

INSTRUCTIONS

(ii) If Convention application insert "Convention"

(a) convention

AMENDED

AUSTRALIA

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(b) Delete one

APPLICATION FOR A (b) STANDARD/~~PETTY~~ PATENT

(c) Insert FULL name(s) of applicant(s)

/We (c) THE COCA COLA COMPANY

0 1 3 4 0 9

(d) Insert FULL address(es) of applicant(s)

of (d) 310 North Avenue,
Atlanta, Georgia 30313,
United States of America

(e) Delete one

hereby apply for the grant of a (e) Standard/~~Petty~~ Patent for an invention entitled

(f) Insert TITLE of invention

(f) INCREASED COLUMN/SELECTIVITY VENDER

(g) Insert "complete" or "provisional" or "petty patent"

which is described in the accompanying (g) complete specification.

(Note: The following applies only to Convention applications)

Details of basic application(s)

(h) Insert number, country and filing date for the/or each basic application

	Application No.	Country	Filing Date
(h)	105,044	United States of America	6 October, 1987

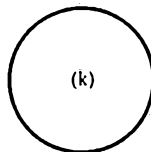
Address for Service:

PHILLIPS ORMONDE AND FITZPATRICK
Patent and Trade Mark Attorneys
367 Collins Street
Melbourne, Australia 3000

(i) Insert date of signing

Dated (i) 23 November, 1989

(j) Signature of applicant(s) (For body corporate see headnote*)



(j) **PHILLIPS ORMONDE & FITZPATRICK**
Attorneys for:
THE COCA COLA COMPANY

Note: No legalization or other witness required

David J. Fitzpatrick

PHILLIPS ORMONDE AND FITZPATRICK
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Melbourne, Australia

AUSTRALIA

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DECLARATION FOR A PATENT APPLICATION

INSTRUCTIONS

(a) Insert "Convention" if applicable
(b) Insert FULL name(s) of applicant(s)

In support of the (a) convention application made by
(b) THE COCA-COLA COMPANY

(c) Insert "of addition" if applicable
(d) Insert TITLE of invention

(hereinafter called "applicant(s) for a patent (c) for an
invention entitled (d)
INCREASED COLUMN/SELECTIVITY VENDER

(e) Insert FULL name(s) AND address(es) of declarant(s) (See headnote*)

I/We (e) Robert A. Keller, Senior Vice-President and General Counsel
of The Coca-Cola Company of 310 North Avenue, Atlanta,
Georgia 30313, United States of America

do solemnly and sincerely declare as follows:

- 1. I am/We are the applicant(s). (or, in the case of an application by a body corporate)
1. I am/We are authorized to make this declaration on behalf of the applicant(s).
2. I am/We are the actual inventor(s) of the invention. (or, where the applicant(s) is/are not the actual inventor(s))
2. (f) Phillip B. Groover, 112 Fitchburg Drive, Woodstock, Georgia, 20188 (U.S. Citizen); Paul P. Phillips, 449 Lee's Trace, Marietta, Georgia (U. S. Citizen)

(f) Insert FULL name(s) AND address(es) of actual inventor(s)

is/are the actual inventor(s) of the invention and the facts upon which the applicant(s) is/are entitled to make the application are as follows:

- (g) The applicant is the assignee of the actual inventors.

(g) Recite how applicant(s) derive(s) title from actual inventor(s) (See headnote**)

(Note: Paragraphs 3 and 4 apply only to Convention applications)

- 3. The basic application(s) for patent or similar protection on which the application is based is/are identified by country, filing date, and basic applicant(s) as follows:

(h) U.S.A. October 6, 1987
Phillip B. Groover and Paul A. Phillips

(h) Insert country, filing date, and basic applicant(s) for the/or EACH basic application

- 4. The basic application(s) referred to in paragraph 3 hereof was/were the first application(s) made in a Convention country in respect of the invention the subject of the application.

(k) Insert PLACE of signing

Declared at (k) Atlanta, Georgia

(l) Insert DATE of signing

Dated (l) October 11, 1988

(m) Signature(s) of declarant(s)

Robert A. Keller
Robert A. Keller
Senior Vice-President and
General Counsel for
THE COCA-COLA COMPANY

Notes: No legalization or other witness required

To: The Commissioner of Patents

MELBOURNE S/O
8 NOV 88 16: 2

(12) PATENT ABRIDGMENT (11) Document No. AU-B-23453/88
(19) AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE (10) Acceptance No. 613409

- (54) Title
INCREASED COLUMN/SELECTIVITY VENDER
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- (21) Application No. : **23453/88** (22) Application Date : **06.10.88**
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105044 06.10.87 US UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
- (43) Publication Date : **06.04.89**
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- (71) Applicant(s)
THE COCA COLA COMPANY
- (72) Inventor(s)
PHILLIP B. GROOVER; PAUL A. PHILLIPS
- (74) Attorney or Agent
PHILLIPS ORMONDE & FITZPATRICK , 367 Collins Street, MELBOURNE VIC 3000
- (56) Prior Art Documents
AU 217741 25866/57 54.7
US 2272682
US 4287992
- (57) Claim

