A&A Ref: 146196

# PUBLICATION PARTICULARS AND ABSTRACT

(Section 32(3)(a) - Regulations 22(1)(g) and 31)

21	01	PATENT APPLICATION NO	22	LODGING DATE	43	ACCEPTANCE DATE
		8 <b>2002/</b> 5	647	15 July 2002		3-11-03
51	INT	ERNATIONAL CLASSIFICAT	TION	NOT FOR PUBLICA	TION	
	C	07D, A01N		CLASSIFIE	D BY:	ISA
71	FUI	LL NAME(S) OF APPLICANT	(S)			
	Sy	ngenta Participations /	AG			
72	F	FULL NAME(S) OF INVENTO	PR(S)			
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EARLIEST PRIORITY CLAIMED	COU	NTRY	NUMB	BER	DATE	3
	33	GB	31	0001447.2	32	21 January 2000

NOTE: The country must be indicated by its International Abbreviation - see schedule 4 of the Regulations

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## Pyrrolecarboxamides and pyrrolethioamides as fungicides

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L	57	ABSTRACT (NOT MORE THAN 150 WORDS)	NUMBER OF SHEETS	118

The sheet(s) containing the abstract is/are attached.

If no classification is furnished, Form P.9 should accompany this form. The figure of the drawing to which the abstract refers is attached.

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767) Abstract: Novel pyrrole derivatives of formula (I) wherein X is oxygen or sulfur;  $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl unsubstituted or substituted, with the exception of  $CF_3$ ;  $C_3$ - $C_6$ cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted; or halogen;  $R_2$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl unsubstituted or substituted or substituted, cyano or halogen;  $R_3$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl unsubstituted or substituted; and A is orthosubstituted aryl; orthosubstituted heteroaryl; bicycloaryl unsubstituted or substituted; or bicycloheteroaryl unsubstituted or substituted. The novel compounds have plant-protective properties and are suitable for protecting plants against infestations by phytopathogenic microorganisms.

#### PYRROLECARBOXAMIDES AND PYRROLETHIOAMIDES AS FUNGICIDES

The present invention relates to novel substituted pyrrolecarboxamides or pyrrolethioamides which have microbicidal activity, in particular fungicidal activity. The invention also relates to the preparation of these substances, to agrochemical compositions which comprise at least one of the novel compounds as active ingredient, to the preparation of the compositions mentioned and to the use of the active ingredients or compositions in agriculture and horticulture for controlling or preventing infestation of plants by phytopathogenic microorganisms, preferably fungi.

The pyrrolecarboxamides (thioamides) of the present invention have the general formula I

$$R_1$$
 $R_2$ 
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_8$ 

wherein

X is oxygen or sulfur;

R₁ is C₁-C₄alkyl unsubstituted or substituted, with the exception of CF₃; C₃-C₆cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted; or halogen;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl unsubstituted or substituted, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy unsubstituted or substituted, cyano or halogen;

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl unsubstituted or substituted; and

A is orthosubstituted aryl; orthosubstituted heteroaryl; bicycloaryl unsubstituted or substituted; or bicycloheteroaryl unsubstituted or substituted.

Surprisingly, it has now been found that the compounds of formula (I) exhibit improved biological properties which render them more suitable for the practical use in agriculture and horticulture.

Where asymmetrical carbon atoms are present in the compounds of formula I, these compounds are in optically active form. The invention relates to the pure isomers, such as

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enantiomers and diastereomers, as well as to all possible mixtures of isomers, e.g. mixtures of diastereomers, racemates or mixture of racemates.

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Within the present specification alkyl denotes methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, isobutyl and tert-butyl. Non-branched alkyl is preferred. Alkyl as part of other radicals such as alkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkoxy, etc. is understood in an analogous way. Halogen will be understood generally as meaning fluoro, chloro, bromo or iodo. Fluoro, chloro or bromo are preferred meanings. Halogen as part of other radicals such as haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, haloalkenyl, haloalkenyloxy, haloaryl or haloheteroaryl, etc. is understood in an analogous way. Haloaryl or haloheteroaryl designates mono- to five times halo-substituted aryl, whereby the halogens are independently chosen. Where more than two halogens are present, the halogens are preferably the same, e.g. trifluorophenyl, trichlorophenyl, tetrachlorophenyl or perchlorophenyl.

Haloalkyl is a monohalogenated to perhalogenated alkyl radical, such as, inter alia, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2-chloroethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, 3,3,3-trifluoropropyl.

Haloalkoxy is a monohalogenated to perhalogenated alkoxy radical, such as, inter alia, OCH<sub>2</sub>F, OCHF<sub>2</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, OCHFCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br, OCF<sub>2</sub>CHFCI.

Substituted alkyl will be understood as for example haloalkyl, alkoxy-alkyl, haloalkoxy-alkyl.

Cycloalkyl is, depending on the ring size, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or cycloheptyl. Substituted cycloalkyl will be understood for example as alkyl-cycloalkyl, haloalkyl-cycloalkyl, haloalkoxy-cycloalkyl, haloalkoxy-cycloalkyl, haloalkoxyalkyl-cycloalkyl.

Alkenyl will be understood as meaning straight-chain or branched alkenyl such as allyl, methallyl, 1-methylvinyl or but-2-en1-yl. Preferred alkenyl radicals contain 3 to 4 carbon atoms in the chain.

Alkynyl can likewise, in accordance with the number of carbon atoms, be straight-chain or branched and is typically propargyl, but-1-yn-1-yl or but-1-yn-3yl.

Aryl is phenyl or naphthyl.

Heteroaryl will be understood as a 5- to 10membered ring that may contain up to 3 heteroatoms, such as nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur. The following list of examples is not exhaustive: füryl, thienyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, pyrrolyl, dithiolyl, oxathiolyl, dioxazolyl, oxathiazolyl, oxathiolyl, pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, triazinyl, indolyl, benzofuranyl, benzimidazolyl, indazolyl, benzotriazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, phthalazinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinazolinyl, cinnolinyl, naphthyridinyl, isobenzofuranyl, isoindolyl, benzothiadiazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzothienyl, purinyl, 5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dioxazinyl, and the like.

Bicycloaryl or bicycloheteroaryl will be understood as a 6-membered aryl or 6-membered heteroaryl ring, wherein it may contain up to 3 heteroatoms such as nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur, and which is fused to an additional ring. The fused ring may be aromatic, partially hydrogenated or completely saturated and may be a ring from 5 to 7 ring members, of which up to 3 members may be heteroatoms selected from he group nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur. The following list of examples is not exhaustive: dihydroisobenzofuranyl, dihydroisoindolyl and the like.

Substituted aryl, substituted heteroaryl, substituted bicycloaryl or substituted bicycloheteroaryl will be understood as substituted by, inter alia, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, cycloalkadienyl, phenyl, heteroaryl, cyano, nitro, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl.

Preferred embodiment of compounds of formula I are those wherein

X is oxygen or sulfur; or

X is oxygen; or

X is sulfur; or

R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl unsubstituted or substituted, with the exeption of CF<sub>3</sub>; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted; or halogen; or

 $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl;  $C_3$ - $C_6$ cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,

 $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl or halogen; or halogen; or

R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl,

C₁-C₃haloalkyl or halogen; or

R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl or cyclopropyl; or

R<sub>1</sub> is methyl, ethyl, CFH<sub>2</sub> or CF<sub>2</sub>H; or

R₂ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₄haloalkoxy,

C₁-C₄alkoxy-C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄haloalkoxy-C₁-C₄alkyl, cyano or halogen; or

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl; or

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl; or

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen; or

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl unsubstituted or substituted; or

 $R_3$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl, or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl, or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl, or

 $R_3$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl; or

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl; or

R<sub>3</sub> is methyl or CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>; or

A is orthosubstituted aryl; orthosubstituted heteroaryl; bicycloaryl unsubstituted or substituted; or bicycloheteroaryl unsubstituted or substituted; or

#### A is a group

$$R_4$$
  $(A1)$   $R_5$   $R_6$   $R_7$   $R_8$   $R_8$   $R_8$   $R_8$   $R_9$   $R_9$ 

or

A is A1, A2, A3, A5, A8, A10, A13, A14, A17, A18, A20, A21, A22, A24, A25, A26, A27, A29, A31, A32 or A33; or

A is A1, A2, A3, A17, A20, A21, A24, A25, A26, A27, A31 or A33; or A is A31 or A33; or

 $R_4$  is  $C_3$ - $C_7$ cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_7$ cycloalkenyl,  $C_5$ - $C_7$ cycloalkadienyl wherein the cycloalkyl group can be mono- to pentasubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl; phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, nitro, cyano, CHO,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $COOC_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy, thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, isoxazolyl, isothiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, imidazolyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyrimidinyl which are unsubstituted or substituted by

hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl.

halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkynyl, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, CHO,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxy, COOC<sub>1</sub>- $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy; or R₄ is C₅-C₂cycloalkyl, unsubstituted or mono- to trisubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy; C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkenyl, unsubstituted or mono- to trisubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy; C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkadienyl, unsubstituted or mono- to trisubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_1-C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1-C_4$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2-C_4$ alkenyl,  $C_2-C_4$ alkynyl or  $C_1-C_4$ haloalkyl; phenyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy. C₁-C₄haloalkoxy or C₁-C₄haloalkyl; thienyl, furyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyrimidinyl which are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, C₁-C₄haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkyl, hydroxy, C₁-C₄alkoxy or C₁-C₄haloalkoxy; or R<sub>4</sub> is cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl or cyclohexadienyl, which are unsubstituted or mono- to disubstituted by chloro, bromo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>haloalkoxy; thienyl, furyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyrimidinyl which are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy; or R<sub>4</sub> is phenyl substituted by halogen; C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl; or halothienyl; or R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy; or R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy; or R₅ is hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy or C₁-C₃haloalkoxy; or R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are identical or different and are each independently of the others hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy or  $C_3$ - $C_7$ cycloalkyl; or  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are identical or different and are each independently of the others hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy; or R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are identical or different and are each independently of the others

Within the group of compounds of formula I those compounds are preferred wherein:  $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ 

A is a group

$$\begin{split} &C_1-C_4\text{haloalkoxy},\ C_1-C_4\text{alkoxy-}C_1-C_4\text{alkyl},\ C_1-C_4\text{haloalkoxy-}C_1-C_4\text{alkyl}\ or\ \text{halogen};\ \text{or\ halogen};\ \text{or\ halogen};\ \text{or\ halogen};\ \text{or\ haloalkoxy},\ C_1-C_4\text{alkyl},\ C_1-C_4\text{alkoxy},\ C_1-C_4\text{haloalkoxy},\ C_1-C_4\text{alkyl},\ C_1-C_4\text{alkyl},\ C_2-C_4\text{alkyl},\ C_2-C_4\text{alkyl}$$

$$R_{5}$$
 $R_{7}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{8}$ 
 $R_{7}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{8}$ 
 $R_{10}$ 
 $R_{10}$ 

and

 $R_4$  is  $C_3$ - $C_7$ cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_7$ cycloalkenyl,  $C_5$ - $C_7$ cycloalkadienyl wherein the cycloalkyl group can be mono- to pentasubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl; phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, nitro, cyano, CHO,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy; thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, isoxazolyl, isothiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, imidazolyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyrimidinyl which are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkynyl, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, CHO,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxy,  $COOC_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alky

 $R_5$  is hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy;

 $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are identical or different and are each independently of the others hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ Alkyl,

Within the group AA of compounds of formula I those compounds are preferred wherein X is oxygen (subgroup AB).

Another group of compounds of formula I within the group AA are those wherein X is sulfur (subgroup AC).

