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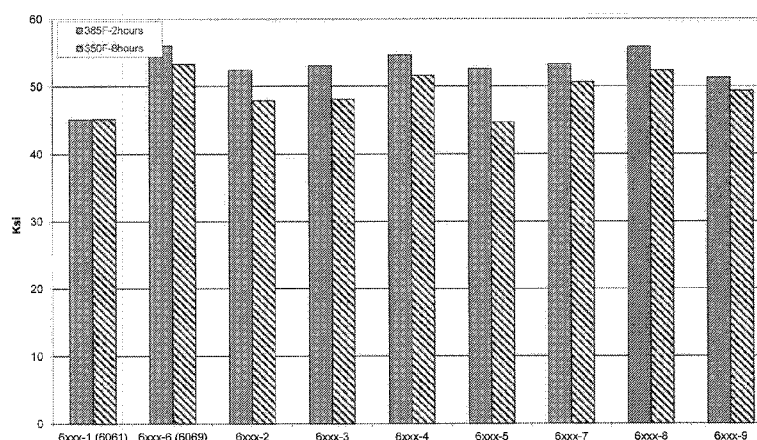
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(54) Title: IMPROVED 6XXX ALUMINUM ALLOYS, AND METHODS FOR PRODUCING THE SAME

FIG. 1a - Example 1 Alloys - Tensile Yield Strength (ksi)



(57) Abstract: New 6xxx aluminum alloys are disclosed. The new 6xxx aluminum alloys may include 1.05 - 1.50 wt. Mg, 0.60 - 0.95 wt. % Si, where the (wt. % Mg) / (wt. % Si) is from 1.30 to 1.90, 0.275 - 0.50 wt. % Cu, and from 0.05 to 1.0 wt. % of at least one secondary element, wherein the secondary element is selected from the group consisting of V, Fe, Cr, Mn, Zr, Ti, and combinations thereof.

IMPROVED 6XXX ALUMINUM ALLOYS, AND METHODS FOR PRODUCING THE SAME

BACKGROUND

[001] Aluminum alloys are useful in a variety of applications. However, improving one property of an aluminum alloy without degrading another property is elusive. For example, it is difficult to increase the strength of an alloy without decreasing the toughness of an alloy. Other properties of interest for aluminum alloys include corrosion resistance and fatigue resistance, to name two.

SUMMARY OF THE DISCLOSURE

[002] Broadly, the present patent application relates to new 6xxx aluminum alloys, and methods for producing the same. Generally, the new 6xxx aluminum alloy products achieve an improved combination of properties due to, for example, the amount of alloying elements, as described in further detail below. For example, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys may realize an improved combination of two or more of strength, toughness, fatigue resistance, and corrosion resistance, among others, as shown by the below examples. The new 6xxx aluminum alloys may be produced in wrought form, such as an in rolled form (e.g., as sheet or plate), as an extrusion, or as a forging, among others. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloy is in the form of a forged wheel product. In one embodiment, the 6xxx forged wheel product is a die-forged wheel product.

[003] The new 6xxx aluminum alloys generally comprises (and some instances consist essentially of, or consist of) magnesium (Mg), silicon (Si), and copper (Cu) as primary alloying elements and at least one secondary element selected from the group consisting of vanadium (V), manganese (Mn), iron (Fe), chromium (Cr), zirconium (Zr), and titanium (Ti), the balance being aluminum and other impurities, as defined below.

[004] Regarding magnesium, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys generally include from 1.05 wt. % to 1.50 wt. % Mg. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 1.10 wt. % Mg. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 1.15 wt. % Mg. In yet another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 1.20 wt. % Mg. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 1.45 wt. % Mg. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 1.40 wt. % Mg. In yet another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 1.35 wt. % Mg.

[005] The new 6xxx aluminum alloys generally include silicon and in the range of from 0.60 wt. % to 0.95 wt. % Si. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.65 wt. % Si. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.70 wt. % Si. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.90 wt. % Si. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.85 wt. % Si. In yet another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.80 wt. % Si.

[006] The new 6xxx aluminum alloys generally include magnesium and silicon in a ratio of from 1.30 to 1.90 (Mg/Si). In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of at least 1.35. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of at least 1.40. In yet another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of at least 1.45. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of not greater than 1.85. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of not greater than 1.80. In yet another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of not greater than 1.75. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of not greater than 1.70. In yet another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of not greater than 1.65. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of from 1.35 to 1.85. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of from 1.35 to 1.80. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of from 1.40 to 1.75. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of from 1.40 to 1.70. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of from 1.45 to 1.65. Other combinations of the above-described limits may be used. Using the above described amounts of Mg and Si may facilitate, among other things, improved strength and/or fatigue resistance properties.

[007] The new 6xxx aluminum alloys generally include copper and in the range of from 0.275 wt. % to 0.50 wt. % Cu. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.30 wt. % Cu. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.325 wt. % Cu. In yet another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.35 wt. % Cu. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.45 wt. % Cu. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.425 wt. % Cu. In yet another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.40 wt. % Cu. Using the above described amounts of Cu may facilitate

improved strength and with good corrosion resistance. As described in further detail below, when the new 6xxx aluminum alloy is substantially free of vanadium (i.e., includes less than 0.05 wt. % V), the new 6xxx aluminum alloy should include at least 0.35 wt. % Cu.

[008] The new 6xxx aluminum alloys include 0.05 to 1.0 wt. % of secondary elements, wherein the secondary elements are selected from the group consisting of vanadium, manganese, chromium, iron, zirconium, titanium, and combinations thereof. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include 0.10 to 0.80 wt. % of secondary elements. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include 0.15 to 0.60 wt. % of secondary elements. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include 0.20 to 0.45 wt. % of secondary elements.

[009] In one embodiment, the secondary elements at least include vanadium, and in these embodiments the new 6xxx aluminum alloy includes at least 0.05 wt. % V. In another embodiment, the secondary elements at least include vanadium and iron. In yet another embodiment, the secondary elements at least include vanadium, iron and titanium. In another embodiment, the secondary elements at least include vanadium, iron, titanium and chromium. In another embodiment, the secondary elements at least include vanadium, iron, titanium and manganese. In yet another embodiment, the secondary elements include all of vanadium, iron, titanium, manganese, and chromium.

[0010] In other embodiments, the secondary elements are substantially free of vanadium (i.e., include less than 0.05 wt. % V), and, in these embodiments, the secondary elements are selected from the group consisting of vanadium, manganese, chromium, iron, zirconium, titanium, and combinations thereof, and wherein at least one of manganese, chromium and zirconium is present. In one embodiment, at least chromium is present. In one embodiment, at least chromium and zirconium are present. In one embodiment, at least chromium and manganese are present. In one embodiment, at least zirconium is present. In one embodiment, at least zirconium and manganese are present. In one embodiment, at least manganese is present.

[0011] As shown by the below data, vanadium is a useful secondary element, but is not required to be included in the new 6xxx aluminum alloys. In embodiments where vanadium is included, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.05 to 0.25 wt. % V. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.20 wt. % V. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.18 wt. % V.

In yet another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.16 wt. % V. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.14 wt. % V. In yet another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.13 wt. % V. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.06 wt. % V. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.07 wt. % V. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.05 to 0.16 wt. % V. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.06 to 0.14 wt. % V. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.07 to 0.13 wt. % V. Other combinations of the above-described limits may be used.

[0012] In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys are substantially free of vanadium, and, in these embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys contain less than 0.05 wt. % V. In these embodiments, chromium, manganese, and/or zirconium may be used as a substitute for the vanadium. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys contain less than 0.05 wt. % V, but contain a total of from 0.15 to 0.60 wt. % of chromium, manganese, and/or zirconium (i.e., Cr + Mn + Zr is from 0.15 wt. % to 0.60 wt. %). In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys contain less than 0.05 wt. % V, but contain from 0.20 to 0.45 wt. % of chromium, manganese, and/or zirconium. In embodiments where the new 6xxx aluminum alloys are substantially free of vanadium (i.e., the aluminum alloy contains less than 0.05 wt. % V), the amount of copper in the new 6xxx aluminum alloys should be at least 0.35 wt. % Cu. In some of these vanadium-free embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.375 wt. % Cu. In others of these vanadium-free embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.40 wt. % Cu.

[0013] In embodiments where chromium is present (with or without vanadium), the new 6xxx aluminum alloys generally include from 0.05 to 0.40 wt. % Cr. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.35 wt. % Cr. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.30 wt. % Cr. In yet another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.25 wt. % Cr. In another embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.20 wt. % Cr. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.08 wt. % Cr. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.05 to 0.25 wt. % Cr. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.08 to 0.20 wt. % Cr. Other combinations of the above-described limits may be used. In some embodiments, the new

6xxx aluminum alloys are substantially free of chromium, and, in these embodiments, contain less than 0.05 wt. % Cr.

[0014] In embodiments where manganese is present (with or without vanadium), the new 6xxx aluminum alloys generally include from 0.05 to 0.50 wt. % Mn. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.25 wt. % Mn. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.20 wt. % Mn. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.15 wt. % Mn. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.05 to 0.25 wt. % Mn. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.05 to 0.20 wt. % Mn. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.05 to 0.15 wt. % Mn. Other combinations of the above-described limits may be used. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys are substantially free of manganese, and, in these embodiments, contains less than 0.05 wt. % Mn.

