

(12) **United States Patent**
Johnson et al.

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(54) **MOVEABLE WALL SYSTEM**

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E04H 1/00 (2006.01)
E04B 1/343 (2006.01)
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CPC **E04B 1/343** (2013.01); **A47B 21/02** (2013.01); **A47B 21/06** (2013.01); **E04B 2/00** (2013.01);
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CPC E04B 2/827; E04B 1/34321; E04B 2002/7483; E04B 2002/7488; E04B 2/82;
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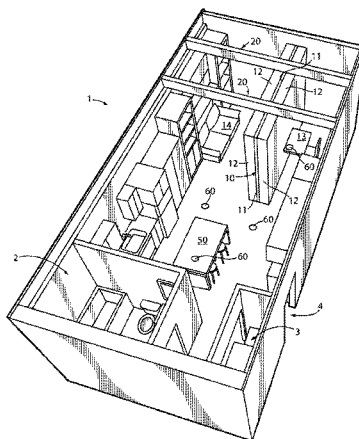
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A moveable wall system and components therefore, including:

1. A flexible power connector configured to flex in only one direction whereby it can be pushed without buckling;
2. at least one wireless power transmission receiving station in one or more of the moveable wall and modular units mounted thereon, for receiving the wireless transmission of power and enable one to charge electronic devices and provide power to power receiving lamps or the like, without the need for plug-in electrical wiring;
3. an overhead track system for supporting the moveable wall laterally below at least two spaced parallel tracks, the wall including a core support member having at least two spaced frame members secured to the top of said core support and projecting laterally to either or both sides of core support, each including a pair of trolleys for sus-

(Continued)



pending said moveable wall in said parallel overhead tracks, projecting upwardly from its respective frame member and engaging their respective track.

26 Claims, 15 Drawing Sheets

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E04B 2/82 (2006.01)
E04F 19/00 (2006.01)
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E04B 2/00 (2006.01)
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- (52) **U.S. Cl.**
 CPC **E04B 2/827** (2013.01); **E04F 19/00** (2013.01); **E04F 19/08** (2013.01); **A47B 1/04** (2013.01); **A47B 9/20** (2013.01); **E04B 2002/7483** (2013.01); **E04B 2002/7487** (2013.01); **E04B 2002/7488** (2013.01)
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 CPC E04B 2/7425; E04B 2001/2481; E04B 9/008; E04H 1/005; E05Y 2900/142; E05Y 2400/40; E05D 15/0608; E05D 15/0652; A47B 2200/01; A47B 96/04
 See application file for complete search history.

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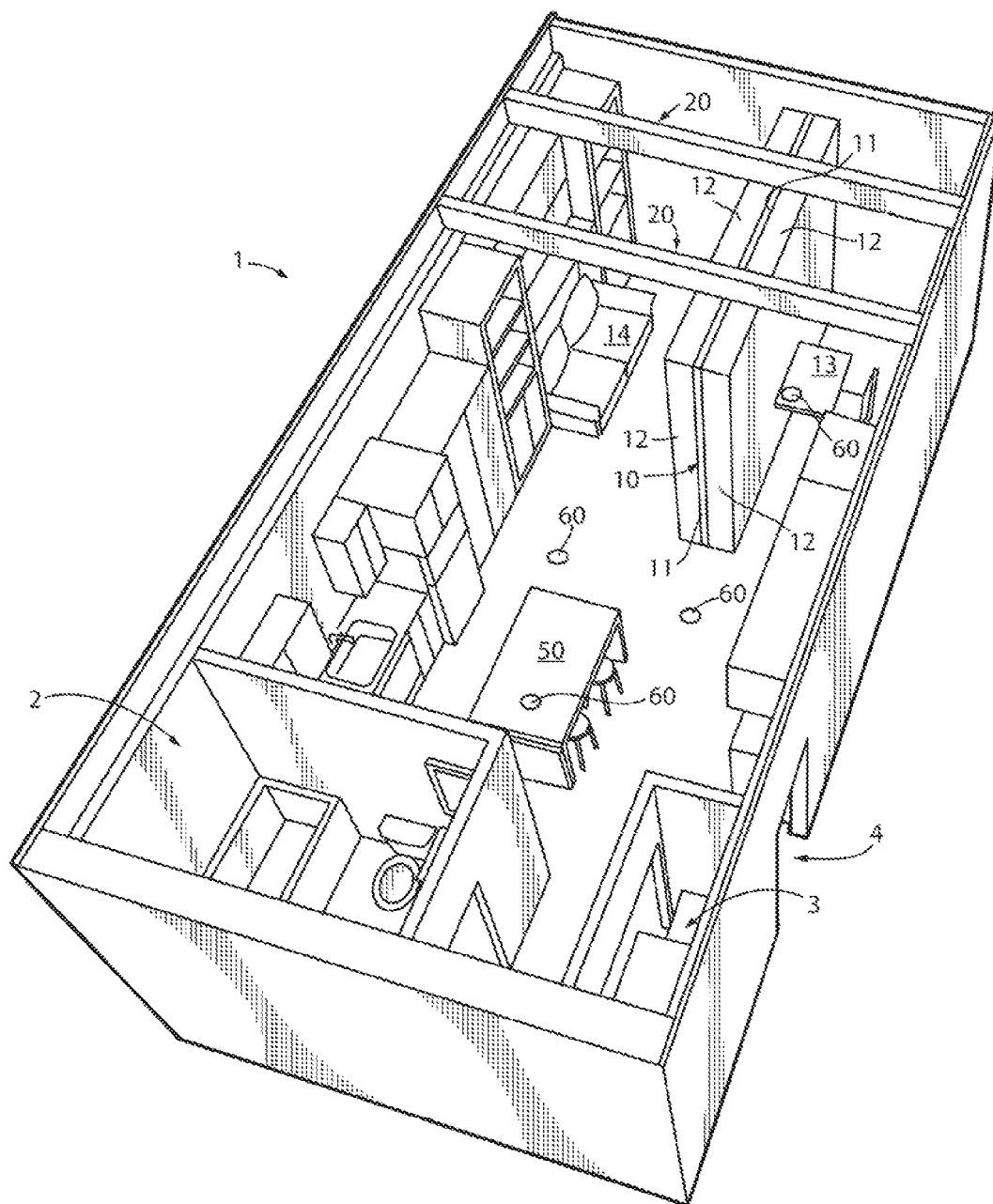


