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(54) Title: MULTI-FUNCTION LABELS

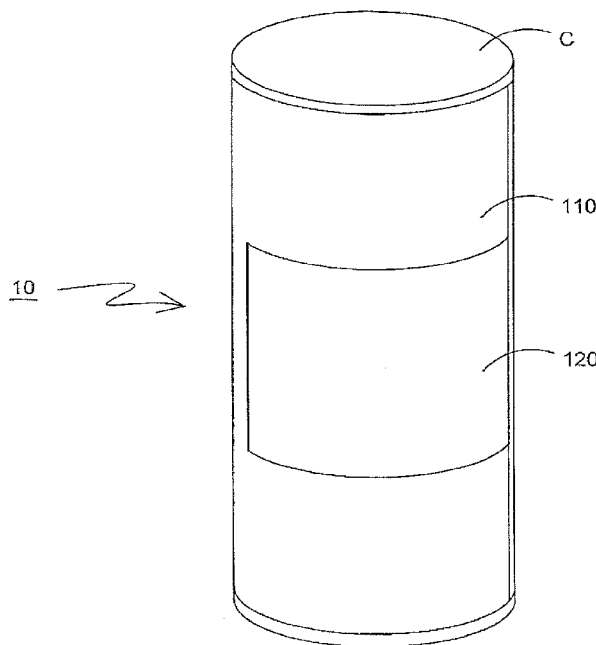


Fig. 1

(57) Abstract: A multi-function label could include a base ply and a top ply. A clear laminate material could be provided on the top ply. At least one bond area could be provided between the base ply and the top ply. At least one cut could be provided through the top ply.

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MULTI-FUNCTION LABELS**TECHNICAL FIELD**

This disclosure relates generally to labels. More particularly, this disclosure relates to multi-function label webs, and individual labels created therefrom, that are suitable for use with existing roll-fed label application equipment, for provision of booklet label and/or removable coupon features.

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BACKGROUND

In the printing arts, and in particular in the printed label art for labeling and decorating objects, a label construction type that has gained wide popularity is a so-called "roll-fed" label. A roll-fed label commonly utilizes a continuous label substrate or base ply comprising paper, or a clear or opaque film such as polypropylene, or a combination of paper and film. In such an individual label, in its final state, the base ply is, usually, substantially rectangular, as defined by a desired label width associated with a widthwise dimension and a desired label length associated with a lengthwise dimension (transverse to the widthwise dimension). The base ply has opposing first and

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second ends, along with front and back surfaces. Desired graphics are typically printed on the front surface of the base ply, and may also be printed on the back surface. In application of the roll-fed label to an object to be

5 labeled, e.g., a cylindrical container, a widthwise portion of the back surface of the base ply at the first end thereof is adhered to the container by means of an adhesive material at point of application from labeling equipment. The base ply, having been adhesively secured to the container at the

10 first end, is then placed in circular fashion around the container and adhesively secured at the second end of the base ply adjacent to the first end. The length of the base ply is usually chosen to approximate a circumference of the container, to minimize excessive overlap of the opposing

15 ends of the label substrate applied to the container. The application of the label to the container may be carried out by any suitable roll-fed label applicator such as those available from, e.g., Kronos A.G. of Regensburg, Germany, and B&H Labeling Systems of Ceres, CA, U.S.A.

20 Roll-fed labels of the type described herein are manufactured for application by customers using conventional roll-fed labeling equipment or machines. They are produced without any adhesive material on the back surface of the

base ply; and as such they are provided to customers in roll form as a web.

Typically, at point of application, a web of labels in roll form is introduced to a customer's label application machine which cuts the web into individual labels and applies them to objects to be labeled (e.g., containers). Any adhesive material used to apply the labels to the objects is supplied by the label application machine at the point of application and is generally applied to adhere the leading and trailing edge portions of the labels.

Generally in the labeling and decorating arts, there exists a continual demand for labels and decorations which not only appeal to consumers, but also bear ever increasing amounts of information. For example, labels for identification of health care and pharmaceutical products are often required by governmental regulations to describe in painstaking detail their compositions and ingredients. As new food and drug laws are passed, regulations require the inclusion of increasing amounts of label information. As another example, labels for identification of industrial, agricultural, and individual consumer-oriented pest and insect control products, such as lubricants, fertilizers, and insecticides, are similarly required by governmental

regulations to describe their compositions and ingredients by way of, e.g., "material safety data sheets" and the like. Also, labeling for such products commonly includes instructions for their proper use and disposal, along with
5 instructions for first aid upon accidental exposure to the products.

Traditional extended text, expanded content, or booklet type labels (collectively, "booklet type labels"), however, are usually not capable of being successfully utilized with
10 typical roll-fed label application equipment.

Also in the labeling and packaging arts, various forms of so-called "coupon" labels have provided features of traditional paper coupons to consumers of labeled products, such as would be clipped out of a newspaper or a printed
15 advertising publication for promotion of brand loyalty through cost savings to the consumers provided by such elements. The term "coupon" has also traditionally referred to so-called "instantly redeemable coupons" or "IRCs" which may be carried on an underlying primary label or pre-
20 decorated package, and may be separable therefrom without defacing or otherwise damaging either the coupon or the underlying label or package. Thus, a traditional coupon may be essentially characterized as a secondary component that

is adhered, at point of application, to a primary label or package as a separate and subsequent labeling process step. As such it will be observed that a traditional coupon is, commonly, both manufactured and applied in separate states and process steps.

Therefore, there exists a need for multi-function labels that do not require modification of existing roll-fed label application equipment, machines, or processes, and do not require significant changes to label ply materials, adhesive materials at point of application, or other labeling components. There also exists a need for multi-function labels that advantageously provide, in roll-fed label constructions, features of both a booklet type label and/or a coupon. There additionally exists a need for multi-function labels in which portions of primary roll-fed labels themselves also function as coupons, which would distinctively and advantageously obviate any need for manufacturing and applying the coupons in separate states and process steps. Furthermore, such constructions would advantageously permit coupon manipulation without destructing or otherwise deleteriously compromising the primary label or package. Accordingly, multi-function labels would satisfactorily function (i) as booklet type

labels when applied to containers such as a conventional aerosol spray cans, subsequently with caps, even when the caps abut or cover portions of the labels, and/or (ii) as removable coupons.

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SUMMARY

This disclosure describes novel label webs and resulting labels that do not require modification of existing roll-fed label application equipment or machines for application of the labels to objects to be labeled.

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In one aspect, a multi-function label web could include a base ply and a top ply. A clear laminate material could be provided on the top ply. A first bond area could be provided between the base ply and the top ply. A second bond area could be provided between the base ply and the top ply. A plurality of cuts could be provided through the laminate material and the top ply.

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In another aspect, a multi-function label web could include a base ply and a top ply. A clear laminate material could be provided on the top ply. A first bond area could be provided between the base ply and the top ply. A second bond area could be provided between the base ply and the top ply. A plurality of cuts could be provided through the

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lamine material and the top ply. The multi-function label web could be characterised in that a multi-function label could be created therefrom, with the multi-function label providing, in a roll-fed label construction, features
5 selected from a group consisting of (i) a booklet type label, (ii) a coupon, and (iii) a combination booklet type and coupon label.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

10 Figure 1 is an illustration of an example of a multi-function label in a finished state, adhered to a container at point-of-sale.

Figure 2 is a top view illustration of a portion of an example of a label web, for use by a roll-fed label
15 application machine in application of the example of a label to the container in Figure 1.

