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DESCRIPTION

Object of the invention

[0001] The present invention belongs to the field of closing elements for containers and, more specifically, to caps for containers of the type comprising two articulated parts, a lower part or base and an upper part, cap or lid, which can be removed and replaced a plurality of times for discreetly dispensing the content of the container wherein it is disposed.

[0002] One object of the invention consists of providing a cap for containers that is capable of improving the grip of the upper part to the neck of the container.

[0003] Likewise, an object of the invention is to provide a cap for containers capable of facilitating bottling and/or capping in the manufacture of containers.

[0004] Likewise, an object of the invention is to provide a cap for containers capable of guaranteeing the inviolability of the cap.

[0005] Lastly, an object of the invention is to provide a cap for containers capable of improving closure with the neck of the container for reducing the entrance of dust and/or foreign matter in the interior of the cap.

Background of the invention

[0006] In the field of caps of containers, caps formed by the articulation of two parts are known, a lower part having appropriate means for coupling to the neck of the bottle and complemented by an upper part, cap or lid, which occupies a closure or opening position, allowing a user to drink the liquid contained in the container without having to remove the cap.

[0007] These types of caps have several drawbacks. Namely inter alia, on many occasions, closure is inadequate, as these caps lack means which indicate that the cap is properly closed, i.e. that it has reached the closed position. Likewise, due to their configuration and deformations resulting from their use, after a relatively short period of time the cap gives rise to leaks.

[0008] US patent Application US2004/0256347 A1 relates to a closure according to the preamble of claim 1, and suitable for attachment to a container having an end portion defining an opening of the container, wherein the closure can be opened and re-closed, if necessary, using just one hand.

[0009] Therefore, in the state of the art it is desirable to improve these types of caps in order

to provide caps for containers capable of ensuring a proper, reliable and long-lasting closure.

Description of the invention

[0010] Therefore, the cap for containers proposed by the present invention is presented as an improvement with respect to the state of the art, as it satisfactorily achieves the aforementioned objectives indicated as ideal for the art.

[0011] The invention consists of a cap for containers that comprises a cylindrical body formed by an articulated joint between two superimposed parts, namely a lower part having gripping means for retention thereof on the neck of the container and an upper part having an upper base joined to a perimeter wall, wherein said perimeter wall comprises a visor for enabling the opening of the cap. The visor comprises a flap disposed on its lower face, transversely to said visor and in correspondence with a complementary cut-out provided on the lower edge of the lower part. The flap comprises a cord disposed transversely to the axial axis of the cap for executing the grip of the upper part to the neck of the container.

[0012] Therefore, the cap proposed by the invention incorporates a flap, transverse to the visor provided in the upper part, wherein said flap incorporates on its inner surface a cord transverse to the axial axis of the cap for executing the grip of the upper part to the neck of the container.

[0013] Thus, the cap incorporates a cord or rounded perimeter rib on the inner surface of the flap, which is complementary to the neck ring, such that the cord of the cap and the neck ring must jump one on top of the other, in a closed situation, producing a certain "click" effect. This "click" informs the user that closure has taken place and ensures the maintainability and tightness thereof.

[0014] In a preferred embodiment, the perimeter wall of the upper part comprises two pairs of vertical slots made parallel to the axial axis of the cap, so as to define the formation of two joining strips between the lower part and the upper part. This embodiment offers a long-lasting articulation of parts, capable of allowing the closure/opening of the upper part by bending/tensioning the strips, which form part of the perimeter wall of the upper part.

[0015] Preferably, the lower part comprises a ridge disposed between the strips.

[0016] Preferably, the strips comprise, on their inner surface, a first perimeter relief that reduces the inner diameter of the cap. In this manner, the invention prevents the entrance of dust in the interior of the container.

[0017] Likewise, preferably, the ridge disposed between the strips comprises, on its inner face, a second perimeter relief that reduces the inner diameter of the cap. In this manner, the invention prevents the entrance of dust in the interior of the container.

[0018] In another preferred embodiment, the upper part comprises two recesses provided on the outer edge of its upper base, whereon corresponding perimeter slots made around the perimeter in said recesses and defining a joining tab with each of the strips are provided, and wherein said tabs are dimensioned for providing a continuous perimeter edge on the upper base. In this manner, the invention makes it possible to maintain a constant diameter on the upper base of the cap and, thus, be able to centre the cap on the capping heads, thereby facilitating the manufacture of containers.

