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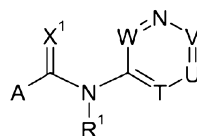
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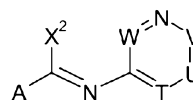
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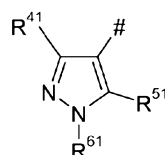
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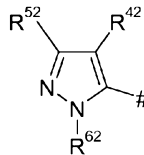
(I)



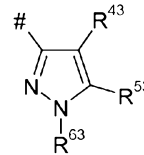
(II)



A1



A2



A3

(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to pyrazole compounds of formulae I or II and the salts and N-oxides thereof, formulae (I), (II), wherein A is a pyrazole radical of formulae A1, A2 or A3, wherein formulae (A1), (A2), (A3), # denotes the binding site; R⁴¹, R⁴², R⁴³, R⁵¹ are H, halogen, CN, NO₂, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl and the like; R⁵², R⁵³ are H, halogen, CN, NO₂, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, and the like; R⁶¹, R⁶², R⁶³ are H, CN, NO₂, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, and the like; T is C(R¹) or N; U is C(R^u) or N; V is C(R^v) or N; W is C(R^w) or N; with the proviso that at least one of the groups T, U, V and W is N; R¹, R^u, R^v, R^w are H, halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl and the like; X¹ is S, O or NR^{1a}, wherein R^{1a} is selected H, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl and the like; X² is OR^{2a}, NR^{2b}R^{2c}, S(O)_mR^{2d}, wherein m is 0, 1 or 2, R^{2a} is C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl and the like, R^{2b}, R^{2c} are H, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl and the like, or R^{2b} and R^{2c} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form a heterocycle, and R^{2d} is C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl and the like; and R¹ is H, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl and the like. The present invention further relates to a method for controlling invertebrate pests, to a method for protecting plant propagation material and/or the plants which grow therefrom, to plant propagation material, comprising at least one compound according to the present invention, to a method for treating or protecting an animal from infestation or infection by parasites and to an agricultural composition containing at least one compound according to the present invention.



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Pyrazole Compounds For Controlling Invertebrate Pests

The present invention relates to novel pyrazole compounds which are useful for combating or controlling invertebrate pests, in particular arthropod pests. The invention
5 further relates to a method for controlling invertebrate pests by using these compounds. The invention further relates to a method for protecting plant propagation material and/or the plants which grow therefrom by using these compounds. The present invention further relates to plant propagation material and to an agricultural or veterinary composition comprising said compounds.

10

Background of the invention

Invertebrate pests and in particular arthropods and nematodes destroy growing and harvested crops and attack wooden dwelling and commercial structures, thereby causing large economic loss to the food supply and to property. While a large number of
15 pesticidal agents are known, due to the ability of target pests to develop resistance to said agents, there is an ongoing need for new agents for combating invertebrate pests such as insects, arachnids and nematodes. It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide compounds having a good pesticidal activity and showing a broad
20 activity spectrum against a large number of different invertebrate pests, especially against difficult to control insects, arachnids and nematodes.

WO 2004/106324, WO 2004/035545 and WO 2005/040152 describe derivatives of N-aryl- and N-hetarylamides, derived from carboxylic acids comprising a 5-membered
25 heterocycle. These compounds are mentioned to be useful as herbicides.

WO 2007/068373 and WO 2007/068377 describe derivatives of N-aryl- and N-hetarylamides, derived from carboxylic acids comprising a 5- or 6-membered carbocycle or heterocycle. These compounds are mentioned to be useful for controlling micro-organisms.
30

WO 2003/106427, WO 2004/046129 and JP 2007-77106 describe derivatives of N-arylamides, derived from pyrazole carboxylic acids. These compounds are mentioned to be useful for combating invertebrate pests.
35

WO 2001/00575 describes derivatives of N-aryl- and N-hetarylamides, derived from carboxylic acids comprising a 5- or 6-membered heterocycle carrying a further amide-derived function in ortho-position. These compounds are mentioned to be useful as insecticides.
40

WO 2005/073165 describes derivatives of N-aryl- or N-hetarylamides, derived from carboxylic acids comprising phenyl or a heterocycle, wherein the N-bound cycle carries

a further amide-derived function in meta-position. These compounds are mentioned to be useful as insecticides.

Summary of the Invention

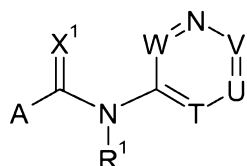
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It is an object of the present invention to provide compounds that have a good pesticidal activity, in particular insecticidal activity, and show a broad activity spectrum against a large number of different invertebrate pests, especially against difficult to control insects.

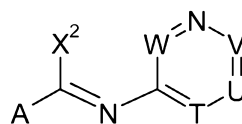
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It has been found that these objectives can be achieved by compounds of the formulae I and II, as defined below, and by their salts and N-oxides, in particular their agriculturally or veterinarily acceptable salts.

15 In a first aspect the present invention relates to pyrazole compounds of formulae I or II and the salts and N-oxides thereof,



(I)

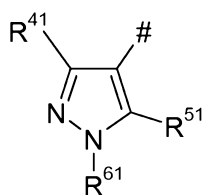


(II)

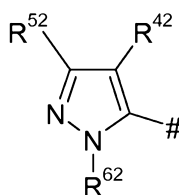
wherein

20

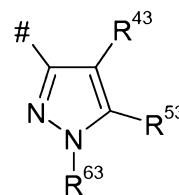
A is a pyrazole radical of formulae A1, A2 or A3, wherein



A1



A2



A3

25 # denotes the binding site to the remainder of formulae I or II, and wherein

R⁴¹, R⁴², R⁴³ and R⁵¹ are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, NO₂, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, wherein the 3 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents R^x, or wherein R⁴¹, R⁴², R⁴³ and R⁵¹ are further selected from OR^a, SR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)R^d, S(O)₂R^d, NR^eR^f, C(Y)NR^gR^h, hetaryl, heterocyclyl, C₃-C₁₀-

30

cycloalkyl, C₅-C₁₀-cycloalkenyl and phenyl, wherein the five last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from the radicals R^y and R^x, and wherein

- 5 R⁵², R⁵³ are selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, NO₂, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, wherein the 3 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents R^x,
 or wherein R⁵², R⁵³ are further selected from OR^a, SR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c,
 10 S(O)R^d, S(O)₂R^d, NR^eR^f, C(Y)NR^gR^h, hetaryl, heterocyclyl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₁₀-cycloalkenyl and phenyl, wherein the five last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from the radicals R^y and R^x, and wherein
- 15 R⁶¹, R⁶², R⁶³ are selected from hydrogen, CN, NO₂, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents R^x,
 or wherein R⁶¹, R⁶², R⁶³ are further selected from OR^a, SR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c,
 20 S(O)R^d, S(O)₂R^d, NR^eR^f, C(Y)NR^gR^h, S(O)_mNR^eR^f, C(Y)NRⁱNR^eR^f,
 C₁-C₅-alkylen-OR^a, C₁-C₅-alkylen-CN, C₁-C₅-alkylen-C(Y)R^b,
 C₁-C₅-alkylen-C(Y)OR^c, C₁-C₅-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₅-alkylen-C(Y)NR^gR^h,
 C₁-C₅-alkylen-S(O)_mR^d, C₁-C₅-alkylen-S(O)_mNR^eR^f, C₁-C₅-alkylen-NRⁱNR^eR^f,
 25 heterocyclyl, hetaryl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₁₀-cycloalkenyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₅-alkyl, hetaryl-C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl-C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₅-C₁₀-cycloalkenyl-C₁-C₅-alkyl, phenyl-C₁-C₅-alkyl and phenyl, wherein the rings of the ten last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents R^y;
- 30 m is 0, 1 or 2;
- T is C(R^l) or N;
- U is C(R^u) or N;
- 35 V is C(R^v) or N;
- W is C(R^w) or N;
- 40 with the proviso that at least one of the groups T, U, V and W is N;

- R^t , R^u , R^v and R^w are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₃-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₃-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₃-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃-haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl or C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl;
- X^1 is S, O or NR^{1a} , wherein R^{1a} is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₁₀-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₁₀-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, OR^a , heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;
- X^2 is OR^{2a} , $NR^{2b}R^{2c}$, $S(O)_mR^{2d}$, wherein
- R^{2a} is selected from C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, and wherein
- R^{2b} , R^{2c} are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, phenyl, phenylcarbonyl, phenylsulfonyl, hetaryl, hetarylcarbonyl, hetarylsulfonyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the twelve last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, or
- R^{2b} and R^{2c} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form a 5- or 6-membered, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may carry a further heteroatom being selected from O, S and N as a ring member atom and wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents

which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, and wherein

5 R^{2d} is selected from C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

15 R¹ is hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₃-C₁₀-haloalkynyl, C₁-C₅-alkylen-CN, OR^a, C₁-C₅-alkylen-OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₅-alkylen-C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, C₁-C₅-alkylen-C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, NR^eR^f, C₁-C₅-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C(Y)NR^gR^h, C₁-C₅-alkylen-C(Y)NR^gR^h, S(O)_mNR^eR^f, C(Y)NRⁱNR^eR^f, C₁-C₅-alkylen-S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₅-alkylen-S(O)_mNR^eR^f, C₁-C₅-alkylen-C(Y)NRⁱNR^eR^f, phenyl, heterocyclyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl-C₁-C₅-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₅-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₅-alkyl wherein the rings of the seven last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from the radicals R^y and R^x;

25 Y is O or S;

30 R^a, R^b, R^c are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

35 R^d is selected from C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

- R^e , R^f are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-sulfonyl, phenyl, phenylcarbonyl, phenylsulfonyl, hetaryl, hetarylcarbonyl, hetarylsulfonyl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the twelve last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy; or
- R^e and R^f together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form a 5- or 6-membered, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may carry a further heteroatom being selected from O, S and N as a ring member atom and wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;
- R^g , R^h are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;
- R^i is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl and phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl wherein the phenyl ring in the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;
- R^x are independently of each other selected from cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, S(O)_mR^d, S(O)_mNR^eR^f, C₁-C₁₀-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxycarbonyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, 5- to 7-membered heterocyclyl, 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, phenyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkoxy, 3- to 6-membered heterocycloxy and phenoxy, wherein the last 7 mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals

R^y; and wherein

- 5 R^y is selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, S(O)_mR^d, S(O)_mNR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylcarbonyl, C₄-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxycarbonyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl.

- 10 In the compounds according to the present invention at least one of the groups T, U, V and W is N, i.e. the heterocycle comprising the groups T, U, V and W in the compounds of formulae I and II is selected from pyrazine-2-yl, pyridazine-3-yl, pyridazin-4-yl, pyrimidine-5-yl, 1,2,3-triazine-4-yl, 1,2,3-triazine-5-yl, 1,2,4-triazine-3-yl, 1,2,4-triazine-5-yl, 1,2,4-triazine-6-yl, 1,2,4,5-tetrazine-3-yl and 1,2,3,5-tetrazin-4-yl.

- 15 A further aspect of the present invention relates to a method for controlling invertebrate pests which method comprises treating the pests, their food supply, their habitat or their breeding ground or a plant, seed, soil, area, material or environment in which the pests are growing or may grow, or the materials, plants, seeds, soils, surfaces or spaces to be protected from pest attack or infestation with a pesticidally effective
20 amount of a pyrazole compound of formulae I or II according to the present invention or a salt or an N-oxide thereof.

- A further aspect of the present invention relates to a method for protecting plant propagation material and/or the plants which grow therefrom, which method comprises treating
25 the plant propagation material with a pesticidally effective amount of a compound of the formulae I or II according to the present invention or an agriculturally acceptable salt or an N-oxide thereof.

- A further aspect of the present invention relates to plant propagation material, comprising
30 at least one compound of formulae I or II according to the present invention and/or an agriculturally acceptable salt or an N-oxide thereof.

- A further aspect of the present invention relates to a method for treating or protecting
35 an animal from infestation or infection by parasites which comprises bringing the animal in contact with a parasitically effective amount of a compound of the formulae I or II according to the present invention or a veterinarily acceptable salt or an N-oxide thereof. Bringing the animal in contact with the compound I or II, its salt or the veterinarily composition of the invention means applying or administering it to the animal.

- 40 A further aspect of the present invention relates to an agricultural composition containing at least one compound of formulae I or II according to the present invention and/or

an agriculturally acceptable salt or an N-oxide thereof and at least one liquid or solid carrier.

Detailed Description of the Invention

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The radicals attached to the backbone of the compounds of formulae I or II may contain one or more centers of chirality. In this case the compounds of the formulae I or II are present in the form of different enantiomers or diastereomers, depending on the substituents. Compounds of formula II additionally exist as cis- or trans-isomers with respect to the N=C axis. The present invention relates to every possible stereoisomer of the compounds of formulae I or II, i.e. to single enantiomers or diastereomers, as well as to mixtures thereof.

The compounds of formulae I or II may be amorphous or may exist in one or more different crystalline states (polymorphs) which may have different macroscopic properties such as stability or show different biological properties such as activities. The present invention relates to amorphous and crystalline compounds of formulae I or II, mixtures of different crystalline states of the respective compound I or II, as well as amorphous or crystalline salts thereof.

20

Salts of the compounds of the formulae I or II are preferably agriculturally and veterinarily acceptable salts. They can be formed in a customary manner, e.g. by reacting the compound with an acid of the anion in question if the compound of formulae I or II has a basic functionality.

25

Agriculturally useful salts of the compounds of formulae I and II encompass especially the acid addition salts of those acids whose cations and anions, respectively, have no adverse effect on the pesticidal action of the compounds of formulae I or II.

Anions of useful acid addition salts are primarily chloride, bromide, fluoride, hydrogen-sulfate, sulfate, dihydrogenphosphate, hydrogenphosphate, phosphate, nitrate, bicarbonate, carbonate, hexafluorosilicate, hexafluorophosphate, benzoate, and the anions of C₁-C₄-alkanoic acids, preferably formate, acetate, propionate and butyrate. They can be formed by reacting compounds of formulae I and II with an acid of the corresponding anion, preferably of hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid or nitric acid.

35

Veterinarily acceptable salts of the compounds of formulae I and II encompass especially the acid addition salts which are known and accepted in the art for the formation of salts for veterinary use. Suitable acid addition salts, e.g. formed by compounds of formulae I or II containing a basic nitrogen atom, e.g. an amino group, include salts with inorganic acids, for example hydrochlorids, sulphates, phosphates, and nitrates

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and salts of organic acids for example acetic acid, maleic acid, e.g. the monoacid salts or diacid salts of maleic acid, dimaleic acid, fumaric acid, e.g. the monoacid salts or diacid salts of fumaric acid, difumaric acid, methane sulfenic acid, methane sulfonic acid, and succinic acid.

5

The term "N-oxide" includes any compound of formulae I or II which has at least one tertiary nitrogen atom that is oxidized to an N-oxide moiety.

10 The term "invertebrate pest" as used herein encompasses animal populations, such as insects, arachnids and nematodes. These pests may attack plants thereby causing substantial damage to the plants attacked. The term "animal pest" as used herein also encompasses ectoparasites which may infest animals, in particular warm blooded animals such as e.g. mammals or birds, or other higher animals such as reptiles, amphibians or fish, thereby causing substantial damage to the animals infested.

15

The term "plant propagation material" as used herein includes all the generative parts of the plant such as seeds and vegetative plant material such as cuttings and tubers (e.g. potatoes), which can be used for the multiplication of the plant. This includes seeds, roots, fruits, tubers, bulbs, rhizomes, shoots, sprouts and other parts of plants. Seedlings and young plants, which are to be transplanted after germination or after emergence from soil, may also be included. These plant propagation materials may be treated prophylactically with a plant protection compound either at or before planting or transplanting.

20

25 The term "plants" comprises any types of plants including "non-cultivated plants" and in particular "cultivated plants".

The term "non-cultivated plants" refers to any wild type species or related species or related genera of a cultivated plant.

30

The term "cultivated plants" as used herein includes plants which have been modified by breeding, mutagenesis or genetic engineering. Genetically modified plants are plants, which genetic material has been so modified by the use of recombinant DNA techniques that under natural circumstances cannot readily be obtained by cross breeding, mutations or natural recombination. Typically, one or more genes have been integrated into the genetic material of a genetically modified plant in order to improve certain properties of the plant. Such genetic modifications also include but are not limited to targeted post-translational modification of protein(s) (oligo- or polypeptides), for example by glycosylation or polymer additions such as prenylated, acetylated or farnesylated moieties or PEG moieties (e.g. as disclosed in Biotechnol Prog. 2001 Jul-Aug;17(4):720-8., Protein Eng. Des. Sel. 2004 Jan;17(1):57-66, Nat. Protoc. 2007;2(5):1225-35., Curr. Opin. Chem. Biol. 2006 Oct;10(5):487-91. Epub 2006 Aug

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28., Biomaterials. 2001 Mar; 22(5):405-17, Bioconjug. Chem. 2005 Jan-Feb;16(1):113-21).

The term "cultivated plants" as used herein further includes plants that have been rendered tolerant to applications of specific classes of herbicides, such as hydroxy-phenylpyruvate dioxygenase (HPPD) inhibitors; acetolactate synthase (ALS) inhibitors, such as sulfonyl ureas (see e. g. US 6,222,100, WO 01/82685, WO 00/26390, WO 97/41218, WO 98/02526, WO 98/02527, WO 04/106529, WO 05/20673, WO 03/14357, WO 03/13225, WO 03/14356, WO 04/16073) or imidazolinones (see e. g. US 6,222,100, WO 01/82685, WO 00/26390, WO 97/41218, WO 98/02526, WO 98/02527, WO 04/106529, WO 05/20673, WO 03/14357, WO 03/13225, WO 03/14356, WO 04/16073); enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase (EPSPS) inhibitors, such as glyphosate (see e. g. WO 92/00377); glutamine synthetase (GS) inhibitors, such as glufosinate (see e. g. EP-A-0242236, EP-A-242246) or oxynil herbicides (see e. g. US 5,559,024) as a result of conventional methods of breeding or genetic engineering. Several cultivated plants have been rendered tolerant to herbicides by conventional methods of breeding (mutagenesis), for example Clearfield® summer rape (Canola) being tolerant to imidazolinones, e. g. imazamox. Genetic engineering methods have been used to render cultivated plants, such as soybean, cotton, corn, beets and rape, tolerant to herbicides, such as glyphosate and glufosinate, some of which are commercially available under the trade names RoundupReady® (glyphosate) and LibertyLink® (glufosinate).

The term "cultivated plants" as used herein further includes plants that are by the use of recombinant DNA techniques capable to synthesize one or more insecticidal proteins, especially those known from the bacterial genus bacillus, particularly from bacillus thuringiensis, such as endotoxins, e. g. CryIA(b), CryIA(c), CryIF, CryIF(a2), CryIIA(b), CryIIIA, CryIIIB(b1) or Cry9c; vegetative insecticidal proteins (VIP), e. g. VIP1, VIP2, VIP3 or VIP3A; insecticidal proteins of bacteria colonizing nematodes, for example Photorhabdus spp. or Xenorhabdus spp.; toxins produced by animals, such as scorpion toxins, arachnid toxins, wasp toxins, or other insect-specific neurotoxins; toxins produced by fungi, such Streptomyces toxins, plant lectins, such as pea or barley lectins; agglutinins; proteinase inhibitors, such as trypsin inhibitors, serine protease inhibitors, patatin, cystatin or papain inhibitors; ribosome-inactivating proteins (RIP), such as ricin, maize-RIP, abrin, luffin, saporin or bryodin; steroid metabolism enzymes, such as 3-hydroxysteroid oxidase, ecdysteroid-IDP-glycosyl-transferase, cholesterol oxidases, ecdysone inhibitors or HMG-CoA-reductase; ion channel blockers, such as blockers of sodium or calcium channels; juvenile hormone esterase; diuretic hormone receptors (helicokinin receptors); stilben synthase, bibenzyl synthase, chitinases or glucanases. In the context of the present invention these insecticidal proteins or toxins are to be understood expressly also as pre-toxins, hybrid proteins, truncated or otherwise modified proteins. Hybrid proteins are characterized by a new combination of pro-

tein domains, (see, for example WO 02/015701). Further examples of such toxins or genetically-modified plants capable of synthesizing such toxins are disclosed, for example, in EP-A 374 753, WO 93/007278, WO 95/34656, EP-A 427 529, EP-A 451 878, WO 03/018810 und WO 03/052073. The methods for producing such genetically modified plants are generally known to the person skilled in the art and are described, for example, in the publications mentioned above. These insecticidal proteins contained in the genetically modified plants impart to the plants producing these proteins protection from harmful pests from certain taxonomic groups of arthropods insects, particularly to beetles (Coleoptera), flies (Diptera), and butterflies and moths (Lepidoptera) and to plant parasitic nematodes (Nematoda).

The term "cultivated plants" as used herein further includes plants that are by the use of recombinant DNA techniques capable to synthesize one or more proteins to increase the resistance or tolerance of those plants to bacterial, viral or fungal pathogens. Examples of such proteins are the so-called "pathogenesis-related proteins" (PR proteins, see, for example EP-A 0 392 225), plant disease resistance genes (for example potato cultivars, which express resistance genes acting against *Phytophthora infestans* derived from the mexican wild potato *Solanum bulbocastanum*) or T4-lysozym (e. g. potato cultivars capable of synthesizing these proteins with increased resistance against bacteria such as *Erwinia amylovora*). The methods for producing such genetically modified plants are generally known to the person skilled in the art and are described, for example, in the publications mentioned above.

The term "cultivated plants" as used herein further includes plants that are by the use of recombinant DNA techniques capable to synthesize one or more proteins to increase the productivity (e. g. bio mass production, grain yield, starch content, oil content or protein content), tolerance to drought, salinity or other growth-limiting environmental factors or tolerance to pests and fungal, bacterial or viral pathogens of those plants.

The term "cultivated plants" as used herein further includes plants that contain by the use of recombinant DNA techniques a modified amount of substances of content or new substances of content, specifically to improve human or animal nutrition, for example oil crops that produce health-promoting long-chain omega-3 fatty acids or unsaturated omega-9 fatty acids (e. g. Nexera® rape).

The term "cultivated plants" as used herein further includes plants that contain by the use of recombinant DNA techniques a modified amount of substances of content or new substances of content, specifically to improve raw material production, for example potatoes that produce increased amounts of amylopectin (e. g. Amflora® potato).

The organic moieties mentioned in the above definitions of the variables are - like the

term halogen - collective terms for individual listings of the individual group members. The prefix C_n-C_m indicates in each case the possible number of carbon atoms in the group.

- 5 The term halogen denotes in each case fluorine, bromine, chlorine or iodine, in particular fluorine, chlorine or bromine.

The term "alkyl" as used herein and in the alkyl moieties of alkoxy, alkylcarbonyl, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl and alkoxyalkyl denotes in each case a straight-chain or
10 branched alkyl group having usually from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, frequently from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms and in particular from 1 to 3 carbon atoms. Examples of an alkyl group are methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, 2-butyl, iso-butyl, tert-butyl, n-pentyl, 1-methylbutyl, 2-methylbutyl, 3-methylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 1-ethylpropyl, n-hexyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 1,2-dimethylpropyl,
15 1-methylpentyl, 2-methylpentyl, 3-methylpentyl, 4-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2,3-dimethylbutyl, 3,3-dimethylbutyl, 1-ethylbutyl, 2-ethylbutyl, 1,1,2-trimethylpropyl, 1,2,2-trimethylpropyl, 1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl, 1-ethyl-2-methylpropyl, n-heptyl, 1-methylhexyl, 2-methylhexyl, 3-methylhexyl, 4-methylhexyl, 5-methylhexyl, 1-ethylpentyl, 2-ethylpentyl, 3-ethylpentyl,
20 1-propylpentyl, n-octyl, 1-methyloctyl, 2-methylheptyl, 1-ethylhexyl, 2-ethylhexyl, 1,2-dimethylhexyl, 1-propylpentyl and 2-propylpentyl.

The term "alkylene" (or alkanediyl) as used herein in each case denotes an alkyl radical as defined above, wherein one hydrogen atom at any position of the carbon backbone is replaced by one further binding site, thus forming a bivalent moiety.
25

The term "haloalkyl" as used herein and in the haloalkyl moieties of haloalkoxy, haloalkylthio, haloalkylcarbonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl and haloalkylsulfinyl, denotes in each case a straight-chain or branched alkyl group having usually from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, frequently from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, wherein the hydrogen atoms of this group are partially or totally replaced with halogen atoms. Preferred haloalkyl moieties are selected from C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, more preferably from C₁-C₂-haloalkyl, in particular from C₁-C₂-fluoroalkyl such as fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 1-fluoroethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, and the like.
30

35 The term "alkoxy" as used herein denotes in each case a straight-chain or branched alkyl group which is bound via an oxygen atom and has usually from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, frequently from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms. Examples of an alkoxy group are methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, iso-propoxy, n-butyloxy, 2-butyloxy, iso-butyloxy, tert.-butyloxy, and the like.
40

The term "haloalkoxy" as used herein denotes in each case a straight-chain or

branched alkoxy group having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, frequently from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 3 carbon atoms, wherein the hydrogen atoms of this group are partially or totally replaced with halogen atoms, in particular fluorine atoms. Preferred haloalkoxy moieties include C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, in particular C₁-C₂-fluoroalkoxy, such as

5 fluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, 1-fluoroethoxy, 2-fluoroethoxy, 2,2-difluoroethoxy, 2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy, 2-chloro-2-fluoroethoxy, 2-chloro-2,2-difluoroethoxy, 2,2-dichloro-2-fluoroethoxy, 2,2,2-trichloroethoxy, pentafluoroethoxy and the like.

The term "cycloalkyl" as used herein and in the cycloalkyl moieties of cycloalkoxy and cycloalkylmethyl denotes in each case a mono- or bicyclic cycloaliphatic radical having

10 usually from 3 to 10 carbon atoms or 3 to 6 carbon atoms, such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclooctyl, bicyclo[2.1.1]hexyl, bicyclo[3.1.1]heptyl, bicyclo[2.2.1]heptyl, and bicyclo[2.2.2]octyl.

15 The term "halocycloalkyl" as used herein and in the halocycloalkyl moieties of halocycloalkylmethyl denotes in each case a mono- or bicyclic cycloaliphatic radical having usually from 3 to 10 carbon atoms or 3 to 6 carbon atoms, wherein at least one, e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the hydrogen atoms are replaced by halogen, in particular by fluorine or chlorine. Examples are 1- and 2- fluorocyclopropyl, 1,2-, 2,2- and

20 2,3-difluorocyclopropyl, 1,2,2-trifluorocyclopropyl, 2,2,3,3-tetrafluorocyclopropyl, 1- and 2-chlorocyclopropyl, 1,2-, 2,2- and 2,3-dichlorocyclopropyl, 1,2,2-trichlorocyclopropyl, 2,2,3,3-tetrachlorocyclopropyl, 1-,2- and 3-fluorocyclopentyl, 1,2-, 2,2-, 2,3-, 3,3-, 3,4-, 2,5-difluorocyclopentyl, 1-,2- and 3-chlorocyclopentyl, 1,2-, 2,2-, 2,3-, 3,3-, 3,4-, 2,5-dichlorocyclopentyl and the like.

25 The term "alkenyl" as used herein denotes in each case a singly unsaturated hydrocarbon radical having usually 2 to 10, preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms, e.g. vinyl, allyl (2-propen-1-yl), 1-propen-1-yl, 2-propen-2-yl, methallyl (2-methylprop-2-en-1-yl), 2-buten-1-yl, 3-buten-1-yl, 2-penten-1-yl, 3-penten-1-yl, 4-penten-1-yl, 1-methylbut-2-

30 en-1-yl, 2-ethylprop-2-en-1-yl and the like.

The term "alkynyl" as used herein denotes in each case a singly unsaturated hydrocarbon radical having usually 2 to 10, preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms, e.g. ethynyl, propargyl (2-propyn-1-yl), 1-propyn-1-yl, 1-methylprop-2-yn-1-yl, 2-butyne-1-yl, 3-butyne-

35 1-yl, 1-pentyne-1-yl, 3-pentyne-1-yl, 4-pentyne-1-yl, 1-methylbut-2-yn-1-yl, 1-ethylprop-2-yn-1-yl and the like.

The term "alkoxyalkyl" as used herein refers to alkyl usually comprising 1 to 4 carbon atoms, wherein 1 carbon atom carries an alkoxy radical usually comprising 1 to 10, in

40 particular 1 to 4, carbon atoms as defined above. Examples are CH₂OCH₃, CH₂-OC₂H₅, n-propoxymethyl, CH₂-OCH(CH₃)₂, n-butoxymethyl, (1-methylpropoxy)-methyl, (2-methylpropoxy)methyl, CH₂-OC(CH₃)₃, 2-(methoxy)ethyl, 2-(ethoxy)ethyl,

2-(n-propoxy)-ethyl, 2-(1-methylethoxy)-ethyl, 2-(n-butoxy)ethyl, 2-(1-methylpropoxy)-ethyl, 2-(2-methylpropoxy)-ethyl, 2-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)-ethyl, 2-(methoxy)-propyl, 2-(ethoxy)-propyl, 2-(n-propoxy)-propyl, 2-(1-methylethoxy)-propyl, 2-(n-butoxy)-propyl, 2-(1-methylpropoxy)-propyl, 2-(2-methylpropoxy)-propyl, 2-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)-propyl, 5 3-(methoxy)-propyl, 3-(ethoxy)-propyl, 3-(n-propoxy)-propyl, 3-(1-methylethoxy)-propyl, 3-(n-butoxy)-propyl, 3-(1-methylpropoxy)-propyl, 3-(2-methylpropoxy)-propyl, 3-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)-propyl, 2-(methoxy)-butyl, 2-(ethoxy)-butyl, 2-(n-propoxy)-butyl, 2-(1-methylethoxy)-butyl, 2-(n-butoxy)-butyl, 2-(1-methylpropoxy)-butyl, 2-(2-methylpropoxy)-butyl, 2-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)-butyl, 3-(methoxy)-butyl, 3-(ethoxy)-butyl, 10 3-(n-propoxy)-butyl, 3-(1-methylethoxy)-butyl, 3-(n-butoxy)-butyl, 3-(1-methylpropoxy)-butyl, 3-(2-methylpropoxy)-butyl, 3-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)-butyl, 4-(methoxy)-butyl, 4-(ethoxy)-butyl, 4-(n-propoxy)-butyl, 4-(1-methylethoxy)-butyl, 4-(n-butoxy)-butyl, 4-(1-methylpropoxy)-butyl, 4-(2-methylpropoxy)-butyl, 4-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)-butyl and the like.

15

The term "alkylcarbonyl" (alkyl-C(=O)-), as used herein refers to a straight-chain or branched saturated alkyl group as define above comprising 1 to 10 carbon atoms (= C₁-C₁₀-alkylcarbonyl), preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms (= C₁-C₄-alkylcarbonyl) attached through the carbon atom of the carbonnyl group at any position in the alkyl 20 group.

The term "haloalkylcarbonyl" as used herein refers to an alkylcarbonyl group as defined above wherein the hydrogen atoms are partially or fully substituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine.

25

The term "alkylthio" (also alkylsulfanyl or alkyl-S-) as used herein refers to a straight-chain or branched saturated alkyl group comprising 1 to 10 carbon atoms (= C₁-C₁₀-alkylthio), preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms (= C₁-C₄-alkylthio) as defined above, which is attached via a sulfur atom at any position in the alkyl group.

30

The term "haloalkylthio" as used herein refers to an alkylthio group as defined above wherein the hydrogen atoms are partially or fully substituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine.

35

The term "alkylsulfinyl" (also alkylsulfoxyl or alkyl-S(=O)-), as used herein refers to a straight-chain or branched saturated alkyl group as define above comprising 1 to 10 carbon atoms (= C₁-C₁₀-alkylsulfinyl), preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms (= C₁-C₄-alkylsulfinyl) attached through the sulfur atom of the sulfinyl group at any position in the alkyl group.

40

The term "haloalkylsulfinyl" as used herein refers to an alkylsulfinyl group as defined above wherein the hydrogen atoms are partially or fully substituted by fluorine, chlorine,

bromine and/or iodine.

The term "alkylsulfonyl" (also alkyl-S(=O)₂-) as used herein refers to a straight-chain or branched saturated alkyl group comprising 1 to 10 carbon atoms

- 5 (= C₁-C₁₀-alkylsulfonyl), preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms (= C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl), as defined above, which is attached via the sulfur atom of the sulfonyl group at any position in the alkyl group.

- 10 The term "haloalkylsulfonyl" as used herein refers to an alkylsulfonyl group as defined above wherein the hydrogen atoms are partially or fully substituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine.

- 15 The term "heterocyclyl" includes in general 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7- or 8- membered, in particular 5-, 6-, 7- or 8-membered monocyclic heterocyclic non-aromatic radicals and 8 to 10 membered bicyclic heterocyclic non-aromatic radicals, the mono- and bicyclic non-aromatic radicals may be saturated or unsaturated. The mono- and bicyclic heterocyclic non-aromatic radicals usually comprise 1, 2, 3 or 4 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S as ring members, where S-atoms as ring members may be present as S, SO or SO₂.

- 20 The term "heteraryl" includes in general 5- or 6-membered unsaturated monocyclic heterocyclic radicals and 8 to 10 membered unsaturated bicyclic heterocyclic radicals which are aromatic, i.e. they comply with Hückel's rule (4n+2 rule). Hetaryl usually comprise 1, 2, 3 or 4 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S as ring members.

- 25 The term "hetaryl" includes monocyclic 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic radicals comprising as ring members 1, 2, 3 or 4 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S. Examples of 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic radicals include pyridyl, i.e. 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, i.e. 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, i.e. 3- or 4-pyridazinyl, thienyl, i.e. 2- or 3-thienyl, furyl, i.e. 2- or 3-furyl, pyrrolyl, i.e. 2- or 3-pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, i.e. 2-, 3- or 5-oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, i.e. 3-, 4- or 5-isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, i.e. 2-, 3- or 5-thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, i.e. 3-, 4- or 5-isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, i.e. 1-, 3-, 4- or 5-pyrazolyl, i.e. 1-, 2-, 4- or 5-imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, e.g. 2- or 5-[1,3,4]oxadiazolyl, 4- or 5-(1,2,3-oxadiazol)yl, 3- or 5-(1,2,4-oxadiazol)yl, 2- or 35 5-(1,3,4-thiadiazol)yl, thiadiazolyl, e.g. 2- or 5-(1,3,4-thiadiazol)yl, 4- or 5-(1,2,3-thiadiazol)yl, 3- or 5-(1,2,4-thiadiazol)yl, triazolyl, e.g. 1H-, 2H- or 3H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl, 2H-triazol-3-yl, 1H-, 2H-, or 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl and tetrazolyl, i.e. 1H- or 2H-tetrazolyl.

- 40 The term "hetaryl" also includes bicyclic 8- to 10-membered heteroaromatic radicals comprising as ring members 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, wherein a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring is fused to a phenyl ring or to a 5- or

- 6-membered heteroaromatic radical. Examples of a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring fused to a phenyl ring or to a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic radical include benzofuranyl, benzothienyl, indolyl, indazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxathiazolyl, benzoxadiazolyl, benzothiadiazolyl, benzoxazinyl, chinolyl, isochinolyl, purinyl,
- 5 1,8-naphthyridyl, pteridyl, pyrido[3,2-d]pyrimidyl or pyridoimidazolyl and the like. These fused hetaryl radicals may be bonded to the remainder of the molecule via any ring atom of 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring or via a carbon atom of the fused phenyl moiety.
- 10 Examples of saturated or unsaturated 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7- or 8--membered heterocyclic radicals comprise saturated or unsaturated, non-aromatic heterocyclic rings, such as oxiranyl, oxetanyl, thietanyl, thietanyl-S-oxid (S-oxothietanyl), thietanyl-S-dioxid (S-dioxothiethanyl), pyrrolidinyl, pyrazolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrrolinyl, pyrazolinyl, imidazolyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, dihydrofuranyl, 1,3-dioxolanyl, dioxolenyl, thiolanyl,
- 15 S-oxothiolanyl, S-dioxothiolanyl, dihydrothienyl, S-oxodihydrothienyl, S-dioxodihydrothienyl, oxazolidinyl, isoxazolidinyl, oxazolinyl, isoxazolinyl, thiazolinyl, isothiazolinyl, thiazolidinyl, isothiazolidinyl, oxathiolanyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyranyl, dihydropyranyl, tetrahydropyranyl, 1,3- and 1,4-dioxanyl, thiopyranyl, S-oxothiopyranyl, S-dioxothiopyranyl, dihydrothiopyranyl, S-oxodihydrothiopyranyl,
- 20 S-dioxodihydrothiopyranyl, tetrahydrothiopyranyl, S-oxotetrahydrothiopyranyl, S-dioxotetrahydrothiopyranyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, S-oxothiomorpholinyl, S-dioxothiomorpholinyl, thiazinyl and the like. Examples for heterocyclic ring also comprising 1 or 2 carbonyl groups as ring members comprise pyrrolidin-2-only, pyrrolidin-2,5-dionyl, imidazolidin-2-only, oxazolidin-2-only, thiazolidin-2-only and the like.
- 25 The terms "phenylalkyl" and "phenoxyalkyl" refers to phenyl or phenoxy, respectively, which are bound via an alkyl group, in particular a methyl group (= hetarylmethyl), to the remainder of the molecule, examples including benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl, 2-phenoxyethyl and the like.
- 30 The terms "heterocyclalkyl" and "hetarylalkyl" refers to heterocycl or hetaryl, respectively, as defined above which are bound via an alkylene group, in particular a methylene group (= heterocyclmethyl or hetarylmethyl, respectively) or an 1,1-ethandiyl or 1,2-ethandiyl group (= 1-heterocyclylethyl, 2-heterocyclylethyl, 1-hetarylethyl or
- 35 2-hetarylethyl, respectively), to the remainder of the molecule.
- The remarks made below as to preferred embodiments of the variables of the compounds of formulae I or II are valid on their own as well as - preferably - in combination with each other. The remarks made below concerning preferred embodiments of the
- 40 variables further are valid concerning the compounds of formulae I or II as well as concerning the uses and methods according to the invention and the composition according to the present invention.