[0015] In embodiments where zirconium is present (with or without vanadium), the new 6xxx aluminum alloys generally include from 0.05 to 0.25 wt. % Zr. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.20 wt. % Zr. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.18 wt. % Zr. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.15 wt. % Zr. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.06 wt. % Zr. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.07 wt. % Zr. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.05 to 0.20 wt. % Zr. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.06 to 0.18 wt. % Zr. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.07 to 0.15 wt. % Zr. Other combinations of the above-described limits may be used. In some embodiments, the aluminum alloys are substantially free of zirconium, and, in these embodiments, contain less than 0.05 wt. % Zr.

[0016] Iron is generally present in the alloy, and may be present in the range of from 0.01 wt. % to 0.80 wt. % Fe. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.50 wt. % Fe. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.40 wt. % Fe. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.30 wt. % Fe. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.08 wt. % Fe. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.10 wt. % Fe. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include

from 0.05 to 0.50 wt. % Fe. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.08 to 0.40 wt. % Fe. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.10 to 0.30 wt. % Fe. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.10 to 0.25 wt. % Fe. Other combinations of the above-described limits may be used. Higher iron levels may be tolerable in new 6xxx aluminum alloy products when lower fatigue resistance properties are tolerable. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys are substantially free of iron, and, in these embodiments, contain less than 0.01 wt. % Fe.

[0017] In embodiments where titanium is present (with or without vanadium), the new 6xxx aluminum alloys generally include from 0.001 to 0.10 wt. % Ti. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.05 wt. % Ti. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.04 wt. % Ti. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include not greater than 0.03 wt. % Ti. In one embodiment, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.005 wt. % Ti. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include at least 0.01 wt. % Ti. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.005 to 0.05 wt. % Ti. In other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.01 to 0.04 wt. % Ti. In yet other embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys include from 0.01 to 0.03 wt. % Ti. Other combinations of the above-described limits may be used. In some embodiments, the new 6xxx aluminum alloys are substantially free of titanium, and, in these embodiments, contain less than 0.001 wt. % Ti.

[0018] The new 6xxx aluminum alloys may be substantially free of other elements. As used herein, "other elements" means any other elements of the periodic table other than the above-listed magnesium, silicon, copper, vanadium, iron, chromium, titanium, zirconium, and iron, as described above. In the context of this paragraph, the phrase "substantially free" means that the new 6xxx aluminum alloys contain not more than 0.10 wt. % each of any element of the other elements, with the total combined amount of these other elements not exceeding 0.35 wt. % in the new 6xxx aluminum alloys. In another embodiment, each one of these other elements, individually, does not exceed 0.05 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloys, and the total combined amount of these other elements does not exceed 0.15 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloys. In another embodiment, each one of these other elements, individually, does not exceed 0.03 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloys, and the total

combined amount of these other elements does not exceed 0.10 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloys.

[0019] The new 6xxx aluminum alloys may achieve high strength. In one embodiment, a wrought product made from the new 6xxx aluminum alloys ("new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product") realizes a tensile yield strength in the L (longitudinal) direction of at least 45 ksi. In another embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes a tensile yield strength in the L direction of at least 46 ksi. In other embodiments, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes a tensile yield strength in the L direction of at least 47 ksi, or at least 48 ksi, or at least 49 ksi, or at least about 50 ksi, or at least about 51 ksi, or at least about 52 ksi, or at least about 53 ksi, or at least about 54 ksi, or at least about 55 ksi, or more.

[0020] The new 6xxx aluminum alloys may achieve good elongation. In one embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an elongation of at least 6% in the L direction. In another embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an elongation in the L direction of at least 8%. In other embodiments, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an elongation in the L direction of at least 10%, or at least 12%, or at least 14%, or more. Strength and elongation properties are measured in accordance with ASTM E8 and B557.

[0021] The new 6xxx aluminum alloys may achieve good toughness. In one embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes a toughness of at least 35 ft.-lbs. as measured by a Charpy impact test, wherein the Charpy impact test is performed according to ASTM E23-07a. In another embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes a toughness of at least 40 ft.-lbs. as measured by a Charpy impact test. In other embodiments, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes a toughness of at least 45 ft.-lbs., or at least 50 ft.-lbs., or at least 55 ft.-lbs., or at least 60 ft.-lbs., or at least 65 ft.-lbs., or at least 70 ft.-lbs., or at least 75 ft.-lbs., or at least 80 ft.-lbs., or at least 85 ft.-lbs., or more, as measured by a Charpy impact test.

[0022] The new 6xxx aluminum alloys may achieve good fatigue resistance. In one embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average rotary fatigue life that is at least 10% better than the average rotary fatigue life of the same wrought product (e.g., the same product form, dimensions, geometry, temper) but made from conventional alloy 6061, wherein the average rotary fatigue life is the average of the rotary fatigue life of

at least 5 specimens of the wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product as tested in accordance with ISO 1143 (2010) ("Metallic materials -- Rotating bar bending fatigue testing"), i.e., rotating beam fatigue. In another embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average rotary fatigue life that is at least 20% better than the average rotary fatigue life of the same wrought product made from conventional alloy 6061. In other embodiments, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average rotary fatigue life that is at least 25% better, or at least 30% better, or at least 40% better, or at least 45% better, or more, than the average rotary fatigue life of the same wrought product made from conventional alloy 6061.

[0023] In one embodiment, the new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product is a forged wheel product, and the forged 6xxx aluminum alloy wheel product realizes an average radial fatigue life of at least 1,000,000 cycles as tested in accordance with SAE J267 (2007), with a 2.8X load factor applied. In another embodiment, the forged 6xxx aluminum alloy wheel product realizes an average radial fatigue life of at least 1,050,000 cycles. In other embodiments, the forged 6xxx aluminum alloy wheel product realizes an average radial fatigue life of at least 1,100,000 cycles, or at least 1,150,000 cycles, or at least 1,200,000 cycles, or at least 1,250,000 cycles, or at least 1,300,000 cycles, or at least 1,350,000 cycles, or more.

[0024] In one embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average radial fatigue life that is at least 10% better than the average radial fatigue life of the same wrought product (e.g., the same product form, dimensions, geometry, temper) but made from conventional alloy 6061 as tested in accordance with SAE J267 (2007), with a 2.8X load factor applied.. In another embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average radial fatigue life that is at least 20% better than the average radial fatigue life of the same wrought product made from conventional alloy 6061. In other embodiments, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average radial fatigue life that is at least 25% better, or at least 30% better, or at least 40% better, or at least 45% better, or more, than the average radial fatigue life of the same wrought product made from conventional alloy 6061.

[0025] The new 6xxx aluminum alloys may achieve good corrosion resistance. In one embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average depth of attack of not greater than 0.008 inch at the T/10 location when measured in accordance with ASTM G110 (24 hours of exposure; minimum of 5 samples). In another embodiment, a new

wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average depth of attack of not greater than 0.006 inch at the T/10 location. In other embodiments, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average depth of attack of not greater than 0.004 inch, or not greater than 0.002 inch, or not greater than 0.001 inch, or less at the T/10 location.

[0026] In one embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes a maximum depth of attack of not greater than 0.011 inch at the T/10 location when measured in accordance with ASTM G110 (24 hours of exposure; minimum of 5 samples). In another embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes a maximum depth of attack of not greater than 0.009 inch at the T/10 location. In other embodiments, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes a maximum depth of attack of not greater than 0.007 inch, or not greater than 0.005 inch, or not greater than 0.003 inch, or less at the T/10 location.

[0027] In one embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average depth of attack of not greater than 0.008 inch at the surface when measured in accordance with ASTM G110 (24 hours of exposure; minimum of 5 samples). In another embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average depth of attack of not greater than 0.007 inch at the surface. In other embodiments, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes an average depth of attack of not greater than 0.006 inch, or not greater than 0.005 inch, or not greater than 0.004 inch, or less at the surface.

[0028] In one embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes a maximum depth of attack of not greater than 0.010 inch at the surface when measured in accordance with ASTM G110 (24 hours of exposure; minimum of 5 samples). In another embodiment, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes a maximum depth of attack of not greater than 0.009 inch at the surface. In other embodiments, a new wrought 6xxx aluminum alloy product realizes a maximum depth of attack of not greater than 0.008 inch, or not greater than 0.007 inch, or not greater than 0.006 inch, or less at the surface.

[0029] Combinations of the above described properties may be achieved, as shown by the below examples.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0030] FIGS. 1a-1f are graphs showing results from Example 1.

[0031] FIGS. 1g-1 to 1g-4 are micrographs from Example 1.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0032] **Example 1 - book mold study**

[0033] Nine book mold ingots were produced, the compositions of which are provided in Table 1, below (all values in weight percent).

Table 1 - Example 1 Alloy Compositions

Alloy	Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	V	Ti
6xxx-1 (6061)	0.70	0.290	0.28	0.07	0.90	0.22	0.00	0.015
6xxx-2 (Inv.)	0.87	0.190	0.29	0.00	1.38	0.00	0.11	0.015
6xxx-3 (Inv.)	0.89	0.083	0.29	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.11	0.010
6xxx-4 (Inv.)	0.88	0.080	0.44	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.11	0.010
6xxx-5 (Inv.)	0.90	0.082	0.30	0.00	1.37	0.20	0.11	0.009
6xxx-6 (6069)	0.90	0.270	0.70	0.00	1.36	0.21	0.16	0.009
6xxx-7 (Inv.)	0.94	0.260	0.46	0.00	1.37	0.21	0.16	0.010
6xxx-8 (Non. Inv.)	0.89	0.730	0.69	0.00	1.34	0.21	0.16	0.010
6xxx-9 (Non. Inv.)	0.91	0.760	0.45	0.00	1.36	0.21	0.15	0.009

Alloys 6061 and 6069 are conventional 6xxx aluminum alloys. All alloys contained the listed elements, the balance being aluminum and other impurities, where the other impurities did not exceed more than 0.05 wt. % each, and not more than 0.15 wt. % total of the other impurities. The invention alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of from 1.46 to 1.59.

