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(54) GAMING DEVICE WITH TRANSPORT DEVICE AND METHOD OF USE
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ABSTRACT

A gaming device including a housing, a support structure with an attached rotatable display device located in the housing, a plurality of display objects, and a transport device configured to move the display objects to the display device where the display objects are deposited and fall off of the display device, is disclosed. The display device may simulate an umbrella where the display objects further simulate rain drops as they fall off of the display device. A method of display and a gaming method involving the aforementioned device, are also disclosed.






FIG. 2B

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FIG. 4


FIG. 5A


FIG. 5B




FIG. 9



FIG. 11


FIG. 12


FIG. 13



FIG. 15A





FIG. 16




FIG. 18B


FIG. 19


FIG. 20


FIG. 21



FIG. 23

## GAMING DEVICE WITH TRANSPORT DEVICE AND METHOD OF USE

## CROSS REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/883,489 filed Jun. 30, 2004. This application also claims priority to U.S. provisional patent application No. 60/710,703, filed Aug. 22, 2005. All of the above referenced applications are hereby expressly incorporated by reference in their entireties.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates to a gaming device and a method of use. More specifically, the gaming device includes a transport device configured to move display objects to a rotatable display device where the display objects are deposited and fall off of the display device.
[0003] Gaming Devices
[0004] Gaming devices are well known in the art and a large variety of gaming devices have been developed. In general, gaming devices allow users or players to play a game. In many casino-type gaming devices, the outcome of the game depends, at least in part, on a randomly generated event. For example, a gaming device may use a random number generator to generate a random or pseudo-random number. The random number may then be compared to a predefined table to determine the outcome of the event. If the random number falls within a certain range of numbers on the table, the player may win a predefined prize. The table may also contain display information that allows the gaming device to generate a display that corresponds to the outcome of the game. The gaming device may present the outcome of the game on a large variety of display devices, such as mechanical spinning reels or video screens.

## [0005] Bonus Prizes

[0006] Some gaming devices award bonuses in addition to prizes that are awarded in the primary game. A bonus can be defined as an additional prize that is awarded to the player when a predefined event occurs. An example of a bonus game can be found in U.S. Pat. No. $5,848,932$ issued to Adams. One of the gaming devices described in this document comprises three spinning reels and a spinning wheel bonus display. When predetermined indicia are displayed on the spinning reels of the primary game, the wheel can be activated to indicate a bonus prize. The bonus prize is awarded in addition to any prizes awarded in the primary game.
[0007] In another embodiment described in this document, the gaming device includes a container having one or more movable objects and a transport device for transporting the one or more movable objects within the container. When predetermined symbols are displayed on the reels of the primary game, the transport device can be activated to transport the movable objects while the player is allowed to play the bonus game.
[0008] Generally, bonus prizes are offered in such games in order to increase the excitement and enjoyment experienced by players. This attracts more players to the game and encourages players to play longer. When gaming devices
attract more players and the players play longer, they tend to be more commercially successful relative to other gaming devices.

## [0009] Display Devices

[0010] In addition, highly visible display devices are utilized on gaming devices in order to attract players. Once players are attracted to the gaming device, they tend to play longer because the display device enhances the stimulation and excitement experienced by players. It is, therefore, desirable for gaming devices to incorporate highly visible display devices
[0011] The applicants believe that display devices tend to be more successful if they are a derivation of a well-known game or theme. They are more successful because players tend to be drawn to games that they instantly recognize. Many players are reluctant to try completely new games because they must spend time to learn the new game. It is, therefore, desirable to provide display devices that are based on well-known games or themes.
[0012] The applicants also believe that display devices tend to be more successful if they utilize physical objects rather than altered reproductions of the physical objects. For example, although video devices and electronic signs can be used for display devices, players are more attracted to display devices that utilize physical objects. Physical objects can be even more effective display devices if they are moveable and they are used in combination with lights and sounds. With the movement of objects within display devices, it is advantageous to use transport devices that will attain maximum effectiveness while occupying a minimum amount of space. It is important to minimize the amount of occupied space because a smaller gaming device generally corresponds to an overall lower cost.

## [0013] Keno

[0014] Upon an initial examination, it would appear to the applicants that the display device of Keno is an excellent choice for a display device for gaming devices. Keno is well known to the playing public, and it utilizes a highly visible and attractive display device. The display device comprises a container with a plurality of numbered balls. The balls in the container are agitated or jumbled, usually by a jet of air, to a state where they ricochet off of the walls of the container.
[0015] In the game of Keno, players select numbers that may be drawn from the Keno display device. The display device jumbles or mixes numbered balls in the container and then draws a predetermined number of balls from the container. Players are paid based on the number of balls drawn from the display device that match the numbers they selected.
[0016] However, before the present invention, the Keno display device has been unsuitable for use with gaming devices. One of the reasons this is so is because Keno is susceptible to environmental influences. An important aspect of any gaming device is resistance to environmental influences that could affect the results of the game. However, as the balls are jumbled in the Keno ball device, static electricity, dust, and contaminants build up on the balls. This may cause the balls to stick to each other or to components in the display device thereby influencing the randomness of
the game. Furthermore, the balls used in Keno displays may have slightly different weights or sizes that subtly affect the outcome of the game.
[0017] Another reason the game of Keno has been unsuitable as an indicator for a gaming device is that it requires a great deal of human involvement. In many Keno games, human operators are required to read the numbers of the Keno balls as they are selected and input the numbers into a computer or display. Furthermore, operators must regularly clean the Keno balls and the Keno devices to keep dust and contaminants from building up on the balls. Not only does this require far too much human involvement for an automated gaming device (the greater the human involvement, the greater the cost of operating the game), the game is also susceptible to tampering and cheating.
[0018] Because of their susceptibility to environmental influences and tampering and their dependence on human operators and maintenance personnel, Keno games are not allowed in at least one major gaming jurisdiction. Furthermore, these disadvantages have prevented Keno display devices and other devices that use jumbled balls from being configured for use with gaming devices. The applicants have discovered that what has long been needed is a means for configuring jumbled ball display devices for use with gaming devices. Although reference is made to the game of Keno, it is to be understood that the present invention may be used with almost any type of ball, jumbled ball, or action unit display device, such as lottery balls for example.

## [0019] Jumbled Ball Displays

[0020] Two references that disclose use of jumbled ball displays are U.S. Pat. No. 4,871,171 issued to Rivero and U.S. Pat. No. $5,380,007$ issued to Travis et al. Rivero appears to disclose a game device with means for simulating the release of a ball. In this reference, a rotating drum 2 is provided with numbered balls 17 . As the drum rotates, a ball is released into a transparent tube $\mathbf{1 6}$.
[0021] However, Rivero is not intended to show the player the ball that is released from the drum. Rather, the ball is held in the tube, out of view of the player, and an electronic reproduction of the ball number is presented in a window 9 . This is intended to give the player "the impression" that the ball has been counted. Rivero fails to disclose or suggest displaying actual balls to the player to indicate the outcome of the game or the value of a prize. In addition, in the Rivero device the balls are in a cage and quite exposed to the environment and tampering. The ball cage of Rivero is also mounted on the front side and well below the top of the gaming machine, hiding the ball cage from view of potential game players who are not in position to see the front side of the machine.
[0022] Travis et al. appear to disclose a video lottery gaming device with numbered balls 48 . However, all of the balls are reproductions generated by software and no physical balls are displayed to the player. Travis et al. also fails to disclose or suggest displaying actual balls to the player to indicate the outcome of the game or the value of a prize.
[0023] One of the disadvantages with Rivero and Travis et al. is that no actual physical balls are used to display the outcome of a game. This is less desirable because players like to see physical objects rather than electronic reproductions of the physical objects. Moreover, players tend to
believe that a game device is misleading when the device purports to display a reproduction of an object rather than the object itself. This is especially true when the object itself is supposedly available for viewing, as is the case in Rivero.

## BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0024] The present invention provides a gaming device comprising a housing having a cavity; a support structure located in the cavity; a display device rotatably attached to the support structure and positioned above a bottom area of the cavity; an actuator mechanism coupled to the display device, the actuator mechanism being configured to cause the display device to rotate; a plurality of display objects situated within the housing; and a transport device associated with the support structure and configured to move the display objects from a collection area in the bottom area of the cavity to the display device, wherein the display objects are deposited on the display device and fall off of the display device.
[0025] Another aspect of the present invention provides the gaming device described above wherein the display device is attached to the support structure and the actuator mechanism such that the display device rotates at a tilted angle relative to a vertical axis of the gaming device; that is, instead of rotating perpendicularly $\left(90^{\circ}\right)$ to the vertical axis of the gaming device, the display device (typically in the shape of an umbrella canopy), may rotate a few degrees off of perpendicular (such as about 1 to 15 degrees, for example).
[0026] The present invention further provides a gaming device having a first display area comprising the gaming device described above and a second display area comprising: a plurality of prize balls; a ball holder configured to hold the prize balls in an individually controlled manner; a display mechanism for selectively displaying at least one prize ball; and a controller in communication with the display mechanism, the controller being configured to select a prize ball and cause the display mechanism to display the selected prize ball to a player. Typically, the display objects of the first display area are located separately from the prize balls of the second display area; in addition, the prize balls held in the prize ball holder may be hidden from view of the player.
[0027] The present invention also provides a gaming device comprising a randomly determined game outcome and a display device associated with the game outcome and configured to simulate an umbrella. This embodiment may further include a plurality of display objects configured to simulate rain drops. Typically, this embodiment may also include a controller in communication with the display device and configured to detect a bonus qualifying event and activate a bonus game cycle.
[0028] The present invention provides a method of display comprising the following steps, but not all necessarily in the order listed: rotating a display device; transporting display objects from a collection area to the display device; and allowing the display objects to fall off of the display device.
[0029] The present invention also provides a method for playing a game comprising the following steps, but not all necessarily in the order shown: (1) allowing a player to play a gaming device comprising (a)
[0030] randomly determining a game outcome, (b) providing a display device associated with the game outcome and configuring the display device to simulate an umbrella, and (c) simulating rains drops falling of off the display device by providing a plurality of display objects that are moved by a transport device associated with the display device, wherein the display objects are deposited on the display device and fall off of the display device; (2) providing at least one bonus qualifying event; (3) if the at least one bonus qualifying event occurs, activating the transport device; (4) providing a plurality of symbols; (5) randomly selecting at least one symbol from the plurality of symbols; and (6) awarding a prize to the player.
[0031] For purposes of the present invention, "determining (or determination of) a game outcome" shall mean actively causing, deciding, dictating, choosing, selecting or affecting the outcome of the game. This is in contrast to detecting, learning, identifying, discovering, ascertaining or finding out the result of the game outcome.
[0032] The above description sets forth, rather broadly, a summary of some embodiments of the present invention so that the detailed description that follows may be better understood and contributions of the present invention to the art may be better appreciated. Some of the embodiments of the present invention may not include all of the features or characteristics listed in the above summary. There are, of course, additional features of the invention that will be described below and will form the subject matter of claims. In this respect, before explaining at least one typical embodiment of the invention in detail, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited in its application to the details of the construction and to the arrangement of the components set forth in the following description or as illustrated in the drawings. The invention is capable of other embodiments and of being practiced and carried out in various ways. Also, it is to be understood that the phraseology and terminology employed herein are for the purpose of description and should not be regarded as limiting.
[0033] The various embodiments of the present invention may, but do not necessarily, achieve one or more of the following advantages:
[0034] the ability to provide game players with a more exciting and desirable gaming experience;
[0035] the ability to attract more patrons to play a game;
[0036] provide longer play times and a greater payout possibility for a player;
[0037] provide greater revenues for gaming operators;
[0038] provide a gaming device that utilizes a visually appealing and highly visible display device;
[0039] provide a gaming device including a transport device occupying a minimal amount of space; and
[0040] provide a gaming device with a bonus activating event where the display objects simulate rain drops and the display device simulates an umbrella for activation during a bonus game cycle.
[0041] These and other advantages may be realized by reference to the remaining portions of the specification, claims and abstract.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0042] FIG. 1A is substantially a front view of a gaming device useful in the present invention.
[0043] FIG. 1B is substantially a side view of an alternative embodiment of a gaming device.
[0044] FIG. 1C is substantially a top schematic diagram of a display device useful in the present invention in use with a plurality of game apparatus.
[0045] FIG. 2A is substantially a schematic diagram of a gaming device useful in the present invention.
[0046] FIG. 2B is substantially a flow chart showing one of the many ways the display device may be operated.
[0047] FIG. 2C is substantially a schematic diagram of one embodiment of a prize ball display mechanism for use in the gaming device of FIG. 2A.
[0048] FIG. 3 is substantially a top cross sectional view of one embodiment of a ball holder taken along line III in FIG. 2 A.
[0049] FIG. 4 is substantially a top cross sectional view of an alternative ball holder useful in the present invention.
[0050] FIG. 5A is substantially an enlarged view of the ball holder shown in FIG. $2 A$.
[0051] FIG. 5B is substantially a side elevational view of positioning and display mechanisms useful in the present invention.
[0052] FIG. 6 is substantially a schematic diagram of an alternative embodiment using multiple stacked ball holders.
[0053] FIG. 7 is substantially an alternative display mechanism useful in the present invention.
[0054] FIG. 8 is a front perspective view of another embodiment of a gaming device useful in the present invention.
[0055] FIG. 9 is a partially cut-away rear elevational view of the jumbled ball display of FIG. 8 showing a transport device.
[0056] FIG. 10 is a cross-sectional view of FIG. 9 taken along line $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{A}$
[0057] FIG. 11 is a partially cut-away rear elevational view of the jumbled ball display of FIG. 8 showing another embodiment of a transport device.
[0058] FIG. 12 is a cross-sectional view of FIG. 11 taken along line $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B}$.
[0059] FIG. 13 is a partially cut-away rear elevational view of the jumbled ball display of FIG. 8 showing yet another embodiment of a transport device.
[0060] FIG. 14 is a cross-sectional view of FIG. 13 taken along line $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}$.
[0061] FIG. 15A is a cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a transport device useful in the present invention.
[0062] FIG. 15B is a cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a transport device useful in the present invention.
[0063] FIG. 15C is a cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a transport device useful in the present invention.
[0064] FIG. 15D is a perspective view of another embodiment of a transport device useful in the present invention.
[0065] FIG. 15E is a cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a transport device useful in the present invention.
[0066] FIG. 15F is a front perspective view of the transport device in FIG. 15E.
[0067] FIG. 16 is a flowchart of one embodiment of a gaming method useful in the present invention.
[0068] FIG. 17 is a substantially a front perspective view of a display device (in a housing) of the present invention.
[0069] FIG. 18A is substantially an isolated front view of the display device (with support structure) of FIG. 17.
[0070] FIG. 18B is substantially a front view of the display device in FIG. 17 showing different symbols for various game symbol zones.
[0071] FIG. 19 is substantially an isolated enlarged side cross sectional view of the display device portion of FIG. 18A taken along line A-A.
[0072] FIG. 20 is substantially an isolated detailed top perspective view of the transport device portion of FIG. 18A.
[0073] FIG. 21 is substantially an isolated enlarged side cross sectional view of the transport device portion taken along line A-A in FIG. 18A.
[0074] FIG. 22 is substantially a top perspective view of a display device of the present invention with an enlarged view of an actuator mechanism for rotating the display device about the support structure.
[0075] FIG. 23 is substantially a schematic representation of components of a gaming device of the present invention.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0076] In the following detailed description of various embodiments, reference is made to the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this application. The drawings show, by way of illustration, specific embodiments in which the invention may be practiced. It is to be understood that other embodiments may be utilized and structural changes may be made with out departing from the scope of the present invention.
[0077] In the Detailed Description below, the applicants utilize various spatially orienting terms such as "upper, ""lower,""horizontal" and "vertical." It is to be understood that these terms are used for ease of description of the various embodiments with respect to the drawings but are not necessarily in themselves limiting or requiring of an orientation as thereby described in the following Detailed Description.
[0078] As seen in FIG. 1A, one embodiment disclosed herein comprises a gaming device, generally indicated by reference number $\mathbf{1 0}$. Gaming device $\mathbf{1 0}$ comprises a display device 11 and a game apparatus 20 . Display device 11 may
comprise a jumbled ball display 12 and a prize display 14. Display device 11 may also include display window 30, player input device 90, display 110 and dispenser 111.
[0079] Game Apparatus
[0080] With continuing reference to FIG. 1A, game apparatus $\mathbf{2 0}$ may be any of a large number of devices that are configured to allow players to play a game. For example, game apparatus $\mathbf{2 0}$ may utilize reel displays, such as spinning reels 22-24 or a video display (not shown), to display outcomes of the game. Means may also be provided for accepting wagers, such as a coin slot 21 or card reader 25 , and for awarding prizes, such as a coin dispenser 27. A handle 26 and button 28 are provided for activating game apparatus 20 to begin a game. In at least one embodiment, game apparatus 20 may be an S Plus ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$ model gaming device manufactured by International Game Technology in Reno, Nev.
[0081] Game apparatus 20 is typically controlled by an electronic controller 82 (see FIG. 2A) that utilizes a random number generator. The random number generator produces a random or pseudo random number for each game. The outcome of the game may be determined by comparing the random number to a table of outcomes stored in a memory and accessed by controller 82. A number of different tables of outcomes may be used and different tables may be used for different games. The tables can be designed so that different prizes have different probabilities of being awarded. Such design techniques are well known in gaming Examples of such designs are shown in U.S. Pat. No. $4,448,419$, issued to Telnaes, and U.S. Pat. No. 5,456,465, issued to Durham. Controller 82 causes spinning reels 22-24 of the video display to show the outcome of the game that corresponds to the outcome of the random number generator. It is understood that game apparatus $\mathbf{2 0}$ may operate in many other ways and still achieve the objects of the present invention.
[0082] Game apparatus 20 may also be capable of producing a bonus-activating event. This event may be many different types of events. For example, a bonus-activating event may comprise displaying a particular symbol, such as a "bonus" symbol, or combination of symbols, such as three " 7 " symbols, on reels $\mathbf{2 2 - 2 4}$. If the game being played is poker based, the bonus-activating event may be occurrence of a certain hand, such as a royal flush. Furthermore, a bonus-activating event may occur when a player accumulates a number of symbols or game outcomes over a number of separate game plays. For example, a bonus-activating event may occur when the player receives three "bonus" symbols during a period of time. The bonus-activating event may be based on an external event. For example, a bonusactivating event may occur when a group of players obtain a certain result.

## [0083] Jumbled Ball Display

[0084] With continuing reference to FIG. 1A, jumbled ball display $\mathbf{1 2}$ comprises a container $\mathbf{1 6}$ that is configured to hold a plurality of display balls $\mathbf{1 8}$. Container 16 is at least partially transparent allowing players to view display balls 18 inside of the container. Container 16 is made of a transparent material, such as plastic or glass. In one embodiment, container 16 is made of acrylic. Suitable containers of this type may be obtained from Tripp Plastics of Reno, Nev.

