



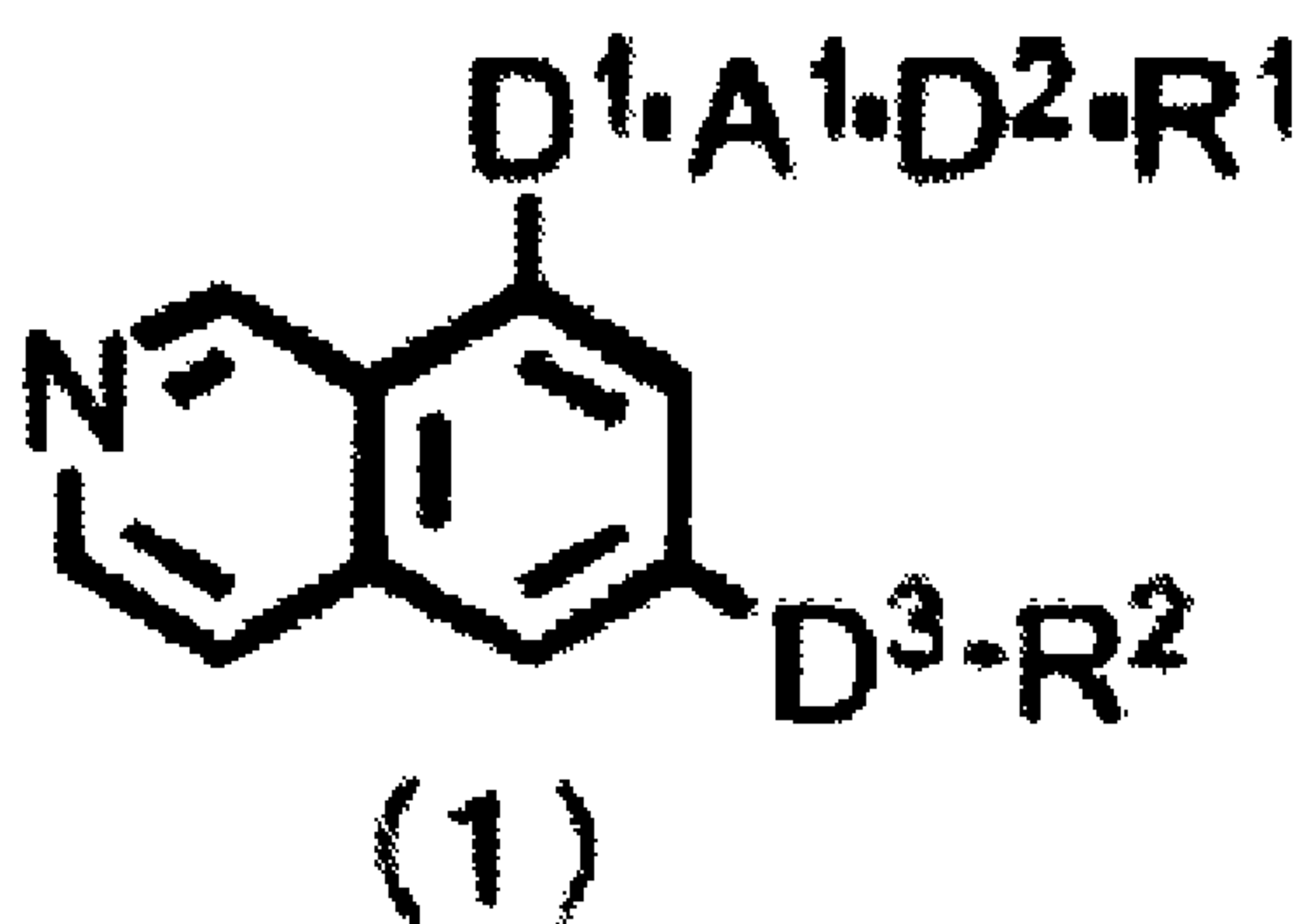
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(54) Titre : DERIVE D'ISOQUINOLEINE SUBSTITUE EN POSITION 8 ET SON UTILISATION
(54) Title: 8-SUBSTITUTED ISOQUINOLINE DERIVATIVES AND THE USE THEREOF



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

The present invention relates to a compound represented by the following formula (1): (see formula 1) wherein D¹, A¹, D², R¹, D³, and R² each have the same meaning as defined in the present specification or a salt thereof. The compound represented by the formula (1) or a salt thereof has an IKK β inhibiting activity and the like and is useful for the prevention and/or treatment of IKK β -associated diseases or symptoms and the like.

