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Dunn

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(54) **BENDING MANDRIL COMPRISING ULTRA HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT MATERIAL, RELATED BENDING MACHINES, SYSTEMS, AND METHODS**

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(51) **Int. Cl.**
B21D 9/04 (2006.01)
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(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **B21D 9/04** (2013.01); **B21D 9/05** (2013.01)

(57) **ABSTRACT**

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
CPC ... B21D 9/01; B21D 9/03; B21D 9/04; B21D 9/05
See application file for complete search history.

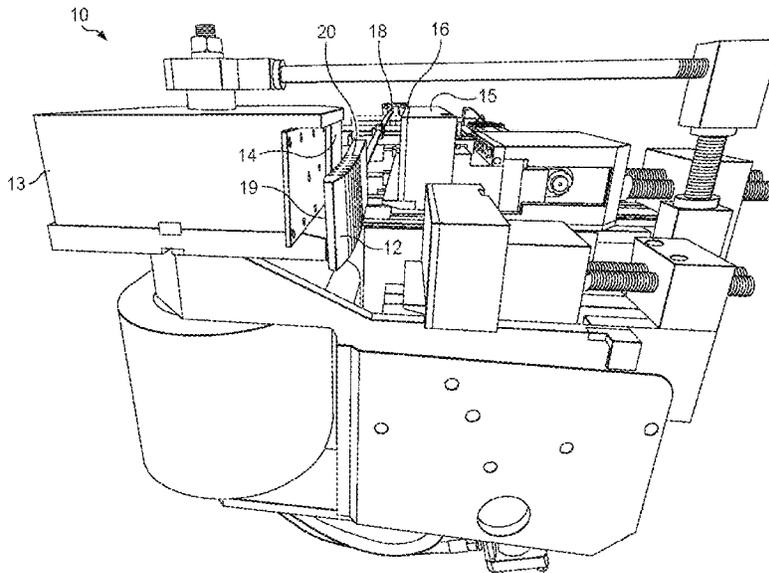
Bending mandrils and related bending machines and methods are disclosed, which include at least one ultra-high molecular weight (UHMW) material. The mandril, which may comprise or consist of the UHMW material, is placed within an interior of a structure to be bent before the structure is bent about a pending die of the bending machine. Kerf cuts may be provided at the mandril for added flexibility. Other components of the bending machine, such as the following block and/or the bending die may also include panels of surfaces comprising a same or different UHMW material.

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17 Claims, 7 Drawing Sheets



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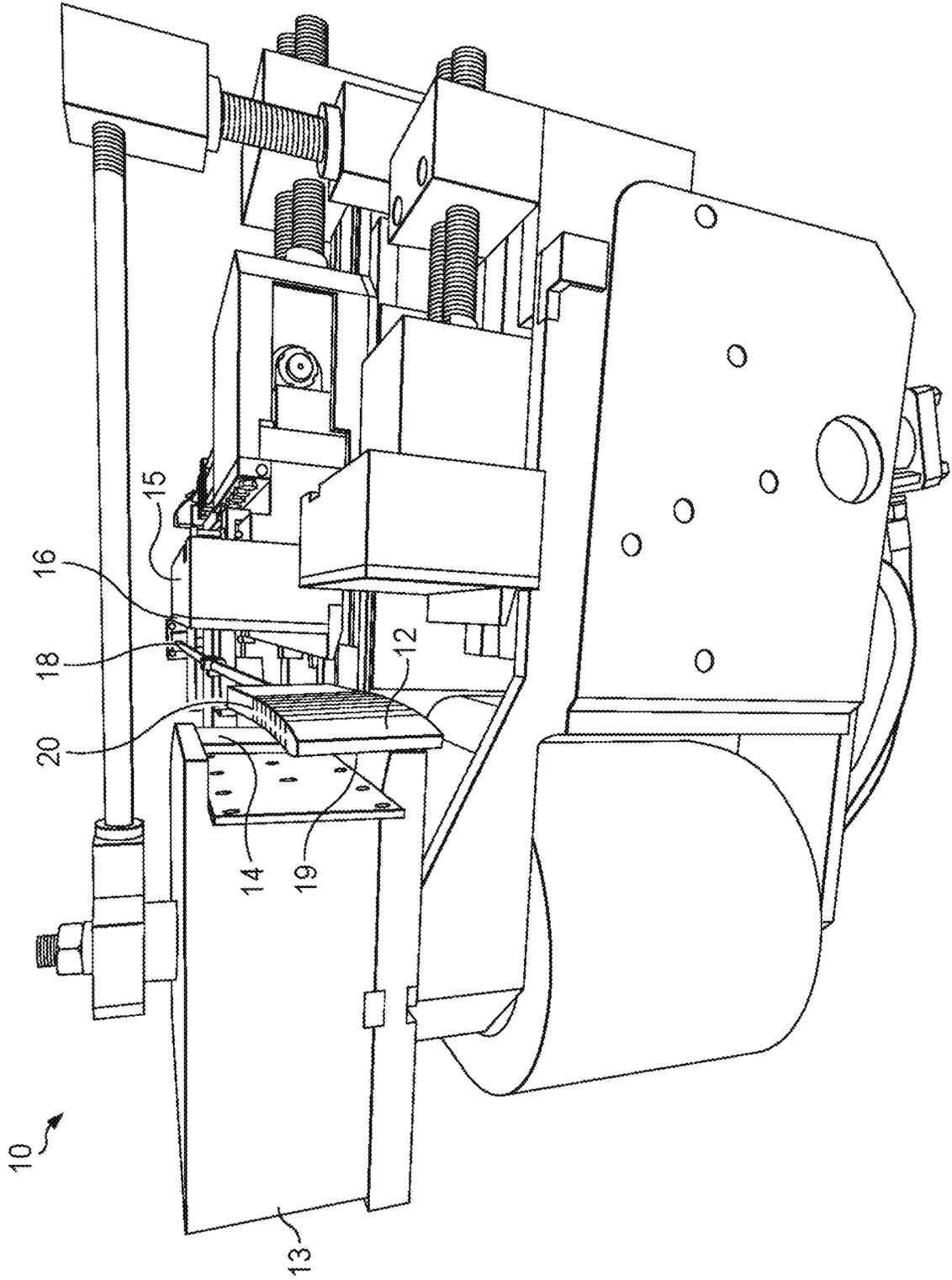