However, container 16 may also be a wire cage of a type that is used in some Keno games.
[0085] Container 16 may have many different shapes, such as a sphere, cube, cylinder or triangle, for example. In one embodiment, container 16 is substantially spherical with a partially flat back (not shown). The flat back allows container 16 to be large while still allowing gaming device 10 to placed against a wall, another gaming device, or other objects.
[0086] Although display balls $\mathbf{1 8}$ are typically similar to keno balls, many other types of balls may be used. For example, display balls $\mathbf{1 8}$ may be ping-pong balls or rubber balls. Display 12 also comprises an agitator (not shown in FIG. 1) to agitate or jumble display balls 18 within container 16. The agitator may be a stream of air or a mechanical mixing device. The agitator causes the balls to bounce and ricochet off of the walls of container 16. In one embodiment, a stream of air is used as an agitator and container 16 comprises an off center opening for the stream of air. The opening is off center to increase the initial agitation of display balls 18 .
[0087] Fins (not shown) may also be provided at the bottom of container 16 to help agitate display balls 18 . The fins support display balls 18 when they are resting at the bottom of container 16. This helps air circulate underneath display balls $\mathbf{1 8}$ to lift and separate the balls.
[0088] The purpose of jumbled ball display 12 is to attract and entertain players. When display balls $\mathbf{1 8}$ are agitated, they produce a vivid display that attracts the attention of people nearby and provides an exciting display for players playing gaming device 10 . Display Balls 18 are typically kept separate from balls used in display device 14 .
[0089] FIG. 1B represents an alternative embodiment of the present invention in which two gaming devices $\mathbf{1 0}$ are placed back to back. Each gaming device 10 comprises a game apparatus 20. Game apparatuses 20, shown in FIG. 1B are known as "slant top" models for their sloping upper surfaces. However, other types of gaming devices, such as the upright game apparatus 20 shown in FIG. 1A, may also be used. In this embodiment, a separate jumbled ball display 12 is provided for each game apparatus 20. Each jumbled ball display $\mathbf{1 2}$ may comprise container 16 in the shape of a hemisphere. Containers 16 may be placed back to back so that the two containers have a spherical appearance when viewed from the side. Other shapes, such as cubes and cylinders, may also be used. A mirror may be placed at the back of each container 16 to enhance the appearance of the jumbled ball displays 12 by reflecting images of jumbled display balls $\mathbf{1 8}$ outward toward the players. Containers 16 may also be one single container that is divided in two by a mirror or other partition. Each container 16 has its own independently operated agitator and jumbled display balls 18. Each game apparatus 20 has its own independently operated prize display 14 with display window 30 .

## [0090] Prize Display

[0091] Referring to FIGS. 1A and 1B, prize display 14 is configured to select a prize ball and display the ball to a player. When a bonus-activating event occurs, prize display 14 senses this, selects a prize ball, and displays the ball in a display window 30 .
[0092] Turning now to FIG. 2A, prize display 14 comprises a controller 76 that is configured to control the operation of the device. Controller 76 may be one or more computers or processor boards. For example, in the presently implemented embodiment, controller 76 comprises a bonus controller and stepper motor controller, which may be manufactured by Progressive Solutions in Carmichael, Calif., a core module by Z-World in Davis, Calif., and a sound board by Cleverdevices in Syosset, N.Y. Other, equally suitable devices may be purchased from other manufacturers. It is understood that controller 76 may be a single processor or processor board. Furthermore, it is also understood that controller $\mathbf{7 6}$ and controller $\mathbf{8 2}$ may be combined in a single processor or processor board.
[0093] Controller 76 is configured to detect when a bonus activating event occurs in game apparatus $\mathbf{2 0}$. This may be accomplished by game apparatus controller 82 transmitting a signal to controller 76 that a bonus event has occurred. For example, controller $\mathbf{8 2}$ may determine the outcome of each game and when a bonus-activating outcome occurs, it transmits a signal to controller 76. Alternatively, controller 76 may periodically interrogate controller 82. In another embodiment, one or more sensors may be provided for determining if a bonus activating event has occurred. For example, sensors $84-86$ may sense the positions of reels $\mathbf{2 2 - 2 4}$. When reels 22-24 are in a bonus activating position, controller 76 would sense this position and begin a bonus sequence (described below). Sensors may also be provided external to gaming device $\mathbf{1 0}$ to detect external bonusactivating events.
[0094] Controller 82 may also transmit a variety of information to controller 76. For example, controller 82 may signal when coins or currency have been inserted, when a game starts, when an error has occurred, and when a sensor detects tampering.
[0095] When controller 76 detects a bonus-activating event, it may begin a bonus sequence by activating display 110. Display 110 may comprise many different kinds of display devices, such as video screens, lights and light emitting diodes (LED), for example. Display 110 may comprise its own controller that is configured to generate a variety of displays.
[0096] Display 110 may indicate that a player has qualified for a bonus round and prompt the player to perform an action. In one embodiment, the player is prompted to activate the bonus sequence by pressing input device 90 . Input device 90 may be a simple button, a keyboard, or a touch screen display. In the embodiment in which the player must accumulate a number of bonus symbols to qualify for a bonus, display 110 may indicate the number of symbols the player has received.
[0097] When controller 76 detects input device 90 being activated, the controller would activate the agitator in jumbled ball display 12. In one embodiment, the agitator comprises blower 50, which blows air into container 16. Alternatively, the agitator may begin automatically and input device 90 may be used to initiate the display sequence. In another embodiment, controller 76 may wait a predetermined time period for the player to activate input device 90 . If the player does not activate input device $\mathbf{9 0}$ in that time period, controller 76 would automatically activate the display 12 and initiate the display sequence. In yet another
embodiment, controller 76 automatically initiates the display sequence in a predetermined time period, independent from input device 90 , and input device 90 is only used to activate the jumbled ball display 12. It is understood that no input device may be used and controller 76 may automatically activate display 12 and begin the display sequence.
[0098] To display a prize ball, controller 76 performs a routine to determine which ball will be displayed. This may be performed by a number of methods that are well known in the art. For example, prize balls $\mathbf{9 2}$ may be sequentially displayed or displayed based on external events, such as certain bonus activating events may always cause the same prize ball to be displayed.
[0099] In a typical embodiment, however, prize balls 92 are randomly selected. Controller 76 generates a random number and then compares the random number to a pay table similar to that described for game apparatus 20 or as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,823,874, issued to Adams. A simple pay table may appear as follows:

TABLE 1

| Random Number | Prize Ball Number | Amount Paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.00 to 0.50 | 1 | $\$ 1.00$ |
| 0.51 to 0.75 | 2 | $\$ 5.00$ |
| 0.76 to 0.95 | 3 | $\times 2$ |
| 0.96 to 1.00 | 4 | $\$ 1,000.00$ |

