# United States Patent [19]

**Messner**

[11] E **Re. 29,139**

[45] Reissued **Feb. 22, 1977**


[54] **LAWN MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT**


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[22] Filed: **Feb. 2, 1976**

[21] Appl. No.: **654,031**

**Related U.S. Patent Documents**

Reissue of:

[64] Patent No.: **3,905,181**
Issued: **Sept. 16, 1975**
Appl. No.: **439,385**
Filed: **Feb. 4, 1974**

[52] **U.S. Cl.** ..... **56/13.1**; 15/328; 56/13.4; 56/16.9; 56/320.2

[51] **Int. Cl.²** ..... **A01D 35/262**

[58] **Field of Search** ..... 56/13.4, 12.8, 12.9, 56/13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 16.9, 17.5, 17.4, 255, 320.1, 320.2, 202; 15/328, 338, 334, 337



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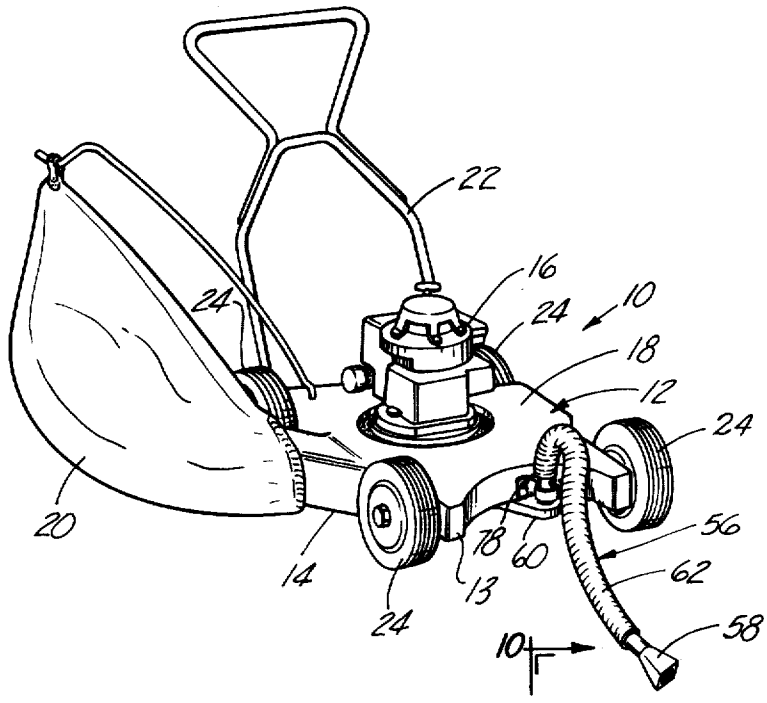
*Primary Examiner*—J. N. Eskovitz
*Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Gifford, Chandler, Sheridan & Sprinkle



[57] **ABSTRACT**

A rotary lawn mower with various interchangeable parts can be utilized not only as a standard lawn mower but also a vegetation chopper or shredder, a leaf blower or a snow blower. A vacuum attachment is also provided to permit inaccessible areas to be maintained.