[0019] Preferably, the upper part comprises a protrusion between the two recesses which enables the cap to be opened more than 180°. Said protrusion serves as a swivel point of the articulation. Additionally, said protrusion will cause a "click" with the ridge, which will inform the consumer that he or she has opened the cap properly.

[0020] In another preferred embodiment, the ridge disposed between the strips comprises at least one rib joined in a frangible manner to the upper part before opening the cap. Therefore, the invention includes means that guarantee the seal and inviolability of the cap, in a manner easily visible to the user.

[0021] In another preferred embodiment, the upper base has a greater diameter than the perimeter wall of the upper part. Thus, the upper part defines a rim in the joint between the perimeter wall and the upper base, so as to allow the use of mechanical cones for capping on small caps. Mechanical cones are cheaper and simpler than vacuum cones, conventionally used for capping on small caps. Additionally, as opposed to vacuum cones, mechanical cones do not require pneumatic installation in bottling lines, due to which the bottler may use them in any type of capping machine.

[0022] In another preferred embodiment, the lower part comprises on its inner face a third perimeter relief disposed on a plane below the cut-out and extending at least between the ends of said cut-out. This third perimeter relief is a retention relief or lip which makes it possible to keep the cap on the bottle when opened.

[0023] In another preferred embodiment, the upper part comprises a burr on the lower edge of the inner surface of its perimeter wall to come into contact with the neck of the container. In this manner, the invention avoids the entrance of dust and/or foreign matter in its interior, preventing them from coming into contact with the consumer's mouth.

[0024] In another preferred embodiment, the upper base comprises a cylindrical skirt that emerges from its inner face and is dimensioned for being inserted in the interior of the neck of the container. Thus, the invention provides means for closing the neck mouth to improve cap closure.

[0025] In another preferred embodiment, the upper part comprises at least one pair of ribs on the inner surface of its perimeter wall, wherein each rib is disposed on both sides of the flap.

Thus, the invention improves cap tightness. Additionally, the ribs accentuate the cap closure "click" so that the consumer is aware that he or she has closed the cap properly.

Description of the drawings

[0026] As a complement to the description being made, and for the purpose of helping to make the characteristics of the invention more readily understandable, in accordance with a preferred practical embodiment thereof, said description is accompanied by a set of drawings constituting an integral part thereof which, by way of illustration and not limitation, represent the following:

Figure 1 shows a perspective view of a cap, according to an embodiment of the invention, provided on the neck of a container and in the open position.

Figure 2 shows a front view of the cap for containers in the closed position, according to an embodiment of the invention.

Figure 3 shows a rear view of the cap for containers in the closed position, according to an embodiment of the invention.

Figure 4 shows a perspective view of the front part of the cap for containers in the closed position, according to an embodiment of the invention.

Figure 5 shows a side view of the cap for containers in the closed position, according to an embodiment of the invention.

Figure 6 shows a perspective view of the rear part of the cap for containers in the closed position, according to an embodiment of the invention.

Figure 7 show a transverse cross section of a cap, according to an embodiment of the invention, provided on the neck of a container and in the closed position.

Figure 8 shows a detail view of a part of the upper part of a cap according to an embodiment of the invention.

Figure 9 shows a cross-section of a cap, according to an embodiment of the invention, provided on the neck of a container and in a closed position.

Preferred embodiment of the invention

[0027] Figure 1 shows a cap 1 provided on the neck 20 of a container, in the open position.

[0028] The cap 1 is formed by an articulated joint between two superimposed parts, a lower

part 2 and an upper part 3. The lower part 2 comprises gripping means for retention thereof on the neck 20 of the container, both during opening and closing of the cap 1. The upper part 3 comprises an upper base 5 joined to a perimeter wall 7. A transverse visor 9 is provided in said perimeter wall 7, capable of enabling the opening of the cap 1.

[0029] In accordance with the present invention, the visor 9 comprises a flap 10 transverse thereto and in correspondence with a complementary cut-out 4 provided on the upper edge of the lower part 2. Additionally, the flap 10 comprises, on the edge of its inner surface, a cord 11 disposed transversely to the axial axis of the cap 1 for executing the grip of the upper part 3 to the neck 20 of the container.

