

US007285003B2

# (12) United States Patent

### Cairns et al.

# (10) Patent No.: US 7,285,003 B2 (45) Date of Patent: Oct. 23, 2007

(54)	) HARSH ENVIRONMENT CONNECTOR					
	INCLUDING END CAP AND LATCHING					
	FEATURES AND ASSOCIATED METHODS					

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(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this

patent is extended or adjusted under 35

U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

- (21) Appl. No.: 11/323,089
- (22) Filed: Dec. 30, 2005
- (65) Prior Publication Data

US 2007/0155248 A1 Jul. 5, 2007

(51) Int. Cl.

**H01R 13/627** (2006.01)

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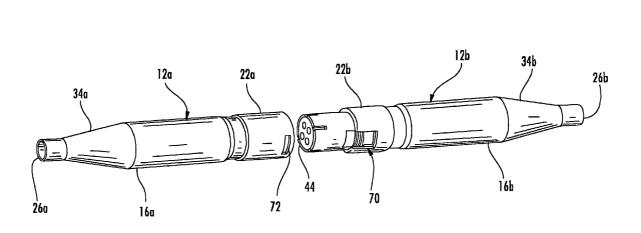
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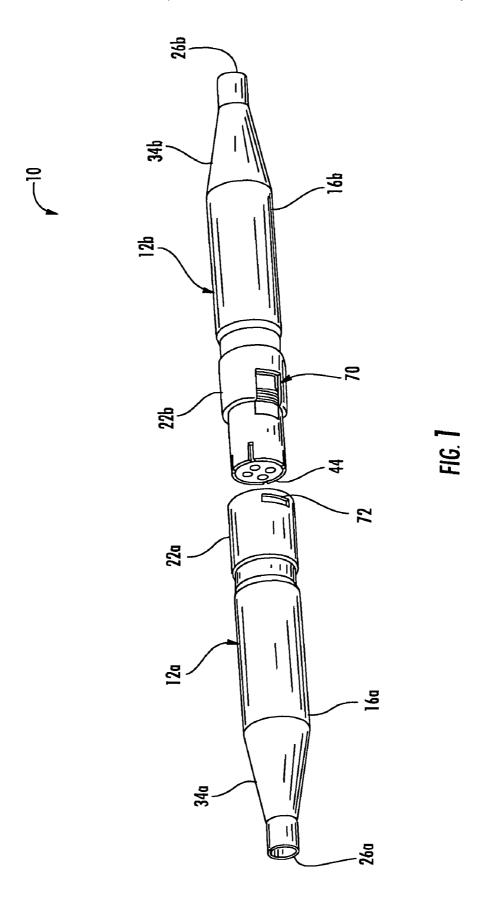
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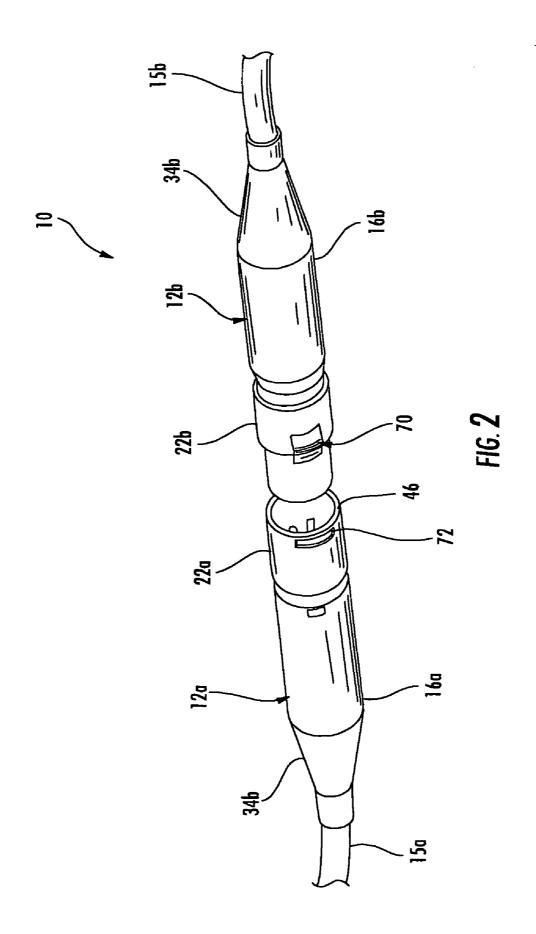
### (57) ABSTRACT

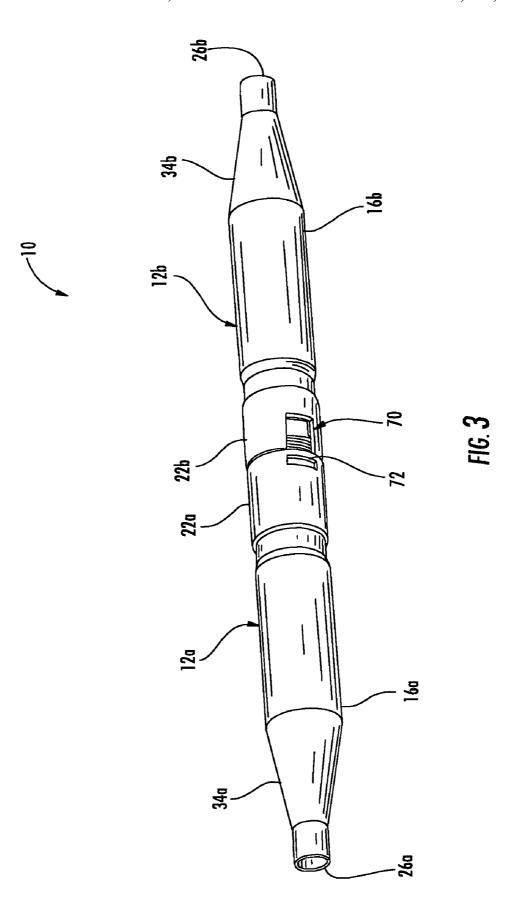
A connector, such as for harsh environments, may include first and second connector portions being movable between unmated and mated positions. The first connector portion may include a first base, at least one male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the at least one male contact. The second connector portion may include a second base, at least one female contact carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a bladder carried by the second base and surrounding the at least one female contact. The second connector portion may further include an end cap having at least one passageway therein for retaining and aligning end portions of the bladder opposite the second base, and a second shell carried by the second base and surrounding the bladder and the end cap. The end cap and adjacent portions of the second shell may include respective mating portions to provide a snap fit engagement therebetween. The end cap may include an integrally formed monolithic body. A manual release latch and corresponding latch opening may be provided in the connector shells.