FIG. 1

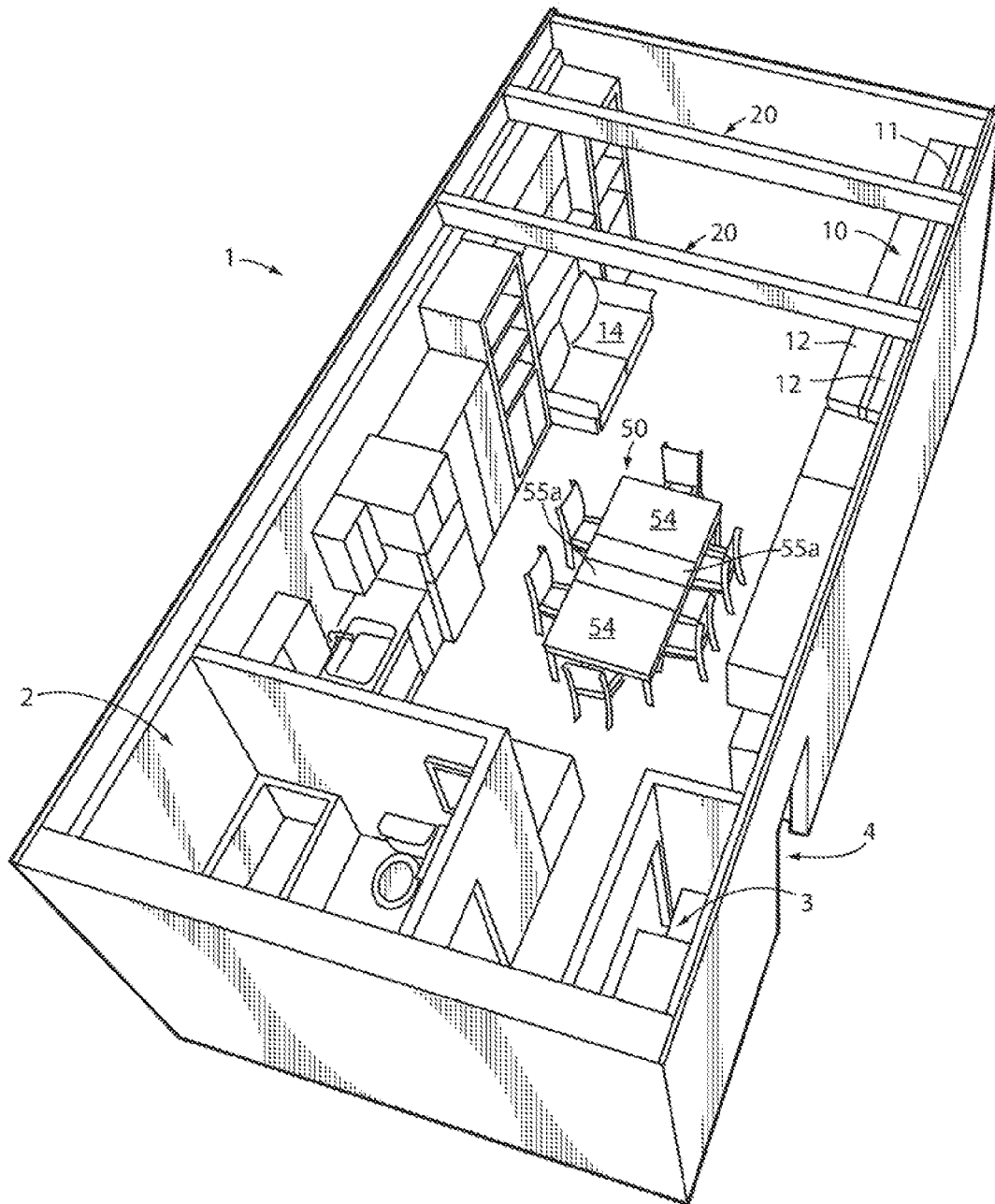


FIG. 2

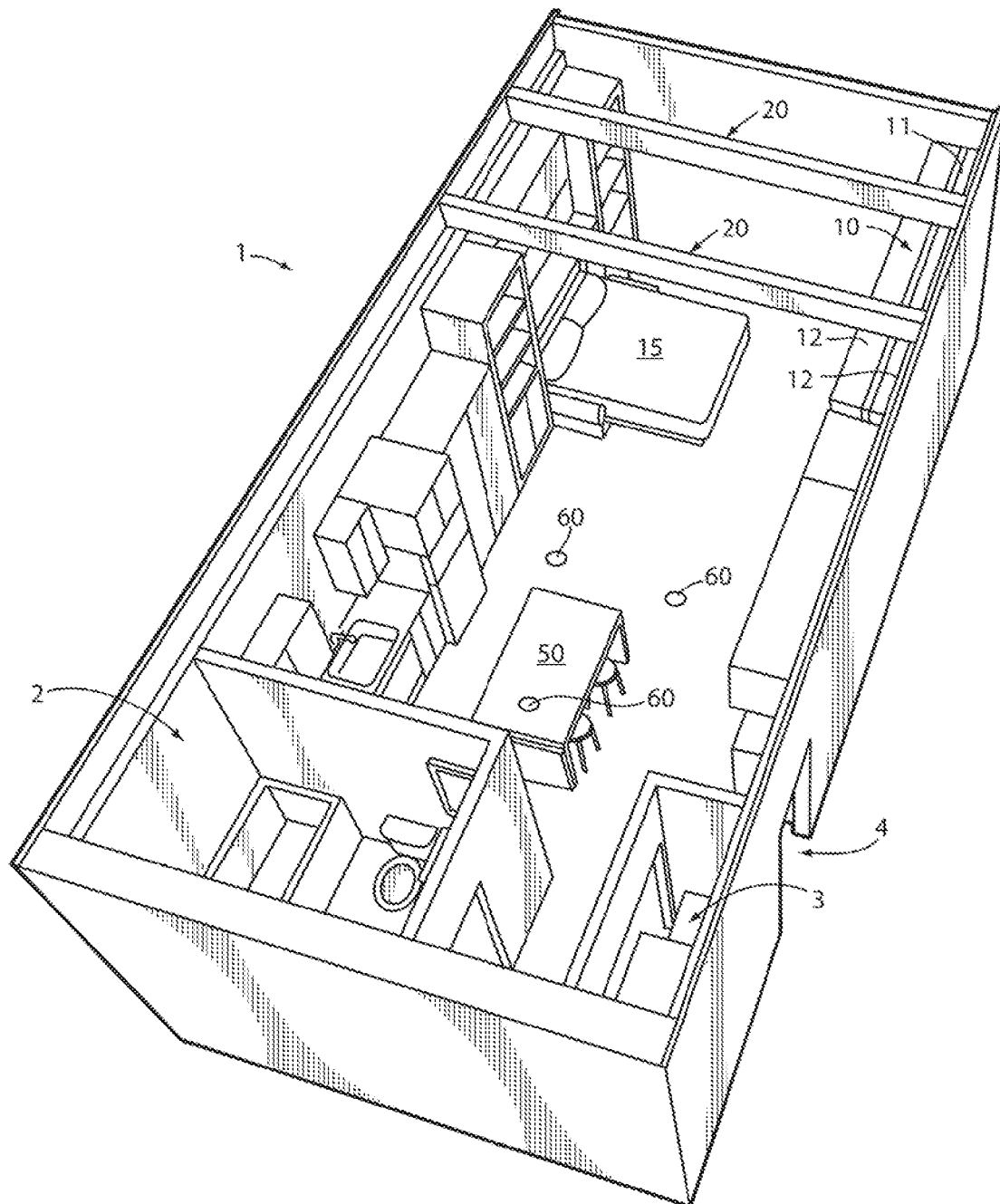


FIG. 3

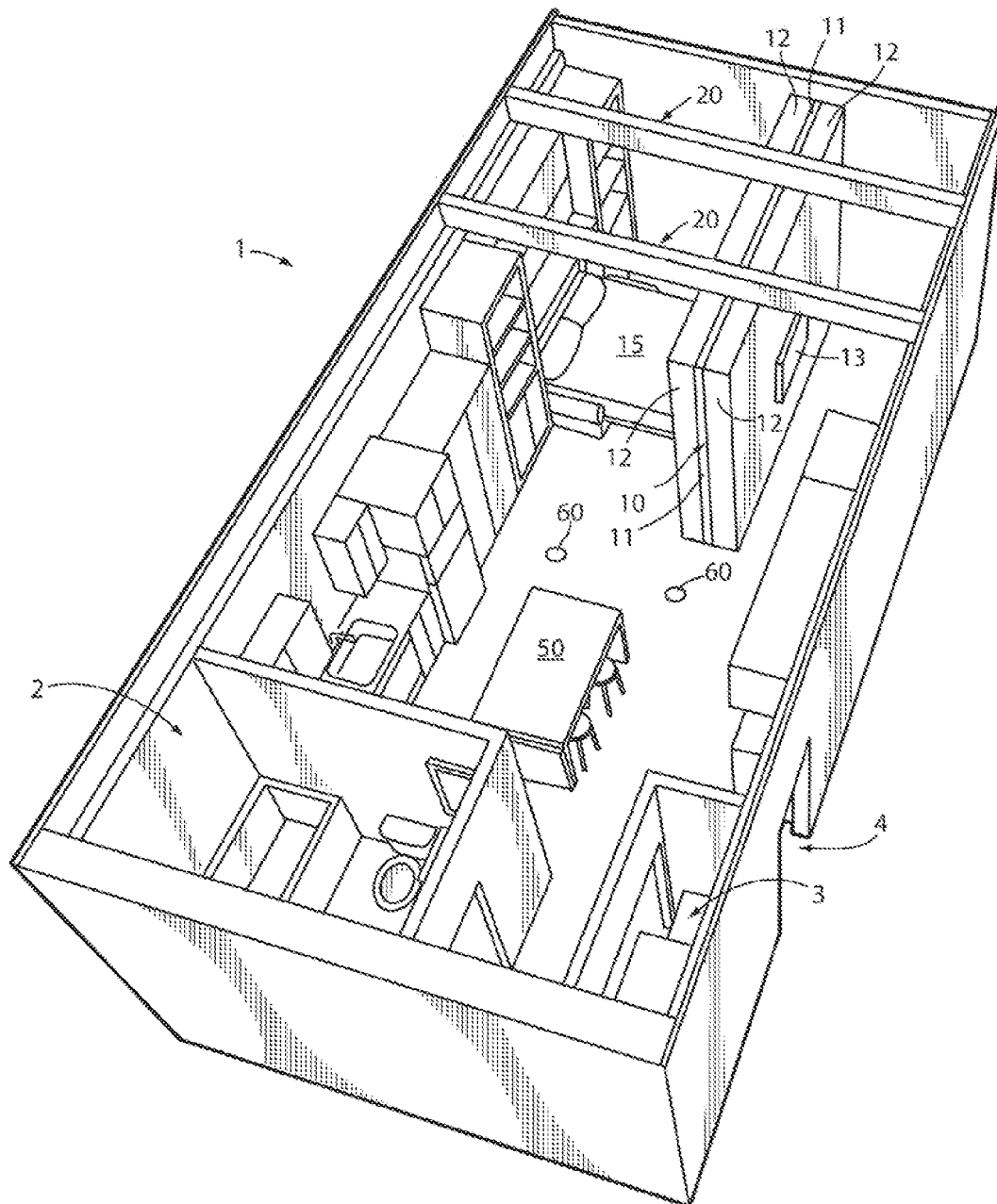


FIG. 4

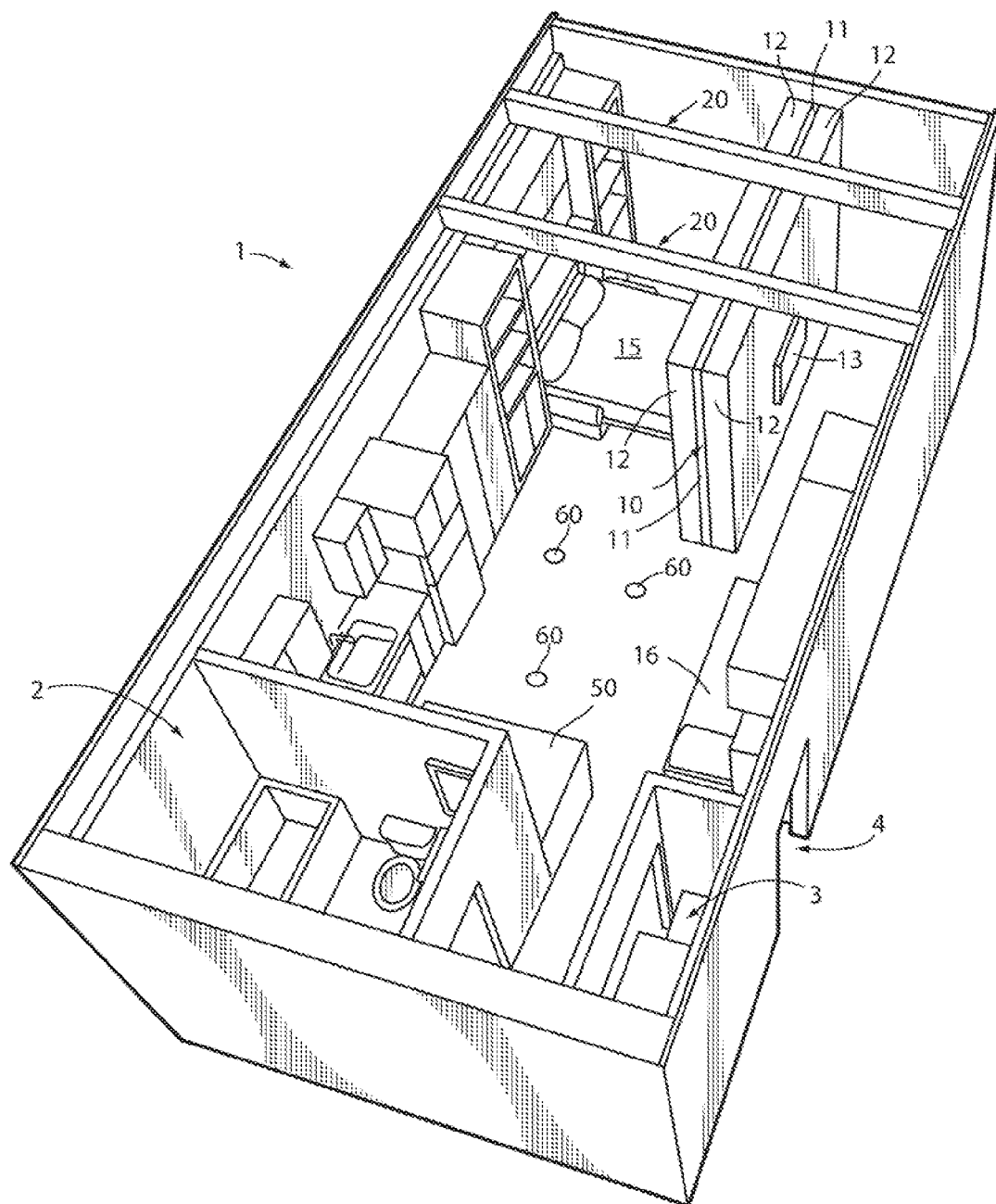