[0100] For example, if the random number generator produced 0.65 , prize ball number 2 would be displayed and $\$ 5.00$ would be awarded to the player. If the random number generator produced 0.80 , prize ball number 3 would be displayed. Prize ball number 3 is a multiplier ball that multiplies some amount produced by game apparatus $\mathbf{2 0}$. Gaming apparatus 20, for instance, may award $\$ 20$ and the multiplier ball would multiply this by two, awarding the player $\$ 40$.
[0101] This embodiment is not necessarily limited to the example pay table shown. A greater number of prize balls may be used, and, as will be discussed below, a combination of prize balls may be displayed. Furthermore, different kinds of prizes, besides monetary prizes, may be awarded. For example, the prizes may be goods, services or additional games. The goods and services may be awarded in the form of physical objects, tickets, vouchers or coupons, for example. Additional games may be presented in the form of tickets, such as scratch off lottery tickets. In the embodiments in which tickets, vouchers, and coupons are used, the objects are dispensed using an internally or externally mounted dispenser 111. Such dispensers are well known in the art.
[0102] Once controller 76 determines the prize ball to be displayed and the prize to be awarded, the controller activates a positioning mechanism 77. Positioning mechanism 77 is configured to position a selected prize ball (that is separate from display balls $\mathbf{1 8}$ ) so that it can be displayed. Positioning mechanism 77 may utilize a large variety of devices to achieve its purpose. In a typical embodiment, all of the prize balls are held in a ball holder 58. Ball holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ may be made from a variety of materials, such as plastics, metals, or composites. In one embodiment, ball holder 58 is
cast high-density urethane foam that is machined to obtain a precise shape. In one embodiment, ball holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ is injection molded plastic.
[0103] Prize balls 92 typically have a similar appearance to display balls 18 in container 16 . This creates the illusion that balls displayed in display window $\mathbf{3 0}$ originate from container 16. At least one of prize balls 92 have a symbol that is capable of indicating a prize to be awarded to the player.
[0104] Prize balls 92 are stored in ball holder 58 in an individually controlled manner so that individual balls can be selectively removed from the ball holder. This allows particular balls with particular symbols or values to be individually manipulated and displayed when desired. This may be accomplished in different ways. In one embodiment, ball holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ comprises a chamber $\mathbf{6 2}$ for each prize ball $\mathbf{9 2}$ stored in the holder. A display mechanism 29 is provided for removing ball $\mathbf{9 2}$ stored in chamber $\mathbf{6 2}$, displaying the ball, and replacing it in the chamber.
[0105] In one embodiment, ball holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ is cylindrical as illustrated in FIG. 3. Chambers 62 are positioned outward from a central axis $\mathbf{5 9}$ of ball holder $\mathbf{5 8}$, near the periphery of the holder. Thus, chambers $\mathbf{6 2}$ may be positioned by rotating ball holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ around its central axis $\mathbf{5 9}$. Ball holder 58 may be provided in different configurations. For example, as shown in FIG. 4, ball holder $\mathbf{6 1}$ may be square or rectangular with chambers 62 arranged in rows and columns. In this embodiment, controller 76 is programmed with the location of chambers $\mathbf{6 2}$ and ball holder $\mathbf{6 1}$ is positioned by moving it laterally and longitudinally. Stepper motors and gears may perform the lateral and longitudinal positioning (not shown)
[0106] Returning to FIG. 2A, positioning mechanism 77 comprises a stepper motor $\mathbf{6 0}$ for rotating holder $\mathbf{5 8}$. Wheel $\mathbf{7 4}$, rigidly attached to holder 58, and sensor 83 , not attached to the holder, are provided for determining the angular position of the holder. Thus, controller 76 can position a ball 92 in holder 58 where it can be removed and replaced by rotating the holder and monitoring its angular position. The angular position of each prize ball 92 is stored in memory in controller 76. Sensor 83 may be an infrared source and detector and the periphery of wheel 74 may comprise portions with different reflective characteristics, such as physical holes or gaps or absorbent paint lines. Alternatively, an optical flag configuration similar to that described in U.S. Pat. No. $4,911,449$, issued to Bertram, may be used.
[0107] In one embodiment, holder 58 is arranged to allow the force of gravity to remove balls 92 from the holder Referring now to FIGS. 2A and 5A, each chamber 62 has a lower opening $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ that is large enough for prize ball $\mathbf{9 2}$ to pass through. A plate 68 is provided on the lower surface of holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ for preventing prize balls 92 from falling out of chambers 62. A hole 67 is provided in one portion of plate 68 for allowing ball 92 to pass through the plate. A gate 66 blocks ball 92 until it is opened by an actuator $\mathbf{6 4}$. Gate 66 may cover the entire hole 67 or just a portion of it and it may be operated in a sliding or hinged manner. Actuator 64 may be an electrical solenoid actuator.
[0108] FIG. 5B represents one embodiment in which a chassis 112 supports ball holder 58 at approximately a forty-five degree angle to the vertical. Mounting grooves
(not shown) may be provided in prize display 14 for slidably receiving chassis $\mathbf{1 1 2}$ and connector $\mathbf{1 1 4}$ may be provided for connecting electrical circuits and devices to power supplies and controller 76. One of the advantages of this embodiment is that positioning mechanism 77 and display mechanism 29 can be easily serviced by removing chassis 112 from prize display device 14.
[0109] Referring to FIGS. 2A and 5A, in normal operation, after controller 76 has determined which ball is to be displayed, the controller rotates holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ until the desired prize ball 92 is positioned over the plate hole 67. At the appropriate time, controller 76 activates actuator 64 to open gate 66. The force of gravity then pulls prize ball 92 downward through hole 67 into display window $\mathbf{3 0}$. Display window $\mathbf{3 0}$ may be a chamber with a transparent or partially transparent wall that allows the player to see selected prize ball 92. In one embodiment, display window 30 comprises a tube that projects outward from the front surface of prize display device 14. This allows players to view prize ball 92 from many different angles and see symbols on the ball. Sensors 70 and/or 71 may be used to verify that prize ball 92 has fallen into display window 30. If sensors 70 and/or 71 do not detect ball 92 in its proper position, controller 76 may enter an error mode.
[0110] If the ball is detected in its proper position, controller $\mathbf{7 6}$ may cause display $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ to display the prize, if any, that the player has won. Other effects may also be presented, such as pre-recorded sound from speakers. If the actual prize is money, the amount of the prize may be added to the player's credit meter or the prize may be dispensed from dispenser 111 or coin dispenser 27
[0111] After ball 92 has been displayed long enough, controller 76 operates a valve $\mathbf{5 4}$ to divert exhaust air from container 16. While blower $\mathbf{5 0}$ is in operation, air is allowed to escape container 16 through an exhaust duct $\mathbf{5 2}$. Valve 54 is used to divert air from a vent 104 to a display duct 56 . Display duct 56 directs air to the bottom of display window 30 where it blows the ball 92 upwards back into chamber 62. An upper opening 102 is provided in chamber 62 for allowing air to escape from the chamber thereby producing an air current. Sensors $\mathbf{7 2}$ and/or 71 may be used to verify that ball $\mathbf{9 2}$ has returned to chamber 62. If the ball is not detected in its proper position, controller 76 may enter an error mode and an attendant is called. In one embodiment, shown in FIG. 5B, sensor 72 is placed next to the peripheral wall $\mathbf{7 5}$ of ball holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ and a hole $\mathbf{7 3}$ is provided in the peripheral wall next to each chamber $\mathbf{6 2}$.
[0112] Components may be arranged alternatively so that ball display window $\mathbf{3 0}$ is located above holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ and ball 92 is blown upwards into the display. When valve 54 is closed, the force of gravity pulls ball 92 back into chamber 62. In this alternate embodiment, once ball 92 has returned to chamber 62, controller 76 closes gate 66 by activating actuator 64, turns off blower 50, and waits for the next activating event.
[0113] A power failure or power surge could cause actuator 64 to malfunction and improperly open gate 66 while prize display 14 is idle. This would cause prize ball 92 to fall out of chamber 62 into display window 30 , thereby giving a false indication that the player had won a prize. In order to prevent this, in one embodiment, at least one chamber 62
does not have prize ball 92 (see FIG. 3). This empty chamber is positioned over hole 67 whenever prize display 14 is idle.
[0114] It is understood that other methods for agitating display balls 18 may be provided. In addition, other methods for actuating and displaying prize balls $\mathbf{9 2}$ may be used. The present invention is not limited to any particular method or apparatus for agitating or displaying display balls 18 and/or prize balls 92.
[0115] For example, in certain embodiments, including embodiments discussed further below, display balls 18 may be agitated by actuation of jumbled ball display 12. If display balls $\mathbf{1 8}$ are agitated by actuation of jumbled ball display 12, it may be desirable to employ other methods of actuating and displaying prize balls 92 . For example, if an air compressor is not needed for agitation of display balls 18 , it may be beneficial to modify the method of displaying prize balls $\mathbf{9 2}$ so that the air compressor may be eliminated from game apparatus 20
[0116] For example, as illustrated in FIG. 2C, rather than opening valve 54 to divert air to display duct 56 (as in FIG. 2A), an air source or blower can be located below display window 30. For example, a fan 69 may be placed below display window 30. When activated by controller 76, fan 69 operates and creates a stream of air that blows display ball 92 in display window 30 back into chamber 62. Although many fans can be used, one suitable fan is direct current (d.c.) brushless fan motor model number BG0703-B044-000 available from Minebea Co., Ltd. of Tokyo, Japan. It is understood that other air sources besides fans may be used without departing from the scope of the present invention.
[0117] Because some balls are very light, static electricity can cause the balls to stick to each other and to other components. To prevent this, a variety of static discharge devices $\mathbf{1 0 6}$ may be placed in various locations in the present invention. In one embodiment, static discharge device 106 (FIG. 2A) is a bare stranded copper wire with its strands spread out. The wire is placed in the flow of air between agitator 50 and container 16 and wire is attached to a common ground.
[0118] Prize display 14 may also comprise means for simultaneously displaying a plurality of balls $\mathbf{9 2}$. To accomplish this, plate 68 may have multiple holes 67 (not shown), each with its own gate 66 and actuator 64 , for supplying balls to multiple display windows. Thus, holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ may be positioned so that the appropriate ball is positioned over the appropriate hole 67 for supplying the appropriate display window 30 . Alternatively, a plurality of ball holders $\mathbf{5 8}$ may be provided, each one supplying balls to a separate display window 30
[0119] In yet another embodiment, seen in FIG. 6, a plurality of separately controlled ball holders 58 are arranged in a stack. Each ball holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ is rotated to a position so that chambers 62 are aligned above display window 30 (FIG. 1A). Gates 66 are then opened and balls 92 are allowed to fall into display window 30 . In this embodiment, display window 30 is large enough to display three balls simultaneously. When the display period has ended, balls 92 are blown back into chambers 62 and gates 66 are closed to separate and contain the balls. The action of gates 66 separates prize balls 92 into separate chambers 62 .
[0120] With multiple balls being displayed, it is possible to use combinations of balls to indicate various bonus outcomes. It is also possible to replace the primary display of a gaming device with selector and prize display device 14. In other words, game apparatus 20 may be entirely replaced with selector and prize display device 14.
[0121] An alternative display mechanism 150 is shown in FIG. 7. Display mechanism 150 comprises a cylindrical ball holder 152 that may be rotated around its central axis 158 . Ball holder 152 comprises a plurality of chambers $\mathbf{1 5 4}$ positioned along the periphery of the holder, each chamber is configured to hold ball 92. Unlike the embodiment described in FIG. 2A, it is not necessary to remove and replace balls 92 from chambers 154 . Instead, at least a portion of the outer wall of each chamber 154 comprises a transparent material that allows players to view balls 92 inside the chamber. The transparent wall may comprise a ring of transparent material 156 that surrounds holder 152. A shutter device or door $\mathbf{1 6 4}$ may be provided between display window $\mathbf{3 0}$ and holder $\mathbf{1 5 2}$ for blocking the view of players while the holder is rotated. Although this embodiment has the advantage of a simpler mechanism, it may be less entertaining to players because it may be more apparent to the players that balls $\mathbf{9 2}$ do not originate from jumbled ball display 12.
[0122] As seen in FIG. 1C, a single display device 11 may also be used with a plurality of game apparatus 20. In this embodiment, each game apparatus is in communication with display device 11 by a communication device $\mathbf{1 0 5}$. Communication device $\mathbf{1 0 5}$ may be a network cable, such as an Ethernet cable, and appropriate hardware, such as network interface cards, may be included in display device 11 and game apparatus 20 . When one of the game apparatus 20 produces a bonus-activating event, a signal is sent to display device 11. A prize ball may then be selected and displayed as described above.
[0123] Tuning now to FIG. 2B, one embodiment for operation of prize display $\mathbf{1 4}$ begins with controller 76 detecting a bonus-activating event 170. Controller 76 may then drive display 110 (shown in FIG. 1A) to display an appropriate presentation or message 172. As discussed above, controller 76 may wait for player input from input device 90 (shown in FIG. 2A) or it may wait for a predetermined period of time 174. At some point, controller 76 activates the agitator 176 and selects a prize ball to be displayed $\mathbf{1 7 8}$ from ball holder 58. Controller $\mathbf{7 6}$ then drives positioning mechanism 77 to position ball holder $\mathbf{5 8}$ so that the selected prize ball may be displayed $\mathbf{1 8 0}$ and causes display mechanism 29 to display the selected ball 182. Controller 76 may then wait a predetermined period of time so that the player may see the displayed prize ball $\mathbf{1 8 4}$, after which it causes display mechanism 29 to stop displaying the selected prize ball 186 . The agitator is then deactivated 188 and controller 76 returns to a monitoring state to detect the next bonus activating event 170 .