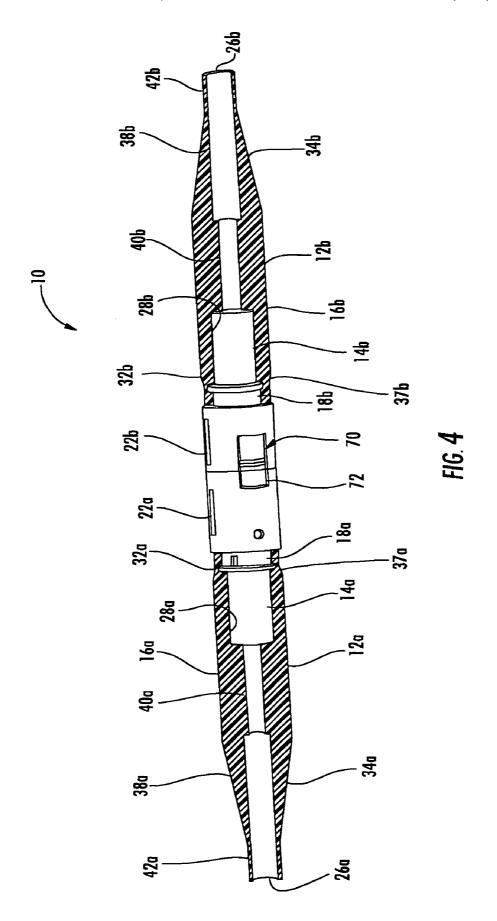
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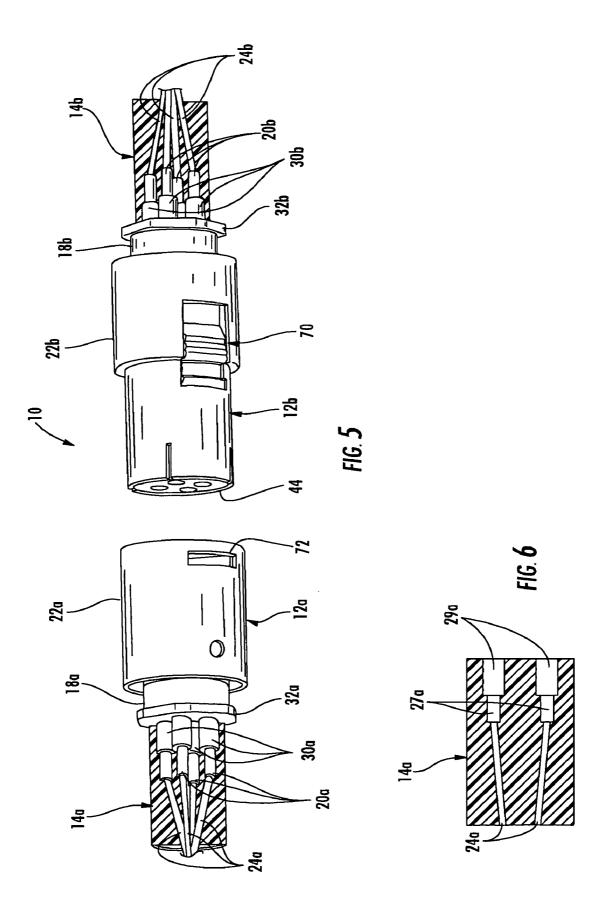


