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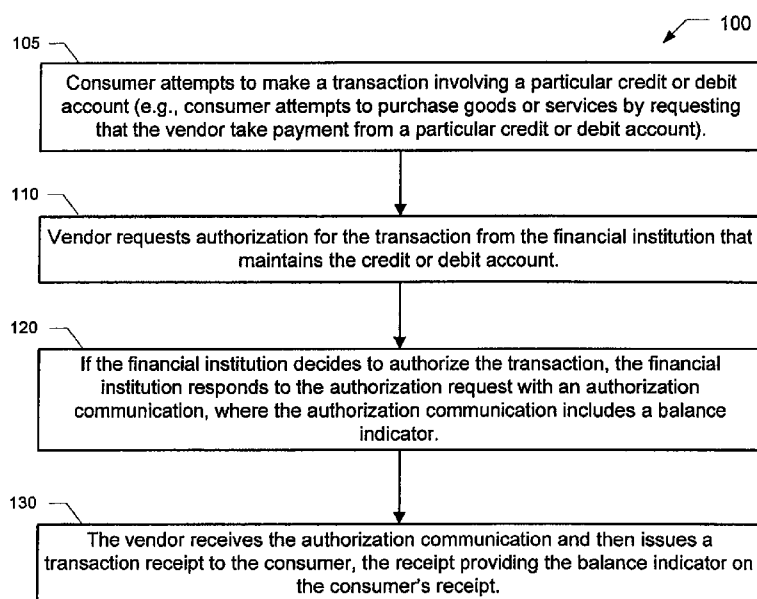


FIG. 1

(57) Abstract: Systems, methods, and computer program products are provided for providing a consumer with information about the balance of the consumer's credit or debit account after a transaction, such as a purchase transaction, is made using the credit or debit account. In one embodiment, the issuing bank attaches a number representing the balance of the consumer's credit or debit account and/or other information about the balance to the authorization code when authorizing a purchase transaction so that, when a vendor provides the consumer with a purchase receipt that has the authorization code on the receipt, the balance information is automatically included on the receipt with the authorization code. In this way, the consumer can keep track of spending by knowing the total balance of the consumer's credit and/or debit account and/or other balance information after each credit or debit card purchase.



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BANK CARD AUTHORIZATION WITH BALANCE INDICATOR

FIELD

In general, embodiments of the invention relate to consumer credit or debit accounts, and, more particularly, relate to systems, methods, and computer program products for providing a bank card holder with an indication of the bank card holder's account balance when the bank card holder enters into a transaction using the bank card.

BACKGROUND

Bank cards, including credit and debit cards, are the primary method consumers use to pay for goods and services when engaged in point-of-sale (POS) and online transactions. In fact, many consumers will make numerous bank card transactions throughout the day, such transactions including purchases, returns, deposits, withdrawals, purchases with cash back, etc. A consumer can easily lose track of how much the consumer has spent and how much the consumer has left in the credit or debit account to spend. Currently, a consumer interested in knowing his or her account balance must either call the card-issuing bank to inquire about the balance, or log into the card-issuing bank's website. Both of these methods for obtaining one's balance are cumbersome and time-consuming. As such, there is a desire for improved systems, methods, and/or computer program products to assist a consumer with tracking the balance in the consumer's credit or debit account balance.

SUMMARY

Systems, methods, and computer program products are provided for providing a consumer with information about the balance of the consumer's credit or debit account after a transaction, such as a purchase transaction, is made using the credit or debit account. In one embodiment, the issuing bank attaches a number representing the balance of the consumer's credit or debit account and/or other information about the balance to the authorization code when authorizing a purchase transaction so that, when a vendor provides the consumer with a purchase receipt that has the authorization code on the receipt, the balance information is automatically included on the receipt with the authorization code. In this way, the consumer can keep track of spending by knowing the

total balance of the consumer's credit and/or debit account and/or other balance information after each credit or debit card purchase.

For example, embodiments of the present invention provide a method involving: (1) receiving an authorization request comprising a request to authorize a transaction involving a bank account; and (2) responding to the authorization request with an authorization communication comprising a balance indicator. In one embodiment, the method is performed by an issuing bank that maintains the bank account. In one embodiment, the transaction comprises a purchase of goods or services where payment for the goods or services is to come from the bank account. In one embodiment, the bank account comprises a credit account or a debit account. In one embodiment, the balance indicator comprises a number representing the funds available in the bank account before or after the transaction occurs.

In one embodiment, where the bank account comprises a credit account, the balance indicator comprises a number representing the balance of the credit account. In another embodiment, in addition to or as an alternative to the current balance of the credit account, the balance indicator comprises a number representing the available credit balance in the credit account.

In one embodiment, the authorization communication comprises an authorization code. In one such embodiment, the balance indicator is attached to the authorization code, such as the end of the authorization code. In one embodiment, the balance indicator is combined with the authorization code in such a way that a point-of-sale terminal configured to automatically display an authorization code will automatically display the balance indicator with the authorization code. For example, in one embodiment, the point-of-sale terminal is configured to automatically display an authorization code on a printed receipt and would, therefore, also print the attached balance indicator on the receipt.

In one embodiment, the balance indicator comprises balance information disguised by a rule selected by a person associated with the bank account. In one embodiment, the balance indicator comprises a code attached to balance information, said code signaling to a user the presence of or type of balance information.

Some embodiments of the method further involve receiving an indication from a person associated with the bank account that the issuing bank should communicate a balance indicator with the authorization communication. In some embodiments, the balance indicator comprises a cycle-to-date purchase balance, a period-to-date purchase balance, or a purchase category balance, and, in some instances, the consumer/account holder can choose the balance indicator(s) to have sent in response to an authorization request.

Embodiments of the present invention also provide method involving: (1) communicating account information and transaction information to a financial institution, wherein said account information comprises information about a consumer's credit or debit account to be used during a purchase of a good or service, and wherein said transaction information comprising information about the purchase; and (2) receiving a balance indicator from the financial institution, wherein said balance indicator comprises information about the credit or debit account's balance. The method may further involve presenting the balance indicator to the consumer, which, in one embodiment, involves printing the balance indicator on the consumer's receipt. The method may further involve receiving the account information from the consumer's payment device, such as a credit or debit card. In one embodiment, receiving the balance indicator from the financial institution comprises receiving a balance indicator in response to an authorization request, said authorization request requesting the financial institution's approval of the purchase. In one embodiment, receiving the balance indicator comprises receiving an authorization code, which, in some instances, is attached to the balance indicator. The method may involve presenting the balance indicator to the consumer as part of the authorization code. The method may involve asking the consumer is the consumer would like to receive a balance indicator. In one embodiment, this method is performed by a point of sale terminal.

Embodiments of the invention also provide a system having a communication device and a processing device. The communication device is configured to receive an authorization request, said authorization request comprising a request to authorize a purchase involving a credit or debit account. The processing device is operatively coupled to the communication device and configured to use the communication device to

respond to the authorization request with an authorization communication, said authorization communication comprising an indication of the credit or debit account's balance.

In one embodiment of the system, the authorization communication comprises an authorization code in addition to the indication of the credit or debit account's balance. In some instances, the authorization communication comprises an authorization code, where the authorization code comprises, and in some instances is attached to, the indication of the credit or debit account's balance.

In one embodiment of the system, the indication of the credit or debit account balance is disguised based on a rule. In this regard, one embodiment of the system includes a user input system configured to receive user input from a user, wherein the rule is based at least partially on user input, and wherein the user is associated with the credit or debit account.

In one embodiment, a user input system is configured to receive an indication from a user regarding whether the user desires to receive the indication of the credit or debit account's balance. In another embodiment, the authorization request includes an indication regarding whether the user desires to receive the indication of the credit or debit account's balance.

In one embodiment of the system, the authorization request comprises an information about a vendor or a product involved in the purchase, and the indication of the credit or debit account's balance comprises a category-specific balance. In such an embodiment, the category-specific balance may provides a balance of purchases made during a period of time in a certain category, where the category is at least partially based on the information about the vendor or the product involved in the purchase.