A particular embodiment of the invention relates to the pyrazole compounds of the formulae I and II, to their salts and to their N-oxides, wherein T, U, V and W are as defined above, wherein X¹, X² and R¹ have the following meanings:

- 5
- X¹ is S, O or NR^{1a}, wherein R^{1a} is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₁₀-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₁₀-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, OR^a, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring in the four last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;
- 10
- 15 X² is OR^{2a}, NR^{2b}R^{2c}, S(O)_mR^{2d}, wherein m is 0, 1 or 2, wherein
- R^{2a} is selected from C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-
- 20 C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring in the four last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, and wherein
- 25 R^{2b}, R^{2c} are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, phenyl, phenylcarbonyl, phenylsulfonyl, hetaryl, hetarylcarbonyl, hetarylsulfonyl, phenyl-
- 30 C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring in the eight last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, or
- 35 R^{2b} and R^{2c} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form a 5- or 6-membered, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may carry a further heteroatom being selected from O, S and N as a ring member atom and wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro,
- 40 C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, and wherein

5 R^{2d} is selected from C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring in the four last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

10 R^1 is hydrogen, CN, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_1 - C_{10} -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_{10} -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_{10} -halocycloalkyl, C_3 - C_{10} -cycloalkylmethyl, C_3 - C_{10} -halocycloalkylmethyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkynyl, C_3 - C_{10} -haloalkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen-CN, OR^a , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- OR^a , $C(Y)R^b$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- $C(Y)R^b$, $C(Y)OR^c$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- $C(Y)OR^c$, $S(O)_2R^d$, NR^eR^f , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , $C(Y)NR^gR^h$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- $C(Y)NR^gR^h$, $S(O)_mNR^eR^f$, $C(Y)NR^iNR^eR^f$, phenyl, 15 hetaryl, phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl wherein the aromatic ring of the four last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents R^x and wherein m is 0, 1 or 2;

wherein

20

Y is O or S;

25 R^a , R^b , R^c are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylmethyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring in the four last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

30

R^d is selected from C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylmethyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring in the four last mentioned radicals 35 may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

40 R^e , R^f are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylmethyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl,

C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, phenyl, phenylcarbonyl, phenylsulfonyl, hetaryl, hetaryl-carbonyl, hetarylsulfonyl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring in the eight last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy; or

R^e and R^f together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form a 5- or 6-membered, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may carry a further heteroatom being selected from O, S and N as a ring member atom and wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

R^g, R^h are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the aromatic ring in the four last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

Rⁱ is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl and phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl wherein the phenyl ring in the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

and wherein A is a pyrazole radical of formulae A1, A2 or A3 as defined above wherein the variables R¹, R⁴¹, R⁴², R⁴³, R⁵¹, R⁵², R⁵³, R⁶¹, R⁶² and R⁶³ are as defined below:

R⁴¹, R⁴², R⁴³ and R⁵¹ are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, NO₂, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, wherein the 3 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents R^x, or wherein R⁴¹, R⁴², R⁴³ and R⁵¹ are further selected from OR^a, SR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, NR^eR^f, hetaryl, heterocyclyl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₁₀-cycloalkenyl and phenyl, wherein the five last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents R^x, and wherein

R^{52} , R^{53} are selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, NO_2 , C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl and C_2 - C_{10} -alkynyl, wherein the 3 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents R^x ,

- 5 or wherein R^{52} , R^{53} are further selected from OR^a , SR^a , $C(Y)R^b$, $C(Y)OR^c$, $S(O)_2R^d$, NR^eR^f , hetaryl, heterocyclyl, C_3 - C_{10} -cycloalkyl, C_5 - C_{10} -cycloalkenyl and phenyl, wherein the five last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents R^x , and wherein
- 10 R^{61} , R^{62} , R^{63} are selected from hydrogen, CN, NO_2 , C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl and C_2 - C_{10} -alkynyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents R^x , or wherein R^{61} , R^{62} , R^{63} are further selected from OR^a , SR^a , $C(Y)R^b$, $C(Y)OR^c$, $S(O)_2R^d$, NR^eR^f , $C(Y)NR^gR^h$, $S(O)_mNR^eR^f$, $C(Y)NR^iNR^eR^f$, heterocyclyl, hetaryl, C_3 - C_{10} -cycloalkyl,
- 15 C_5 - C_{10} -cycloalkenyl and phenyl, wherein the five last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents R^y and where m is 0, 1 or 2;

where R^a , R^b , R^c , R^d , R^e , R^f , R^g , R^h and R^i are as defined above in connection with R^1
 20 and wherein:

- R^x are independently of each other selected from cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl,
- 25 C_1 - C_{10} -alkylcarbonyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, 5- to 7-membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkoxy, 3- to 6-membered heterocyclyloxy and phenoxy, wherein the last 6 mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^y ; and wherein
- 30 R^y is selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylcarbonyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl and
- 35 C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl.

A first preferred embodiment of the invention relates to the pyrazole compounds of the formula I, to their salts and to their N-oxides.

- 40 Among the compounds of the formula I, preference is given to those compounds, wherein X^1 is oxygen. These compounds are hereinafter also referred to as compounds of formula I'.

Among the compounds of the formula I, preference is further given to those compounds, wherein R¹ is hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylene-OR^a, in particular C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c or S(O)₂R^d.

Among the compounds of the formula I, likewise preference is further given to those compounds, wherein R¹ is selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, C₁-C₄-alkylene-OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₄-alkylene-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(Y)NR^gR^h, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x and R^y, which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.

In a particular preferred embodiment or the invention, R¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl. Amongst the compounds of this particular preferred embodiment, preference is given to compounds, wherein R¹ is hydrogen or C₁-C₃-alkyl. Amongst the compounds of this particular preferred embodiment, likewise preference is given to compounds, wherein R¹ is C₁-C₃-haloalkyl or C₁-C₂-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl.

In another particular preferred embodiment or the invention, R¹ is selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₄-alkylene-NR^eR^f, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, in particular benzyl, 1-phenylethyl or 2-phenylethyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, in particular heterocyclylmethyl, 1-heterocyclylethyl or 2-heterocyclylethyl, and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, in particular hetarylmethyl, 1-hetarylethyl or 2-hetarylethyl, wherein the last twelve mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2 or 3 radicals R^x, which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.

Examples of preferred radicals R¹ include:

- C₁-C₄-alkyl, such as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, tert.-butyl or 2-methylpropyl;
- C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, such as 2-fluoroethyl, 2-chloroethyl, 2-bromoethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2-dichloroethyl, 2,2-dibromoethyl or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl;
- C₃-C₄-alkenyl such as 2-propenyl;
- C₃-C₄-haloalkenyl such as 3,3-dichloro-2-propenyl or 3,3-dibromo-2-propenyl;
- C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN such as cyanomethyl or cyanoethyl;
- C₁-C₄-alkylene-OR^a such as methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl 2-methoxyethyl or 2-ethoxyethyl;
- C₁-C₄-alkylene-NR^eR^f such as 2-(dimethylamino)ethyl;

- C₁-C₄-alkylen-C(Y)NR^gR^h such as N,N-dimethylcarbamoylmethyl or N,N-dimethylthiocarbamoylmethyl
 - C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl or cyclopentyl;
 - C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, in particular C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, 1-C₃-C₆-cycloalkylethyl or 2-C₃-C₆-cycloalkylethyl such as cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl or cyclopentylmethyl;
 - phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, in particular benzyl, 1-phenylethyl or 2-phenylethyl, wherein the phenyl radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2 or 3 radicals R^x as defined above, e.g. benzyl;
 - heterocycl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, in particular heterocyclmethyl, 1-heterocycylethyl or 2-heterocycylethyl, wherein the heterocycl radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2 or 3 radicals R^x as defined above, e.g. oxetan-2-ylmethyl, oxetan-3-ylmethyl, thietan-3-ylmethyl, 3,3-dioxathietan-3-ylmethyl, oxolan-2-ylmethyl, oxolan-3-ylmethyl, oxazolin-2-ylmethyl, thiazolin-2-ylmethyl, 1H-imidazolin-2-ylmethyl, 1-methyl-1H-imidazolin-2-ylmethyl or 5,5-dimethyltetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl; and
 - hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, in particular hetarylmethyl, 1-hetarylethyl or 2-hetarylethyl, wherein the hetarcl radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2 or 3 radicals R^x as defined above, e.g. 2-furylmethyl, 3-furylmethyl, 5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl, 2-thienylmethyl, 3-thienylmethyl, isothiazol-3-ylmethyl, isothiazol-4-ylmethyl, isothiazol-5-ylmethyl, isoxazol-3-ylmethyl, isoxazol-4-ylmethyl, isoxazol-5-ylmethyl, oxazol-2-ylmethyl, oxazol-4-ylmethyl, oxazol-5-ylmethyl, thiazol-2-ylmethyl, thiazol-4-ylmethyl, thiazol-5-ylmethyl, 1H-pyrazol-3-ylmethyl, 1H-pyrazol-4-ylmethyl, 2H-pyrazol-3-ylmethyl, 1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-ylmethyl, 1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-ylmethyl, 1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-ylmethyl, 2-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-ylmethyl, 1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl, 1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl, 1H-imidazol-5-ylmethyl, 1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl, 1-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl, 1-methyl-1H-imidazol-5-ylmethyl, 2-pyridylmethyl or 3-pyridylmethyl.
- Another embodiment of the invention relates to pyrazole compounds of the formula II, to the salts and N-oxides thereof and to the methods and uses of such compounds. In the compounds of the formula II, preference is given to those compounds, wherein X² in formula II is OR^{2a} or SR^{2a}. In these compounds R^{2a} is preferably C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl or C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₁₀-alkyl.
- Another embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of the formula II, wherein X² is NR^{2b}R^{2c}. In these compounds R^{2b} and R^{2c} are preferably selected, independently of each other, from C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl or C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₁₀-alkyl or R^{2b} and R^{2c}, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form a saturated, nitrogen-bound 5- or 6-membered heterocycle which may comprise a further heteroatom selected from O, S and N, e.g. NR^{2b}R^{2c} being 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-piperidinyl, 1-piperazinyl, 4-morpholinyl or 4-thiomorpholinyl.

Among the compounds of formulae I and II preference is given to those compounds, wherein U is N or C(R^u), wherein R^u is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₃-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl.

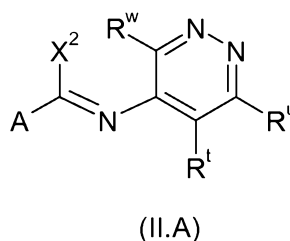
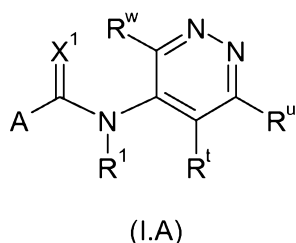
Among the compounds of formulae I and II preference is further given to those compounds, wherein 1 or 2 of the groups T, U, V or W are N and the remaining groups are C(R^t), C(R^u), C(R^v) or C(R^w). Examples of such compounds are compounds of formulae I or II, wherein the heterocycle comprising the groups T, U, V and W is selected from pyrazine-2-yl, pyridazine-3-yl, pyridazin-4-yl, pyrimidine-5-yl, 1,2,3-triazine-4-yl, 1,2,3-triazine-5-yl, 1,2,4-triazine-3-yl, 1,2,4-triazine-5-yl and 1,2,4-triazine-6-yl,

Among the compounds of formulae I and II preference is further given to those compounds, wherein W is a group C(R^w). Examples of such compounds are compounds of formulae I or II, wherein the heterocycle comprising the groups T, U, V and W is selected from pyrazine-2-yl, pyridazin-4-yl and pyrimidine-5-yl.

Among the compounds of formulae I and II preference is further given to those compounds, wherein one of the groups T, U, V or W is N and the remaining groups are C(R^t), C(R^u), C(R^v) or C(R^w). Examples of such compounds are compounds of formulae I or II, wherein the heterocycle comprising the groups T, U, V and W is selected from pyrazine-2-yl, pyridazine-3-yl, pyridazin-4-yl and pyrimidine-5-yl.

Among the compounds of formulae I and II preference is further given to those compounds, wherein V is N. Examples of such compounds are compounds of formulae I or II, wherein the heterocycle comprising the groups T, U, V and W is pyridazin-4-yl.

Among the compounds of formulae I and II preference is further given to those compounds selected from 4-pyridazine substituted compounds of formulae I.A or II.A



wherein A, X¹, X², R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w independently from each are as defined herein.

Among the compounds of formulae I and II preference is further given to those compounds, wherein W is CR^w with R^w being hydrogen, i.e. W is CH.

Among the compounds of formulae I and II preference is further given to those compounds, wherein R^t , R^u and R^v , if present, are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy or trifluoromethoxy. More preferably at least two of the radicals R^t , R^u , R^v or R^w , if present, are hydrogen, i.e. at least two of the groups T, U, V and W are CH and the remaining groups are selected independently of each other from N and C(R^t), C(R^u), C(R^v) or C(R^w), respectively.

One particular embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formulae I or II, wherein T and W are independently of each other selected from N and CH. Most particularly R^t , R^u , R^v and R^w , if present, are hydrogen, i.e. the groups T, U, V and W are independently of each other selected from N and CH.

Another preferred embodiment relates to compounds of formulae I and II, wherein R^t and R^u , if present, are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy or trifluoromethoxy.

Another preferred embodiment of the invention relates to pyrazole compounds the formulae I and II, to the salts and N-oxides thereof and to the methods and uses of such compounds, wherein A is a radical A1. Among the compounds, wherein A is A1, preference is given to compounds of the formula I, wherein X^1 , R^1 , R^t , R^u , R^v and R^w are as defined above and in particular have one of the preferred meanings.

Among the compounds of formulae I and II, wherein A is A1, preference is given to those compounds, wherein R^{41} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, wherein the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R^{41} is further selected from C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_5 - C_6 -hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl.

Preferably R^{41} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy. More preferably R^{41} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl and C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, in particular from hydrogen, methyl, difluoromethyl and trifluoromethyl. In particular R^{41} is hydrogen.

Among the compounds of formulae I and II, wherein A is A1, preference is further given to those compounds, wherein R^{51} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl and C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, wherein the 2 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents
 5 selected from C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R^{51} is further selected from C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_5 - C_6 -hetaryl and phenyl, wherein
 10 the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl.

Preferably, R^{51} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, $C(O)NR^gR^h$, benzyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl and benzyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy. In particular, R^{51} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be
 20 unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy. More preferably R^{51} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl and C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl. In a particular preferred embodiment R^{51} is hydrogen. In a likewise preferred embodiment R^{51} is selected from halogen, CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, in particular from chlorine, bromine, iodine, methyl ethyl, isopropyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 1-fluoroethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 1,1-difluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, chlorofluoromethyl, chlorodifluoromethyl, methoxyxymethyl, ethoxymethyl and cyclopropyl. In another likewise preferred embodiment R^{51} is a radical $C(O)NR^gR^h$, wherein R^g and R^h are as defined herein, and wherein R^g is preferably hydrogen or methyl and R^h is preferably hydrogen, alkyl or benzyl. In a further likewise preferred embodiment R^{51} is a radical SR^a or $S(O)_qR^d$, wherein q is 1 or 2 and wherein R^a and R^d are as defined herein, and wherein R^a and R^d are preferably C_1 - C_4 -alkyl or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl.

35 Preferably, the radical R^{41} is hydrogen, if R^{51} is different from hydrogen. Preferably, the radical R^{51} is hydrogen, if R^{41} is different from hydrogen. Likewise preferred are the compounds of the present invention, wherein R^{41} and R^{51} are both hydrogen.

Among the compounds of formulae I and II, wherein A is A1, preference is further given to those compounds, wherein n R^{61} is selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl and C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, wherein the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents
 40

selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or
 5 wherein R⁶¹ is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, NO₂, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.

10 Preferably R⁶¹ is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy and C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, in particular from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy.

Likewise preferably, R⁶¹ is selected from 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, in particular from pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, tetrazolyl and 1,2,4-triazolyl, wherein hetaryl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy and phenyl.

25 In a particular preferred embodiment R⁶¹ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl or C₁-C₄-haloalkyl. In this particular preferred embodiment R⁶¹ is especially selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl and 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, with particular preference given to methyl and 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl.

30 In another particular preferred embodiment R⁶¹ is selected from 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, in particular from pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, tetrazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl and 1,2,4-triazolyl, wherein hetaryl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, and phenyl. In this particular preferred embodiment R⁶¹ is e.g. selected from: 5-chloro-2-pyridyl, 3-chloro-5-trifluoro-methylpyridine-2-yl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, 2-thiazolyl, 4,5-dimethyl-thiazol-2-yl, 4-thiazolyl, 5-thiazolyl, 4-trifluoromethyl-thiazol-2-yl, 4-methylthiazol-2-yl, 4-phenylthiazol-2-yl, 5-1,2,4-triazolyl, 3-methyl-triazol-5-yl, 4-nitro-1-pyrazolyl-methyl, 2-imidazolyl, 4-imidazolyl, 5-imidazolyl, 2-oxazolyl, 4-oxazolyl, 5-oxazolyl, 3-isoxazolyl, 4-isoxazolyl, 5-isoxazolyl, 3-

methylisoxazol-5-yl, 5-methylisoxazol-3-yl, 3-pyrazolyl, [1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl, 5-tetrazolyl, 6-chloro-2-pyridyl, 5-nitro-2-pyridyl, 3-nitro-2-pyridyl, 6-methyl-5-nitro-2-pyridyl, pyrazin-2-yl, pyrimidin-2-yl, thiophen-3-yl, 1-methyl-[1,2,3]-triazol-4-yl, 1-phenyl-[1,2,3]-triazol-4-yl, 4-methyl-5-isopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-methyl-5-cyclopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-methyl-5-trifluoromethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4,5-dimethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-methyl-5-ethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-isopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-cyclopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-ethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-phenyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 5-methyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl, 5-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl, 5-phenyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl, 5-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl, 5-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl and 5-phenyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl.

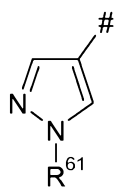
In a further particular preferred embodiment R^{61} is phenyl, which is unsubstituted or which carries 1, 2 or 3 radicals selected from halogen, NO_2 , C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy. In this particular preferred embodiment R^{61} is e.g. selected from phenyl, 2-nitrophenyl, 3-nitrophenyl, 4-nitrophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 2,4-dichlorophenyl, 3,5-dichlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 2,4,6-trichlorophenyl, 2,3,4-trichlorophenyl, 2,4-difluorophenyl, 2,6-difluorophenyl, 4-chloro-2-fluorophenyl, 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 2-methoxyphenyl, 3-methoxyphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 4-difluoromethoxyphenyl, 4-(trifluoromethylthio)phenyl, 4-(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 4-methylphenyl, 4-(isopropyl)phenyl, 4-(heptafluoroisopropyl)phenyl, 2,6-dichloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl and 4-trifluoromethylphenyl.

In a further particular preferred embodiment R^{61} is C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_2 - C_4 -alkyl, in particular 2-methoxyethyl or 2-ethoxyethyl. In a further particular preferred embodiment R^{61} is C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, in vinyl or 2-propenyl.

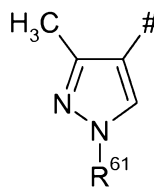
Preferably one or both of the radicals R^{41} and R^{51} are hydrogen, while R^{61} is different from hydrogen.

Examples of suitable radicals A1 are the radicals of formulae A1.a, A1.b, A1.c, A1.d, A1.e, A1.f, A1.g, A1.h, A1.i, A1.k, A1.l, A1.m, A1.n, A1.o, A1.p, A1.q, A1.r, A1.s, A1.t, A1.u, A1.v, A1.w, A1.x, A1.y and A1.z, wherein R^{61} is as defined herein, and wherein R^{61} is e.g. a radical as defined in one line of table A1 (radicals A1.a1 - A1.a111 to A1.z1 - A1.z111):

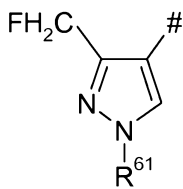
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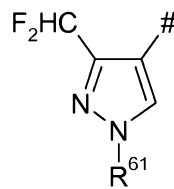
A1.a



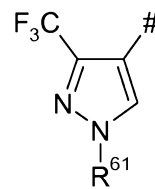
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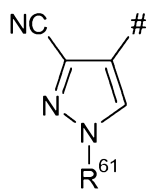
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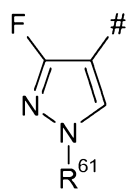
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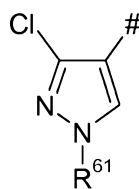
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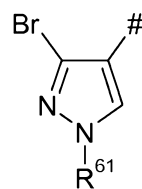
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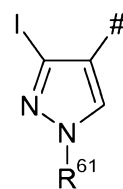
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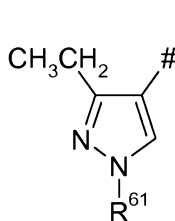
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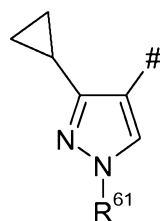
A1.i



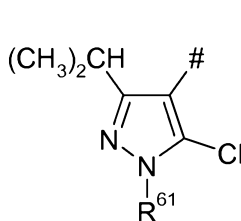
A1.k



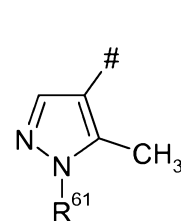
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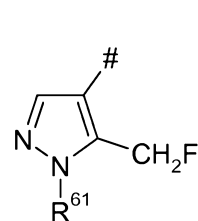
A1.m



A1.n

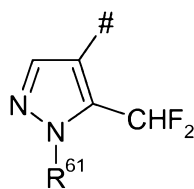


A1.o

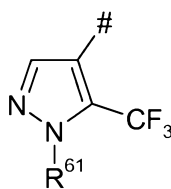


A1.p

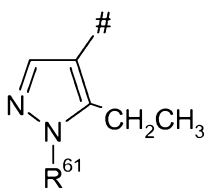
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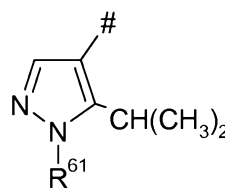
A1.q



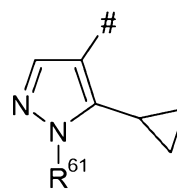
A1.r



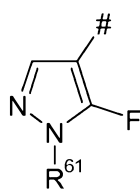
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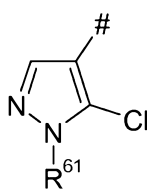
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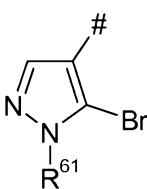
A1.u



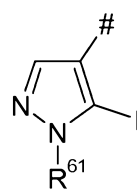
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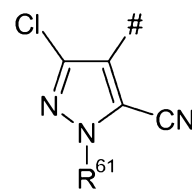
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A1.x



A1.y



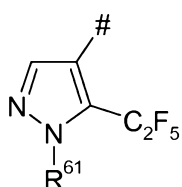
A1.z

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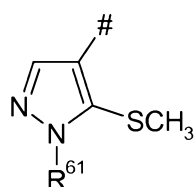
Further examples of suitable radicals A1 are the radicals of formulae A1.aa, A1.bb, A1.cc, A1.dd, A1.ee, A1.ff, A1.gg, A1.hh, A1.ii, A1.kk, A1.mm, A1.nn, A1.oo, A1.pp, A1.qq, A1.rr, A1.ss and A1.tt, wherein R⁶¹ is as defined herein, and wherein R⁶¹ is e.g. a radical as defined in one line of table A1 (radicals A1.aa1 - A1.aa111 to A1.tt1 - A1.tt111):

15

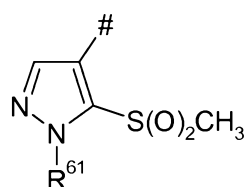
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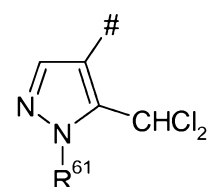
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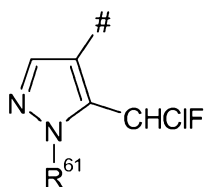
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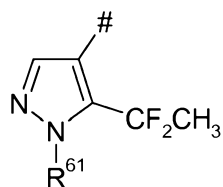
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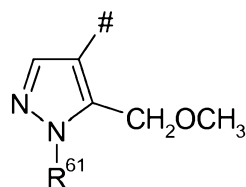
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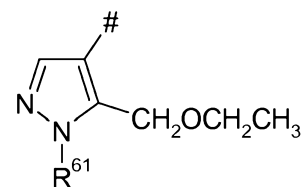
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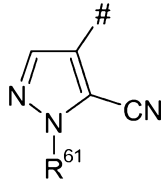
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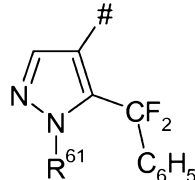
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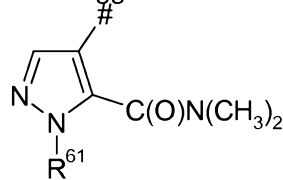
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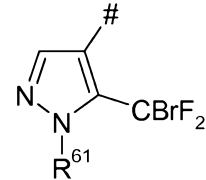
A1.ii



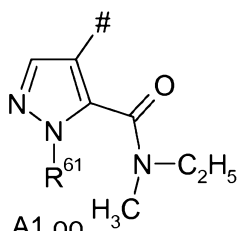
A1.kk



A1.mm

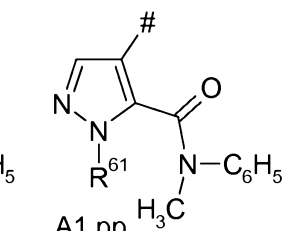


A1.nn

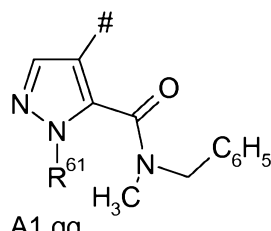


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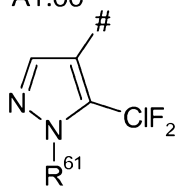
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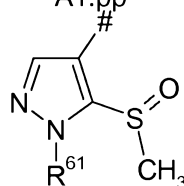
A1.pp



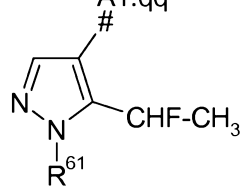
A1.qq



A1.rr



A1.ss



A1.tt

Particular preference is given to the radicals of the formulae A1.a, A1.b, A1.c, A1.d, A1.e, A1.f, A1.o, A1.q, A1.r, A1.s, A1.t, A1.u, A1.v, A1.w, A1.x and A1.y. Particular preference is also given to the radicals of the formulae A1.aa, A1.bb, A1.cc, A1.dd, A1.ee, A1.gg, A1.hh, A1.ii, A1.rr, A1.ss and A1.tt.

Table A.

line	Radical R ⁶¹ /R ⁵² /R ⁵³ /R ⁶³
1	H
2	CH ₃
3	CH ₂ CH ₃
4	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
5	CH(CH ₃) ₂

line	Radical R ⁶¹ /R ⁵² /R ⁵³ /R ⁶³
6	CH ₂ CF ₃
7	C(CH ₃) ₃
8	C ₆ H ₅
9	4-Cl-C ₆ H ₄
10	4-F-C ₆ H ₄

line	Radical R ⁶¹ /R ⁵² /R ⁵³ /R ⁶³
11	2,4-Cl ₂ -C ₆ H ₃
12	4-(CH ₃ O)-C ₆ H ₄
13	2-pyridyl
14	5-chloro-2-pyridyl
15	CH ₂ -C ₆ H ₅
16	4-(OCF ₃)-C ₆ H ₄
17	4-(SCF ₃)-C ₆ H ₄
18	4-(OCHF ₂)-C ₆ H ₄
19	4-(CF(CF ₃) ₂)-C ₆ H ₄
20	4-(SO ₂ CH ₃)-C ₆ H ₄
21	2,6-Cl-4-CF ₃ -C ₆ H ₂
22	3-chloro-5-trifluoro-methylpyridine-2-yl
23	3-pyridyl
24	4-pyridyl
25	2-thiazolyl
26	4,5-dimethyl-thiazol-2-yl
27	4-thiazolyl
28	5-thiazolyl
29	4-trifluormethyl-thiazol-2-yl
30	4-methylthiazol-2-yl
31	4-phenylthiazol-2-yl
32	5-triazolyl
33	3-methyl-triazol-5-yl
34	4-chlorobenzyl
35	4-nitro-1-pyrazolyl-methyl
36	2-imidazolyl
37	4-imidazolyl
38	5-imidazolyl
39	2-oxazolyl
40	4-oxazolyl
41	5-oxazolyl
42	3-isoxazolyl
43	4-isoxazolyl
44	5-isoxazolyl
45	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl
46	5-methylisoxazol-3-yl
47	3-pyrazolyl
48	[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl

line	Radical R ⁶¹ /R ⁵² /R ⁵³ /R ⁶³
49	5-tetrazolyl
50	4-NO ₂ -C ₆ H ₄
51	4-CF ₃ -C ₆ H ₄
52	2,4-F ₂ -C ₆ H ₃
53	3,5-Cl ₂ -C ₆ H ₃
54	3,4-Cl ₂ -C ₆ H ₃
55	4-C(CH ₃) ₃ -C ₆ H ₄
56	3-Cl-C ₆ H ₄
57	3-F-C ₆ H ₄
58	2-F-C ₆ H ₄
59	2-CF ₃ -C ₆ H ₄
60	2-CH ₃ O-C ₆ H ₄
61	3-CH ₃ O-C ₆ H ₄
62	3-Cl-4-F-C ₆ H ₃
63	3-NO ₂ -C ₆ H ₄
64	2-CH ₃ -C ₆ H ₄
65	3-CH ₃ -C ₆ H ₄
66	4-CH ₃ -C ₆ H ₄
67	2-phenyl-C ₆ H ₄
68	3-phenyl-C ₆ H ₄
69	2-F-4-Cl-C ₆ H ₃
70	2,4,6-Cl ₃ -C ₆ H ₂
71	2,3,4-Cl ₃ -C ₆ H ₂
72	2,6-F ₂ -C ₆ H ₃
73	CH ₂ F
74	CHF ₂
75	CF ₃
76	CH ₂ CHF ₂
77	CH ₂ Cl
78	CHCl ₂
79	CCl ₃
80	CH ₂ CHCl ₂
81	CH ₂ CCl ₃
82	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
83	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
84	2-NO ₂ -C ₆ H ₄
85	6-chloro-2-pyridyl
86	5-nitro-2-pyridyl
87	3-nitro-2-pyridyl

line	Radical R ⁶¹ /R ⁵² /R ⁵³ /R ⁶³
88	6-methyl-5-nitro-2-pyridyl
89	pyrazin-2-yl
90	pyrimidin-2-yl
91	thiophen-3-yl
92	4-methyl-5-isopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl
93	4-methyl-5-cyclopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl
94	4-methyl-5-trifluoromethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl
95	4,5-dimethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl
96	4-methyl-5-ethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl
97	4-isopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl
98	4-cyclopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl
99	4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl
100	4-ethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-

line	Radical R ⁶¹ /R ⁵² /R ⁵³ /R ⁶³
	yl
101	4-phenyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl
102	5-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl
103	vinyl
104	2-propenyl
105	5-phenyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl
106	5-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl
107	5-phenyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl
108	5-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl
109	5-methyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl
110	1-methyl-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl
111	1-phenyl-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl

A further embodiment of the invention relates to pyrazole compounds of formulae I and II, to the salts and N-oxides thereof and to the methods and uses of such compounds, wherein A is a radical A₂. Among the compounds of formulae I and II, wherein A is a radical A₂, preference is given to compounds of the formulae I or II, wherein X¹, R¹, R¹, R^u, R^v and R^w are as defined above and in particular have one of the preferred meanings.

Among the compounds of formulae I and II, wherein A is A₂, preference is given to those compounds, wherein R⁴² is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, wherein the 2 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁴² is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5

identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.

Among the compounds of formulae I and II, wherein A is A₂, preference is given to those compounds, wherein R⁴² is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₃-alkyl and C₂-C₃-alkenyl, wherein the 2 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₃-alkoxy, C₁-C₃-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-heteroaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₃-alkyl, C₁-C₃-haloalkyl, C₁-C₃-alkoxy, C₁-C₃-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₃-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₃-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁴² is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C₁-C₃-alkyl, C₁-C₃-haloalkyl, C₁-C₃-alkoxy, C₁-C₃-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₃-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₃-haloalkylsulfonyl. More preferably R⁴² is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₃-alkyl, C₁-C₃-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₃-alkyl, C₁-C₃-haloalkyl, C₁-C₃-alkoxy and C₁-C₃-haloalkoxy; in particular R⁴² is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₃-alkyl, C₁-C₃-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl and C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl.

Preferably R⁴² is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy. More preferably R⁴² is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl and C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl. In particular R⁴² is hydrogen.

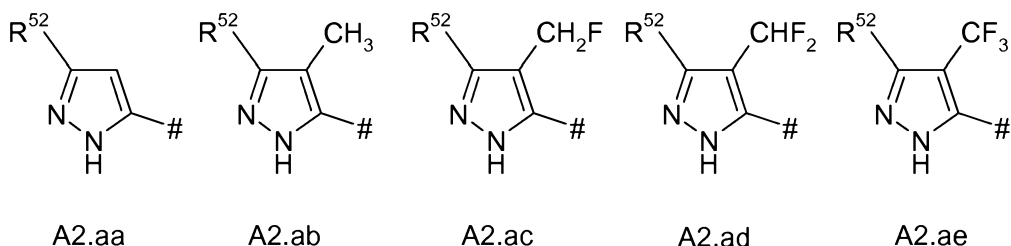
Among the compounds of formulae I and II, wherein A is A₂, preference is further given to those compounds, wherein R⁵² is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, wherein the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁵² is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.

- Preferably R^{52} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy. More preferably R^{52} is hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl or C₁-C₄-haloalkyl. In particular R^{52} is hydrogen.

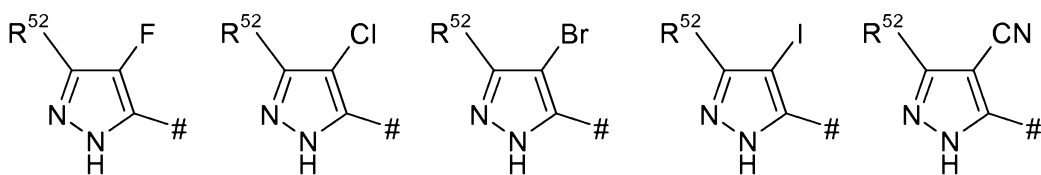
- Among the compounds of formulae I and II, wherein A is A2, preference is further given to those compounds, wherein R^{62} is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, wherein the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R^{62} is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, NO₂, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.

- Preferably R^{62} is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₂-C₄-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy. More preferably R^{62} is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₂-C₄-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl and C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl. In particular R^{62} is hydrogen.