FIG. 1

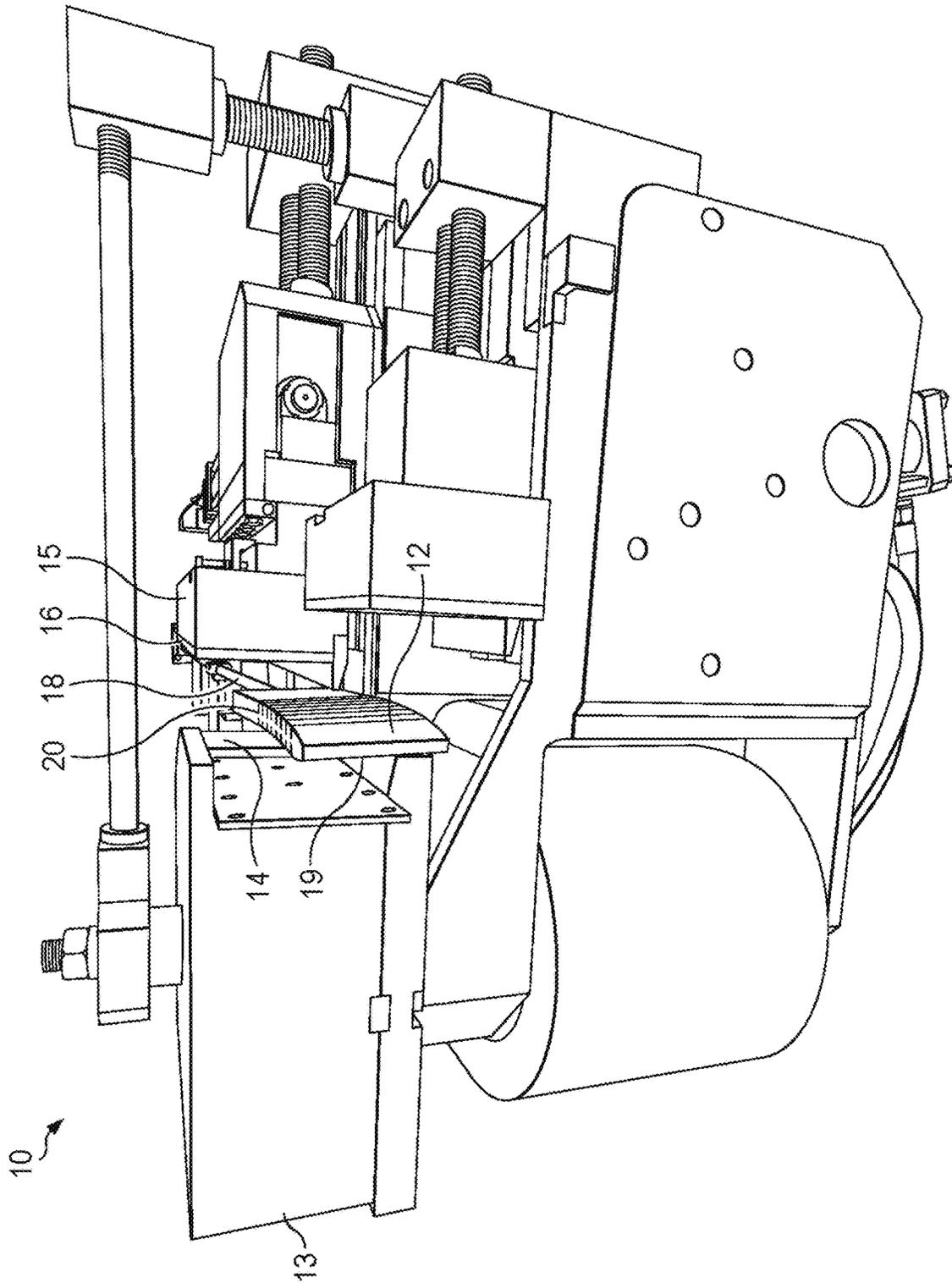


FIG. 2

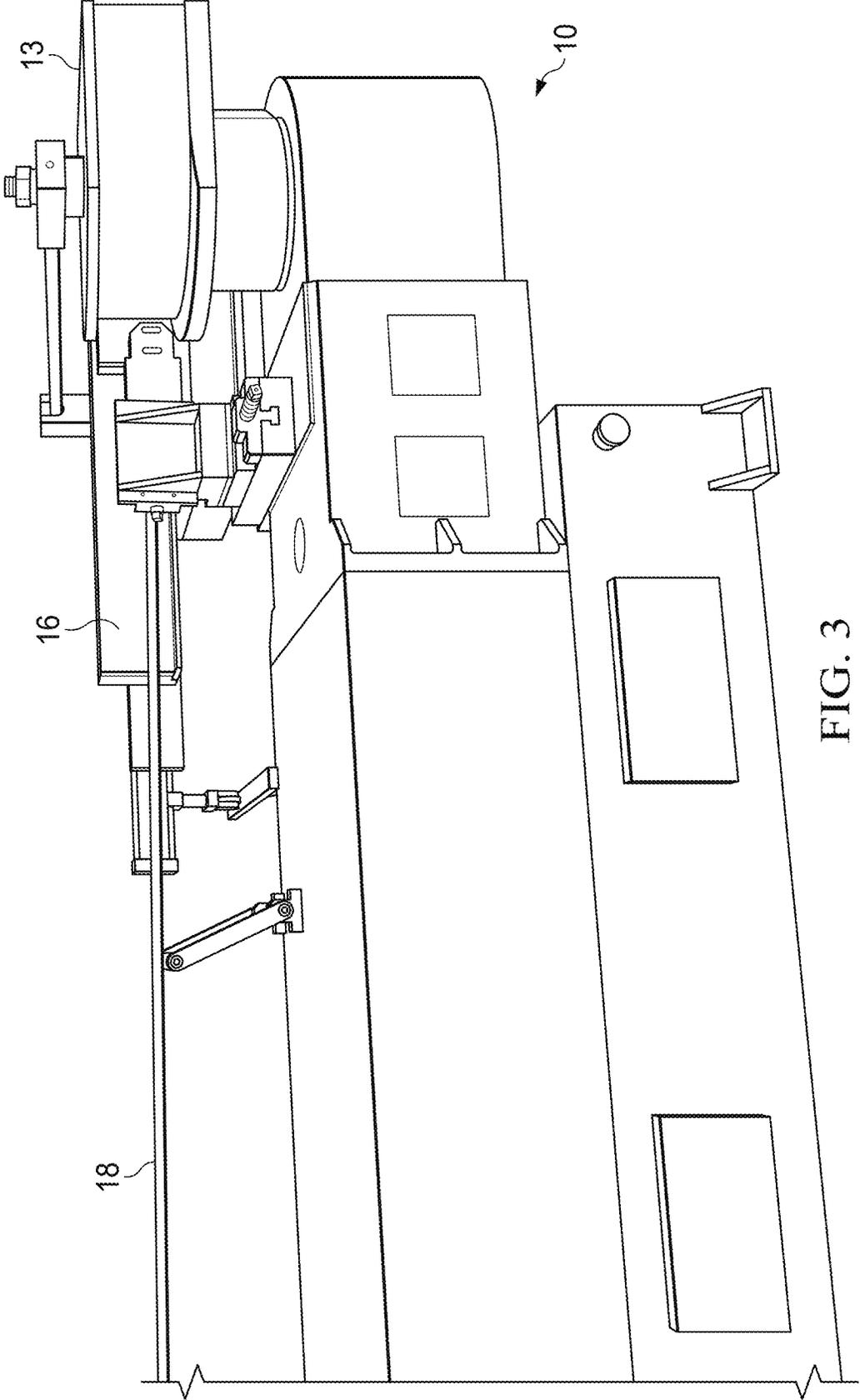


FIG. 3

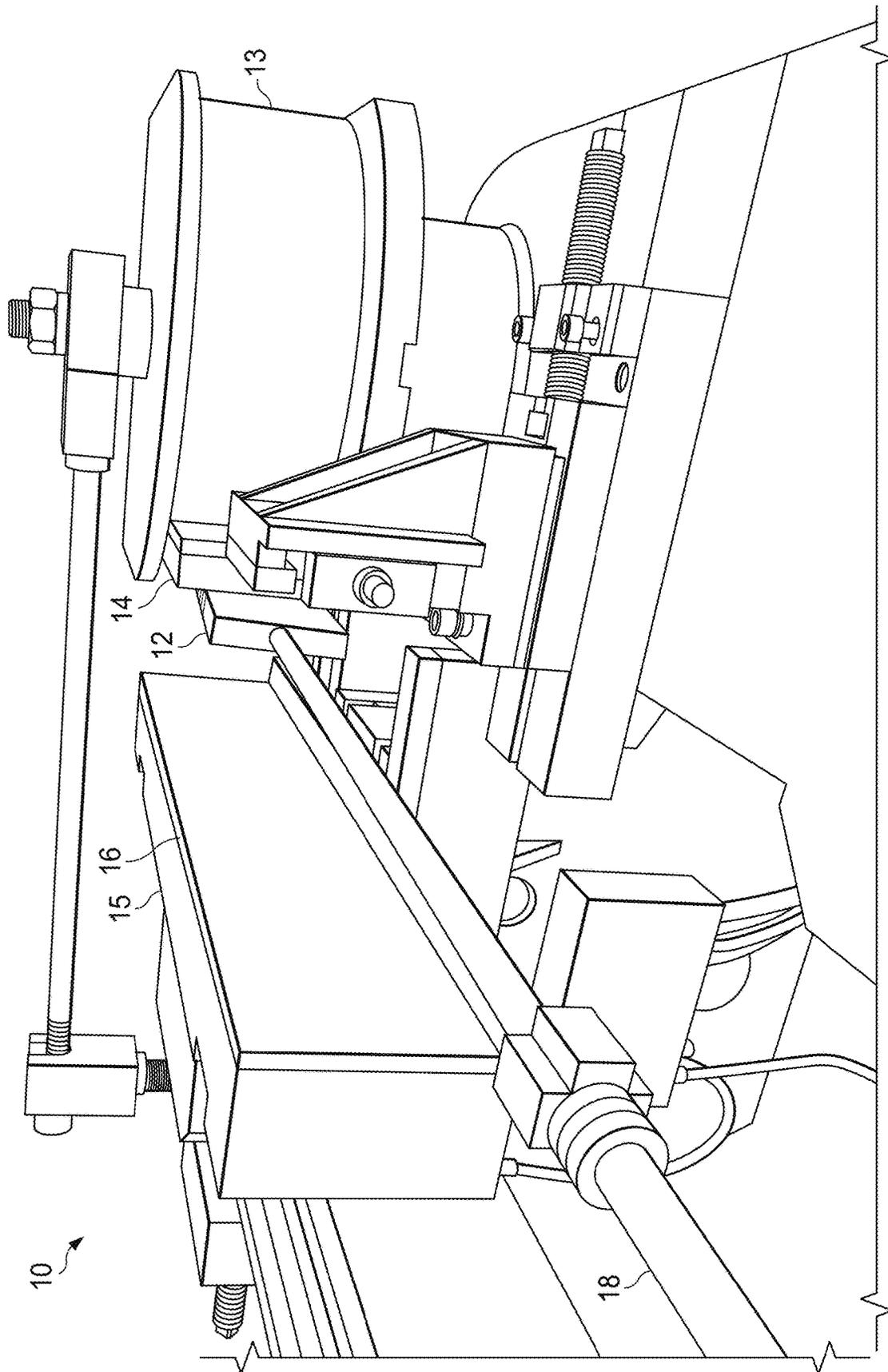