Embodiments of the invention also provide a computer program product comprising a computer-readable medium, where the computer-readable medium comprises computer-readable instructions. The computer-readable instructions include: (1) instructions for receiving an authorization request comprising a request to authorize a transaction involving a bank account; and (2) instructions for responding to the authorization request with an authorization communication comprising a balance indicator. The computer program product may also include instruction for disguising

balance information in the balance indicator by applying a rule selected by a person associated with the bank account, and/or other instructions for performing other functions described herein.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Having thus described embodiments of the invention in general terms, reference will now be made to the accompanying drawings, which are not necessarily drawn to scale, and wherein:

Figure 1 is a flow diagram illustrating a balance indication process, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a block diagram providing a more detailed illustration of a balance indicating system, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 3A illustrates a receipt issued after a debit card purchase, in accordance with one embodiment of the invention;

Figure 3B illustrates a receipt issued after a credit card purchase, in accordance with one embodiment of the invention;

Figure 4 illustrates a receipt issued after a credit card purchase, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention;

Figure 5 illustrates a receipt issued after a bank card purchase, in accordance with yet another embodiment of the invention;

Figure 6 is a flow diagram illustrating a procedure for receiving consumer consent and input for the balance indicator program, in accordance with one embodiment of the invention; and

Figure 7 is a flow diagram illustrating a procedure for receiving consumer consent for the balance indicator program, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION

Embodiments of the present invention now will be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which some, but not all, embodiments of the invention are shown. Indeed, the invention may be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth

herein; rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will satisfy applicable legal requirements. Like numbers refer to like elements throughout.

Figure 1 is a flow diagram illustrating a balance indication process 100 in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. As represented by block 105, a consumer attempts to make a transaction involving a particular credit or debit account. For example, the consumer may attempt to purchase a good or service from a vendor by requesting that the vendor take payment from a particular credit or debit account. In one embodiment, a consumer provides the vendor with a credit card or a debit card, which provides the vendor with information about a particular credit or debit account from which the vendor can obtain payment. As used herein, a “bank card” refers to a credit card, a debit card, or the like, and a “bank account” refers to a credit account, a debit/deposit account, or the like. Although the phrases “bank card” and “bank account” include the term “bank,” the card need not be issued by a bank and the account need not be maintained by a bank and may, instead, be issued by and/or maintained by other financial institutions. As used herein, unless specifically limited by the context, a “transaction” may refer to a purchase of goods or services, a return of goods or services, a payment transaction, a credit transaction, or other transaction involving the consumer’s bank account. As used herein, the term “products” refers to both goods and services.

As represented by block 110, the vendor uses the account information provided by the consumer to contact, directly or indirectly, the financial institution that maintains the consumer’s bank account and to request authorization for the transaction. For example, the vendor may send an authorization request to the vendor’s bank which may then use one or more financial networks to send the authorization request to the issuing bank that issued the consumer’s bank card.

As represented by block 120, if the financial institution that maintains the consumer’s bank account decides to authorize the transaction, the financial institution responds to the authorization request with an authentication communication that includes a balance indicator, the balance indicator providing information about the balance of the consumer’s bank account. For example, where the transaction is a purchase transaction, the issuing bank that issued the consumer’s bank card may compare the purchase amount received in the authorization request to the available funds in the consumer’s debit

account or the available credit in the consumer's credit account, as the case may be, and then authorize the purchase transaction if there are sufficient funds/credit available in the consumer's account. The issuing bank may then communicate its authorization to the vendor by sending an authorization code, such as an authorization number, to the vendor via the acquiring bank and/or one or more financial networks. In one embodiment of the invention, the balance indicator comprises a number representing the dollar amount of the credit or debit account's total balance and/or available credit, and the issuing bank attaches this number to the authorization code that is sent to the vendor. As described in greater detail below, in some embodiments, in addition to or as an alternative to the actual total account balance, the balance indicator includes information about the account balance, such as "sub-balances" like the balance of purchases made since the last statement or over some other defined period of time, the balance of purchases made in a certain type of category of goods or services, the balance of purchases made from the current vendor or type of vendor, etc.

As represented by block **130**, the vendor receives the authorization communication and then issues a transaction receipt, such as a purchase receipt, to the consumer. The transaction receipt includes the balance indicator thereon so that the consumer can view the consumer's account balance and/or other balance information each time the consumer makes a transaction using the account and receives a receipt for the transaction.

Figure 2 is a block diagram providing a more detailed illustration of a balance indicating system **200**, in accordance with one embodiment of the invention. In general, the balance indicating system **200** includes a consumer **210**, a vendor **220**, an acquiring bank **230**, and an issuing bank **240**. As illustrated in Figure 2, in one embodiment, the consumer **210** has a bank card or other payment device **215** that is used by the consumer **210** to make transactions involving the consumer's bank account **245** maintained by the issuing bank **240**. As described above, as used herein the phrases "bank card" and "bank account" may refer to a credit or debit card, and a credit or debit account, respectively.

When the consumer **210** decides to make a transaction, such as a payment transaction to pay for a product provided by the vendor **220**, or a return transaction returning a product to the vendor **220**, the consumer **210** provides the vendor **220** with

account information **252** that can be used to identify the consumer's bank account **245**. In the illustrated embodiment, the consumer **210** uses a payment device **215** to provide account information **252** to the vendor **220**. Accordingly, the vendor **220** has a point-of-sale (POS) terminal **225** or other device that is configured to receive account information **252** from the payment device **215**, or otherwise from the consumer **210**, and use the account information **252** to request electronic authorization of the transaction.

For example, in one embodiment, the payment device **215** comprises a bank card having a magnetic strip encoded with account information **252** that the vendor **220** and/or the vendor's acquiring bank **230** can use to identify the issuing bank **240** and the consumer's bank account **245** with the issuing bank **240**. More specifically, suppose that a consumer wishes to purchase a particular product from the vendor **220**. A purchase amount may be determined by, for example, scanning a barcode associated with the product to be purchased. In one exemplary embodiment, the consumer **210** begins the payment process by swiping the magnetic strip on a bank card **215** across a magnetic reader of a POS terminal **225**. The POS terminal **225** reads the magnetic strip and obtains account information **252** that can be used to identify the consumer's issuing bank **240** and bank account **245**.

In other embodiments, the payment device **215** may include another form of machine-readable medium having machine-readable code embodied therein that holds information about the consumer's bank account **245**. Accordingly, in such other embodiments, the vendor's POS terminal **225** has a machine-readable code reader that is configured to read the machine-readable medium and the machine-readable code embodied therein to determine the consumer's account information **252** therefrom. For example, in one embodiment, the payment device **215** includes a radio frequency (RF) transmitter that transmits an RF signal encoded with account information **252**. In such an embodiment, the POS terminal **225**, includes an RF receiver that receives the RF signal and decodes the signal to determine the account information **252**.

In still other embodiments, the payment device **215** may comprise the consumer's mobile telephone or other mobile computing device having wireless capabilities, such as Bluetooth capabilities, and configured to transmit the consumer's account information **252** to a nearby POS terminal **225** using the wireless capabilities. In still other

embodiments, the payment device **215** includes a one- or two-dimensional barcode and the POS terminal **225** includes a barcode reader. In still other embodiments, the payment device **215** can be electrically coupled to the POS terminal **225** to communicate account information **252** from the payment device **215** to the POS terminal **225**. In still other embodiments, the payment device **215** includes alphanumeric characters that are entered into a POS terminal **225** (which may be a consumer's computer device, if the consumer is making an online purchase) manually by the consumer **210** or the vendor **220** or automatically using an imaging device and character recognition software.

As illustrated in Figure 2, once the vendor **220** receives the account information **252** from the consumer **210**, the vendor **220** communicates an authorization request **254** to the issuing bank **240** via an acquiring bank **230**. The acquiring bank **230** is generally the financial institution that maintains the vendor's bank account **235** to which the consumer's payment will be deposited in a purchase transaction (or from which a consumer's refund will be withdrawn in a return/refund transaction).

The authorization request **254** includes a request to the issuing bank **240** to approve the transaction and/or the transaction amount. As such, the authorization request **254** generally comprises the consumer's account information **252** and the transaction amount. In some embodiments, the authorization request **254** also includes information about the vendor **220**, such as information identifying the particular vendor or the type of vendor, and/or information about a product or service involved in the transaction, such as information identifying the particular product/service or the type of product/service. For example, in one embodiment, the authorization request includes a merchant category code (MCC) and/or one or more universal product codes (UPCs).

The authorization request **254** is generally communicated from the POS terminal **225** to the acquiring bank **230** electronically, via a network. In one embodiment, the network comprises a telephonic network, the Internet, or both. In this regard, the POS terminal **225** generally comprises a processing device, a memory device, and a network communication device. The account information **252** and other transaction information may be temporarily stored in the POS terminal's memory device and then communicated over the network by the POS terminal's processing device using the terminal's network communication device. In some embodiments, the authorization request **254** is

communicated from the vendor **220** to the acquiring bank **230** through one or more other institutions, such as an inventory monitoring system for the vendor or other payment processing institutions or networks.