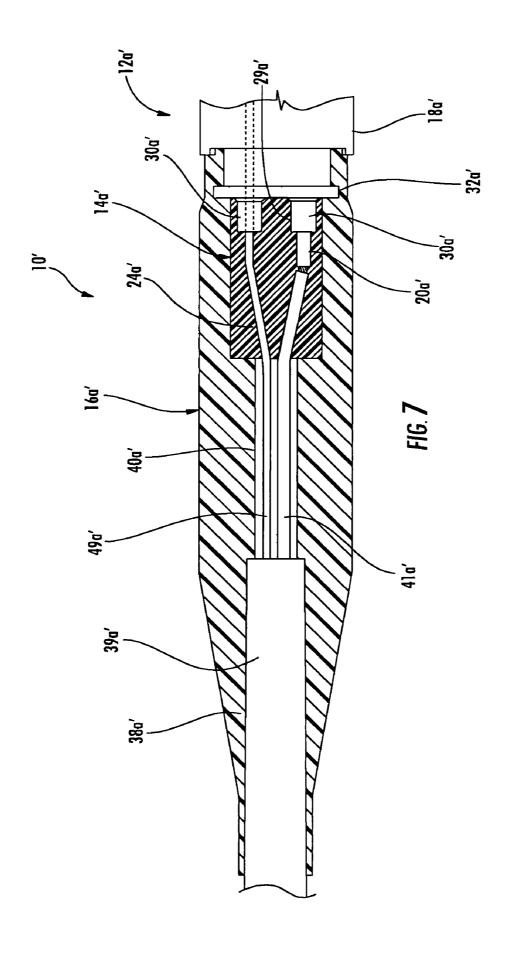


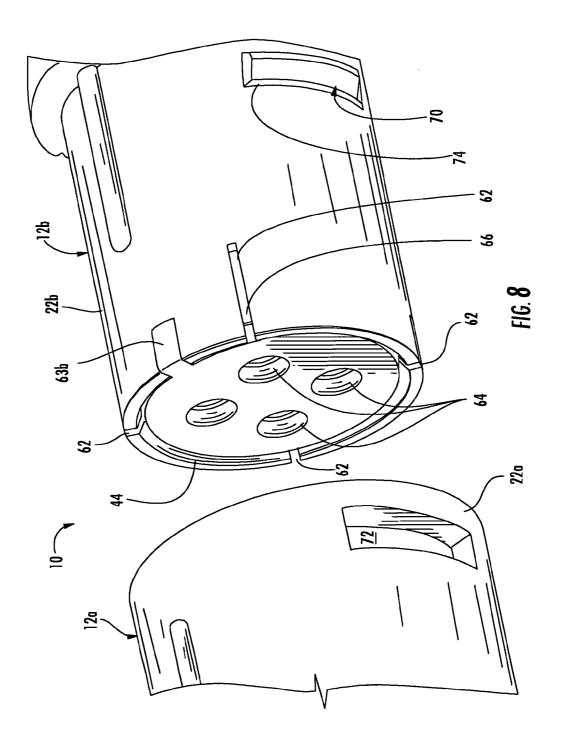


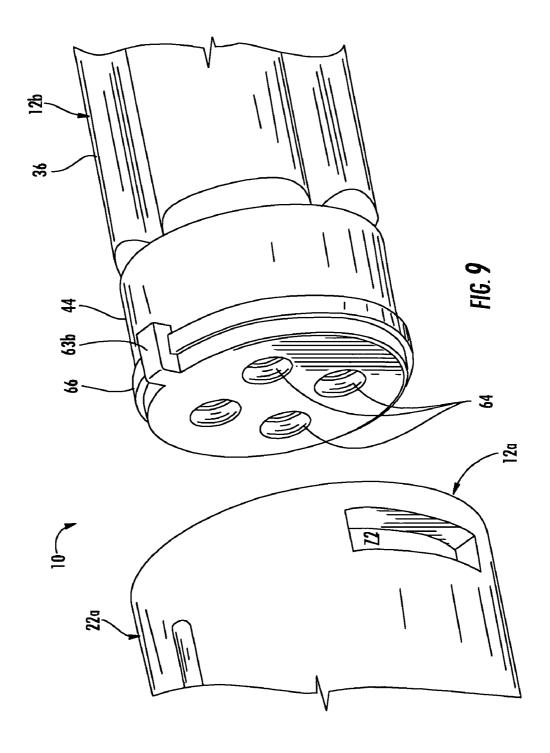


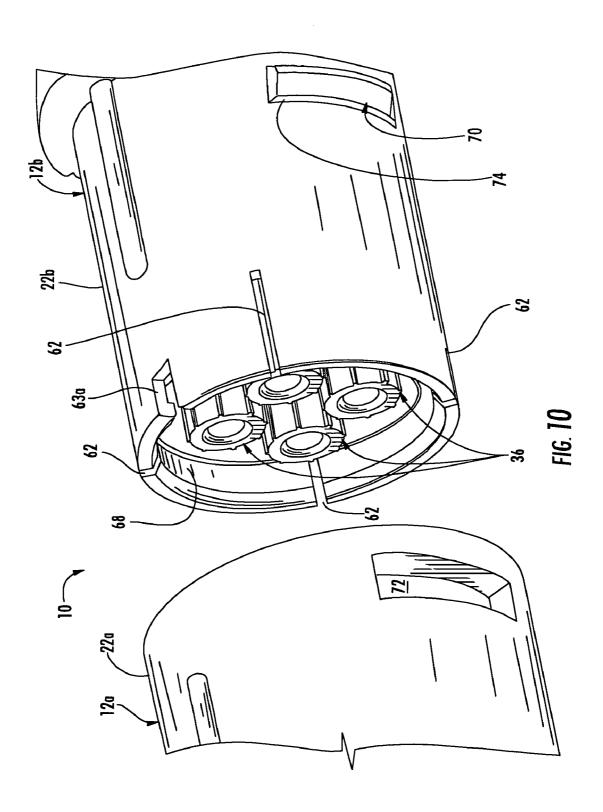


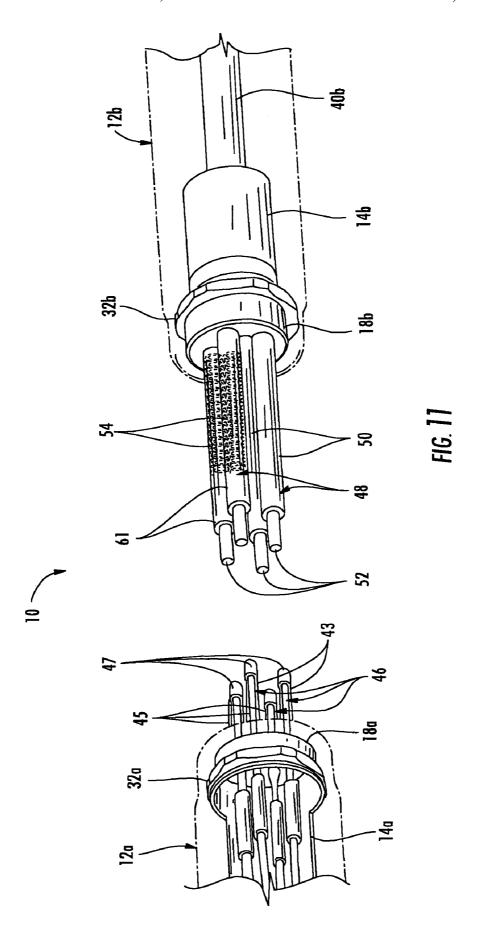


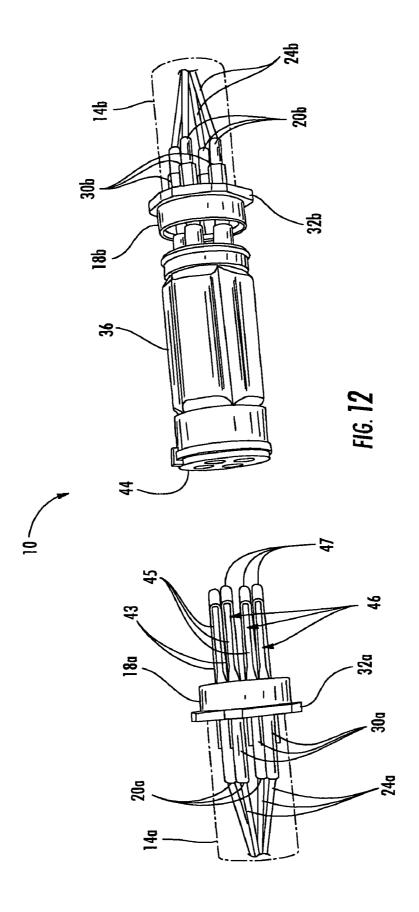


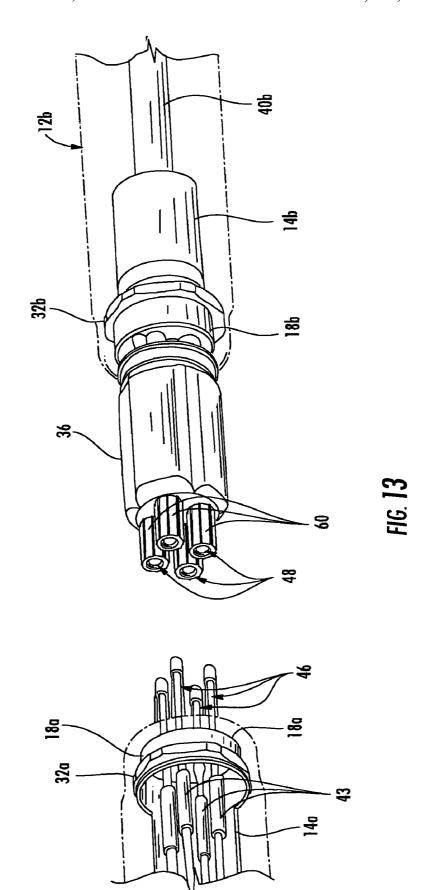


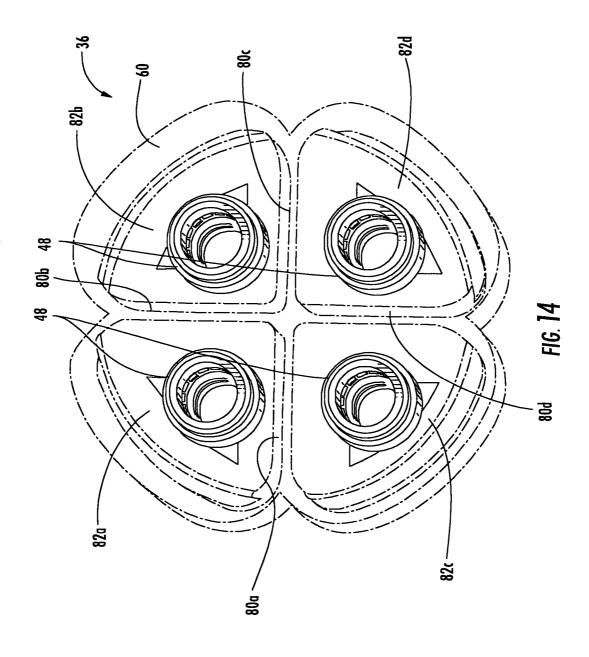


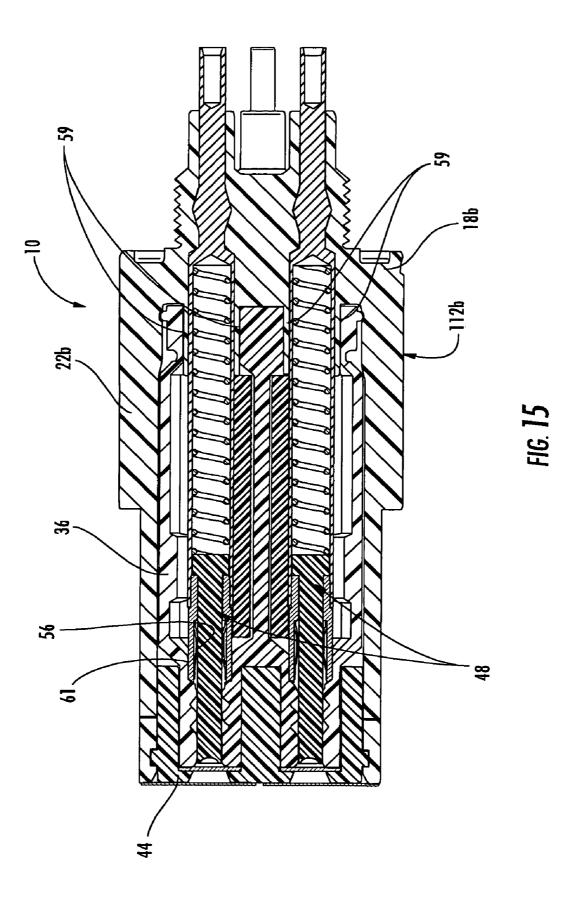


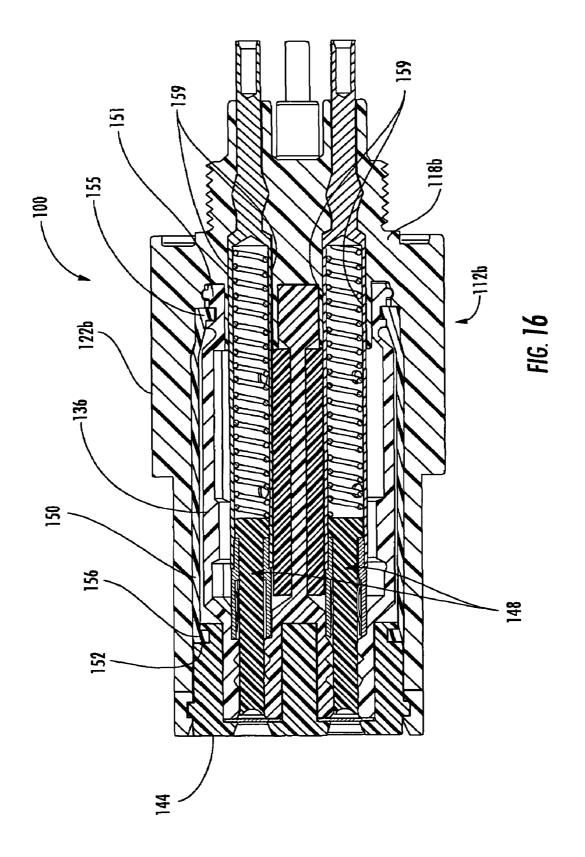


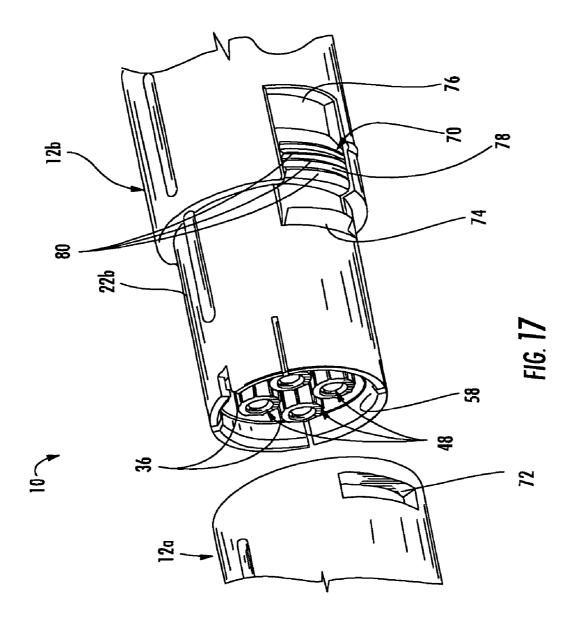












# HARSH ENVIRONMENT CONNECTOR INCLUDING END CAP AND LATCHING FEATURES AND ASSOCIATED METHODS

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to the field of cable connectors, and, more particularly, to cable connectors and related methods such as for harsh environments.

# BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Underwater cables are commonly used to carry electrical power and/or telecommunications traffic. There is also typically a need to make connections between adjacent cable 15 ends, or between a cable end and associated equipment, for example. Accordingly, there are also cable connectors for such harsh or underwater, high pressure environments. Such cable connectors not only have to operate under extreme mateable while submerged, that is, wet-mateable. A submersible robotic device may also typically be used to mate the wet-mateable cable connector portions, and such a robotic device may be limited in the types of movements and forces it is capable of generating.

The assignee of the present invention, Ocean Design, Inc. of Ormond Beach, Fla., has developed various significant improvements in wet-mateable connectors as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,948,377; 5,162,617; 5,194,012; 5,203,805; 5,645,438; 5,645,442; 5,772,457; 5,722,842; 5,873,750; 30 6,017,227; 6,067,395; 6,315,461; 6,332,787; 6,464,405; 6,736,545; 6,796,821; and 6,910,910, for example. The entire content of each of these patents is incorporated herein by reference.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,315,461, for example, discloses a wet- 35 mateable connector comprising first and second connector portions being movable between unmated and mated positions. In addition, the connector also includes first and second tubular bladders in respective connector portions and cooperating therewith so that opposing ends of the tubular 40 bladders are urged together and moved from a closed to an open position as the connector portions are moved from the unmated to the mated position. More particularly, the first connector portion includes a first tubular shell including interior portions defining a fixed oval constriction. The 45 second connector portion comprises a second tubular shell and an actuator slidable therein and defining a slidable oval constriction. The second tubular bladder is extended longitudinally beyond the slidable and fixed oval constrictions and into the interior of the first shell when the connector 50 portions are moved to the mated position. Accordingly, the bladders are in the open position, yet providing a seal therebetween to surrounding water, to permit engagement of contacts when mated. Conversely, the bladders are closed to seal the respective contacts from the surrounding water 55 when in the unmated position. Commercial versions of this wet-mateable connector are offered from Ocean Design, Inc. of Ormond Beach, Fla. under the designation I-CONN<sup>TM</sup>.