3. A vend rack structure for product vending machines for delivering vendable products from a top loading position to a bottom dispensing position in a vending machine, comprising:

upright hollow wall portions having first means defining a plurality of serpentine paths thereon over a major extent of the vertical dimension thereof;

said first means comprising hollow bosses extending outward from said wall portions and having the interior thereof in communication with said hollow wall portions;

second means defining a plurality of canted substantially horizontal chutes on said wall portions stacked one above the other and interconnecting the upper ends of respective ones of said serpentine paths to said top loading position at one side of said wall portion;

said serpentine paths on adjacent ones of said hollow wall portions defining serpentine product columns extending from said top loading position to said bottom dispensing position;

port means formed in selected ones of said bosses connecting the interior thereof with said product columns over a predetermined portion thereof above said bottom dispensing portion;

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(10) 613409

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flow means for permitting a flow of refrigerated air upward through said hollow wall portions and bosses and out through said port means for cooling a selected portion of said vendable products in said product columns prior to vending same;

a refrigerated plenum having a ported top plate portion;

circulation means in said plenum for forcing refrigerated air through said ported top plate portion; and

bracket means for retaining the bottom ends of said wall portions, mounted on said top plate portion;

said flow means comprising open bottom portions in said bracket means permitting said refrigerated air to flow therethrough and into said open bottom portions in said upright hollow wall portions and port means in said bracket means permitting said refrigerated air to flow therethrough and into said open bottom portions of said upright hollow wall portions.

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION
(ORIGINAL)

613409

Class

Int. Class

Application Number:
Lodged:

Complete Specification Lodged:
Accepted:
Published:

Priority

Related Art:

APPLICANT'S REFERENCE: 95-766P (Australia)

Name(s) of Applicant(s):

The Coca Cola Company

Address(es) of Applicant(s):

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Georgia, 30313
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.



Address for Service is:

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Patent and Trade Mark Attorneys
367 Collins Street
Melbourne 3000 AUSTRALIA

Complete Specification for the invention entitled:

INCREASED COLUMN/SELECTIVITY VENDER

Our Ref : 108829
POF Code: 924/78750

The following statement is a full description of this invention, including the best method of performing it known to applicant(s):

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to vend racks for a vending machine that store softdrink bottles or cans and feed the same in a cooled condition to a discharge port in the front of a vending machine in a uniform manner. More specifically, the present invention relates to modular serpentine vend rack mechanisms having the flexibility of storing selected numbers of vendable bottles or cans in a plurality of separately accessible serpentine vend columns of different capacities.

One of the most widely used conventional vend racks for bottles and cans in a vending machine includes a plurality of side-by-side, vertical storage columns, each of which communicates with a discharge port in the front of a vending machine. The columns are disposed in parallel relationship, and the quantity of vendable products therein is usually controlled by dimensioning the width of the columns to receive either a double row of nestable bottles or cans or a single stacked row of bottles or cans. These columns may either be one-deep, two-deep or three-deep, depending on the depth on the vending machine cabinet. This conventional vend rack suffers from the disadvantage that there is little flexibility in choice of the number of vendable

products that can be stored in the respective columns. Therefore, it is difficult to match product demand with storage capacity for any given column for a vending machine of this type which conventionally contains from five to nine selectable products and from seven to ten columns.

The demand for different types of products may depend on sales location or general popularity. In addition, in vending machines such as described in U.S. Patent 4,380,130 to Bachmann, et al., issued April 19, 1983 and assigned to the same assignee as the present invention, product sales or demand is also influenced, for example, by the unique styling of a given vending machine. For instance, if the vending machine includes the use of an enlarged primary product selection button adjacent the coin slot of the vending machine, there will be a distinct need for more flexibility in product storage and delivery from the respective chutes of a vend rack. This need is to accommodate the vending format of that machine. The need to match product demand with storage capacity exists, however, for all machines which vend multiple products.

One attempt to provide greater column selectivity in a vender is disclosed in U.S. Patent 4,245,755 to Craven et al. In Craven, some increased selectivity is achieved by a communicating slant shelf extension

of a column for which the storage capacity is to be increased. However, even the Craven apparatus has limited selectivity.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 Accordingly, it is a primary object of the present invention to provide a vend rack structure for product vending machine which overcomes at least some of the disadvantages associated with the prior art.

10 According to the present invention there is provided a vend rack structure for product vending machines for delivering vendable products from a top loading position to a bottom dispensing position in a vending machine, comprising:

15 upright hollow wall portions having first means defining a plurality of serpentine paths thereon over a major extent of the vertical dimension thereof;

20 said first means comprising hollow bosses extending outward from each said wall portion and having surfaces thereon defining said serpentine paths and having the interior of said hollow bosses being in communication with the interior of said hollow wall portion from which said bosses extend;

25 second means defining a plurality of canted substantially horizontal chutes on said wall portions stacked one above the other and interconnecting the upper ends of respective ones of said serpentine paths to said top loading position at one side of said wall portion;

30 bracket means in said vending machine for slidably receiving each of said wall portions, permitting selective removal and replacement thereof in said vending machine;

35 said serpentine paths on adjacent ones of said wall portions being mirror images of one another, defining product columns extending from said loading position to said dispensing position, such that vendable products are supported therebetween to traverse said product columns from said loading position to said dispensing position;

said bracket means being adjustable lateral of said wall portions such that said product columns defined therebetween will accommodate vendable products of



selected lengths;

port means formed in selected ones of said bosses connecting the interior thereof with said product columns over a predetermined portion thereof above said bottom dispensing portion;

flow means for predetermining flow of refrigerated air upward through said hollow wall portions and bosses and out through said port means for cooling a selected portion of said vendable products in said product columns prior to vending the same; and

a refrigerated plenum having a ported top plate portion, and circulation means in said plenum for forcing refrigerated air through said ported top plate portion;

said bracket means including brackets, for slidably retaining the bottom ends of said wall portions, mounted on said top plate portion; and

said flow means comprising open bottom portions in said upright hollow wall portions and port means in said bracket means permitting said refrigerated air to flow therethrough and into said open bottom portions of said upright hollow wall portions.

