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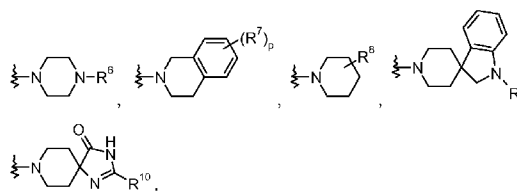
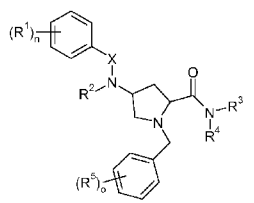
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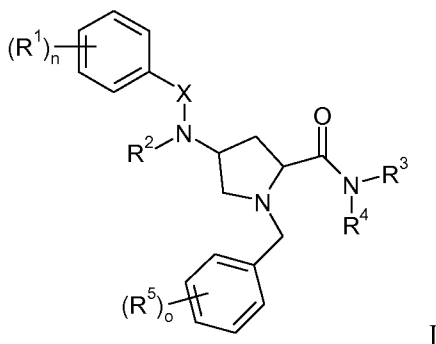


(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to a compound of formula (I) wherein R^1 is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkyl substituted by halogen, lower alkoxy, or lower alkoxy substituted by halogen; R^2 is hydrogen or lower alkyl; R^3 , R^4 form together with the N-atom to which they are attached a non aromatic heterocyclic group, selected from R^5 is hydrogen or halogen; R^6 is phenyl, unsubstituted or substituted by cyano, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, CF_3 , $-(CH_2)_2O$ -lower alkyl, $C(O)$ -lower alkyl or $C(O)O$ -lower alkyl, or is pyridinyl, unsubstituted or substituted by CF_3 , or is $-C(O)$ -phenyl; R^7 is hydrogen or lower alkoxy; R^8 is phenyl, lower alkyl or $-C(O)O$ -lower alkyl; R^9 is hydrogen or $S(O)_2$ -lower alkyl; R^{10} is hydrogen or cycloalkyl; X is $-CH_2-$ or $-C(O)-$; p is 1 or 2; n is 1, 2 or 3; o is 1 or 2; or to a pharmaceutically suitable acid addition salt thereof which are high potential NK-3 receptor antagonists for the treatment of depression, pain, psychosis, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, anxiety and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

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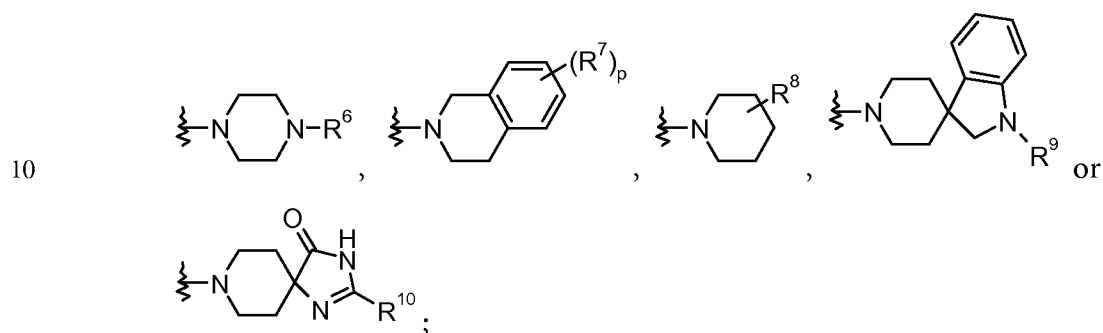
PROLINAMIDE DERIVATIVES AS NK3 ANTAGONISTS

The present invention relates to a compound of formula I



wherein

- 5 R¹ is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkyl substituted by halogen, lower alkoxy, or lower alkoxy substituted by halogen;
 R² is hydrogen or lower alkyl;
 R³, R⁴ form together with the N-atom to which they are attached a non aromatic heterocyclic group, selected from



- R⁵ is hydrogen or halogen;
 R⁶ is phenyl, unsubstituted or substituted by cyano, halogen, lower alkyl, lower
 15 alkoxy, CF₃, -(CH₂)₂O-lower alkyl, C(O)-lower alkyl or C(O)O-lower alkyl,
 or is pyridinyl, unsubstituted or substituted by CF₃,
 or is -C(O)-phenyl;
 R⁷ is hydrogen or lower alkoxy;
 R⁸ is phenyl, lower alkyl or -C(O)O-lower alkyl;

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- R⁹ is hydrogen or S(O)₂-lower alkyl;
R¹⁰ is hydrogen or cycloalkyl;
X is -CH₂- or -C(O)-;
p is 1 or 2;
5 n is 1, 2 or 3;
o is 1 or 2;
or to a pharmaceutically suitable acid addition salt thereof.

The invention includes all stereoisomeric forms, including individual diastereoisomers and enantiomers of the compound of formula (I) as well as racemic and
10 non-racemic mixtures thereof.

It has been found that the present compounds are high potential NK-3 receptor antagonists for the treatment of depression, pain, psychosis, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, anxiety and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

The three main mammalian tachykinins, substance P (SP), neurokinin A
15 (NKA) and neurokinin B (NKB) belong to the family of neuropeptides sharing the common COOH-terminal pentapeptide sequence of Phe-X-Gly-Leu-Met-NH₂. As neurotransmitters, these peptides exert their biological activity via three distinct neurokinin (NK) receptors termed as NK-1, NK-2 and NK-3. SP binds preferentially to the NK-1 receptor, NKA to the NK-2 and NKB to the NK-3 receptor.

20 The NK-3 receptor is characterized by a predominant expression in CNS and its involvement in the modulation of the central monoaminergic system has been shown. These properties make the NK-3 receptor a potential target for central nervous system disorders such as anxiety, depression, bipolar disorders, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia and pain (*Neurosci. Letters*, 2000, 283, 185 -188; *Exp. Opin. Ther. Patents*
25 2000, 10, 939-960; *Neuroscience*, 1996, 74, 403-414; *Neuropeptides*, 1998, 32, 481-488).

Schizophrenia is one of the major neuropsychiatric disorders, characterized by severe and chronic mental impairment. This devastating disease affects about 1 % of the world's population. Symptoms begin in early adulthood and are followed by a period of
30 interpersonal and social dysfunction. Schizophrenia manifests as auditory and visual hallucinations, paranoia, delusions (positive symptoms), blunted affect, depression, anhedonia, poverty of speech, memory and attention deficits as well as social withdrawal (negative symptoms).

For decades scientists and clinicians have made efforts with the aim of
35 discovering an ideal agent for the pharmacological treatment of schizophrenia. However,

the complexity of the disorders, due to a wide array of symptoms, has hampered those efforts. There are no specific focal characteristics for the diagnosis of schizophrenia and no single symptom is consistently present in all patients. Consequently, the diagnosis of schizophrenia as a single disorder or as a variety of different disorders has been discussed but not yet resolved. The major difficulty in the development of a new drug for schizophrenia is the lack of knowledge about the cause and nature of this disease. Some neurochemical hypotheses have been proposed on the basis of pharmacological studies to rationalize the development of a corresponding therapy: the dopamine, the serotonin and the glutamate hypotheses. But taking into account the complexity of schizophrenia, an appropriate multireceptor affinity profile might be required for efficacy against positive and negative signs and symptoms. Furthermore, an ideal drug against schizophrenia would preferably have a low dosage allowing once-per-day dosage, due to the low adherence of schizophrenic patients.

In recent years clinical studies with selective NK1 and NK2 receptor antagonists appeared in the literature showing results for the treatment of emesis, depression, anxiety, pain and migraine (NK1) and asthma (NK2 and NK1). The most exciting data were produced in the treatment of chemotherapy-induced emesis, nausea and depression with NK1 and in asthma with NK2- receptor antagonists. In contrast, no clinical data on NK3 receptor antagonists have appeared in the literature until 2000. Osanetant (SR 142,801) from Sanofi-Synthelabo was the first identified potent and selective non-peptide antagonist described for the NK3 tachykinin receptor for the potential treatment of schizophrenia, which was reported in the literature (*Current Opinion in Investigational Drugs*, 2001,2(7), 950-956 and *Psychiatric Disorders Study 4, Schizophrenia*, June 2003, *Decision Resources, Inc., Waltham, Massachusetts*). The proposed drug SR 142,801 has been shown in a phase II trial as active on positive symptoms of schizophrenia, such as altered behaviour, delusion, hallucinations, extreme emotions, excited motor activity and incoherent speech, but inactive in the treatment of negative symptoms, which are depression, anhedonia, social isolation or memory and attention deficits.

The neurokinin-3 receptor antagonists have been described as useful in pain or inflammation, as well as in schizophrenia, *Exp. Opin. Ther. Patents* (2000), 10(6), 939-960 and *Current Opinion in Investigational Drugs*, 2001, 2(7), 950-956 956 and *Psychiatric Disorders Study 4, Schizophrenia*, June 2003, *Decision Resources, Inc., Waltham, Massachusetts*).

Objects of the present invention are novel compounds of formula I, their manufacture, medicaments based on a compound in accordance with the invention and their production as well as the use of compounds of formula I in the control or

prevention of illnesses such as depression, pain, bipolar disorders, psychosis, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, anxiety and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

The preferred indications using the compounds of the present invention are depression, psychosis, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, anxiety and attention deficit
5 hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

The following definitions of the general terms used in the present description apply irrespective of whether the terms in question appear alone or in combination.

As used herein, the term "lower alkyl" denotes a straight- or branched-chain alkyl group containing from 1-8 carbon atoms, for example, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl,
10 n-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl and the like. Preferred lower alkyl groups are groups with 1-4 carbon atoms.

The term "lower alkyl substituted by halogen" denotes an alkyl group as defined above, wherein at least one hydrogen atom is replaced by halogen, for example -CF₃, -CHF₂, -CH₂F, -CH₂CF₃, -CH₂CH₂CF₃, -CH₂CF₂CF₃ and the like. Preferred lower alkyl
15 substituted by halogen groups are groups having 1-4 carbon atoms.

The term "lower alkoxy" denotes a group wherein the alkyl residue is as defined above and which is attached via an oxygen atom, for example, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, n-butoxy, i-butoxy, 2-butoxy, t-butoxy and the like. Preferred alkoxy groups are groups with 1-4 carbon atoms.

20 The term "lower alkoxy substituted by halogen" denotes a group wherein the alkyl residue is as defined above "lower alkyl substituted by halogen" and which is attached via an oxygen atom. Preferred lower alkoxy substituted by halogen groups are groups having 1-4 carbon atoms.

The term "halogen" denotes chlorine, iodine, fluorine and bromine.

25 The term "cycloalkyl" denotes a saturated carbon ring containing from 3-7 carbon atoms, for example, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, and the like.

The term "pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts" embraces salts with inorganic and organic acids, such as hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, sulfuric acid,
30 phosphoric acid, citric acid, formic acid, fumaric acid, maleic acid, acetic acid, succinic acid, tartaric acid, methanesulfonic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid and the like.

Compounds of formula I, wherein X is $-\text{CH}_2-$ are preferred. Especially preferred compounds from this group are those, wherein R^3/R^4 form together with the N-atom to which they are attached a piperazine ring, which is substituted by R^6 .

The preferred R^6 -substitution is phenyl, substituted by cyano, for example the following compounds:

- 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
- 2-(4-{(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile,
- 10 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,5-dimethoxy-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
- 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
- 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-
- 15 carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
- 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
- 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
- 20 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
- 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-2-fluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
- 2-{4-[4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile or
- 25 2-{4-[(2S,4R)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile.

A further preferred R^6 -substitution is phenyl, substituted by CF_3 , for example the following compounds:

- 30 [(2S, 4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2, 4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone,
- {(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidin-2-yl}-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone,
- [(2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone or
- 35

[(2S, 4R)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone.

Further preferred R⁶-substitution is phenyl, substituted by halogen, for example the following compounds:

- 5 [(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone or
[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-chloro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone.

- A further preferred R⁶-substitution is phenyl, unsubstituted or substituted by lower
10 alkoxy, for example the following compounds:

[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-(4-phenyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone or
[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone.

- 15 Preferred are further compounds of formula I, wherein X is -CH₂- and R³/R⁴ form together with the N-atom to which they are attached the group 3,4-dihydro-1H-isoquinolin, substituted by R⁷, for example the following compound:
[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-(6,7-dimethoxy-3,4-dihydro-1H-isoquinolin-2-yl)-methanone.

- 20 Further preferred compounds are those, wherein X is -C(O)-, for example the following compounds:

- N-{(3S, 5S)-1-benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-2-chloro-benzamide,
N-{(3S,5S)-1-benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-3,5-
25 dichloro-benzamide,
N-{(3S,5S)-1-benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-2-trifluoromethyl-benzamide or
N-{(3S,5S)-1-benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-2-methoxy-benzamide.

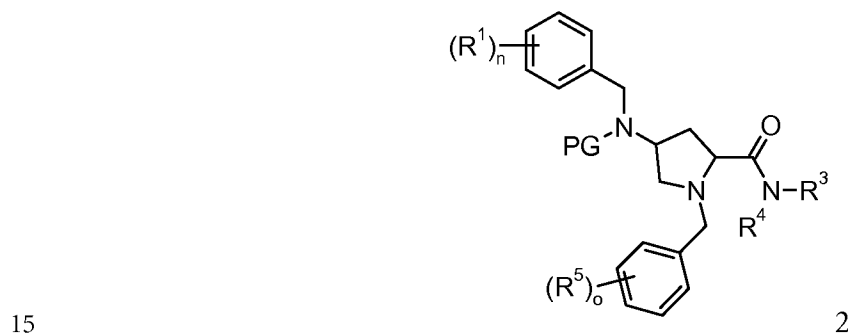
- 30 The preparation of compounds of formula I of the present invention may be carried out in sequential or convergent synthetic routes. Syntheses of the compounds of the invention are shown in the following schemes. The skills required for carrying out the reaction and purification of the resulting products are known to those skilled in the art.

The substituents and indices used in the following description of the processes have the significance given herein before unless indicated to the contrary.

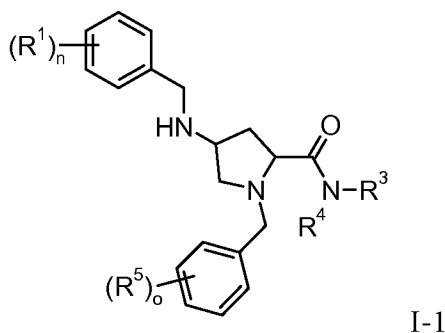
The compounds of formula I can be manufactured by the methods given below, by the methods given in the examples or by analogous methods. Appropriate reaction
 5 conditions for the individual reaction steps are known to a person skilled in the art. The reaction sequence is not limited to the one displayed in scheme 1, however, depending on the starting materials and their respective reactivity the sequence of reaction steps can be freely altered. Starting materials are either commercially available or can be prepared by
 10 methods analogous to the methods given below, by methods described in references cited in the description or in the examples, or by methods known in the art.