Figure 2a is a cross-sectional illustration of the portion of the example of a label web shown in Figure 2, taken along line 2a-2a in Figure 2.

20 Figure 3 is a top view illustration of the example of a multi-function label of Figure 1, after having been cut and separated, at point of application, from the example of a label web of Figure 2.

Figure 3a is a top view illustration of another example of a multi-function label, after having been cut and separated from a label web.

Figure 4 is an illustration of the example of a multi-function label of Figure 3, after having been applied to a container at point of application and showing its coupon portion initially opened.

Figure 5 is an illustration of the example of a multi-function label of Figure 4, showing its coupon portion being separated and removed from the label on the container.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

An example of a multi-function label 10, in a finished state and adhered to a container C, shown at point-of-sale, is illustrated in Figure 1. Multi-function label 10 generally comprises a base ply 100 (not visible), a top ply 110, and a coupon 120 that functions in both booklet-type and/or coupon fashion, as will be further described.

Figures 2 and 2a are top view and cross-sectional illustrations, respectively, of a portion of an example of a label web comprising a continuous sequence of multi-function label constructions that will be converted by a label application machine into individual, separate multi-function

labels for application to respective individual, separate containers. The label web includes a top ply, a base ply, two separate, repeating bond areas between the plies each comprising a coupling system, an optional release-reseal system, and cut lines representing locations where individual labels will be cut from the overall web at point of application.

As used throughout this disclosure, the term "coupon" refers to a portion of a label that is intended to be (i) manipulated by, typically, a consumer or end-user to access information or graphics and then optionally resealed if desired, and (ii) if desired, entirely removed and separated from the overall label structure in removable coupon fashion.

It is to be noted that a multi-function label, for application to an object to be labeled utilizing separately supplied adhesive material with a roll-fed label application machine, includes a base ply and at least one top ply. The term "top ply", as used herein, refers to any ply above the base ply in the label structures and of which there may be more than one. The base ply has a first lengthwise dimension, a first widthwise dimension, a front surface that is optionally capable of bearing graphic images and

coatings, and an adhesive-free back surface that is also optionally capable of bearing graphic images and coatings and capable of being adhesively coupled to an object to be labeled using separately supplied adhesive material at point
5 of application. The at least one top ply has a second lengthwise dimension, a second widthwise dimension, a front surface that is optionally capable of bearing graphic images and coatings, and a back surface that is also optionally capable of bearing graphic images and coatings. The base
10 ply and the at least one top ply are adhesively coupled, in a first portion of the label, to each other such that the front surface of the base ply and the back surface of the at least one top ply are preferably, but not necessarily, in contiguous juxtaposition with each other along the first
15 lengthwise dimension and the second lengthwise dimension, respectively, and along the first widthwise dimension and the second widthwise dimension, respectively. Also, the base ply and the at least one top ply are preferably, but not necessarily, in a second portion of the label, releasably
20 and resealably coupled to each other. As indicated above, when manufactured and prior to being applied to an object of interest to be labeled, the back surface of the base ply is free of adhesive material. In this state, it can then be

supplied as a continuous web in roll form to a conventional roll-fed label application machine.

It is to be understood that any ply in a multi-function label may be a single ply of material, whether coated or uncoated, a so-called clear protective laminate construction, or any laminated, combined ply, or co-extruded construction.

With particular reference again to Figures 2 and 2a, illustrated in Figure 2 is a top view of a portion of an example of a multi-function label web 200, while Figure 2a illustrates a cross-sectional view of a portion of the example of a multi-function label web 200. Label web 200 includes a base ply 201, a top ply 203, a clear laminate material 205, two separate bond areas represented by adhesive materials 207 and 209, and a release material 211. Cuts 230 could be made downwardly, as shown in the drawing, and to - but not through - base ply 201.

Figure 3 is a top view illustration of the example of a multi-function label 10, after having been cut and separated, at point of application, from the example of a label web of Figure 2. Label 10 includes a coupon 220 and cuts 230 that could be made through laminate material 205 and top ply 203 (designated together as 205/203). In the

drawing, adhesive material (207) is visible in "phantom" fashion, since it would not otherwise be visible in a top view of label 10.

Figure 3a is a top view illustration of another example
5 of a multi-function label 30, after having been cut and separated from a label web (not illustrated). Label 30 includes a coupon 320 and cuts 330 that could be made through laminate material 305 and top ply 303 (designated together as 305/303). In the drawing, adhesive material
10 (307) is visible in "phantom" fashion, since it would not otherwise be visible in a top view of label 30.

Figure 4 is an illustration of the example of a multi-function label 10 of Figure 3, after having been applied to a container C at point of application and showing its coupon
15 120 as being initially opened. Also visible in Figure 4 is adhesive material 209, as shown in Figure 2a.

Figure 5 is an illustration of the example of a multi-function label of Figure 4, showing its coupon 120 being separated and removed from the label on the container. It
20 is to be appreciated and understood that an action of separation and removal of the coupon from the label - by, e.g., a consumer at point of purchase - may be effected by controlled, purposeful destruction of the plies, or by any

means of achieving a removable bond of the coupon from the overall label structure. Preferably, such removal would not obscure or otherwise degrade or compromise any graphics on the plies.

5 Although not illustrated, it is to be understood that instead of the aforescribed cuts (e.g., cuts 230 in Figure 2) such as provided by die-cutting apparatus in a roll-fed label printing and converting press or manufacturing installation, any other suitable converting of the ply
10 material or materials could be utilized - provided that such alternatives at least approximately emulate traditional die cutting of the ply material or materials. Such alternatives to traditional die-cutting could possibly include slitting, scoring, breaking, perforating, or micro-perforating.

15 Also, although not illustrated, it is to be understood that the adhesive materials could alternatively be provided on back surfaces of the top plies as well as the front surfaces of the base plies, or both. Similarly, the release materials could alternatively be provided on back surfaces
20 of the top plies as well as the front surfaces of the base plies, or both.

It is also to be understood that a particular embodiment of a multi-function label could intentionally

omit release material and instead utilize a ply material that inherently has a release property where the release material would otherwise be present. Furthermore, an adhesive material having a sufficiently low aggressiveness (e.g., a removable or low-tack adhesive material) could be utilized for a multi-function label having a ply material (e.g., paper or film) without an inherent release property or coating. In such an application, the adhesive material of sufficiently low aggressiveness could inhibit destruction of the ply material while still maintaining releasability and resealability of the multi-function portion of the label.

It is to again be appreciated and understood that patterns of adhesive materials and release materials employed to provide various embodiments of a multi-function label may take any desirable form or configuration; and that regardless of a particular pattern of adhesive material or release material, a multi-function label may selectively and optionally have defined cut zones where no adhesive material is present or the adhesive material is set back therefrom. However, cut zones defining areas without adhesive materials may be omitted in a particular embodiment when performance of a particular label application machine would not be

negatively affected by presence of adhesive materials. Such an application machine could, for example, employ non-mechanical contact cutting by way of a laser.

It is to be appreciated and understood that, although not specifically illustrated, a multi-function label that incorporates a coupon feature could, additionally or alternatively, provide a removable booklet. For example, the coupon could comprise a booklet; and the booklet could also be of a construction that includes one or more material plies in addition to a base ply and top ply. Further, although not specifically illustrated, a multi-function label that incorporates a coupon and/or booklet feature could, additionally or alternatively, provide a material safety data sheet as aforementioned - or any desired function that is otherwise made capable by way of a coupon and/or booklet portion in the label.

