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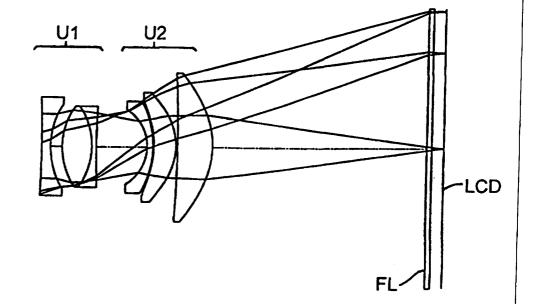
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(54) Title: LCD PROJECTION LENS

(57) Abstract

A projection lens for use with a pixelized panel (LCD) is provided. The lens has two positive lens units (U1, U2) with an aperture stop between them. The optical powers of each of the units are such that fl is substantially shorter than f2, where f1 and f2 are the focal lengths of the first lens unit (U1) and the second lens unit (U2), respectively, the first lens unit (U1) being on the system's long conjugate side and the second lens unit (U2) being on the short conjugate side. The ratio of f1 to f2 is preferably less than about 0.75.



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LCD PROJECTION LENS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to projection lenses and, in particular, to projection lenses which can be used, <u>inter alia</u>, to form an image of an object composed of pixels, such as, a liquid crystal display (LCD).

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Projection lens systems (also referred to herein as "projection systems") are used to form an image of an object on a viewing screen. The basic structure of such a system is shown in Figure 7, wherein 10 is a light source (e.g., a tungsten-halogen lamp), 12 is illumination optics which forms an image of the light source (hereinafter referred to as the "output" of the illumination system), 14 is the object which is to be projected (e.g., a matrix of on and off pixels of a LCD panel), and 13 is a projection lens, composed of multiple lens elements, which forms an enlarged image of object 14 on viewing screen 16.

Projection lens systems in which the object is a LCD or other pixelized panel are used in a variety of applications, including data display systems. Such projection lens systems preferably employ a single projection lens which forms an image of either a single panel having, for example, red, green, and blue pixels, or three individual panels, one for each color. For ease of reference, the following discussion will be in terms of a projection lens system that employs a single LCD panel, it being understood that the invention can also be used in systems which employ multiple panels and/or other types of pixelization.

30 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The projection lenses of the invention comprise two positive lens units with an aperture stop between them. The optical powers of each of

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the units are such that f1 is substantially shorter than f2, where f1 and f2 are the focal lengths of the first lens unit and the second lens unit, respectively, the first lens unit being on the system's long conjugate side and the second lens unit being on the short conjugate side. In particular, the ratio of f1 to f2 is less than about 0.75. (See Table 7 and note that when the second unit includes a field lens, e.g., a Fresnel field lens, the value of f2 is calculated without the field lens.) In contrast, for a classical double gauss form, f1 is about the same as f2, or longer than f2.

The projection lenses of the invention are capable of covering a wide field of view. They have a back focal length approximately equal to the focal length of the lens. Each of the first and second lens units has at least one aspherical surface.

The first lens unit on the long conjugate side of the stop may consist of a single positive element. However, to obtain a better correction of residual astigmatism and chromatic aberrations, this unit may include a leading negative element closely followed by a positive component which may be a color correcting doublet. As illustrated in Tables 1-5, the spacing between the leading negative element and the positive component is at most about 5% of the focal length of the first lens unit.

The second lens unit behind the aperture stop includes a color correcting doublet and a single positive element with at least one aspherical surface. Most of the correction of spherical aberration is obtained in the first lens unit, while off-axis aberrations including coma and distortion, as well as chromatic aberrations, are corrected predominantly in the second lens unit.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figures 1-6 are schematic side views of projection lenses constructed in accordance with the invention.

Figure 7 is a schematic diagram showing an overall projection lens system in which the projection lens of the present invention can be used.

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The foregoing drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute part of the specification, illustrate the preferred embodiments of the invention, and together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the invention. It is to be understood, of course, that both the drawings and the description are explanatory only and are not restrictive of the invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Figures 1 to 6 illustrate various projection lenses constructed in accordance with the invention. Corresponding prescriptions and optical properties appear in Tables 1 to 6, respectively. The correspondence between the lens units discussed above and the various elements and surfaces of the lenses of Tables 1-6 is set forth in Table 7.

