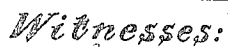


1,185,045.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 1.



Inventor:

Arthur E. H. Barili:

By his REEY:
F. H. Richard

A. E. H. BARILI.
CHANGE GIVING VENDER.
APPLICATION FILED DEC. 16, 1914.

1,185,045.

Patented May 30, 1916.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 2.

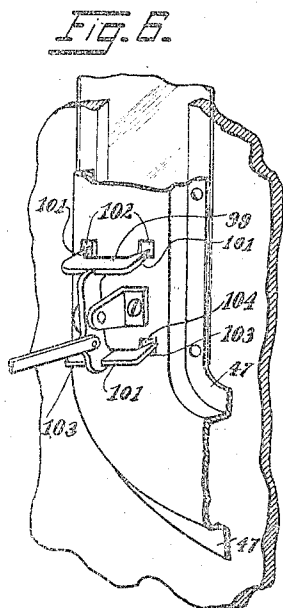
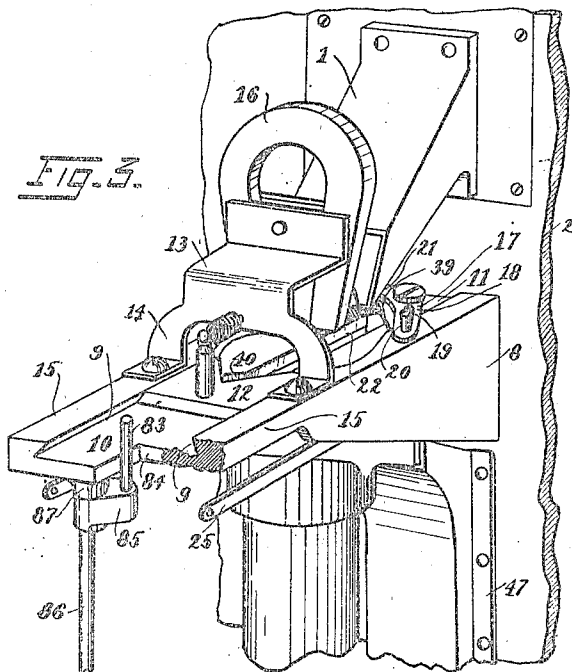


FIG. 4.

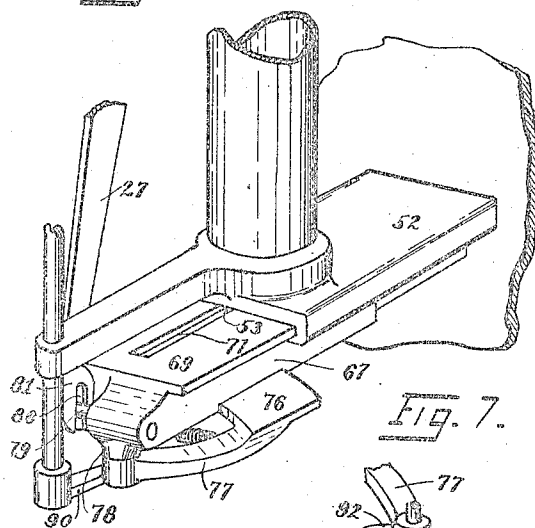


FIG. 7.

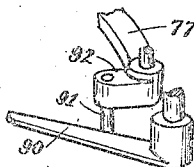
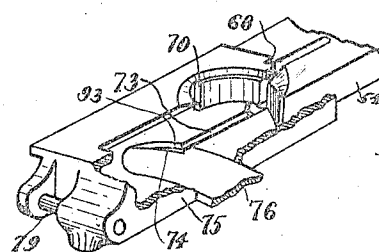


FIG. 5.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ARTHUR E. H. BARILI, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

CHANGE-GIVING VENDER.

1,185,045.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented May 30, 1916.

Application filed December 16, 1914. Serial No. 877,466.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ARTHUR E. H. BARILI, a citizen of the United States, residing in Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Change-Giving Venders, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to a change-giving apparatus for mechanical venders similar to the construction set forth in my application Serial No. 796,558, filed October 22, 1913.