It is to be appreciated and understood that in a particular embodiment of a multi-function label, any areas or regions of the label defined by that label's height H , length L , or any combinations of its parameters, could serve as the coupon and/or booklet portion. Additionally, it is to be appreciated and understood that in a particular embodiment of a multi-function label, the label could have a

plurality of separate coupon and/or booklet portions effectively serving as a plurality of "windows" for, e.g., accommodation and presentation of multi-lingual information.

Regarding constructions of various embodiments of a
5 multi-function label, the base plies and top plies could preferably be any commercially available web-like materials that are capable of use in an in-line printing and converting process. Such materials could be, for example, polypropylene as is commercially available from AET Films of
10 Terre Haute, Indiana, in the U.S. As used herein, the term "web-like materials" is intended to include any suitable label materials, including paper, film, polypropylene, polyethylene, polyester, polyvinylchloride, polystyrene, foil, and ethylene vinyl acetate. The plies selectively
15 could, individually or collectively, comprise so-called "shrink promoting" materials to conform to several or irregular curvatures of objects to which they are applied. Such materials include, but are not limited to, those that exhibit desired stretch and shrinkage characteristics such
20 as are commercially available and known to those skilled in the art. Also, adhesive materials and release materials that may be utilized in constructions of various embodiments of a multi-function label could preferably be chosen from

water-based, solvent-based, UV/EB, cold seal, heat seal, cohesive, and hot melt coatings as are commercially available. The adhesive materials used in constructions of the overall roll-fed label webs, which may be either (i) tacky in a final state (e.g., pressure-sensitive) or (ii) non-tacky in a final state, are preferably chosen to provide bonding between the base plies and the top plies in the labels described herein, while the release coatings are preferably chosen with respect to, and in combination with, the adhesive materials to provide ease of opening and resealability of the labels. Furthermore, it is to be understood that an adhesive material utilized for provision of a coupling element in a particular multi-function label could be, as may be desired in certain circumstances, different than an adhesive material utilized for provision of a release-reseal system in the same label.

Generally, it is to be appreciated and understood that several of those embodiments of a multi-function label described herein could have particular utility in labeling objects or containers that have a regular shape, which may be cylindrical, or another shape, which is of constant circumference from top to bottom. Other objects or containers, however, may have coved or rounded top and

bottom shoulder-type tapers which, it is to be understood, also could be accommodated by a particular embodiment of a multi-function label.

While this disclosure has been particularly shown and
5 described with reference to accompanying figures, it will be understood, however, that modifications are possible. It should be appreciated that various components described herein may be substituted for other suitable components for achieving desired results, or that various accessories may
10 be added thereto. Further, components such as the ply, adhesive, and release materials, and the cuts, could be provided in any desirable order, configuration, orientation, and form, so long as they function together satisfactorily in a manner of a multi-function label as described by
15 example or otherwise contemplated herein. Also, it is to be appreciated and understood that, with suitable modification or modifications, a selected portion of the base ply could act as a coupon and/or booklet. Thus, it is to be understood that any suitable alternatives may be employed to
20 provide multi-function labels.

Also, the depictions of various containers in the figures are only exemplary and not meant to be limiting.

Lastly, the choice of compositions, sizes, and

strengths of various components described herein are to be selected depending upon intended use.

Accordingly, these and other various changes or modifications in form and detail may be made to multi-
5 function labels, without departing from the true spirit and scope thereof.

MULTI-FUNCTION LABELS**TECHNICAL FIELD**

This disclosure relates generally to labels. More particularly, this disclosure relates to multi-function label webs, and individual labels created therefrom, that are suitable for use with existing roll-fed label application equipment, for provision of booklet label and/or removable coupon features.

10

BACKGROUND

In the printing arts, and in particular in the printed label art for labeling and decorating objects, a label construction type that has gained wide popularity is a so-called "roll-fed" label. A roll-fed label commonly utilizes a continuous label substrate or base ply comprising paper, or a clear or opaque film such as polypropylene, or a combination of paper and film. In such an individual label, in its final state, the base ply is, usually, substantially rectangular, as defined by a desired label width associated with a widthwise dimension and a desired label length associated with a lengthwise dimension (transverse to the widthwise dimension). The base ply has opposing first and

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second ends, along with front and back surfaces. Desired graphics are typically printed on the front surface of the base ply, and may also be printed on the back surface. In application of the roll-fed label to an object to be

5 labeled, e.g., a cylindrical container, a widthwise portion of the back surface of the base ply at the first end thereof is adhered to the container by means of an adhesive material at point of application from labeling equipment. The base ply, having been adhesively secured to the container at the

10 first end, is then placed in circular fashion around the container and adhesively secured at the second end of the base ply adjacent to the first end. The length of the base ply is usually chosen to approximate a circumference of the container, to minimize excessive overlap of the opposing

15 ends of the label substrate applied to the container. The application of the label to the container may be carried out by any suitable roll-fed label applicator such as those available from, e.g., Kronos A.G. of Regensburg, Germany, and B&H Labeling Systems of Ceres, CA, U.S.A.

20 Roll-fed labels of the type described herein are manufactured for application by customers using conventional roll-fed labeling equipment or machines. They are produced without any adhesive material on the back surface of the

base ply; and as such they are provided to customers in roll form as a web.

Typically, at point of application, a web of labels in roll form is introduced to a customer's label application machine which cuts the web into individual labels and applies them to objects to be labeled (e.g., containers). Any adhesive material used to apply the labels to the objects is supplied by the label application machine at the point of application and is generally applied to adhere the leading and trailing edge portions of the labels.

Generally in the labeling and decorating arts, there exists a continual demand for labels and decorations which not only appeal to consumers, but also bear ever increasing amounts of information. For example, labels for identification of health care and pharmaceutical products are often required by governmental regulations to describe in painstaking detail their compositions and ingredients. As new food and drug laws are passed, regulations require the inclusion of increasing amounts of label information. As another example, labels for identification of industrial, agricultural, and individual consumer-oriented pest and insect control products, such as lubricants, fertilizers, and insecticides, are similarly required by governmental

regulations to describe their compositions and ingredients by way of, e.g., "material safety data sheets" and the like. Also, labeling for such products commonly includes instructions for their proper use and disposal, along with
5 instructions for first aid upon accidental exposure to the products.

Traditional extended text, expanded content, or booklet type labels (collectively, "booklet type labels"), however, are usually not capable of being successfully utilized with
10 typical roll-fed label application equipment.

Also in the labeling and packaging arts, various forms of so-called "coupon" labels have provided features of traditional coupons to consumers of labeled products, such as would be clipped out of a newspaper or a printed
15 advertising publication for promotion of brand loyalty through cost savings to the consumers provided by such elements. The term "coupon" has also referred to so-called "instantly redeemable coupons" or "IRCs" which may be carried on an underlying primary label or pre-decorated
20 package, and may be separable therefrom without defacing or otherwise damaging either the coupon or the underlying label or package. Thus, a coupon may be essentially characterized as a secondary component that is adhered to a primary label

or package as a separate and subsequent labeling process step. As such it will be observed that a coupon is, commonly, both manufactured and applied in separate states and process steps.

5 Therefore, there exists a need for multi-function labels that do not require modification of existing roll-fed label application equipment, machines, or processes, and do not require significant changes to label ply materials, adhesive materials at point of application, or other
10 labeling components. There also exists a need for multi-function labels that advantageously provide, in roll-fed label constructions, features of both a booklet type label and/or a coupon. There additionally exists a need for multi-function labels in which portions of primary roll-fed
15 labels themselves also function as coupons, which would distinctively and advantageously obviate any need for manufacturing and applying the coupons in separate states and process steps. Furthermore, such constructions would advantageously permit coupon manipulation without
20 destructing or otherwise deleteriously compromising the primary label or package. Accordingly, multi-function labels would satisfactorily function (i) as booklet type labels when applied to containers such as conventional

aerosol spray cans, subsequently with caps, even when the caps abut or cover portions of the labels, and/or (ii) as removable coupons.

