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Reese et al.(10) **Pub. No.: US 2010/0131882 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: May 27, 2010**(54) **MACHINE, PROGRAM PRODUCT, AND
COMPUTER-IMPLEMENTED METHOD FOR
FILE MANAGEMENT AND STORAGE**cation No. 61/116,894, filed on Nov. 21, 2008, provi-
sional application No. 61/116,914, filed on Nov. 21,
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filed on Nov. 21, 2008, provisional application No.
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G06F 17/30 (2006.01)
(52) **U.S. Cl. ... 715/769; 707/821; 715/839; 707/E17.005**
(57) **ABSTRACT**

A user is displayed an icon palette having a palette boundary and including icons representing a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user, including, for example, predefined default categories of marriage, faith, family, children, school, travel, military, and health. The user can adjust a relative size of and control a location of the icon palette. The user can select an order and color of the icons. User action assigns an unsorted file to a category so that dragging and dropping a file across the palette boundary onto an icon assigns the file. The file and associated data are stored in a database, including on a remote server providing user access through an electronic communications network. The file and associated data can be temporarily stored in a database on a local user computer allowing user action during slow or interrupted communications with the server.

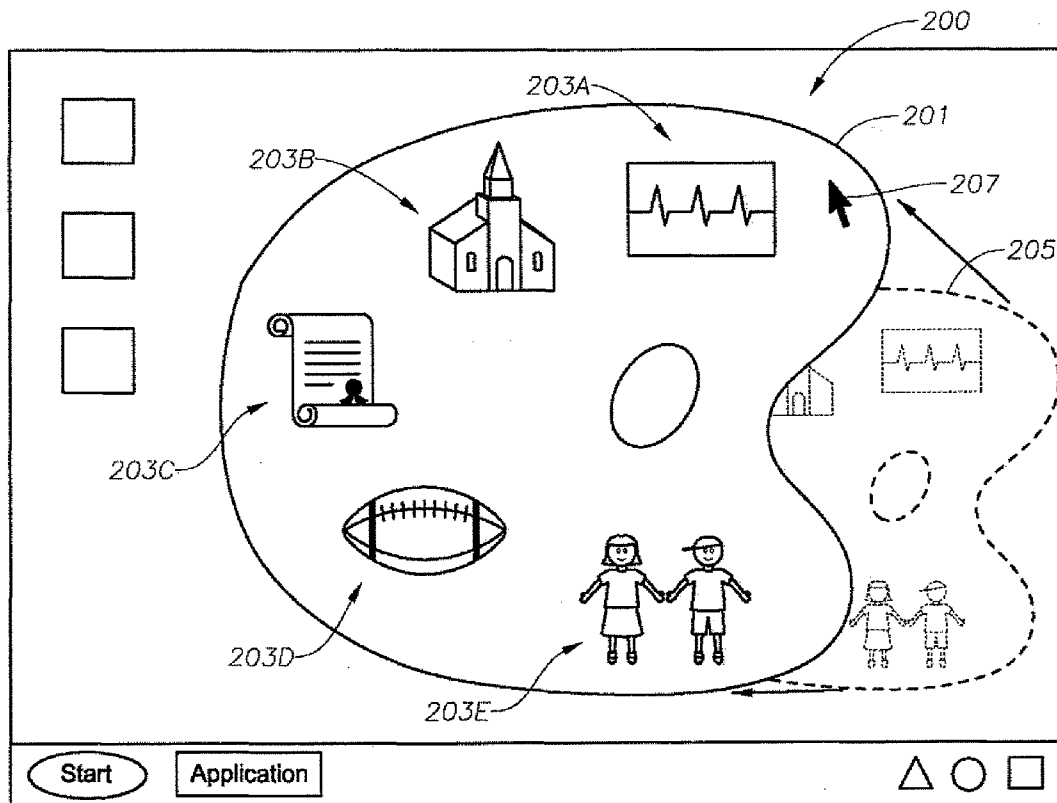


Fig. 1

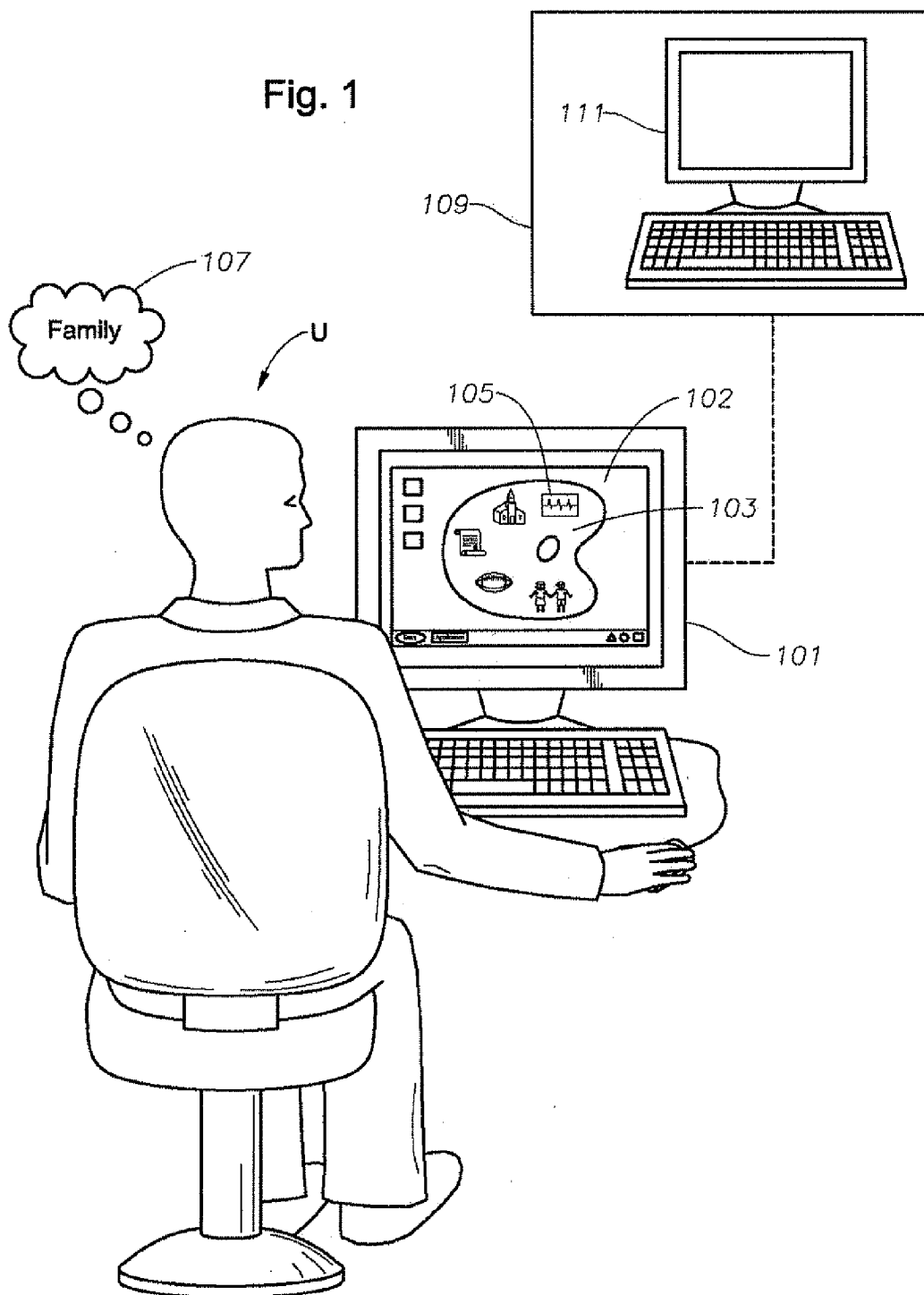


Fig. 2

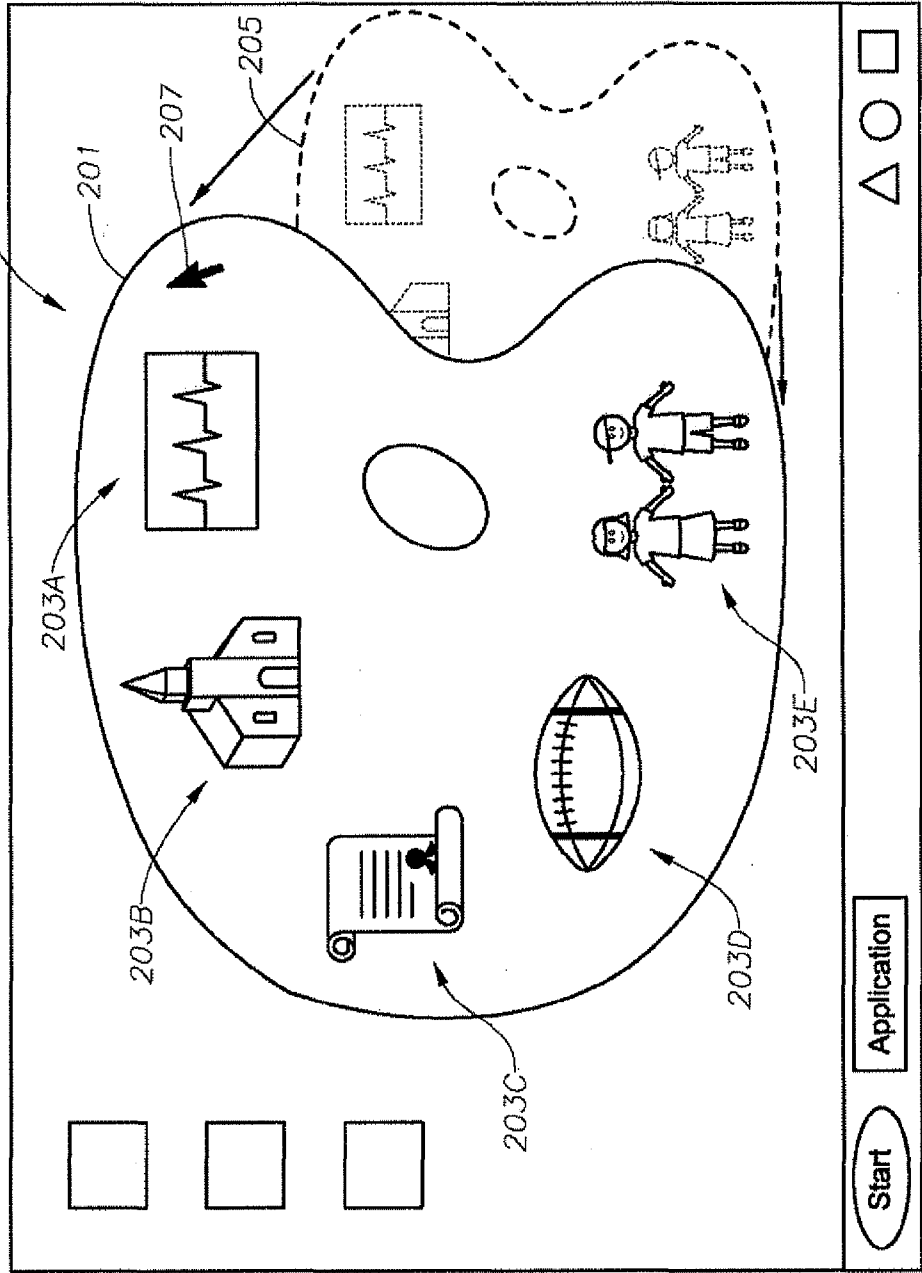


Fig. 3

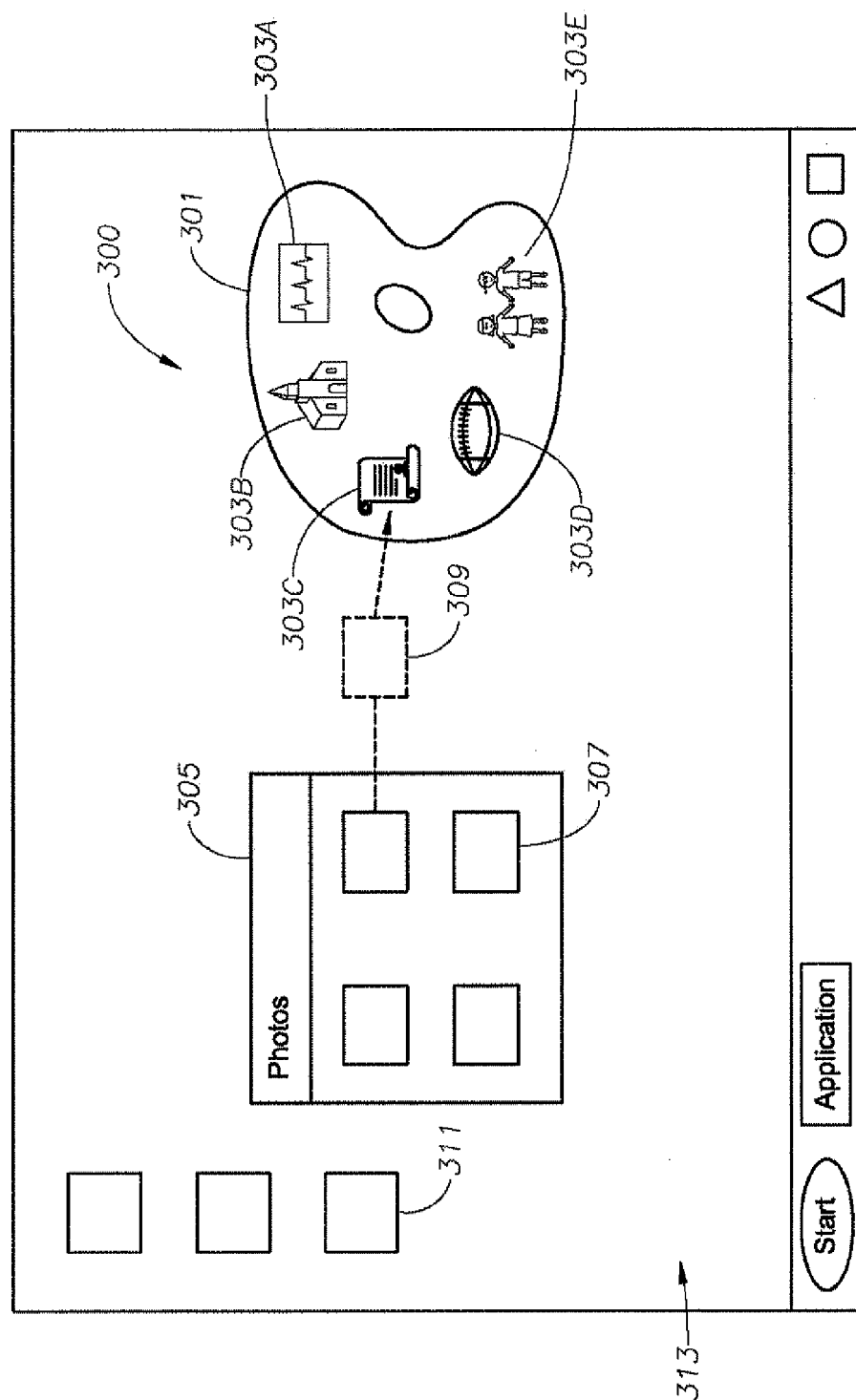


Fig. 4

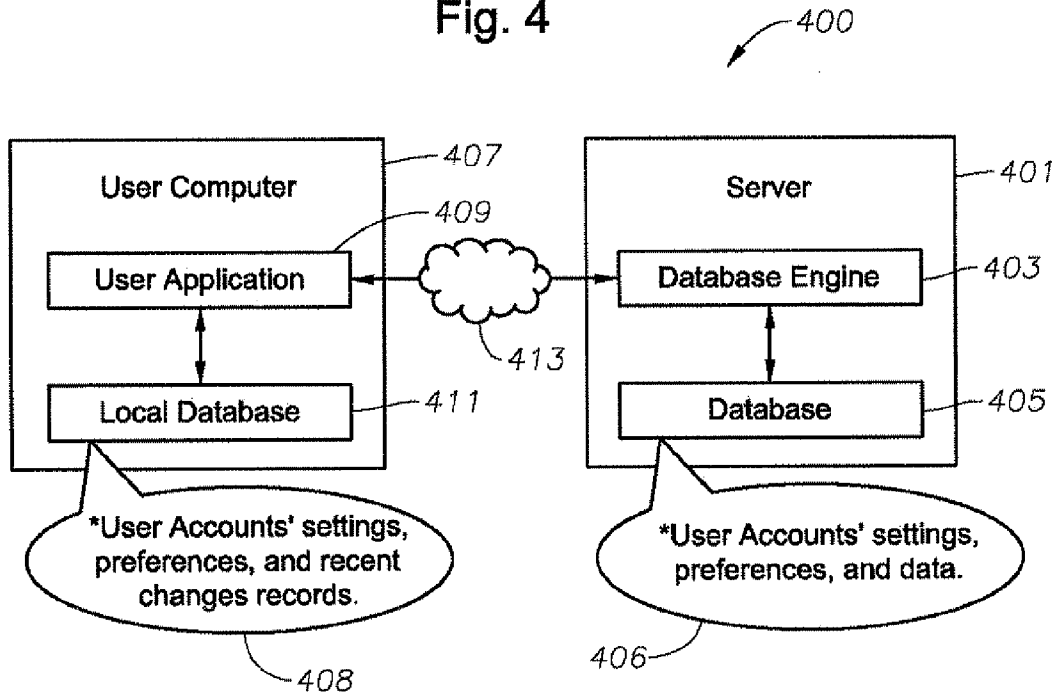


Fig. 6

Communicating with the Server

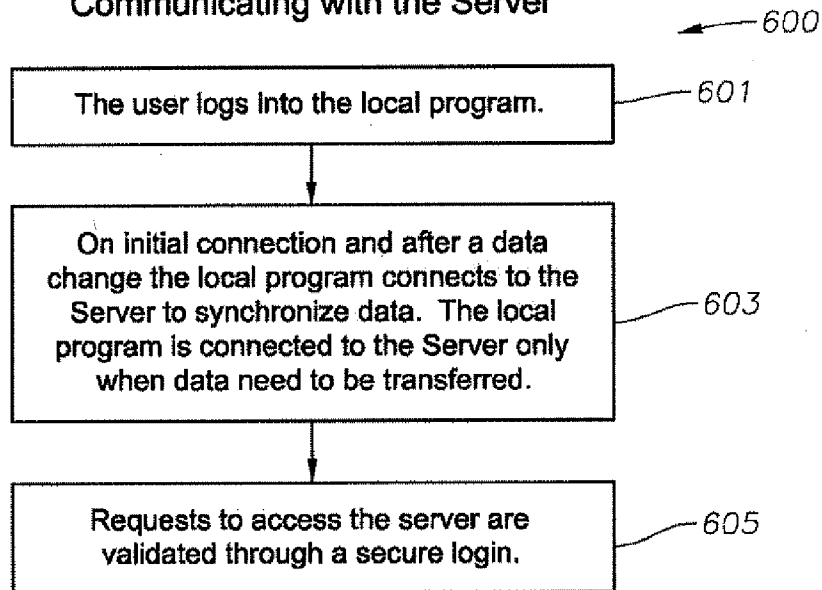


Fig. 5

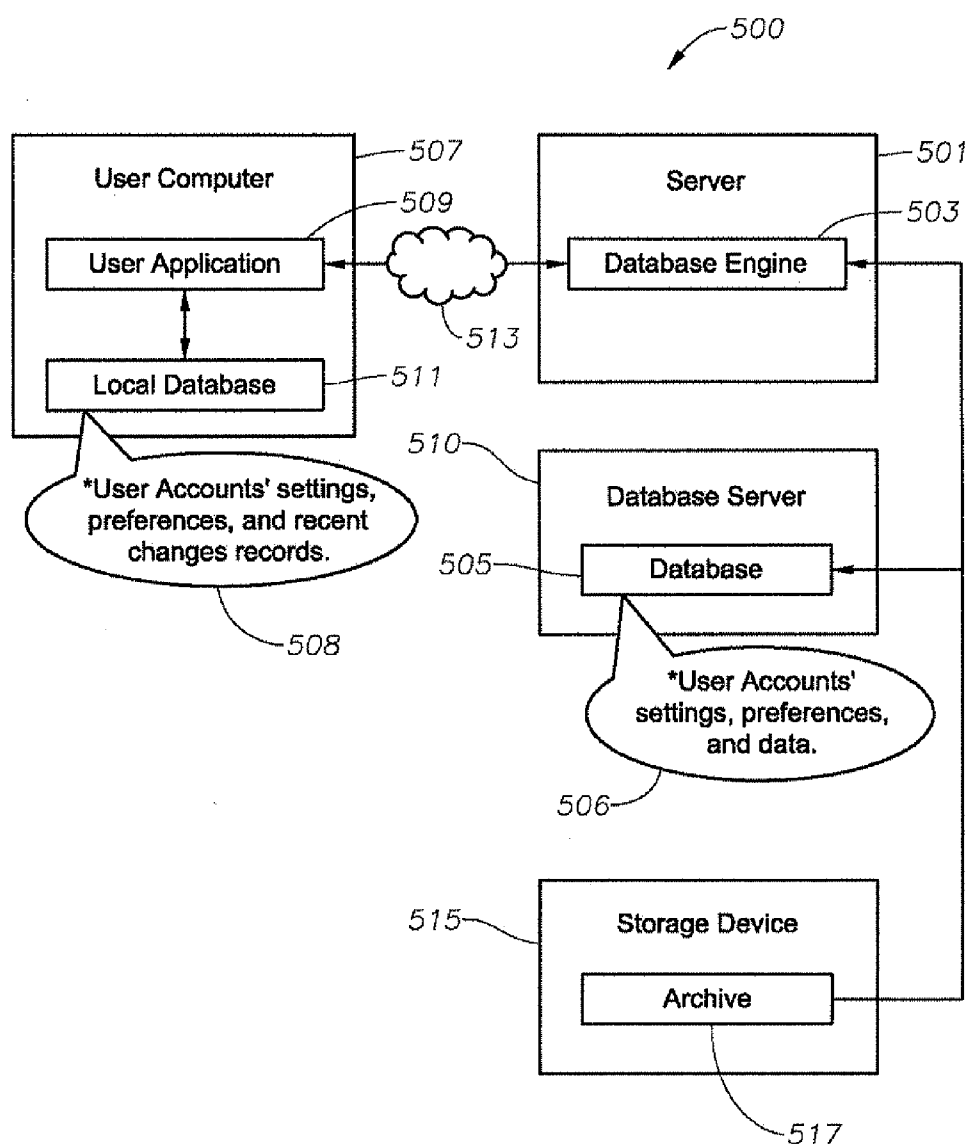


Fig. 7

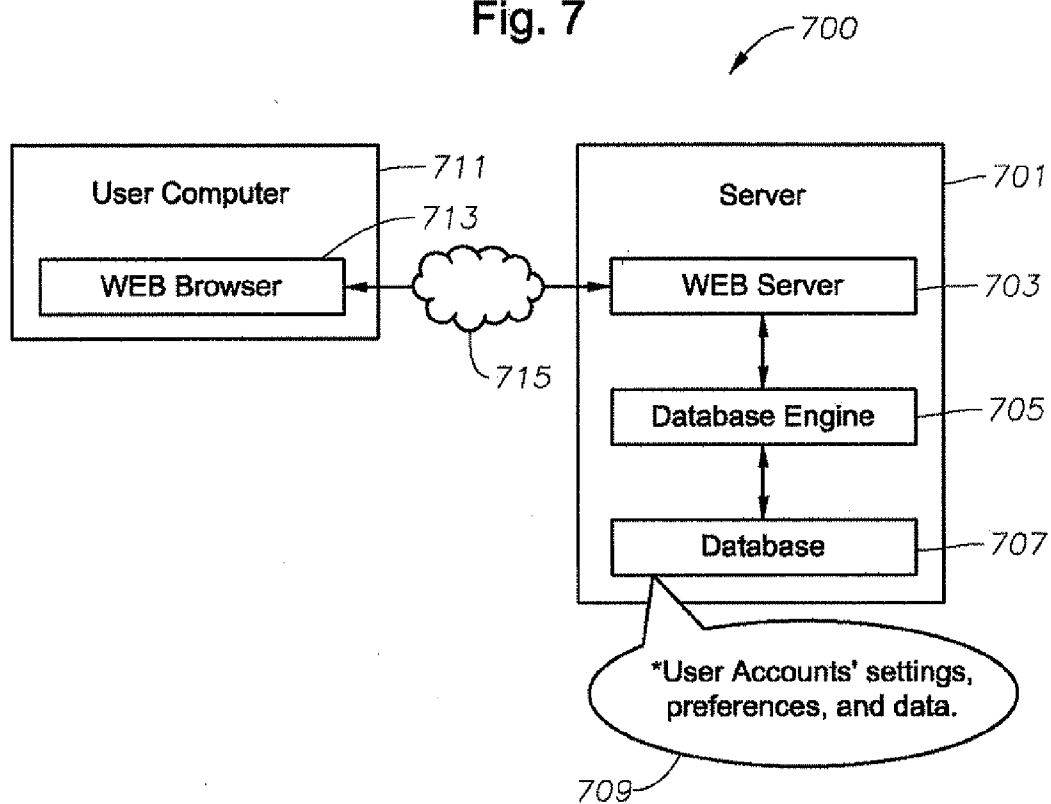
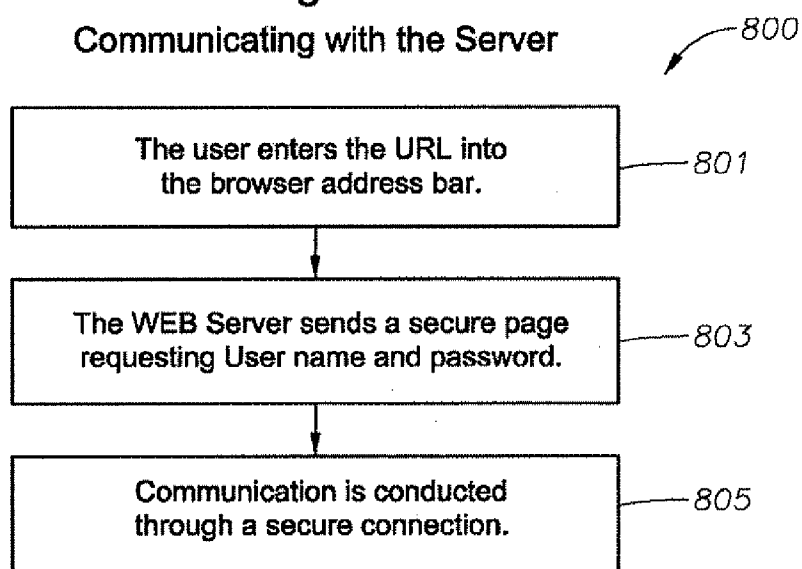
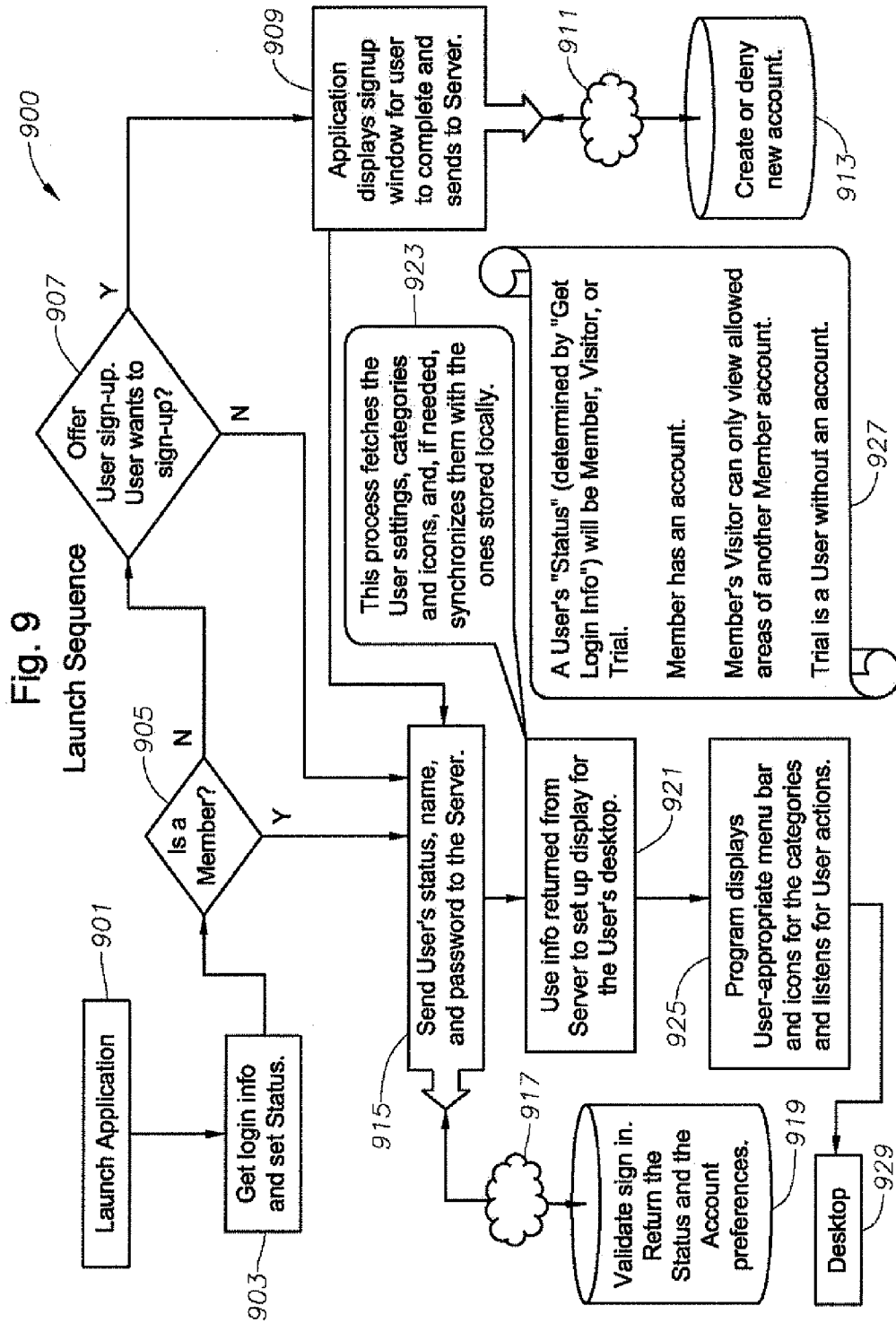
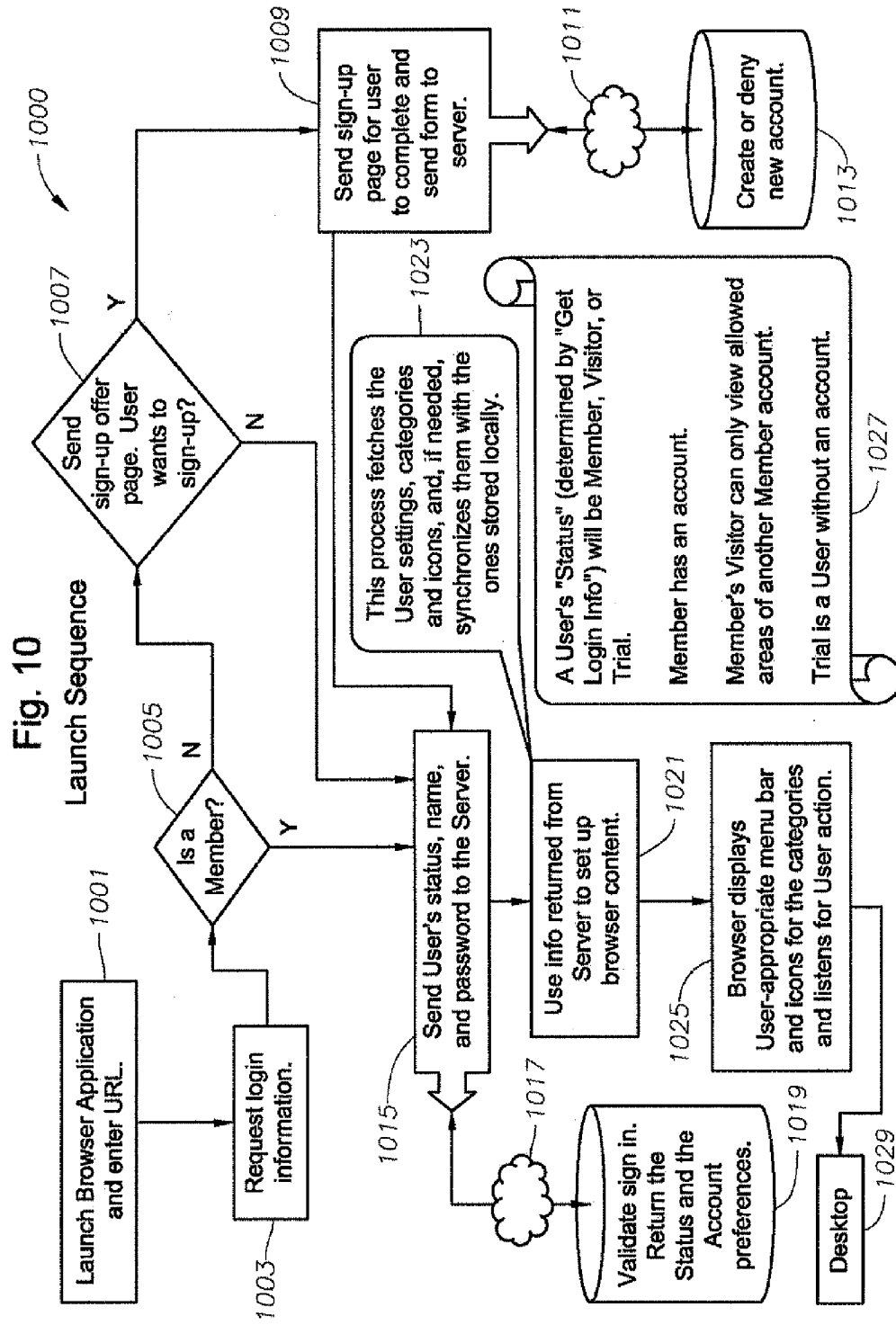