[0030] According to the described configuration, the cord 11 of the flap 10 goes over the ring of the neck 20 of the container in the closed position, constituting a "click" that indicates and stabilises said closed position.

[0031] Preferably, the upper base 5 may comprise a cylindrical skirt 21 that emerges from its inner face and is dimensioned for being inserted in the interior of the neck 20 of the container.

[0032] Figure 2 shows a front view of the cap 1 in the closed position. As can be observed, said cap 1 consists of a substantially cylindrical body formed by the articulated joint between the lower part 2 and the upper part 3. Thus, the correspondence of the flap 10 of the upper part 3 with the cut-out 4 of the lower part 2 completes said cylindrical body of the cap 1.

[0033] According to a preferred embodiment and as shown in figure 2, the upper base 5 may have a diameter greater than the perimeter wall 7 of the upper part 3, such that said upper base 5 defines a rim which enables the use of mechanical cones in the capping stage. Thus, the positioning of the upper base 5 at the top end of the diametrical recess of said upper base 5 with respect to the perimeter wall 7, allows an industrial distribution of 80,000 bottles per hour in bottling lines.

[0034] Figure 3 shows the rear part of the cap 1, wherein the upper 3 and lower 2 parts are articulated. As can be observed, two pairs of vertical slots 12 have been made in the perimeter wall 7, disposed parallel to the axial axis of the cap 1 and defining the formation of two joining strips 13 between the two parts 2, 3. Said strips 13 execute the articulation of the parts 2, 3.

[0035] As shown in figure 3, the lower part 2 may comprise a ridge 6 disposed between the strips 13.

[0036] Figure 4 shows the interior of the rear part of the cap 1. As can be observed, on their inner face, the strips 13 may include a first perimeter relief 14 that reduces the inner diameter of the cap 1. By reducing the interior area of the cap 1, dust is prevented from entering the interior of the container.

[0037] Likewise, as shown in figure 4, the ridge 6 may include a second perimeter relief 15 to

reduce the inner diameter of the cap 1. Thus, the cap 1 reduces the inner area thereof, improving the closure of the container and, therefore, preventing dust from entering the interior thereof.

[0038] According to a preferred embodiment, and as shown in figure 5, the upper part 3 may comprise two recesses 15 provided on the outer edge of its upper base 5 and a pair of perimeter slots 14 in said recesses 15.

[0039] As can be observed, the perimeter slots 14 define the formation of a joining tab 16 with each of the strips 13, wherein said tabs 16 are dimensioned so as to provide a continuous perimeter edge on the upper base 5. By maintaining the diameter of the upper base 5 constant, the invention makes it possible to centre the cap 1 on the capping heads, thereby facilitating the manufacture of containers.

[0040] Likewise, as shown in figure 5, the upper part 3 may incorporate a protrusion 17 between the recesses 15 which allows the cap 1 to be opened more than 180°.

[0041] Figure 6 shows the interior of the front part of the cap 1. As can be observed, on the inner face, the lower part 2 may incorporate a third perimeter relief 18. Said third relief 18 is disposed on a plane below the cut-out 4 and extends, at least, between the ends of said cut-out 4.

[0042] According to a preferred embodiment, and as also shown in figure 6, the ridge 6 disposed between the strips 13 may comprise at least one rib 8 joined in a frangible manner to the upper part 3 before the opening of the cap 1. Thus, the invention provides proof of cap 1 inviolability in the articulation zone between the parts 2, 3, as once the cap is opened the rib 8 is broken, informing the user that the cap 1 has been opened.

[0043] Figure 7 shows a transverse cross section of the cap 1. As can be observed, the upper part 3 comprises a burr 19 on the lower edge of the inner surface of its perimeter wall 7 for coming into contact with the neck 20 of the container. Thus, the invention limits the entrance of dust and/or foreign matter in the zones that are in contact with the consumer's mouth.

[0044] Figure 8 shows a detailed view of the interior of the upper part 3 of the cap 1. As can be observed, the inner surface of its perimeter wall 7 houses a pair of ribs 22. Each rib 22 is disposed on either side of the flap 10. Preferably, at least one part of each rib 22 is formed on the inner surface of the flap 10. Figure 9 shows a cross-section of a cap 1 wherein a portion of the ribs 22 shown in figure 8 can be observed. The ribs 22 improve cap 1 tightness, both before and after opening it. Likewise, they accentuate cap "click" closure.