The main object of this invention is to provide a simplified construction which is substantially positive in action, and which may be manufactured at comparatively low cost.

Another object of the invention is to provide an exposed chute through which the large coins pass and are exhibited, whereby counterfeit coins can be detected by an attendant, and which exposed chute will serve as an advertising medium for the device.

A further object of the invention is to provide a means for separating the small coins for change which means makes allowance for variations in the thickness between worn coins and new coins, and thus prevents blocking of the mechanism.

These and other features, capabilities and advantages of the invention will appear from the subjoined, detailed description of one specific embodiment thereof illustrated in the accompanying drawings in which—

Figure 1 is a fragmentary axial section showing portions of the operating levers in full. Fig. 2 is a fragmentary rear view of the mechanism. Fig. 3 is a fragmentary perspective looking at the rear of the coin receiving chute. Fig. 4 is a fragmentary perspective looking at the rear of the small container. Fig. 5 is a fragmentary perspective of the slide arrangement under the small coin container. Fig. 6 is a fragmentary perspective of the escapement means co-operating with the exposed chute. Fig. 7 is a fragmentary perspective of the actuating means for the slide under the small coin container.

In the embodiment illustrated, there is provided a coin receiving chute 1 secured to the front wall 2 of the frame or housing of the apparatus and co-operates with coin receiving openings 3 and 4, the coin receiv-

ing opening 3 being provided for receiving large coins such as five cent pieces and the coin receiving opening 4 being provided for receiving small coins such as one cent pieces. This coin receiving arrangement is preferably secured to the upper portion of the wall 2.

Inside of the front wall 2 and underneath the chute 1, there is secured to the front wall 2 a downwardly extending bracket 7 of a frame 8 having parallel gibs 9, 9 forming guide slots facing one another and a base 10 between such guides forming a supporting track for the slides 11 and 12 slidably mounted thereon, slide 11 being the driving slide and slide 12 the driven slide.

A magnet supporting bracket 13 having two legs 14, 14 is supported on the frame 8, each of these legs 14 being attached to one of the side portions 15, 15 of the frame 8 which are laterally disposed of the gibs 9, the bracket 13 supporting a magnet 16 directly rearward of the delivery end of the chute 1 so as to pick up any iron or magnetic attracted spurious coins and hold them in the path of movement of the wiper 17 pivotally mounted on the driving slide 11, and having one arm 18 provided with a slot 19 guided by a pin 20 which is secured on one of the side portions 15 of the frame 8 and its other arm 21 free to wipe a spurious coin off of the magnet and throw it aside off the frame 8 into the bottom of the housing or other suitable place. Directly in the rear of the wiper 17, and disposed substantially in the middle of the base 10 of the frame 8 is provided a slot 22 extending rearwardly to and terminating in the round opening 23. Formed on, and extending downwardly from the driving slide 11, is provided a finger 24 which travels in the slot 22.

The finger 24 is pivotally connected to one of the ends of two links 25 the other ends of which links spread from one another and are each pivotally connected to one of the arms 26, 26 of the lever 27 fulcrumed to the bracket 28 fixed in the present instance to the change coin container 29, said lever 27 having a long arm which is pivotally connected at its intermediate portion to a push rod 30 which passes through an opening 31 below the coin receiving openings 3 and 4 and terminates in a knob 32 adapted to be grasped by the operator.

The bracket 28 has a short extension 33 between its fulcrumed point with the lever 27 and the container 29, to which one end of a spring 34 is secured, the other end of which in the present instance, is in contact with the rear side of a pin 35 formed on the side of the lever 27 by means of which connection the spring 34 normally presses the long arm of the lever 27 in a forwardly inclining position.

The driven slide 12 is normally disposed above and practically closing the round opening 23 by means of a spring 36 secured at one end to the bracket 13 and at its other end to a post 37 formed on the driven slide 12. To this driven slide the vending mechanism is preferably connected, in the present instance a fragment of a lever 38 being shown fixed thereto. Each of the slides 11 and 12 is provided with a V-shaped coin engaging face 39 and 40 respectively, between which legitimate coins are held while being carried on the frame 8, the face 39 of the slide 11 being beveled to facilitate releasing the coin at the end of its operation.