HOYA or SCHOTT designations are used for the glasses employed in the lens systems. Equivalent glasses made by other manufacturers can be used in the practice of the invention. Industry acceptable materials are used for the styrene and acrylic elements.

The aspheric coefficients set forth in the tables are for use in the following equation:

$$z = \frac{cy^{2}}{1 + [1 - (1 + k)c^{2}y^{2}]^{1/2}} + Dy^{4} + Ey^{6} + Fy^{8} + Gy^{10} + Hy^{12} + Iy^{14}$$

where z is the surface sag at a distance y from the optical axis of the system, c is the curvature of the lens at the optical axis, and k is a conic constant.

The designation "a" associated with various surfaces in the tables represents an aspheric surface, i.e., a surface for which at least one of D, E, F, G, H, or I in the above equation is not zero. The designation "c" represents a conic surface for which the k value in the above equation is not zero. The designation "f" represents a Fresnel lens surface (the Fresnel lens is identified by the designation "FL" in Figures 1 and 3). All dimensions given in the tables are in millimeters. The tables are constructed on the assumption that light travels from left to right in the figures. In actual

practice, the viewing screen will be on the left and the LCD panel will be on the right, and light will travel from right to left.

Although specific embodiments of the invention have been described and illustrated, it is to be understood that a variety of modifications which do not depart from the scope and spirit of the invention will be evident to persons of ordinary skill in the art from the foregoing disclosure.

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TABLE 1

Lens Data

Surf. No.	Турс	e Radius	Thickness	Glass	Clear Aperture Diameter
1	a	-1770.1750	8.00000	ACRYLIC	84.11
2	a	72.5195	10.00000		71.77
3		63.3660	25.00000	SK18	68.98
4 5		-63.3660	4.00000	KF6	65.89
		762.9749	9.16228		60.48
6		Aperture stop	35.18800		57.72
7		-38.4192	5.00000	SF14	63.38
8		-81.9407	1.00000		80.13
9	a	-77.4031	18.00000	ACRYLIC	83.60
10	a	-57.0000	Space 1		93.65
11	С	-927.4539	29.50000	ACRYLIC	119.77
12	a	-79.0000	Space 2		124.99
13	cf	185.6000	4.00000	ACRYLIC	237.06
14		∞	Image distance		236.86

Symbol Description

a - Polynomial aspherec - Conic sectionf - Fresnel

Conics

Surface Number	Constant
11	-7.1739E+01
13	-1.7000E+00

Even Polynomial Aspheres

Surf. No.	D	E	F	G	н	1
10	7.7762E-08 4.1171E-07	1.2679E-11 2.1244E-10 1.2454E-10	1.0260E-13 1.0122E-14 1.2955E-14	-3.2966E-17 4.0619E-18 1.0067E-17	-1.6803E-21 4.4932E-21	-1.0666E-24

Variable Spaces

Zoom Pos.	Space 1 T(10)	Space 2 T(12)	Focal Shift	Image Distance
1	1.500	182.411	-1.425	10.021
2	0.500	190.200	-1.000	10.015
3	2.000	175.350	-1.800	10.013

TABLE 1 (continued)

First-Order Data

	<u>1</u>	Zoom Position $\frac{2}{2}$	<u>3</u>
f/number	3.50	3.50	3.50
Magnification	-0.0645	-0.1000	-0.0322
Object Height	-1830.8	-1180.0	-3660.0
Object Distance	-3048.7	-1998.8	-6010.2
Effective Focal Length	198.28	202.52	194.61
Image Distance	10.021	10.015	10.013
Overall Length	3391.4	2348.3	6346.5
Forward Vertex Distance	342.78	349.56	336.21
Barrel Length	332.76	339.55	326.20
Stop Surface Number	6	6	6
Distance to Stop	0.00	0.00	0.00
Stop Diameter	55.244	56.621	54.042
Entrance Pupil Distance	40.838	40.838	40.838
Exit Pupil Distance	-2564.2	-2859.8	-2270.8