[0045] Lastly, in light of this description and figures, the person skilled in the art may understand that the invention has been described according to some preferred embodiments thereof, but that multiple variations may be introduced in said preferred embodiments without detracting from the object of the invention as claimed.

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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PATENTKRAV

1. Hætte (1) til beholdere, og som omfatter et cylindrisk legeme, der er dannet ved hjælp af en ledforbindelse mellem to over for hinanden liggende dele, nemlig en nedre del (2) med en holdeindretning til fastholdelse deraf på beholderens hals (20), og en øvre del (3) med en øvre basis (5) forbundet til en omkredsvæg (7), hvorved omkredsvæggen (7) omfatter en skærm (9) til muliggørelse af åbning af hættens, **kendetegnet ved, at** skærmen (9) omfatter en laske (10), som er anbragt på tværs heraf, korresponderende med en komplementær udskæring (4) på den nederste dels (2) øvre rand, hvorved lasken (10) omfatter en snor eller en afrundet omkredsribbe (11) på en indre overflade, anbragt på tværs af hættens (1) aksiale akse med henblik på tilvejebringelse af den øvre dels (3) greb på beholderens hals (20).
2. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge krav 1, **kendetegnet ved, at** den øvre dels (3) omkredsvæg (7) omfatter to par vertikale slidser (12), der er udformet som parallelle med hættens (1) aksiale akse, og som definerer dannelsen af to sammenføjningsstrimler (13) mellem den nedre del (2) og den øvre del (3).
3. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge krav 2, **kendetegnet ved, at** den nedre del (2) omfatter en ophøjet rand (6), der er placeret mellem strimlerne (13).
4. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 2-3, **kendetegnet ved, at** strimlerne (13) omfatter en første omkredsaflastning på deres indre flade, hvilket reducerer hættens (1) indre diameter.
5. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 3-4, **kendetegnet ved, at** den ophøjede rand (6), som er placeret mellem strimlerne (13), omfatter en anden omkredsaflastning (15) på sin indre flade, hvilket reducerer hættens (1) indre diameter.
6. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 2-5, **kendetegnet ved, at** den øvre del (3) omfatter to udsparinger (15), der er tilvejebragt på den øvre rand af dens øvre basis (5), hvorved der er tilvejebragt tilsvarende omkredsslidser (44), som er

dannet langs omkredsen i udsparingerne (15) og definerer en forbindelseslaske (16) med hver af strimlerne (13), og hvorved laskerne (16) er dimensioneret således, at de tilvejebringer en kontinuerlig omkredsrand på den øvre basis (5).

5 7. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge krav 6, **kendetegnet ved, at** den øvre del (3) omfatter et fremspring (17), der er tilvejebragt mellem de to udsparinger (15), hvilket gør det muligt, at hættens (1) kan åbnes mere end 180°.

10 8. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 3-6, **kendetegnet ved, at** den ophøjede rand (6), der er placeret mellem strimlerne (13), omfatter mindst én ribbe (8), som sønderbrydelig før åbningen af hættens (1) er forbundet til den øvre del (3).

15 9. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge et hvilket som helst af de foregående krav, **kendetegnet ved, at** den øvre basis (5) har en diameter, der er større end den øvre dels (3) omkredsvæg (7).

20 10. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge et hvilket som helst af de foregående krav, **kendetegnet ved, at** den nedre del (2) omfatter en tredje omkredsaflastning (18) på sin indre overflade, og som er placeret i et plan neden under udskæringen (4) og i det mindste strækker sig mellem udskæringens (4) ender.

25 11. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge et hvilket som helst af de foregående krav, **kendetegnet ved, at** den øvre del (3) omfatter en graf (19) på den nedre rand af dens omkredsvægs (7) indre overflade med henblik at komme i kontakt med beholderens hals (20).

30 12. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge et hvilket som helst af de foregående krav, **kendetegnet ved, at** den øvre basis (5) omfatter et cylindrisk skørt (21), der strækker sig fra dens indre overflade og er dimensioneret således, at det indsættes i det indre af beholderens hals (20).

13. Hætte (1) til beholdere, ifølge et hvilket som helst af de foregående krav, **kendetegnet ved, at** den øvre del (3) omfatter mindst et par ribber (22) på omkredsvæggens (7) indre overflade, hvorved hver ribbe (22) er anbragt på begge sider af lasken (10).