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SUMMARY

This disclosure describes novel label webs and resulting labels that do not require modification of existing roll-fed label application equipment or machines for application of the labels to objects to be labeled.

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In one aspect, a multi-function label web could include a base ply and a top ply. At least one bond area could be provided between the base ply and the top ply. A plurality of cuts could be provided through the top ply.

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In another aspect, a multi-function label web could include a base ply and a top ply. At least one bond area could be provided between the base ply and the top ply. A plurality of cuts could be provided through the top ply. The multi-function label web could be characterised in that a multi-function label could be created therefrom, with the multi-function label providing, in a roll-fed label construction, features selected from a group consisting of (i) a booklet type label, (ii) a coupon, and (iii) a combination booklet type and coupon label.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is an illustration of an example of a multi-function label in a finished state, adhered to a container at point-of-sale.

Figure 2 is a top view illustration of a portion of an example of a label web, for use by a roll-fed label application machine in application of the example of a label to the container in Figure 1.

Figure 2a is a cross-sectional illustration of the portion of the example of a label web shown in Figure 2, taken along line 2a-2a in Figure 2.

Figure 3 is a top view illustration of the example of a multi-function label of Figure 1, after having been cut and separated, at point of application, from the example of a label web of Figure 2.

Figure 3a is a top view illustration of another example of a multi-function label, after having been cut and separated from a label web.

Figure 4 is an illustration of the example of a multi-function label of Figure 3, after having been applied to a container at point of application and showing its coupon portion initially opened.

Figure 5 is an illustration of the example of a multi-function label of Figure 4, showing its coupon portion being separated and removed from the label on the container.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION

An example of a multi-function label 10, in a finished state and adhered to a container C, shown at point-of-sale, is illustrated in Figure 1. Multi-function label 10 generally comprises a base ply 100 (not visible), a top ply 110, and a coupon 120 that functions in both booklet-type and/or coupon fashion, as will be further described.

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Figures 2 and 2a are top view and cross-sectional illustrations, respectively, of a portion of an example of a label web comprising a continuous sequence of multi-function label constructions that will be converted by a label application machine into individual, separate multi-function labels for application to respective individual, separate containers. The label web includes a top ply, a base ply, two separate, repeating bond areas between the plies each comprising a coupling system, an optional release-reseal system, and cut lines representing locations where individual labels will be cut from the overall web at point of application.

As used throughout this disclosure, the term "coupon" refers to a portion of a label that is intended to be (i) manipulated by, typically, a consumer or end-user to access information or graphics and then optionally resealed if
5 desired, and (ii) if desired, entirely removed and separated from the overall label structure in removable coupon fashion.

It is to be noted that a multi-function label, for application to an object to be labeled utilizing separately
10 supplied adhesive material with a roll-fed label application machine, includes a base ply and at least one top ply. The term "top ply", as used herein, refers to any ply above the base ply in the label structures and of which there may be more than one. The base ply has a first lengthwise
15 dimension, a first widthwise dimension, a front surface that is optionally capable of bearing graphic images and coatings, and an adhesive-free back surface that is also optionally capable of bearing graphic images and coatings and capable of being adhesively coupled to an object to be
20 labeled using separately supplied adhesive material at point of application. The at least one top ply has a second lengthwise dimension, a second widthwise dimension, a front surface that is optionally capable of bearing graphic images

and coatings, and a back surface that is also optionally capable of bearing graphic images and coatings. The base ply and the at least one top ply are adhesively coupled, in a first portion of the label, to each other such that the front surface of the base ply and the back surface of the at least one top ply are preferably, but not necessarily, in contiguous juxtaposition with each other along the first lengthwise dimension and the second lengthwise dimension, respectively, and along the first widthwise dimension and the second widthwise dimension, respectively. Also, the base ply and the at least one top ply are preferably, but not necessarily, in a second portion of the label, releasably and resealably coupled to each other. As indicated above, when manufactured and prior to being applied to an object of interest to be labeled, the back surface of the base ply is free of adhesive material. In this state, it can then be supplied as a continuous web in roll form to a conventional roll-fed label application machine.

It is to be understood that any ply in a multi-function label may be a single ply of material, whether coated or uncoated, a so-called clear protective laminate construction, or any laminated, combined ply, or co-extruded construction.

With particular reference again to Figures 2 and 2a, illustrated in Figure 2 is a top view of a portion of an example of a multi-function label web 200, while Figure 2a illustrates a cross-sectional view of a portion of the example of a multi-function label web 200. Label web 200 includes a base ply 201, a top ply 203, a clear laminate material 205, two separate bond areas represented by adhesive materials 207 and 209, and a release material 211. Cuts 230 are made, as shown in the drawing, downwardly to - but not through - base ply 201.

Figure 3 is a top view illustration of the example of a multi-function label 10, after having been cut and separated, at point of application, from the example of a label web of Figure 2. Label 10 includes a coupon 220 (shown as being partially opened) and cuts 230 that are made through laminate material 205 and top ply 203 (designated together as 205/203). In the drawing, adhesive material (207) is visible in "phantom" fashion, since it would not otherwise be visible in a top view of label 10.

Figure 3a is a top view illustration of another example of a multi-function label 30, after having been cut and separated from a label web (not illustrated). Label 30 includes a coupon 320 and cuts 330 that are made through

laminate material 305 and top ply 303 (designated together as 305/303). In the drawing, adhesive material (307) is visible in "phantom" fashion, since it would not otherwise be visible in a top view of label 30.

5 Figure 4 is an illustration of the example of a multi-function label 10 of Figure 3, after having been applied to a container C at point of application and showing its coupon 120 as being partially opened. Also visible in Figure 4 is adhesive material 209, as shown in Figure 2a.

10 Figure 5 is an illustration of the example of a multi-function label of Figure 4, showing its coupon 120 being removed from the label on the container. It is to be appreciated and understood that an action of removal of the coupon from the label - by, e.g., a consumer at point of
15 purchase - may be effected by controlled, purposeful destruction of the plies, or by any means of achieving a removable bond of the coupon from the overall label structure. Preferably, such removal would not obscure or otherwise degrade or compromise any graphics on the plies.

20 Although not illustrated, it is to be understood that instead of the aforescribed cuts (e.g., cuts 230 in Figure 2) such as provided by die-cutting apparatus in a roll-fed label printing and converting press or manufacturing

installation, any other suitable converting of the ply material or materials could be utilized - provided that such alternatives at least approximately emulate traditional die cutting of the ply material or materials.

5 Also, although not illustrated, it is to be understood that the adhesive materials could alternatively be provided on back surfaces of the top plies as well as the front surfaces of the base plies, or both. Similarly, the release materials could alternatively be provided on back surfaces
10 of the top plies as well as the front surfaces of the base plies, or both.

 It is also to be understood that a particular embodiment of a multi-function label could intentionally omit release material and instead utilize a ply material
15 that inherently has a release property where the release material would otherwise be present. Furthermore, an adhesive material having a sufficiently low aggressiveness (e.g., a removable or low-tack adhesive material) could be utilized for a multi-function label having a ply material
20 (e.g., paper or film) without an inherent release property or coating. In such an application, the adhesive material of sufficiently low aggressiveness could inhibit destruction of the ply material while still maintaining releasability

and resealability of the multi-function portion of the label.