The present compounds of formula I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts may be prepared by methods, known in the art, for example by the process described below, which process comprises

a) cleaving off a protecting group from a compound of formula



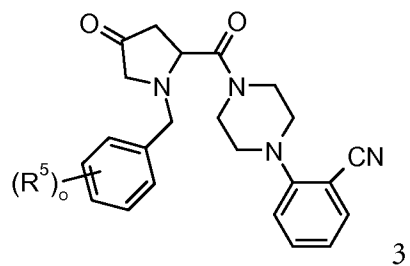
to a compound of formula



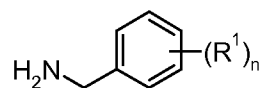
wherein the protecting group is selected from the group consisting of tertbutoxycarbonyl or carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester, and the other substituents are as described
 20 above, or

b) reacting a compound of formula

- 8 -

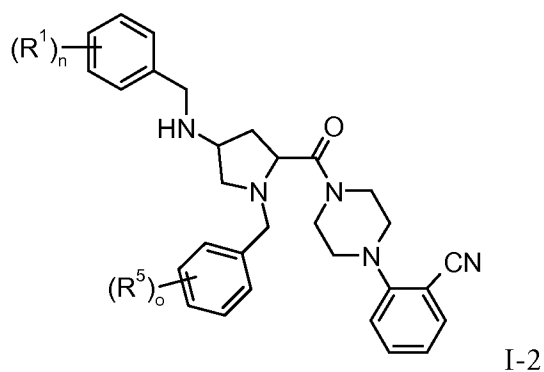


with a compound of formula



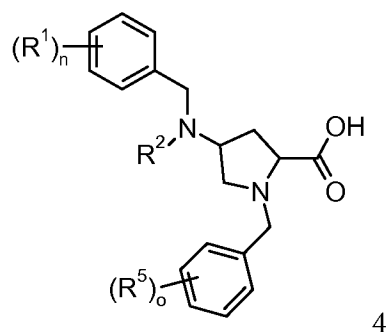
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to a compound of formula



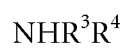
wherein the substituents are as described above, or

c) reacting a compound of formula



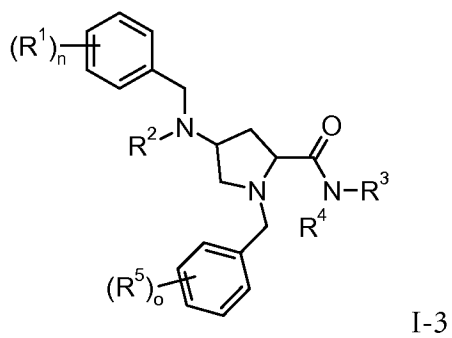
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with an amine of formula



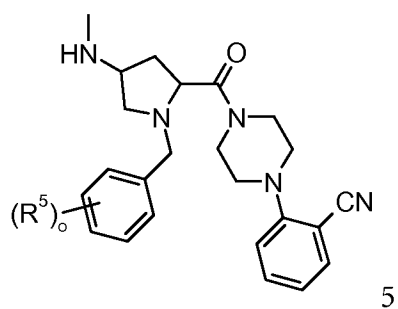
15 to a compound of formula

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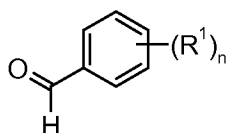


wherein the substituents are as described above, or

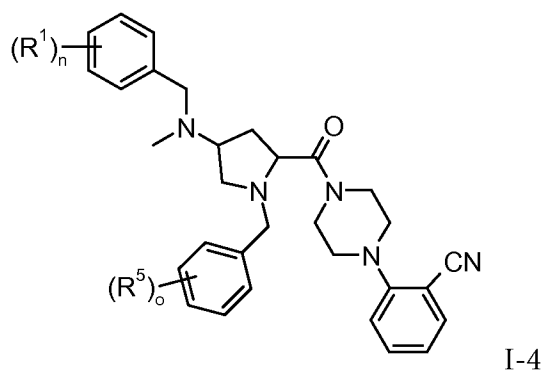
d) reacting a compound of formula



5 with a compound of formula



to a compound of formula

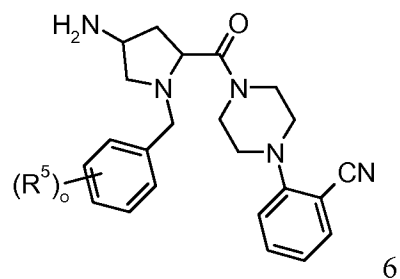


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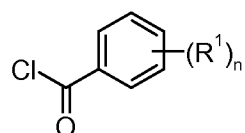
wherein the substituents are as described above, or

e) reacting a compound of formula

- 10 -

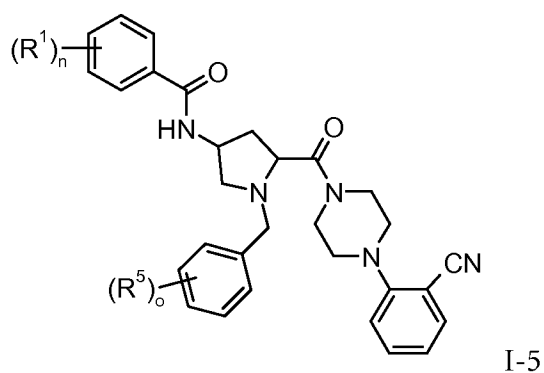


with a compound of formula



5

to a compound of formula



wherein the substituents are as described above,

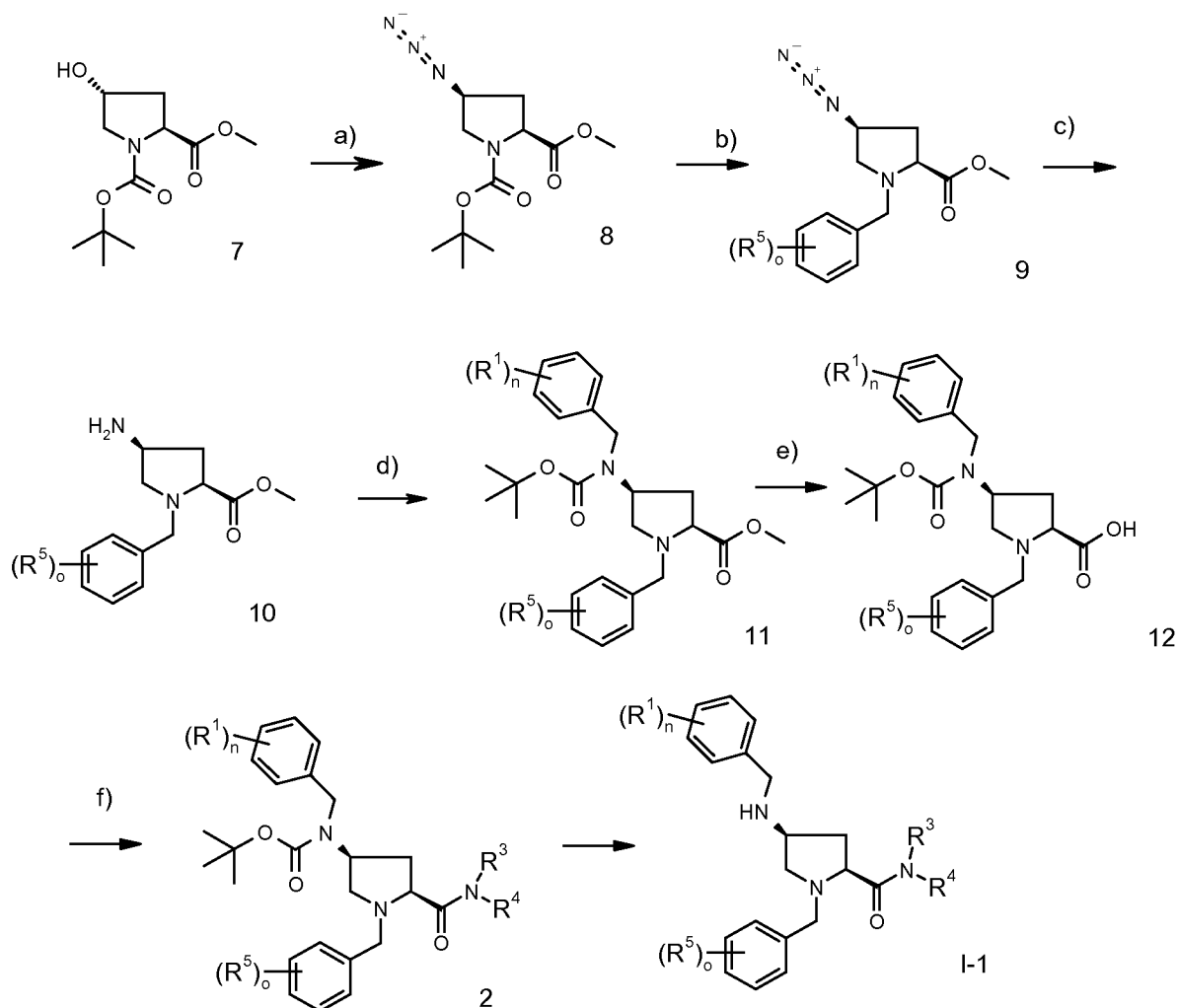
and, if desired, converting a compound of formula I into a pharmaceutically acceptable
10 salt.

The preparation of compounds of formula I is further described in more detail in
schemes 1 – 7 and in examples 1 – 98.

15

20

Scheme 1



- a)** To a solution of trans-N-Boc-4-hydroxy-L-proline methyl ester (**7**) in pyridine and dry DCM at 0° C is added 4-methyl-benzenesulfonyl chloride. After adding, the mixture is refluxed overnight. The solvent is evaporated and then the residue is dissolved in CH₂Cl₂. After removal of solvent, the crude 4-(toluene-4-sulfonyloxy)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester is obtained, which is used in the following reaction without further purification.
- b)** To a solution of 4-(toluene-4-sulfonyloxy)-pyrrolidine-1, 2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester thus obtained above in dry DMF is added NaN₃ in one portion, and the reaction mixture is stirred at about 50 °C for 5 h. The resulting mixture is purified to give 4-azido-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (**8**).
- c)** A mixture of 4-azido-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester in CF₃COOH/CH₂Cl₂ is stirred overnight at room temperature. To a solution of the obtained product in DCM is added a corresponding unsubstituted or halogen-

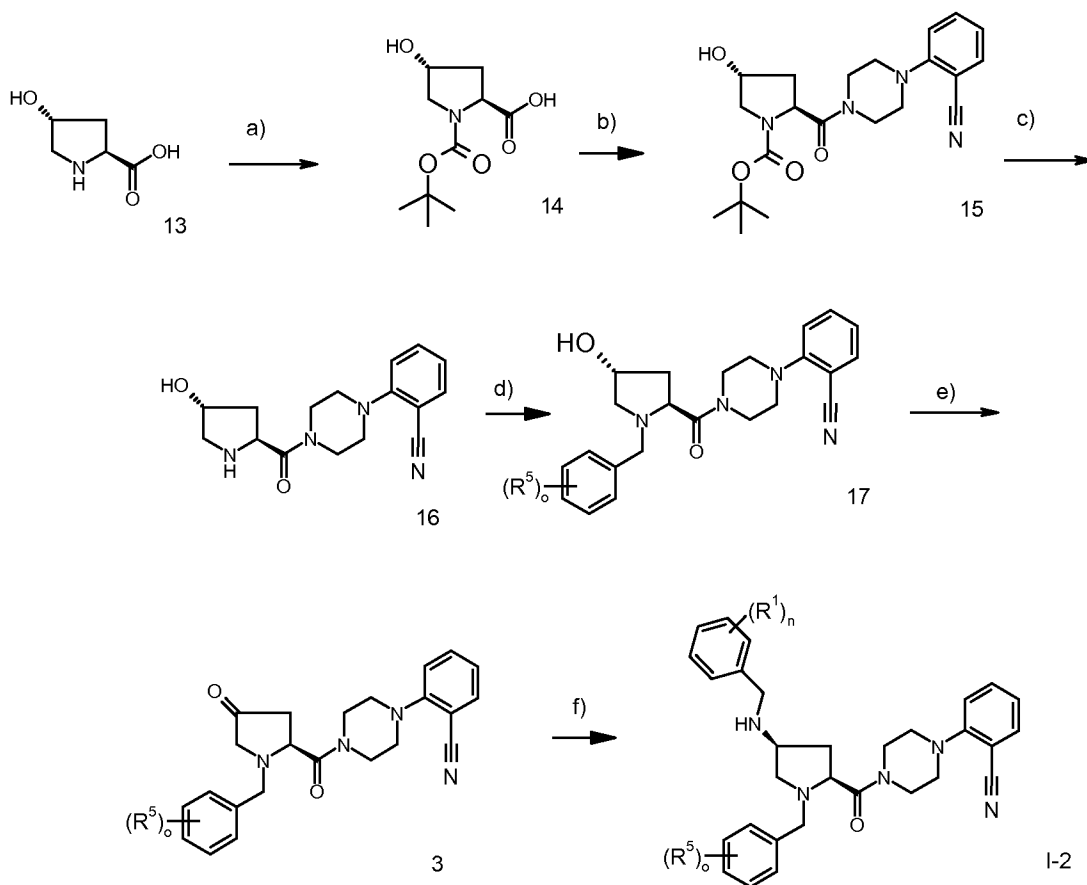
substituted benzaldehyde, acetic acid and $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$. After stirred overnight, the reaction mixture is purified to afford the corresponding product 4-azido-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (9).

- c) To a solution of 4-azido-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (9) in THF under N_2 is added triphenylphosphine and water. The mixture is refluxed with stirring for about 6 h. After removal of THF, the residue is dissolved in Et_2O , treated with HCl, stirred for 5 min, and extracted with Et_2O . The aqueous solution is then treated with NaHCO_3 and extracted, dried and concentrated to afford product 4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (10).
- d) To a solution of (10) and a benzaldehyde (unsubstituted or substituted by R^1) in DCM are added MgSO_4 , AcOH, and then NaBH_3CN . The reaction mixture is stirred overnight, and then diluted with DCM. The organic solution is washed with NaHCO_3 , dried and concentrated. The residue is dissolved in water, treated with $(\text{Boc})_2\text{O}$, and then stirred overnight. The reaction mixture is extracted with DCM, dried, and concentrated to give product 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2carboxylic acid methyl ester (11).

- e) To a solution of 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (11) in CH_3OH is added LiOH, and the solution is stirred overnight at rt. After removal of solvent, the residue is dissolved in water, acidified until PH=5, and then extrated with EA, and concentrated to afford the product 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2carboxylic acid (12).

- f) The mixture of (12), N-hydroxybenzotriazole and 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, triethylamine in dry dichloromethane is stirred overnight at rt, and then treated with trifluoroacetic acid. The resulting mixture is stirred at room temperature for another 5 h and concentrated. The residue was purified to afford the compound of formula I-1.

Scheme 2



a) A solution of L-hydroxyproline in Na_2CO_3 is added dropwise to a solution of Boc-anhydride in THF/dioxane, and the mixture is stirred overnight. After removal of THF, the mixture is then washed with Et_2O , cooled to 0 degree, and acidified to $\text{pH} = 2$ with HCl. The solution is extracted and the organic layer is dried and concentrated to afford 4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester (14).

b) The mixture of 4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester, EDC.HCl, HOBt, 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile and Et_3N in DCM is stirred overnight. After removal of solvent, the residue is purified to afford the product 2-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (15).

c) 2-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester is dissolved in DCM/ CF_3COOH and stirred overnight. The solution is concentrated to afford 2-[4-(4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazine-1-yl]-benzonitrile (16).

d) 2-[4-(4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazine-1-yl]-benzonitrile is dissolved in DCM, and then benzaldehyde (unsubstituted or substituted by R^5) and $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$ is added. After stirred overnight, the reaction mixture is diluted with DCM, washed with

NaHCO₃, dried, concentrated and purified to afford the corresponding 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (17).

e) Oxalyl chloride is added dropwise to a solution of anhydrous DCM and DMSO at -78 degree. The reaction mixture is allowed to stirred for about 30 min, then a solution of alcohol in DCM is added to keep the reaction temperature below -60 degree. Upon complete addition the reaction mixture is allowed to stir at -78 degree for about 2h; then triethylamine is added. After complete addition, the mixture is allowed to be warmed to RT, and stirred overnight. After water is added to the reaction mixture, the pH is adjusted to 10 with NaHCO₃, and the product is extracted, washed, dried concentrated to afford 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (3).

f) 2-[4-(1-Benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile and 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine are dissolved in DCM, then acetic acid and NaBH(OAc)₃ is added. After stirred for about 3 hours the reaction mixture is diluted, washed, dried and concentrated to afford 2-{4-[(2S, 4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3, 5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile (I-2).

