Abstract: A reduced emission apparatus is coupled to a vehicle such that the vehicle is enabled to operate in a reduced emission mode by use of the reduced emission apparatus. A data acquisition apparatus is mounted on the vehicle and configured to acquire data relating to operation of the vehicle. Security may be provided for the reduced emission apparatus and vehicle-mounted data acquisition apparatus. The credits from operating the reduced emission apparatus apply to resources for deploying the reduced emission apparatus.
VEHICLE REDUCED EMISSION DEPLOYMENT

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to U.S. provisional patent application Serial No. 61/239,760 filed on September 3, 2009. This application is related to U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/661,668, U.S. patent application serial no. 11/374,709, U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/774,732, and U.S. patent application serial no. 11/558,786, which are all hereby incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

This invention relates to operating a vehicle to reduce emissions and obtaining credit therefrom.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has set National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for six common air pollutants, also called "criteria" pollutants. The criteria pollutants are carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, ozone, lead, particulate matter and sulfur dioxide. NAAQS are often referred to as federal health standards for outdoor air.

The Clean Air Act, which was passed in 1970 and last amended in 1990, requires the EPA to set NAAQS for pollutants that cause adverse effects to public health and the environment. The Clean Air Act established primary and secondary air quality standards. Primary standards protect public health, including the health of "sensitive" populations such as asthmatics, children, and the elderly. The primary standard is often referred to as the health standard. Secondary standards protect public welfare, including protection against decreased visibility, damage to animals, crops, vegetation, and buildings. Standards are reviewed periodically to ensure that they include the most recent scientific information.

Non-attainment areas are regions within the country where the concentration of one or more criteria pollutants exceeds the level set as the federal air quality standards. Once the EPA announces that an area does not meet the health standard, the State works with businesses, local governments, and the public to reduce the emissions from sources contributing to the non-attainment status of the area.
SUMMARY

One or more embodiments of the present invention concern emission credits relating to a reduced emission mode of vehicle operation. In one aspect, the credits provide incentives for deploying reduced emission operation for vehicles.

One or more embodiments of the present invention concern instances of a vehicle capable of operating in modes in which the vehicle is powered i) in an internal combustion engine (ICE) mode, i.e., powered solely by one or more ICE prime movers and ii) a non-ICE mode, i.e., powered solely by one or more prime movers other than an ICE. Prime movers other than an ICE may include one or more devices such as an electric motor, hydraulic motor, etc.

In one or more embodiments of the present invention, the vehicle is capable of operating in an efficient ICE mode, wherein the vehicle has one or more ICEs operated more efficiently, such as due to use of a non-ICE prime mover concurrently with one or more non-ICE prime movers, use of ICE exhaust treatment equipment, or both.

Herein, reference to operation in a reduced emission ("RE") mode is intended to apply to instances of vehicle operation in the non-ICE mode and to instances of vehicle operation in the efficient ICE mode. That is, reference herein to an embodiment of the invention in which the vehicle is configured to operate in an RE mode is intended to include an embodiment in which a vehicle operates in a non-ICE mode, an embodiment in which a vehicle operates in an efficient ICE mode, or an embodiment in which a vehicle operates in both non-ICE and efficient ICE modes.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

The invention itself, as well as further objectives and advantages thereof, will best be understood by reference to the following detailed description of an illustrative embodiment when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 is an exemplary block diagram illustrating a vehicle having equipment for reduced emission operation and reporting, according to at least one embodiment of the invention.

Figure 2 is an exemplary block diagram illustrating a reduced emission apparatus, according to at least one embodiment of the invention.
Figure 3 is an exemplary block diagram illustrating aggregating aspects, according to at least one embodiment of the invention.

Figures 4A, 4B, and 4C are exemplary flow charts illustrating method aspects, according to at least one embodiment of the invention.

Figure 5 is an exemplary block diagram illustrating a distributed data processing system, according to at least one embodiment of the invention.

Figure 6 is an exemplary block diagram of a server apparatus, according to at least one embodiment of the invention.

Figure 7 is an exemplary block diagram of a client apparatus, according to at least one embodiment of the invention.

**DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Referring now to Figure 1, a vehicle 110 includes a control and data acquisition apparatus (CONT./DATA ACQ.) 115 mounted on the vehicle 110. A remote control and data acquisition (CONT./DATA ACQ.) apparatus 120 is located remote from the vehicle 110 and is configured to receive data acquired by the vehicle-mounted apparatus 115. The vehicle mounted apparatus 115 is configured to acquire operational data for the vehicle 110, including, but not limited to, the following for a driving session:

- Time session start
- Time session end
- Miles beginning of session
- Miles ending of session
- Driver/operator
- Company
- Vehicle identification (ID)
- Total fuel consumption during session
- By date & time stamp
- Mode of operation
- Odometer reading
- Rate of speed (MPH or KPH)
- Global positioning system (GPS) location
- Fuel consumption (MPG or KPL)
Battery/capacitor amps, volts, watts
Battery regeneration/recharge

One or more of the vehicle-mounted control and data acquisition apparatus 115 and the remote control and data acquisition apparatus 120 are configured to calculate vehicle performance information, including, but not limited to, one or more of the following.

- Total miles per gallon (MPG)
- Total fuel consumed
- Fuel saved in non-ICE mode
- Fuel consumed in ICE mode
- Fuel consumed in abatement area(s)
- Fuel not consumed in abatement areas
- Estimated pollutants not emitted
- Estimated pollutants emitted
- Estimated pollutants not emitted in abatement areas
- Estimated pollutants emitted in abatement areas

Driver performance

Performance information may be determined at server level, rather than on the vehicle. Also, one vehicle 110 may be used as a surrogate to determine a standard fuel consumption savings, while not on ICE. Alternatively, engine/regulator standards may be used.

In the above, "pollutants not emitted" refers to an amount of emissions avoided while driving in a non-ICE mode (or at least an efficient ICE mode). One or more emission factors may be endorsed or established by an authority such as a governmental agency or nongovernmental organization. The one or more factors may be used to calculate an amount of emissions that the authority considers would have been created had the ICE (126) of the vehicle 110 been running (or had it been running less efficiently). The factors may be based upon vehicle operating parameters.