Registering with the round opening 23, there is provided a chute formed on one side by the cover bracket 41 secured at one end to the lower side of the frame 8 around the front edge of the round opening 23, and at its other end to the front wall 2 directly at the upper end of the glass partition 42 secured in the front wall 2 and which glass partition extends approximately to the bottom of the front wall 2 and forms the continuation of the front wall of the chute; the rear wall of the chute being formed by an upper member 43 having a flange 44 secured to the lower side of the frame 8 rearwardly of the rear edge of the round opening 23 and two lateral flanges 45 forming the sides of the upper portion of the chute. Continuing from the lower end of the member 43 there is provided a trough shaped member 46 having lateral flanges 47, 47 secured to the front wall 2 on each side of the glass partition 42, the lower end, see Fig. 2 of the trough shaped member 46 bending off at an angle and having its flanges 47, 47 secured to the front wall 2, at which portion the front wall 2 forms the front wall of the chute, such chute having its delivery end disposed adjacent to any suitable coin receptacle or the like.

The upper chute member 45 is provided with an oblong opening 48 around which and extending downwardly therefrom, there is provided a cylindrical conformation 49 having a seat 50 inside of its lower end to receive the upper end of the container 29. The width of this oblong opening 48 is substantially equal to a small coin such as a one cent piece, and too small for a larger coin such as a five cent piece, the object being to permit the one cent pieces to drop

through the opening 48 into the container 29, but to prevent the larger coins from dropping into such container and thus compel the larger coins to pass on through the chute member 46.

The lower end of the container 29 is disposed in the boss 51 of a frame 52 secured in place in any suitable manner such as by being attached to the front wall 2. The rear side of the lower end of the tube 29 is provided with a downwardly extending finger 53, serving to guide the first coin and thus assure the proper positioning of the succeeding coins.

Below the forward portion of the frame 52 and to the front wall 2 is secured a block 54 in a slot in which is fulcrumed the hook lever 55, the hook end 56 of which normally extends in a direction into the lower end of the container 29, and the other end of which is pivotally connected to a link 57 which extends upward through a slot 58 in the frame 52 and spreads out into two arms 59, 59 which pass around the push rod 30 and frame 8 and again join one another in the portion 60 which is connected to the post 61 on the gage 62, which gage slide is reciprocally mounted in a passage formed by slot 63 above the reading opening 64, the slot 65 above the large coin opening 3 and the recess 66 just below the opening 3.

Slidably mounted on the block 54 there is provided a coin-sorter 67 comprising substantially a box open at its front end, having a slot 68 in the middle portion of the front end of its upper member 69, which slot 68 is provided to pass around the lower link portion 57 thereby not to interfere with the same. Rearwardly of this slot 68 and spaced apart therefrom, there is provided a round opening 70 having a beveled edge, with its pointed end terminating in the plane of the lower surface of the wall member 69, and communicating with the round opening 70 and extending rearwardly therefrom there is provided a slot 71 extending almost to the rear of the upper wall member 69, said slot 71 being provided to permit passage of the wall member 69 about the downwardly extending finger 53. The lower wall member 72 of the coin-sorter 67 has a slot 73 beginning at its front edge and extending rearwardly to the round opening 74, said slot 73 being provided to permit passage of the lower wall member 72 about the hook end 56 of the lever 55. The opening 74 is rounded at one side and in its other direction extends clear through the side wall 75 of the coin-sorter 67, this opening having a curved direction through the side wall 75 with a center rearwardly of the coin-sorter 67, such opening being provided to receive a curved slide 76 secured on an arm 77 which is pivotally connected to an enlargement 78 formed on the rear wall of

the coin-sorter 67. In the enlargement 78, above the pivotal point of the arm 77 there is secured a lateral extending pin 79 adapted to engage in the recess 80 formed by the bifurcated lower end 81 of the lever 27.