FIG. 4

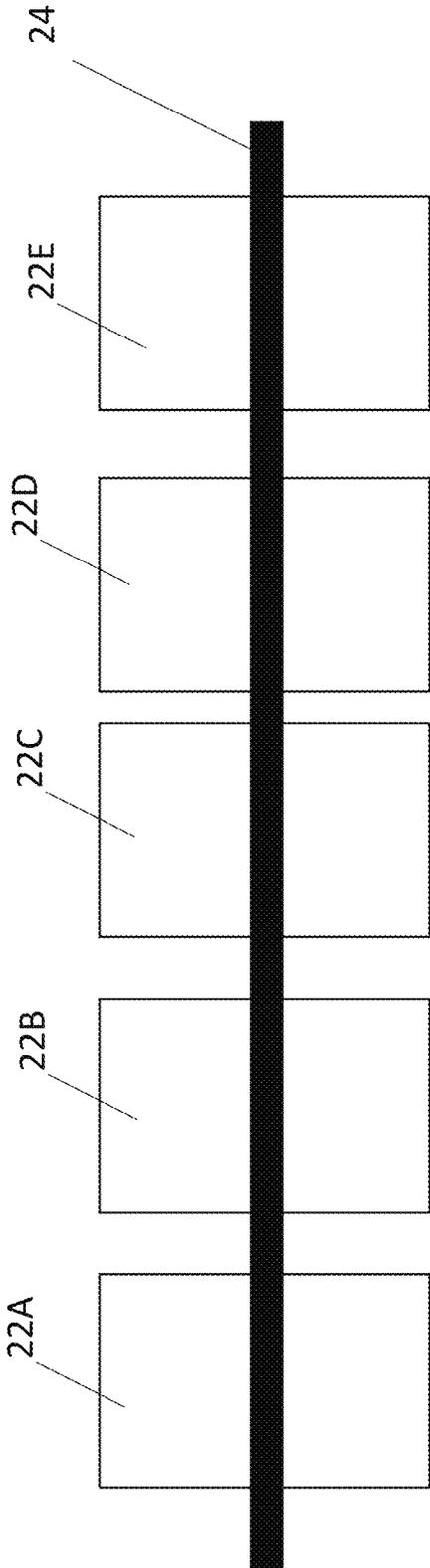


FIGURE 5

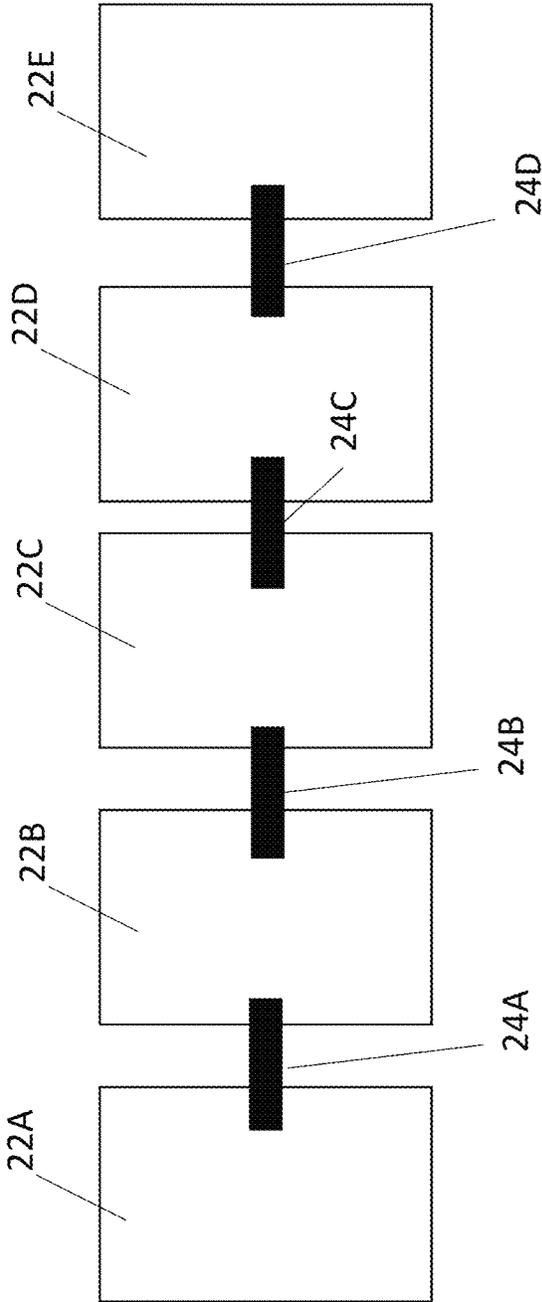


FIGURE 6

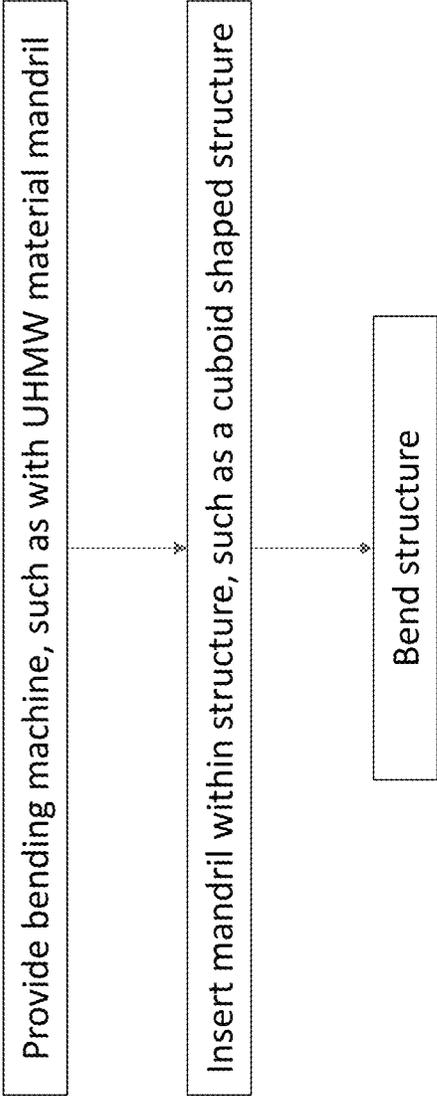


FIGURE 7

1

**BENDING MANDRIL COMPRISING ULTRA
HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT MATERIAL,
RELATED BENDING MACHINES, SYSTEMS,
AND METHODS**

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED
APPLICATIONS

This application is filed as original and therefore makes
no priority claim.