In various embodiments of the invention, the vehicle-mounted control and data acquisition apparatus 115 interfaces with the vehicle's existing control or data system 112 to obtain certain of the operational data and may also include one or more additional devices 117
for acquiring certain of the operational data that is not otherwise available or conveniently available from the existing vehicle control or data system 112.

In one or more embodiments of the invention, the vehicle 110 includes a retrofit (RE) apparatus 125. In an embodiment of the invention, the RE apparatus 125 includes an electric traction system as described in one or more of the following U.S. patent applications, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference: U.S. patent applications serial no. 61/037,851, serial no. 11/374,709, serial no. 11/558,786, and serial no. 12/060,368.

In an embodiment of the invention illustrated in Figure 1, the RE apparatus 125 includes an electric motor-generator (M/G) 121 retrofitted to the drive train (not shown) of the vehicle 110 (such as in an arrangement as disclosed in one or more of the above-identified U.S. patent applications) and powered and directly controlled by an inverter/controller (INV/CONT.) 122, which is supplied by a battery (BATT.) 123. The RE apparatus 125 further includes a vehicle control module (VCM) 124, which communicates with existing vehicle devices 112 via a data bus, for example, to detect vehicle speed, engine status, etc. The vehicle control module 124 also communicates with the inverter/controller 122 to provide further control aspects responsive to existing vehicle devices 112. According to this arrangement, the electric motor-generator 121 propels the vehicle 110 (supplied by the battery 123) when the vehicle control module 124 is in an electric traction motor control mode. Correspondingly, the electric motor-generator 121 may recharge the battery 123 via regenerative braking and also when the vehicle control module 124 is in a control mode wherein the existing internal combustion engine 126 propels the vehicle 110.

In other embodiments of the invention, the RE apparatus 125 does not include electric traction motor or motor-generator.

In an embodiment of the invention, a lender may finance installation of a retrofit RE apparatus 125 on a vehicle 110 for a borrower, where the vehicle 110 is owned and operated by the borrower. The financing may include secured credit, e.g., credit that is legally secured by the RE apparatus 125, and possibly also by the vehicle 110.

In one or more embodiments of the invention, the vehicle-mounted control and data acquisition apparatus 115 is configured to communicate one or more selected items of the above-described operational data and calculations to the remote control and data acquisition
apparatus 120, which is controlled by one or more party, or agent thereof, including: a vehicle owner, vehicle operator, lender, emission credit aggregator, emission credit clearing house, and a governmental organization. The remote apparatus 120 may be controlled by an agent of the lender. The vehicle-mounted apparatus 115 and remote apparatus 120 may be configured to communicate the selected data in one or more of the following circumstances: on demand, automatically at predetermined time intervals, and/or automatically in response to one or more predetermined events.

In embodiments of the invention, the vehicle-mounted apparatus 115 may download the data locally to a device 132 capable of then uploading the data to the remote apparatus 120. Such communications may be via cell phone type transmissions, WiFi, and other wireless measures. Bluetooth communication means may also be implemented in the system.

The installed RE apparatus 125 may communicate with a global positioning system ("GPS") 127 mounted on the vehicle 110. The GPS 127 is shown in the illustrated embodiment of the invention as included among the one or more devices 117, but is included among the devices 112 in another embodiment of the invention. The GPS 127 may be configured to broadcast the location of the vehicle 110 to the remote apparatus 120 and/or a remote, mobile-tracking device 135 accessible by the lender. In respective embodiments of the invention, the broadcasting is continuous, at intervals, upon default by borrower and/or upon demand by the lender. In the illustrated embodiment of the invention, the remote device 135 is a portable device, so that an agent of the lender may use the device 135 to follow and track down the vehicle 110 in order to retrieve the vehicle 110. The GPS 127 may also be configured to display to the vehicle operator one or more routes in which the vehicle can be driven to reduce emissions, i.e., increase operation in the RE mode. Alternatively, a separate display, such as described herein with respect to Figure 7, may be utilized for such a function.

The RE apparatus 125 is configured to communicate with the control and data acquisition apparatus 115. The apparatus 115 calculates emission credits, or data for emission credits, i.e., data upon which the remote apparatus 120 can compute emission credits, based on time operating in the RE mode instead of the ICE mode. The credits may be based at least partly on emission factors predetermined by an agency such as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, which factors may be based at least partly upon vehicle operating parameters. Accordingly, the vehicle-mounted apparatus 115 is configured to acquire data
from the vehicle 110 and calculate emissions that the agency considers would have been created had the ICE 126 been running during the interval when the vehicle 110 was instead operating in the RE mode.

The vehicle-mounted apparatus 115 is further configured such that the GPS 127 enables the apparatus 115 to relate the emission reductions to particular geographic zones for reporting or banking. Such zones may include non-attainment zones and areas otherwise having operating restrictions or goals, which may include residential areas and may include ports and other staging areas, for example. Accordingly, in an embodiment of the invention, the apparatus 115 is configured to calculate the emission credits further in response to vehicle location at the time of calculated emission reductions.

In this regard, the control and data acquisition apparatus 115 is configured to determine the location of the vehicle 110 from the GPS 127 and to compare the location to a map that indicates predetermined boundaries of certain geographic areas, such as ports or other special areas. Examples of other special areas include known emission-limit non-attainment areas, and areas having known high volume vehicle traffic and particular land uses, such as residential use, for example. (This arrangement may be particularly advantageous for addressing noise ordinances. Accordingly, it should be understood that the term "emission" includes noise emission, as the term is used herein.)

If the control and data acquisition apparatus 115 determines, responsive to the comparing, that the vehicle 110 is within the boundaries of a such a predetermined geographic area, the apparatus 115 switches the RE apparatus 125 into the RE mode (if the apparatus 125 is not already in the RE mode). In an alternative, the apparatus 115 locks in the RE mode while the vehicle 110 remains within the area. Further, in an embodiment of the invention, the apparatus 115 is initialized with maximum speeds for respective predetermined geographic areas and is configured to limit the vehicle's maximum speed while the vehicle 110 remains within such a speed-limited area. The apparatus 115 may also communicate that the vehicle 110 is within an attainment area, or any other area for that matter, and begin determining how the vehicle 110 can be positioned to have a greater disposition towards the RE mode. Furthermore, while approaching a predetermined geographic area, the logic in the vehicle may implement processes to ensure the batteries are charged or charging.
Moreover, the apparatus 115 may display to the vehicle operator one or more routes to travel that would increase (even maximize) operation in the RE mode.