The present invention also provides a vend rack structure for product vending machines for delivering vendable products from a top loading position to a bottom dispensing position in a vending machine, comprising:

upright hollow wall portions having first means defining a plurality of serpentine paths thereon over a major extent of the vertical dimension thereof;

said first means comprising hollow bosses extending outward from said wall portions and having the interior thereof in communication with said hollow wall portions;

second means defining a plurality of canted substantially horizontal chutes on said wall portions stacked one above the other and interconnecting the upper ends of respective ones of said serpentine paths to said top loading position at one side of said wall portion;

said serpentine paths on adjacent ones of said hollow wall portions defining serpentine product columns extending from said top loading position to said bottom



dispensing position;

port means formed in selected ones of said bosses connecting the interior thereof with said product columns over a predetermined portion thereof above said bottom
5 dispensing portion;

flow means for permitting a flow of refrigerated air upward through said hollow wall portions and bosses and out through said port means for cooling a selected portion of said vendable products in said product columns prior to
10 vending same;

a refrigerated plenum having a ported top plate portion;

circulation means in said plenum for forcing refrigerated air through said ported top plate portion; and

15 bracket means for retaining the bottom ends of said wall portions, mounted on said top plate portion;

said flow means comprising open bottom portions in said bracket means permitting said refrigerated air to flow therethrough and into said open bottom portions in
20 said upright hollow wall portions and port means in said bracket means permitting said refrigerated air to flow therethrough and into said open bottom portions of said upright hollow wall portions.

25 Additionally, if desired, internal flow preventing partitions are formed in the hollow interiors to preclude airflow above that preselected height.

30

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In a preferred embodiment of the invention the adjustable brackets contain flow ports cooperating with flow ports in the top plate of the refrigerated plenum of the vending machine to direct air flow induced by the evaporator fan into the hollow interiors of the walls and bosses.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is a diagrammatic front elevation of a plurality of serpentine vend rack modules of the present invention mounted within a vending machine,

Figure 2 is a side elevation of a four-deep serpentine vend rack module of the present invention with product containers loaded therein;

Figure 3 is a side elevation of another embodiment of a serpentine vend rack module of the present invention;

Figure 4 is a front elevation of the serpentine vend rack of Figure 3;

Figure 5 is a bottom plan view of the serpentine vend rack of Figure 3;

Figure 6 is a partial top plan view of an adjustable mounting bracket structure for the serpentine vend rack modules of the present invention mounted on the upper wall of a refrigerated plenum chamber of a vending machine;

Figure 7 is a partial front elevation of the mounting bracket and plenum chamber wall of Figure 6; and

Figure 8 is a cross-section taken along line 8-8 of Figure 6.

Detailed Description of Preferred Embodiments

The objects of the present invention and the attendant advantages thereof will become more readily apparent by reference to the following drawings wherein like numerals refer to like parts and wherein:

Referring in detail to the drawings and with particular reference to Figure 1, a vending machine 10 is shown as incorporating a vending cavity 12, located above a refrigerated plenum chamber 14, from which it is separated by the upper wall 16 of the plenum chamber 14. The plenum chamber 14 is provided with an evaporator fan 18 which forces air upwardly in the direction of the arrows shown, for a purpose to be hereinafter more fully described. The uppermost reach of the vending cavity 12 is provided with a top plate 20 which is substantially coextensive and parallel with the upper wall 16 on the plenum chamber 14. Slide-in serpentine vending rack modules 22 are provided within the vending cavity 12 in an array to be more fully described

hereinafter. These serpentine vending modules 22 are slidably mounted in upper and lower mounting brackets 24 and 26, respectively, which in turn are attached to the top plate 20 in the vending cavity 12 and the upper wall 16 of the plenum chamber, respectively.

Referring to Figure 2, the serpentine modules 22 each consist of four serpentine vend columns C1, C2, C3 and C4. Each of these columns comprises a substantially vertically disposed serpentine path with the columns C1 through C4 carrying products P1 through P4, respectively, with the respective columns varying in product capacity in the order of increasing number. In other words, column C1 contains less than column C2, which contains less product than column C3, which contains less product than column C4.

This difference in column capacity is achieved by means of sloped reaches defined by slightly canted, substantially horizontal surfaces R2, R3 and R4, respectively, defining the reaches for columns C2, C3 and C4. As a result, as may be observed from Figure 2, column C1 holds 19 containers of the product P1, column C2 holds 22 containers of the product P2, column C3 holds 24 containers of the product P3 and column C4 holds 28 containers of the product P4. This is in the case where all of the product containers are of similar diameter, such as twelve ounce beverage cans.