TECHNICAL FIELD

Exemplary embodiments relate generally to bending mandrils comprising ultra-high molecular weight (UHMW) material(s) as well as related bending machines, systems, and methods.

BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF THE
INVENTION

Bending machines are known. These machines are used to bend relatively strong material, such as one or more metals, metal alloys, or the like. Where it is desired to bend a hollow structure, such as a tube, it is known to employ mandrils. Typically, a mandril is inserted within the hollow structure to preserve its shape (e.g., prevent it from collapsing) while the structure is bent. Conventionally, these mandrils consist of metal structures which are linked together in a fashion which provides a level of flexibility. However, metal can scratch the structure and/or be overly rigid, resulting in damage to the structure, such as cracking. This is particularly true of relatively large, relatively thin walled, and/or relatively cuboidal structures (i.e., those having a substantially square or rectangular cross section). Alternatively, or additionally, this is particularly true of certain materials such as aluminum or certain aluminum alloys. What is needed is an improved mandril for bending structures.

A bending mandril comprising UHMW material is provided along with related bending machines, systems, and methods. The bending mandril may comprise or consist of one or more UHMW materials. Preferably, the UHMW material is a polymer, such as but not limited to UHMW polyethylene.

In exemplary embodiments, without limitation, the bending mandril is formed into an elongate, generally cuboidal shape to match or substantially match (e.g., fill at least 80% of) the interior shape of an interior space of a structure to be bent. Preferably, kerf cuts are provided in at least one surface of the mandril to increase flexibility for bending with the structure during the bending process. In other exemplary embodiments, without limitation, the mandril may comprise multiple segments, each comprising, substantially comprising (e.g., making up at least 80% of the material by weight), or consisting of, UHMW material, which are joined together flexibly, such as by way of a cable or other flexible line, hinged linkage, combinations thereof, or the like.

The bending mandril may be located at a distal portion of a mandril rod of a bending machine. The bending mandril may be inserted into a structure to be bent prior to bending. After bending, the bending mandril may be removed from the structure. In exemplary embodiments, without limitation, the same or a different UHMW materials may be provided at panels of the bending machine that contact the structure for bending, such as to reduce or eliminate scratching, marring, or other types of damage.

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Further features and advantages of the systems and methods disclosed herein, as well as the structure and operation of various aspects of the present disclosure, are described in detail below with reference to the accompanying figures.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In addition to the features mentioned above, other aspects of the present invention will be readily apparent from the following descriptions of the drawings and exemplary embodiments, wherein like reference numerals across the several views refer to identical, similar, or equivalent features, and wherein:

FIG. 1 is a rear, detailed perspective view of an exemplary bending machine with exemplary UHMW mandril;

FIG. 2 is another rear perspective view of the bending machine of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a side view of the bending machine of FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is a front, detailed perspective view of the bending machine and UHMW mandril of FIG. 1;

FIG. 5 is a side view of another exemplary UHMW mandril;

FIG. 6 is a side view of another exemplary UHMW mandril; and

FIG. 7 is a flow chat providing an exemplary method of using the bending machine of FIG. 1.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EXEMPLARY
EMBODIMENT(S)

Various embodiments of the present invention will now be described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. In the following description, specific details such as detailed configuration and components are merely provided to assist the overall understanding of these embodiments of the present invention. Therefore, it should be apparent to those skilled in the art that various changes and modifications of the embodiments described herein can be made without departing from the scope and spirit of the present invention. In addition, descriptions of well-known functions and constructions are omitted for clarity and conciseness.

Embodiments of the invention are described herein with reference to illustrations of idealized embodiments (and intermediate structures) of the invention. As such, variations from the shapes of the illustrations as a result, for example, of manufacturing techniques and/or tolerances, are to be expected. Thus, embodiments of the invention should not be construed as limited to the particular shapes of regions illustrated herein but are to include deviations in shapes that result, for example, from manufacturing.

FIG. 1 through FIG. 4 illustrate an exemplary bending machine 10 with an exemplary UHMW mandril 12. The bending machine 10 in exemplary embodiments, without limitation, may include the HINES® bending systems, such as but not limited to the 600NC Model, available from Hines Bending Systems Inc. of Fort Meyers, FL (<https://hinesbending.com>). However, as those of skill in the art will recognize, these disclosures, including but not limited to the UHMW mandrils 12, may be used with a wide variety of types and kinds of bending machines 10 from a wide variety of providers of such bending machines 10. These disclosures are not intended to be limited to use with any particular make or model of bending machine 10.