In one embodiment of the invention, the RE apparatus 125, the vehicle-mounted apparatus 115, and the GPS 127 have one or more security means for preventing the apparatus 125, the apparatus 115, and the GPS 127 from being removed other than by the lender or the lender's authorized agent and which permits only the lender or the lender's authorized agent to modify the RE apparatus 125, the vehicle-mounted apparatus 115, and the GPS 127, or at least their GPS-related control and data acquisition aspects. In one embodiment of the invention, security means includes a physical security device 130. In one embodiment of the invention, security means includes control logic in the GPS 127 and control logic in the RE apparatus 125, as well as means for communicating one or more control signals between the control logic in GPS 127 and the control logic of the RE apparatus 125, wherein the GPS 127 control logic generates a keep alive security signal at time intervals, which is communicated by communication means to control logic of the RE apparatus 125 and to the control and data acquisition apparatus 115. Communication means may include a hard wired connection or short range wireless communication transmitter and receiver.

In one arrangement of this embodiment, the vehicle control module 124 shuts down the vehicle 110 in response to failure to receive the security signal from the GPS 127 within a predetermined time. In one arrangement of this embodiment, the control and data acquisition apparatus 115 sends a notification to the control and data acquisition apparatus 120 or the tracking device 135 in response to failure to receive the security signal from the GPS 127 within a predetermined time. Further, in an embodiment of the invention, the apparatus 125, the apparatus 115, and the GPS 127 are configured such that a password or key are required to reconfigure them, which prevents tampering by unauthorized persons. Typically, these devices never shut down a moving or operating vehicle; rather, they prevent it from being started again after the key has been turned to the off position.

Regarding the calculated emission reduction credits that result from operation of the vehicle 110 in the RE mode, the credits may be owned or transferred to someone other than the vehicle owner, such as the lender, so that the value of the credits are, in one alternative, used to offset the financing payments by the borrower to the lender. This is particularly facilitated since arrangements described herein provide that i) the RE apparatus 125, the control and data
acquisition apparatus 115, and the GPS 127 are physically located on the vehicle 110, and ii) tamper proof functioning of the RE apparatus 125, the control and data acquisition apparatus 115 allows the lender to remotely determine the location of the vehicle 110 and track down the vehicle 110 in order to retrieve the vehicle 110, which may be done upon payment default, as one condition.

Referring now to Figure 2, in one or more embodiments of the invention, the RE apparatus 125 includes an ICE exhaust filter 210 (which may include a catalyst), a sensor 215 mounted on or near the filter 210, and a heater 220 supplied by a source, such as a battery 123 or a fuel cell. The sensor 215 may be configured for measuring an operating temperature of the filter 210 and communicating the temperature to a controller, such as the VCM 124 or the controller 122. Control logic in the controller 122 may be configured for energizing the heater 220 responsive to detecting that the ICE 126 of the vehicle 110 is running, such as detecting via the VCM 124, and that the sensor 215 indicates the filter 210 temperature is below a predetermined desirable operating temperature. In this way, the filter 210 will be heated to a desirable high operating temperature for processing exhaust during ICE operation even if the heat of the ICE exhaust has not yet caused the filter 210 to reach that desirable minimum operating temperature.

Due to the relatively small size of emissions credits for individual vehicles, or even fleets of vehicles, it may be inefficient for an emission credit granting agency to administer a system of granting vehicle emission credits. The inefficiency may arise on both sides of transactions, i.e., both with regard to collecting and submitting emission reduction data and with regard to granting credits. Accordingly, embodiments of the present invention include aspects that relate to aggregating and clearing.

Referring now to Figure 3, aggregating aspects include the control and data acquisition apparatus 120 initializing emission reduction accounts for the vehicles 310 or the fleets 320 of vehicles, collecting emission reduction data for the individual vehicles 310 or fleets 320, aggregating the collected vehicle emission reduction records and submitting them to an agency or a clearing house 330 for obtaining a credit, obtaining a credit for an aggregated collection, and distributing the credits to the vehicle owners or vehicle creditors in exchange for a fee. Clearing aspects include receiving emission reduction credit requests, verification of the requests, granting credits for the requests, and balancing credits granted relative to credits
authorized. In an embodiment of the present invention, aspects of emission credit clearing may extend beyond vehicle-oriented aspects.

In some instances, regulations may impose emissions restrictions that limit vehicle operations, which may include outright prohibition of vehicle operation. A desire to limit vehicle emissions may even arise due to private objectives or agreements. Consequently, emission credits may be more valuable to one vehicle operator than to another. Accordingly, a need may arise for trading of vehicle emission credits to other vehicle operators, or even unrelated parties, such as power companies. Accordingly, an embodiment of the present invention includes aspects that relate to vehicle emission credit trading.

It should be understood from the foregoing that embodiments of the invention are useful for obtaining emission credits, swapping credits, determining and reducing penalties, and for increasing RE mode operation in abatement areas and areas of maximum credits or penalties. Due to the incentives provided to drivers by emission credits, embodiments of the present invention tend to maximize the RE mode of operation in certain geographic zones and to correspondingly increase emission reduction credits and reduce emissions. In other words, vehicle operators are encouraged to operate the vehicle in the RE mode. The emission credits may be associated with drivers and vehicles and provide a measure of driver and vehicle performance. This can be accomplished by storing a database in one of the control processing units in the vehicle, or by one of the described remote systems, wherein the database stores the above described vehicle operating parameters on a per driver/vehicle basis. Furthermore, the operating parameters for a vehicle described herein may be used by the data processing systems herein to calculate estimated fuel savings when the vehicle is operating in the RE mode, since it is known how to calculate miles per gallon for a vehicle based on speed, distance, and other operating parameters. Additionally, estimated reductions in PM, NO\textsubscript{x}, CO\textsubscript{2}, and other emissions can be calculated for RE mode operations. Such data can then be further analyzed to obtain rebates and tax credits from government agencies, and to enable fleet owners to determine aggregate fuel savings over time.