It is to again be appreciated and understood that patterns of adhesive materials and release materials employed to provide various embodiments of a multi-function label may take any desirable form or configuration; and that regardless of a particular pattern of adhesive material or release material, a multi-function label and/or label web may selectively and optionally have defined cut zones where no adhesive material is present or the adhesive material is set back therefrom. However, cut zones defining areas without adhesive materials may be omitted in a particular embodiment when performance of a particular label application machine would not be negatively affected by presence of adhesive materials. Such an application machine could, for example, employ non-mechanical contact cutting by way of a laser.

It is to be appreciated and understood that, although not specifically illustrated, a multi-function label that incorporates a coupon feature could, additionally or alternatively, provide a removable booklet. For example, the coupon could comprise a booklet; and the booklet could also be of a construction that includes one or more material

plies in addition to a base ply and top ply. Further, although not specifically illustrated, a multi-function label that incorporates a coupon and/or booklet feature could, additionally or alternatively, provide a material
5 safety data sheet as aforementioned - or any desired function that is otherwise made capable by way of a coupon and/or booklet portion in the label.

It is to be appreciated and understood that in a particular embodiment of a multi-function label, any areas
10 or regions of the label defined by that label's height H, length L, or any combinations of its parameters, could serve as the coupon and/or booklet portion. Additionally, it is to be appreciated and understood that in a particular
embodiment of a multi-function label, the label could have a
15 plurality of separate coupon and/or booklet portions effectively serving as a plurality of "windows" for, e.g., accommodation and presentation of multi-lingual information.

Regarding constructions of various embodiments of a multi-function label, the base plies and top plies could
20 preferably be any commercially available web-like materials that are capable of use in an in-line printing and converting process. Such materials could be, for example, polypropylene as is commercially available from AET Films of

Terre Haute, Indiana, in the U.S. As used herein, the term "web-like materials" is intended to include any suitable label materials, including paper, film, polypropylene, polyethylene, polyester, polyvinylchloride, polystyrene, foil, and ethylene vinyl acetate. The plies selectively could, individually or collectively, comprise so-called "shrink promoting" materials to conform to several or irregular curvatures of objects to which they are applied. Such materials include, but are not limited to, those that exhibit desired stretch and shrinkage characteristics such as are commercially available and known to those skilled in the art. Also, adhesive materials and release materials that may be utilized in constructions of various embodiments of a multi-function label could preferably be chosen from water-based, solvent-based, UV/EB, cold seal, heat seal, cohesive, and hot melt coatings as are commercially available. The adhesive materials used in constructions of the overall roll-fed label webs, which may be either (i) tacky in a final state (e.g., pressure-sensitive) or (ii) non-tacky in a final state, are preferably chosen to provide bonding between the base plies and the top plies in the labels described herein, while the release coatings are preferably chosen with respect to, and in combination with,

the adhesive materials to provide ease of opening and resealability of the labels. Furthermore, it is to be understood that an adhesive material utilized for provision of a coupling element in a particular multi-function label could be, as may be desired in certain circumstances, different than an adhesive material utilized for provision of a release-reseal system in the same label.

Generally, it is to be appreciated and understood that several of those embodiments of a multi-function label described herein could have particular utility in labeling objects or containers that have a regular shape, which may be cylindrical, or another shape, which is of relatively constant circumference from top to bottom. Other objects or containers, however, may have substantially non-constant outer dimensions such as, e.g., coved or rounded top and bottom shoulder-type tapers which, it is to be understood, also could be accommodated by a particular embodiment of a multi-function label. Furthermore, it is to be understood that any embodiment of a multi-function label could be applied by so-called "cut-and-stack" labeling equipment to an object of interest to be labeled.

While this disclosure has been particularly shown and described with reference to accompanying figures, it will be

understood, however, that modifications are possible. It should be appreciated that various components described herein may be substituted for other suitable components for achieving desired results, or that various accessories may be added thereto. Further, components such as the ply, adhesive, and release materials, and the cuts, could be provided in any desirable order, configuration, orientation, and form, so long as they function together satisfactorily in a manner of a multi-function label as described by example or otherwise contemplated herein. Also, it is to be appreciated and understood that, with suitable modification or modifications, a selected portion of the base ply could act as a coupon and/or booklet. Thus, it is to be understood that any suitable alternatives may be employed to provide multi-function labels.

Also, the depictions of various containers in the figures are only exemplary and not meant to be limiting.

Lastly, the choice of compositions, sizes, and strengths of various components described herein are to be selected depending upon intended use.

Accordingly, these and other various changes or modifications in form and detail may be made to multi-function labels, without departing from the true spirit and

scope thereof.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

5 1. A multi-function label web, comprising:

a base ply;

a top ply;

a clear laminate material on said top ply;

a first bond area between said base ply and said top

10 ply;

a second bond area between said base ply and said top

ply; and

a plurality of cuts through said laminate material and

said top ply.

15

2. The multi-function label web of claim 1, characterised

in that a multi-function label is created therefrom, with

said multi-function label providing, in a roll-fed label

construction, features selected from a group consisting of

20 (i) a booklet type label, (ii) a coupon, and (iii) a

combination booklet type and coupon label.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 5 1. A multi-function label, comprising:
 a base ply;
 a top ply;
 at least one bond area between said base ply and said
 top ply; and
10 at least one cut through said said top ply.
2. The multi-function label of claim 1, characterised in
that the label provides a feature selected from a group
consisting of (i) a booklet type label, (ii) a coupon, and
15 (iii) a combination booklet type and coupon label.