Within the subgroup AB are those compounds preferred wherein

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R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl or halogen;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl;

 $R_3$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl;

A is A1, A2, A3, A5, A8, A10, A13, A14, A17, A18, A20, A21, A22, A24, A25, A26, A27, A29, A31, A32 or A33;

R₄ is C₅-C₁cycloalkyl, unsubstituted or mono- to trisubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,

 $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy;

C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkenyl, unsubstituted or mono- to trisubstituted by halogen, hydroxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy; C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cyclodialkenyl,

unsubstituted or mono- to disubstituted by halogen, hydroxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy; thienyl, furyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl or pyridazinyl, which are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy;

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy;

R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy; and R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are identical or different and are each independently of the others hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy (subgroup AB1).

phenyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy,

Within the subgroup AB1 are those compounds more preferred wherein

A is A1, A2, A3, A17, A20, A21, A24, A25, A26, A27, A31 or A33;

 $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_2$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl or cyclopropyl;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl;

 $R_3$  is  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl;

R4 is cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl or cyclohexadienyl, which are unsubstituted or mono- to disubstituted by chloro, bromo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>haloalkoxy; thienyl, furyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyrimidinyl which are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy;

R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkoxy; and R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are identical or different and are each independently of the others hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl (subgroup AB2).

Preferred compounds whithin the subgroup AB2 are those compounds wherein

R<sub>1</sub> is methyl, ethyl, CFH<sub>2</sub> or CF<sub>2</sub>H;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen;

R<sub>3</sub> is methyl or CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>;

A is A31 or A33; and

R<sub>4</sub> is halophenyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl or halothienyl (subgroup AB3).

Within the subgroup AC are those compounds preferred wherein

 $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl;  $C_3$ - $C_6$ cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl or halogen;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl;

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl;

A is A1, A2, A3, A5, A8, A10, A13, A14, A17, A18, A20, A21, A22, A24, A25, A26, A27, A29, A31, A32 or A33;

R₄ is C₅-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, unsubstituted or mono- to trisubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,

 $C_2\text{-}C_4\text{alkenyl},\ C_2\text{-}C_4\text{alkynyl},\ C_1\text{-}C_4\text{haloalkyl},\ C_1\text{-}C_4\text{haloalkoxy}\ \text{or}\ C_1\text{-}C_4\text{alkoxy};$ 

 $C_5$ - $C_7$ cycloalkenyl, unsubstituted or mono- to trisubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkenyl,

 $C_2-C_4 alkynyl,\ C_1-C_4 alkyl,\ C_1-C_4 haloalkyl,\ C_1-C_4 haloalkoxy\ or\ C_1-C_4 alkoxy;\ C_5-C_7 cyclodialkenyl,\ C_1-C_4 haloalkyl,\ C_1-$ 

unsubstituted or mono- to disubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkynyl,

 $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy; thienyl, furyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl or pyridazinyl, which are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy; phenyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,

C₁-C₄haloalkyl or C₁-C₄haloalkoxy;

 $R_5$  is hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy; and  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are identical or different and are each independently of the others hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy (subgroup AC1).

Within the subgroup AC1 are those compounds more preferred wherein

A is A1, A2, A3, A17, A20, A21, A24, A25, A26, A27, A31 or A33;

 $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_2$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl or cyclopropyl;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl;

 $R_3$  is  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl;

R4 is cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl or cyclohexadienyl, which are unsubstituted or mono- to disubstituted by chloro, bromo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>haloalkoxy; thienyl, furyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyrimidinyl which are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy;

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R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkoxy; and R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are identical or different and are each independently of the others hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl (subgroup AC2).

The compounds according to formula I may be prepared according to the following reaction schemes.

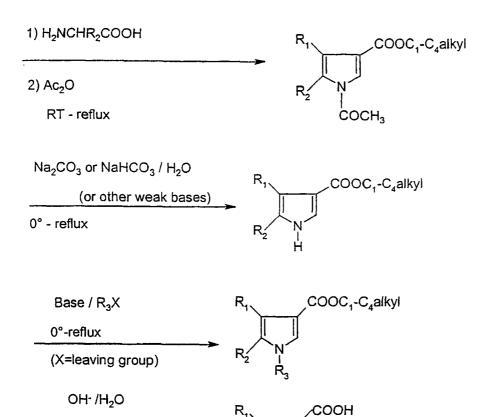
A) Synthesis of the pyrrole carboxylic acids:

Route 1 (Tosmic-route):

#### Scheme 1

Route 2 ("acetoacetic acid"-route, see e.g. EP-326108; J.Am.Chem.Soc.70,497(1948) or JP-07157466)

### Scheme 2



B) Synthesis of the amides/thioamides,

R'OH /0°-reflux

## Scheme 3

(X)

Base =  $NEt_3$ , Hünig-base,  $Na_2CO_3$ ,  $K_2CO_3$  and others

B1) Synthesis of the amides wherein A is phenyl, pyridine or pyrimidine Scheme 4

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R<sub>1</sub> COCI 
$$H_2N-G$$
  $R_1$   $NH-G$   $R_2$   $R_3$   $R_4$   $R_5$   $R_5$   $R_6$   $R_7$   $R_8$   $R_8$   $R_9$   $R_$ 

G = phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine

R<sub>4</sub>-B(OH)<sub>2</sub> (Suzuki-coupling)

The "in situ" prepared pyrazole carboxylic acid chloride reacts with an ortho-halosubstituted phenylamine in the presence of a solvent like toluene, benzene, xylene, hexane, cyclohexane, THF, chloroform or methylenechloride and in the presence of a base like sodium carbonate, sodium hydrogencarbonate, potassium carbonate, Hünig base, triethylamine or pyridine at a temperature between 0°C and reflux temperature. The obtained pyrazolecarboxamide reacts with a boronic acid of the formula R<sub>4</sub>-B(OH)<sub>2</sub> in the presence of a Pd-catalyst like Pd(P(phenyl)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, Pd(P(phenyl<sub>3</sub>))<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, PdCl<sub>2</sub>dppb, Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub>, Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, PdOAc<sub>2</sub>/(o-tolyl)<sub>3</sub>P, Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/dppf, Pd(PhCN)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/Ph<sub>3</sub>As, Pd(CH<sub>3</sub>CN)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub>/P(tert.butyl)<sub>3</sub>, Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/P(tert.butyl)<sub>2</sub>biphenyl, Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/TPPTS, Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/PCy<sub>3</sub>, Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/P(O-i-Pr)<sub>3</sub>, Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/2-dimethylamino-2'-dicyclohexylphosphinobiphenyl, Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/2-dimethylamino-2'-ditert.butylphosphinobiphenyl, Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/ (o-biphenyl)P(cyclohexyl)<sub>2</sub> in a solvent like 1,2-dimethoxyethane/water, DMF, DMA, THF/water, dioxane/water, benzene, toluene, xylene and others and a base like sodium carbonate, sodium hydrogencarbonate, potassium carbonate, cesium carbonate, potassium phosphate, triethylamine, sodium hydroxide, sodium ethylate, sodium tert.butylate, silver oxide, barium carbonate, potassium fluoride or cesium fluoride at a temperature between 0°C and reflux temperature.

B2) Synthesis of pyrrolecarboxamides wherein R<sub>1</sub> is CF<sub>2</sub>H

#### Scheme 5

## C) Synthesis of the ortho-substituted amines A-NH<sub>2</sub>:

The compounds are either known from the literature or can be prepared by known methods. Literature for the synthesis of amine-intermediates and/or amines A<sub>i</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>:

A<sub>1</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>: Tetrahedron 1993,49,49-64 or EP-83975 or J.Org.Chem. 1995,60,292;

A<sub>2</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>: EP-737682;

A<sub>3</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>: J.Chem.Res.(S) 1978,11,428 or Chem.Scr.1972,2,245;

A<sub>17</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>: Org.Prep.Procedures Int. 1989,21,141;

A<sub>21</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>: J.Chem.Soc.Perkin I 1981,5,1591;

A<sub>25</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>: Tetrahedron 1993,49,49-64 or Heterocycles 1999,51,721;

A<sub>26</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>: Synthesis 1996,10,1015 or Synthesis 1994,9,931;

A<sub>27</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>: Liebigs Ann.Chemie 1977,537-544 or J.Med.Chem. 1975,18,623;

A<sub>31</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>: EP-315502;

A<sub>32</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>: J.Pesticide Science 1993,18,245;

A<sub>30</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>: J.Heterocyclic Chem. 1982,19,1285.

The invention relates also to the pyrrolecarboxylic acid of formula X, wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  have the meaning as defined for formula I.

Surprisingly, it has now been found that the novel compounds of formula I have, for practical purposes, a very advantageous spectrum of activities for protecting plants against diseases that are caused by fungi as well as by bacteria and viruses.

The compounds of formula I can be used in the agricultural sector and related fields of use as active ingredients for controlling plant pests. The novel compounds are distinguished by excellent activity at low rates of application, by being well tolerated by plants and by being environmentally safe. They have very useful curative, preventive and systemic properties and are used for protecting numerous cultivated plants. The compounds of formula I can be used to inhibit or destroy the pests that occur on plants or parts of plants (fruit, blossoms, leaves, stems, tubers, roots) of different crops of useful plants, while at the same time protecting also those parts of the plants that grow later e.g. from phytopathogenic microorganisms.

It is also possible to use compounds of formula I as dressing agents for the treatment of plant propagation material, in particular of seeds (fruit, tubers, grains) and plant cuttings (e.g. rice), for the protection against fungal infections as well as against phytopathogenic fungi occurring in the soil.

The compounds I are, for example, effective against the phytopathogenic fungi of the following classes: Fungi imperfecti (e.g. Botrytis, Pyricularia, Helminthosporium, Fusarium, Septoria, Cercospora and Alternaria) and Basidiomycetes (e.g. Rhizoctonia, Hemileia, Puccinia). Additionally, they are also effective against the Ascomycetes classes (e.g. Venturia and Erysiphe, Podosphaera, Monilinia, Uncinula) and of the Oomycetes classes (e.g. Phytophthora, Pythium, Plasmopara). Outstanding activity has been observed against powdery mildew (Erysiphe spp.). Furthermore, the novel compounds of formula I are effective against phytopathogenic bacteria and viruses (e.g. against Xanthomonas spp, Pseudomonas spp, Erwinia amylovora as well as against the tobacco mosaic virus).

Within the scope of present invention, target crops to be protected typically comprise the following species of plants: cereal (wheat, barley, rye, oat, rice, maize, sorghum and related species); beet (sugar beet and fodder beet); pomes, drupes and soft fruit (apples, pears, plums, peaches, almonds, cherries, strawberries, raspberries and blackberries); leguminous plants (beans, lentils, peas, soybeans); oil plants (rape, mustard, poppy, olives, sunflowers, coconut, castor oil plants, cocoa beans, groundnuts); cucumber plants (pumpkins, cucumbers, melons); fibre plants (cotton, flax, hemp, jute); citrus fruit (oranges, lemons, grapefruit, mandarins); vegetables (spinach, lettuce, asparagus, cabbages, carrots, onions, tomatoes, potatoes, paprika); lauraceae (avocado, cinnamomum, camphor) or plants such as tobacco,

nuts, coffee, eggplants, sugar cane, tea, pepper, vines, hops, bananas and natural rubber plants, as well as ornamentals.

The compounds of formula I are used in unmodified form or, preferably, together with the adjuvants conventionally employed in the art of formulation. To this end they are conveniently formulated in known manner to emulsifiable concentrates, coatable pastes, directly sprayable or dilutable solutions, dilute emulsions, wettable powders, soluble powders, dusts, granulates, and also encapsulations e.g. in polymeric substances. As with the type of the compositions, the methods of application, such as spraying, atomizing, dusting, scattering, coating or pouring, are chosen in accordance with the intended objectives and the prevailing circumstances. The compositions may also contain further adjuvants such as stabilizers, antifoams, viscosity regulators, binders or tackifiers as well as fertilizers, micronutrient donors or other formulations for obtaining special effects.

Suitable carriers and adjuvants can be solid or liquid and are substances useful in formulation technology, e.g. natural or regenerated mineral substances, solvents, dispersants, wetting agents, tackifiers, thickeners, binders or fertilizers. Such carriers are for example described in WO 97/33890.

