No. 861,496. PATENTED JULY 30, 1907.

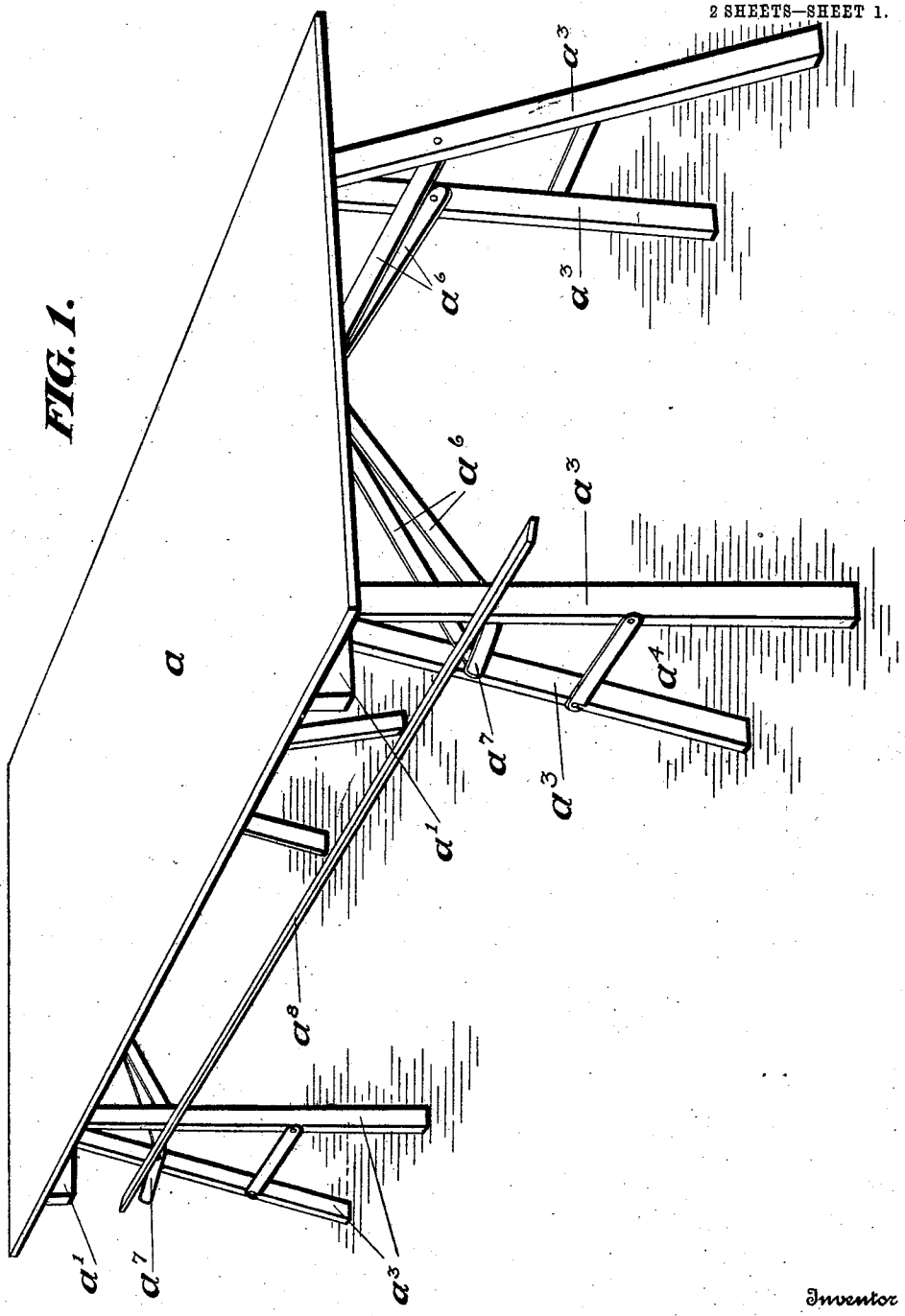
J. G. BRECKENRIDGE.

TRESTLE.

APPLICATION FILED NOV. 30, 1906.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 1.

FIG. 1.



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2 SHEETS—SHEET 2.

FIG. 2.