## [0124] Transport Devices

[0125] FIG. 8 shows another embodiment involving a gaming device 1000 having a jumbled ball display 1002 provided with a transport device 1004 useful in the present invention (see FIGS. 9-15D). Notably, gaming devices 1000 may be any of a large number of devices that are configured to allow players (not shown) to play a game, such as those
typically found in arcade and casino environments, including arcade games, video games, gambling machines, video poker machines, and slot machines, for example. In this embodiment, the gaming device $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$ represents a slot machine 1006 , which may have a value acceptor 1007 for accepting value from a player, such as a coin slot 1009 , card reader (not shown), or a voucher reader (not shown). A handle $1011 \mathrm{and} /$ or a button(s) 1014 also may be provided for activating the gaming device 1000 to begin a game.
[0126] A payout mechanism (not shown) and a coin dispenser 1015 may be provided for awarding prizes or for dispensing value to players cashing out and retiring from a game. A printer (not shown) may also be provided for printing out cashless vouchers. A pay table (not shown) may further be provided to allow a player to see what symbol 1018 or combination of symbols provide one or more winning events.
[0127] As further shown in FIG. 8, the gaming device 1000 includes one or more display devices 1020 which may include physical game reels 1022, a bonus display 1024, and/or a video display device (not shown) including a cathode ray tube, LCD (liquid crystal display), LED, plasma, for example, configured to display at least one symbol 1018 from a plurality of symbols 1018 , which may include, for example, any letter, word, number, picture or image. In this figure, the symbols 1018 generally are represented by "a popcorn box with popcorn." The physical game reels $\mathbf{1 0 2 2}$ may be attached to a drive mechanism (not shown) to rotate the reels $\mathbf{1 0 2 2}$ in a manner well known in the art.
[0128] A panel 1025 may cover the game reels 1022 such that only a portion of their individual circumferences is shown to the player. At least one symbol 1018 from any of the game reels $\mathbf{1 0 2 2}$ may be used to display a game outcome and/or activate a base game or bonus game cycle 1026 (see FIG. 16). At least one pay line 1027 may be provided for the player to use in determining a game outcome based on the symbol 1018 or combination of symbols 1018 positioned thereon.
[0129] As indicated above, the display device 1020 also may include a video display (not shown) displaying game symbols 1018, for example, letters, words, numbers, pictures or images, in any number of formats and arrangements. Alternatively, the video display (not shown) may display images of game reels $\mathbf{1 0 2 2}$ having symbols 1018 and an image of at least one pay line 1027. It is understood that the gaming device $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$ may comprise more than one display device $\mathbf{1 0 2 0}$ such that the gaming device $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$ could include physical game reels $\mathbf{1 0 2 2}$, a bonus display 1024, a jumbled ball display 1002, and/or a video display (not shown), or any combination thereof. Accordingly, the display device 1020, such as the jumbled ball display 1002, may be positioned at the top of the gaming device 1000 , separate from the gaming device $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$ but in communication therewith, or in communication with a plurality of different gaming devices $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$ via a computer network in a manner that is well known in the art.
[0130] FIG. 8 shows the jumbled ball display 1002 and bonus display 1024, which typically are configured to cooperate with the gaming device $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$ during a base game or bonus game. One acceptable type of jumbled ball display 1002 is described in U.S. Pat. No. $6,338,678$, issued on Jan.

15, 2002, incorporated herein by reference. Notably, the jumbled ball display 1002 in FIG. 8 includes a container 1030 that is configured to hold at least one, typically a plurality, of movable objects 1032 including any type of ball, for example, keno balls, ping-pong balls and rubber balls.
[0131] A ball holder (not shown in FIG. 8, but similar to that discussed regarding FIGS. 2A, 3 and 4, for example) may be used in conjunction with the jumbled ball display 1002 and is further described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,338,678. More specifically, the ball holder (not shown) may be contained within the bonus display 1024 to display one or more movable objects 1032, including any type of ball, for example, keno balls, ping-pong balls or rubber balls, associated with a base game or bonus game cycle.
[0132] The container $\mathbf{1 0 3 0}$ may be at least partially transparent allowing players to view one or more of the movable objects $\mathbf{1 0 3 2}$ inside of the container. The container $\mathbf{1 0 3 0}$ may be made of acrylic or other materials, including, for example, plastic, glass, or wire mesh. One or more movable objects $\mathbf{1 0 3 2}$ may have colors and/or symbols, for example, letters, words, numbers, pictures or images.
[0133] As best shown in FIGS. 9 and 10, the container 1030 further includes a floor $\mathbf{1 0 3 4}$ having a receptacle 1036 configured to collect the movable objects 1032. The floor 1034 typically is sloped downwardly toward the receptacle 1036 so that the movable objects 1032 move effortlessly theretoward. A platform 1038 typically is located suspended substantially within the top half of the container 1030 for receiving one or more movable objects $\mathbf{1 0 3 2}$ from the at least one transport device 1004. In FIGS. 8-14, the container is shown simulating a popcorn popper 1040, such as an old fashioned kettle corn popper. The platform 1038 typically is disguised by a kettle 1042.
[0134] The container 1030 further includes a rear compartment $\mathbf{1 0 4 4}$ substantially defined by aback wall 1046 and a spaced-apart false wall 1048 . The compartment 1044 allows for the placement of transport device 1004 therein with the false wall 1048, typically keeping the transport device 1004 out of view from a player. Suitable transport devices 1004 may include, for example, conveyor belts, discs, wheels, lifts, claws and augers. The transport device 1004 may further include at least one transport component 1050 (see FIGS. 13-15C) such as, for example, cups, bowls, scoops, buckets, ledges, shovels and blades, cooperating with the transport device 1004 and configured to receive the at least one movable object 1032, for example, a ball, from the receptacle 1036. In one embodiment, the transport component is a helical blade.
[0135] As further shown in FIGS. 9 and 10, the transport device $\mathbf{1 0 0 4}$ includes a plurality of vertically oriented discs 1052 rotatably secured to an axle 1054 that cooperates with a motor 1056. The discs 1052 may comprise, for example, plastic or rubber. When the motor 1056 is activated, the discs $\mathbf{1 0 5 2}$ rotate about the axis of the axle 1054. The discs 1052 typically are located substantially within the receptacle $\mathbf{1 0 3 6}$ such that the discs 1052 are spaced apart therefrom so that a movable object 1032 can be received therebetween. Accordingly, one or more movable objects 1032 in the receptacle 1036 come into contact with the rotating discs 1052, and are moved up to the platform 1038 by way of a chute 1058, which may include one or more channels 1060
separated by dividers $\mathbf{1 0 6 2}$. The channels $\mathbf{1 0 6 0}$ typically are slightly wider than the movable objects 1032 and help guide the objects 1032 to the platform 1038. Notably, the rotating discs 1052 continuously fill the channels 1060 with the movable objects 1032 thereby forcing the movable objects 1032 up to the platform 1038. The movable objects 1032 eventually are received onto the platform $\mathbf{1 0 3 8}$ only to free fall therefrom back to the floor 1034 thereby typically providing the illusion of popcorn popping and falling from the kettle 1042.
[0136] In an alternative embodiment, as shown in FIGS. 15E and 15F , a cylinder 1064 may replace the circular discs 1052. The cylinder 1064 similarly is disposed about an axle 1066 for movement thereabout and may include, for example, plastic or rubber. The cylinder 1064 can be activated by a motor 1056 and typically includes an accordionlike surface 1068 for cooperating with the at least one movable objects 1032. In another alternative embodiment (not shown), a cylinder may comprise ridges in the form of a continuous ribbed surface, where the ribs or ridges are aligned circumferentially along the surface of the cylinder, that is, orthogonal to the axle of the cylinder; as the cylinder rotates about the axle, movable objects caught in the ridges or ribs are thereby transported on the surface of the cylinder along the axis of the cylinder. This embodiment is in contrast to cylinder 1064 (FIG. 15F) where the strips of the accordion surface are arranged parallel to the axle, rather than being arranged at right angles to the axle.
[0137] FIGS. 11 and 12 show another embodiment of the transport device 1004 useful in the present invention including at least one conveyor belt $\mathbf{1 0 7 0}$ substantially vertically oriented and cooperating with at least one roller 1072 to rotate therearound when at least one roller 1072 is activated by a motor 1074. The conveyor belt 1070 can be any conventional type known in the art and may include, for example, wire mesh, rubber or plastic. It is understood that a plurality of conveyor belts $\mathbf{1 0 7 0}$ may be placed in a side-by-side arrangement in place of one conveyor belt 1070.
[0138] When the motor 1074 is activated, conveyor 1070 belt rotates around the rollers 1072. Typically, at least one end $\mathbf{1 0 7 6}$ of the conveyor belt $\mathbf{1 0 7 0}$ is substantially located within the receptacle 1036 with the one end 1076 being spaced apart therefrom so that the movable objects 1032 can be received therebetween, typically wedged therebetween.
[0139] Accordingly, one or more movable objects 1032 in the receptacle $\mathbf{1 0 3 6}$ come into contact with the conveyor belt 1070, and are moved from the receptacle 1036, typically via friction, up to the platform 1038 by way of the chute $\mathbf{1 0 5 8}$, which includes the one or more channels 1060 separated by dividers 1062. The channels 1060 typically are slightly wider than the movable objects 1032 and help guide the objects 1032 to the platform 1038. Notably, the conveyor belt $\mathbf{1 0 7 0}$ continuously fills the channels $\mathbf{1 0 6 0}$ with the movable objects $\mathbf{1 0 3 2}$ thereby forcing the movable objects 1032 up to the platform 1038. The movable objects 1032 eventually are received onto the platform 1038 only to free fall therefrom back to the floor 1034 thereby providing the illusion of popcorn popping and falling from the kettle 1042. It is understood that the conveyor belt $\mathbf{1 0 7 0}$ could extend substantially the length of the container $\mathbf{1 0 3 0}$ to transport the movable objects $\mathbf{1 0 3 2}$ directly to the platform 1038.
[0140] FIGS. 13 and 14 show yet another embodiment of the transport device $\mathbf{1 0 0 4}$ useful in the present invention typically extending substantially the length of the container 1030 and being provided with at least one transport component 1050, such as for example, cups, bowls, scoops, buckets, ledges, shovels or blades. Notably, the conveyor belt $\mathbf{1 0 7 0}$ cooperates with rollers $\mathbf{1 0 7 2}$ to rotate therearound when at least one of the rollers $\mathbf{1 0 7 2}$ is activated by the motor 1074.
[0141] As further shown in FIGS. 13 and 14, the transport component 1050 cooperates with the transport device 1004 and is configured to receive the at least one movable object 1032, for example, a ball, from the receptacle 1036. Here, transport component 1050 includes a plurality of cups 1078. If channels $\mathbf{1 0 6 0}$ are present within the chute 1058, each cup 1078 is aligned with a designated channel 1060. Alternatively, it is understood that channels $\mathbf{1 0 6 0}$ may be omitted with this type of transport device 1004.
[0142] Accordingly, each cup 1078 receives a movable object 1032 from the receptacle 1036 and transports the object $\mathbf{1 0 3 2}$ to the platform 1038. The movable object $\mathbf{1 0 3 2}$ eventually is received by the platform 1038 and an empty cup 1080 (FIG. 14) is allowed to return to the receptacle 1036 to retrieve another movable object 1032. It is understood that a plurality of conveyor belts $\mathbf{1 0 7 0}$ having transport components $\mathbf{1 0 5 0}$ may be placed in a side-by-side arrangement to transport movable objects $\mathbf{1 0 3 2}$ to the platform 1038.
[0143] FIGS. 15A-15D depict yet other embodiments of the transport device 1004 useful in the present invention. FIG. 15A shows the transport device 1004 including the conveyor belt $\mathbf{1 0 7 0}$ cooperating with rollers 1072 and having ledges $\mathbf{1 0 8 2}$ as the transport component 1050. FIG. 15B shows the transport device 1004 including a wheel 1084 disposed about a central axle 1086 and having buckets 1088 as the transport component 1050. FIG. 15C shows the transport device 1004 including a lift 1090 having a movable arm 1092. One end 1094 of the arm 1092 cooperates with the transport component 1050, a shovel 1096. FIG. 15D shows the transport device 1004 including an auger 1098 having a continuous blade 1100 as the transport component 1050. The continuous blade $\mathbf{1 1 0 0}$ typically has ledges $\mathbf{1 1 0 2}$ extending from a top surface 1104 of the blade $\mathbf{1 1 0 0}$ to provide compartments 1106 to contain the movable objects 1032 thereon. Accordingly, each transport device 1004 may be activated by a motor $\mathbf{1 1 0 8}$ to transport the at least one movable object 1032 from the receptacle 1036 to the platform 1038. It is further understood that the transport device 1004 may be substantially vertically oriented or non-vertically oriented.
[0144] Returning to FIG. 8, the present gaming device 1000 may provide a base game or bonus game cycle (for example, see FIG. 16) associated with the selection of the one or more symbols 1018 from the plurality of symbols 1018 displayed by the display device $\mathbf{1 0 2 0}$. The bonus game cycle (FIG. 16) typically extends the length of play of a single game play and can be triggered by any number of bonus activating events 1110 (FIG. 16). This event may be many different types of events. For example, a bonus activating event 1110 (FIG. 16) simply may include the placing of a wager (not shown) by the player or the displaying of a particular symbol 1018 such as, for example, a number,
letter, picture or a combination thereof, on one or more reels. The activating event 1110 also may be based on an external event. The bonus activating event $\mathbf{1 1 1 0}$ triggers the gaming device $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$ to allow a player to participate in the bonus game. The bonus activating event $\mathbf{1 1 1 0}$ may include any one of the above mentioned activating events and further may include when a player accumulates a number of symbols 1018 or game outcomes over a number of separate game plays.