Another line of wet-mateable connectors is also offered by Ocean Design, Inc. of Ormond Beach, Fla. under the 60 designation Nautilus™. For example, U.S. Pat. No. 5,203, 805 discloses features of this connector. The Nautilus<sup>TM</sup> connector includes first and second connector portions movable between unmated and mated positions. The first connector portion comprises a first base, male contacts carried 65 by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the male

contacts. The second connector portion comprises a second base, and female contacts carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom. Individual bladders surround each female contact, and an overall bladder surrounds all of the individual bladders. This provides two bladder chambers surrounding each female contact. A second shell is carried by the second base and surrounds the bladders. The Nautilus $^{\text{TM}}$  connector also includes an end cap that is carried by a pair of oppositely positioned stalks that extend out-10 wardly from the base. Moreover, the end cap includes several component parts to be manufactured and assembled.

Despite continuing developments in harsh environment connector technology, it may still be desirable to reduce part counts/simplify manufacturing for such connectors and while maintaining a high degree of reliability.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In view of the foregoing background, it is therefore an conditions, but for some applications they may need to be 20 object of the invention to provide a connector that is more readily manufactured and still reliable in service.

This and other objects, features, and advantages in accordance with the invention are provided by a connector including first and second connector portions being movable between unmated and mated positions, and wherein the end cap serves to retain and align end portions of a bladder. More particularly, the first connector portion may include a first base, at least one male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the male contact. The second connector portion may include a second base, at least one female contact carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a bladder carried by the second base and surrounding the at least one female contact. The second connector portion may further include the end cap having at least one passageway therein for retaining and aligning end portions of the bladder opposite the second base, and the second shell carried by the second base and surrounding the bladder and the end cap.

The end cap and adjacent portions of the second shell may comprise respective mating portions to provide a snap fit engagement therebetween. For example, the end cap may comprise an enlarged diameter flange and the second shell may have a recess for receiving the enlarged diameter flange therein. The snap fit engagement may provide for more efficient assembly during manufacturing.

In accordance with another advantageous feature, the end cap may comprise a monolithic body, such as an integrally molded monolithic body. For example, the integrally molded monolithic body may have a disk shape.

The female contact may comprise a guide tube, a moveable stopper received in an end of the guide tube, and a spring urging the stopper toward the end of the guide tube. The female contact may further comprise a contact band received in the end of the guide tube. The male contact may comprise an electrically conductive member and a dielectric layer surrounding a portion thereof to define an electrically conductive tip.