As indicated jointly in Figures 1 and 2, each product column C1 through C4 is defined by a hollow vertical standard or wall portion 22A from which extend orthogonally disposed triangular bars 22B which are in an alternating pattern such that the apices 22C of the adjacent bars 22B are opposed and vertically spaced in an amount creating a serpentine path of travel for a product container traveling from top to bottom of a given product column C1-C4. It should be here noted that the reaches R2, R3 and R4 at the tops of the columns C2, C3 and C4, respectively, provide for a common loading area LP for all four of the columns C1-C4 since all of the columns terminate in a vertical stack adjacent an upper corner of the serpentine rack 22. This is clearly shown in Figure 2.

Referring next to Figures 3, 4 and 5, another preferred embodiment of the serpentine vend rack 122 of the present invention is shown as including a plurality of continuous serpentine bosses extending orthogonally from the vertical walls 122A to form smooth transitional triangular portions 122B having apices 122C, with adjacent apices 122C in a given stack being oppositely disposed and vertically staggered such that a smooth serpentine path is formed from top to bottom in the vertically disposed portions of each of the columns IC1, IC2, IC3 and IC4.

In a manner similar to that of the embodiment of Figures 1 and 2 the columns are all loaded from a common vertical loading position ILP defined by integral partitions IR2, IR3 and IR4 defining boundaries between the four columns IC1 through IC4 and extending in a canted but substantially horizontal reach from the uppermost portion of the vertical extent of the said columns IC1 through IC4 to the said vertical loading position ILP.

Referring now to Figure 5, in particular, the stanchion 122A forming the vend rack wall 122 is shown as being hollow at its lowermost portion to define an internal cavity 128 through which air may be forced to flow vertically within the vertical wall 122A through the cavity 128 by means of the evaporator fan 18 (shown in Figure 1) as will be hereinafter more fully described.

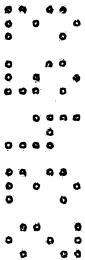
In maintaining containers of beverage, such as those for the products P1 through P4 of the previous figures, in a chilled condition prior to dispensing, it is neither necessary nor efficient to chill the entire vending cavity of the vending machine and accordingly, the lower one-half or one-third of the vend racks only need be actively cooled.

Accordingly, a plurality of flow ports F are indicated as being drilled or formed in some or all of the substantially triangular portions 122B in the

outermost surfaces thereof and a flow blocking partition FP is provided which extends laterally across the hollow structure 122A to preclude the flow of air from extending above that point. Alternatively, the lack of perforations in the upper one-half or upper two-thirds of the triangular portions 122B will cause the flow of cooling air across the containers in the racks only in the lower one half to one third of the racks as the case may be.

The hollow racks 122 are formed by blow molding or other similar techniques and a flat wall portion 122D such as illustrated in Figure 5 may be formed across the back of those racks designed for use as outboard rack portions while mirror image blow molded racks may be formed together to provide multi-sided centrally located rack portions.

This may be also be observed in the embodiment of Figure 1 in which the innermost rack portions 22 include the triangular portions 22B extending from both sides thereof. In this embodiment as well as in the embodiment of Figures 3 through 5, the vend racks are formed by a blow molding with mirror image halves to form the multi-sided rack portions while the two outside rack portions also comprise mirror images of one another.



Vacuum forming may also be used together with bonding techniques if the various rack portions are made in two or more parts.

In both embodiments, the vend racks are designed to be hollow. In the embodiment of Figures 1 and 2, selected ones of the triangular extensions 22B are open-ended or perforated to permit air flow therefrom across the cans held therebetween. These racks may also include a flow impeding internal partition such as the partition FP in the embodiment of Figures 3-5.

Referring next to figures 6, 7 and 8, the adjustable features of the upper and lower mounting brackets 24 and 26 first described with respect to figures 1 and 2 will now be more fully described.

With reference to figures 6, 7 and 8, the lower mounting brackets 26A will be described since these brackets include air passages to permit flow of air into the hollow vertical standards or wall portions 22A and 122A in the various embodiments of the vend racks. The upper mounting brackets 24 are of substantially identical construction but do not require the presence of air vents therein.

The mounting brackets 26 are shown as including upstanding open channels 26A integrally formed on flat plates 26B extending outboard of the upturned portions of the channels 26A and lying flush against

the upper surface of the top wall portion 16 of the refrigerated plenum 14. An elongated slot 16A is formed in the top plate 16 of the plenum 14, under each of the brackets 26, for the purpose of permitting air to flow vertically outward from the plenum 14 under the influence of the evaporator fan 18 as indicated by the arrows in Figure 1 and as also indicated by the arrows in Figure 3, although the plenum is not shown in Figure 3.

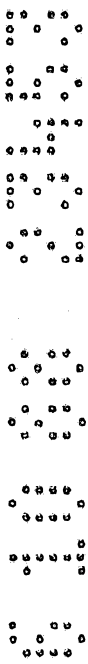
Cooperating flow ports 26C are formed within the channel 26A in the bracket 26 and are in communication with the elongated slots 16A in the top plate 16 such that air flowing from the plenum will flow upward through the bottom plate 26B of the brackets 26 through the flow ports 26C formed therein.