In an exemplary embodiment of the invention, the analyzer may have the following attributes:

- Reads J1939 CAN Buses operating at 500 kb. (Optionally, read J1708, as well.)
• Runs onboard software that frequently samples and summarizes MPH, Fuel Consumption, SOC, and minutes devices are on for subsequent evaluation at the back end. Other information may be sent in raw form to be evaluated and tabulated later. Calculates on board those items that would significantly reduce the bandwidth needed for transmission does other calculations at the backend on servers. Information is provided to the analyzer on one CAN Bus channel at 500 kb.
• Dynamically determines location of the vehicle and provide the coordinates to the onboard processor in this unit. The analyzer is initialized with up to about 1000 predetermined geolocation zones ("fenced areas") and determines during vehicle operation if the vehicle is in or out of these Ones. The analyzer communicates this over the CAN Bus to the vehicle control system.
• Has outgoing and incoming cellular communications capability.
• Changes the onboard data logger/analyzer software via remote communication.
• Changes software and parameters to other devices on the vehicle via the J1939 CAN Bus.
• Has 3-axis accelerometer configured to detect crashes and unusual vehicle behavior. Results from the accelerometer are transmitted via the CAN Bus.
• Communicates and exchanges data over the cellular network GSM with remote application services using the HTTP POST/GET protocol and POX (Plain Old XML), SOAP, and REST message protocol.

In an exemplary embodiment, the data collected by the analyzer includes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Idle</td>
<td>Total Minutes MPH=0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ET</td>
<td>Total Minutes MPH=0 on ET</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICE</td>
<td>Total Gallons MPH=0 on ICE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heater</td>
<td>Minutes Heater on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A/C</td>
<td>Minutes A/C on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressor</td>
<td>Minutes Break Compressor on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power</td>
<td>Minutes Power Steering on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor</td>
<td>Minutes Motor Fan on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ET</td>
<td>&gt;0 MPH to &lt;=1.5 MPH in ET</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of Minutes &lt;=1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of times from &gt;Q MPH to &lt;=1.5 MPH (start-offs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Average MPH &gt;Q MPH to &lt;=1.5 MPH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miles traveled in ET Mode MPH&gt;0 MPH to &lt;=15 MPH</td>
<td>Minutes Heater on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minutes A/C on</td>
<td>Minutes Break Compressor on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minutes Power Steering on</td>
<td>Minutes Motor Fan on</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&gt;0 MPH to &lt;=15 MPH in ICE Mode</th>
<th>Number of Minutes &lt;=15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of times from &gt;0 MPH to &lt;=15 MPH (start-offs)</td>
<td>Average MPH &gt;0 MPH to &lt;=15 MPH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miles traveled in ICE Mode MPH&gt;0 MPH to &lt;=15 MPH</td>
<td>Minutes Heater on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minutes A/C on</td>
<td>Minutes Break Compressor on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minutes Power Steering on</td>
<td>Minutes Motor Fan on</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&gt;15 MPH to &lt;=2Q MPH in ET</th>
<th>Number of Minutes &gt;15 MPH to &lt;=2Q MPH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of times from &gt;15 MPH to &lt;=2Q MPH</td>
<td>Average MPH &gt;15 MPH to &lt;=2Q MPH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miles traveled in ET Mode MPH &gt;15 MPH to &lt;=2Q MPH</td>
<td>Minutes Heater on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minutes A/C on</td>
<td>Minutes Break Compressor on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minutes Power Steering on</td>
<td>Minutes Motor Fan on</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&gt;15 MPH to &lt;=2Q MPH in ICE Mode</th>
<th>Number of Minutes &lt;=15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of times from &gt;15 MPH to &lt;=2Q MPH</td>
<td>Average MPH &gt;15 MPH to &lt;=2Q MPH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miles traveled in ICE Mode MPH &gt;15 MPH to &lt;=2Q MPH</td>
<td>Minutes Heater on</td>
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<td>Minutes A/C on</td>
<td>Minutes Break Compressor on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minutes Power Steering on</td>
<td>Minutes Motor Fan on</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Over 20 MPH (Over Set Point) |
Referring now to Figure 4A, method aspects regarding the arrangement shown in Figure 1 are illustrated, according to one or more embodiments of the invention. A reduced emission apparatus may be retrofitted 410 to a vehicle (or be installed as OEM), such that the
vehicle is enabled to operate in a reduced emission mode by use of the reduced emission apparatus. The reduced emission apparatus may be optionally financed 412 for a borrower by a lender. A data acquisition apparatus is installed 414 on the vehicle and configured 416 to acquire data relating to operation of the vehicle. Security means may be optionally provided 418 for the reduced emission apparatus and vehicle-mounted data acquisition apparatus, which includes configuring 420 the reduced emission apparatus to prevent the borrower from removing the reduced emission apparatus and data acquisition apparatus. The data acquisition apparatus may be optionally configured 422 to communicate data for lender or operator/owner emission credits. The vehicle operates 424 in the reduced emission mode. The data acquisition apparatus configuration includes configuration such that data acquisition apparatus communicates 426 data for the credits computed based on vehicle operation (in the reduced emission mode).

Referring now to Figure 4B, the credits from operating the reduced emission apparatus apply 428 to resources for deploying the reduced emission apparatus. That is, in an embodiment of the invention, the credits may accrue directly to a lender for payments due from the borrower for the lender financing of the reduced emission apparatus.

In another aspect, a global positioning system is mounted 430 on the vehicle and configured 432 to communicate the location of the vehicle to a remote location and one or more of control units on board the vehicle, and may also communicate other telemetry.

In another optional aspect, providing 418 security means includes configuring 434 the reduced emission apparatus to prevent the borrower from removing the global positioning system and from interrupting broadcasting of the vehicle location by the global positioning system.

In another optional aspect, communicating the location of the vehicle to a remote location includes communicating 436 to a mobile tracking device of the lender, so that lender can use the mobile tracking device to retrieve the vehicle.