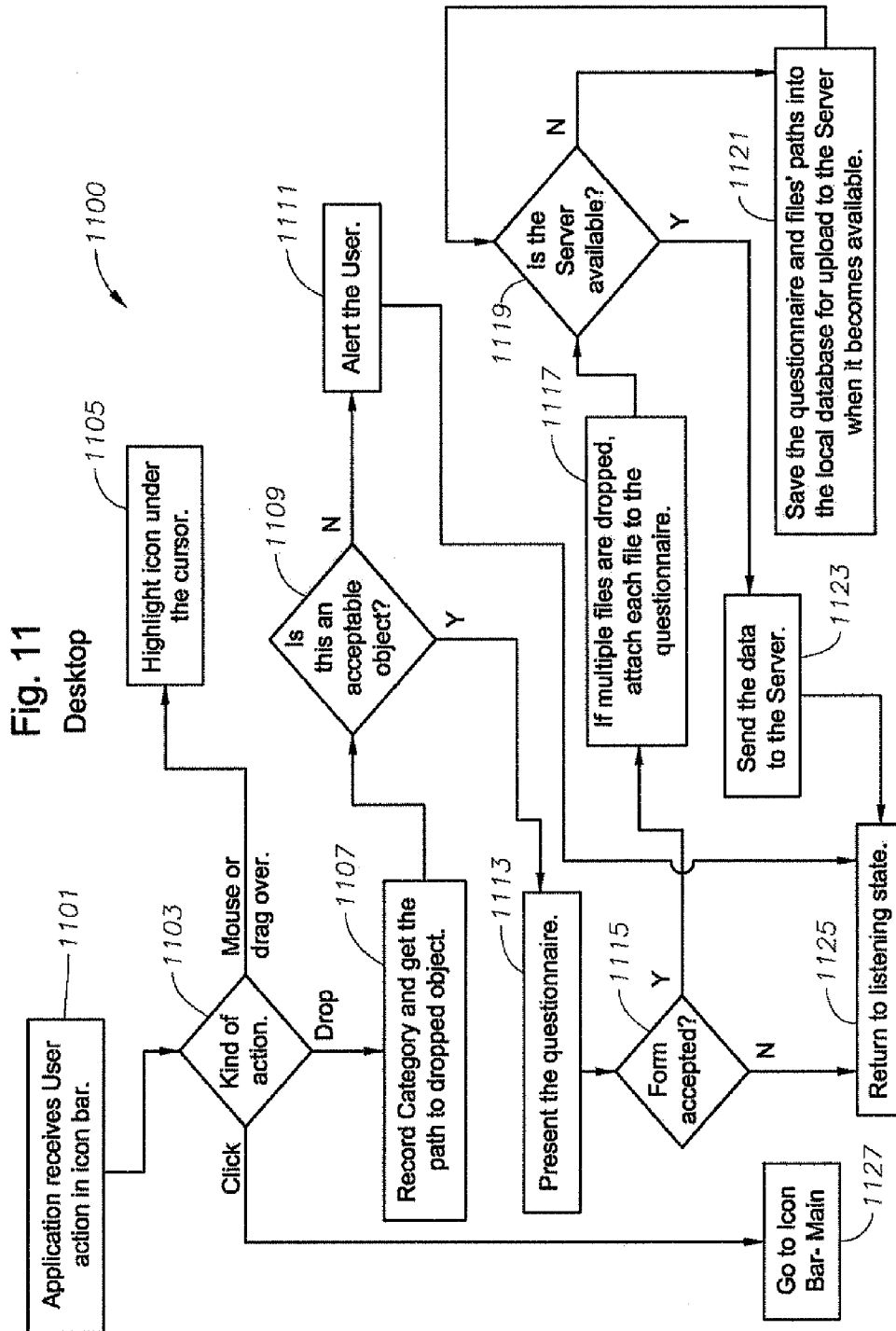
Fig. 8

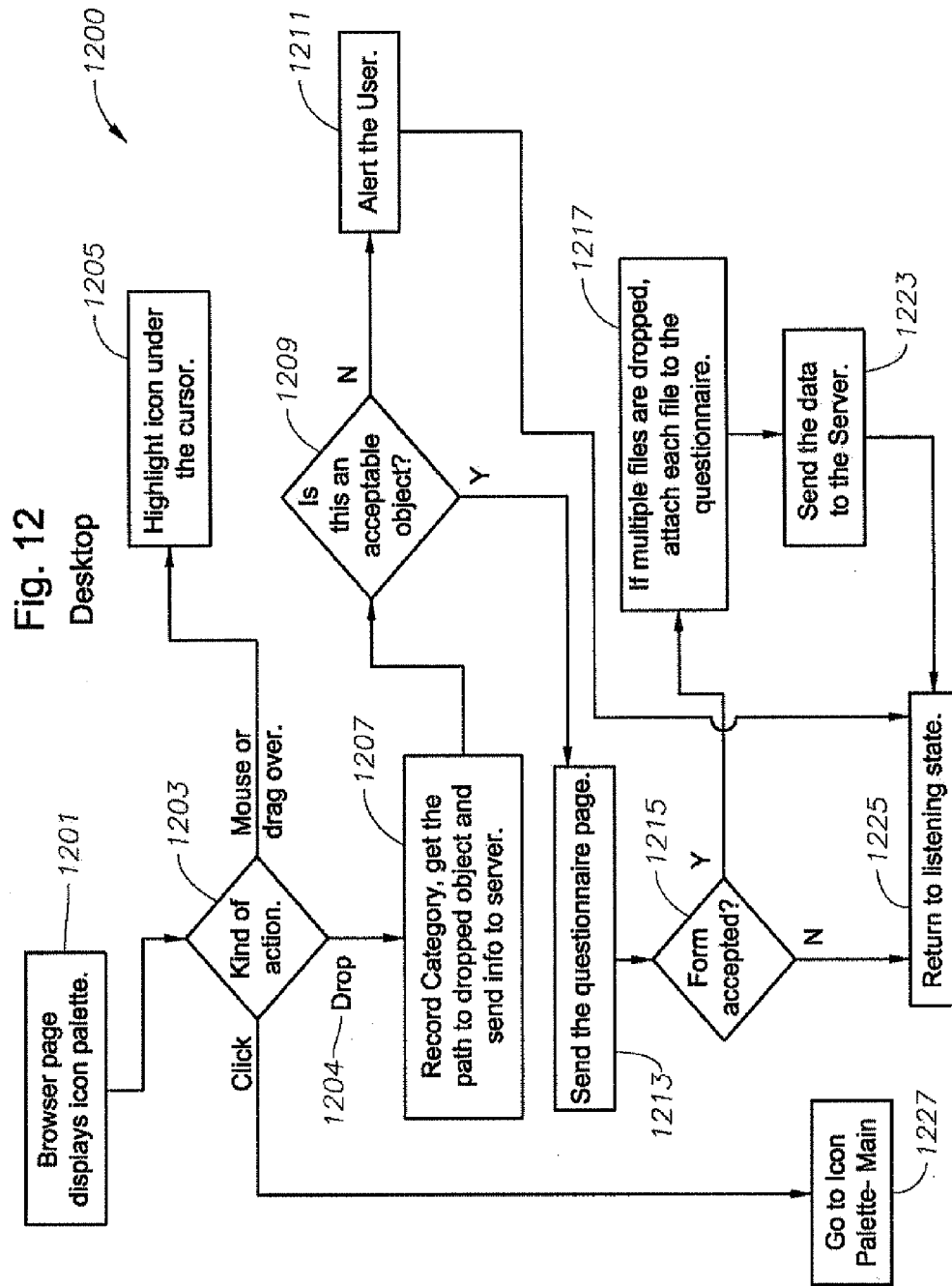
Communicating with the Server

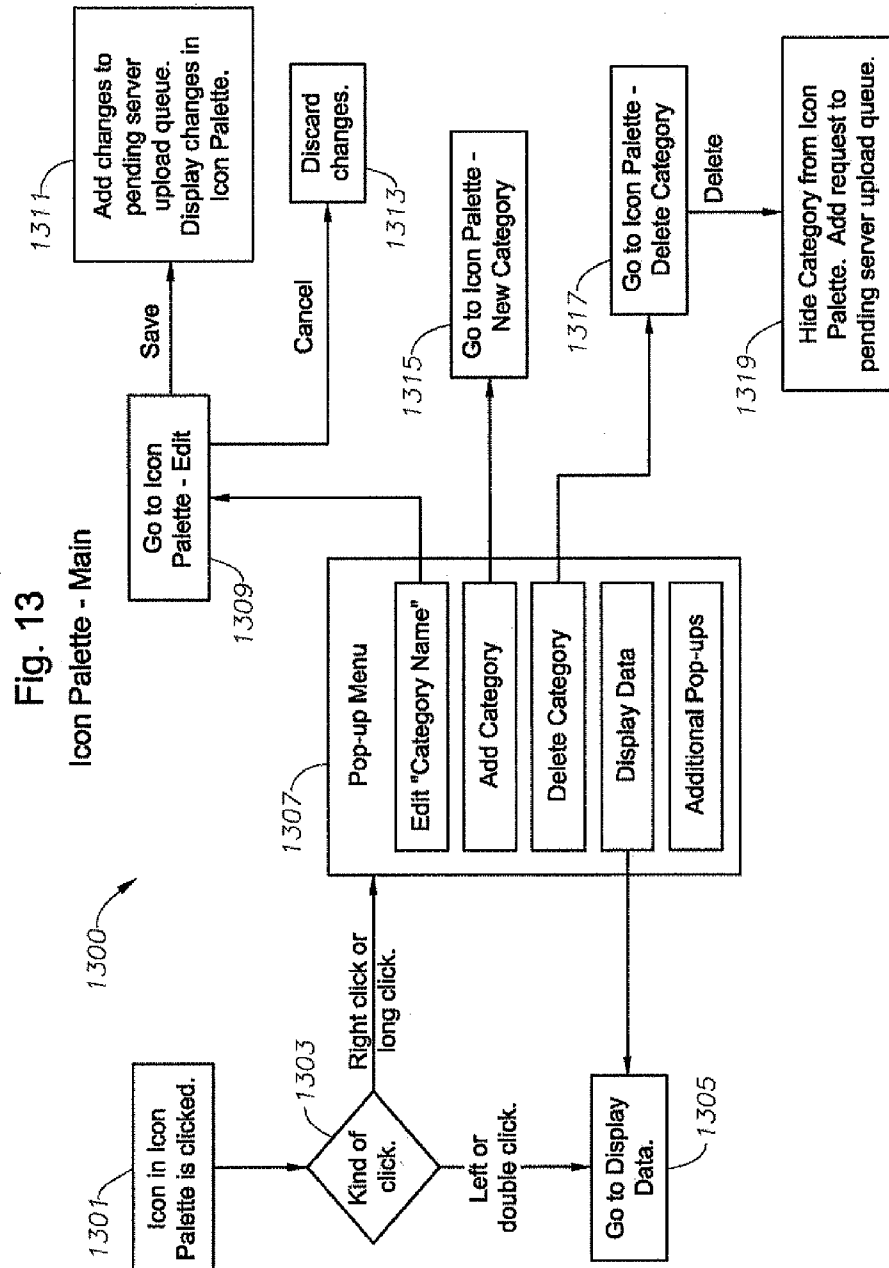












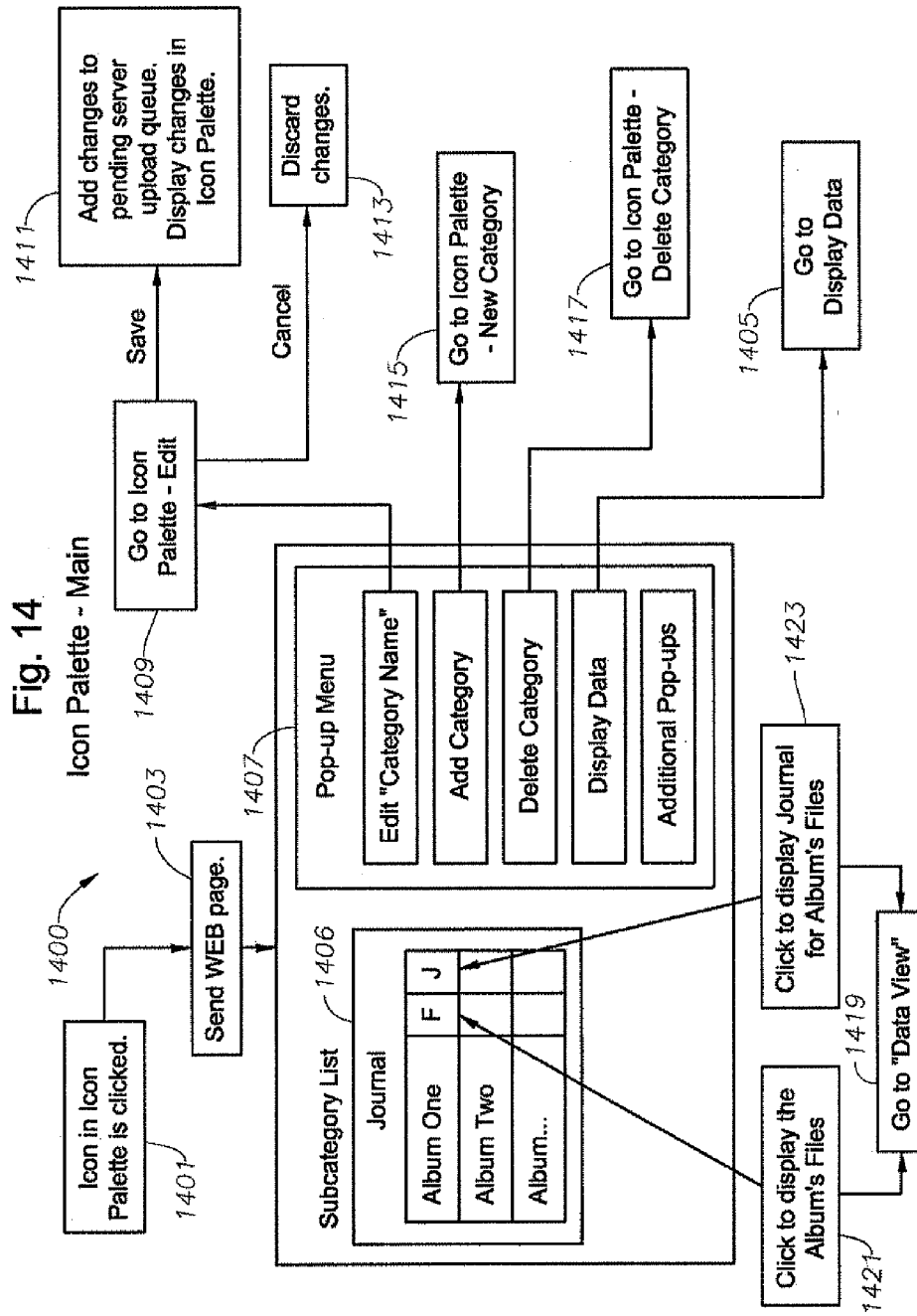


Fig. 15

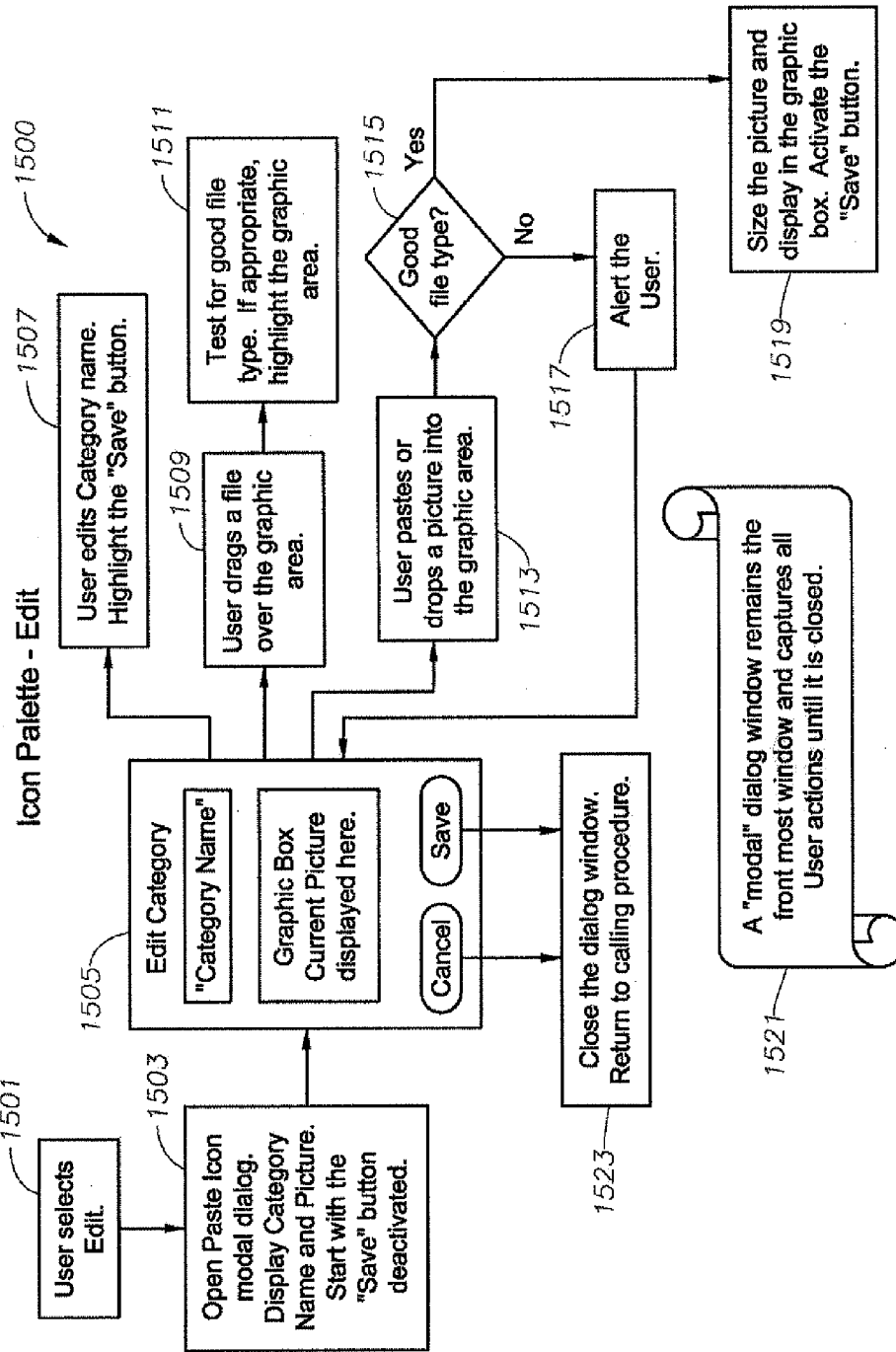


Fig. 16

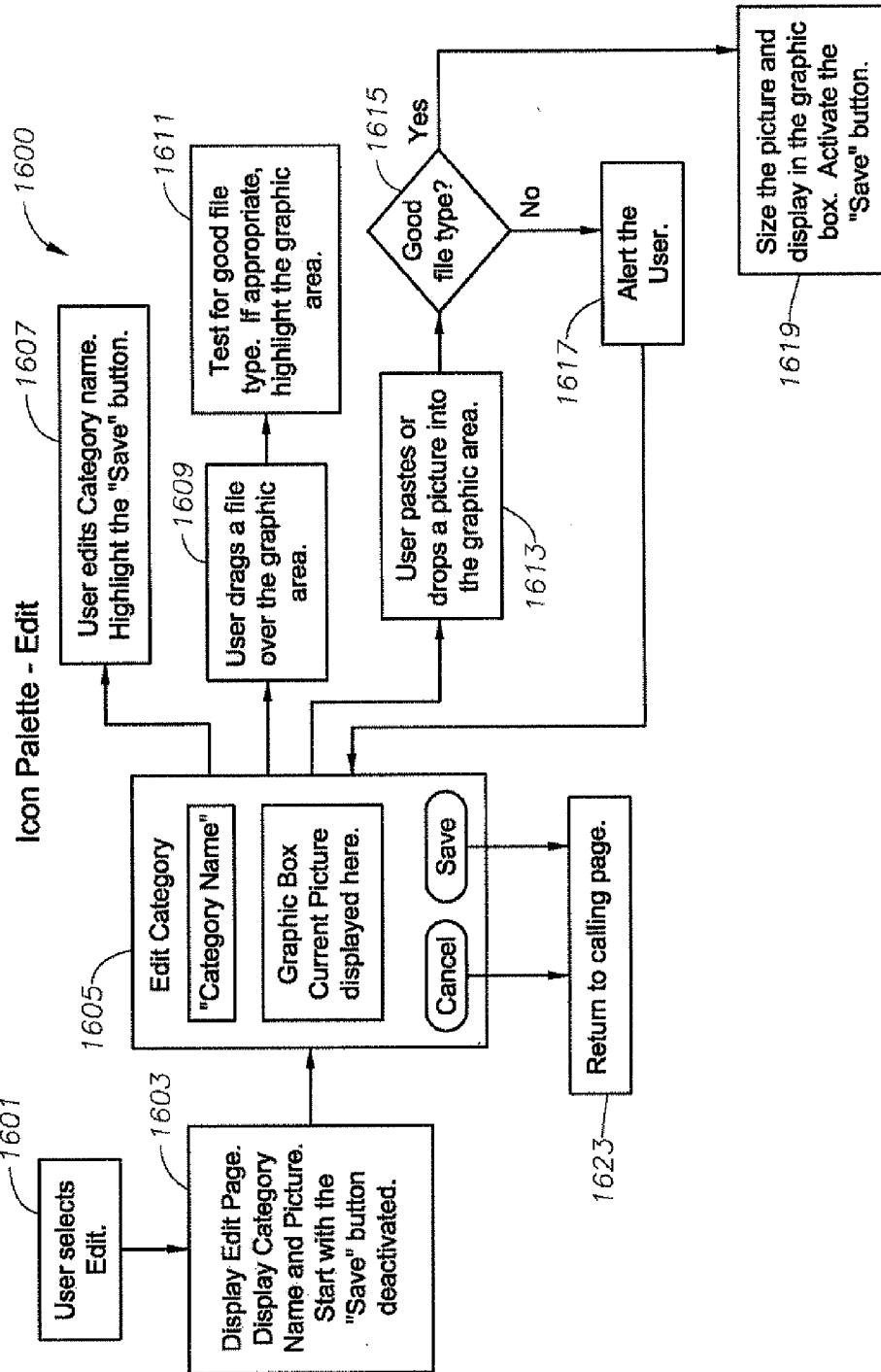


Fig. 17

Icon Palette - New Category

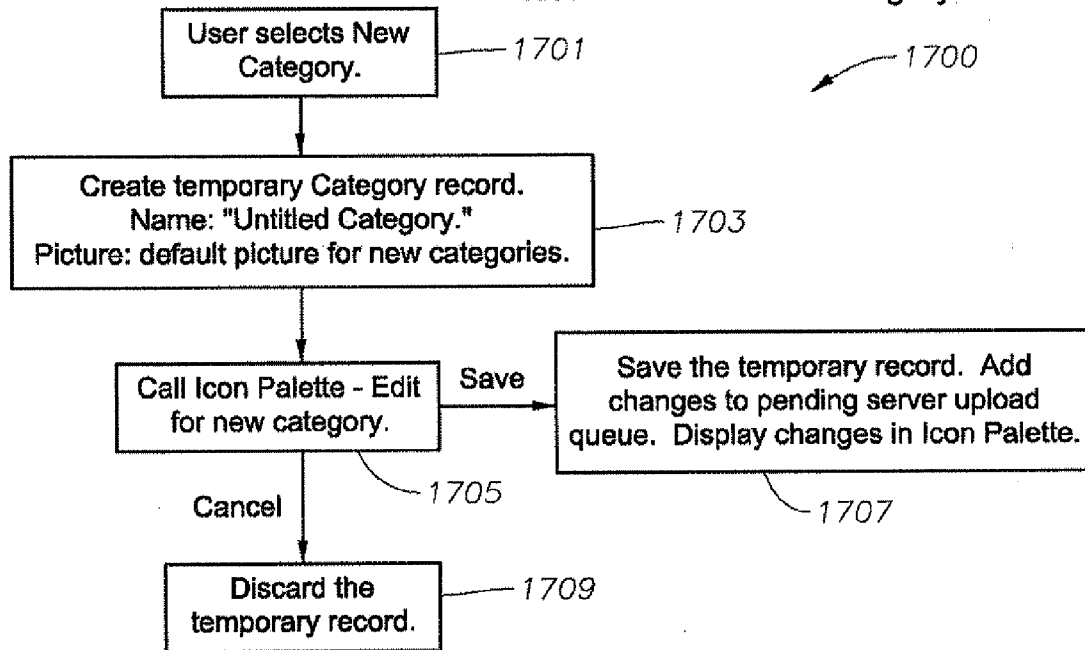


Fig. 18

Icon Palette - New Category

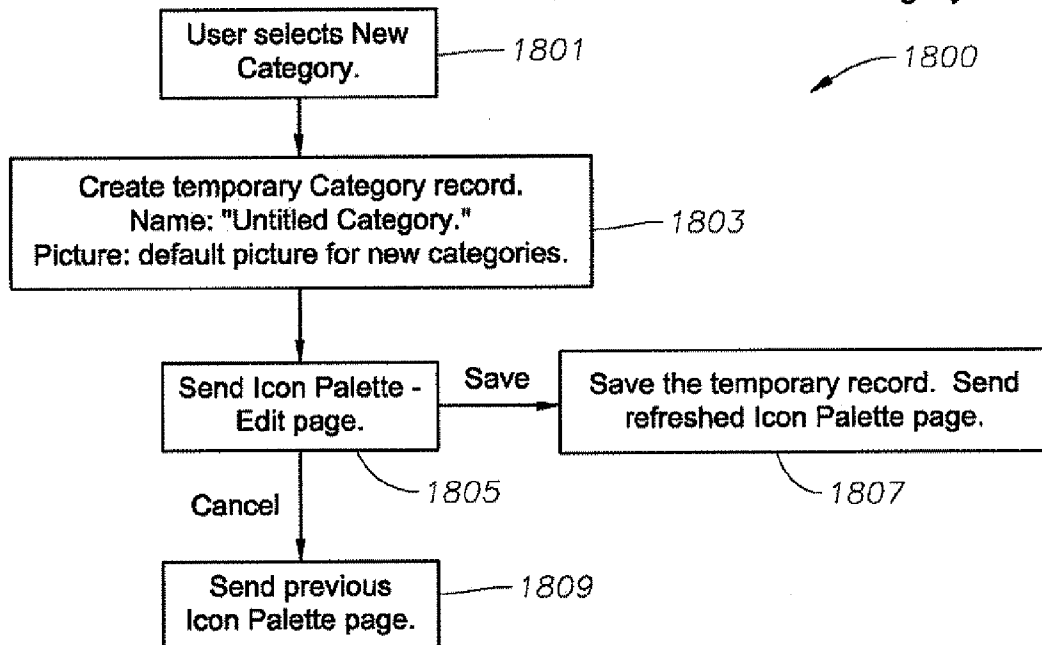


Fig. 19
Icon Palette - Delete

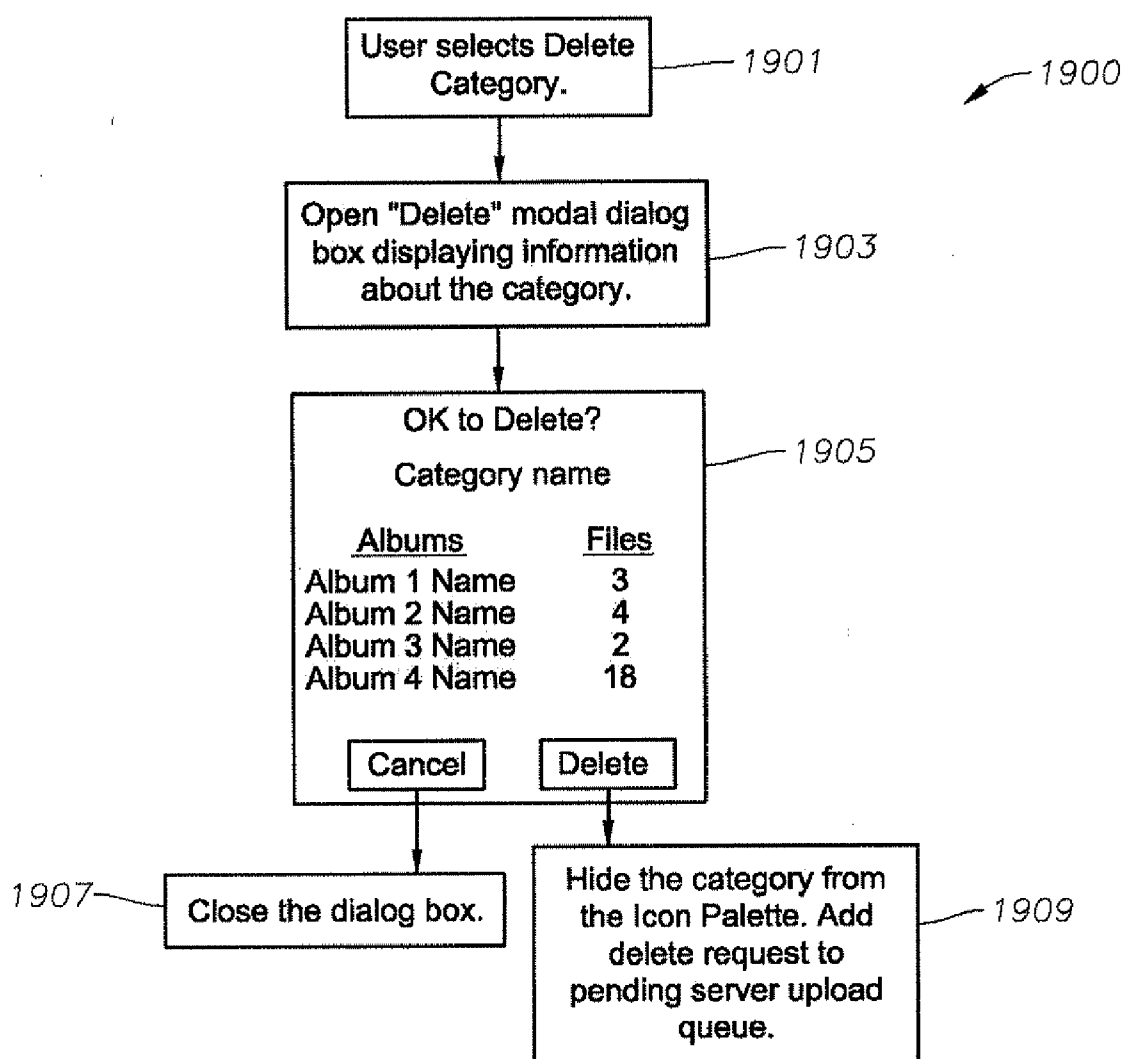


Fig. 20

Display Data

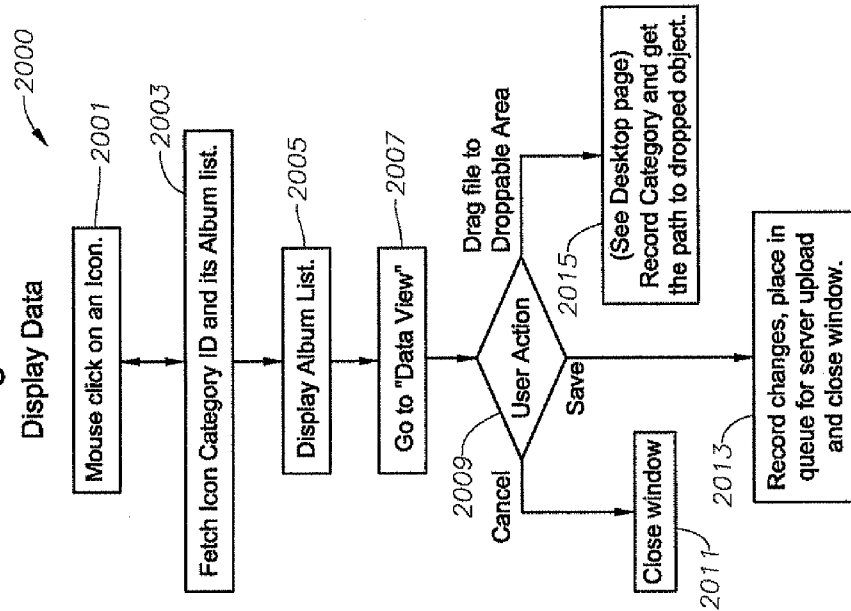


Fig. 21

Display Data

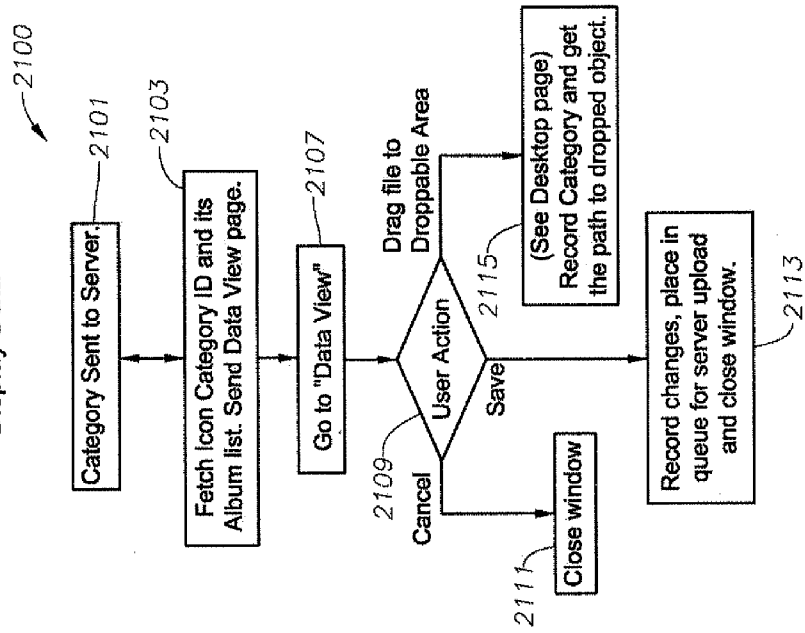


Fig. 22

Data View

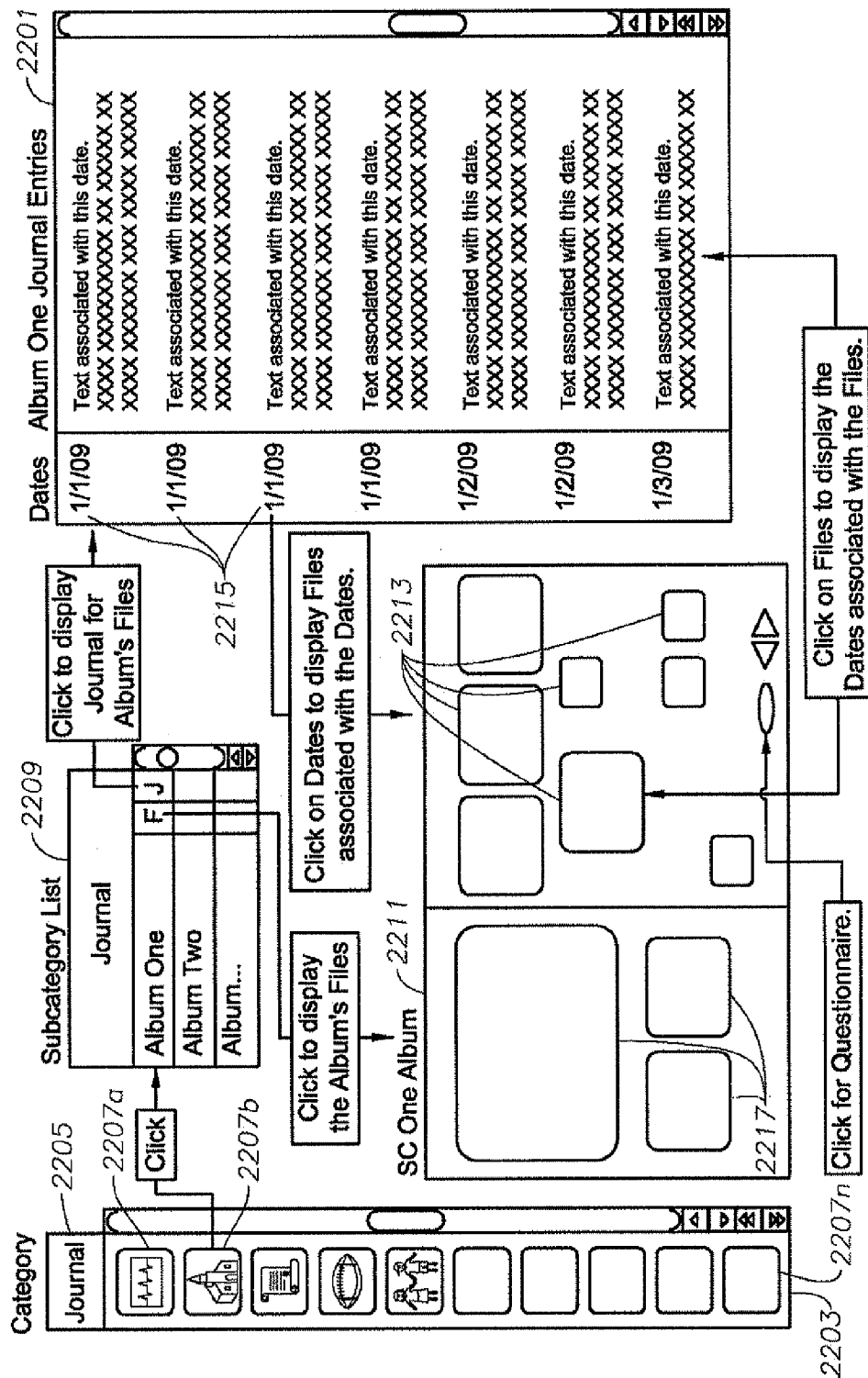


Fig. 23

Data View 2

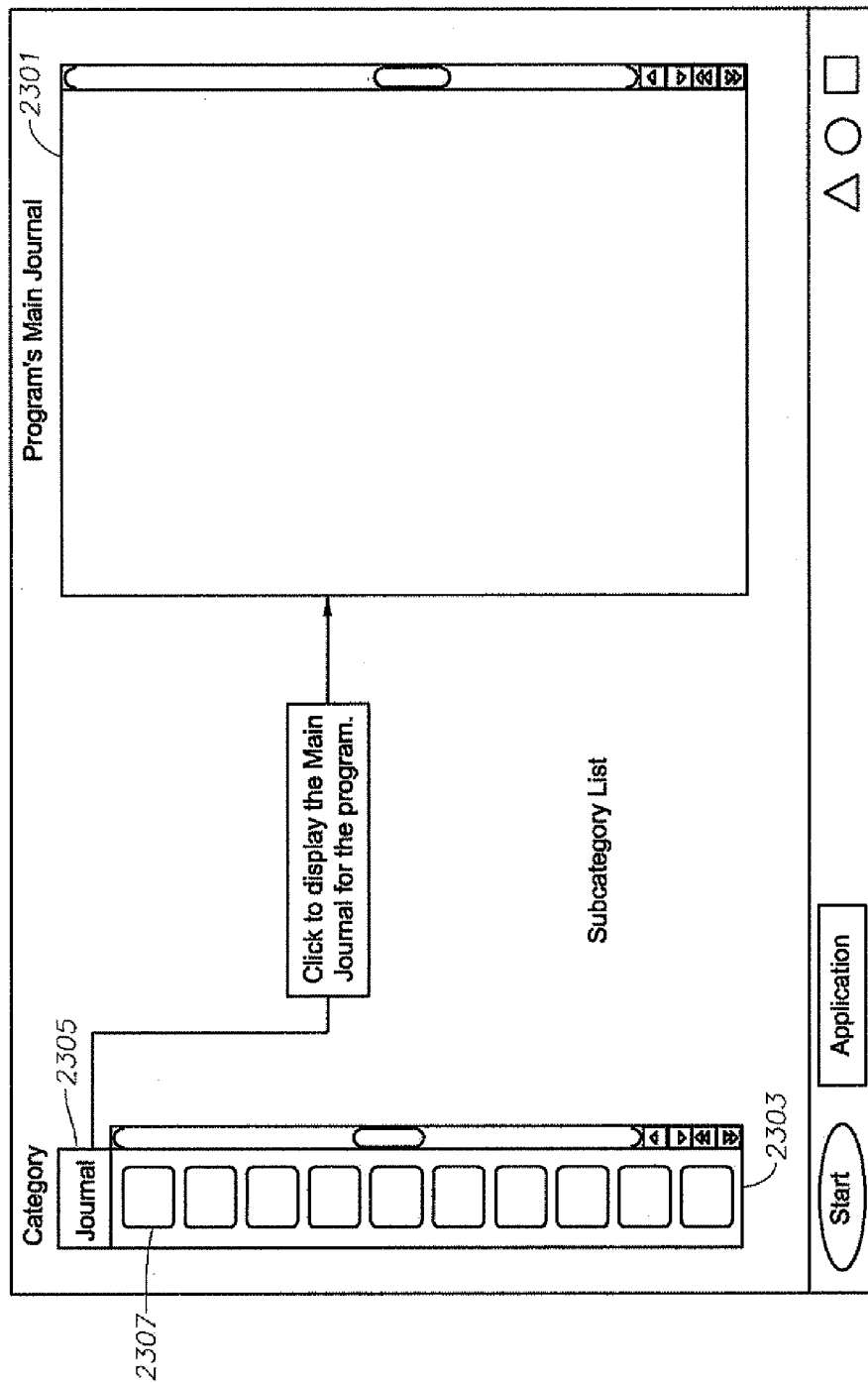


Fig. 24 Data View 3

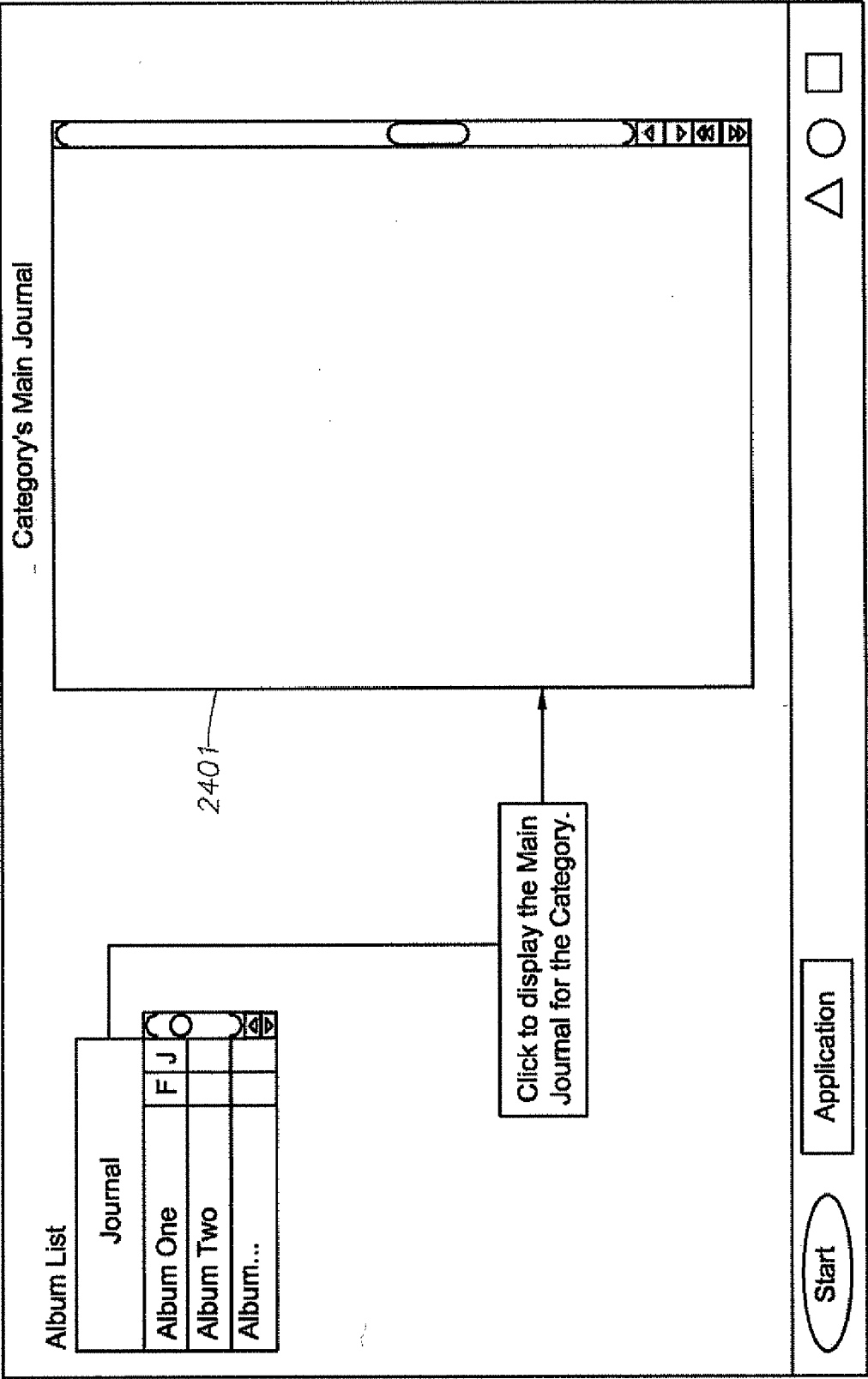


Fig. 25 Data View 4

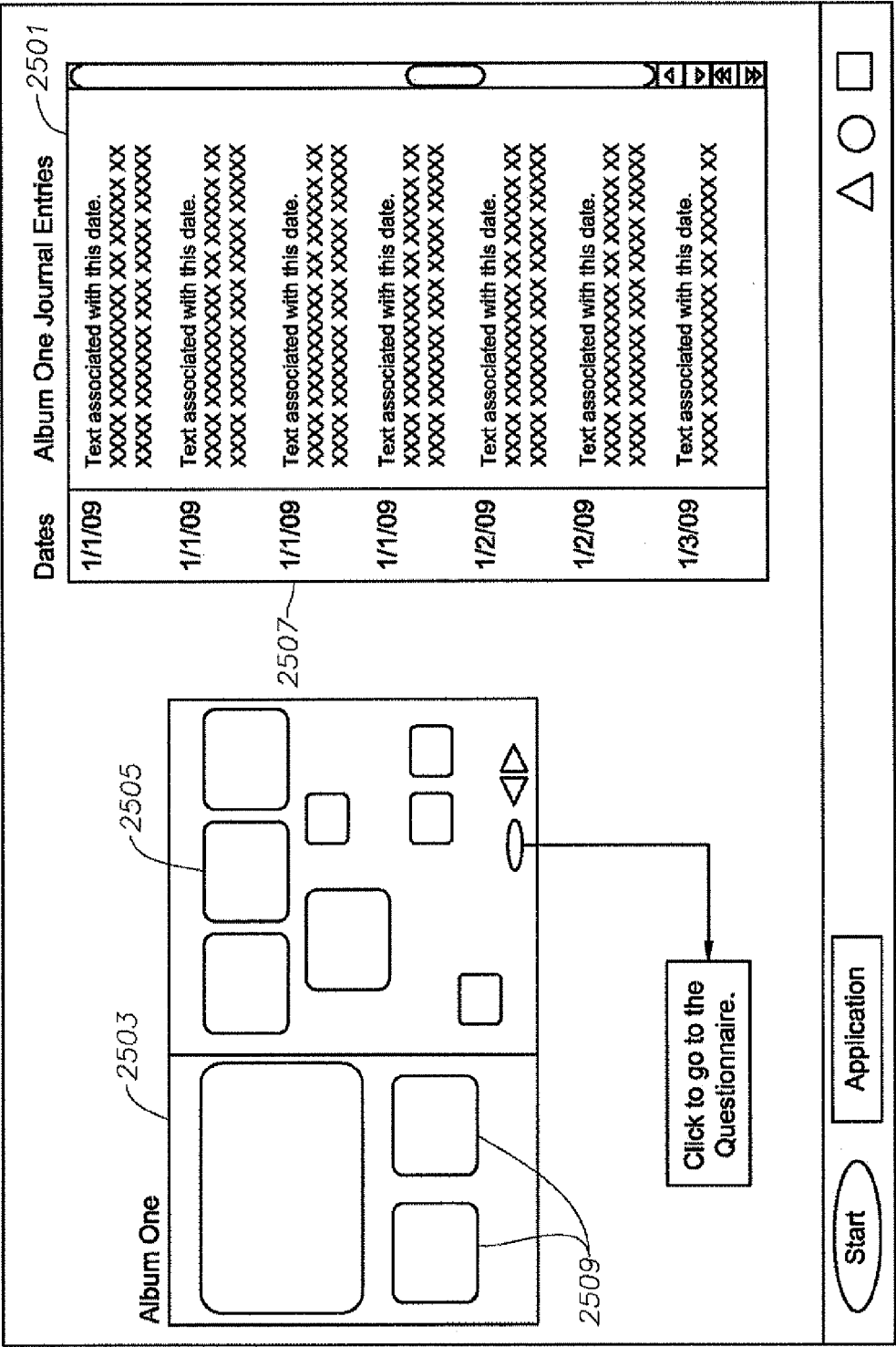


Fig. 26

Questionnaire

Category and Journal Sent. 2651

Get Journal list for this Category and display Questionnaire. 2653

When the Category is changed, a list of its Subcategories will be loaded in the Subcategory pop-up.

Category: Sports 2613

Album: Jackson Sports 2603

Name: DSC00034.jpg 2605

Search Words: Jackson 2609

Picture Size: 4 2615

Recall: Oct 10, 2009 2629

Recall Before: 30 2629

Event Time: 10:02:00 2617 Event Date: 11/29/2006 2619 Weather: Clear 2631

Location: Robin Seewald Home 2621

City: Austin 2627

State: TX 2625

Country: USA 2633

Month: Full 2631

journal: Future University Football Player. 2635

2637

2639

The File box will contain different kinds of media; pictures, movies, audio and documents.

Items that can not be viewed or heard in the program should be shown with an icon that represents the file type.

All types can be downloaded and viewed by the program that was used to create the file.

Fig. 27

Questionnaire

☒ Make Public

☐ I approve terms

Fig. 34

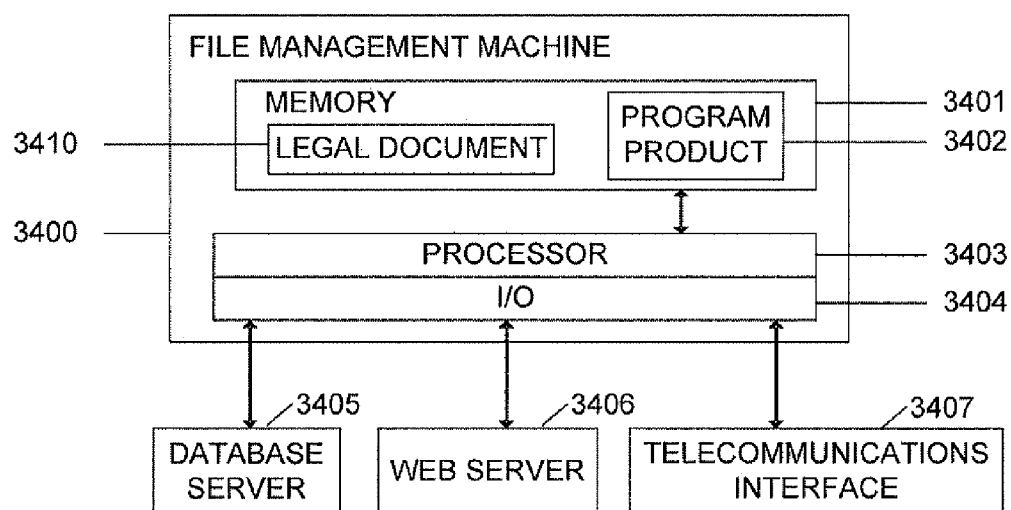


Fig. 28
Visitors

Select Visitors
