

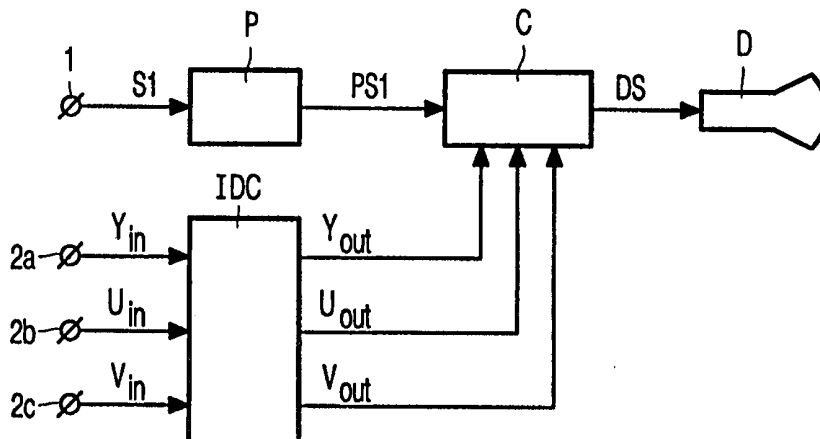


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(54) Title: IMAGE DATA COMPRESSION**(57) Abstract**

In an image data compression method, digitized luminance (Y_{in}) and chrominance (U_{in} , V_{in}) signal samples in a ratio $y_{in}:u_{in}:v_{in}$ are subsampled (IDC) to obtain subsampled luminance (Y_{out}) and chrominance (U_{out} , V_{out}) signal samples in a ratio $y_{out}:u_{out}:v_{out}$, wherein $y_{in}:y_{out}$ exceeds $u_{in}:u_{out}$ and/or $y_{in}:y_{out}$ exceeds $v_{in}:v_{out}$.



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Image data compression.

The invention relates to an image data compression such as used for Picture-In-Picture (PIP) or double-window TV.

Luminance (Y) and chrominance (U, V) are commonly sampled (digitized) in a ratio $Y:U:V = 4:1:1$. In NTSC countries, where the signals I and Q are used instead of U and V, this would be $Y:I:Q = 4:1:1$. In PIP or double window applications, this ratio is commonly preserved at the downsampling operation to obtain the smaller image.

It is, inter alia, an object of the invention to obtain a better color resolution after subsampling. To this end, a first aspect of the invention provides a method and a device as defined by claims 1 and 2. A second aspect of the invention provides an image display apparatus device as defined by claim 3.

In an image data compression method in accordance with a primary aspect of this invention, digitized luminance and chrominance signal samples in a ratio $y_{in}:u_{in}:v_{in}$ are subsampled to obtain subsampled luminance and chrominance signal samples in a ratio $y_{out}:u_{out}:v_{out}$, wherein $y_{in}:y_{out}$ exceeds $u_{in}:u_{out}$ and/or $y_{in}:y_{out}$ exceeds $v_{in}:v_{out}$.

These and other aspects of the invention will be apparent from and elucidated with reference to the embodiments described hereinafter.

The drawing shows an embodiment of an image display apparatus in accordance with the present invention.

The embodiment shown in the drawing comprises an image data compression device, comprising inputs 2a, 2b, 2c for receiving digitized luminance signal samples Y_{in} and chrominance signal samples U_{in} , V_{in} in a ratio $y_{in}:u_{in}:v_{in}$. As mentioned above, a common ratio would be $y_{in}:u_{in}:v_{in} = 4:1:1$. Alternatively, $y_{in}:u_{in}:v_{in} = 4:2:2$. The embodiment further comprises an image data compression device IDC for subsampling the digitized luminance Y_{in} and chrominance U_{in} , V_{in} signal samples to obtain subsampled luminance signal samples Y_{out} and chrominance signal samples U_{out} , V_{out} in a ratio $y_{out}:u_{out}:v_{out}$. In accordance with