[0034] The alloys were cast as 2.875 inch (ST) x 4.75 inch (LT) x 17 inch (L) ingots that were scalped to 2 inches thick and then homogenized. The ingots were then hot rolled to about 0.5 inch plates, corresponding to approximately a 75% reduction. The plates were subsequently solution heat-treated and cold water quenched (100°F). The plates were then aged at 385°F and 350°F for different times, and aging curves were generated. Based on the aging curve results, two aging conditions (385°F for 2 hours, and 350°F for 8 hours) were selected for testing of various properties. The aging condition of 385°F for 2 hours generally represents about peak strength, and the aging condition of 350°F for 8 hours generally represents an underaged condition. The test results are illustrated in FIGS. 1a-1f and provided in Tables 2-7, below. Strength and elongation properties were measured in accordance with ASTM E8 and B557. Charpy impact tests were measured in accordance with ASTM E23-07a. Rotary fatigue life tests were conducted in accordance with ISO 1143 (2010) at a stress of 15 ksi, with R = - 1 and with Kt = 3. Corrosion resistance was tested in accordance with ASTM G110 for 24 hours.

Table 2 - Mechanical Properties of Alloys - Peak Strength Condition (385°F for 2 hours)

Alloy	TYS (ksi)	UTS (ksi)	Elong. (%)	Charpy Impact (ft-lbs)	Rotary Fatigue Life (Ave.)
6xxx-1 (6061)	45.1	47.25	14	83.5	337,103
6xxx-2	52.4	54.25	10	39	402,549
6xxx-3	53	54.65	9	32	634,978
6xxx-4	54.65	56.35	8	32.5	414,013
6xxx-5	52.55	54.05	12	43.5	424,909
6xxx-6 (6069)	56	58.85	13	59	331,770
6xxx-7	53.25	56	15	72	451,075
6xxx-8	55.85	59.3	12.5	70	255,579
6xxx-9	51.25	54.85	12	62	287,496

Table 3 - Mechanical Properties of Alloys - Underaged Condition (350°F for 8 hours)

Alloy	TYS (ksi)	UTS (ksi)	Elong. (%)	Charpy Impact (ft-lbs)	Rotary Fatigue Life (Ave.)
6xxx-1 (6061)	45.2	48.7	18	84.5	514,840
6xxx-2	47.9	53.5	17	49.5	381,533
6xxx-3	48.15	53.7	15	37	708,003
6xxx-4	51.6	55.7	14.5	35	449,002
6xxx-5	44.7	52.7	17	52.5	499,260
6xxx-6 (6069)	53.25	58.75	17	73	404,120
6xxx-7	50.6	55.5	17	83.5	429,141
6xxx-8	52.35	58.7	15	85.5	313,281
6xxx-9	49.3	54.9	15.5	83	371,073

**Table 4 - Corrosion Properties of Alloys - Peak Strength Condition
(385°F for 2 hours)**

Alloy	G110 - Depth of Attack - 24 hours (in.)			
	<i>T/10 (ave.)</i>	<i>T10 (max.)</i>	<i>Surface (ave.)</i>	<i>Surface (max.)</i>
6xxx-1 (6061)	0.00754	0.00997	0.00936	0.01294
6xxx-2	0.00539	0.00808	0.00699	0.00952
6xxx-3	0.00064	0.00109	0.00514	0.00724
6xxx-4	0.00534	0.00686	0.00817	0.00562
6xxx-5	0.00105	0.00230	0.00465	0.00574
6xxx-6 (6069)	0.00391	0.00552	0.00517	0.00555
6xxx-7	0.00348	0.00438	0.00573	0.00657
6xxx-8	0.00765	0.00958	0.00565	0.00666
6xxx-9	0.00758	0.01030	0.00756	0.00893

Table 5 - Corrosion Properties of Alloys - Underaged Condition

(350°F for 8 hours)

Alloy	G110 - Depth of Attack - 24 hours (in.)			
	<i>T/10 (ave.)</i>	<i>T10 (max.)</i>	<i>Surface (ave.)</i>	<i>Surface (max.)</i>
6xxx-1 (6061)	0.01044	0.01385	0.00822	0.01141
6xxx-2	0.00348	0.00934	0.00657	0.00838
6xxx-3	0.00373	0.00573	0.00639	0.00736
6xxx-4	0.00641	0.00879	0.00795	0.01010
6xxx-5	0.00274	0.00443	0.00607	0.00670
6xxx-6 (6069)	0.00449	0.00533	0.00681	0.00810
6xxx-7	0.00397	0.00515	0.00662	0.00736
6xxx-8	0.00749	0.00824	0.00332	0.00570
6xxx-9	0.00774	0.00960	0.00688	0.01058

[0035] FIGS. 1a-1c illustrates the tensile properties of the alloys. All the tested alloys have a higher near peak strength than conventional alloy 6061.

[0036] FIG. 1d illustrates the rotary fatigue life of the alloys. Alloys having high more than 0.7 wt. % Fe (i.e., alloys 6xxx-8 and 6xxx-9) realize lower fatigue life. Alloys 6xxx-8 and 6xxx-9 also contain more than 1.0 wt. % of the secondary elements of vanadium (V), manganese (Mn), iron (Fe), chromium (Cr), zirconium (Zr), and titanium (Ti), which contributes to their low fatigue performance. Furthermore, Alloys 6 and 8, having about 0.7 wt. % Cu realize worse fatigue performance than their counterpart alloys, illustrating the importance of maintaining copper below about 0.55 wt. %.

[0037] FIG. 1e illustrates the un-notched charpy impact energy of the alloys. Charpy impact energy is an indicator of fracture toughness. Unexpectedly, the charpy impact energy increased with increasing constituent forming elements (e.g., Fe, Cr, and V). A correlation plot is given in FIG. 1f. This trend is inverse to the normal trend, where charpy impact energy generally decreases with increasing constituent particle concentration in aluminum alloys.

[0038] Tables 4 and 5 provide corrosion data relating to depth of attack testing per ASTM G110 (24 hours test). All the alloys show better or similar corrosion resistance compared to the conventional alloy 6061.

[0039] Color and gloss of the alloys were also tested. The invention alloys achieved comparable color and gloss performance relative to conventional alloy 6061, both before and after DURA-BRIGHT processing (see, U.S. Patent No. 6,440,290).

[0040] Micrographs of various ones of the alloys were also obtained, some of which are illustrated in FIG. 1g-1 to 1g-4. Both the amount of dispersoids and the uniformity of distribution of dispersoids were improved by the combined additions of V and Cr. Furthermore, the microstructures of the alloys with V + Cr additions are more unrecrystallized, as shown in FIG. 1g-3 and 1g-4.

[0041] **Example 2 - Additional book mold Study**

[0042] Seven additional book mold ingots were produced per the procedure of Example 1, except the alloys were all aged at 385°F for 2 hours. The compositions of the Example 2 alloys are provided in Table 6, below (all values in weight percent).

Table 6 - Example 2 Alloy Compositions

Alloy	Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	V	Zr	Ti
6xxx-10	0.72	0.15	0.34	--	1.24	0.21	--	--	0.013
6xxx-11	0.72	0.15	0.34	--	1.24	0.19	0.07	--	0.014
6xxx-12	0.74	0.15	0.34	--	1.26	0.22	0.11	--	0.015
6xxx-13	0.72	0.16	0.34	0.09	1.26	0.21	0.11	--	0.012
6xxx-14	0.73	0.15	0.34	--	1.20	--	0.11	0.11	0.024
6xxx-15	0.70	0.15	0.34	0.14	1.17	--	0.13	--	0.018
6xxx-16	0.72	0.16	0.35	0.14	1.20	--	0.12	0.10	0.018

All alloys contained the listed elements, the balance being aluminum and other impurities, where the other impurities did not exceed more than 0.05 wt. % each, and not more than 0.15 wt. % total of the other impurities. These alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of from 1.64 to 1.75.

[0043] Mechanical properties of these alloys were tested, the results of which are provided in Table 7, below. Strength and elongation properties were measured in accordance with ASTM E8 and B557. Rotary fatigue life tests were conducted in accordance with ISO 1143 (2010) at a stress of 15 ksi, with R = - 1 and with Kt = 3. As shown in Table 7, the alloys having appropriate amounts of Si, Mg and at the appropriate Si/Mg ratio achieved improved fatigue resistance properties and with high strength. Indeed, the alloys generally have negligible amounts of excess Si and Mg, helping the alloys to achieve the improved properties; all alloys achieved improved properties over alloy 6061 (6xxx-1 from Example 1) due to, at least in part, the amount of Si, Mg and the Si/Mg ratio, and irrespective of the amount of Mn, Cr, and V used. It is observed, however, that alloys having vanadium with at least one of manganese and chromium generally achieved high strength in combination with improved resistance to fatigue.