The altitude of the block 54 is substantially equal to the number of coins to be delivered in change, thus when there are four one cent pieces to be delivered, the altitude, as in the present instance is equal to the altitude of four one cent pieces stacked one above the other. Whenever a coin is deposited in the machine, the coin-sorter 67 is moved forward by the lever 27 which is driven by the push rod 30 and by means of the beveled edge of the round opening 70 of the upper wall member, the fifth coin from the bottom is moved forwardly with the coin-sorter 67, the coins below it being prevented from movement in the forward direction by the block 54 and being supported in their forward position by the slide 76. Should any of the coins be worn, the rear upper beveled edge 82 of the block 54 would permit the fifth coin to ride up on said block and thus compensates for variations in the thickness of a coin. Furthermore by means of the beveled edge of the opening 70, within certain limits, the fifth coin would be the only one engaged since the variation could be as much as the thickness of a complete coin before the beveled edge of the opening 70 would engage the sixth coin in the container.

Whenever there is a five cent piece fed into the apparatus, the driven slide 12 will be moved rearwardly on the frame 8 and strike the pin 83 extending outwardly through the opening 84 in the frame 8 which pin is secured to a laterally extending block 85 on the rod 86 which rod has its upper end pivoting in the bearing 87 formed on the lower side of the frame 8 and its lower end extending through a bearing in the rear end of the extension 88 of the frame 52 being provided with a collar 89 secured to the rod 86. The lower end of the rod 86 is provided with a lever 90 fixed thereto which is adapted to strike a pin 91 on the lug 92 secured to and extending away from the arm 77 of the slide 76. Whenever the driven slide 12 strikes the pin 83, it will rock the rod 86 to swing the lever 90 into engagement with the pin whereby the slide plate 76 will be swung out of coin supporting position and permit coins to drop through the curved slot 74.

By reference to Fig. 5, it will be seen that the forward end of the slide plate 76 extends beyond the rounded inner portion of said slide plate forming a shoulder 93 from which shoulder 93 away from the rounded portion of the opening 74, the slide plate 76 is broader than the front rounded portion thus assuring the location of the lower coin on said slide plate and permitting the free movement of such coin through the enlarged

opening which is formed for such enlarged portion of the slide through the side wall 75 of the coin-sorter 67.

Above the collar 89, there is provided a lug 94, to the end of which is pivotally connected a link 95 secured to the lower arm 96 of an escapement pawl member 97 which is fulcrumed to a bracket 98 secured to the rear side of the chute member 46 and having two tooth members 99 and 100, the upper tooth member 99 having two teeth 101 which are adapted to register in openings 102, 102, in the chute member 46 and the lower tooth member 100 having two teeth 103, 103 which are adapted to register in openings 104, 104 in the chute member 46. The teeth 101, 101 are spaced from the teeth 103, 103 a distance that is less than the width of a five cent piece. This escapement pawl member 97 is rocked by means of the link 95 and rod 86 whenever the driven slide 12 strikes the pin 83.

Below the container 29 and adapted to receive coins therefrom is positioned a change pan 105 which extends through the opening 106 in the front wall 2 in a position where the change coins can be removed.

The operation of the device is as follows: When there are four or more small coins in the container 29, such coins will depress the hook end 56 of the hook lever 55 and maintain the gage slide 62 in raised position where it conceals the reading matter thereon and leaves open both the large coin and small coin openings 3 and 4. When there are not sufficient coins in the container 29 the hook member 56 will extend in a direction into the container 29 and lower the gage slide 62 so that its reading matter, viz. "No change" will appear through the opening 62, and the gage slide will cover up the large coin opening and prevent large coins being fed into the machine. In the latter condition a small coin may be fed through the opening 4, through the chute 1 and if it is not attracted by the magnet 16 will pass onto the frame 8, whereupon the knob 32 is grasped and pushed inward whereby the driving slide 11 engages the small coin and moves it against the driven slide 12 which is moved rearward against the tension of the spring 36 operating the lever 38 of the vending mechanism and when the one cent piece has been advanced into position over the opening 23 it will drop into the chute and onto the chute member 43 and when it comes to the oblong opening 48 it will drop into the container 29 and pile up in the container.