from Menu

○○○

Set Visitor Access

☒ Allow Visitors

Visitor Name	Allow
Bob Welch	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

☒ Allow Access

Selected Visitor:

Full Name: Bob Welch 2809

Login Name: BW 2811

Password: 2813

☐ Check All ☐ Uncheck All

Category Name	Allow
Music	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Sports	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Personal	<input type="checkbox"/>

☐ Check All ☐ Uncheck All

Album Name	Allow
Baseball	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Football	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Golf	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

☐ Check All ☐ Uncheck All

File Name	Allow
Practice Day 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Practice Day 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Practice Day 3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1st Homerun	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Fig. 29
Randomizer

Select Randomizer
from Menu

○○○

Randomizer Setup

2901

Randomizer

Family Interest

2905

Qty to Select: 2907

Start Date: 2909

End Date: 2911

Minutes: 2913

Cycles: 2915

50

01/25/2007

01/25/2008

30

5

2903

Category	Include
Marriage	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Faith	<input type="checkbox"/>
Family	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Children	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Friends	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
School	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Music	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Film	<input type="checkbox"/>
Books	<input type="checkbox"/>
Travel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Work	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sports	<input type="checkbox"/>
Pets	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Military	<input type="checkbox"/>

Display on: 2917

My USB picture frames

Begin

Edit Destinations option
at bottom of this list.