Table 7 - Mechanical Properties of Alloys - 385°F for 2 hours

Alloy	TYS (ksi)	UTS (ksi)	Elong. (%)	Charpy Impact (ft-lbs)	Rotary Fatigue Life (Ave.)
6xxx-10	46.1	49.4	16	59.0	461900
6xxx-11	46.8	49.9	16	73.5	439909
6xxx-12	48.65	51.25	15	80.5	471108
6xxx-13	48.3	52.1	17	88.0	456419
6xxx-14	47.3	52.75	16	49.0	467624
6xxx-15	49.65	53.05	15	61.5	482539
6xxx-16	47.35	52.6	16	65.0	466159

[0044] **Example 3 - Wheel Study**

[0045] Two invention compositions and seven comparative compositions were produced as wheels. Specifically, nine ingots having the compositions provided in Table 8, below, were produced by direct chill casting, after which they were homogenized, and then die forged into a wheel, after which the wheels were solution heat treated, quenched, and then artificially aged at 385°F for about 2 hours.

Table 8 - Example 3 Alloy Compositions

Alloy	Mg	Si	Fe	Mn	Cr	Cu	V
Alloy 17 (Inv.)	1.10	0.77	0.20	0	0.11	0.4	0.10
Alloy 18 (Inv.)	1.24	0.76	0.15	0	0.18	0.35	0.11
Alloy 19 (Non-Inv.)	1.40	0.90	0.25	0.6	0.15	0.15	0
Alloy 20 (Non-Inv.)	1.59	0.58	0.28	0.55	0.20	0.15	0
Alloy 21 (Non-Inv.)	0.70	0.80	0.20	0.31	0.20	0.26	0
Alloy 22 (Non-Inv.)	0.70	0.80	0.22	0.53	0.13	0.25	0
Alloy 23 (Non-Inv.)	0.86	0.69	0.31	0.076	0.20	0.3	0
AA6061	0.92	0.7	0.30	0.08	0.21	0.29	0
AA6082	0.75	1.04	0.21	0.54	0.14	0.04	0

All alloys contained the listed elements and about 0.02 wt. % Ti, the balance being aluminum and other impurities, where the other impurities did not exceed more than 0.05 wt. % each, and not more than 0.15 wt. % total of the other impurities. The invention alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of from 1.43 to 1.63.

[0046] Mechanical properties of the wheel products were tested, the results of which are provided in Table 9, below.

[0047] Strength and elongation properties were measured in accordance with ASTM E8 and B557. Radial fatigue life was conducted in accordance with SAE J267 (2007), with a

2.8X load factor applied. As shown in Table 9, the invention alloys generally achieved both higher strength and improved fatigue life over the conventional and non-invention alloys.

Table 9 - Mechanical Properties of Wheels - 385°F for 2 hours

Alloy	TYS (ksi)	UTS (ksi)	Elong. (%)	Radial Fatigue Life (Ave.)
Alloy 17 (Inv.)	51.6	53.8	13.7	1,170,062
Alloy 18 (Inv.)	50.4	53.4	16.0	1,331,779
Alloy 19 (Non-Inv.)	47.5	51.8	13.4	784,237
Alloy 20 (Non-Inv.)	41.6	47.6	14.8	393,296
Alloy 21 (Non-Inv.)	46.8	53.9	17.3	753,077
Alloy 22 (Non-Inv.)	46.0	53.2	16.3	778,972
Alloy 23 (Non-Inv.)	46.7	48.5	13.3	850,413
AA6061	47.1	49.0	17.0	942,683
AA6082	47.4	49.7	8.0	650,036

[0048] **Example 4 - Additional book mold study**

[0049] Ten additional book mold ingots were produced per the procedure of Example 1, except the alloys were all aged at 385°F for 2 hours. The compositions of the Example 4 alloys are provided in Table 10, below (all values in weight percent).

Table 10 - Example 4 Alloy Compositions

Alloy	Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Mg/Si	Cr	V
Alloy 24 (Inv.)	0.77	0.14	0.36	--	1.20	1.56	0.19	0.09
Alloy 25 (Inv.)	0.74	0.12	0.34	--	1.20	1.62	0.11	0.08
Alloy 26 (Inv.)	0.77	0.15	0.39	0.02	1.17	1.52	0.14	0.06
Alloy 27 (Inv.)	0.74	0.13	0.35	0.02	1.18	1.60	0.28	--
Alloy 28 (Inv.)	0.73	0.17	0.37	0.12	1.17	1.60	0.02	0.09
Alloy 29 (Inv.)	0.75	0.15	0.37	0.36	1.21	1.61	0.02	0.07
Alloy 30 (Inv.)	0.72	0.13	0.36	0.14	1.16	1.61	0.24	--
Alloy 31 (Inv.)	0.75	0.18	0.37	0.11	1.19	1.59	0.11	0.06
Alloy 32 (Non-inv.)	1.14	0.14	0.36	0.02	1.22	1.07	0.20	0.10
Alloy 33 (Non-inv.) (6061)	0.67	0.3	0.26	0.08	0.86	1.28	0.23	--

All alloys contained the listed elements and about 0.02 wt. % Ti, the balance being aluminum and other impurities, where the other impurities did not exceed more than 0.05 wt. % each, and not more than 0.15 wt. % total of the other impurities. The invention alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of from 1.52 to 1.62.

[0050] The alloys were cast as 2.875 inch (ST) x 4.75 inch (LT) x 17 inch (L) ingots that were scalped to 2 inches thick and then homogenized. The ingots were then machined into about 1.5 inch diameter cylinders (3 inches in height) and then deformed into disks having a final thickness of about 0.52 inch. The disks were subsequently solution heat treated and cold water quenched (100°F), and then aged at 385°F for 2 hours. Strength and elongation properties were measured in accordance with ASTM E8 and B557. Rotary fatigue life tests were conducted in accordance with ISO 1143 (2010) at a stress of 15 ksi, with $R = -1$ and with $K_t = 3$. Results are provided in Table 11, below.

Table 11 - Mechanical Properties of Example 4 Alloys

Alloy	TYS (ksi)	UTS (ksi)	Elong. (%)	Rotary Fatigue Life (Ave.)
Alloy 24 (Inv.)	49.8	51.75	11.5	433362
Alloy 25 (Inv.)	42.5	47.35	18	477147
Alloy 26 (Inv.)	45.95	49.85	16	465299
Alloy 27 (Inv.)	39.6	46.65	20.5	388834
Alloy 28 (Inv.)	49.05	51.05	12	430464
Alloy 29 (Inv.)	43.75	47.85	17.5	392867
Alloy 30 (Inv.)	47.75	49.65	13	453965
Alloy 31 (Inv.)	40	46.85	21	419481
Alloy 32 (Non-inv.)	54.8	56.65	4.5	428743
Alloy 33 (Non-inv.) (6061)	42.8	44.4	13.5	330573

[001] As shown, the invention alloys realize improved properties over non-invention alloy 33 (6061-type). Alloys 24-26, 28-29 and 31 having vanadium realized about equivalent or improved strength over non-invention alloy 33 (6061-type) and with improved rotary fatigue life and good elongation. Alloys 27 and 30, which did not contain vanadium, but contained chromium and manganese, achieved improved rotary fatigue life over non-invention alloy 33 (6061-type) and with good elongation. Non-invention alloy 32, having 1.14 Si and a Mg/Si ratio of 1.07 realizes poor elongation.

[002] **Example 5 - Additional book mold Study**

[003] Seven additional book mold ingots were produced, the compositions of which are provided in Table 13, below (all values in weight percent).

Table 13 - Example 5 Alloy Compositions

Alloy	Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Mg/Si	Cr	V
-------	----	----	----	----	----	-------	----	---

Alloy	Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Mg/Si	Cr	V
Alloy 34 (Inv.)	0.71	0.14	0.33	0	1.12	1.58	0	0.11
Alloy 35 (Inv.)	0.77	0.16	0.34	0	1.19	1.55	0.18	0
Alloy 36 (Non-inv.)	0.62	0.16	0.28	0	0.96	1.55	0.19	0
Alloy 37 (Non-inv.)	0.92	0.16	0.35	0	1.14	1.24	0	0.10
Alloy 38 (Non-inv.)	0.72	0.22	0.30	0.07	1.16	1.61	0.19	0
Alloy 39 (Non-inv.)	0.75	0.15	0.19	0	1.14	1.52	0	0.10
Alloy 40 (Non-inv.) (6061)	0.71	0.21	0.27	0.08	0.88	1.24	0.21	0

All alloys contained the listed elements and about 0.01-0.02 wt. % Ti, the balance being aluminum and other impurities, where the other impurities did not exceed more than 0.05 wt. % each, and not more than 0.15 wt. % total of the other impurities. The invention alloys have a Mg/Si ratio of from 1.55 to 1.58. The alloys were processed the same as Example 1, except they were only aged at 385°F for 2 hours. Strength and elongation properties were measured in accordance with ASTM E8 and B557. Results are provided in Table 14, below.

Table 14 - Mechanical Properties of Example 5 Alloys

Alloy	TYS (ksi)	UTS (ksi)	Elong. (%)
Alloy 34 (Inv.)	50.2	53.8	8.5
Alloy 35 (Inv.)	48.3	52.0	13.5
Alloy 36 (Non-inv.)	46.3	48.6	13.5
Alloy 37 (Non-inv.)	51.5	54.3	3.0
Alloy 38 (Non-inv.)	44.7	48.8	15.5
Alloy 39 (Non-inv.)	45.9	50.3	10.5
Alloy 40 (Non-inv.) (6061)	46.4	47.9	14.0

[004] As shown, the invention alloys realize improved properties over non-invention alloy 40 (6061-type). Specifically, alloys 34-35 achieved improved tensile yield strength (TYS) over non-invention alloy 40 (6061-type) and with good elongation, although Alloy 34 with vanadium achieved higher strength. Non-invention alloy 36 with 0.62 wt. % Si, 0.96 wt. % Mg, 0.28 wt. % Cu, and no vanadium achieved about the same tensile yield strength and elongation as non-invention alloy non-invention alloy 40 (6061-type). Non-invention alloy 37 with 0.92 wt. % Si and a Mg/Si ratio of 1.24 achieved low elongation. Non-invention alloy 38 with 0.30 wt. % Cu and a Mg/Si ratio of 1.61, but no vanadium achieved a lower yield strength than non-invention alloy non-invention alloy 40 (6061-type). Non-invention alloy 39 with 0.19 wt. % Cu achieved a lower yield strength than non-invention alloy non-invention alloy 40 (6061-type).