- Examples of suitable radicals A2 are the radicals of formulae A2.aa, A2.ab, A2.ac, A2.ad, A2.ae, A2.af, A2.ag, A2.ah, A2.ai, A2.ak, A2.al, A2.am, A2.an and A2.ao, wherein R^{62} is hydrogen and R^{52} is a radical as defined in one line of table A (radicals A2.aa1 - A2.aa111 to A2.ao1 - A2.ao111):



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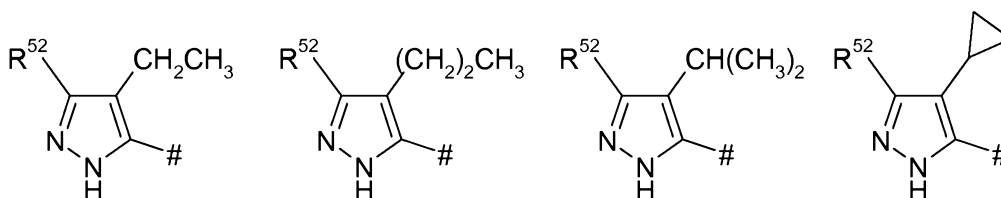
A2.af

A2.ag

A2.ah

A2.ai

A2.ak



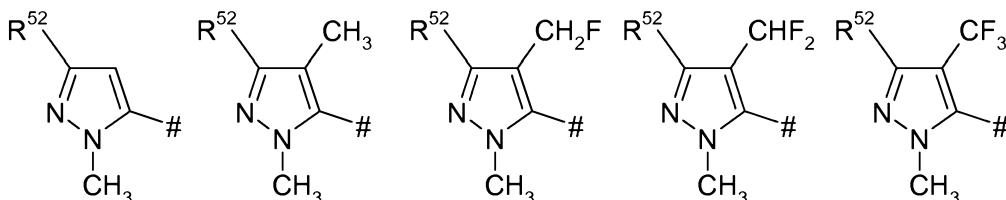
A2.al

A2.am

A2.an

A2.ao

- 5 Further examples of suitable radicals A2 are the radicals of formulae A2.ba, A2.bb, A2.bc, A2.bd, A2.be, A2.bf, A2.bg, A2.bh, A2.bi, A2.bk, A2.bl, A2.bm, A2.bn and A2.bo, wherein R^{62} is CH_3 and R^{52} is as defined in one line of table A (radicals A2.ba1 - A2.ba111 to A2.bo1 - A2.bo111):



A2.ba

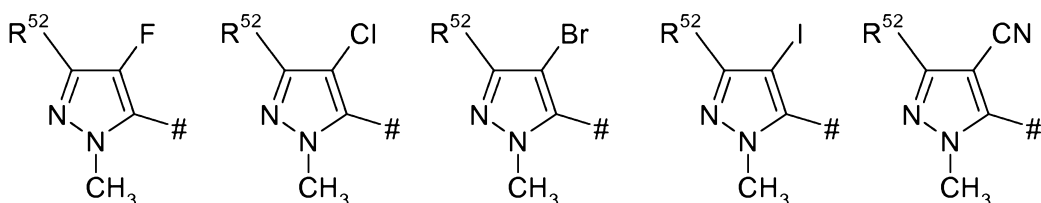
A2.bb

A2.bc

A2.bd

A2.be

10



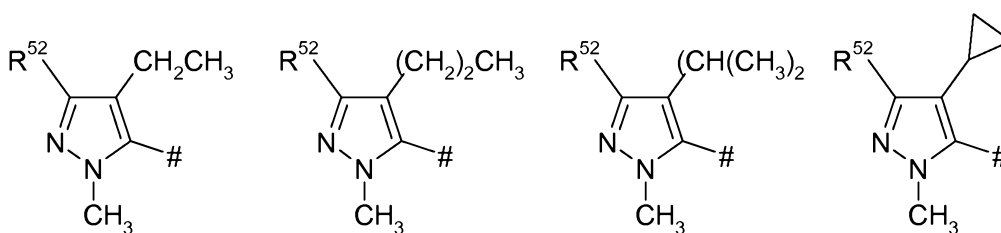
A2.bf

A2.bg

A2.bh

A2.bi

A2.bk



A2.bl

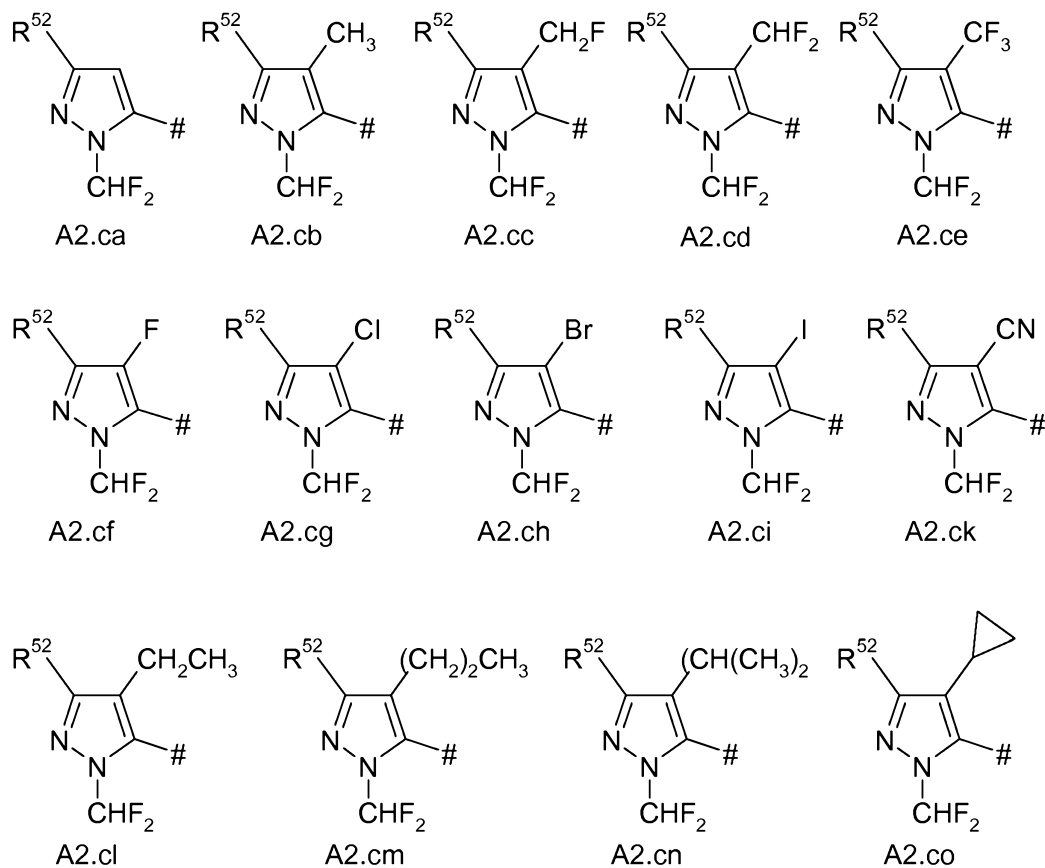
A2.bm

A2.bn

A2.bo

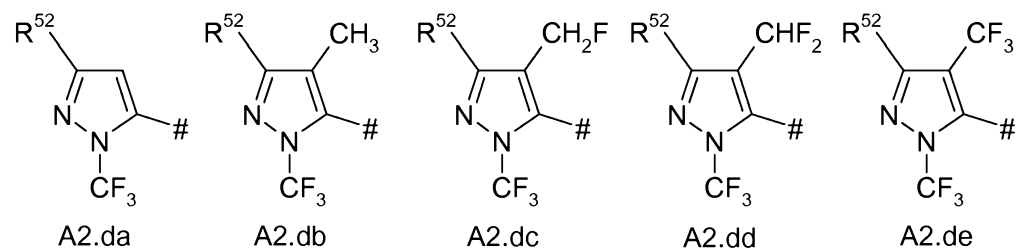
Further examples of suitable radicals A2 are the radicals of formulae A2.ca, A2.cb, A2.cc, A2.cd, A2.ce, A2.cf, A2.cg, A2.ch, A2.ci, A2.ck, A2.cl, A2.cm, A2.cn and A2.co, wherein R^{62} is CHF_2 and R^{52} is as defined in one line of table A (radicals A2.ca1 -

5 A2.ca111 to A2.co1 - A2.co111):

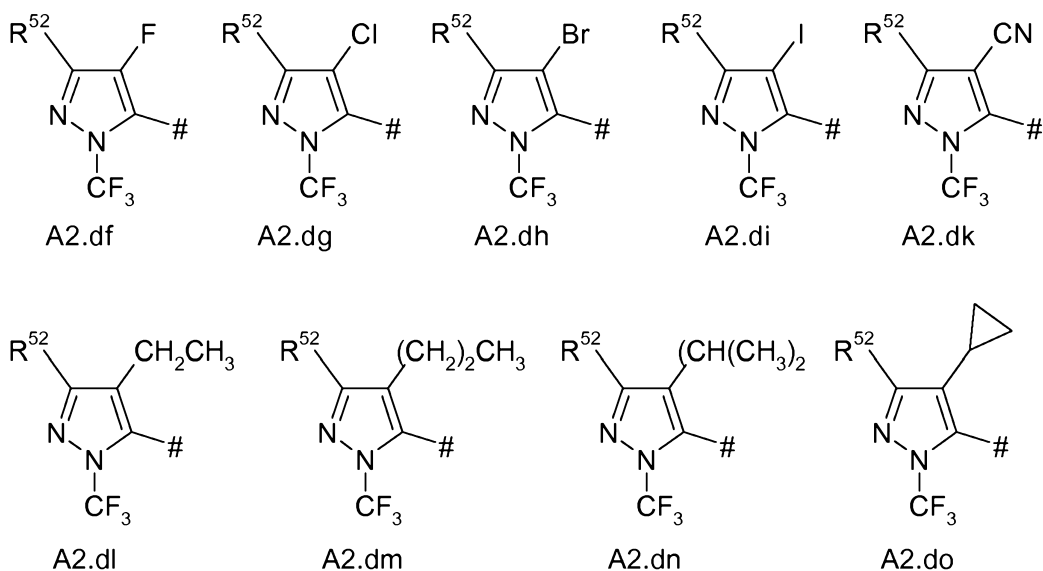


Further examples of suitable radicals A2 are the radicals of formulae A2.da, A2.db, A2.dc, A2.dd, A2.de, A2.df, A2.dg, A2.dh, A2.di, A2.dk, A2.dl, A2.dm, A2.dn and A2.do, wherein R^{62} is CF_3 and R^{52} is as defined in one line of table A (radicals A2.da1 -

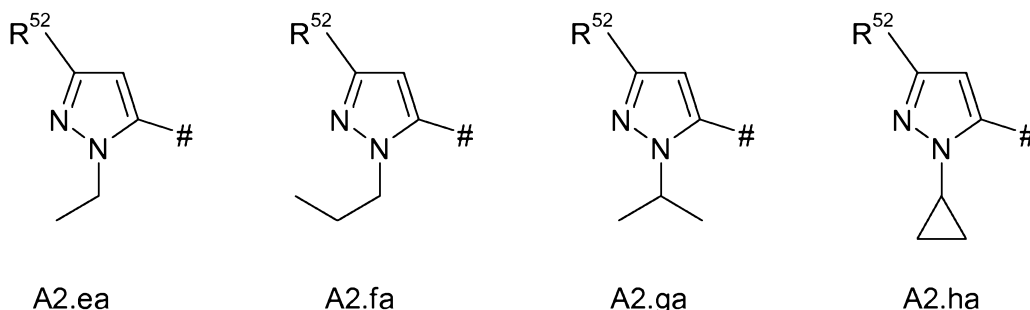
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- 5 Further examples of suitable radicals A2 are the radicals of formulae A2.ea, A2.fa, A2.ga, A2.ha, wherein R^{52} is as defined in one line of table A (radicals A2.ea1 - A2.ea111, A2.fa1 - A2.fa111, A2.ga1 - A2.ga111, and A2.ha1 - A2.ha111):



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A further embodiment of the invention relates to pyrazole compounds of formulae I and II, to the salts and N-oxides thereof and to the methods and uses of such compounds, wherein A is a radical A3. Among the compounds of the formulae I and II, wherein A is a radical A3, preference is given to compounds of the formulae I or II, wherein X^1 , R^1 , R^t , R^u , R^v and R^w are as defined above and in particular have one of the preferred meanings.

20

Among the compounds of formulae I and II, wherein A is A3, preference is given to those compounds, wherein R^{43} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, wherein the 2 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl,

- C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁴³ is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl,
- 5 C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.

- Preferably R⁴³ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy. More preferably R⁴³ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl and C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl. In particular R⁴³ is hydrogen.
- 10

- 15 Among the compounds of formulae I and II, wherein A is A3, preference is further given to those compounds, wherein n R⁵³ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, wherein the 2 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁵³ is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.
- 20
- 25

- Preferably R⁵³ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy. More preferably R⁵³ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl and C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl. In particular R⁵³ is hydrogen.
- 30

- 35 Among the compounds of formulae I and II, wherein A is A3, preference is further given to those compounds, wherein R⁶³ is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, wherein the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl,
- 40

C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁶³ is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, NO₂, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.

Preferably R⁶³ is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy and C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, in particular from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy.

Likewise preferably, R⁶³ is selected from 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, in particular from pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, tetrazolyl and 1,2,4-triazolyl, wherein hetaryl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy and phenyl.

In a particular preferred embodiment R⁶³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl or C₁-C₄-haloalkyl. In this particular preferred embodiment R⁶³ is especially selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl and 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, with particular preference given to methyl and 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl.

In another particular preferred embodiment R⁶³ is C₅-C₆-hetaryl or phenyl, wherein C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, NO₂, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.

In another particular preferred embodiment R⁶³ is selected from 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, in particular from pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, tetrazolyl and 1,2,4-triazolyl, wherein hetaryl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, and phenyl. In this particular preferred embodiment R⁶³ is e.g. selected from:

- 5-chloro-2-pyridyl, 3-chloro-5-trifluoro-methylpyridine-2-yl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, 2-thiazolyl, 4,5-dimethyl-thiazol-2-yl, 4-thiazolyl, 5-thiazolyl, 4-trifluormethyl-thiazol-2-yl, 4-methylthiazol-2-yl, 4-phenylthiazol-2-yl, 5-1,2,4-triazolyl, 3-methyl-triazol-5-yl, 4-nitro-1-pyrazolyl-methyl, 2-imidazolyl, 4-imidazolyl, 5-imidazolyl, 2-oxazolyl, 4-oxazolyl, 5-oxazolyl, 3-isoxazolyl, 4-isoxazolyl, 5-isoxazolyl, 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl, 5-methylisoxazol-3-yl, 3-pyrazolyl, [1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl, 5-tetrazolyl, 6-chloro-2-pyridyl, 5-nitro-2-pyridyl, 3-nitro-2-pyridyl, 6-methyl-5-nitro-2-pyridyl, pyrazin-2-yl, pyrimidin-2-yl, thiophen-3-yl, 4-methyl-5-isopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-methyl-5-cyclopropyl-4H-

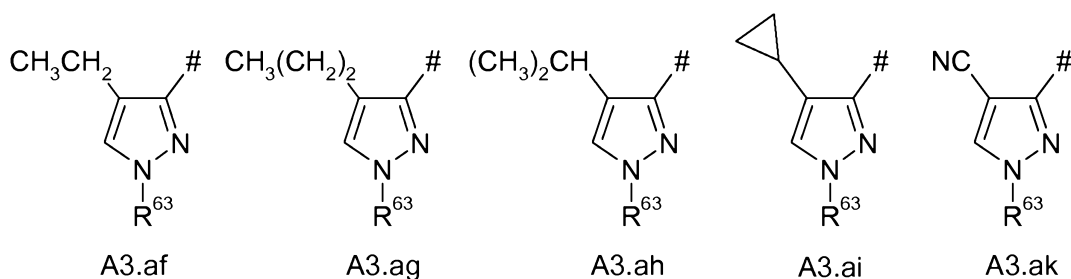
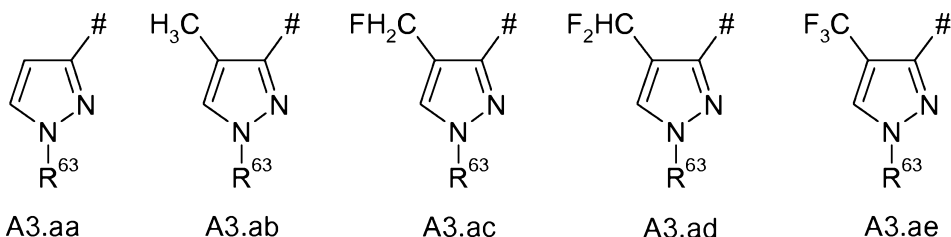
[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-methyl-5-trifluoromethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4,5-dimethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-methyl-5-ethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-isopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-cyclopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-ethyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl, 4-phenyl-4H-[1,2,4]-triazol-3-yl and 5-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl.

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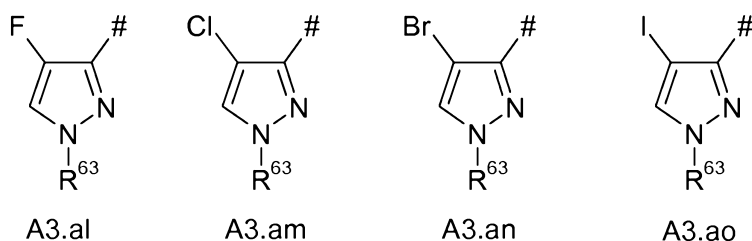
In a further particular preferred embodiment R^{63} is phenyl, which is unsubstituted or which carries 1, 2 or 3 radicals selected from halogen, NO_2 , C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy. In this particular preferred embodiment R^{61} is e.g. selected from phenyl, 2-nitrophenyl, 3-nitrophenyl, 4-nitrophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 2,4-dichlorophenyl, 3,5-dichlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 2,4,6-trichlorophenyl, 2,3,4-trichlorophenyl, 2,4-difluorophenyl, 2,6-difluorophenyl, 4-chloro-2-fluorophenyl, 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 2-methoxyphenyl, 3-methoxyphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 4-difluoromethoxyphenyl, 4-(trifluoromethylthio)phenyl, 4-(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 4-methylphenyl, 4-(isopropyl)phenyl, 4-(heptafluoroisopropyl)phenyl, 2,6-dichloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl and 4-trifluoromethylphenyl.

20 In a further particular preferred embodiment R^{63} is C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_2 - C_4 -alkyl, in particular 2-methoxyethyl or 2-ethoxyethyl.

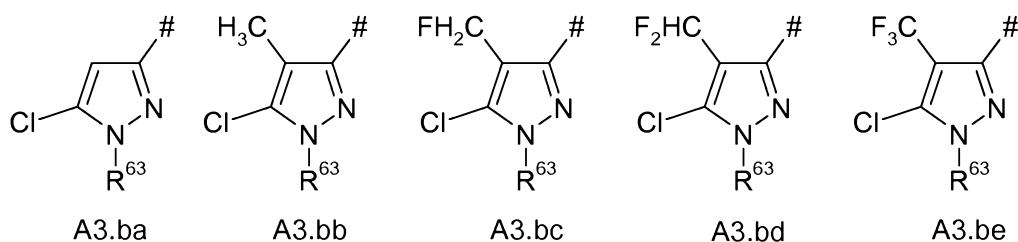
Examples of suitable radicals A3 are the radicals of formulae A3.aa, A3.ab, A3.ac, A3.ad, A3.ae, A3.af, A3.ag, A3.ah, A3.ai, A3.ak, A3.al, A3.am, A3.an and A3.ao, wherein R^{63} is a radical as defined in one line of table A (radicals A3.aa1 - A3.aa111 to A3.ao1 - A3.ao111):



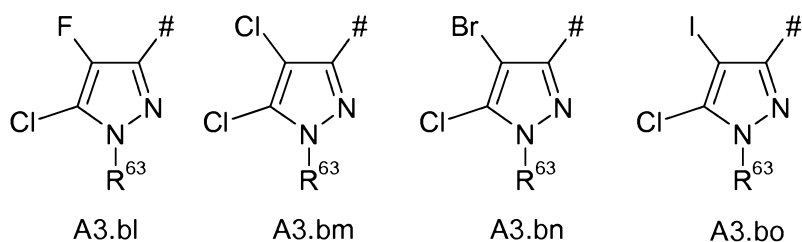
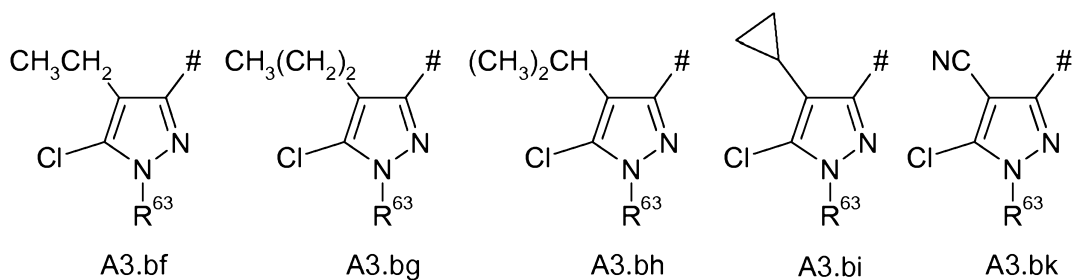
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- Further examples of suitable radicals A3 are the radicals of formulae A3.ba, A3.bb,
 5 A3.bc, A3.bd, A3.be, A3.bf, A3.bg, A3.bh, A3.bi, A3.bk, A3.bl, A3.bm, A3.bn and A3.bo,
 wherein R^{63} is a radical as defined in one row of table A (radicals A3.ba1 - A3.ba111 to
 A3.bo1 - A3.bo111):

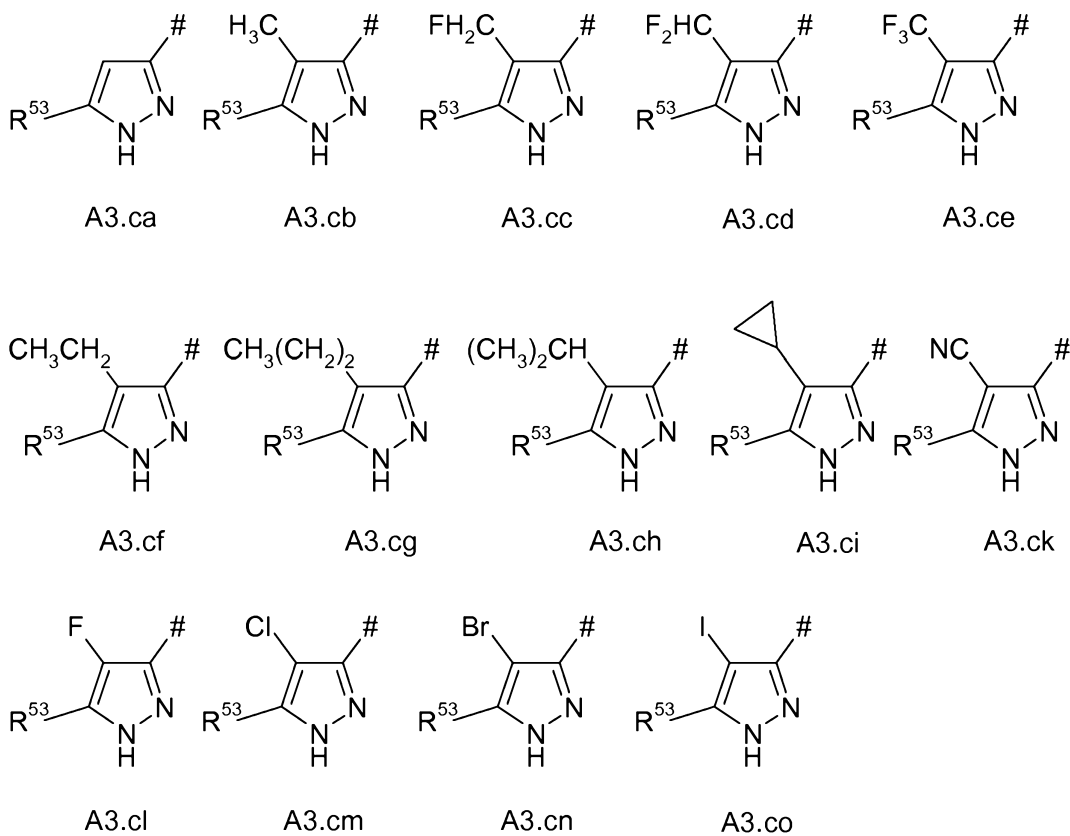


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- 15 Further examples of suitable radicals A3 are the radicals of formulae A3.ca, A3.cb,
 A3.cc, A3.cd, A3.ce, A3.cf, A3.cg, A3.ch, A3.ci, A3.ck, A3.cl, A3.cm, A3.cn and A3.co,
 wherein R^{53} is a radical as defined in one row of table A (radicals A3.ca1 - A3.ca111 to
 A3.co1 - A3.co111):

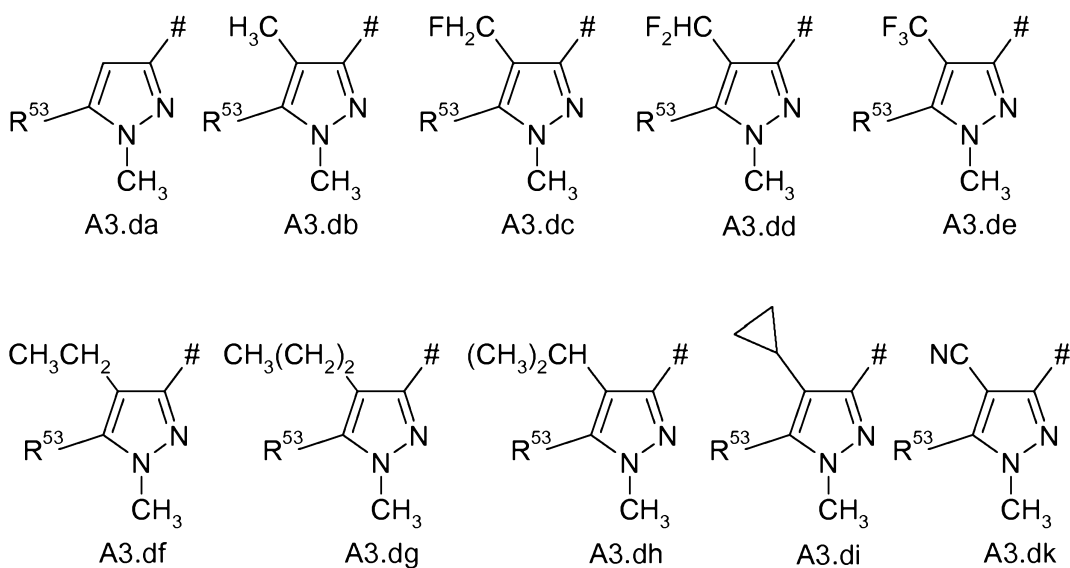
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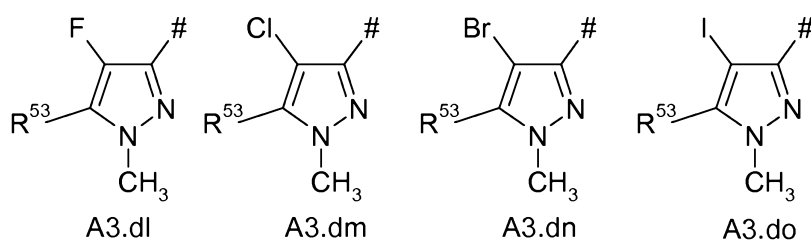
Further examples of suitable radicals A3 are the radicals of formulae A3.da, A3.db, A3.dc, A3.dd, A3.de, A3.df, A3.dg, A3.dh, A3.di, A3.dk, A3.dl, A3.dm, A3.dn and A3.do, wherein R^{53} is a radical as defined in one row of table A (radicals A3.da1 - A3.da111 to A3.do1 - A3.do111):

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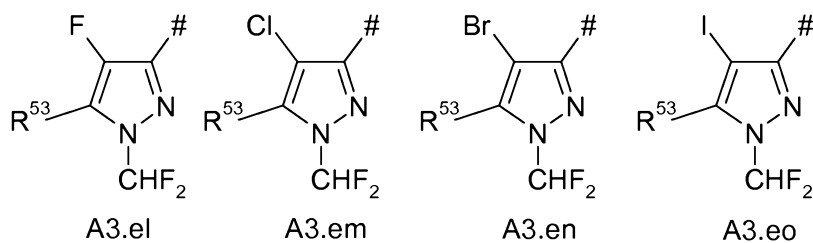
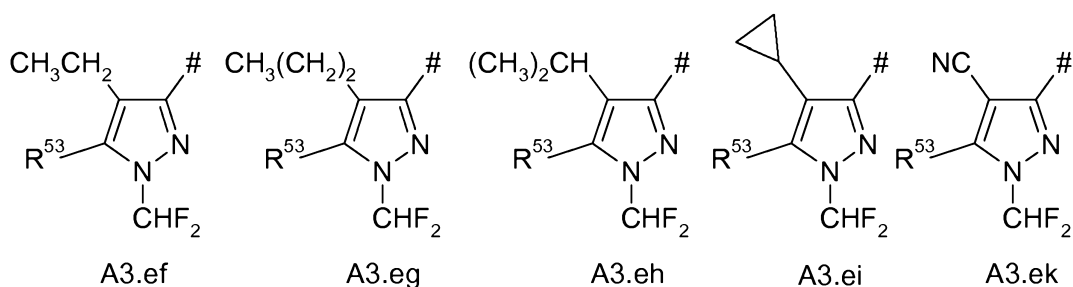
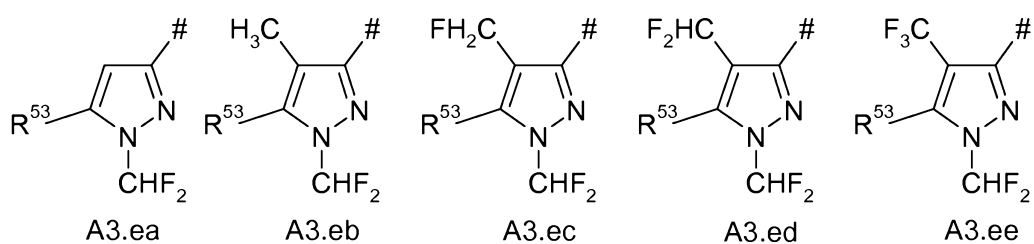


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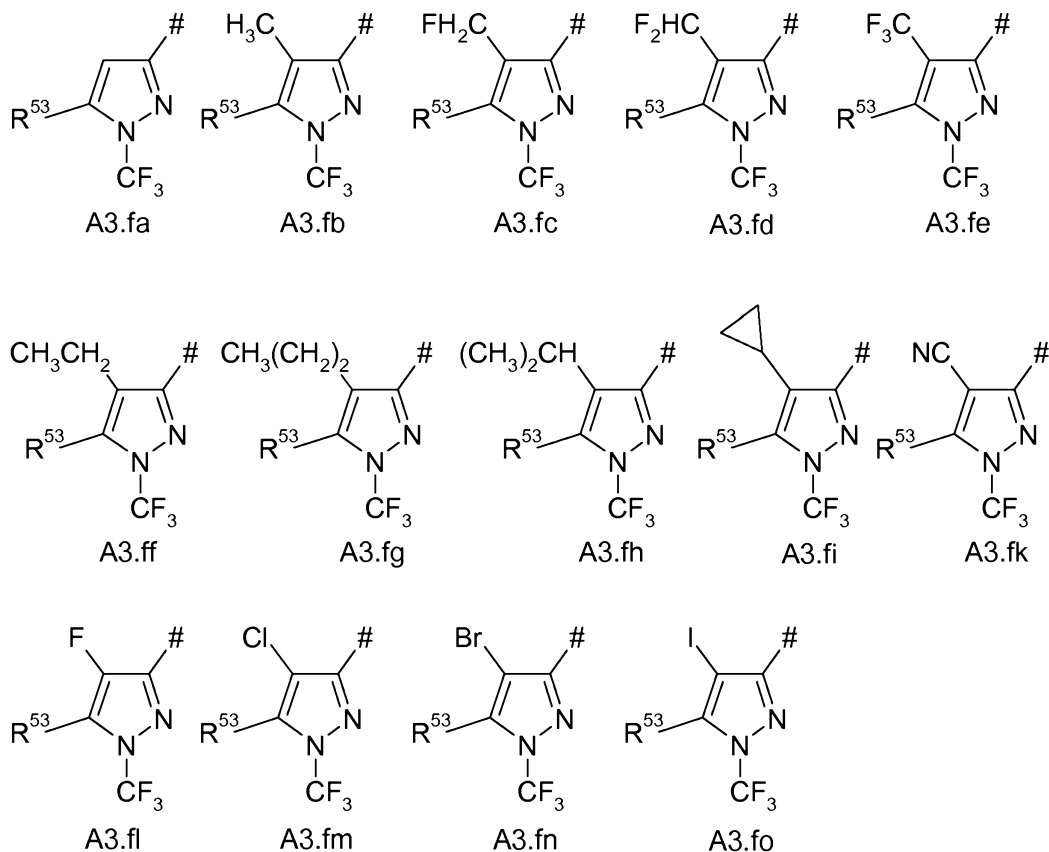


Further examples of suitable radicals A3 are the radicals of formulae A3.ea, A3.eb, A3.ec, A3.ed, A3.ee, A3.ef, A3.eg, A3.eh, A3.ei, A3.ek, A3.el, A3.em, A3.en and A3.eo, wherein R^{53} is a radical as defined in one row of table A (radicals A3.ea1 - A3.ea111 to A3.eo1 - A3.eo111):

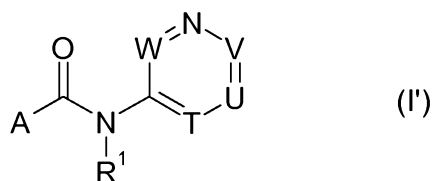


Further examples of suitable radicals A3 are the radicals of formulae A3.fa, A3.fb, A3.fc, A3.fd, A3.fe, A3.ff, A3.fg, A3.fh, A3.fi, A3.fk, A3.fl, A3.fm, A3.fn and A3.fo, wherein R^{53} is a radical as defined in one row of table A (radicals A3.fa1 - A3.fa111 to A3.fo1 - A3.fo111):

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A very preferred embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of the formula I and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein X¹ is O. These compounds are hereinafter also referred to as compounds I'.



In formula I', the variables A, R¹, T, U, V and W are as defined herein.

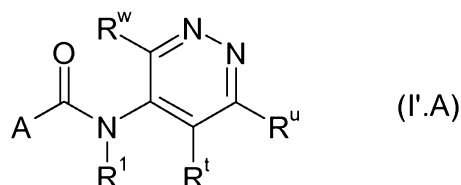
Among the compounds of the formula I', preference is given to those compounds, wherein at least one of the radicals R¹, T, U, V and W, preferably at least two of the radicals R¹, T, U, V and W, and more preferably all of the radicals R¹, T, U, V and W have one of the preferred meanings.

Among the compounds of the formula I', preference is further given to those compounds, wherein A is a radical A1, e.g. a radical, selected from the pyrazole radicals

A1.a1 to A1.z111.

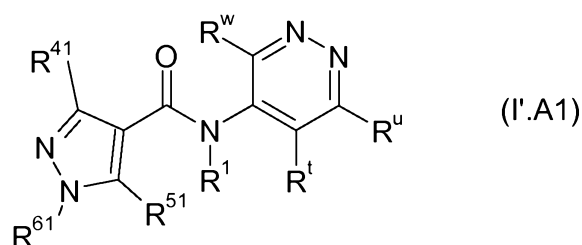
A particularly preferred embodiment of the invention (embodiment I'.A1) relates to compounds of formula I'.A and to the salts and N-oxides thereof,

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wherein A, R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are as defined herein.

- 10 In a particular embodiment of the compounds of the formula I'.A, the radical A is a radical of the formula A1. These compounds are hereinafter also referred to compounds I'.A1:



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In formula I'.A1, the radicals R¹, R^t, R^u, R^w, R⁴¹, R⁵¹ and R⁶¹ have the meanings given above, in particular the meanings given as preferred meanings.

In formula I'.A1, R⁴¹, R⁵¹ and R⁶¹ have in particular the following meanings

20

R⁴¹ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, wherein the 2 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁴¹ is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl;

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- R⁵¹ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, wherein the 2 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy,
- 5 wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁵¹ is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2,
- 10 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl; and
- R⁶¹ is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, wherein the two last
- 15 mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-
- 20 haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁶¹ is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, NO₂, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylthio,
- 25 C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.

In formula I'.A1, R⁴¹, R⁵¹ and R⁶¹ have in especially the following meanings

- R⁴¹ is selected from is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl and C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, especially from; and
- 30 Preferably, the radical R⁴¹ is hydrogen, if R⁵¹ is different from hydrogen. Preferably, the radical R⁵¹ is hydrogen, if R⁴¹ is different from hydrogen. Likewise preferred are the compounds of the present invention, wherein R⁴¹ and R⁵¹ are both hydrogen.
- R⁵¹ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, especially chlorine, bromine, iodine, methyl ethyl, isopropyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 1,1-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, chlorofluoromethyl, methoxyx-methyl, ethoxymethyl and cyclopropyl;
- 40 R⁶¹ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl or C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₂-C₄-alkyl,

or

5 R^{61} is C₅-C₆-hetaryl or phenyl, wherein C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, NO₂, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, phenyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, e.g. from .

10

In formula I'.A1 the radical R⁴¹ is preferably hydrogen, if R⁵¹ is different from hydrogen. In formula I'.A1 the radical R⁵¹ is preferably hydrogen, if R⁴¹ is different from hydrogen. In particular, the radical R⁴¹ is hydrogen and R⁵¹ is different from hydrogen. Likewise preferred are the compounds of the formula I'.A1, wherein R⁴¹ and R⁵¹ are both hydrogen.