**26 Claims, 11 Drawing Figures**



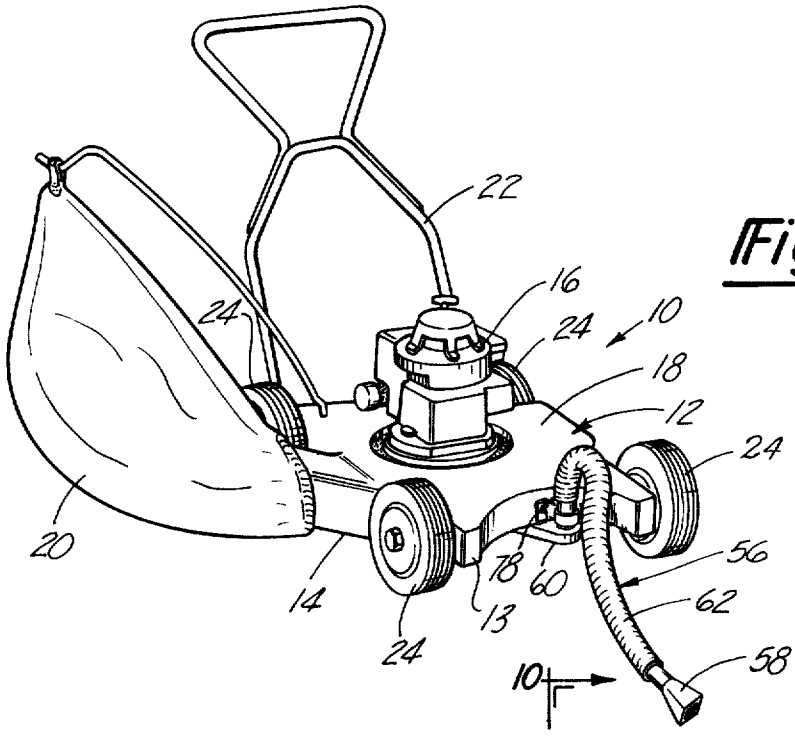

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Fig - 1

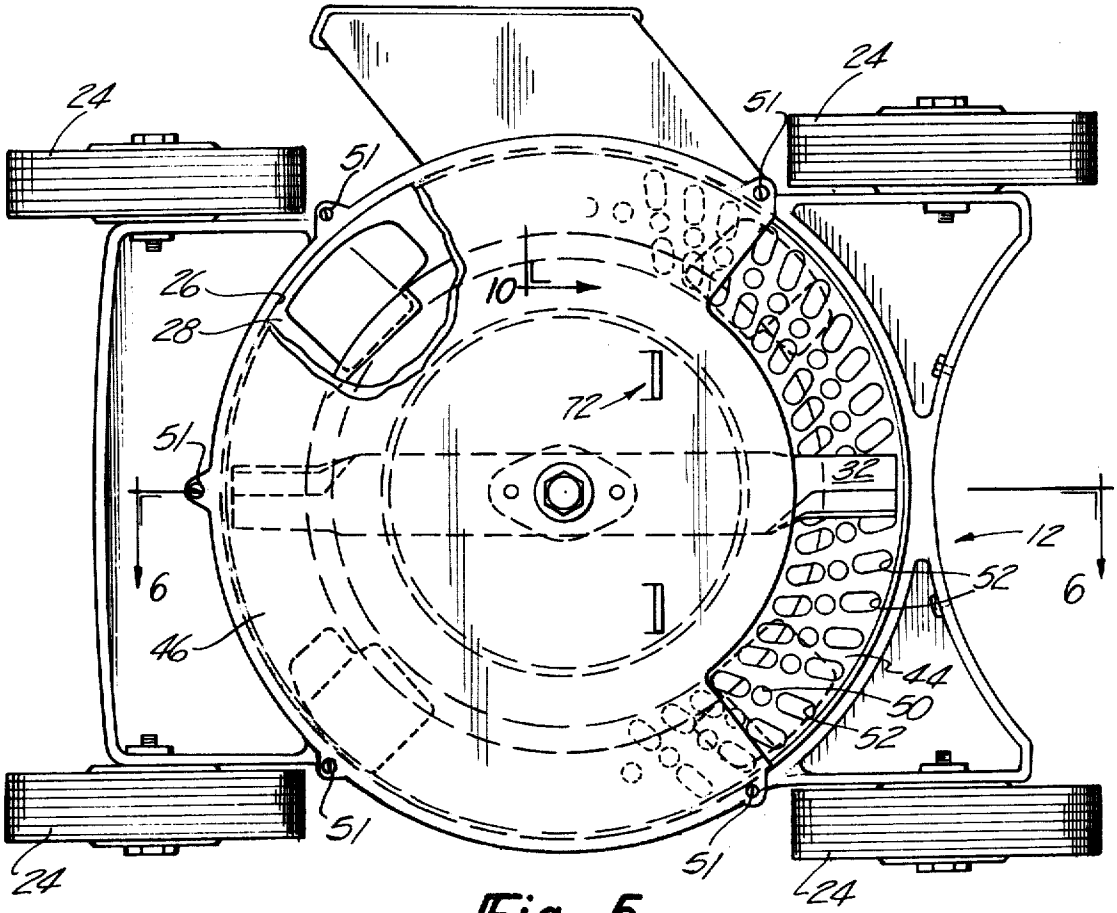

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Fig - 5