[005] The above results indicate that alloys with at least 0.05 wt. % vanadium may achieve improved properties when employing, among other things, at least 0.275 wt. % Cu and the appropriate amount of Si and Mg, as shown above. The above results also indicate that alloys without at least 0.05 wt. % vanadium may achieve improved properties by employing at least 0.35 wt. % Cu, and with the appropriate amount of Si, Mg and by using Cr, Mn and/or Zr as a substitute for V.

[006] While various embodiments of the new technology described herein have been described in detail, it is apparent that modifications and adaptations of those embodiments will occur to those skilled in the art. However, it is to be expressly understood that such modifications and adaptations are within the spirit and scope of the presently disclosed technology.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A 6xxx aluminum alloy consisting of:

(a) 1.05 - 1.50 wt. Mg;

(b) 0.60 - 0.95 wt. % Si;

wherein (wt. % Mg) / (wt. % Si) is from 1.30 to 1.90;

(c) 0.275 - 0.50 wt. % Cu;

(d) from 0.05 to 1.0 wt. % of at least one secondary element, wherein the secondary element is selected from the group consisting of V, Fe, Cr, Mn, Zr, Ti, and combinations thereof;

wherein at least V is present and wherein the 6xxx aluminum alloy includes at from 0.05 wt. % to 0.25 wt. % V as a secondary element;

wherein, when present, the 6xxx aluminum alloy includes not greater than 0.80 wt. % Fe as a secondary element;

wherein, when present, the 6xxx aluminum alloy includes not greater than 0.50 wt. % Mn as a secondary element;

wherein, when present, the 6xxx aluminum alloy includes not greater than 0.40 wt. % Cr as a secondary element;

wherein, when present, the 6xxx aluminum alloy includes not greater than 0.25 wt. % Zr as a secondary element;

wherein, when present, the 6xxx aluminum alloy includes not greater than 0.10 wt. % Ti as a secondary element;

(e) the balance being aluminum and other elements, wherein each one of the other elements does not exceed 0.10 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy, and wherein the total of the other elements is not more than 0.35 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy.

2. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of claim 1, wherein the alloy includes from 0.01 to 0.50 wt. % Fe.

3. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes from 0.05 to 0.50 wt. % Fe.

4. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes from 0.05 to 0.30 wt. % Fe.

5. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.35 wt. % Mn.
6. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.25 wt. % Cr.
7. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.15 wt. % Zr.
8. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes from 0.01 to 0.05 wt. % Ti.
9. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes at least 0.65 wt. % Si.
10. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes at least 0.70 wt. % Si.
11. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.90 wt. % Si.
12. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.85 wt. % Si.
13. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.80 wt. % Si.
14. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes at least 1.10 wt. % Mg.
15. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 1.40 wt. % Mg.
16. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 1.35 wt. % Mg.
17. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 1.30 wt. % Mg.
18. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes at least 0.30 wt. % Cu.
19. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes at least 0.325 wt. % Cu.

20. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes at least 0.35 wt. % Cu.
21. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.475 wt. % Cu.
22. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.45 wt. % Cu.
23. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.425 wt. % Cu.
24. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein (wt. % Mg) / (wt. % Si) is at least 1.35.
25. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein (wt. % Mg) / (wt. % Si) is at least 1.40.
26. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein (wt. % Mg) / (wt. % Si) is not greater than 1.85.
27. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein (wt. % Mg) / (wt. % Si) is not greater than 1.80.
28. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein (wt. % Mg) / (wt. % Si) is not greater than 1.75.
29. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein (wt. % Mg) / (wt. % Si) is not greater than 1.70.
30. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein (wt. % Mg) / (wt. % Si) is not greater than 1.65.
31. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein (wt. % Mg) / (wt. % Si) is at least 1.45.
32. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes from 0.05 to 0.20 wt. % V.
33. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein the alloy includes from 0.05 to 0.16 wt. % V.
34. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein each one of the other elements does not exceed 0.05 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy, and wherein the total of the other elements is not more than 0.15 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy.

35. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of the preceding claims, wherein each one of the other elements does not exceed 0.03 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy, and wherein the total of the other elements is not more than 0.10 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy.

36. A 6xxx aluminum alloy consisting of:

(a) 1.05 - 1.50 wt. Mg;

(b) 0.60 - 0.95 wt. % Si;

wherein (wt. % Mg) / (wt. % Si) is from 1.30 to 1.90;

(c) 0.35 - 0.50 wt. % Cu;

(d) less than 0.05 wt. % V;

(e) from 0.05 to 1.0 wt. % of at least one secondary element, wherein the secondary element is selected from the group consisting of Fe, Cr, Mn, Zr, Ti, and combinations thereof;

wherein at least one of Cr, Mn and Zr is present, and wherein the combined amount of Cr, Mn, and Zr in the 6xxx aluminum alloy is from 0.15 to 0.80 wt. %;

wherein the 6xxx aluminum alloy includes not greater than 0.50 wt. % Mn as a secondary element;

wherein the 6xxx aluminum alloy includes not greater than 0.40 wt. % Cr as a secondary element;

wherein, when present, the 6xxx aluminum alloy includes not greater than 0.25 wt. % Zr as a secondary element;

wherein, when present, the 6xxx aluminum alloy includes not greater than 0.80 wt. % Fe as a secondary element;

wherein, when present, the 6xxx aluminum alloy includes not greater than 0.10 wt. % Ti as a secondary element;

(f) the balance being aluminum and other elements, wherein each one of the other elements does not exceed 0.10 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy, and wherein the total of the other elements is not more than 0.35 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy.

37. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of claim 36, wherein the alloy includes from 0.01 to 0.50 wt. % Fe.

38. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-37, wherein the alloy includes from 0.05 to 0.50 wt. % Fe.

39. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-38, wherein the alloy includes from 0.05 to 0.30 wt. % Fe.
40. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-39, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.35 wt. % Mn.
41. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-40, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.30 wt. % Cr.
42. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-41, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.15 wt. % Zr.
43. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-42, wherein the alloy includes both chromium and manganese, and wherein alloy includes a total of chromium plus manganese of from 0.15 wt. % to 0.60 wt. %.
44. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of claim 43, wherein the alloy includes less than 0.05 wt. % Zr.
45. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-44, wherein the alloy includes from 0.01 to 0.05 wt. % Ti.
46. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-45, wherein the alloy includes at least 0.65 wt. % Si.
47. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-46, wherein the alloy includes at least 0.70 wt. % Si.
48. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-47, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.90 wt. % Si.
49. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-48, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.85 wt. % Si.
50. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-49, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.80 wt. % Si.
51. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-50, wherein the alloy includes at least 1.10 wt. % Mg.
52. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-51, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 1.40 wt. % Mg.
53. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-52, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 1.35 wt. % Mg.

54. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-53, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 1.30 wt. % Mg.
55. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-54, wherein the alloy includes at least 0.375 wt. % Cu.
56. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-55, wherein the alloy includes at least 0.40 wt. % Cu.
57. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-56, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.475 wt. % Cu.
58. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-57, wherein the alloy includes not greater than 0.45 wt. % Cu.
59. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-58, wherein $(\text{wt. \% Mg}) / (\text{wt. \% Si})$ is at least 1.35.
60. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-59, wherein $(\text{wt. \% Mg}) / (\text{wt. \% Si})$ is at least 1.40.
61. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-60, wherein $(\text{wt. \% Mg}) / (\text{wt. \% Si})$ is not greater than 1.85.
62. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-61, wherein $(\text{wt. \% Mg}) / (\text{wt. \% Si})$ is not greater than 1.80.
63. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-62, wherein $(\text{wt. \% Mg}) / (\text{wt. \% Si})$ is not greater than 1.75.
64. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-63, wherein $(\text{wt. \% Mg}) / (\text{wt. \% Si})$ is not greater than 1.70.
65. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-64, wherein $(\text{wt. \% Mg}) / (\text{wt. \% Si})$ is not greater than 1.65.
66. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-65, wherein $(\text{wt. \% Mg}) / (\text{wt. \% Si})$ is at least 1.45.
67. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-66, wherein each one of the other elements does not exceed 0.05 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy, and wherein the total of the other elements is not more than 0.15 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy.

68. The 6xxx aluminum alloy of any of claims 36-67, wherein each one of the other elements does not exceed 0.03 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy, and wherein the total of the other elements is not more than 0.10 wt. % in the 6xxx aluminum alloy.

