Feb. 9, 1943. M. M. M. DAVITT ET AL 2,310,842

TIEBACK HOLDER

Filed July 24, 1941

Fig. 1.

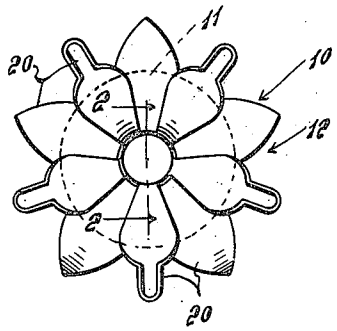


Fig. 2.

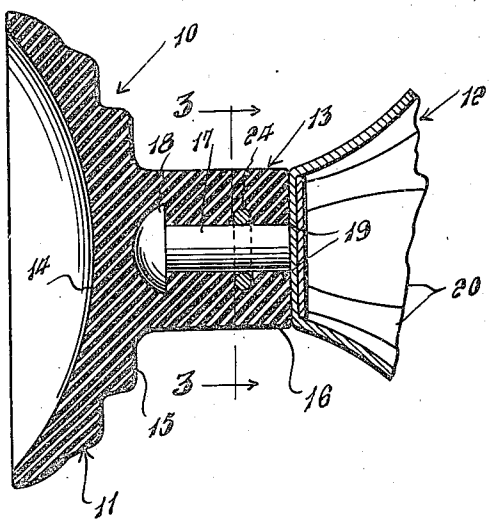
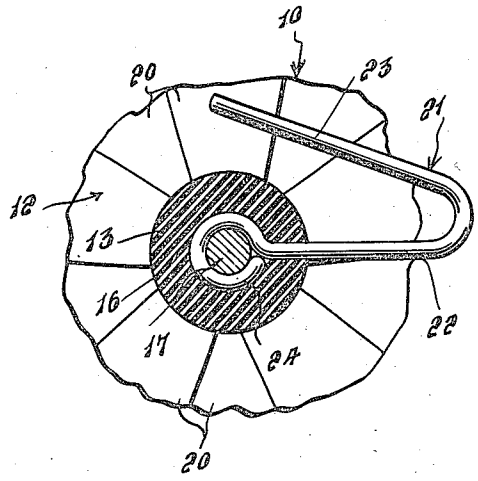


Fig. 3.



Inventors

M.M.M. Davitt

J.E.M. Wendell

By L. F. Randolph

Attorney

Patented Feb. 9, 1943 2,310,842

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

2,310,842

TIEBACK HOLDER

Margaret Mary May Davitt and Jane E. May Wendell, Rensselaer, N. Y.

Application July 24, 1941, Serial No. 403,908

6 Claims. (Cl. 24—73)

This invention relates to a tieback holder for curtains and drapes, and more particularly to a tiebackholder that can be readily attached to or removed from a window frame or other surface, and which will not mar or otherwise damage the surface to which it is attached and which will effectively maintain the position in which it is applied.

Still a further aim of the invention is to provide a holder of attractive appearance, which will be durable in construction and which can be readily removed to replace curtains or drapes and readily reapplied without the use of tools and which is not provided with any sharp points which could cause injury, especially to children, as frequently occurs when pins are used for holding tiebacks in place.

Other objects and advantages of the invention will hereinafter become more fully apparent from the following description of the drawing, which illustrates a preferred embodiment thereof, and wherein:

Figure 1 is a front elevational view looking toward the outer end of the holder,

Figure 2 is an enlarged longitudinal vertical sectional view taken substantially along the plane of the line 2—2 of Figure 1, and

Figure 3 is an enlarged cross sectional view through the stem of the holder and taken substantially along a plane indicated by the line 3—3 of Figure 2.

Referring more particularly to the drawing, wherein like reference characters designate like or corresponding parts throughout the different views, 10 designates generally the tieback holder in its entirety and which is provided with enlarged ends or head portions, designated generally 11 and 12, which are connected to one another by means of a shank, designated generally 13. The head portions 11 and 12 are flared outwardly relatively to one another and are each substantially circular in front elevation.

The head 11 is formed of a resilient material such as rubber and is provided with a concave side 14 which is remote to the shank 13 and a convex opposite side 15 from the central portion of which the shank 13 projects. It will thus be readily apparent that the head 11 constitutes a suction cup and includes an integral shank portion 16 which forms a part of the shank 13.