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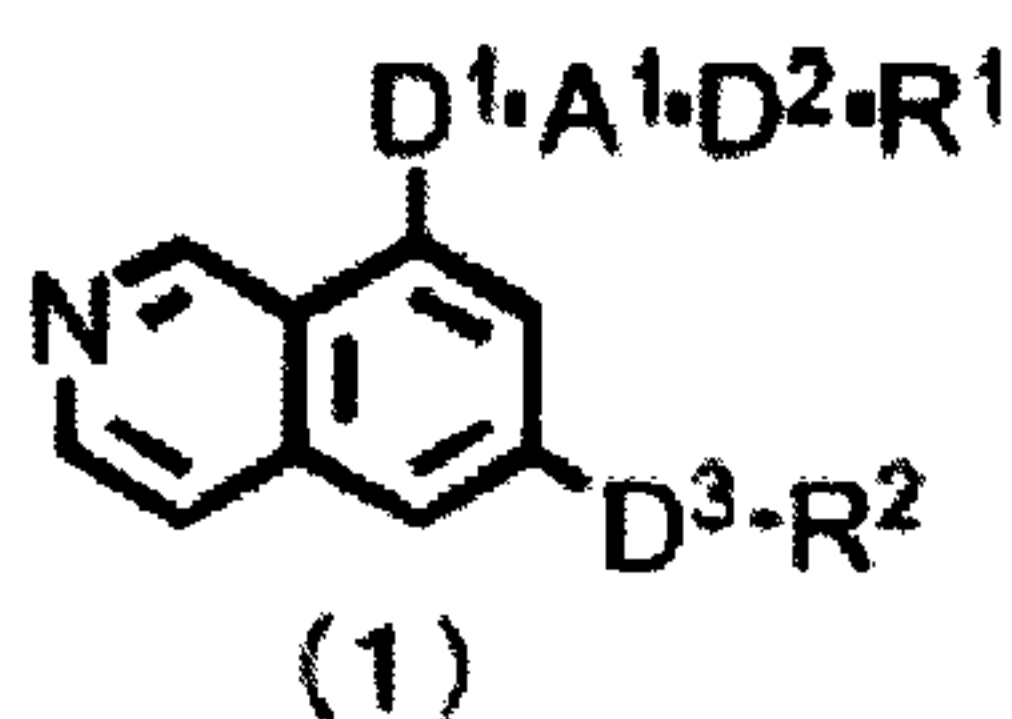
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ABSTRACT

The present invention relates to a compound represented by the following formula (1):



wherein D¹, A¹, D², R¹, D³, and R² each have the same meaning as defined in the present specification or a salt thereof. The compound represented by the formula (1) or a salt thereof has an IKK β inhibiting activity and the like and is useful for the prevention and/or treatment of IKK β -associated diseases or symptoms and the like.

DEMANDES OU BREVETS VOLUMINEUX

**LA PRÉSENTE PARTIE DE CETTE DEMANDE OU CE BREVETS
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CECI EST LE TOME __1__ DE __2__

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JUMBO APPLICATIONS / PATENTS

**THIS SECTION OF THE APPLICATION / PATENT CONTAINS MORE
THAN ONE VOLUME.**

THIS IS VOLUME __1__ OF __2__

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DESCRIPTION

8-SUBSTITUTED ISOQUINOLINE DERIVATIVES AND THE USE THEREOF

Technical Field

[0001]

The present invention relates to a novel isoquinoline derivative having a 8-substitution and a pharmaceutical composition comprising the same as an active ingredient thereof.

Background Art

[0002]

A nuclear factor κ B (NF- κ B) is a transcription factor that regulates the expression of genes responsible for reactions involved in the survival of an organism. Examples of known genes whose expression is regulated by this NF- κ B include genes of many inflammatory factors including inflammatory cytokines such as tumor necrosis factor (TNF)- α , interleukin (IL)-1, and IL-6, cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2), inducible NO synthetase (iNOS), and cell adhesion molecules such as ICAM and VCAM.

Meanwhile, many stimuli that induce the activation of NF- κ B are also known and examples thereof include stimuli such as inflammatory cytokines such as IL-1 and TNF- α , bacterial cell products such as bacterial lipopolysaccharides (LPS), viruses, various stresses such as ultraviolet light and γ -ray irradiation, and T-cell mitogens.

[0003]

NF- κ B is thought to be involved in many conditions associated with inflammation, including rheumatoid arthritis (Non-patent Document 1), angiogenesis (Non-patent Document 2), arteriosclerosis (Non-patent Document 3), endotoxin shock and sepsis (Non-patent Document 4), inflammatory bowel disease (Non-patent Document 5), ischemic reperfusion injury (Non-patent Document 6), and pneumonia (Non-patent Document 7). Furthermore, previous studies have shown that NF- κ B plays an important role in etiology and development of cancer (Non-patent Document 8).