First Order Properties of Elements

Element Number	Surface Numbe	_	f	lpp	l'pp
1	1 2	-0.70980E-02	-140.88	5.1374	-0.21047
2	3 4	0.18681E-01	53.532	8.2520	-8.2520
3	4 5	-0.88988E-02	-112.38	0.20149	-2.4261
4	7 8	-0.10095E-01	-99.059	-2.6268	-5.6025
5	9 10	0.29494E-02	339.06	35.393	26.063
6	11 12	0.57837E-02	172.90	21.342	1.8179
7	13 14	0.26604E-02	375.88 -0	.51716E-08	-2.6778

First-Order Properties of Doublets

	Surface Numbers	Power	f	ipp	l'pp
2 3	3 5	0.11187E-01	89.389	1.5277	-16 542

First Order Properties of Groups

Group Number	Surface Numbers	Power	ľ	lpp	l'pp
1	1 10	-0.26248E-03	-3809.7	495.35	349.41
2	11 12	0.57837E-02	172.90	21.342	1.8179
3	13 14	0.26604E-02	375.88 -0	.51716E-08	-2.6778

First Order Properties of the Lens

Zoom Position Number	Power	f	lpp	l'pp
1	0.50433E-02	198.28	223.78	-199.63
2	0.49377E-02	202.52	228.97	-211.76
3	0.51385E-02	194.61	218.81	-189 07

Lens Data

Surf. No.	Туре	Radius	Thickness	Glass	Clear Aperture Diameter
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	a a a c a	-3501.6551 73.8047 63.9262 -63.9262 570.3825 -39.0852 -83.4350 -77.4031 -57.0000 -927.4539 -79.0000	8.00000 10.00000 25.00000 4.00000 2.53228 41.97092 5.00000 1.00000 0.50000 30.50000 194.22819	ACRYLIC SK18 KF6 SF14 ACRYLIC ACRYLIC	83.97 72.07 69.86 67.04 60.39 59.72 64.45 80.90 83.88 94.26 119.04 124.60

Symbol Description

a - Polynomial aspherec - Conic section

Focal Shift = -1.97869

Conics

Surface Number	Constant
11	-7.5322E+01

Even Polynomial Aspheres

Surf. No.	D	E	F	G	н	ı
1 2 9 10 12	3.8615E-07 2.7112E-07	1.8759E-10 1.4686E-10	1.0984E-14 1.7530F-14	-3.4835E-17 7.6281E-18	-1.5392E-21 5.6048E-21	-2.8507E-24 1.7744E-23 -1.6720E-24 2.8348E-24 -6.5187E-27

First Order Data

TABLE 2 (continued)

First Order Properties of Elements

Element Number	Surfa Numi		s Power	f	lpp	l'pp
1	1	2	-0.68364E-02	-146.28	5.2411	-0.11047
2	3	4	0.18530E-01	53.965	8.2460	-8.2460
3	4	5	-0.90617E-02	-110.35	0.26468	-2.3616
4	7	8	-0.99405E-02	-100.60	-2.6199	-5.5926
5	9 1	10	0.29494E-02	339.06	35.393	26.063
6	11 1	12	0.57859E-02	172.83	22.057	1.8788

First-Order Properties of Doublets

Element Numbers	Surface Numbers	s Power	f	lpp	l'pp
2 3	3 5	0.10898E-01	91.762	1 1692	-16 833

First Order Properties of the Lens

Power	f	lpp	l'pp
0.50252E-02	199.00	119.64	-15.627

FIRST ORDER DATA, SURF 1 TO 5

K PP1 PP2 f 0.490176E-02 30.3186 -1.10148 204.00

FIRST ORDER DATA, SURF 7 TO 12

K PP1 PP2 f 0.232360E-02 147.569 172.803 430.37

Lens Data

Surf. No.	Туре	e Radius	Thickness	Glass	Clear Aperture Diameter
1	a	-148.4666	6.00000	ACRYLIC	51.92
2	a	54.4747	0.50000		45.04
3		40.0292	15.00000	SK18	45.07
4		-130.3723	6.26676		42.15
5		Aperture stop	21.40605		34.58
6		-23.1527 [°]	3.00000	SF13	39.96
7		-64.2034	1.50000		54.39
8		-54.0449	16.67610	ACRYLIC	54.69
9	a	-35.8273	0.50000		63.68
10	a	-3465.3279	24.66862	ACRYLIC	93.09
11	a	-54.7193	121.94030		95.74
12	cf	120.0000	4.00000	ACRYLIC	166.79
13		∞	9.99997		166.48

