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(54) **VEHICLE WITH WEARABLE FOR IDENTIFYING ROLE OF ONE OR MORE USERS AND ADJUSTMENT OF USER SETTINGS**

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Publication Classification

(51) **Int. Cl.**

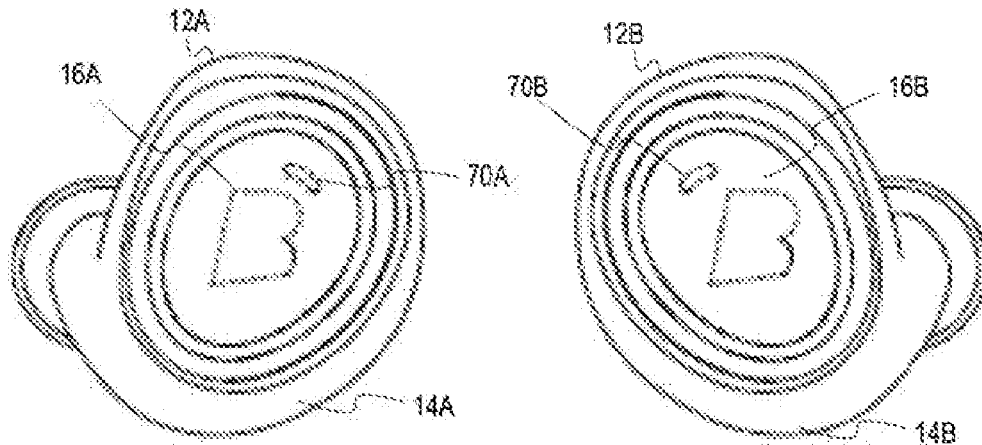
B60W 40/08 (2006.01)

B60N 2/02 (2006.01)

ABSTRACT

(57)

A system includes a vehicle, the vehicle comprising a control system and a wireless transceiver operatively connected to the control system. The control system is configured to wirelessly communicate with a wearable device worn by a user using the wireless transceiver and the control system is configured to receive input from one or more sensors of the wearable device.