Fig. 30A

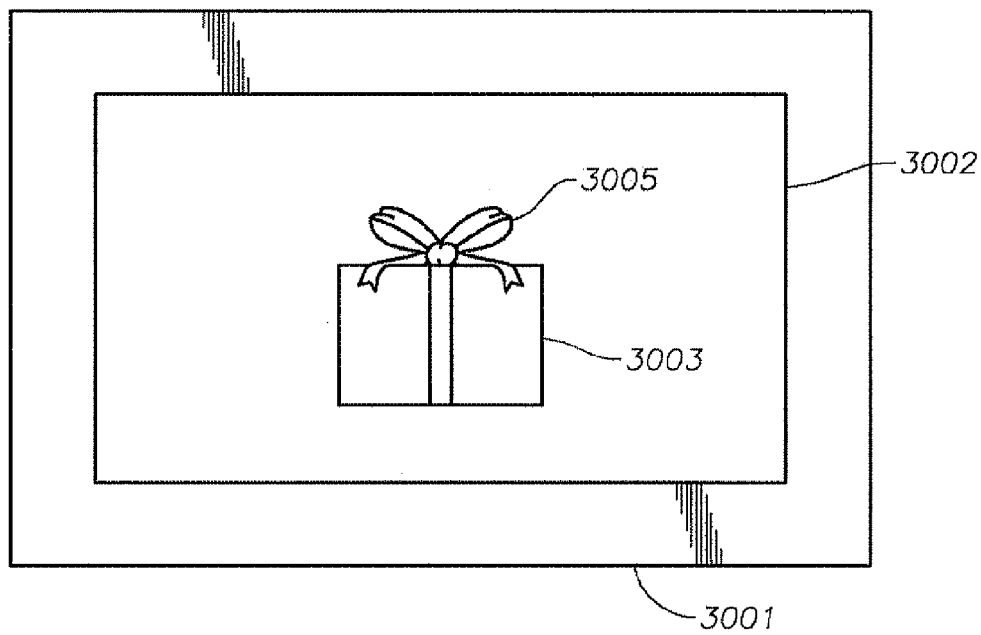
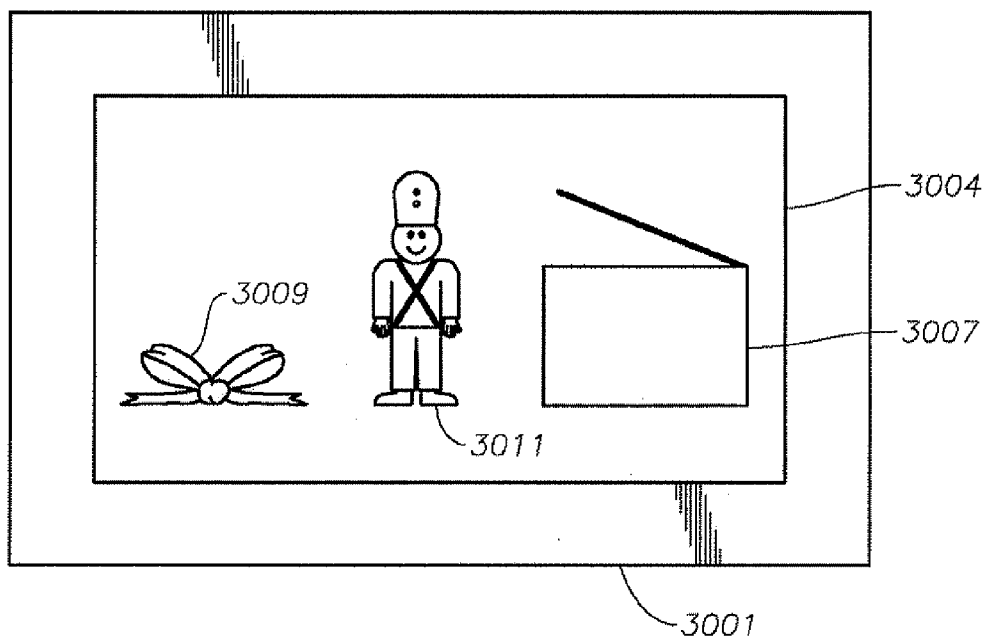
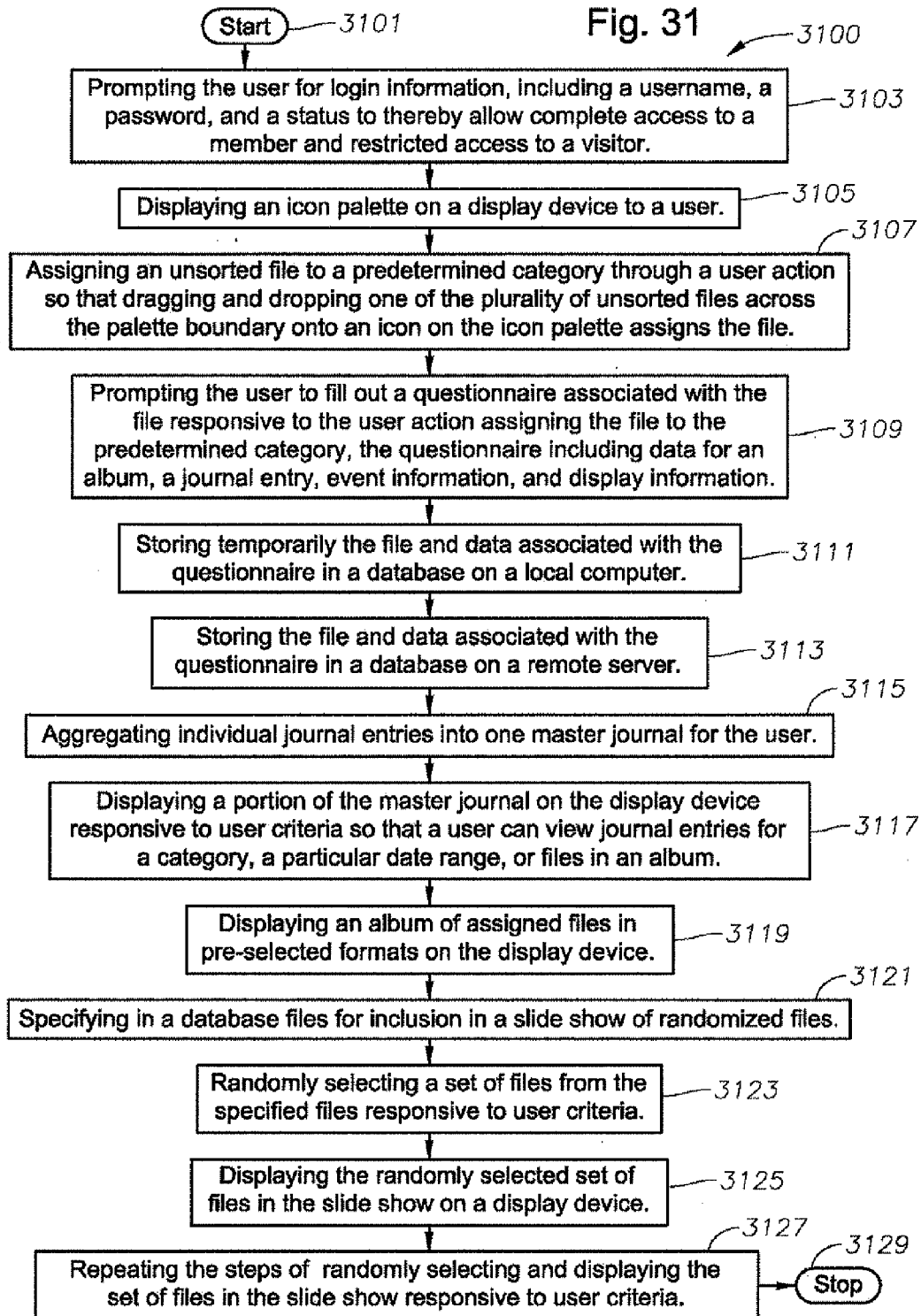
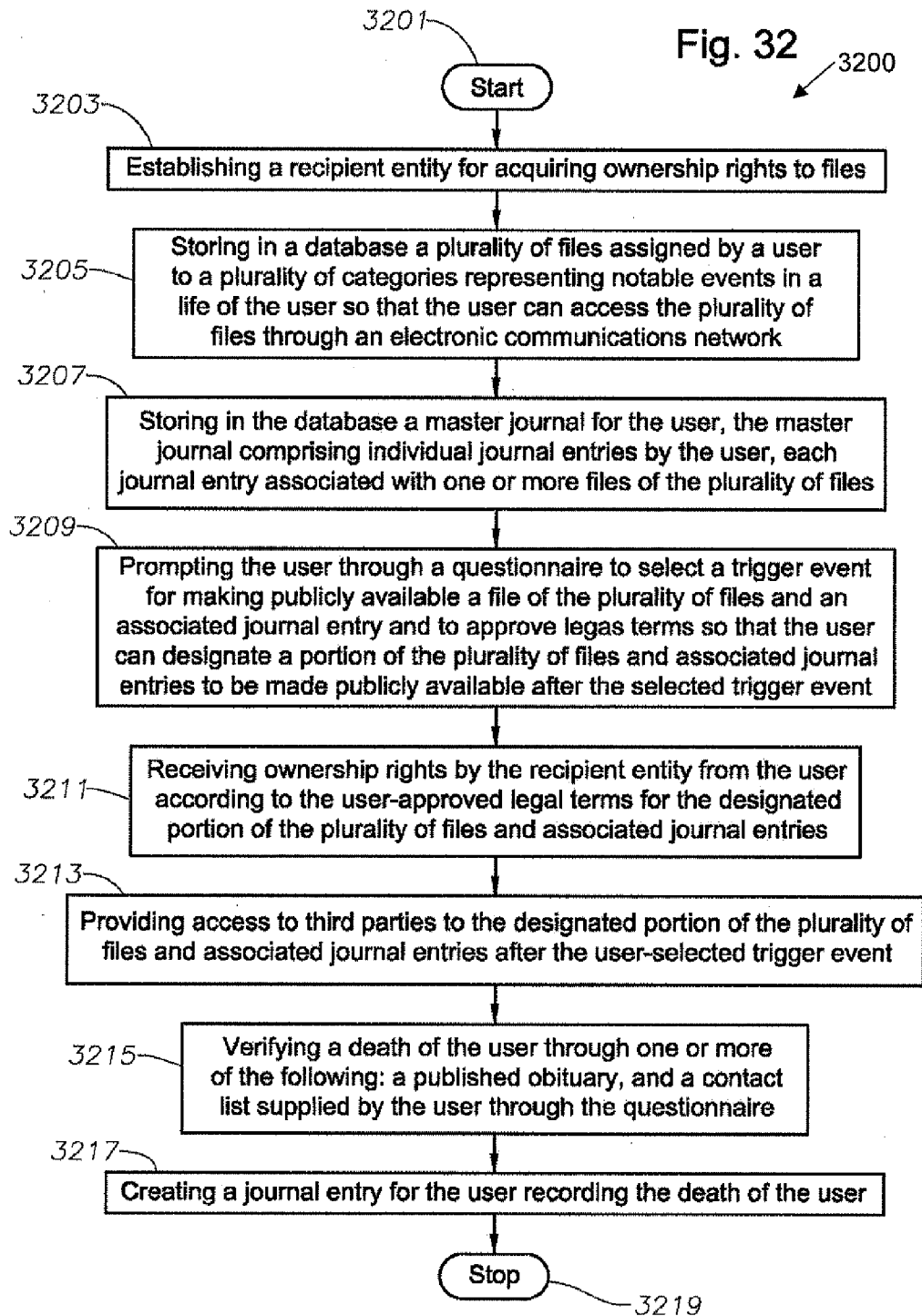
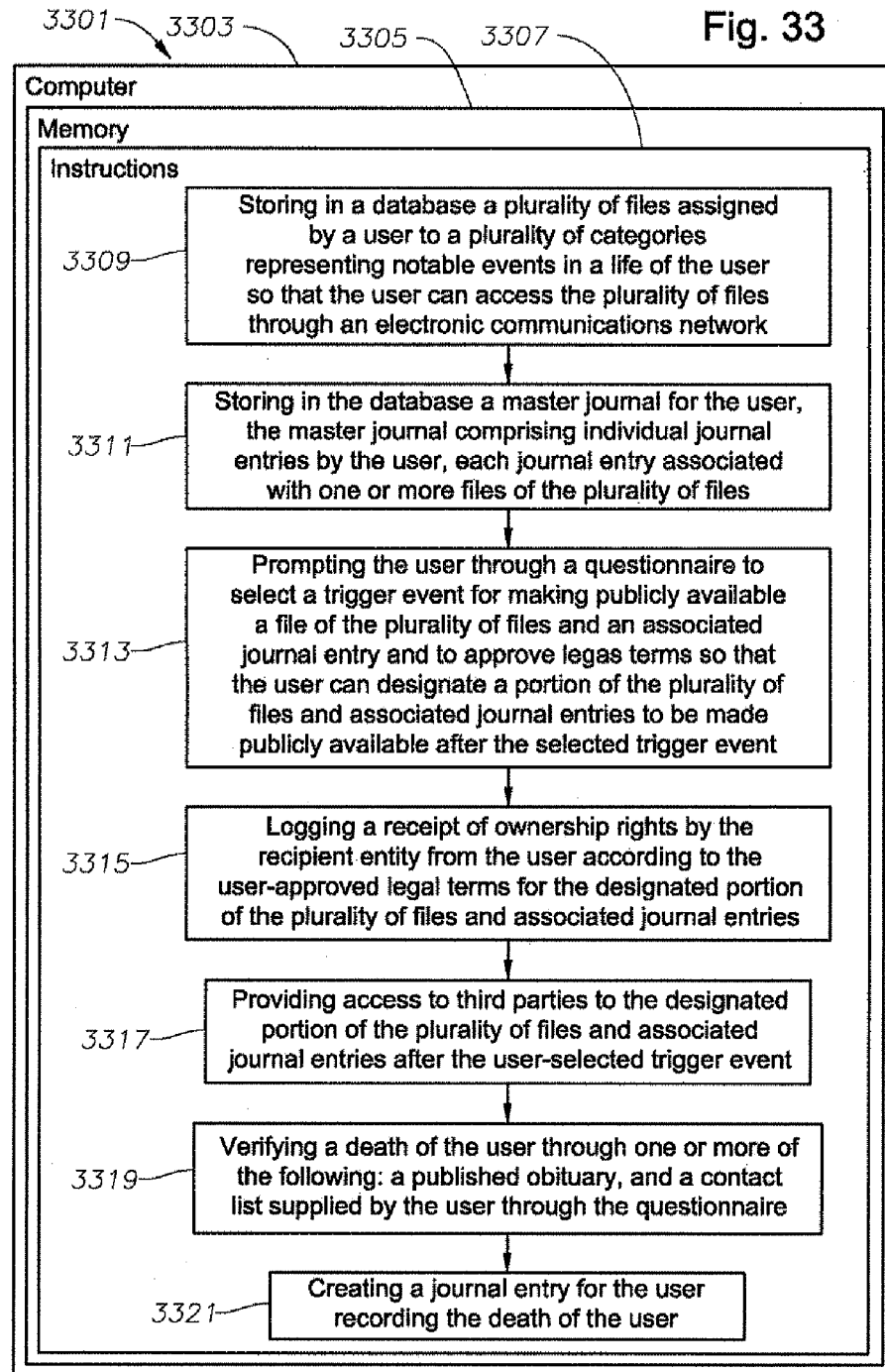


Fig. 30B









MACHINE, PROGRAM PRODUCT, AND COMPUTER-IMPLEMENTED METHOD FOR FILE MANAGEMENT AND STORAGE

RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims priority to and the benefit of: U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/116,814, by Reese et al., titled “System, Program Product, and Method for File Management, Storage, and Retrieval” filed Nov. 21, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/116,831, by Reese et al., titled “System, Program Product, and Method for File Management, Storage, and Retrieval” filed Nov. 21, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/116,862, by Reese et al., titled “System, Program Product, and Method for File Management, Storage, and Retrieval” filed Nov. 21, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/116,894, by Reese et al., titled “System, Program Product, and Method for File Management, Storage, and Retrieval” filed Nov. 21, 2008; and U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/116,914, by Reese et al., titled “System, Program Product, and Method for File Management, Storage, and Retrieval” filed Nov. 21, 2008, all of which are each incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. This application also relates to: U.S. patent application Ser. No. _____, by Reese et al., titled “Machine, Program Product, and Computer-Implemented Method for File Management, Storage, and Display” filed on the same day herewith; U.S. patent application Ser. No. _____, by Reese et al., titled “Machine, Program Product, and Computer-Implemented Method for Randomized Slide Show of Files” filed on the same day herewith; U.S. patent application Ser. No. _____, by Reese et al., titled “Machine, Program Product, and Computer-Implemented Method for File Management, Storage, and Display in Albums Utilizing a Questionnaire” filed on the same day herewith; and U.S. patent application Ser. No. _____, by Reese et al., titled “Machine, Program Product, and Computer-Implemented Method for File Management, Storage, and Access Utilizing a User-Selected Trigger Event” filed on the same day herewith, all of which are each incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

BACKGROUND

[0002] 1. Field of Invention

[0003] The present invention relates generally to file management and organization, and, more particularly, to machines, program products, and methods of file management, storage, and display, including computer scrapbooking and journaling.

[0004] 2. Background

[0005] With the proliferation of inexpensive digital cameras, including the ubiquity of camera phones, personal photography has never been more common. It is known, however, that many photographs are underutilized. Typically, personal photographs are haphazardly stored in drawers and boxes (if prints) or computer folders and memory devices (if digital files), uncategorized and rarely viewed by anyone. Photo albums provide well known means for storing and viewing photographs. A photo album is a book with blank pages used for making a collection of photographs. However, the tasks associated with organizing, storing, and selecting photographs for photo albums are quite time-consuming and require extensive decision-making. While photo albums generally display photographs with or without captions, scrap-

books feature other mementos in addition to photographs, such as, e.g., ticket stubs, letters, announcements, invitations, bulletins, programs, receipts, and the like. Due to the inclusion of these mementos, scrapbooks often provide better context for photographs than photo albums, but at a cost of even more extensive decision-making.

[0006] Similarly, it is known that the proliferation of movie clips, audio clips, and other electronic files has resulted in unorganized, underutilized clutter on computer and file storage systems. Likewise, it is well known that personal documents are often haphazardly stored and uncategorized, including, e.g., personal financial records such as brokerage receipts and tax records, personal medical records such as immunization charts, and government documents such as marriage licenses.

[0007] Digital slide shows and rotating picture frames are known, and the inclusion of a photograph in a particular computer folder typically determines its inclusion in the slide show or rotation. That is, the location of the file, whether in a particular folder (or not), determines its inclusion (or exclusion) from the slide show.

SUMMARY OF INVENTION

[0008] In view of the foregoing, Applicant has recognized a need for file organization systems, machines, program products, and methods of file management, storage, and display.

[0009] Embodiments of the present invention provide for converting photographic prints and documents, i.e., hardcopies, into digital or computerized files, i.e., softcopies, and then into organized electronic albums and the display thereof. The conversion from photographic prints and documents to digital files, i.e., from hardcopies to softcopies, can include, for example, use of a scanner or other input device that digitizes an optical image into an electronic image represented as binary data as understood by those skilled in the art. The conversion from digital files to organized electronic albums can include, for example, the use of an icon palette as described herein, with the icons corresponding to a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user. In addition to scanned photographic prints and documents, digital files can include, for example, digital photographs, i.e., images originally captured using a digital camera and digital documents, i.e., documents originally created on a computer. Through the user action assigning the digital files to the predetermined categories, the digital files can be organized and accessed differently, i.e., with a different arrangement and presentation, using the icon palette. Furthermore, this assembling of individual images and documents into aggregations and collections of related elements can result in new and enhanced displays, such as albums, electronic scrapbooks, and slide shows as described herein. In addition, embodiments of the present invention facilitate the creation, preservation, and accessibility of historical archives from otherwise unorganized and underutilized clutter on computer and file storage systems.

[0010] Embodiments of the present invention provide, for example, for a file management system, responsive to the problems associated with unorganized and underutilized files, including but not limited to photographs. The system includes an icon palette displayed on a user computer, with the icons corresponding to a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user. The plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user includes predefined default catego-

ries and user-defined categories. The predefined default categories can include, for example, marriage, faith, family, children, friends, school, music, film, books, travel, work, sports, pets, military, health, and others as understood by those skilled in the art. The icon palette includes a palette boundary. User action, including, for example, dragging and dropping one of the plurality of unsorted files across the palette boundary onto an icon on the icon palette assigns the file to one of the plurality of predetermined categories. A file can be assigned to one or more predetermined categories. The file management system also includes a file management server, which then stores the file remotely from the user computer and allows for retrieval of the file through an electronic communications network, e.g., the Internet. The file management system includes a client-server architecture, including a thick-client or application client and also a thin-client or browser, as understood by those skilled in the art. The file management system can include a plurality of users associated with a plurality of user computers.