FIG. 5

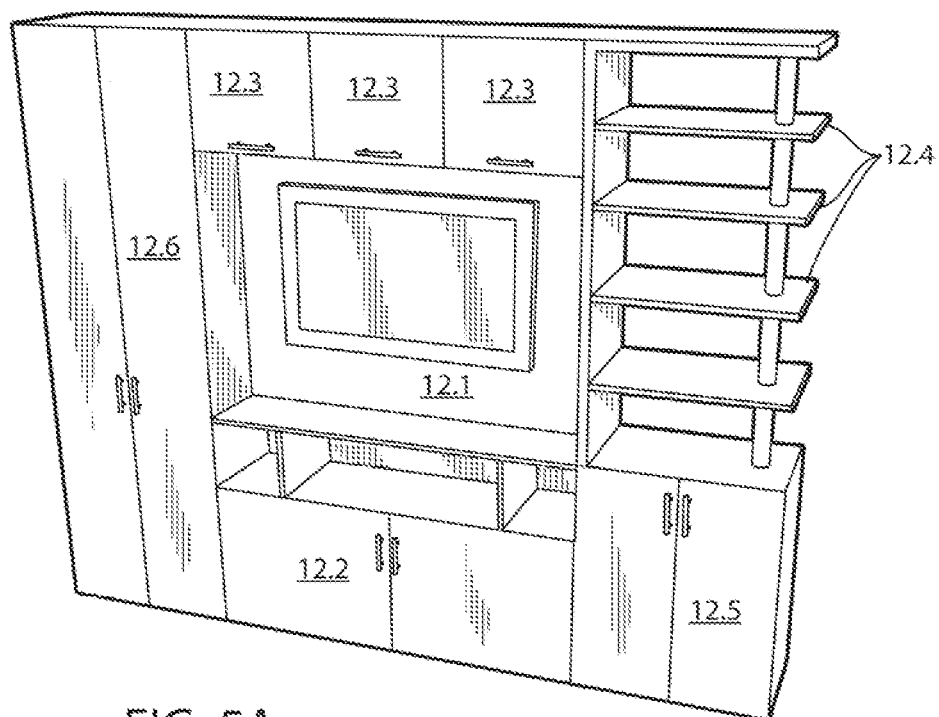


FIG. 5A

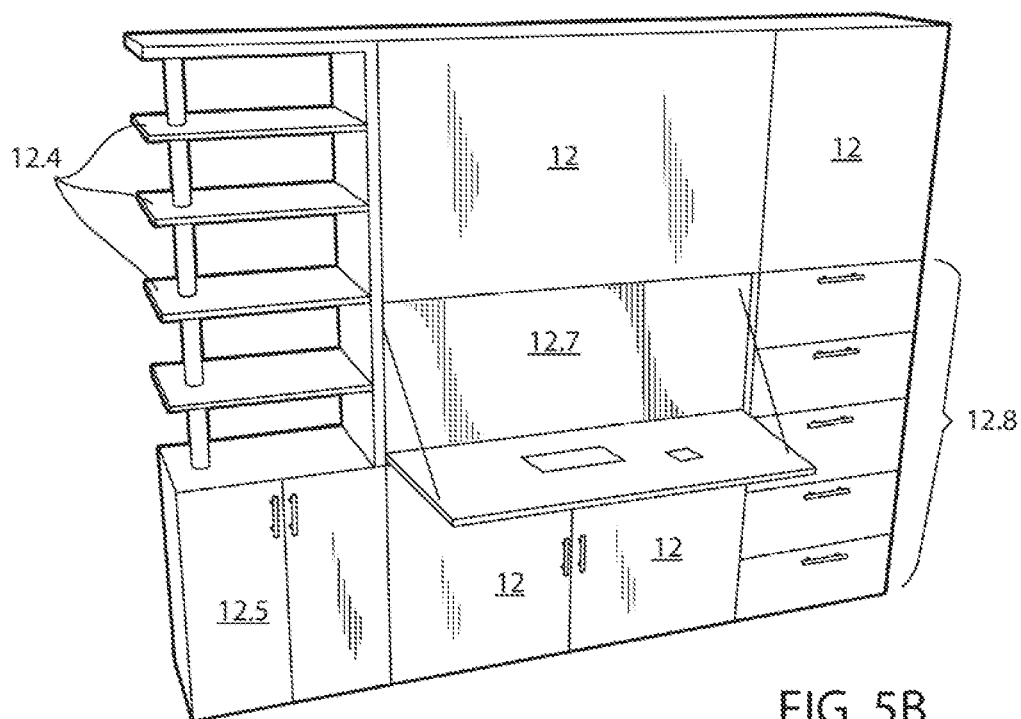


FIG. 5B

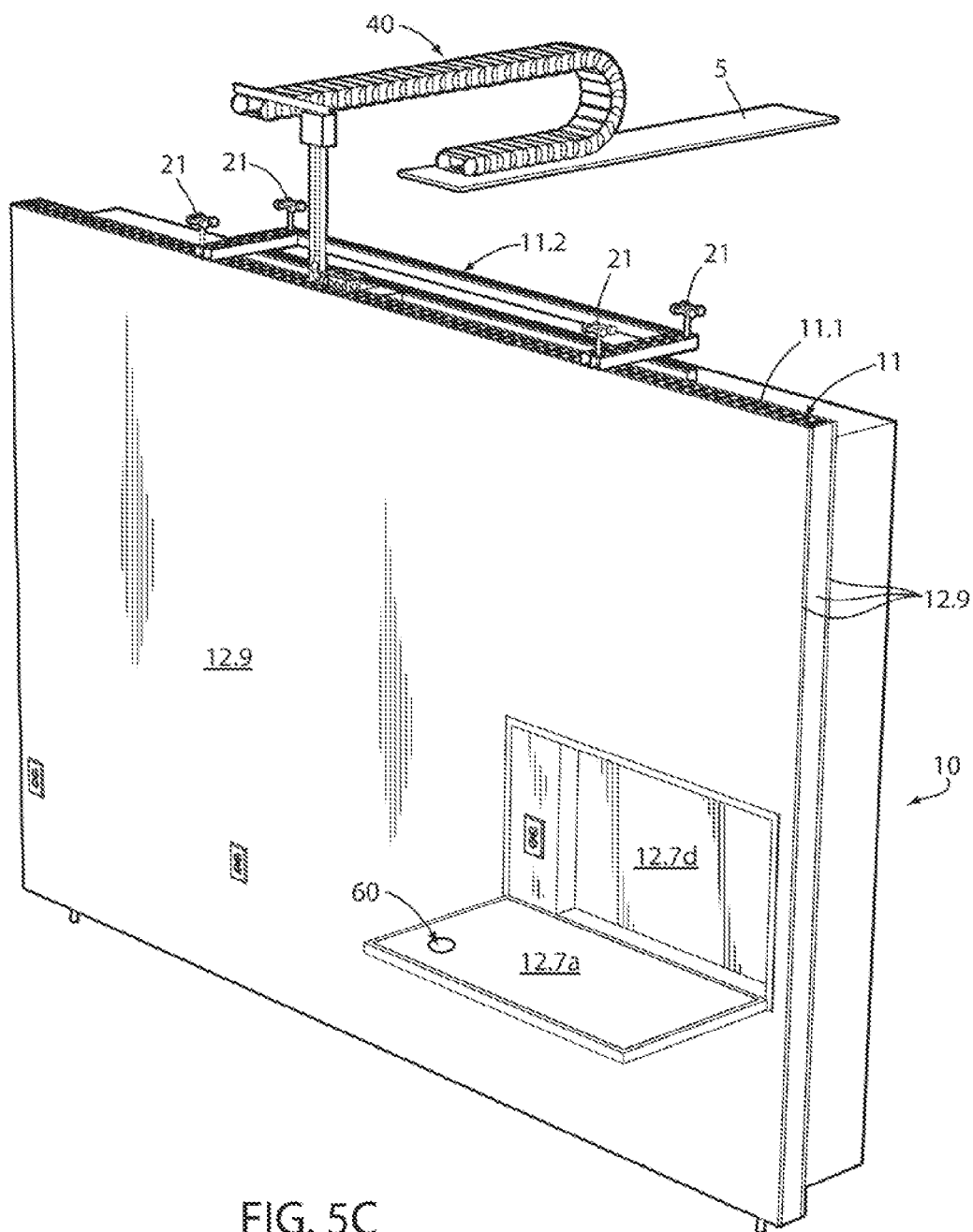


FIG. 5C

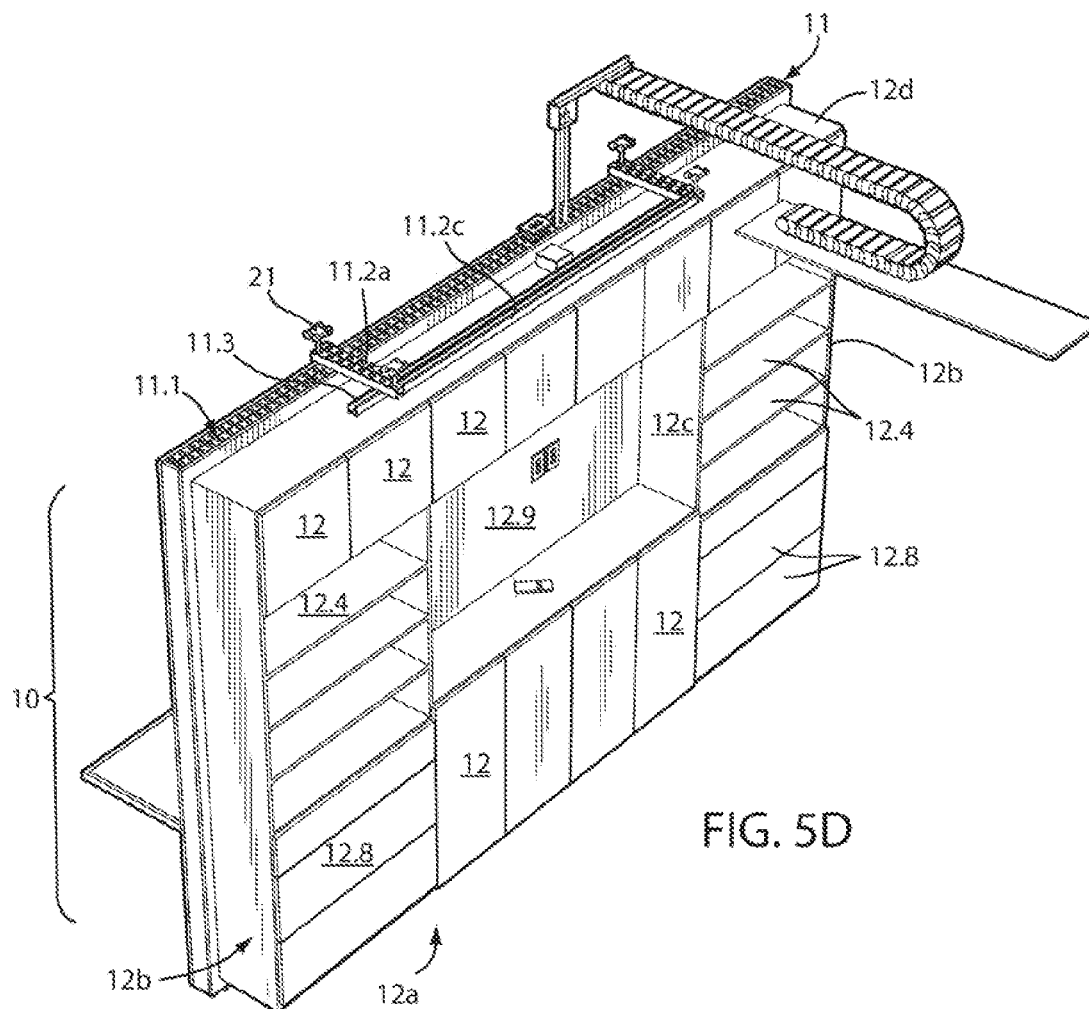