15

In the particular embodiment of the compounds of the formula I'.A, where the radical A is a radical of the formula A1, the radical A is in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae A1.a to A1.z or a pyrazol radical of the formulae A1.aa to A1.tt, more preferably pyrazol radical A1.a, A1.b, A1.c, A1.d, A1.e, A1.f, A1.o, A1.q, A1.r, A1.s, A1.t, A1.u, 20 A1.v, A1.w, A1.x, A1.y, A1.aa, A1.bb, A1.cc, A1.dd, A1.ee, A1.gg, A1.hh or A1.ii, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A1.a1 to A1.z111 or from A1.aa1 to A1.tt111;

25

In the formula I'.A and I'.A1 the radicals R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w preferably have the following meanings:

30 R^1 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₄-alkylene-OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylene-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylene-C(Y)NR^eR^h, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x and R^y, which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, 35 wherein R^a, R^b, R^c, R^d, R^e and R^f are as defined herein; in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and 40 ethyl;

R^t , R^u , and R^w are independently from each other selected from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably 2 or 3, in particular all of the radicals R^t , R^v , and R^w are hydrogen.

5

Examples of compounds of this particularly preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 1 to 2847.

10 Table 1: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.a1 to A1.a111.

Table 2: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.b1 to A1.b111.

15 Table 3: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.c1 to A1.c111.

Table 4: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.d1 to A1.d111.

20 Table 5: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.e1 to A1.e111.

Table 6: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.f1 to A1.f111.

Table 7: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.g1 to A1.g111.

30 Table 8: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.h1 to A1.h111.

Table 9: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.i1 to A1.i111.

35 Table 10: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.k1 to A1.k111.

Table 11: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.l1 to A1.l111.

40 Table 12: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.m1 to A1.m111.

5 Table 13: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.n1 to A1.n111.

Table 14: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.o1 to A1.o111.

10 Table 15: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.p1 to A1.p111.

Table 16: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.q1 to A1.q111.

15 Table 17: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.r1 to A1.r111.

20 Table 18: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.s1 to A1.s111.

Table 19: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.t1 to A1.t111.

25 Table 20: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.u1 to A1.u111.

Table 21: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.v1 to A1.v111.

30 Table 22: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.w1 to A1.w111.

35 Table 23: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.x1 to A1.x111.

Table 24: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.y1 to A1.y111.

40 Table 25: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.z1 to A1.z111.

Table 26: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.aa1 to A1.aa111.

5 Table 27: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.bb1 to A1.bb111.

Table 28: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.cc1 to A1.cc111.

10 Table 29: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.dd1 to A1.dd111.

Table 30: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.ee1 to A1.ee111.

15 Table 31: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.ff1 to A1.ff111.

20 Table 32: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.gg1 to A1.gg111.

Table 33: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.hh1 to A1.hh111.

25 Table 34: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.kk1 to A1.kk111.

Table 35: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.mm1 to A1.mm111.

30 Table 36: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.nn1 to A1.nn111.

35 Table 37: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.oo1 to A1.oo111.

Table 38: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.pp1 to A1.pp111.

40 Table 39: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.qq1 to A1.qq111.

Table 40: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.rr1 to A1.rr111.

- Table 41: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.ss1 to A1.ss111.
- 5 Table 42: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.tt1 to A1.tt111.
- Table 43: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl, R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.a1 to A1.a111.
- 10 Table 44: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl, R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.b1 to A1.b111.
- Table 45: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl, R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.c1 to A1.c111.
- 15 Table 46: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl, R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.d1 to A1.d111.
- 20 Table 47: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl, R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.e1 to A1.e111.
- Table 48: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl, R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.f1 to A1.f111.
- 25 Table 49: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl, R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.g1 to A1.g111.
- Table 50: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl, R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.h1 to A1.h111.
- 30 Table 51: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl, R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.i1 to A1.i111.
- 35 Table 52: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl, R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.k1 to A1.k111.
- Table 53: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 is methyl, R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.l1 to A1.l111.
- 40 Table 54: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.m1 to A1.m111.

5 Table 55: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.n1 to A1.n111.

Table 56: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.o1 to A1.o111.

10 Table 57: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.p1 to A1.p111.

Table 58: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.q1 to A1.q111.

15 Table 59: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.r1 to A1.r111.

20 Table 60: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.s1 to A1.s111.

Table 61: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.t1 to A1.t111.

25 Table 62: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.u1 to A1.u111.

Table 63: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.v1 to A1.v111.

30 Table 64: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.w1 to A1.w111.

35 Table 65: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.x1 to A1.x111.

Table 66: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.y1 to A1.y111.

40 Table 67: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.z1 to A1.z111.

Table 68: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.aa1 to A1.aa111.

5 Table 69: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.bb1 to A1.bb111.

Table 70: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.cc1 to A1.cc111.

10 Table 71: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.dd1 to A1.dd111.

Table 72: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.ee1 to A1.ee111.

15 Table 73: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.ff1 to A1.ff111.

20 Table 74: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.gg1 to A1.gg111.

Table 75: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.hh1 to A1.hh111.

25 Table 76: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.kk1 to A1.kk111.

Table 77: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.mm1 to A1.mm111.

30 Table 78: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.nn1 to A1.nn111.

35 Table 79: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.oo1 to A1.oo111.

Table 80: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.pp1 to A1.pp111.

40 Table 81: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.qq1 to A1.qq111.

Table 82: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.rr1 to A1.rr111.

5 Table 83: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.ss1 to A1.ss111.

Table 84: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A1.tt1 to A1.tt111.

10 Tables 85 to 126: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is ethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

15 Tables 127 to 168: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is n-propyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

20 Tables 169 to 210: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is isopropyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

25 Tables 211 to 252: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is n-butyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 253 to 294: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is tert.-butyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

30 Tables 295 to 326: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2-methylpropyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

35 Tables 337 to 378: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2-propenyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

40 Tables 379 to 420: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 3,3-dichloro-2-propenyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 421 to 462: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides

thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 3,3-dibromo-2-propenyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

5 Tables 463 to 504: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2-fluoroethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

10 Tables 505 to 546: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2-chloroethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

15 Tables 547 to 588: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2-bromoethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 589 to 630: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2,2-difluoroethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

20 Tables 631 to 672: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2,2-dichloroethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

25 Tables 673 to 714: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2,2-dibromoethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

30 Tables 715 to 756: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

35 Tables 757 to 798: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is cyanomethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 799 to 840: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is methoxymethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

40 Tables 841 to 882: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is ethoxymethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 883 to 924: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2-cyanoethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

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Tables 925 to 966: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2-methoxyethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

- 10 Tables 967 to 1008: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2-ethoxyethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

- 15 Tables 1009 to 1050: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is cyclopropylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

- 20 Tables 1051 to 1092: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is cyclobutylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

- 25 Tables 1093 to 1134: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is cyclopentylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

- Tables 1135 to 1176: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxetan-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

- 30 Tables 1177 to 1218: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxetan-3-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

- 35 Tables 1219 to 1260: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxolan-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

- 40 Tables 1261 to 1302: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxolan-3-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 1303 to 1344: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides

thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is thiethan-3-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

5 Tables 1345 to 1386: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1,1-dioxathiethan-3-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

10 Tables 1387 to 1428: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is cyclopropyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

15 Tables 1429 to 1470: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is cyclobutyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 1471 to 1512: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is cyclopentyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

20 Tables 1513 to 1554: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxetan-2-yl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

25 Tables 1555 to 1596: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxetan-3-yl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

30 Tables 1597 to 1638: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxolan-2-yl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

35 Tables 1639 to 1680: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxolan-3-yl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 1681 to 1722: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is thiethan-3-yl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

40 Tables 1723 to 1764: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1,1-dioxathiethan-3-yl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

- Tables 1765 to 1806: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is benzyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- 5
- Tables 1807 to 1848: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2-furylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- 10
- Tables 1849 to 1890: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 3-furylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- 15
- Tables 1891 to 1932: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2-thienylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- 20
- Tables 1933 to 1974: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 3-thienylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- 25
- Tables 1975 to 2016: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is isothiazol-3-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- 30
- Tables 2017 to 2058: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is isothiazol-4-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- 35
- Tables 2059 to 2100: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is isothiazol-5-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- 40
- Tables 2101 to 2142: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is isoxazol-3-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- Tables 2143 to 2184: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxazol-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- Tables 2185 to 2226: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides

thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxazol-5-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

5 Tables 2227 to 2268: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxazol-4-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

10 Tables 2269 to 2310: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is thiazol-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

15 Tables 2311 to 2352: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is thiazol-4-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 2353 to 2394: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is thiazol-5-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

20 Tables 2395 to 2436: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1H-pyrazol-3-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

25 Tables 2437 to 2478: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1H-pyrazol-4-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

30 Tables 2479 to 2520: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2H-pyrazol-3-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

35 Tables 2521 to 2562: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 2563 to 2604: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

40 Tables 2605 to 2646: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 2-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 2647 to 2688: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

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Tables 2689 to 2730: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

10 Tables 2731 to 2772: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1H-imidazol-5-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

15 Tables 2773 to 2814: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

20 Tables 2815 to 2856: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

25 Tables 2857 to 2898: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1-methyl-1H-imidazol-5-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 2899 to 2940: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is oxazolin-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

30 Tables 2941 to 2982: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is thiazolin-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

35 Tables 2983 to 3024: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1H-imidazolin-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

40 Tables 3025 to 3066: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is 1-methyl-1H-imidazolin-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 3067 to 3108: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides

thereof, wherein R^t , R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R^1 is 1-phenylpyrazol-4-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 3109 to 3150: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t , R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R^1 is 5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 3151 to 3192: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t , R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R^1 is 5,5-dimethyltetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of the formula I'.A and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

- 15 A is a radical A2, as defined herein, in particular a radical A2, wherein R^{42} , R^{52} and R^{62} have the preferred meanings, in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae A2.aa to A2.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A2.aa1 - A2.aa111 to A2.do1 to A2.do111.
- 20 R^1 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_1 - C_{10} -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylene-CN, OR^a , $C(Y)R^b$, $C(Y)OR^c$, $S(O)_2R^d$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- $C(Y)R^b$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- OR^a , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x , which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO_2 , C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a , R^b , R^c , R^d , R^e and R^f are as defined herein;
- 25 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_2 -alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;
- 30 R^t , R^u and R^w are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably two or three or in particular all of the radicals R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen.
- 40 Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 3193 to 3304.

- Table 3193: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.aa1 to A2.aa111.
- 5 Table 3194: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.aa1 to A2.aa111.
- Table 3195: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ab1 to A2.ab111.
- 10 Table 3196: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ab1 to A2.ab111.
- Table 3197: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ac1 to A2.ac111.
- 15 Table 3198: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ac1 to A2.ac111.
- Table 3199: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R² and R³ are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ad1 to A2.ad111.
- 20 Table 3200: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ad1 to A2.ad111.
- Table 3201: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ae1 to A2.ae111.
- 25 Table 3202: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ae1 to A2.ae111.
- 30 Table 3203: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.af1 to A2.af111.
- Table 3204: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.af1 to A2.af111.
- 35 Table 3205: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ag1 to A2.ag111.
- 40 Table 3206: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ag1 to A2.ag111.

- Table 3207: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ai1 to A2.ai111.
- 5 Table 3208: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ai1 to A2.ai111.
- Table 3209: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ak1 to A2.ak111.
- 10 Table 3210: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ak1 to A2.ak111.
- Table 3211: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.al1 to A2.al111.
- 15 Table 3212: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.al1 to A2.al111.
- Table 3213: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.am1 to A2.am111.
- 20 Table 3214: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.am1 to A2.am111.
- Table 3215: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.an1 to A2.an111.
- 25 Table 3216: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.an1 to A2.an111.
- 30 Table 3217: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ao1 to A2.ao111.
- Table 3218: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ao1 to A2.ao111.
- 35 Table 3219: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ba1 to A2.ba111.
- 40 Table 3220: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ba1 to A2.ba111.

- Table 3221: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bb1 to A2.bb111.
- 5 Table 3222: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^{w3} are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bb1 to A2.bb111.
- Table 3223: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bc1 to A2.bc111.
- 10 Table 3224: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bc1 to A2.bc111.
- Table 3225: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bd1 to A2.bd111.
- 15 Table 3226: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bd1 to A2.bd111.
- Table 3227: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.be1 to A2.be111.
- 20 Table 3228: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.be1 to A2.be111.
- Table 3229: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bf1 to A2.bf111.
- 25 Table 3230: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bf1 to A2.bf111.
- 30 Table 3231: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bg1 to A2.bg111.
- Table 3232: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bg1 to A2.bg111.
- 35 Table 3233: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bi1 to A2.bi111.
- Table 3234: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bi1 to A2.bi111.
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- Table 3235: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bk1 to A2.bk111.
- 5 Table 3236: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bk1 to A2.bk111.
- Table 3237: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bl1 to A2.bl111.
- 10 Table 3238: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bl1 to A2.bl111.
- Table 3239: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bm1 to A2.bm111.
- 15 Table 3240: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bm1 to A2.bm111.
- Table 3241: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bn1 to A2.bn111.
- 20 Table 3242: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bn1 to A2.bn111.
- Table 3243: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bo1 to A2.bo111.
- 25 Table 3244: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.bo1 to A2.bo111.
- Table 3245: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ca1 to A2.ca111.
- 30 Table 3246: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ca1 to A2.ca111.
- Table 3247: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cb1 to A2.cb111.
- 35 Table 3248: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cb1 to A2.cb111.
- 40

- Table 3249: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cc1 to A2.cc111.
- 5 Table 3250: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cc1 to A2.cc111.
- Table 3251: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cd1 to A2.cd111.
- 10 Table 3252: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cd1 to A2.cd111.
- Table 3253: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ce1 to A2.ce111.
- 15 Table 3254: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ce1 to A2.ce111.
- Table 3255: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cf1 to A2.cf111.
- 20 Table 3256: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cf1 to A2.cf111.
- Table 3257: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cg1 to A2.cg111.
- 25 Table 3258: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cg1 to A2.cg111.
- 30 Table 3259: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ci1 to A2.ci111.
- Table 3260: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ci1 to A2.ci111.
- 35 Table 3261: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ck1 to A2.ck111.
- 40 Table 3262: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ck1 to A2.ck111.

- Table 3263: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cl1 to A2.cl111.
- 5 Table 3264: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cl1 to A2.cl111.
- Table 3265: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cm1 to A2.cm111.
- 10 Table 3266: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cm1 to A2.cm111.
- Table 3267: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cn1 to A2.cn111.
- 15 Table 3268: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.cn1 to A2.cn111.
- Table 3269: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.co1 to A2.co111.
- 20 Table 3270: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.co1 to A2.co111.
- Table 3271: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.da1 to A2.da111.
- 25 Table 3272: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.da1 to A2.da111.
- 30 Table 3273: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.db1 to A2.db111.
- Table 3274: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.db1 to A2.db111.
- 35 Table 3275: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dc1 to A2.dc111.
- 40 Table 3276: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dc1 to A2.dc111.

- Table 3277: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dd1 to A2.dd111.
- 5 Table 3278: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dd1 to A2.dd111.
- Table 3279: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.de1 to A2.de111.
- 10 Table 3280: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.de1 to A2.de111.
- Table 3281: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.df1 to A2.df111.
- 15 Table 3282: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.df1 to A2.df111.
- Table 3283: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dg1 to A2.dg111.
- 20 Table 3284: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dg1 to A2.dg111.
- Table 3285: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.di1 to A2.di111.
- 25 Table 3286: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.di1 to A2.di111.
- 30 Table 3287: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dk1 to A2.dk111.
- Table 3288: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dk1 to A2.dk111.
- 35 Table 3289: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dl1 to A2.dl111.
- 40 Table 3290: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dl1 to A2.dl111.

- Table 3291: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dm1 to A2.dm111.
- 5 Table 3292: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dm1 to A2.dm111.
- Table 3293: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dn1 to A2.dn111.
- 10 Table 3294: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.dn1 to A2.dn111.
- Table 3295: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.do1 to A2.do111.
- 15 Table 3296: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.do1 to A2.do111.
- Table 3297: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ea1 to A2.ea111.
- 20 Table 3298: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ea1 to A2.ea111.
- Table 3299: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.fa1 to A2.fa111.
- 25 Table 3300: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.fa1 to A2.fa111.
- 30 Table 3301: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ga1 to A2.ga111.
- Table 3302: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ga1 to A2.ga111.
- 35 Table 3303: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ha1 to A2.ha111.
- 40 Table 3304: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A2.ha1 to A2.ha111.

Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of formula I'.A and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

- 5 A is a radical A3, as defined herein, in particular a radical A3, wherein R⁴³, R⁵³ and R⁶³ have the preferred meanings, more particularly a pyrazole radical of the formulae A3.aa to A3.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A3.aa1 - A3.aa111 to A3.do1 - A3.do111;
- 10 R¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₄-alkylen-C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₄-alkylen-OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x, which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a, R^b, R^c, R^d, R^e and R^f are as defined herein;
- 15 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;
- 20 Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably 2 or 3, in particular all of the radicals Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen.
- 25 Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably 2 or 3, in particular all of the radicals Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen.
- 30 Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 3305 to 3472.
- Table 3305: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.aa1 to A3.aa111.
- 35 Table 3306: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.aa1 to A3.aa111.
- Table 3307: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, Rⁱ, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ab1 to A3.ab111.
- 40 Table 3308: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ab1 to A3.ab111.

- Table 3309: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ac1 to A3.ac111.
- 5 Table 3310: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ac1 to A3.ac111.
- Table 3311: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ad1 to A3.ad111.
- 10 Table 3312: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ad1 to A3.ad111.
- Table 3313: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ae1 to A3.ae111.
- 15 Table 3314: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ae1 to A3.ae111.
- 20 Table 3315: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.af1 to A3.af111.
- Table 3316: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.af1 to A3.af111.
- 25 Table 3317: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ag1 to A3.ag111.
- Table 3318: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ag1 to A3.ag111.
- 30 Table 3319: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ah1 to A3.ah111.
- 35 Table 3320: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ah1 to A3.ah111.
- Table 3321: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ai1 to A3.ai111.
- 40 Table 3322: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ai1 to A3.ai111.

- Table 3323: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ak1 to A3.ak111.
- 5 Table 3324: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ak1 to A3.ak111.
- Table 3325: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.al1 to A3.al111.
- 10 Table 3326: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.al1 to A3.al111.
- Table 3327: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.am1 to A3.am111.
- 15 Table 3328: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.am1 to A3.am111.
- 20 Table 3329: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.an1 to A3.an111.
- Table 3330: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.an1 to A3.an111.
- 25 Table 3331: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ao1 to A3.ao111.
- Table 3332: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ao1 to A3.ao111.
- 30 Table 3333: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ba1 to A3.ba111.
- 35 Table 3334: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ba1 to A3.ba111.
- Table 3335: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bb1 to A3.bb111.
- 40 Table 3336: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bb1 to A3.bb111.

- Table 3337: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bc1 to A3.bc111.
- 5 Table 3338: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bc1 to A3.bc111.
- Table 3339: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bd1 to A3.bd111.
- 10 Table 3340: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bd1 to A3.bd111.
- Table 3341: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.be1 to A3.be111.
- 15 Table 3342: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.be1 to A3.be111.
- 20 Table 3343: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bf1 to A3.bf111.
- Table 3344: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bf1 to A3.bf111.
- 25 Table 3345: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bg1 to A3.bg111.
- Table 3346: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bg1 to A3.bg111.
- 30 Table 3347: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bh1 to A3.bh111.
- 35 Table 3348: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bh1 to A3.bh111.
- Table 3349: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bi1 to A3.bi111.
- 40 Table 3350: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bi1 to A3.bi111.

- Table 3351: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bk1 to A3.bk111.
- 5 Table 3352: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bk1 to A3.bk111.
- Table 3353: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bl1 to A3.bl111.
- 10 Table 3354: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bl1 to A3.bl111.
- Table 3355: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bm1 to A3.bm111.
- 15 Table 3356: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bm1 to A3.bm111.
- 20 Table 3357: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bn1 to A3.bn111.
- Table 3358: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bn1 to A3.bn111.
- 25 Table 3359: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bo1 to A3.bo111.
- Table 3360: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.bo1 to A3.bo111.
- 30 Table 3361: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ca1 to A3.ca111.
- 35 Table 3362: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ca1 to A3.ca111.
- Table 3363: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cb1 to A3.cb111.
- 40 Table 3364: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cb1 to A3.cb111.

- Table 3365: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cc1 to A3.cc111.
- 5 Table 3366: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cc1 to A3.cc111.
- Table 3367: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cd1 to A3.cd111.
- 10 Table 3368: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cd1 to A3.cd111.
- Table 3369: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ce1 to A3.ce111.
- 15 Table 3370: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ce1 to A3.ce111.
- 20 Table 3371: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cf1 to A3.cf111.
- Table 3372: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cf1 to A3.cf111.
- 25 Table 3373: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cg1 to A3.cg111.
- Table 3374: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cg1 to A3.cg111.
- 30 Table 3375: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ch1 to A3.ch111.
- 35 Table 3376: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ch1 to A3.ch111.
- Table 3377: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ci1 to A3.ci111.
- 40 Table 3378: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ci1 to A3.ci111.

- Table 3379: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ck1 to A3.ck111.
- 5 Table 3380: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ck1 to A3.ck111.
- Table 3381: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cl1 to A3.cl111.
- 10 Table 3382: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cl1 to A3.cl111.
- Table 3383: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cm1 to A3.cm111.
- 15 Table 3384: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cm1 to A3.cm111.
- 20 Table 3385: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cn1 to A3.cn111.
- Table 3386: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.cn1 to A3.cn111.
- 25 Table 3387: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.co1 to A3.co111.
- Table 3388: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.co1 to A3.co111.
- 30 Table 3389: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.da1 to A3.da111.
- 35 Table 3390: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.da1 to A3.da111.
- Table 3391: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.db1 to A3.db111.
- 40 Table 3392: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.db1 to A3.db111.

- Table 3393: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dc1 to A3.dc111.
- 5 Table 3394: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dc1 to A3.dc111.
- Table 3395: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dd1 to A3.dd111.
- 10 Table 3396: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dd1 to A3.dd111.
- Table 3397: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.de1 to A3.de111.
- 15 Table 3398: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.de1 to A3.de111.
- 20 Table 3399: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.df1 to A3.df111.
- Table 3400: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.df1 to A3.df111.
- 25 Table 3401: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dg1 to A3.dg111.
- Table 3402: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dg1 to A3.dg111.
- 30 Table 3403: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dh1 to A3.dh111.
- 35 Table 3404: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dh1 to A3.dh111.
- Table 3405: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.di1 to A3.di111.
- 40 Table 3406: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.di1 to A3.di111.

- Table 3407: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dk1 to A3.dk111.
- 5 Table 3408: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dk1 to A3.dk111.
- Table 3409: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dl1 to A3.dl111.
- 10 Table 3410: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dl1 to A3.dl111.
- Table 3411: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dm1 to A3.dm111.
- 15 Table 3412: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dm1 to A3.dm111.
- 20 Table 3413: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dn1 to A3.dn111.
- Table 3414: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.dn1 to A3.dn111.
- 25 Table 3415: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.do1 to A3.do111.
- Table 3416: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.do1 to A3.do111.
- 30 Table 3417: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ea1 to A3.ea111.
- 35 Table 3418: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ea1 to A3.ea111.
- Table 3419: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.eb1 to A3.eb111.
- 40 Table 3420: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.eb1 to A3.eb111.

- Table 3421: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ec1 to A3.ec111.
- 5 Table 3422: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ec1 to A3.ec111.
- Table 3423: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ed1 to A3.ed111.
- 10 Table 3424: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ed1 to A3.ed111.
- Table 3425: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ee1 to A3.ee111.
- 15 Table 3426: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ee1 to A3.ee111.
- 20 Table 3427: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ef1 to A3.ef111.
- Table 3428: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ef1 to A3.ef111.
- 25 Table 3429: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.eg1 to A3.eg111.
- Table 3430: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.eg1 to A3.eg111.
- 30 Table 3431: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.eh1 to A3.eh111.
- 35 Table 3432: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.eh1 to A3.eh111.
- Table 3433: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ei1 to A3.ei111.
- 40 Table 3434: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ei1 to A3.ei111.

- Table 3435: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ek1 to A3.ek111.
- 5 Table 3436: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ek1 to A3.ek111.
- Table 3437: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.el1 to A3.el111.
- 10 Table 3438: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.el1 to A3.el111.
- Table 3439: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.em1 to A3.em111.
- 15 Table 3440: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.em1 to A3.em111.
- 20 Table 3441: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.en1 to A3.en111.
- Table 3442: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.en1 to A3.en111.
- 25 Table 3443: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.eo1 to A3.eo111.
- Table 3444: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.eo1 to A3.eo111.
- 30 Table 3445: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fa1 to A3.fa111.
- 35 Table 3446: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fa1 to A3.fa111.
- Table 3447: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fb1 to A3.fb111.
- 40 Table 3448: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fb1 to A3.fb111.

- Table 3449: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fc1 to A3.fc111.
- 5 Table 3450: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fc1 to A3.fc111.
- Table 3451: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fd1 to A3.fd111.
- 10 Table 3452: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R² and R³ are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fd1 to A3.fd111.
- Table 3453: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fe1 to A3.fe111.
- 15 Table 3454: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fe1 to A3.fe111.
- 20 Table 3455: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ff1 to A3.ff111.
- Table 3456: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.ff1 to A3.ff111.
- 25 Table 3457: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fg1 to A3.fg111.
- Table 3458: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fg1 to A3.fg111.
- 30 Table 3459: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fh1 to A3.fh111.
- 35 Table 3460: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fh1 to A3.fh111.
- Table 3461: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fi1 to A3.fi111.
- 40 Table 3462: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,

wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fi1 to A3.fi111.

Table 3463: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fk1 to A3.fk111.

Table 3464: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fk1 to A3.fk111.

Table 3465: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fl1 to A3.fl111.

Table 3466: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fl1 to A3.fl111.

Table 3467: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fm1 to A3.fm111.

Table 3468: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fm1 to A3.fm111.

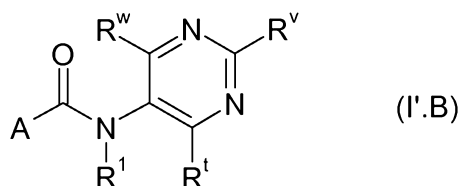
Table 3469: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fn1 to A3.fn111.

Table 3470: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fn1 to A3.fn111.

Table 3471: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fo1 to A3.fo111.

Table 3472: Compounds of the formula I'.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹ is methyl, R^t, R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is selected from the radicals A3.fo1 to A3.fo111.

Another particularly preferred embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula I'.B and to the salts and N-oxides thereof,



wherein A, R¹, R^t, R^v and R^w are as defined herein.

In a particular embodiment of the compounds of the formula I'B, the radical A is a radical of the formula A1. These compounds are hereinafter also referred to compounds I'.B1. In the compounds I'.B1, the radical A and thus the radicals R⁴¹, R⁵¹ and R⁶¹ are as defined for formula I'.A1.

In the compounds I'.B1, the variables A, R¹, R^l, R^v and R^w have in particular the following meanings:

- 10 A is a radical A1, as defined herein, in particular a radical A1, wherein R⁴¹, R⁵¹ and R⁶¹ have the preferred meanings, in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae A1.a to A1.z or a pyrazol radical of the formulae A1.aa to A1.qq, more preferably pyrazol radical A1.a, A1.b, A1.c, A1.d, A1.e, A1.f, A1.o, A1.q, A1.r, A1.s, A1.t, A1.u, A1.v, A1.w, A1.x, A1.y, A1.aa, A1.bb, A1.cc, A1.dd, A1.ee, A1.gg, A1.hh or
15 A1.ii, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A1.a1 to A1.z111 or from A1.aa1 to A1.qq111;
- R¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₄-alkylen-C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₄-alkylen-OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x, which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a, R^b, R^c, R^d, R^e and R^f are as defined herein;
25 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;
30
- R^l, R^v and R^w are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably 2 or 3, of the radicals R^l, R^v, and R^w are hydrogen.

Examples of compounds of this particularly preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 3473 to 3598.

40

Tables 3473 to 3514: Compounds of the formula I'.B and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^l, R^v and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is as defined in tables 1

to 42.

Tables 3515 to 3556: Compounds of the formula I'.B and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^v and R^w are hydrogen, R¹ is methyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 3557 to 3598: Compounds of the formula I'.B and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^v and R^w are hydrogen, R¹ is ethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

10

Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of the formula I'.B and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

A is a radical A₂, as defined herein, in particular a radical A₂, wherein R⁴², R⁵² and R⁶² have the preferred meanings, in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae A₂.aa to A₂.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A₂.aa1 - A₂.aa111 to A₂.ha1 - A₂.ha111;

R¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₄-alkylen-C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₄-alkylen-OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x, which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a, R^b, R^c, R^d, R^e and R^f are as defined herein; in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;

R^t, R^v and R^w are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably two or three of the radicals R^t, R^v and R^w are hydrogen.

Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 3599 to 3710.

Tables 3599 to 3710: Compounds of the formula I'.B and the salts and N-oxides

thereof, wherein R^t , R^v and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A and R^1 are as defined in tables 3193 to 3304.

Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of formula I'.B and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

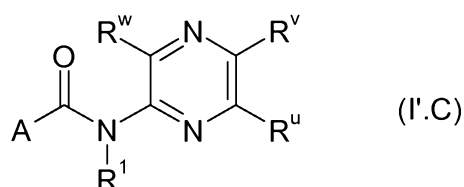
- 5 A is a radical A3, as defined herein, in particular a radical A3, wherein R^{43} , R^{53} and R^{63} have the preferred meanings, more particularly a pyrazole radical of the formulae A3.aa to A3.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A3.aa1 - A3.aa111 to A3.do1 - A3.do111;
- 10 R^1 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_1 - C_{10} -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylene-CN, OR^a , $C(Y)R^b$, $C(Y)OR^c$, $S(O)_2R^d$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- $C(Y)R^b$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- OR^a , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x , which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO_2 , C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a , R^b , R^c , R^d , R^e and R^f are as defined herein;
- 15 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_2 -alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;
- 20 R^t , R^v and R^w are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably 2 or 3, of the radicals R^t , R^v and R^w are hydrogen.
- 25
- 30

Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 3711 to 3878.

- 35 Tables 3711 to 3878: Compounds of the formula I'.B and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t , R^v and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A and R^1 are as defined in tables 3305 to 3472.

Another particularly preferred embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula I'.C and to the salts and N-oxides thereof,

40



wherein A, R¹, R^v, R^u and R^w are as defined herein.

- 5 In a particular embodiment of the compounds of the formula I'C, the radical A is a radical of the formula A1. These compounds are hereinafter also referred to compounds I'.C1. In the compounds I'.C1, the radical A and thus the radicals R⁴¹, R⁵¹ and R⁶¹ are as defined for formula I'.A1.
- 10 In the compounds I'.C1, the variables A, R¹, R^u, R^v and R^w have in particular the following meanings:
- A is a radical A1, as defined herein, in particular a radical A1, wherein R⁴¹, R⁵¹ and R⁶¹ have the preferred meanings, in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae
 15 A1.a to A1.z or a pyrazol radical of the formulae A1.aa to A1.qq, more preferably pyrazol radical A1.a, A1.b, A1.c, A1.d, A1.e, A1.f, A1.o, A1.q, A1.r, A1.s, A1.t, A1.u, A1.v, A1.w, A1.x, A1.y, A1.aa, A1.bb, A1.cc, A1.dd, A1.ee, A1.gg, A1.hh or A1.ii, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A1.a1 to A1.z111 or from A1.aa1 to A1.qq111;
- 20 R¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₄-alkylen-C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₄-alkylen-OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x, which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a, R^b, R^c, R^d, R^e and R^f are as defined herein;
- 25 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;
- 30 R^u, R^v and R^w are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably 2 or 3, of the radi-
- 35

cals R^u , R^v , and R^w are hydrogen.

Examples of compounds of this particularly preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 3879 to 4004.

5

Tables 3879 to 3920: Compounds of the formula I'.C and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^1 , R^u , R^v and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

10 Tables 3921 to 3962: Compounds of the formula I'.C and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^u , R^v and R^w are hydrogen, R^1 is methyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

15 Tables 3963 to 4004: Compounds of the formula I'.C and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^u , R^v and R^w are hydrogen, R^1 is ethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of the formula I'.C and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

20

A is a radical A2, as defined herein, in particular a radical A2, wherein R^{42} , R^{52} and R^{62} have the preferred meanings, in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae A2.aa to A2.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A2.aa1 - A2.aa111 to A2.ha1 - A2.ha111;

25

R^1 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_1 - C_{10} -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylene-CN, OR^a , $C(Y)R^b$, $C(Y)OR^c$, $S(O)_2R^d$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- $C(Y)R^b$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- OR^a , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x , which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO_2 , C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a , R^b , R^c , R^d , R^e and R^f are as defined herein;

30

35 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_2 -alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;

40

R^u , R^v and R^w are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoro-

methoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably two or three of the radicals R^u , R^v and R^w are hydrogen.

5 Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 4005 to 4116.

Tables 4005 to 4116: Compounds of the formula I'.C and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A and R^1 are as defined in tables 3193 to 3304.

10

Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of formula I'.C and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

15 A is a radical A3, as defined herein, in particular a radical A3, wherein R^{43} , R^{53} and R^{63} have the preferred meanings, more particularly a pyrazole radical of the formulae A3.aa to A3.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A3.aa1 - A3.aa111 to A3.do1 - A3.do111;

20 R^1 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_1 - C_{10} -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylene-CN, OR^a , $C(Y)R^b$, $C(Y)OR^c$, $S(O)_2R^d$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- $C(Y)R^b$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- OR^a , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x , which are as defined above and
25 which are preferably selected from halogen, NO_2 , C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a , R^b , R^c , R^d , R^e and R^f are as defined herein;
in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl; more
30 preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_2 -alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;

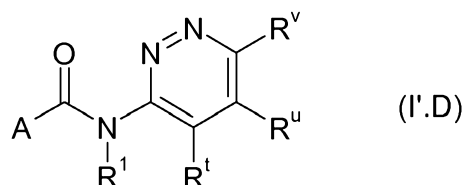
35 R^u , R^v and R^w are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably 2 or 3, of the radicals R^u , R^v and R^w are hydrogen.

40 Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 4117 to 4284.

Tables 4117 to 4284: Compounds of the formula I'.C and the salts and N-oxides

thereof, wherein R^t , R^u and R^w are hydrogen and wherein A and R^1 are as defined in tables 3305 to 3472.

Another particularly preferred embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of
 5 formula I'.D and to the salts and N-oxides thereof,



wherein A, R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^v are as defined herein.

10

In a particular embodiment of the compounds of the formula I'D, the radical A is a radical of the formula A1. These compounds are hereinafter also referred to compounds I'.D1. In the compounds I'.D1, the radical A and thus the radicals R^{41} , R^{51} and R^{61} are as defined for formula I'.D1.

15

In the compounds I'.D1, the variables A, R^1 , R^t , R^u and R^v have in particular the following meanings:

20 A is a radical A1, as defined herein, in particular a radical A1, wherein R^{41} , R^{51} and R^{61} have the preferred meanings, in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae A1.a to A1.z or a pyrazol radical of the formulae A1.aa to A1.qq, more preferably pyrazol radical A1.a, A1.b, A1.c, A1.d, A1.e, A1.f, A1.o, A1.q, A1.r, A1.s, A1.t, A1.u, A1.v, A1.w, A1.x, A1.y, A1.aa, A1.bb, A1.cc, A1.dd, A1.ee, A1.gg, A1.hh or A1.ii, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A1.a1 to A1.z111 or from
 25 A1.aa1 to A1.qq111;

30 R^1 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_1 - C_{10} -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylene-CN, OR^a , $C(Y)R^b$, $C(Y)OR^c$, $S(O)_2R^d$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- $C(Y)R^b$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- OR^a , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x , which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO_2 , C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a , R^b , R^c , R^d , R^e and R^f are as defined herein;
 35 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-

C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;

- 5 R^t, R^u and R^v are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably 2 or 3, of the radicals R^t, R^u, and R^v are hydrogen.

10 Examples of compounds of this particularly preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 4285 to 4410.

15 Tables 4285 to 4326: Compounds of the formula I'.D and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

Tables 4327 to 4368: Compounds of the formula I'.D and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is methyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

20 Tables 4369 to 4410: Compounds of the formula I'.D and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen, R¹ is ethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.

25 Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of the formula I'.D and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

A is a radical A₂, as defined herein, in particular a radical A₂, wherein R⁴², R⁵² and R⁶² have the preferred meanings, in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae A₂.aa to A₂.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A₂.aa1 - A₂.aa111 to A₂.ha1 - A₂.ha111;

30

R¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₄-alkylen-C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₄-alkylen-OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x, which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a, R^b, R^c, R^d, R^e and R^f are as defined herein;

35

40 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl; more

preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;

- 5 R^t, R^u and R^v are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably two or three of the radicals R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen.

- 10 Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 4411 to 4522.

- Tables 4411 to 4522: Compounds of the formula I'.D and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen and wherein A and R¹ are as defined in
15 tables 3193 to 3304.

Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of formula I'.D and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

- 20 A is a radical A₃, as defined herein, in particular a radical A₃, wherein R⁴³, R⁵³ and R⁶³ have the preferred meanings, more particularly a pyrazole radical of the formulae A₃.aa to A₃.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A₃.aa1 - A₃.aa111 to A₃.do1 - A₃.do111;
- 25 R¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₄-alkylen-C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₄-alkylen-OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsub-
30 stituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x, which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a, R^b, R^c, R^d, R^e and R^f are as defined herein;
- 35 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;
- 40 R^u, R^v and R^t are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably 2 or 3, of the radicals R^u, R^v and

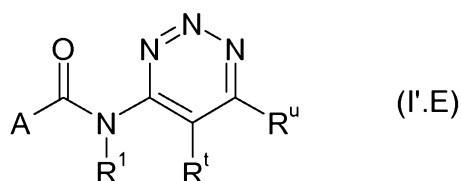
R^t are hydrogen.

Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 4523 to 4690.

5

Tables 4523 to 4690: Compounds of the formula I'.D and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, R^u and R^v are hydrogen and wherein A and R¹ are as defined in tables 2205 to 3472.

- 10 Another particularly preferred embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula I'.E and to the salts and N-oxides thereof,



- 15 wherein A, R¹, R^t and R^u are as defined herein.

In a particular embodiment of the compounds of the formula I'E, the radical A is a radical of the formula A1. These compounds are hereinafter also referred to compounds I'.E1. In the compounds I'.E1, the radical A and thus the radicals R⁴¹, R⁵¹ and R⁶¹ are as defined for formula I'.D1.

20

In the compounds I'.E1, the variables A, R¹, R^t and R^u have in particular the following meanings:

- 25 A is a radical A1, as defined herein, in particular a radical A1, wherein R⁴¹, R⁵¹ and R⁶¹ have the preferred meanings, in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae A1.a to A1.z or a pyrazol radical of the formulae A1.aa to A1.qq, more preferably pyrazol radical A1.a, A1.b, A1.c, A1.d, A1.e, A1.f, A1.o, A1.q, A1.r, A1.s, A1.t, A1.u, A1.v, A1.w, A1.x, A1.y, A1.aa, A1.bb, A1.cc, A1.dd, A1.ee, A1.gg, A1.hh or
- 30 A1.ii, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A1.a1 to A1.z111 or from A1.aa1 to A1.qq111;

- R¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₄-alkylen-C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₄-alkylen-OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x, which are as defined above and
- 35

- which are preferably selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a, R^b, R^c, R^d, R^e and R^f are as defined herein;
- in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;
- 10 R^t and R^u are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably both of the radicals R^t and R^u are hydrogen.
- 15 Examples of compounds of this particularly preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 4691 to 4816.
- Tables 4691 to 4732: Compounds of the formula I'.E and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t, Rⁱ and R^u are hydrogen and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 20 42.
- Tables 4733 to 4774: Compounds of the formula I'.E and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t and R^u are hydrogen, Rⁱ is methyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- 25 Tables 4775 to 4816: Compounds of the formula I'.E and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t and R^u are hydrogen, Rⁱ is ethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- 30 Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of the formula I'.E and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein
- A is a radical A₂, as defined herein, in particular a radical A₂, wherein R⁴², R⁵² and R⁶² have the preferred meanings, in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae A₂.aa to A₂.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A₂.aa1 - A₂.aa111 to A₂.ha1 - A₂.ha111;
- 35
- Rⁱ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₄-alkylen-C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₄-alkylen-OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsub-
- 40

stituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x , which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO_2 , $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-haloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkoxy}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-haloalkoxy}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylsulfonyl}$ and $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-haloalkylsulfonyl}$, wherein R^a , R^b , R^c , R^d , R^e and R^f are as defined herein;

5 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-haloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkoxy-C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$, heterocyclyl- $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ and hetaryl- $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ and $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkoxy-C}_1\text{-C}_2\text{-alkyl}$, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;

10

R^l and R^u are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably both of the radicals R^l and R^u are hydrogen.

15

Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 4817 to 4928.

20 Tables 4817 to 4928: Compounds of the formula I'.E and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^l and R^u are hydrogen and wherein A and R^1 are as defined in tables 3193 to 3304.

Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of formula I'.E and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein

25

A is a radical A3, as defined herein, in particular a radical A3, wherein R^{43} , R^{53} and R^{63} have the preferred meanings, more particularly a pyrazole radical of the formulae A3.aa to A3.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A3.aa1 - A3.aa111 to A3.do1 - A3.do111;

30

R^1 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}\text{-haloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkenyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}\text{-haloalkenyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkynyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylene-CN}$, OR^a , C(Y)R^b , C(Y)OR^c , $\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^d$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylen-C(Y)R}^b$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylen-OR}^a$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylen-NR}^e\text{R}^f$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylen-NR}^e\text{R}^f$, phenyl- $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$, heterocyclyl- $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ and hetaryl- $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x , which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO_2 , $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-haloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkoxy}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-haloalkoxy}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylsulfonyl}$ and $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-haloalkylsulfonyl}$, wherein R^a , R^b , R^c , R^d , R^e and R^f are as defined herein;

35

40 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-haloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkoxy-C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$, heterocyclyl- $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ and hetaryl- $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ and $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkoxy-}$

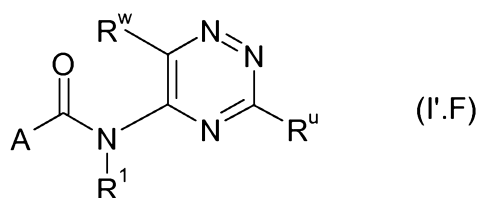
C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;

- 5 R^t and R^u are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably both of the radicals R^t and R^u are hydrogen.

10 Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 4929 to 5096.

Tables 4929 to 5096: Compounds of the formula I'.E and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^t and R^u are hydrogen and wherein A and R¹ are as defined in tables 3305 to 3472.

15 Another particularly preferred embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula I'.F and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein



20 wherein A, R¹, R^u and R^w are as defined herein.

In a particular embodiment of the compounds of the formula I'D, the radical A is a radical of the formula A1. These compounds are hereinafter also referred to compounds
25 I'.F1. In the compounds I'.F1, the radical A and thus the radicals R⁴¹, R⁵¹ and R⁶¹ are as defined for formula I'.F1.

In the compounds I'.F1, the variables A, R¹, R^u and R^w have in particular the following meanings:

- 30 A is a radical A1, as defined herein, in particular a radical A1, wherein R⁴¹, R⁵¹ and R⁶¹ have the preferred meanings, in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae A1.a to A1.z or a pyrazol radical of the formulae A1.aa to A1.qq, more preferably pyrazol radical A1.a, A1.b, A1.c, A1.d, A1.e, A1.f, A1.o, A1.q, A1.r, A1.s, A1.t,
35 A1.u, A1.v, A1.w, A1.x, A1.y, A1.aa, A1.bb, A1.cc, A1.dd, A1.ee, A1.gg, A1.hh or A1.ii, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A1.a1 to A1.z111 or from A1.aa1 to A1.qq111;

- R¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkylene-CN, OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₄-alkylen-C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₄-alkylen-OR^a, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C₁-C₄-alkylen-NR^eR^f, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x, which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO₂, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a, R^b, R^c, R^d, R^e and R^f are as defined herein;
- in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;
- R^w and R^u are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, halogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably 2 or 3, of the radicals R^w and R^u are hydrogen.
- Examples of compounds of this particularly preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 5097 to 5222.
- Tables 4716 to 5138 Compounds of the formula I'.F and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R¹, R^w and R^u are hydrogen and wherein A is defined in tables 1 to 42.
- Tables 5139 to 5180: Compounds of the formula I'.F and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^u and R^w are hydrogen, R¹ is methyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- Tables 5181 to 5222: Compounds of the formula I'.F and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^u and R^w are hydrogen, R¹ is ethyl and wherein A is as defined in tables 1 to 42.
- Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of the formula I'.F and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein
- A is a radical A2, as defined herein, in particular a radical A2, wherein R⁴², R⁵² and R⁶² have the preferred meanings, in particular a pyrazole radical of the formulae A2.aa to A2.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A2.aa1 - A2.aa111 to A2.ha1 - A2.ha111;

- 5 R^1 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_1 - C_{10} -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylene-CN, OR^a , $C(Y)R^b$, $C(Y)OR^c$, $S(O)_2R^d$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- $C(Y)R^b$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- OR^a , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x , which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO_2 , C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a , R^b , R^c , R^d , R^e and R^f are as defined herein;
- 10 in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_2 -alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;
- 15 R^w and R^u are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably two or three of the radicals R^w and R^u are hydrogen.
- 20 Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 5223 to 5334.
- 25 Tables 5223 to 5334: Compounds of the formula I'.F and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^w and R^u are hydrogen and wherein A and R^1 are as defined in tables 3193 to 3304.
- Another particular preferred embodiment relates to compounds of formula I'.F and to the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein
- 30 A is a radical A3, as defined herein, in particular a radical A3, wherein R^{43} , R^{53} and R^{63} have the preferred meanings, more particularly a pyrazole radical of the formulae A3.aa to A3.do, e.g. a radical selected from the pyrazole radicals A3.aa1 - A3.aa111 to A3.do1 - A3.do111;
- 35 R^1 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, CN, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_1 - C_{10} -haloalkyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylene-CN, OR^a , $C(Y)R^b$, $C(Y)OR^c$, $S(O)_2R^d$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- $C(Y)R^b$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- OR^a , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , C_1 - C_4 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^x , which are as defined above and which are preferably selected from halogen, NO_2 , C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl,
- 40

C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, wherein R^a, R^b, R^c, R^d, R^e and R^f are as defined herein;

in particular from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl; more preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₂-alkyl, most preferably from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl and ethyl;;

R^w and R^u are selected independently of each other from hydrogen, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein preferably at least one, more preferably 2 or 3, of the radicals R^w and R^u are hydrogen.

Examples of compounds of this particular preferred embodiment are the compounds given in the following tables 5335 to 5502.

Tables 5335 to 5502: Compounds of the formula I'.F and the salts and N-oxides thereof, wherein R^w and R^u are hydrogen and wherein A and R¹ are as defined in tables 3305 to 3472.

If not defined otherwise, the variables R^a, R^b, R^c, R^d, R^e, R^f, R^g, R^h and Rⁱ, independently of each other, preferably have the following meanings:

R^a hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl or C₁-C₄-haloalkyl;

R^b C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl or C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl;

R^c hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl;

R^d C₁-C₄-alkyl or C₁-C₄-haloalkyl;

R^e hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl;

R^f hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, benzyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl or C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl;

R^g hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl;

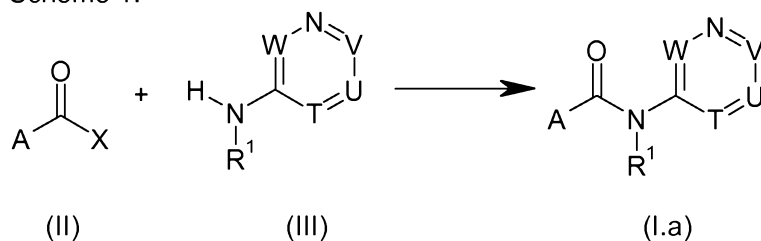
R^h hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, benzyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl or C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl;

Rⁱ hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl;

The compounds of formulae I or II can be prepared by the standard methods of organic chemistry, e.g. by the methods described hereinafter or in the working examples:

- 5 The compounds of the formula I, wherein X¹ is O (compounds I'), can be prepared e.g. according to the method depicted in scheme 1 by reacting activated pyrazole carboxylic acid derivative II with a 2-aminopyrazine, a 3- or 4-aminopyridazine, a 5-aminopyrimidine or a 4-aminotriazine compound III (see e.g. Houben-Weyl: "Methoden der organ. Chemie" [Methods of Organic Chemistry], Georg-Thieme-Verlag, Stuttgart, New York 1985, Volume E5, pp. 941-1045). Activated pyrazole carboxylic acid derivatives II are, for example, halides, activated esters, anhydrides, azides, for example chlorides, fluorides, bromides, para-nitrophenyl esters, pentafluorophenyl esters, N-hydroxysuccinimides, hydroxybenzotriazol-1-yl esters. In scheme 1, the radicals A, R¹, T, U, V and W have the meanings mentioned above and in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred, X is a suitable leaving group such as halogen, N₃, para-nitrophenoxy or pentafluorophenoxy and the like.

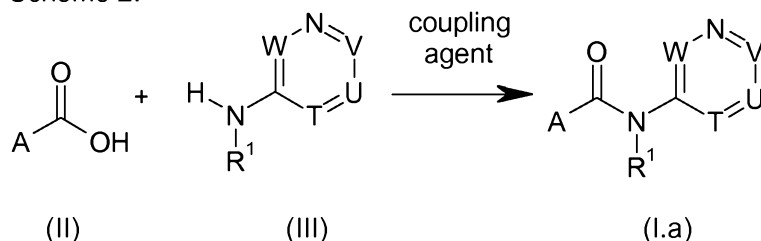
Scheme 1:



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- The active compounds of the formula I, wherein X¹ is O (compounds I'), can also be prepared, for example, by reacting the pyrazole carboxylic acid IV and a the 2-aminopyrazine, 3- or 4-aminopyridazine, 5-aminopyrimidine or 4-aminotriazine compound III, in the presence of a coupling agent according to scheme 2. In scheme 2, the radicals A, T, U, V and W have the meanings given above and in particular the meanings given as being preferred.

Scheme 2:



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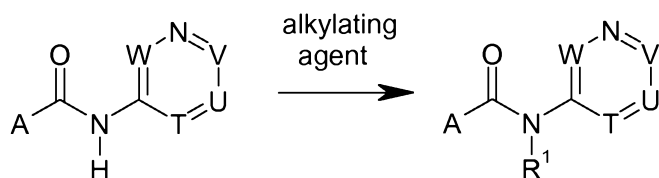
Suitable coupling agents are, for example:

- coupling agents based on carbodiimides, for example

- N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide [J.C. Sheehan, G.P. Hess, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1955, 77, 1067], N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide;
- coupling agents which form mixed anhydrides with carbonic esters, for example 2-ethoxy-1-ethoxycarbonyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline [B. Belleau, G. Malek, J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 1968, 90, 1651], 2-isobutyloxy-1-isobutyloxycarbonyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline [Y. Kiso, H. Yajima, J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun. 1972, 942];
 - coupling agents based on phosphonium salts, for example (benzotriazol-1-yloxy)tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate [B. Castro, J.R. Domoy, G. Evin, C. Selve, Tetrahedron Lett. 1975, 14, 1219], (benzotriazol-1-yloxy)tripyrrolidinophosphonium hexafluorophosphate [J. Coste et al., Tetrahedron Lett. 1990, 31, 205];
 - coupling agents based on uronium salts or having a guanidinium N-oxide structure, for example N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-O-(1H-benzotriazol-1-yl)uronium hexafluorophosphate [R. Knorr, A. Trzeciak, W. Bannwarth, D. Gillesen, Tetrahedron Lett. 1989, 30, 1927], N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-O-(benzotriazol-1-yl)uronium tetrafluoroborate, (benzotriazol-1-yloxy)dipiperidinocarbenium hexafluorophosphate [S. Chen, J. Xu, Tetrahedron Lett. 1992, 33, 647];
 - coupling agents which form acid chlorides, for example bis-(2-oxo-oxazolidinyl)phosphinic chloride [J. Diago-Mesequer, Synthesis 1980, 547].

Compounds of formula I, wherein X¹ is O (compounds I') and R¹ is different from hydrogen can also be prepared by alkylating the amides I (in which R¹ is hydrogen and which can be obtained according to scheme 1 or 2) using suitable alkylating agents in the presence of bases.

Scheme 3:



30

The pyrazole carboxylic acids IV and their activated derivatives II as well as the 2-aminopyrazine, 3- or 4-aminopyridazine, 5-aminopyrimidine and 4-aminotriazine compounds III are known in the art or are commercially available or can be prepared by methods known from the literature.

35

Compounds of the formula I, wherein X¹ is different from oxygen, can be prepared from the compounds of formula I' by standard methods:

Compounds of the formula I, wherein X^1 is S, can be prepared e.g. by reacting a compound of formula I' with 2,4-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,3,2,4-dithiadiphosphetane-2,4-disulfide or phosphorus pentasulfide according to the method described by M. Jesberger et al. in Synthesis 2003, 1929.

5

Compounds of the formula I, wherein X^1 is NR^{1a} , can be prepared e.g. by reacting a compound I' with by reacting a compound I' with 2,4-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,3,2,4-dithiadiphosphetane-2,4-disulfide to obtain the corresponding thioamide (compound I, wherein X^1 is S) which is then reacted with an appropriate amine according to the method described by V. Glushkov et al. in Pharmaceutical Chemistry Journal 2005, 39(10), 533-536.

10

Compounds of formula II, wherein $X^2 = SR^{2a}$, can be prepared by alkylation of the corresponding thioamide (compound I, wherein X^1 is S) by reaction with an alkylating agent according to the method described by V. Glushkov et al. in Pharmaceutical Chemistry Journal 2005, 39(10), 533-536. In a similar manner, compounds I, wherein X^2 is OR^{2a} or $NR^{2b}R^{2c}$ can be obtained. Compounds of the formula II, wherein $X^2 = SOR^{2a}$ or SO_2R^{2a} can be obtained by oxidation of compounds II with $X^2 = SR^{2a}$.

15

N-oxides of the compounds of formulae I and II, can be prepared by oxidation of compounds I, according to standard methods of preparing heteroaromatic N-oxides, e.g. by the method described by C. Botteghi et al. in Journal of Organometallic Chemistry 1989, 370, 17-31.

20

As a rule, the compounds of formulae I or II can be prepared by the methods described above. If individual compounds can not be prepared via the above-described routes, they can be prepared by derivatization of other compounds I or II or by customary modifications of the synthesis routes described. For example, in individual cases, certain compounds I or II can advantageously be prepared from other compounds I or II by ester hydrolysis, amidation, esterification, ether cleavage, olefination, reduction, oxidation and the like.

25

30

The reaction mixtures are worked up in the customary manner, for example by mixing with water, separating the phases, and, if appropriate, purifying the crude products by chromatography, for example on alumina or on silica gel. Some of the intermediates and end products may be obtained in the form of colorless or pale brown viscous oils which are freed or purified from volatile components under reduced pressure and at moderately elevated temperature. If the intermediates and end products are obtained as solids, they may be purified by recrystallization or trituration.

35

40

Due to their excellent activity, the compounds of the general formulae I or II may be used for controlling invertebrate pests.

Accordingly, the present invention also provides a method for controlling invertebrate pests which method comprises treating the pests, their food supply, their habitat or their breeding ground or a cultivated plant, plant propagation materials (such as seed),
5 soil, area, material or environment in which the pests are growing or may grow, or the materials, cultivated plants, plant propagation materials (such as seed), soils, surfaces or spaces to be protected from pest attack or infestation with a pesticidally effective amount of a compound of formulae (I) or (II) or a salt or N-oxide thereof or a composition as defined above.

10 Preferably, the method of the invention serves for protecting plant propagation material (such as seed) and the plant which grows therefrom from invertebrate pest attack or infestation and comprises treating the plant propagation material (such as seed) with a pesticidally effective amount of a compound of formulae (I) or (II) or an agriculturally
15 acceptable salt or N-oxide thereof as defined above or with a pesticidally effective amount of an agricultural composition as defined above and below. The method of the invention is not limited to the protection of the "substrate" (plant, plant propagation materials, soil material etc.) which has been treated according to the invention, but also has a preventive effect, thus, for example, according protection to a plant which grows
20 from a treated plant propagation materials (such as seed), the plant itself not having been treated.

In the sense of the present invention, "invertebrate pests" are preferably selected from arthropods and nematodes, more preferably from harmful insects, arachnids and
25 nematodes, and even more preferably from insects, acarids and nematodes.

The invention further provides an agricultural composition for combating such invertebrate pests, which comprises such an amount of at least one compound of the general formulae I or II or at least one agriculturally useful salt or N-oxide thereof and at least
30 one inert liquid and/or solid agronomically acceptable carrier that has a pesticidal action and, if desired, at least one surfactant.

Such a composition may contain a single active compound of the formulae I or II or a salt or N-oxide thereof or a mixture of several active compounds I or II or their salts
35 according to the present invention. The composition according to the present invention may comprise an individual isomer or mixtures of isomers as well as individual tautomers or mixtures of tautomers.

The compounds of the formulae I or II and the pestidicidal compositions comprising them are effective agents for controlling arthropod pests and nematodes. Invertebrate
40 pests controlled by the compounds of formulae I or II include for example

- insects from the order of the lepidopterans (Lepidoptera), for example *Agrotis ypsilon*, *Agrotis segetum*, *Alabama argillacea*, *Anticarsia gemmatalis*, *Argyresthia conjugella*, *Autographa gamma*, *Bupalus piniarius*, *Cacoecia murinana*, *Capua reticulana*, *Cheimatobia brumata*, *Choristoneura fumiferana*, *Choristoneura occidentalis*, *Cirphis*
- 5 *unipuncta*, *Cydia pomonella*, *Dendrolimus pini*, *Diaphania nitidalis*, *Diatraea grandiosella*, *Earias insulana*, *Elasmopalpus lignosellus*, *Eupoecilia ambiguella*, *Evetria bouliana*, *Feltia subterranea*, *Galleria mellonella*, *Grapholitha funebrana*, *Grapholitha molesta*, *Heliothis armigera*, *Heliothis virescens*, *Heliothis zea*, *Hellula undalis*, *Hibernia defoliaria*, *Hyphantria cunea*, *Hyponomeuta malinellus*, *Keiferia lycopersicella*, *Lambdina fiscellaria*, *Laphygma exigua*, *Leucoptera coffeella*, *Leucoptera scitella*, *Lithocolletis blancardella*, *Lobesia botrana*, *Loxostege sticticalis*, *Lymantria dispar*, *Lymantria monacha*, *Lyonetia clerkella*, *Malacosoma neustria*, *Mamestra brassicae*, *Orgyia pseudotsugata*, *Ostrinia nubilalis*, *Panolis flammea*, *Pectinophora gossypiella*, *Peridroma saucia*, *Phalera bucephala*, *Phthorimaea operculella*, *Phyllocnistis citrella*, *Pieris brassicae*, *Plathypena scabra*, *Plutella xylostella*, *Pseudoplusia includens*, *Rhyacionia frus-*
- 10 *trana*, *Scrobipalpus absoluta*, *Sitotroga cerealella*, *Sparganothis pilleriana*, *Spodoptera frugiperda*, *Spodoptera littoralis*, *Spodoptera litura*, *Thaumatopoea pityocampa*, *Tortrix viridana*, *Trichoplusiani* and *Zeiraphera canadensis*;
- 20 beetles (Coleoptera), for example *Agrilus sinuatus*, *Agriotes lineatus*, *Agriotes obscurus*, *Amphimallus solstitialis*, *Anisandrus dispar*, *Anthonomus grandis*, *Anthonomus pomorum*, *Atomaria linearis*, *Blastophagus piniperda*, *Blitophaga undata*, *Bruchus rufimanus*, *Bruchus pisorum*, *Bruchus lentis*, *Byctiscus betulae*, *Cassida nebulosa*, *Ceratomya trifurcata*, *Ceuthorrhynchus assimilis*, *Ceuthorrhynchus napi*, *Chaetocnema tibialis*, *Conoderus vespertinus*, *Crioceris asparagi*, *Diabrotica longicornis*, *Diabrotica* 12
- 25 *punctata*, *Diabrotica virgifera*, *Epilachna varivestis*, *Epitrix hirtipennis*, *Eutinobothrus brasiliensis*, *Hylobius abietis*, *Hypera brunneipennis*, *Hypera postica*, *Ips typographus*, *Lema bilineata*, *Lema melanopus*, *Leptinotarsa decemlineata*, *Limonius californicus*, *Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus*, *Melanotus communis*, *Meligethes aeneus*, *Melolontha hippocastani*, *Melolontha melolontha*, *Oulema oryzae*, *Ortiorrhynchus sulcatus*, *Otiorrhynchus ovatus*, *Phaedon cochleariae*, *Phyllotreta chrysocephala*, *Phyllophaga* sp., *Phyllopertha horticola*, *Phyllotreta nemorum*, *Phyllotreta striolata*, *Popillia japonica*, *Sitona lineatus* and *Sitophilus granaria*;
- 30 dipterans (Diptera), for example *Aedes aegypti*, *Aedes vexans*, *Anastrepha ludens*, *Anopheles maculipennis*, *Ceratitis capitata*, *Chrysomya bezziana*, *Chrysomya hominivorax*, *Chrysomya macellaria*, *Contarinia sorghicola*, *Cordylobia anthropophaga*, *Culex pipiens*, *Dacus cucurbitae*, *Dacus oleae*, *Dasineura brassicae*, *Fannia canicularis*, *Gasterophilus intestinalis*, *Glossina morsitans*, *Haematobia irritans*, *Haplodiplosis equestris*, *Hylemyia platyura*, *Hypoderma lineata*, *Liriomyza sativae*, *Liriomyza trifolii*, *Lucilia caprina*, *Lucilia cuprina*, *Lucilia sericata*, *Lycoria pectoralis*, *Mayetiola destructor*, *Musca domestica*, *Muscina stabulans*, *Oestrus ovis*, *Oscinella frit*, *Pegomya hyso-*
- 40

cyami, *Phorbia antiqua*, *Phorbia brassicae*, *Phorbia coarctata*, *Rhagoletis cerasi*, *Rhagoletis pomonella*, *Tabanus bovinus*, *Tipula oleracea* and *Tipula paludosa*;

5 thrips (Thysanoptera), e.g. *Dichromothrips corbetti*, *Frankliniella fusca*, *Frankliniella occidentalis*, *Frankliniella tritici*, *Scirtothrips citri*, *Thrips oryzae*, *Thrips palmi* and *Thrips tabaci*;

10 hymenopterans (Hymenoptera), e.g. *Athalia rosae*, *Atta cephalotes*, *Atta sexdens*, *Atta texana*, *Hoplocampa minuta*, *Hoplocampa testudinea*, *Monomorium pharaonis*, *Solenopsis geminata* and *Solenopsis invicta*;

15 heteropterans (Heteroptera), e.g. *Acrosternum hilare*, *Blissus leucopterus*, *Cyrtopeltis notatus*, *Dysdercus cingulatus*, *Dysdercus intermedius*, *Eurygaster integriceps*, *Euschistus impictiventris*, *Leptoglossus phyllopus*, *Lygus lineolaris*, *Lygus pratensis*, *Nezara viridula*, *Piesma quadrata*, *Solubea insularis* and *Thyanta perditor*;

20 homopterans (Homoptera), e.g. *Acyrtosiphon onobrychis*, *Adelges laricis*, *Aphidula nasturtii*, *Aphis fabae*, *Aphis forbesi*, *Aphis pomi*, *Aphis gossypii*, *Aphis grossulariae*, *Aphis schneideri*, *Aphis spiraecola*, *Aphis sambuci*, *Acyrtosiphon pisum*, *Aulacorthum solani*, *Bemisia argentifolii*, *Bemisia tabaci*, *Brachycaudus cardui*, *Brachycaudus helichrysi*, *Brachycaudus persicae*, *Brachycaudus prunicola*, *Brevicoryne brassicae*, *Capitophorus horni*, *Cerosipha gossypii*, *Chaetosiphon fragaefolii*, *Cryptomyzus ribis*, *Dreyfusia nordmannianae*, *Dreyfusia piceae*, *Dysaphis radicola*, *Dysaulacorthum pseudosolani*, *Dysaphis plantaginea*, *Dysaphis pyri*, *Empoasca fabae*, *Hyalopterus pruni*, *Hyperomyzus lactucae*, *Macrosiphum avenae*, *Macrosiphum euphorbiae*, *Macrosiphum rosae*, *Megoura viciae*, *Melanaphis pyramis*, *Metopolophium dirhodum*, *Myzodes persicae*, *Myzus ascalonicus*, *Myzus cerasi*, *Myzus persicae*, *Myzus varians*, *Nasonovia ribis-nigri*, *Nilaparvata lugens*, *Pemphigus bursarius*, *Perkinsiella saccharicida*, *Phorodon humuli*, *Psylla mali*, *Psylla piri*, *Rhopalosiphum ascalonicus*, *Rhopalosiphum maidis*, *Rhopalosiphum padi*, *Rhopalosiphum insertum*, *Sappaphis mala*, *Sappaphis mali*, *Schizaphis graminum*, *Schizoneura lanuginosa*, *Sitobion avenae*, *Sogatella furcifera*, *Trialeurodes vaporariorum*, *Toxoptera aurantiiand*, and *Viteus vitifolii*;

35 termites (Isoptera), e.g. *Calotermes flavicollis*, *Leucotermes flavipes*, *Reticulitermes flavipes*, *Reticulitermes lucifugus* und *Termes natalensis*;

40 orthopterans (Orthoptera), e.g. *Acheta domestica*, *Blatta orientalis*, *Blattella germanica*, *Forficula auricularia*, *Gryllotalpa gryllotalpa*, *Locusta migratoria*, *Melanoplus bivittatus*, *Melanoplus femur-rubrum*, *Melanoplus mexicanus*, *Melanoplus sanguinipes*, *Melanoplus spretus*, *Nomadacris septemfasciata*, *Periplaneta americana*, *Schistocerca americana*, *Schistocerca peregrina*, *Stauronotus maroccanus* and *Tachycines asymamorus*;

- arachnoidea, such as arachnids (Acarina), e.g. of the families Argasidae, Ixodidae and Sarcoptidae, such as *Amblyomma americanum*, *Amblyomma variegatum*, *Argas persicus*, *Boophilus annulatus*, *Boophilus decoloratus*, *Boophilus microplus*, *Dermacentor silvarum*, *Hyalomma truncatum*, *Ixodes ricinus*, *Ixodes rubicundus*, *Ornithodoros moubata*, *Otobius megnini*, *Dermanyssus gallinae*, *Psoroptes ovis*, *Rhipicephalus appendiculatus*, *Rhipicephalus evertsi*, *Sarcoptes scabiei*, and Eriophyidae spp. such as *Aculus schlechtendali*, *Phyllocoptrata oleivora* and Eriophyes sheldoni; Tarsonemidae spp. such as *Phytonemus pallidus* and *Polyphagotarsonemus latus*; Tenuipalpidae spp. such as *Brevipalpus phoenicis*; Tetranychidae spp. such as *Tetranychus cinnabarinus*, *Tetranychus kanzawai*, *Tetranychus pacificus*, *Tetranychus telarius* and *Tetranychus urticae*, *Panonychus ulmi*, *Panonychus citri*, and *oligonychus pratensis*;
- siphonatera, e.g. *Xenopsylla cheopsis*, *Ceratophyllus* spp.
- The compositions and compounds of formulae I or II are useful for the control of nematodes, especially plant parasitic nematodes such as root knot nematodes, *Meloidogyne hapla*, *Meloidogyne incognita*, *Meloidogyne javanica*, and other *Meloidogyne* species;
- cyst-forming nematodes, *Globodera rostochiensis* and other *Globodera* species; *Heterodera avenae*, *Heterodera glycines*, *Heterodera schachtii*, *Heterodera trifolii*, and other *Heterodera* species; Seed gall nematodes, *Anguina* species; Stem and foliar nematodes, *Aphelenchoides* species; Sting nematodes, *Belonolaimus longicaudatus* and other *Belonolaimus* species; Pine nematodes, *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* and other *Bursaphelenchus* species; Ring nematodes, *Criconema* species, *Criconemella* species, *Criconemoides* species, *Mesocriconema* species; Stem and bulb nematodes, *Ditylenchus destructor*, *Ditylenchus dipsaci* and other *Ditylenchus* species; Awl nematodes, *Dolichodorus* species; Spiral nematodes, *Helicotylenchus multicinctus* and other *Helicotylenchus* species; Sheath and sheathoid nematodes, *Hemicycliophora* species and *Hemicriconemoides* species; *Hirshmanniella* species; Lance nematodes, *Hoploaimus* species; false rootknot nematodes, *Nacobbus* species; Needle nematodes, *Longidorus elongatus* and other *Longidorus* species; Pin nematodes, *Paratylenchus* species; Lesion nematodes, *Pratylenchus neglectus*, *Pratylenchus penetrans*, *Pratylenchus curvatus*, *Pratylenchus goodeyi* and other *Pratylenchus* species; Burying nematodes, *Radopholus similis* and other *Radopholus* species; Reniform nematodes, *Rotylenchus robustus* and other *Rotylenchus* species; *Scutellonema* species; Stubby root nematodes, *Trichodorus primitivus* and other *Trichodorus* species, *Paratrachodorus* species; Stunt nematodes, *Tylenchorhynchus claytoni*, *Tylenchorhynchus dubius* and other *Tylenchorhynchus* species; Citrus nematodes, *Tylenchulus* species; Dagger nematodes, *Xiphinema* species; and other plant parasitic nematode species.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention the compounds of formulae I or II are used for controlling insects.

5 In another preferred embodiment of the invention the compounds of formulae I or II are used for controlling insects or arachnids, in particular insects of the orders Lepidoptera, Coleoptera, Thysanoptera and Homoptera and arachnids of the order Acarina. The compounds of the formulae I or II according to the present invention are particularly useful for controlling insects of the order Thysanoptera and Homoptera, particularly of Homoptera. In another preferred embodiment of the invention the compounds of formulae I or II are used for controlling acaridae.

10 The compounds of formulae I or II or the pesticidal compositions comprising them may be used to protect growing plants and crops from attack or infestation by invertebrate pests, especially insects, acaridae or arachnids by contacting the plant/crop with a pesticidally effective amount of compounds of formulae I or II. The term "crop" refers both to growing and harvested crops.

The compounds of formulae I or II can be converted into the customary formulations, for example solutions, emulsions, suspensions, dusts, powders, pastes and granules. 20 The use form depends on the particular intended purpose; in each case, it should ensure a fine and even distribution of the compound according to the invention.

The formulations are prepared in a known manner (see e.g. for review US 3,060,084, EP-A 707 445 (for liquid concentrates), Browning, "Agglomeration", Chemical Engineering, Dec. 4, 1967, 147-48, Perry's Chemical Engineer's Handbook, 4th Ed., McGraw-Hill, New York, 1963, pages 8-57 and et seq. WO 91/13546, US 4,172,714, US 4,144,050, US 3,920,442, US 5,180,587, US 5,232,701, US 5,208,030, GB 2,095,558, US 3,299,566, Klingman, Weed Control as a Science, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, 1961, Hance et al., Weed Control Handbook, 8th Ed., Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford, 1989 and Mollet, H., Grubemann, A., Formulation technology, Wiley VCH Verlag GmbH, Weinheim (Germany), 2001, 2. D. A. Knowles, Chemistry and Technology of Agrochemical Formulations, Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht, 1998 (ISBN 0-7514-0443-8), for example by extending the active compound with auxiliaries suitable for the formulation of agrochemicals, such as solvents and/or carriers, if desired emulsifiers, surfactants and dispersants, preservatives, anti-foaming agents, anti-freezing agents, for seed treatment formulation also optionally colorants and/or binders and/or gelling agents.

40 Examples of suitable solvents are water, aromatic solvents (for example Solvesso products, xylene), paraffins (for example mineral oil fractions), alcohols (for example methanol, butanol, pentanol, benzyl alcohol), ketones (for example cyclohexanone, gamma-butyrolactone), pyrrolidones (N-methylpyrrolidone [NMP], N-octylpyrrolidone

[NOP]), acetates (glycol diacetate), glycols, fatty acid dimethylamides, fatty acids and fatty acid esters. In principle, solvent mixtures may also be used.

- 5 Suitable emulsifiers are non-ionic and anionic emulsifiers (for example polyoxyethylene fatty alcohol ethers, alkylsulfonates and arylsulfonates).

Examples of dispersants are lignin-sulfite waste liquors and methylcellulose.

Suitable surfactants used are alkali metal, alkaline earth metal and ammonium salts of
5 lignosulfonic acid, naphthalenesulfonic acid, phenolsulfonic acid, dibutyl naphthalene-
sulfonic acid, alkylarylsulfonates, alkyl sulphates, alkylsulfonates, fatty alcohol sulfates,
fatty acids and sulphated fatty alcohol glycol ethers, furthermore condensates of sul-
fonated naphthalene and naphthalene derivatives with formaldehyde, condensates of
10 naphthalene or of naphthalenesulfonic acid with phenol and formaldehyde, poly-
oxyethylene octylphenol ether, ethoxylated isooctylphenol, octylphenol, nonylphenol,
alkylphenol polyglycol ethers, tributylphenyl polyglycol ether, tristearylphenyl polyglycol
ether, alkylaryl polyether alcohols, alcohol and fatty alcohol ethylene oxide conden-
sates, ethoxylated castor oil, polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers, ethoxylated polyoxypropyl-
15 ene, lauryl alcohol polyglycol ether acetal, sorbitol esters, lignosulfite waste liquors and
methylcellulose.