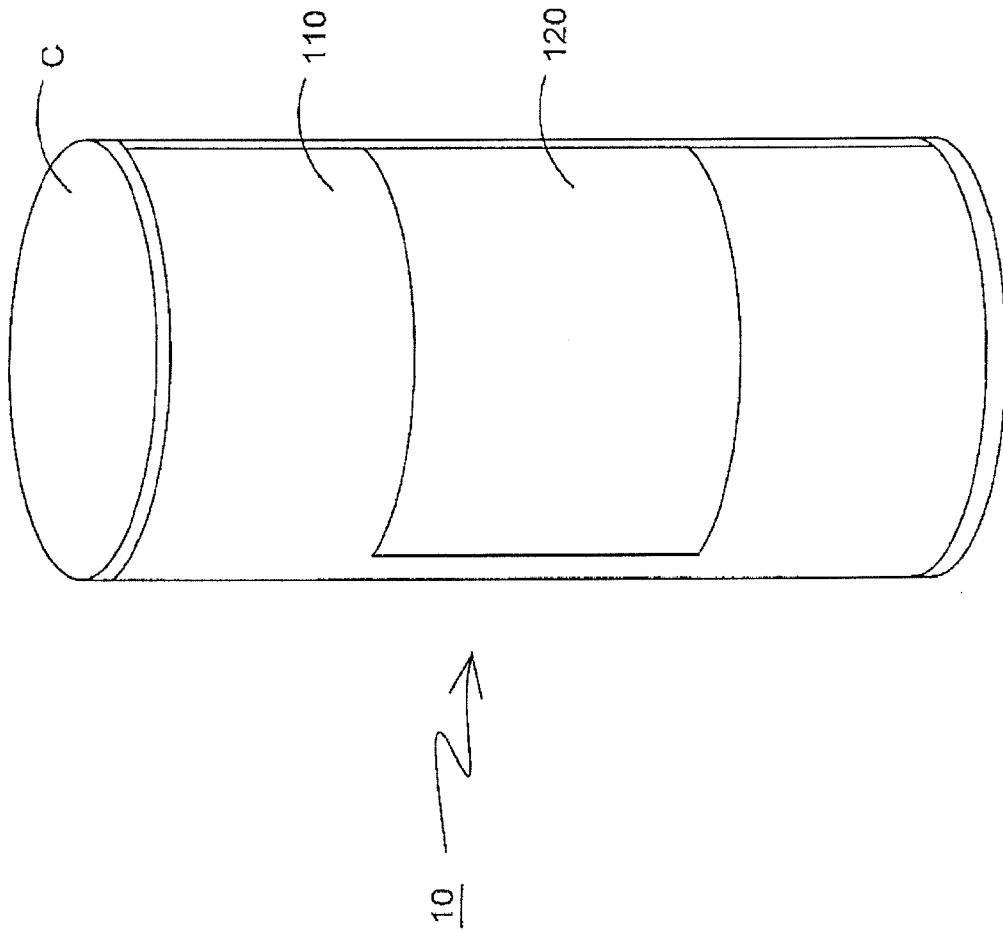


Fig. 1

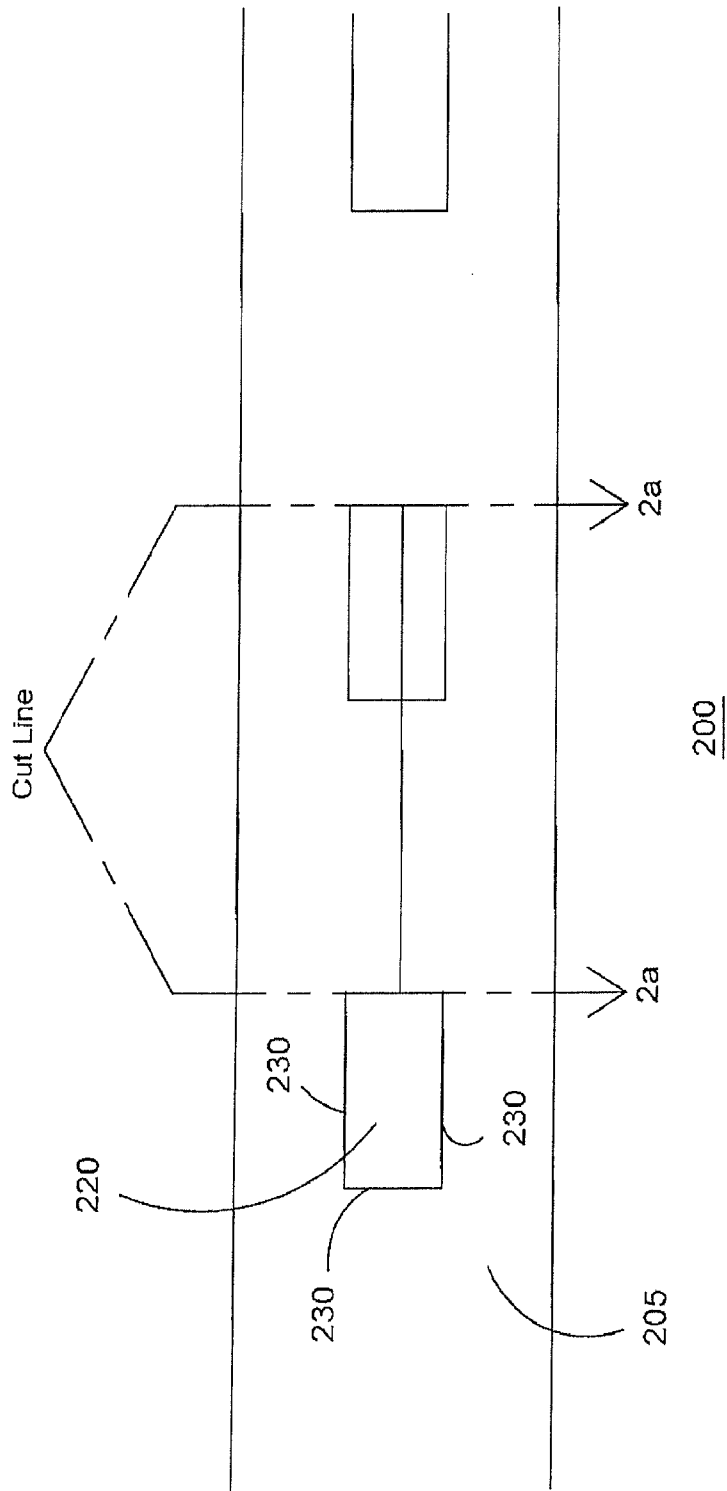


Fig. 2