FIG. 5D

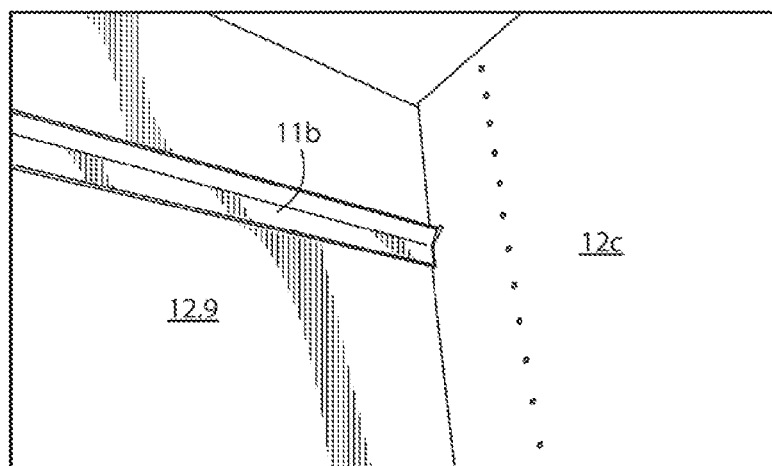


FIG. 5E

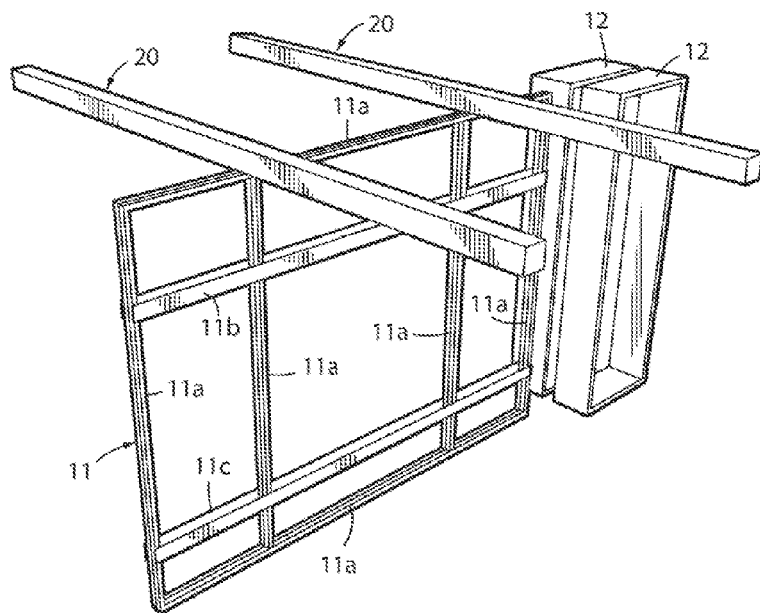
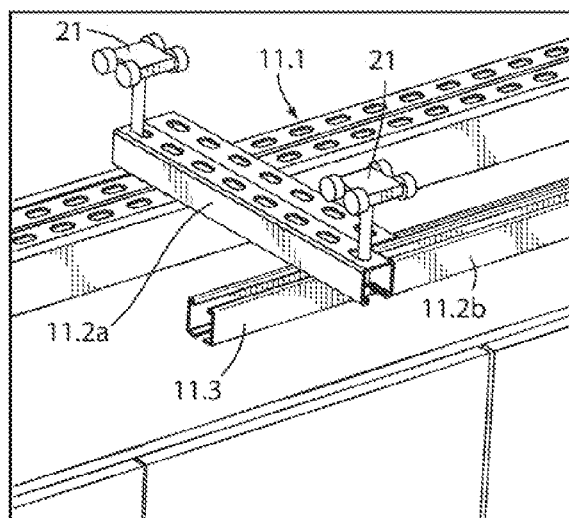
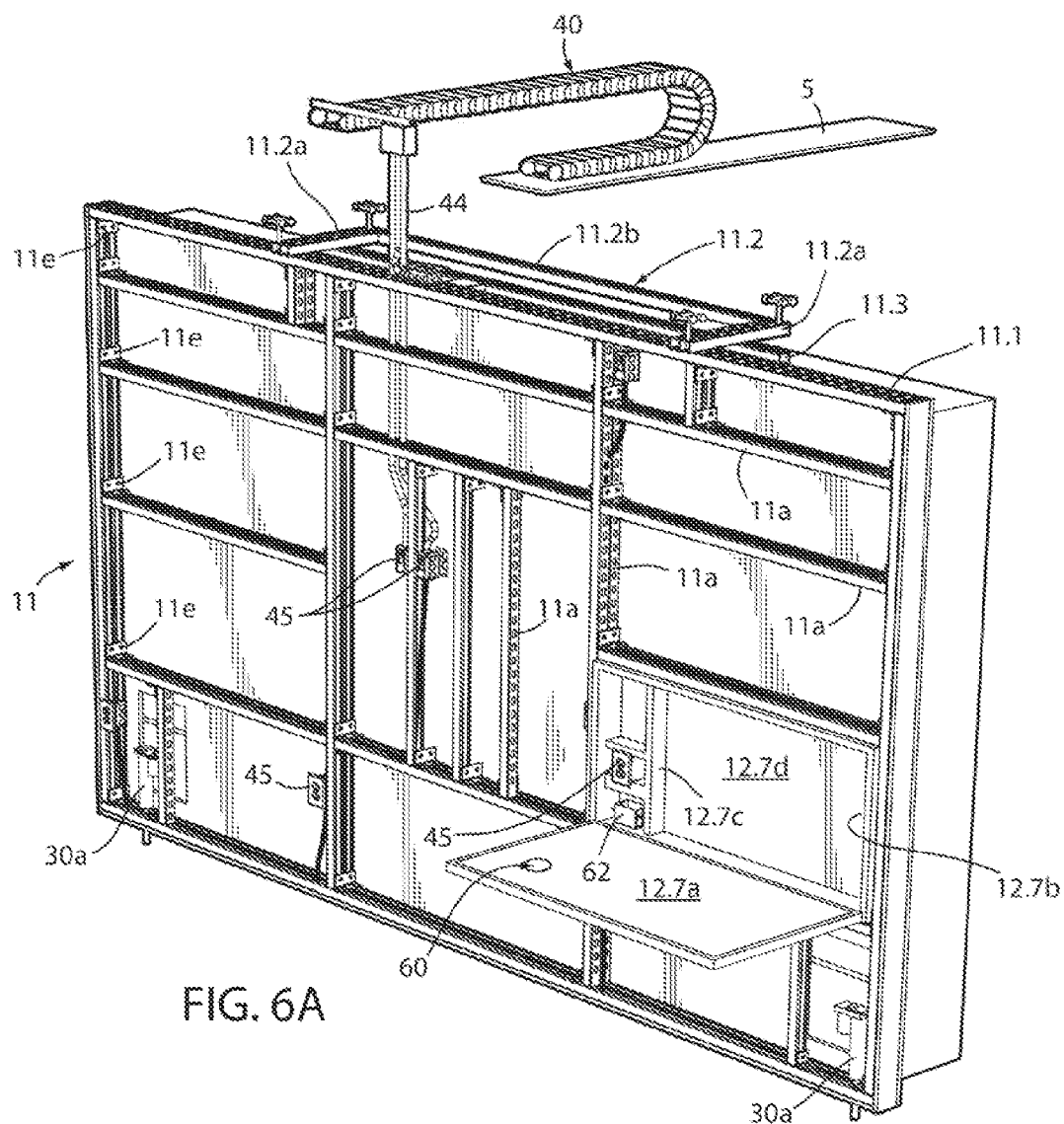