Symbol Description

a - Polynomial aspherec - Conic sectionf - Fresnel

Focal Shift = -1.94463

Conics

Surface Number	Constant
12	-2.0085E+00

Even Polynomial Aspheres

Surf. No.	D	E	F	G	н	I
1 2 9 10 11	-7.2513E-07 -2.1332E-07	1.3853E-10 1.8571E-09 2.4887E-11	-5.4208E-12 -2.8477E-12 3.2458E-14	1.3555E-14 1.3532E-15 8.2905E-18	6 70325-10	-5.1055E-21 -5.6155E-22
E:						

First Order Data

Object Reight Object Distance - Effective Focal Length	-0.1083 -762.00 1170.00 129.271 9.99997	Overall Length Forward Vertex Distance Barrel Length Entrance Pupil Distance Exit Pupil Distance Stop Diameter Distance to Stop	1401.46 231.458 221.458 20.3913 5729.90 34.576 0.00
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TABLE 3 (continued)

First Order Properties of Elements

Element Number	Surface Numbers Power	f	ipp	l'pp
1	1 2 -0.12511E-		2.9100	-1.0677
2	3 4 0.20219E-	12.100	2.2234	-7.2414
3	6 7 -0.19987E-	01 -50.032	-0.99970	-2.7722
4	8 9 0.6051 4 E-	02 165.25	25,425	16.855
5	10 11 0.89025E-	02 112.33	16.739	0.26432
6	12 13 0.41148E-	02 243.03 -0	0.82019E-08	-2.6778

First Order Properties of the Lens

Power	f	lpp	l'pp
0.77357E-02	129.27	152.58	-131.33

Lens Data

Surf. No.	Туре	Radius	Thickness	Glass	Clear Aperture Diameter
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	a a a a	-143.9480 54.0933 39.9766 -138.3967 -23.3945 -57.7517 -50.6040 -36.2946 -2367.8999 -54.6713	6.00000 0.50000 15.00000 6.26676 23.26477 3.00000 1.50000 16.57162 0.50000 24.39444 134.17166	ACRYLIC SK18 SF13 ACRYLIC ACRYLIC	52.57 46.45 47.01 44.55 37.09 41.34 55.58 56.00 64.89 92.92 95.59

Symbol Description

a - Polynomial asphere

Focal Shift = -1.24114

Even Polynomial Aspheres

No. D		F	G	н	ı
1 -7.8786E-1 2 -4.9688E-0 9 -6.7035E-0 10 -2.4379E-0 11 6.0221E-0 First Order Data	07 6.2284E-10 07 1.6035E-09 07 2.3325E-11	-5.5378E -2.8384E 3.2535E	2-12 1.4275E-15 2-14 8.2976E-18	-4.7256E-18 6.5802E-19	-1.8308E-21 -2.2320E-21 -6.1437E-22 -2.1158E-25 8.9490E-24
f/number Magnification Object Height Object Distance Effective Focal Image Distance Stop Surface Num	Length ber	3.50 -0.1083 -762.00 -1242.00 129.736 134.172	Overall Length Forward Vertex Barrel Length Entrance Pupil Exit Pupil Dist Stop Diameter Distance to Sto	Distance ance	1473.17 231.169 96.9976 20.8429 -136.607 36.897 0.45

First Order Properties of Elements

Element Number	Surface Numbers Power	f	lpp	l'pp
1 2 3 4 5	1 2 -0.12684E-01 3 4 0.19996E-01 6 7 -0.18289E-01 8 9 0.53197E-02 10 11 0.88539E-02	50.010 -54.677 187.98	2.8906 2.1178 -1.2146 28.371 16.659	-1.0862 -7.3318 -2.9983 20.349 0.38462

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TABLE 4 (continued)