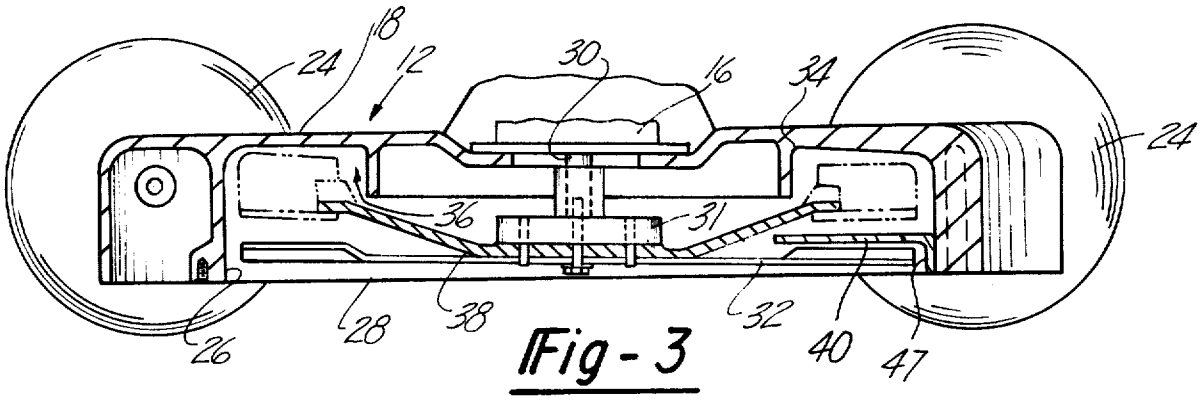



Fig - 3

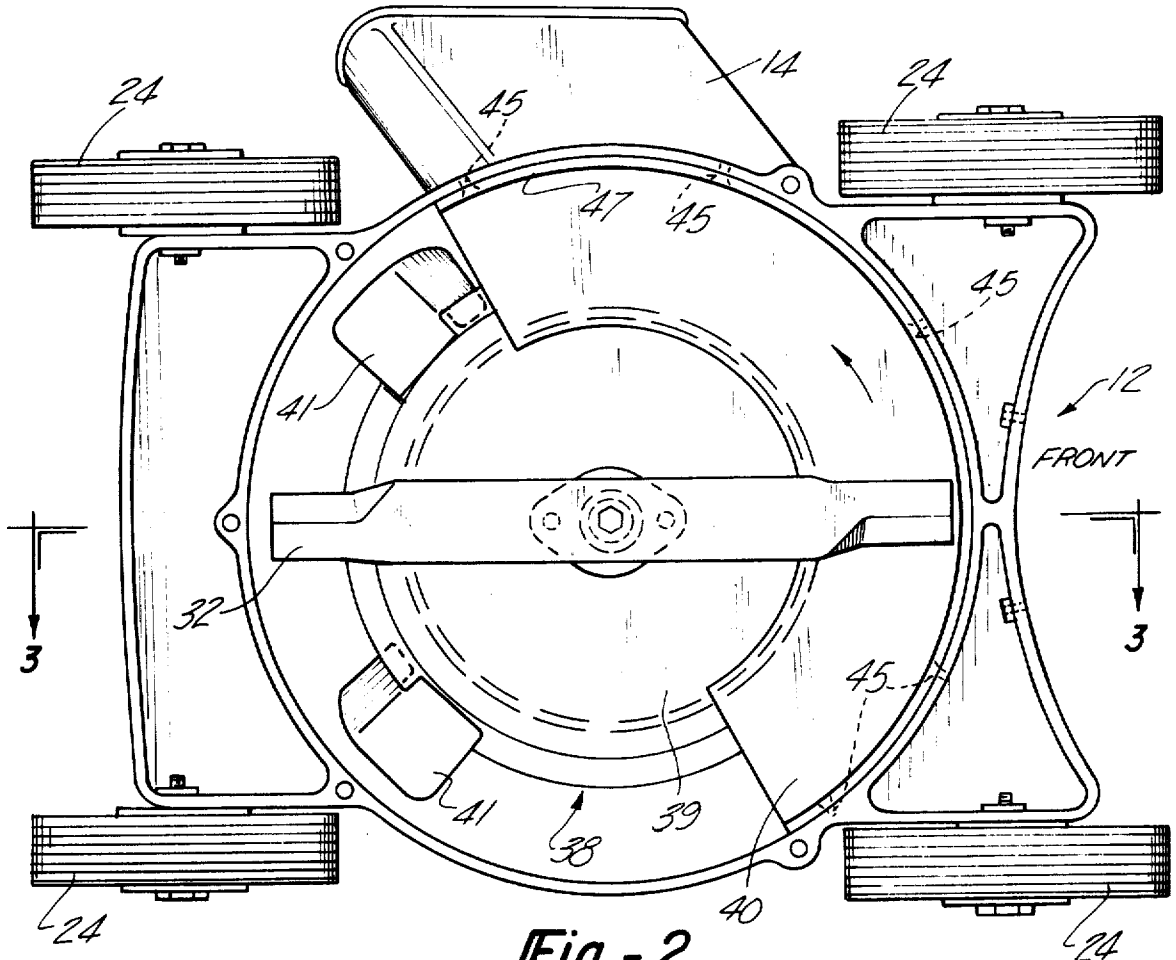



Fig - 2

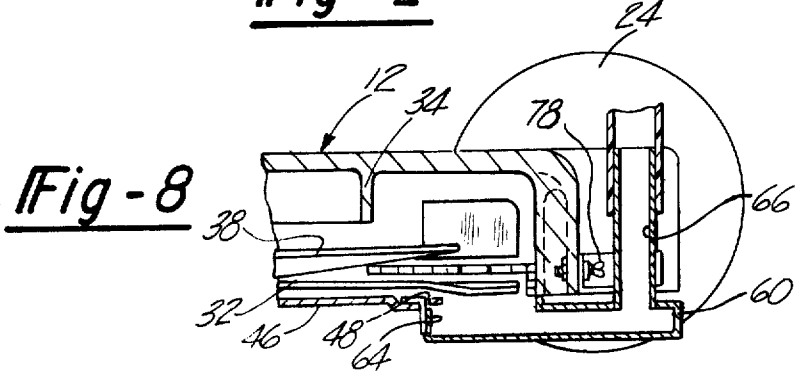
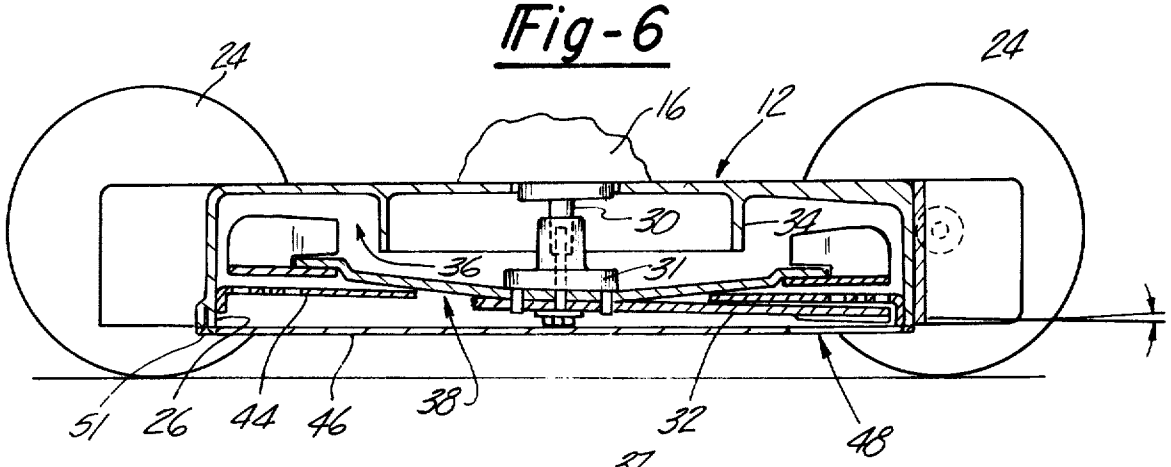
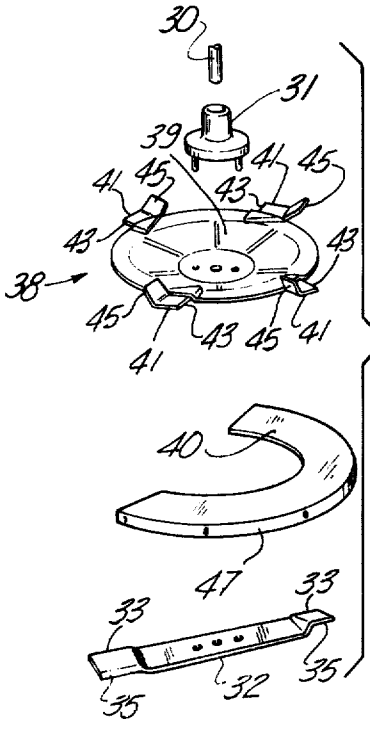