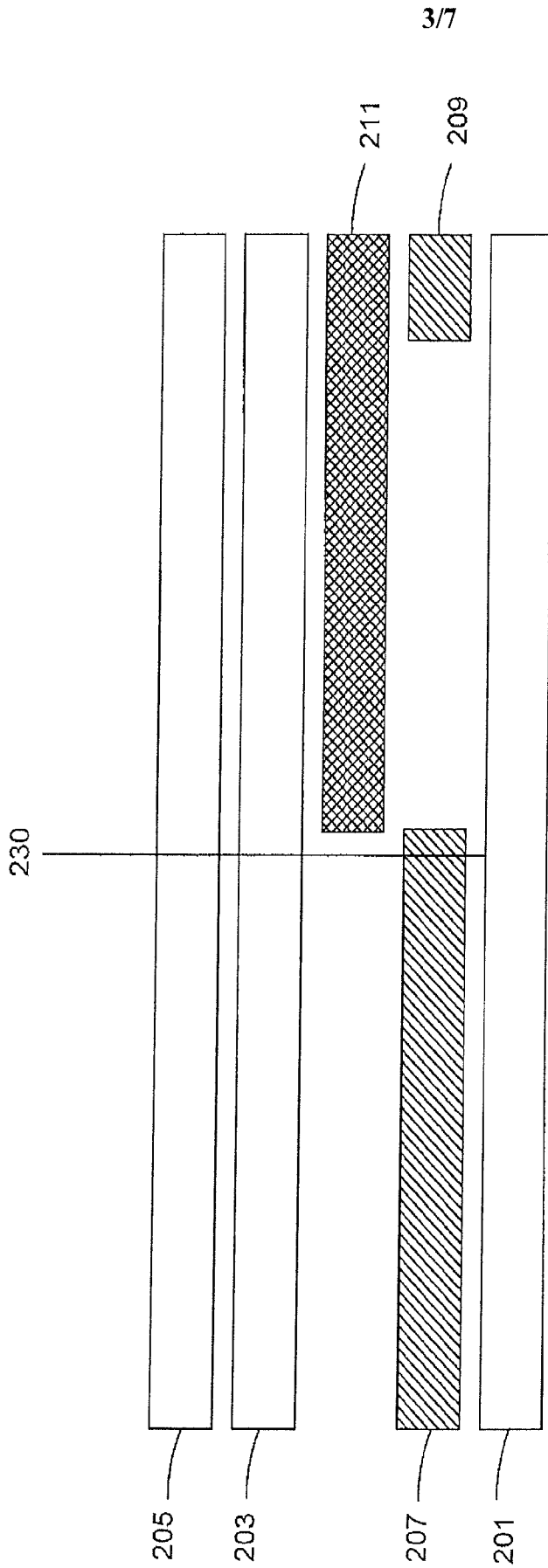


Fig. 2a

4/7

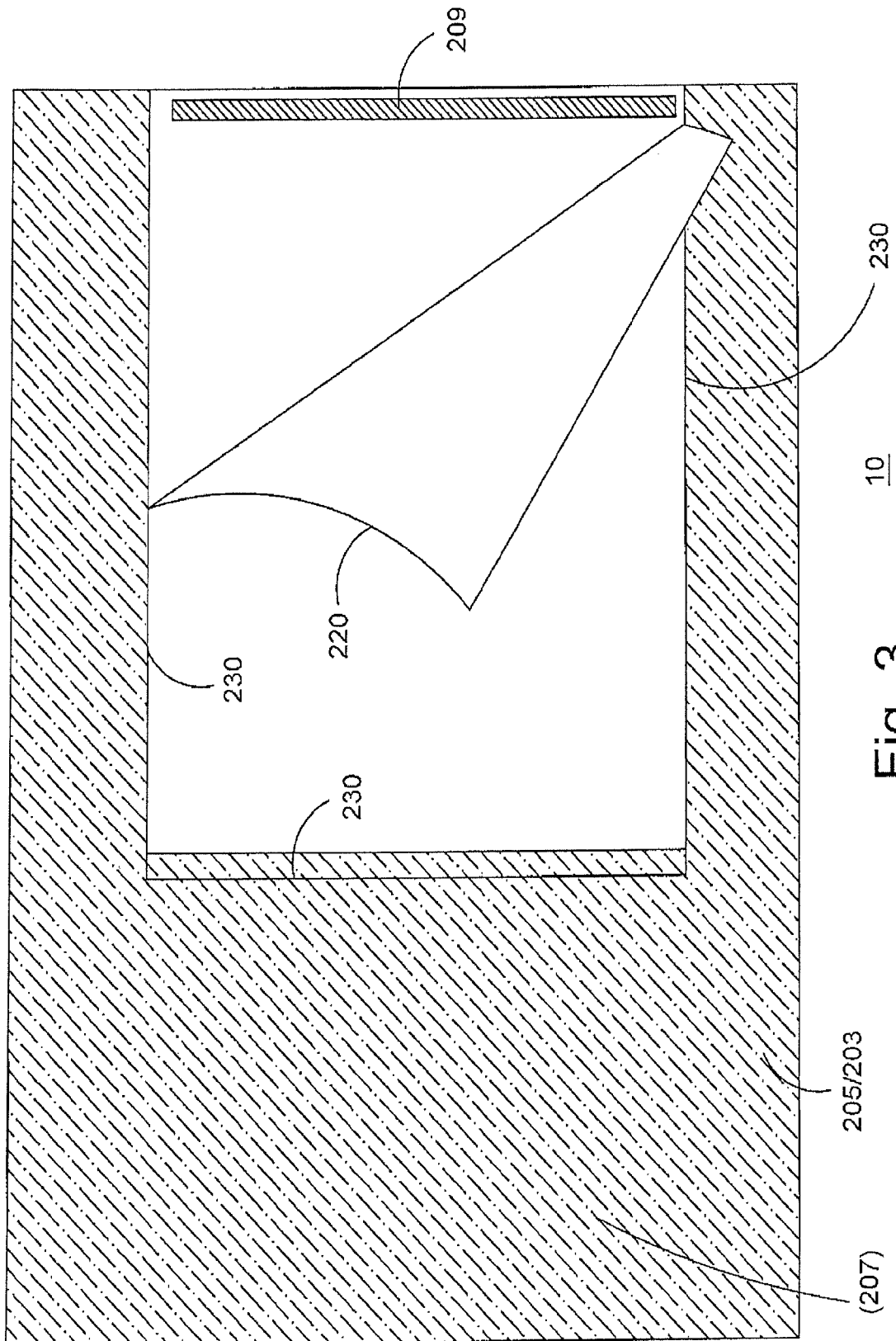
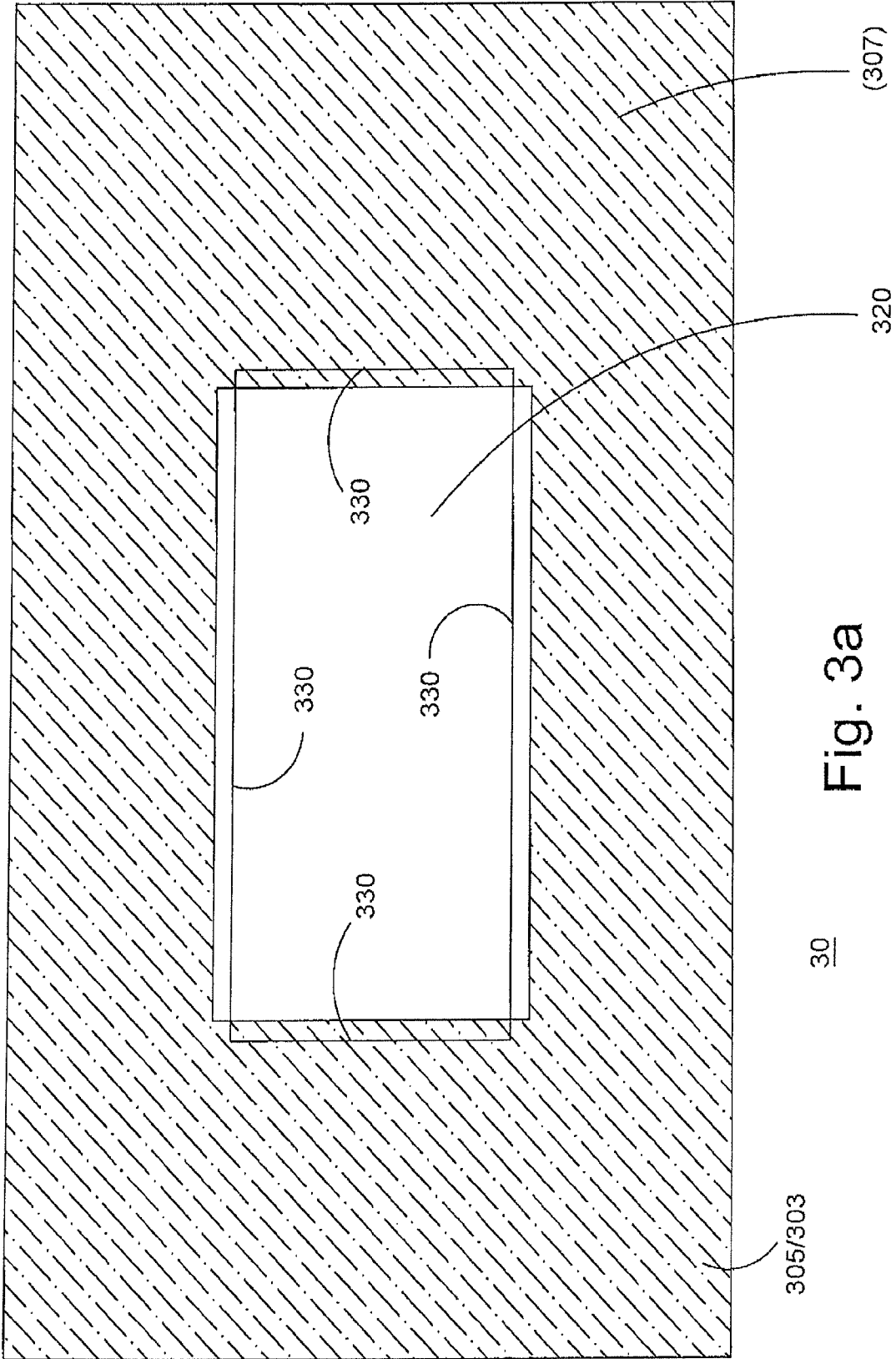