[0011] The user can select the icons to be shown on the icon palette, including adding or deleting icons. The user can create icons corresponding to user-defined categories and delete icons corresponding to predefined default categories. The user can select an order for the icons on the icon palette and group icons together. In addition, the user can expand or collapse the icon palette to suit the user's preferences, including altering an x-dimension, a y-dimension, or both x- and y-dimensions of the icon palette, as understood by those skilled in the art. In an exemplary embodiment, the user can match the scale of the icon palette to the user's good vision, or alternately the user's poor vision. In addition, the user can move the icon palette throughout the screen associated with the user computer as understood by those skilled in the art. The icon palette preserves the user-selected order for the icons on the icon palette through changes in its size and location. Moreover, the icon palette can use various indicia of a painter's palette, including, for example, color, to identify the icons with the predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user. For example, the color of the icon for the category "School" can be selected by the user to be the color of the user's alma mater, such as, for example, burnt-orange.

[0012] Features of the file management system, according to embodiments of the present invention, allow a user to quickly sort, organize, categorize, and store files, including photographs. The photographs can, for example, include digital photographs or scanned prints. Countless other files, such as, for example, medical and immunization records, school report cards, and newspaper clippings, can also be scanned as digital files and then managed, stored, and displayed according to embodiments of the present invention. The use of icons and predetermined categories provides the user with a visualization and a taxonomy for the sorting and organizing of files. In addition, the predefined default categories allow the user to begin sorting and organizing files without having to create from scratch a categorization scheme. User-defined categories allow the user to create additional categories and personalize the file management system. For example, a predefined default category can include the category children; whereas user-defined categories can include categories Dick and Jane, one for each child. In addition, the user can edit the icon associated with each category so that the icon for the category Dick is an image of Dick the child, an icon for the category Jane is an image of Jane the child, and an icon for the

category children is an image of Dick and Jane, instead of a default icon of generic children. In addition, the use of a remote file management server provides the user portability, as files can be accessed anywhere the Internet is available, and fault tolerance, in the event of a flood, a fire, or severe equipment failure.

[0013] Example embodiments of the present invention provide for a method, e.g., a computerized method, of file management. The method can include prompting a user to fill out a questionnaire associated with the file responsive to a user action assigning the file to a predetermined category. The questionnaire can include any additional categories, album data, a journal entry, event information, and display information. The data from the questionnaire can be ultimately stored in a database on a remote file management server. The event information can include, for example, the time, date, and location associated with the file. The event information can be used for search and display purposes. For example, to locate a particular file, a user can limit a search to a particular date or a particular date range. In addition, the questionnaire can include a data field for search words to facilitate a later search for the file.

[0014] Embodiments of the present invention can provide, for example, for displaying an album of files in pre-selected formats on a display device, responsive to the questionnaires associated with the files. Through the questionnaire, the user can assign a file to an album and provide a relative picture size. With multiple albums possible for each category, the files associated with a particular album can relate to a single event or theme, such as, for example, a child's birthday party or other event as understood by those skilled in the art. The relative picture size can include, for example, a value of "1" indicating a small picture, a value of "5" indicating a large picture, and values of "2", "3", and "4" in between, as understood by those skilled in the art. A single page in an album can, for example, display only one file with a picture size of "5"; whereas, a page in an album can, for example, display two files with a picture size of "4" and many files with a picture size of "1", as understood by those skilled in the art. By automating the display of files into albums, including, for example, any formatting (once an album assignment is determined by the user), embodiments of the present invention provide an easy and effortless way to view multiple collections of files.

[0015] Embodiments of the present invention further include, for example, a journal. The master journal for the user's account is an aggregation of individual journal entries, each associated with a file and typically entered through a questionnaire. Embodiments of the present invention include displaying a portion of the master journal on the display device responsive to user criteria so that a user can view journal entries for a category, a particular date range, or files in an album. Furthermore, embodiments of the present invention allow for simultaneously displaying an album and the portion of the master journal associated with the files in the album. In addition, the files displayed in pre-selected formats in the album of files can be linked to the associated journal entries in the displayed portion of the master journal so that when a user highlights a file, the associated journal entry is also highlighted, and when a user highlights a journal entry, an associated file in the album is also highlighted.

[0016] The album and journal features of the present invention individually and in conjunction provide context for a file. For example, the files assigned to an album can be associated

with a child's birthday party. One file could be the invitation. Other files can be pictures of the preparations for the party, including the decorations and the cake. Still other files can be pictures of the guests and scenes during the party. And additional files can be photographs of the child using the gifts at a later time and copies of the thank-you notes. The journal entries associated with the files can identify the guests and record any details. As a result, embodiments of the present invention provide the context typically associated with a well-organized scrapbook, but with greater convenience to the user.

[0017] Embodiments of the present invention include, for example, a randomizer module for displaying a slide show of randomized files responsive to user criteria. The user can specify files for inclusion in a slide show of randomized files through the questionnaires. The randomizer module can then display the slide show on the display device attached to the user computer and external devices, such as, for example, electronic picture frames and televisions. The user criteria can include one or more categories to display, a quantity of files to select, a start date, an end date, a duration the selected files will be presented by the program, and a number of cycles to repeat selection and presentation.

[0018] The benefits of the randomizer include the quick and effortless display of various and numerous files maintained by the file management system on a various display devices, including the user computer and digital picture frames. The randomizer module also greatly improves the utilization of the numerous files by providing a convenient way to view files that otherwise would remain scattered or stored. In addition, because the user previously specified files for inclusion in the randomizer, only appropriate files are displayed, preventing the inadvertent display of a private file. By allowing the user to select categories to display, the user can also tailor the randomizer slide show to the audience. If a user's daughter is coming for visit, the user can select a category with files associated with that daughter and her children and not select a category with files associated with the user's son and his children. Likewise, the randomizer module, through user configuration and selection of categories, can avoid displaying photographs of a former daughter-in-law if a new daughter-in-law is expected to visit, as a courtesy.

[0019] Embodiments of the present invention include other features and benefits, including a program product that prompts the user for login information. Login information can include, for example, a username, a password, and a status to thereby allow complete access to a member and restricted access to a visitor or a trial user. The benefit of a visitor status is to allow a user to share photographs and other files, without providing complete and unrestricted access to the member's other documents. For example, in-laws can share pictures of a common grandchild without sharing personal medical or military service records. Because the user determines the level of access for a visitor account, different visitor accounts can have different access configurations allowing, for example, an adult child who has a medical power of attorney access to the member's prescription records, but denying a minor grandchild with a different visitor account access to those files. Another benefit of a visitor status is to increase the number of people and the amount of information or context. For example, photographs of a picnic often include dates and other guests whose names

or complete names are unknown to the host. The use of visitor accounts facilitates the gathering of this and other missing information.

[0020] Embodiments of the present invention provide, for example, for allowing the user to indicate a desire or intention to make a file (and associated journal entry) publicly available after the death of the user, or alternately to delete the file. A user can also use another event, time, or combination besides the death of the user, to trigger a file being made public, such as, for example, the year 2075 or, in the alternative, 25 years after the death of the user. The user can specify such access on a file-by-file basis, or alternately on a category-by-category basis, so that private, personal information is deleted, but otherwise the files can be accessible by third parties, for the benefit of history. Embodiments of the present invention include legal arrangements and associated documents necessary to carry out the intentions of the user. In an exemplary embodiment, a wealth of information regarding notable events in a life of the user would be preserved for future generations of historians, both professional and personal.

[0021] Embodiments of the present invention can also include application software, i.e., program product, and a local database on a user computer. The local database can store settings and preferences for user accounts and can also record recent changes made by the user. The system further includes an electronic communications network connecting the remote computer server and the user computer. According to embodiments of the present invention, the user computer connects to the remote server computer only when data needs to be transferred and upon initial login by the user to synchronize the data in the local database and the server database. The system can include a plurality of users associated with a plurality of user computers.

[0022] Embodiments of the present invention can also include file management machines, i.e., computers, including client or user computers, and computer servers. The file management machines can be configured, i.e., programmed, with computer program product to implement various processes and operations as described herein. In addition, embodiments of the present invention include enhancements and other systems, machines, program products, and associated methods of file management, storage, and display, as understood by those skilled in the art.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0023] So that the manner in which the features and benefits of the invention, as well as others which will become apparent, may be understood in more detail, a more particular description of the invention briefly summarized above may be had by reference to the embodiments thereof which are illustrated in the appended drawings, which form a part of this specification. It is also to be noted, however, that the drawings illustrate only various embodiments of the invention and are therefore not to be considered limiting of the invention's scope as it may include other effective embodiments as well.

[0024] FIG. 1 is an environmental view according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0025] FIG. 2 is a computer screen view of an icon palette according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0026] FIG. 3 is another computer screen view of an icon palette according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0027] FIG. 4 is a schematic diagram of a client-server architecture of a file management system according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0028] FIG. 5 is a schematic diagram of a client-server architecture of a file management system according to another embodiment of the present invention;

[0029] FIG. 6 is a schematic flow diagram of a file management system according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0030] FIG. 7 is a schematic diagram of a web browser architecture of a file management system according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0031] FIG. 8 is a schematic flow diagram of a file management system according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0032] FIG. 9 is a logic diagram for a launch sequence according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0033] FIG. 10 is a logic diagram for a launch sequence using a browser according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0034] FIG. 11 is a logic diagram for a method of file management according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0035] FIG. 12 is a logic diagram for a method of file management according to another embodiment of the present invention;

[0036] FIG. 13 is a logic diagram for an icon palette according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0037] FIG. 14 is a logic diagram for an icon palette according to another embodiment of the present invention;

[0038] FIG. 15 is a logic diagram for a method of file management according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0039] FIG. 16 is a logic diagram for a method of file management according to another embodiment of the present invention;

[0040] FIG. 17 is a logic diagram for a method of file management according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0041] FIG. 18 is a logic diagram for a method of file management according to another embodiment of the present invention;

[0042] FIG. 19 is a logic diagram for a method of file management according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0043] FIG. 20 is a logic diagram for a method of file management according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0044] FIG. 21 is a logic diagram for a method of file management according to another embodiment of the present invention;

[0045] FIG. 22 is a data view according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0046] FIG. 23 is second data view according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0047] FIG. 24 is a third data view according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0048] FIG. 25 is a fourth data view according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0049] FIG. 26 is a questionnaire according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0050] FIG. 27 is a questionnaire according to another embodiment of the present invention;

[0051] FIG. 28 is a visitor access configuration screen according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0052] FIG. 29 is a randomizer setup screen according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0053] FIGS. 30A and 30B are views of a randomizer slide show according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0054] FIG. 31 is a logic diagram for a method of file management, storage, and retrieval according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0055] FIG. 32 is a logic diagram for a method of file management, storage, and retrieval according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0056] FIG. 33 is a computer program product according to an embodiment of the present invention; and

[0057] FIG. 34 is a computer configured as a file management machine according to an embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0058] The present invention will now be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings, which illustrate embodiments of the invention. This invention may, however, be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the illustrated embodiments set forth herein; rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope of the invention to those skilled in the art.

[0059] Embodiments of the present invention provide for converting photographic prints and documents, i.e., hardcopies, into digital or computerized files, i.e., softcopies, and then into organized electronic albums and the display thereof. The conversion from photographic prints and documents to digital files, i.e., from hardcopies to softcopies, can include, for example, use of a scanner or other input device, such as, a voice recorder, a video camera, or a digital camera. A scanner is an input device, e.g., a computer peripheral, that digitizes an optical image into an electronic image represented as binary data as understood by those skilled in the art. Other input devices, e.g., digital cameras, can communicate with a computer through standard input-out (I/O) devices and ports as understood by those skilled in the art, allowing the transfer of a file from memory associated with the input device, e.g., the digital camera, to memory associated with the computer for use with the embodiments of the present invention. The conversion from digital files to organized electronic albums can include, for example, the use of an icon palette as described herein, with the icons corresponding to a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user. In addition to scanned photographic prints and documents, digital files can include, for example, digital photographs, i.e., images originally captured using a digital camera; digital documents, i.e., documents originally created on a computer or other electronic device; and sound or video recordings. Through the user action assigning the digital files to the predetermined categories, the digital files can be organized and accessed differently, i.e., with a different arrangement and presentation, using the icon palette. That is, files stored conventionally in electronic folders on a computer, e.g., a document folder having subfolders for pictures, music, and other classifications, or files stored conventionally on various memory media, such as, compact disks ("CDs"), digital video disks, ("DVDs"), memory sticks, hard drives, subscriber identity module ("SIM" module or cards), and others as understood by those skilled in the art, are transformed, according to embodiments of the present invention, in location, including to remote servers away from the user as described herein and accessible through, e.g., the Internet; in

arrangement, including into a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user; and in presentation, including through icons. This assembling of individual images and documents into aggregations and collections of related elements can further result in new and enhanced displays, such as albums, electronic scrapbooks, and slide shows as described herein. Moreover, journal entries and other associated data, as described herein, provide and keep context so that the new and enhanced displays are greater, i.e., more beneficial, than the sum of the parts. These new and enhanced displays can provide, for example, a visual depiction or representation of notable events in a life of the user, including, for example, family or faith. In addition, embodiments of the present invention facilitate the creation, preservation, and accessibility of historical archives from otherwise unorganized and underutilized clutter on computer and file storage systems, including boxes of photographic prints, documents, mementos, and records. That is, embodiments of the present invention can efficiently change the physical into the digital (or electronic), the unexplained into the annotated, and the inaccessible into the accessible.

[0060] Embodiments of the present invention provide, for example, for a file management system, illustrated in FIGS. 1-34, responsive to the problems associated with unorganized, unsorted, and underutilized files, including but not limited to photographs. The system includes an icon palette **103**, **200**, **300**, (see also, e.g., FIGS. 22 and 23 for alternate embodiments **2203** and **2303**), displayed on a user computer **101**, **407**, **507**, **711**, i.e., a machine, with the icons **105**, **203A-E**, **303A-E**, corresponding to a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user. The system can also include a computer, i.e., a machine, remote from the user configured as a file management server **111**. The predetermined categories associated with the life of the user include predefined default categories and user-defined categories. The plurality of predefined default categories can include a number, e.g., three (3), of the following: marriage, faith, family, children, school, travel, military, health, and others as understood by those skilled in the art. Other embodiments for the plurality of predefined default categories include friends, music, film, books, work, sports, and pets (see, e.g., **2903** in FIG. 29). The icon palette includes a palette boundary **201**, **301**. User action, including, for example, dragging and dropping one of the plurality of unsorted files across the palette boundary **201**, **301** onto an icon **105**, **203A-E**, **303A-E** on the icon palette **103**, **200**, **300** assigns the file to one of the plurality of predetermined categories. A file can be assigned to one or more predetermined categories.

[0061] User action on a computer can include, for example, utilizing a computer mouse. A computer mouse is a pointing device that detects, e.g., mechanically or optically, two-dimensional motion relative to a supporting surface. The motion is typically generated by the user to driver a cursor **207** on the computer screen. That is, the mouse's motion typically translates into the motion of a pointer on a display, which allows for fine control of a graphical user interface ("GUI"). Physically, a mouse can be an object held under one of the user's hands, with one or more buttons. Other input devices for user action can include trackballs, joysticks, and various game controllers as understood by those skilled in the art. Directing the cursor **207** "on top" of a file being displayed on a computer screen and then clicking the button of the mouse allows the computer to select the file for action. Action can include, for example, opening the file (typically through a

double-click as understood by those skilled in the art), including automatically launching an application associated with the file as necessary. Action can also include, for example, dragging and dropping the file onto a folder or application, such as an icon palette embodiment of the present invention. As understood by those skilled in the art, dragging a file involves selecting the file, then holding down the mouse button while moving the mouse; likewise, dropping a file involves releasing the mouse button when the cursor **207** on the screen is "on top" of or associated with a location, file, or application on the computer screen. As part of user action assigning the file to a predetermined category, e.g., dragging and dropping the file on an icon on the icon palette, the program product obtains information about the file, including its name, file type or extension, and location in memory, i.e., its path, and uses this information to copy the file to file management server.

[0062] The user (see, e.g., U in FIG. 1) can select the icons **105**, **203A-E**, **303A-E** to be shown on the icon palette **103**, **200**, **300** including adding or deleting icons. Through menu screens and use of I/O devices, the user U can create icons or modify icons **105**, **203A-E**, **303A-E** corresponding to user-defined categories and delete icons corresponding to predefined default categories. The user U can select an order for the icons on the icon palette and group icons together. In addition, as illustrated in FIG. 2, the user can adjust the relative size, i.e., expand or collapse, the icon palette to suit the user's preferences, including altering an x-dimension, a y-dimension, or both x- and y-dimensions of the icon palette, as understood by those skilled in the art. Compare, e.g., the size of icon palettes **205** and **200** in FIG. 2. In an exemplary embodiment, the user U can match the scale of the icon palette to the user's good vision, or alternately the user's poor vision. In addition, the user U can move the icon palette throughout the screen associated with the user computer as understood by those skilled in the art. That is, a location of the icon palette on the display screen is controllable by the user U. The icon palette **103**, **200**, **300** preserves the user-selected order for the icons on the icon palette through changes in its size and location. (See, e.g., FIGS. 2 and 3.) Moreover, the icon palette **103**, **200**, **300** can use various indicia of a painter's palette, including, for example, color and shape, to identify the icons with the predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user. For example, the color of the icon for the category "School" **203C** can be selected by the user to be the color of the user's alma mater, such as, for example, burnt-orange. For example, the spacing of the icons on the palette can suggest or evoke the spacing of separate portions of paint on a painter's palette.

[0063] Features of the file management system, according to embodiments of the present invention, allow a user to quickly sort, organize, categorize, and store files, including photographs. See, e.g., FIG. 3. The photographs **307** can, for example, include digital photographs or scanned prints. Countless other files **311**, such as, for example, medical and immunization records, school report cards, and newspaper clippings, can also be scanned as digital files and then managed, stored, and retrieved according to embodiments of the present invention. The use of icons **303A-303E** and predetermined categories provides the user with a visualization and a taxonomy for the sorting and organizing of files. In addition, the predefined default categories allow the user to begin sorting and organizing files without having to create from scratch a categorization scheme. Moreover, the existence of pre-

defined default categories facilitates the sharing of files, allowing two users to share files categorized as Travel, without having to further cull, sort, or organize for an exchange. User-defined categories allow the user to create additional categories and personalize the file management system.

[0064] Embodiments of the present invention provide, for example, for a method of file management. See, e.g., FIG. 11. The method includes prompting a user to fill out a questionnaire **1113** associated with the file responsive to a user action assigning the file to a predetermined category **1103**. The questionnaire can include any additional categories, data, a journal entry, event information, and display information. See, e.g., FIG. 22. The data from the questionnaire is ultimately stored in a database on the remote file management server. The event information includes, for example, the time, date, and location associated with the file. The event information is useful for searching and display purposes. For example, to locate a particular file, a user can limit a search to a particular date or a particular date range. In addition, the questionnaire includes a data field for search words to facilitate a later search for the file. As understood by those skilled in the art, the questionnaire can include multiple screens, forms, pages, windows, or queries. Because the questionnaire provides access to and stores input in a database, questionnaire data may be added or modified at once, in batches, or incrementally, as understood by those skilled in the art.

[0065] Embodiments of the present invention provide, for example, for displaying an album of files in pre-selected formats **2213** on a display device, responsive to the questionnaires associated with the files. Through the questionnaire **2600**, the user can assign a file to an album and provide a relative picture size **2609** so that a pre-selected format for an album page includes a large number of files with a relatively small picture size, and a pre-selected format for an album page includes a small number of files or a single file with a relatively larger picture size. With multiple albums possible for each category, the files associated with a particular album can relate to a single event or theme, such as, for example, a child's birthday party or other event as understood by those skilled in the art. By automating the display of files into albums, including, for example, any formatting (once an album assignment is determined by the user), embodiments of the present invention provide an easy and effortless way to view multiple collections of files.

[0066] Embodiments of the present invention provide, for example, for allowing the user to indicate a desire or intention to make a file (and associated journal entry) publicly available after, for example, the death of the user, or alternately to delete the file. See, e.g., **2705** in FIG. 27. Through the questionnaire, the user can specify a desire or intention to make a file accessible to the public so that the user can designate a portion of the plurality of files and associated journal entries to be made publicly available after a user-selected trigger event. See, e.g., **2703** in FIG. 27. In addition, the questionnaire can include a hyperlink to terms **2707** and an approval box for the user to select to approve the terms for future access to the files. A user can also use a calendar event, a death of the user, a time period after the death of the user, and other events to trigger a file being made public, such as, for example, the year 2075 or, in the alternative, 25 years after the death of the user. The user can specify such access on a file-by-file basis, or alternately on a category-by-category basis, so that private, personal information is deleted, but otherwise the files can benefit history. Embodiments of the present invention include

legal arrangements and associated documents necessary to carry out the intentions of the user. These arrangements can include the establishment of a recipient entity **109**, including non-profit or for-profit organizations, to acquire ownership rights to the files, for example, to own or jointly own or otherwise license the files and copyrights associated with the files. These arrangements and associated documents can further include a joint ownership with right of survival, a trust, a perpetual license, an assignment of copyright ownership, a dedication to the public domain, limited powers of attorney and other forms of agency, and other legal arrangements and associated documents as understood by those skilled in the art. In an exemplary embodiment, a recipient of files according to such legal arrangement could charge for and license access (and other rights) to the files, either directly or indirectly, through subscriptions, sponsorships, advertising, and other forms of payment. That is, publicly available does not necessarily mean freely available. In an exemplary embodiment, a wealth of information regarding notable events in a life of the user would be preserved for future generations of historians, both professional and personal historians. In an exemplary embodiment, a death of the user can be verified by a published obituary or by a contact list supplied by the user through the questionnaire, or otherwise as understood by those skilled in the art. In another embodiment, a journal entry recording the death of the user can be created. In addition, funeral-related files, including, for example, an order of service, a program, a video or audio recording of services, a guest book, a eulogy text, an obituary, and others as understood by those skilled in the art, can be added to the files on behalf of the user and for the benefit of history.