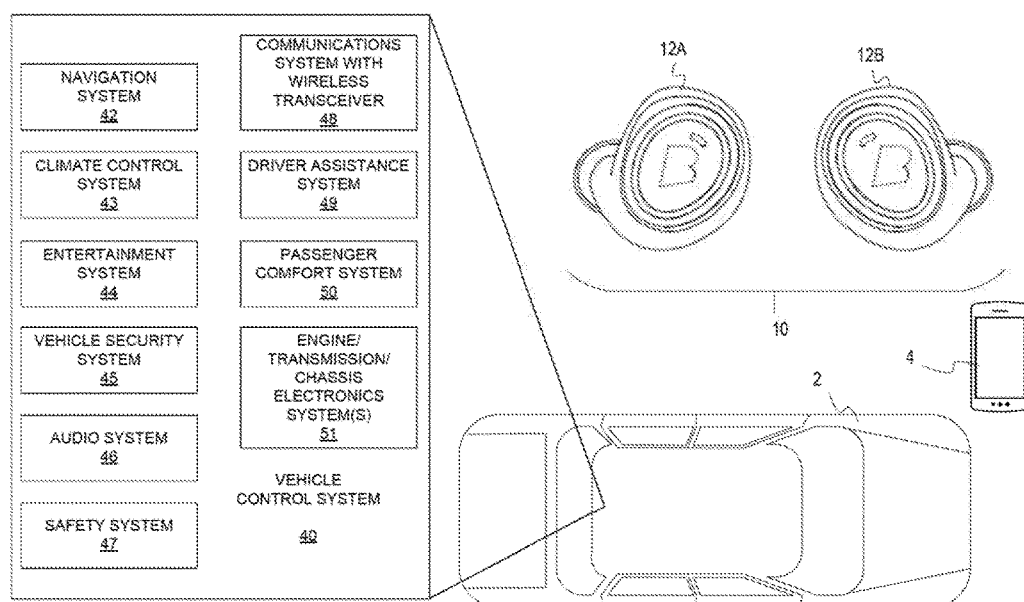


FIG. 1

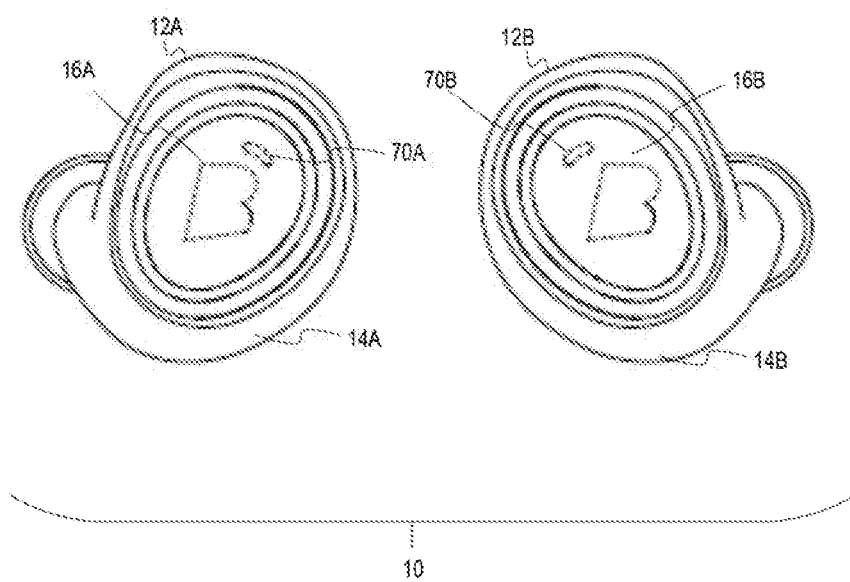


FIG. 2

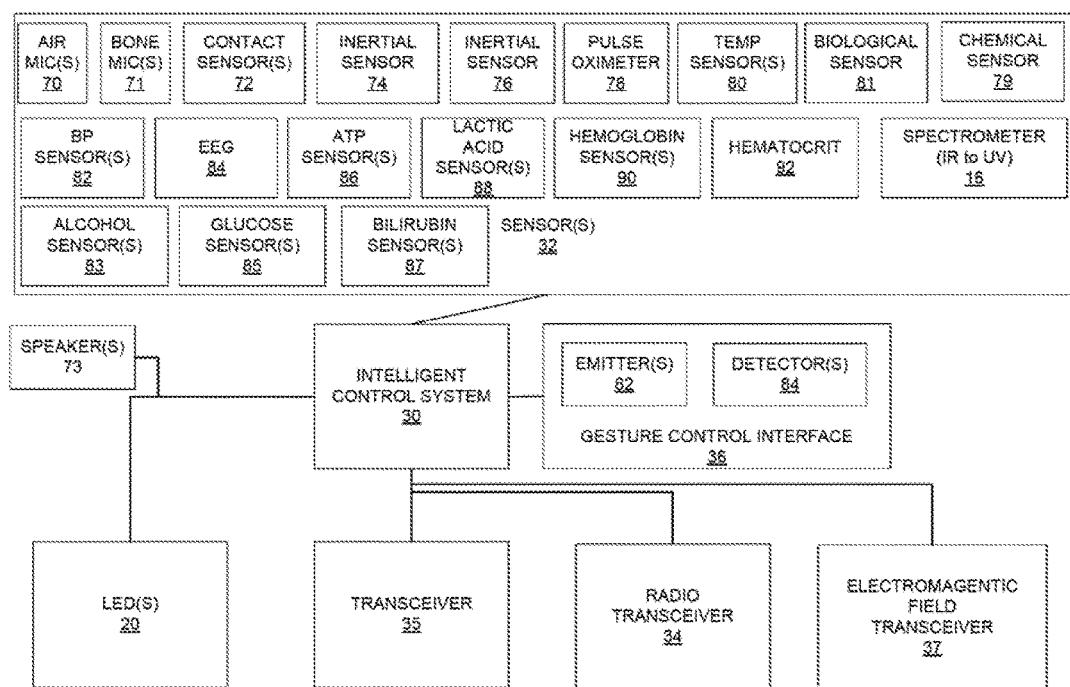


FIG. 3

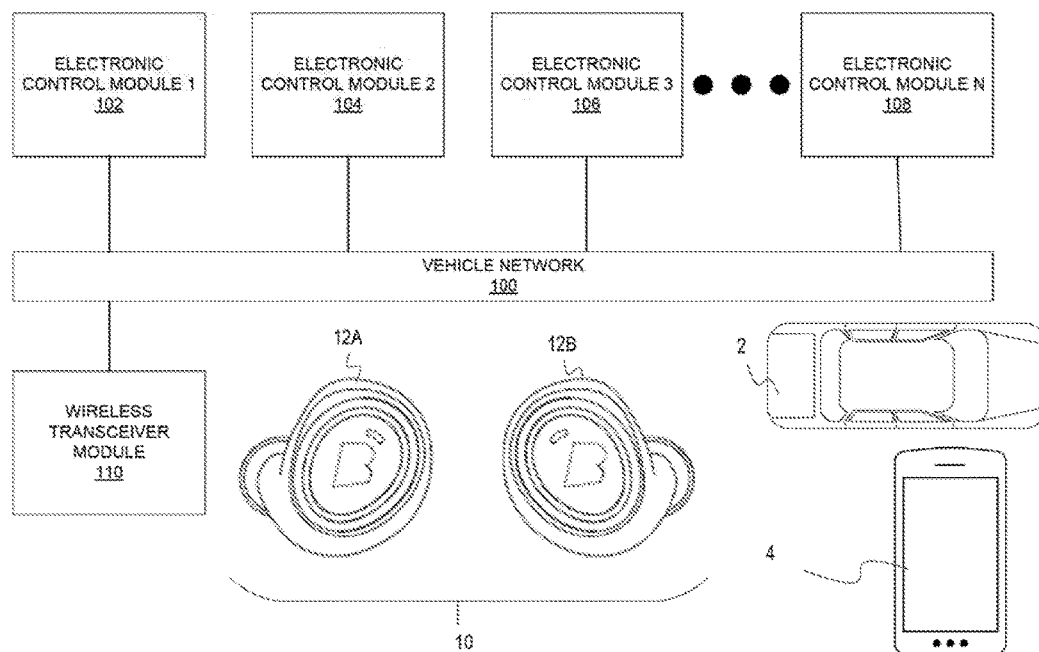


FIG. 4

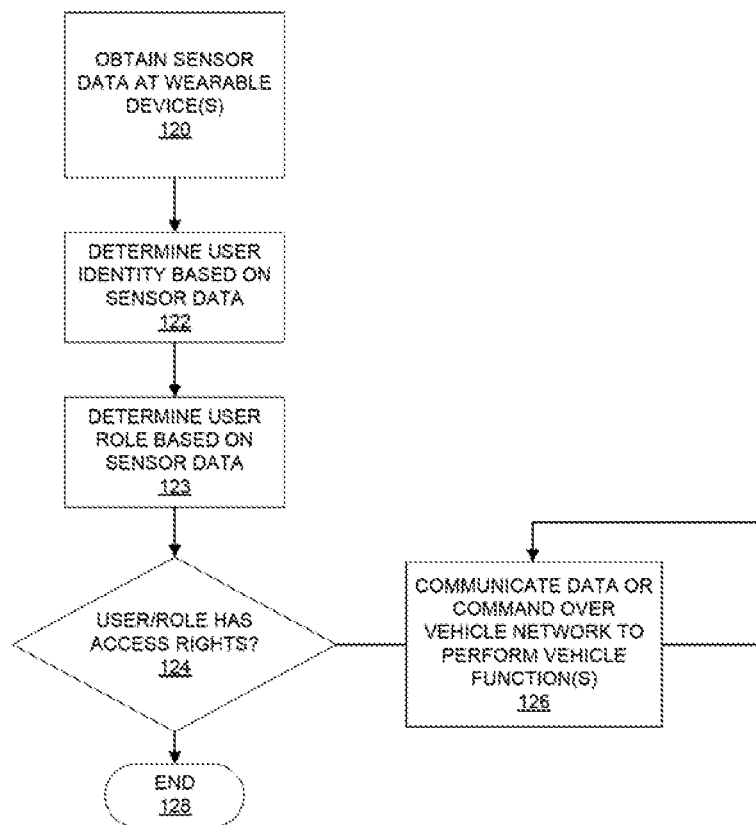


FIG. 5

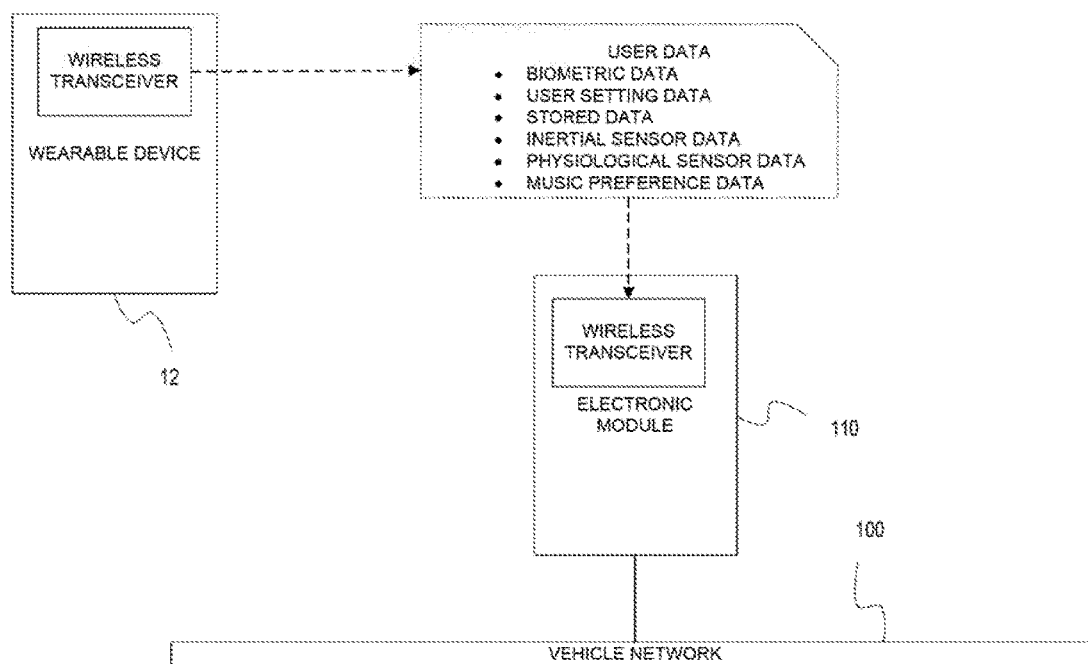


FIG. 6

**VEHICLE WITH WEARABLE FOR
IDENTIFYING ROLE OF ONE OR MORE
USERS AND ADJUSTMENT OF USER
SETTINGS**

PRIORITY STATEMENT

[0001] This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/260,437 filed on Nov. 27, 2015, and entitled Vehicle with wearable for identifying role of one or more users and adjustment of user settings, hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates to vehicles. More particularly, but not exclusively, the present invention relates to a vehicle which integrates with or communicates with wearable devices and provides for identifying the role of users associated with the wearable devices.