Fig. 3



30

Fig. 3a

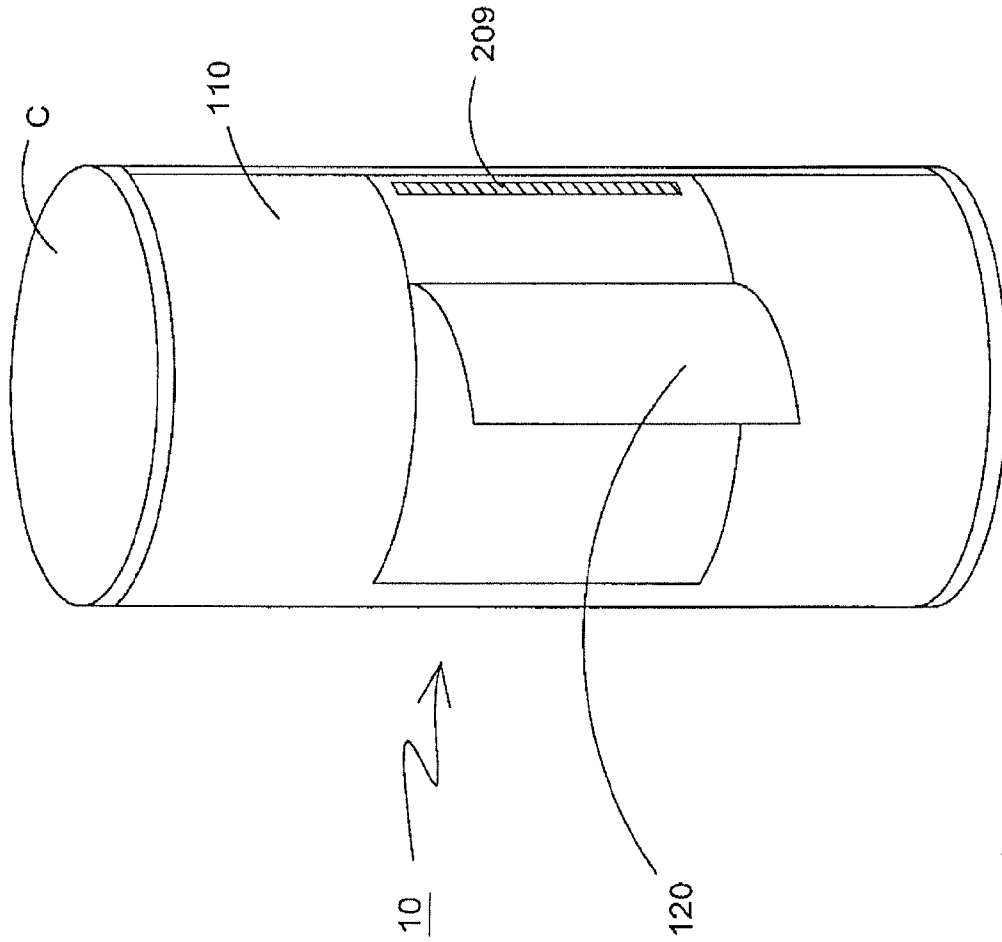


Fig. 4

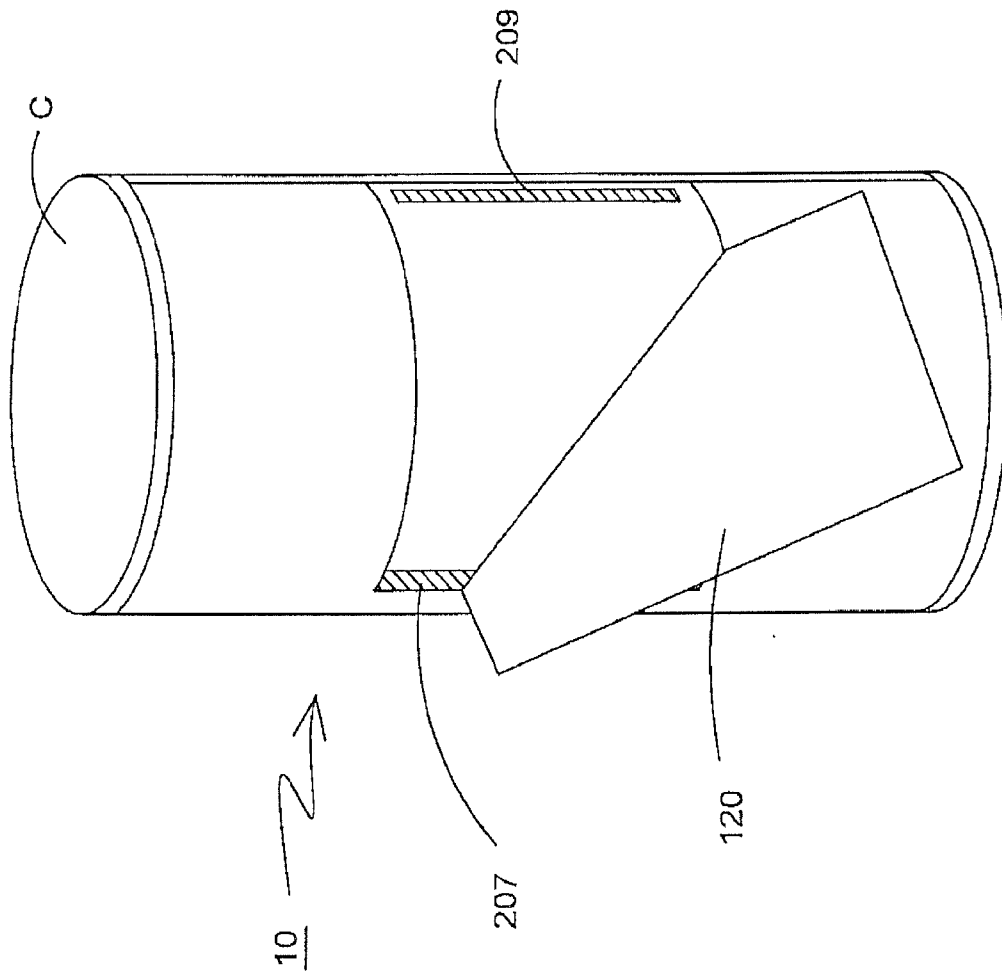


Fig. 5

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US2013/050643

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(8) - B32B 33/00 (2013.01) USPC - 430/259 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC(8) - B32B 33/00; B65C 9/00, 9/18; B65D 65/28; B65H 45/20, 45/101, 45/107 (2013.01) USPC - 430/256, 259, 262, 263, 496, 536 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched CPC - B65C 9/44; G03C 1/76, 1/795, 3/00, 5/08, 11/02; G09F 3/02, 3/10 (2013.01) Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) Orbit, Google Patents, Google		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 2011/088029 A1 (FRANKO et al) 21 July 2011 (21.07.2011) entire document	1, 2
A	US 7,871,479 B2 (GARLAND) 18 January 2011 (18.01.2011) entire document	1, 2
A	US 6,086,697 A (KEY) 11 July 2000 (11.07.2000) entire document	1, 2
<input type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. <input type="checkbox"/>		
* Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art "&" document member of the same patent family		
Date of the actual completion of the international search 25 November 2013		Date of mailing of the international search report 13 DEC 2013
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US, Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Facsimile No. 571-273-3201		Authorized officer: Blaine R. Copenheaver PCT Helpdesk: 571-272-4300 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774