Fig - 8

Fig-6



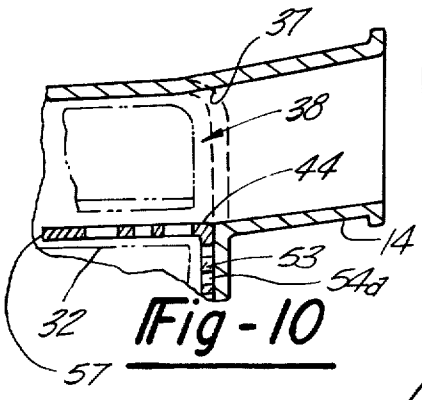




Fig-10

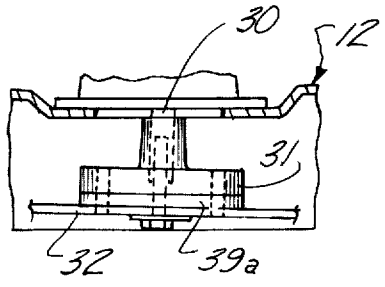



Fig-11

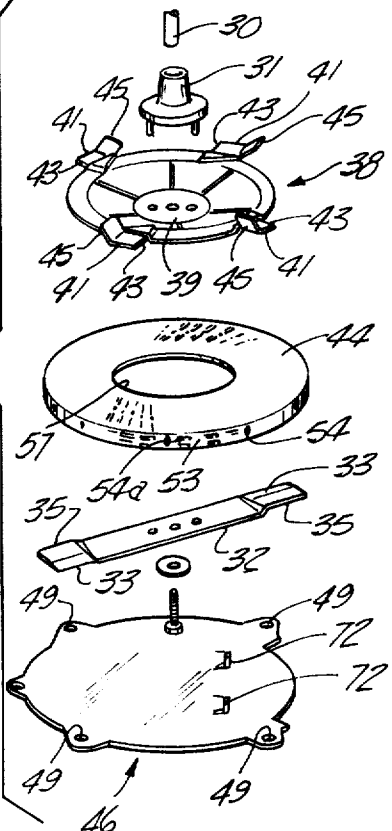



Fig-4

Fig-7

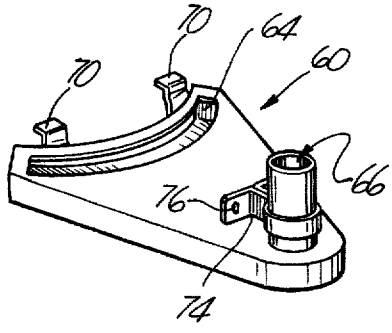



Fig-9

# LAWN MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT

**Matter enclosed in heavy brackets [ ] appears in the original patent but forms no part of this reissue specification; matter printed in italics indicates the additions made by reissue.**

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

I. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to lawn maintenance equipment and more particularly to such equipment which can be used not only to cut the lawn but which can also be used as a leaf shredder or blower as well as a snow blower.

II. Description of the Prior Art

There are known lawn maintenance devices which include means for vegetation shredding or mulching. Some of these devices are single purpose devices used solely for gathering and shredding vegetation refuse from the ground. Others are attached to rotary-type lawn mowers to shred grass as it is cut from the lawn.

A major drawback with single purpose shredders is that two machines are required for adequate lawn care; a lawn mower and a shredder. For this reason, the single purpose shredders are too expensive for the individual householder and find their greatest use by commercial businesses.

The shredding and mulching devices attached to rotary-type lawn mowers are of various configurations. Some of these devices have a shredding blade or element which replaces the lawn mower cutting blade. Thus, if leaves are to be mulched, the cutting blade is replaced by the shredder blade and the lawn gone over to pickup and shred the leaves.

Others of these devices incorporate a shredding or mulching element in addition to the lawn cutting blade. However, either because of inadequate chopping of the particles or poorly controlled movement of the particles, they do not perform an adequate shredding action on the vegetation and tend to become clogged.

None of these heretofore known devices can be used to perform a number of different tasks such as vegetation shredding and/or chopping, leaf or snow blowing and vacuum cleaning.

Therefore, a need exists for an inexpensive lawn maintenance device for rotary-type lawn mowers which can be used to perform a number of lawn maintenance functions.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides inexpensive lawn maintenance equipment which includes means to be removably attached to a rotary-type lawn mower and which, for example, gathers grass cuttings as they are being cut from the lawn, as well as gathering other plant refuse such as leaves, and chops them into relatively small particles. An additional attachment provides for shredding the plant refuse.

The equipment includes a uniquely designed fan blade which produces a very high suction force. This permits the use of the mower as either a leaf blower or in the winter months as a snow blower.

The present invention while it can be used by modifying a standard rotary mower also contemplates for best



efficiency a rotary mower having a housing utilizing an improved design.

The lawn mower consists of a basic housing with a circular external enclosure around the cutting blade. The lower part of the housing is machined on the inside diameter for attaching a semi-circular or a circular baffle for the vegetation shredder applications. The tangential discharge opening in the housing is located above the axial flow type cutting blade providing an enclosure on the entire circumference of the blade for maximum air flow efficiency.

The depth of the housing is ample for installation of a fan in the upper part of the housing to increase the air flow for the various applications where required. A circular drum, sized in relation to the inside diameter of the fan blades is bolted or cast underneath the top deck of the housing to confine the air flow from the cutting blade and the fan to the outer portion of the housing and to prevent any air re-circulation. Close blade and fan clearance is provided on all surfaces to prevent clogging of wet or dry material.

The standard lawn mower uses the basic housing and a spacer to position the cutting blades at the correct height in the housing for the normal grass cutting operation.

To use the equipment to cut and chop vegetation, the spacer is removed from the standard lawn mower configuration and the fan is installed.

The equipment can be used as a vegetation shredder by installing a plan horizontal baffle between the cutting blade and the fan at the forward portion of the mower. This baffle retains the material in the lower part of the mower until it passes the discharge chute thus requiring it to make a complete cycle in the upper part of the housing to enable the fan blades to chop it up into smaller particles.

A second baffle in the form of a circular perforated horizontal plate can be used in place of the first baffle to produce even finer shredding of the vegetation.

The equipment also includes a vacuum attachment used to clean refuse from areas inaccessible to the mower; the attachment comprising a diverging nozzle, removably attached to the mower over a small open portion in the housing skirt below the horizontal baffle; a converging nozzle; and a flexible hose operatively interconnecting the nozzles.

By eliminating the bag which normally collects the matter discharged from the mower and utilizing the fan the device can be used as a leaf blower. The device can be used as an inexpensive snow blower by removing a spacer above the cutting blade in the standard lawn mower arrangement and installing the fan.

An important feature of the invention involves a unique control of air flow through the mower in a manner to insure that substantially all matter to be shredded follows a predetermined pathway from the ground, through cutting and shearing zones, and finally to a discharge chute.