The compounds of formula I are normally used in the form of compositions and can be applied to the crop area or plant to be treated, simultaneously or in succession with further compounds. These further compounds can be e.g. fertilizers or micronutrient donors or other preparations which influence the growth of plants. They can also be selective herbicides as well as insecticides, fungicides, bactericides, nematicides, molluscicides or mixtures of several of these preparations, if desired together with further carriers, surfactants or application promoting adjuvants customarily employed in the art of formulation.

The compounds of formula I can be mixed with other fungicides, resulting in some cases in unexpected synergistic activities.

Mixing components which are particularly preferred are azoles such as azaconazole, bitertanol, propiconazole, difenoconazole, diniconazole, cyproconazole, epoxiconazole, fluquinconazole, flusilazole, flutriafol, hexaconazole, imazalil, imibenconazole, ipconazole, tebuconazole, tetraconazole, fenbuconazole, metconazole, myclobutanil, perfurazoate,

penconazole, bromuconazole, pyrifenox, prochloraz, triadimefon, triadimenol, triflumizole or triticonazole; pyrimidinyl carbinoles such as ancymidol, fenarimol or nuarimol; 2-aminopyrimidine such as bupirimate, dimethirimol or ethirimol; morpholines such as dodemorph, fenpropidin, fenpropimorph, spiroxamin or tridemorph; anilinopyrimidines such as cyprodinil, pyrimethanil or mepanipyrim; pyrroles such as fenpiclonil or fludioxonil; phenylamides such as benalaxyl, furalaxyl, metalaxyl, R-metalaxyl, ofurace or oxadixyl; benzimidazoles such as benomyl, carbendazim, debacarb, fuberidazole or thiabendazole; dicarboximides such as chlozolinate, dichlozoline, iprodine, myclozoline, procymidone or vinclozolin; carboxamides such as carboxin, fenfuram, flutolanil, mepronil, oxycarboxin or thifluzamide; guanidines such as guazatine, dodine or iminoctadine; strobilurines such as azoxystrobin, kresoxim-methyl, metominostrobin, SSF-129, methyl 2-[(2-trifluoromethyl)-pyrid-6-yloxymethyl]-3methoxyacrylate or  $2-[\alpha{[(\alpha-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)imino]-oxy}-o-tolyl]-glyoxylic acid$ methylester-O-methyloxime (trifloxystrobin); dithiocarbamates such as ferbam, mancozeb, maneb, metiram, propineb, thiram, zineb or ziram; N-halomethylthio-dicarboximides such as captafol, captan, dichlofluanid, fluoromide, folpet or tolyfluanid; copper compounds such as Bordeaux mixture, copper hydroxide, copper oxychloride, copper sulfate, cuprous oxide, mancopper or oxine-copper; nitrophenol derivatives such as dinocap or nitrothal-isopropyl; organo phosphorous derivatives such as edifenphos, iprobenphos, isoprothiolane, phosdiphen, pyrazophos or toclofos-methyl; and other compounds of diverse structures such as acibenzolar-S-methyl, anilazine, blasticidin-S, chinomethionat, chloroneb, chlorothalonil, cymoxanil, dichlone, diclomezine, dicloran, diethofencarb, dimethomorph, dithianon, etridiazole, famoxadone, fenamidone, fentin, ferimzone, fluazinam, flusulfamide, fenhexamid, fosetyl-aluminium, hymexazol, kasugamycin, methasulfocarb, pencycuron, phthalide, polyoxins, probenazole, propamocarb, pyroquilon, quinoxyfen, quintozene, sulfur, triazoxide, tricyclazole, triforine, validamycin, (S)-5-methyl-2-methylthio-5-phenyl-3-phenyl-amino-3,5dihydroimidazol-4-one (RPA 407213), 3,5-dichloro-N-(3-chloro-1-ethyl-1-methyl-2oxopropyl)-4-methylbenzamide (RH-7281), N-allyl-4,5-dimethyl-2-trimethylsilylthiophene-3carboxamide (MON 65500), 4-chloro-4-cyano-N,N-dimethyl-5-p-tolylimidazole-1-sulfonamide (IKF-916), N-(1-cyano-1,2-dimethylpropyl)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)-propionamide (AC 382042), or iprovalicarb (SZX 722).

A preferred method of applying a compound of formula i, or an agrochemical composition which contains at least one of said compounds, is foliar application. The frequency of

application and the rate of application will depend on the risk of infestation by the corresponding pathogen. However, the compounds of formula I can also penetrate the plant through the roots via the soil (systemic action) by drenching the locus of the plant with a liquid formulation, or by applying the compounds in solid form to the soil, e.g. in granular form (soil application). In crops of water rice such granulates can be applied to the flooded rice field. The compounds of formula I may also be applied to seeds (coating) by impregnating the seeds or tubers either with a liquid formulation of the fungicide or coating them with a solid formulation.

The formulation, i.e. the compositions containing the compound of formula I and, if desired, a solid or liquid adjuvant, are prepared in known manner, typically by intimately mixing and/or grinding the compound with extenders, e.g. solvents, solid carriers and, optionally, surface active compounds (surfactants).

The agrochemical formulations will usually contain from 0.1 to 99 % by weight, preferably from 0.1 to 95 % by weight, of the compound of formula I, 99.9 to 1 % by weight, preferably 99.8 to 5 % by weight, of a solid or liquid adjuvant, and from 0 to 25 % by weight, preferably from 0.1 to 25 % by weight, of a surfactant.

Advantageous rates of application are normally from 5 g to 2 kg of active ingredient (a.i.) per hectare (ha), preferably from 10 g to 1 kg a.i./ha, most preferably from 20 g to 600 g a.i./ha. When used as seed drenching agent, convenient dosages are from 10 mg to 1 g of active substance per kg of seeds.

Whereas it is preferred to formulate commercial products as concentrates, the end user will normally use dilute formulations.

The following non-limiting Examples illustrate the above-described invention in more detail. Temperatures are given in degrees Celsius. The following abbreviations are used: m.p.= melting point; b.p.= boiling point. "NMR" means nuclear magnetic resonance spectrum. MS stands for mass spectrum. "%" is percent by weight, unless corresponding concentrations are indicated in other units.

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Example 1: 1,4-Dimethylpyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

In a sulfonation flask 0.87 g (20 mmol) NaH (55%) are dissolved in 10 ml of absolute THF. Then a solution of 2.8 g (20 mmol) 4-methylpyrrole-3-carboxylic acid methylester in 400 ml THF is added dropwise. After stirring of the mixture for 10 minutes at room temperature, 1.2 ml (20 mmol) methyl iodide are added and stirring continued for 1 hour. After addition of 50 ml of a cold ca. 10% ammonium chloride solution the mixture is extracted twice with ethylacetate. After drying of the organic phase the solvent is removed in a water jet vacuum. The obtained crude N-methylated ester is dissolved in 10 ml ethanol and 20 ml of a 2N sodium hydroxide solution. The resulted mixture is stirred at 80-85°C for 3 hours and then ethanol is removed in a water jet vacuum. After addition of 25 ml of water and extraction with ethylacetate the water phase is acidified with concentrated hydrochloric acid. After cooling the acid is separated by filtration. Yield after drying: 2.1 g of 1,4-dimethylpyrrole-3-carboxylic acid in form of a slightly brownish powder; m.p. 166-168°C.

Example 2: 1,4-Dimethylpyrrole-3-carboxylic acid [(4-fluorobiphenyl)-2-yl]amide

A solution of 0.49 g (3.5 mmol) 1,4-dimethylpyrrole-3-carboxylic acid and 0.49 g (3.8 mmol) oxalyl chloride in 20 ml of methylene chloride is stirred for 3 hours at room temperature in the presence of a catalytic amount of DMF. Then the acid chloride solution is slowly added to a solution of 0.65 g (3.5 mmol) 2-(4'-fluorophenyl)aniline, 0.43 g (4.2 mmol) triethylamine and 15 ml methylene chloride. The resulting mixture is then stirred for 16 hours at room

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temperature. After addition of ethylacetate, the organic phase is washed twice with water. Drying of the organic phase ( $Na_2SO_4$ ) and removal of the solvent in a water jet vacuum yielded the raw material. Purification by column chromatography over silica gel (eluant: ethylacetate/hexane 1:1) gave 0.55 g 1,4-dimethylpyrrole-3-carboxylic acid [(4-fluorobiphenyl)-2-yl]amide in the form of slightly yellowish powder; m.p. : 147-149°C.

The following compounds are prepared in a similar way, using analogous methods.

<u>Table 1</u>: Compounds of the formula I, wherein A = A1 =

$$R_4$$

Compd. No.	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub> .	$R_3$	R <sub>4</sub>	R₅	X	Phys.data [m.p.]
1.1	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	НО	Н	0	
1.2	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CI	Н	0	
1.3	CH₃	Н	CH₃	Br Br	н	0	
1.4	CH₃	Н	CH₃	———Br	Н	0	
1.5	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-	Н	0	resin; MS,
1.6	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-	Н	S	
1.7	CH₃	Н	CH₃	{С-	, н	0	
1.8	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	(C)0404	Н	0	
1.9	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-	Н	0	resin; MS, ¹H-NMR
1.10	СН₃	Н	CH₃		Н	0	.,,,,,,,,
1.11	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	()afat	Н	0	
1.12	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	-⟨ai'ai	Н	0	

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1.13	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	→ H	0	
1.14	CH₃	Н	CH₃	—( H	0	
1.15	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	H H	0	
1.16	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H	0	
1.17	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0	
1.18	CH₃	Н	CH₃	°CF, H	0	
1.19	CH₃	Н	CH₃	⊸ Н	0	
1.20	CH₃	Н	CH₃	Н	0	
1.21	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ CF3 H	0	<b>√-</b>
1.22	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	OCF, H	0	
1.23	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	——————————————————————————————————————	0	156-158
1.24	CH₃	н	CH₃	— <u></u>	S	
1.25	CH₃	н	CH₃	——— H	0	148-149
1.26	CH₃	н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— <b>(</b> → H	s	resin
1.27	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	-CF, H	0	

1.28	CH₃	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0
1.29	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H GI	0
1.30	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H	0
1.31	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	√s H	0
1.32	CH₃	Н	CH₃	√s H	0
1.33	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H	0
1.34	CH₃	Н	CH₃	a S H	0
1.35	CH₃	Н	CH₃	√o₁ H	0
1.36	CH₃	Н	CH₃	⊢ H	0
1.37	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H	0
1.38	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	H H	0
1.39	CH₃	Н	CH₃	N H	0
1.40	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	0
1.41	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	Ci H	0
1.42	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	F H	0
1.43	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0

1.44	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	OCF,	H (	o O
1.45	СН₃	Н	CH₃	CI N	Н	O
1.46	CH₃	Н	CH₃	-EN	Н (	118-120
1.47	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CF <sub>3</sub>	H (	)
1.48	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		H (	)
1.49	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Zi Zi	н с	)
1.50	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CF <sub>3</sub>	H C	<b></b>
1.51	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CI_N	н с	
1.52	CH₃	Н	CH₃	I	H C	)
1.53	CH₃	Н	CH₃		н с	
1.54	CH₃	Н	CH₃	-{_>	н с	
1.55	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	- N	н с	)
1.56	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		-l C	)
1.57	CH₃	Н	CH₃	~~~ H	Ч С	)
1.58	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~	-l C	

1.59	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<u> </u>	Н	0
1.60	CH₃	Н	CH₃	-\(\big _{N-N}\)	Н	0
1.61	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	но	Н	0
1.62	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	cı	Н	0
1.63	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	Br Br	Н	0
1.64	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	⊸(Sr	Н	0
1.65	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	~	Н	0
1.66	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~	Н	S
1.67	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	Сн,	Н	0
1.68	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH3	-CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
1.69	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH3	$\overline{}$	Н	0
1.70	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	——сн;	Н	0
1.71	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0
1.72	CFH₂	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	-\_\_\-\ar\ar\	н	0
1.73	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~	Н	0
1.74	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	(c)	Н	0