[0004]

In a cell with no stimulus, NF- κ B binds to I κ B, an inhibitory protein, to form a complex and exists in cytoplasm. This complex formation confines NF- κ B in cytoplasm, inhibiting transfer thereof to the nucleus. When the cell is stimulated, specific amino acid residues of I κ B (serine residues 32 and 36 in the case of I κ B α) is

phosphorylated, further polyubiquitinated, and degraded by proteasomes (Non-patent Document 9). NF- κ B released from I κ B rapidly transfers into the nucleus and activates the transcription of a target gene.

[0005]

I κ B is phosphorylated by I κ B kinase (IKK). IKK is a kinase complex having catalytic subunits known as IKK α (also referred to as IKK1) and IKK β (also referred to as IKK2) (Non-patent Documents 10 and 11). IKK is activated by phosphorylation, and MEKK1, MEKK3, NF- κ B inducing kinase (NIK), and the like are known as phosphorylases thereof.

[0006]

The view is advocated that inhibition of NF- κ B activation by allowing I κ B to exist stably is effective measure for the treatment of autoimmune diseases and other diseases. For example, when I κ B is overexpressed in synovial membrane cells collected from a patient with rheumatoid arthritis, the expression of TNF- α , IL-6, and IL-8 decreased (Non-patent Document 12). Furthermore, a transgenic mouse that expresses proteolysis-resistant I κ B in T cells showed resistance to collagen-induced arthritis (Non-patent Document 13).

[0007]

It has been reported that inhibition of phosphorylation of I κ B by IKK is effective for the stabilization of I κ B (Non-patent Document 14). NF- κ B is activated by inflammatory cytokines in synovial membrane cells derived from a patient with rheumatoid arthritis. However, when NF- κ B is expressed in synovial membrane cells deficient in the IKK β kinase activity, I κ B stably exists even with stimuli of inflammatory cytokines and then activation of NF- κ B is suppressed. This suggests that the kinase activity of IKK β plays a central role in activation of NF- κ B (Non-patent Document 14).

Therefore, suppression of NF- κ B activation by inhibiting the IKK activity may be effective for the treatment of autoimmune diseases, inflammatory diseases, cardiovascular diseases, and cancer.

[0008]

β -carboline derivatives (Patent Document 1), aminothiophene derivatives (Patent Document 2), imidazole derivatives (Patent Document 3), indole derivatives (Patent Document 4), aminopyridine derivatives (Patent Document 5), anilinophenylpyrimidine derivatives (Patent Document 6), pyrazolaquinazoline derivatives (Patent Document 7), and indazole derivatives (Patent Document 8) are disclosed as examples of compounds inhibiting the IKK activity.

Citation List

Patent Document

[0009]

Patent Document 1: WO 2004/092167

Patent Document 2: WO 2003/010158

Patent Document 3: WO 2002/030423

Patent Document 4: WO 2001/030774

Patent Document 5: WO 2002/044153

Patent Document 6: WO 2002/046171

Patent Document 7: WO 2002/060386

Patent Document 8: WO 2006/002434

Non-Patent Document

[0010]

Non-Patent Document 1: Nature Immunol., 2001, 2, p. 771-773

Non-Patent Document 2: Nature, 1995, 376, p. 517-519

Non-Patent Document 3: J. Clin. Inv., 1996, 97, p. 1715-1722

Non-Patent Document 4: J. Clin. Inv., 1997, 100, p. 972-985

Non-Patent Document 5: Gut, 2007, 56, p. 524-533

Non-Patent Document 6: Nature Medicine, 1998, 4, p. 698-704

Non-Patent Document 7: Trends Pharmacol. Sci., 1997, 18, p. 46-50

Non-Patent Document 8: Nature Rev. Cancer, 2002, 2, p. 301-310

Non-Patent Document 9: Genes & Development, 1995, 9(22), p. 2723-2735

Non-Patent Document 10: Nature, 1997, 388, p. 548-554

Non-Patent Document 11: Cell, 1997, 90(2), p. 373-383

Non-Patent Document 12: Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., 1999, 96, p. 5668-5673

Non-Patent Document 13: J. Immunol., 1999, 163, p. 1577-1583

Non-Patent Document 14: J. Immunol., 2001, 166, p. 2705-2711

Summary of the Invention

Problems to be Solved by the Invention

[0011]

An object of the present invention is to provide a compound that has an excellent inhibiting effect of IKK activity, in particular, an excellent inhibiting effect of IKK activity and is useful for the prevention or treatment of diseases or symptoms associated with NF- κ B. Another object of the present invention is to provide a pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound.