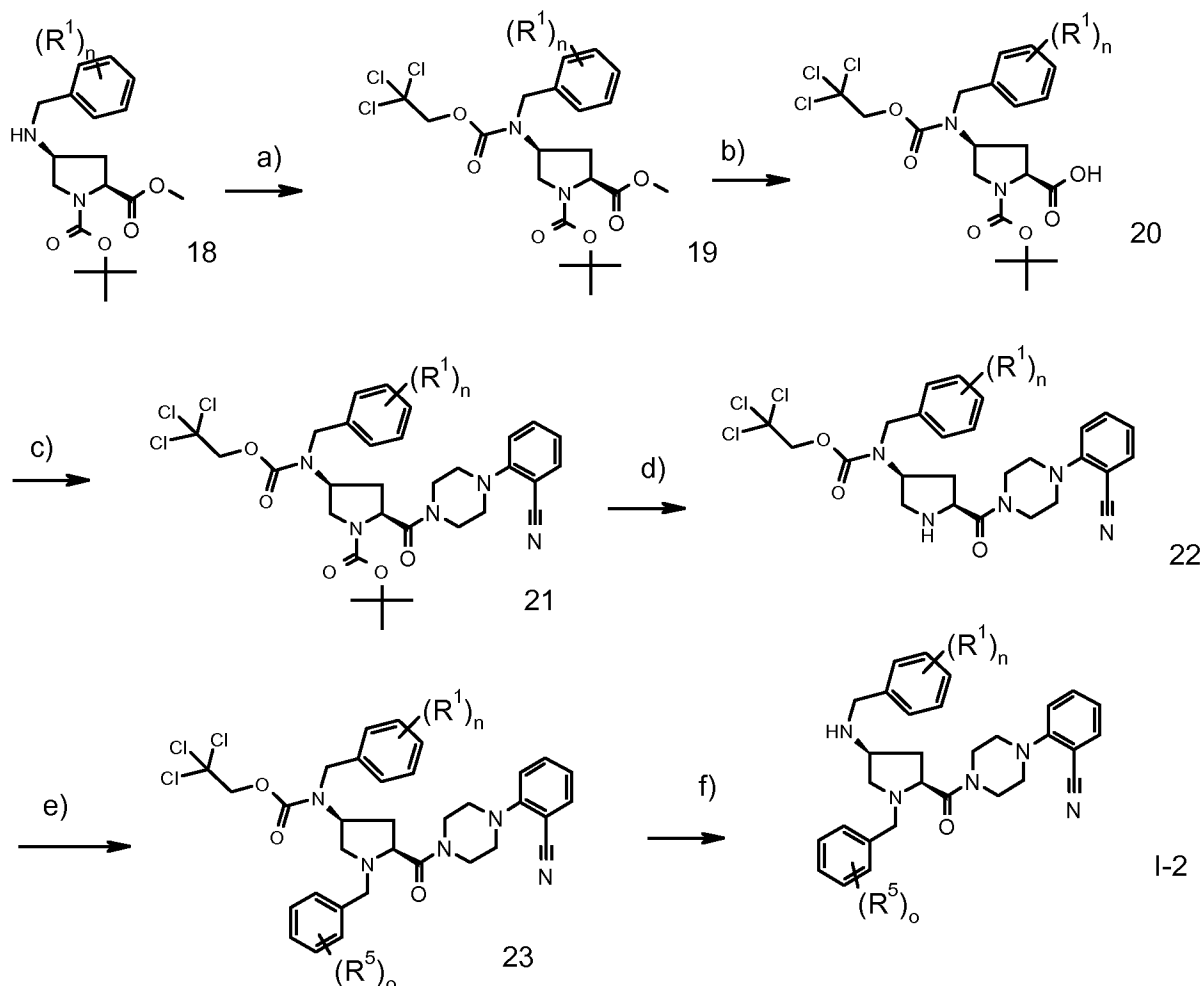
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Scheme 3



- 5 a) To a solution of a corresponding 4-[(benzylamino)]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester in DCM, cooled to 0 degree is added TrocCl and TEA. The mixture is stirred overnight, washed with Na₂CO₃, brine, dried and concentrated in vacuo to give 4-[(benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)]-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (19).

10

- b) To a solution of 4-[(benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)]-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester in MeOH, cooled to 0 degree is added LiOH, and the mixture is stirred overnight. After removal of the solvent, the residue is acidified with HCl. The aqueous layer is extracted with EA, and the organic solution is
- 15 dried, concentrated and purified to afford 4-[(benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)]-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester (20).

- c) To a solution of 4-[(benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)]-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester, HOBt, 1-(2-cyanophenyl)piperazine in DCM are

added Et₃N and EDC.HCl. The mixture is stirred overnight, then washed with citric acid, Na₂CO₃, brine, dried and concentrated to give 2-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-4-[(benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (21).

5

d) A mixture of 2-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-4-[(benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester and CF₃COOH are stirred at rt for about 5h, and then concentrated to give {5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-(benzyl)-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester (22).

e) A mixture of {5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-(benzyl)-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester, a corresponding benzaldehyde and acetic acid (cat.) in DCM is stirred for 20 min, and then NaBH(OAc)₃ is added. The reaction mixture is stirred overnight, and is concentrated to give {1-(benzyl)-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester (23).

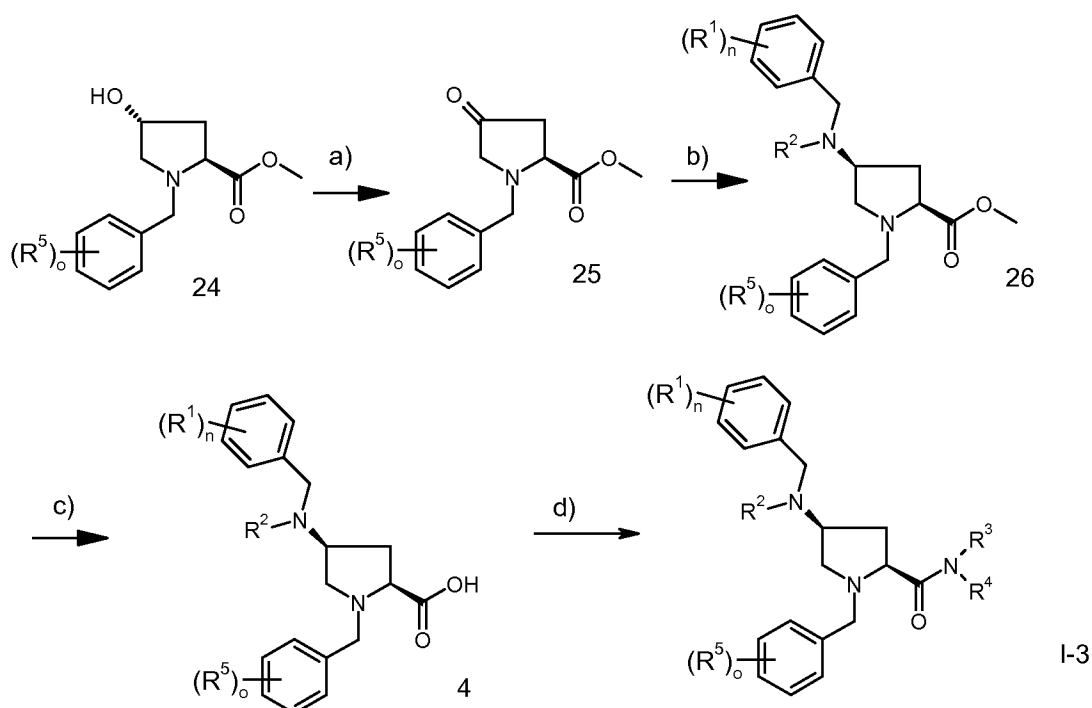
f) {1-(Benzyl)-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester and Zn is dissolved in MeOH, and PH is adjust to 5-6 using acetic acid. The mixture is heated to reflux and stirred for about 30 min. After removal of methanol, the residue is purified to afford final product of formula I-2.

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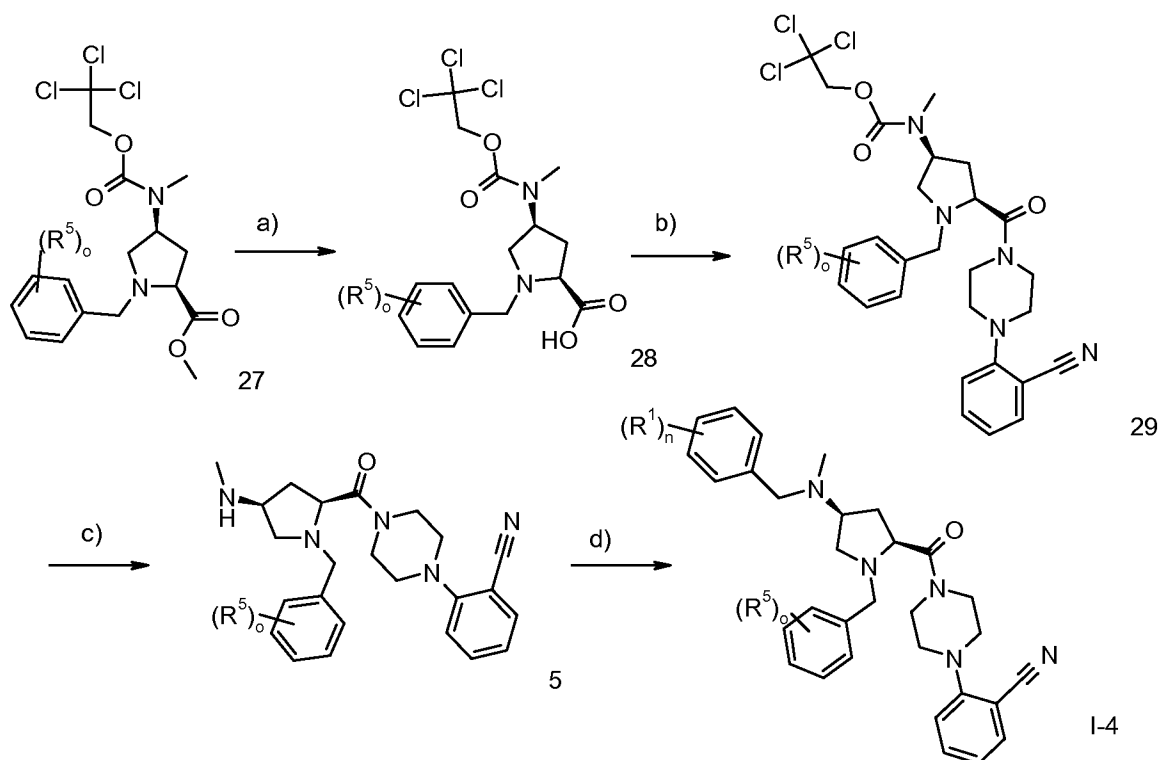
Scheme 4



- a) A solution of a corresponding 1-benzyl-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester in DCM, cooled at 0 °C is treated with trichloroisocyanuric acid and TEMPO, and then the reaction mixture is stirred at 0 °C for about 1 h. The mixture is diluted with DCM and washed with NaHCO₃, HCl, and brine. The organic layer is dried and concentrated to afford the product 1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (25)
- b) 1-Benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester and a corresponding benzylamine are dissolved in DCM, acetic acid and NaBH(OAc)₃ is then added. After stirred for about 3 hours the reaction mixture is diluted with DCM, washed, dried and concentrated. The residue is purified to afford 1-benzyl-4-(benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (26).
- c) 1-Benzyl-4-(benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester and LiOH are dissolved in THF/H₂O, and then stirred overnight. After removal of solvent, the residue is neutralized to PH= 6-7, and then extracted by EA. The organic layer is washed with water and brine, dried, and concentrated to afford 1-benzyl-4-(benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (4).
- d) The mixture of 1-benzyl-4-(benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid, 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimide hydrochloride, N-hydroxybenzotriazole, a

corresponding amine of formula NHR^3R^4 , triethylamine in dichloromethane is stirred overnight, and then concentrated. The residue is purified to afford a compound of formula I-3.

Scheme 5



5

a) To a solution of (2S, 4S)-1-benzyl-4-[methyl-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester in THF and methanol is added NaOH in water, and the reaction mixture is stirred overnight, and extracted with EA. The aqueous solution is acidified to pH 5-6 and extracted with EA. The organic phase is washed, dried and concentrated to give 1-benzyl-4-[methyl-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (28).

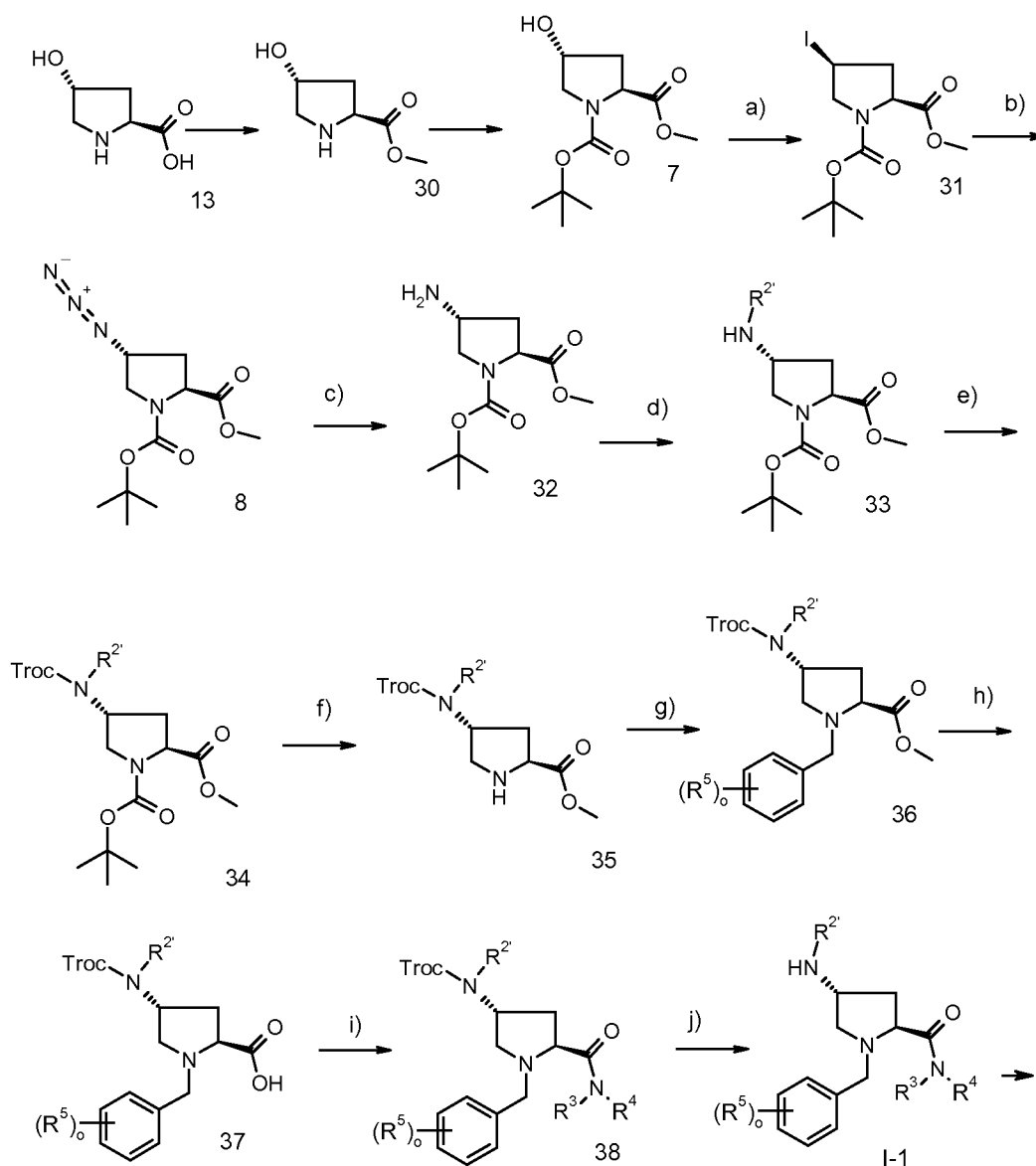
b) A mixture of 1-benzyl-4-[methyl-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid, 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, EDC and HOBT in CH_2Cl_2 is stirred for 5 min, then Et_3N is added, and the reaction mixture is stirred at rt for about 12h. After purification (1-benzyl-5-{1-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-carbonyl}-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester (29) is obtained.

c) To a mixture of (1-benzyl-5-{1-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-carbonyl}-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester and Zn in CH_2Cl_2 is added 5 drop of AcOH, and the mixture is stirred for about 2h. After removal of the Zn

power, the product is purified to afford 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-methylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (5).