1.75	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~	Н	0
1.76	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<u></u>	Н	0
1.77	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	CF,	Н	0
1.78	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	OCF,	H	0
1.79	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	~ C	Н	0
1.80	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	F	Н	0
1.81	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF,	Н	0
1.82	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	OCF,	Н	0
1.83	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-C1	Н	0
1.84	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	(C)	Н	S
1.85	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0
1.86	CFH₂	Н	CH₃		Н	S
1.87	CFH₂	Н	CH₃		, Н	0
1.88	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	<b>-√_</b> ∞,	Н	0
1.89	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0

1.90	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	F	Н	0
1.91	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	s	Н	0
1.92	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	√s c₁	Н	0
1.93	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	S	Н	0
1.94	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	GI S	Н	0
1.95	CFH₂	Н	CH₃		Н	0
1.96	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃		Н	0
1.97	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	O.N.	Н	0
1.98	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	T <sub>o</sub> y	Н	0
1.99	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	N CI	Н	0
1.100	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	N :	Н	0
1.101	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	~ Ci	Н	0
1.102	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	~ Ci	Н	S
1.103	CFH₂	Н	CH₃		Н	0
1.104	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF,	Н	0

1.105	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	OCF	• Н	0
1.106	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
1.107	CFH <sub>2</sub>	H	CH₃	N N	Н	0
1.108	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
1.109	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>-</b> ⟨∑⟩	Н	0
1.110	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	N CI	Н	0
1.111	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
1.112	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Çı =	Н	0
1.113	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	F	Н	0
1.114	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	-CI.	Н	0
1.115	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	$-\langle  \rangle$	Н	0
1.116	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	→ N O	Н	0
1.117	CFH₂	Н	CH₃		Н	0
1.118	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	~~\\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_	Н	0
1.119	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		H	0

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1.120	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	Н	0
1.121	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-\(\)	Н	0
1.122	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	но	Н	0
1.123	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	cı 🔀	Н	0
1.124	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	8r Br	Н	0
1.125	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ Sar	Н	0
1.126	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	Н	0
1.127	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	S
1.128	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— <del>С</del> н,	Н	0
1.129	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	———outors	Н	0
1.130	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-	Н	0
1.131	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	——сн,	Н	0
1.132	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CHON	Н	0
1.133	CF₂H	CH₃	CH₃	-C-oyan	Н	0
1.134	CF₂H	Н	CH₃		Н	0
1.135	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	(	Н	0

1.136	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	
1.137	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<u></u>	Н	0	
1.138	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CF,	Н	0	
1.139	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	OCF,	Н	0	
1.140	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	~\sqrt{\sq}\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}	Н	0	
1.141	CF₂H	Н	CH₃		Н	0	
1.142	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	
1.143	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	OCF,	Н	0	
1.144	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	resin
1.145	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	———cı	Н	S	
1.146	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	{-}	Н	0	
1.147	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	<b>-√</b>	Н	S	
1.148	CF₂H	Н	CH₃		Н	0	
1.149	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-C>-ccf,	Н	0	

1.151	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	- ← H	0	
1.152	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	, H	0	
1.153	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H s	0	resin, MS
1.154	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H	0	
1.155	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	G S	0	
1.156	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	∏ H	0	
1.157	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	∏ <sub>o</sub> ,N H	0	
1.158	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H	0	. <del></del>
1.159	CF₂H₂	Н	CH₃	H H	0	
1.160	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	N CI	0	
1.161	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— H	0	
1.162	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	a H	, O	
1.163	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~ Co H	S	
1.164	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H H	0	
1.165	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF, H	0	

1.166	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	OCF, H	0	
1.167	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H	0	
1.168	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0	
1.169	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> H	0	
1.170	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→Ç" H	0	
1.171	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H G	0	
1.172	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-√N CF3 H	0	
1.173	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0	yapı ~
1.174	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H H	0	
1.175	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	0	
1.176	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	0	
1.177	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0	
1.178	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H	0	
1.179	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H H	0	
1.180	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ Ci H	0	

1.181	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>→</b>	Н	0	
1.182	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-\(\)	Н	0	
1.183	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	0	113-114
1.184	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	S	
1.185	CF₂CF₃	Н	CH₃	Сн,	Н	0	
1.186	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	
1.187	CF₂CF₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	Н	0	120-121
1.188	CF₂CF₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	—СH <sub>3</sub>	Н	0	
1.189	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		Н	0	· ee
1.190	CF₂CF₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-Cı	Н	0	148-150
1.191	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-CI	H	S	
1.192	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	————F	Н	0	134-136
1.193	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		Н	S	
1.194	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	—CF,	Н	0	
1.195	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	{_>(_>(	Н	0	

1.196	CF₂CF₃	Н	CH₃	→C <sub>CI</sub> H	0	
1.197	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	→ H	0	
1.198	Δ	Н	CH₃	но Н	0	
1.199	Δ	Н	CH₃	ci H	0	
1.200	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	ar H	0	
1.201	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-≪ H	0	
1.202	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	0	
1.203	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	S	
1.204	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	_сн, Н	0	÷
1.205	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	——————————————————————————————————————	0	
1.206	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	0	resin;MS, ¹H-NMR
1.207	Δ	Н	CH₃	———сн, H	0	
1.208	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	_ <del></del> ақақ Н	0	
1.209	Δ	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>		0	
1.210	Δ	Н	CH₃	— Н	0	

1.211	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	—Cı H	0
1.212	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
1.213	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
1.214	Δ	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0
1.215	Δ	Н	CH₃	OCF, H	0
1.216	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
1.217	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
1.218	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ÇF, H	0
1.219	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	——————————————————————————————————————	0
1.220	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	———cı H	0
1.221	Δ	Н	CH₃	———ci H	S
1.222	Δ	Н	CH₃	————— H	0
1.223	Δ	Н	CH₃	——— <sub>F</sub> Н	S
1.224	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	0

1.225	Δ	Н	CH₃	H	0
1.226	Δ	Н	CH₃	CI H	0
1.227	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	0
1.228	Δ	Н	CH₃	⊢s H	0
1.229	Δ	Н	CH₃	√s H	0
1.230	Δ	Н	CH₃	H	0
1.231	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
1.232	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	√ H	0
1.233	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0
1.234	Δ	Н	CH₃	H	0
1.235	Δ	Н	CH₃	L'S H	0
1.236	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	N S CI	0
1.237	Δ	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
1.238	Δ	Н	CH₃	CI H	0
1.239	Δ	Н	CH₃	C: H	S

1.240	Δ	Н	CH₃	F H	0	
1.241	Δ	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0	
1.242	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	OCE, H	0	
1.243	Δ	Н	CH₃	Çi H	0	
1.244	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0	105-107
1.245	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF, H	0	
1.246	Δ	Н	CH₃	→CN H	0	
1.247	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0	v-
1.248	Δ	Н	CH₃	—————————————————————————————————————	0	
1.249	Δ	Н	CH₃	C H	0	
1.250	Δ	Н	CH₃	F H	0	
1.251	Δ	Н	CH₃	→C <sub>N</sub> —G <sub>1</sub> H	0	
1.252	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>→</b> H	0	
1.253	Δ	Н .	CH <sub>3</sub>	g H	0	

1.254	Δ	Н	CH₃	, N	Н	0	
1.255	Δ	Н	CH₃	~~~~	Н	0	
1.256	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	N SCI	Н	0	
1.257	Δ	Н	CH₃	<b>√</b> N-N	Н	0	
1.258	Δ	Н	CH₃	<b>→</b>	Н	0	
1.259	CH₃	Н	CH₃	Cci	Н	S	
1.260	CH₂CH₃	Н	CH₃	<b>_</b> a	Н	0	152-153
1.261	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		Н	0	120-121
1.262	CH₂CH₃	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	0	
1.263	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	
1.264	CH₂CH₃	Н	CH₃		Н	0 .	
1.265	CH₂CH₃	Н	CH₂CH₃	-( <u>)</u> -a	Н	0	97-98
1.266	CH₂CH₃	Н	CH₂CH₃	- <b>-</b> -F.	Н	0	95-96
1.267	CH₂CH₃	Н	CH₂CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	0	
1.268	(CH₃)₂CH	Н	CH₃	(C)	Н	0	102-103
1.269	(CH₃)₂CH	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>—</b> F	Н	0	99-100
1.270	(CH₃)₂CH	Н	CH₃	—Ст.	Н	0	
1.271	(CH₃)₂CH	Н	CH₂CH₃	<b>—</b>	Н	0	116-117
1.272	(CH₃)₂CH	Н	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	- <b>-</b> F	Н	0	93-94

<u>Table 2</u>: Compounds of the formula I, where A = A2 =

Compd.	R <sub>1</sub>	$R_2$	R <sub>3</sub>	R₄	$R_5$	X	Phys.data
No. 2.1	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	но	Н	0	[m.p.]
2.2	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	ci×	Н	0	
2.3	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	8r 🔀	Н	0	
2.4	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	Br Br	Н	0	
2.5	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>→</b>	Н	0	
2.6	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	S	•
2.7	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	{Сн.	Н	0	
2.8	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	———ortari	Н	0	
2.9	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	<b>→</b>	Н	0	
2.10	CH₃	Н	CH₃	——сн <sub>з</sub>	Н	0	
2.11	CH₃	Н	CH₃	———orlor	н	0	
2.12	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>2</sub>		Н	0	

	0	— Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	2.13
	0	——а H	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	2.14
	0	€ H	CH3	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	2.15
	0	H H	CH3	Н	CH₃	2.16
	0	CF, H	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	2.17
	0	OCF, H	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	2.18
	0	- Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	2.19
	0	— Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	2.20
	0	→ÇĒ, H	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	2.21
	0	→ Pocf, H	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	2.22
resin,MS	0	—С, H	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	2.23
	S	—С H	CH₃	Н	CH₃	2.24
	0	———— H	CH₃	Н	CH₃	2.25
	S	——— H	CH₃	Н	CH₃	2.26
	0	H	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	2.27

2.28	CH₃	Н	CH₃	<b>−</b> €\$\_∞F <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
2.29	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	CI	Η	0
2.30	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	→ F	Н	0
2.31	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	S	Н	0
2.32	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	√s ~ cı	Н	0
2.33	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	S	Н	0
2.34	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	CI S	Н	0
2.35	CH3	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0
2.36	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	√o_N	Н	0
2.37	CH₃	Н	CH₃	O.N	Н	0
2.38	CH₃	Н	CH₃	N .	Н	0
2.39	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	ZZ G	Н	0
2.40	CH₃	Н	CH₃	— N	Н	0
2.41	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	~ Ca	Н	0
2.42	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CI	Н	S

2.43	CH₃	Н	CH₃	~ CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
2.44	CH₃	Η .	CH₃	OCF	· H	0
2.45	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
2.46	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Н	0
2.47	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
2.48	CH₃	Н	CH3	$\overline{\langle}$	Н	0
2.49	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
2.50	ĊH₃	Н	CH₃	CF,	Н	0
2.51	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	CI N	Н	0
2.52	CH₃	Н	CH₃	F	Н	0
2.53	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-CI	Н	0
2.54	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-	Н	0
2.55	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH3	a a	Н	0
2.56	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0

2.57	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	0
2.58	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
2.59	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	———— H	0
2.60	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	0
2.61	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	но Н	0
2.62	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	<sup>ci</sup> H	0
2.63	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Br H	0
2.64	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	ar H	0
2.65	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	— <b>○</b> H	0
2.66	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	-€ H	S
2.67	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	—Сн <sub>з</sub> Н	0
2.68	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	——⊶ <sub>оңоң</sub> Н	0
2.69	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	0
2.70	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	—— <sub>Сн,</sub> Н	0
2.71	CFH₂	Н	CH₃		0
2.72	CFH₂	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	———сн <sub>я</sub> сн, Н	0