BACKGROUND

[0003] Vehicles may come with various types of electronics packages. These packages may be standard or optional and include electronics associated with communications or entertainment. However, there are various problems and deficiencies with such offerings. What is needed are vehicles with improved electronics options which create, improve, or enhance safety and overall experience of vehicles. In particular, what is needed are vehicles which integrate with wearable devices.

SUMMARY

[0004] Therefore, it is a primary object, feature, or advantage of the present invention to improve over the state of the art.

[0005] It is another object, feature, or advantage of the present invention to communicate between vehicle systems and wearable devices.

[0006] It is a further object, feature, or advantage of the present invention to use wearable devices to increase safety in vehicles.

[0007] It is a still further object, feature, or advantage of the present invention to allow a user to control one or more functions of a vehicle using one or more wearable devices such as ear pieces, watches, or glasses.

[0008] It is a still further object, feature, or advantage of the present invention to allow a vehicle to identify a driver based on the presence of a particular wearable device.

[0009] It is a still further object, feature, or advantage of the present invention to allow a vehicle to identify one or more passengers of a vehicle based on the presence of particular wearable devices.

[0010] Another object, feature, or advantage of the present invention is to allow a vehicle to identify not just a user but also the role of the user such as whether the user is a driver or passenger.

[0011] Yet another object, feature, or advantage of the present invention is to allow for adjustment of user settings once a user has been identified.

[0012] A further object, feature, or advantage of the present invention is to allow for a passenger to adjust different settings than a driver once the user(s) and their roles have been identified.

[0013] Yet another object, feature, or advantage of the present invention is to allow a vehicle to obtain biometric information about a driver or passenger using one or more wearable devices.

[0014] It is another object, feature, or advantage of the present invention to enhance an existing vehicle through addition of a wearable device.

[0015] One or more of these and/or other objects, features, or advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the specification and claims that follow. No single embodiment need provide each and every object, feature, or advantage. Different embodiments may have different objects, features, or advantages. Therefore, the present invention is not to be limited to or by any objects, features, or advantages stated herein.

[0016] According to one aspect, a system includes a vehicle, the vehicle comprising a control system and a wireless transceiver operatively connected to the control system. The control system is configured to wirelessly communicate with a wearable device worn by a user using the wireless transceiver and the control system is configured to receive input from one or more sensors of the wearable device.

[0017] According to one aspect a system is provided. The system includes a vehicle, the vehicle includes a vehicle network and a wearable device in operative communication with the vehicle network, the wearable device including one or more sensors for receiving sensor data. The system is configured to determine a role of a user of the wearable device within the vehicle. The role of the user may be determined either by the wearable device or the vehicle. The role may be that of a driver or a passenger or based on seat location within the vehicle. Access rights may be assigned to the user based on their role. The system may also be configured to determine an identity of the user. The access rights may be assigned to take into account both the role of the user and the identity of the users and may also take into account other individuals within the vehicle when making this determination. The vehicle may be configured to automatically adjust. One or more user settings based on the identity of the user and the role of the user. Example of such user settings may include seat adjustment settings, entertainment system settings, rear view mirror settings, temperature control settings, navigation system settings including saved locations. The wearable device may be one or more earpieces, a watch, glasses, or other types of wearable devices. The wearable device may include an inertial sensor and the vehicle may correlate sensor data from the inertial sensor to an interaction with the vehicle to determine the role of the user. Examples of interactions may include opening a door or touching a steering, wheel or other part of a vehicle. The wearable device may include a first wireless ear piece and a second wireless ear pieces each with a wireless transceiver and the system may be configured to determine the role of the user by locating the user within the vehicle by using a signal from the first transceiver and a signal from the second transceiver.

[0018] According to another aspect, a method for identifying a role of one or more users within a vehicle is provided. The method may include identifying one or more users within the vehicle based on data from wearable devices and identifying roles of one or more of the users within the vehicle using the wearable. The method may

further include adjusting one or more vehicle settings based on identity and role of the one or more users.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0019] FIG. 1 illustrates one example of a vehicle which integrates with wearable technology.

[0020] FIG. 2 illustrates one example of a set of wearable devices in the form of ear pieces.

[0021] FIG. 3 is a block diagram of one example of a wearable device in the form of an earpiece.

[0022] FIG. 4 is a diagram of wearable devices communicating with a vehicle network.

[0023] FIG. 5 is a flow diagram illustrating one example of a method for determining user identity and/or user role.