A method aspect is directed to making a connector that may comprise first and second connector portions being movable between unmated and mated positions. The method may comprise forming the first connector portion to include a first base, a male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the male contact. The method may also comprise forming the second connector portion to include a second base, a female contact carried by the

second base and extending outwardly therefrom, a bladder carried by the second base and surrounding the female contact, an end cap having at least one passageway therein retaining and aligning end portions of the bladder opposite the second base, and a second shell carried by the second 5 base and surrounding the bladder and the end cap. The method may further comprise, when forming the second connector portion, forming the end cap and the adjacent portions of the second shell to include respective mating portions to provide a snap fit engagement therebetween. The 10 end cap may be an integrally formed monolithic body, such as having a disk shape.

Another aspect relates to latching of the first and second connector portions together. For example, the connector may include first and second connector portions being movable 15 between unmated and mated positions, wherein one of the first and second shells includes a manual release latch and the other has a corresponding latch opening therein. The manual release latch may include a fixed end, a cantilevered catch end and a medial release portion therebetween. The 20 cantilevered catch end may disengage the corresponding latch opening upon depression of the medial release portion. The medial release portion may extend radially outwardly beyond the fixed end and the cantilevered catch end. The medial release portion may have a series of grooves therein. 25 For a typical connector, the manual release latch may comprise a pair of manual release latches on opposing sides of its shell. Similarly, the latch opening may comprise a pair of latch openings on opposing sides of its shell.

A related method aspect is directed to making the connector and may include forming the first connector portion to include a first base, at least one male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the at least one male contact. The method may also comprise forming the 35 second connector portion to include a second base, at least one female contact carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom, a bladder carried by the second base and surrounding the at least one female contact, an end cap surrounding the bladder at end portions thereof opposite the 40 second base, and a second shell carried by the second base and surrounding the bladder and the end cap. The method may further comprise forming one of the first and second shells to include at least one manual release latch and the other shell to have at least one corresponding latch opening 45 therein. The method may also comprise forming the at least one manual release latch to include a fixed end, a cantilevered catch end and a medial release portion therebetween, the cantilevered catch end disengaging the corresponding latch opening upon depression of the medial release portion. 50

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- FIG. 1 is a side perspective view of the cable connector in accordance with the invention shown in the unmated  $_{55}$  position.
- FIG. 2 is a reverse side perspective view of the cable connector of FIG. 1.
- FIG. 3 is a side perspective view of the cable connector of FIG. 1 in the mated position.
- FIG. 4 is a side elevational view, partially in section, of the cable connector as shown in FIG. 3.
- FIG. 5 is an enlarged side elevational view, partially in section, of the cable connector of FIG. 1 with the elastomeric outer seal removed for clarity of explanation.
- FIG. 6 is an enlarged cross-sectional view of the elastomeric inner seal as shown in the cable connector of FIG. 5.

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- FIG. 7 is a side elevational view, partially in section, of a connector portion for a hybrid cable including an electrical and an optical cable member in accordance with an alternative embodiment of the invention.
- FIG. **8** is a greatly enlarged side perspective view of the mating portions of the cable connector of FIG. **1** illustrating the end cap.
- FIG. 9 is a side perspective view of the cable connector as shown in FIG. 8 with the second shell removed for clarity of explanation.
- FIG. 10 is a side perspective view of the cable connector as shown in FIG. 8 with the end cap removed for clarity of explanation.
- FIG. 11 is a side perspective view, partially in section, of the cable connector of FIG. 1 with some of the components removed for clarity of explanation.
- FIG. 12 is another side perspective view, partially in section, of the cable connector of FIG. 1 with others of the components removed for clarity of explanation.
- FIG. 13 is another side perspective view, partially in section, of the cable connector of FIG. 1 with others of the components removed for clarity of explanation.
- FIG. 14 is an enlarged transverse cross-sectional view of the single-level bladder of the connector of FIG. 1.
- FIG. 15 is a longitudinal cross-sectional view of the single-level bladder and connector portion as shown in FIG.
- FIG. **16** is a longitudinal cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a connector portion in accordance with the invention and including a dual-level bladder.
- FIG. 17 is an enlarged side perspective view, partially in section, of the mating portions of the cable connector of FIG. 1

# DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The invention will now be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which preferred embodiments of the invention are shown. This invention may, however, be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth herein. Rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope of the invention to those skilled in the art. Like numbers refer to like elements throughout.

Referring initially to FIGS. 1-6, a connector 10 and its sealing apparatus for harsh environments in accordance with the invention is now described. The connector 10 illustratively comprises first and second connector portions 12a, 12b being movable between unmated and mated positions as will be appreciated by those of skill in the art. Each connector portion 12a, 12b includes an elastomeric inner seal 14a, 14b and an elastomeric outer seal 16a, 16b surrounding the inner seal. More particularly, each connector portion 12a, 12b illustratively includes a base 18a, 18b, a plurality of electrical contacts 20a, 20b carried by the base and extending rearwardly therefrom, and a shell 22a, 22b 60 carried by the base and extending forwardly therefrom. Each base 18a, 18b also includes a plurality of dielectric nipples 30a, 30b through which the respective electrical contacts 20a, 20b extend. Each elastomeric inner seal 14a, 14b is positioned adjacent the respective base 18a, 18b on a rear

With particular reference to FIGS. 5 and 6, the elastomeric inner seal 14a has nipple passageways 29a for receiv-

ing respective nipples 30a therein, and has cable member passageways 24a, 24b for receiving the respective cable members therein. The cable member passageways 24a are in communication with the nipple passageways 29a. Intermediate diameter passageways 27a may be optionally provided to accommodate the electrical contacts 20a that may have a diameter between those of the cable member and nipple. In other embodiments, the cable member passageways 24a may simply stretch to accommodate the contacts 20a as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art.

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Each elastomeric outer seal **16***a*, **16***b* is carried by the base **18***a*, **18***b*, and has a cable-end passageway **26***a*, **26***b* therein. In addition, each elastomeric outer seal **16***a*, **16***b* may also have an inner seal passageway **28***a*, **28***b* therein aligned with the cable-end passageway **26***a*, **26***b* for receiving the elastomeric inner seal **14***a*, **14***b*. The combination of the elastomeric inner seal **14***a*, **14***b* and the elastomeric outer seal **16***a*, **16***b* provide an effective seal, such as against water ingress, and may also be readily assembled onto a cable end in the field, if desired.

The nipple passageways **29***a* may define a constrictive seal with the nipples **30***a* that is devoid of adhesive. The cable member passageways **24***a*, **24***b* and the cable members **20***a*, **20***b* may also define constrictive seals therebetween also devoid of adhesive as will be appreciated by those of 25 skill in the art to thereby facilitate field assembly and disassembly. Similarly, the inner seal passageway **28***a*, **28***b* and the elastomeric inner seal **14***a*, **14***b* may define a constrictive seal therebetween, such as also devoid of adhesive

Each base **18***a*, **18***b* includes a sealing flange **32***a*, **32***b*, and the elastomeric outer seal **16***a*, **16***b* may have a flange receiving recess **37***a*, **37***b* therein to define a constrictive seal with the sealing flange. As noted above, this seal may also be devoid of adhesive to facilitate field assembly and 35 disassembly.

In some embodiments as few as one pair of contacts may be used as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art. In the illustrated embodiment, the contacts 20a, 20b and associated nipples 30a, 30b comprise a plurality carried by the 40 base 18a, 18b in spaced apart relation. In these embodiments, the nipple passageways 29a, 29b include a plurality thereof corresponding to the plurality of contacts 20a, 20b. In addition, the cable member passageways 24a, 24b include a corresponding plurality thereof and these are arranged to 45 diverge outwardly in a direction toward the base 18a, 18b or, considered in other terms, toward a first open end of the elastomeric outer seal 16a, 16b that is adjacent the base.