By way of example, in one preferred arrangement, air enters a relatively small bottom opening at the front of the mower and moves upwardly into a zone which is swept by the cutting blade. An initial cutting of grass, for example, is effected by the cutting blade. After passing the cutting blade the air stream is reduced in width to increase the velocity of air flow. This is accomplished by a horizontally positioned baffle disposed across the path of the air stream. The air stream passes next into a zone swept by the fan blades each of which

is provided with a leading cutting edge and an upwardly extending curved trailing edge. The air stream in the fan blade zone is generally toroidal in shape and directs the particles which have been further chopped by the fan blades into the discharge chute positioned tangentially to the toroidally moving air.

By the unique use of baffles and the unique control of air flow in the manner described, vegetation cuttings in the plane of the cutting blade, are kept suspended by the rapid air movement. The suspended matter next moves between the cutting blade and the first baffle where it is subjected to a shearing action which is particularly effective in the comminution of leaves. The cuttings move next to the chopping blades area where the speed of air flow is again increased and the air mass takes a generally toroidal shape. The suspended matter in the toroid is subjected to the chopping action of the chopping blade and to a shearing force between the chopping blade and the first baffle. The comminuted material then moves from the zones swept by the chopper blades into a chute positioned tangentially to the zone.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

A better understanding of the present invention will be had upon reference to the following drawings in which, like reference characters refer to like parts throughout the several view and in which:

FIG. **1** is a perspective views of a rotary-type lawn mower incorporating the present invention;

FIG. **2** is a bottom view of the lawn mower of FIG. **1** illustrating a lawn mower of the present invention including the elements necessary to use the equipment for coarse shredding;

FIG. **3** is a view taken along line **3—3** of FIG. **2**;

FIG. **4** is an exploded view of components of the embodiment of the invention shown in FIGS. **2** and **3**;

FIG. **5** is a bottom view of the lawn mower of FIG. **1** illustrating the elements necessary to use the equipment for fine shredding;

FIG. **6** is a view taken along line **6—6** of FIG. **5**;

FIG. **7** is an exploded view of components of the embodiment of the invention shown in FIGS. **5** and **6**;

FIG. **8** is a sectional view of a vacuum device of the present invention installed on the lawn mower;

FIG. **9** is a perspective view of a component of the vacuum device;

FIG. **10** is a view taken along line **10—10** of FIG. **5**; and

FIG. **11** is a fragmentary view of a portion of a preferred arrangement of the present invention.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring now to FIG. **1**, there is shown a rotary-type lawn mower **10** comprising a housing **12** having downwardly peripheral side walls **13**, a refuse discharge chute **14** connected to the housing **12**, a motor **16** attached to a top wall **18** of the housing **12**, a refuse collection bag **20** connected to the discharge chute; an operator's handle **22** located at the rear of the mower **10** for pushing and controlling the mower **10** and ground engaging wheels **24**.

With reference to FIGS. **2, 3, 5** and **6**, the housing **12** includes a cylindrical downwardly extending inner wall **26** forming a cylindrical chamber **28**. The chamber **28** is normally open at the bottom. A drive shaft **30** of the motor **16** extends downwardly into and concentrically with the chamber **28**.

A cutting blade **32** is disposed within, and sweeps a generally horizontal plane within the chamber **28** with a minimum clearance between the ends of the blade **32** and the circular wall **26** and is secured to the drive shaft **30** for rotation therewith by a crankshaft adaptor **31**. This close relationship between the blade **32** and wall **26** prevents material cut by the blade from clogging in the chamber **28**. Preferably, the cutting blade **32** is disposed at an angle to the horizontal (see FIG. **6**) such that it is approximately one-half inch lower at the front of the mower **10** than it is at the back of the mower **10**. The bottom edge of the wall **26** is at approximately the same level above the ground as the cutting blade **32** at the front to the mower **10**. As can best be seen in FIGS. **10** and **11**, the adaptor **31** positions the blade **32** below the discharge chute **14**. This is contrary to most constructions in which the blade and the chute are in the same plane.

As can best be seen in FIGS. **4** and **7**, the cutting blade **32** has a leading edge **33** which is the cutting edge, and an upwardly extending curved trailing edge **35** which forces the grass cut by the blade **32** upwardly in the housing **12**.

As best seen in FIGS. **3** and **6**, the housing **12** also includes a cylindrical flange **34** concentrically located within the chamber **28** and extending downwardly from the top wall **18**. The cylindrical flange **34** cooperates with the circular wall **26** to define an annular chamber **36** therebetween.

The chute **14** is preferably disposed tangentially to the annular chamber **28** to receive air and comminuted vegetation from the generally toroidal shaped air mass which is formed in the chamber **28**. The opening **37** into the chute from the chamber **28** is located above the cutting blade **32** as best seen in FIG. **10**. This prevents foreign objects from being thrown radially out of the housing and raises the chute **14** above the ground level a sufficient amount so that the refuse bag **20** will not drag on the ground.

With reference to FIGS. **10** and **11** the device can be used as a standard lawn mower by utilizing a spacer **39a** and the cutting blade **32** mounted to the shaft **30** by the spacer **39a** and the adaptor **31**.

Referring to FIGS. **2, 3,** and **4** to utilize the device as a coarse vegetation shredder a fan **38** is disposed between the cutting blade **32** and the adaptor **31**. A plain horizontal semi-circular baffle **40** is mounted to the housing **12** and disposed intermediate the cutting blade **32** and the fan **38**.

The fan **38** comprises a hub **39** and chopping blades **41** connected to and extending radially from the hub **39**. The chopping blades **41** sweep a generally horizontal plane and have a leading cutting edge **43** and an upwardly extending curved vane **45** at the trailing edge. The chopping blades **41** may be connected to the hub **39** of the fan **38** by, for example, conventional nuts and bolts (not shown).

The baffle **40** is disposed in a generally horizontal plane between the cutting blade **32** and the fan **38** at the front of the mower **10** to cover a portion of the bottom opening into the cylindrical chamber **28** and with a minimum clearance between the cutting blade **32** and the fan **38**. The baffle **40** is removably attached to the housing **12** by a mounting flange **47** and conventional screws **45** (FIG. **2**).