[0024] FIG. 6 is a diagram of a wearable device communicating with a vehicle network.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0025] Some of the most important factors in selecting a vehicle such as car may be the technology available to enhance the experience. This may be of particular importance in certain vehicle segments such as for luxury vehicles. Another important factor in selecting a vehicle may be the available safety features. According to various aspects, the present invention allows for wearable devices including ear pieces to enhance the experience of vehicles and according to some aspects, the present invention allows for wearable devices such as earpieces to enhance the overall safety of the vehicle. Therefore, it is expected that the technology described herein will make any vehicle so equipped more desirable to customers, more satisfying to customers, and potentially more profitable for the vehicle manufacturer. Similarly at least some of the various aspects may be added to existing vehicles as after-market accessories to improve the safety or experience of existing vehicles.

[0026] FIG. 1 illustrates one example of use of a wearable device in conjunction with a vehicle. As shown in FIG. 1 there is a vehicle 2. Although the vehicle shown is a full-size sedan, it is contemplated that the vehicle may be of any number of types of cars, trucks, sport utility vehicles, vans, mini-vans, automotive vehicles, commercial vehicles, agricultural vehicles, construction vehicles, specialty vehicles, recreational vehicles, buses, motorcycles, aircraft, boats, ships, yachts, spacecraft, or other types of vehicles. The vehicle may be gas-powered, diesel powered, electric, solar-powered, or human-powered. The vehicle may be actively operated by a driver or may be partially or completely autonomous or self-driving. The vehicle 2 may have a vehicle control system 40. The vehicle control system is a system which may include any number of mechanical and electromechanical subsystems. As shown in FIG. 1, such systems may include a navigation system 42, an entertainment system 44, a vehicle security system 45, an audio system 46, a safety system 47, a communications system 48 preferably with a wireless transceiver, a driver assistance system 49, a passenger comfort system 50, and an engine/transmission, chassis electronics system(s) 51. Of course, other examples of vehicle control sub-systems are contemplated. In addition, it is to be understood that there may be overlap between some of these different vehicle systems and the presence or absence of these vehicle systems as well as other vehicle systems may depend upon the type of vehicle, the type of fuel or propulsion system, the size of the vehicle,

and other factors and variables, in the automotive context, examples of the driver assistance system 49 may include one or more subsystems such as a lane assist system, a speed assist system, a blind spot detection system, a park assist system, and an adaptive cruise control system. In the automotive context, examples of the passenger comfort system 50 may include one or more subsystems such as automatic climate control, electronic seat adjustment, automatic wipers, automatic headlamps, and automatic cooling. In the automotive context, examples of the safety system 47 may include active safety systems such as air bags, hill descent control, and an emergency brake assist system. Aspects of the navigation system 42, the entertainment system 44, the audio system 46, and the communications system 48 may be combined into an infotainment system.

[0027] One or more wearable devices such as a set of earpieces 10 including a left earpiece 12A and a right earpiece 12B may in operative communication with the vehicle control system 40 such as through the communication system 48. For example, the communication system 48 may provide a Bluetooth or BLE link to wearable devices or may otherwise provide for communications with the wearable devices preferably through wireless communications. The vehicle 2 may communicate with the wearable device(s) directly, or alternatively, or in addition, the vehicle 2 may communicate with the wearable device(s) through an intermediary device such as a mobile device 4 which may be a mobile phone, a tablet, or other type of mobile device.

[0028] As will be explained in further details with respect to various examples, the wearable device(s) 10 interact with the vehicle control system 40 in any number of different ways. For example, the wearable device(s) 10 may provide sensor data, identity information, stored information, streamed information, or other types of information to the vehicle. Based on this information, the vehicle may take any number of actions which may include one or more actions taken by the vehicle control system (or subsystems thereof). In addition, the vehicle 2 may communicate sensor data, identity information, stored information, streamed information or other types of information to the wearable device(s) 10.

[0029] FIG. 2 illustrates one example of a wearable device in the form of a set of ear pieces 10 in greater detail. FIG. 1 illustrates a set of earpiece wearables 10 which includes a left earpiece 12A and a right earpiece 12B. Each of the earpieces wearables 12A, 12B has an earpiece wearable housing 14A, 14B which may be in the form of a protective shell or casing and may be an in-the-ear earpiece housing. A left infrared through ultraviolet spectrometer 16A and right infrared through ultraviolet spectrometer 16B is also shown. Each earpiece 12A, 12B may include one or more microphones 70A, 70B. Note that the air microphones 70A, 70B are outward facing such that the air microphones 70A, 70B may capture ambient environmental sound. It is to be understood that any number of microphones may be present including air conduction microphones, bone conduction microphones, or other audio sensors.