First Order Properties of the Lens

 Power
 f
 lpp
 l'pp

 0.77080E-02
 129.74
 85.332
 -8.3775

FIRST ORDER DATA, SURF 1 TO 4

K PP1 PP2 f

0.825105E-02 11.8672 -1.63760 121.20

FIRST ORDER DATA, SURF 6 TO 11

 K
 PP1
 PP2
 f

 0.412919E-02
 105.968
 138.422
 242.18

Lens Data

Surf. No.	Туре	Radius	Thickness	Glass	Clear Aperture Diameter
1	a	-215.0838	6.00000	ACRYLIC	50.10
2	a	51.3941	0.50000		44.84
3		39.5202	15.00000	SK18	45.08
4		-204.0199	6.26676		41.86
5		∞	24.70386		37.34
6		-23.5819	3.00000	SF13	42.80
7		-54.9838	17.48359	SK5	58.11
8		-38.5513	0.50000	ONS	
9	а	-442.7462	22.96924	ACDULTO	68.16
10	a	-54.6936		ACRYLIC	93.18
-0	ч	34.0930	133.38308		95.54

Symbol Description

a - Polynomial asphere

Focal Shift = -1.06757

Even Polynomial Aspheres

Surf. No.	D	E	F	G	н	ı
1 2 9 10	-6.2558E-07 -4.7729E-07 -4.6643E-08 5.3589E-07	2.8390E-10 3.6819E-11	-5.2520E 2.8968E	3-12 1.3608E-14 3-14 8.8163E-18	3.6207E-18 -6.5024E-18 1.7148E-21 -1.4201E-20	-3.3618E-21 2.3288E-25
First C	Order Data					
Objec Objec Effec Image	ber fication t Height t Distance tive Focal Le Distance Surface Numbe	ength	3.50 -0.1083 -762.00 -1241.99 129.598 133.383	Overall Length Forward Vertex Barrel Length Entrance Pupil Exit Pupil Dist Stop Diameter Distance to Sto	Distance ance	1471.80 229.807 96.4234 19.6498 -136.742 37.137 -0.86

First Order Properties of Elements

Element Number	Surface Numbers Power	f	lpp	l'pp
1 2 3 4 5	1 2 -0.11992E-01 3 4 0.18904E-01 6 7 -0.17354E-01 7 8 0.63978E-02 9 10 0.80676E-02	52.899 -57.623 156.30	3.2180 1.5196 -1.3444 26.344 17.207	-0.76895 -7.8449 -3.1347 18.471 2.1256

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TABLE 5 (continued)

First-Order Properties of Doublets

 Element Numbers
 Surface Numbers
 Power
 f
 lpp
 l'pp

 3
 4
 6
 8
 -0.76835E-02
 -130.15
 -25.890
 -48.110

First Order Properties of the Lens

 Power
 f'
 lpp
 l'pp

 0.77162E-02
 129.60
 83.934
 -9.1868

FIRST ORDER DATA, SURF 1 TO 4

K PP1 PP2

0.754400E-02 10.2057 -3.41220

FIRST ORDER DATA, SURF 6 TO 10

K PP1 PP2

0.446394E-02 93.0606 115.413

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TABLE 6

Lens Data

Surf. No.	Туре	Radius	Thickness	Glass	Clear Aperture Diameter
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	a a a	94.4760 -528.9612 -27.7690 -407.8987 -74.3345 -42.4453	15.00000 0.50000 21.29889 3.00000 4.00000 12.15783 0.50000	STYRENE STYRENE BK7	42.78 37.32 36.84 40.46 53.21 53.55 61.02
9	a	164.4718 -62.3055	26.97190 135.01787	ACRYLIC	92.86 95.37

Symbol Description

a - Polynomial asphere

Focal Shift = 0.74200

Even Polynomial Aspheres

Surf. No.	D	E	F	G	н	ı
1 2 5 8 9	-1.5111E-06 -3.9131E-07 -2.9686E-07	-3.7064E-12	-8.6485E	-13 6.5433E-16 -15 4.9355E-18	2.8430E-17	-1.0133E-19 -7.1347E-22 5.8285E-25
Object Object Effect Image	ber fication t Height t Distance tive Focal Le Distance Surface Numbe	ngth	3.50 -0.1083 -762.00 1241.97 128.370 135.018	Overall Length Forward Vertex Barrel Length Entrance Pupil Exit Pupil Dist Stop Diameter Distance to Sto	Distance ance	1460.42 218.446 83.4286 14.3855 -110.515 35.707 3.27