As further illustrated in Figure 2, the acquiring bank **230** receives the authorization request **254** and communicates an authorization request **256** to the issuing bank **240** via a network. In this regard, the acquiring bank **230** generally comprises a network communication device, a processing device, and a memory device for receiving, storing, and sending the authorization request **256** and/or other information about the transaction. The network may comprise a telephonic network, the Internet, and/or some other network or combination of networks.

The authorization request **256** sent by the acquiring bank **230** is generally the same or similar to the authorization request **254** sent by the vendor **220**, although one authorization request may have a different form and/or contain more or less information about the transaction, the consumer, the vendor, or the acquiring bank than the other authorization request. In one embodiment, the authorization request **256** is communicated from the acquiring bank **230** to the issuing bank **240** via one or more other institutions, such as a card association, a payment network, or other payment processor. In still other embodiments, the authorization request **254** is communicated directly from the vendor **220** to the issuing bank **240**.

The issuing bank **240** receives the authorization request **256** and determines whether to authorize the requested transaction. For example, where the transaction includes a purchase, the issuing bank **240** may compare the purchase amount to the available funds or credit in the consumer's bank account **245** and authorize the transaction based at least partially on whether there are sufficient funds/credit in the consumer's bank account **245** to cover the purchase amount. In some embodiments, the issuing bank **240** may also look at other transaction information, such as vendor and/or product information, to determine any irregularities that may lead the issuing bank **240** to suspect fraud, in which case the issuing bank **240** may choose not to authorize the transaction.

If the issuing bank **240** authorizes the transaction, the issuing bank **240** responds to the authorization request **256** with an authorization communication. The authorization

communication comprises an authorization code **258** and a balance indicator **260**. The authorization code **258** generally comprises a numeric or alphanumeric code that is used to convey the issuing bank's authorization of the transaction and may be used to identify the particular transaction in future correspondence with the issuing bank **240**. As described above, the balance indicator **260** indicates the balance of the consumer's bank account **245** and/or other information about the balance of the consumer's bank account **245**.

For example, in one embodiment, the balance indicator **260** provides a number that represents the dollar amount of the funds remaining in the consumer's deposit account after the purchase amount is debited from the account. In another embodiment, the balance indicator **260** provides a number that represents the dollar amount of the total balance currently maintained on the consumer's credit account after the purchase amount has been added. In another embodiment, the balance indicator **260** provides a number that represents the dollar amount of the available credit remaining in the consumer's credit account after the purchase amount has been added (e.g., the available credit being, in one embodiment, the credit limit minus the current balance minus the purchase amount). In some embodiments, the balance indicator **260** indicates other information about the balance, such as a number representing the dollar amount of purchases made during the current payment cycle, since the last statement, during the current month, during the current year, over a defined period of time, or the like.

In some embodiments, the issuing bank **240** uses transaction information received in the authorization request **256**, such as vendor information and/or product information, to determine other information about the balance, such as the amount that the consumer has spent on a certain type of product or vendor during the current cycle (referred to herein as the "cycle-to-date balance") or over a defined period of time (referred to herein as a "period-to-date balance"). For example, in one embodiment, the authorization request **256** may indicate that the transaction takes place at a gas station and/or that the transaction or a portion thereof involves the purchase of gas. In such an embodiment, the balance indicator **260** may then include on the consumer's gas receipt a number representing the amount that the consumer has spent on gas so far during the current

month. This additional information about the balance may be provided in addition to or as an alternative to the actual total balance of the consumer's account **245**.

If the issuing bank **240** does not approve the transaction, the issuing bank **240** may send a denial code in the authorization communication, the denial code indicating to the vendor **220** that the consumer's transaction has been denied. In one embodiment, the issuing bank **240** still sends a balance indicator **260** with a denial code, except that the issuing bank **240** may not subtract the amount of the attempted transaction from the total balance before the attempted transaction.

As described in greater detail below, whether the issuing bank **240** includes a balance indicator **260** in the authorization communication is, in some embodiments, an option that the consumer **210** can choose to enroll in or not enroll in. Likewise, as also described in greater detail below, in some embodiments, the consumer **210** can choose how the balance indicator **260** is displayed on the customer's transaction receipt **262** and/or the type of balance information provided by the issuing bank **240** in the authorization communication.

In the embodiment illustrated in Figure 2, the issuing bank **240** sends the authorization code **258** with the balance indicator **260** to the acquiring bank **230**, which then forwards the authorization code **258** with the balance indicator **260** to the vendor **220**. The vendor **220** then proceeds with the transaction and ultimately provides the consumer **210** with the balance indicator **260**. In one embodiment, the vendor automatically provides the balance indicator **260** on the consumer's transaction receipt **262**, which may be a paper or electronic receipt, along with the authorization code **258**.

In a conventional payment authorization process, the authorization code **258** is often automatically provided on the consumer's receipt for the consumer **210** to later use when referencing the particular transaction with the issuing bank **240** or another party in the transaction process. As such, it should be appreciated that, in some embodiments of the invention, the balance indicator **260** can be provided to the consumer **210** without too much difficulty if the balance indicator **260** is viewed by the vendor **220** and the POS terminal **225** as merely an extension of the authorization code **258**. Therefore, in one embodiment, the balance indicator **260** comprises a numeric or alphanumeric code placed immediately before or after the authorization code **258**. As described in greater detail

below, in some embodiments, an alphabetic, numeric, or alphanumeric code is combined with the authorization code **258** and/or the balance indicator **260** to signal to the consumer **210** where the balance indicator **260** is located in a string of alphanumeric characters, to portray to the consumer **210** the type of balance information portrayed by the balance indicator **260**, and/or to camouflage the balance information from the vendor **220** or others that may have access to the authorization communication and/or the transaction receipt **262**.

As further illustrated by Figure 2, if the transaction is authorized, in addition to providing the consumer **210** with a receipt **262** and the balance indicator **260**, the vendor **220**, possibly at some later time, responds to the acquiring bank **230** with a sales draft **263** and the authorization code **258** indicating that the transaction with the consumer **210** has been completed. The acquiring bank **230** uses the sales draft **263** and the authorization code **258** to identify the transaction and the issuing bank **240** corresponding to the transaction. The acquiring bank **230** then sends an interchange request **264** with the authorization code **258** to the issuing bank **240**. As described above, communication between the acquiring bank **230** and the issuing bank **240** may occur through a network and through one or more other financial institutions.

If the consumer transaction involved a purchase or other payment, the issuing bank **240** then withdraws the payment amount from the consumer's deposit account or adds the amount to the consumer's credit balance in a credit account, as the case may be, and then sends the payment to the acquiring bank **230** minus any interchange fee or other fee. The acquiring bank **230** then deposits the payment into the vendor's bank account **235** minus any fee charged by the acquiring bank **230**.

Referring now to Figure 3, Figure 3A illustrates a receipt **300** issued after a debit card purchase, in accordance with one embodiment of the invention, and Figure 3B illustrates a receipt **350** issued after a credit card purchase, in accordance with one embodiment of the invention. In the illustrated example, the debit card receipt **300** is a receipt issued after the consumer has made several purchases at a grocery store, and the credit card receipt **350** is a receipt issued at the pump of a gas station after the consumer purchases gas using a credit card. As would be typical with a conventional bank card receipt, the receipts **300** and **350** provide information to the consumer about the

transaction, such as the name and address of the vendor, the date, the last four digits of the consumer's account number, the products purchased, the cost of each product or unit thereof, the total cost, the total amount debited from the account, any cash back amount, and/or the like.

A conventional bank card receipt also typically displays the authorization code that the issuing bank returned to the vendor to indicate authorization of the transaction. In the illustrated embodiments, the authorization code is the six digit number following the "AUTH#" identifier on the receipt. In other words, the authorization code on the exemplary debit card receipt **300** is "745032" and the authorization code on the exemplary credit card receipt **350** is "005395." These are provided to the consumer so that the consumer can reference the transaction with the issuing bank if the consumer needs to do so at some later point in time. On some receipts, the authorization code may be identified on the receipt by other identifiers, such as "Ref #," "Authorization No.," "AC," "Approval Code," or the like, or may not include an identifier at all.