FIG. 6



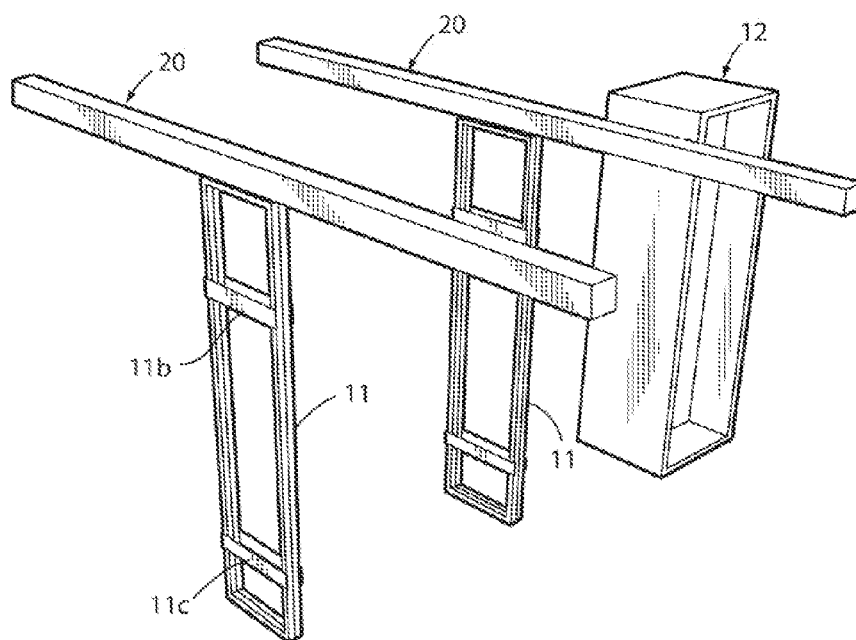


FIG. 7

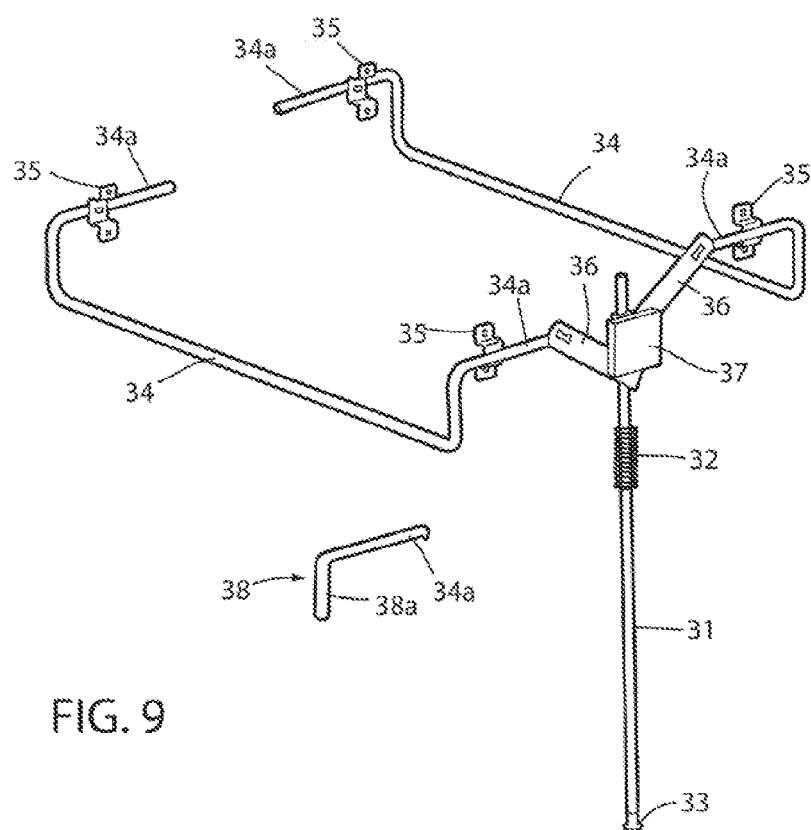
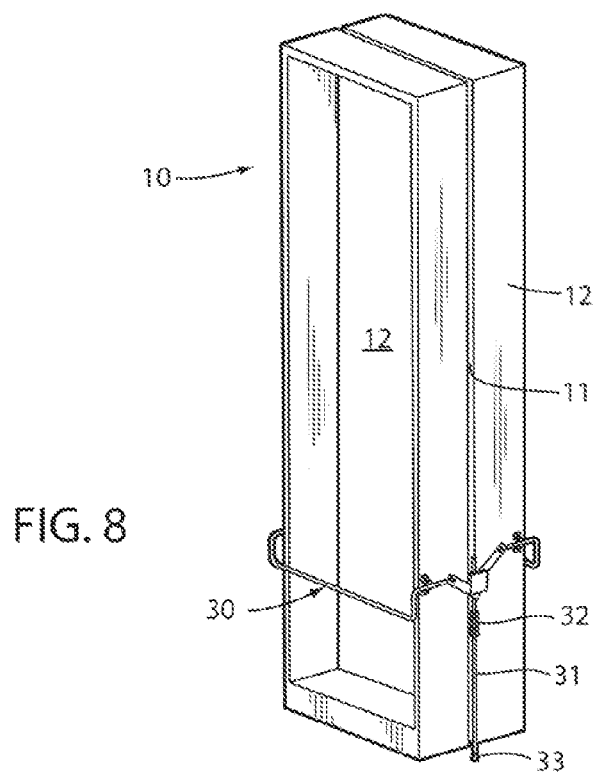


FIG. 9A

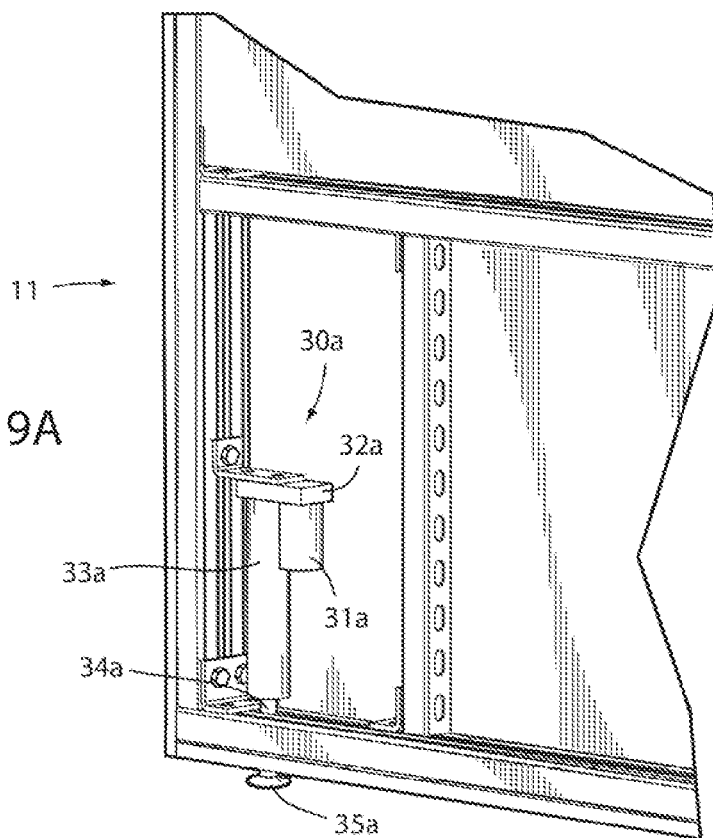
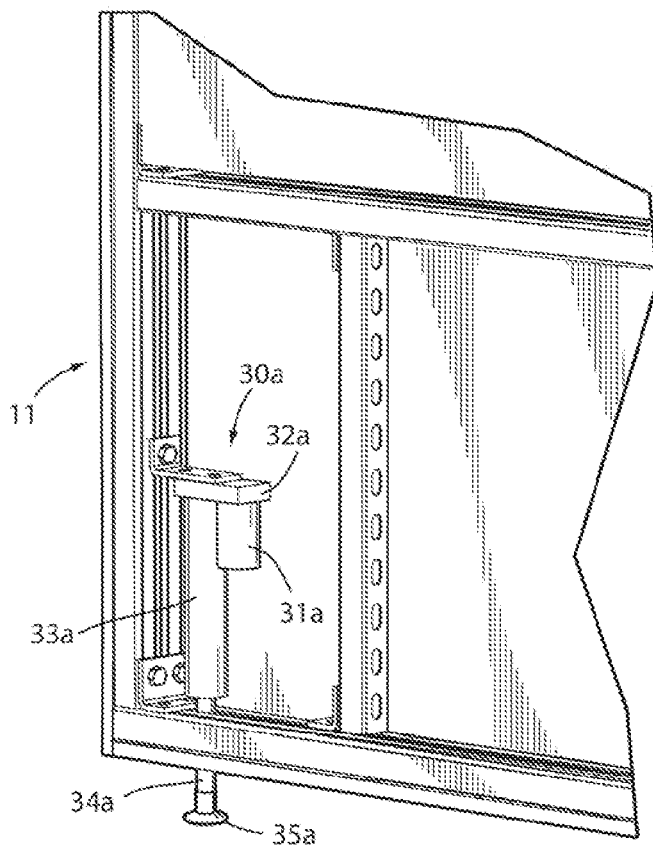