2.73	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	<b>—</b> ⊘ Н	0
2.74	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0
2.75	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0
2.76	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0
2.77	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF, H	0
2.78	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	OCF <sub>3</sub> H	0
2.79	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	H H	0
2.80	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
2.81	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	- С <sup>5</sup> , Н	0
2.82	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	ocf, H	0
2.83	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	→C+ H	0
2.84	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	——— H	S
2.85	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
2.86	CFH₂	н .	CH₃	→ H	S
2.87	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-CF, H	0

2.88	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	H	0
2.89	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	——————————————————————————————————————	0
2.90	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→Ç <sub>F</sub> H	0
2.91	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	√S H	0
2.92	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	S CI H	0
2.93	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	H	0
2.94	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	a H	0
2.95	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	Д: H	0
2.96	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	H	0
2.97	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	H	0
2.98	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	₩ H	0
2.99	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	N CI	0
2.100	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
2.101	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~Ca H	0
2.102	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	a H	S

2.103	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	N F	Н	0
2.104	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	→ CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
2.105	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	N OCF	. H	0
2.106	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
2.107	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	-EN	Н	0
2.108	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF,	Н	0
2.109	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	<b>−</b> ⟨¯⟩	Н	0
2.110	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	Z Z	Н	0
2.111	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	CF,	Н	0
2.112	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
2.113	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	F N	Н	0
2.114	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	-√_N ci	Н	0
2.115	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$-\langle  \rangle$	Н	0
2.116	CFH₂	H	ĊH₃	C C	Н	0

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2.117	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	F	Н	0
2.118	CFH₂	Н	CH₃	~~~ <u>~</u> ~	Н	0
2.119	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Н	0
2.120	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>√</b>	Н	0
2.121	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	<b>√</b>	Н	0
2.122	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	но	Н	0
2.123	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
2.124	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	Br Br	Н	0
2.125	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	⊸€ ar	Н	0
2.126	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>→</b>	Н	0
2.127	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-	Н	S
2.128	CF <sub>2</sub> H	Н	CH₃	<b>—</b> Сн,	Н	0
2.129	CF₂H	Н	CH₃		Н	0
2.130	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	0
2.131	CF₂H	H	CH₃	——Сн,	Н	0
2.132	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0

2.133	CF₂H	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH₃	-Cyan, H	0
2.134	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	— H	0
2.135	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	——————————————————————————————————————	0
2.136	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H H	0
2.137	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	⊢ H	0
2.138	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF, H	0
2.139	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	OCF <sub>3</sub> H	0
2.140	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	——— ́ Н	0
2.141	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	0
2.142	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	0
2.143	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	ocf <sub>3</sub> . H	0
2.144	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0
2.145	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→C→G H	S
2.146	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	0
2.147	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ÇF H	s

2.148	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-С <sub>Б</sub> , Н	0
2.149	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	—————————————————————————————————————	0
2.150	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0
2.151	CF <sub>2</sub> H	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
2.152	CF <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH₃	T <sub>s</sub> H	0
2.153	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H S	0
2.154	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	0
2.155	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	GI S H	0
2.156	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	□ H	0
2.157	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H	0
2.158	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	0
2.159	CF₂H₂	Н	CH₃	F. H	0
2.160	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	N H	0
2.161	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	0
2.162	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	a H	0

2.163	CF₂H	Н	CH₃		Н	S
2.164	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	F	Н	0
2.165	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CF,	Н	0
2.166	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	OCF,	Н	0
2.167	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	C1	Н	0
2.168	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	- N	Н	0
2.169	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
2.170	CF₂H	Н	CH3	$\overline{\langle}$	Н	0
2.171	CF₂H	Н	CH₃		Н	0
2.172	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
2.173	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CI_N	Η	0
2.174	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	F	Н	0
2.175	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-√_N-cı	Н	0
2.176	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	$\prec$	Н	0

2.177	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	O N	Н	0	
2.178	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	F N	Н	0	
2.179	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~~~~	Н	0	
2.180	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	N CI	Н	0	
2.181	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>→</b>	Н	0	
2.182	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>−</b> ⟨ N − N	Н	0	
2.183	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~	Н	0	
2.184	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~	Н	S	
2.185	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	——сн,	Н	0	
2.186	CF₂CF₃	Н	CH₃		Н	0	
2.187	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	0	
2.188	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	—Сн;	Н	0	
2.189	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		Н	0	
2.190	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	c	Н	0	145-146
2.191	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>−</b> €	Н	S	
2.192	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	\(\)_F	Н	0	136-137

2.193	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	———— H	S
2.194	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	—С <sub>сғ,</sub> Н	0
2.195	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	—————————————————————————————————————	0
2.196	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	———a H	0
2.197	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	0
2.198	Δ	Н	CH₃	но Н	0
2.199	Δ	н.	CH <sub>3</sub>	<sup>CI</sup> H	0
2.200	Δ	Н	CH₃	Br H	0
2.201	Δ	Н	CH₃	ar H	0
2.202	Δ	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0
2.203	Δ	Н	CH₃	H	s
2.204	Δ	Н	CH₃	— <del>Сн,</del> Н	0
2.205	Δ	Н	CH₃	→Oyan, H	0
2.206	Δ	Н ,	CH₃	— Н	0
2.207	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Сн <sub>я</sub> Н	0

2.208	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-Co+ca+, H	0
2.209	Δ	CH₃ .	CH₃		0
2.210	Δ	Н	CH₃	— Н	0
2.211	Δ	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0
21.212	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0
2.213	Δ	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
2.214	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	cF, H	0
2.215	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	ocf, = H	0
2.216	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0
2.217	Δ	Н	CH₃	H	0
2.218	Δ	Н	CH₃	√Ş <sup>F</sup> , H	0
2.219	Δ	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
2.220	Δ	Н	CH₃	——————————H	0
2.221	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	⊸C₁ H	S
2.222	Δ	Н	CH₃	Н	0

2.223	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	S
2.224	Δ	Н	CH₃	-€, H	0
2.225	Δ	Н	CH₃	Н	0
2.226	Δ	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0
2.227	Δ	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
2.228	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	√s H	0
2.229	Δ	Н	CH₃	S CI	0
2.230	Δ	Н	CH₃	H S	0
2.231	Δ	Н	CH₃	H CI S	0
2.232	Δ	Н	CH₃	√ H	0
2.233	Δ	Н	CH₃	√° H	0
2.234	Δ	Н	CH₃	H	0
2.235	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	₩ H	0
2.236	Δ	Н	CH₃	H CI	0
2.237	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→CN H	0

2.238	Δ	Н	CH₃	C H	0
2.239	Δ	Н	CH₃	ci H	S
2.240	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	F H	0
2.241	Δ	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0
2.242	Δ	Н	CH₃	OCF, H	0
2.243	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	G H	0
2.244	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0
2.245	Δ	Н	CH₃	CEF.3 H	0
2.246	Δ	Н	CH₃	—  H	0
2.247	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H G	0
2.248	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		0
2.249	Δ	Н	CH₃	H	0
2.250	Δ	Н	CH₃	F H	0
2.251	Δ	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0

2.252	Δ	Н	CH3	$-\langle \overline{\rangle}$	Н	0
2.253	Δ	Н	CH₃	CI CI	Н	0
2.254	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	F.	Н	0
2.255	$\triangle$	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~\\_\\_\	Н	0
2.256	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Н	0
2.257	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>→</b>	Н	0
2.258	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-\(\sigma_{N-N}\)	Н	0
2.259	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	-CN	Н	0
2.260	CH₂CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-CI	Н	0
2.261	CH₂CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	F	Н	0

<u>Table 3</u>: Compounds of the formula I, wherein A = A17 =

Compd. No.	R,	$R_2$	R₃	R <sub>4</sub>	R₅	X	Phys.data [m.p.]
3.1	CH₃	Н	CH₃	~	Н	0	
3.2	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	Н	S	
3.3	CH₃	Н	CH₃	С-4,	Н	0	
3.4	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	н	0	
3.5	CH₃	Н	CH₃		Н	0	
3.6	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	
3.7	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		Н	0	
3.8	CH <sub>3</sub>	н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	
3.9	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	
3.10	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	-C1	Н	0	
3.11	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	Н	s	
3.12	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	———F	Н	0	

3.13	CH₃	Н	CH₃	→ H	S
3.14	CH₃	Н	CH₃	→cF, H	0
3.15	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	→ CF, H	0
3.16	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CI H	0
3.17	CH₃	Н	CH₃	√s H	0
3.18	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H H	0
3.19	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	√ H	0
3.20	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0
3.21	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H	0
3.22	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	₩ H	0
3.23	CH₃	Н	CH₃	Z G H	0
3.24	CH₃	Н.	CH₃	→ H	0
3.25	CH₃	Н	CH₃	√ N H	0
3.26	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	√N H	S
3.27	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Cct, H	0

3.28	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CI H	0
3.29	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	H H	0
3.30	CH₃	Н	CH₃	→CN H	0
3.31	CH₃	Н	CH₃	G: H	0
3.32	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H H	0
3.33	CH₃	Н	CH₃	F H	0
3.34	CH₃	Н	CH₃	→C₁ H	0
3.35	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	<b>→</b>	0
3.36	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	H H	0
3.37	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H H	0
3.38	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H	0
3.39	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
3.40	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	→ CI H	0
3.41	Δ	Н	CH₃	⊸ Н	0
3.42	Δ	Н	CH₃	— Н	S
3.43	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	0

3.44	Δ	Н	CH₃	——сн, Н	0
3.45	Δ	Н	CH₃	Н	0
3.46	Δ	Н	CH₃	— Н	0
3.47	Δ	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
3.48	Δ	Н	CH₃	— Н	0
3.49	Δ	Н	CH₃	—Ca H	0
3.50	Δ	Н	CH₃	——— H	S
3.51	Δ	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
3.52		Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	S
3.53	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		0
3.54	Δ	Н	CH₃	(C)∞, H	0
3.55	Δ	Н	CH₃	———a H	0
3.56	Δ	Н	CH₃	— <b>С</b> м Н	0
3.57	Δ	Н	CH₃	⊸C <sup>N</sup> H	0
3.58	Δ	н	CH <sub>3</sub>	a H	s

3.59	Δ	Н	CH₃	CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
3.60	Δ	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
3.61	Δ	н	CH <sub>3</sub>	- N	Н	0
3.62	Δ	Н	CH₃	<b>−</b> ⟨¯ <sub>N</sub> ⟩	Н	0
3.63	Δ	Н	CH₃	CI N	Н	0
3.64	Δ	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
3.65	Δ	Н	CH₃	F	Н	0
3.66	Δ	Н	CH₃	~	Н	0
3.67	Δ	Н	CH₃	<b>√</b>	Н	0
3.68	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~	Н	0
3.69	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0
3.70	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	Н	0
3.71	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-	Н	S
3.72	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	<b>→</b>	Н	0
3.73	CF₂H	н	CH <sub>3</sub>	{>-сн,	Н	0

3.74	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	0
3.75	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H H	0
3.76	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0
3.77	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
3.78	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	0
3.79	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	–← H	S
3.80	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
3.81	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ H	S
3.82	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0
3.83	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0
3.84	CF₂H	н	CH₃	H Car	0
3.85	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
3.86	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0
3.87	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	a H	S
3.88	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0

3.89	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
3.90	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	- N	Н	0
3.91	CF₂H	Н	СНЗ	-\(\bigcirc\)	Н	0
3.92	CF₂H	Н	СНЗ	CI	Н	0
3.93	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CI	Н	0
3.94	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	F	Н	0
3.95	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-CI	Н	0
3.96	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{	Н	0
3.97	CF₂H	Н	CH3	Ct	Н	0
3.98	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	- N	Н	0

<u>Table 4</u>: Compounds of the formula I, wherein A = A21 =

Compd.	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R₃	R₄	X	Phys.data [m.p.]
4.1	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~	, 0	[111.4.]
4.2	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-	s	
4.3	CH₃	Н	CH₃		-сн, О	
4.4	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-	0	
4.5	CH₃	Н	CH₃	<del>-</del>	-сн, O	
4.6	CH₃	Н	CH₃	cı =	. 0	
4.7	CH₃	Н	CH₃		0	
4.8	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	~	. 0	
4.9	CH <sub>3</sub>	н	CH <sub>3</sub>		0	
4.10	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		-a O	
4.11	CH₃	Н	CH₃	<b>-</b>	S S	
4.12	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		- <sub>-</sub> O	resin
4.13	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		S	