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FIG. 1a - Example 1 Alloys - Tensile Yield Strength (ksi)

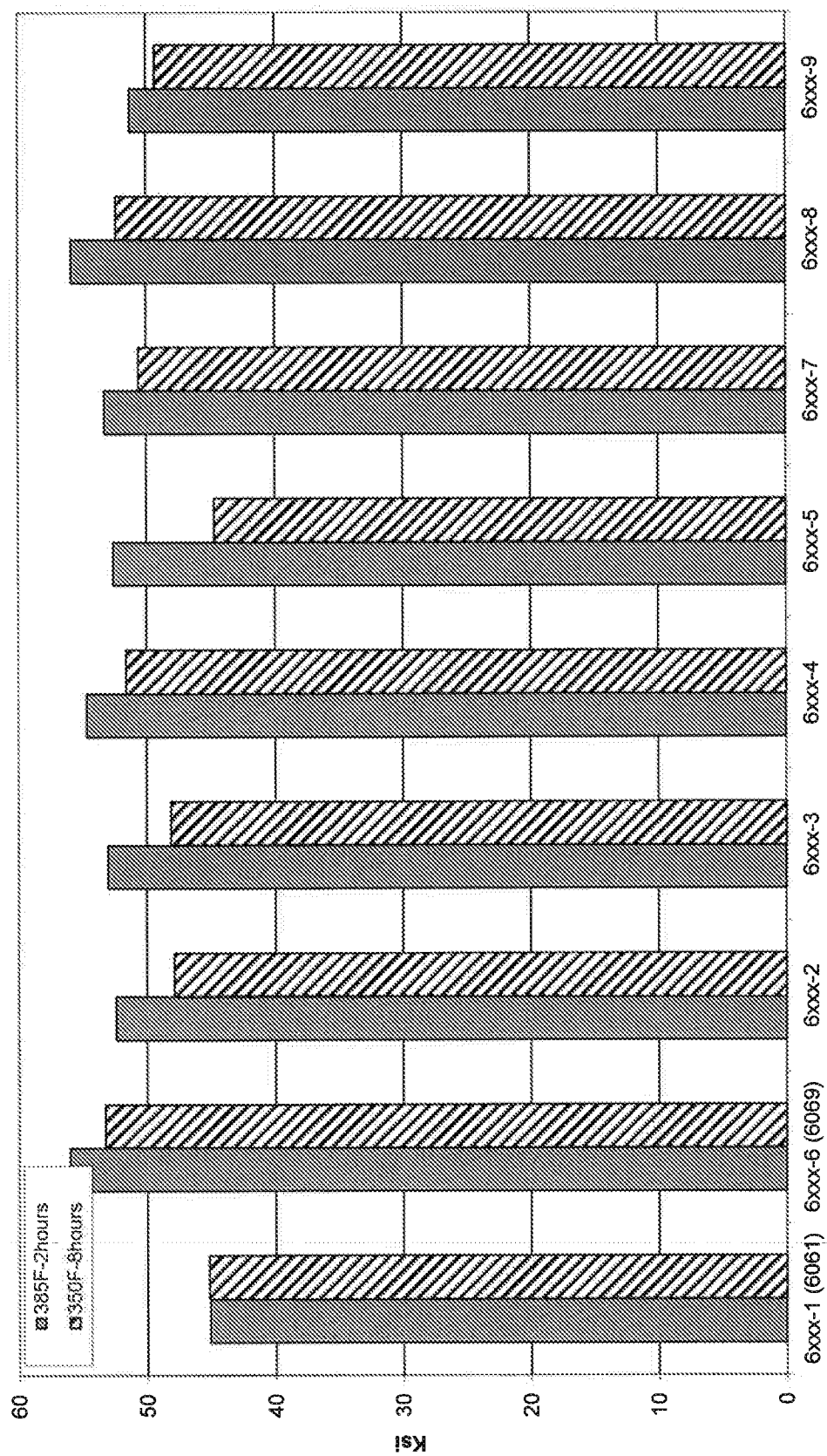
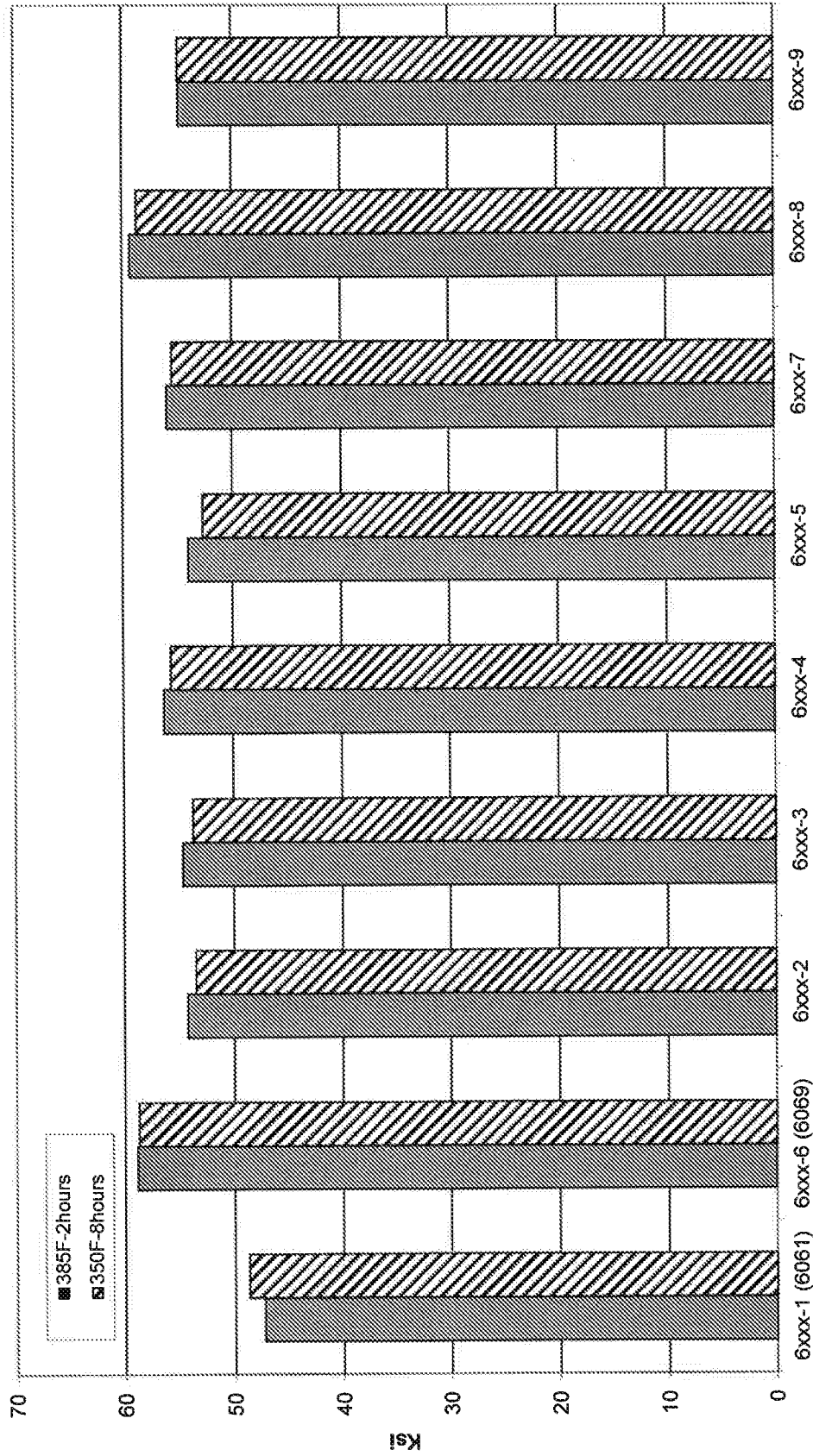
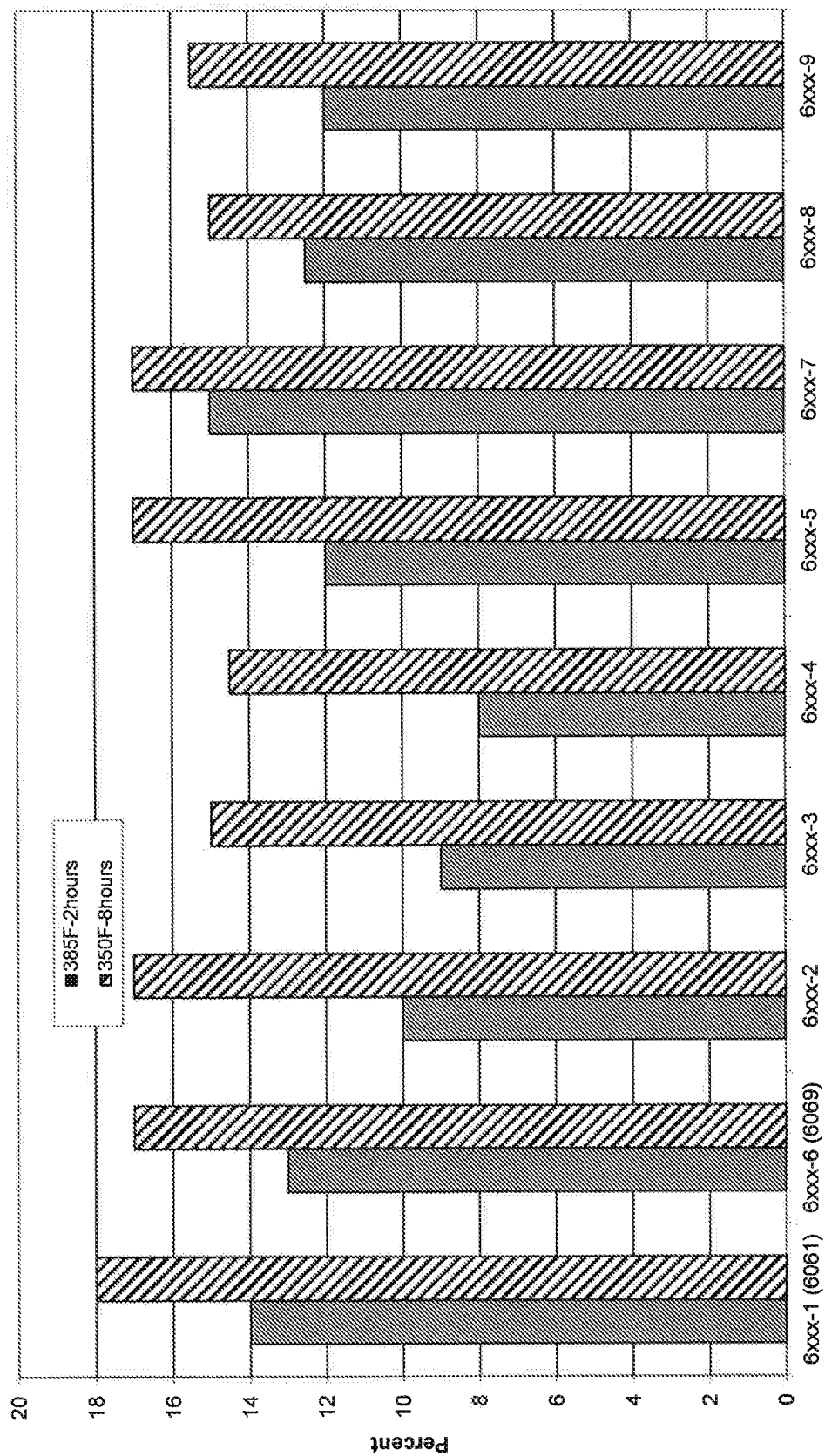