The brackets are adjustable in a lateral direction, as indicated by the double ended arrows in Figures 6 and 7, by means of set screws 26D mounted in elongated laterally extending slots 26E in the base plate 26B of the brackets 26. These set screws 26D and slots 26E may be provided at desired intervals from the front to the back of the vending cavity 12 in the vending machine 10 as required for strength and security. Accordingly, as can be seen, the vend racks 22 and 122 are adapted to be slidably inserted into the brackets 26 and likewise, into the

brackets 24, and slid into the vending cavity 12 of the vending machine 10. The brackets 26 are first adjusted by means of the set screws 26D and slots 26E to accommodate the proper distance between the vertical vend racks 22 and 122 to accommodate product cans P1 through P4 of any desirable length. In other words, the spacing between the vertical vend racks 22 or 122 is adjusted to accommodate the axial length of the product containers being dispensed.

Description of Operation

With the vend racks 22 or 122, as the case may be, inserted into the mounting brackets 24 and 26, which have been previously adjusted to the proper length to receive products P1 through P4 in each of the columns C1 through C4, respectively, it should be noted that the vend racks 22 or 122 are preferably placed into the vend cavity 12 with the loading portions LP or ILP, respectively, facing outward of the vend cavity within the view of a person servicing and loading the machine. To load the machine, the service person simply places cans of product P1 through P4 in the respective columns C1 through C4 or IC1 through IC4, respectively, and permits the inserted containers to follow the serpentine vend rack path from the top loading position to the bottom thereof namely, the dispensing position, where they are engaged by conventional dispensing mechanisms

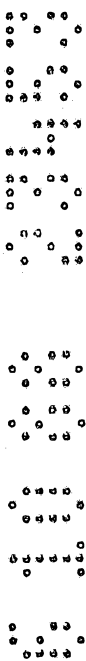


(not shown). These mechanisms cooperate with the vending machine controls as is well known in the art to selectively dispense product from the bottom dispensing positions of various columns C1 through C4 and IC1 through IC4.

After the columns are full, the general configuration of the product within the vend racks of the present invention is illustrated in Figure 2 with the canted reaches R2, R3 and R4 (also IR2, IR3 and IR4) filled with product as well as the vertically extending portions of the columns C1 through C4 (also IC1 through IC4).

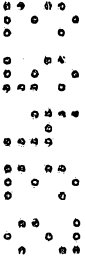
Utilizing the example first described above, it can be seen that for each pair of wall portions, for example, 93 cans of product may be loaded. Thus, for the configuration shown in Figure 1, there are a total of five four-deep serpentine racks providing a capacity for this particular machine of 465 cans or containers of product P1 through P4.

By proper selection of which columns C1-C4 or IC1-IC4 include the various products, the number of containers of a given product can be matched to the vend rate established by the marketplace. This will minimize the tendency of the supply of a given product to become exhausted for ahead of the supply of other products in a given multi-product machine. In the simplest case illustrated herein, of the 495



containers of product, there would be 95 containers of product P1, 110 containers of product P2, 120 containers of product P2, 120 containers of product P3 and 140 containers of product P4. Various other permutations and combinations of products can readily be made by mixing columns and products among the vending modules. Then, these selections are coordinated with the conventional vend select mechanisms and controls of the vending machine in a manner known in the art.

The present invention having been thus described, it should be apparent that modifications could be made to the various components of the system, as would occur to one of ordinary skill in the art without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention.



The claims defining the invention are as follows:

1. A vend rack structure for product vending machines for delivering vendable products from a top loading position to a bottom dispensing position in a vending machine, comprising:

upright hollow wall portions having first means defining a plurality of serpentine paths thereon over a major extent of the vertical dimension thereof;

said first means comprising hollow bosses extending outward from each said wall portion and having surfaces thereon defining said serpentine paths and having the interior of said hollow bosses being in communication with the interior of said hollow wall portion from which said bosses extend;

second means defining a plurality of canted substantially horizontal chutes on said wall portions stacked one above the other and interconnecting the upper ends of respective ones of said serpentine paths to said top loading position at one side of said wall portion;

bracket means in said vending machine for slidably receiving each of said wall portions, permitting selective removal and replacement thereof in said vending machine;

said serpentine paths on adjacent ones of said wall portions being mirror images of one another, defining product columns extending from said loading position to said dispensing position, such that vendable products are supported therebetween to traverse said product columns from said loading position to said dispensing position;

said bracket means being adjustable lateral of said wall portions such that said product columns defined therebetween will accommodate vendable products of selected lengths;

port means formed in selected ones of said bosses connecting the interior thereof with said product columns over a predetermined portion thereof above said bottom dispensing portion;

flow means for predetermining flow of refrigerated air upward through said hollow wall portions and bosses and out through said port means for cooling a selected



portion of said vendable products in said product columns prior to vending the same; and

5 a refrigerated plenum having a ported top plate portion, and circulation means in said plenum for forcing refrigerated air through said ported top plate portion;

said bracket means including brackets, for slidably retaining the bottom ends of said wall portions, mounted on said top plate portion; and

10 said flow means comprising open bottom portions in said upright hollow wall portions and port means in said bracket means permitting said refrigerated air to flow therethrough and into said open bottom portions of said upright hollow wall portions.