Means for Solving the Problems

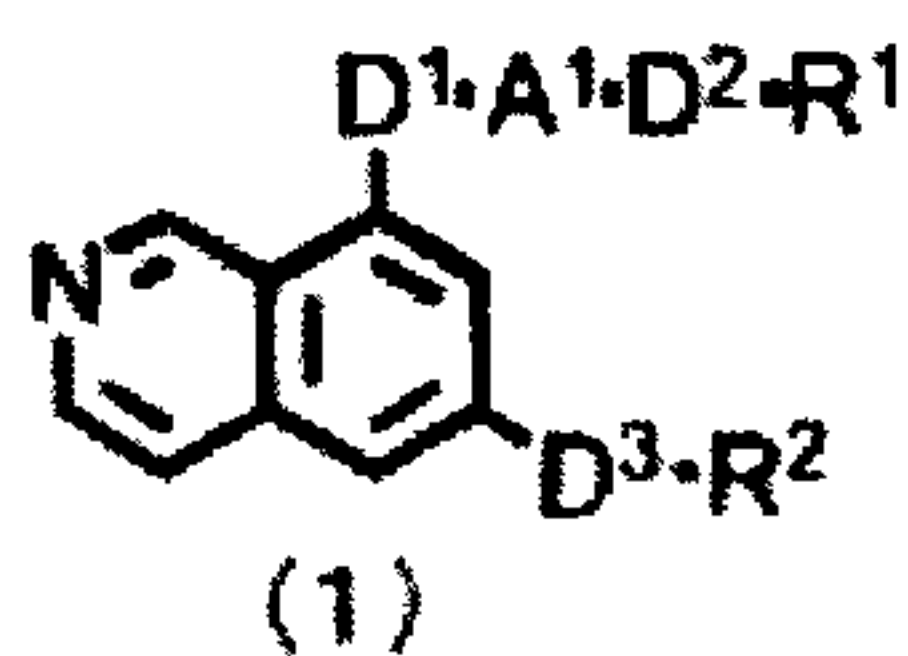
[0012]

The present inventors conducted various researches to achieve the foregoing objects. As a result, they found that a compound represented by the following formula (1) has an excellent IKK β inhibiting activity and thus accomplished the present invention.

[0013]

Specifically, the present invention relates to the following.

<1> A compound represented by the following general formula (1) or a salt thereof:

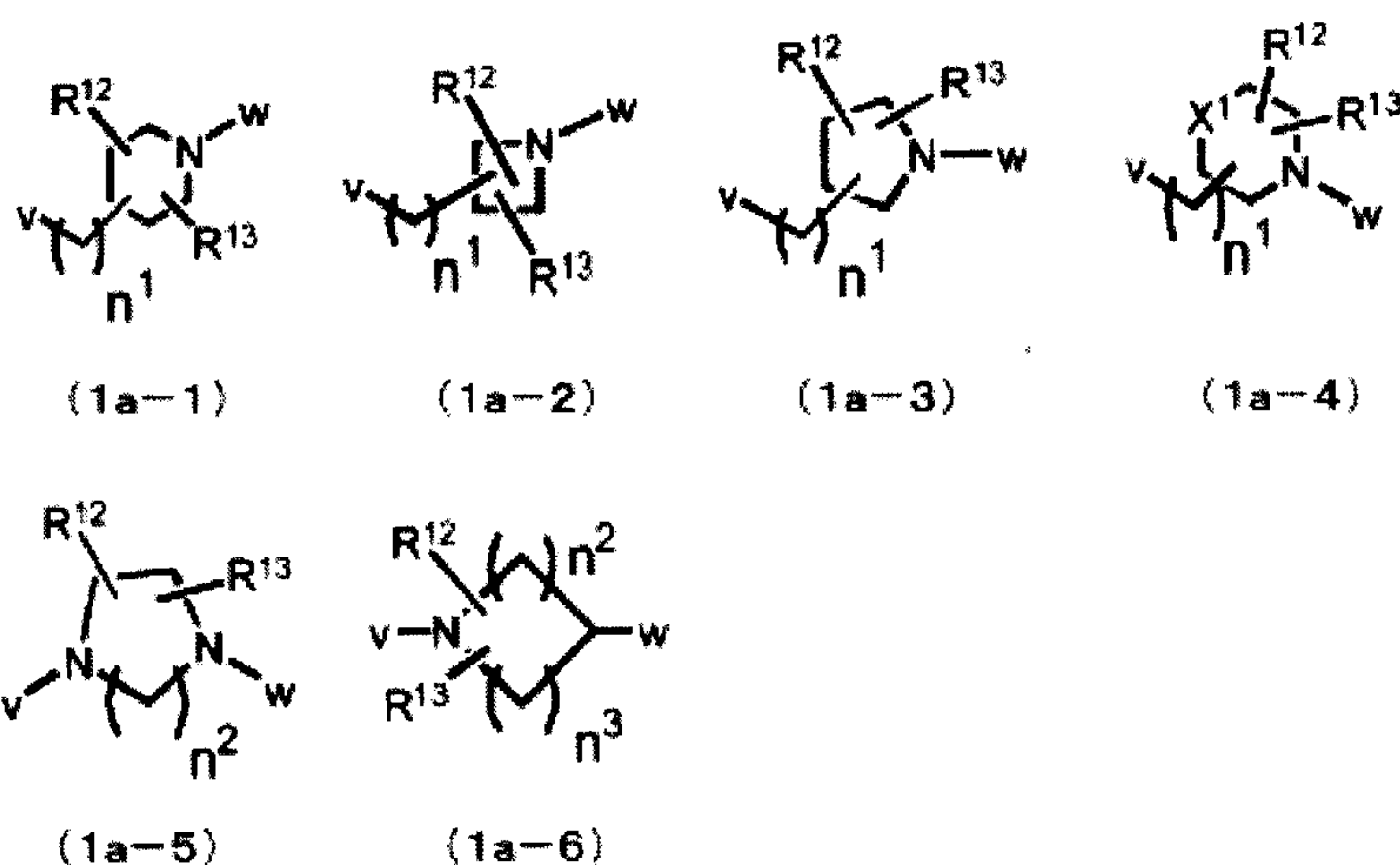


Wherein

D¹ represents a single bond, -N(R¹¹)-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, or -S(O)₂-, wherein R¹¹ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

A¹ represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, or any of divalent groups selected from the following formulas (1a-1) to (1a-6):

- 5 -



wherein

n^1 is an integer of 0, 1, or 2;

n^2 is an integer of 2 or 3;

n^3 is an integer of 1 or 2;

R^{12} and R^{13} may be identical to or different from each other and each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

X^1 represents $-N(R^{14})-$, $-O-$, or $-S-$, wherein R^{14} represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

v represents a bond with D^1 ; and

w represents a bond with D^2 ;

D^2 represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, $-C(O)-$, $-C(S)-$, $-S(O)_2-$, $-C(O)-N(R^{15})-$, $-C(S)-N(R^{15})-$, or $-E-C(O)-$,

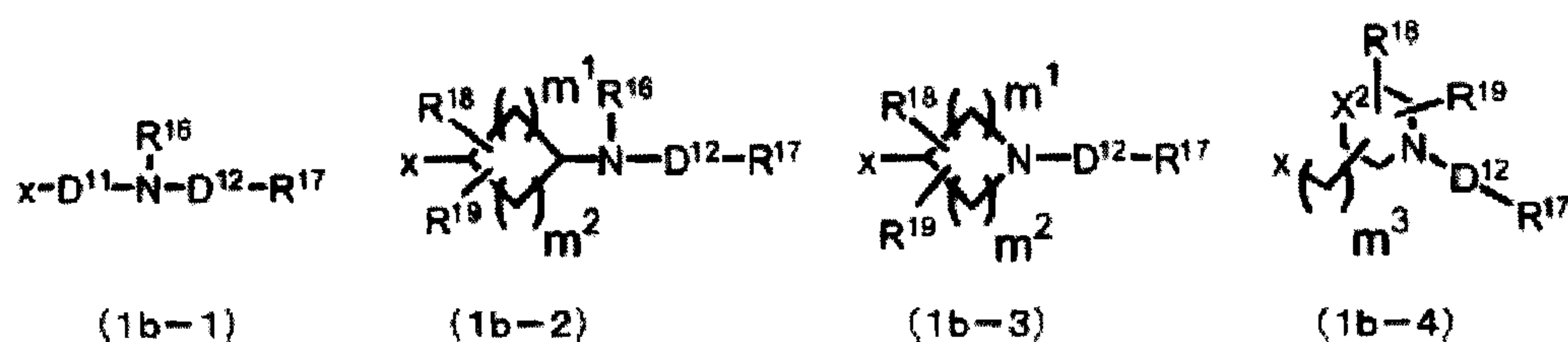
wherein

E represents an alkylene that may be substituted and

R^{15} represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group;

R^1 represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an amino group that may be substituted, a saturated heterocyclic group that may be substituted, an aryl group that may be substituted, an aralkyl group that may be substituted, a carbamimidoyl group, or any of groups selected from the following formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4):

- 6 -



wherein

m^1 is an integer of 0, 1, or 2;

m^2 is an integer of 1 or 2;

m^3 is an integer of 0, 1, or 2;

X^2 represents $-N(R^{14})-$, $-O-$, or $-S-$, wherein R^{14} represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