[0030] FIG. 3 is a block diagram illustrating a device. The device may include one or more LEDs 20 electrically connected to an intelligent control system 30. The intelligent control system 30 may include one or more processors, microcontrollers, application specific integrated circuits, or other types of integrated circuits. The intelligent control system 30 may also be electrically connected to one or more

sensors **32**. Where the device is an earpiece, the sensor(s) may include an inertial sensor **74**, another inertial sensor **76**. Each inertial sensor **74**, **76** may include an accelerometer, a gyro sensor or pyrometer, a magnetometer or other type of inertial sensor. The sensor(s) **32** may also include one or more contact sensors **72**, one or more bone conduction microphones **71**, one or more air conduction microphones **70**, one or more chemical sensors **79**, a pulse oximeter **76**, a temperature sensor **80**, or other physiological or biological sensor(s). Further examples of physiological or biological sensors include an alcohol sensor **83**, glucose sensor **85**, or bilirubin sensor **87**. Other examples of physiological or biological sensors may also be included in the device. These may include a blood pressure sensor **82**, an electroencephalogram (EEG) **84**, an Adenosine Triphosphate (ATP) sensor, a lactic acid sensor **88**, a hemoglobin sensor **90**, a hematocrit sensor **92** or other biological or chemical sensor.

[0031] A spectrometer **16** is also shown. The spectrometer **16** may be an infrared (IR) through ultraviolet (UV) spectrometer although it is contemplated that any number of wavelengths in the infrared, visible, or ultraviolet spectrums may be detected. The spectrometer **16** is preferably adapted to measure environmental wavelengths for analysis and recommendations and thus preferably is located on or at the external facing side of the device.

[0032] A gesture control interface **36** is also operatively connected to or integrated into the intelligent control system **30**. The gesture control interface **36** may include one or more emitters **82** and one or more detectors **84** for sensing user gestures. The emitters may be of any number of types including infrared LEDs. The device may include a transceiver **35** which may allow for induction transmissions such as through near field magnetic induction. A short range transceiver **34** using Bluetooth, BLE, UWB, or other means of radio communication may also be present. The short range transceiver **34** may be used to communicate with the vehicle control system. In operation, the intelligent control system **30** may be configured to convey different information using one or more of the LED(s) **20** based on context or mode of operation of the device. The various sensors **32**, the intelligent control system **30**, and other electronic components may be located on the printed circuit board of the device. One or more speakers **73** may also be operatively connected to the intelligent control system **30**.

[0033] An electromagnetic (E/M) field transceiver **37** is also operatively connected to the intelligent control system **30** to link the intelligent control system **30** to the electromagnetic field of the user. The use of the E/M transceiver **37** allows the device to link electromagnetically into a personal area network or body area network or other device.

[0034] According to another aspect, earpiece wearables may be used to identify one or more users. Each earpiece wearable may include its own identifier. In addition, each earpiece may be used to determine or confirm identity of an individual wearing it. This may be accomplished in various ways including through voice imprint. In particular, an individual may speak and their voice analyzed by the earpiece and compared to known samples or metrics in order to identify the individual.

[0035] Other types of user identification and authentication may also be used. For example, an individual may be asked to specify other information to the earpiece in order to confirm identity. This may include answering specific questions. For example, the ear piece may ask multiple questions

with yes or no or multiple choice answers which the correct individual will know but others are not likely to know. These questions may be stored within a database and are questions which the individual specifically provided answers. These questions may also be based on activities of the user which are stored on the earpiece or are retrievable from a system in operative communication with the ear piece. These may include information about physical activities, locations, or other activities.

[0036] Alternatively, instead of the earpiece performing the analysis associated with user identification and authentication, necessary information such as voice samples or voice or gestural responses may be collected by the ear piece and communicated to the vehicle, mobile device, or other device for performing the analysis.

[0037] Once a user has been identified the user may be authorized to perform various functions in various ways. For example, the vehicle may be unlocked such as by a person saying "unlock" or the vehicle may be remote started and environmental controls set by a person saying "start my car and set temperature to 72 degrees." These actions may be taken by the vehicle control system or its subsystems such as an access and security subsystem or a climate control subsystem. In addition, actions may be taken based on proximity of the individual to the user or based on other contextual information.

[0038] Various types of vehicle controls may be a part of the vehicle access and security subsystems. These may include actuators such as actuators associated with door locks or locks associated with other compartments. Other types of vehicle controls may include an ignition lock switch which may be unlocked or locked. Other types of vehicle controls may include actuators associated with windows. In addition to these functions, any number of different vehicle functions may be performed. The vehicle functions performed by a properly identified individual may be the same types of vehicle functions that an individual may perform as a driver of the vehicle. Other types of vehicle controls may include any number of settings such as audio system settings, temperature control settings, entertainment system settings, navigation settings, or other types of settings.

[0039] FIG. 4 illustrates another example. In FIG. 4, a vehicle network **100** is shown. According to one aspect, the wearable devices **12A**, **12B** may communicate information through a vehicle network **100** associated with a vehicle **2**. Thus, once an identity of a user has been established, commands may be communicated over the vehicle network **100** or vehicle bus to perform one or more vehicle functions. Protocols which are used may include a Controller Area Network (CAN), Local Interconnect Network (LIN), or others including proprietary network protocols or network protocol overlays.