## [0145] Method of Use

[0146] FIG. 16 illustrates one method of playing a gaming device wherein the bonus game cycle 1026 is triggered by any number of bonus activating events in step 1110 during play of the primary game in step 1126 . One such bonus activating event in step 1110 includes the displaying of a particular symbol(s) 1018, such as, for example, letters, words, numbers, pictures, images or combinations thereof, on one or more reels 1022 of slot machine 1006 (see FIG. 8). For example, bonus game cycle 1026 may be activated when the "popcorn container with popcorn" symbol 1018 (see FIG. 8) appears on the third reel 1022 and on payline 1027 with the maximum wager being played. If the display device 1020 is a video display device (not shown), the symbols 1018 further may be displayed by animation.
[0147] After the occurrence of bonus activating event step 1110, as shown in FIG. 16, the transport device 1004 (FIGS. 9-15D) typically is activated in step 1128 allowing the movable objects $\mathbf{1 0 3 2}$ to be transported from the receptacle 1036 and to free fall from the platform 1038 (FIGS. 9-14). Next, in step 1130, the display device $\mathbf{1 0 2 0}$ or bonus display 1024, typically a video display (not shown), provides a plurality of symbols 1018. Again, the symbols 1018 may include, for example, letters, words, numbers, pictures or images. In one embodiment, three different size popcorn symbols, for example, small, medium and large, may be displayed.
[0148] As further shown in FIG. 16, the next step 1132 provides for an alternate game play wherein a player may optionally be allowed to select one or more symbols 1018 from the plurality of symbols 1018 using an input device, for example, a touch screen (not shown) or button(s) 1014 (FIG. 8). It is understood that a controller (not shown) may select the player symbol(s) 1018 if a designated amount of time elapses. It is also understood that the controller may randomly select a symbol 1018, in step 1134, if the optional player selection is not provided.
[0149] As further shown in FIG. 16, selection of at least one symbol 1018 from the plurality of symbols 1018 occurs with the assistance of a random number generator (not shown). The randomly selected symbol $\mathbf{1 0 1 8}$, for example, different sized popcorn containers with popcorn, typically is associated with a number of symbols 1018 that the controller may randomly select from in step 1134. It is to be noted that the symbol(s) 1018 from which the controller randomly selects may not be identical, but rather substantially equivalent, to the symbol(s) $\mathbf{1 0 1 8}$ provided in step $\mathbf{1 1 3 0}$. More specifically, the symbol(s) $\mathbf{1 0 1 8}$ provided in step $\mathbf{1 1 3 0}$ may include, for example, a picture or image, while the symbol(s) 1018 randomly selected by the controller may include, for example, a letter or word, or vice-versa. By way of specific example, an image of a large-sized popcorn box may be provided in step 1130 while the controller may randomly
select the word "Large Popcorn" such that the symbols 1018 are substantially equivalent, yet not exactly the same.
[0150] Once the controller has randomly selected one or more symbols 1018 from the plurality of symbols 1018 in step 1134, the symbol 1018 is displayed to the player via one or more of the display devices 1020. In optional step 1138, the controller will determine if the randomly selected symbol 1018 is substantially equivalent to the at least one selected symbol 1018 from step 1132. If they are not substantially equivalent, the deactivation of the transport device 1004 (FIGS. 9-15D) occurs at step 1139 and the bonus game cycle 1026 ends at step 1140.
[0151] If the symbols 1018 are substantially equivalent in optional step 1138, or directly after step 1134 if optional step 1138 is not available, the controller selects at least one symbol 1018 from a second plurality of symbols 1018 in step 1136. The symbol 1018 from the second plurality of symbols 1018 can include, for example, letters, words, numbers, pictures or images. In one embodiment, the symbol $\mathbf{1 0 1 8}$ from a second plurality of symbols $\mathbf{1 0 1 8}$ includes a prize symbol such as a prize ball (not shown) selected from the ball holder (not shown) wherein the prize balls represent different bonus award amounts and, optionally, multipliers, for example, $10,15,20,25,30,35,50,75,100,250$ and a $2 \times$ ball.
[0152] The controller then displays at least one symbol 1018 from the second plurality of symbols 1018 to the player, such as via the bonus display 1024 (see FIG. 8). As indicated above, an award is associated with symbol 1018 selected from the second plurality of symbols $\mathbf{1 0 1 8}$ such that the controller awards a prize to the player and deactivates the transport device in step 1142. By way of specific example, when a $2 \times$ ball (not shown) is displayed from the ball holder (not shown), the player is awarded $2 \times$ the accumulated bonus. If the player was entitled to only one randomly selected symbol, for example, a prize ball, from the second plurality of symbols, the player will receive $2 \times$ the top award $(2 \times 250)=500$. If the player was entitled to two bonus balls, the second ball value is multiplied by $2 \times$. If the second ball is also a $2 \times$ ball, the player will receive $4 \times(2 \times \times 2 \times)$ the top award $(4 \times 250)=1000$. If the player was entitled to three bonus balls, and all three are a $2 \times$ ball, the player will receive $8 \times(2 \times \times 2 \times \times 2 \times=8)$ the top award ball $(8 \times 250)=2000$.
[0153] After step 1142, the bonus game cycle 1026 ends with step $\mathbf{1 1 4 0}$ such that play of the primary game then may return to step 1126. Accordingly, all awards may be multiplied by the total wager.
[0154] If any actual prize is money, the amount of the prize may be added to the player's credit meter (not shown) or the prize may be dispensed from, for example, the coin dispenser 1015 (FIG. 8). Different kinds of prizes, besides monetary prizes, may be awarded. For example, the prizes may be goods, services or additional games. The goods and services may be awarded in the form of for example, physical objects, tickets, vouchers and coupons. Additional games may be presented in the form of tickets, such as scratch-off lottery tickets. In the embodiments in which tickets, vouchers or coupons are used, the objects are dispensed using an internally or externally mounted dispenser. Such dispensers are well known in the art.
[0155] As shown in FIG. 17, the display portion of a gaming device of the present invention may include a
display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ located in a housing $\mathbf{1 2 1 0}$ and attached to support structure $\mathbf{1 2 2 0}$ which is disposed within a cavity 1230 of housing 1210 . Display objects 1240 are shown exiting from the top portion (through opening 1270) of and falling off of display device 1200; display objects $\mathbf{1 2 4 0}$ accumulate in the bottom (collection) area of cavity $\mathbf{1 2 3 0}$. Display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ also includes game symbol zones $\mathbf{1 2 5 0}$. Although support structure $\mathbf{1 2 2 0}$ is shown here in the form of a vertical column (and optionally including transport tube 1280, see FIG. 19), it is understood that support structure 1220 may take a wide variety of shapes and forms: pole, rod, cylindrical or rectangular column, block, platform, truss, beam, post, stanchion pillar and strut, for example. Support structure 1220 includes structures suitable for maintaining the position of display device 1200 in the upper portion of cavity $\mathbf{1 2 3 0}$ of housing $\mathbf{1 2 1 0}$.
[0156] In this embodiment of a gaming device of the present invention, display device 1200 (shown here as including at least a partial umbrella shape) and housing 1210 may be attached to game apparatus 20 and would replace the jumbled ball display $\mathbf{1 2}$ portion of display device $\mathbf{1 1}$ in gaming device 10 of FIG. 1A; alternatively, display device 1200 may replace the simulated "popcorn popper" display 1040 in gaming device 1000 of FIG. 8
[0157] As shown in FIG. 18A, one embodiment of a gaming device of the present invention involves display device 1200 with transport device 1260 and support structure 1220. Game symbol zones $\mathbf{1 2 5 0}$ are located in various positions around the circumference of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$. Each game symbol zone $\mathbf{1 2 5 0}$ may bear game-related information (game symbols), such as $\$$ values, multiplier values, number of bonus game plays, number of prize balls awarded (see discussion on prize ball/ball holder embodiment), and related prize information. Game-related information (indicia) may be imprinted directly on the surface of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ in the game symbol zone $\mathbf{1 2 5 0}$ regions. Alternatively, in another embodiment, the game symbol zones 1250 may be changeable LED displays that are capable of displaying different possible game winning values during game play. In yet another embodiment, game symbol zones 1250 may include "cutout" portions of display device 1200 where an LED board (or other display device) may be mounted behind the surface of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ so that different game-related information may be communicated to the player through different game symbol zone $\mathbf{1 2 5 0}$ "cutout" portions. Sensors (not shown), such as optical sensors in communication with a controller (not shown), may be positioned to identify the position of a specific game-related symbol, so that the controller may direct the result of a randomly determined game outcome to a player (see discussion of FIG. 23). In yet another embodiment, different forms of back-lighting (illumination) may be provided behind the surface of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$, such as lighting in the form of fluorescent tubing configured to fit the internal shape of display device 1200, for example, circular fluorescent tubing may be used when display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ is in the form and shape of an umbrella.
[0158] A cross sectional view of the umbrella section of display device 1200 from FIG. 18A is shown in FIG. 19. Actuator mechanism 1290 is shown attached to the top portion of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$. Typically, actuator mechanism 1290 will include a disc portion 1290A and stepper motor 1290B to drive the disc (disc portion 1290A shown
(enlarged view) separated from the umbrella section and in more detail in FIG. 22) so that the umbrella section of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ may be rotated during game play. Display objects 1240 are typically moved upwards (by transport device 1260) in a direction of movement shown by line $\mathbf{1 2 6 5}$ through support structure $\mathbf{1 2 2 0}$ via transport tube 1280 during game play. In this embodiment, actuator mechanism $\mathbf{1 2 9 0}$ (as well as the umbrella section of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ ) is shown slightly tilted from the vertical axis (represented by line 1265) of the gaming device; in this arrangement, display objects $\mathbf{1 2 4 0}$ may readily roll of off the top section of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ as they exit opening $\mathbf{1 2 7 0}$ rather than rolling back into transport tube $\mathbf{1 2 8 0}$.
[0159] An isolated view of transport device 1260 is shown in FIG. 20. When display objects 1240 fall from the top portion of display device 1200, they accumulate in a collection area in the bottom portion of cavity 1230 (see FIG. 17). In the collection area, display objects 1240 may be gravity fed into display object feed chute $\mathbf{1 3 0 0}$ and then into transport device 1260. In this case, transport device 1260 is represented by a combination of d.c. (direct current) motor 1310 and display object drive roller 1320.