- d) To a mixture of 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-methylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile and a corresponding benzaldehyde in CH_2Cl_2 and stirring at rt, it is added $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$ and NEt_3 , and then the resulting mixture is stirred overnight. After purification 2-(4-{1-benzyl-4-[(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile is obtained (I-4).

Scheme 6



10

wherein $\text{R}^{2'}$ is $-\text{CH}_2\text{-phenyl}$, substituted by $(\text{R}^1)_n$.

- a) To a round-bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stir bar and an addition funnel under N_2 is added N-Boc-L-trans-4-hydroxy-proline methyl ester, PPh_3 and anhydrous

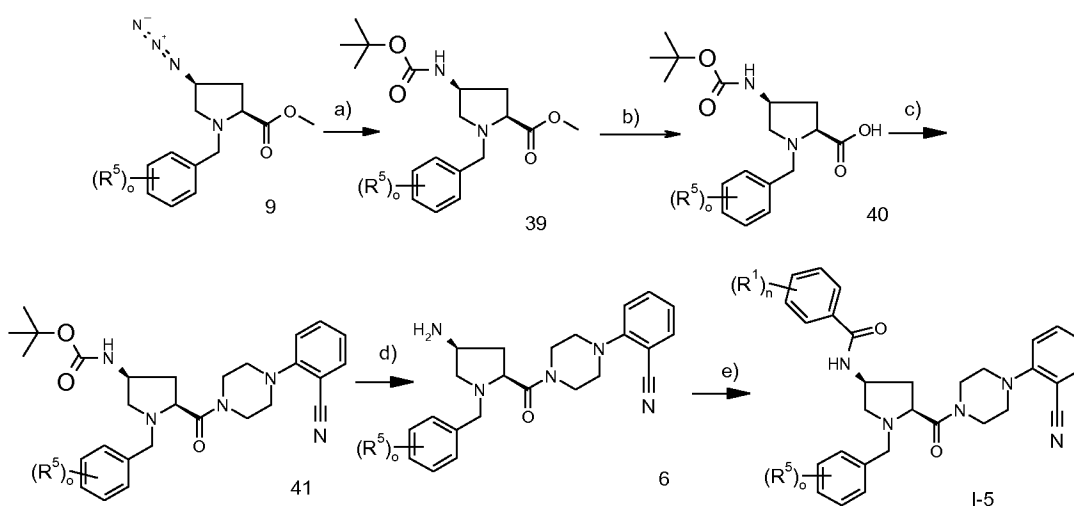
THF. The solution is cooled to 0 centigrade, DEAD in THF is added; followed by the addition of MeI. The reaction mixture is allowed to warm to ambient temperature and stirred for about 10 hours. The solvent is removed and the crude product is purified to afford 4-iodo-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (31).

- 5 b) To a solution of 4-iodo-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester in DMF is added NaN_3 , the resulting mixture is heated to about 65 centigrade and stirred overnight. The mixture is diluted, extracted and dried. After removal of solvent, the residue is purified to give 4-azido-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl (8).
- 10 c) A solution of 4-azido-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester, THF and PPh_3 and water is refluxed for about 6 hours and then concentrated. The residue is dissolved in Et_2O and treated with HCl. The aqueous layer is extracted, washed, dried and concentrated to afford 4-amino-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (32).
- 15 d) To a solution of 4-amino-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester, dissolved in DCM and cooled to 0 centigrade is added a corresponding benzaldehyde, then $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$ and 5 drops of HOAc. The mixture is warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. The mixture is diluted with DCM, washed with brine, and dried. After removal of solvent, the crude 4-(benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-1,2-
- 20 dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester is obtained (33) and used for the next step without further purification.
- e) To a solution of 4-(benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester in DCM, cooled to 0 centigrade it is added TrocCl, followed by Et_3N . The mixture is stirred overnight at room temperature and concentrated. The residue was
- 25 purified to give 4-[(benzyl)-troc-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (34).
- f) To a solution of 4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-troc-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester in DCM, cooled to 0 centigrade it is added TFA. The mixture is stirred for 30 minutes, washed and dried. The organic layer is concentrated to
- 30 give the crude 4-[(benzyl)-troc-amino]-pyrrolidine methyl ester (35).
- g) To a solution of 4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-troc-amino]-pyrrolidine methyl ester in DCM, cooled to 0 centigrade, it is added a corresponding benzaldehyde, $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$ and 5 drops of HOAc. The resulting mixture is warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction solution is washed with brine, dried and concentrated to give the
- 35 crude 1-benzyl-4-[(benzyl)-troc-amino]-pyrrolidine methyl ester (36).

h) To a solution of 1-benzyl-4-[(benzyl)-troch-amino]-pyrrolidine methyl ester in methanol is added LiOH. The mixture is stirred overnight, acidified to PH=5, and extracted with DCM. The organic layer is dried and concentrated to give the crude 1-benzyl-4-[(benzyl)-troch-amino]-pyrrolidine carboxylic acid (37).

- 5 i) A mixture of 1-benzyl-4-[(benzyl)-troch-amino]-pyrrolidine carboxylic acid, EDCI, HOBT, Et₃N and a corresponding phenylpiperazine in DCM is stirred at room temperature overnight. Concentration of the mixture give the crude 1-benzyl-[4-(benzyl)-troch-amino]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone (38).
- 10 j) To a solution of {1-benzyl-[4-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-troch-amino]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone in MeOH is added Zn dust and 5 drops of HOAc, and the mixture is refluxed overnight. The final compound of formula I-1 is obtained.

Scheme 7



15

- a) To a solution of 4-azido-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester in THF is added triphenylphosphine and water under N₂. The mixture is refluxed with stirring for about 6 h. After removal of the solvent, the residue is dissolved in Et₂O, treated with HCl, stirred for another 5 min. The solution is extracted with Et₂O, then the aqueous layer is
- 20 neutralized with NaHCO₃ until PH >10, and extracted with DCM. The solvent is removed, then dissolved in H₂O, treated with (Boc)₂O and stirred overnight. The product is then extracted into EA, which is washed with water and brine, dried, and concentrated to afford the title product 1-benzyl-4-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (39).
- 25 b) 1-Benzyl-4-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic methyl ester and LiOH are dissolved in THF/H₂O, and the resulting mixture is stirred for about 5 hours at

room temperature. After removal of the solvent, the PH is adjusted to 6-7. The solid is collected and dried to afford 1-benzyl-4-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (40).

c) The mixture of 1-benzyl-4-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid, 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimidehydrochloride, N-hydroxybenzotriazole, 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile and triethylamine in DCM is stirred overnight. The crude product is purified to afford {1-benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidine-3-yl}carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (41).

d) {1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidine-3-yl}carbamic acid tert-butyl ester is dissolved in DCM/CF₃COOH and stirred overnight. After removal of solvent, the residue is treated with NaHCO₃ and extracted. The organic layer is dried and concentrated to afford 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (6).

e) To a mixture of 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile and a corresponding benzoyl chloride in DCM, triethylamine is added, and the resulting mixture is stirred overnight and then concentrated. The residue is purified to afford the compound of formula I-5.

The salt formation is effected at room temperature in accordance with methods which are known per se and which are familiar to any person skilled in the art. Not only salts with inorganic acids, but also salts with organic acids come into consideration.

Hydrochlorides, hydrobromides, sulphates, nitrates, citrates, acetates, maleates, succinates, methan-sulphonates, p-toluenesulphonates and the like are examples of such salts.

Abbreviations

- DCM = dichloromethane;
DMF = *N,N*-dimethylformamide;
HPLC = high-performance liquid chromatography;
MS = mass spectroscopy;
THF = tetrahydrofurane;
EA = ethyl acetate
EDC = 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide
TEA = triethylamine
TEMPO = 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidine 1-oxyl
HOBT = 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate
DEAD = diethyl azodicarboxylate

TrocCl = 2,2,2-trichloroethoxy carbonyl chloride

TFA = trifluoroacetic acid

EDCI = 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide

As mentioned earlier, the compounds of formula I and their pharmaceutically
5 usable addition salts possess valuable pharmacological properties. It has been found that
the compounds of the present invention are antagonists of neurokinin 3 (NK-3)
receptors. The compounds were investigated in accordance with the tests given
hereinafter.

Experimental procedure

10 The compounds were investigated in accordance with the tests given hereinafter.

[³H]SR142801 competition binding assay

hNK3 receptor binding experiment were performed using [³H]SR142801 (Catalog No.
TRK1035, specific activity: 74.0 Ci/mmol, Amersham, GE Healthcare UK limited,
Buckinghamshire, UK) and membrane isolated from HEK293 cells transiently expressing
15 recombinant human NK3 receptor. After thawing, the membrane homogenates were
centrifuged at 48,000 X g for 10 min at 4 °C, the pellets were resuspended in the 50 mM
Tris-HCl, 4 mM MnCl₂, 1 μM phosphoramidon, 0.1 % BSA binding buffer at pH 7.4 to a
final assay concentration of 5 μg protein/well. For inhibition experiments, membranes
were incubated with [³H]SR142801 at a concentration equal to K_D value of radioligand
20 and 10 concentrations of the inhibitory compound (0.0003-10 μM) (in a total reaction
volume of 500 μl) for 75 min at room temperature (RT). At the end of the incubation,
membranes were filtered onto unitfilter (96-well white microplate with bonded GF/C
filter preincubated 1 h in 0.3% PEI + 0.3% BSA, Packard BioScience, Meriden, CT) with
a Filtermate 196 harvester (Packard BioScience) and washed 4 times with ice-cold 50 mM
25 Tris-HCl, pH 7.4 buffer. Nonspecific binding was measured in the presence of 10 μM
SB222200 for both radioligands. The radioactivity on the filter was counted (5 min) on a
Packard Top-count microplate scintillation counter with quenching correction after
addition of 45 μl of microscint 40 (Canberra Packard S.A., Zürich, Switzerland) and
shaking for 1 h. Inhibition curves were fitted according to the Hill equation: $y =$
30 $100/(1+(x/IC_{50})^{n_H})$, where n_H = slope factor using Excel-fit 4 software (Microsoft). IC₅₀
values were derived from the inhibition curve and the affinity constant (K_i) values were
calculated using the Cheng-Prussoff equation $K_i = IC_{50}/(1+[L]/K_D)$ where [L] is the
concentration of radioligand and K_D is its dissociation constant at the receptor, derived

from the saturation isotherm. All experiments were performed in duplicate and the mean $\pm$ standard error (SEM) of the individual K_i values was calculated.

Some results of preferred compounds with a good hNK-3 receptor affinity were
5 shown in the following table 1.

Table 1

Example	Data [μ M]	Example	Data [μ M]
1	0.0122	38	0.058
5	0.0376	40	0.071
7	0.063	45	0.0279
8	0.0648	48	0.029
10	0.0567	49	0.048
12	0.0235	54	0.047
13	0.0394	62	0.039
32	0.0644	68	0.0412
34	0.044	87	0.052
36	0.0948	88	0.097

The compounds of formula (I) as well as their pharmaceutically usable acid
addition salts can be used as medicaments, e.g. in the form of pharmaceutical
10 preparations. The pharmaceutical preparations can be administered orally, e.g. in the
form of tablets, coated tablets, dragées, hard and soft gelatine capsules, solutions,
emulsions or suspensions. The administration can, however, also be effected rectally, e.g.
in the form of suppositories, or parenterally, e.g. in the form of injection solutions.

The compounds of formula (I) and their pharmaceutically usable acid addition salts
15 can be processed with pharmaceutically inert, inorganic or organic excipients for the

production of tablets, coated tablets, dragees and hard gelatine capsules. Lactose, corn starch or derivatives thereof, talc, stearic acid or its salts etc can be used as such excipients e.g. for tablets, dragées and hard gelatine capsules.

Suitable excipients for soft gelatine capsules are e.g. vegetable oils, waxes, fats, semi-
5 solid and liquid polyols etc.

Suitable excipients for the manufacture of solutions and syrups are e.g. water, polyols, saccharose, invert sugar, glucose etc.

Suitable excipients for injection solutions are e.g. water, alcohols, polyols, glycerol, vegetable oils etc.

10 Suitable excipients for suppositories are e.g. natural or hardened oils, waxes, fats, semi-liquid or liquid polyols etc.

Moreover, the pharmaceutical preparations can contain preservatives, solubilizers, stabilizers, wetting agents, emulsifiers, sweeteners, colorants, flavorants, salts for varying the osmotic pressure, buffers, masking agents or antioxidants. They can also contain still
15 other therapeutically valuable substances.

The dosage can vary within wide limits and will, of course, be fitted to the individual requirements in each particular case. In general, in the case of oral administration a daily dosage of about 10 to 1000 mg per person of a compound of general formula (I) should be appropriate, although the above upper limit can also be
20 exceeded when necessary.

Example A

Tablets of the following composition are manufactured in the usual manner:

	<u>mg / tablet</u>
Active substance	5
25 Lactose	45
Corn starch	15
Microcrystalline cellulose	34
Magnesium stearate	1
Tablet weight	100

Example B

Capsules of the following composition are manufactured:

	<u>mg / capsule</u>
Active substance	10
5 Lactose	155
Corn starch	30
Talc	5
Capsule fill weight	200

The active substance, lactose and corn starch are firstly mixed in a mixer and then
 10 in a comminuting machine. The mixture is returned to the mixer, the talc is added
 thereto and mixed thoroughly. The mixture is filled by machine into hard gelatine
 capsules.

Example C

Suppositories of the following composition are manufactured:

	<u>mg / supp.</u>
15 Active substance	15
Suppository mass	1285
Total	1300

The suppository mass is melted in a glass or steel vessel, mixed thoroughly and
 20 cooled to 45 °C. Thereupon, the finely powdered active substance is added thereto and
 stirred until it has dispersed completely. The mixture is poured into suppository moulds
 of suitable size, left to cool, the suppositories are then removed from the moulds and
 packed individually in wax paper or metal foil.

The following Examples illustrate the present invention without limiting it. All
 25 temperatures are given in degrees Celsius.