Each cable-end passageway 26a, 26b also illustratively has an enlarged diameter end portion 38a, 38b and a reduced 50 diameter intermediate portion 40a, 40b. The enlarged diameter end portion 38a, 38b may constrictively seal against the jacket of the cable, while the intermediate reduced diameter portion 40a, 40b retains the inner members, for example, individual insulated wires, of the cable with the overall 55 jacket stripped back therefrom. This stepped configuration reduces unnecessary voids within the elastomeric outer seal 16a, 16b when a cable is inserted therein thereby reducing deformation of the elastomeric outer seal under pressure. In addition, each elastomeric outer seal 16a, 16b may have a 60 tapered outer shape 34a, 34b adjacent a cable-receiving end 42a, 42b thereof to provide greater flexibility adjacent the end.

Each elastomeric outer seal 16a, 16b and elastomeric inner seal 14a, 14b may comprise an elastomeric material, 65 such as natural rubber, for example, although other similar synthetic elastomeric materials may also be used as will be

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appreciated by those skilled in the art. As will also be appreciated by those skilled in the art, the sealing apparatus comprising the elastomeric inner and outer seals may be used with only a single connector portion in other embodiments. In other words, the sealing apparatus may be used between a cable end and any cable termination, such as the illustrated connector portion, or for a bulkhead connector etc. as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art. The sealing apparatus as described herein is readily assembled and/or disassembled in the field thereby overcoming the disadvantages of the prior art sealing arrangements, such as those requiring heat shrink materials or potted polyurethane, for example.

Referring now briefly to FIG. 7, another embodiment of a connector portion or cable termination 12a' including the sealing apparatus is now described that is used in combination with a hybrid fiber optic and electrical cable 39a'. For simplicity of explanation the hybrid cable 39a' illustratively includes a single electrical cable member 41a' and a single <sup>20</sup> optical fiber cable member **49**a' extending from the protective jacket as shown in the illustrated embodiment. Of interest, the optical fiber cable member 49a' extends through a passageway in the upper nipple 30a'. In contrast, the electrical cable member 41a' may be soldered to the contact 20a' carried by the lower nipple 30a'. As will be appreciated by those skilled in the art, the sealing apparatus provided by the illustrated elastomeric inner and outer seals 14a', 16a' may be used for many cable types including an all-fiber optic cable, for example. As will also be understood by those skilled in the art, the intermediate passageway 40a' surrounding the optical cable member 49a' and electrical cable member 41a' is likely to be much more closely fitting than shown in the drawing figure which is exaggerated for ease of explanation.

Referring now additionally to FIGS. 8-10, other features and advantages relating to the end cap 44 of the connector 10 are now described. A bladder 36 is carried by the second base 18b and surrounds the female contacts 48. The second connector portion 12b further includes the integrally molded, disk-shaped, monolithic end cap 44 that surrounds the bladder 36 at end portions thereof opposite the second base 18b. The second connector portion 12b also includes a second shell 22b carried by the second base 18b and surrounding the bladder 36 and the end cap 44.

The connector 10 may further comprise a dielectric, such as a silicone oil, contained within the bladder 36 as will be appreciated by those of skill in the art. The end cap 44 has a series of passageways 64 therein to surround the end portions of the bladder 36. More particularly, the end cap 44 may serve to retain and align the end portions of the bladder 36.

The integrally molded, disk-shaped, monolithic end cap 44 is in contrast to the multi-piece end cap assemblies, such as in prior art connectors. The end cap 44 may be readily manufactured using conventional plastic molding techniques, for example, as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art.

The end cap 44 is illustratively carried by adjacent portions of the second shell 22b. The end cap 44 and the adjacent portions of the second shell 22b may comprise respective mating portions to provide a snap fit engagement therebetween, for example, to facilitate assembly. The end cap 44 illustratively comprises an enlarged diameter flange 66, and the second shell 22b comprises a recess 68 for receiving the enlarged diameter flange therein in a snap fit engagement. The second shell 22b also includes a series of

circumferentially spaced slits 62 to provide resiliency for the snap fit engagement as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art.

A key alignment feature is also provided in the form of the tab 63b carried by the end cap 44 and a corresponding slot 5 63a formed in the second shell 22b. Of course, those skilled in the art will appreciate that other respective mating portions may be provided on the end cap 44 and second shell **22***b* to provide the snap fit engagement.

Referring now additionally to FIGS. 11-12, the female 10 contact 48 illustratively comprises a guide tube 50, a moveable stopper 52 received in an end of the guide tube, and a spring 54 urging the stopper toward the end of the guide tube. The female contact 48 also illustratively includes a band-seat 61. The band-seat 61 may surround a contact 15 band, not shown in FIGS. 11-12, but perhaps best shown and identified as contact band 56 in FIG. 15.

The male contact 46 may comprise a dielectric tube 43, and an electrically conductive member 45 extending therethrough and terminating beyond an end thereof to define an 20 electrically conductive tip 47 as will be appreciated by those of skill in the art. In other words, the electrically conductive member 45 may include a dielectric layer 43 surrounding a portion thereof to define an electrically conductive tip.

Referring now additionally to FIGS. 13-15, other features 25 and advantages of the connector 10 as related to the bladder 36 are now described. The second connector portion 12bfurther comprises the bladder 36 carried by the base 18b. Moreover, the bladder 36 is illustratively a single-level bladder. By single-level is meant that only a single dielectric 30 retaining chamber is defined around each female contact 48. The single-level bladder 36 comprises an outer wall 60 and at least one wall partition 80a-80d therein defining a respective single-level bladder chamber 82a-82d for each of the female contacts 48, for example. The outer wall 60 and the 35 at least one wall partition 80a-80d may be integrally formed as a monolithic unit. The end cap 44 surrounds the singlelevel bladder 36 at end portions thereof opposite the second base 18b. This single-level bladder 36 is less complex than prior art multi-level bladders, yet still provides reliable 40 sealing as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art. The structure of the end cap 44 in cooperation with the end seal portions of the bladder 36, provides improved positioning and sealing over the previous end-seal constructions of the Nautilus connectors as well as those manufactured by Tronic 45 of Cumbria, United Kingdom. It also obviates the need for redundant end-seals, such as incorporated into Tronic's outer bladder as will be appreciated by those skilled in the

Another aspect of the connector 10 is that the ends of the 50 bladder 36 adjacent the base 18b may also form effective constrictive seals with adjacent portions of the inwardly extending nipples 59 as perhaps best understood with reference to FIG. 15. The inwardly extending nipples 59 are aligned with the respective female contacts 48 as will be 55 release latching configuration is described for the first and appreciated by those skilled in the art.

The prior art Nautilus outer bladder was added to enclose a benign outer environment for the inner bladders in case of flaws in the inner bladder walls. The wall thickness, and hence durability of the Nautilus inner bladders may be 60 difficult to verify, rendering them potentially fragile. The present monolithic multi-chambered, single-level bladder 36 reduces the chambers' area exposed to the outer environment by much more than half compared to previous constructions. One reduction comes from the shared inner 65 partitions. The other reduction comes from the foreshortening offered by the internal nipples 59. The multi-chambered

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monolithic, single-level bladder 36 may be correspondingly more reliable than those of either the Tronic or Nautilus prior art connectors, and therefore may not have the same need for protection. The internal partitions serve to keep the chambers of the bladder 36 axially aligned, and reduce the tendency squirm out of position present in other constructions as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art.

Referring now additionally to FIG. 16 another aspect of the invention relates to dual-level bladder connector 100. The connector 100 may include first and second connector portions movable between unmated and mated positions as described above. As also described above, the first connector portion may comprise a first base, at least one male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the at least one male contact. The second connector portion 112b is illustrated in FIG. 16 and includes a second base 118b, a plurality of female contacts 148 carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom, an inner bladder 136 carried by the second base surrounding the female contacts. and an end cap 144 defining a seal to end portions of the inner bladder opposite the second base.