[0040] Various types of electronic control modules **102**, **104**, **106**, **108** or electronic control units may communicate over the network **100** of the vehicle. These may include electronic modules such as an engine control unit (ECU), a transmission control unit (TCU), an anti-lock braking system (ABS), a body control module (BCM), a door control unit (DCU), an electric power steering control unit (PSCU), a human-machine interface (HMI), powertrain control module (PCM), speed control unit (SCU), telematic control unit (TCU), brake control unit (BCM), battery management

system, and numerous others. Any number of electronic control modules may be operatively connected to the vehicle network 100.

[0041] In one embodiment a wireless transceiver module 110 is operatively connected to a vehicle network 100 and it is the wireless transceiver module 110 which is in operative communication with one or more wearable devices such as wearable ear piece 12A, 12B. Once a wearable device 12A, 12B or the vehicle 2 has identified a user, then that user is permitted to give instructions which are translated into commands which are communicated over the vehicle network 100 to an appropriate system or component of the vehicle or to communicate data such as data from one or more sensors of the wearable device 12A, 12B. Data from the wearable device may be used by any number of different electronic control modules or electronic control units 102, 104, 106, 108 connected to the vehicle network 100 to perform any number of different vehicle functions.

[0042] FIG. 5 illustrates one example of a methodology. As shown in FIG. 5 at step 120 sensor data is obtained at one or more wearable devices. As previously explained the sensor data can be of any number of types. For example, the sensor data may be voice data or other biometric data. In step 122 a determination is made of the user identity based on the sensor data. Where the sensor data is voice data this determination may be as the result of a voice print or voice sample analysis. Any number of different products or components may be used to perform this analysis. Examples of commercial products for performing such functionality include Nuance VocalPassword, VoiceIT, and numerous others. It should be further understood that other types of biometric data may be used. For example data from the inertial sensors, data indicative of heart rate variability such as may be collected with a pulse oximeter, data indicative of gait such as may be collected with an inertial sensor, or other type of data may be used. Where the wearable device is a pair of glasses than retina identification and authentication may be used. Where the wearable device is a pair of gloves than finger print analysis may be used. The determination of the user identity based on sensor data may be performed in one of several different locations based on the type of analysis and available computational resources. For example, the determination may be performed on or at the wearable device itself. Alternatively, the determination may be performed on or at the vehicle. Alternatively still, the determination may be performed by a mobile device such as a smart phone which is in operative communication with either the wearable device(s) or the vehicle, or both.

[0043] Once the individual has been identified, in step 123, the role of the user may be determined based on sensor data or other data associated with one or more wearable devices. This determination may be performed in various ways. For example, data from one or more inertial sensors may be correlated with vehicle data. Thus, if sensor data shows a downward movement and vehicle shows opening of a door, then this data may be correlated and a determination may be made that the user wearing the wearable device is the user that opened the door and entered the vehicle. If the door is the driver's door, the system may make the determination that user is the driver. Similarly, if sensor data shows movement of the hands or wrists of a user consistent with the placing their hands on the steering wheel then it may be inferred that user is the driver. Similarly if the sensor data includes image information such as from a camera associ-

ated with the wearable device, that information may be processed to determine the role of the user. In addition, the wearable device may be used to determine a location such as a seat location of a user within the vehicle. The role maybe determined based on the seat location.

[0044] Once the individual has been identified or recognized, in step 124 a determination is made as to whether the user has access rights. In one implementation, if the user is identified then the user has appropriate access rights. In alternative implementations, identifying the user does not necessarily give the individual all rights. Where the user has appropriate access rights or none are required, in step 126 data or commands may be communicated over the vehicle network to perform various vehicle functions. Data from the wearable device(s) may be used by any electronic control modules associated with the vehicle network to provide input to be used in any number of different decision-making processes. Similarly, commands may be given from the user to the vehicle using the wearable device such as when the wearable device is an earpiece and the commands may be given through voice input from the user.

[0045] It is further contemplated that particular commands may be automatically communicated based on the identity of the user. In other words, once the user has been identified the vehicle may perform one or more vehicle functions automatically based on the identity of the user. These functions may be any number of different functions previously discussed including functions that grant access or deny access to the user.

[0046] According to another aspect, one or more wearable devices may be used to identify an individual and the role of the individual as a driver or passenger of a vehicle. Once the driver has been identified a number of different actions may be taken by vehicle control systems. This may include automatically adjusting various settings within the vehicle based on user preferences. Thus, for example, seats may be adjusted to the position preferred by the user including through adjusting the seat forward or back, upward or downward, or adjusting the angle of the seat. Similarly, the position of the rearview mirrors or other mirrors may be adjusted based on preferences associated with the particular driver. In addition, steering wheel position may be adjusted based on preferences associated with the particular driver. These various adjustments may be preformed in various ways including through the use of servo motors or other types of motors, switches, or other actuators.

[0047] Similarly, various other types of settings may be stored which are associated with a particular individual whether driver or passenger. These may include navigation settings. Thus, navigation settings associated with a particular individual may be used. Thus, for example where an individual has previously identified a particular location (such as "Peter's house") within the navigation system, those particular locations may be associated with the individual and automatically available. Note, that locations associated with one or more passengers may also be added to the system as well.