D^{11} represents an alkylene that may be substituted;

D^{12} represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, $-C(O)-$, $-S(O)_2-$, or $-C(O)-N(R^{15})-$, wherein R^{15} represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group;

R^{16} , R^{18} , and R^{19} may be identical to or different from one another and each independently represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

R^{17} represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an aryl group that may be substituted, or an aralkyl group that may be substituted; and

x represents a bond with D^2 ;

with the proviso that, when R^{17} represents a hydrogen atom, D^{12} represents a single bond;

with the proviso that,

when D^1 represents a single bond, A^1 represents a divalent group represented by the above-mentioned formula (1a-5) or (1a-6);

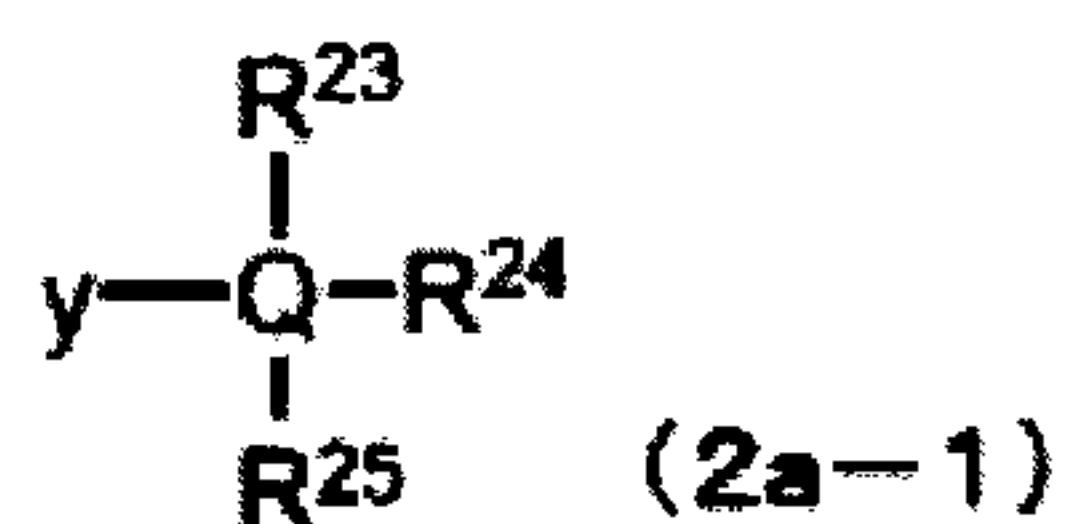
when D^1 represents $-N(R^{11})-$, $-O-$, $-S-$, $-S(O)-$, or $-S(O)_2-$, A^1 represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, or any of divalent groups selected from the formulas (1a-1) to (1a-4), wherein, when A^1 represents a single bond, D^2 represents an alkylene that may be substituted or $-E-C(O)-$;

when R^1 represents an amino group that may be substituted, D^2 represents an alkylene that may be substituted or $-E-C(O)-$; and

D^3 represents a single bond, $-N(R^{21})-$, $-O-$, $-N(R^{21})-C(O)-$, or $-S-$, wherein R^{21} represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted; and

- 7 -

R² represents an alkyl group that may be substituted or the following formula (2a-1):

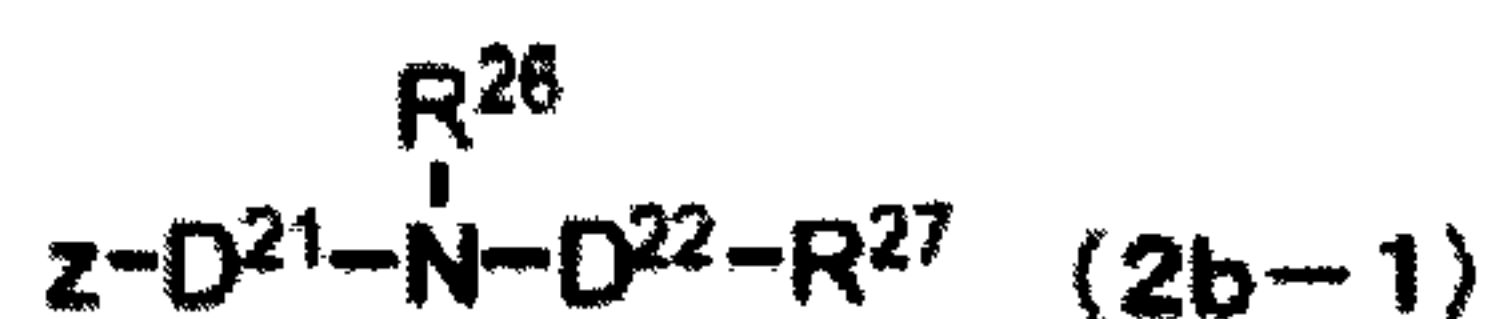


wherein

Q represents an aryl group that may be substituted;

y represents a bond with D³; and

R²³, R²⁴, and R²⁵ may be identical to or different from one another and each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an alkoxy group that may be substituted, an amino group that may be substituted, an aryl group that may be substituted, an aryloxy group that may be substituted, an aralkyl group that may be substituted, or the following formula (2b-1):



wherein

D²¹ represents a single bond or an alkylene that may be substituted;