The second connector portion 112b also illustratively includes an outer bladder 150 surrounding the inner bladder 136, and a second shell 122b carried by the second base 118b and surrounding the outer bladder and the end cap 144. The outer bladder 150 defines a first seal with the inner bladder 136 adjacent the base 118b and defines a second seal with the end cap 144. The inner bladder 136 illustratively has a first recess 151 on an outer surface thereof, and the outer bladder 150 comprises a first inwardly extending flange 155 received in the first recess to define the first seal. Similarly, the end cap 144 illustratively has a second recess 152 on an outer surface thereof, and the outer bladder 150 comprises a second inwardly extending flange 156 received in the second recess to define the second seal.

The second shell 122b also illustratively comprises respective inner surface portions urging the first and second inwardly extending flanges into the respective first and second recesses. The outer bladder 150 creates a second oil chamber around the inner bladder 136 and the inner bladder ends are sealed into the end cap 144 to contain the outer oil volume. The distal ends of the outer bladder 150 are locked and captured into the end cap 144 and adjacent portions of the shell 122b, and the proximal ends of the outer bladder are locked and sealed into the inner bladder 136 and adjacent portions of the shell.

Another aspect of the connector 100 is that the ends of the inner bladder 136 adjacent the base 118b may also form effective constrictive seals with adjacent portions of the inwardly extending nipples 159. The inwardly extending nipples 159 are aligned with the respective female contacts 148 as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art.

Now with additional reference to FIG. 17, a manual second shells 22a, 22b. In the illustrated embodiment, the second shell 22b includes a manual release latch 70 and the first shell 22a has a corresponding latch opening 72 therein. The manual release latch 70 illustratively includes a fixed end 76, a cantilevered catch end 74 and a medial release portion 78 therebetween, for example. The cantilevered catch end 74 disengages the corresponding latch opening 72 upon depression of the medial release portion 78 as will be appreciated by those of skill in the art.

The medial release portion 78 may extend radially outwardly beyond the fixed end 76 and the cantilevered catch end 74 as shown in the illustrated embodiment. In addition,

the medial release portion 78 has a series of grooves 80 therein to facilitate manipulation.

Although only a single latch and latch opening are visible in FIG. 17, the connector would typically include a pair of manual release latches and latch openings on opposing sides of one of the first and second shells 22a, 22b. The first and second shells 22a, 22b each may comprise an integrally molded tubular plastic body into which the latching features may be readily formed as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art.

One method aspect is for sealing a cable end and a cable termination. The cable end may include a cable jacket and at least one cable member extending outwardly therefrom. The cable termination may comprise a base and at least one nipple extending outwardly therefrom. The method may 15 include positioning an elastomeric inner seal having at least one nipple passageway to receive and define a seal with the at least one nipple, and at least one cable member passageway in communication with the at least one nipple passageway to receive and define a seal with the at least one cable 20 member. The method may also include positioning an elastomeric outer seal having opposing first and second open ends, the first open end to engage and define a seal with the base; an elastomeric inner seal passageway to receive the elastomeric inner seal; and a cable end passageway extend- 25 ing in communication with the elastomeric inner seal passageway to the second open end to receive and define a seal with the cable jacket.

Another method aspect is directed to making a connector that may comprise first and second connector portions being 30 movable between unmated and mated positions. The method may comprise forming the first connector portion to include a first base, a male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the male contact. The method 35 may also comprise forming the second connector portion to include a second base, a female contact carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom, a bladder carried by the second base and surrounding the female contact, an end cap to retain and align end portions of the 40 bladder opposite the second base, and a second shell carried by the second base and surrounding the bladder and the end cap. The method may further comprise, when forming the second connector portion, forming the end cap and the adjacent portions of the second shell to include respective 45 mating portions to provide a snap fit engagement therebetween. The end cap may be an integrally formed monolithic body, such as having a disk shape.

Still another related method aspect is directed to making a connector and may include forming the first connector 50 portion to include a first base, at least one male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the at least one male contact. The method may also comprise forming the second connector portion to include a second 55 base, at least one female contact carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom, a bladder carried by the second base and surrounding the at least one female contact, an end cap surrounding the bladder at end portions thereof opposite the second base, and a second shell carried by the 60 second base and surrounding the bladder and the end cap. The method may further comprise forming one of the first and second shells to include at least one manual release latch and the other shell to have at least one corresponding latch opening therein. The method may also comprise forming the 65 at least one manual release latch to include a fixed end, a cantilevered catch end and a medial release portion therebe10

tween, the cantilevered catch end disengaging the corresponding latch opening upon depression of the medial release portion.

A further method aspect is also directed to making a connector comprising first and second connector portions to be movable between unmated and mated positions. The method may comprise forming the first connector portion to include a first base, at least one male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the at least one male contact. The method further comprises forming the second connector portion to include a second base, at least one female contact carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom, a single-level bladder carried by the second base and defining only a single-level bladder chamber surrounding the at least one female contact, and a second shell carried by the second base and surrounding the single-level bladder.

Still another aspect relates to making the dual-level bladder connector embodiments. The method may include forming first connector portion to comprise a first base, at least one male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the at least one male contact. The method may also include forming the second connector portion to comprise a second base, at least one female contact carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom, an inner bladder carried by the second base surrounding the at least one female contact, an end cap defining a seal to end portions of the inner bladder opposite the second base, an outer bladder surrounding the inner bladder, and a second shell carried by the second base and surrounding the outer bladder and the end cap. Moreover, the outer bladder may define a first seal with the inner bladder adjacent the base and defining a second seal with the end cap.

Other features and advantages of the connector, sealing apparatus, various components and related methods are disclosed in copending patent application Ser. No. 11/323, 150, titled HARSH ENVIRONMENT CONNECTOR INCLUDING SINGLE-LEVEL OR DUAL-LEVEL BLADDER AND ASSOCIATED METHODS and Ser. No. 11/322,698, titled HARSH ENVIRONMENT SEALING APPARATUS FOR A CABLE END AND CABLE TER-MINATION AND ASSOCIATED METHODS both incorporated herein by reference. Accordingly, many modifications and other embodiments of the invention will come to the mind of one skilled in the art having the benefit of the teachings presented in the foregoing descriptions and the associated drawings. Therefore, it is understood that the invention is not to be limited to the specific embodiments disclosed, and that other modifications and embodiments are intended to be included within the scope of the appended

The invention claimed is:

1. A connector comprising:

first and second connector portions movable between unmated and mated positions;

said first connector portion comprising a first base, at least one male contact carried by said first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by said first base and surrounding said at least one male contact:

said second connector portion comprising a second base, at least one female contact carried by said second base and extending outwardly therefrom, a bladder carried by said second base and surrounding said at least one female contact, an end cap having at least one passage-

way therein for retaining and aligning end portions of said bladder opposite said second base, and a second shell carried by said second base and surrounding said bladder and said end cap, the second shell being secured to said end cap.

# 2. A connector comprising:

first and second connector portions movable between unmated and mated positions;

said first connector portion comprising a first base, at least one male contact carried by said first base and extend- 10 ing outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by said first base and surrounding said at least one male

said second connector portion comprising a second base, at least one female contact carried by said second base 15 and extending outwardly therefrom, a bladder carried by said second base and surrounding said at least one female contact, an end cap having at least one passageway therein for retaining and aligning end portions of said bladder opposite said second base, and a second 20 and mated positions, the method comprising: shell carried by said second base and surrounding said bladder and said end cap;

said end cap and adjacent portions of said second shell comprising respective mating portions to provide a snap fit engagement therebetween.