The bending machine 10 may comprise conventional bending machine components, such as but not necessarily limited to, one or more fixed objects (e.g., follower block 15,

clamp blocks, wiper dies, combinations thereof, or the like), mandril rods **18**, bending dies **13**, control panels, and the like.

The bending mandril **12** may comprise, substantially comprise (e.g., make up at least 80% of the material by weight), or consist of one or more UHMW materials. Preferably, the UHMW material is a polymer, such as but not limited to UHMW polyethylene. A wide variety of types and kinds of UHMW material may be utilized.

In exemplary embodiments, without limitation, the bending mandril **12** is formed into an elongate shape, such as a generally cuboidal shape. The bending mandril **12** may be sized and/or shaped to match, or to substantially match (e.g., fill at least 80% of), an interior shape of a structure to be bent. The use of UHMW material may provide sufficient flexibility for bending with the structure. In other exemplary embodiments, without limitation, kerf cuts **20** are provided in at least one surface of the mandril **12**, such as a surface facing the follower block **15**, to provide the bending mandril **12** with greater flexibility. Kerf cuts **20** may be provided on multiple surfaces, such as the surface facing the follower block **15** and a surface facing the bending die **13** by way of non-limiting example.

The bending mandril **12** may be located at a distal portion of a mandril rod **18** of a bending machine **10**. The bending mandril **12** may be inserted into a structure to be bent prior to bending. After bending, the bending mandril **12** may be removed from the structure.

Certain additional components of the bending machine **10**, such as but not necessarily limited to those which contact the structure for bending, may be provided with, comprise, substantially comprise (e.g., make up at least 80% by weight of), or consist of a same or different UHMW material. This may reduce or eliminate scratching, marring, or other types of damage to the structure during bending and/or otherwise improve performance of the mandril **12**. In exemplary embodiments, without limitation, such panels may comprise a first panel **14** provided at the bending die **13** and a second panel **16** provided at the follower block **15**. The first and second panels **14**, **16** may be provided at existing surfaces such that the panels are separable components which are attached to the bending machine (e.g., by one or more fasteners) and/or permanently affixed (e.g., adhesive) components, or may be integrally formed with the machine **10**.

A forward portion **19** of the bending mandril **12** may optionally comprise one or more tapered edges, such as but not limited to formed into a point and/or generally pyramidal shape. This may assist with insertion of the mandril **12** into the structure.

In other exemplary embodiments, such as illustrated in FIG. **5** and FIG. **6** by way of non-limiting example, the mandril **12** may comprise multiple segments **22A**, **22B**, **22C**, **22D**, **22E**, etc. Varying number, size, and shape segments **22** may be utilized. Each of the segments **22** may comprise, substantially comprise (e.g., make up at least 80% by weight of), or consist of UHMW material. The segments **22** may be joined together one or more linkages **24** to provide such flexibility during bending. The linkage **24** may comprise one or more cables or other flexible line, hinged structures or other hinging members or components, combinations thereof, or the like. In such embodiments, the linkage(s) **24** may comprise or consist of UHMW materials or another material, such as plastic, metal, combinations thereof, or the like. The linkage(s) **24** may extend through each or multiple of the segments **22** (e.g., FIG. **5**), along one or more exterior surfaces thereof, between each of the segments **22** (e.g., FIG. **6**), combinations thereof, or the like.

With particular regard to FIG. **7**, the mandril **12** may be inserted into a structure to be bent using the machine **10**. In exemplary embodiments, without limitation, the structure is one where, at least the portion to be bent, has a generally cuboid shape and/or square or rectangular cross section. Alternatively, or additionally, the structure may comprise, substantially comprise (e.g., at least 80%), or consist of aluminum or certain aluminum alloys. The UHMW mandril **12** may be particularly well suited to reducing damages to such structures, such as from engagement with the structures, bending, combinations thereof, or the like. The structure may be positioned at the machine **10**, such as between the first and second panels **14**, **16**, when utilized, but regardless between the bending die **13** and the follower block **15**. The machine **10** may be activated for bending the structure about the bending die **13**. The mandril **12** may be removed from the bent structure.

The bending machine **10**, including but not limited to movement of the mandril **12**, may be electronically controlled and/or motorized, though such is not necessarily required.

Any embodiment of the present invention may include any of the features of the other embodiments of the present invention. The exemplary embodiments herein disclosed are not intended to be exhaustive or to unnecessarily limit the scope of the invention. The exemplary embodiments were chosen and described in order to explain the principles of the present invention so that others skilled in the art may practice the invention. Having shown and described exemplary embodiments of the present invention, those skilled in the art will realize that many variations and modifications may be made to the described invention. Many of those variations and modifications will provide the same result and fall within the spirit of the claimed invention.