2. The structure of claim 1, wherein:

15 said upright hollow wall portions include internal partition means a predetermined distance above the bottom portions for precluding the flow of air beyond said predetermined distance; and

20 said selected ones of said bosses and said selected portion of said vendable products are those below said internal partition means.

3. A vend rack structure for product vending machines for delivering vendable products from a top loading position to a bottom dispensing position in a vending machine, comprising:

25 upright hollow wall portions having first means defining a plurality of serpentine paths thereon over a major extent of the vertical dimension thereof;

30 said first means comprising hollow bosses extending outward from said wall portions and having the interior thereof in communication with said hollow wall portions;

35 second means defining a plurality of canted substantially horizontal chutes on said wall portions stacked one above the other and interconnecting the upper ends of respective ones of said serpentine paths to said top loading position at one side of said wall portion;

said serpentine paths on adjacent ones of said hollow wall portions defining serpentine product columns extending from said top loading position to said bottom



dispensing position;

port means formed in selected ones of said bosses connecting the interior thereof with said product columns over a predetermined portion thereof above said bottom
5 dispensing portion;

flow means for permitting a flow of refrigerated air upward through said hollow wall portions and bosses and out through said port means for cooling a selected portion of said vendable products in said product columns prior to
10 vending same;

a refrigerated plenum having a ported top plate portion;

circulation means in said plenum for forcing refrigerated air through said ported top plate portion; and

15 bracket means for retaining the bottom ends of said wall portions, mounted on said top plate portion;

said flow means comprising open bottom portions in said bracket means permitting said refrigerated air to flow therethrough and into said open bottom portions in said upright hollow wall portions and port means in said
20 bracket means permitting said refrigerated air to flow therethrough and into said open bottom portions of said upright hollow wall portions.

4. The structure of claim 3, wherein:

25 said upright hollow wall portion includes internal partition means a predetermined distance above the bottom portion thereof for precluding the flow of refrigerated air internally of said upright hollow wall portion beyond said predetermined distance; and

30 said selected ones of said bosses and selected portion of said vendable products are those below said internal partition means.

5. The structure of claim 1, substantially as herein described with reference to any one of the embodiments
35 shown in the accompanying drawings.

DATED: 15 May, 1991

PHILLIPS ORMONDE & FITZPATRICK

Attorneys For:

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY

1022Z *David B Fitzpatrick* -20-



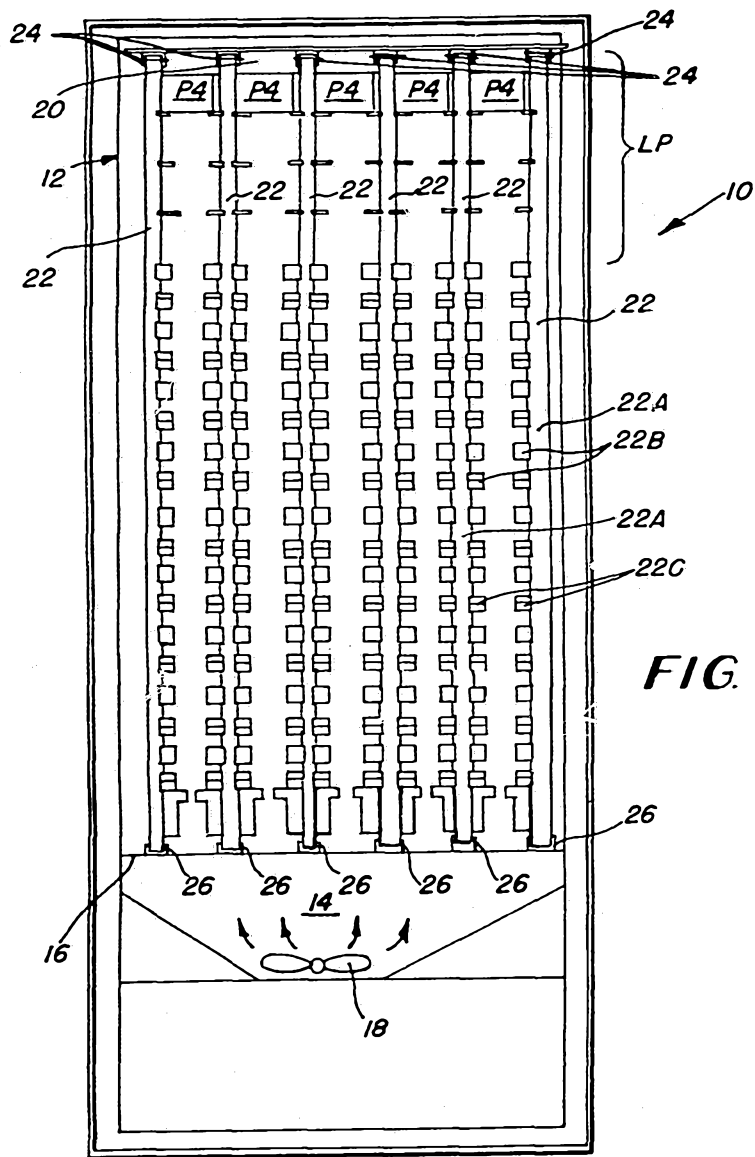


FIG. 1

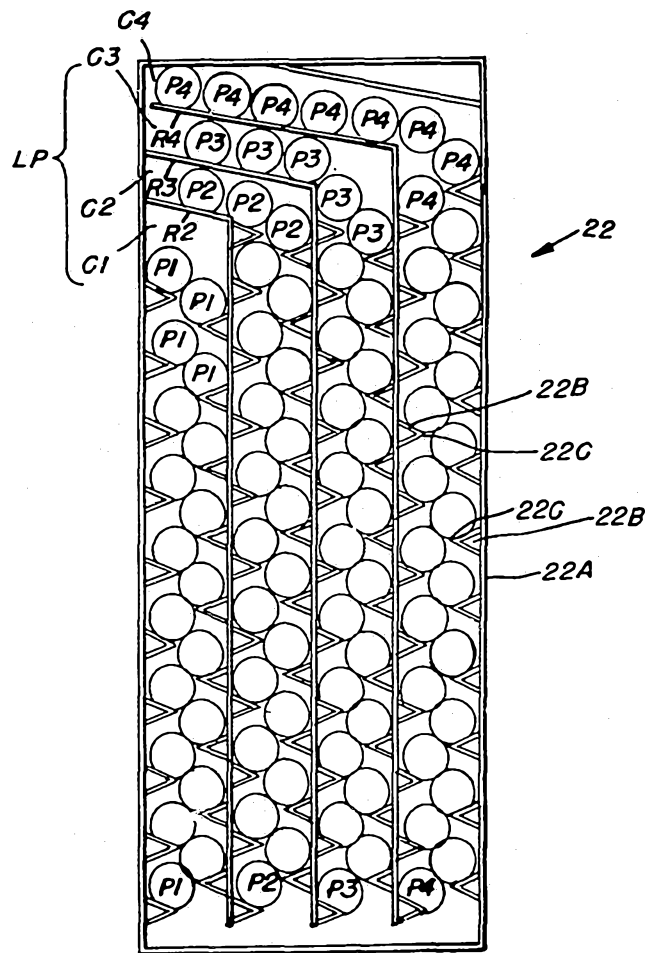


FIG. 2

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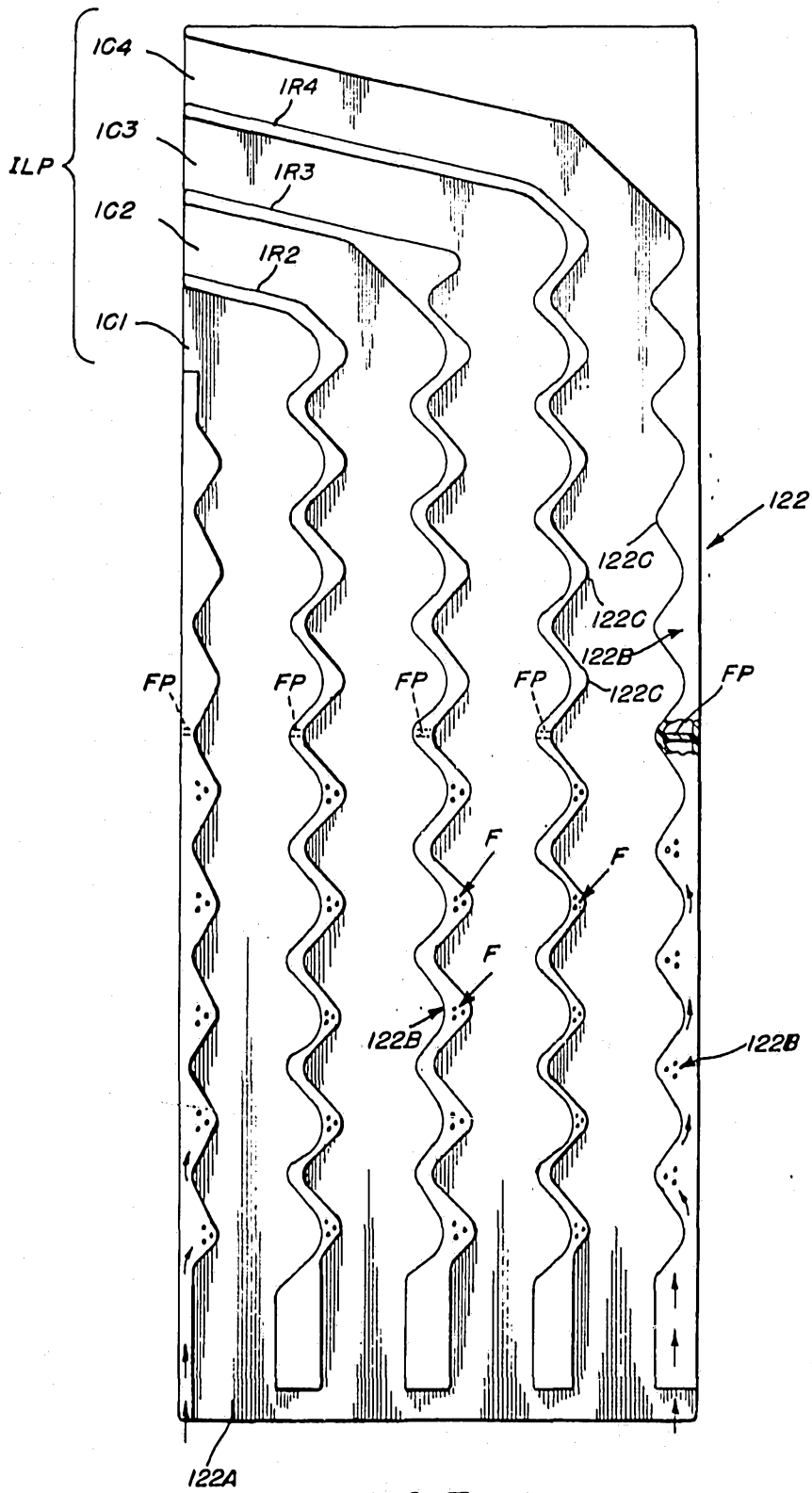