The baffle **40** retains the material in the lower part of the mower until it passes the discharge chute **14.** This arrangement requires the material to make a complete cycle in the upper part of the housing where the fan blades can have time to chop it up into smaller particles. The baffle **40** also increases the velocity of air flow and provides a shearing force on the vegetation particles between the cutting and fan blades.

Utilizing just the fan **38** and the cutting blade **32** without the baffle **40,** the device can be used as a lawn mower and chopper and a snow blower.

FIGS. **5, 6** and **7** illustrate the equipment modified to provide fine shredding. A stationary annular plate **44** with perforated holes and slots in the outer area, swept by the cutting and fan blades is disposed coaxially in the cylindrical chamber **28** in a generally horizontal plane between the cutting blade **32** and the fan **38.** A stationary plate **46** is connected to the bottom of housing **12** in a generally horizontal plane beneath the cutting blade **32** and closes the rear portion of the bottom opening into the cylindrical chamber **28.** The plate **46** reduces the bottom opening to an aperture **48** located at the front of the housing **12.** The plate **46** is removably connected to the housing **12,** by, for example, attachment ears **49** and screws **51.**

As can best be seen in FIG. **5,** the annular screen or perforated plate **44** is formed of a combination of round holes **50** and oblong holes **52** to accommodate different shapes and sizes of particles of refuse to be shredded. The annular screen **44** includes a central clearance opening **51** (FIG. **7**) for the drive shaft **30** and the adaptor **31,** and a preforated peripheral flange **53** having a series of mounting holes **54.** The annular screen **44** is connected to the housing **12,** by, for example, screws (not shown) which extend through the holes **54** into the housing **12.** The annular screen **44** is disposed in the cylindrical chamber **28** between the cutting blade **32** and the fan **38** and below the opening **37** with a minimum clearance between it, the cutting blade **32** and the fan **38.** The hub **39** of the fan effectively closes the central clearance opening **51** to prevent air recirculation.

The perforated slots **54a** in the flange **53** which surround the cutting blade **32** play an important part in breaking up the material due to the close clearance and the centrifugal force of the material as it is swept in a toroidal movement of air by the cutting blade **32** past the slots. The angle of the cutting blade and the radius at the trailing edge, force the material upward through the perforated plate by an abrasive rubbing action.

The fan blades lift the material by suction and discharge it out the tangential chute in the mower housing. Close clearance between the inside diameter of the perforated baffle and the fan hub prevent air recirculation forcing all the material and air to go through the openings in the baffle. The annular chamber **36** with the cylindrical flange **34** confine the air flow to the outer periphery of the cylindrical chamber **28** to provide maximum fan efficiency.

The opening **48** in the plate **46** permits the cutting blade **32** to cut the grass, lift the material and suck it into the lower part of the housing. The high air velocity due to the small inlet area keeps the shredded material in suspension. The small particles that drop to the plate at the rear of the mower re-enter the air stream and pass through the perforated baffle **44** due to the suction from the fan in the top portion of the housing.

Referring again to FIG. **1** there is shown a vacuum device **56** comprising a nozzle **58,** a diverging nozzle **60** removably connected to the front of the housing **12,** and a flexible hose **62** operatively interconnecting the converging nozzle **58** and diverging nozzle **60.**

As can be best seen in FIGS. **1, 8** and **9,** the diverging nozzle **60** comprises an inlet port **66** and an outlet opening **64.** The outlet port **64** registers with the aperture **48.** A sealing gasket, not shown, is preferably attached to the diverging nozzle **60** around the outlet opening **64** to seal the interface between the nozzle **60** the plate **46** and the front bottom edge of the circular wall **26.** The nozzle **60** includes a pair of mounting flanges **70** which engage in appropriate slots **72** in the plate **46,** and a mounting bracket **74** with holes **76** for receiving screws **78** which fasten to the front of the mower **10.**

The vacuum device is used then with the plate **46** in position so that the fan **38** and the cutting blades **32** create a suction concentrated at the inlet portion **48.** The device is for picking up leaves from areas such as shrubs inaccessible to a lawn mower. This attachment is intended to be used during the autumn along with the vegetation shredder when the leaves start to fall from the trees.

The mower can be used as a leaf blower in any combination that uses the fan **38** by omitting the catcher **20.**

The equipment can be used as a vegetation chopper or as a snow blower by using the fan **38** and the cutting blade **32** only.

As the lawn mower **10** with the attachments shown in FIGS. **2, 3,** and **4,** traverses a lawn to be mowed or cleaned, the leading cutting edge **33** of cutting blade **32** cuts the grass of the lawn, and the upwardly extending trailing edge **35** of the blade **32** forces the cutting and other refuse upwardly into the cylindrical chamber **28** and into the fan **38.** The baffle **40** which blocks the lower part of the opening **37** into the chute **14** prevents the cuttings and refuse from being immediately discharged from the chamber **28** and causes them to be circulated in the chamber **28** where they are exposed to the chopping blades **41** of the fan **38.** The close spacing between the cutting blade **32,** fan **38** and baffle **40** creates a shearing action on the cuttings as they pass between the blade **32** and the baffle **40** and between the baffle **40** and fan **38,** thus further reducing them in size. Further, as the fan **38** rotates, the leading edge **43** of the chopping blades **41** further reduces the size of the cuttings and refuse. The vanes **45** of the chopping blades **41** create a current of air through the shredder which forcibly blows the reduced cutting and refuse out through the discharge chute **14.**

As the lawn mower **10** with the attachments of FIGS. **5, 6** and **7,** traverses a lawn to be mowed or cleaned, the leading cutting edge **33** of the blade **32** cuts the grass of the lawn, and the upwardly extending trailing edge **35** forces the cuttings and other refuse upwardly into the cylindrical chamber **28** forcing the cuttings through the holes in the screen **44.** The close spacing between the blade **32** and screen **44,** and between the screen **44** and fan **38** creates a shearing action on the cuttings and refuse as they pass from the area of the blade **32** to the chamber **28,** thus further reducing the size of the particles. As the cuttings and refuse pass through the screen **44** they are exposed to the chopping blades **41** of the fan **38** and are thereby further reduced in size. As in the first mentioned embodiment, the

vanes **45** of the chopping blades **41** effect a flow of air through the shredder. The restricted aperture **48** formed by the plate **46** increases the air velocity into the chamber **28.** This increase in velocity together with the plate **46** prevents the cuttings and refuse being shredded from dropping out of the chamber **28.**