DRAWINGS

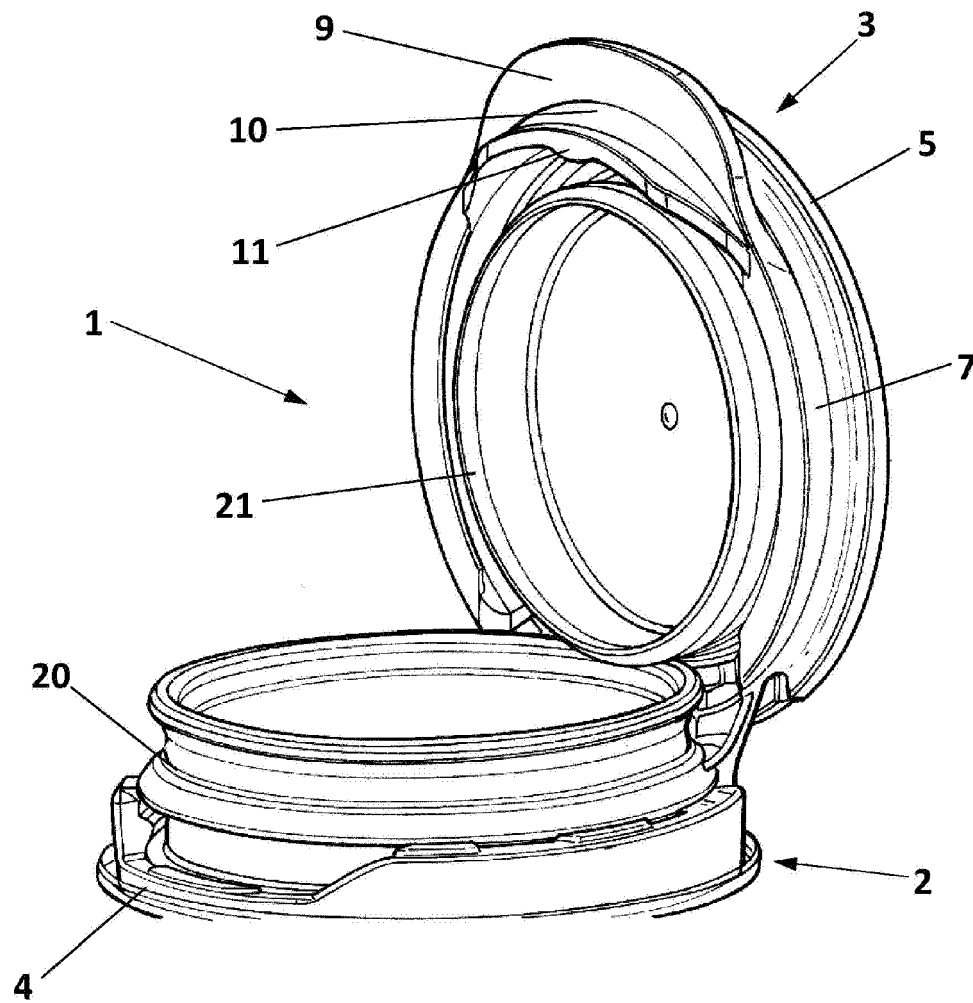


FIG. 1

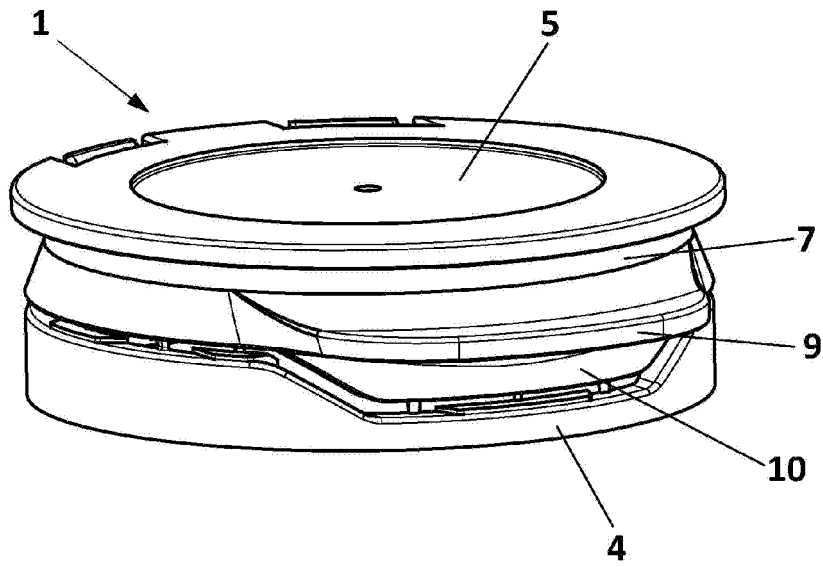


FIG. 2