Substances which are suitable for the preparation of directly sprayable solutions, emul-
sions, pastes or oil dispersions are mineral oil fractions of medium to high boiling point,
such as kerosene or diesel oil, furthermore coal tar oils and oils of vegetable or animal
20 origin, aliphatic, cyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons, for example toluene, xylene, paraf-
fin, tetrahydronaphthalene, alkylated naphthalenes or their derivatives, methanol, etha-
nol, propanol, butanol, cyclohexanol, cyclohexanone, isophorone, highly polar solvents,
for example dimethyl sulfoxide, N-methylpyrrolidone or water.

25 Also anti-freezing agents such as glycerin, ethylene glycol, propylene glycol and bacte-
ricides such as can be added to the formulation.

Suitable antifoaming agents are for example antifoaming agents based on silicon or
magnesium stearate.

30

A suitable preservative is e.g. dichlorophen.

Seed treatment formulations may additionally comprise binders and optionally color-
ants.

35

Binders can be added to improve the adhesion of the active materials on the seeds
after treatment. Suitable binders are block copolymers, EO/PO surfactants but also
polyvinylalcohols, polyvinylpyrrolidones, polyacrylates, polymethacrylates, polybut-
enes, polyisobutylenes, polystyrene, polyethyleneamines, polyethyleneamides, poly-
40 ethyleneimines (Lupasol®, Polymin®), polyethers, polyurethans, polyvinylacetate, ty-
lose and copolymers derived from these polymers.

Optionally, also colorants can be included in the formulation. Suitable colorants or dyes for seed treatment formulations are Rhodamin B, C.I. Pigment Red 112, C.I. Solvent Red 1, pigment blue 15:4, pigment blue 15:3, pigment blue 15:2, pigment blue 15:1, pigment blue 80, pigment yellow 1, pigment yellow 13, pigment red 112, pigment red 48:2, pigment red 48:1, pigment red 57:1, pigment red 53:1, pigment orange 43, pigment orange 34, pigment orange 5, pigment green 36, pigment green 7, pigment white 6, pigment brown 25, basic violet 10, basic violet 49, acid red 51, acid red 52, acid red 14, acid blue 9, acid yellow 23, basic red 10, basic red 108.

10 An example of a gelling agent is carrageen (Satiagel®).

Powders, materials for spreading and dustable products can be prepared by mixing or concomitantly grinding the active substances with a solid carrier.

15 Granules, for example coated granules, impregnated granules and homogeneous granules, can be prepared by binding the active compounds to solid carriers.

Examples of solid carriers are mineral earths such as silica gels, silicates, talc, kaolin, attaclay, limestone, lime, chalk, bole, loess, clay, dolomite, diatomaceous earth, calcium sulfate, magnesium sulfate, magnesium oxide, ground synthetic materials, fertilizers, such as, for example, ammonium sulfate, ammonium phosphate, ammonium nitrate, ureas, and products of vegetable origin, such as cereal meal, tree bark meal, wood meal and nutshell meal, cellulose powders and other solid carriers.

25 In general, the formulations comprise from 0.01 to 95 % by weight, preferably from 0.1 to 90 % by weight, of the active compound(s). In this case, the active compound(s) are employed in a purity of from 90 % to 100% by weight, preferably 95 % to 100 % by weight (according to NMR spectrum).

30 For seed treatment purposes, respective formulations can be diluted 2- to 10-fold leading to concentrations in the ready to use preparations of 0.01 to 60 % by weight active compound by weight, preferably 0.1 to 40 % by weight.

The compounds of formulae I or II can be used as such, in the form of their formulations or the use forms prepared therefrom, for example in the form of directly sprayable solutions, powders, suspensions or dispersions, emulsions, oil dispersions, pastes, dustable products, materials for spreading, or granules, by means of spraying, atomizing, dusting, spreading or pouring. The use forms depend entirely on the intended purposes; they are intended to ensure in each case the finest possible distribution of the active compound(s) according to the invention.

Aqueous use forms can be prepared from emulsion concentrates, pastes or wettable

powders (sprayable powders, oil dispersions) by adding water. To prepare emulsions, pastes or oil dispersions, the substances, as such or dissolved in an oil or solvent, can be homogenized in water by means of a wetting agent, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier. However, it is also possible to prepare concentrates composed of active substance, wetting agent, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier and, if appropriate, solvent or oil, and such concentrates are suitable for dilution with water.

The active compound concentrations in the ready-to-use preparations can be varied within relatively wide ranges. In general, they are from 0.0001 to 10 %, preferably from 0.01 to 1 % per weight.

The active compound(s) may also be used successfully in the ultra-low-volume process (ULV), it being possible to apply formulations comprising over 95 % by weight of active compound, or even to apply the active compound without additives.

The following are examples of formulations:

1. Products for dilution with water for foliar applications. For seed treatment purposes, such products may be applied to the seed diluted or undiluted.

A) Water-soluble concentrates (SL, LS)

10 parts by weight of the active compound(s) are dissolved in 90 parts by weight of water or a water-soluble solvent. As an alternative, wetting agents or other auxiliaries are added. The active compound(s) dissolves upon dilution with water, whereby a formulation with 10 % (w/w) of active compound(s) is obtained.

B) Dispersible concentrates (DC)

20 parts by weight of the active compound(s) are dissolved in 70 parts by weight of cyclohexanone with addition of 10 parts by weight of a dispersant, for example polyvinylpyrrolidone. Dilution with water gives a dispersion, whereby a formulation with 20 % (w/w) of active compound(s) is obtained.

C) Emulsifiable concentrates (EC)

15 parts by weight of the active compound(s) are dissolved in 7 parts by weight of xylene with addition of calcium dodecylbenzenesulfonate and castor oil ethoxylate (in each case 5 parts by weight). Dilution with water gives an emulsion, whereby a formulation with 15 % (w/w) of active compound(s) is obtained.

D) Emulsions (EW, EO, ES)

25 parts by weight of the active compound(s) are dissolved in 35 parts by weight of xylene with addition of calcium dodecylbenzenesulfonate and castor oil ethoxylate (in each case 5 parts by weight). This mixture is introduced into 30 parts by weight of water by means of an emulsifier machine (e.g. Ultraturrax) and made into a homogeneous emulsion. Dilution with water gives an emulsion, whereby a formulation with 25 % (w/w) of active compound(s) is obtained.

E) Suspensions (SC, OD, FS)

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In an agitated ball mill, 20 parts by weight of the active compound(s) are comminuted with addition of 10 parts by weight of dispersants, wetting agents and 70 parts by weight of water or of an organic solvent to give a fine active compound(s) suspension. Dilution with water gives a stable suspension of the active compound(s), whereby a formulation with 20% (w/w) of active compound(s) is obtained.

15

F) Water-dispersible granules and water-soluble granules (WG, SG)

20

50 parts by weight of the active compound(s) are ground finely with addition of 50 parts by weight of dispersants and wetting agents and made as water-dispersible or water-soluble granules by means of technical appliances (for example extrusion, spray tower, fluidized bed). Dilution with water gives a stable dispersion or solution of the active compound(s), whereby a formulation with 50% (w/w) of active compound(s) is obtained.

25

G) Water-dispersible powders and water-soluble powders (WP, SP, SS, WS)

30

75 parts by weight of the active compound(s) are ground in a rotor-stator mill with addition of 25 parts by weight of dispersants, wetting agents and silica gel. Dilution with water gives a stable dispersion or solution of the active compound(s), whereby a formulation with 75% (w/w) of active compound(s) is obtained.

H) Gel-Formulation (GF)

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In an agitated ball mill, 20 parts by weight of the active compound(s) are comminuted with addition of 10 parts by weight of dispersants, 1 part by weight of a gelling agent wetting agents and 70 parts by weight of water or of an organic solvent to give a fine active compound(s) suspension. Dilution with water gives a stable suspension of the active compound(s), whereby a formulation with 20% (w/w) of active compound(s) is obtained.

2. Products to be applied undiluted for foliar applications. For seed treatment pur-

poses, such products may be applied to the seed diluted or undiluted.

I) Dustable powders (DP, DS)

- 5 5 parts by weight of the active compound(s) are ground finely and mixed intimately with 95 parts by weight of finely divided kaolin. This gives a dustable product having 5% (w/w) of active compound(s)

J) Granules (GR, FG, GG, MG)

10

0.5 parts by weight of the active compound(s) is ground finely and associated with 95.5 parts by weight of carriers, whereby a formulation with 0.5% (w/w) of active compound(s) is obtained. Current methods are extrusion, spray-drying or the fluidized bed. This gives granules to be applied undiluted for foliar use.

15

K) ULV solutions (UL)

- 20 10 parts by weight of the active compound(s) are dissolved in 90 parts by weight of an organic solvent, for example xylene. This gives a product having 10% (w/w) of active compound(s), which is applied undiluted for foliar use.

25 The compounds of formulae I or II are also suitable for the treatment of plant propagation materials (such as seed). Conventional seed treatment formulations include for example flowable concentrates FS, solutions LS, powders for dry treatment DS, water dispersible powders for slurry treatment WS, water-soluble powders SS and emulsion ES and EC and gel formulation GF. These formulations can be applied to the seed diluted or undiluted. Application to the seeds is carried out before sowing, either directly on the seeds or after having pre-germinated the latter

- 30 In a preferred embodiment a FS formulation is used for seed treatment. Typically, a FS formulation may comprise 1 to 800 g/l of active ingredient, 1 to 200 g/l Surfactant, 0 to 200 g/l antifreezing agent, 0 to 400 g/l of binder, 0 to 200 g/l of a pigment and up to 1 liter of a solvent, preferably water.

- 35 Other preferred FS formulations of compounds of formulae I or II for seed treatment comprise from 0.5 to 80 wt% of the active ingredient, from 0.05 to 5 wt% of a wetting agent, from 0.5 to 15 wt% of a dispersing agent, from 0.1 to 5 wt% of a thickener, from 5 to 20 wt% of an anti-freeze agent, from 0.1 to 2 wt% of an anti-foam agent, from 1 to 20 wt% of a pigment and/or a dye, from 0 to 15 wt% of a sticker /adhesion agent, from 40 0 to 75 wt% of a filler/vehicle, and from 0.01 to 1 wt% of a preservative.

Various types of oils, wetting agents, adjuvants, herbicides, fungicides, other pesti-

cides, or bactericides may be added to the active ingredients, if appropriate just immediately prior to use (tank mix). These agents usually are admixed with the agents according to the invention in a weight ratio of 1:10 to 10:1.

- 5 The compounds of formulae I or II are effective through both contact (via soil, glass, wall, bed net, carpet, plant parts or animal parts), and ingestion (bait, or plant part).

For use against ants, termites, wasps, flies, mosquitoes, crickets, or cockroaches, compounds of formulae I or II are preferably used in a bait composition.

10

The bait can be a liquid, a solid or a semisolid preparation (e.g. a gel). Solid baits can be formed into various shapes and forms suitable to the respective application e.g. granules, blocks, sticks, disks. Liquid baits can be filled into various devices to ensure proper application, e.g. open containers, spraying devices, droplet sources, or evaporation sources. Gels can be based on aqueous or oily matrices and can be formulated to par-ticular necessities in terms of stickiness, moisture retention or aging characteristics.

15

The bait employed in the composition is a product, which is sufficiently attractive to incite insects such as ants, termites, wasps, flies, mosquitoes, crickets etc. or cock-
20 roaches to eat it. The attractiveness can be manipulated by using feeding stimulants or sex pheromones. Food stimulants are chosen, for example, but not exclusively, from animal and/or plant proteins (meat-, fish- or blood meal, insect parts, egg yolk), from fats and oils of animal and/or plant origin, or mono-, oligo- or polyorganosaccharides, especially from sucrose, lactose, fructose, dextrose, glucose, starch, pectin or even
25 molasses or honey. Fresh or decaying parts of fruits, crops, plants, animals, insects or specific parts thereof can also serve as a feeding stimulant. Sex pheromones are known to be more insect specific. Specific pheromones are described in the literature and are known to those skilled in the art.

30

Formulations of compounds of formulae I or II as aerosols (e.g. in spray cans), oil sprays or pump sprays are highly suitable for the non-professional user for controlling pests such as flies, fleas, ticks, mosquitos or cockroaches. Aerosol recipes are preferably com-posed of the active compound, solvents such as lower alcohols (e.g. methanol, ethanol, propanol, butanol), ketones (e.g. acetone, methyl ethyl ketone),

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paraffin hydrocar-bons (e.g. kerosenes) having boiling ranges of approximately 50 to 250 °C, dimethyl-formamide, N-methylpyrrolidone, dimethyl sulphoxide, aromatic hydrocarbons such as toluene, xylene, water, furthermore auxiliaries such as emulsifiers such as sorbitol monooleate, oleyl ethoxylate having 3 to 7 mol of ethylene oxide, fatty alcohol ethoxylate, perfume oils such as ethereal oils, esters of medium fatty acids with
40 lower alcohols, aromatic carbonyl compounds, if appropriate stabilizers such as sodium benzoate, am-photeric surfactants, lower epoxides, triethyl orthoformate and, if re-quired, propellants such as propane, butane, nitrogen, compressed air, dimethyl ether,

carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, or mixtures of these gases.

The oil spray formulations differ from the aerosol recipes in that no propellants are used.

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The compounds of formulae I or II and their respective compositions can also be used in mosquito and fumigating coils, smoke cartridges, vaporizer plates or long-term vaporizers and also in moth papers, moth pads or other heat-independent vaporizer systems.

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Methods to control infectious diseases transmitted by insects (e.g. malaria, dengue and yellow fever, lymphatic filariasis, and leishmaniasis) with compounds of formulae I or II and its respective compositions also comprise treating surfaces of huts and houses, air spraying and impregnation of curtains, tents, clothing items, bed nets, tsetse-fly trap or the like. Insecticidal compositions for application to fibers, fabric, knitgoods, non-wovens, netting material or foils and tarpaulins preferably comprise a mixture including the insecticide, optionally a repellent and at least one binder. Suitable repellents for example are N,N-diethyl-meta-toluamide (DEET), N,N-diethylphenylacetamide (DEPA), 1-(3-cyclohexan-1-yl-carbonyl)-2-methylpiperine, (2-hydroxymethylcyclohexyl) acetic acid lactone, 2-ethyl-1,3-hexandiol, indalone, Methylneodecanamide (MNDA), a pyrethroid not used for insect control such as {(+/-)-3-allyl-2-methyl-4-oxocyclopent-2-(+)-enyl-(+)-trans-chrysantemate (Esbiothrin), a repellent derived from or identical with plant extracts like limonene, eugenol, (+)-Eucamalol (1), (-)-1-epi-eucamalol or crude plant extracts from plants like Eucalyptus maculata, Vitex rotundifolia, Cymbopogon martinii, Cymbopogon citratus (lemon grass), Cymopogon nartdus (citronella). Suitable binders are selected for example from polymers and copolymers of vinyl esters of aliphatic acids (such as such as vinyl acetate and vinyl versatate), acrylic and methacrylic esters of alcohols, such as butyl acrylate, 2-ethylhexylacrylate, and methyl acrylate, mono- and diethylenically unsaturated hydrocarbons, such as styrene, and aliphatic diens, such as butadiene.

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The impregnation of curtains and bednets is done in general by dipping the textile material into emulsions or dispersions of the active compounds of formulae I and II or spraying them onto the nets.

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Methods which can be employed for treating the plant propagation material, in particular the seed are, in principle, all suitable seed treatment and especially seed dressing techniques known in the art, such as seed coating (e.g. seed pelleting), seed dusting and seed imbibition (e.g. seed soaking). Here, "seed treatment" refers to all methods that bring plant propagation material, in particular seeds, and the compounds of formulae I or II into contact with each other, and "seed dressing" to methods of seed treatment which provide the seeds with an amount of the compounds of formulae I or II, or a

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salt thereof or N-oxide thereof, i.e. which generate a plant propagation material, in particular the seed comprising the compound of formulae I or II, or a salt thereof or N-oxide thereof. In principle, the treatment can be applied to the plant propagation material, in particular to the seed at any time from the harvest of the plant propagation material, in particular of the seed to the sowing of the plant propagation material, in particular of the seed. The plant propagation material, in particular the seed can be treated immediately before, or during, the planting of the plant propagation material, in particular of the seed, for example using the "planter's box" method. However, the treatment may also be carried out several weeks or months, for example up to 12 months, before planting the seed, for example in the form of a seed dressing treatment, without a substantially reduced efficacy being observed.

Expediently, the treatment is applied to unsown plant propagation material, in particular to unsown seed. As used herein, the term "unsown seed" is meant to include seed at any period from the harvest of the seed to the sowing of the seed in the ground for the purpose of germination and growth of the plant.

Specifically, a procedure is followed in the treatment in which the plant propagation material, in particular the seed, is mixed, in a suitable device, for example a mixing device for solid or solid/liquid mixing partners, with the desired amount of seed treatment formulations, either as such or after previous dilution with water, until the composition is distributed uniformly on the seed. If appropriate, this is followed by a drying step.

The compounds of formulae I or II or the enantiomers or veterinarily acceptable salts thereof are in particular also suitable for being used for combating parasites in and on animals.

A further object of the present invention is therefore to provide new methods for controlling parasites in and on animals. Another object of the invention is to provide safer pesticides for animals. Another object of the invention is further to provide pesticides for animals that may be used in lower doses than existing pesticides. And another object of the invention is to provide pesticides for animals, which provide a long residual control of the parasites.

The invention also relates to compositions containing a parasitically effective amount of compounds of formulae I or II or the enantiomers or veterinarily acceptable salts thereof and an acceptable carrier, for combating parasites in and on animals.

The present invention also provides a non-therapeutic method for treating, controlling, preventing and protecting animals against infestation and infection by parasites, which comprises applying to a locus a parasitically effective amount of a compound of for-

mulae I or II or the enantiomers or veterinarily acceptable salts thereof or a composition comprising it.

5 The present invention also provides a method for treating, controlling, preventing and protecting animals against infestation and infection by parasites, which comprises orally, topically or parenterally administering or applying to the animals a parasitically effective amount of a compound of formulae I or II or the enantiomers or veterinarily acceptable salts thereof or a composition comprising it.

10 The invention also provides a process for the preparation of a composition for treating, controlling, preventing or protecting animals against infestation or infection by parasites which comprises including a parasitically effective amount of a compound of formulae I or II or the enantiomers or veterinarily acceptable salts thereof into a composition comprising for treating, controlling, preventing or protecting animals against infestation
15 or infection by parasites.

The invention relates further to the use of compounds of formula I for treating, controlling, preventing or protecting animals against infestation or infection by parasites.
The invention relates also to the use of a compound of the formulae I or II, or a
20 composition comprising it, for the manufacture of a medicament for the therapeutic treatment of animals against infections or infestations by parasites.

Activity of compounds against agricultural pests does not suggest their suitability for control of endo- and ectoparasites in and on animals which requires, for example, low,
25 nonemetic dosages in the case of oral application, metabolic compatibility with the animal, low toxicity, and a safe handling.

Surprisingly, it has been found that compounds of formulae I or II, their salts and their N-oxides, are suitable for combating endo- and ectoparasites in and on animals.
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Compounds of formulae I or II or the enantiomers or veterinarily acceptable salts or N-oxides thereof and compositions comprising them are preferably used for controlling and preventing infestations and infections animals including warm-blooded animals (including humans) and fish. They are for example suitable for controlling and preventing
35 infestations and infections in mammals such as cattle, sheep, swine, camels, deer, horses, pigs, poultry, rabbits, goats, dogs and cats, water buffalo, donkeys, fallow deer and reindeer, and also in fur-bearing animals such as mink, chinchilla and raccoon, birds such as hens, geese, turkeys and ducks and fish such as fresh- and salt-water fish such as trout, carp and eels.

40 Compounds of formulae I or II or the enantiomers or veterinarily acceptable salts thereof and compositions comprising them are preferably used for controlling and pre-

venting infestations and infections in domestic animals, such as dogs or cats.

Infestations in warm-blooded animals and fish include, but are not limited to, lice, biting lice, ticks, nasal bots, keds, biting flies, muscoid flies, flies, myiasitic fly larvae, chiggers, gnats, mosquitoes and fleas.

The compounds of formulae I or II or the enantiomers or veterinarily acceptable salts thereof and compositions comprising them are suitable for systemic and/or non-systemic control of ecto- and/or endoparasites. They are active against all or some stages of development.

The compounds of formulae I or II, their salts and their N-oxides are especially useful for combating ectoparasites.

The compounds of formulae I or II, their salts and their N-oxides are especially useful for combating parasites of the following orders and species, respectively:

fleas (Siphonaptera), e.g. *Ctenocephalides felis*, *Ctenocephalides canis*, *Xenopsylla cheopis*, *Pulex irritans*, *Tunga penetrans*, and *Nosopsyllus fasciatus*,

cockroaches (Blattaria - Blattodea), e.g. *Blattella germanica*, *Blattella asahinae*, *Periplaneta americana*, *Periplaneta japonica*, *Periplaneta brunnea*, *Periplaneta fuliginosa*, *Periplaneta australasiae*, and *Blatta orientalis*,

flies, mosquitoes (Diptera), e.g. *Aedes aegypti*, *Aedes albopictus*, *Aedes vexans*, *Anastrepha ludens*, *Anopheles maculipennis*, *Anopheles crucians*, *Anopheles albimanus*, *Anopheles gambiae*, *Anopheles freeborni*, *Anopheles leucosphyrus*, *Anopheles minimus*, *Anopheles quadrimaculatus*, *Calliphora vicina*, *Chrysomya bezziana*, *Chrysomya hominivorax*, *Chrysomya macellaria*, *Chrysops discalis*, *Chrysops silacea*, *Chrysops atlanticus*, *Cochliomyia hominivorax*, *Cordylobia anthropophaga*, *Culicoides furens*, *Culex pipiens*, *Culex nigripalpus*, *Culex quinquefasciatus*, *Culex tarsalis*, *Culiseta inornata*, *Culiseta melanura*, *Dermatobia hominis*, *Fannia canicularis*, *Gasterophilus intestinalis*, *Glossina morsitans*, *Glossina palpalis*, *Glossina fuscipes*, *Glossina tachinoides*, *Haematobia irritans*, *Haplodiplosis equestris*, *Hippelates* spp., *Hypoderma lineata*, *Lep-
toconops torrens*, *Lucilia caprina*, *Lucilia cuprina*, *Lucilia sericata*, *Lycoria pectoralis*, *Mansonia* spp., *Musca domestica*, *Muscina stabulans*, *Oestrus ovis*, *Phlebotomus argentipes*, *Psorophora columbiae*, *Psorophora discolor*, *Prosimulium mixtum*, *Sarcophaga haemorrhoidalis*, *Sarcophaga* sp., *Simulium vittatum*, *Stomoxys calcitrans*, *Tabanus bovinus*, *Tabanus atratus*, *Tabanus lineola*, and *Tabanus similis*,

lice (Phthiraptera), e.g. *Pediculus humanus capitis*, *Pediculus humanus corporis*, *Phthirus pubis*, *Haematopinus eurysternus*, *Haematopinus suis*, *Linognathus vituli*, *Bovicola*

bovis, Menopon gallinae, Menacanthus stramineus and Solenopotes capillatus,

ticks and parasitic mites (Parasitiformes): ticks (Ixodida), e.g. Ixodes scapularis, Ixodes holocyclus, Ixodes pacificus, Rhiphicephalus sanguineus, Dermacentor andersoni,

- 5 Dermacentor variabilis, Amblyomma americanum, Amblyomma maculatum, Ornithodoros hermsi, Ornithodoros turicata and parasitic mites (Mesostigmata), e.g. Ornithonyssus bacoti and Dermanyssus gallinae,

- 10 actiniedida (Prostigmata) and Acaridida (Astigmata) e.g. Acarapis spp., Cheyletiella spp., Ornithocheyletia spp., Myobia spp., Psorergates spp., Demodex spp., Trombicula spp., Listrophorus spp., Acarus spp., Tyrophagus spp., Caloglyphus spp., Hypodectes spp., Pterolichus spp., Psoroptes spp., Chorioptes spp., Otodectes spp., Sarcoptes spp., Notoedres spp., Knemidocoptes spp., Cytodites spp., and Laminosioptes spp,

- 15 bugs (Heteropterida): Cimex lectularius, Cimex hemipterus, Reduvius senilis, Triatoma spp., Rhodnius spp., Panstrongylus spp. and Arilus critatus,

Anoplurida, e.g. Haematopinus spp., Linognathus spp., Pediculus spp., Phtirus spp., and Solenopotes spp,

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Mallophagida (suborders Amblycerina and Ischnocerina), e.g. Trimenopon spp., Menopon spp., Trinoton spp., Bovicola spp., Werneckiella spp., Lepikentron spp., Trichodectes spp., and Felicola spp,

- 25 Roundworms Nematoda:

Wipeworms and Trichinosis (Trichosyringida), e.g. Trichinellidae (Trichinella spp.), (Trichuridae) Trichuris spp., Capillaria spp,

- 30 Rhabditida, e.g. Rhabditis spp, Strongyloides spp., Helicephalobus spp,

- Strongylida, e.g. Strongylus spp., Ancylostoma spp., Necator americanus, Bunostomum spp. (Hookworm), Trichostrongylus spp., Haemonchus contortus., Ostertagia spp., Cooperia spp., Nematodirus spp., Dictyocaulus spp., Cyathostoma spp., Oesophagostomum spp., Stephanurus dentatus, Ollulanus spp., Chabertia spp., Stephanurus dentatus, Syngamus trachea, Ancylostoma spp., Uncinaria spp., Globocephalus spp., Necator spp., Metastrongylus spp., Muellerius capillaris, Protostrongylus spp., Angiostrongylus spp., Parelaphostrongylus spp. Aleurostrongylus abstrusus, and Diocotophyma renale,

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Intestinal roundworms (Ascaridida), e.g. Ascaris lumbricoides, Ascaris suum, Ascaridia galli, Parascaris equorum, Enterobius vermicularis (Threadworm), Toxocara canis,

Toxascaris leonine, Skrjabinema spp., and Oxyuris equi,

Camallanida, e.g. Dracunculus medinensis (guinea worm),

- 5 Spirurida, e.g. Thelazia spp. Wuchereria spp., Brugia spp., Onchocerca spp., Dirofilaria immitis, Dipetalonema spp., Setaria spp., Elaeophora spp., Spirocerca lupi, and Habronema spp.,

- 10 Thorny headed worms (Acanthocephala), e.g. Acanthocephalus spp., Macracanthorhynchus hirudinaceus and Oncicola spp,

Planarians (Plathelminthes):

- 15 Flukes (Trematoda), e.g. Fasciola spp., Fascioloides magna, Paragonimus spp., Dicrocoelium spp., Fasciolopsis buski, Clonorchis sinensis, Schistosoma spp., Trichobilharzia spp., Alaria alata, Paragonimus spp., and Nanocyetes spp,

- 20 Cercomeromorpha, in particular Cestoda (Tapeworms), e.g. Diphylobothrium spp., Tenia spp., Echinococcus spp., Dipylidium caninum, Multiceps spp., Hymenolepis spp., Mesocestoides spp., Vampirolepis spp., Moniezia spp., Anoplocephala spp., Sirometra spp., Anoplocephala spp., and Hymenolepis spp.

- 25 The compounds of formulae I or II, their salts and their N-oxides and compositions containing them are particularly useful for the control of pests from the orders Diptera, Siphonaptera and Ixodida.

Moreover, the use of the formulae I or II, their salts and their N-oxides and compositions containing them for combating mosquitoes is especially preferred.

- 30 The use of the compounds of formulae I or II, their salts and their N-oxides and compositions containing them for combating flies is a further preferred embodiment of the present invention.

- 35 Furthermore, the use of the compounds of formulae I or II, their salts and their N-oxides and compositions containing them for combating fleas is especially preferred.

- 40 The use of the compounds of formulae I or II, their salts and their N-oxides and compositions containing them for combating ticks is a further preferred embodiment of the present invention.

The compounds of formulae I or II, their salts and their N-oxides also are especially useful for combating endoparasites (roundworms nematoda, thorny headed worms and

planarians).

The compounds of formula I can be effective through both contact (via soil, glass, wall, bed net, carpet, blankets or animal parts) and ingestion (e.g. baits).

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The present invention relates to the therapeutic and the non-therapeutic use of compounds of formula I for controlling and/or combating parasites in and/or on animals.

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The compounds of formula I may be used to protect the animals from attack or infestation by parasites by contacting them with a parasitically effective amount of compounds of formula I. As such, "contacting" includes both direct contact (applying the compounds/compositions directly on the parasite, e.g. also at its locus, and optionally also administering the compounds/composition directly on the animal) and indirect contact (applying the compounds/compositions to the locus of the parasite). The contact of the

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parasite through application to its locus is an example of a non-therapeutic use of compounds of formula I.

"Locus" as defined above means the habitat, food supply, breeding ground, area, material or environment in which a parasite is growing or may grow outside of the animal.

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The compounds of the invention can also be applied preventively to places at which occurrence of the pests or parasites is expected.

The administration to the animal can be carried out both prophylactically and therapeutically.

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Administration of the active compounds is carried out directly or in the form of suitable preparations, orally, topically/dermally or parenterally.

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For oral administration to warm-blooded animals, the compounds of formula I or II may be formulated as animal feeds, animal feed premixes, animal feed concentrates, pills, solutions, pastes, suspensions, drenches, gels, tablets, boluses and capsules. In addition, the compounds of formulae I or II may be administered to the animals in their drinking water. For oral administration, the dosage form chosen should provide the animal with 0.01 mg/kg to 100 mg/kg of animal body weight per day of the formulae I or

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II compound, preferably with 0.5 mg/kg to 100 mg/kg of animal body weight per day.

Alternatively, the compounds of formulae I or II may be administered to animals parenterally, for example, by intraruminal, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous injection. The compounds of formulae I or II may be dispersed or dissolved in a physiologically acceptable carrier for subcutaneous injection. Alternatively, the compounds of

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formulae I or II may be formulated into an implant for subcutaneous administration. In

addition the compounds of formulae I or II may be transdermally administered to animals. For parenteral administration, the dosage form chosen should provide the animal with 0.01 mg/kg to 100 mg/kg of animal body weight per day of the compounds of formulae I or II.

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The compounds of formulae I or II may also be applied topically to the animals in the form of dips, dusts, powders, collars, medallions, sprays, shampoos, spot-on and pour-on formulations and in ointments or oil-in-water or water-in-oil emulsions. For topical application, dips and sprays usually contain 0.5 ppm to 5 000 ppm and preferably 1 ppm to 3 000 ppm of the compounds of formulae I or II. In addition, the compounds of formulae I or II may be formulated as ear tags for animals, particularly quadrupeds such as cattle and sheep.

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Suitable preparations are:

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Solutions such as oral solutions, concentrates for oral administration after dilution, solutions for use on the skin or in body cavities, pouring-on formulations, gels;

Emulsions and suspensions for oral or dermal administration; semi-solid preparations;

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Formulations in which the active compound is processed in an ointment base or in an oil-in-water or water-in-oil emulsion base;

Solid preparations such as powders, premixes or concentrates, granules, pellets, tablets, boluses, capsules; aerosols and inhalants, and active compound-containing shaped articles.

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Compositions suitable for injection are prepared by dissolving the active ingredient in a suitable solvent and optionally adding further ingredients such as acids, bases, buffer salts, preservatives, and solubilizers. The solutions are filtered and filled sterile.

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Suitable solvents are physiologically tolerable solvents such as water, alkanols such as ethanol, butanol, benzyl alcohol, glycerol, propylene glycol, polyethylene glycols, N-methylpyrrolidone, 2-pyrrolidone, and mixtures thereof.

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The active compounds can optionally be dissolved in physiologically tolerable vegetable or synthetic oils which are suitable for injection.

Suitable solubilizers are solvents which promote the dissolution of the active compound in the main solvent or prevent its precipitation. Examples are polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinyl alcohol, polyoxyethylated castor oil, and polyoxyethylated sorbitan ester.

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Suitable preservatives are benzyl alcohol, trichlorobutanol, p-hydroxybenzoic acid esters, and n-butanol.

5 Oral solutions are administered directly. Concentrates are administered orally after prior dilution to the use concentration. Oral solutions and concentrates are prepared according to the state of the art and as described above for injection solutions, sterile procedures not being necessary.

10 Solutions for use on the skin are trickled on, spread on, rubbed in, sprinkled on or sprayed on.

Solutions for use on the skin are prepared according to the state of the art and according to what is described above for injection solutions, sterile procedures not being necessary.

15 Further suitable solvents are polypropylene glycol, phenyl ethanol, phenoxy ethanol, ester such as ethyl or butyl acetate, benzyl benzoate, ethers such as alkylene glycol alkylether, e.g. dipropylene glycol monomethylether, ketons such as acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, aromatic hydrocarbons, vegetable and synthetic oils, dimethylformamide, dimethylacetamide, transcitol, solketal, propylene carbonate, and mixtures thereof.

20 It may be advantageous to add thickeners during preparation. Suitable thickeners are inorganic thickeners such as bentonites, colloidal silicic acid, aluminium monostearate, organic thickeners such as cellulose derivatives, polyvinyl alcohols and their copolymers, acrylates and methacrylates.

25 Gels are applied to or spread on the skin or introduced into body cavities. Gels are prepared by treating solutions which have been prepared as described in the case of the injection solutions with sufficient thickener that a clear material having an ointment-like consistency results. The thickeners employed are the thickeners given above.

Pour-on formulations are poured or sprayed onto limited areas of the skin, the active compound penetrating the skin and acting systemically.

35 Pour-on formulations are prepared by dissolving, suspending or emulsifying the active compound in suitable skin-compatible solvents or solvent mixtures. If appropriate, other auxiliaries such as colorants, bioabsorption-promoting substances, antioxidants, light stabilizers, adhesives are added.

40 Suitable solvents are water, alkanols, glycols, polyethylene glycols, polypropylene glycols, glycerol, aromatic alcohols such as benzyl alcohol, phenylethanol, phenoxyetha-

nol, esters such as ethyl acetate, butyl acetate, benzyl benzoate, ethers such as alkylene glycol alkyl ethers such as dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether, diethylene glycol mono-butyl ether, ketones such as acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, cyclic carbonates such as propylene carbonate, ethylene carbonate, aromatic and/or aliphatic hydrocarbons, vegetable or synthetic oils, DMF, dimethylacetamide, N-alkylpyrrolidones such as N-Methylpyrrolidone, N-butylpyrrolidone or N-octylpyrrolidone, 2-pyrrolidone, 2,2-dimethyl-4-oxy-methylene-1,3-dioxolane and glycerol formal.

Suitable colorants are all colorants permitted for use on animals and which can be dissolved or suspended.

Suitable absorption-promoting substances are, for example, DMSO, spreading oils such as isopropyl myristate, dipropylene glycol pelargonate, silicone oils and copolymers thereof with polyethers, fatty acid esters, triglycerides, fatty alcohols.

Suitable antioxidants are sulfites or metabisulfites such as potassium metabisulfite, ascorbic acid, butylhydroxytoluene, butylhydroxyanisole, tocopherol.

Suitable light stabilizers are, for example, novantisolic acid.

Suitable adhesives are, for example, cellulose derivatives, starch derivatives, polyacrylates, natural polymers such as alginates, gelatin.

Emulsions can be administered orally, dermally or as injections.

Emulsions are either of the water-in-oil type or of the oil-in-water type.

They are prepared by dissolving the active compound either in the hydrophobic or in the hydrophilic phase and homogenizing this with the solvent of the other phase with the aid of suitable emulsifiers and, if appropriate, other auxiliaries such as colorants, absorption-promoting substances, preservatives, antioxidants, light stabilizers, viscosity-enhancing substances.

Suitable hydrophobic phases (oils) are:

liquid paraffins, silicone oils, natural vegetable oils such as sesame oil, almond oil, castor oil, synthetic triglycerides such as caprylic/capric biglyceride, triglyceride mixture with vegetable fatty acids of the chain length C₈-C₁₂ or other specially selected natural fatty acids, partial glyceride mixtures of saturated or unsaturated fatty acids possibly also containing hydroxyl groups, mono- and diglycerides of the C₈-C₁₀ fatty acids, fatty acid esters such as ethyl stearate, di-n-butyryl adipate, hexyl laurate, dipropylene glycol perlargonate, esters of a branched fatty acid of medium chain length with saturated fatty alcohols of chain length C₁₆-C₁₈, isopropyl myristate, isopropyl palmitate,

- caprylic/capric acid esters of saturated fatty alcohols of chain length C₁₂-C₁₈, isopropyl stearate, oleyl oleate, decyl oleate, ethyl oleate, ethyl lactate, waxy fatty acid esters such as synthetic duck coccygeal gland fat, dibutyl phthalate, diisopropyl adipate, and ester mixtures related to the latter, fatty alcohols such as isotridecyl alcohol,
- 5 2-octyldodecanol, cetylstearyl alcohol, oleyl alcohol, and fatty acids such as oleic acid and mixtures thereof.

Suitable hydrophilic phases are: water, alcohols such as propylene glycol, glycerol, sorbitol and mixtures thereof.