Unlike a conventional receipt, however, the illustrated receipts **300** and **350** include the total balance of the consumer's account after accounting for the current transaction. For example, the balance indicator **305** on the exemplary debit card receipt **300** is "B3432.28," where the "B" indicates to the consumer that the number following the "B" represents the total balance of the consumer's bank account, and where the "3432.28" indicates that the consumer has \$3,432.28 in the account used to make the current purchase after the current purchase is accounted for. The balance indicator **355** on the exemplary credit card receipt **350** is "B1903.45," where the "B" indicates to the consumer that the number following the "B" represents the total balance of the consumer's credit account, and where the "1903.45" indicates that the consumer has \$1,903.45 owed on the consumer's credit account used to make the current purchase after the current purchase is accounted for.

As described above, in one embodiment, the issuing bank attaches the balance indicator to the authorization code so that, when the POS terminal or other vendor computing system automatically displays the authorization code on the receipt, the balance indicator is also automatically provided. In such an embodiment, the balance indicator may appear on the receipt immediately before or after the authorization code.

For example, in the Figures 3A and 3B the balance indicators **305** and **355**, respectively, immediately follow the authorization code. Such a system may be preferable since it may not require any changes to the vendor's software or computing systems and, as described below, may allow for the balance to be more easily disguised as part of the authorization code. In other embodiments, however, the balance indicator may be provided by the issuing bank separate from the authorization code and/or the balance indicator may be provided on the receipt in other locations.

Figure 4 illustrates another receipt **400** issued after a credit card purchase, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention. In the illustrated embodiment, in addition to displaying the balance of the consumer's account, the balance indicator **405** also displays other information about the consumer's balance and/or spending. For example, in the illustrated embodiment, balance indicator **405** includes four items of balance information, each identified by a two-letter identifier. The portion of the balance indicator **405** displaying "BL3432.28" provides the consumer with the total balance of the account, which is, in this example, \$3,432.28 dollars.

The portion of the balance indicator **405** displaying "AC6567.72" provides the consumer with the available credit balance on the account. In the example shown in Figure 4, the consumer used a credit card to make the purchase and the credit card has a \$10,000 limit, so the available credit balance after this purchase is \$6,567.72. In one embodiment, where the bank card is a debit card and not a credit card, the available credit number in the balance indicator is the same as the balance number in the balance indicator. In other embodiments, however, if the bank card is a debit card, the issuing bank may not send an available credit number as part of the balance indicator.

The portion of the balance indicator **405** displaying "CD2126.23" provides the consumer with the cycle-to-date purchase balance, which represents the total purchases made during the current cycle (i.e., the period of time since the date of the last statement, or the current month, etc.). In the example shown in Figure 4, the consumer has spent \$2,126.23 using this credit card during the current cycle. In other embodiments, the balance indicator **405** may be configured to show the total of all purchases made over a particular period of time using the account, such as over the past thirty days, over the past twelve months, during the year-to-date, during the current month to-date, during the

current week to-date, and the like. The amounts shown in the cycle-to-date balance or a period-to-date balance includes, in one embodiment, both purchases and cash withdrawals.

In some embodiments, the balance indicator **405** includes cycle-to-date or period-to-date purchases in a specific category, where the category is based, for example, on the product purchases, the type of product purchased, the vendor, the type of vendor, the type of transaction (withdrawal, purchase, return, refund, etc.), and/or the like. In the exemplary embodiment of Figure 4, the portion of the balance indicator **405** displaying “FD929.60” provides the consumer with the cycle-to-date food purchase balance, which is the total food-related purchases made during the current cycle using this credit card and/or credit account. In the example shown in Figure 4, the consumer has spent \$2,126.23 using this credit account during the current cycle. In one embodiment, the balance indicator includes a list of default or consumer-selected category balances on every receipt, while in other embodiments, the balance indicator includes only those categories related to the current purchase. For example, in one embodiment, if the issuing bank receives information about the vendor (e.g., a MCC) or the products (e.g., a UPC) involved in the current transaction, the issuing bank decides which category balance indicators to provide based at least partially on the information about the vendor and/or the information about the products. In the example illustrated in Figure 4 where the vendor is a grocer, the issuing bank provides the cycle-to-date food purchase balance since the issuing bank assumes that the purchases are food related, since the vendor is a grocer. Other product/vendor categories may include, but are not limited to, gas, clothes, office supplies, home furnishings, home improvement products, medical expenses, online purchases, bills, electronics, a particular vendor, and/or the like.

In one embodiment, the cycle-to-date, period-to-date, and/or category-specific balances are based on the transactions made on the bank account, while in other embodiments, these balances are specific to each card or payment device that is associated with the account. For example, where two different people, such as members of the same family, each have a bank card tied to the same bank account, a balance indicator on a receipt where a first bank card was used during the transaction may show the cycle-to-date balance of the purchases made only with the first bank card. This

balance indicator may be displayed on the receipt in addition to or as alternative to the cycle-to-date balance for the entire account. Such an embodiment may be useful, for example, where a teenager has a bank card that draws on the parents' bank account and has a monthly allowance, such as a gas allowance, that the teenager should not exceed. In such an example, the teenager can use the balance indicator to track, after each gas purchase, how much the teenager has spent on gas during the current cycle or month so that the teenager can try not to exceed the allowance for the cycle.

As illustrated in Figures 3 and 4, in some embodiments, the balance indicator includes a prefix that can help the consumer distinguish the balance indicator from other numbers on the receipt, such as the authorization code, and to signal to the consumer what the balance indicator pertains to, if it pertains to balance information other than the total account balance. In one embodiment, the prefixes are determined by the issuing bank, but in other embodiments the prefixes are determined by the consumer. Furthermore, in some embodiments, the consumer may be able to specify suffixes or roots (characters in the middle of the balance number) in addition to or as an alternative to prefixes. For example, the consumer may be able to log into the consumer's account on the issuing bank's website and create customized alphabetic, numeric, alphanumeric, or other character prefixes, suffixes, and roots within certain limits (such as the number of character limits and/or type of character limits) specified by the issuing bank. Such embodiments may allow the consumer to more easily identify the information in the balance indicator and/or may allow the consumer to disguise the balance indicators on the receipt so that others viewing the receipt or receiving the authorization communication from the issuing bank cannot easily determine the consumer's balance information.

For example, Figure 5 illustrates a receipt **500** issued after a bank card purchase, in accordance with yet another embodiment of the invention where the consumer has disguised the balance information by making customized changes to the balance indicator **505**. In the illustrated embodiment, the balance indicator **505** displays a balance of \$3432.28. However, an "8979" has been placed before the balance and the decimal point has been removed. For example, in one embodiment, the consumer requested may have requested that an "8979" be included as a prefix so that the consumer will know that the number following the "8979" represents the account balance with the decimal point

before the last two numbers removed. In another embodiment, the consumer may have requested that the balance be, for example, the number following a randomly generated four-character prefix. It can be seen in Figure 5, that such customized changes to the balance indicator **505** can hide the balance information from other persons viewing the receipt, while still allowing the consumer to identify the balance information. Any number of other customized changes may be made to the balance indicator to hide the information in a manner that the consumer can still identify the information, and such customized changes will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of this disclosure.

In some embodiments, the balance indicator program is an optional feature of an account that the consumer must choose to opt into. The consumer may be able to opt into the feature and/or customize the feature online, via a telephone, at a branch of the issuing bank, at an automated teller machine (ATM) or other kiosk, and/or the like. For example, Figure 6 provides a flow diagram illustrating a procedure **600** for receiving consumer consent and input for the balance indicator program, in accordance with one embodiment of the invention. In the illustrated embodiment, as represented by block **610**, the consumer logs into the consumer's account on the issuing bank's online system. In one embodiment, the consumer may log on from the consumer's personal computer and using the Internet. In other embodiments, the consumer may log on from a mobile terminal, such as a mobile phone, an ATM, a kiosk at a branch location, or the like.

As represented by block **620**, once logged into the consumer's account, the consumer chooses whether to enroll in the balance indicator system. The consumer may also be able to customize the balance information included in the balance indicator. For example, as represented by block **630**, the consumer may be able to choose what information should be included in the balance indicator. In this regard, the consumer may be able to choose to display, for example, the total balance, the available credit balance (if the bank card is a credit card), the cycle-to-date balance, a period-to-date balance, one or more category balances that may also be cycle-to-date or period-to-date balances, and/or the like.