Example 1

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
 piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

a) 4-Azido-pyrrolidine-1, 2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester

30 To a solution of trans-N-Boc-4-hydroxy-L-proline methyl ester (45 g, 0.183 mol) in
 pyridine (140 ml) and dry DCM (140 ml) at 0° C was added dropwise 4-methyl-
 benzenesulfonyl chloride (41.9 g, 0.22 mol). After adding, the mixture was refluxed

overnight. The solvent was evaporated and then the residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (140 ml). The organic phase was washed with water (150 ml), brine (140 mL), and dried over sodium sulphate. After removal of solvent, the crude 4-(toluene-4-sulfonyloxy)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester 73.2g (92 %) was
5 obtained as yellow oil, which was used in the following reaction without further purification.

To a solution of 4-(toluene-4-sulfonyloxy)-pyrrolidine-1, 2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (30 g, 75 mmol) thus obtained above in dry DMF (150 ml) was added NaN_3 (9.5 g, 146.2 mmol) in one portion, and the reaction mixture was stirred at
10 50 °C for 5 h. The resulting mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with water (2x100 ml) and brine (100 ml), dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 . After removal of solvent, the desired product 17.27 g (85 %) 4-azido-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester was obtained as yellow oil. MS $m/e = 271.3$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

b) 4-Azido-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester

A mixture of 4-azido-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (10.0 g, 36 mmol) in $\text{CF}_3\text{COOH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2=1:5$ (50 ml) was stirred overnight at room temperature, and then concentrated to afford product 6.29 g (100 %) as brown oil. To a solution of the brown oil (6.29 g, 37 mmol) in DCM (12 ml) was added benzaldehyde (5.87 g, 55.4 mmol), acetic acid (2.75 g, 46.25 mmol) and $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$ (15.68 g, 74
20 mmol). After stirred overnight, the reaction mixture was diluted with DCM, washed with aq. NaHCO_3 , dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography ($\text{EtOAc}:\text{PE}=1:25$) to afford the title product 4-azido-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester 6.73 g (70 %) as a colorless oil MS $m/e = 261.4$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

c) 4-Amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester

To a solution of 4-azido-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (6 g, 23 mmol) in THF (100 ml) under N_2 was added triphenylphosphine (12.08 g, 46 mmol) and water (1.036 mL, 57.56 mmol). The mixture was refluxed with stirring for 6 h. After removal of THF, the residue was dissolved in Et_2O , treated with 0.15N aqueous HCl,
30 stirred for 5 min, and extracted with Et_2O (2x150 ml). The aqueous solution was then treated with 10 % NaHCO_3 until $\text{pH}>10$, and extracted by DCM (2x100 ml). The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous NaSO_4 , concentrated to afford product 4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester 4.6 g (85 %) as colorless oil. MS $m/e = 235.3$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

d) 1-Benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2carboxylic acid methyl ester

To a solution of 4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (2.89 g, 12.33 mmol) and 2,4-difluorobenzaldehyde (1.64 g, 11.52 mmol) in DCM (25ml) were
5 added MgSO_4 (8.1 g), AcOH (0.5 ml), and then NaBH_3CN (1.09 g, 17.28 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred overnight, and then diluted with DCM. The organic solution was washed with aq. NaHCO_3 , dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in water, treated with $(\text{Boc})_2\text{O}$ (1.09 g, 5 mmol), and then stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was extracted with DCM, dried, and concentrated to give product
10 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2carboxylic acid methyl ester as white solid 1.9 g (36 %). MS $m/e = 461.3$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

e) 1-Benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

To a solution of 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-
15 pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (109 g, 4.13 mmol) in CH_3OH (10 ml) was added LiOH (0.826 g, 20.65 mmol), and the solution was stirred overnight at rt. After removal of solvent, the residue was dissolved in water, acidified until $\text{pH}=5$, and then extracted by EA. The organic phase was washed with water (2x50 mL) and brine (40 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated to afford the product 1-benzyl-4-[tert-
20 butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2carboxylic acid 1.72 g (93 %) as white solid. MS $m/e = 447.4$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

f) 2-{4-[1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

The mixture of 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-
25 pyrrolidine-2carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimide hydrochloride (50.0 mg, 0.268 mmol), N-hydroxybenzotriazole (19.0 mg, 0.134 mmol), and 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile (46.7 mg, 0.25 mmol), triethylamine (0.05 ml) in dry dichloromethane (2 ml) was stirred overnight at rt, and then treated with trifluoroacetic acid (1 mL). The resulting mixture
30 was stirred at room temperature for another 5 h and concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC on reversed phase eluting with an acetonitrile/water [0.1 % aq NH_3 (25 %)] gradient to afford the title compound (6.7 mg, 9.7 %) as a light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 516.4$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 2

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

- 5 As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (5.7 mg, 8.9 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 473.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 3

- 10 [(2S, 4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-isopropyl-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (6.2
15 mg, 9.3 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 457.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 4

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

- As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-
20 amino]-pyrrolidine-2carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(3-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (5.7 mg, 7.5 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 560.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 5

- 25 [(2S, 4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2, 4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (8.2 mg, 11 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 559.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 6

1-(4-{4-[(2S, 4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-phenyl)-ethanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(4-piperazine-1-yl-phenyl)-ethanone instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (5.8 mg, 8.1 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 559.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 7

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-(4-phenyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-phenyl-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (6.3 mg, 9.5 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 491.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 8

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (7.6 mg, 11 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 509.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 9

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3, 4-dichloro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (5.5 mg, 7.0 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 559.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 10

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-chloro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (8.2 mg, 12 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 525.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 11

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (6.8 mg, 9.9 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 509.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 12

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2, 4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (6.1 mg, 8.7 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 521.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 13

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-(6,7-dimethoxy-3,4-dihydro-1H-isoquinolin-2-yl)-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (3.5 mg, 5.0 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 522.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 14

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-(4-phenyl-piperidin-1-yl)-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 4-phenyl-piperidine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (12.5 mg, 8.3 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 490.5 [M+H]⁺.

5

Example 15

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-chloro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2, 4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(3-chloro-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (5.6 mg, 7.9 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 525.4 [M+H]⁺.

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Example 16

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(1,2-dihydro-1-methylsulfonyl-spiroindole-3-yl)-piperidin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1,2-dihydro-1-(methylsulfonyl)spiro[3H-indole-3,4'-piperidine] instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (12.4 mg, 15.5%) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 594.4 [M+H]⁺.

20

Example 17

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(5-chloro-2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(5-chloro-2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (2.6 mg, 3.5 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 555.4 [M+H]⁺.

25

30

Example 18

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(3,

5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (2.3 mg, 3.1 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 551.5 [M+H]^+$.

Example 19

5 [(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2,3-dichloro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(2,3-dichloro-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title
10 compound (1.4 mg, 1.8 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 559.4 [M+H]^+$.

Example 20

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

15 As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (2.7 mg, 3.6 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 559.4 [M+H]^+$.

Example 21

20 [(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-bromo-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(3-bromo-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title
25 compound (12.6 mg, 16 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 569.3 [M+H]^+$.

Example 22

30 [(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (1.7 mg, 2.4 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 521.4 [M+H]^+$.

Example 23

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(4-ethoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(4-ethoxy-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (1.7 mg, 2.4 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 535.5 [M+H]⁺.

Example 24

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-(4-p-tolyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-p-tolyl-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (1.8 mg, 2.6 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 505.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 25

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(3,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (9.7 mg, 14 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 519.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 26

4-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 4-piperazine-1-yl benzonitrile instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (11.8 mg, 17 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 516.5 [M+H]⁺.

Example 27

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 1-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (12.3 mg, 17.6 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 521.4 [M+H]⁺.

5

Example 28

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-(4-methyl-piperidin-1-yl)-methanone

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using 4-methyl-piperidine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title compound (12.5 mg, 24 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 428.5 [M+H]⁺.

10

Example 29

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperidine-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using piperidine-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title product [(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperidine-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (9.7 mg, 16 % yield) as colorless oil. MS m/e = 486.6 [M+H]⁺.

20

Example 30

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

As described for Example 1f, 1-benzyl-4-[tert-butoxycarbonyl-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (60.0 mg, 0.134 mmol) was converted, using piperidine-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile, to the title product [(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperidine-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (8.7 mg, 14 % yield) as colorless oil. MS m/e = 486.6 [M+H]⁺.

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Example 31

2-{4-[(2S, 4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

a) 4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-1, 2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester

- 5 A solution of L-hydroxyproline (10.0 g, 76.2 mmol) in 80 ml of 10 % aq Na₂CO₃ was added dropwise to a solution of Boc-anhydride (15.8 g, 72.4 mmol) in 44 ml of 10:1 THF/dioxane, and the mixture was stirred overnight. After removal of THF, the mixture was then washed with Et₂O, cooled to 0 degree, and acidified carefully to PH= 2 with 3N HCl. The aqueous solution was extracted with EA and the organic layer was dried and
- 10 concentrated to afford 4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-1, 2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester, 12 g (68 %) as yellow oil. MS m/e = 322.1 [M+H]⁺.

b) 2-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester

- The mixture of 4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-1, 2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester
- 15 (3.7 g, 0.016 mol), EDC.HCl (6.14 g, 0.32 mol), HOBT (2.16 g, 0.16 mol), 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile (3 g, 0.16 mmol) and Et₃N (4.85 ml) in dry DCM (50 ml) was stirred overnight. After removal of solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography (EA:PE=1:1) to afford the product 2-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester, 4 g (63 %) as a white solid.
- 20 MS m/e = 401.1 [M+H]⁺.

c) 2-[4-(4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile

- 2-[4-(2-Cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester was dissolved in 50 ml DCM/CF₃COOH (4:1), and stirred overnight. The solution was concentrated to afford product 2-[4-(4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-
- 25 piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile, 2.1 g (100 %) as a brown oil. MS m/e = 301.1 [M+H]⁺.

d) 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-41-yl]-benzonitrile

- 2-[4-(4-Hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (2.1 g, 7 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (20 mL), and then benzaldehyde (1.11 g, 10.5 mmol), and NaBH(OAc)₃ (2.95 g, 14 mmol) was added. After stirred overnight, the reaction mixture
- 30 was diluted with DCM, washed with aq. NaHCO₃ (cautiously), dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography to afford the title product 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-41-yl]-benzonitrile as yellow oil in 1.8 g (67 %). MS m/e = 391.2 [M+H]⁺.

e) 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-41-yl]-benzonitrile

- Oxalyl chloride (0.89 g, 7 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of anhydrous DCM (50 mL) and DMSO (0.72 g, 9.2 mmol) at -78 degree. The reaction mixture was allowed to stirred for 30 min, then a solution of alcohol (1.8 g, 4.6 mmol) in DCM (50 mL) was added dropwise to keep the reaction temperature below -60 degree. Upon complete addition the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at -78 degree for 2 h; then triethylamine was added dropwise. After complete addition, the mixture was allowed to be warmed to RT, and stirred overnight. After water (10 mL) was added to the reaction mixture, the pH was adjusted to 10 with saturated NaHCO₃, and the product was extracted into DCM.
- Organic phase were combined, washed with brine, dried over K₂CO₃, and concentrated to afford product 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-41-yl]-benzonitrile (1.5 g, 83 %) as a brown oil. MS m/e = 389.2 [M+H]⁺.

f) 2-{4-[(2S, 4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

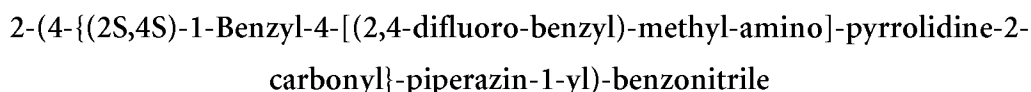
- 2-[4-(1-Benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-41-yl]-benzonitrile (50 mg, 0.129 mmol) and 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine (34.5 mg, 0.141 mmol) were dissolved in dry DCM (2 mL), then acetic acid (0.1 mL) and NaBH(OAc)₃ (27.3 mg, 0.258 mmol) was added. After stirred for 3 hours the reaction mixture was diluted with DCM, washed with aq. NaHCO₃, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated. The residue was purified by Prep-LCMS to afford the title product 2-{4-[(2S, 4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3, 5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile, 7.8 mg (9 %) as an oil.
- MS m/e = 616.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 32

- 2-(4-{(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

- As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using (3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (10.9 mg, 12.3 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 630.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 33



As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using (2, 4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (9.5 mg, 12.7 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 530.4 [M+H]^+$.

5

Example 34

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,5-dimethoxy-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 3,5-dimethoxy-
10 benzylamine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (14.3 mg, 18.8 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 540.4 [M+H]^+$.

Example 35

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2-methoxy-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

15 As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 2-methoxy-benzylamine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (6.7 mg, 9.3 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 510.4 [M+H]^+$.

Example 36

20 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 2-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound
25 (11 mg, 14.2 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 548.3 [M+H]^+$.

Example 37

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,3-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 2,3-difluoro-benzylamine
30

instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (5.1 mg, 7 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 516.3 [M+H]^+$.

Example 3 8

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-
5 carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 2-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (5.5 mg, 6.7 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 582.3 [M+H]⁺.

10 **Example 39**

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2-fluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 2-fluoro-benzylamine
15 instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (2 mg, 2.8 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 498.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 40

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3-chloro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

20 As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 3-chloro-benzylamine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (4.3 mg, 5.9 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 514.3[M+H]⁺.

Example 41

25 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 4-trifluoromethoxybenzylamine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (2.3 mg, 2.9 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 564.4 [M+H]^+$.

Example 42

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,5-dichloro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-
5 4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 3,5-dichloro-benzylamine
instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (9.5 mg, 12.3 %) as
light yellow oil. MS m/e = 548.3[M+H]⁺.

Example 43

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2-chloro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-
10 yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-
4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 2-chloro-benzylamine
instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (10 mg, 13.8 %) as
light yellow oil. MS m/e = 548.3[M+H]⁺.

15 Example 44

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(2-bromo-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-
yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-
4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 2-bromo-benzylamine
20 instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (7.2 mg, 9.1 %) as
light yellow oil. MS m/e = 560.3[M+H]⁺.

Example 45

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile.

25 As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-
4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 3-chloro-4-fluoro-
benzylamine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound
(4.5 mg, 4.5 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 532.5 [M+H]⁺.

Example 46

30 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 3,4-difluoro-benzylamine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (2.2 mg, 3.0 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 516.4 [M+H]^+$.

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Example 47

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-fluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 4-fluoro-benzylamine
10 instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (4.0 mg, 5.7 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 498.4 [M+H]^+$.

Example 48

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

15 As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 3,4-dichloro-benzylamine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (7.1 mg, 9.2 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 548.3 [M+H]^+$.

Example 49

20 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3-chloro-2-fluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using 3-chloro-2-fluoro-benzylamine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (6.6
25 mg, 6.6 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 532.4 [M+H]^+$.

Example 50

2-[4-((2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-benzylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile

As described for Example 31f, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-4-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) was converted, using benzylamine in stead of
30 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title compound (1.2 mg, 1.8 %) as light yellow oil. MS $m/e = 480.4 [M+H]^+$.