When the container has sufficient small coins in it the hook lever 56 will be depressed, thereby raising the gage plate 62 into position concealing its reading matter and leaving the small and large coin openings 3 and 4 respectively open, in which condition, a large coin such as a five cent piece may be fed into the machine through

the large opening 3 and through the chute 1, and if it passes the magnet 16, onto the frame 8, the knob 32 is grasped and the push rod 30 pushed in and by the link and lever connection the driving slide 11 advanced into engagement with the coin on the frame 8, advances such coin into contact with the driven slide 12 which will be advanced with the same against the tension of the spring 36 operating lever 38 on the vending mechanism and by reason of the greater width of the large coin, the driven slide 12 will strike the pin 83 thereby rocking the rod 86, the lever 27 having in the meantime been swung to advance the coin-sorter 67 to sort four coins, the rocking of the rod 86 will swing its lever 90 against the pin 91 thereby swinging the slide plate 76 outward and permitting the four one cent pieces above it to drop out of the container 29 into the change pan 105.

It is desirable to have at least three five cent pieces in the chute member 46 exhibited through the glass partition 42, and being supported by the lower teeth 103 of the escapement member 97. Simultaneously with rocking the lever 90, the rod 86 will swing the link 95 to rock the escapement pawl member 97 to permit one five cent piece to pass on through the chute, the upper teeth 101 preventing the upper five cent pieces from passing through, and upon the return of the lever 27 the escapement pawl member 97 will be rocked to normal position in which position, the lower teeth 103 will project out and stop the down coming five cent pieces and again support them in position.

When a five cent piece is fed by the driving slide 11, it will be understood that as soon as it passes through the round opening 23 it also will pass onto the chute member 43, and being of a greater width than the opening 48 to the container 29, such larger coin will pass along into the chute member 46 and rest above the uppermost five cent piece contained therein and be exhibited through the glass partition 42 where it can be examined to see if it is a legitimate coin or not.

It is obvious that various changes and modifications may be made to the details of construction without departing from the general spirit of the invention.

I claim:

1. In combination with a vending mechanism, of a change-giving appliance having a container for coins to be delivered as change, a change-giving mechanism mounted near the delivery end of said container, the delivery end of said container being open, supporting means disposed in said delivery end for normally supporting the coins contained in said container, there being a slot in said container disposed a distance

removed from the lower end of said container equal to the aggregate thickness of the number of coins to be delivered as change, said change-giving mechanism moving through said slot into said container into contact with the coin disposed in its path of movement and moving out such obstructing coin to thereby separate the coins below it to be delivered as change, and means for removing said supporting means when said separated coins are being delivered as change.

2. In combination with a vending mechanism, of a change-giving appliance having a container for coins to be delivered as change, a delivery end at the lower end of said container, supporting means disposed at the lower end of said container for normally supporting the coins contained therein, means disposed a distance removed from the lower end of said container equal to the aggregate thickness of the number of coins to be delivered as change and adapted to operate in a path of movement obstructed by the coin disposed above such number of coins, said means, when actuated, displacing such obstructed coin and thereby separating out the coins to be delivered as change, and means for removing said supporting means when said separated coins are to be delivered as change.

3. In combination with a vending mechanism, a change-giving appliance having a frame, a coin receiving chute suitably attached to said frame for receiving large and small coins, a driving slide and a driven slide to receive between them the coin deposited, actuating means for said vending mechanism connected to said driven slide, a lever fulcrumed near its middle in said frame, a link connecting said driving slide with the upper end of said lever, a change giving mechanism operatively connected with the lower end of said lever, and a push rod pivotally connected to said lever so as to move said driving slide to move the coin between it and the driven slide, by means of which driven slide the actuating means for the vending mechanism is operated, and simultaneously therewith to operate the change-giving mechanism.