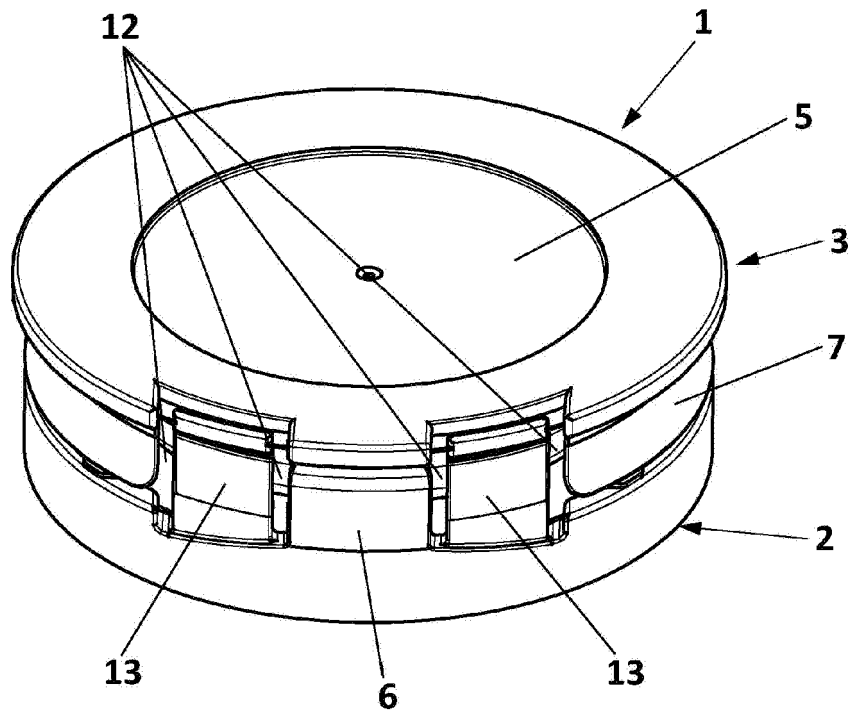


FIG. 3

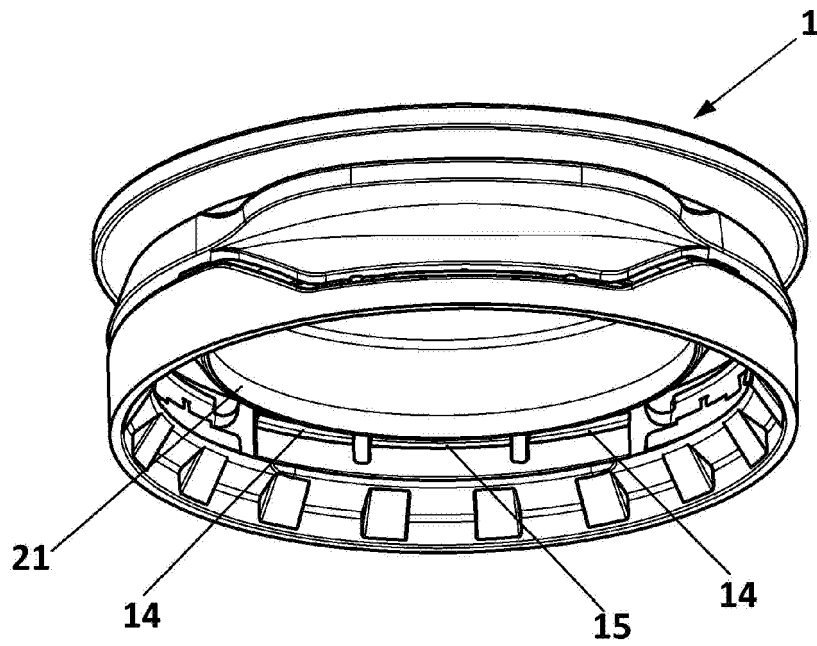


FIG. 4