the present invention, $y_{in}:y_{out}$ exceeds $u_{in}:u_{out}$ and/or $y_{in}:y_{out}$ exceeds $v_{in}:v_{out}$. So, where in the prior art a 4:1:1 sampled signal would stay a 4:1:1 ($=1:\frac{1}{4}:\frac{1}{4}$) sampled signal upon subsampling, in accordance with the present invention, a 4:1:1 sampled signal becomes a 4:2:2 ($=1:\frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{2}$) or even a 4:4:4 ($=1:1:1$) sampled signal. Thereby, the color resolution is enhanced with regard to the luminance resolution just by throwing away less chrominance samples than what would be proportionate to the reduction in luminance samples. In one example, no chrominance samples whatsoever are thrown away.

The embodiment further comprises a device P for processing a first signal S1 applied to an input 1 to obtain a processed first signal PS1. In a PIP application, the device P would be formed by the main signal channel, while in a double window application, the device P would be similar to the image data compression device IDC. The first signal S1 may be a composite video signal, or a set of luminance and chrominance signals just as present at the inputs 2a, 2b and 2c. A combination device C combines the processed first signal PS1 and the compressed signals Yout, Uout, Vout to obtain a display signal DS. A display device D displays the display signal DS.

It should be noted that the above-mentioned embodiments illustrate rather than limit the invention, and that those skilled in the art will be able to design many alternative embodiments without departing from the scope of the appended claims. Especially, where the embodiments mention U and V signals, I and Q signals may be used in an NTSC environment. In the claims, any reference signs placed between parentheses shall not be construed as limiting the claim. The word "comprising" does not exclude the presence of other elements or steps than those listed in a claim. The invention can be implemented by means of hardware comprising several distinct elements, and by means of a suitably programmed computer. In the device claim enumerating several means, several of these means can be embodied by one and the same item of hardware.

CLAIMS:

1. An image data compression method, comprising:
receiving (2a, 2b, 2c) digitized luminance (Y_{in}) and chrominance (U_{in}, V_{in})
signal samples in a ratio y_{in}:u_{in}:v_{in}; and
subsampling (IDC) said digitized luminance (Y_{in}) and chrominance (U_{in}, V_{in})
5 signal samples to obtain subsampled luminance (Y_{out}) and chrominance (U_{out}, V_{out}) signal
samples in a ratio y_{out}:u_{out}:v_{out}, wherein y_{in}:y_{out} exceeds u_{in}:u_{out} and/or y_{in}:y_{out} exceeds
v_{in}:v_{out}.
2. An image data compression device, comprising:
10 means for receiving (2a, 2b, 2c) digitized luminance (Y_{in}) and chrominance
(U_{in}, V_{in}) signal samples in a ratio y_{in}:u_{in}:v_{in}; and
means for subsampling (IDC) said digitized luminance (Y_{in}) and chrominance
(U_{in}, V_{in}) signal samples to obtain subsampled luminance (Y_{out}) and chrominance (U_{out},
V_{out}) signal samples in a ratio y_{out}:u_{out}:v_{out}, wherein y_{in}:y_{out} exceeds u_{in}:u_{out} and/or
15 y_{in}:y_{out} exceeds v_{in}:v_{out}.
3. An image display apparatus, comprising:
means for processing (P) a first signal (S₁) to obtain a processed first signal
(PS₁);
20 an image data compression device (IDC) as claimed in claim 2 for compressing
a second signal including digitized luminance (Y_{in}) and chrominance (U_{in}, V_{in}) signal
samples to obtain a compressed second signal including subsampled luminance (Y_{out}) and
chrominance (U_{out}, V_{out}) signal samples;
means for combining (C) said processed first signal (PS₁) and said compressed
25 second signal (Y_{out}, U_{out}, V_{out}) to obtain a display signal (DS); and
means for displaying (D) said display signal (DS).

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