In another optional aspect, configuring the vehicle-mounted data acquisition apparatus includes configuring the vehicle-mounted data acquisition apparatus such that the apparatus notifies 438 a remotely located apparatus responsive to the vehicle-mounted data acquisition apparatus receiving an indication of tampering from security means.
With reference now to Figure 4C, method aspects regarding the arrangement shown in Figure 2 are illustrated, according to one or more embodiments of the invention. The sensor 215 and heater 220 are mounted 450 on or near the filter 210, and the heater 220 is supplied 455 by a source. The sensor 215 is configured 460 for measuring an operating temperature of the filter 210 and communicating the temperature to the controller 230. Control logic in the controller 230 is configured 465 for energizing the heater 220 via a source responsive to detecting that the ICE of the vehicle 110 is running and that the sensor 215 indicates the filter 210 temperature is below a predetermined desirable operating temperature. In operation, the filter 210 is heated 470 to a desirable high operating temperature for processing exhaust during ICE operation even if the heat of the ICE exhaust has not yet caused the filter 210 to reach that desirable minimum operating temperature.

With reference now to Figure 5, a pictorial representation of a data processing network system 500 is presented in which the present invention may be implemented. The network system 500 contains a network 502, which is the medium used to provide communications links between various devices and computers connected together within the network system 500. The network 502 may include connections, such as wire, wireless communication links, and/or fiber optic cables, etc.

In the depicted example, a server 504 is connected to the network 502 along with a storage unit 506. In addition, clients 508, 510, and 512 are connected to the network 502. In an embodiment of the invention, the vehicle-mounted control and data acquisition apparatus 115 of a first instance of the vehicle 110 (see Figure 1) includes client 508; the vehicle-mounted control and data acquisition apparatus 115 of a second instance of the vehicle 110 includes client 510, etc.; and the remote control and data acquisition apparatus 120 (see Figure 1) includes a server 504 and the storage unit 506.

The clients 508, 510, and 512 may be application specific embedded systems, general purpose embedded systems, personal computers, or network computers, for example. In the depicted example, the server 504 provides data, such as boot files, operating system images, and applications to the clients 508, 510, and 512. The clients 508, 510, and 512 are clients to the server 504. The network data processing system 500 may include additional servers, clients, and other devices not shown. In the depicted example, the network data processing system 500 may be the Internet with the network 502 representing a worldwide collection of
networks and gateways that use the TCP/IP suite of protocols to communicate with one another.

Referring to Figure 6, a block diagram of a data processing system 600 that may be implemented as a server, such as the server 504 in Figure 5, is depicted in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. The data processing system 600 may be a symmetric multiprocessor (SMP) system including a plurality of processors 602 and 604 connected to a system bus 606. Alternatively, a single processor system may be employed. Also connected to the system bus 606 is a memory controller/cache 608, which provides an interface to a local memory 609. An I/O bus bridge 610 is connected to the system bus 606 and provides an interface to the I/O bus 612. The memory controller/cache 608 and the I/O bus bridge 610 may be integrated as depicted.

A peripheral component interconnect (PCI) bus bridge 614 connected to the I/O bus 612 provides an interface to a PCI local bus 616. A number of modems may be connected to the PCI local bus 616. Typical PCI bus implementations will support four PCI expansion slots or add-in connectors. Communications links to network computers 508, 510, and 512 in Figure 5 may be provided through a modem 618 and a network adapter 620 connected to the PCI local bus 616 through add-in boards. Additional PCI bus bridges 622 and 624 provide interfaces for additional PCI local buses 626 and 628, from which additional modems or network adapters may be supported. In this manner, the data processing system 600 allows connections to multiple network computers. A memory-mapped graphics adapter 630 and a hard disk 632 may also be connected to the I/O bus 612 as depicted, either directly or indirectly.

Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the hardware depicted in Figure 6 may vary. For example, other peripheral devices, such as optical disk drives and the like, may be used in addition to or in place of the hardware depicted. The depicted example is not meant to imply architectural limitations with respect to the present invention.

The data processing system 600 depicted in Figure 6 may be, for example, an IBM e-Server pSeries system, a product of International Business Machines Corporation in Armonk, New York, running the Advanced Interactive Executive (AIX) operating system or LINUX operating system.
The server 504 may provide a suitable website or other internet-based graphical user interface accessible by users to enable user interaction for aspects of an embodiment of the present invention. In one embodiment, a Netscape web server, IBM Websphere Internet tools suite, an IBM DB2-UDB database platform and a Sybase database platform may be used in conjunction with a Sun Solaris operating system platform. Additionally, components such as JBDC drivers, IBM connection pooling, and IBM MQ series connection methods may be used to provide data access to several sources. The term webpage as it is used herein is not meant to limit the type of documents and applications that might be used to interact with the user. For example, a typical website might include, in addition to standard HTML documents, various forms, Java applets, Javascript, active server pages (ASP), Java Server Pages (JSP), common gateway interface scripts (CGI), extensible markup language (XML), dynamic HTML, cascading style sheets (CSS), helper applications, plug-ins, and the like.

With reference now to Figure 7, a block diagram illustrating a data processing system 700 is depicted in which aspects of an embodiment of the invention may be implemented. The data processing system 700 is an example of a client computer. The data processing system 700 employs a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) local bus architecture. Although the depicted example employs a PCI bus, other bus architectures such as Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) and Industry Standard Architecture (ISA) may be used. A processor 702 and a main memory 704 are connected to a PCI local bus 706 through a PCI bridge 708. The PCI bridge 708 also may include an integrated memory controller and cache memory for the processor 702. Additional connections to the PCI local bus 706 may be made through direct component interconnection or through add-in boards. In the depicted example, a local area network (LAN) adapter 710, a small computer system interface (SCSI) host bus adapter 712, and an expansion bus interface 714 are connected to the PCI local bus 706 by direct component connection. An audio adapter 716, a graphics adapter 718, and an audio/video adapter 719 are connected to the PCI local bus 706 by add-in boards inserted into expansion slots. A display 740 may be coupled to the adapter 719.

The expansion bus interface 714 provides a connection for a keyboard and mouse adapter 720, a modem 722, and additional memory 724. The SCSI host bus adapter 712 provides a connection for a hard disk drive 726, a tape drive 728, and a CD-ROM drive 730.
Typical PCI local bus implementations will support three or four PCI expansion slots or add-in connectors.