As represented by block **640**, the consumer may also be able to choose the type of receipts on which the balance indicator should be shown and/or the types of transactions

for which balance information should be sent by the issuing bank. In one embodiment, the issuing bank receives vendor information and/or product information for a transaction when the issuing bank receives the authorization request, and the issuing bank can then distinguish between different transactions based on, for example, the type of vendor or product involved in the transaction. In such an embodiment, the consumer may choose to only have certain balance information sent by the issuing bank and/or displayed on the transaction receipt for certain types of transactions. For example, the consumer may choose to not have balance information displayed on a receipt at a restaurant where someone other than the consumer, such as a waiter, typically has access to the consumer's receipt for some length of time.

As represented by block **650**, the consumer may also be able to choose balance indicator codes to signal the balance indicator, signal the type of balance information, and/or disguise the balance indicator from other persons with access to the authorization communication and/or receipt. As described above, in one embodiment, the consumer can create customized prefixes, suffixes, and/or roots to add to the balance indicator to disguise the balance information. These prefixes, suffixes, and/or roots may include any character string, alphabetic string, alphanumeric string, and/or numeric string. In some embodiments, the consumer can create other types of rules for systematically altering the balance information, such as requesting a random number of a defined number of digits be added to the beginning or end of each balance number, removing the decimal point, listing the number in reverse order, etc. In other embodiments, the consumer selects from a list of rules, prefixes, suffixes, and/or roots made available by the issuing bank.

In some embodiments of the present invention, the consumer chooses whether or not to receive balance information on a receipt by making a decision during the transaction. For example, Figure 7 is a flow diagram illustrating a procedure **700** for receiving consumer consent for the balance indicator program, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention. As represented by block **710**, the POS terminal obtains account information from the consumer's payment device during an attempted transaction. As represented by block **720**, the POS terminal then asks the consumer if the consumer would like to receive balance information after the transaction. For example, in one embodiment, the POS terminal includes a display for displaying the option to the

consumer and a user input device, such as a keypad or touch screen, for allowing the consumer to communicate a decision to the POS terminal. For example, the POS terminal may make this inquiry after the consumer swipes a bank card and/or before or after the consumer enters a personal identification number (PIN).

As represented by block **730**, the POS terminal may then receive an indication from the consumer that the consumer would like to receive balance information at the end of the transaction. If so, then, as represented by block **740**, the vendor indicates to the issuing bank in an authorization request that the consumer would like to receive balance information. The issuing bank then sends an authorization communication including a balance indicator, which is then received by the vendor, as represented by block **750**. As represented by block **760**, the vendor then provides the consumer with the balance indicator by, for example, displaying the balance indicator on the POS terminal and/or on the transaction receipt along with, in some embodiments, the authorization code.

In the embodiment described above in Figure 7, the POS terminal obtains the consumer's request to receive a balance indicator prior to requesting authorization from the issuing bank, so that the issuing bank will not send the balance information over the payment network if the consumer does not want it. In other embodiments, however, the issuing bank always sends the balance information of an enrolled consumer and the POS terminal decides whether to print the information on the receipt or otherwise display the information to the consumer based on the consumer's response regarding whether the consumer wants the balance information or not. In some embodiments, the procedure of Figure 6 may be combined with the procedure of Figure 7 so that the consumer customizes and/or opts into or out of the balance indicator program online, but also, if enrolled in the program, is asked at the point of sale if he or she desires to receive a balance indicator.

It should be appreciated that, as described above, some embodiments of the present invention are configured such that balance indicators can be provided to a consumer using a conventional bank card payment system without substantial changes to the system other than at the issuing bank, where software and/or hardware for determining balance information and communicating balance information with an authorization communication may be needed. In other embodiments, however, such as

embodiments represented by Figure 7, where a POS terminal prompts the consumer during the transaction to choose whether a balance indicator should be communicated by the issuing bank and/or displayed on the receipt, software and/or hardware modifications may be needed at the POS terminal or at other participants locations in the transaction process to perform the functions described above. Such software modifications and/or hardware modifications will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of this disclosure.

As will be appreciated by one of skill in the art, the present invention may be embodied as a method, system (including an apparatus), computer program product, or a combination of the foregoing. Accordingly, embodiments of the present invention may take the form of an entirely hardware embodiment, an entirely software embodiment (including firmware, resident software, micro-code, etc.), or an embodiment combining software and hardware aspects that may generally be referred to herein as a "system."

Furthermore, embodiments of the present invention may take the form of a computer program product comprising a computer-readable storage medium having computer-usable program code/computer-readable instructions embodied in the medium. Any suitable computer-readable medium may be utilized. The computer-readable medium may be, for example but not limited to, an electronic, magnetic, optical, electromagnetic, infrared, or semiconductor system, apparatus, device, or propagation medium. More specific examples (a non-exhaustive list) of the computer-readable medium would include the following: an electrical connection having one or more wires; a tangible medium such as a portable computer diskette, a hard disk, a random access memory (RAM), a read-only memory (ROM), an erasable programmable read-only memory (EPROM or Flash memory), a compact disc read-only memory (CD-ROM), or other tangible optical or magnetic storage device; or transmission media such as those supporting the Internet or an intranet. Note that the computer-readable medium could even be paper or another suitable medium upon which the program is printed, as the program can be electronically captured, via, for instance, optical scanning of the paper or other medium, then compiled, interpreted, or otherwise processed in a suitable manner, if necessary, and then stored in a computer memory.

In the context of this document, a computer-readable medium may be any medium that can contain, store, communicate, propagate, or transport the program for use by or in connection with the instruction execution system, platform, apparatus, or device. The computer-readable instructions may be transmitted using any appropriate medium, including but not limited to the Internet, wireline, optical fiber cable, radio frequency (RF), or the like.

Computer-readable instructions for carrying out operations of the present invention may be written in an object-oriented, scripted or unscripted programming language such as Java, Perl, Smalltalk, C++, or the like. However, the computer-readable instructions for carrying out operations of the invention may also be written in conventional procedural programming languages, such as the "C" programming language or similar programming languages.

Embodiments of the present invention are described above with reference to flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams of methods, apparatuses (systems) and computer program products according to embodiments of the invention. It will be understood that each block of the flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams shown in Figures 1, 2, 6, and 7, and combinations of blocks in the flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams, can be implemented by computer-readable instructions. These computer-readable instructions may be provided to a processor of a general purpose computer, a special purpose computer, or other programmable data processing apparatus to produce a machine, such that the instructions, which execute via the processor of the computer or other programmable data processing apparatus, create a mechanism for implementing the functions/acts specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks.

These computer-readable program instructions may also be stored in a computer-readable memory that can direct a computer or other programmable data processing apparatus to function in a particular manner, such that the instructions stored in the computer-readable memory produce an article of manufacture including instruction mechanisms which implement the function/act specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks.

The computer-readable program instructions may also be loaded onto a computer or other programmable data processing apparatus to cause a series of operational steps to be performed on the computer or other programmable apparatus to produce a computer-implemented process such that the instructions which execute on the computer or other programmable apparatus provide steps for implementing the functions/acts specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks. Alternatively, computer program implemented steps or acts may be combined with operator or human implemented steps or acts in order to carry out an embodiment of the invention.

For example, in one embodiment, the issuing bank illustrated in Figure 2 comprises a processing system, a memory system comprising computer-readable medium, and a network communication device for communicating with the other entities involved in the balance indicating/transaction process. In addition to including datastores of information about the consumer's account and the consumer's balance indicator preferences, the memory system of the issuing bank also generally includes computer program code comprising computer-readable instructions for instructing the processor to execute such procedures as: receiving an authorization request, determining balance information about a consumer's account based on consumer preferences, communicating a balance indicator along with an authorization code, and/or other functions described above as being, at least in some embodiments, performed by the issuing bank.

While certain exemplary embodiments have been described and shown in the accompanying drawings, it is to be understood that such embodiments are merely illustrative of, and not restrictive on, the broad invention, and that this invention not be limited to the specific constructions and arrangements shown and described, since various other changes, combinations, omissions, modifications and substitutions, in addition to those set forth in the above paragraphs, are possible. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that various adaptations and modifications of the just described embodiments can be configured without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention. Therefore, it is to be understood that, within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced other than as specifically described herein.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method comprising:
receiving an authorization request comprising a request to authorize a transaction involving a bank account; and
responding to the authorization request with an authorization communication comprising a balance indicator.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein the transaction comprises a purchase of goods or services where payment for the goods or services is to come from the bank account.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein the bank account comprises a credit account or a debit account.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein the balance indicator comprises a number representing the funds available in the bank account.
5. The method of claim 4, wherein the balance indicator comprises a number representing the funds that will be available in the bank account after the transaction occurs.
6. The method of claim 1, wherein the bank account comprises a credit account, and wherein the balance indicator comprises a number representing the balance of the credit account.
7. The method of claim 1, wherein the bank account comprises a credit account, and wherein the balance indicator comprises a number representing available credit in the credit account.
8. The method of claim 1, wherein the authorization communication comprises an authorization code.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein the balance indicator is attached to the end of the authorization code.