FIG. 9B



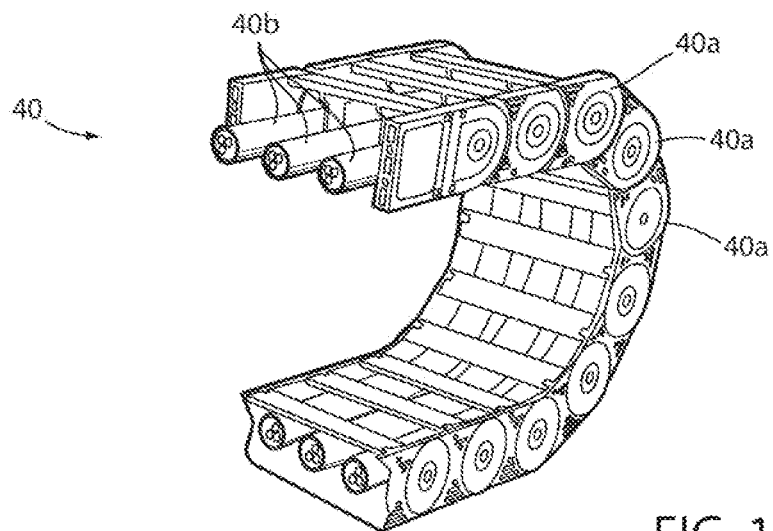


FIG. 10

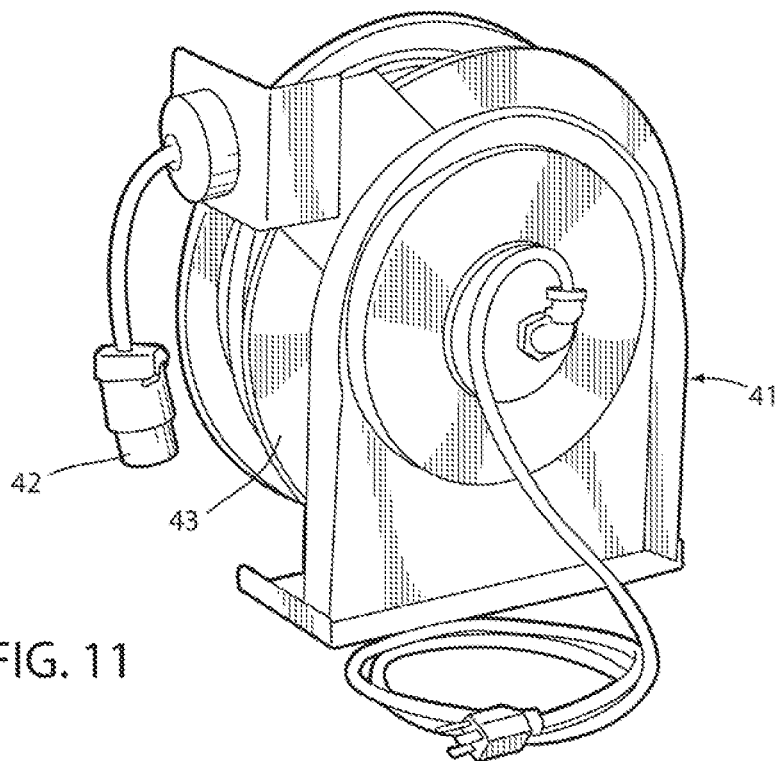


FIG. 11

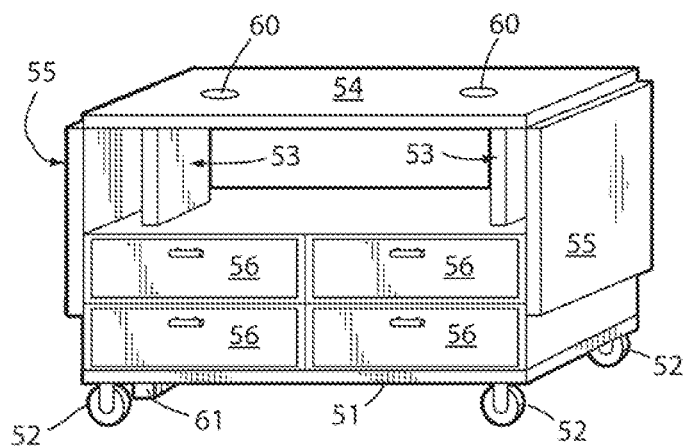


FIG. 12

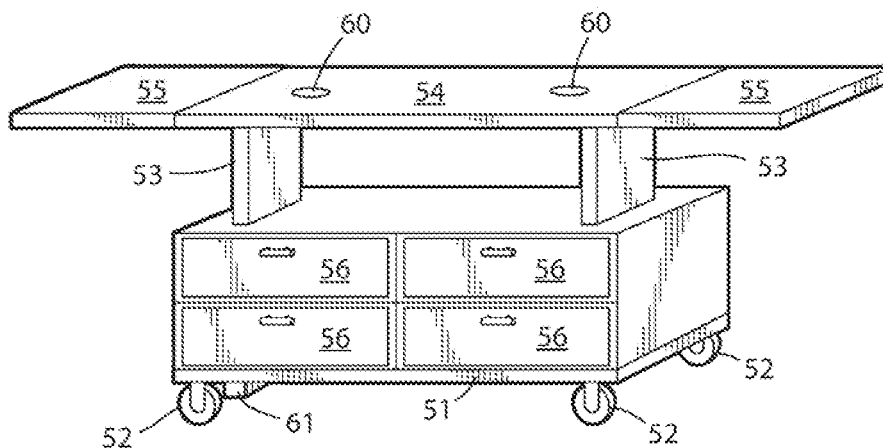


FIG. 13

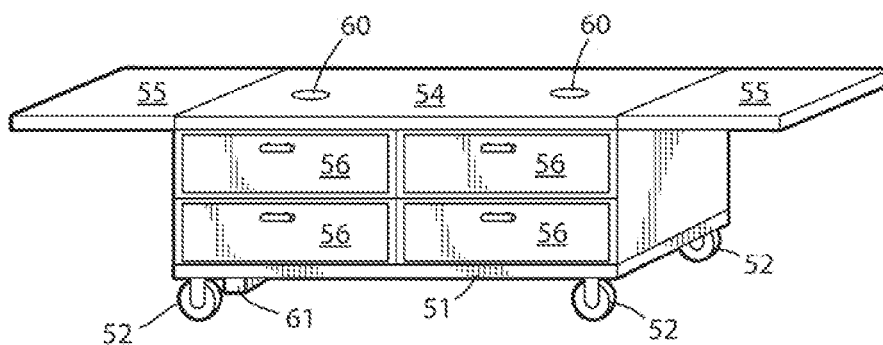


FIG. 14

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MOVEABLE WALL SYSTEM**CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

The present application is a divisional application of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/448,319, filed Jul. 31, 2014 and entitled APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR RECONFIGURABLE LIVING SPACE, which in turn claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/861,102, entitled APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR RECONFIGURABLE LIVING SPACE, filed on Aug. 1, 2013, the entire contents of which are incorporated by reference.

FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to methods and apparatus for reconfiguring living space. Moveable interior wall systems and so-called "Murphy Beds," are exemplary prior art in this field.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In the present invention, living space can be reconfigured using our moveable wall system, which includes one or more of the following features:

1. A flexible power connector configured to flex in only one direction whereby it can be pushed without buckling, and being coiled into an arcuate portion, and extends back towards said moveable wall whereby as said moveable wall is moved in either direction relative to said first end of said flexible power connector, said arcuate portion of said flexible connector will move in the same direction as said moveable wall is moving;

2. at least one wireless power transmission receiving station in one or more of the moveable wall and modular units mounted thereon, for receiving the wireless transmission of power and enable one to charge electronic devices and provide power to power receiving lamps or the like, without the need for plug-in electrical wiring;

3. an overhead track system for supporting the moveable wall laterally below at least two spaced, parallel tracks, the wall including a core support member having at least two spaced frame members secured to the top of said core support and projecting laterally to either or both sides of core support, each including a pair of trolleys for suspending said moveable wall in said parallel overhead tracks, projecting upwardly from its respective frame member and engaging their respective track, at least one of said trolleys being located laterally from said core support and the other being located above or laterally to the other side of said core support.

As a result of these and other features and aspects of the invention, space can be reconfigured to accommodate sleeping space, entertainment space, work space, kitchen space, dining space and various combinations thereof.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a living space containing a preferred embodiment modular living system configured to include entertainment space, work space and kitchen space;

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of the living space as shown in FIG. 1, but with the modular living system reconfigured to eliminate the work space and create a dining space;

FIG. 3 is a perspective view of the living space as shown in FIG. 1, but with the modular living system reconfigured

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to convert the entertainment space into sleeping space, and the dining space back into kitchen space;

FIG. 4 is a perspective view of the living space as shown in FIG. 1, but with the modular living system reconfigured to include a sleeping space and a work space or a second sleeping space;

FIG. 5 is a perspective view of the living space as shown in FIG. 1, but with the modular living system reconfigured to create another sleeping space opposite the kitchen area, with the mobile island moved against a wall and out of the way;

FIG. 5A is a perspective view of an arrangement of modular units positioned on one side of the moveable wall, selected to comprise an entertainment center;

FIG. 5B is a perspective view of an arrangement of modular units positioned on the opposite side of the moveable wall, selected to serve a work, area or sleep area;

FIG. 5C is a tear perspective view of an alternative embodiment moveable wall;

FIG. 5D is a front perspective view of an alternative embodiment moveable wall;

FIG. 5E is a fragmentary perspective view showing the French cleat mount of a cabinet member to the core support;

FIG. 6 is a perspective view of a preferred embodiment core support for the wall unit;

FIG. 6A is a perspective view of an alternative embodiment core support;

FIG. 6B is a perspective view of the suspension trolleys at the top of the core support;

FIG. 7 is a perspective view of an alternative embodiment utilizing two separate core support members;

FIG. 8 is a perspective view of a moveable wall of the preferred embodiment showing the braking system for holding the moveable wall in a fixed, position;

FIG. 9 is a perspective view of the elements of the wall braking system;

FIG. 9A is a perspective view of a lower corner of the core support with a linear actuator braking member;

FIG. 9B is the same view as FIG. 9A, with the braking foot of the linear actuator braking member extended;

FIG. 10 is a perspective view of an electrical power connector for utilization in a preferred embodiment of the moveable wall;

FIG. 11 is a perspective view of yet another alternative embodiment for providing electrical power to the moveable wall of the preferred embodiment;

FIG. 12 is a perspective view of a preferred embodiment mobile island;

FIG. 13 is a perspective view of the preferred embodiment mobile island of FIG. 12 with hinged wings folded up to enlarge the top;

FIG. 14 is a perspective view of a preferred embodiment mobile island of FIG. 12 with hinged wings folded up and with the height of the top surface adjusted downwardly.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

FIGS. 1-5 show a living space 1 having a fixed bathroom area 2, a fixed closet or storage area 3 and an entrance way 4. The living space is equipped with the modular living system of the present invention, including a moveable wall 10 suspended from and moveable on overhead tracks 20, various modular units 12 mounted to be part of moveable wall 10, a foldout support system 13 mounted in wall 10, various modular units 12 positioned around the living space permanent walls, a couch 14, foldout queen bed 15 which

folds out over couch **14**, a foldout bunk bed **16** (FIG. **5**), and a moveable and reconfigurable island **50**.

Each moveable wall unit **10** comprises a structural core support **11** to which modular units **12**, including fold down support surfaces **13**, can be mounted (FIGS. **6**, **7**, as well as FIGS. **1-5**). As can be seen from the drawings, wall unit **10** is substantially floor to ceiling in height, with an allowance for overhead track **20** between the ceiling and the top of wall **10**. Typically, core support **11** will be at least about 8 feet tall. FIG. **6** shows an embodiment in which core support **11** is suspended from two tracks **20**, while FIG. **7** shows an alternative embodiment in which a single core support **11** is suspended from each of two overhead support tracks **20**.

Each core support **11** comprises a core support frame made of a plurality of sturdy metal frame members **11a** (FIGS. **6** and **7**). The typical thickness of the frame will be about 3/4 inch thick. When drywall **12.9** is used to cover core support the core support frame (FIGS. **5C** and **5D**), the core will be about 5 1/2 inch thick. In addition, an elongated French cleat system **11b** is secured to core support **11** towards the top thereof, and a screw strip **11c** is secured to core support **11** towards the bottom thereof. Modules **12** can be suspended on French cleat **11b** and secured at their bottom by fasteners screwed or otherwise inserted into screw strip **11c**. While only one French cleat and one screw strip are shown in FIGS. **6** and **7**, core supports **11** could have upper and lower sets of French cleats **11b** and screw strips **11c** to provide for securing modules towards the top of core support **11** and towards the bottom thereof.

Preferably frame members **11a** comprise two side-by-side "U" channels having a plurality of mounting holes in the base wall of the U-channel, as can be seen in the vertical frame members **11a** in FIG. **6A**, or in the specifically labeled top frame member **11.1**, in FIG. **6B**. The frame members are connected by brackets, such as the L-shaped brackets **11e** in FIG. **6A**, and with nuts and bolts.

The top frame member **11a** in core support **11** has been identified as frame member **11.1** in FIGS. **5C**, **5D**, **6A** and **6B**. Secured to top frame member **11.1** is an overhead modular unit support **11.2**. It extends longitudinally along the length of core support **11a** distance of from 1/3 the length to the total length of core support **11**. It projects laterally to either or both sides of core support **11** a distance sufficient to help keep wall **10** vertically suspended, i.e. to keep it from angling to the left or right of a vertical plane either when moving or when stopped. In the embodiment shown in FIGS. **5C**, **5D**, **6A** and **6B**, cabinetry will be mounted on only one side of core support **11**, and accordingly, overhead modular unit support **11.2** projects laterally from only one side of core support **11**. If cabinetry units were to be mounted on both sides of core **11**, overhead modular unit support **11.2** would extend laterally from both sides of core support **11**. Overhead modular unit support **11.2** contains laterally extending frame legs **11.2a** which are secured to top core support frame member **11.1**. Legs **11.2a** are joined to a longitudinal cross member **11.2b** at their ends. A modular unit connector frame member **11.3**, to which modular units are directly fastened, is joined to the underside of laterally extending legs **11.2a**.

A trolley **21** is secured to and projects upwardly from each end of laterally extending legs **11.2a**. Trolleys **21** are carried in and roll in overhead support tracks **20**. Thus in the embodiment shown, moveable wall **10** is supported by four trolleys **21**, one at each corner of overhead modular unit support **11.2**.