FIG. 1b - Example 1 Alloys - Ultimate Tensile Strength (ksi)



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FIG. 1c - Example 1 Alloys - Elongation (%)



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FIG. 1d - Example 1 Alloys - Notched Rotary Fatigue Life (15 ksi, R = -1)

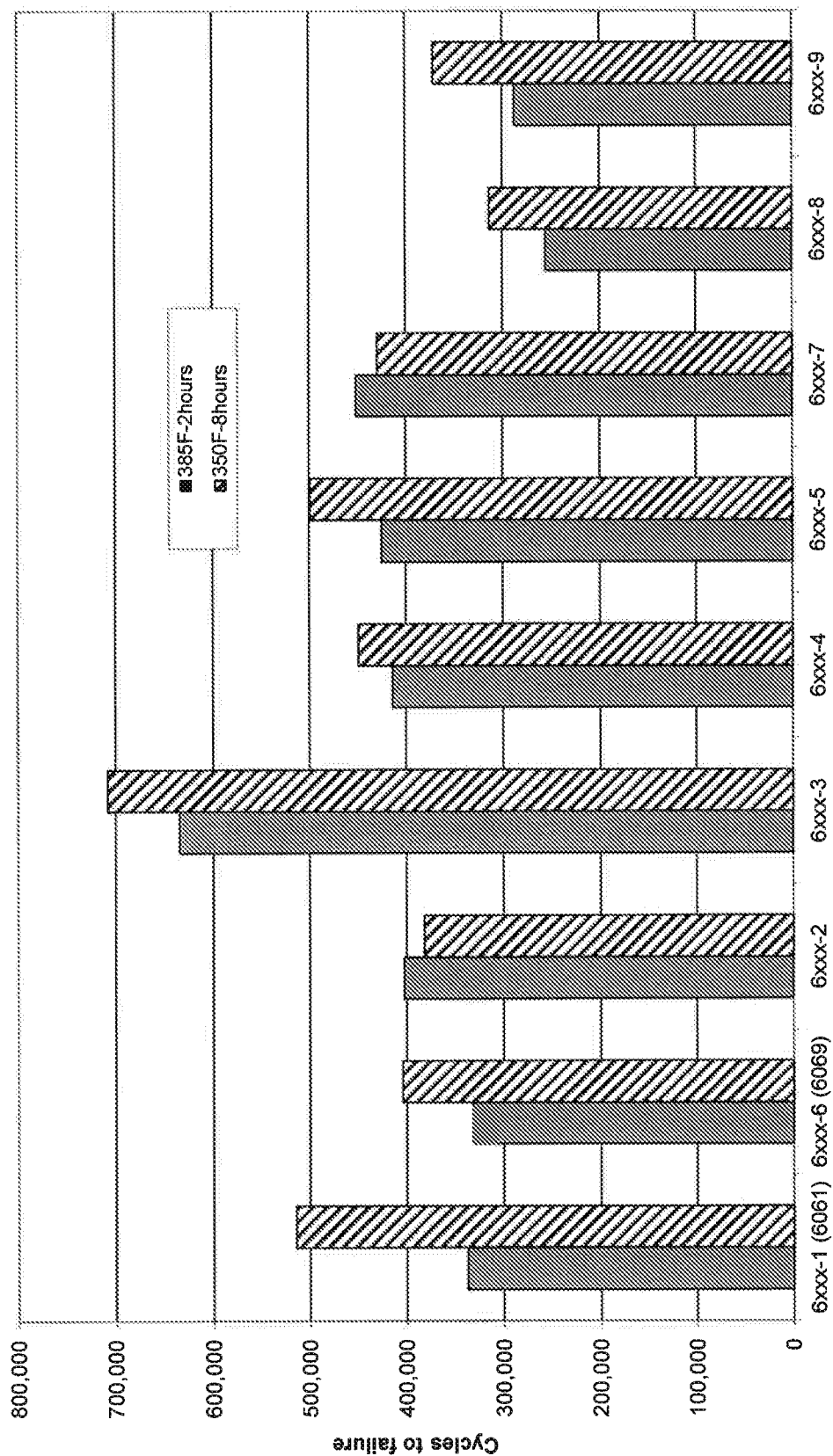
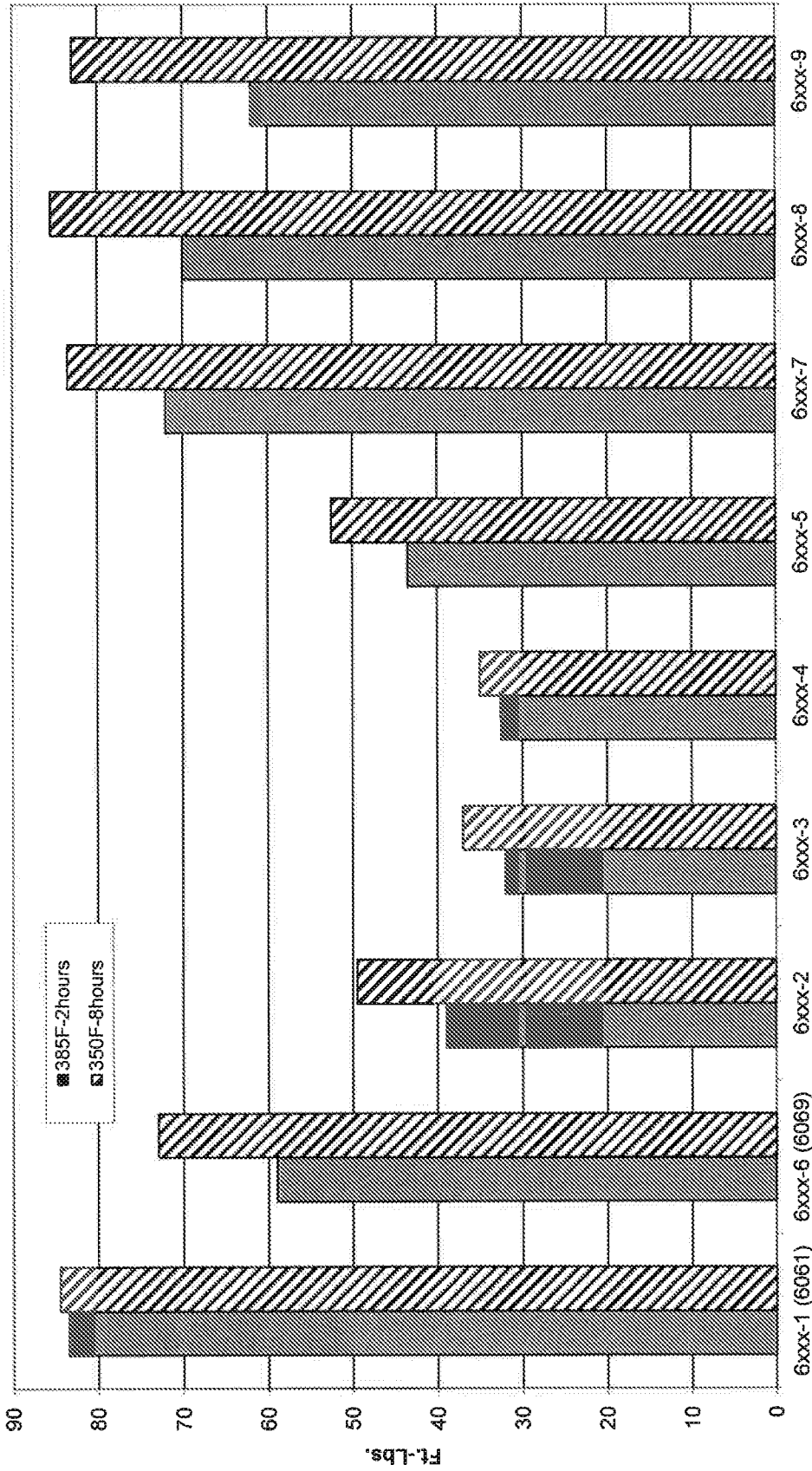
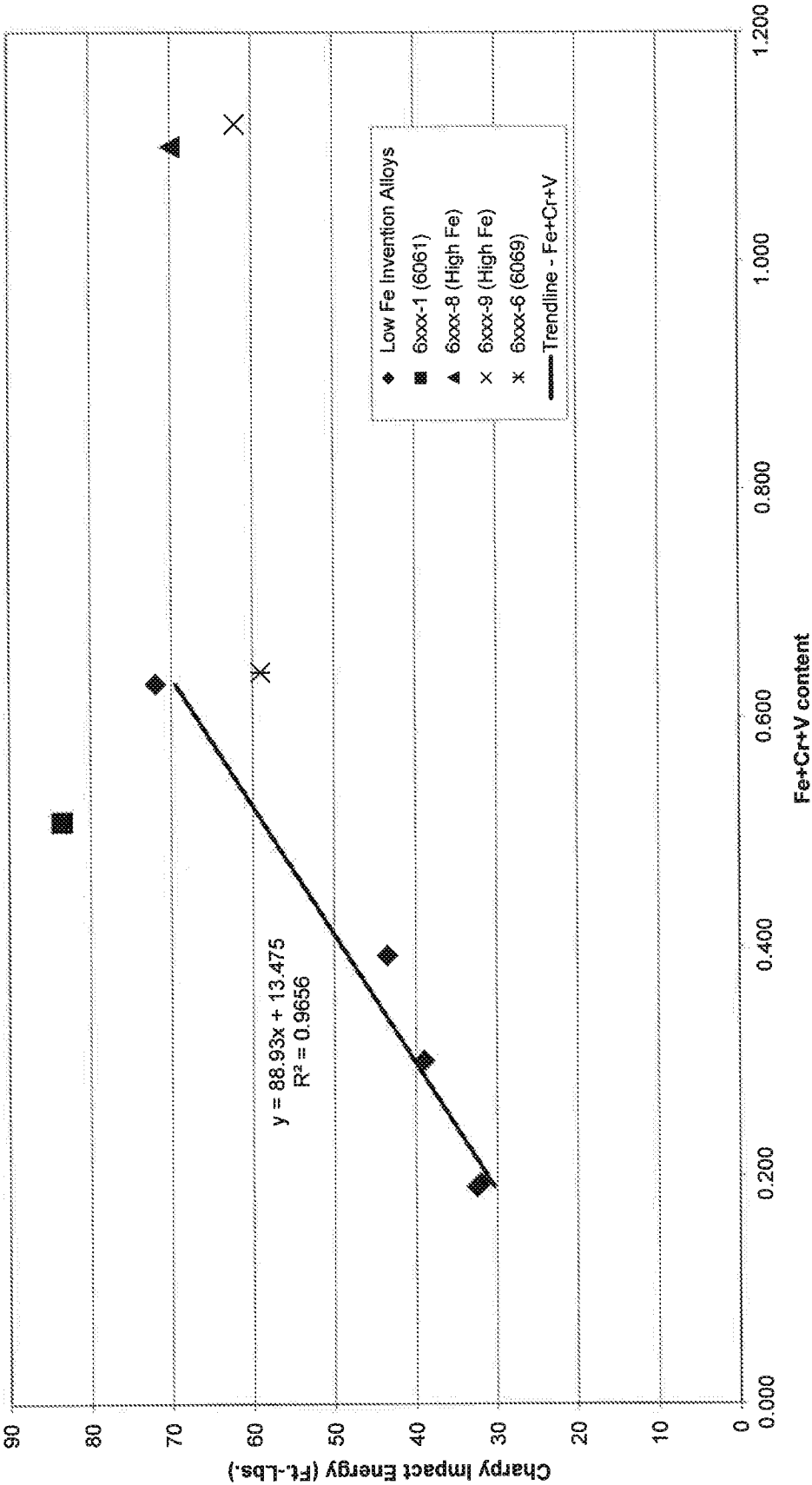