D²² represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, -C(O)-, -S(O)₂-, or -C(O)-N(R²⁸)-;

R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ may be identical to or different from one another and each independently represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted; and

z represents a bond with Q;

with the proviso that, when D²² represents a single bond, R²⁷ represents a hydrogen atom;

<2> The compound according to the above <1> or a salt thereof, wherein D¹ represents a single bond, -N(R¹¹)-, -O-, or -S-, wherein R¹¹ has the same meaning as defined above;

<2-2> The compound according to the above <1> or a salt thereof, wherein D¹ represents -N(R¹¹)-, wherein R¹¹ has the same meaning as defined above;

<3> The compound according to the above <1> or <2> or a salt thereof, wherein A¹ represents an alkylene that may be substituted or any of divalent groups selected from the formulas (1a-1) to (1a-5), wherein n¹, n², X¹, R¹², R¹³, R¹⁴, v, and w have the same meanings as defined above;

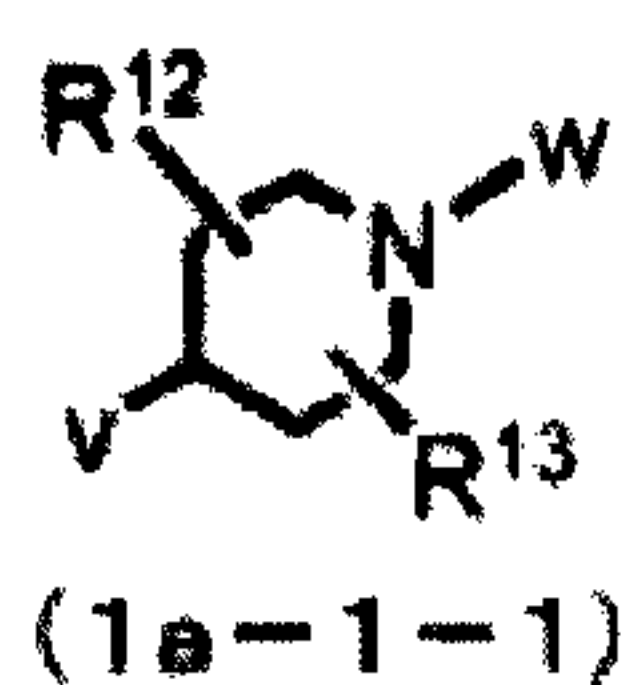
<4> The compound according to the above <1> or <2> or a salt thereof, wherein A¹ represents any of divalent groups selected from the formulas (1a-1) to (1a-3) and (1a-5), wherein n¹, n², R¹², R¹³, v, and w have the same meanings as defined above;

<4-2> The compound according to the above <1> or <2> or a salt thereof, wherein A¹ represents the formula (1a-1), wherein n¹, R¹², R¹³, v, and w have the same meanings as defined above;

<4-3> The compound according to the above <1> or <2> or a salt thereof, wherein A¹ represents the formula (1a-2), wherein n¹, R¹², R¹³, v, and w have the same meanings as defined above;

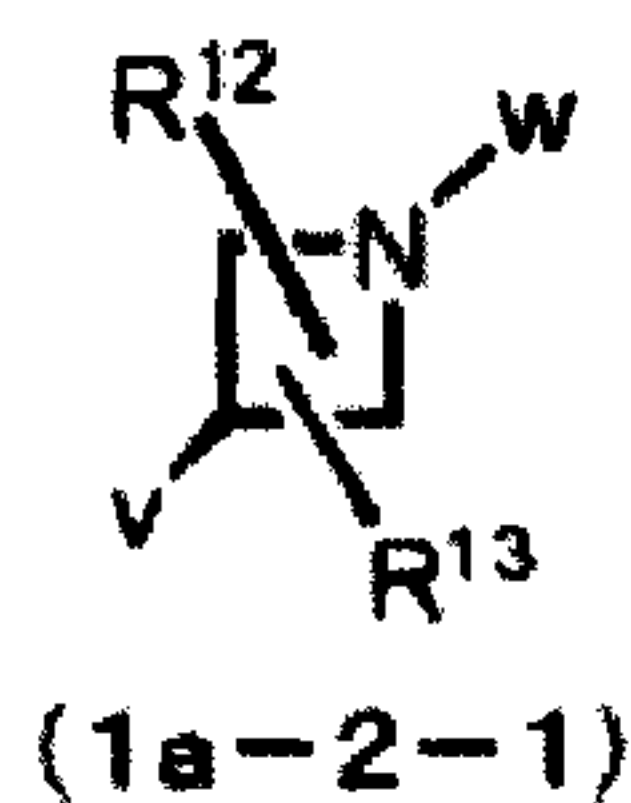
<4-4> The compound according to the above <1> or <2> or a salt thereof, wherein A¹ represents the formula (1a-5), wherein n², R¹², R¹³, v, and w have the same meanings as defined above;