10. The method of claim 8, wherein the balance indicator is combined with the authorization code in such a way that a point-of-sale terminal configured to automatically display an authorization code will automatically display the balance indicator with the authorization code.

11. The method of claim 10, wherein the point-of-sale terminal is configured to automatically display an authorization code on a printed receipt.

12. The method of claim 1, wherein the balance indicator comprises balance information disguised by a rule selected by a person associated with the bank account.

13. The method of claim 1, wherein the balance indicator comprises a code attached to balance information, said code signaling to a user the presence of or type of balance information.

14. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
receiving an indication from a person associated with the bank account that the issuing bank should communicate a balance indicator with the authorization communication.

15. The method of claim 1, wherein the balance indicator comprises a cycle-to-date purchase balance, a period-to-date purchase balance, or a purchase category balance.

16. The method of claim 1, wherein the method is performed by a financial institution that maintains the bank account.

17. A method comprising:
communicating account information and transaction information to a financial institution, wherein said account information comprises information about a consumer's credit or debit account to be used during a purchase of a good or service, and wherein said transaction information comprising information about the purchase; and
receiving a balance indicator from the financial institution, wherein said balance indicator comprises information about the credit or debit account's balance.

18. The method of claim 17, further comprising:
presenting the balance indicator to the consumer.

19. The method of claim 17, further comprising:
printing the balance indicator on the consumer's receipt.

20. The method of claim 17, further comprising:
receiving the account information from the consumer's payment device.

21. The method of claim 17, wherein the consumer's payment device comprises a credit or debit card.

22. The method of claim 17, wherein receiving the balance indicator from the financial institution comprises receiving a balance indicator in response to an authorization request, said authorization request requesting the financial institution's approval of the purchase.

23. The method of claim 17, wherein receiving the balance indicator comprises receiving an authorization code.

24. The method of claim 23, wherein the balance indicator is attached to the authorization code.

25. The method of claim 23, further comprising:
presenting the balance indicator to the consumer as part of the authorization code.
26. The method of claim 17, further comprising:
asking the consumer if the consumer would like to receive a balance indicator.
27. The method of claim 17, wherein the method is performed by a point-of-sale terminal.
28. A system comprising:
a communication device configured to receive an authorization request, said authorization request comprising a request to authorize a purchase involving a credit or debit account; and
a processing device operatively coupled to the communication device and configured to use the communication device to respond to the authorization request with an authorization communication, said authorization communication comprising an indication of the credit or debit account's balance.
29. The system of claim 28, wherein the authorization communication comprises an authorization code in addition to the indication of the credit or debit account's balance.
30. The system of claim 28, wherein the authorization communication comprises an authorization code, said authorization code comprising the indication of the credit or debit account's balance.
31. The system of claim 28, wherein the authorization communication comprises an authorization code, and wherein the authorization code is attached to the indication of the credit or debit account's balance.

32. The system of claim 28, wherein the indication of the credit or debit account balance is disguised based on a rule.

33. The system of claim 32, further comprising:
a user input system configured to receive user input from a user, wherein the rule is based at least partially on user input, and wherein the user is associated with the credit or debit account.

34. The system of claim 28, wherein the indication of the credit or debit account's balance comprises a cycle-to-date balance.

35. The system of claim 28, wherein the indication of the credit or debit account's balance comprises an indication of available credit.

36. The system of claim 28, wherein the authorization request comprises an information about a vendor or a product involved in the purchase, wherein the indication of the credit or debit account's balance comprises a category-specific balance, wherein said category-specific balance provides a balance of purchases made during a period of time in a certain category, and wherein the category is at least partially based on the information about the vendor or the product involved in the purchase.

37. The system of claim 28, further comprising:
a user input system configured to receive an indication from a user regarding whether the user desires to receive the indication of the credit or debit account's balance.

38. The system of claim 28, wherein the authorization request comprises an indication regarding whether the user desires to receive the indication of the credit or debit account's balance.

39. A system comprising:
means for providing a consumer with information about a credit or debit account balance after a purchase transaction has occurred.

40. The system of claim 39, further comprising:
means for automatically displaying, on a purchase receipt, the information about the debit or credit account balance of a debit or credit account used in the purchase transaction.

41. A computer program product comprising a computer-readable medium, said computer-readable medium comprising computer-readable instructions, said instructions comprising:

instructions for receiving an authorization request comprising a request to authorize a transaction involving a bank account; and

instructions for responding to the authorization request with an authorization communication comprising a balance indicator.

42. The computer program product of claim 41, wherein the transaction comprises a purchase of goods or services where payment for the goods or services is to come from the bank account.

43. The computer program product of claim 41, wherein the balance indicator comprises a number representing the funds that will be available in the bank account after the transaction occurs.

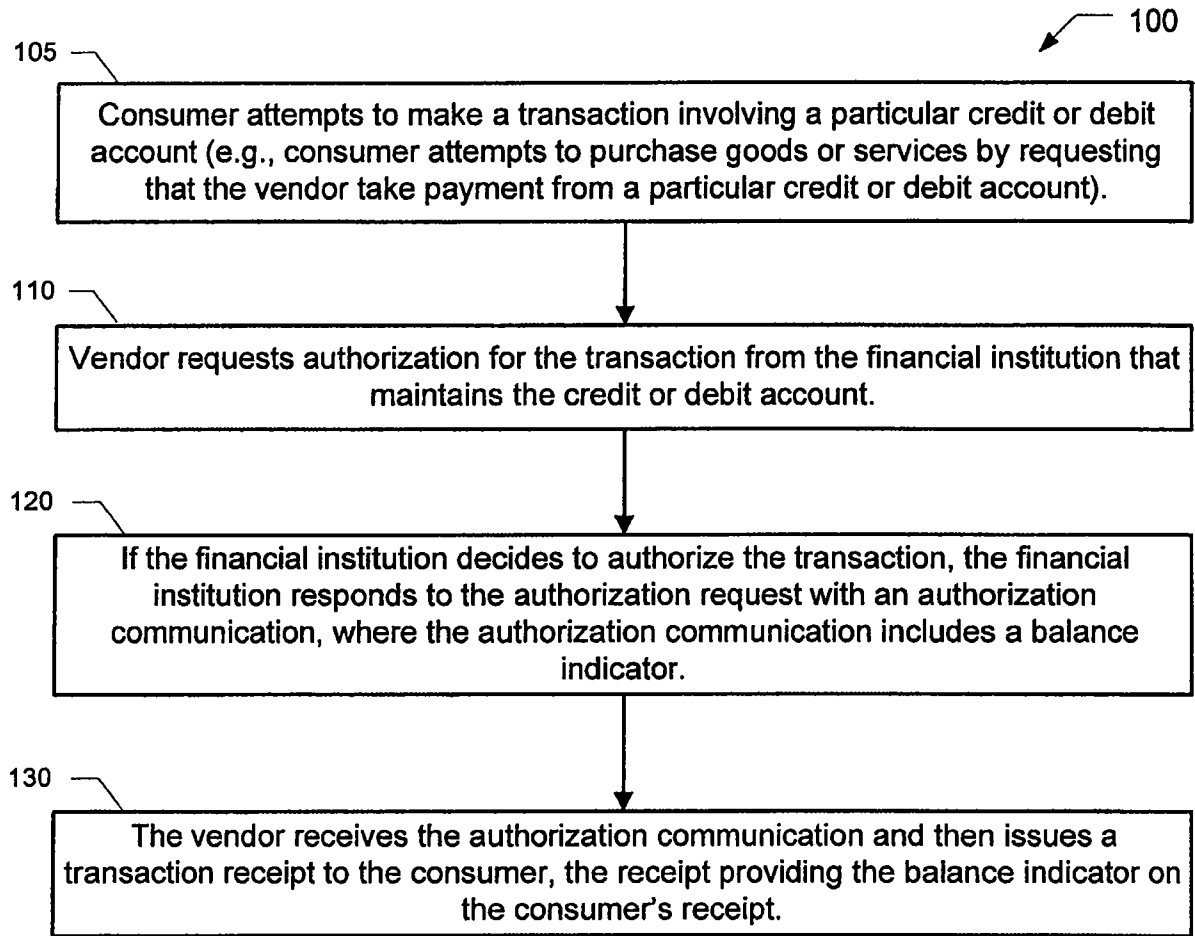
44. The computer program product of claim 41, wherein the bank account comprises a credit account, and wherein the balance indicator comprises a number representing available credit that will be in the credit account after the transaction occurs.