Example 51

2-{4-[1-(2,3-Difluoro-benzyl)-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

5 a) 4-[(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester

To a solution of 4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (7 g, 18.9 mmol) in dry DCM (100 ml) cooled to 0 degree was added TrocCl (6.02 g, 28.4 mmol) and TEA (5.22 ml, 37.8 mmol) dropwise. The mixture was stirred overnight, washed with Na₂CO₃, brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated
10 in vacuo. Purification by chromatography on silica gel (PE:EA=3:1) afforded the title product (8 g, 14.7 mmol) as yellow oil. MS m/e = 545.2 [M+H]⁺.

b) 4-[(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester

To a solution of 4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (8 g, 14.7 mmol) in
15 MeOH (50 ml) cooled to 0 degree was added LiOH (2.47 g, 58.8 mmol), and the mixture was stirred overnight. After removal of methanol, the residue was acidified with 2M HCl. The aqueous layer was extracted with EA, and the organic solution was dried and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography (PE:EA=3:1) on silica gel to
20 afford the title product as yellow oil (3.5 g, 6.5 mmol). MS m/e = 531.2 [M+H]⁺.

c) 2-[4-(2-Cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester

To a solution of 4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester (3.5 g, 6.6 mmol), HOBT (1.4 g, 10
25 mmol), 1-(2-cyanophenyl)piperazine (1.5 g, 7.9 mmol) in DCM (50 ml) were added Et₃N (1.8 ml, 13.2 mmol) and EDC.HCl (1.9 g, 10 mmol). The mixture was stirred overnight, then washed with 10 % citric acid, Na₂CO₃, brine, dried and concentrated to give the title product as a colorless oil (4.5 g, 6.4 mmol). MS m/e = 700.3 [M+H]⁺.

d) {5-[4-(2-Cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester
30

A mixture of 2-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-(2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (4.5 g, 6.4 mmol) and CF₃COOH (3.65 g, 32 mmol) were stirred at rt. for 5 h, and then concentrated to give the crude product as dark yellow oil (3.5 g, 5.8 mmol).

5 MS m/e = 600.2 [M+H]⁺.

e) {1-(2,3-Difluoro-benzyl)-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester

A mixture of {5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester (0.078 g, 0.13 mmol), 2,3-difluorobenzaldehyde and acetic acid (cat.) in DCM (5 ml) was stirred for 20 min, and then NaBH(OAc)₃ (0.041 g, 0.13 mmol) was carefully added. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight, and was concentrated to give crude product which was directly used for next step.

f) 2-{4-[1-(2,3-Difluoro-benzyl)-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

{1-(2,3-Difluoro-benzyl)-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester (0.13 mmol) and Zn (0.068 g, 1.04 mmol) was dissolved in MeOH (5 ml), and PH was adjust to 5-6 using acetic acid. The mixture was heated to reflux and stirred for 30 min. After removal of methanol, the residue was purified by HPLC to afford final product (5.5 mg, 0.01 mmol) as yellow oil in 8 % yield. MS m/e = 552.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 52

2-{4-[4-(2,4-Difluoro-benzylamino)-1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

25 As described for Example 51, using 2-fluorobenzaldehyde instead of 2, 3-difluorobenzaldehyde, 2-{4-[4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl] piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile was obtained in 23 % yield as yellow oil. MS m/e = 534.5 [M+H]⁺.

Example 53

30 2-{4-[1-(3-Chloro-benzyl)-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described Example 51, using 3-chlorobenzaldehyde instead of 2,3-difluorobenzaldehyde, 2-{4-[1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile was obtained in 12 % yield as yellow oil. MS m/e = 550.3 [M+H]⁺.

5

Example 54

2-{4-[4-(2,4-Difluoro-benzylamino)-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 51, using 3-fluorobenzaldehyde instead of 2,3-difluorobenzaldehyde, 2-{4-[4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile was obtained in 14 % yield as yellow oil. MS m/e = 534.3 [M+H]⁺.

10

Example 55

2-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-benzyl)-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 51, using 2-chlorobenzaldehyde instead of 2,3-difluorobenzaldehyde, 2-{4-[1-(2-chloro-benzyl)-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile was obtained in 9.8 % yield as yellow oil. MS m/e = 550.3 [M+H]⁺.

15

Example 56

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

20

a) 1-Benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester

A solution of 1-benzyl-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (12.13 g, 49.5 mmol) in 250 mL of DCM cooled at 0 °C was treated with trichloroisocyanuric acid (11.48 g, 49.5 mmol) and TEMPO (770 mg, 4.95 mmol), and then the reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. The mixture was diluted with DCM and washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃, 1 M HCl, and brine. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated to afford the product 1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester 11.5 g (96 %) as a colorless oil. MS m/e = 234.3 [M+H]⁺.

25

b) 1-Benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester

30

1-Benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (100 mg, 0.428 mmol) and 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine (125 mg, 0.514 mmol) were dissolved in dry DCM (2 mL), acetic acid (0.1 mL) and NaBH(OAc)₃ (180.6 mg, 0.856 mmol) was then added. After stirred for 3 hours the reaction mixture was diluted with DCM, washed with
5 saturated NaHCO₃ (cautiously), dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography to afford the title product 1-benzyl-4-(3, 5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester 124 mg (63 %) as a yellow oil.

MS m/e = 461.2 [M+H]⁺.

10 c) 1-Benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

1-Benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (124 mg, 0.269 mmol) and LiOH (53.9 mg, 1.5 mmol) were dissolved in THF/H₂O (4 mL), and then stirred overnight. After removal of solvent, the residue was neutralized to PH= 6-7, and then extracted by EA twice. The organic layer was washed with water and
15 brine, dried, and concentrated to afford the title product 1-benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid, 65 mg (54.2 %) as a yellow solid. MS m/e = 447.3 [M+H]⁺.

d) [(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

20 The mixture of 1-benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (65 mg, 0.146 mmol), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimide hydrochloride (54.5.0 mg, 0.292 mmol), N-hydroxybenzotriazole (20.7 mg, 0.146 mmol), and 1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazine (29.67 mg, 0.219 mmol), triethylamine (0.08 ml) in dry dichloromethane (2 mL) was stirred overnight, and then concentrated.
25 The residue was purified by preparative HPLC on reversed phase eluting with an acetonitrile/water [0.1 % aq NH₃ (25 %)] gradient to afford the title compound (10.2 mg, 10.6 %) as a light yellow oil. MS m/e = 659.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 57

30 {(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidin-2-yl}-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 56b and 56d, 1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (100 mg, 0.428 mmol) was converted, using (3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, and using 1-(2-

methoxy-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazine, to the title compound (11.3 mg, 12.2 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 635.5 [M+H]⁺.

Example 58

{(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidin-2-yl}-
(4-m-tolyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone

As described for Example 56b and 56d, 1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (100 mg, 0.428 mmol) was converted, using (3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, and using 1-m-tolyl-piperzine instead of 1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazine, to the title compound (12.1 mg, 13.4 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 619.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 59

4-[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

As described for Example 56d, 1-benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (65 mg, 0.146 mmol) was converted, using piperazine-1-carboxylic acid ethyl ester instead of 1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazine, to the title compound (6.8 mg, 7.5 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 587.3 [M+H]⁺.

Example 60

[(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-(4-m-tolyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone

As described for Example 56d, 1-benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (65 mg, 0.146 mmol) was converted, using 1-m-tolyl-piperzine instead of 1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazine, to the title compound (7.5 mg, 8.5 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 605.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 61

(4-Benzoyl-piperazin-1-yl)-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 56d, 1-benzyl-4-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (65 mg, 0.146 mmol) was converted, using phenyl-piperazin-yl-methanone instead of 1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazine, to the title compound (10.9 mg, 12.1 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 619.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 62

{(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidin-2-yl}-
[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 56b and 56d, 1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid
5 methyl ester (100 mg, 0.428 mmol) was converted, using (3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-
benzyl)-methyl-amine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, to the title
compound (9.9 mg, 10.1 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 673.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 63

{(2S,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidin-2-yl}-
10 [4-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 56b and 56d, 1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid
methyl ester (100 mg, 0.428 mmol) was converted, using (3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-
benzyl)-methyl-amine instead of 3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine, and using 1-(2-
fluoro-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazine, to the title
15 compound (5.5 mg, 6.0 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 623.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 64

8-[(2S,4S)-1-(3-Chloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-
2-carbonyl]-2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one

20 a) (2S,4R)-1-(3-Chloro-benzyl)-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester
1-Chloro-3-chloromethyl-benzene (15.2 ml, 120 mmol) was added to the mixture of 4-
hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester hydrochloride (14.5 g, 80 mmol) and
triethylamine (18.6 g, 180 mmol) in dichloromethane (120 ml). The reaction mixture was
refluxed overnight. After cooling, 1M aqueous sodium hydroxide was added, and the
25 mixture was extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried
over sodium sulfate, concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel
(hex/EA=5:1 to hex/EA=31) to give 14 g title product as yellow oil in 65 % yield.
MS m/e = 270.7 [M+H]⁺.

30 b) (S)-1-(3-Chloro-benzyl)-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester
Oxalyl chloride (3.8 g, 30 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of anhydrous CH₂Cl₂
(30 mL) and DMSO (3.13 g, 40 mmol) at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to
equilibrate for 10 min, after which time a solution of alcohol (5.4 g, 20 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂
(30 mL) was added dropwise at a rate to keep the reaction temperature below -60 °C.

Upon complete addition the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at -78°C for 2 h; then triethylamine (60 mmol) was added dropwise. After complete addition, the reaction mixture was allowed to be warmed to room temperature. H_2O (50 mL) was added to the reaction mixture, the PH was adjusted to 10 with saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 , and the product was extracted with DCM (3x20 mL). All organic phases were combined, washed with brine, dried over K_2CO_3 , and concentrated in vacuo to yield crude product (5.4 g) in 100 % yield. MS $m/e = 268.7$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

10 c) (2S,4S)-1-(3-Chloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester

The ketone (0.803 g, 3 mmol), (2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amine (0.71 g, 4.5 mmol) and acetic acid (cat.) was dissolved in DCM (20 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 20 min. After cooled to 0°C , $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$ (1.27 g, 6 mmol) was carefully added, then the mixture was warmed to r.t and stirred overnight. The solution was washed with aq. NaHCO_3 , brine, dried and concentrated to afford the crude product as yellow oil (1.1 g) in 90 % yield. MS $m/e = 409.9$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

20 d) (2S,4S)-1-(3-Chloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

To a solution of above product (1.2 g, 3 mmol) in THF (2 ml) and water (10 ml), LiOH (0.63 g, 15 mmol) was added, and the resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours. After removal of THF, the aqueous solution was extracted two times with Et_2O (10 mlx2), and then acidified to PH6-7 with 1M HCl . The solid was collected and washed with water to afford title product (0.7 g) in 60 % yield. MS $m/e = 395.8$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

30 e) 8-[(2S,4S)-1-(3-Chloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one

A mixture of the acid (1 mmol), 2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one (2 mmol), TBTU (1.5 mmol) and DIPEA (3 mmol) in DCM (20 ml) was stirred overnight at room temperature. The desired product was obtained by preparative HPLC as colorless oil (73 mg) in 12 % yield. MS $m/e = 613.2$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

35

Example 65

2-(4-[(2S,4S)-1-(3-Chloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

As described for Example 64e, (2S,4S)-1-(3-Chloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (1mmol) was converted, using 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile instead of 2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one, to the title compound (51 mg) in 9 % yield as colorless oil. MS m/e = 565.1 [M+H]⁺.

5

Example 66

{(2S,4S)-1-(3-Chloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidin-2-yl}-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 64e, (2S,4S)-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (1 mmol) was converted, using 1-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one, to the title compound (40 mg) in 7 % yield as colorless oil. MS m/e = 570.1 [M+H]⁺.

10

Example 67

2-Cyclohexyl-8-[(2S,4S)-1-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one

15

a) (2S,4R)-1-(3,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester
As described for Example 64a, 4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (10 mmol) was converted, using 1,2-dichloro-4-chloromethyl-benzene instead of 1-chloro-3-chloromethyl-benzene, to the title compound (2.14 g) in 70 % yield as yellow oil. MS m/e = 305.2 [M+H]⁺.

20

b) (S)-1-(3,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester

As described for Example 64b, (2S,4R)-1-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (7 mmol) was converted to the title compound (2.12 g) in 100 % yield as yellow oil. MS m/e = 303.2 [M+H]⁺.

25

c) (2S,4S)-1-(3,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester

30

As described for Example 64b, (S)-1-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (7 mmol) was converted to the title compound (2.8 g) in 90 % yield as yellow oil. MS m/e = 444.3 [M+H]⁺.

35

d) (2S,4S)-1-(3,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

As described for Example 64d, (2S,4S)-1-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (6.3mmol) was converted to title compound (1.63 g) in 60 % yield as white solid. MS m/e = 430.3 [M+H]⁺.

5 e) 2-Cyclohexyl-8-[(2S,4S)-1-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one

As described for Example 64e, (2S,4S)-1-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (1 mmol) was converted, using 2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one to the title compound (38.8 mg) by
10 preparative HPLC in 6 % yield as colorless oil. MS m/e = 647.6 [M+H]⁺.

Example 68

[(2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

15 a) (2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester

As described for Example 64c, (S)-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (7 mmol) was converted, using (3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amine instead of (2,4-difluorobenzyl)-methyl-amine, to the title product in 95 %
20 yield as yellow oil. MS m/e = 509.9 [M+H]⁺.

b) (2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

As described for Example 64d, (2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid was obtained in 65 % yield as
25 white solid. MS m/e = 495.9 [M+H]⁺.

c) [(2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

30 As described for Example 64e, [(2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (1 mmol) was converted, using 4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one, to the title product (71 mg) in 10 % yield as colorless oil. MS m/e = 708.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 69

2-{4-[4-[(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 64e, (2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-

5 amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (1 mmol) was converted, using 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile instead of 2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one, to the title compound (73.1 mg) in 11 % yield as colorless oil.

MS m/e = 665.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 70

10 [(2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 64e, (2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-

amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (1 mmol) was converted, using 1-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-

15 one, to the title compound (72 mg) in 11 % yield as colorless oil.

MS m/e = 658.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 71

[(2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

20 As described for Example 64e, (2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (1 mmol) was converted, using 1-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one, to the title compound (53.6 mg) in 8 % yield as colorless oil.

MS m/e = 670.1 [M+H]⁺.

25

Example 72

[(2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-*m*-tolyl-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 64e, (2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-

amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (1 mmol) was converted,

30 using 4-*m*-tolyl-piperazine instead of 2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one, to the title compound (52.3 mg) in 8 % yield as colorless oil. MS m/e = 654.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 73

2-{4-[(2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(4-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

35

As described for Example 64e, (2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(4-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (1 mmol) was converted, using 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile instead of 2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one, to the title compound (60 mg) in 9 % yield as colorless oil. MS m/e = 665.1

5 [M+H]⁺.