10

Suitable emulsifiers are:

- non-ionic surfactants, e.g. polyethoxylated castor oil, polyethoxylated sorbitan monooleate, sorbitan monostearate, glycerol monostearate, polyoxyethyl stearate, alkylphenol polyglycol ether; ampholytic surfactants such as di-sodium N-lauryl-p-iminodipropionate
- 15 or lecithin; anionic surfactants, such as sodium lauryl sulfate, fatty alcohol ether sulfates, mono/dialkyl polyglycol ether orthophosphoric acid ester monoethanolamine salt; cation-active surfactants, such as cetyltrimethylammonium chloride.

- Suitable further auxiliaries are: substances which enhance the viscosity and stabilize the emulsion, such as carboxymethylcellulose, methylcellulose and other cellulose and starch derivatives, polyacrylates, alginates, gelatin, gum arabic, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinyl alcohol, copolymers of methyl vinyl ether and maleic anhydride, polyethylene glycols, waxes, colloidal silicic acid or mixtures of the substances mentioned.
- 20

- 25 Suspensions can be administered orally or topically/dermally. They are prepared by suspending the active compound in a suspending agent, if appropriate with addition of other auxiliaries such as wetting agents, colorants, bioabsorption-promoting substances, preservatives, antioxidants, light stabilizers.

- 30 Liquid suspending agents are all homogeneous solvents and solvent mixtures.

Suitable wetting agents (dispersants) are the emulsifiers given above.

Other auxiliaries which may be mentioned are those given above.

35

Semi-solid preparations can be administered orally or topically/dermally. They differ from the suspensions and emulsions described above only by their higher viscosity.

- For the production of solid preparations, the active compound is mixed with suitable excipients, if appropriate with addition of auxiliaries, and brought into the desired form.
- 40

Suitable excipients are all physiologically tolerable solid inert substances. Those used

are inorganic and organic substances. Inorganic substances are, for example, sodium chloride, carbonates such as calcium carbonate, hydrogencarbonates, aluminium oxides, titanium oxide, silicic acids, argillaceous earths, precipitated or colloidal silica, or phosphates. Organic substances are, for example, sugar, cellulose, foodstuffs and
5 feeds such as milk powder, animal meal, grain meals and shreds, starches.

Suitable auxiliaries are preservatives, antioxidants, and/or colorants which have been mentioned above.

10 Other suitable auxiliaries are lubricants and glidants such as magnesium stearate, stearic acid, talc, bentonites, disintegration-promoting substances such as starch or crosslinked polyvinylpyrrolidone, binders such as starch, gelatin or linear polyvinylpyrrolidone, and dry binders such as microcrystalline cellulose.

15 In general, "parasitically effective amount" means the amount of active ingredient needed to achieve an observable effect on growth, including the effects of necrosis, death, retardation, prevention, and removal, destruction, or otherwise diminishing the occurrence and activity of the target organism. The parasitically effective amount can vary for the various compounds/compositions used in the invention. A parasitically
20 effective amount of the compositions will also vary according to the prevailing conditions such as desired parasitidal effect and duration, target species, mode of application, and the like.

The compositions which can be used in the invention can comprise generally from
25 about 0.001 to 95% of the compound of formulae I or II.

Generally, it is favorable to apply the compounds of formulae I or II in total amounts of 0.5 mg/kg to 100 mg/kg per day, preferably 1 mg/kg to 50 mg/kg per day.

30 Ready-to-use preparations contain the compounds acting against parasites, preferably ectoparasites, in concentrations of 10 ppm to 80 percent by weight, preferably from 0.1 to 65 percent by weight, more preferably from 1 to 50 percent by weight, most preferably from 5 to 40 percent by weight.

35 Preparations which are diluted before use contain the compounds acting against ectoparasites in concentrations of 0.5 to 90 percent by weight, preferably of 1 to 50 percent by weight.

40 Furthermore, the preparations comprise the compounds of formulae I or II against endoparasites in concentrations of 10 ppm to 2 per cent by weight, preferably of 0.05 to 0.9 percent by weight, very particularly preferably of 0.005 to 0.25 percent by weight.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the compositions comprising the compounds of formulae I or II are applied dermally / topically.

- 5 In a further preferred embodiment, the topical application is conducted in the form of compound-containing shaped articles such as collars, medallions, ear tags, bands for fixing at body parts, and adhesive strips and foils.

- 10 Generally, it is favorable to apply solid formulations which release compounds of formulae I or II in total amounts of 10 mg/kg to 300 mg/kg, preferably 20 mg/kg to 200 mg/kg, most preferably 25 mg/kg to 160 mg/kg body weight of the treated animal in the course of three weeks.

- 15 For the preparation of the shaped articles, thermoplastic and flexible plastics as well as elastomers and thermoplastic elastomers are used. Suitable plastics and elastomers are polyvinyl resins, polyurethane, polyacrylate, epoxy resins, cellulose, cellulose derivatives, polyamides and polyester which are sufficiently compatible with the compounds of formulae I or II. A detailed list of plastics and elastomers as well as preparation procedures for the shaped articles is given e.g. in WO 03/086075.

- 20 Compositions to be used according to this invention may also contain other active ingredients, for example other pesticides, insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, or bactericides, fertilizers such as ammonium nitrate, urea, potash, and superphosphate, phytotoxicants and plant growth regulators, safeners and nematicides. These additional ingredients may be used sequentially or in combination with the
25 above-described compositions, if appropriate also added only immediately prior to use (tank mix). For example, the plant(s) may be sprayed with a composition of this invention either before or after being treated with other active ingredients.

- 30 These agents can be admixed with the agents used according to the invention in a weight ratio of 1:10 to 10:1. Mixing the compounds of formulae I or II or the compositions comprising them in the use form as pesticides with other pesticides frequently results in a broader pesticidal spectrum of action.

- 35 The following list M of pesticides together with which the compounds of formulae I or II the invention can be used and with which potential synergistic effects might be produced, is intended to illustrate the possible combinations, but not to impose any limitation:

- 40 M.1. Organo(thio)phosphates: acephate, azamethiphos, azinphos-ethyl, azinphos-methyl, chlorethoxyfos, chlorfenvinphos, chlormephos, chlorpyrifos, chlorpyrifos-methyl, coumaphos, cyanophos, demeton-S-methyl, diazinon, dichlorvos/ DDVP, dicrotophos, dimethoate, dimethylvinphos, disulfoton, EPN, ethion, ethoprophos, famphur,

fenamiphos, fenitrothion, fenthion, flupyrzophos, fosthiazate, heptenophos, isoxathion, malathion, mecarbam, methamidophos, methidathion, mevinphos, monocrotophos, naled, omethoate, oxydemeton-methyl, parathion, parathion-methyl, phenthoate, phorate, phosalone, phosmet, phosphamidon, phoxim, pirimiphos-methyl, profenofos, 5 propetamphos, prothiofos, pyraclofos, pyridaphenthion, quinalphos, sulfotep, tebupirimfos, temephos, terbufos, tetrachlorvinphos, thiometon, triazophos, trichlorfon, vamidothion;

10 M.2. Carbamates: aldicarb, alanycarb, bendiocarb, benfuracarb, butocarboxim, butoxycarboxim, carbaryl, carbofuran, carbosulfan, ethiofencarb, fenobucarb, formetanate, furathiocarb, isoprocarb, methiocarb, methomyl, metolcarb, oxamyl, pirimicarb, propoxur, thiodicarb, thiofanox, trimethacarb, XMC, xylylcarb and triazamate;

15 M.3. Pyrethroids: acrinathrin, allethrin, d-cis-trans allethrin, d-trans allethrin, bifenthrin, bioallethrin, bioallethrin S-cyclopentenyl, bioresmethrin, cycloprothrin, cyfluthrin, beta-cyfluthrin, cyhalothrin, lambda-cyhalothrin, gamma-cyhalothrin, cypermethrin, alpha-cypermethrin, beta-cypermethrin, theta-cypermethrin, zeta-cypermethrin, cyphenothrin, deltamethrin, empenethrin, esfenvalerate, etofenprox, fenpropathrin, fenvalerate, flucythrinate, flumethrin, tau-fluvalinate, halfenprox, imiprothrin, metofluthrin, permethrin, 20 phenothrin, prallethrin, profluthrin, pyrethrin (pyrethrum), resmethrin, silafluofen, tefluthrin, tetramethrin, tralomethrin and transfluthrin;

M.4. Juvenile hormone mimics: hydroprene, kinoprene, methoprene, fenoxycarb and pyriproxyfen; 25

M.5. Nicotinic receptor agonists/antagonists compounds: acetamiprid, bensultap, cartap hydrochloride, clothianidin, dinotefuran, imidacloprid, thiamethoxam, nitenpyram, nicotine, spinosad (allosteric agonist), spinetoram (allosteric agonist), thiacloprid, thio- 30 cyclam, thiosultap-sodium and AKD1022.

M.6. GABA gated chloride channel antagonist compounds: chlordane, endosulfan, gamma-HCH (lindane); ethiprole, fipronil, pyrafluprole and pyriprole;

35 M.7. Chloride channel activators: abamectin, emamectin benzoate, milbemectin, lepimectin;

M.8. METI I compounds: fenazaquin, fenpyroximate, pyrimidifen, pyridaben, tebufenpyrad, tolfenpyrad, flufenerim, rotenone;

40 M.9. METI II and III compounds: acequinocyl, fluacyprim, hydramethylnon;

- M.10. Uncouplers of oxidative phosphorylation: chlorfenapyr, DNOC;
- M.11. Inhibitors of oxidative phosphorylation: azocyclotin, cyhexatin, diafenthiuron, fenbutatin oxide, propargite, tetradifon;
- 5 M.12. Moulting disruptors: cyromazine, chromafenozide, halofenozide, methoxyfenozide, tebufenozide;
- M.13. Synergists: piperonyl butoxide, tribufos;
- 10 M.14. Sodium channel blocker compounds: indoxacarb, metaflumizone;
- M.15. Fumigants: methyl bromide, chloropicrin sulfuryl fluoride;
- 15 M.16. Selective feeding blockers: crylotie, pymetrozine, flonicamid;
- M.17. Mite growth inhibitors: clofentezine, hexythiazox, etoxazole;
- M.18. Chitin synthesis inhibitors: buprofezin, bistrifluron, chlorfluazuron, diflubenzuron, flucycloxuron, flufenoxuron, hexaflumuron, lufenuron, novaluron, noviflumuron, te-
20 flubenzuron, triflumuron;
- M.19. Lipid biosynthesis inhibitors: spirotetramat, spiromesifen, spirotetramat;
- 25 M.20. Octapaminergic agonists: amitraz;
- M.21. Ryanodine receptor modulators: flubendiamide and (R)- and (S)-3-Chlor-N1-{2-methyl-4-[1,2,2,2-tetrafluor-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl]phenyl}-N2-(1-methyl-2-methylsulfonyl)phthalamid (M21.1);
- 30 M.22. Various: aluminium phosphide, amidoflumet, benclotiaz, benzoximate, bifenazate, borax, bromopropylate, cyanide, cyenopyrafen, cyflumetofen, chinomethionate, dicofol, fluoroacetate, phosphine, pyridalyl, pyrifluquinazon, sulfur, organic sulfur compounds, tartar emetic, sulfoxaflo, 4-But-2-ynyloxy-6-(3,5-dimethyl-
35 piperidin-1-yl)-2-fluoro-pyrimidine (M22.1), 3-Benzoylamino-N-[2,6-dimethyl-4-(1,2,2,2-tetrafluoro-1-trifluoromethyl-ethyl)-phenyl]-2-fluoro-benzamide (M22.2), 4-[5-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl]-2-methyl-N-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-benzamide (M22.3), 4-[5-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl]-2-methyl-N-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-benzamide (M22.4), 4-[5-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl]-2-methyl-N-thiazol-2-ylmethyl-
40 benzamide (M22.5), 4-[5-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl]-2-methyl-N-(tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethyl)-benzamide (M22.6),

- 4-[[[6-Bromopyrid-3-yl)methyl](2-fluoroethyl)amino}furan-2(5H)-on (M22.7),
 4-[[[6-Fluoropyrid-3-yl)methyl](2,2-difluoroethyl)amino}furan-2(5H)-on(M22.8),
 4-[[[2-Chloro1,3-thiazolo-5-yl)methyl](2-fluoroethyl)amino}furan-2(5H)-on (M22.9),
 4-[[[6-Chloropyrid-3-yl)methyl](2-fluoroethyl)amino}furan-2(5H)-on (M22.10),
 5 4-[[[6-Chloropyrid-3-yl)methyl](2,2-difluoroethyl)amino}furan-2(5H)-on(M22.11),
 4-[[[6-Chloro-5-fluoropyrid-3-yl)methyl](methyl)amino}furan-2(5H)-on(M22.12),
 4-[[[5,6-Dichloropyrid-3-yl)methyl](2-fluoroethyl)amino}furan-2(5H)-on(M22.13),
 4-[[[6-Chloro-5-fluoropyrid-3-yl)methyl](cyclopropyl)amino}furan-2(5H)-on(M22.14),
 4-[[[6-Chloropyrid-3-yl)methyl](cyclopropyl)amino}furan-2(5H)-on(M22.15),
 10 4-[[[6-Chloropyrid-3-yl)methyl](methyl)amino}furan-2(5H)-on(M22.16),
 Cyclopropaneacetic acid, 1,1'-[(3S,4R,4aR,6S,6aS,12R,12aS,12bS)-4-[[[2-cyclopropylacetyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3,4,4a,5,6,6a,12,12a,12b-decahydro-12-hydroxy-4,6a,12b-trimethyl-11-oxo-9-(3-pyridinyl)-2H,11H-naphtho[2,1-b]pyrano[3,4-e]pyran-3,6-diyl] ester(M22.17),
 15 8-(2-Cyclopropylmethoxy-4-methyl-phenoxy)-3-(6-methyl-pyridazin-3-yl)-3-aza-bicyclo[3.2.1]octane(M22.18),

- M.23. N-R'-2,2-dihalo-1-R''cyclo-propanecarboxamide-2-(2,6-dichloro- α,α,α -tri-fluoro-p-tolyl)hydrazone or N-R'-2,2-di(R''')propionamide-2-(2,6-dichloro- α,α,α -trifluoro-p-tolyl)-hydrazone, wherein R' is methyl or ethyl, halo is chloro or bromo, R'' is hydrogen or methyl and R''' is methyl or ethyl;
- 20

- M.24. Anthranilamides: chloranthraniliprole, cyantraniliprole,
 5-Bromo-2-(3-chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid [4-cyano-2-(1-cyclopropyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-6-methyl-phenyl]-amide (M24.1),
 25 5-Bromo-2-(3-chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid [2-chloro-4-cyano-6-(1-cyclopropyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-phenyl]-amide (M24.2),
 5-Bromo-2-(3-chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid [2-bromo-4-cyano-6-(1-cyclopropyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-phenyl]-amide(M24.3),
 30 5-Bromo-2-(3-chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid [2-bromo-4-chloro-6-(1-cyclopropyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-phenyl]-amide(M24.4),
 5-Bromo-2-(3-chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid [2,4-dichloro-6-(1-cyclopropyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-phenyl]-amide (M24.5),
 5-Bromo-2-(3-chloro-pyridin-2-yl)-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid [4-chloro-2-(1-cyclopropyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-6-methyl-phenyl]-amide (M24.6);
 35

- M.25. Malononitrile compounds: $\text{CF}_2\text{HCF}_2\text{CF}_2\text{CF}_2\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{CN})_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CF}_3$,
 (2-(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5-octafluoropentyl)-2-(3,3,3-trifluoro-propyl)malononitrile),
 $\text{CF}_2\text{HCF}_2\text{CF}_2\text{CF}_2\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{CN})_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CF}_2\text{CF}_3$ (2-(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5-octafluoropentyl)-2-(3,3,4,4,4-pentafluorobutyl)-malonodinitrile);
 40

- M.26. Microbial disruptors: *Bacillus thuringiensis* subsp. *Israelensi*, *Bacillus sphaericus*,

Bacillus thuringiensis subsp. *Aizawai*, *Bacillus thuringiensis* subsp. *Kurstaki*, *Bacillus thuringiensis* subsp. *Tenebrionis*;

5 The commercially available compounds of the group M may be found in The Pesticide Manual, 13th Edition, British Crop Protection Council (2003) among other publications.

Thioamides of formula M6.1 and their preparation have been described in WO 98/28279. Lepimectin is known from Agro Project, PJB Publications Ltd, November 2004. Benclothiaz and its preparation have been described in EP-A1 454621. Me-
10 thidathion and Paraoxon and their preparation have been described in Farm Chemicals Handbook, Volume 88, Meister Publishing Company, 2001. Acetoprole and its preparation have been described in WO 98/28277. Metaflumizone and its preparation have been described in EP-A1 462 456. Flupyrazofos has been described in Pesticide Science 54, 1988, p.237-243 and in US 4822779. Pyrafluprole and its preparation have
15 been described in JP 2002193709 and in WO 01/00614. Pyriprole and its preparation have been described in WO 98/45274 and in US 6335357. Amidoflumet and its preparation have been described in US 6221890 and in JP 21010907. Flufenimer and its preparation have been described in WO 03/007717 and in WO 03/007718. AKD 1022 and its preparation have been described in US 6300348. Chloranthraniliprole has been
20 described in WO 01/70671, WO 03/015519 and WO 05/118552. Cyantraniliprole has been described in WO 01/70671, WO 04/067528 and WO 05/118552. The anthranilamides M 24.1 to M 24.6 have been described in WO 2008/72743 and WO 200872783. The phthalamide M 21.1 is known from WO 2007/101540. Cyflumetofen and its preparation have been described in WO 04/080180. The aminoquinazolinone compound
25 pyrifluquinazon has been described in EP A 109 7932. Sulfoximine sulfoxaflor has been described in WO 2006/060029 and WO 2007/149134. The alkynylether compound M22.1 is described e.g. in JP 2006131529. Organic sulfur compounds have been described in WO 2007060839. The carboxamide compound M 22.2 is known from WO 2007/83394. The oxazoline compounds M 22.3 to M 22.6 have been de-
30 scribed in WO 2007/074789. The furanon compounds M 22.7 to M 22.16 have been described eg. in WO 2007/115644. The pyripyropene derivative M 22.17 has been described in WO 2008/66153 and WO 2008/108491. The pyridazin compound M 22.18 has been described in JP 2008/115155. The malononitrile compounds have been de-
35 scribed in WO 02/089579, WO 02/090320, WO 02/090321, WO 04/006677, WO 05/068423, WO 05/068432 and WO 05/063694.

Fungicidal mixing partners are in particular those selected from the group consisting of acylalanines such as benalaxyl, metalaxyl, ofurace, oxadixyl,
40 amine derivatives such as aldimorph, dodine, dodemorph, fenpropimorph, fenpropidin, guazatine, iminoctadine, spiroxamin, tridemorph, anilinopyrimidines such as pyrimethanil, mepanipyrim or cyrodinyl,

- antibiotics such as cycloheximid, griseofulvin, kasugamycin, natamycin, polyoxin or streptomycin,
- azoles such as bitertanol, bromoconazole, cyproconazole, difenoconazole, diniconazole, epoxiconazole, fenbuconazole, fluquiconazole, flusilazole, hexaconazole, imazalil,
- 5 metconazole, myclobutanil, penconazole, propiconazole, prochloraz, prothioconazole, tebuconazole, triadimefon, triadimenol, triflumizol, triticonazole, flutriafol,
- dicarboximides such as iprodion, myclozolin, procymidon, vinclozolin,
- dithiocarbamates such as ferbam, nabam, maneb, mancozeb, metam, metiram, propineb, polycarbamate, thiram, ziram, zineb,
- 10 heterocyclic compounds such as anilazine, benomyl, boscalid, carbendazim, carboxin, oxycarboxin, cyazofamid, dazomet, dithianon, famoxadon, fenamidon, fenarimol, fuberidazole, flutolanil, furametpyr, isoprothiolane, mepronil, nuarimol, probenazole, proquinazid, pyrifenox, pyroquilon, quinoxifen, silthiofam, thiabendazole, thifluzamid, thiophanate-methyl, tiadinil, tricyclazole, triforine,
- 15 copper fungicides such as Bordeaux mixture, copper acetate, copper oxychloride, basic copper sulfate,
- nitrophenyl derivatives such as binapacryl, dinocap, dinobuton, nitrophthalisopropyl,
- phenylpyrroles such as fenpiclonil or fludioxonil,
- sulfur,
- 20 other fungicides such as acibenzolar-S-methyl, benthiavalicarb, carpropamid, chlorothalonil, cyflufenamid, cymoxanil, diclomezin, diclocymet, diethofencarb, edifenphos, ethaboxam, fenhexamid, fentin-acetate, fenoxanil, ferimzone, fluazinam, fosetyl, fosetyl-aluminum, iprovalicarb, hexachlorobenzene, metrafenon, pencycuron, propamocarb, phthalide, toloclofos-methyl, quintozone, zoxamid,
- 25 strobilurins such as azoxystrobin, dimoxystrobin, fluoxastrobin, kresoxim-methyl, metominostrobin, orysastrobin, picoxystrobin or trifloxystrobin,
- sulfenic acid derivatives such as captafol, captan, dichlofluanid, folpet, tolylfluanid, cinnemamides and analogs such as dimethomorph, flumetover or flumorph.
- 30 The invertebrate pest, i.e. arthropodes and nematodes, the plant, soil or water in which the plant is growing can be contacted with the compound(s) of formulae I or II or composition(s) containing them by any application method known in the art. As such, "contacting" includes both direct contact (applying the compounds/compositions directly on the invertebrate pest or plant - typically to the foliage, stem or roots of the plant) and
- 35 indirect contact (applying the compounds/compositions to the locus of the invertebrate pest or plant).

- Moreover, invertebrate pests may be controlled by contacting the target pest, its food supply, habitat, breeding ground or its locus with a pesticidally effective amount of
- 40 compounds of formulae I or II, a salt or an N-oxide thereof. As such, the application may be carried out before or after the infection of the locus, growing crops, or harvested crops by the pest.

"Locus" means a habitat, breeding ground, cultivated plants, plant propagation material (such as seed), soil, area, material or environment in which a pest or parasite is growing or may grow.

5

In general "pesticidally effective amount" means the amount of active ingredient needed to achieve an observable effect on growth, including the effects of necrosis, death, retardation, prevention, and removal, destruction, or otherwise diminishing the occurrence and activity of the target organism. The pesticidally effective amount can vary for the various compounds/compositions used in the invention. A pesticidally effective amount of the compositions will also vary according to the prevailing conditions such as desired pesticidal effect and duration, weather, target species, locus, mode of application, and the like.

10

15 The compounds of formulae I or II, their salts and the N-oxide thereof and the compositions comprising said compounds can be used for protecting wooden materials such as trees, board fences, sleepers, etc. and buildings such as houses, outhouses, factories, but also construction materials, furniture, leathers, fibers, vinyl articles, electric wires and cables etc. from ants and/or termites, and for controlling ants and termites from
20 doing harm to crops or human being (e.g. when the pests invade into houses and public facilities). The compounds of are applied not only to the surrounding soil surface or into the under-floor soil in order to protect wooden materials but it can also be applied to lumbered articles such as surfaces of the under-floor concrete, alcove posts, beams, plywood, furniture, etc., wooden articles such as particle boards, half boards, etc. and
25 vinyl articles such as coated electric wires, vinyl sheets, heat insulating material such as styrene foams, etc. In case of application against ants doing harm to crops or human beings, the ant controller of the present invention is applied to the crops or the surrounding soil, or is directly applied to the nest of ants or the like.

30 The compounds of formulae I and II, their salts and the N-oxide thereof can also be applied preventively to places at which occurrence of the pests is expected.

The compounds of formulae I or II, their salts and the N-oxide thereof may also be used to protect growing plants from attack or infestation by pests by contacting the
35 plant with a pesticidally effective amount of compounds of formula I or II, a salt or an N-oxide thereof. As such, "contacting" includes both direct contact (applying the compounds/compositions directly on the pest and/or plant - typically to the foliage, stem or roots of the plant) and indirect contact (applying the compounds/compositions to the locus of the pest and/or plant).

40

In the case of soil treatment or of application to the pests dwelling place or nest, the quantity of active ingredient ranges from 0.0001 to 500 g per 100 m², preferably from

0.001 to 20 g per 100 m².

Customary application rates in the protection of materials are, for example, from 0.01 g to 1000 g of active compound per m² treated material, desirably from 0.1 g to 50 g per m².

Insecticidal compositions for use in the impregnation of materials typically contain from 0.001 to 95 % by weight, preferably from 0.1 to 45 % by weight, and more preferably from 1 to 25 % by weight of at least one repellent and/or insecticide.

For use in bait compositions, the typical content of active ingredient is from 0.001 % by weight to 15 % by weight, desirably from 0.001 % by weight to 5 % by weight of active compound.

For use in spray compositions, the content of active ingredient is from 0.001 to 80 % by weight, preferably from 0.01 to 50 % by weight and most preferably from 0.01 to 15 % by weight.

For use in treating crop plants, the rate of application of the active ingredients of this invention may be in the range of 0.1 g to 4000 g per hectare, desirably from 25 g to 600 g per hectare, more desirably from 50 g to 500 g per hectare.

In the treatment of seed, the application rates of the active ingredients are generally from 0.1 g to 10 kg per 100 kg of seed, preferably from 1 g to 5 kg per 100 kg of seed, in particular from 1 g to 200 g per 100 kg of seed.

The present invention is now illustrated in further detail by the following examples.

I. Preparation examples

The procedures described in the following preparation examples were used to prepare further compounds of formulae I and II by appropriate modification of the starting material. The resulting compounds, together with physical data, are listed in the table B below.

Products were characterized by HPLC (High Performance Liquid Chromatography Mass Spectrometry). HPLC was carried out using an analytic RP-18 column (Chromolith Speed ROD from Merck KGaA, Germany) which was operated at 40°C. Acetonitrile with 0.1% by volume of a trifluoroacetic acid/water mixture and 0.1% by volume of trifluoroacetic acid served as mobile phase; flow rate: 1.8 ml/min and injection volume: 2 µl. Mass spectrometry can be carried out using a Quadrupol mass spectrometer with electrospray ionization at 80V in the positive mode.

Example 1: 5-Methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid pyridazin-4-ylamide

5 1.1 5-Methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid

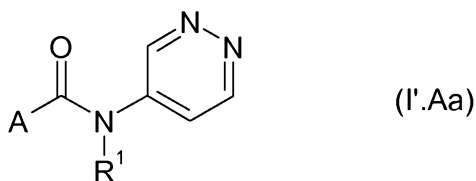
18,6 g (100 mmol) of ethyl 2-[1-ethoxy-methylidene]-3-oxo-butyrate were stirred in 110 mL of a 1N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution at 0 °C. After 30 minutes 24.5 g (150 mmol) of 2,2,2-trifluoroethylhydrazine (70% aqueous solution) were added dropwise and stirring was continued for 30 minutes. Then 100 mL of 2N hydrochloric acid were added at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 22°C. The aqueous mixture was extracted with dichloromethane and the combined organic phases were dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent 16.8 g of crude ethyl 5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylate was obtained. The crude product was used in the next step without purification. The ester was treated with potassium hydroxide (59,8 g, 106.7 mmol) in water at 60 °C. Stirring was continued for 2 hours before 13 g (113.7 mmol) of concentrated hydrochlorid acid was added dropwise. After stirring for one hour at 0 °C a precipitate was isolated by filtration, which was washed twice with cold water. The material was the dried at 50 °C i. vac.. Thus, 8.67 g (59 %) 5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid was obtained as a single isomer.

25 1.2 5-Methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid pyridazin-4-ylamide

800 mg (3.9 mmol) of 5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid were suspended in 8 mL of toluene and two drops of dimethylformamide were added to the mixture. 0.42 mL of thionylchloride (5.8 mmol) were added at 65 °C to the reaction mixture and stirring was continued at this temperature for four hours. After removal of the solvent, toluene was added and the evaporation was repeated. The obtained material was then dissolved in 2 mL of dichloromethane and the solution was added dropwise to a solution containing 309 mg (3.25 mmol) of 4-aminopyridazine, 2.0 g (6.5 mmol) polymerbound diisopropyl ethyl amine (PL-DIPAM resin, Polymer Laboratories) in 16 mL dichloromethane. The mixture was agitated for 16 h at 22°C. Then, the polymer was removed by filtration and washed with a mixture of dichloromethane / methanol (1:1). The solution that was obtained after washing contained 662 mg (59 %) 5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid pyridazin-4-ylamide as a colorless solid which did not need further purification.

Compounds of the formula I and the salts or N-oxides thereof, wherein T, U and W are

CH, V is N and X¹ is O are hereinafter referred to as compounds I'.Aa.



- 5 Compounds of formula I'.Aa, which were prepared according to the above mentioned method, together with their physico-chemical data are compiled in table B below (Examples 1 to 31). R¹ and A in each case have the meanings given in the corresponding line of table B.
- 10 Table B. Compounds of formula I'.Aa prepared according to the above-mentioned method

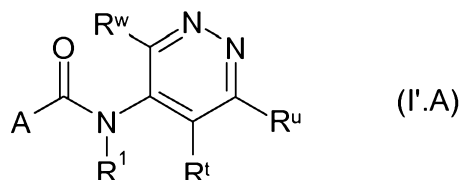
Example	R ¹	A	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min]	physico-chemical data: <u>m/z</u> ¹
1	H	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.655	285
2	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-methylpyrazol-4-yl	1.588	253
3	H	1-(4-nitrophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.408	378
4	H	1-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	2.048	297
5	H	1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.307	339
6	H	1,5-diethylpyrazol-4-yl	1.669	245
7	H	1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.753	271
8	H	1-ethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.847	285
9	CH ₃	1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.065	353
10	H	5-trifluoromethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl	1.428	313
11	H	1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.757	401
12	CH ₃	1-(4-nitrophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.360	392

Example	R ¹	A	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min]	physico-chemical data: <u>m/z</u> ¹
13	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4-nitrophenyl) pyrazol-4-yl	2.291	360
14	H	1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.354	363
15	H	1-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.363	351
16	H	1-methylpyrazol-4-yl	1.026	203
17	H	1-ethylpyrazol-4-yl	1.274	217
18	H	1-(2,2-difluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.246	253
19	H	1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.457	271
20	H	1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.852	401
21	H	1-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.585	367
22	H	1,5-di(difluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.840	289
23	H	1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.510	369
24	H	5-ethyl-1-(4-nitrophenyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.193	338
25	H	1-(difluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.182	239
26	H	1-difluoromethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.980	307
27	CH ₃	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	2.153	335
28	CH ₃	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.708	299.25
29	H	1-methyl-3-(difluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.506	253
30	H	1-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.663	257
31	H	1-(2-methylpropyl)pyrazol-4-yl	1.905	245

r.t. = HPLC retention time

^{*)} m/z of the [M]⁺ peaks

- 5 Compounds of formula I'.A, which were prepared according to the above mentioned method, together with their physico-chemical data are compiled in table C below (Examples 32 to 277). R¹ R^t, R^v and R^w and A in each case have the meanings given in the corresponding line of table C.



10

Table C. Compounds of formula I'.A prepared according to the above-mentioned method

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ^t	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ^{*)}
32	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.075 / 321
33	methyl	3-difluoromethyl-1-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.386 / 267
34	H	5-dichloromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.402 / 353
35	H	1-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.757 / 271
36	H	5-bromo-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.979 / 351
37	H	5-pentafluoroethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.468 / 389
38	H	5-ethoxymethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.162 / 329
39	H	1-methyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.331 / 217
40	H	1-(4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.976 / 417
41	H	1-(4-methanesulfonylphenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.053 / 411

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
42	H	1-(<i>p</i> -tolyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.651 / 347
43	H	1-phenyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.438 / 333
44	H	1-(6-chloropyrid-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.511 / 368
45	H	1-(5-chloropyrid-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.564 / 368
46	methyl	1-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.745 / 285
47	methyl	1-methyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.246 / 231
48	methyl	1-(4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	3.040 / 431
49	methyl	1-(4-methanesulfonylphenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.082 / 425
50	methyl	1-(<i>p</i> -tolyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.702 / 361
51	methyl	1-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	3.102 / 415
52	methyl	1-phenyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.457 / 347
53	methyl	1-(5-chloropyrid-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.691 / 382
54	methyl	1-(6-chloropyrid-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.645 / 382
55	methyl	5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.506 / 271
56	methyl	1-difluoromethyl-5-(difluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.718 / 303
57	H	5-dimethylcarbamoyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.608 / 342
58	H	5-(methylphenylcarbamoyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.218 / 404
59	H	5-methoxymethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.815 / 315

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
60	methyl	5-(benzylmethylcarbamoyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.443 / 432
61	methyl	5-methoxymethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.751 / 329
62	H	5-(benzylmethylcarbamoyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.416 / 418
63	H	5-(ethylmethylcarbamoyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.813 / 356
64	ethyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.305 / 349
65	ethyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.874 / 313
66	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	Cl	H	Cl	2.813 / 389
67	propyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.465 / 363
68	propyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.090 / 327
69	H	5-chloro-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.830 / 305
70	methyl	5-chloro-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.781 / 319
71	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(pyrid-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.011 / 330
72	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(pyrid-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.922 / 316
73	H	1-(pyrid-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.847 / 266
74	methyl	1-(pyrid-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.757 / 280
75	H	1-(pyrazin-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.168 / 335
76	methyl	1-(pyrazin-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.151 / 349
77	isopropyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.484 / 363

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
78	methyl	5-iodo-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.908 / 411
79	H	5-iodo-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.949 / 397
80	isopropyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.083 / 327
81	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	Cl	Cl	H	3.021 / 389
82	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(thiophen-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.176 / 321
83	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(thiophen-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.099 / 335
84	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	Br	H	H	2.632 / 401
85	H	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	Br	H	H	2.249 / 365
86	H	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	Cl	H	Cl	2.676 / 353
87	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.282 / 320
88	2,2-difluoroethyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.495 / 385
89	2,2-difluoroethyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.064 / 349
90	cyclopropylmethyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.614 / 375
91	cyclopropylmethyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.210 / 339
92	2-dimethyl-aminoethyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.195 / 356
93	methoxycarbonylmethyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.336 / 393
94	methoxycarbonylmethyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.905 / 357

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
95	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(pyrazin-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.785 / 331
96	H	5-methyl-1-(pyrazin-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.754 / 317
97	methyl	1-(3-nitropyrid-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.192 / 393
98	H	1-(6-methyl-5-nitropyrid-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.250 / 393
99	methyl	1-(6-methyl-5-nitropyrid-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.812 / 407
100	H	5-methylthio-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.025 / 317
101	H	5-methanesulfonyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.876 / 349
102	methyl	5-methanesulfonyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.985 / 363
103	methyl	5-methylthio-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.915 / 331
104	H	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	Br	2.356 / 365
105	methyl	5-pentafluoroethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.490 / 403
106	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	O Me	2.093 / 351
107	2-dimethyl-aminoethyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.757 / 392
108	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-isopropyl-4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.788 / 376
109	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-cyclopropyl-4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.703 / 374
110	2-fluoro-ethyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.361 / 367
111	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	Br	2.777 / 401

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
112	cyclopropyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.252 / 361
113	cyclopropyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.904 / 325
114	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-isopropyl-4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.820 / 362
115	H	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	Cl	H	H	2.106 / 319
116	2,2,2-trifluoroethyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.788 / 403
117	2,2,2-trifluoroethyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.411 / 367
118	2-fluoroethyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.917 / 331
119	H	5-methyl-1-(3-nitropyrid-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.769 / 325
120	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.609 / 331
121	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(3-nitropyrid-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.944 / 361
122	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(3-nitropyrid-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.941 / 375
123	H	1-(5-nitropyrid-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.334 / 379
124	methyl	1-(5-nitropyrid-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.472 / 393
125	methyl	5-methyl-1-(3-nitropyrid-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.624 / 339
126	carbamoylmethyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.363 / 342
127	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-cyclopropyl-4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.676 / 360
128	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4-cyclopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.557 / 360

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
129	methyl	1-(2-nitrophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.428 / 392
130	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(pyrimid-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.612 / 317
131	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-methyl-[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.824 / 337
132	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-methyl-[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.889 / 351
133	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-nitropyrid-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.181 / 361
134	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-nitropyrid-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.356 / 375
135	methyl	5-dimethylcarbamoyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.627 / 356
136	methyl	5-(ethylmethylcarbamoyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.852 / 370
137	methyl	5-(methylphenylcarbamoyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.304 / 418
138	methyl	5-dichloromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.255 / 367
139	H	4-ethoxycarbonyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	2.318 / 343
140	H	4-hydroxycarbonyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	1.800 / 315
141	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4,5-dimethyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.399 / 334
142	H	1-(4-cyclopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)-5-(difluoromethyl)-pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.586 / 346
143	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.513 / 267
144	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4,5-dimethyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.400 / 348
145	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.237 / 334
146	H	1-(4-ethyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)-5-(difluoromethyl)-pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.486 / 334