45. The computer program product of claim 41, wherein the authorization communication comprises an authorization code.

46. The computer program product of claim 45, wherein the balance indicator is attached to the authorization code.

47. The computer program product of claim 41, further comprising:
instructions for disguising balance information in the balance indicator by
applying a rule selected by a person associated with the bank account.

48. The computer program product of claim 41, wherein the balance indicator comprises a cycle-to-date purchase balance, a period-to-date purchase balance, or a purchase category balance.

**FIG. 1**

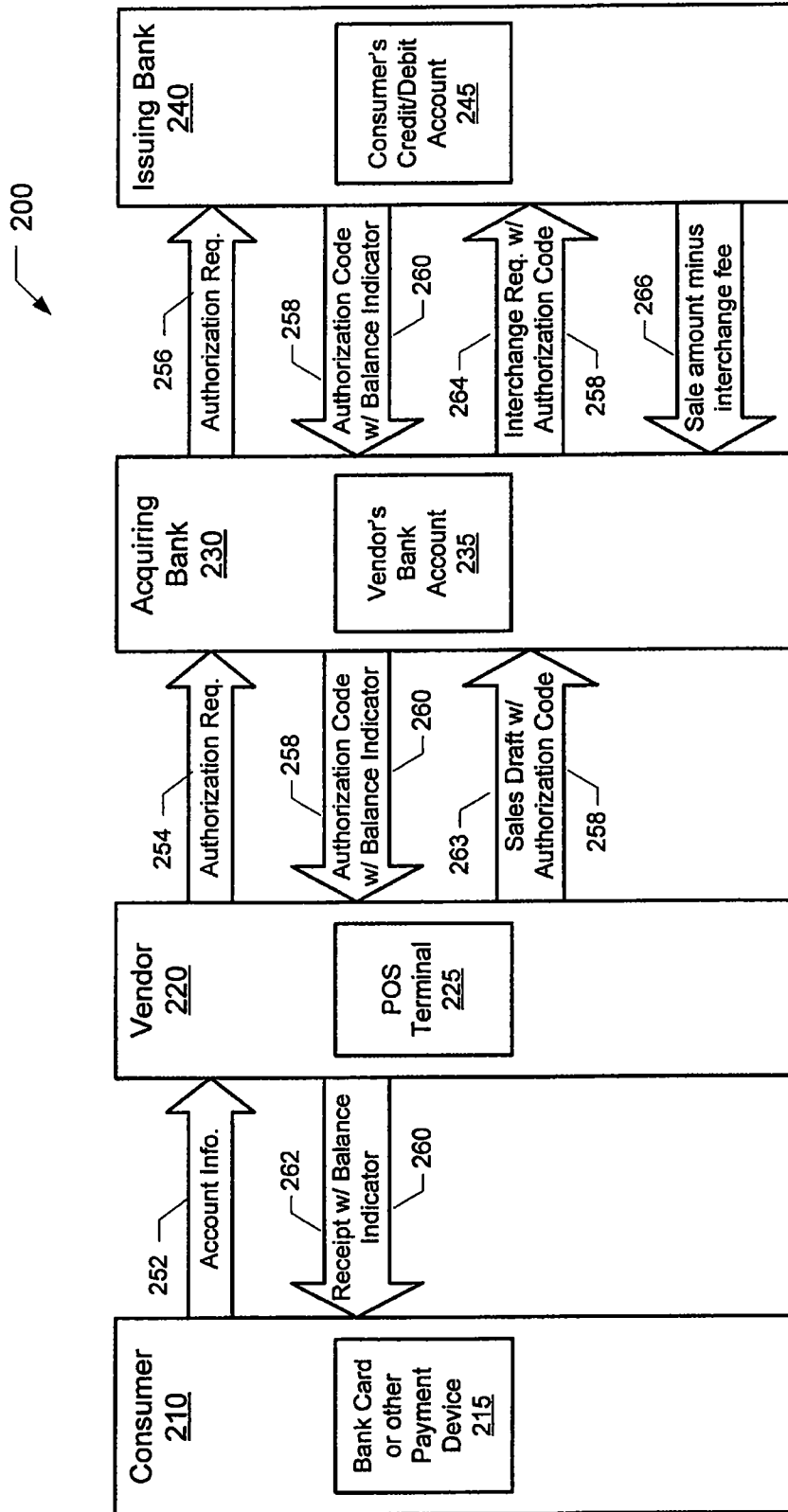


FIG. 2

300

TOWN GROCER
110 MAIN STREET
ANYWHERE, USA

STORE # 045 – PHONE # 555-824-3776
IF YOU ARE NOT COMPLETELY SATISFIED
WITH YOUR VISIT TODAY PLEASE CALL

STORE MANAGER: JANE SMITH
YOUR CASHIER: JOHNNY

CUSTOMER:	409763485011
BRAND X WATER	PC 4.89 B
SC 5329 FREQ. SHOP DISCOUNT	.89-B
FLORIDA GRAPFRT	PC 3.49 B
**** 2% SALES TAX	.15
**** BALANCE DUE	7.64
VF DEBIT	7.64

DEBIT	\$\$\$\$\$7.64
ACCOUNT #	*****5148
AUTH #	745032 B3432.28
EFT SEQ #	4251

1	
CASH BACK	.00

FIG. 3A

350

**WELCOME TO JOE'S
GAS STATION**

SALES RECEIPT
57 540 153056
SHELL
104 WINDY PKWY
SOMEWHERE, USA
123456

DATE 10/02/08 9:00PM
INVOICE# 296093
AUTH# 005395 B1903.45
VISA
ACCOUNT NUMBER
XXXX XXXX XXXX 7230
SMITH/ JOE

PUMP PRODUCT \$/G
11 UNLD \$3.999

GALLONS FUEL TOTAL
7.506 \$ 30.02

THANK YOU
COME BACK SOON

355

FIG. 3B

4/7

400

TOWN GROCER
110 MAIN STREET
ANYWHERE, USA

STORE # 045 – PHONE # 555-824-3776
IF YOU ARE NOT COMPLETELY SATISFIED
WITH YOUR VISIT TODAY PLEASE CALL

STORE MANAGER: JANE SMITH
YOUR CASHIER: JOHNNY

CUSTOMER: 409763485011

BRAND X WATER	PC	4.89 B
SC 5329 FREQ. SHOP DISCOUNT		.89-B
FLORIDA GRAPFRT	PC	3.49 B
**** 2% SALES TAX		.15
**** BALANCE DUE		7.64
VF DEBIT		7.64

VISA \$\$\$\$\$7.64

ACCOUNT # *****5148

AUTH # 745032 BL3432.28

AC6567.72

CD2126.23

FD929.60

EFT SEQ # 4251

1

CASH BACK .00

405

FIG. 4

5/7

500

TOWN GROCER
110 MAIN STREET
ANYWHERE, USA

STORE # 045 – PHONE # 555-824-3776
IF YOU ARE NOT COMPLETELY SATISFIED
WITH YOUR VISIT TODAY PLEASE CALL

STORE MANAGER: JANE SMITH
YOUR CASHIER: JOHNNY

CUSTOMER: 409763485011
BRAND X WATER PC 4.89 B
SC 5329 FREQ. SHOP DISCOUNT .89-B
FLORIDA GRAPFRT PC 3.49 B
**** 2% SALES TAX .15
**** BALANCE DUE 7.64
VF DEBIT 7.64