[0160] Suitable transport devices (and the operation thereof) include those previously discussed regarding FIGS. $\mathbf{9 - 1 4}$, that is, conveyor belts, discs, rollers, wheels, lifts, claws and augers. For example, the transport device may include a conveyor belt configured to transport the display objects in a substantially vertical direction; alternatively, the transport device may include a display object feed chute and a display object drive roller (as described in FIG. 20). The transport device may further include at least one transport component (similar to those previously discussed regarding FIGS. 13, 14 and 15A-15D) such as, for example, cups, bowls, scoops, buckets, ledges, shovels and blades, cooperating with the transport device and configured to receive the display objects. For example, the transport device may include an auger where the transport component is a helical blade.
[0161] To illustrate one possible operation of a gaming device of the present invention, the following example is presented (reference to FIGS. 18A, 18B, 19 and 20). In the case where the transport device $\mathbf{1 2 6 0}$ may include a conveyor belt arrangement or involve a feed chute $\mathbf{1 3 0 0}$ in conjunction with a display object drive roller 1320, the display objects accumulated in the bottom (collection) area of the housing cavity $\mathbf{1 2 3 0}$ are transported through the support structure $\mathbf{1 2 2 0}$ of the gaming device via a transport tube $\mathbf{1 2 8 0}$ to the rotatable display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ (provided here in the shape of an umbrella) for dispersal. Typically, the conveyor belt or drive roller continuously fills the transport tube with display objects, thereby forcing the display objects upwards to an upper portion of the display device. The display objects eventually are received on top of the display device only to free fall therefrom (from opening 1270) back to the bottom (collection) area of the housing cavity thereby providing, in one embodiment, the illusion of raindrops falling from (and along the surface of) an umbrella.
[0162] A cross sectional view of transport device 1260 is shown in FIG. 21 where the movement path of a display object $\mathbf{1 2 4 0}$ through transport device $\mathbf{1 2 6 0}$ is traced from display object feed chute $\mathbf{1 3 0 0}$, past display object drive
roller 1320 and upwards through transport tube $\mathbf{1 2 8 0}$ in the direction shown by line 1265 (vertical axis of gaming device).
[0163] The disc portion 1290A (of actuator mechanism 1290) for rotating the display device 1200 about support structure 1220 is shown in FIG. 22. Disc portion 1290A is shown here in an enlarged view (separated from the umbrella canopy portion of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ for clarity purposes); see FIG. 19 for the attachment point of actuator mechanism 1290 to display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$. In this embodiment, the disc portion 1290A of actuator mechanism $\mathbf{1 2 9 0}$ is represented by a gear (toothed wheel), but actuator mechanism 1290 may utilize other similar drive devices.
[0164] Gaming devices of the present invention may further provide a base game cycle or a bonus game cycle similar to that previously discussed regarding FIGS. 1A and 2A and similar to that presented in the flowchart of FIG. 16. In the case of the present invention and for the purposes of the following discussion, however, it is understood that the jumbled ball display 12 of the gaming device 10 (FIG. 1A) would be replaced by the display device 1200 of FIG. 17; alternatively, the simulated "popcorn popper" display 1040 of the gaming device 1000 (FIG. 8) could also be replaced by display device 1200 of FIG. 17.
[0165] As shown in FIG. 23, the gaming device 1400 of the present invention may include an input device 1410 (for example, a button, a keyboard or a touch screen display) such as that corresponding to 90 (of FIG. 1A) which may be configured to allow a player to select one or more symbols during a base game or bonus game cycle.
[0166] FIG. 23 further shows the gaming device 1400 including a controller 1420 which is configured to control the gaming device $\mathbf{1 4 0 0}$ by utilizing a random number generator (not shown) to produce random or pseudo random numbers for each base game or bonus game cycle. The outcome of a base game or a bonus game may be determined as previously presented in the discussion of FIG. 16, for example. Controller 1420 is provided in communication with a display device 1430 (for example, 1200 in FIG. 17), input device 1410 and transport device 1440 (for example, 1260 in FIGS. 18A, 20 and 21) such that controller 1420 is configured to activate and deactivate the transport device 1440, to detect any symbol(s) that optionally may be selected by a player, to display any selected symbols, to award a prize to the player and to terminate the game. The controller 1420 may be one or more computers (not shown) or processor boards (not shown), and the controller 1420 generally is configured to communicate with a display light(s) $\mathbf{1 4 5 0}$ and a speaker(s) $\mathbf{1 4 6 0}$ for visual and sound effects, and may be in communication with a ball holder $\mathbf{1 4 7 0}$ for randomly selecting at least one or more prize balls.
[0167] Controller 1420 also is configured to generate and to detect when a bonus qualifying event occurs for activation of a bonus game cycle, which will include activating transport device 1440 and determining which symbol(s) to display to the player via the random number generator (not shown). For example, using a sensor(s) $\mathbf{1 4 8 0}$, the controller 1420 then can detect and stop reels 22-24 (FIG. 1A) or 1022 (FIG. 8 ) on gaming apparatus 20 (FIG. 1A) or 1006 (FIG. 8) when the symbols are in the desired position. For example, when reels 22-24 (FIG. 1A) are in a bonus activating event position, the controller $\mathbf{1 4 2 0}$ will sense this
position and begin the bonus game cycle. Sensors 1480 may also be provided external to the gaming device 1400 to detect external bonus activating events. The controller 1420 may also transmit and/or detect a variety of other information, such as when coins (not shown) or currency (not shown) have been inserted into a wage acceptor 1490 (such as 21 or $\mathbf{2 5}$ in FIG. 1A), when a game starts, when an error has occurred or when a sensor detects tampering.
[0168] Alternatively, when the controller 1420 detects a bonus activating event, it may begin the bonus game cycle by activating, for example, the transport device 1440 , video screen(s) (not shown), display lights $\mathbf{1 4 5 0}$ or light emitting diodes (not shown). These devices may indicate that a player has qualified for the bonus game cycle and may prompt the player to perform an action. During the bonus game cycle, transport device 1440 transports the display objects ( $\mathbf{1 2 4 0}$ of FIGS. 17 and 21) from the bottom (collection) area of the housing cavity $\mathbf{1 2 3 0}$ to the opening 1270 of display device 1200 (FIG. 17).
[0169] The base/bonus game cycle ends when the controller 1420 deactivates transport device 1440 (such as $\mathbf{1 2 6 0}$ in FIGS. 18A, 20 and 21), transporting of display objects 1240 is stopped and rotation of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ is also stopped. The winning base/bonus game result is communicated to the player by the symbol displayed in game symbol zone $\mathbf{1 2 5 0}$ located in the front-most part (that is, directly in front of the player) of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ when rotation of display device $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ is stopped upon game termination. For example, the winning "position" would correspond to the specific game symbol zone 1250 intersected by line A in FIG. 18A. More specifically (see FIG. 18B), if the symbol in the front-most game symbol zone 1250 A was $\$ 50$, and the symbols in the adjacent game symbol zones 1250 B and 1250 C were $\$ 100$ and $\$ 200$, respectively, the player would be awarded $\$ 50$.
[0170] In an embodiment of the present invention that includes a ball holder, the ball holder 1470 is generally associated with a second display area of gaming device 1400, separate from the first display area associated with display device 1430. Ball holder 1470 (not shown in FIGS. 17-22) typically may be used in conjunction with the display device 1430 (such as umbrella type display device 1200). More specifically, ball holder 1470 associated with the second display area may include any type of prize ball, for example, keno balls, ping-pong balls or rubber balls, associated with a base game or bonus game cycle payout
[0171] Game play operation involving use of ball holder 1470 (and corresponding second display area) is similar to that discussed regarding FIGS. 2A, 3 and 4 , for example. At least one of the prize balls has a symbol that is capable of indicating a prize to be awarded to the player. Prize balls are stored in ball holder 1470 in an individually controlled manner so that individual balls can be selectively removed from the ball holder, thus allowing specific balls with particular symbols or values to be individually manipulated and displayed when desired. In one embodiment, multiple prize balls may be displayed, making it possible to use combinations of prize balls to indicate various bonus outcomes. After controller 1420 has determined which prize ball(s) is to be displayed, the controller rotates the ball holder $\mathbf{1 4 7 0}$ until the desired prize ball is positioned to be visible to the player in the second display area.
[0172] In this fashion the player may be shown a potential base game/bonus game prize in the second display area prior to initiation of actual game play. Once game play is initiated, the player may then anticipate whether or not the game result shown in game symbol zone area 1250 of display device 1200 will match the prize ball displayed in the second display area. In the case where the game result displayed in game symbol zone area $\mathbf{1 2 5 0}$ does not match the prize ball displayed in the second display area, the player would only be awarded the value shown in game symbol zone area $\mathbf{1 2 5 0}$ (such as $\$ 50$ shown in FIG. 18B). However, in the case where the game result displayed in game symbol zone area $\mathbf{1 2 5 0}$ matches the result shown on the prize ball displayed in the second display area, the player may be awarded the value shown in game symbol zone area $\mathbf{1 2 5 0}$ in addition to the value (or other result, such as a multiplier factor) displayed on the prize ball.
[0173] There are other features and advantages of one or more the various embodiments. They should be apparent to those skilled in the art based on the disclosure above. This may be accomplished in different ways.
[0174] Although the description above contains many specifications, these should not be construed as limiting the scope of the invention but as merely providing illustrations of some of the various embodiments of this invention. This specification above, for instance, makes reference to bonus prizes. However, the present invention is not thereby intended to be limited to providing bonus prizes; rather it is intended that the present invention can, in certain embodiments, be used independently as a stand-alone game without necessarily including bonus game play. Thus, the scope of the invention should be determined by the claims as issued and their legal equivalents rather than by the examples given.
[0175] Accordingly, the present invention provides a gaming device including a transport device configured to move display objects within a housing to a display device where the display objects are deposited and fall off of the display device. The gaming device further may be provided with a bonus activating event wherein the display device simulates an umbrella for activation during the bonus game cycle. Not only is the gaming device exciting and enjoyable to play, it also increases the length of play experienced by players