4.14	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CF, O
4.15	CH₃	Н	CH₃	O
4.16	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CI CI
4.17	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	√s o
4.18	CH₃	Н	CH₃	ci s
4.19	CH₃	н	CH <sub>3</sub>	
4.20	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	0
4.21	CH₃	Н	CH₃	O
4.22	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	
4.23	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	N S CI
4.24	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	~~~~°
4.25	CH₃	Н	CH₃	~ C O
4.26	CH₃	н	CH₃	Ci S
4.27	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CF, O

4.28	CH₃	Н	CH₃	, and a	0
4.29	CH₃	Н	CH₃	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0
4.30	CH₃	Н	CH₃	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0
4.31	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CI	0
4.32	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CI	0
4.33	CH₃	Н	CH₃	F	0
4.34	CH₃	Н	CH₃	-CI	0
4.35	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	0
4.36	CH₃	Н	CH₃	~ CI	0
4.37	CH₃	Н	CH₃		0
4.38	CH₃	Н	CH₃	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	0
4.39	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		0
4.40	CH₃	Н	CH₃	N-N CI	0
4.41	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	0
4.42	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-	S
4.43	Δ	Н	CH3	$\overline{}$	0

4.44	Δ	Н	CH₃	——сн <sub>з</sub> О
4.45	Δ	Н	CH₃	Çı O
4.46	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	- O
4.47	Δ	Н	CH₃	-C1 O
4.48	Δ	Н	CH₃	- O
4.49	Δ	Н	CH₃	O
4.50	Δ	н	CH <sub>3</sub>	S
4.51	Δ	H	CH₃	-C
4.52	Δ	Н	CH₃	S
4.53	Δ	Н	CH₃	CF, O
4.54	Δ	Н	CH₃	O
4.55	Δ	Н	CH₃	O C
4.56	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~~~ °
4.57	Δ	Н	CH₃	N O
4.58	Δ	Н	CH₃	CI S

4.59	Δ	н	CH₃	CF,	0
4.60	Δ	Н	CH₃	C) Z	0
4.61	Δ	Н	CH₃	- N	0
4.62	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		0
4.63	Δ	Н	CH₃	OI N	0
4.64	Δ	Н	CH₃	CI N	0
4.65	Δ	Н	CH₃	- N	0
4.66	Δ	Н	CH₃	~~~cı	0
4.67	Δ	Н	CH₃	$\prec \sim$	0
4.68	Δ	Н	CH₃		0
4.69	Δ	Н	CH₃		0
4.70	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	0
4.71	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	S
4.72	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	0
4.73	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-CH,	0

4.74	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	- C
4.75	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	, o
4.76	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	
4.77	CF <sub>2</sub> H	Н	CH₃	- O
4.78	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	——— О
4.79	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	s
4.80	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	O
4.81	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	s S
4.82	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	O
4.83	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	O
4.84	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-Cal
4.85	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	O
4.86	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	Ci O
4.87	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	Ci S
4.88	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CF, O

4.89	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	C1	0
4.90	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	N E	0
4.91	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	<b>→</b>	0
4.92	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	OI N	0
4.93	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	C₁ C₁	0
4.94	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	F N	0
4.95	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-√_N ci	0
4.96	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-\(\)	0
4.97	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CI	0
4.98	CF₂H	Н	CH₃		0

<u>Table 5:</u> Compounds of the formula I, wherein A = A24 =

Compd.	R <sub>1</sub>	$R_2$	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	X	Phys.data [m.p.]
5.1	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	н	0	Comp. 1
5.2	CH₃	Н	CH3	~	Н	S	
5.3	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	—Сн,	Н	0	
5.4	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	Н	0	
5.5	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-Сн,	Н	0	
5.6	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		Н	0	
5.7	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	
5.8	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	~S'	Н	0	
5.9	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~ <b></b>	Н	0	
5.10	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-CI	Н	0	
5.11	CH₃	Н	CH₃	Ca	Н	s	
5.12	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	

5.13	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	→ H	S
5.14	CH₃	Н	CH₃	-CF₁ H	0
5.15	CH₃	Н	CH₃	{_}H	0
5.16	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H G	0
5.17	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	√s H	0
5.18	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H	0
5.19	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	J H	0
5.20	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0
5.21	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H	0
5.22	CH₃	Н	CH₃	T <sub>o</sub> y H	0
5.23	CH₃	Н	CH₃	N H	0
5.24	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
5.25	CH₃	Н	CH₃	→ C₁ H	0
5.26	CH₃	Н	CH₃	√N H	S
5.27	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0

5.28	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CI	Н	0
5.29	CH₃	Н	CH₃		Н	0
5.30	CH₃	Н	CH₃	<b>−</b> ⟨¯¯ <sub>N</sub>	Н	0
5.31	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
5.32	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
5.33	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0
5.34	CH₃	Н	CH₃	-Ci	Н	0
5.35	CH₃	Н	CH₃	-	Н	0
5.36	CH₃	Н	CH₃	Q	Н	0
5.37	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0
5.38	CH₃	Н	CH₃		Н	0
5.39	CH₃	Н	CH₃	\(\)	Н	0
5.40	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-\sqrt_N-N CI	Н	0
5.41	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-	h	0
5.42	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-	Н	S
5.43	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-	Н	0

5.44	Δ	Н	CH₃	——сн, Н	0
5.45	Δ	Н	CH₃	Н	0
5.46	Δ	Н	CH₃	⊢ H	0
5.47	Δ	Н	CH₃	h h	0
5.48	Δ	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
5.49	Δ	Н	CH₃	—С-cı Н	0
5.50	Δ	н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	S
5.51	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	0
5.52	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	= ———— H	S
5.53	Δ	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0
5.54	Δ	Н	CH₃		0
5.55	Δ	Н	CH₃	— H	0
5.56	Δ	Н	CH₃	→Ç <sub>N</sub> H	0
5.57	Δ	Н	CH₃	~ Ci H	0
5.58	Δ	Н	CH₃	Coi H	S

5.59	Δ	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0
5.60	Δ	н	CH₃	CI H	0
5.61	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
5.62	Δ	Н	CH₃	$\rightarrow \sim$ H	0
5.63	Δ	Н	CH₃	H	0
5.64	Δ	Н	CH₃	CI H	0
5.65	Δ	Н	CH₃	⊢ H	0
5.66	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
5.67	Δ	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
5.68	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
5.69	Δ	Н	CH₃	, H	0
5.70	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	— Н	0
5.71	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	— Н	s
5.72	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	— Н	0
5.73	CF₂H	н	CH₃	—— <sub>Ск,</sub> Н	0

5.74	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H H	0
5.75	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	Н Н	0
5.76	CF <sub>2</sub> H	Н	CH₃	Н Н	0
5.77	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
5.78	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	—Cı H	0
5.79	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→Ca H	S
5.80	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
5.81	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	S
5.82	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-CF, H	0
5.83	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— <u></u> —∞, H	0
5.84	CF₂H	н	CH₃	CI H	0
5.85	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	<b>⊸</b> Си н	0
5.86	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	~Ci H	0
5.87	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CI H	S
5.88	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0

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5.89	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
5.90	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	- N	Н	0
5.91	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	<b>√</b>	Н	0
5.92	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	N CI	Н	0
5.93	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	C:	Н	0
5.94	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	F	Н	0
5.95	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-√CI	Н	0
5.96	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-\(\)-	Н	0
5.97	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CI CI	Н	0
5.98	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Н	0

<u>Table 6:</u> Compounds of formula I, wherein A = A25 =

Compd. No.	R,	$R_2$	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	X	Phys.data [m.p.]
6.1	CH₃	Н	CH₃	<b>—</b>	Н	0	
6.2	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~	Н	S	
6.3	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	{СН,	Н	0	
6.4	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	Н	0	
6.5	CH₃	Н	CH₃	Сн₃	Н	0	
6.6	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-\$	Н	0	
6.7	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<u></u>	Н	0	
6.8	CH₃	Н	CH₃	<b>→</b>	Н	0	
6.9	CH₃	Н	CH₃	<b>\sqrt</b>	Н	0	
6.10	CH₃	Н	CH₃	————c1	Н	0	203-205
6.11	CH <sub>3</sub>	н	CH <sub>3</sub>	{c;	Н	S	
6.12	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	200-202

6.13	CH₃	Н	CH₃	→ H	S
6.14	CH₃	Н	CH₃	—CF, H	0
6.15	CH₃	Н	CH₃	← H	0
6.16	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H ca	0
6.17	CH₃	Н	CH₃	√s H	0
6.18	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H	0
6.19	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	□ H	0
6.20	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	H H	0
6.21	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H	0
6.22	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0
6.23	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	N H	0
6.24	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— <b>○</b> H	0
6.25	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CI H	0
6.26	CH₃	Н	CH₃	C <sub>G</sub> H	S
6.27	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CF, H	0

6.28	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CC N	Н	0
6.29	CH₃	Н	CH₃	N	Н	0
6.30	CH₃	Н	ĊH³	~~~~	Н	0
6.31	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
6.32	CH₃	Н	CH₃	CC	H <sup>.</sup>	0
6.33	CH₃	Н	CH₃	F	Н	0
6.34	CH₃	Н	CH₃	-√_N-cı	Н	0
6.35	CH₃	Н	CH₃	~ <u>~</u>	Н	0
6.36	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CI Z	Н	0
6.37	CH₃	Н	CH₃	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Н	0
6.38	CH₃	Н	CH₃	N Ci	Н	0
6.39	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0
6.40	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	N-N CI	Н	0
6.41	Δ	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	0
6.42	Δ	Н	CH₃	-	Н	S
6.43	Δ	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	0

6.44	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	——— <sub>Сн,</sub> Н	0	
6.45	Δ	Н	CH₃	Ç1 H	0	
6.46	Δ	Н	CH₃	⊢ H	0	
6.47	Δ	Н	CH₃	→ H	0	
6.48	Δ	Н	CH₃	——— ́Н	0	
6.49	Δ	Н	CH₃	———— H	0	resin; MS, ¹H-NMR
6.50	Δ	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	S	
6.51	Δ	Н	CH₃	———— H	0	resin; MS, ¹H-NMR
6.52	Δ	н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	S	
6.53	Δ	Н	CH₃	H	0	
6.54	Δ	Н	CH₃	-{_} H	0	
6.55	Δ	н	CH₃	———a H	0	
6.56	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	0	
6.57	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	⊸Ci H	0	
6.58	Δ	н	CH <sub>3</sub>	√cı H	S	

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6.59	Δ	Н	CH₃	~CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
6.60	Δ.	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
6.61	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	~ N	Н	0
6.62	Δ	Н	CH₃	~~~~	Н	0
6.63	Δ	Н	CH₃	N CI	Н	0
6.64	Δ	Н	CH₃	CI N	Н	0
6.65	Δ	Н	CH₃	F	Н	0
6.66	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CI	Н	0
6.67	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>√</b>	Н	0
6.68	Δ	Н	CH₃	CI	Н	0
6.69	Δ	Н	CH₃	F .	Н	0
6.70	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	~	Н	0
6.71	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	S
6.72	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	0
6.73	CF₂H	н	CH <sub>3</sub>	——сн,	Н	0

6.74	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	H H	0
6.75	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	Н Н	0
6.76	CF <sub>2</sub> H	Н	CH₃	Н Н	0
6.77	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	— Н	0
6.78	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	———cı H	0
6.79	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→CJ H	S
6.80	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	— <b>(</b> → H	0
6.81	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ H	S
6.82	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	—С <sub>F,</sub> Н	0
6.83	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-€, H	0
6.84	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ C <sub>a</sub> H	0
6.85	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
6.86	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	~ Ci H	0
6.87	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	~ H	S
6.88	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	CF, H	0