Modular units **12** can be a variety of different types of shelving, cabinets, storage units, work units including fold

out work or support surfaces **13** and the like. A modular unit might simply be an attractive wall panel, with no purpose other than aesthetic. Modules **12** may include fold down seating, or fold down beds such as queen bed **15** (FIGS. **3-5**). Although fold down bed **15** is shown mounted on a permanent wall of living space **1**, it could be mounted on a moveable wall **10** as well. In the living space **1** shown, the modular units **12** are chosen to create an entertainment center (FIG. **5A**) on the side of wall **10** which faces couch **14** and fold down bed **15**. Thus, the modules **12** include a television mounting panel **12.1**, for mounting a flat screen television, a lower combined cabinet and shelf unit **12.2**, storage cabinets **12.3** above the television mounting cabinets, a shelving unit **12.4**, a lower cabinet unit **12.5**, and a tall cupboard storage unit **12.6** (FIG. **5A**). On the other side of moveable wall **10** (FIG. **5B**), modular units are selected which are useful in a work area, including for example a module **12.7** which includes fold down support or work surface **13**, a shelving unit **12.4** and a lower cabinet **12.5**, like those used on the other side of moveable wall **10**. Since the work area, in living space **1** may double as a sleeping area, one of the modular units **12.8** comprises pull out drawers, for clothing and/or for files or like work items. The remaining modules **12** may include other types of cabinets and drawer units or the like. If moveable wall **10** were positioned across from kitchen hardware and appliances such, as a sink and refrigerator, modular units **12** which are useful in a kitchen or dining area could be mounted on core support **11** of moveable wall unit **10**.

In the moveable wall assembly shown in FIGS. **5C** and **5D**, support core **11** comprises not only the above described frame, but also panels **12.9** covering the frame. In one embodiment, these panels **12.9** are conventional drywall panels. They are mounted on either side of, and on the ends of, core support frame **11**. The drywall panels **12.9** are finished in a conventional manner. A fold down work surface module **12.7a** is installed as a unit into core support frame **11** prior to applying drywall **12.9** to the rear face of core support frame **11** (see FIG. **6A**). Module **12.7a** may be open in the back, such that its back surface is the drywall **12.9** located on the opposite face of support frame **11**. When the drywall panels **12.9** are applied to the rear face of core support frame **11**, an appropriate opening is left which leaves fold down work surface module **12.7** exposed, as shown in FIG. **5C**.

Fold down desk module **12.7a** comprises the fold down work surface pivotally connected to a rectangular frame **12.7b**, which is closed in the back by panel **12.7d**. Frame **12.7b** includes an intermediate vertical support member **12.7c** to which an electrical outlet **45** is mounted for facing the open work surface and hence be accessible to a person using work surface module **12.7a**. Another dedicated electrical power source **62** provides power to induction power unit **60** mounted in the fold down work surface. As can be seen by comparing FIGS. **5C** and **6A**, a covering panel is placed over the electrical outlets, leaving an opening for outlet **45**, when installation and module **12.7a** is complete.

As seen in FIG. **5D**, the various cabinet modules **12** et seq. are mounted onto core support **11** over the front panel **12.9**. One or more French cleats **11b**, to which cabinet modules are mounted, are mounted over front panel **12.9**. French cleats may be secured to panel **12.9**, as for example by dry wall anchors, or may be secured directly to underlying frame members **11a** by fasteners passing through panel **12.9** (FIG. **5E**). Preferably, the various modules **12** et seq. are unitized such that individual members comprising the overall cabinet assembly are supported not only by positioning them on the

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French cleats, but also are supported in a unitary manner through securement to the overhead modular unit support 11.2 (FIGS. 5D and 5E). The modular units 12 et seq. are joined directly or indirectly to a top wall 12d, which in turn is connected to overhead modular unit support. Thus, the overall cabinet assembly 12a comprises at least two end vertical walls 12b, and as shown in FIG. 5D, and two intermediary vertical walls 12c, which in turn are secured to a top wall 12d and a corresponding bottom wall not shown. French cleat 11b passes through and helps support the intermediate vertical walls 12c, which are slotted to allow cleat 11b to pass through and support them (FIG. 5E). Other components of said modular units which are not directly connected to said top wall are then connected directly or indirectly to said vertical walls.

Each moveable wall unit 10 includes a brake assembly 30 (FIGS. 8 and 9) which is biased to hold wall 10 against movement. Brake assembly 30 comprises a braking rod 31 which is spring biased by spring 32 into an engagement with the floor. A rubber cup 33 is preferably fitted onto the bottom of brake rod 31 for engaging the floor. Brake rod 31 can be raised out of engagement with the floor through the use of either of the two actuator handles 34 mounted on opposite sides of wall unit 10. Each actuator handle 34 is generally U-shaped in configuration, having a pair of legs 34a extending out of the plane of the "U" from the top of the spaced legs of the "U." The inwardly extending leg portions 34a are slidably and to some extent pivotally carried in mounting brackets 35, which are secured to module(s) 12 at each end of wall unit 10. The end of at least one of the inwardly extending legs 34a is pivotally secured to one end of an actuator link 36. Actuator link 36 is pivotally mounted to a mounting plate 37, which in turn is mounted to the core support 11. The opposite end of each link 36 is pivotally secured to braking rod 31. Thus when one pulls on or up on either of the actuator handles 34, one causes actuator link 36 to pivot about its pivotal connection to mounting plate 37, which in turn lifts brake rod 31 out of engagement with the floor. Also shown in FIG. 9 is an actuator 38 which can be used as an alternative to actuator 34. Actuator 38 is an "L" shaped unit having a leg 34a which is mounted the same as legs 34a of actuator 34, and serves the same function. A downwardly extending leg 38a, acts as a handle to be grasped, replacing "U" shaped actuator 34.

As an alternative braking mechanism, a linear actuator brake 30a is mounted in each lower corner of core support frame 11 (FIGS. 6A, 9A and 9B). It comprises a housing 33a (cylinder as shown), and an extender rod 34a extending from cylinder 33a and having a foot 35a on its end. In FIG. 9A, extender rod 34a is in its "up" position such that foot 35a does not engage the floor. In this position, wall 10 can be moved along supporting tracks 20 in either direction. In FIG. 9B, extender rod 34a is extended such that foot 35a engages the floor, holding wall 10 against movement. Preferably, a remotely controlled switching mechanism is employed for braking and releasing brake 30. Also preferably, extender 34a and foot 35a are biased towards the braking position shown in FIG. 9B, but can be retracted into the position shown in FIG. 9A to facilitate movement of wall 10. This can be accomplished for example by employing a solenoid operated, spring biased extender 34a. The spring biases extender 34a to extend and cause foot 35 to engage the floor. The solenoid is activated to retract said extender 34a, and disengage foot 35 from the floor.

The specific linear actuator shown is motor driven and is remotely controlled. It comprises an electric motor 31a and a gear box 32a. Brake 30a can be controlled by a switch

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mounted on wall unit 10 or directly on core support 11. Alternatively, a receiver can be mounted on wall unit 10, or within core support 11, which controls a power switch to brake 30a, such that brake 30a can be actuated by a remote controller.

Each wall unit 10 is electrified. Circuit wiring is carried in core support 11, and includes conveniently located connectors for connecting to outlets mounted in add-on modules 12. A flexible power connector 40 (FIG. 10) is connected at one end to a circuit connector positioned at or near the top of core wall 11, and at the other end to a connector to the building power system. In the alternative, a conventional cord reel unit 41 (FIG. 11) could be plugged into a building outlet in the ceiling of or near living space 1, and the moveable wall circuit connector positioned at the top of core support 11 could be a male connector for plugging into the female end 42 of a heavy-duty extension cord carried on self-winding reel 43.

Flexible power connector 40 is mounted at one end to a supporting mount or platform 5 located at a level above the horizontal plane passing across the top of wall 10 (FIGS. 5C, 5D and 6A). At the other end, it is connected to power conduits 44, at a point above the top of wall unit 10 and supporting core 11. The flexible electrical wiring 40b carried within flexible power connector 40 (FIG. 10) connect to wiring within conduits 44, thus delivering power to wall 10. Power is distributed to the various outlets 45, induction chargers 60 and brakes 30a located within core support 11 and wall 10.

Flexible power connector 40 is configured to flex in only one direction. It comprises a chain made of a plurality of individual links 40a which are pivotally connected in such a way that they will pivot relative to one another only in one direction, and over a limited arc. Thus power connector 40 will flex in only in the direction shown in FIG. 10. In the other direction, power connector 40 will resist flexing sufficiently, that it can be pushed without buckling. (FIGS. 5C, 5D and 6A). From its end which is secured to platform 5, it extends away from wall unit 10. It is then coiled back on itself forming an arcuate portion, and a portion which extends back towards wall unit 10 and its connection to conduits 44. The extending portion of power connector 40 will sag enough under the force of gravity, that when it is pushed, the pushing force will include a downward component in the direction in which the connector will not flex, (other than a limited distance), and it will not buckle upwardly, or downwardly. As moveable wall 10 is moved away from platform 5, power connector 40 will be pulled, and the arc in the chain will move in the same direction as the wall is moving. As moveable wall 10 is moved back towards platform 5, power connector 40 will be pushed without buckling, and the position of the arcuate portion, of the chain will move further along the platform in the same direction the wall 10 is moving.

Moveable island 50 (FIG. 12) comprises a base 51 to which casters 52 are mounted. Spaced telescoping supports 53 are positioned to project upwardly from base 51 near each end thereof. Top 54 includes hingedly mounted wings 55 which can be folded up to extend top surface 54 or folded down to keep it more compact. (Compare FIGS. 12 and 13.) Telescoping supports 53 support upper surface or top 54, and allow the height of top 54 to be adjusted. As shown in FIG. 12, top 54 is at about dining table level. Top 54 can be raised to a higher level (not shown) to serve as a higher kitchen island work surface, or with wings 55 folded up, can be lowered even further to serve as a coffee table (compare FIGS. 13 and 14).

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An alternative embodiment moveable island **50** is shown in use in FIG. 2. Top **54** is in two pieces, which can be slid apart to allow insertion of leaves **55a**. The fold up wings **55** and the use of leaves **55a** can be alternatives as shown herein, or can be used together to facilitate top enlargement. Optional releasably mounted storage units **56** are positioned on base **51**, below top surface **54**. As shown, top **54** is relatively narrow, but it could extend further towards the front and back of moveable island **50** as seen in FIG. 12, in order to provide a wider top surface.

Moveable island **50** can be positioned as a kitchen work surface and island as shown in FIG. 1. It can be expanded into a dining table by unfolding wings **55** or inserting leaves **55a** and is positioned as a dining table as shown in FIG. 2. It can be moved to the side so it is out of the way as shown in FIG. 5.

The top **54** of moveable island **50** (FIG. 12), foldout desks surface **13** (FIGS. 1 and 5B) and the top shelf of modular cabinet and shelf unit **12.2** (FIG. 5A) are provided with one or more induction power stations **60**. Other modules **12** may also be provided with induction power stations **60**. Such induction power stations enable one to charge electronic devices and light induction power receiving lamps or the like, without the need for plug-in electrical wiring. In mobile island **50**, induction station **60** is wired through top **54** and down through, one of the telescoping supports **53** to an induction power receiver **61** positioned at the bottom of telescoping support **53**, and projecting down somewhat below bottom platform **51**, so as to be positioned close to the floor of living space **1**. Induction power stations **60** are located at several spaced points in the floor of living space **1** so that power can be transferred from a floor mounted induction station into a matching inductive power receiver **61** projecting from the bottom of mobile island **50**. In the case of modules **12** or fold down work surface **13**, the induction power stations **60** are wired to the electrical circuit earned in core support **11**.