We claim:

1. A gaming device comprising:
(A) a housing having a cavity;
(B) a support structure located in the cavity;
(C) a display device rotatably attached to the support structure and positioned above a bottom area of the cavity;
(D) an actuator mechanism coupled to the display device, the actuator mechanism being configured to cause the display device to rotate;
(E) a plurality of display objects situated within the housing; and
(F) a transport device associated with the support structure and configured to move the display objects from a collection area in the bottom area of the cavity to the
display device, wherein the display objects are deposited on the display device and fall off of the display device.
2. The gaming device of claim 1 wherein the display device comprises at least a partial umbrella shape.
3. The gaming device of claim 1 wherein the display device comprises at least one game symbol zone.
4. The gaming device of claim 1 wherein the support structure comprises a transport tube.
5. The gaming device of claim 1 wherein the transport device is selected from the group consisting of conveyor belts, discs, rollers, wheels, lifts, claws and augers.
6. The gaming device of claim 5 wherein the transport device comprises a conveyor belt and is configured to transport the display objects in a substantially vertical direction.
7. The gaming device of claim 5 wherein the transport device comprises a display object feed chute and a display object drive roller.
8. The gaming device of claim 1 wherein the transport device further comprises at least one transport component configured to receive the display objects and wherein the at least one transport component is selected from the group consisting of cups, bowls, scoops, buckets, ledges, shovels and blades.
9. The gaming device of claim 8 wherein the transport device comprises an auger and the at least one transport component is a helical blade.
10. The gaming device of claim 1 wherein the display device is attached to the support structure and the actuator mechanism such that the display device rotates at a tilted angle relative to a vertical axis of the gaming device.
11. The gaming device of claim 1 further comprising:
(A) a plurality of prize balls;
(B) a ball holder configured to hold the prize balls in an individually controlled manner;
(C) a display mechanism for selectively displaying at least one prize ball; and
(D) a controller in communication with the display mechanism, the controller being configured to select a prize ball and cause the display mechanism to display the selected prize ball to a player.
12. A method comprising, but not all necessarily in order shown:
(A) rotating a display device;
(B) transporting display objects from a collection area to the display device; and
(C) allowing the display objects to fall off of the display device.
13. The method of claim 12 further comprising displaying a game symbol on the display device.
14. The method of claim 12 further comprising moving the display objects from the collection area to the display device through a transport tube.
15. A gaming device comprising:
(A) housing means for containing display object means;
(A) display object means for providing an attractive display;
(B) display device means for providing a surface from which the display object means may fall;
(C) transport means for moving the display object means from a collection area to the display device means; and
(D) rotating means for causing the display device means to rotate.
16. The gaming device of claim 15 wherein the display device means represents an umbrella.
17. The gaming device of claim 15 wherein the rotating means is attached to the display device means so that the display device means rotates at a tilted angle relative to a vertical axis of the gaming device.
18. The gaming device of claim 15 further comprising support means for maintaining position of the display device means in an upper portion of the housing means.
19. A gaming device comprising:
(A) a randomly determined game outcome; and
(B) a display device associated with the game outcome and configured to simulate an umbrella.
20. The gaming device of claim 19 further comprising a plurality of display objects configured to simulate rain drops.
21. The gaming device of claim 19 further comprising a controller in communication with the display device and configured to detect a bonus qualifying event and activate a bonus game cycle.
22. A method for playing a game comprising, but not all necessarily in order shown:
(A) allowing a player to play a gaming device comprising:
(i) randomly determining a game outcome;
(ii) providing a display device associated with the game outcome and configuring the display device to simulate an umbrella; and
(iii) simulating rains drops falling of off the display device by providing a plurality of display objects that are moved by a transport device associated with the display device, wherein the display objects are deposited on the display device and fall off of the display device;
(B) providing at least one bonus qualifying event;
(C) if the at least one bonus qualifying event occurs, activating the transport device;
(D) providing a plurality of symbols;
(E) randomly selecting at least one symbol from the plurality of symbols; and
(F) awarding a prize to the player.
23. A gaming device comprising:
(A) a first display area comprising:
(i) a housing having a cavity;
(ii) a support structure located in the cavity;
(iii) a display device rotatably attached to the support structure and positioned above a bottom area of the cavity;
(iv) an actuator mechanism coupled to the display device, the actuator mechanism being configured to cause the display device to rotate;
(v) a plurality of display objects situated within the housing; and
(vi) a transport device associated with the support structure and configured to move the display objects from a collection area in the bottom area of the cavity to the display device, wherein the display objects are deposited on the display device and fall off of the display device; and
(B) a second display area comprising:
(i) plurality of prize balls;
(ii) a ball holder configured to hold the prize balls in an individually controlled manner;
(iii) a display mechanism for selectively displaying at least one prize ball; and
(iv) a controller in communication with the display mechanism, the controller being configured to select a prize ball and cause the display mechanism to display the selected prize ball to a player.
24. The gaming device of claim 23 wherein the display objects and the prize balls are located separately from each other.
25. The gaming device of claim 23 wherein the prize balls held in the ball holder are hidden from view of the player.
26. The gaming device of claim 23 wherein display device of the first display area further comprises at least one game symbol zone.