An operating system runs on the processor 702 and is used to coordinate and provide control of various components within the data processing system 700 in Figure 7. The operating system may be a commercially available operating system, such as Windows XP®, which is available from Microsoft Corporation. An object oriented programming system such as Java may run in conjunction with the operating system and provide calls to the operating system from Java programs or applications executing on the data processing system 700. "Java" is a trademark of Sun Microsystems, Inc. Instructions for the operating system, the object-oriented operating system, and applications or programs are located on storage devices, such as the hard disk drive 726, and may be loaded into the main memory 704 for execution by the processor 702.

Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the hardware in Figure 7 may vary depending on the implementation. Other internal hardware or peripheral devices, such as flash ROM (or equivalent nonvolatile memory) or optical disk drives and the like, may be used in addition to or in place of the hardware depicted in Figure 7. Also, the processes of the present invention may be applied to a multiprocessor data processing system.

As another example, the data processing system 700 may be a stand-alone system configured to be bootable without relying on some type of network communication interface, whether or not the data processing system 700 comprises some type of network communication interface. As a further example, the data processing system 700 may be a device configured with ROM and/or flash ROM in order to provide non-volatile memory for storing operating system files and/or user-generated data.

The depicted example in Figure 7 and above-described examples are not meant to imply architectural limitations. The present invention may reside on any data storage medium (i.e., floppy disk, compact disk, hard disk, tape, ROM, RAM, etc.) used by a computer system. (The terms "computer," "system," "computer system," and "data processing system" and are used interchangeably herein.)

As will be appreciated by one skilled in the art, aspects of the present invention may be embodied as a system, method, or program product. Accordingly, aspects of the present
invention may take the form of an entirely hardware embodiment, an entirely software embodiment (including firmware, resident software, micro-code, etc.) or an embodiment combining software and hardware aspects that may all generally be referred to herein as a "circuit," "module," or "system." Furthermore, aspects of the present invention may take the form of a program product embodied in one or more computer readable medium(s) having computer readable program code embodied thereon.

Any combination of one or more computer readable medium(s) may be utilized. The computer readable medium may be a computer readable signal medium or a computer readable storage medium. A computer readable storage medium may be, for example, but not limited to, an electronic, magnetic, optical, biological, electromagnetic, infrared, or semiconductor system, apparatus, or device, or any suitable combination of the foregoing. More specific examples (a non-exhaustive list) of the computer readable storage medium would include the following: an electrical connection having one or more wires, a portable computer diskette, a hard disk, a random access memory (RAM), a read-only memory (ROM), an erasable programmable read-only memory (EPROM or Flash memory), an optical fiber, a portable compact disc read-only memory (CD-ROM), an optical storage device, a magnetic storage device, or any suitable combination of the foregoing. In the context of this document, a computer readable storage medium may be any tangible medium that can contain, or store a program for use by or in connection with an instruction execution system, apparatus, or device.

A computer readable signal medium may include a propagated data signal with computer readable program code embodied therein, for example, in baseband or as part of a carrier wave. Such a propagated signal may take any of a variety of forms, including, but not limited to, electro-magnetic, optical, or any suitable combination thereof. A computer readable signal medium may be any computer readable medium that is not a computer readable storage medium and that can communicate, propagate, or transport a program for use by or in connection with an instruction execution system, apparatus, or device.

Program code embodied on a computer readable medium may be transmitted using any appropriate medium, including but not limited to wireless, wireline, optical fiber cable, RF, etc., or any suitable combination of the foregoing.
Computer program code for carrying out operations for aspects of the present invention may be written in any combination of one or more programming languages, including an object-oriented programming language such as Java, Smalltalk, C++, or the like, and conventional procedural programming languages, such as the "C" programming language or similar programming languages. The program code may execute entirely on the user's computer, partly on the user's computer, as a stand-alone software package, partly on the user's computer and partly on a remote computer, or entirely on the remote computer or server. In the latter scenario, the remote computer may be connected to the user's computer through any type of network, including a local area network (LAN) or a wide area network (WAN), or the connection may be made to an external computer (for example, through the Internet using an Internet Service Provider).

Aspects of the present invention are described below with reference to flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams of methods, apparatus (systems), and program products according to embodiments of the invention. It will be understood that each block of the flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams, and combinations of blocks in the flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams, can be implemented by program instructions. These program instructions may be provided to a processor of a general purpose computer, special purpose computer, or other programmable data processing apparatus to produce a machine, such that the instructions, which execute via the processor of the computer or other programmable data processing apparatus, create means for implementing the functions/acts specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks.

These program instructions may also be stored in a computer readable medium that can direct a computer, other programmable data processing apparatus, or other devices to function in a particular manner, such that the instructions stored in the computer readable medium produce an article of manufacture including instructions which implement the function/act specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks.

The program instructions may also be loaded onto a computer, other programmable data processing apparatus, or other devices to cause a series of operational steps to be performed on the computer, other programmable apparatus or other devices to produce a computer implemented process such that the instructions which execute on the computer or
other programmable apparatus provide processes for implementing the functions/acts specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks.

One or more databases may be included in a host for storing and providing access to data for the various implementations. One skilled in the art will also appreciate that, for security reasons, any databases, systems, or components of the present invention may include any combination of databases or components at a single location or at multiple locations, wherein each database or system includes any of various suitable security features, such as firewalls, access codes, encryption, de-encryption, and the like.

The database may be any type of database, such as relational, hierarchical, object-oriented, and/or the like. Common database products that may be used to implement the databases include DB2 by IBM (White Plains, NY), any of the database products available from Oracle Corporation (Redwood Shores, CA), Microsoft Access by Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, Washington), or any other database product. The database may be organized in any suitable manner, including as data tables or lookup tables.

Association of certain data may be accomplished through any data association technique known and practiced in the art. For example, the association may be accomplished either manually or automatically. Automatic association techniques may include, for example, a database search, a database merge, GREP, AGREP, SQL, and/or the like. The association step may be accomplished by a database merge function, for example, using a key field in each of the manufacturer and retailer data tables. A key field partitions the database according to the high-level class of objects defined by the key field. For example, a certain class may be designated as a key field in both the first data table and the second data table, and the two data tables may then be merged on the basis of the class data in the key field. In this embodiment, the data corresponding to the key field in each of the merged data tables is preferably the same. However, data tables having similar, though not identical, data in the key fields may also be merged by using AGREP, for example.