- 3. The connector according to claim 2 wherein said end cap comprises an enlarged diameter flange; and wherein said second shell has a recess for receiving said enlarged diameter flange therein.
- 4. The connector according to claim 1 wherein said end 30 cap comprises an integrally formed monolithic body.
- 5. The connector according to claim 4 wherein said integrally formed monolithic body has a disk shape.
- 6. The connector according to claim 1 wherein said at least one female contact comprises a guide tube, a moveable 35 stopper received in an end of said guide tube, and a spring urging said stopper toward the end of said guide tube.
- 7. The connector according to claim 6 wherein said at least one female contact further comprises a contact band received in the end of said guide tube.
- 8. The connector according to claim 1 wherein said at least one male contact comprises a plurality of male contacts; and wherein said at least one female contact comprises a plurality of female contacts corresponding to said plurality of male contacts.
- 9. The connector according to claim 1 further comprising a dielectric material within said bladder.
- 10. The connector according to claim 1 wherein said at least one male contact comprises an electrically conductive member and a dielectric layer surrounding a portion thereof 50 to define an electrically conductive tip.

#### 11. A connector comprising:

first and second connector portions movable between unmated and mated positions;

said first connector portion comprising a first base, a 55 plurality of male contacts carried by said first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by said first base and surrounding said male contacts;

said second connector portion comprising a second base, a plurality of female contacts carried by said second 60 base and extending outwardly therefrom, a bladder carried by said second base and surrounding said female contacts, a monolithic end cap having a plurality of passageways therein for retaining and aligning and a second shell carried by said second base and surrounding said bladder and said monolithic end cap;

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said monolithic end cap having an enlarged diameter flange and said second shell having a recess therein mating with said enlarged diameter flange to provide a snap fit engagement therebetween.

- 12. The connector according to claim 11 wherein said monolithic end cap comprises an integrally formed monolithic body having a disk shape.
- 13. The connector according to claim 11 wherein said female contacts each comprises a guide tube, a moveable stopper received in an end of said guide tube, and a spring urging said stopper toward the end of said guide tube.
- 14. The connector according to claim 11 further comprising a dielectric material within said bladder.
- 15. The connector according to claim 11 wherein said male contacts each comprises an electrically conductive member and a dielectric layer surrounding a portion thereof to define an electrically conductive tip.
- 16. A method for making a connector comprising first and second connector portions to be movable between unmated
  - forming the first connector portion to comprise a first base, at least one male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the at least one male contact;
  - forming the second connector portion to comprise a second base, at least one female contact carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom, a bladder carried by the second base and surrounding the at least one female contact, an end cap having at least one passageway therein for retaining and aligning end portions of the bladder opposite the second base, and a second shell carried by the second base and secured to the end cap, the second shell surrounding the bladder and the end cap.
- 17. A method for making a connector comprising first and second connector portions to be movable between unmated and mated positions, the method comprising:
  - forming the first connector portion to comprise a first base, at least one male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the at least one male contact;
  - forming the second connector portion to comprise a second base, at least one female contact carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom, a bladder carried by the second base and surrounding the at least one female contact, an end cap having at least one passageway therein for retaining and aligning end portions of the bladder opposite the second base, and a second shell carried by the second base and surrounding the bladder and the end cap; and
  - the step of forming the second connector portion comprising forming the end cap and adjacent portions of the second shell to comprise respective mating portions to provide a snap fit engagement therebetween.
- 18. The method according to claim 17 wherein the end cap comprises an enlarged diameter flange; and wherein the second shell comprises a recess for receiving the enlarged diameter flange therein.
- 19. The method according to claim 16 wherein the end cap comprises an integrally formed monolithic body.
- 20. The method according to claim 16 wherein the at least end portions of said bladder opposite said second base, 65 one female contact comprises a guide tube, a moveable stopper received in an end of the guide tube, and a spring urging the stopper toward the end of the guide tube.

- 21. The method according to claim 16 wherein the at least one male contact comprises a plurality of male contacts; and wherein the at least one female contact comprises a plurality of female contacts corresponding to the plurality of male contacts.
- 22. The method according to claim 16 further comprising filling the bladder with a dielectric material.
- 23. The method according to claim 16 wherein the at least one male contact comprises an electrically conductive member and a dielectric layer surrounding a portion thereof to 10 define an electrically conductive tip.
  - 24. A connector comprising:
  - first and second connector portions movable between unmated and mated positions;
  - said first connector portion comprising a first base, at least 15 one male contact carried by said first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by said first base and surrounding said at least one male contact:
  - said second connector portion comprising a second base, 20 at least one female contact carried by said second base and extending outwardly therefrom, a bladder carried by said second base and surrounding said at least one female contact, an end cap surrounding said bladder at end portions thereof opposite said second base, and a 25 second shell carried by said second base and surrounding said bladder and said end cap;
  - the end cap and adjacent portions of said second shell comprising respective mating portions to provide a snap fit engagement therebetween:
  - one of said first and second shells comprising at least one manual release latch and the other of said first and second shells having at least one corresponding latch opening therein;
  - said at least one manual release latch comprising a fixed 35 end, a cantilevered catch end and a medial release portion therebetween, said cantilevered catch end disengaging the corresponding latch opening upon depression of said medial release portion.
- 25. The connector according to claim 24 wherein said 40 release portion has a series of grooves therein. medial release portion extends radially outwardly beyond said fixed end and said cantilevered catch end.

  34. The method according to claim 31 wherein one manual release latch comprises a pair of manual release latch comprises a pair of manual release.
- **26**. The connector according to claim **24** wherein said medial release portion has a series of grooves therein.
- 27. The connector according to claim 24 wherein said at 45 least one manual release latch comprises a pair of manual release latches on opposing sides of one of said first and second shells; and wherein the at least one latch opening comprises a pair of latch openings on opposing sides of the other of said first and second shells.
- 28. The connector according to claim 24 wherein said first and second shells each comprises an integrally molded tubular plastic body.

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- 29. The connector according to claim 24 wherein said at least one male contact comprises a plurality of male contacts; and wherein said at least one female contact comprises a plurality of female contacts corresponding to said plurality of male contacts.
- **30**. The connector according to claim **24** further comprising a dielectric material within said bladder.
- **31**. A method for making a connector comprising first and second connector portions to be movable between unmated and mated positions, the method comprising:
  - forming the first connector portion to comprise a first base, at least one male contact carried by the first base and extending outwardly therefrom, and a first shell carried by the first base and surrounding the at least one male contact;
  - forming the second connector portion to comprise a second base, at least one female contact carried by the second base and extending outwardly therefrom, a bladder carried by the second base and surrounding the at least one female contact, an end cap connected to the bladder at end portions thereof opposite the second base, and a second shell carried by the second base and surrounding the bladder and the end cap;
  - forming the end cap and adjacent portions of the second shell with respective mating portions to provide a snap fit engagement therebetween;
  - forming one of the first and second shells to comprise at least one manual release latch and the other of the first and second shells having at least one corresponding latch opening therein; and
  - forming the at least one manual release latch to comprise a fixed end, a cantilevered catch end and a medial release portion therebetween, the cantilevered catch end disengaging the corresponding latch opening upon depression of the medial release portion.
- 32. The method according to claim 31 wherein the medial release portion extends radially outwardly beyond the fixed end and the cantilevered catch end.
- 33. The method according to claim 31 wherein the medial release portion has a series of grooves therein
- 34. The method according to claim 31 wherein the at least one manual release latch comprises a pair of manual release latches on opposing sides of one of the first and second shells; and wherein the at least one latch opening comprises a pair of latch openings on opposing sides of the other of said first and second shells.
- **35**. The method according to claim **31** wherein the first and second shells each comprises an integrally molded tubular plastic body.
- **36**. The method according to claim **31** further comprising filling the bladder with a dielectric material.

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