[0067] Embodiments of the present invention further include, for example, a journal **2201**. A master journal **2301** for the user's account is an aggregation of individual journal entries **2215**, each associated with a file and entered through a questionnaire. See also **2201**, **2501** and **2401** for portions of the master journal for an album or category. Embodiments include displaying a portion of the master journal on the display device responsive to user criteria so that a user can view journal entries for a category, a particular date range, or files in an album.

[0068] Embodiments of the present invention include, for example, a randomizer module for displaying a slide show of randomized files responsive to user criteria. See, e.g., FIGS. **30A** and **30B**. To use the randomizer module, the user specifies in a database a plurality of files for inclusion in a slide show of randomized files so that only appropriate files are displayed. The randomizer module randomly selects a set of files from the plurality of files specified in the database for inclusion in the slide show responsive to user criteria, displays the randomly selected set of files in the slide show on a display device, and repeats the steps of randomly selecting and displaying the set of files in the slide show responsive to user criteria. Embodiments of randomizer module can include, for example, random number generators, i.e., applications that generate series of numbers that are, attempt to be, or appear to be random, or as if by chance. As understood those skilled in the art, random number generation can use a seed value, such as the current time, to generate a random number. Alternately, embodiments can include prior collections of numbers, known as random number tables. The random numbers generated or retrieved from a table can be scaled to match the need. For example, if fifty (50) files are associated with a category, a random number be scaled so that

each of the files has a similar chance of being selected in the slide show for that category. Included in the definition of random are so-called pseudo-random generation and tables, in which certain results are ignored or eliminated because although generated randomly, the results do not appear to be. For example, if a given image is selected for display and then, by random, the same image is selected again for the next position, the pseudo-random generation or table may eliminate this result, i.e., skip to the next number in sequence. Likewise, pseudo-random schemes in which missed or under-selected files are favored or weighted are considered as random for purposes of this application.

[0069] The user specifies files for inclusion in a slide show of randomized files through the questionnaires. The randomizer module can then display the slide show on the display device attached to the user computer and external devices, such as, for example, electronic picture frames and televisions. External devices can communicate with the user computer wirelessly as understood by those skilled in the art. The user criteria can include one or more categories to display, a quantity of files to select, a start date, an end date, a duration the selected files will be presented by the program, and a number of cycles to repeat selection and presentation. See, e.g., FIG. 29.

[0070] The benefits of the randomizer include the quick and effortless display of various and numerous files maintained by the file management system on various display devices, including the user computer and digital picture frames. The randomizer module also greatly improves the utilization of the numerous files by providing a convenient way to view files that otherwise would remain scattered or stored. In addition, because the user previously specified files for inclusion in the randomizer, only appropriate files are displayed, preventing the inadvertent display of a private file. By allowing the user to select categories to display, the user can also tailor the randomizer slide show to an audience.

[0071] As illustrated in FIGS. 1-3, embodiments of the present invention include a user U, using a user computer 101 to view an icon palette 103, 200, 300 on a display screen 102 associated with the user computer 101. The user computer 101 can communicate with a file management server 111, associated with a recipient entity 109 established for acquiring ownership rights to files and located remote, i.e., in a remote location, from the user U and the user computer 101. The icon palette 103, 200, 300 includes icons 105, 203A-E, 303A-E corresponding to a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user U, such as, for example, family 107. As the user U assigns one of a plurality of unsorted files 311, such as, e.g., a recent picture of his family, to one of the plurality of predetermined categories through dragging and dropping 309 one of the plurality of unsorted files across the palette boundary 201, 301 onto an icon on the icon palette. The unsorted file 307, 311 can originate on the desktop 313 or within a folder, such as, for example, a folder of photos 305, as understood by those skilled in the art. As understood by those skilled in the art, the user U can use a mouse or other such device to drive a cursor 207 on the computer. As illustrated in FIGS. 2 and 3, the icon palette 200, 300 is scalable by the user and can be moved about the screen. Compare, e.g., the size of icon palettes 205 and 200 in FIG. 2.

[0072] As illustrated in FIG. 4, embodiments of the present invention include a system 400 with a client-server architecture for file management, storing, and display. The system

400 includes a first computer server 401, i.e., a machine. The first computer server 401 includes a database engine 403 and stores a database 405. In an exemplary embodiment, the database 405 is a relational database, such as, e.g., an SQL database. The database 405 contains records for a plurality of user account settings, preferences, journal entries, and files 406. The files can include various formats such as, for example, PEG, JIFF, MPEG, GIF, MP3, MP4, PDF, WAV, and others as understood by those skilled in the art. The system also includes a second computer associated with a user defining a user computer 407, i.e., a machine. In an exemplary embodiment, the user computer 407 is a MACINTOSH or WINDOWS computer running an operating system from Apple Inc. or Microsoft Corporation, as understood by those skilled in the art. In an exemplary embodiment, the user computer 407 is configured via new and enhanced program product 3301, 3402 to implement features and functionality as described herein. The user computer 407 can include a local database 411 and a thick-client or application software client 409, i.e., computer program product, as understood by those skilled in the art. The local database 411 stores settings and preferences for user accounts and also records of recent changes made by the user 408. The user computer 407 can temporarily store the file and data associated with the file so that the user can assign files and associate data with the file in the event of slow or interrupted communication with the remote server 401. The system 400 further includes an electronic communications network 413, for example, the Internet, connecting the computer server 401 and the user computer 407. Accordingly, the first computer server 401 is a remote server, being remote from the user computer 407. The remote file management server 401 stores files remotely from the user computer 407 and allows for retrieval of files through an electronic communications network 413, e.g., the Internet. The system can include a plurality of users associated with a plurality of user computers.

[0073] In an alternate embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. 5, the database engine 503 can access a database or portions of a database 505 located a database server 510 or storage device 515, remote from the computer server 501. The database can include user account settings, preferences, and other data 506. The user computer 507 can operate a user application 509, which may include a local database 511 storing user account settings, preferences, and recent changes 508. In the system 500, the user computer 507 can communicate with the file management server 501 machine through the electronic communications network 513, e.g., the Internet. The system can include a plurality of users associated with a plurality of user computers. These embodiments allow for a scalable database architecture with robust security and fault-tolerant properties as understood by those skilled in the art. In addition, these embodiments allow for rarely accessed data to be archived 517 on tape device or other storage device 515, perhaps resulting in a delay for the user to access the archived data, as understood by those skilled in the art. Such storage devices can further be located remote from the server 501. In an exemplary embodiment, the file management server 501 machine can be a computer or computers running a WINDOWS, MACINTOSH, UNIX, LINUX, or other operating system as understood by those skilled in the art. In an exemplary embodiment, the file management server 501 machine is associated with one or more remote (from the user) data centers providing hosting, processing, and storage capabilities. As understood by those skilled in the art, International

Business Machines Corp. ("IBM") and various other organizations operate such facilities and can provide additionally hardware, software, and services and support. Such facilities can offer redundant and fault-tolerant implementations. Redundant systems can include, for example, multiple power sources, communication networks, computers and other hardware, and associated monitoring and switching infrastructure, as understood by those skilled in the art, so that no single component failure results in a system failure. According to a method 600 of communicating with the server, as illustrated in FIG. 6, the user computer connects to the remote server computer only upon initial secure login by the user 601 and after a data change when data needs to be transferred and to synchronize the data in the local database and the server database 603. Requests to access the server are validated through a secure login 605. In addition, the use of a remote file management server provides the user portability, as files can be accessed anywhere the Internet is available, and fault tolerance, in the event of a flood, a fire, or severe equipment failure.

[0074] As illustrated in FIG. 7, embodiments of the present invention also include a system 700 with a thin-client or browser-based implementations of a client-server architecture for file management, storing, and retrieval, as understood by those skilled in the art. The system 700 includes a first computer server 701. The first computer server 701 includes a web server 703, a database engine 705, and a database 707. The database 707 contains records for a plurality of user account settings, preferences, journal entries, and files 709. In an exemplary embodiment, the first computer server 701 machine is associated with a remote (from the user) data center providing hosting, processing, and storage capabilities. The system also includes a second computer associated with a user defining a user computer 711. In an exemplary embodiment, the user computer 711 is a MACINTOSH or WINDOWS computer running an operating system from Apple Inc. or Microsoft Corporation, as understood by those skilled in the art. The user computer 711 includes a thin-client or browser client 713 as understood by those skilled in the art. According to this embodiment of the present invention, no local database is required on the user computer 711, and communication with the server 701 is necessary. The system 700 further includes an electronic communications network 715, for example, the Internet, connecting the computer server 701 and the user computer 711. The system can include a plurality of users associated with a plurality of user computers. According to a method 800 of communicating with the server, as illustrated in FIG. 8, the user enters the URL into the browser address bar 801. The URL, which stands for uniform resource locator or universal resource locator, is the address of a resource, such as, for example, a document or Web site, on the Internet that consists of a communications protocol followed by the name or address of a computer on the network and that often includes additional locating information, such as, for example, directory and file names. The server sends a secure page requesting user name and password information 803. Then the computer connects to the remote server computer through a secure connection 805, as understood by those skilled in the art.

[0075] As illustrated in FIGS. 9 and 10, embodiments of the present invention provide launch sequences 900, 1000. The user launches the application 901 or enters an URL address into the browser on the user computer 1001 and is prompted for login information 903, 1003, including, for example, a

username and password, as understood by those skilled in the art. Embodiments of the present invention further provide during the login for a user's status as, for example, a member, a visitor, and a trial 927, 1027. A member has an existing account. A visitor is associated with a member account but is restricted to allowed areas and permitted operations. See also FIG. 28 for a visitor access configuration screen. A trial status denotes a user without an account. If a user is not a member 905, 1005, an offer to sign up, or become a member, can be presented 907, 1007. If the user so indicates a sign-up window 909 or sign-up page 1009 can be presented to the user. The data entered in the sign-up window 909 or sign-up page 1009 can be communicated to the database 913, 1013 on the file management server through the electronic communications network 911, 1011 to create or deny a new account. Other launch sequence embodiments of the present invention send the user's name, password, and status 915, 1015 through the electronic communications network 917, 1017 to the database on the remote file management server to validate login information and return account preferences 919, 1019. The file management server then returns user settings, categories, and icons to the user computer 921, 1021. If necessary, the file management server synchronizes the settings, categories, and icons with those stored locally on the user computer 923, 1023. Upon a successful launch sequence, the software displays the user-appropriate icon palette and icons and awaits user action 925, 1025 so that the user is displayed the icon palette on the desktop 929, 1029.

[0076] The benefit of a visitor status embodiment is to allow a user to share photographs and other files, without providing complete and unrestricted access to the member's other documents. For example, in-laws can share pictures of a common grandchild without sharing personal medical or military service records. Because the user determines the level of access for a visitor account, different visitor accounts can have different access configurations allowing, for example, an adult child who has a medical power of attorney access to the member's prescription records, but denying a minor grandchild with a different visitor account access to those files. Another benefit of a visitor status is to increase the number of people and the amount of information or context. For example, photographs of a picnic often include dates and other guests whose names or complete names are unknown to the host. The use of visitor accounts facilitates the gathering of this and other missing information.

[0077] As illustrated in FIGS. 11-12 and 26-27, embodiments of the present invention provide methods 1100, 1200 for prompting a user to fill out a questionnaire 1113, 1213 associated with a file responsive to a user action selecting the file or assigning the file to a category 1103, 1203. In a thick-client embodiment, the software application receives a user action 1101 associated with the icon bar, i.e., the icon palette. In a thin-client or browser-based embodiment, a browser page displays the icon palette 1201 and awaits a user action. The kind of user action determines the next step or operation 1103, 1203, as understood by those skilled in the art. For example, dragging the cursor 207 over an icon through use of a mouse or similar input device can result in the icon under the cursor 207 being highlighted, or selected 1105, 1205, as understood by those skilled in the art. For example, clicking on the icon palette 1127, 1227 provides for modification of the icon palette. See, e.g., FIGS. 13 and 14. The user action can also include assigning a file to a predetermined category by, for example, dragging and dropping an icon representing

the file onto an icon on the icon palette representing the category **1204**. The user action can also include selecting the file through a menu as understood by those skilled in the art. Responsive to the user action, the path to the file, e.g., the dropped object, is captured, along with the assigned category, i.e., the category associated with the icon **1107**, **1207**. A determination is made whether the object, i.e., the file, is acceptable **1109**, **1209**. If not, because the file type is unknown, the size is too big or too small, the file contains a virus or other mal-ware, the file is corrupted or otherwise defective, or other reasons as understood by those skilled in the art then the user can be alerted **1111**, **1211**. Then the action can be aborted and the user is returned to a listening state **1125**, **1225**, or ready state as understood by those skilled in the art. If the object, i.e., the file, is acceptable, then the user is prompted to fill out a questionnaire **1113**, **1213**. See, e.g., FIGS. **26-27**. Upon completion, if the questionnaire form is not acceptable **1115**, **1215**, the action is aborted, and the user is returned to a listening state **1125**, **1225**, or ready state as understood by those skilled in the art. If the form is acceptable, multiple files are handled. That is, if multiple files are dropped, each file is attached to the questionnaire **1117**, **1217**. In a thin-client or browser-based embodiment, the data is sent to the server **1223**. In a thick-client embodiment, an addition determination can be made whether the server is available **1119**. If not, the questionnaire data and files can be saved in a local database for later uploading and synchronization to the server **1121**. Once the server is available, the data and files can be sent to the server **1123**.

[**0078**] As illustrated in FIG. **26**, prompting the user for the questionnaire **2600** can result in the category and journal information being sent to the application or browser **2651**, so that the user is displayed the questionnaire with some information already populated **2653**. The questionnaire **2600** can include, for example, data for a category **2601**, an album **2603**, a name for the file **2605**, and a data field for search words to associate with the file **2607**. The questionnaire can include event information, including data fields for an event date **2619** and an event time **2617**, a location description **2621**, a city **2623**, a state **2625**, and a country **2627**. In addition, the event information can include a description of the weather **2629**, a temperature **2631**, a status of the moon **2633**, and other attributes as understood by those skilled in the art. As understood by those skilled in the art, the file name **2605** and category **2601** can be automatically populated responsive to a user action that assigns the file to a category. In addition, the event time **2617** and date **2619** can be automatically populated, including from the time and date associated with the file, if available. Other fields can also be automatically populated, including with default values or a prior or common value or a value derived from the user action or the file itself as understood by those skilled in the art. The questionnaire **2600** can display a thumbnail of the file **2637** or an icon that represents the file type **2639**. The questionnaire **2600** can also include a relative picture size **2609** for displaying in an album, with, for example, a value of "1" indicating a small picture, a value of "5" indicating a large picture, and values of "2", "3", and "4" in between, as understood by those skilled in the art. A page in an album can, for example, display only one file with a picture size of "5"; whereas, a page in an album can, for example, display two files with a picture size of "4" and many files with a picture size of "1", as understood by those skilled in the art. Through the questionnaire **2600**, the user can also specify the files for inclusion in a slide show of randomized

files **2611**. As illustrated in FIG. **27**, through the questionnaire **2701**, the user can specify a desire or intention to make a file publicly available **2703** (or delete a file as understood by those skilled in the art) and select a trigger event to make the file publicly available **2705**. Examples include making a file public upon death of the user **2705**, making the file public **25** years after the death of the user, and others as understood by those skilled in the art. In addition, the questionnaire **2701** can include terms of a legal document **3410**, or a hyperlink to the terms, and an approval box for the user to select to approve the terms **2707** for future access to the files. As illustrated in FIG. **34**, the legal document **3410** can include, for example, an electronic legal document stored in the memory **3401** of the file management machine **3400**.

[**0079**] The questionnaire also includes recall information **2613**, **2615** as illustrated in FIG. **26**. To utilize the recall feature, the user fills out a recall date **2613** for a future date in the questionnaire. The recall date can be, for example, the date a bill is due, the date an insurance policy expires, an upcoming anniversary, an upcoming birthday, or other future date. The user also fills out a threshold, e.g., a number of days before the recall date to receive an alert **2615**. Later, when the user logs in near the recall date **2613**, within the number of days indicated by the recall before data **2615**, then the user receives an alert, including, for example, a pop-up or notice screen. Alternately, the alert can be an email or other message as understood by those skilled in the art. The alert can include the file or a thumbnail of the file **2637**.

[**0080**] The questionnaire **2600** also includes a journal entry **2635** associated with the file. Individual journal entries are aggregated into one master journal for the user **2301**, as illustrated in FIG. **23**. In addition, a portion of the master journal can be displayed on the display device. The portion can correspond to user criteria, such as, for example, a category **2601**, a particular data range, or files in an album **2201**, **2501** as shown in FIGS. **22** and **25**.

[**0081**] In an exemplary embodiment of the present invention, as illustrated in FIG. **11**, if the server is unavailable **1119**, the questionnaire can be saved in the local database on the user computer **1121** for later uploading to the file management server **1123**.

[**0082**] In addition, according to embodiments of the present invention, multiple files may share a questionnaire for data entry purposes and for ease of use **1117**, **1217**, as illustrated in FIGS. **11-12** and **25**. If the data associated with a file changes, that file can get a separate questionnaire.

[**0083**] Embodiments of the present invention provide for predefined default categories and also user-defined categories and associated icons. The user can add, delete, or edit the categories associated with the life of the user, as well as the icons that represent the categories, as illustrated in FIGS. **13-19** and **30**. Embodiments of the present invention include pop-up menus **1307**, **1407** so that a user can perform methods of editing **1500**, **1600**, adding **1700**, **1800**, and deleting **1900** categories associated with the life of the user, as well as the icons that represent the categories. The predefined default categories associated with the life of the user can include, for example, marriage, faith, family, children, friends, school, music, film, books, travel, work, sports, pets, military, and health **2903**. Other categories are possible and within the scope of the present invention, as understood by those skilled in the art.

[**0084**] Embodiments of the present invention, as illustrated in FIGS. **13** and **14**, can include methods **1300**, **1400** of

utilizing the icon palette to access and manipulate the files, associated data, and categories. In a thick-client embodiment, for example, a user U can click on the icon palette **1301**. The kind of click is determined **1303**. For a left or double-click, as understood by those skilled in the art, data can be displayed **1305**. See, e.g., FIG. **20**. For a right click or long click, as understood by those skilled in the art, a pop-up memo is displayed **1307**. From the pop-up menu **1307**, the user U can edit a category name **1309**. See, e.g., FIG. **15**. The user U can direct that the edits, i.e., changes, can be saved and displayed **1311** or canceled and discarded **1313**, as understood by those skilled in the art. The user can also direct that a category be added **1315** (see FIG. **17**) or deleted **1317**. The method **1300** can also include altering the local icon palette while pending a request to a remote server, e.g., hiding a deleted category **1319**. In a thin-client embodiment, for example, a user U can click on the icon palette **1401**, and a web page is sent **1403** responsively. The web page can provide a subcategory list **1406**, e.g., a list of albums, with navigation links, as understood by those skilled in the art, that lead to a display of data **1419**. Clicking on a navigation link by the user U can cause the display of an album's files **1421** or journal entries associated with an album's files **1423**. The web page can also provide a pop-up menu **1407**. From the pop-up menu **1407**, the user U can direct that data be displayed **1405** (see FIG. **21**), and the user U can edit a category name **1409**. See, e.g., FIG. **16**. The user U can direct that the edits, i.e., changes, can be saved and displayed **1411** or canceled and discarded **1413**, as understood by those skilled in the art. The user U can also direct that a category be added **1415** (see FIG. **18**) or deleted **1417** (see FIG. **19**).

[0085] Embodiments of the present invention, as illustrated in FIGS. **15** and **16**, can include methods **1500**, **1600** of customizing, i.e., editing, the icon palette. For example, a user U can select the icon palette for editing **1501**, **1601**. In a thick-client embodiment, for example, a paste icon modal dialog window, e.g., an edit category window, is opened, displaying a category name and picture, or icon **1503**. As understood by those skilled in the art, a modal dialog window remains the front-most window and captures all user action until it is closed **1521**. In a thick-client embodiment, for example, an edit page is displayed, having a category name and picture, or icon **1603**. As understood by those skilled in the art, the "save" button on the edit category window **1505** or page **1605** can be deactivated. The edit category window **1505** or page **1605** can include a category name and a graphic of the current picture. The user U can edit the category name **1507**, **1607**, by renaming the category "children" with specific names, e.g., "Jack and Jill." The user U can also drag a file, i.e., a new image, over the graphic area **1509**, **1609** to determine if the file type is appropriate **1511**, **1611**. The user U can also paste or drop a file, e.g., for an image or picture, into the graphical area **1513**, **1613**. Whether the file type is appropriate is determined **1515**, **1615**. If not, the user U is alerted **1517**, **1617**. If the file type is appropriate, the image in the file is sized and displayed in the graphic box **1519**, **1619**. After customizing the icon palette, the "save" button is activated, and the user can cancel or save the edits, then return to the calling procedure **1523** or page **1623**, as understood by those skilled in the art.