First Order Properties of Elements

Element Number	Surface Numbers Power	f	lpp	ľpp
1	1 2 0.73555E-02	135.95	1.4381	-8.0518
2	4 5 -0.19908E-01	~50.232	-0.13781	-2.0243
3	6 7 0.59254E-02	168.76	16.511	9.4276
4	8 9 0.10498E-01	95.259	13.631	-5.1638

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TABLE 6 (continued)

First Order Properties of the Lens

 Power
 f'
 lpp
 l'pp

 0.77900E-02
 128.37
 71.383
 -7.9999

FIRST ORDER DATA, SURF 4 TO 9

K PP1 PP2 0.444232E-02 92.8040 107.813

	Unit 1	Unit 2				
Ex. No.	Surf. Nos.	Surf. Nos.	f 1	f2	f	f1/f2
1	1 to 5	7 to 12	199.16	448.33*	198.99*	0.444
2	1 to 5	7 to 12	204.00	430.37	199.00	0.474
3	1 to 4	6 to 11	115.38	257.84*	129.60*	0.447
4	1 to 4	6 to 11	121.20	242.18	129.74	0.500
5	1 to 4	6 to 10	132.56	224.02	129.60	0.592
6	1 to 2	4 to 9	135.95	225.11	128.37	0.604

^{*}Value calculated without the Fresnel lens since the Fresnel lens is primarily a field lens which serves to couple the lens' entrance pupil to the exit pupil of the illumination system. As such, the Fresnel lens has a minimal effect on the overall focal length of the lens, but a large effect on the value of f2, which effect is not representative of the actual functioning of the f2 unit.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A projection lens for forming an image of an object, said lens having an aperture stop and comprising in order from its image end to its object end:
 - (a) a first lens unit having a positive optical power and a focal length f1;
 - (b) a second lens unit having a positive optical power and a focal length f2;

wherein the aperture stop is located between the first and second lens units and f1 is substantially shorter than f2.

- 2. The projection lens of Claim 1 wherein the ratio of f1 to f2 is less than about 0.75.
- 3. The projection lens of Claim 1 wherein the lens has a back focal length approximately equal to the lens' focal length.
- 4. The projection lens of Claim 1 wherein each of the first and second lens units has at least one aspherical surface.
- 5. The projection lens of Claim 1 wherein the first lens unit consists of a single positive lens element.
- 6. The projection lens of Claim 1 wherein the first lens unit comprises in order from its image end:
 - (a) a negative lens element; and
 - (b) a positive lens subunit.
- 7. The projection lens of Claim 6 wherein the positive lens subunit is closely spaced to the negative lens element.
- 8. The projection lens of Claim 6 wherein the positive lens subunit is a color correcting doublet.
- 9. The projection lens of Claim 1 wherein the second lens unit comprises a color correcting doublet and a positive lens element which has at least one aspherical surface.

- 10. The projection lens of Claim 6 wherein the second lens unit comprises a color correcting doublet and a positive lens element which has at least one aspherical surface.
- 11. The projection lens of Claim 7 wherein the second lens unit comprises a color correcting doublet and a positive lens element which has at least one aspherical surface.
- 12. The projection lens of Claim 8 wherein the second lens unit comprises a color correcting doublet and a positive lens element which has at least one aspherical surface.
- 13. A projection lens system for forming an image of an object, said system comprising:
 - (a) an illumination system comprising a light source and illumination optics which forms an image of the light source;
 - (b) a pixelized panel which comprises the object; and
 - (c) the projection lens of Claim 1.