The vacuum device **56** is connected to the mower **10** to extract leaves and other refuse from areas too small or restricted to reach with the mower **10,** such as under shrubs. The suction created by the fan **38** and cutting blade **32** is transmitted to the nozzle **58** through the nozzle **60** and hose **62.** The leaves and refuse are thus sucked into the nozzle **58,** passed through the hose **62,** in through the inlet port **66** and out through the outlet opening **64** of the diverging nozzle **60,** through the aperture **48** in the plate **46** and into the chamber **28** wherein it is shredded by the blade **32** and fan **38** and ejected through the chute **14.** Parts shown in FIG. **7** are used for this application.

I have found that the shredder attachments of the invention reduces the volume of leaves, for example, about 15 to 1 and, as compared to other mowers now available, increases the lawn area mowed before changing the collection bag by at least fourfold. This result is achieved by the improved suspension of particles in the air stream due to the high air velocity, increased air flow from the cutting and fan blades and the resulting more effective shearing action between the baffle and the blades.

I claim:

**1.** Lawn maintenance equipment comprising:

a. a housing having a top wall, sidewalls, and a bottom inlet for air and vegetation;

b. a power driven, generally vertically disposed shaft within said housing;

c. a cutting blade rotatably mounted on said shaft to sweep a generally horizontal plane above said inlet;

d. a chopper blade rotatably mounted on said shaft to sweep a generally horizontal plane above said cutting blade;

e. a discharge port for comminuted vegetation; and

f. means for effecting the flow of air from said inlet downstream to said port;

the improvement which comprises:

first baffle means positioned near said inlet and adapted to effect an increase in the rate of said air flow; and

second baffle means positioned downstream from said first baffle means and extending generally horizontally between said two planes, said second baffle means adapted to effect an increase in the rate of said air flow.

**2.** The equipment as defined in claim **1** wherein said first baffle means extends generally horizontally between sid cutting blade plane and said inlet.

**3.** The equipment as defined in claim **1** wherein said first baffle means is a plate covering a portion of the area of said inlet.

**4.** The equipment as defined in claim **1** wherein said second baffle means is an annular perforated plate wherein the perforations are of a size sufficient to accommodate the passage of vegetation particles therethrough.

**5.** The equipment as defined in claim **1,** wherein said second baffle is positioned below said discharge port.

**6.** The equipment as defined in claim **1** and wherein said air flow effecting means produces toroidal air movement and said equipment additionally comprising a discharge chute secured to said housing to communicate with said port and positioned to be generally tangential to said toroidal air movement.

**7.** The equipment as defined in claim **1** wherein said second baffle means is spaced closely to said cutter blade and to said chopper blade in a manner to provide a shearing action on vegetation particles passing therethrough.

**8.** The equipment as defined in claim **1** and further comprising a vacuum attachment comprising:

a. a fitting removably attached to said housing, said fitting having an inlet port and an outlet port, said outlet port being in registration with said inlet; and

b. a vacuum hose operatively connected to said inlet port.

**9.** The lawn maintenance equipment as defined in claim **1** and in which said chopper blade, said first baffle means and said second baffle means are each individually removably mounted whereby said equipment can be used with just said cutting blade to provide a standard lawn mower, said equipment can be used with just said cutting blade and said chopping blade to provide a chopper or a snowblower, said equipment can be used with said cutting blade, said chopper blade and said first baffle disposed intermediate said cutting blade and said chopper blade to provide a leaf shredder and said equipment can be used with said cutting blade, said chopper blade, said first baffle means disposed intermediate said cutting blade and said chopper blade and said second baffle means disposed on the side of said cutting blade opposite said first baffle means to provide a fine shredder.

**10.** Lawn maintenance equipment comprising a housing having a front wall, a rear wall and a top wall, sidewalls, a bottom inlet for air and vegetation and a discharge chute disposed in the upper part of one of said walls, a power driven, generally vertically disposed shaft within said housing, a cutting blade mounted to said shaft in a horizontal plane disposed below said discharge chute, a fan blade fixed to said shaft above said cutting blade to rotate at the same speed as said cutting blade, a baffle mounted to said housing and extending from said front wall generally horizontally between said cutting blade and said fan blade, said baffle being adapted to effect an increase in the rate of air flow and to direct said air flow toroidally in said housing.

**11.** The lawn maintenance equipment as defined in claim **10** and including a plate mounted to said housing beneath said cutting blade, said plate being provided with an inlet opening.

**12.** Lawn maintenance equipment comprising: a housing having a top wall, sidewalls, and a bottom inlet for air and vegetation, said housing having a central cylindrical inner wall depending downwardly from said top wall to define a cylindrical chamber and an annular chamber between said cylindrical wall and said sidewalls, a shaft extending into said chamber, a fan mounted to said shaft, said fan having blades carried within said annular chamber, said annular chamber and said fan blades being dimensioned to provide relatively close clearance between said blades and the adjacent walls; a cutting blade *independent of said fan and removably* mounted to said shaft below said fan *and a plate removably mounted in a horizontal plane between said fan and said cutting blade.*

13. The lawn maintenance equipment as defined in claim 12 including a discharge opening formed in said housing above said cutting blade and adjacent said fan.

14. The lawn maintenance equipment as defined in claim 13 [and including] *wherein said plate is* a substantially semi-circular baffle removably mounted to said housing to extend horizontally between said cutting blade and said fan blades in position to prevent discharge from said cutting blade directly to said discharge chute.

15. The lawn maintenance equipment as defined in claim 12 [and including] *wherein said plate is* an annular, perforated plate removably mounted to said housing to extend horizontally between said cutting blade and said fan blades.

16. The lawn maintenance equipment as defined in claim 15 and including a plate removably mounted to the bottom of said housing below said cutting blade, said plate having an opening to provide an inlet to said cutting blade.