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
147	methyl	1-(4-ethyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)-5-(difluoromethyl)-pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.487 / 348
148	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4-isopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.640 / 348
149	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4-phenyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.910 / 382
150	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-ethyl-4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.569 / 348
151	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4-methyl-5-trifluoromethyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.006 / 388
152	H	3-methyl-1-(4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.522 / 284
153	H	1-(4,5-dimethyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.292 / 298
154	H	1-(4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.444 / 338
155	H	5-methyl-1-(4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.170 / 284
156	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4-isopropyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.633 / 362
157	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4-phenyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.933 / 396
158	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(4-methyl-5-trifluoromethyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.033 / 402
159	methyl	3-methyl-1-(4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.399 / 298
160	methyl	1-(4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.467 / 352
161	methyl	5-methyl-1-(5-methyl-4H-[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.725 / 315
162	methyl	5-methyl-1-(4-methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.148 / 298
163	methyl	5-(chlorofluoromethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.233 / 351

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
164	methyl	5-(1,1-difluoroethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.232 / 349
165	methyl	5-(bromodifluoromethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.384 / 415
166	H	5-cyano-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.953 / 296
167	H	5-(chlorofluoromethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.240 / 337
168	H	5-(1,1-difluoroethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.125 / 335
169	H	5-(bromodifluoromethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.361 / 401
170	methyl	5-(difluorophenylmethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.723 / 411
171	H	5-(difluorophenylmethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.562 / 397
172	methyl	5-cyano-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.919 / 310
173	H	1-isobutyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.996 / 259
174	methyl	1-isobutyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.934 / 273
175	ethyl	1-isobutyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.093 / 287
176	cyclopropyl	1-isobutyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.162 / 299
177	cyclopropylmethyl	1-isobutyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.381 / 313
178	H	1-(2-methoxyethyl)-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.482 / 261
179	methyl	1-(2-methoxyethyl)-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.410 / 275
180	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2-methoxyethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.728 / 297
181	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2-methoxyethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.642 / 311

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
182	allyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.983 / 325
183	H	1-(3-nitropyrid-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.153 / 379
184	H	1-(2-nitrophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.410 / 378
185	H	5-methyl-1-(5-phenyl-[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.634 / 363
186	H	1-(3-nitrophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.415 / 378
187	methyl	1-(3-nitrophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.508 / 392
188	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(pyrid-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.708 / 316
189	H	1-(pyrid-3-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.805 / 334
190	methyl	1-(pyrid-3-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.855 / 348
191	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(pyrid-3-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.612 / 330
192	ethyl	1-(4-nitrophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.673 / 406
193	furan-2-ylmethyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.247 / 365
194	tetrahydrofuran-3-yl-methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.872 / 369
195	methyl	5-(1-fluoroethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.055 / 331
196	H	5-(1-fluoroethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.134 / 317
197	methyl	5-(chlorodifluoromethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.334 / 369
198	H	3-methyl-1-(5-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.271 / 300
199	methyl	3-methyl-1-(5-methyl-thiazol-2-	H	H	H	2.148 /

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
		yl)pyrazol-4-yl				314
200	dimethyl-carbamoyl-methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.025 / 406
201	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-isobutylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.365 / 295
202	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-isobutylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.294 / 309
203	dimethyl-carbamoyl-methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.670 / 370
204	H	1-(2-methoxyethyl)-3-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.538 / 261
205	methyl	1-(2-methoxyethyl)-3-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.443 / 275
206	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-ethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.824 / 281
207	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-ethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.943 / 267
208	H	5-methanesulfinyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.702 / 333
209	methyl	5-methanesulfinyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.664 / 347
210	methyl	5-bromo-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.840 / 365
211	benzyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.428 / 375
212	(5-methyl-furan-2-yl)methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.460 / 379
213	cyclopentyl-methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.570 / 367
214	H	1-allyl-5-difluoromethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.952 / 279
215	methyl	1-allyl-5-difluoromethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.865 / 293

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
216	methyl	5-methyl-1-(5-phenyl-[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.622 / 379
217	tetrahydrofuran-2-yl-methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-y	H	H	H	2.362 / 405
218	methyl	3-methyl-1-vinylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.494 / 243
219	ethyl	1-(4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)-5-trifluoromethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	3.266 / 445
220	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-methylthiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.441 / 350
221	H	1-ethyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.536 / 231
222	methyl	1-ethyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.441 / 245
223	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-propylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.285 / 281
224	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-propylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.050 / 295
225	H	1-cyclopropylmethyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.813 / 257
226	methyl	1-cyclopropylmethyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.730 / 271
227	H	1-cyclopropylmethyl-5-difluoromethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.207 / 293
228	methyl	1-cyclopropylmethyl-5-difluoromethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.128 / 307
229	H	1-allyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.727 / 243
230	methyl	1-allyl-5-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.641 / 257
231	thiophen-3-yl-methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.349 / 381
232	furan-3-yl-methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.173 / 365
233	thiophen-	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-	H	H	H	2.436 /

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
	2-yl-methyl	trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl				381
234	thiophen-3-yl-methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.856 / 417
235	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-methylthiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.316 / 336
236	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(1-methyl-[1,2,3]triazol-4-ylmethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.609 / 334
237	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(1-methyl-1H-[1,2,3]triazol-4-ylmethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.471 / 348
238	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-phenyl-[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.647 / 399
239	isopropyl	1-(4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)-5-trifluoromethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	3.395 / 459
240	cyclopropyl-methyl	1-(4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)-5-trifluoromethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	3.273 / 471
241	H	5-methyl-1-(1-methyl-1H-[1,2,3]triazol-4-ylmethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.337 / 298
242	pyrid-2-yl-methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.746 / 376
243	2-nitrophenyl-sulfonyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	3.117 / 470
244	(1-methylpyrazol-4-yl)methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.844 / 379
245	(1-methylimidazol-2-yl)methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.514 / 379
246	thiophen-2-yl-methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.695 / 417
247	methyl	5-methyl-1-(1-methyl-1H-[1,2,3]triazol-4-ylmethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.287 / 312
248	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(1-phenyl-1H-[1,2,3]triazol-4-ylmethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.248 / 396
249	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(1-phenyl-1H-	H	H	H	2.244 /

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ⁺
		[1,2,3]triazol-4-ylmethyl)pyrazol-4-yl				410
250	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(1H-[1,2,3]triazol-4-ylmethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.487 / 320
251	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(1H-[1,2,3]triazol-4-ylmethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.434 / 334
252	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.434 / 391
253	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.683 / 405
254	pyrid-2-yl-methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.986 / 412
255	pyrid-3-yl-methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.430 / 376
256	pyrid-3-yl-methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.767 / 412
257	isopropyl	1-(4-nitrophenyl)-5-trifluoromethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.946 / 420
258	cyclopropyl-methyl	1-(4-nitrophenyl)-5-trifluoromethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	3.065 / 432
259	H	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-phenyl-[1,3,4]oxadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.450 / 383
260	H	1-pyridin-2-yl-5-trifluoromethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.116 / 334
261	methyl	1-pyridin-2-yl-5-trifluoromethylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.228 / 348
262	H	5-methyl-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.418 / 355
263	methyl	5-methyl-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.431 / 369
264	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(5-phenyl-[1,3,4]oxadiazol-2-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.442 / 397
265	dimethyl-thio-carbamoyl-methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.378 / 422
266	dimethyl-	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-	H	H	H	1.997 /

Ex.#	R ¹	A	R ⁱ	R ^u	R ^w	physico-chemical data: r.t. [min] / m/z ^γ
	thio-carbamoyl-methyl	trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl				386
267	5,5-dimethyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-yl-methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.400 / 397
268	tetrahydro-furan-3-yl-methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.896 / 369
269	methyl	5-cyclopropyl-1-methylpyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.558 / 257
270	methyl	5-cyclopropyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.862 / 325
271	H	5-ethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.020 / 299
272	H	5-cyclopropyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.952 / 311
273	H	5-(chlorodifluoromethyl)-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.357 / 443
274	methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(pyrid-4-yl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	1.327 / 355
275	(1-phenyl-pyrazol-4-yl)methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.648 / 330
276	(1-phenyl-pyrazol-4-yl)methyl	5-difluoromethyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.831 / 441
277	(1-methyl-pyrrol-2-yl)-methyl	5-methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrazol-4-yl	H	H	H	2.359 / 477

r.t. = HPLC retention time

^γ m/z of the [M]⁺ peaksOMe = OCH₃

II. Evaluation of pesticidal activity:

II.1 Cotton aphid (*Aphis gossypii*, mixed life stages)

5 Method a)

The active compounds were formulated in 50:50 (vol:vol) acetone:water and 100 ppm Kinetica™ surfactant.

10 Cotton plants at the cotyledon stage (one plant per pot) were infested by placing a heavily infested leaf from the main colony on top of each cotyledon. The aphids were allowed to transfer to the host plant overnight, and the leaf used to transfer the aphids was removed. The cotyledons were dipped in the test solution and allowed to dry. After 5 days, mortality counts were made.

15

In this test, the compounds 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7, respectively, at 300 ppm showed a mortality of at least 90% in comparison with untreated controls.

Method b)

20

The active compounds were formulated in cyclohexanone as a 10,000 ppm solution supplied in 1.3 ml ABgene® tubes. These tubes were inserted into an automated electrostatic sprayer equipped with an atomizing nozzle and they served as stock solutions for which lower dilutions were made in 50% acetone:50% water (v/v). A nonionic surfactant (Kinetic®) was included in the solution at a volume of 0.01% (v/v).

25

Cotton plants at the cotyledon stage were infested with aphids prior to treatment by placing a heavily infested leaf from the main aphid colony on top of each cotyledon. Aphids were allowed to transfer overnight to accomplish an infestation of 80-100 aphids per plant and the host leaf was removed. The infested plants were then sprayed by an automated electrostatic plant sprayer equipped with an atomizing spray nozzle. The plants were dried in the sprayer fume hood, removed from the sprayer, and then maintained in a growth room under fluorescent lighting in a 24-hr photoperiod at 25°C and 20-40% relative humidity. Aphid mortality on the treated plants, relative to mortality on untreated control plants, was determined after 5 days.

35

In this test, the compounds 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 25, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 39, 40, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56, 59, 61, 64, 65, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 74, 76, 77, 78, 80, 88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 97, 99, 100, 102, 103, 106, 108, 109, 110, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 120, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 129, 130, 132, 134, 138, 143, 151, 158, 161, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 184, 186, 187, 189, 190, 192, 193, 194, 196, 197, 201, 202, 203, 204,

40

205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 215, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 239, 240 and 242, respectively, at 300 ppm showed a mortality of at least 75% in comparison with untreated controls.

5 II.2 Green Peach Aphid (*Myzus persicae*, mixed life stages)

Method a)

10 The active compounds were formulated in 50:50 (vol:vol) acetone:water and 100 ppm Kinetica™ surfactant.

15 Pepper plants in the 2nd leaf-pair stage (variety 'California Wonder') were infested with approximately 40 laboratory-reared aphids by placing infested leaf sections on top of the test plants. The leaf sections were removed after 24 hr. The leaves of the intact plants were dipped into gradient solutions of the test compound and allowed to dry. Test plants were maintained under fluorescent light (24 hour photoperiod) at about 25°C and 20-40% relative humidity. Aphid mortality on the treated plants, relative to mortality on check plants, was determined after 5 days.

20 In this test, compounds 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7, respectively, at 300 ppm showed a mortality of at least 90% in comparison with untreated controls.

Method b)

25 The active compounds were formulated in cyclohexanone as a 10,0000 ppm solution supplied in 1.3 ml ABgene® tubes. These tubes were inserted into an automated electrostatic sprayer equipped with an atomizing nozzle and they served as stock solutions for which lower dilutions were made in 50% acetone:50% water (v/v). A nonionic surfactant (Kinetic®) was included in the solution at a volume of 0.01% (v/v).

30

35 Bell pepper plants at the first true-leaf stage were infested prior to treatment by placing heavily infested leaves from the main colony on top of the treatment plants. Aphids were allowed to transfer overnight to accomplish an infestation of 30-50 aphids per plant and the host leaves were removed. The infested plants were then sprayed by an automated electrostatic plant sprayer equipped with an atomizing spray nozzle. The plants were dried in the sprayer fume hood, removed, and then maintained in a growth room under fluorescent lighting in a 24-hr photoperiod at 25°C and 20-40% relative humidity. Aphid mortality on the treated plants, relative to mortality on untreated control plants, was determined after 5 days.

40

In this test, the compounds 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39, 40, 41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56, 61,

64, 65, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 88, 89, 90, 91, 93, 94, 95, 97, 98, 99, 100, 102, 103, 105, 106, 108, 109, 110, 112, 114, 116, 117, 118, 120, 122, 123, 124, 125, 127, 129, 131, 132, 134, 136, 138, 143, 150, 151, 153, 158, 161, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 171, 172, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 184, 186, 187, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 196, 197, 203, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 215, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 237, 239, 240 and 242, respectively, at 300 ppm showed a mortality of at least 75% in comparison with untreated controls.

10 II.3 Cowpea Aphid (*Aphis craccivora*)

The active compounds were formulated in 50:50 (vol:vol) acetone:water. The test solution was prepared at the day of use.

15 Potted cowpea plants colonized with 100 - 150 aphids of various stages were sprayed after the pest population had been recorded. Population reduction was assessed after 24, 72, and 120 hours.

In this test, the compounds 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56, 59, 61, 64, 65, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 88, 89, 90, 91, 93, 94, 95, 97, 99, 100, 101, 103, 105, 109, 110, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 138, 150, 151, 158, 161, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 172, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 181, 192, 195, 196, 197, 201, 202, 203 and 205, respectively, at 300 ppm showed a mortality of at least 90% in comparison with untreated controls.

II.4 Silverleaf Whitefly (*Bemisia argentifolii*, adult)

30 Method a)

The active compounds were formulated in 50:50 (vol:vol) acetone:water and 100 ppm Kinetica™ surfactant.

35 Selected cotton plants were grown to the cotyledon state (one plant per pot). The cotyledons were dipped into the test solution to provide complete coverage of the foliage and placed in a well-vented area to dry. Each pot with treated seedling was placed in a plastic cup and 10 to 12 whitefly adults (approximately 3-5 day old) were introduced. The insects were collected using an aspirator and an 0.6 cm, non-toxic Tygon® tubing (R-3603) connected to a barrier pipette tip. The tip, containing the collected insects, was then gently inserted into the soil containing the treated plant, allowing insects to crawl out of the tip to reach the foliage for feeding. The cups were covered with a re-

usable screened lid (150 micron mesh polyester screen PeCap from Tetko Inc). Test plants were maintained in the holding room at about 25°C and 20-40% relative humidity for 3 days avoiding direct exposure to the fluorescent light (24 hour photoperiod) to prevent trapping of heat inside the cup. Mortality was assessed 3 days after treatment of the plants.

In this test, the compounds 3, 5 and 7, respectively, at 300 ppm showed a mortality of at least 90 % in comparison with untreated controls.

10 Method b)

The active compounds were formulated in cyclohexanone as a 10,0000 ppm solution supplied in 1.3 ml ABgene® tubes. These tubes were inserted into an automated electrostatic sprayer equipped with an atomizing nozzle and they served as stock solutions for which lower dilutions were made in 50% acetone:50% water (v/v). A nonionic surfactant (Kinetic®) was included in the solution at a volume of 0.01% (v/v).

Cotton plants at the cotyledon stage (one plant per pot) were sprayed by an automated electrostatic plant sprayer equipped with an atomizing spray nozzle. The plants were dried in the sprayer fume hood and then removed from the sprayer. Each pot was placed into a plastic cup and 10 to 12 whitefly adults (approximately 3-5 days old) were introduced. The insects were collected using an aspirator and 0.6 cm, nontoxic Tygon® tubing (R-3603) connected to a barrier pipette tip. The tip, containing the collected insects, was then gently inserted into the soil containing the treated plant, allowing insects to crawl out of the tip to reach the foliage for feeding. Cups were covered with a reusable screened lid (150-micron mesh polyester screen PeCap from Tetko, Inc.). Test plants were maintained in a growth room at 25°C and 20-40% relative humidity for 3 days, avoiding direct exposure to fluorescent light (24 hour photoperiod) to prevent trapping of heat inside the cup. Mortality was assessed 3 days after treatment, compared to untreated control plants.

In this test, the compounds 8, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 36, 43, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 64, 65, 67, 68, 77, 80, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 94, 97, 98, 99, 105, 106, 110, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 129, 136, 138, 158, 162, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 184, 186, 187, 192, 193, 201, 202, 203, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 219, 222, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 231, 232, 233, 234, 237, 239, 240 and 242, respectively, at 300 ppm showed a mortality of at least 75% in comparison with untreated controls.

40 II.5 Vetch aphid (*Megoura viciae*)

The active compounds were formulated in 1:3 (vol:vol) DMSO : water with different concentrations of formulated compounds.

5 Bean leaf disks were placed into microtiterplates filled with 0.8% agar-agar and 2.5 ppm OPUS™. The leaf disks were sprayed with 2.5 µl of the test solution and 5 to 8 adult aphids were placed into the microtiterplates which were then closed and kept at 23 ± 1 °C and 50 ± 5% relative humidity under fluorescent light for 6 days. Mortality was assessed on the basis of vital, reproduced aphids. Aphid mortality and fecundity was then visually assessed.

10

In this test, the compounds 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 59, 61, 64, 65, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 77, 78, 79, 80, 90, 91, 93, 94, 95, 97, 98, 99, 100, 102, 103, 105, 106, 110, 114, 115, 118, 119, 122, 138, 151, 158, 164, 165, 15 166, 167, 168, 169, 175, 177, 179, 181, 192, 195, 196, 197, 204, 209, 210 and 212, respectively at a concentration of the test solution of 2500 mg/L showed a mortality of at least 90%.

20 II.6 Boll weevil (*Anthonomus grandis*)

The compounds were formulated in 75:25 (vol:vol) water : DMSO.

25 For evaluating control of boll weevil (*Anthonomus grandis*) the test unit consisted of 24-well-microtiter plates containing an insect diet and 20-30 *A. grandis* eggs. Different concentrations of formulated compounds were sprayed onto the insect diet at 20 µl, using a custom built micro atomizer, at two replications. After application, the microtiter plates were incubated at 23 ± 1°C and 50 ± 5 % relative humidity for 5 days. Egg and larval mortality was then visually assessed.

30 In this test, the compounds 1, 3, 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 23, 27, 30, 32, 36, 40, 41, 43, 44, 45, 48, 49, 51, 52, 54, 61, 64, 65, 66, 72, 78, 79, 90, 96, 97, 98, 99, 105, 106, 110, 137, 138, 165, 167, 169, 192, 196 and 197, respectively at a concentration of the test solution of 2500 mg/L showed a mortality of at least 50%.

35 II.7 Activity against Mediterranean fruitfly (*Ceratitis capitata*)

The active compounds were formulated in 1:3 (vol:vol) DMSO : water.

40 For evaluating control of Mediterranean fruitfly the test unit consisted of microtiter plates containing an insect diet and 50 to 80 *C. capitata* eggs.

Different concentrations of formulated compounds were sprayed onto the insect diet at 5 µl, using a custom built micro atomizer, at two replications. After application, micro-titer plates were incubated at $28 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ and $80 \pm 5\%$ relative humidity for 5 days. Egg and larval mortality was then visually assessed.

5

In this test the eggs which have been treated with 2500 ppm of compound 4, 7, 11, 13, 20, 21, 22, 31, 80 and 212, respectively showed a mortality of at least 50% in comparison with untreated controls.

10 II.8 Activity against Tobacco Budworm (*Heliothis virescens*) I

For evaluating control of tobacco budworm (*Heliothis virescens*) the test unit consisted of 96-well-microtiter plates containing an insect diet and 15-25 *H. virescens* eggs. The compounds were formulated using a solution containing 75% v/v water and 25% v/v DMSO. Different concentrations of formulated compounds were sprayed onto the insect diet at 10 µl, using a custom built micro atomizer, at two replications. After application, microtiter plates were incubated at about $28 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ and about $80 \pm 5\%$ relative humidity for 5 days. Egg and larval mortality was then visually assessed.

15

20 In this test, compounds 11, 13, 23, 30, 40, 44, 45, 48, 51, 53, 71, 98, 99, 106, 169, 192 and 196 at 2500 ppm showed a mortality of at least 50 % in comparison with untreated controls.

II.9 Activity against Green Peach Aphid (*Myzus persicae*)

25

For evaluating control of green peach aphid (*Myzus persicae*) through systemic means the test unit consisted of 96-well-microtiter plates containing liquid artificial diet under an artificial membrane.

30 The compounds were formulated using a solution containing 75% v/v water and 25% v/v DMSO. Different concentrations of formulated compounds were pipetted into the aphid diet, using a custom built pipetter, at two replications. After application, 5 to 8 adult aphids were placed on the artificial membrane inside the microtiter plate wells. The aphids were then allowed to suck on the treated aphid diet and incubated at about 23 + 1°C and about 50 + 5 % relative humidity for 3 days. Aphid mortality and fecundity was then visually assessed.

35

40 In this test, compounds 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 20, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 37, 38, 39, 41, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 59, 64, 65, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 103, 104, 105, 106, 109, 110, 112, 113, 114, 115, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 138, 149, 150, 151, 158, 161, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 172, 175, 176, 177, 179, 181, 192,

195, 196 and 197, respectively, at 2500 ppm showed 100 % mortality in comparison with untreated controls.

II.10 Activity against Brown Planthopper (*Nilaparvata lugens*)

5 The active compounds were formulated as a 50:50 (vol:vol) acetone:water solution. Surfactant (Alkamuls EL 620) was added at the rate of 0.1% (vol/vol). Rice seedlings were cleaned and washed 24 h before spraying. Potted rice seedlings were sprayed with 5 ml test solution, air dried, placed in cages and inoculated with 10 adults. Treated rice plants were kept at 28-29 °C and relative humidity of 50-60%. Percent mortality was recorded after 72 hours.

In this test, compounds 5, 35, 36, 69, and 118, respectively at 500 ppm showed a mortality of at least 50% in comparison with untreated controls.

II.11 Activity against Vanda/Orchid Thrips (*Dichromothrips corbetti*)

20 The active compounds were formulated as a 50:50 (vol:vol) acetone:water solution. Surfactant (Alkamuls EL 620) was added at the rate of 0.1% (vol/vol). Vanda orchids petals were cleaned, washed and air dried prior to spraying. Petals were dipped into the test solution for 3 seconds, air dried, placed inside a resealable plastic and inoculated with 20 adults. The treated petals were kept inside the holding room at 28-29 °C and relative humidity of 50-60%. Percent mortality was recorded after 72 hours.

25 In this test, compounds 1, 23, 32, 36, 39, 44, 64, 65, 65, 69, 71, 78, 89, 91, 110, 118, 178 and 190, respectively at 500 ppm showed a mortality of at least 50% in comparison with untreated controls.

II.12 Activity in the Hydroponic Tests against Green Peach Aphids (*Myzus persicae*)

30 Green pepper plants (*Capsicum annuum* L., variety 'California Wonder') are grown in the greenhouse from seed to the second true leaf stage (BBCH 12) in Scott's Metro-Mix® 360 (1-2 plants per 2¼" square pot). Cotyledon leaves are removed and roots are rinsed in tap water until free of soil. The roots are kept moist under a layer of wet paper toweling until all plants have been prepared.

40 A 3,400 ppm stock solution is prepared of each test compound using reagent grade acetone as the solvent. Subsequent dilutions of 100 and 10 ppm are prepared from this stock with final dilutions in deionized water in 100 ml amber glass bottles. One bare root plant is placed in each bottle using a foam plug section to centrally secure the stem in the bottleneck. The bare roots are fully-immersed in the test suspensions. Host plants are placed in a plant growth room under continuous GroLux® fluorescent lighting

(40W), for 24 hours at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 20-40%RH.

After exposure of the bare roots to the test suspensions, pieces of pepper plants infested with green peach aphid (*Myzus persicae*) are placed on top of the test foliage.

- 5 Insects are allowed to transfer from the host leaves to accomplish an infestation of 40-50 insects per plant. The assay is allowed to run for 3 days in the same growth chamber as used previously. Assessments include estimates of aphid population density reduction relative to the average density of aphids on the untreated control plants. Phytotoxic responses of the host plants are also recorded at this time.

10

In this test, compounds 2, 3, 6, 17, 27, 28, 29, 33, 35, 36, 39, 45, 46, 47, 48, 50, 53, 56, 64, 65, 67, 69, 70, 71, 88, 89, 90, 91, 93, 94, 99, 100, 110, 118 and 123, respectively at 100 ppm showed a mortality of at least 75% in comparison with untreated controls.

- 15 II.13 Activity in the Hydroponic Tests against Cotton Aphids (*Aphis gossypii*)

Cotton plants (*Gossypium hirsutum*, variety 'Sure Grow 747') are grown in the greenhouse from seed to the second true leaf stage (BBCH 12) in Scott's Metro-Mix® 360 (1-2 plants per 2¼" square pot). Cotyledon leaves are removed and roots are rinsed
20 in tap water until free of soil. The roots are kept moist under a layer of wet paper towel-
ing until all plants have been prepared.

A 3,400 ppm stock solution is prepared of each test compound using reagent grade acetone as the solvent. Subsequent dilutions of 100 and 10 ppm are prepared from
25 this stock with final dilutions in deionized water in 100 ml amber glass bottles. One bare root plant is placed in each bottle using a foam plug section to centrally secure the stem in the bottleneck. The bare roots are fully-immersed in the test suspensions. Host plants are placed in a plant growth room under continuous GroLux® fluorescent lighting (40W), for 24 hours at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 20-40%RH.

30

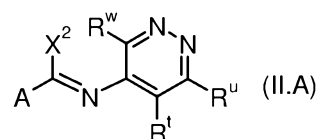
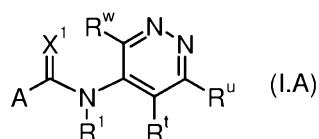
After exposure of the bare roots to the test suspensions, pieces of cotton plants infested with cotton aphids (*Aphis gossypii*) are placed on top of the test foliage. Insects are allowed to transfer from the host leaves to accomplish an infestation of 40-50 insects per plant. The assay is allowed to run for 3 days in the same growth chamber as
35 used previously. Assessments include estimates of aphid population density reduction relative to the average density of aphids on the untreated control plants. Phytotoxic responses of the host plants are also recorded at this time.

In this test, compounds 2, 4, 17, 29, 33, 45, 46, 47, 48, 50, 53, 56, 64, 65, 67, 69, 71,
40 77, 88, 89, 90, 91, 93, 94, 99, 100, 110, 118, 123 and 124, respectively at 100 ppm showed a mortality of at least 75% in comparison with untreated controls.

Comprises/comprising and grammatical variations thereof when used in this specification are to be taken to specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps or components or groups thereof, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, components or groups thereof.

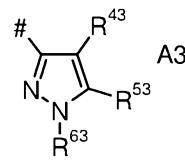
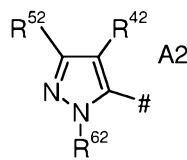
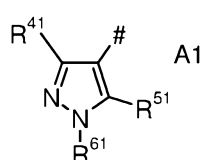
THE CLAIMS DEFINING THE INVENTION ARE AS FOLLOWS:

1. Pyrazole compounds of formulae I.A or II.A and the salts and N-oxides thereof,



wherein

- A is a pyrazole radical of formulae A1, A2 or A3, wherein



denotes the binding site to the remainder of formulae I or II, and wherein

R^{41} , R^{42} , R^{43} and R^{51} are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, NO_2 , $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkenyl}$ and $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkynyl}$, wherein the 3 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents R^x , or wherein R^{41} , R^{42} , R^{43} and R^{51} are further selected from OR^a , SR^a , C(Y)R^b , C(Y)OR^c , S(O)R^d , $\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^d$, NR^eR^f , $\text{C(Y)NR}^g\text{R}^h$, heterocyclyl, hetaryl, $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}\text{-cycloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_5\text{-C}_{10}\text{-cycloalkenyl}$ and phenyl, wherein the five last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from the radicals R^y and R^x , and wherein

R^{52} , R^{53} are selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, NO_2 , $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkenyl}$ and $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkynyl}$, wherein the 3 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents R^x , or wherein R^{52} , R^{53} are further selected from OR^a , SR^a , C(Y)R^b , C(Y)OR^c , S(O)R^d , $\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^d$, NR^eR^f , $\text{C(Y)NR}^g\text{R}^h$, heterocyclyl, hetaryl, $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}\text{-cycloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_5\text{-C}_{10}\text{-cycloalkenyl}$ and phenyl, wherein the five last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from the radicals R^y and R^x , and wherein

R^{61} , R^{62} , R^{63} are selected from hydrogen, CN, NO_2 , $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkenyl}$ and $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkynyl}$, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents R^x ,

or wherein R^{61} , R^{62} , R^{63} are further selected from OR^a , SR^a , $C(Y)R^b$, $C(Y)OR^c$, $S(O)R^d$, $S(O)_2R^d$, NR^eR^f , $C(Y)NR^gR^h$, $S(O)_mNR^eR^f$, $C(Y)NR^iNR^eR^f$, C_1 - C_5 -alkylen- OR^a , C_1 - C_5 -alkylen-CN, C_1 - C_5 -alkylen- $C(Y)R^b$, C_1 - C_5 -alkylen- $C(Y)OR^c$, C_1 - C_5 -alkylen- NR^eR^f , C_1 - C_5 -alkylen- $C(Y)NR^gR^h$, C_1 - C_5 -alkylen- $S(O)_mR^d$, C_1 - C_5 -alkylen- $S(O)_mNR^eR^f$, C_1 - C_5 -alkylen- $NR^iNR^eR^f$, heterocyclyl, hetaryl, C_3 - C_{10} -cycloalkyl, C_5 - C_{10} -cycloalkenyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_5 -alkyl, hetaryl- C_1 - C_5 -alkyl, C_3 - C_{10} -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_5 -alkyl, C_5 - C_{10} -cycloalkenyl- C_1 - C_5 -alkyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_5 -alkyl and phenyl, wherein the rings of the ten last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents R^y ,

m is 0, 1 or 2;

R^t , R^u , R^v and R^w are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_3 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_3 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_3 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_3 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_3 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

X^1 is S, O or NR^{1a} , wherein R^{1a} is selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_{10} -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_{10} -cycloalkylmethyl, C_3 - C_{10} -halocycloalkyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_{10} -alkynyl, C_1 - C_{10} -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, OR^a , heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

X^2 is OR^{2a} , $NR^{2b}R^{2c}$, $S(O)_mR^{2d}$, wherein R^{2a} is selected from C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and hetaryl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, and wherein

R^{2b} , R^{2c} are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl,

C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, phenyl, phenylcarbonyl, phenylsulfonyl, hetaryl, hetarylcarbonyl, hetarylsulfonyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the twelve last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, or

R^{2b} and R^{2c} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form a 5- or 6-membered, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may carry a further heteroatom being selected from O, S and N as a ring member atom and wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, and wherein

R^{2d} is selected from C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

R¹ is hydrogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₁-C₁₀-haloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₃-C₁₀-haloalkynyl, C₁-C₅-alkylen-CN, OR^a, C₁-C₅-alkylen-OR^a, C(Y)R^b, C₁-C₅-alkylen-C(Y)R^b, C(Y)OR^c, C₁-C₅-alkylen-C(Y)OR^c, S(O)₂R^d, NR^eR^f, C₁-C₅-alkylen-NR^eR^f, C(Y)NR^eR^f, C₁-C₅-alkylen-C(Y)NR^eR^f, S(O)_mNR^eR^f, C(Y)NRⁱNR^eR^f, C₁-C₅-alkylen-S(O)₂R^d, C₁-C₅-alkylen-S(O)_mNR^eR^f, C₁-C₅-alkylen-C(Y)NRⁱNR^eR^f, phenyl, heterocyclyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl-C₁-C₅-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₅-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₅-alkyl wherein the ring of the seven last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from the radicals R^y and R^x;

Y is O or S;

R^a, R^b, R^c are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-

alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

R^d is selected from C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

R^e, R^f are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkylmethyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-sulfonyl, phenyl, phenylcarbonyl, phenylsulfonyl, hetaryl, hetarylcarbonyl, hetarylsulfonyl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the twelve last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which, independently of each other, are selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy; or

R^e and R^f together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form a 5- or 6-membered, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle, which may carry a further heteroatom being selected from O, S and N as a ring member atom and wherein the heterocycle may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

R^g, R^h are independently of each other selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, C₂-C₄-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₄-alkynyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl, hetaryl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, wherein the ring in the six last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

- R^i is selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylmethyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, phenyl and phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl wherein the phenyl ring in the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents which are independently of each other selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;
- R^x are independently of each other selected from cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, $S(O)_mR^d$, $S(O)_mNR^eR^f$, C_1 - C_{10} -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxycarbonyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, 5- to 7-membered heterocyclyl, 5- or 6-membered hetaryl, phenyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkoxy, 3- to 6-membered heterocycloxy and phenoxy, wherein the last 7 mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals R^y ; and wherein
- R^y is selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, $S(O)_mR^d$, $S(O)_mNR^eR^f$, C_1 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxycarbonyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -haloalkenyl, C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl and C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl.
2. The compounds as claimed in claim 1, wherein the pyrazole compound is a compound of formula I.A.
 3. The compounds as claimed in claim 2, wherein X^1 is oxygen.
 4. The compounds as claimed in claim 2 or 3, wherein R^1 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, heterocycl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and hetaryl-C₁-C₄-alkyl.
 5. The compounds as claimed in claim 2 or claim 3, where R^1 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_3 -alkyl.
 6. The compounds as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein at least two of the radicals R^t , R^u or R^w , if present, are hydrogen.
 7. The compounds as claimed in claim 6, wherein the radicals R^t , R^u and R^w , if present, are hydrogen.
 8. The compounds as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein A is a radical A1.

9. The compounds as claimed in claim 8, wherein R^{41} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy.
10. The compounds as claimed in claim 9, wherein R^{41} is hydrogen.
11. The compounds as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 10, wherein R^{51} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -halocycloalkyl and phenyl, wherein phenyl may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy.
12. The compounds as claimed in claim 11, wherein R^{51} is selected from chlorine, bromine, iodine, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 1-fluoroethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 1,1-difluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, chlorofluoromethyl, chlorodifluoromethyl, methoxyxymethyl, ethoxymethyl and cyclopropyl.
13. The compounds as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 12, wherein R^{61} is selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl and C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, wherein the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R^{61} is further selected from C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_5 - C_6 -hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, NO_2 , CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl.
14. The compounds as claimed in claim 13, wherein R^{61} is hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_2 - C_4 -alkyl.
15. The compounds as claimed in claim 14, wherein R^{61} is selected from methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl and 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl.
16. The compounds as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein A is a radical A2.

17. The compounds as claimed in claim 16, wherein R^{42} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, wherein the 2 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R^{42} is further selected from C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_5 - C_6 -hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl.
18. The compounds as claimed in claim 16 or claim 17, wherein R^{52} is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl and C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, wherein the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R^{52} is further selected from C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_5 - C_6 -hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl.
19. The compounds as claimed in any one of claims 16 to 18, wherein R^{62} is selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl and C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl, wherein the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R^{62} is further selected from C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_5 - C_6 -hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, NO_2 , CN, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylsulfonyl.

20. The compounds as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein A is a radical A³.
21. The compounds as claimed in claim 20, wherein R⁴³ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, wherein the 2 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁴³ is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.
22. The compounds as claimed in claim 20 or claim 21, wherein R⁵³ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, CN, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, wherein the 2 last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁵³ is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.
23. The compounds as claimed in any one of claims 20 to 22, wherein R⁶³ is selected from hydrogen, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl and C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, wherein the two last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted, may be partially or fully halogenated or may carry 1, 2 or 3 identical or different substituents selected from C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, hetaryl, phenyl and phenoxy, wherein the last three mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 radicals selected from halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl, or wherein R⁶³ is further selected from C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆-hetaryl and phenyl, wherein the three last mentioned radicals may be unsubstituted or may carry 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 identical or different substituents selected from halogen, NO₂, CN, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-

C₄-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulfonyl.

24. A method for controlling invertebrate pests which method comprises treating the pests, their food supply, their habitat or their breeding ground or a plant, seed, soil, area, material or environment in which the pests are growing or may grow, or the materials, plants, seeds, soils, surfaces or spaces to be protected from pest attack or infestation with a pesticidally effective amount of a pyrazole compound of formulae I.A or II.A or a salt or an N-oxide thereof as defined in any one of claims 1 to 23.
25. A method for protecting plant propagation material and/or the plants which grow therefrom, which method comprises treating the plant propagation material with a pesticidally effective amount of a compound of the formulae I.A or II.A or an agriculturally acceptable salt or an N-oxide thereof as defined in any one of claims 1 to 23.
26. A method for treating or protecting an animal from infestation or infection by parasites which comprises bringing the animal in contact with a parasitically effective amount of a compound of the formulae I.A or II.A or a veterinarily acceptable salt or an N-oxide thereof as defined in any one of claims 1 to 23.
27. An agricultural composition containing at least one compound of formulae I.A or II.A as defined in any one of claims 1 to 23 and/or an agriculturally acceptable salt or an N-oxide thereof and at least one liquid or solid carrier.

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