The flowcharts and block diagrams in the figures illustrate the architecture, functionality, and operation of possible implementations of systems, methods and program products according to various embodiments of the present invention. In this regard, each block in the flowcharts or block diagrams may represent a module, segment, or portion of code,
which comprises one or more executable instructions for implementing the specified logical function(s). It should also be noted that, in some alternative implementations, the functions noted in the block may occur out of the order noted in the figures. For example, two blocks shown in succession may, in fact, be executed substantially concurrently, or the blocks may sometimes be executed in the reverse order, depending upon the functionality involved. It will also be noted that each block of the block diagrams and/or flowchart illustration, and combinations of blocks in the block diagrams and/or flowchart illustration, can be implemented by special purpose hardware-based systems that perform the specified functions or acts, or combinations of special purpose hardware and computer instructions. For example, a module may be implemented as a hardware circuit comprising custom VLSI circuits or gate arrays, off-the-shelf semiconductors such as logic chips, transistors, or other discrete components. A module may also be implemented in programmable hardware devices such as field programmable gate arrays, programmable array logic, programmable logic devices or the like.

Modules implemented in software for execution by various types of processors may, for instance, comprise one or more physical or logical blocks of computer instructions which may, for instance, be organized as an object, procedure, or function. Nevertheless, the executables of an identified module need not be physically located together, but may comprise disparate instructions stored in different locations which, when joined logically together, comprise the module and achieve the stated purpose for the module. Indeed, a module of executable code may be a single instruction, or many instructions, and may even be distributed over several different code segments, among different programs, and across several memory devices. Similarly, operational data may be identified and illustrated herein within modules, and may be embodied in any suitable form and organized within any suitable type of data structure. The operational data may be collected as a single data set, or may be distributed over different locations including over different storage devices, and may exist, at least partially, merely as electronic signals on a system or network.

Reference throughout this specification to "one embodiment," "an embodiment," or similar language means that a particular feature, structure, or characteristic described in connection with the embodiment is included in at least one embodiment of the present invention. Thus, appearances of the phrases "in one embodiment," "in an embodiment," and
similar language throughout this specification may, but do not necessarily, all refer to the same embodiment.

Furthermore, the described features, structures, or characteristics of the invention may be combined in any suitable manner in one or more embodiments. In the descriptions herein, numerous specific details are provided, such as examples of programming, software modules, user selections, network transactions, database queries, database structures, hardware modules, hardware circuits, hardware chips, etc., to provide a thorough understanding of embodiments of the invention. One skilled in the relevant art will recognize, however, that the invention may be practiced without one or more of the specific details, or with other methods, components, materials, and so forth. In other instances, well-known structures, materials, or operations are not shown or described in detail to avoid obscuring aspects of the invention.

Those skilled in the art having read this disclosure will recognize that changes and modifications may be made to the embodiments without departing from the scope of the present invention.

It should be appreciated that the particular implementations shown and described herein are illustrative of the invention and its best mode and are not intended to otherwise limit the scope of the present invention in any way. Other variations are within the scope of the following claims.

While this specification contains many specifics, these should not be construed as limitations on the scope of the invention or of what can be claimed, but rather as descriptions of features specific to particular implementations of the invention. Certain features that are described in this specification in the context of separate implementations can also be implemented in combination in a single implementation. Conversely, various features that are described in the context of a single implementation can also be implemented in multiple implementations separately or in any suitable subcombination. Moreover, although features can be described above as acting in certain combinations and even initially claimed as such, one or more features from a claimed combination can in some cases be excised from the combination, and the claimed combination can be directed to a subcombination or variation of a subcombination.
Similarly, while operations are depicted in the drawings in a particular order, this should not be understood as requiring that such operations be performed in the particular order shown or in sequential order, or that all illustrated operations be performed, to achieve desirable results. In certain circumstances, multitasking and parallel processing can be advantageous. Moreover, the separation of various system components in the implementations described above should not be understood as requiring such separation in all implementations, and it should be understood that the described program components and systems can generally be integrated together in a single software product or packaged into multiple software products.

As used herein, the terms comprises, comprising, or any other variation thereof, are intended to cover a non-exclusive inclusion, such that a process, method, article, or apparatus that comprises a list of elements does not include only those elements but may include other elements not expressly listed or inherent to such process, method, article, or apparatus. Further, no element described herein is required for the practice of the invention unless expressly described as essential or critical.

Headings or titles herein are not intended to limit the invention, embodiments of the invention or other matter disclosed under the headings.

The terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting of the invention. As used herein, the singular forms "a", "an" and "the" are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. It will be further understood that the terms "comprises" and/or "comprising," when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or components, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, operations, elements, components, and/or groups thereof.

The corresponding structures, materials, acts, and equivalents of all means or step plus function elements in the claims below are intended to include any structure, material, or act for performing the function in combination with other claimed elements as specifically claimed.

The description of the present invention has been presented for purposes of illustration and description, but is not intended to be exhaustive or limited to the invention in the form disclosed. Many modifications and variations will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the
art without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention. The embodiment was chosen and described in order to best explain the principles of the invention and the practical application, and to enable others of ordinary skill in the art to understand the invention for various embodiments with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.
What is claimed is:

1. A system comprising:
   a reduced emission apparatus connected to a vehicle and configured to operate the vehicle in a reduced emission mode;
   a data acquisition apparatus connected to the vehicle and configured to acquire data pertaining to operation of the vehicle; and
   a control logic apparatus connected to the vehicle and coupled to the reduced emission apparatus and the data acquisition apparatus, the control logic apparatus configured to encourage operation of the vehicle in the reduced emission mode by the reduced emission apparatus in response to an analysis of the data pertaining to the operation of the vehicle by the data acquisition apparatus.