[0048] Other types of settings such as radio station or satellite radio presets or favorites may also be loaded. Other settings associated with an entertainment system or infotainment system may also be made. Again, these settings may be associated with the driver and/or one or more passengers.

[0049] Various other types of settings may be also be associated with a user. The settings may include door lock settings, climate settings, light settings, and any number of other personalized settings. The settings may further include other navigation settings and preferences, camera settings and preferences, vehicle settings and preferences, system settings and preferences, phone settings and preferences, info settings and preferences, audio settings, and preferences, and any number of other electronic or electro-mechanical settings, preferences, or adjustments which may be made by the vehicle.

[0050] Where there is more than one individual within the vehicle, with a wearable device, it is contemplated that a determination may be made as to which individual is the driver and which individual or individuals are passengers. It is contemplated that this determination may be made in any number of ways. For example, where the wearable device is in the form of two earpieces, it is contemplated that the position of a particular user may be found within the vehicle by using directional range finding or similar techniques to determine position. Where the wearable device includes one or more inertial sensors, it is contemplated that the identity of one or more users may be determined based on movement of the user. For example, where the wearable device is a watch, movement of the wrist consistent with placing the hand on a steering wheel may be indicative of which user is the driver. Where the wearable device is a set of earpieces, the timing of the movement of the head relative to the opening and closing of the driver's door may be indicative of which user is the driver. Similarly, the timing of the movement of the head relative to the opening and closing of a passenger's door may be indicative of which user is the passenger. In addition, a single individual may be associated with the vehicle as a primary driver with one or more other individuals associated as secondary drivers. Alternatively, the vehicle or wearable device may prompt one or more individuals to ask "Who is driving" or "Are you driving" or "Who is driving, Peter or Jim Senior?"

[0051] FIG. 6 illustrates another example of a system. As shown in FIG. 6, a wearable device 12 includes a wireless transceiver. The wearable device may be an ear piece, a set of ear pieces, a watch, glasses, integrated into an article of clothing, or other type of wearable device. The wearable device 12 communicates user data to a wireless transceiver associated with an electronic module 110 of a vehicle. The user data may include biometric data, user setting data, stored data, inertial sensor data, physiological sensor data, music prefluence data, or other types of data. Such data may be translated into user settings of the vehicle and communicated to the appropriate modules over the vehicle network 100. The other modules may then provide for automatically adjusting one or more vehicle features or controlled based on the user settings.

[0052] Various methods, system, and apparatus have been shown and described relating to vehicles with wearable integration or communication. The present invention is not to be limited to these specific examples but contemplates any number of related methods, system, and apparatus and these examples may vary based on the specific type of vehicle, the specific type of wearable device, and other considerations.

What is claimed is:

1. A system comprising:
 - a vehicle, the vehicle comprising a vehicle network;
 - a wearable device in operative communication with the vehicle network, the wearable device including one or more sensors for receiving sensor data;
 - wherein the system is configured to determine a role of a user of the wearable device within the vehicle using the sensor data.
2. The system of claim 1 wherein the role is selected from a set comprising driver and passenger.
3. The system of claim 1 wherein the system is configured to determine a seat location of the user of the at least one wearable device within the vehicle and wherein the role of the user is based on seat location.
4. The system of claim 1 wherein the vehicle is configured to assign a plurality of access to the user of the at least one wearable device based on the role of the user.
5. The system of claim 1 wherein the system is configured to determine an identity of the user.
6. The system of claim 5 wherein the vehicle is configured to assign a plurality of access rights to the user of the at least one wearable device based on the role of the user and the identity of the user.
7. The system of claim 6 wherein the vehicle is configured to automatically adjust one or more user settings based on the identity of the user and the role of the user.
8. The system of claim 7 wherein the user settings include seat adjustment settings.
9. The system of claim 7 wherein the user settings include entertainment system settings.
10. The system of claim 7 wherein the user settings include rear view mirror settings.
11. The system of claim 7 wherein the user settings include temperature control settings.
12. The system of claim 7 wherein the user settings include navigation system settings.
13. The system of claim 12 wherein the navigation system settings include saved locations.
14. The system of claim 1 wherein the one or more sensors include an, inertial sensor.
15. The system of claim 14 wherein the vehicle correlates sensor data from the inertial sensor to an interaction with the vehicle to determine the role of the user.
16. The system of claim 15 wherein the interaction with the vehicle comprises opening a door of the vehicle.
17. The system of claim 16 wherein the interaction with the vehicle comprises grasping a steering wheel of the vehicle.
18. The system of claim 1 wherein the wearable device comprises a first wireless earpiece with a first transceiver and a second wireless earpiece with a second transceiver and wherein the system is configured to determine the role of the user by locating the user within the vehicle by using a signal from the first transceiver and a signal from the second transceiver.
19. A, method for identifying a role of one or more users within a vehicle, the method comprising:
 - identifying one or more users within the vehicle based on data from wearable devices; and
 - identifying roles of one or more of the users within the vehicle using the wearable device.
20. The method of claim 19 further comprising adjusting one or more vehicle settings based on identity and role of the one or more users.

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