J. L. MAHONEY.
STRIPED RUBBER TUBING.
APPLICATION FILED JULY 29, 1905.

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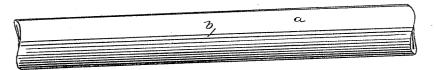
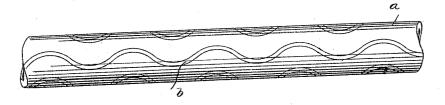


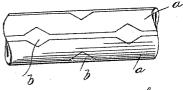
Fig. 2.



Fig 3.



Frey.4.



WITNESSES

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

JEREMIAH L. MAHONEY, OF NAUGATUCK, CONNECTICUT, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO FREDERICK F. SCHAFFER, OF NAUGATUCK, CONNECTICUT.

STRIPED RUBBER TUBING.

No. 817,079.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented April 3, 1906.

Application filed July 29, 1905. Serial No. 271,810.

To all whom it may concern:

Beit known that I, JEREMIAH L. MAHONEY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Naugatuck, county of New Haven, State of Connecticut, have invented a new and useful Striped Rubber Tubing, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to ornamental manufactures from plastic compounds particu-10 larly consisting mainly or wholly of rubber; and the object of this invention is the production of tubing composed of differently colored or shaded compounds alternating

with each other to form stripes.

In producing the article of manufacture claimed herein differently colored or shaded rubber compounds are separately fed to and through suitable chambers, one of which incloses the other. From the central chamber, 20 which contains one compound, an annular space leads between suitable dies, said annular space being subdivided. From the outer or annular chamber another compound is passed through the annular space between 25 the dies at a point behind the divided portion of said annular space, the compound which passes from said outer chamber filling the spaces formed by the partitions or ribs which divide the annular die-space leading from the 30 central chamber. In this manner straight stripes are formed lengthwise of the tubing. By introducing oscillatory dies across the annular die-space at a point between the stationary partitions or ribs and the point at 35 which the compound from the outer or annular chamber is introduced into said die-space and actuating said oscillatory dies the striped effect becomes serpentine. By alternately stopping and starting either or both of the 40 feeding mechanisms or by varying the speed of said feeding mechanisms relatively to each other the stripes may be made to vary in width and diamond or other shaped figures or enlargements may be produced in the 45 stripes or strips.

An apparatus such as referred to above is described and claimed in an application filed by me concurrently herewith, in which application I claim the method or process, as well

50 as the apparatus.

My present invention consists in the arti-

cle of manufacture substantially as herein described and claimed.

Of the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 represents a piece of tubing embodying my 55 present invention, the stripes being straight from end to end of the tubing. Fig. 2 represents a cross-section of the same. Fig. 3 is a view similar to Fig. 1, but representing the stripes as serpentine; and Fig. 4 is a view 60 similar to Fig. 1, but representing the stripes as having widened portions in the form of diamond-shaped figures.

In the drawings the tubing is shown as composed of relatively wide strips a and nar- 65 row strips b, forming stripes which alternate with each other and which in practice are differently colored or shaded. The strips or differently colored or shaded. stripes b extend lengthwise of the tubing and may be straight, as indicated in Fig. 1, or 70 serpentine, as indicated in Fig. 3, or figured, as indicated in Fig. 4, in which I have shown the stripes as having widened enlargements in the form of diamond-shaped figures. It should be understood, however, that any special shape of figures is not of the essence of the invention, but that the shape of the figures may be greatly varied without departing from the principle of the invention. The strips $a\ b$ are formed and assembled while the 80 compounds are in a condition to cause said strips to adhere in the tubular form shown, after which the ordinary processes of vulcanization finish the article.

By slitting the tube longitudinally before 85 vulcanization it may be laid out flat, so as to produce after vulcanization a piece or sheet as wide as the original circumference of the tube, which sheet will have stripes straight or serpentine or figured, according to the form 90 of said stripes produced in the tubular form.

It is to be understood that the term "tubing" which I employ in my claims is intended to cover the article whether slitted or not. In other words, the article is first manufac- 95 tured in the form of tubing, and that form is not changed by the act of slitting it.

Having thus described my invention, I claim-

1. As a new article of manufacture, tubing 100 composed of differently colored or shaded rubber compounds of uniform thickness alternating with each other to form stripes extending from the outer face to the inner face of the tubing.

2. As a new article of manufacture, rubber tubing having contrasting stripes lengthwise thereof, extending from the outer face to the inner face of the tubing.

3. As a new article of manufacture, rubber tubing having contrasting serpentine stripes

lengthwise thereof, the said stripes being of 10 the same thickness as the material between the stripes.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JEREMIAH L. MAHONEY.

A. M. WOOSTER, S. W. ATHERTON.