17. The lawn maintenance equipment as defined in claim 16 and in which said cutting blade is mounted at an angle to the horizontal to rotate closer said plate in the area of said opening.

18. The lawn maintenance equipment as defined in claim 16 and including a vacuum attachment comprising:

a fitting removably attached to said housing, said fitting having an inlet port and an outlet port, said inlet port being in registration with the opening in said plate; and

a vacuum hose operatively connected to said inlet port.

19. The lawn maintenance equipment as defined in claim 12 and including a plate removably mounted to the bottom of said housing below said cutting blade, said plate having an opening to provide an inlet to said cutting blade.

*20. Lawn maintenance equipment comprising a housing having a top wall, sidewalls and a bottom inlet for air and vegetation; a power driven, generally vertically disposed shaft within said housing; a cylindrical flange extending downwardly from the top of said housing; an annular plate removably mounted to said housing and extending substantially horizontally; a cutting blade mounted on said shaft to sweep a generally horizontal plane below said generally horizontal annular plate; said cutting blade having radially extended sharpened end portions with upwardly extending trailing edges, said sharpened end portions being radially located outside the circumference of said cylindical flange, said plate having perforations only adjacent to the path of the upwardly trailing edge portions of the blade for 360° rotation of said trailing edge portions, said perforations and said cutting blade being closely adjacent to produce an impact and a shearing action, said annular plate having its central opening substantially closed by a fan hub mounted on said shaft providing close clearance therebetween.*

*21. The lawn maintenance equipment as defined in claim 20 and in which said annular plate is provided with a downwardly extending mounting flange, said downwardly extending portion being provided with perforations and being positioned to surround the cutting blade to cooperate therewith to provide a close clearance therebetween and a shearing action, said downwardly extending portion being tightly surrounded on the entire circumference by the cylindrical downwardly extending inner wall of the housing.*

*22. Lawn maintenance equipment comprising a housing having a top wall, sidewalls and a bottom inlet for air and vegetation; a power driven, generally vertically disposed shaft within said housing; a cylindrical flange extending downwardly from the top of said housing; an annular plate removably mounted below said cylindrical flange to said housing and extending substantially horizontally; a cutting blade mounted on said shaft to sweep a generally horizontal plane below said generally horizontal annular plate; said cutting blade having radially extended sharpened end portions with upwardly extending trailing edges, said plate having perforations only adjacent to the path of the upwardly trailing edge portions of the blade for 360° rotation of the blade, said perforations and said cutting blade being closely adjacent to produce an impact and a shearing action, said annular plate having a central opening, the diameter of said central opening being less than that of the cylindical flange so that the annular plate effectively covers the bottom surface of the downwardly extending cylindrical flange, providing close clearance therebetween.*

*23. The lawn maintenance equipment as defined in claim 22 and in which said annular plate is provided with a downwardly extending mounting flange, said downwardly extending portion being provided with perforations and being positioned to surround the cutting blade to cooperate therewith to provide a close clearance therebetween and a shearing action, said downwardly extending portion being tightly surrounded on the entire circumference by the cylindrical downwardly extending inner wall of the housing.*

*24. Lawn maintenance equipment comprising a housing having a top wall, a cylindrical downwardly extending inner wall sidewalls and a bottom inlet for air and vegetation; a power driven, generally vertically disposed shaft within said housing; a cylindical flange extending downwardly from the top of said housing; a plate removably mounted to the bottom of said housing and extending substantially horizontally; a cutting blade mounted on said shaft to sweep a plane at an acute angle to said plate to position said cutting blade approximately the same height in the front of the housing as the bottom edge of the cylindrical downwardly extending inner wall, said plate having an arc shaped aperture between the forward edge of the plate and the cylindrical downwardly extending inner wall in the front portion of the housing adjacent to the path of the sharpened end portions of the cutting blade to provide an inlet to said cutting blade, said inlet being formed to extend from one side to the opposite side of said housing to permit a full width of cut by said cutting blade.*

*25. Lawn maintenance equipment comprising a housing having a top wall, sidewalls, and a bottom inlet for air and vegetation; a power driven generally vertically disposed shaft extending downwardly into the interior of said housing, a cylindrical flange extending downwardly from the top of said housing; a fan removably mounted to said shaft, said fan having a central hub portion, positioned to provide close clearance to the bottom surface of said downwardly extending cylindrical flange, and a plurality of peripherally spaced substantially L-shaped blades, each of said blades having a portion extending at an inclined angle upwardly from said hub portion and relatively close to the adjacent walls of said housing whereby said fan is a combination axial flow, centrifugal type fan for supplying air flow for various applications and for drawing vegetation upwardly into said housing to be chopped between said blades and the closely adjacent*

*walls of said housing, a plate removably mounted to the bottom inlet of said housing, said plate having an aperture, a vacuum attachment mounted to said aperture for use in cleaning up refuse.*

*26. Lawn maintenance equipment comprising a housing having a top wall, sidewalls, and a bottom inlet for air and vegetation; a power driven, generally vertically disposed shaft within said housing, a cylindrical flange extending downwardly from the top of said housing, a fan and a cutting blade removably mounted to said shaft, a generally horizontal annular plate removably mounted to said housing above the cutting blade, a generally horizontal plate removably mounted to the bottom of the housing, said bottom plate having an aperture therein a vacuum attachment mounted to said aperture for use in sucking up and shredding leaves in inaccessible areas.*

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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

# CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

Patent No. RE 29,139 Dated February 22, 1977

Inventor(s) Carlton E. Messner

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent are hereby corrected as shown below:

Col. 2, line 23, delete "blades" and insert -- blade --

Col. 2, line 20, delete "plan" and insert -- plain --

Col. 3, line 14, delete "blades" and insert -- blade --

Col. 4, line 16, delete "to" and insert -- of --

Col. 5, line 32, delete "preforated" and insert -- perforated --

Col 7, line 55, delete "sid" and insert -- said --.

Signed and Sealed this

Seventeenth Day of May 1977

[SEAL]

*Attest:*

**RUTH C. MASON**
*Attesting Officer*

**C. MARSHALL DANN**
*Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks*