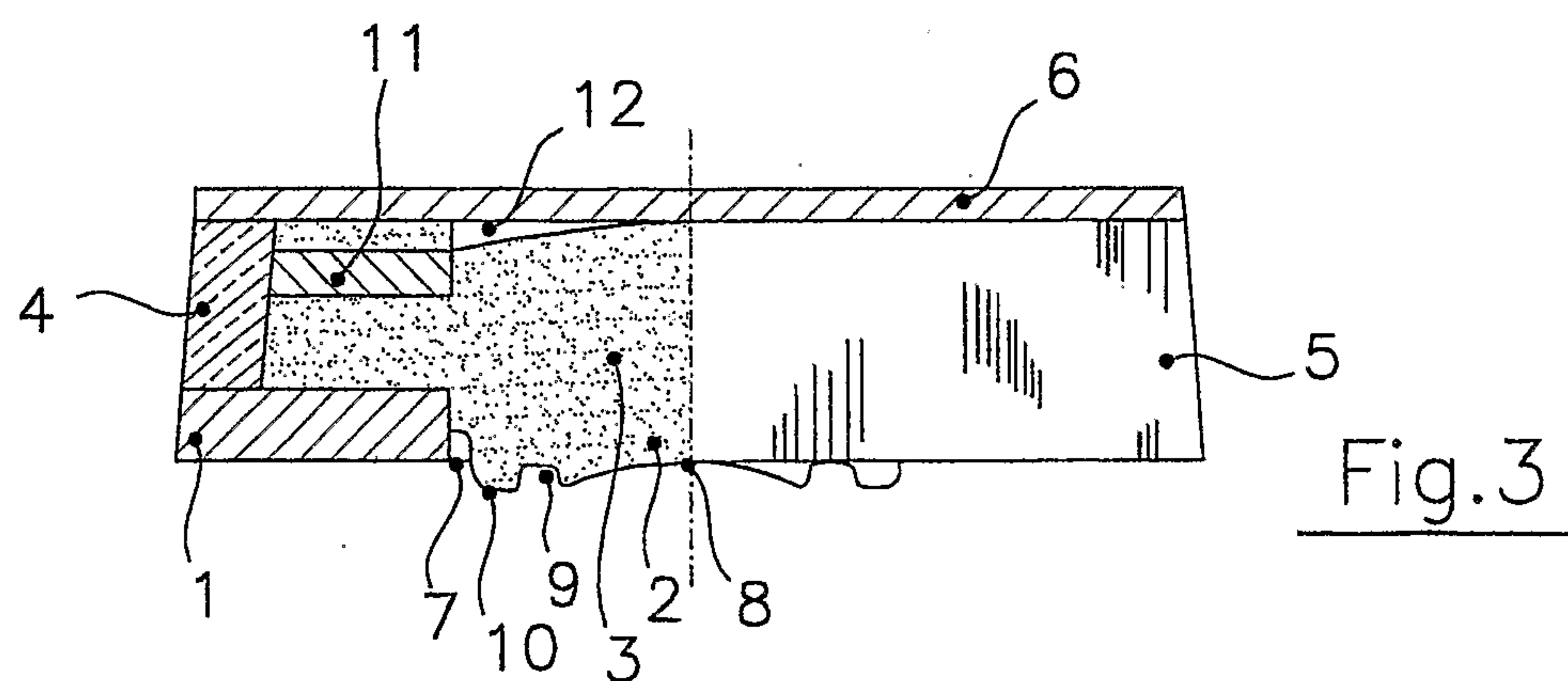
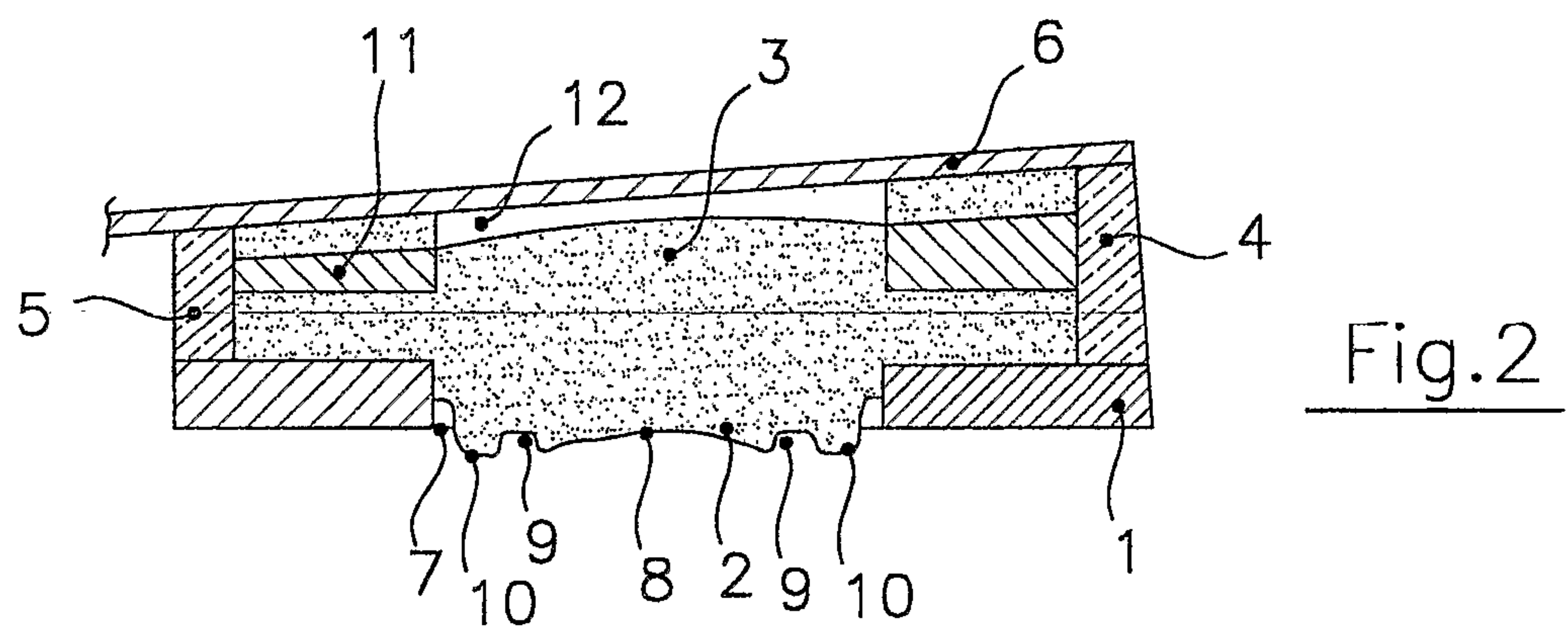
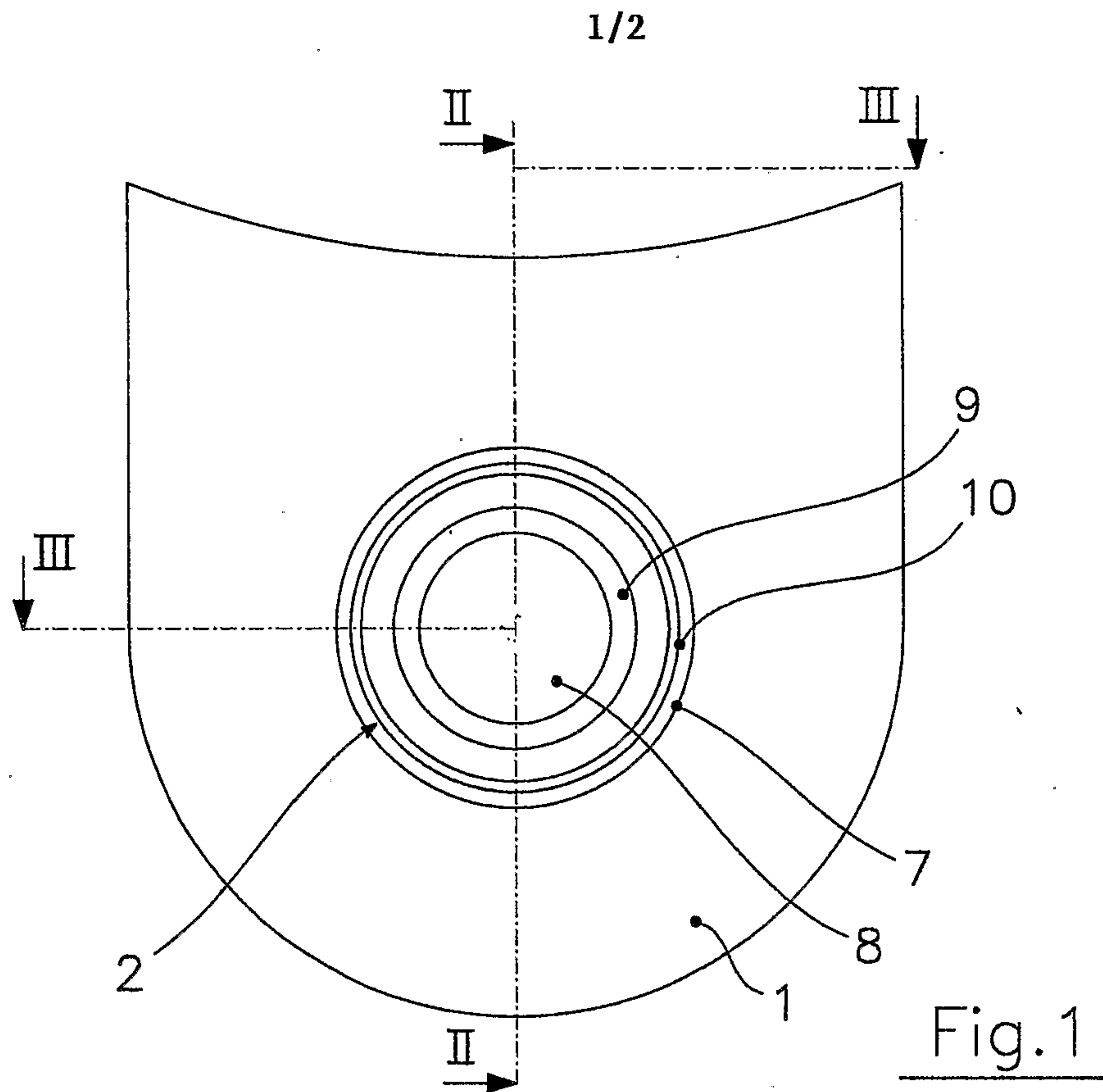
10. The method in accordance with claim 9, wherein the insert (11) is provided with an opening in a position opposite to said at least one opening (7) of the underheel.

25 11. The method in accordance with any one of claims 8, 9 or 10, wherein a chamber (12) suitable for containing an air cushion and delimited on its upper side by a sole (6), is formed on said core (3).

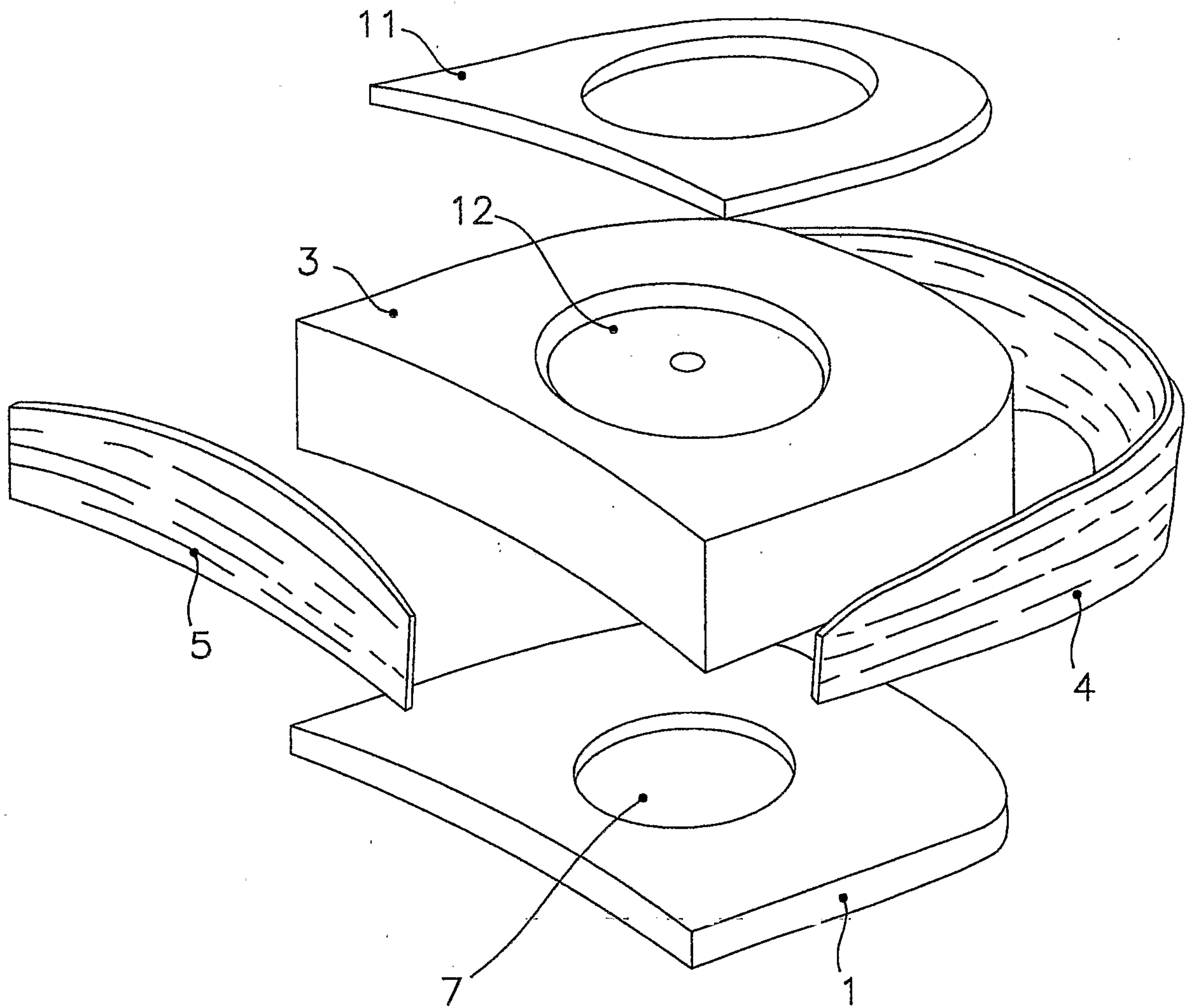
12. The method in accordance with any one of the claims
30 from claim 8 onwards, wherein an underheel (1) made of rubber with a plurality of openings (7) is used.

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13.The method in accordance with claim 12, wherein said plurality of openings (7) is formed in a symmetrical fashion.



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Fig.4