6.89	CF <sub>2</sub> H	Н	CH₃	CI_N	Н	0
6.90	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	- N	Н	0
6.91	CF₂H	н	CH₃		Н	0
6.92	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	OI N	Н	0
6.93	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	C:	Н	0
6.94	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	F	Н	0
6.95	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-CI	Н	0
6.96	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-\(\bar{n}\):	Н	0
6.97	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	C C	Н	0
6.98	CF₂H	Н	CH₃		H .	0

<u>Table 7:</u> Compounds of the formula I, wherein A = A26 =

Compd.	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	X	Phys.data [m.p.]
7.1	CH₃	Н	CH₃	-	H .	0	5F.1
7.2	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		Н	S	
7.3	CH₃	Н	CH₃	<b>−</b> C3+,	Н	0	
7.4	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	Н	0	
7.5	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	
7.6	CH₃	Н	CH₃	-¢	Н	0	
7.7	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		н	0	
7.8	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		Н	0	
7.9	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>→</b>	Н	0	
7.10	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>−</b> C;	Н	0	
7.11	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	-CI	Н	S	
7.12	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	-{_}_F	Н	0	

7.13	CH₃	Н	CH₃	→ H	S
7.14	CH₃	Н	CH₃	→ cF, H	0
7.15	CH₃	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0
7.16	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ Ga H	0
7.17	CH₃	Н	CH₃	T <sub>s</sub> H	0
7.18	CH₃	н	CH₃	H	0
7.19	Δ	Н	CH₃	→ Н	0
7.20	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>—</b> Н	S
7.21	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	0
7.22	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Сн, Н	0
7.23	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
7.24	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>Н</b>	0
7.25	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
7.26	Δ	Н	CH₃	— Н	0
7.27	Δ	Н	CH₃	———— H	0

7.28	Δ	Н	CH₃	—Cı H	S
7.29	Δ	Н	CH₃	→ H	0
7.30	Δ	Н	CH₃	— <b>(</b> H	S
7.31	Δ	Н	CH₃	-<	0
7.32	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	—————————————————————————————————————	0
7.33	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ GI H	0
7.34	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	0
7.35	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	S
7.36	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	— Н	0
7.37	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	———сн, H	0
7.38	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	· H	0
7.39	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	<b>Н</b>	0
7.40	CF₂H	н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H H	0
7.41	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ Н	0
7.42	CF₂H	н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	0

7.43	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	—Ci H	S
7.44	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	—— Н	0
7.45	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ H	S
7.46	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-CF₃ H	0
7.47	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	—————————————————————————————————————	0
7.48	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	———a H	0

<u>Table 8:</u> Compounds of the formula I, wherein A = A27 =

		R <sub>4</sub>	N R <sub>5</sub>				
Compd. No.	R <sub>1</sub>	$R_2$	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	X	Phys.data [m.p.]
8.1	CH₃	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	0	
8.2	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	$\overline{}$	Н	S	
8.3	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	Сн,	Н	0	
8.4	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	$\overline{}$	Н	0	
8.5	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	—Сн,	Н	0	
8.6	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	C3	Н	0	
8.7	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃		Н	0	
8.8	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	-C <sup>3</sup> .	Н	0	
8.9	CH₃	н	CH₃	<b>√</b>	Н	0	
8.10	CH₃	Н	CH₃	<b>-</b> €	н	0	
8.11	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	——————————————————————————————————————	Н	S	
8.12	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	————F	Н	0	
8.13	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	{	Н	S	

8.14	CH₃	<b>H</b> .	CH₃	-€, H	0
8.15	CH₃	Н	CH₃	(∑∞ <sub>F</sub> , H	0
8.16	CH₃	Н	CH₃	→ Ca H	0
8.17	CH₃	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	√s H	0
8.18	CH₃	Н	CH₃	H H	0
8.19	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	0
8.20	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	S
8.21	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	0
8.22	Δ	Н	CH₃	H	0
8.23	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
8.24	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	0
8.25	Δ	Н	CH₃	H H	0
8.26	Δ	Н	CH₃	— H	0
8.27	Δ	Н	CH₃	— <b>(</b> )—□ H	0
8.28	Δ	Н	CH₃	— н	S

8.29	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	→ H	0
8.30	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— <b>С</b> Н	S
8.31	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	-CF₃ H	0
8.32	Δ	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>		0
8.33	Δ	Н	CH₃	G H	0
8.34	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	— Н	0
8.35	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	— Н	S
8.36	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	— Н	0
8.37	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	——сн, Н	0
8.38	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	<del>С</del> Н	0
8.39	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	Н Н	0
8.40	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	o H	0
8.41	CF₂H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	0
8.42	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	— H	0
8.43	CF₂H	н	CH₃	—— H	S

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8.44	CF₂H	Н	CH³	→ H	0
8.45	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	→ H	S
8.46	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-CF, H	0
8.47	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-€>-∞=, H	0
8.48	CF₂H	Н	CH₃	-CI H	0

Table 9: Compounds of the formula I, wherein A = A31 =

Compd.	R <sub>1</sub>	$R_2$	$R_3$	R <sub>5</sub>	Χ	Phys.data
No.						m.p. °C
9.1	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	Н	0	resin, MS
9.2	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	Н	S	
9.3	CF <sub>2</sub> H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	0	
9.4	CF <sub>2</sub> H	Н	CH₃	Н	S	
9.5	CFH₂	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	0	
9.6	CFH <sub>2</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	S	
9.7	$\triangle$	Н	CH₃	Н	0	
9.8	$\triangle$	Н	CH₃	H -	S	
9.9	$\triangle$	Н	CH₂OCH₃	Н	0	
9.10	$\triangle$	Н	CH <sub>2</sub> OCH <sub>3</sub>	Н	S	
9.11	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	Н	0	resin, MS

Table 10: Compounds of formula I, wherein A = A33 =

Compd.	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	$R_3$	R₅	X	Phys.data
No.						m.p.°C
10.1	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	Н	0	
10.2	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	Н	0	
10.3	CF <sub>2</sub> H	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	0	
10.4	CF <sub>2</sub> H	Н	CH₂OCH₃	Н	0	
10.5	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	0	168-169

<u>Table 11:</u> Pyrrole carboxylic acid of the formula X

$$\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}_1$$
 COOH   
 
$$\ensuremath{\mathsf{(X)}}, \ensuremath{\mathsf{wherein}} \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}_2 \ensuremath{\mathsf{is}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{hydrogen}}$$
   
 
$$\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}_3$$

Compd.	R₁	R₃	Phys.data
No.			m.p. °C
11.1	CH₃	CH <sub>3</sub>	166-168
11.2	CH₃	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	
11.3	CH₃	CHF₂	
11.4	CH₃	CH <sub>2</sub> OCH <sub>3</sub>	
11.5	CH₃	CH <sub>2</sub> OCF <sub>3</sub>	
11.6	CHF <sub>2</sub>	CH₃	
11.7	CHF <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	
11.8	CHF <sub>2</sub>	CH₂OCH₃	
11.9	CH₂F	CH₃	
11.10	CH <sub>2</sub> F	CH₂CH₃	
11.11	CH <sub>2</sub> F	CH₂OCH₃	
11.12	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	CH₃	164-165
11.13	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	CH₂OCH₃	
11.14	CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH₃	180-181
11.15	$\triangle$	CH <sub>3</sub>	182-183
11.16	$\triangle$	CH₂CH₃	
11.17	$\triangle$	CHF <sub>2</sub>	
11.18	$\triangle$	CH₂OCH₃	
11.19	$\triangle$	CH <sub>2</sub> OCF <sub>3</sub>	
11.20	CH₂CH₃	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	68

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11.21 11.22	(CH₃)₂CH (CH₃)₂CH	CH₃ CH₂CH₃	158-159 99-100	
Table 12:	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR of selected com	pounds		
Cmpd. No.	¹H-NMR-data (ppm/multipli	city/number of H's);	solvent=CDCl <sub>3</sub>	
1.5	1.60-1.85/m/4H; 2.15-2.30/m/4H; 3.62/s/3H; 5.80/m/1H; 6.39/m/1H;			
	6.95-7.15/m/3H; 7.20-7.30	/m/1H; 7.94/s/1H; 8.	46/d/1H	
1.206	0.68-0.74/m/2H; 0.91-0.98/m/2H; 1.29-1.94/m/11H; 2.72/m/1H;			
	3.55/s/3H; 6.35/m/1H; 7.13	.55/s/3H; 6.35/m/1H; 7.13-7.34/m/4H; 7.75/m/1H; 8.19/s/1H(NH)		
1.220	0.22-0.29/m/4H; 1.20/m/1H; 3.57/s/3H; 6.22/m/1H; 7.10-7.28/m/4H;			
	7.32-7.45/m/4H; 8.15/s/1H;	8.35/d/1H		
6.49	0.29/m/4H; 1.23/m/1H; 3.58	3/s/3H; 6.24/m/1H; 6	i.98-7.50/m/5H; 8.06/d/1H;	
	8.15/m/2H(NH+1 pyridin-H	); 8.42/d/1H		
6.51	0.27/m/4H; 1.25/m/1H; 3.59	9/s/3H; 6.23 <u>/</u> m/1H; 6	i.99-7.48/m/7H;	
	8.15/s/1H; 8.42/d/1H;			

### Formulation Examples for compounds of formula I

Working procedures for preparing formulations of the compounds of formula I such as Emulsifiable concentrates, Solutions, Granulates, Dusts and Wettable powders are described in WO 97/33890.

### Biological Examples: Fungicidal actions

### Example B-1: Action against Puccinia recondita / wheat (Brownrust on wheat)

1 week old wheat plants cv. Arina are treated with the formulated test compound (0.02% active ingredient) in a spray chamber. One day after application wheat plants are inoculated by spraying a spore suspension (1 x 10<sup>5</sup> uredospores/mi) on the test plants. After an incubation period of 2 days at 20° C and 95% r. h. plants are kept in a greenhouse for 8 days at 20° C and 60% r.h. The disease incidence is assessed 10 days after inoculation. Compounds of Tables 1 to 10 show good activity in these tests. The compounds 1.5, 1.9, 1.23, 1.25, 1.46, 1.144, 1.153, 1.183, 1.187, 1.190, 1.192, 1.206, 1.244, 1,260, 1.261, 1.265, 1.266, 1.268, 1.269, 1.271, 1.272, 2.23, 2.190, 2.192, 4.12, 6.10, 6.12, 6.49, 6.51 and 10.5 exhibit strong efficacy (< 20% infestation).

### Example B-2: Action against Podosphaera leucotricha / apple (Powdery mildew on apple)

5 week old apple seedlings cv. McIntosh are treated with the formulated test compound (0.002% active ingredient) in a spray chamber. One day after application apple plants are inoculated by shaking plants infected with apple powdery mildew above the test plants. After an incubation period of 12 days at 22° C and 60% r. h. under a light regime of 14/10 h (light/dark) the disease incidence is assessed.

Compounds of Tables 1 to 10 show good activity in this test. The compounds 1.5, 1.9, 1.23, 1.25, 1.46, 1.144, 1.153, 1.183, 1.187, 1.190, 1.192, 1.206, 1.244, 1,260, 1.261, 1.265, 1.266, 1.268, 1.269, 1.271, 1.272, 2.23, 2.190, 2.192, 4.12, 6.10, 6.12, 6.49, 6.51 and 10.5 exhibit strong efficacy.

### Example B-3: Action against Venturia inaequalis / apple (Scab on apple)

4 week old apple seedlings cv. McIntosh are treated with the formulated test compound (0.02% active ingredient) in a spray chamber. One day after application apple plants are

inoculated by spraying a spore suspension (4 x  $10^5$  conidia/ml) on the test plants. After an incubation period of 4 days at 21° C and 95% r. h. the plants are placed for 4 days at 21° C and 60% r. h. in a greenhouse. After another 4 day incubation period at 21° C and 95% r. h. the disease incidence is assessed.