[0086] Embodiments of the present invention, as illustrated in FIGS. **17** and **18**, can include methods **1700**, **1800** of creating new categories. For example, once a user U has selected a new category **1701**, **1801**, a temporary category

record is created **1703**, **1803** having a default name, such as, "Untitled Category" with a default picture of icon. The user U is prompted to edit the new category **1705**, **1805**. In a thick-client embodiment, for example, the temporary category record can be saved, resulting in changes to the display of the icon palette locally and changes added to the upload queue for the remote server **1707**. In a thin-client embodiment, for example, the temporary record is saved, and refreshed web pages are sent from the web server **1807**, as understood by those skilled in the art. If the user cancels the temporary new category, the temporary record is discarded **1709** and the previous view returns, i.e., the prior icon palette **1809**.

[0087] Embodiments of the present invention, as illustrated in FIG. **19**, can include a method **1900** of deleting categories. In a thick-client embodiment, for example, once a user U has selected to delete a category **1901**, a "delete" modal dialog box displays is opened, displaying information about the category **1903**. A confirmation prompt **1905** is displayed to the user. If the user U elects to cancel the deletion, the dialog box is closed **1907**. If the user elects to delete the category, the category can be hidden from the icon palette locally and a delete request can be added to the pending remote server upload queue **1909**.

[0088] Embodiments of the present invention provide for the displaying on a list of albums associated with a category, as illustrated in FIGS. **20-22** and **24-25**. By clicking on an icon **2001** or otherwise selecting a category from the server **2101**, an album list is retrieved **2003**, **2103** and displayed to the user **2005**. Various data views, as illustrated in FIGS. **22-25**, are available. A user action is determined **2009**, **2109**. The user U can cancel the album list, and the window can be closed **2011**, **2111**; the user (U) can record and save changes **2013**, **2113**. In addition, the user U can add files to a category by, e.g., dragging and dropping a file, or object, to the category as described herein **2015**, **2115**. From the list of albums, the user has various other navigation options. Options for the user include displaying an album **2211**, **2503** of files in pre-selected formats on the display device responsive to the questionnaires associated with the files, as illustrated in FIGS. **22** and **25**. The pre-selected formats (see **2211**, **2503**) can include an album page displaying multiple files **2217**, **2509** of the same or different sizes. Another option includes displaying a portion of the master journal **2201**, **2501** on the display device comprising individual journal entries **2215**, **2507** associated with files in an album. Furthermore, embodiments of the present invention allow for simultaneously displaying an album **2503** and the portion of the master journal associated with the files in the album **2501**. According to embodiments of the present invention, the files displayed in pre-selected formats in the album of files can be linked to the associated journal entries in the displayed portion of the master journal so that when a user highlights a file, the associated journal entry is also highlighted, and when a user highlights a journal entry, an associated file is also highlighted, as illustrated in FIGS. **22** and **25**. Specifically, see **2213** and **2215**, and also **2505** and **2507**.

[0089] As further illustrates in FIG. **22**, an alternate embodiment of the icon palette **2203** can display icons **2207a-2207n** that represent a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in the life of the user. In addition, navigation links to a journal **2205**, i.e., a master journal, can be provided on the icon palette **2203**. See also, navigation link **2305**, icon **2307**, and alternative embodiment of the icon palette **2303** in FIG. **23**. Furthermore, by clicking

on a icon, for example, **2207b**, a subcategory list can be displayed **2209**, allowing the user to navigate to an album **2211** or to the journal **2201**, or to display both simultaneously, as illustrated in FIGS. **22** and **25**. Other navigation paths and interactions are included in the embodiments, as understood by those skilled in the arts.

[0090] Embodiments of the present invention provide for a member to allow restricted access to the member's account to a visitor, as illustrated in FIG. **28**. The user, in this case a member, creates the login name **2811** and password **2813** for the visitor **2809**, through a visitor access configuration screen **2801** as illustrated in FIG. **28**. Through the visitor access configuration screen or screens, the member determines the access level for the visitor on a file by file basis **2803**, on an album by album basis **2805**, on a category by category basis **2807**, or a combination of these as understood by those skilled in the art.

[0091] Embodiments of the present invention include a randomizer module **2901** for displaying a slide show of randomized files responsive to user criteria. The user specifies a file for inclusion in a slide show of randomized files **2611** through the questionnaire **2600**, as illustrated in FIG. **26**. Configured through a randomizer setup screen **2901**, as illustrated in FIG. **29**, the randomizer module can display the slide show on the display device attached to the user computer and external devices **2917**, such as, electronic picture frames and televisions. The user can name, save, and retrieve a particular randomizer configuration **2905**. The user criteria can include one or more categories to display **2903**, a quantity of files to select **2907**, a start date **2909**, an end date **2911**, a duration the selected files will be presented by the program **2913**, and a number of cycles to repeat selection and presentation **2915**. An example embodiment, as illustrated on FIG. **29**, indicates that in the first cycle 50 files will be randomly selected from the checked categories, including marriage, family, children, friends, school, music, travel, and pets. The selection will be restricted to files with event dates on or between Jan. 25, 2007 and Jan. 25, 2008. The files will be displayed for 30 minutes, and then a new 50 files will be selected and available for display for 30 minutes. This process will repeat for five cycles. The files will be displayed on a USB picture frame.

[0092] As illustrated in FIGS. **30A** and **30B**, the randomizer module can consecutively display images **3002**, **3004** on an electronic picture frame **3001**. For example, a first image **3002** can show a present **3003** having a bow **3005** prior to being opened, and a second image can show the aftermath of opening the present, including a toy **3011**, an open box **3007**, and a discarded ribbon **3009**.

[0093] Embodiments of the present invention include a method **3100** of file management, as illustrated in FIG. **31**. The method can include a start **3101**. The method can include prompting a user for login information **3103**. The login information can include a username, a password, and a status to thereby allow complete access to a member and restricted access to a visitor. The method can also include displaying an icon palette on a display device to the user **3105**. The icon palette has a palette boundary and includes icons representing a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user. The method can include assigning one of a plurality of unsorted files to at least one of the plurality of predetermined categories through a user action so that dragging and dropping one of the plurality of unsorted files across the palette boundary onto an icon on the icon palette assigns the file to one of the plurality of predetermined

categories **3107**. The method can include prompting the user to fill out a questionnaire associated with the file responsive to the user action assigning the file to the predetermined category **3109**. The questionnaire can include album data, a journal entry, event information, and display information. The method can include temporarily storing the file and data associated with the questionnaire in a database on a local computer **3111** so that the user can assign files and fill out questionnaires in the event of slow or interrupted communication with the remote server. The method can include storing the file and data associated with the questionnaire in a database on a remote server **3113** so that the user can access the file and associated data through an electronic communications network. The method can also include aggregating individual journal entries into one master journal for the user **3115**. The method can include displaying a portion of the master journal on the display device responsive to user criteria so that a user can view journal entries for a category, a particular date range, or files in an album **3117**. The method can include displaying an album of assigned files using pre-selected formats on the display device **3119**, responsive to questionnaires associated with the files. Each file is associated with the same predetermined category of the plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user. The method can include specifying in a database files for inclusion in a slide show of randomized files **3121**. The method can include randomly selecting a set of files from the specified files responsive to user criteria **3123** and displaying randomly selected set of files in the slide show on a display device **3125**. The method can also include repeating the steps of randomly selecting and displaying the set of files in the slide show responsive to user criteria **3127**. The method can include an end or stop **3129**.

[0094] Embodiments of the present invention include a method **3200** of file management, as illustrated in FIG. **32**. The method can include a start **3201**. The method can include establishing a recipient entity for acquiring ownership rights to files **3203**. The method can include storing in a database a plurality of files assigned by a user to a plurality of categories representing notable events in a life of the user so that the user can access the plurality of files through an electronic communications network **3205**. The method can include storing in the database a master journal for the user where the master journal including individual journal entries by the user and each journal entry is associated with one or more files of the plurality of files **3207**. The method can include prompting the user through a questionnaire to select a trigger event for making publicly available a file of the plurality of files and an associated journal entry and to approve legal terms so that the user can designate a portion of the plurality of files and associated journal entries to be made publicly available after the selected trigger event **3209**. The method can include receiving ownership rights by the recipient entity from the user according to the user-approved legal terms for the designated portion of the plurality of files and associated journal entries **3211**. The method can include providing access to third parties to the designated portion of the plurality of files and associated journal entries after the user-selected trigger event **3213**. The method can include verifying a death of the user through a published obituary or a contact list supplied by the user through the questionnaire **3215**. Embodiments can further include verification through a death certificate or governmental database. The method can also include creating a

journal entry for the user recording the death of the user **3217**. The method can include an end or stop **3219**.

[0095] Embodiments of the present invention include a method of file management. The method can include displaying an icon palette on a display device to a user **3105**. The icon palette includes icons representing predetermined categories associated with a life of the user. The method can also include assigning a file to a predetermined category through a user action so that dragging and dropping the file onto an icon on the icon palette assigns the file to the predetermined category **3107**. The method can include prompting the user to fill out a questionnaire associated with the file responsive to the user action assigning the file to the predetermined category **3109**. The questionnaire includes album data, a journal entry, event information, and display information. The method can further include displaying an album of files in pre-selected formats on the display device, responsive to the questionnaires associated with the files **3119**.

[0096] Embodiments of the present invention include a method of file management for a randomizer module. The method includes specifying in a database a plurality of files for inclusion in a slide show of randomized files so that only appropriate files are displayed **3121**. Each file of the plurality of files has been assigned to at least one predetermined category associated with a life of the user through a user action. The method includes storing the plurality of files and the database on a remote server so that a user can access the plurality of files and the database through an electronic communications network **3113**. The method also includes randomly selecting a set of files from the plurality of files specified in the database for inclusion in the slide show responsive to user criteria **3123**. The user criteria includes a number of files to display, a start date of the files, an end date for the files, a duration to display the files, and a number of repetitions before selecting new files so that the user can tailor the randomized slide show for an audience. The user criteria also include a list of categories from which to draw files. The user can name, save, and retrieve the user criteria for a particular configuration. The method includes displaying the randomly selected set of files in the slide show on a display device **3125**.

[0097] The method includes repeating the steps of randomly selecting and displaying the set of files in the slide show responsive to user criteria **3128**.

[0098] Embodiments of the present invention include a system of file management, storage, and display. The system includes a first computer server associated with a file management provider defining a file management server, the file management server being positioned to manage, store, and retrieve files and associated data. The system also includes a plurality of second computers associated with a plurality of users defining user computers, each user computer in communication with the file management server through an electronic communications network. The system further includes a computer program product associated with user computer as discussed below.

[0099] Embodiments of the present invention include a computer program product, stored on a tangible computer memory media, operable on a computer, the computer program product including a set of instructions that, when executed by the computer, cause the computer to perform various operations. The operations include displaying an icon palette on a display device to a user. The icon palette includes icons corresponding to a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user. The

operations also include assigning a file to at least one predetermined category through a user action so that dragging and dropping the file onto an icon on the icon palette assigns the file to the predetermined category. The operations include prompting the user to fill out a questionnaire associated with a file responsive to the user action assigning the file to the predetermined category. The questionnaire can include any additional predetermined categories, album data, a journal entry, event information, and display information. The operations further include displaying an album of files in pre-selected formats on the display device, responsive to the questionnaires associated with the files.

[0100] As illustrated in FIG. 33, embodiments of the present invention include a computer program product **3301**, stored on a tangible computer memory media **3305**, operable on a computer **3303**, the computer program product including a set of instructions **3307** that, when executed by the computer, cause the computer to perform various operations. The operations include storing in a database a plurality of files assigned by a user to a plurality of categories representing notable events in a life of the user so that the user can access the plurality of files through an electronic communications network **3309**. The operations include storing in the database a master journal for the user where the master journal comprising individual journal entries by the user and each journal entry associated with one or more files of the plurality of files **3311**. The operations include prompting the user through a questionnaire to select a trigger event for making publicly available a file of the plurality of files and an associated journal entry and to approve legal terms so that the user can designate a portion of the plurality of files and associated journal entries to be made publicly available after the selected trigger event **3313**. The operations include logging a receipt of ownership rights by a recipient entity from the user according to the user-approved legal terms for the designated portion of the plurality of files and associated journal entries **3315**. The operations include providing access to third parties to the designated portion of the plurality of files and associated journal entries after the user-selected trigger event **3317**. The operations include verifying a death of the user through a published obituary or a contact list supplied by the user through the questionnaire **3319**. The operations include creating a journal entry for the user recording the death of the user **3321**.

[0101] As illustrated in FIG. 34, a file management machine **3400** can include a computer, having a memory **3401** having stored therein program product **3402**, a processor **3403**, and an input-output interface, or an I/O device **3404**. The file management machine can include the file management computer **3400** as a separate component, module, program product, or server within an internal network of servers comprising the system. In this way, the file management computer may be configured as a plurality of computers or servers connected via a local area network (LAN) or wide area network (WAN). The file management system can be configured to include a file management machine **3400** further communicating through its I/O device **3404** with a database server **3405**, a telecommunications interface **3407**, a web server **3406**, and other equipment and components as understood by those skilled in the art. See also FIGS. 4, 5, and 7.

[0102] Other architectures, implementations, and organizations will be understood by those skilled in the art to be included within the embodiments of the present invention. Program products can be implemented in a variety of soft-

ware and programming languages, including without limitation hypertext markup language (“HTML”), Java, C, C++, XML, JavaScript, and others as understood by those skilled in the art. Multi-processor computers, cloud computing, server farms, multiple computer systems, multiple databases and storage devices (including hierarchies of storage and access), and other implementations will be recognized by those having skill in the art as encompassed within the embodiments of the present invention. For example, a single computer, a plurality of computers, a server, or server cluster or server farm may be employed, and this disclosure does not limit any configuration of computers and servers for each. Moreover, each may be deployed as at a server farm, data center or server cluster managed by a server host, and the number of servers and their architecture and configuration may be increased based on usage, demand, and capacity requirements for the system. Moreover, embodiments include clusters of computers, servers, storage devices, display devices, and components interacting together, as understood by those skilled in the art.

[0103] A person having ordinary skill in the art will recognize that various types of memory are readable by a computer such as described herein, e.g., user computer, file management computer server, or other computers and machine within embodiments of the present invention. Examples of computer readable media include but are not limited to: non-volatile, hard-coded type media such as read only memories (ROMs), CD-ROMs, and DVD-ROMs, or erasable, electrically programmable read only memories (EEPROMs), recordable type media such as floppy disks, hard disk drives, CD-R/RWs, DVD-RAMs, DVD-R/RWs, DVD+R/RWs, flash drives, memory sticks, and other newer types of memories, and transmission type media such as digital and analog communication links. For example, such media can include operating instructions, as well as instructions related to the system and the method steps described above and can operate on a computer. It will be understood by those skilled in the art that such media can be at other locations instead of or in addition to file management computer server to store program products, e.g., including software, thereon.

[0104] This application claims priority to and the benefit of: U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/116,814, by Reese et al., titled “System, Program Product, and Method for File Management, Storage, and Retrieval” filed Nov. 21, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/116,831, by Reese et al., titled “System, Program Product, and Method for File Management, Storage, and Retrieval” filed Nov. 21, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. **61/116,862**, by Reese et al., titled “System, Program Product, and Method for File Management, Storage, and Retrieval” filed Nov. 21, 2008; U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. **61/116,894**, by Reese et al., titled “System, Program Product, and Method for File Management, Storage, and Retrieval” filed Nov. 21, 2008; and U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/116,914, by Reese et al., titled “System, Program Product, and Method for File Management, Storage, and Retrieval” filed Nov. 21, 2008, all of which are each incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. This application also relates to: U.S. patent application Ser. No. _____, by Reese et al., titled “Machine, Program Product, and Computer-Implemented Method for File Management, Storage, and Display” filed on the same day herewith; U.S. patent application Ser. No. _____, by Reese et al., titled

Method for Randomized Slide Show of Files” filed on the same day herewith; U.S. patent application Ser. No. _____, by Reese et al., titled “Machine, Program Product, and Computer-Implemented Method for File Management, Storage, and Display in Albums Utilizing a Questionnaire” filed on the same day herewith; and U.S. patent application Ser. No. _____, by Reese et al., titled “Machine, Program Product, and Computer-Implemented Method for File Management, Storage, and Access Utilizing a User-Selected Trigger Event” filed on the same day herewith, all of which are each incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

[0105] Many modifications and other embodiments of the invention will come to the mind of one skilled in the art having the benefit of the teachings presented in the foregoing descriptions and the associated drawings. Therefore, it is to be understood that the invention is not to be limited to the illustrated embodiments disclosed, and that modifications and other embodiments are intended to be included within the scope of the appended claims.

That claimed is:

1. A file management machine to perform a process of displaying to a user an icon palette representing a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user and a process of assigning one of a plurality of unsorted files to at least one of the plurality of predetermined categories through a user action, the file management machine comprising:

- a database adapted to store a plurality of files;
- a first computer configured as a file management server adapted to communicate with the database and to communicate through an electronic communications network with a plurality of second computers associated with a plurality of users and configured as user computers, each user computer being remote from the file management server, the file management server having at least a processor and a tangible memory; and
- a computer program product operable on the file management server and stored in the memory, the computer program product comprising a set of instructions that, when executed by the file management server, cause the file management server to perform the operations of:
 - displaying the icon palette on the user computer, the icon palette having a palette boundary and including icons representing the plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in the life of the user,
 - assigning one of a plurality of unsorted files to at least one of the plurality of predetermined categories through the user action so that dragging and dropping one of the plurality of unsorted files across the palette boundary onto an icon on the icon palette assigns the file to one of the plurality of predetermined categories, and
 - storing the file and data associated with the file in the database, the database being remote from the user computer so that the user can access the file and associated data through an electronic communications network.

2. A file management machine of claim 1, wherein the plurality of unsorted files includes digital photographs; and wherein the plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in the life of the user includes one or more of the following: predefined default categories, and user-defined categories.

3. A file management machine of claim 2, wherein the plurality of predefined default categories include three or more of the following: marriage, faith, family, children, school, travel, military, and health.

4. A file management machine of claim 1, wherein the database is a first database;

and wherein the operations further comprise storing temporarily the file and data associated with the file in a second database on the user computer so that the user can assign files and associate data with the file in the event of slow or interrupted communication with the remote file management server.

5. A file management machine of claim 1, wherein the operations further comprise displaying an album of files using pre-selected formats, each file associated with the same predetermined category of the plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in the life of the user.

6. A file management machine of claim 1, wherein a relative size of the icon palette is adjustable by the user; wherein a location of the icon palette on the user computer is controllable by the user; and wherein an order and color of the icons on the icon palette are selectable by the user.

7. A computer program product, stored on a tangible computer memory media, operable on a computer, the computer program product comprising a set of instructions that, when executed by the computer, cause the computer to perform the operations of:

displaying an icon palette to a user, the icon palette having a palette boundary and including icons representing a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user,

assigning one of a plurality of unsorted files to at least one of the plurality of predetermined categories through a user action so that dragging and dropping one of the plurality of unsorted files across the palette boundary onto an icon on the icon palette assigns the file to one of the plurality of predetermined categories, and
storing the file and data associated with the file in a database.

8. A computer program product of claim 7, wherein the plurality of unsorted files includes digital photographs; and wherein the plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in the life of the user includes one or more of the following: predefined default categories, and user-defined categories.

9. A computer program product of claim 8, wherein the plurality of predefined default categories include three or more of the following: marriage, faith, family, children, school, travel, military, and health.

10. A computer program product of claim 7, wherein the operation of storing the file and data associated with the file in the database involves storing temporarily the file and data associated with the file in a first database local to the user, and then storing the file and data associated with the file in a second database, the second database remote from the user so that the user can assign files and associate data with the file in the event of slow or interrupted communication with the second database remote from the user.

11. A computer program product of claim 7, wherein the operations further comprise:

displaying an album of files using pre-selected formats, each file associated with the same predetermined cat-

egory of the plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in the life of the user.

12. A computer program product of claim 7, wherein a relative size of the icon palette is adjustable by the user; wherein a location of the icon palette on the user computer is controllable by the user; and wherein an order and color of the icons on the icon palette are selectable by the user.

13. A computer-implemented method for causing a computer to perform a process of displaying to a user an icon palette representing a plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in a life of the user and a process of assigning one of a plurality of unsorted files to at least one of the plurality of predetermined categories through a user action, the computer-implemented method comprising:

displaying the icon palette to the user, the icon palette having a palette boundary and including icons representing the plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in the life of the user,

assigning one of the plurality of unsorted files to at least one of the plurality of predetermined categories through the user action so that dragging and dropping one of the plurality of unsorted files across the palette boundary onto an icon on the icon palette assigns the file to one of the plurality of predetermined categories, and
storing the file and data associated with the file in a database.

14. A computer-implemented method of claim 13, wherein the plurality of unsorted files includes digital photographs; and wherein the plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in the life of the user includes one or more of the following:

predefined default categories, and user-defined categories.

15. A computer-implemented method of claim 14, wherein the plurality of predefined default categories include three or more of the following: marriage, faith, family, children, school, travel, military, and health.

16. A computer-implemented method of claim 13, wherein the step of storing the file and data associated with the file in the database involves storing temporarily the file and data associated with the file in a first database local to the user, and then storing the file and data associated with the file in a second database, the second database remote from the user so that the user can assign files and associate data with the file in the event of slow or interrupted communication with the second database remote from the user.

17. A computer-implemented method of claim 13, further comprising:

displaying an album of files using pre-selected formats, each file associated with the same predetermined category of the plurality of predetermined categories representing notable events in the life of the user.

18. A computer-implemented method of claim 13, wherein a relative size of the icon palette is adjustable by the user.

19. A computer-implemented method of claim 13, wherein a location of the icon palette on the user computer is controllable by the user.

20. A computer-implemented method of claim 13, wherein an order and color of the icons on the icon palette are selectable by the user.

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