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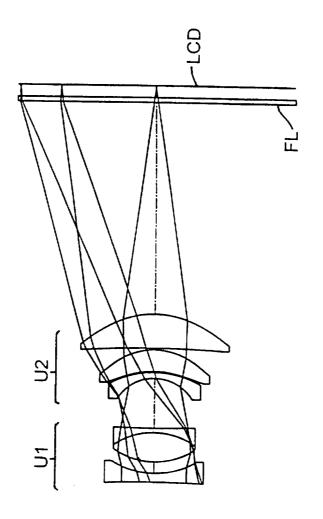


FIG. 1

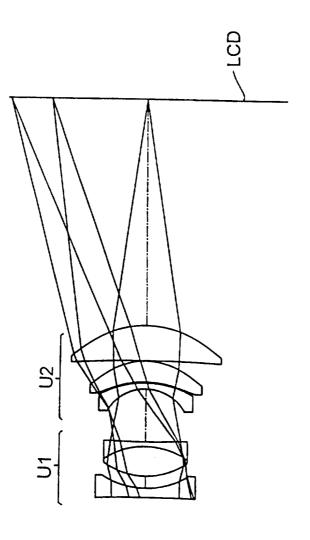


FIG. 2

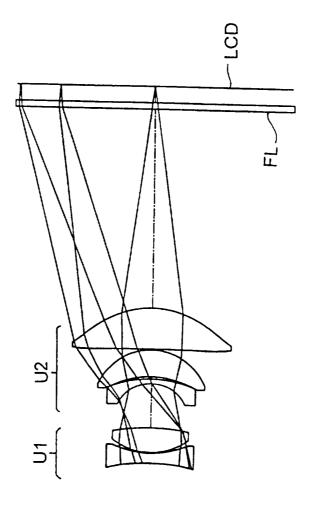


FIG. 3

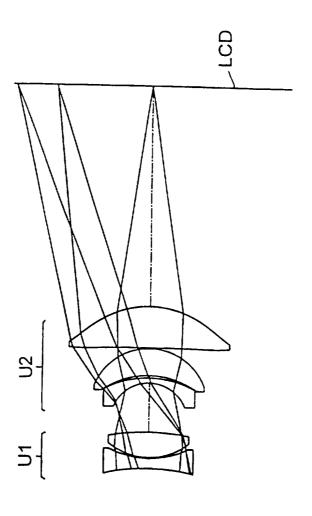


FIG. 4

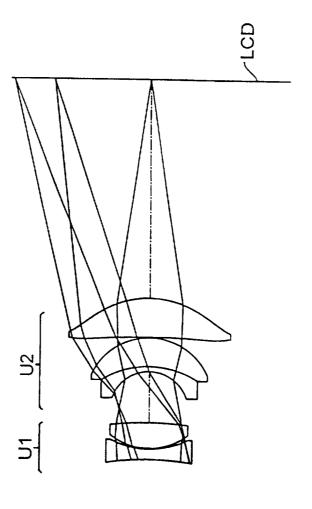


FIG. 5

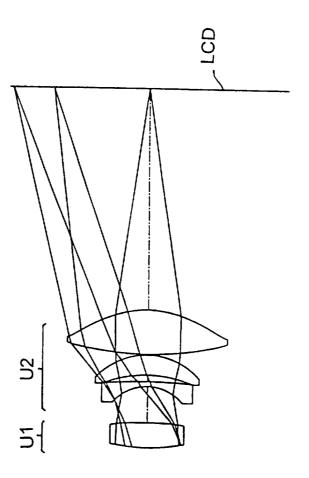


FIG. 6

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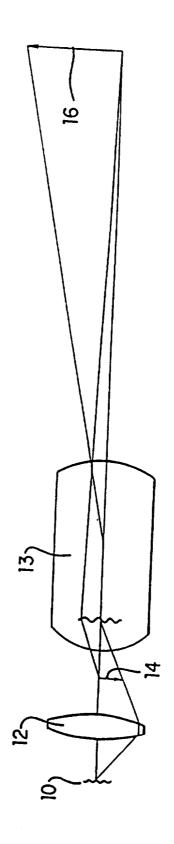


FIG. 7

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/07686

IPC(6) :G02B 3/00, G02B 9/00, G02B 9/06 US CL :359/649, 650, 651, 717, 740, 794 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) U.S. : 359/649, 650, 651, 717, 740, 794 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched none Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) APS search terms: projection lens/ti, aspheric, diaphragm, stop, aperture, color correct, doublet C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category* Citation of document with indication, where appraising a fifting in the projection in the fields search and the fields search terms used)					
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