2. The system of claim 1, wherein the system further comprises a security device for the reduced emission apparatus and the data acquisition apparatus, wherein the security device is configured to prevent removal or disablement of the reduced emission apparatus or data acquisition apparatus, wherein the data acquisition apparatus is configured to communicate data for emission credits, the credits being based on vehicle operation in the reduced emission mode, and wherein the credits from operating the reduced emission apparatus apply to resources for deploying the reduced emission apparatus.

3. The system of claim 2, comprising a global positioning system coupled to the vehicle configured to communicate a location of the vehicle to a remote location, wherein the security device is configured to prevent removal of the global positioning system and from interrupting broadcasting of the location of the vehicle by the global positioning system.

4. The system of claim 3, wherein communicating the location of the vehicle to a remote location includes communicating to a mobile tracking device, so that the mobile tracking device can be used to retrieve the vehicle.

5. The system of claim 1, wherein the control logic apparatus is configured to charge batteries used for energizing an electric motor that is configured to propel the vehicle when the data acquisition system receives data from a global positioning system that the vehicle is
within a specified distance from a geographic area designated as restricting vehicle emissions beyond a threshold level.

6. The system of claim 1, wherein the control logic apparatus is configured to prevent starting of an internal combustion engine that propels the vehicle when the vehicle is located within a specified geographic area.

7. The system of claim 6, wherein the specified geographic area is designated as restricting vehicle emissions beyond a threshold level.

8. The system of claim 1, wherein the reduced emission mode comprises the vehicle producing less noise during operation.

9. The system of claim 1, wherein the control logic apparatus displays one or more routes the vehicle can travel to increase operation in the reduced emission mode.

10. A method for operating a vehicle comprising:
    acquiring, by a data acquisition apparatus, data pertaining to operation of the vehicle; and
    encouraging operation of the vehicle in a reduced emission mode, by a reduced emission apparatus, in response to an analysis of the data pertaining to the operation of the vehicle.

11. The method of claim 10, further comprising preventing removal or disablement of the reduced emission apparatus or data acquisition apparatus, wherein the data acquisition apparatus is configured to communicate data for emission credits, the credits being based on vehicle operation in the reduced emission mode, and wherein the credits from operating the reduced emission apparatus apply to resources for deploying the reduced emission apparatus.

12. The method of claim 11, comprising communicating from a global positioning system coupled to the vehicle a location of the vehicle, wherein the security device is configured to prevent removal of the global positioning system and from interrupting broadcasting of the location of the vehicle by the global positioning system.

13. The method of claim 10, further comprising charging batteries used for energizing an electric motor that is configured to propel the vehicle when the data acquisition system
receives data from a global positioning system that the vehicle is within a specified distance from a geographic area designated as restricting vehicle emissions beyond a threshold level.

14. The method of claim 10, further comprising preventing starting of an internal combustion engine that propels the vehicle when the vehicle is located within a specified geographic area.

15. The method of claim 14, wherein the specified geographic area is designated as restricting vehicle emissions beyond a threshold level.

16. The method of claim 10, wherein the reduced emission mode comprises the vehicle producing less noise during operation.

17. The method of claim 10, displaying to an operator of the vehicle one or more routes the vehicle can travel to increase operation in the reduced emission mode.
Retrofit reduced emission apparatus to vehicle, such that the vehicle enabled to operate in reduced emission mode by use of the reduced emission apparatus. 410

RE apparatus financed for borrower by lender. 412

Mount data acquisition apparatus on vehicle. 414

Configure data acquisition apparatus to acquire data relating to operation of vehicle. 416

Provide security for reduced emission apparatus and vehicle-mounted data acquisition apparatus. 418

Configure to prevent borrower from removing reduced emission apparatus and data acquisition apparatus. 420

Configure data acquisition apparatus to communicate data for lender emission credits. 422

Operate vehicle in reduced emission mode. 424

Configure data acquisition apparatus such that it communicates data for credits based on vehicle operation in reduced emission mode. 426

TO FIG. 4B

FIG. 4A
FROM FIG. 4A

Apply credits from operating reduced emission apparatus to resources for deploying the reduced emission apparatus. 428

Mount global positioning system is on vehicle. 430

Configure GPS to communicate the location of the vehicle to a remote location. 432

Configure reduced emission apparatus to prevent borrower from removing the GPS and from interrupting broadcasting of the vehicle location by GPS. 434

GPS communicates to mobile tracking device of lender, so that lender can use the mobile tracking device to retrieve the vehicle. 436

Configure vehicle-mounted data acquisition apparatus such that it notifies remotely located apparatus responsive to vehicle-mounted data acquisition apparatus receiving indication of tampering from security means. 438

FIG. 4B
Configure control logic in controller for energizing heater via source responsive to detecting that ICE is running and that sensor indicates filter temperature is below a predetermined desirable operating temperature. 465

In operation, filter is heated to a desirable high operating temperature for processing exhaust during ICE operation even if the heat of the ICE exhaust has not yet caused filter to reach that desirable minimum operating temperature. 470

Mount sensor and heater on or near filter. 450

Supply heater by source. 455

Configure sensor for measuring an operating temperature of filter and communicating the temperature to controller. 460.
FIG. 5
FIG. 6

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)
**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

**INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION**

**Application No.**
PCT/US2010/047819

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER**

**IPC(8) - B60L 11/00 (2010.01)**

**USPC - 701/22**

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

**B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

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<th>USPC -</th>
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**C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category*</th>
<th>Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages</th>
<th>Relevant to claim No.</th>
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<td>X</td>
<td>unw 1 297 982 A2 (SHIDDA et al) 02 April 2003 (02.04.2003) entire document</td>
<td>1, 5-7, 10, 13-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y</td>
<td>US 7,551,064 B2 (PUDELKO et al) 23 June 2009 (23.06.2009) entire document</td>
<td>2-4, 8, 9, 11, 12, 16, 17</td>
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

**D. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

- **"A"** document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- **"B"** earlier application or patent published on or after the international filing date
- **"C"** document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another claim or other special reason (as specified)
- **"D"** document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- **"E"** document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed
- **"F"** later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- **"G"** document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- **"H"** document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
- **"I"** document member of the same patent family

**Date of actual completion of the international search**
19 October 2010

**Date of mailing of the international search report**
28 OCT 2010

**Name and mailing address of the ISA/US**

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**PCT OSP:** 571-272-7774

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