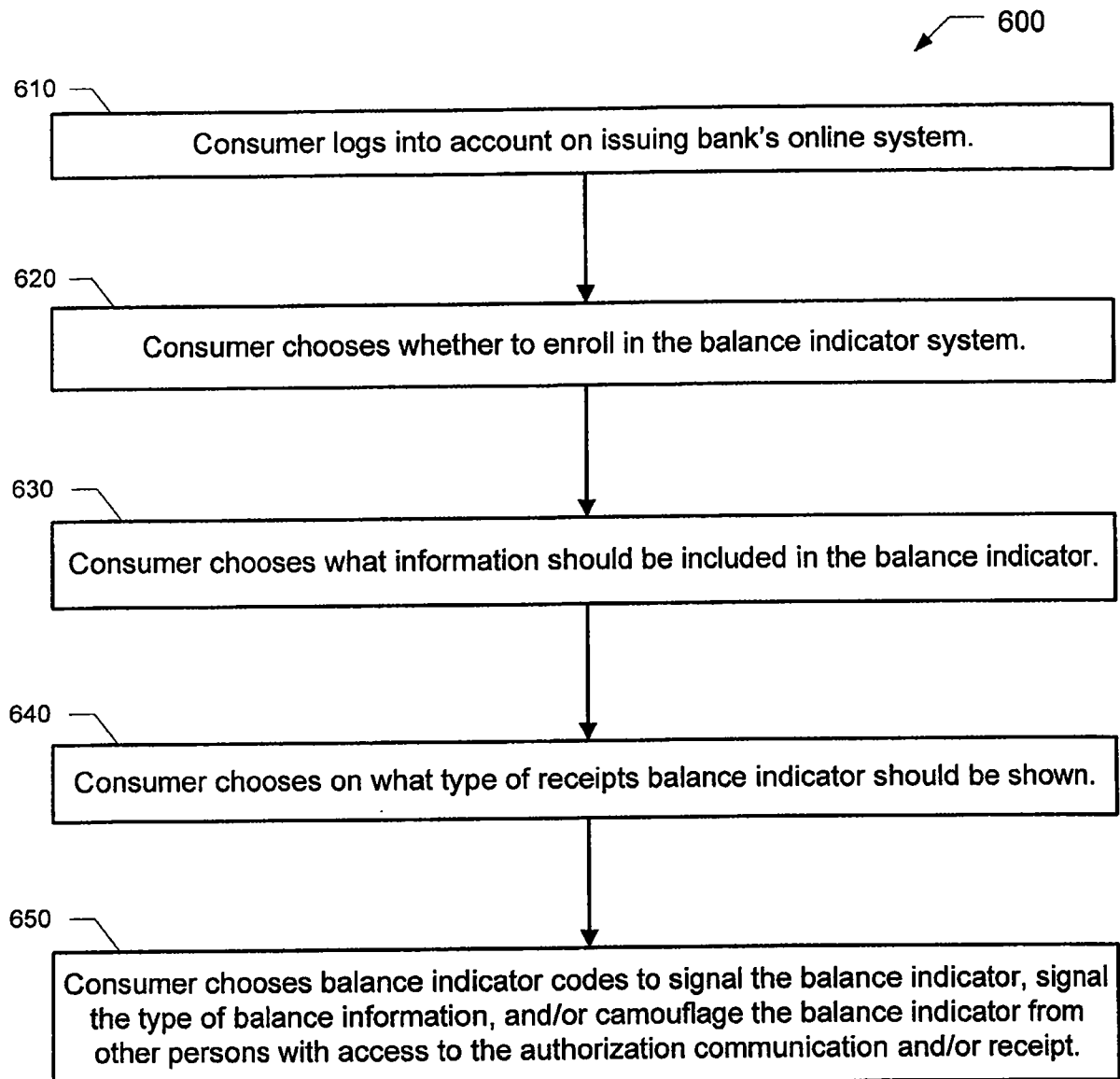
DEBIT \$\$\$\$\$7.64
ACCOUNT # *****5148
AUTH # 745032 8979343228
EFT SEQ # 4251

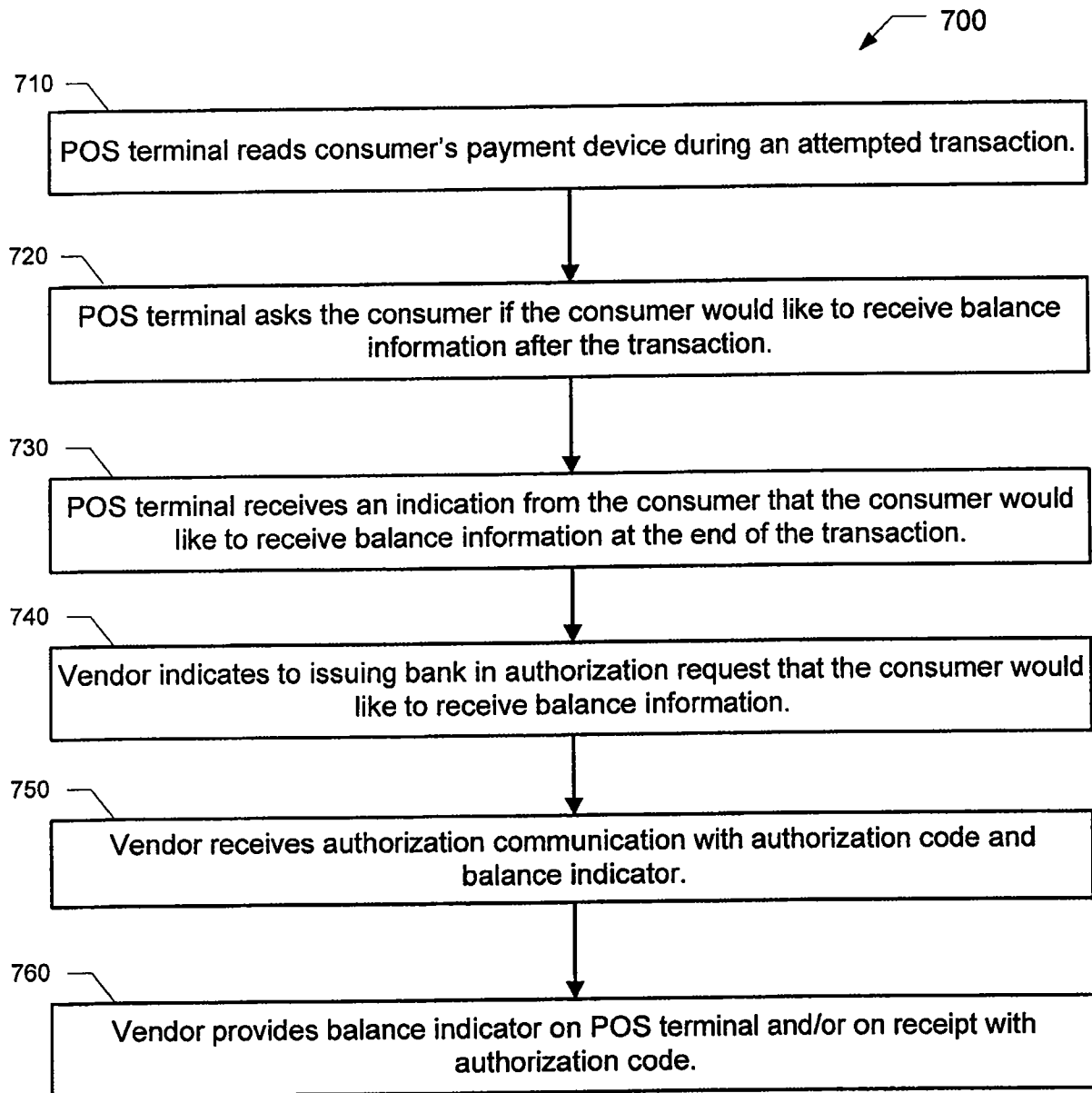
1

CASH BACK .00

505

FIG. 5

**FIG. 6**

**FIG. 7**

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US2009/062647

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(8) - G06Q 40/00 (2009.01)

USPC - 705/44

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC(8) - G06Q 40/00 (2009.01)

USPC - 705/13, 14.15, 14.17, 16, 17, 18, 26, 39, 40, 44

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

USPTO WEST System (US, USPG-PUB, EPO), PatBase, Google Patent

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X --- Y	US 2008/0208681 A1 (HAMMAD et al) 28 August 2008 (28.08.2008) entire document	1-4, 6-8, 12, 14, 16-18, 20-22, 27, 28, 32, 33, 35, 36, 41, 42 and 47 ----- 5, 9-11, 13, 15, 19, 23-26, 29-31, 34, 37, 38, 43-46 and 48
X --- Y	US 6,032,859 A (MUEHLBERGER et al) 07 March 2000 (07.03.2000) entire document	39 and 40 ----- 5, 43 and 44
Y	US 2005/0080728 A1 (SOBEK) 14 April 2005 (14.04.2005) entire document	9-11, 13, 15, 19, 23-26, 29-31, 34, 37, 38, 45, 46 and 48

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

* Special categories of cited documents:

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date

"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

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