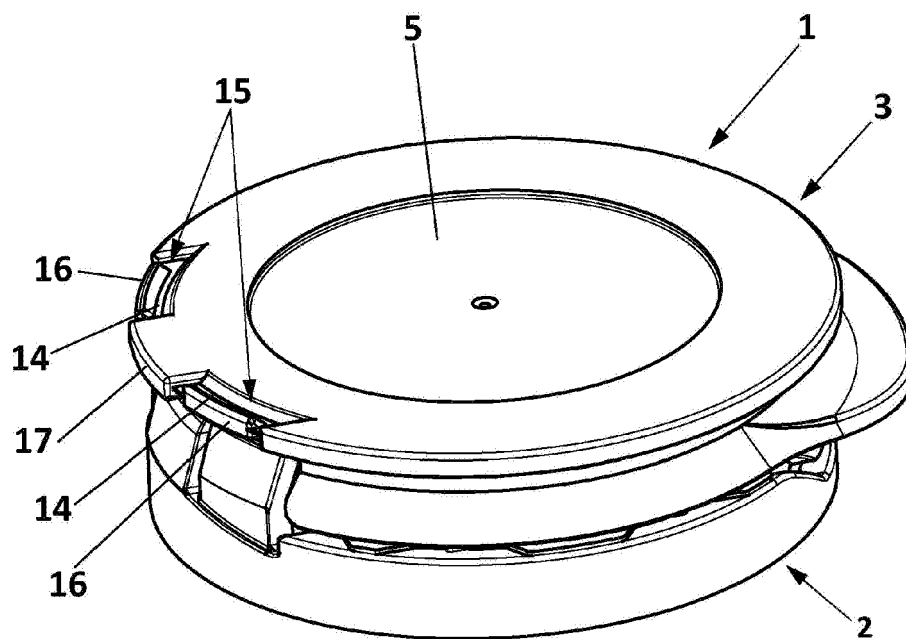


FIG. 5

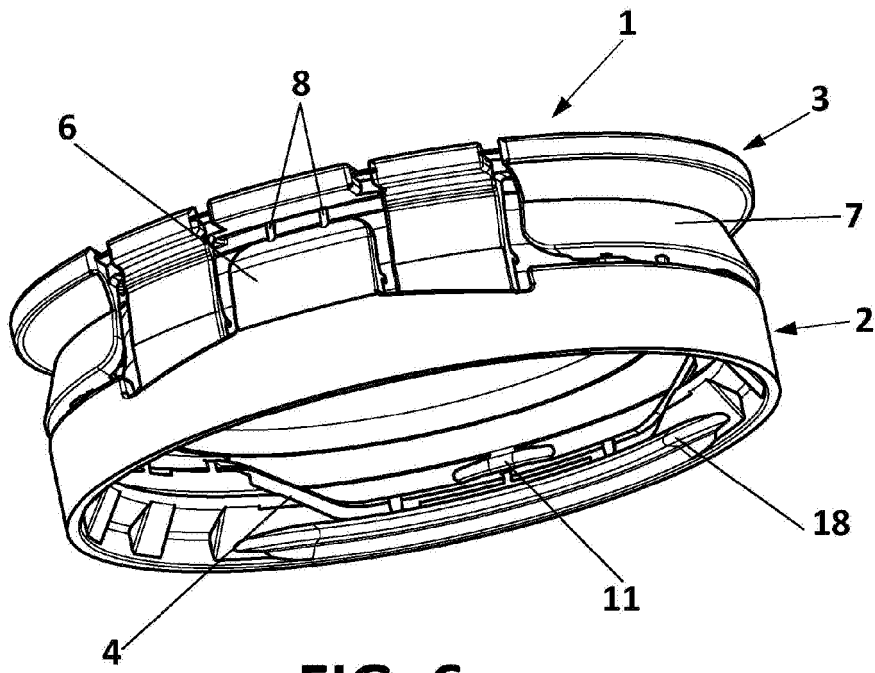


FIG. 6

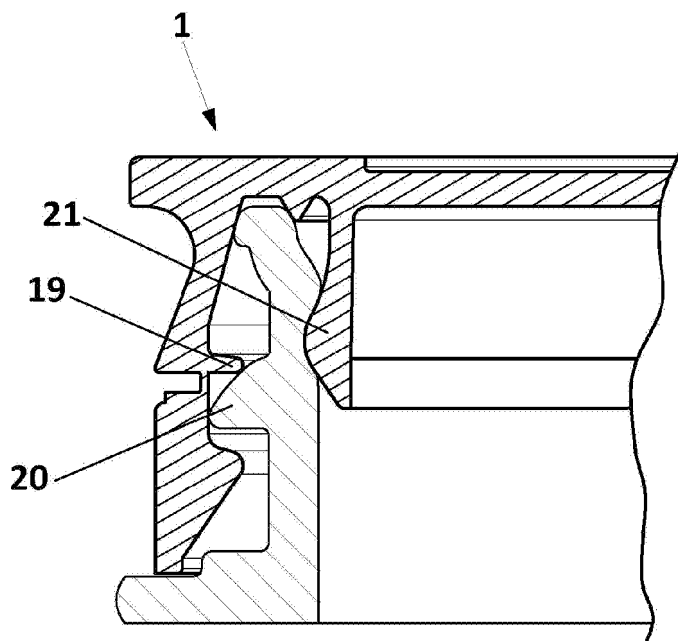