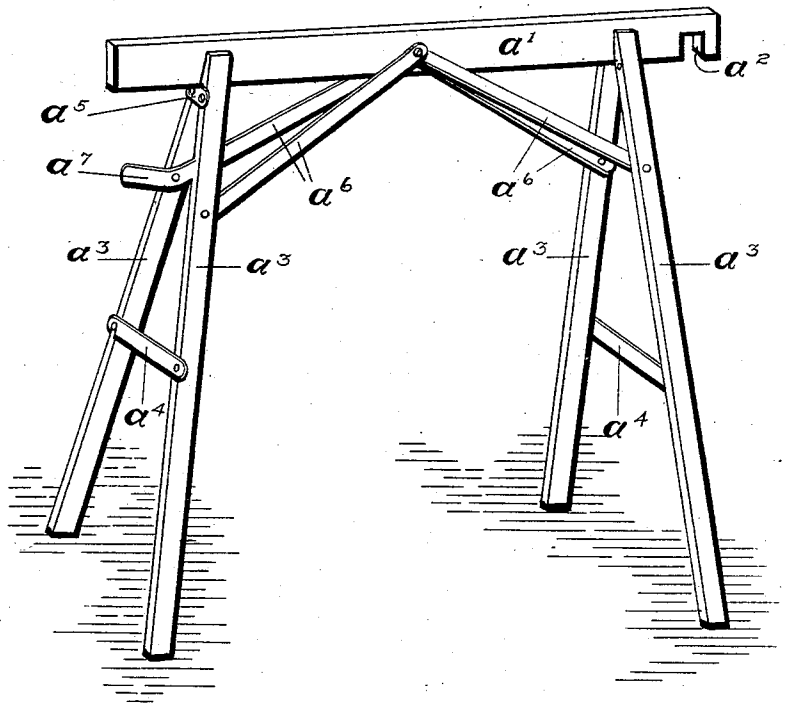
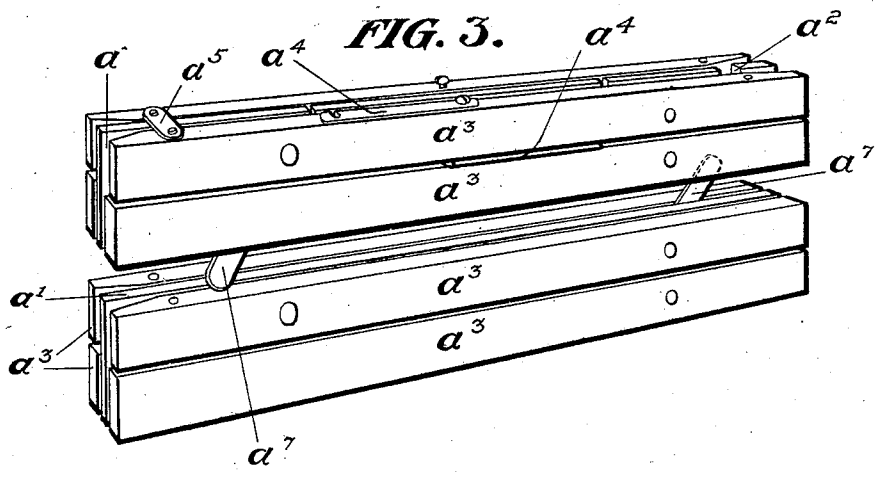


FIG. 3.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN G. BRECKENRIDGE, OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, ASSIGNOR TO THE RIDGELY TRIMMER COMPANY, OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, A CORPORATION OF WEST VIRGINIA.

TRESTLE.

No. 861,496. Specification of Letters Patent. Patented July 30, 1907.

Application filed November 30, 1906. Serial No. 345,700.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN G. BRECKENRIDGE, a citizen of the United States, residing at Springfield, in the county of Clark and State of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Trestles, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in trestles, and particularly to a combination of trestles so arranged that they are readily collapsed and capable of being bundled together in pairs for easy handling. The kind of trestle improved upon is one particularly adapted for use in wall-paper hanging, and in similar arts.

My object is to so arrange the trestles that they can readily be used for supporting a table and also for supporting a straight edge, or analogous devices, in a position that the straight edge can be readily reached by the operator, and so constructing the parts that when the trestles are collapsed and bundled together the supports will lie neatly within the bundle.

Figure 1 is a perspective view showing a table supported by the trestles, and the straight edge also supported on the trestles. Fig. 2 is a perspective view of one of the trestles. Fig. 3 is a detail view of a bundle comprising a pair of collapsed trestles.

Like parts are indicated by similar characters of reference throughout the several views.

In the drawings, the beam of the trestle is indicated by a^1.

The legs of the trestle are indicated by a^3, the side braces for the legs by a^4, a notch, a^2, being shown in the end of the beam within which the upper bracket, a^5, of the pair of legs at the right-hand side of Fig. 2 is adapted to extend.

a^6 represents the side braces extending from near the center of the beam to the opposing pairs of legs.

a^7 indicates the support projecting from the trestle and coöperating with the corresponding support extending from the opposing trestle so as to support the straight edge, a^8, as indicated in Fig. 1.

There are a number of prior trestles of like character with the one shown herein and it has become customary to make these trestles collapsible, so that the pairs of legs fold together in parallel relation with the beam, as shown in Fig. 3.

It is apparent that in use it is necessary to employ two trestles for supporting any part, such as a table, and in order to transport these trestles from place to place it is desirable that they be arranged to fold together in one bundle.

The advantage of my improved form of support for a straight edge is that when a pair of trestles are bundled together, the supports will project within the space between the beam and the legs, and in that way the two trestles can be brought compactly together without any interference from the supports, as indicated fully in Fig. 3.

Having thus described my invention, I claim:

1. The combination of a table, a pair of collapsible trestles located at opposite ends of the table, supports for a straight edge projecting from each trestle, the supports projecting from one of the legs of each trestle whereby the supports and the collapsed trestles when bundled together will project within the spaces formed between the beam and the legs, substantially as specified.

2. The combination of a pair of trestles, comprising a beam and legs connected thereto, connections between the legs and the beam permitting the legs to be folded together, supports projecting from the trestle and in folded position of the trestle projecting between the spaces formed between the legs and the beam, substantially as specified.

3. The combination of a pair of trestles each comprising a cross-beam, and two pair of legs for each trestle, connections between the beams and legs permitting the legs to be folded together and in parallel relation with the beam, supports projecting outwardly and upwardly from the trestle and extending in the spaces formed between the beam and legs when the two pairs of trestles are bundled together.

4. The combination of one pair of trestles, each trestle comprising a cross-beam, and legs, with connections between the legs and the beam permitting the legs to be folded in parallel relation with the beam, supports projecting from each folded trestle, each support being arranged in position to extend within the space of the opposing trestle formed between the legs and beam thereof, substantially as specified.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this 22nd day of November, 1906.

JOHN G. BRECKENRIDGE.

Witnesses:
CHAS. I. WELCH,
CLARA GALLAGHER.