Example 74

[(2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(4-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 64e, (2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(4-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (1 mmol) was converted, using 1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazine instead of 2-cyclohexyl-1,3,8-triaza-spiro[4.5]dec-1-en-4-one, to the title compound (70.8 mg) in 10 % yield as colorless oil. MS m/e = 708.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 75

15 2-(4-[(2S, 4S)-1-Benzyl-4-[(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

a) (2S, 4S)-1-Benzyl-4-[methyl-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

To a solution of (2S, 4S)-1-benzyl-4-[methyl-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (6.4 mmol) in 18 mL of THF and 12 mL of methanol was added a solution of NaOH (12.8 mmol) in 10 mL water, and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The solution was diluted with 40 mL of water and extracted with 20 mL of EA. The aqueous layer was separated and acidified with 2N HCl to PH = 5-6. Then the solution was extracted with EA (3×40 mL). The combined organic layers were washed by brine (20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated to give 2.6 g of title product in 91 % yield. MS m/e= 410.4 [M+H]⁺.

b) (1-Benzyl-5-{1-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-carbonyl}-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester

A mixture of 1-benzyl-4-[methyl-(2,2,2-trichloro-ethoxycarbonyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (3.4 mmol), 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile (5.1 mmol), EDC (6.8 mmol) and HOBT (6.8 mmol) in 15 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was stirred for 5 min, then 1 mL of Et₃N was added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 12 h. After purification by

chromatography on silica gel, 1.85 g of title product was obtained in 93 % yield as yellow oil. MS m/e= 579.4 [M+H]⁺.

c) 2-[4-(1-Benzyl-4-methylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile

To a mixture of (1-benzyl-5-{1-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-carbonyl}-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester (2.7 mmol) and Zn (8.3 mmol) in 20 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added 5 drop of AcOH, and the mixture was stirred for 2h. After removal of the Zn power, the crude product was purified by chromatography on silica gel to afford 1 g of title product as yellow oil in 95 % yield. MS m/e= 404.4 [M+H]⁺.

d) 2-(4-{1-Benzyl-4-[(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

To a mixture of 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-methylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (0.1 mmol) and 3,4-dichloro-benzaldehyde (0.15 mmol) in 2 mL of CH₂Cl₂ stirring at rt, was added NaBH(OAc)₃ (0.15 mmol) and NEt₃ (0.3 mmol), and then the resulting mixture was stirred overnight. After purification through preparative HPLC, 2.5 mg of 2-(4-{1-benzyl-4-[(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile was obtained as colorless oil in 4.8 % yield. MS m/e= 562.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 76

2-(4-{(2S, 4S)-1-Benzyl-4-[(3-chloro-4-fluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

As described for Example 75d, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-methylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile was converted, using 3-chloro-4-fluorobenzaldehyde instead of 3,4-dichlorobenzaldehyde, to the title compound. MS m/e= 546.3 [M+H]⁺.

Example 77

2-(4-{(2S, 4S)-1-Benzyl-4-[(2-chlorobenzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

As described for Example 75d, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-methylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile was converted, using 2-chlorobenzaldehyde instead of 3,4-dichlorobenzaldehyde, to the title compound. MS m/e= 528.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 78

2-(4-{(2S, 4S)-1-Benzyl-4-[(3-fluorobenzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-
piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

As described for Example 75d, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-methylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-
5 piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile was converted, using 3-fluorobenzaldehyde instead of 3,4-
dichlorobenzaldehyde, to the title compound. MS m/e= 512.5 [M+H]⁺.

Example 79

2-(4-{1-Benzyl-4-[methyl-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-
piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

10 As described for example 75d, 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-methylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-
piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile was converted, using 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde
instead of 3,4-dichlorobenzaldehyde, to the title compound.. MS m/e= 562.5 [M+H]⁺.

Example 80

15 2-(4-{1-Benzyl-4-[(2-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-
carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

A mixture of 2-[4-(1-benzyl-4-methylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-
benzonitrile (0.1 mmol), 1-bromomethyl-2-chloro-5-trifluorobenzene (0.1 mmol) and
NaOH (0.2 mmol) in 2 ml of dry DMF was stirred overnight and subsequently subjected
to preparative HPLC purification on reversed phase eluting with an acetonitrile / water
20 (0.05 % NEt₃) gradient. 12.2 mg of the title compound was obtained in 21.4% yield as
yellow powder. MS m/e= 569.4 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 81

2-(4-{1-Benzyl-4-[(3-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-
1-yl)-benzonitrile

25 a) 1-Benzyl-4-[(3-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

To a solution of 1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (1 mmol), (3-
bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amine (1 mmol) in 2mL of CH₂Cl₂ were added NaBH(OAc)₃ (2
mmol) and 5 drops of AcOH, and the resulting mixture was stirred for 3 h. The mixture
was treated with aq. NaHCO₃, extracted by CH₂Cl₂ (3×5 mL), and the combined extracts

were washed by brine (10 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated to give 261.3 mg of crude product in 65 % yield. MS m/e= 403.3 [M+H]⁺.

b)2-(4-{1-Benzyl-4-[(3-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

- 5 To a stirring mixture of 1-benzyl-4-[(3-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (0.2 mmol), EDC (0.3 mmol) and HOBT (0.3 mmol) in 3 mL of dry DMF were added 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile (0.24 mmol) and NEt₃ (0.6 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight and subsequently subjected to preparative HPLC purification on reversed phase eluting with a acetonitrile / water (0.05 % NEt₃) gradient.
- 10 17.5 mg of title product was obtained in 15.2 % yield as brown oil.
MS m/e= 574.3 [M+H]⁺.

Example 82

2-(4-{1-Benzyl-4-[(4-fluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

- 15 As described for Example 81, 1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester was converted, using (4-fluoro-benzyl)-methyl-amine instead of (3-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amine, to the title product. MS m/e= 512.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 83

- 20 2-(4-{1-Benzyl-4-[(2-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

As described for Example 81, 1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester was converted, using (2-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amine instead of (3-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amine, to the title product. MS m/e= 574.3 [M+H]⁺.

Example 84

- 25 2-(4-{1-Benzyl-4-[(4-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-benzonitrile

As described for Example 81, 1-benzyl-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester was converted, using (4-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amine instead of (3-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-amine, to the title product. MS m/e= 574.3 [M+H]⁺.

Example 85

[(2S, 4R)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

a) (2S, 4S)-4-Iodo-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester

- 5 To a round-bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stir bar and an addition funnel under N₂ was added N-Boc-L-trans-4-hydroxy-proline methyl ester (60 mmol, 1equiv), P(Ph)₃ (72 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and anhydrous THF (275 ml). The solution was cooled to 0 centigrade, DEAD (1.2 equiv) in dry THF was added dropwise; followed by the addition of MeI (1.2 equiv). Upon addition of MeI, the solution turned from dark brown to bright
10 yellow. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to ambient temperature and stirred for 10 hours. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude oil was purified by chromatography on silica gel to afford title product (19.44 g) as colorless oil in 91 % yield. MS m/e = 356.4 [M+H]⁺.

b) (2S, 4R)-4-Azido-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester

- 15 To a solution of 4-iodo-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (20 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF was added NaN₃ (2.5 equiv, 50 mmol), the resulting mixture was heated to 65 centigrade and stirred overnight. The mixture was diluted with water, extracted with AcOEt and dried over Na₂SO₄. After removal of solvent, the residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel to give title product (4.94 g) as colorless oil in 90
20 % yield. MS m/e = 271.5 [M+H]⁺.

c) (2S, 4R)- 4-Amino-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester

- A solution of 4-azido-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (838 mg, 2.2 mmol), THF (10 ml) and P(Ph)₃ (1.15 g, 4.4 mmol) and water (0.08 ml, 4.4 mmol) was refluxed for 6 hours and then concentrated in vacuo. The residue was
25 dissolved in Et₂O and treated with HCl (0.1N, 20ml). The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O, washed with Na₂CO₃ (10 % aq.), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated to afford the amine as colorless oil which was used in next step without further purification.

- d) (2S, 4R)-4-(2,4-Difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester
30

To a solution of 4-amino-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (2 mmol, 1equi) was dissolved in dry DCM (20 ml) cooled to 0 centigrade was

added 2,4-difluorobenzaldehyde (1.05 equiv), then $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$ (2 equiv) and 5 drops of HOAc. The mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. The mixture was diluted with DCM, washed with brine, and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. After removal of solvent, the crude product was used for the next step without further purification. MS $m/e = 371.4$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

e) (2S, 4R)- 4-[(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-Troc-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester

To a solution of 4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (2 mmol, 1 equiv) in DCM and cooled to 0 centigrade was added TrocCl (1.5 equiv) dropwise and followed by Et_3N (2 equiv). The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel to give the product (1.0 g) as colorless oil in 92 % yield. MS $m/e = 545.3$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

f) (2S, 4R)- 4-[(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-Troc-amino]-pyrrolidine methyl ester

To a solution of 4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-Troc-amino]-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester 2-methyl ester (1.5 mmol, 1 equiv) was in DCM (10 ml) cooled to 0 centigrade was added TFA (1.5 equiv). The mixture was stirred for 30 minutes, washed with NaHCO_3 and dried over Na_2SO_4 . The organic layer was concentrated to give the crude product as oil for the next step without further purification. MS $m/e = 445.5$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

g) (2S, 4R)-1-benzyl-4-[(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-Troc-amino]-pyrrolidine methyl ester

To a solution of 4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-Troc-amino]-pyrrolidine methyl ester (1.5 mmol, 1equiv) in dry DCM (20ml) cooled to 0 centigrade was added benzaldehyde(1.2 equiv), $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$ (2 equiv) and 5 drops of HOAc. The resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction solution was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated to give tht crude product wich was used for next step without further purification. MS $m/e = 535.4$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

h) (2S, 4R)-1-benzyl-4-[(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-Troc-amino]-pyrrolidine

To a solution of 1-benzyl-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-Troc-amino]-pyrrolidine methyl ester (1.5mmol, 1 equiv) in methanol (10 ml) was added LiOH (5 equiv). The mixture was stirred overnight, acidified to $\text{PH}=5$, and extracted with DCM. The organic layer was dried, and concentrated to give the crude product which was used for next step without further purification. MS $m/e = 519.2$ $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$.

i) {(2S,4R)-1-Benzyl-[4-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-Troc-amino]-pyrrolidin-2-yl}-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

A mixture of 1-benzyl-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-Troc-amino]-pyrrolidine (1.5 mmol, 1 equiv), EDCI (1.1 equiv), HOBt (1.1 equiv), Et₃N (1.5 equiv) and (1.1 equiv) 2-methoxy-phenylpiperazine in DCM was stirred at room temperature overnight. Concentration of the mixture gave the crude product for the next step. MS m/e = 695.4 [M+H]⁺.

j) [(2S,4R)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

To a solution of {1-benzyl-[4-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-Troc-amino]-pyrrolidin-2-yl}-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone (0.2 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeOH was added Zn dust (2 mmol, 10 equiv) and 5 drops of HOAc, and the mixture was refluxed overnight. The final product (11.9 mg) was obtained as white powder by prepared HPLC in 11 % yield. MS m/e = 521.5 [M+H]⁺.

Example 86

15 [(2S, 4R)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-fluorophenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 85, using 2-fluorophenylpiperazine instead of 2-methoxy-phenylpiperazine, the title compound (3.6 mg) was obtained as white powder. MS m/e = 509.4 [M+H]⁺.

20 Example 87

[(2S, 4R)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone

As described for Example 85, using 3-trifluoromethyl-phenylpiperazine instead of 2-methoxy-phenylpiperazine, the title compound (5.0 mg) was obtained as white powder. MS m/e = 559.5 [M+H]⁺.

Example 88

2-{4-[(2S,4R)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile

As described for Example 85, using 2-cyano-phenylpiperazine instead of 2-methoxy-phenylpiperazine, the title compound (6.8 mg) was obtained as white powder. MS m/e = 516.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 89

N-{(3S, 5S)-1-benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-2-chloro-benzamide

a) 1-Benzyl-4-tert-butoxybonylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic methyl ester

- 5 To a solution of 4-azido-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester (4.36 g, 16.8 mmol) in THF (30 mL) was added triphenylphosphine (8.81 g, 33.6 mmol) and water (0.756 g, 42 mmol) under inter atmosphere. The mixture was refluxed with stirring for 6 h. After removal of THF, the residue was dissolved in Et₂O, treated with 0.15 N aqueous HCl, stirred for another 5 min. The solution was extracted with Et₂O twice, then the
- 10 aqueous layer was neutralized with 10 % NaHCO₃ until PH >10, and extracted with DCM. The solvent was removed to afford a yellow oil, which was then dissolved in H₂O (20 mL), treated with (Boc)₂O (2.6 g, 12.3 mmol), and stirred overnight. The product was extracted into EA, which was washed with water and brine, dried, and concentrated to afford the title product 1-benzyl-4-tert-butoxybonylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic
- 15 methyl ester 3.15 g (59 %) as a yellow oil. MS m/e = 335.2 [M+H]⁺.

b) 1-Benzyl-4-tert-butoxybonylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid

- 1-Benzyl-4-tert-butoxybonylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic methyl ester (3 g, 8.97 mmol) and LiOH (1.8 g, 43.9 mmol) were dissolved in THF/H₂O (40 mL), and the resulting mixture was stirred for 5 hours at room temperature. After removal of THF, the
- 20 PH was adjusted to 6-7. The solid was collected and dried to afford title product 1-benzyl-4-tert-butoxybonylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid 2.2 g (78 %) as white solid.
- MS m/e = 321.2 [M+H]⁺

- c) {1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidine-3-yl}carbamic acid tert-butyl ester
- 25

- The mixture of 1-benzyl-4-tert-butoxybonylamino-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (1.8 g, 5.62 mmol), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimidehydrochloride (2.15 g, 11.24 mmol), N-hydroxybenzotriazole (0.759 g, 5.62 mmol), 2-piperazin-1-yl-benzonitrile (1.58 g, 8.43 mmol) and triethylamine (1.7 g, 16.86 mmol) in dry DCM (10
- 30 mL) was stirred overnight. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (hexan/AcOEt= 4:1) to afford the title product {1-benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidine-3-yl}carbamic acid tert-butyl ester 2g (74 %) as white solid. MS m/e = 490.2 [M+H]⁺

d) 2-[4-(4-Amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile

{1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidine-3-yl}carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (2 g, 4 mmol) was dissolved in 15 mL DCM/CF₃COOH (2:1), stirred overnight. After removal of solvent, the residue was treated with saturated NaHCO₃, extrated with EA(2x100 mL). The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated to
5 afforded title product 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile 1.6 g (100 %) as brown oil. MS m/e = 390.2 [M+H]⁺.

e) N-{(3S, 5S)-1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-2-chloro-benzamide

To a mixture of 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-
10 benzonitrile and 2-chloro-benzoyl chloride in DCM (1 mL), triethylamine (0.384 mmol) was added, and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight and then concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC on reversed phase eluting with an acetonitrile/water [0.1 % aq NH₃ (25 %)] gradient to afford the title compound (6.7 mg, 9.9 %) as a light yellow oil. MS m/e = 528.3 [M+H]⁺.

15

Example 90

N-{(3S,5S)-1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-3,5-dichloro-benzamide

As described for Example 89e, 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-
20 piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.128 mmol) was converted, using 3,5-dichloro-benzoyl chloride instead of 2-chloro-benzoyl chloride, to the title compound (8.3 mg, 11.5 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 562.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 91

N-{(3S,5S)-1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-2,6-dichloro-benzamide

25

As described for Example 89e, 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-
piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.128 mmol) was converted, using 2,6-dichloro-benzoyl chloride instead of 2-chloro-benzoyl chloride, to the title compound (15 mg, 20%) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 562.2 [M+H]⁺.

30

Example 92

N-{(3S,5S)-1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-3,4-dichloro-benzamide

As described for Example 89e, 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.128 mmol) was converted, using 3,4-dichlorobenzoyl chloride instead of 2-chloro-benzoyl chloride, to the title compound (13 mg, 18.1%) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 562.2 [M+H]⁺.

5

Example 93

N-((3S,5S)-1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-3-methoxy-benzamide

As described for Example 89e, 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.128 mmol) was converted, using 3-methoxybenzoyl chloride instead of 2-chloro-benzoyl chloride, to the title compound (5.5 mg, 8.2%) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 524.3 [M+H]⁺.

10

Example 94

N-((3S,5S)-1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-2-trifluoromethyl-benzamide

As described for Example 89e, 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.128 mmol) was converted, using 2-trifluoromethyl-benzoyl chloride instead of 2-chloro-benzoyl chloride, to the title compound (15.5 mg, 21.5 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 561.6 [M+H]⁺.