Certain operations described herein may be performed by one or more electronic devices. Each electronic device may comprise one or more processors, electronic storage devices, executable software instructions, combinations thereof, and the like configured to perform the operations described herein. The electronic devices may be general purpose computers or specialized computing devices. The electronic devices may comprise personal computers, smartphones, tablets, databases, servers, or the like. The electronic connections and transmissions described herein may be accomplished by one or more wired or wireless connectively components (e.g., routers, modems, ethernet cables, fiber optic cable, telephone cables, signal repeaters, and the like) and/or networks (e.g., internets, intranets, cellular networks, the world wide web, local area networks, and the like). The computerized hardware, software, components, systems, steps, methods, and/or processes described herein may serve to improve the speed of the computerized hardware, software, systems, steps, methods, and/or processes described herein. The electronic devices, including but not necessarily limited to the electronic storage devices, databases, controllers, or the like, may comprise and/or be configured to hold, solely non-transitory signals.

What is claimed is:

1. A bending mandril comprising:
 - a body comprising an ultra-high molecular weight (UHMW) material configured to fit within an interior of a hollow structure comprising metal during bending of said hollow structure; and
 - kerf cuts spaced apart along a longitudinally extending surface of the mandril, wherein said kerf cuts extend lateral relative to a longitudinal axis of the surface, and

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- wherein each of said kerf cuts extend part way, depth-wise, from the surface into an underlying portion of the bending mandril;
- wherein the body has a cuboid shape configured to snugly fit within a cuboid shaped interior hollow structure.
2. The bending mandril of claim 1 wherein the body consists of the UHMW material.
 3. The bending mandril of claim 1 wherein the body comprises multiple sections joined by one or more linkages.
 4. The bending mandril of claim 3 wherein the one or more linkages comprises a single flexible line extending through each of the multiple sections.
 5. The bending mandril of claim 3 wherein the one or more linkages comprises a hinge located between each of the multiple sections.
 6. The bending mandril of claim 1 wherein a forward portion of the body comprises one or more tapered edges.
 7. The bending mandril of claim 6 wherein the forward portion of the body comprises a pyramidal shape.
 8. A bending machine comprising:
 - a bending die;
 - a follower block;
 - a mandril rod; and
 - a mandril located at a distal end of the mandril rod and comprising kerf cuts located along a longitudinally extending surface thereof, wherein each of said kerf cuts extend lateral relative to a longitudinal axis of the surface and are spaced apart from one another along the surface, and wherein each of said kerf cuts extend part way, depth-wise, through an underlying portion of the mandril;
 wherein the mandril and at least one of the bending die and the follower block each comprise an ultra-high molecular weight (UHMW) material.
 9. The bending machine of claim 8 wherein: the mandril and the at least one of the bending die and the follower block consists of the UHMW material.
 10. The bending machine of claim 8 wherein: the bending die comprises a first panel attached to an exterior surface thereof at least substantially comprising the UHMW material; and the follower block comprises a second panel attached to an exterior surface thereof at least substantially comprising the UHMW material.
 11. The bending machine of claim 10 wherein: the mandril at least substantially comprises the UHMW material.

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12. The bending machine of claim 8 wherein: the bending mandril comprises multiple sections joined by one or more linkages.
13. The bending machine of claim 8 wherein: each of the bending die, the follower block, and the mandril comprise the UHMW material.
14. The bending mandril of claim 8 wherein: the bending mandril comprises a single block comprising the UHMW material.
15. A method for bending a hollow structure comprising: providing a bending machine comprising:
 - a bending die;
 - a follower block;
 - a mandril rod; and
 - a mandril located at a distal end of the mandril rod, wherein the mandril comprises a body having a cuboid shape, a tapered end, and kerf cuts spaced apart along a longitudinally extending surface of the body, wherein each of said kerf cuts extend lateral relative to a longitudinal axis of the surface, extend an entirety of a lateral dimension of the surface, and extend not more than part way, depth-wise, through an underlying portion of the body;
 wherein the mandril, the bending die, and the follower block, comprise an ultra-high molecular weight (UHMW) material; placing the mandril within an interior of the structure, wherein the interior of the structure comprises a square or rectangular cross section, and wherein the structure at least substantially comprises aluminum or an aluminum alloy; and bending the structure about the bending die.
16. A bending mandril comprising:
 - a body comprising an ultra-high molecular weight (UHMW) material configured to fit within an interior of a hollow structure comprising metal during bending of said hollow structure; and
 - kerf cuts spaced apart along a longitudinally extending surface of the mandril, wherein said kerf cuts extend lateral relative to a longitudinal axis of the surface, and wherein each of said kerf cuts extend part way, depth-wise, from the surface into an underlying portion of the bending mandril;
 wherein a forward portion of the body comprises one or more tapered edges.
17. The bending mandril of claim 16 wherein the forward portion of the body comprises a pyramidal shape.

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