FIG. 3

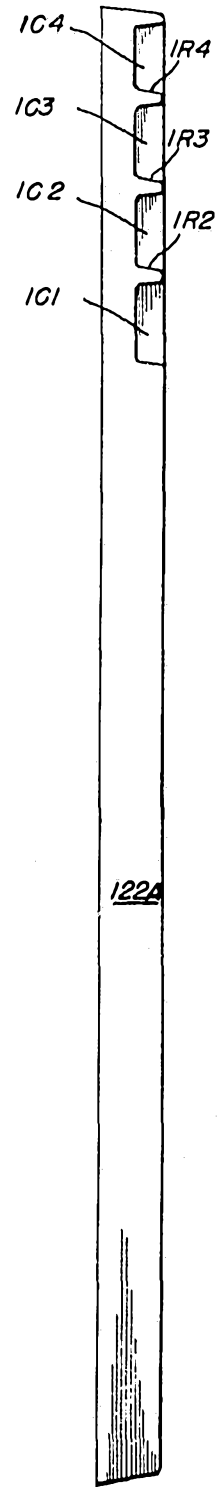


FIG. 4

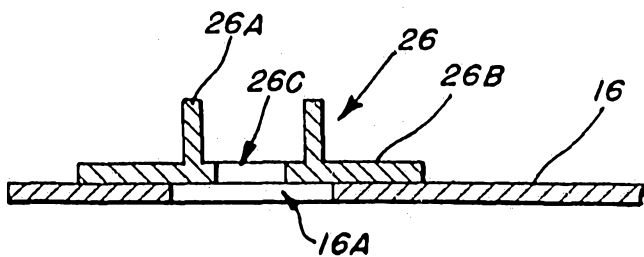
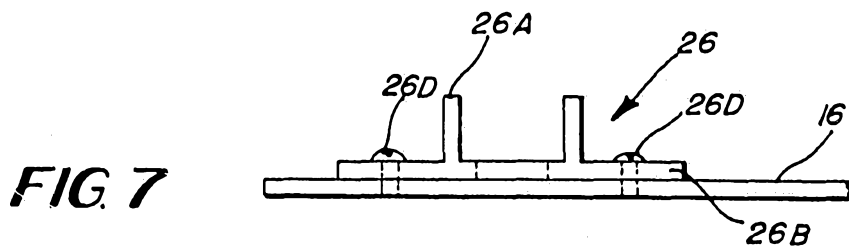
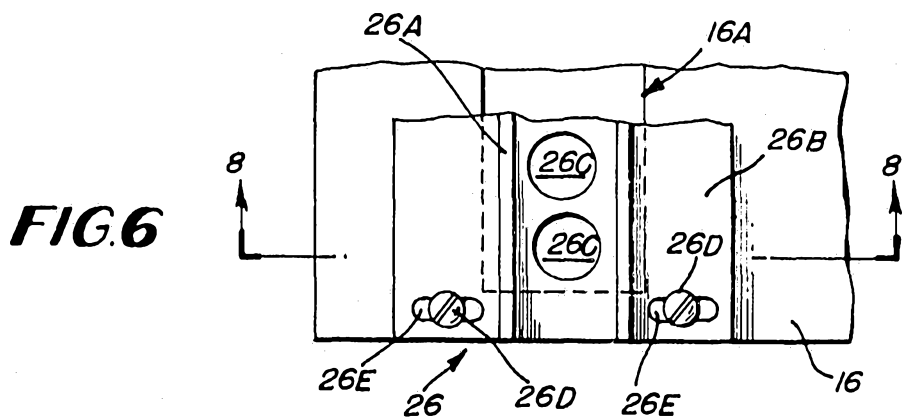
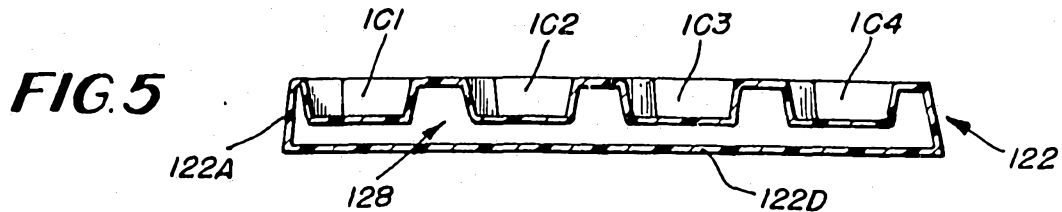


FIG. 8