Embedded in the shank portion 16 is a bolt 17 which is disposed longitudinally of the shank 13 and which is provided with a headed end 18, which is disposed adjacent to the suction cup. The shank end of the bolt 17 projects outwardly from the free end of the shank portion 16 and is adapted to be secured in any suitable manner as by means of soldering or welding, as seen at 19 to the central portion of the head 12.

Head 12 is preferably in the form of an ornamental flower having a plurality of petals 20, as seen in Figure 1.

A hook, designated generally 21, comprises a strand of wire which is bent upon itself, intermediate of its ends, to form the legs 22 and 23 which diverge outwardly relatively to one another, as seen in Figure 3. The terminal end of the leg 22 is bent to provide a loop or eye 24 which is embedded in the shank portion 16 and which engages around the shank of the bolt 17 for anchoring the hook 21 to the shank 13. The terminal end of the leg 23 is disposed between the head portions 11 and 12 and spaced from the shank 13 and preferably approximately above the center thereof, as seen in Figure 3.

It will be readily apparent that the shank portion 16 and the bolt 17 will hold the leg 22 substantially rigid relatively to the shank 13.

From the foregoing it will be obvious that the suction cup, formed by the head 11, can be readily applied in a conventional manner to a supporting surface, not shown, such as a window frame for supporting the holder 10 with its longitudinal axis substantially in a horizontal plane and so that the leg 23 of the hook 21 will project from the shank 13 in a direction toward the center of the window, to the frame of which the holder 10 is attached. It will therefore be apparent that some of the holders 10 will be constructed so that the hooks 21 will project from the shank 13 in the direction as seen in Figure 3, while other of the holders 10 will have their hooks 21, not shown, extending in the opposite direction. However, as this will require no change whatsoever in the construction of the holder it has not been illustrated.

When the holder 10 is thus applied, as previously described, it will be readily apparent that a conventional curtain or drapery tieback may be readily attached over the free end of the leg 23 to thereby be held by the hook 21 between the legs 22 and 23 for effectively holding a tieback in a desired position relatively to a window or other suitable opening or closure, not illustrated.

Various modifications and changes are contemplated and may obviously be resorted to, provided they fall within the spirit and scope of the invention as hereinafter defined by the

appended claims, as only a preferred embodiment of the invention has been disclosed.

We claim as our invention:

1. A tieback holder for curtains or drapes comprising in combination with a suction cup provided with an integral shank projecting from the convex side thereof, a strand of wire bent upon itself intermediate of its ends, the legs of said strand projecting from the intermediate portion thereof in diverging relationship to one another, one of said legs being embedded in and anchored to said shank, and the other of said legs being spaced from the shank.

2. A holder as in claim 1, comprising an elongated rigid member disposed longitudinally within said shank, and said first mentioned leg of the strand of wire being provided with an eye at its terminal for engaging over said elongated member.

3. A holder for curtain tiebacks and the like comprising a suction cup having a shank portion projecting from its outer, convex side, a strand of wire having one end secured to said shank, said strand of wire projecting transversely from the shank and being bent upon itself intermediate of its ends, the free end of said strand of wire being spaced from said shank.

4. A holder as in claim 3, said shank including an integral portion and an elongated rigid member embedded therein and disposed longitudinally thereof and extending from the free end of said shank, the first mentioned end of said strand of wire being embedded in the integral portion of the shank and being provided with an eye for engaging said elongated member.

5. A holder as in claim 3, said shank including an integral portion and an elongated rigid member embedded therein and disposed longitudinally thereof and extending from the free end of said shank, the first mentioned end of said strand of wire being embedded in the integral portion of the shank and being provided with an eye for engaging said elongated member, and an enlarged, flower shaped head connected to the exposed end of said elongated member.

6. A holder for curtain tiebacks and the like comprising a supporting member including enlarged heads forming the ends of said supporting member, said heads being connected by a restricted shank, one of said heads being formed of resilient material and being shaped to provide a suction cup adapted to engage a supporting surface, said shank including a portion formed integral with the suction cup and an elongated member embedded therein and projecting therefrom, said elongated member being secured to the other of said heads, and a pin having diverging legs, one of said legs being embedded in said first mentioned shank portion and connected to the last mentioned shank portion, and the other leg being disposed between the heads and spaced from said shank.

MARGARET MARY MAY DAVITT.
JANE E. MAY WENDELL.