FIG. 7

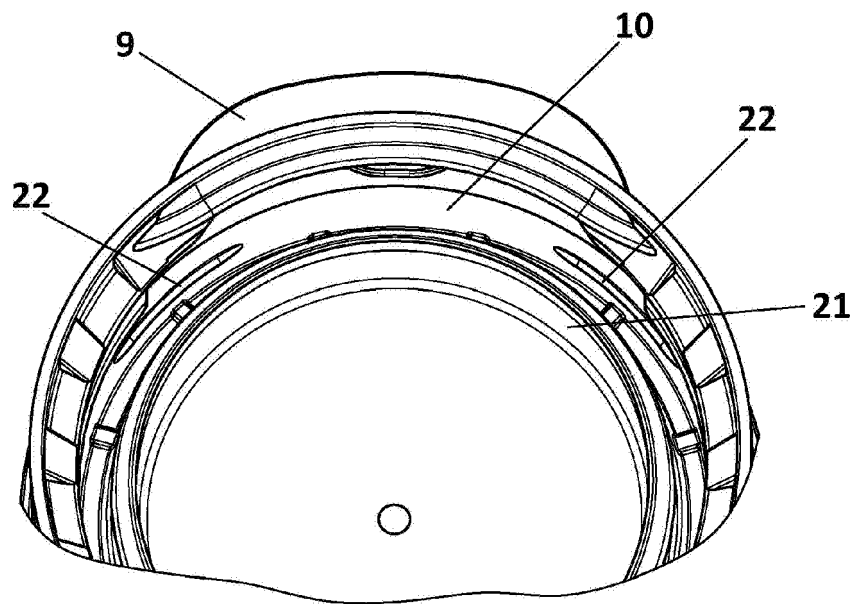


FIG. 8

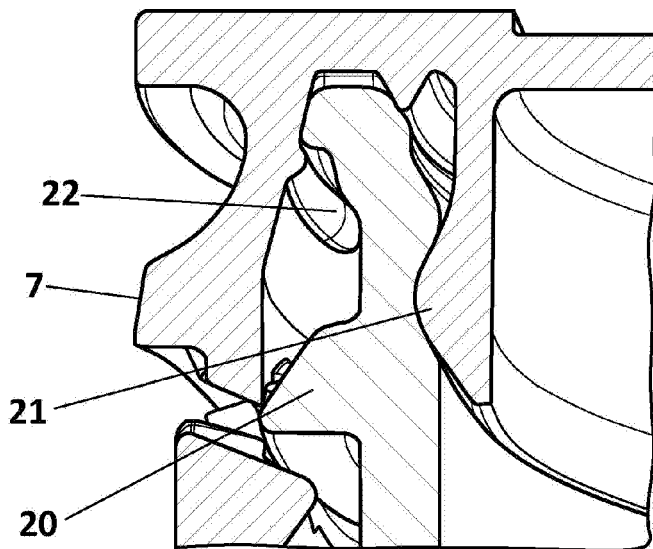


FIG. 9