Compounds of Tables 1 to 10 show good activity in this test. The compounds 1.5, 1.9, 1.23, 1.25, 1.46, 1.144, 1.153, 1.183, 1.187, 1.190, 1.192, 1.206, 1.244, 1,260, 1.261, 1.265, 1.266, 1.268, 1.269, 1.271, 1.272, 2.23, 2.190, 2.192, 4.12, 6.10, 6.12, 6.49, 6.51 and 10.5 exhibit strong efficacy.

# Example B-4: Action against Erysiphe graminis / barley (Powdery mildew on barley)

1 week old barley plants cv. Express are treated with the formulated test compound (0.02% active ingredient) in a spray chamber. One day after application barley plants are inoculated by shaking powdery mildew infected plants above the test plants. After an incubation period of 6 days at 20°C / 18°C (day/night) and 60% r. h. in a greenhouse the disease incidence is assessed.

Compounds of Tables 1 to 10 show good activity in this test. The compounds 1.5, 1.9, 1.23, 1.25, 1.46, 1.144, 1.153, 1.183, 1.187, 1.190, 1.192, 1.206, 1.244, 1,260, 1.261, 1.265, 1.266, 1.268, 1.269, 1.271, 1.272, 2.23, 2.190, 2.192, 4.12, 6.10, 6.12, 6.49, 6.51 and 10.5 exhibit strong efficacy.

# Example B-5: Action against Botrytis cinerea / apple (Botrytis on apple fruits)

In an apple fruit cv. Golden Delicious 3 holes are drilled and each filled with  $30\,\mu$ l droplets of the formulated test compound (0.002% active ingredient). Two hours after application  $50\,\mu$ l of a spore suspension of *B. cinerea* (4 x  $10^5$  conidia/ml) are pipetted on the application sites. After an incubation period of 7 days at  $22^\circ$  C in a growth chamber the disease incidence is assessed.

Compounds of Tables 1 to 10 show good activity in this test. The compounds 1.5, 1.9, 1.23, 1.25, 1.46, 1.144, 1.153, 1.183, 1.187, 1.190, 1.192, 1.206, 1.244, 1,260, 1.261, 1.265, 1.266, 1.268, 1.269, 1.271, 1.272, 2.23, 2.190, 2.192, 4.12, 6.10, 6.12, 6.49, 6.51 and 10.5 exhibit strong efficacy.

# Example B-6: Action against Botrytis cinerea / grape (Botrytis on grapes)

5 week old grape seedlings cv. Gutedel are treated with the formulated test compound (0.002% active ingredient) in a spray chamber. Two days after application grape plants are inoculated by spraying a spore suspension (1 x 10<sup>6</sup> conidia/ml) on the test plants. After an incubation period of 4 days at 21° C and 95% r. h. in a greenhouse the disease incidence is assessed.

Compounds of Tables 1 to 10 show good activity in this test. The compounds 1.5, 1.9, 1.23, 1.25, 1.46, 1.144, 1.153, 1.183, 1.187, 1.190, 1.192, 1.206, 1.244, 1,260, 1.261, 1.265, 1.266, 1.268, 1.269, 1.271, 1.272, 2.23, 2.190, 2.192, 4.12, 6.10, 6.12, 6.49, 6.51 and 10.5 exhibit strong efficacy.

## Example B-7: Action against Botrytis cinerea / tomato (Botrytis on tomatoes)

4 week old tomato plants cv. Roter Gnom are treated with the formulated test compound (0.002% active ingredient) in a spray chamber. Two days after application tomato plants are inoculated by spraying a spore suspension (1 x 10<sup>5</sup> conidia/ml) on the test plants. After an incubation period of 4 days at 20° C and 95% r. h. in a growth chamber the disease incidence is assessed.

Compounds of Tables 1 to 10 show good activity in this test. The compounds 1.5, 1.9, 1.23, 1.25, 1.46, 1.144, 1.153, 1.183, 1.187, 1.190, 1.192, 1.206, 1.244, 1,260, 1.261, 1.265, 1.266, 1.268, 1.269, 1.271, 1.272, 2.23, 2.190, 2.192, 4.12, 6.10, 6.12, 6.49, 6.51 and 10.5 exhibit strong efficacy.

# Example B-8: Action against Pyrenophora teres / barley (Net blotch on barley)

1 week old barley plants cv. Express are treated with the formulated test compound (0.002% active ingredient) in a spray chamber. Two days after application barley plants are inoculated by spraying a spore suspension (3 x 10<sup>4</sup> conidia/ml) on the test plants. After an incubation period of 2 days at 20° C and 95% r. h. plants are kept for 2 days at 20° C and 60% r.h. in a greenhouse. The disease incidence is assessed 4 days after inoculation. Compounds of Tables 1 to 10 show good activity in this test. The compounds 1.5, 1.9, 1.23, 1.25, 1.46, 1.144, 1.153, 1.183, 1.187, 1.190, 1.192, 1.206, 1.244, 1,260, 1.261, 1.265, 1.266, 1.268, 1.269, 1.271, 1.272, 2.23, 2.190, 2.192, 4.12, 6.10, 6.12, 6.49, 6.51 and 10.5 exhibit strong efficacy.

#### Example B-9: Action against Septoria nodorum / wheat (Septoria leaf spot on wheat)

1 week old wheat plants cv. Arina are treated with the formulated test compound (0.02% active ingredient) in a spray chamber. One day after application wheat plants are inoculated by spraying a spore suspension (5 x 10<sup>5</sup> conidia/ml) on the test plants. After an incubation period of 1 day at 20° C and 95% r. h. plants are kept for 10 days at 20° C and 60% r.h. in a greenhouse. The disease incidence is assessed 11 days after inoculation. Compounds of Tables 1 to 10 show good activity in this test. The compounds 1.5, 1.9, 1.23, 1.25, 1.46, 1.144, 1.153, 1.183, 1.187, 1.190, 1.192, 1.206, 1.244, 1,260, 1.261, 1.265, 1.266, 1.268, 1.269, 1.271, 1.272, 2.23, 2.190, 2.192, 4.12, 6.10, 6.12, 6.49, 6.51 and 10.5 exhibit strong efficacy.

#### What is claimed is

#### 1. A pyrrolecarboxamide or pyrrolethioamide of the formula l

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_1 & X \\
N & H
\end{array}$$

#### wherein

X is oxygen or sulfur;

R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl unsubstituted or substituted, with the exception of CF<sub>3</sub>; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted; or halogen;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl unsubstituted or substituted, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy unsubstituted or substituted, cyano or halogen;

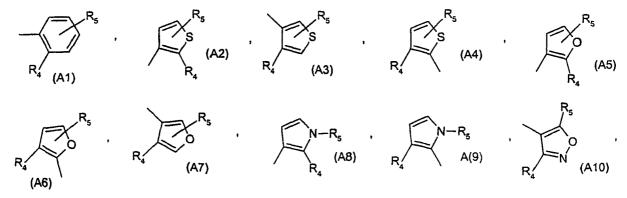
R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl unsubstituted or substituted; and

A is orthosubstituted aryl; orthosubstituted heteroaryl; bicycloaryl unsubstituted or substituted; or bicycloheteroaryl unsubstituted or substituted.

#### 2. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein

R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl or halogen; or halogen; R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub></sub>

 $R_3$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl; A is a group



and

 $R_4$  is  $C_3$ - $C_7$ cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_7$ cycloalkenyl,  $C_5$ - $C_7$ cycloalkadienyl wherein the cycloalkyl group can be mono- to pentasubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl; phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, nitro, cyano, CHO,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy, thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, isoxazolyl, isothiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, imidazolyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyrimidinyl which are unsubstituted or substituted by

halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkynyl nitro, cyano, hydroxy, CHO,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxy, COOC $_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy;

 $R_5$  is hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy;

 $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are identical or different and are each independently of the others hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy or  $C_3$ - $C_7$ cycloalkyl.

- 3. A compound of formula I according to claim 2, wherein X is oxygen.
- 4. A compound of formula I according to claim 2, wherein X is sulfur.
- 5. A compound of formula I according to claim 3, wherein  $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl;  $C_3$ - $C_6$ cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl or halogen;

 $R_2$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl;

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl;

A is A1, A2, A3, A5, A8, A10, A13, A14, A17, A18, A20, A21, A22, A24, A25, A26, A27, A29, A31 or A32;

R₄ is C₅-C₁cycloalkyl, unsubstituted or mono- to trisubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,

C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy;

 $C_5$ - $C_7$ cycloalkenyl, unsubstituted or mono- to trisubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy;  $C_5$ - $C_7$ cyclodialkenyl,

unsubstituted or mono- to disubstituted by halogen, hydroxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkynyl,

 $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy; thienyl, furyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl or pyridazinyl, which are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy;

phenyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy;

 $R_5$  is hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy; and

 $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are identical or different and are each independently of the others hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy.

6. A compound of formula I according to claim 5, wherein

A is A1, A2, A3, A17, A20, A21, A24, A25, A26, A27 or A31;

 $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_2$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl or cyclopropyl:

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl;

 $R_3$  is  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl;

 $R_4$  is cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl or cyclohexadienyl, which are unsubstituted or mono- to disubstituted by chloro, bromo,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_2$ haloalkoxy; thienyl, furyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyrimidinyl which are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy;

 $R_5$  is hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkoxy; and  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are identical or different and are each independently of the others hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl.

7. A compound of formula I according to claim 6, wherein

R<sub>1</sub> is methyl, ethyl, CFH<sub>2</sub> or CF<sub>2</sub>H;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen;

R<sub>3</sub> is methyl or CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>;

A is A31 or A33; and

R<sub>4</sub> is halophenyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl or halothienyl.

8. A compound of formula I according to claim 4, wherein

 $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl;  $C_3$ - $C_6$ cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl or halogen;

R₂ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyi or C₁-C₄haloalkyi;

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl;

A is A1, A2, A3, A5, A8, A10, A13, A14, A17, A18, A20, A21, A22, A24, A25, A26, A27, A29, A31 or A32;

R₄ is C₅-C₁cycloalkyl, unsubstituted or mono- to trisubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,

C₂-C₄alkenyl, C₂-C₄alkynyl, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄haloalkyl, C₁-C₄haloalkoxy or C₁-C₄alkoxy;

 $C_s$ - $C_r$ cycloalkenyl, unsubstituted or mono- to trisubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_z$ - $C_4$ alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy;  $C_5$ - $C_7$ cyclodialkenyl, unsubstituted or mono- to disubstituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy; thienyl, furyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl or pyridazinyl, which are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy; phenyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy;  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy; and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -

9. A compound of formulal according to claim 8, wherein A is A1, A2, A3, A17, A20, A21, A24, A25, A26, A27 or A31; R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl or cyclopropyl; R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl;

 $R_3$  is  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl;

 $R_4$  is cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl or cyclohexadienyl, which are unsubstituted or mono- to disubstituted by chloro, bromo,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_2$ haloalkoxy; thienyl, furyl, triazinyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or pyrimidinyl which are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl;

 $R_5$  is hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ haloalkoxy; and  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are identical or different and are each independently of the others hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl.

10. A process for the preparation of compounds of formula I which comprises reacting the starting materials according to the scheme

Base =  $NEt_3$ , Hünig-base,  $Na_2CO_3$ ,  $K_2CO_3$  and others wherein A, R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> are as defined for formula I in claim 1.

- 11. A composition for controlling microorganisms and preventing attack and infestation of plants therewith, wherein the active ingredient is a compound as claimed in claim 1 together with a suitable carrier.
- 12. Use of a compound of formula I according to claim 1 for protecting plants against infestation by phytopathogenic microorganisms.
- 13. A method of controlling or preventing infestation of cultivated plants by phytopathogenic microorganisms by application of a compound of formula I as claimed in claim 1 to plants, to parts thereof or the locus thereof.
- 14. A pyrrole carboxylic acid of formula X

$$R_1$$
 COOH  $(X)$   $R_2$   $R_3$ 

wherein R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> are as defined for formula I in claim 2.