FIG. 1e - Example 1 Alloys - Un-notched Charpy Impact Energy (Ft.-Lbs.)

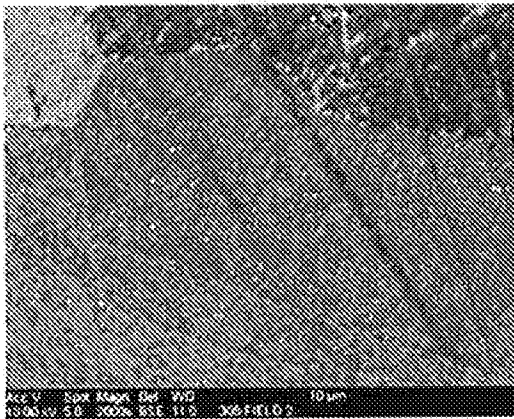


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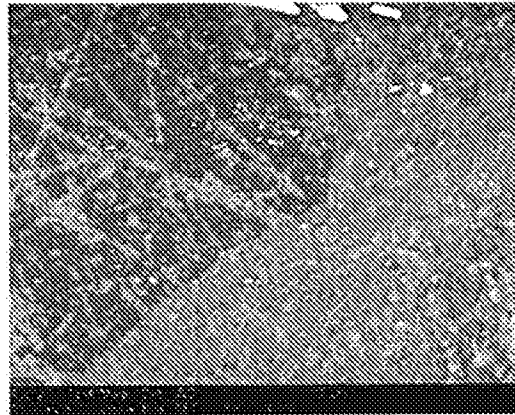
FIG. 1f - Charpy Impact Energy v. Constituent Content



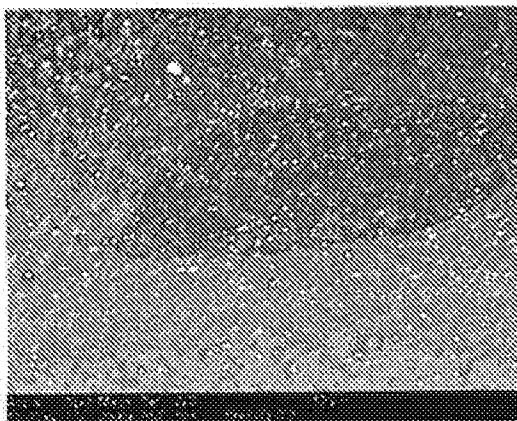
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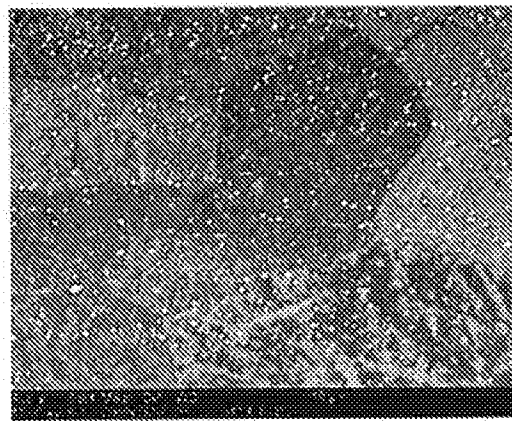
6061
(0.3Fe, 0.21Cr
.08Mn)
FIG.1g-1



6XXX-3
(0.08Fe, 0.12V)
FIG.1g-2



6XXX-5
(0.08Fe, 0.2Cr
0.12V)
FIG.1g-3



6XXX-7
(0.25Fe, 0.2Cr
0.15V)
FIG.1g-4

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORTInternational application No.
PCT/US2013/050433**Box No. II Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)**

This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. ☒ Claims Nos.: 44
because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
Claim 44 is unclear, because it refers to multiple dependent claim which does not comply with PCT Rule 6.4(a).
3. ☒ Claims Nos.: 4-35,39-43,45-68
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box No. III Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 3 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest and, where applicable, the payment of a protest fee.
- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest but the applicable protest fee was not paid within the time limit specified in the invitation.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US2013/050433**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER****C22C 21/08(2006.01)i**

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHEDMinimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
C22C 21/08; B21J 5/00; C22F 1/04; C22C 21/06; B23K 20/04; C22C 21/02; C22C 21/00Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched
Korean utility models and applications for utility models
Japanese utility models and applications for utility modelsElectronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)
eKOMPASS(KIPO internal) & Keywords: aluminum alloy, 6xxx, Magnesium, silicon, copper, and Fe**C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	JP 06-033178 A (FURUKAWA ALUM CO., LTD.) 8 February 1994 See abstract; paragraphs [0015]–[0017]; and claims 1–3.	1–3, 36–38
A	JP 07-258784 A (KOBE STEEL LTD.) 9 October 1995 See abstract; paragraphs [0026]–[0028]; and claims 1, 2.	1–3, 36–38
A	JP 05-009639 A (FURUKAWA ALUM CO., LTD.) 19 January 1993 See abstract; paragraphs [0005], [0007]; and claim 1.	1–3, 36–38
A	JP 05-025573 A (FURUKAWA ALUM CO., LTD.) 2 February 1993 See abstract; paragraphs [0005], [0008]; and claims 1–4.	1–3, 36–38
A	JP 05-247574 A (KOBE STEEL LTD.) 24 September 1993 See abstract; paragraphs [0025], [0028]; and claims 1, 2.	1–3, 36–38



Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.



See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date

"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of citation or other special reason (as specified)

"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

11 October 2013 (11.10.2013)

Date of mailing of the international search report

14 October 2013 (14.10.2013)

Name and mailing address of the ISA/KR

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No.

PCT/US2013/050433

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
JP 06-033178 A	08/02/1994	None	
JP 07-258784 A	09/10/1995	None	
JP 05-009639 A	19/01/1993	None	
JP 05-025573 A	02/02/1993	None	
JP 05-247574 A	24/09/1993	None	