4. In combination with a vending mechanism, a change-giving appliance having a frame, a coin receiving chute suitably attached to said frame for receiving large and small coins, a driving slide and a driven slide to receive between them the coin deposited, actuating means for said vending mechanism connected to said driven slide, a lever pivotally mounted in said frame, a link connecting said driving slide with said lever, a container for small coins, a change-giving mechanism for separating coins in said container to be discharged as change

and operatively connected with said lever, and a push rod pivotally connected to said lever so as to move said driving slide to move the coin between it and the driven slide, by means of which driven slide the actuating means for the vending mechanism is operated, and simultaneously therewith to operate the change-giving mechanism, and means in the path of movement of said driven slide to be operated when the coin being carried between said driving slide and driven slide is a large one, whereby the delivery end of said container is opened to permit the coin separated by said change-giving mechanism to pass out of said container.

5. In combination with a vending mechanism, a change-giving appliance having a coin receiving chute for receiving large and small coins, a container for small coins to be delivered as change, a change-giving mechanism reciprocatably mounted in the delivery end of said container, said change-giving mechanism having a picked member adapted to separate out the required coins to be delivered as change, said picking member having a beveled edge to engage the coin disposed directly above the separated coins and to remove it out of the interior of said container while the picking member passes into the container and spaces the separated coins from the coins located in said container above said picker, a supporting means disposed at the lower end of said container to support the separated coins, and means for removing said supporting means so as to permit the coins separated to discharge from said container.

6. In combination with a vending mechanism, a change-giving appliance having a frame, a coin receiving chute suitably attached to said frame for receiving large and small coins, a driving slide and a driven slide to receive between them the coin deposited, actuating means for said vending mechanism connected to said driven slide, a lever pivotally mounted in said frame, a link connecting said driving slide with said lever, a change-giving mechanism operatively connected with said lever, a push rod pivotally connected to said lever so as to move said driving slide to move the coin between it and the driven slide, by means of which driven slide the actuating means for the vending mechanism is operated, and simultaneously therewith to operate the change-giving mechanism, and a spring for normally maintaining said lever in inoperative position, said driving slide having a beveled coin engaging face to facilitate releasing the coin at the end of its operation.

7. In combination with a vending mechanism, a change-giving appliance having a frame, a coin receiving chute suitably at-

tached to said frame for receiving large and small coins, a driving slide and a driven slide to receive between them the coin deposited, actuating means for said vending mechanism connected to said driven slide, a lever pivotally mounted in said frame, a link connecting said driving slide with said lever, a container for small coins, a change-giving mechanism for separating coins in said container to be discharged as change, and operatively connected with said lever, a push rod pivotally connected to said lever so as to move said driving slide to move the coin between it and the driven slide, by means of which driven slide the actuating means for the vending mechanism is operated, and simultaneously therewith to operate the change-giving mechanism, a rock shaft movably mounted in said frame, a lug fixed on the same and disposed in the path of movement of said driven slide whereby said rock shaft is rocked, supporting means disposed at the lower end of said container to support the separated coins, and a fixed lever on said rock shaft operatively connected to said supporting means so that when said rock shaft is rocked it will remove said supporting means so as to permit the coins separated to discharge from said container.

8. In combination with a vending mechanism, a change-giving appliance having a frame, a coin receiving chute suitably attached to said frame for receiving large and small coins, a driving slide and a driven slide to receive between them the coin deposited, actuating means for said vending mechanism connected to said driven slide, a lever pivotally mounted on said frame, a link connecting said driving slide with said lever, a container for small coins, a change-giving mechanism for separating coins in said container to be discharged as change and operatively connected with said lever, a push rod pivotally connected with said lever so as to move said driving slide to move the coin between it and the driven slide, by means of which driven slide the actuating means for the vending mechanism is operated, and simultaneously therewith to operate the change-giving mechanism, a bracket on the container, and a spring strained between said bracket and said lever to normally maintain said lever in inoperative position.