FIGS. 1-5 illustrate some of the ways that living space **1** can be reconfigured using the preferred embodiment modular living system of the present invention, in FIG. 1, moveable wall **10** has been rolled along tracks **20** by releasing braking rod **31** of brake system **30**, so as to be positioned to divide the working space into an entertainment area including a couch **14** on one side of moveable wall **10**, and a working area including fold down work surface **13** with a desk chair positioned at it on the other side of moveable wall **10**. Moveable island **50** is configured as a kitchen island workspace.

In FIG. 2, foldout work surface **13** has been folded up and out of the way, and mobile wall **10** has been pushed back against the adjacent permanent standing wall of living space **1**. This creates a larger entertainment area, and also allows one to expand mobile island **50** into a dining table and move it into a better position for use as a dining table for entertaining guests, as has been shown in FIG. 2.

In FIG. 3, mobile island **50** has been reconfigured and repositioned as a kitchen work surface island, and a fold down queen size bed **15** has been folded down and over the top of couch **14**. Mobile wall **10** remains pushed tightly against the standing wall so as to create a rather large sleeping area with queen size bed **15** facing the entertainment center which has been configured on one side of mobile wall **10**.

In FIG. 4, mobile wall **10** has been moved into position closer to bed **15**, thus making the sleeping area somewhat smaller. This allows the space behind moveable wall **10** to again be used as a work area, or alternatively allows one to

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create a second sleeping area. This can be accomplished by mounting fold down bunk beds onto the permanent wall opposite moveable wall **10**. FIG. 5 shows such a fold down bunk **36**, though in FIG. 5, it is positioned opposite the kitchen area.

Of course, it is understood that the foregoing are merely preferred embodiments of the invention and that various changes and alterations can be made thereof without departing from the spirit and broader aspects of the invention.

The invention claimed is:

1. A moveable wall system comprising:

an electrically wired moveable wall to which modular units can be releasably mounted;

a flexible power connector having a first end connected to said electrical wiring of said moveable wall, and having a second end for connecting to a power source which is not on said moveable wall, whereby said moveable wall can be moved without disconnecting from said power source;

said flexible power connector being configured to flex in only one direction whereby it can be pushed without buckling, and being positioned so that from said second end, said flexible power connector extends in a direction away from said moveable wall, and is then coiled back on itself, forming an arcuate portion, and extends back towards said moveable wall; and

whereby as said moveable wall is moved in either direction relative to said first end of said flexible power connector, said arcuate portion of said flexible connector will move in a direction relative to said first end of said flexible power connector, which is the same as the direction said moveable wall is being moved.

2. The moveable wall system of claim 1 which comprises: at least one wireless power transmission receiving station in one or more of said moveable wall and said modular units, for receiving the wireless transmission of power and enabling one to charge electronic devices and provide power to power receiving devices, without the need for plug-in electrical wiring.

3. The moveable wall system of claim 1 which comprises: said moveable wall including a core support and a brake positioned in said core support, which can be set to prevent movement of said wall, or released to permit movement of said wall;

said brake being biased to its braking position, in which said brake can engage a floor to prevent movement of said wall; and

said brake including an actuator which can be activated to release said brake.

4. The moveable wall system of claim 3 which comprises: said brake including a signal receiver mounted on or in said moveable wall operably connected to said brake actuator, whereby said brake can be engaged or released by a remote controller.

5. The moveable wall system of claim 1 which comprises: an overhead track system for supporting at least one movable wall;

said moveable wall being moveably suspended on said overhead track system.

6. The moveable wall system of claim 5 which comprises: said moveable wall including a top and a horizontal plane passing across the top of said moveable wall; an overhead mount for said flexible power connector located at said top of said moveable wall, at a level above said horizontal plane passing across the top of said moveable wall;

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said second end of said flexible power connector being mounted on said overhead mount.

7. The moveable wall system of claim 6 which comprises: at least one wireless power transmission receiving station in one or more of said moveable wall and said modular units, for receiving the wireless transmission of power and enable one to charge electronic devices and provide power to power receiving devices, without the need for plug-in electrical wiring.

8. The moveable wall system of claim 7 which comprises: said moveable wall including a core support and a brake positioned in said core support, which can be set to prevent movement of said wall, or released to permit movement of said wall;

said brake being biased to its braking position, in which said brake can engage a floor to prevent movement of said wall; and

said brake including an actuator which can be activated to release said brake;

said brake including a signal receiver mounted on or in said moveable wall operably connected to said brake actuator, whereby said brake can be engaged or released by a remote controller.

9. The moveable wall system of claim 1 which comprises: said moveable wall including a top and a horizontal plane passing across the top of said moveable wall; an overhead mount for said flexible power connector located at said top of said moveable wall, at a level above said horizontal plane passing across the top of said moveable wall;

said second end of said flexible power connector being mounted on said overhead mount.

10. A moveable wall system comprising:

an overhead track system for supporting at least one moveable wall, said track system comprising at least two spaced parallel tracks;

at least one overhead suspended moveable wall, moveably suspended on said spaced parallel tracks of said overhead track system, so as to extend laterally of said tracks, and be moveable in a fore and aft direction along said tracks;

said moveable wall comprising a suspended core support to which modular units can be releasably mounted, said core support having a top and opposite sides;

said core support having at least two spaced frame members secured to said top of said core support and projecting laterally to either or both of said sides of core support, each of said spaced frame members including a pair of trolleys for suspending said moveable wall in said parallel overhead tracks, each said trolley projecting upwardly from said frame member and engaging said track, at least one of said trolleys being located laterally from and to one side of said core support and the other being located above or laterally to the other side of said core support; and

said core support being adapted to receive one or more modular units releasably mounted on said core support.

11. The moveable wall system of claim 10 comprising: said core support being electrically wired;

said system including an overhead flexible power connector having a first end connected to said electrical wiring of said core support at the top of said core support, and having a second end connected to a power source which is not on said moveable wall, whereby said moveable wall can be moved without disconnecting from said power source.

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12. The moveable wall system of claim 11 which comprises:

one or more modular units adapted to be releasably mounted on said core support,

at least one wireless power transmission receiving station in one or more of said moveable wall and said modular units, for receiving the wireless transmission of power and enable one to charge electronic devices and provide power to power receiving devices, without the need for plug-in electrical wiring.

13. The moveable wall system of claim 11 which comprises:

said two spaced frame members being joined by at least a third frame member to define together an overhead modular unit support mounted on top of said core support;

said moveable wall system including at least one modular unit adapted to be connected to said overhead modular unit support as well as to said core support.

14. The moveable wall system of claim 13 which comprises:

said core support having a length;

said overhead modular unit support being centrally mounted on said core support, and extending over at least $\frac{1}{3}$ of said length of said core support.

15. The moveable wall system of claim 14 in which said overhead modular unit support comprises: said two spaced frame members comprising laterally extending legs; said laterally extending legs terminating at and being joined to said third frame member, said third frame member comprising a longitudinal cross member; a modular unit connector frame member being connected to said laterally extending legs and adapted to be connected to said at least one modular unit.

16. The moveable wall system of claim 13 which comprises:

a plurality of said modular units which are unitized by being directly or indirectly joined to a top wall, which in turn is connected to said overhead modular unit support.

17. The moveable wall system of claim 16 which comprises:

a mounting cleat secured to said core support, said plurality of unitized modular units including at least two vertical walls mounted on said mounting cleat, and also being secured to said top wall;

said modular units including other components which are not connected to said top wall, but are connected directly or indirectly to said vertical walls.

18. The moveable wall system of claim 14 which comprises:

at least one wireless power transmission receiving station in one or more of said moveable wall and said modular units, for receiving the wireless transmission of power and enable one to charge electronic devices and provide power to power receiving device, without the need for plug-in electrical wiring.

19. The moveable wall system of claim 11 in which said core support comprises: a frame covered by panels.

20. The moveable wall system of claim 19 in which said panels comprise dry wall.

21. The moveable wall system of claim 20 in which an internally mounted modular unit is mounted in said core support frame, and said panels are left open at said internally mounted modular unit.

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22. The moveable wall system of claim 21 in which said internally mounted modular unit includes a fold down work surface.

23. The moveable wall system of claim 22 comprising: at least one wireless power transmission receiving station in one or more of said moveable wall and said modular units, for receiving the wireless transmission of power and enable one to charge electronic devices and provide power to power receiving devices, without the need for plug-in electrical wiring.

24. The moveable wall system of claim 21 which comprises:

an overhead modular unit support mounted on said top of said core support, projecting laterally to either or both of said sides of said core support;

said at least one modular unit being connected to said overhead modular unit support frame as well as to said core support.

25. A moveable wall system comprising:

an overhead track system for supporting at least one moveable wall, said track system comprising at least two spaced parallel tracks;

at least one overhead suspended moveable wall, moveably suspended on said spaced parallel tracks of said overhead track system, so as to extend laterally of said tracks, and be moveable in a fore and aft direction along said tracks;

said moveable wall comprising a suspended core support to which modular units can be releasably mounted, said core support having a top and opposite sides;

one or more modular units releasably mounted on said core support;

said core support being electrically wired;

said system including an overhead flexible power connector having a first end connected to said electrical wiring of said core support at said top of said core support, and having a second end connected to a power source which is not on said moveable wall, whereby said moveable wall can be moved without disconnecting from said power source; and

at least one wireless power transmission receiving station in one or more of said moveable wall and said modular

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units, for receiving the wireless transmission of power and enabling one to charge electronic devices and provide power to power receiving devices, without the need for plug-in electrical wiring.

26. A moveable wall system comprising:

an overhead track system for supporting at least one moveable wall;

at least one overhead suspended moveable wall, moveably suspended on said overhead track system, said moveable wall including a top and a horizontal plane passing across the top of said moveable wall;

said moveable wall comprising a suspended core support to which modular units can be releasably mounted;

one or more modular units releasably mounted on said core support;

said core support being electrically wired;

said system including an overhead flexible power connector having a first end connected to said electrical wiring of said core support, and having a second end connected to a power source which is not on said moveable wall, whereby said moveable wall can be moved without disconnecting from said power source; said system further including an overhead mount for said flexible power connector located at a level above said horizontal plane passing across said top of said moveable wall;

said second end of said flexible power connector being mounted on said overhead mount;

said flexible power connector being configured to flex in only one direction whereby it can be pushed without buckling, and being positioned so that from said second end, said flexible power connector extends in a direction away from said moveable wall, and is then coiled back on itself, forming an arcuate portion, and extends back towards said moveable wall; and

whereby as said moveable wall is moved in either direction relative to said first end of said flexible power connector, said arcuate portion of said flexible connector will move in the same direction relative to said first end of said flexible power connector, as said moveable wall is being moved.

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