15

Example 95

N-((3S,5S)-1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-3-methyl-benzamide

20

As described for Example 89e, 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.128 mmol) was converted, using 3-methylbenzoyl chloride instead of 2-chloro-benzoyl chloride, to the title compound (2.6 mg, 4%) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 507.6 [M+H]⁺.

25

Example 96

N-((3S,5S)-1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-3,4,5-trimethoxy-benzamide

As described for Example 89e, 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.128 mmol) was converted, using 3,4,5-trimethoxy-benzoyl chloride instead of 2-chloro-benzoyl chloride, to the title compound (13.4 mg, 17.9 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 583.7 [M+H]⁺.

30

Example 97

N-{(3S,5S)-1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-3-chloro-benzamide

As described for Example 89e, 2-[4-(4-amino-1benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.128 mmol) was converted, using 3-chloro-benzoyl chloride instead of 2-chloro-benzoyl chloride, to the title compound (4.3 mg, 6.4 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 528.3 [M+H]⁺.

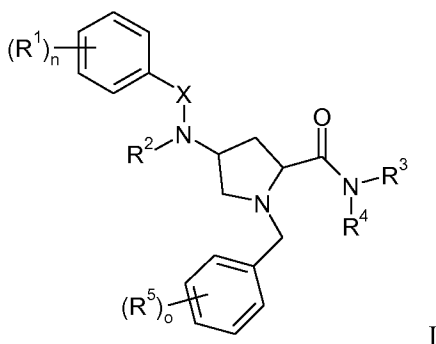
Example 98

N-{(3S,5S)-1-Benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-2-methoxy-benzamide

As described for Example 89e, 2-[4-(4-amino-1-benzyl-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzonitrile (50.0 mg, 0.128 mmol) was converted, using 2-methoxy-benzoyl chloride instead of 2-chloro-benzoyl chloride, to the title compound (5.2 mg, 7.7 %) as light yellow oil. MS m/e = 524.3 [M+H]⁺.

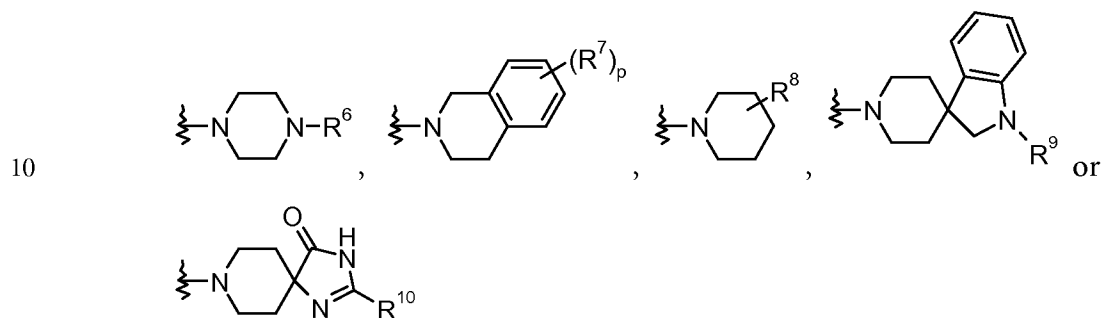
Claims

1. A compound of formula



wherein

- 5 R^1 is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkyl substituted by halogen, lower alkoxy, or lower alkoxy substituted by halogen;
 R^2 is hydrogen or lower alkyl;
 R^3, R^4 form together with the N-atom to which they are attached a non aromatic heterocyclic group, selected from



- R^5 is hydrogen or halogen;
 R^6 is phenyl, unsubstituted or substituted by cyano, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, CF_3 , $-(CH_2)_2O$ -lower alkyl, $C(O)$ -lower alkyl or $C(O)O$ -lower alkyl,
 15 or is pyridinyl, unsubstituted or substituted by CF_3 ,
 or is $-C(O)$ -phenyl;
 R^7 is hydrogen or lower alkoxy;
 R^8 is phenyl, lower alkyl or $-C(O)O$ -lower alkyl;
 20 R^9 is hydrogen or $S(O)_2$ -lower alkyl;
 R^{10} is hydrogen or cycloalkyl;
 X is $-CH_2-$ or $-C(O)-$;
 p is 1 or 2;
 n is 1, 2 or 3;
 25 o is 1 or 2;

or a pharmaceutically suitable acid addition salt thereof.

2. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein X is $-\text{CH}_2$.

3. A compound of formula I according to claim 2, wherein R^3/R^4 form together with
5 the N-atom to which they are attached a piperazine ring, which is substituted by R^6 .

4. A compound of formula I according to claim 3, wherein the R^6 -substitution is phenyl, substituted by cyano.

5. A compound of formula I according to claim 4, wherein the compounds are
2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-
10 1-yl}-benzonitrile,
2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidine-
2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,5-dimethoxy-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
15 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-
carbonyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-piperazin-1-
20 yl}-benzonitrile,
2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
25 2-{4-[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-2-fluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile,
2-{4-[4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile or
2-{4-[(2S,4R)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]-
30 piperazin-1-yl}-benzonitrile.

6. A compound of formula I according to claim 3, wherein the R^6 -substitution is phenyl, substituted by CF_3 .

7. A compound of formula I according to claim 6, wherein the compounds are [(2S, 4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2, 4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone,
{(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-pyrrolidin-2-yl}-
5 [4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone,
[(2S,4S)-4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methyl-amino]-1-(3-chloro-benzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone or
[(2S, 4R)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone.
- 10 8. A compound of formula I according to claim 3, wherein the R⁶-substitution is phenyl, substituted by halogen.
9. A compound of formula I according to claim 8, wherein the compounds are [(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone or
15 [(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-chloro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone.
10. A compound of formula I according to claim 3, wherein the R⁶-substitution is phenyl, unsubstituted or substituted by lower alkoxy.
11. A compound of formula I according to claim 10, wherein the compounds are
20 [(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-(4-phenyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone or
[(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-methanone.
12. A compounds of formula I according to claim 2, wherein R³/R⁴ form together
25 with the N-atom to which they are attached the group 3,4-dihydro-1H-isoquinolin, substituted by R⁷.
13. A compound of formula I according to claim 12, wherein the compound is [(2S,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-benzylamino)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]-(6,7-dimethoxy-3,4-dihydro-1H-isoquinolin-2-yl)-methanone.
- 30 14. A compounds of formula I according to claim 1, wherein X is -C(O)-.
15. A compound of formula I according to claim 14, wherein the compounds are N-{(3S, 5S)-1-benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-2-

chloro-benzamide,

N-{(3*S*,5*S*)-1-benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-3,5-dichloro-benzamide,

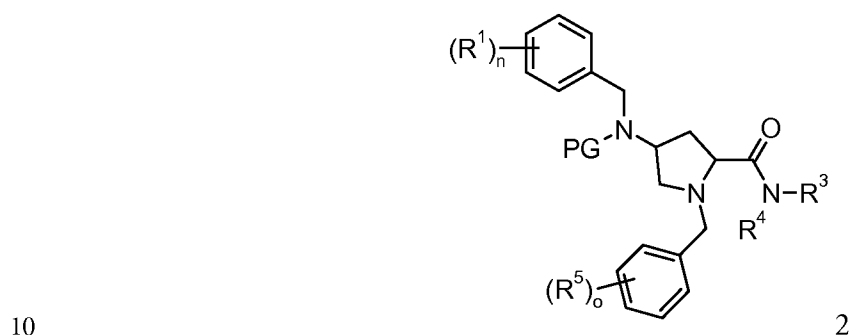
N-{(3*S*,5*S*)-1-benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-2-

5 trifluoromethyl-benzamide or

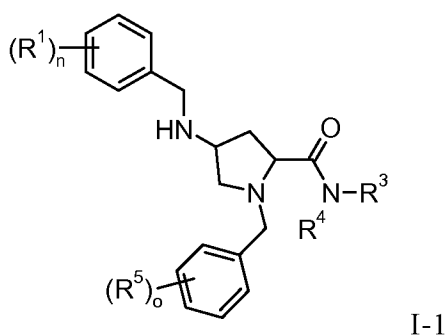
N-{(3*S*,5*S*)-1-benzyl-5-[4-(2-cyano-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl}-2-methoxy-benzamide.

16. A process for preparation of a compound of formula I, which process comprises

a) cleaving off a protecting group from a compound of formula



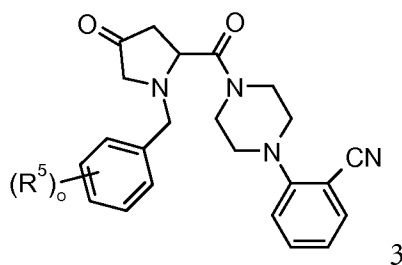
to a compound of formula



wherein the protecting group is selected from the group consisting of tertbutoxycarbonyl or carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-ethyl ester, and the other substituents are as described

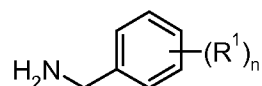
15 above, or

b) reacting a compound of formula

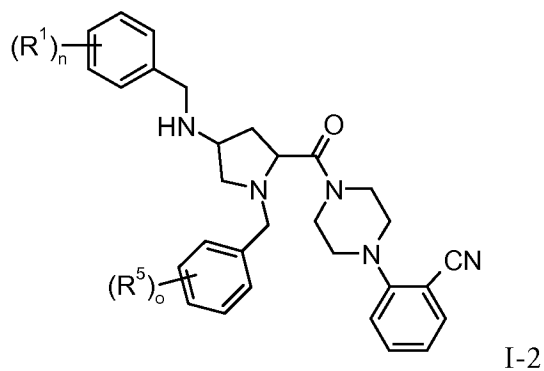


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with a compound of formula

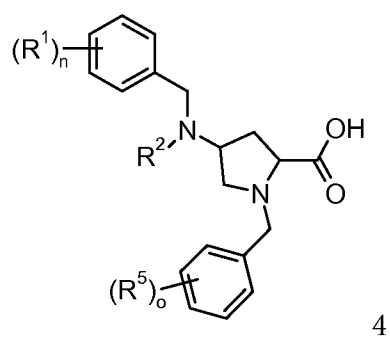


5 to a compound of formula



wherein the substituents are as described above, or

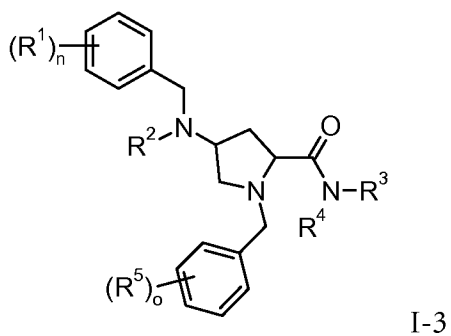
c) reacting a compound of formula



10 with an amine of formula

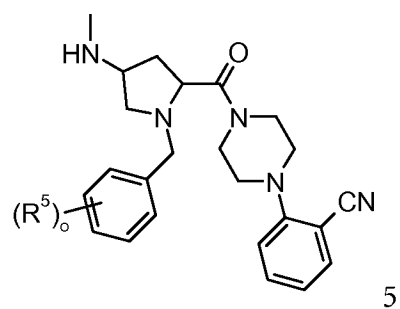


to a compound of formula

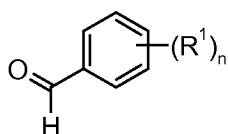


wherein the substituents are as described above, or

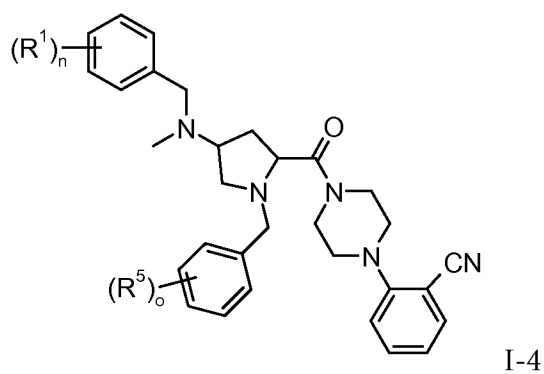
d) reacting a compound of formula



with a compound of formula

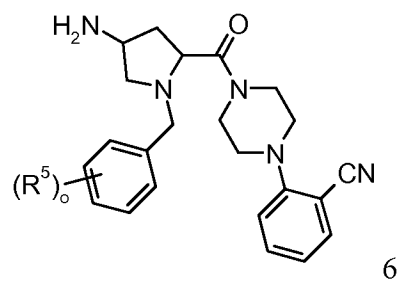


to a compound of formula



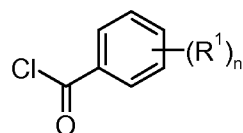
10 wherein the substituents are as described above, or

e) reacting a compound of formula

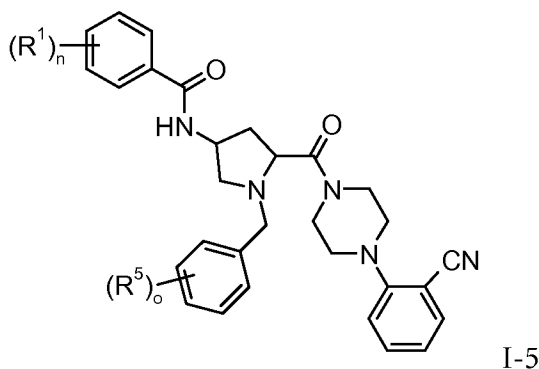


with a compound of formula

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to a compound of formula



wherein the substituents are as described above,

and, if desired, converting a compound of formula I into a pharmaceutically acceptable salt.

17. A compound according to claim 1, whenever prepared by a process as claimed in claim 16 or by an equivalent method.

18. A medicament containing one or more compounds as claimed in any one of claims 1-15 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

19. A medicament according to claim 18 for the treatment of depression, pain, psychosis, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, anxiety and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

20. The use of a compound as claimed in any one of claims 1-15 for the manufacture of medicaments for the treatment of depression, pain, psychosis, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, anxiety and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

21. The invention as herein before described.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No

PCT/EP2008/056589

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

INV. C07D207/16 C07D401/06 C07D487/10 A61P25/16 A61P25/18
A61K31/401

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

C07D A61P A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, BEILSTEIN Data, CHEM ABS Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WALPOLE C ET AL: "2-NITROPHENYLCARBAMOYL-(S)-PROLYL-(S)-3-(2-NAPHTHYL)ALANYL-N-BENZYL-N- METHYLAMIDE (SDZ NKT 343), A POTENT HUMAN NK1 TACHYKININ RECEPTOR ANTAGONIST WITH GOOD ORAL ANALGESIC ACTIVITY IN CHRONIC PAIN MODELS" JOURNAL OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY, USAMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, WASHINGTON, vol. 41, no. 17, 13 August 1998 (1998-08-13), pages 3159-3173, XP000972902 ISSN: 0022-2623 page 3161; compound 3A ----- -/--	1-21

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.☒ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

A document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

E earlier document but published on or after the international filing date

L document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

O document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

X document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

Y document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

Z document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

6 August 2008

Date of mailing of the international search report

14/08/2008

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No

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C(Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No:
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A	GIARDINA GAM ET AL: "Recent advances in neurokinin-3 receptor antagonists" EXPERT OPINION ON THERAPEUTIC PATENTS, ASHLEY PUBLICATIONS, GB, vol. 10, no. 6, 1 January 2000 (2000-01-01), pages 939-960, XP002349355 ISSN: 1354-3776 the whole document -----	1-21

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No

PCT/EP2008/056589

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		UA 80584 C2	10-10-2007
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