9. In combination with a vending mechanism, of a change-giving appliance having a chute for receiving small and large coins, a driving slide and a driven slide for receiving the coins from said chute, an interior chute, actuating means for actuating said driving slide to advance the coin received before it with the driven slide to the interior chute, operating means in the path

of movement of said driven slide to be operated thereby when a large coin is being carried between said driving slide and driven slide, a container cooperating with said interior chute to receive the small coins being fed into said interior chute but permitting the large coins to pass through said interior chute, arresting means in said interior chute for arresting the large coins passing therethrough, and a glass partition forming one of the walls of said interior chute to exhibit the large coins arrested therein, said arresting means being operatively connected to said operating means to be operated thereby to release one coin at a time whenever a large coin is fed into an apparatus.

10. In combination with a vending mechanism, of a change-giving appliance having a chute for receiving small and large coins, an interior chute for passing the large coins into a receptacle, means for arresting the passage of large coins through said interior chute, and a glass partition forming one of the walls of said interior chute to exhibit the large coins arrested in said interior chute, said arresting means comprising an escapement pawl member having upper teeth registering with openings in the wall of said interior chute alternately with lower teeth registering with other openings in the wall of said interior chute, the lower teeth supporting the coins in said interior chute in normal position of rest while the upper teeth momentarily support the coins in said interior chute while the coin directly in contact with the lower teeth is being released, and operating means for operating said arresting means whenever a large coin is fed into said chute.

11. In combination with a vending mechanism, of a change-giving appliance having a chute for receiving small and large coins, an interior chute for passing the large coins into a receptacle, actuating means for advancing the large coins received by said first mentioned chute to the interior chute, arresting means for arresting the passage of coins through said interior chute, a glass partition forming one of the walls of said interior chute to exhibit the coins arrested in said interior chute, said arresting means comprising an escapement pawl member having upper teeth registering with openings in the wall of said interior chute alternately with lower teeth registering with other openings in the wall of said interior chute, the lower teeth supporting the coins in said interior chute in normal position of rest while the upper teeth momentarily support the coins in said interior chute while the coin directly in contact with the lower teeth is being released, operating means for operatively connecting said arresting means to rock said escapement pawl member so

that its lower teeth release the coin directly in contact therewith, and means for returning said escapement pawl member into normal position of rest where its lower teeth again support the coins in said interior chute, said operating means being operated whenever a large coin is received by said chute.

12. In combination with a vending mechanism, a change-giving appliance having a frame, a coin receiving chute suitably attached to said frame for receiving large and small coins, a driving slide and a driven slide to receive between them the coin deposited, actuating means for said vending mechanism connected to said driven slide, a lever pivotally mounted on said frame, a link connecting said driving slide with said lever, a container for small coins, a change-giving mechanism for separating coins in said container to be discharged as change and operatively connected with said lever, a push rod pivotally connected with said lever so as to move said driving slide to move the coin between it and the driven slide, by means of which driven slide the actuating means for the vending mechanism is operated, and simultaneously therewith to operate the change-giving mechanism, and means secured to said container and adapted to normally maintain said lever in inoperative position.

13. In combination with a vending mechanism, of a change-giving appliance having a coin-receiving chute for receiving large and small coins, a container for receiving the small coins to be delivered as change when a large coin is fed into said chute, a delivery end at the lower end of said container, supporting means disposed at the lower end of said container for normally supporting the coins contained therein, separating means disposed a distance removed from the lower end of said container equal to the aggregate thickness of the number of coins to be delivered as change and adapted to operate in the path of movement obstructed by the coin disposed above such number of coins, said separating means being adapted to displace such obstructing coin and thereby separating out the coins to be delivered as change, and actuating means for removing said supporting means adapted to be engaged by a large coin fed into the machine.

14. A change-giving appliance having a frame, a coin-receiving chute suitably attached to said frame for receiving coins, a driving slide and a driven slide to receive between them the coin deposited, a container for change coins, a change-giving mechanism for separating the coins in said container to be discharged as change, supporting means disposed at the lower end of said container to support the separated coins, a

rock-shaft movably mounted in said frame, a lug fixed on said rock-shaft and disposed in the path of movement of said driven slide whereby said rock-shaft is rocked, and a
5 fixed lever on said rock-shaft operatively connected to said supporting means so that when said rock-shaft is rocked it will re-

move said supporting means so as to permit the coins separated to discharge from said container.

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