<4-5> The compound according to the above <1> or <2> or a salt thereof, wherein A¹ represents the following formula (1a-1-1):



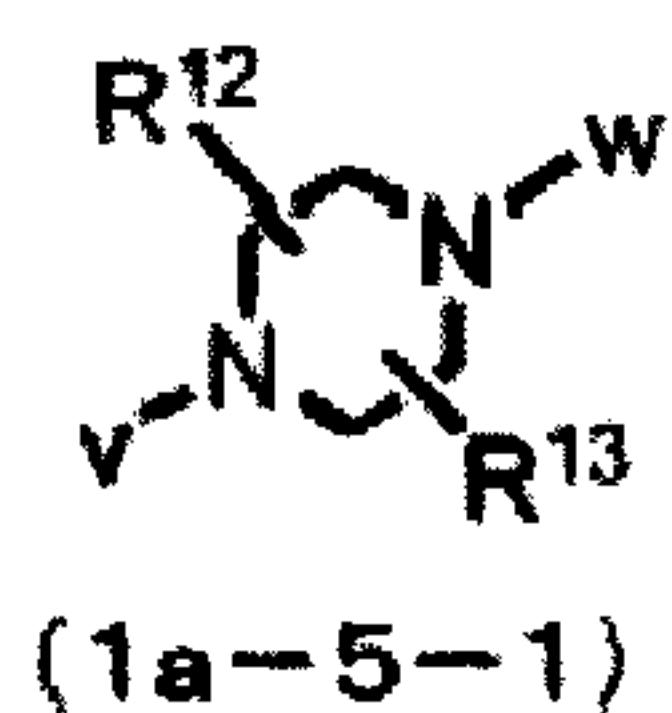
wherein R¹², R¹³, v, and w have the same meanings as defined above;

<4-6> The compound according to the above <1> or <2> or a salt thereof, wherein A¹ represents the following formula (1a-2-1):



wherein R¹², R¹³, v, and w have the same meanings as defined above;

<4-7> The compound according to the above <1> or <2> or a salt thereof, wherein A¹ represents the following formula (1a-5-1):



wherein R^{12} , R^{13} , v , and w have the same meanings as defined above;

<5> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <4-3> or a salt thereof, wherein n^1 is an integer of 0 or 1;

(It should be noted that when a range of item numbers referred to like "the above <1> to <4-3>" or "the above <1> to <5>" is provided and such a range includes an item number having a branch number such as <4-2>, the range means referring to the item number having a branch number such as <4-2> as well. It is same in the following.)

<6> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <5> or a salt thereof, wherein D^2 represents an alkylene that may be substituted, $-C(O)-$, or $-S(O)_2-$;

<7> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <5> or a salt thereof, wherein D^2 represents $-C(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$;

<8> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <7> or a salt thereof, wherein R^1 represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an aralkyl group that may be substituted, or an aryl group that may be substituted;

<8-2> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <7> or a salt thereof, wherein R^1 represents an aryl group that may be substituted;

<8-3> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <7> or a salt thereof, wherein R^1 represents an alkyl group that may be substituted;

<9> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <7> or a salt thereof, wherein R^1 represents any of divalent groups selected from the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4), wherein m^1 , m^2 , m^3 , X^2 , D^{11} , D^{12} , R^{14} , R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , and x have the same meanings as defined above;

<10> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <9> or a salt thereof, wherein D^3 represents a single bond, $-O-$, or $-N(R^{21})-C(O)-$, wherein R^{21} have the same meaning as defined above;

<11> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <10> or a salt thereof, wherein D^3 represents a single bond;

<12> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <11> or a salt thereof, wherein R^2 represents the formula (2a-1), wherein Q , y , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , D^{21} , D^{22} , R^{26} , R^{27} , R^{28} , and z have the same meanings as defined above;

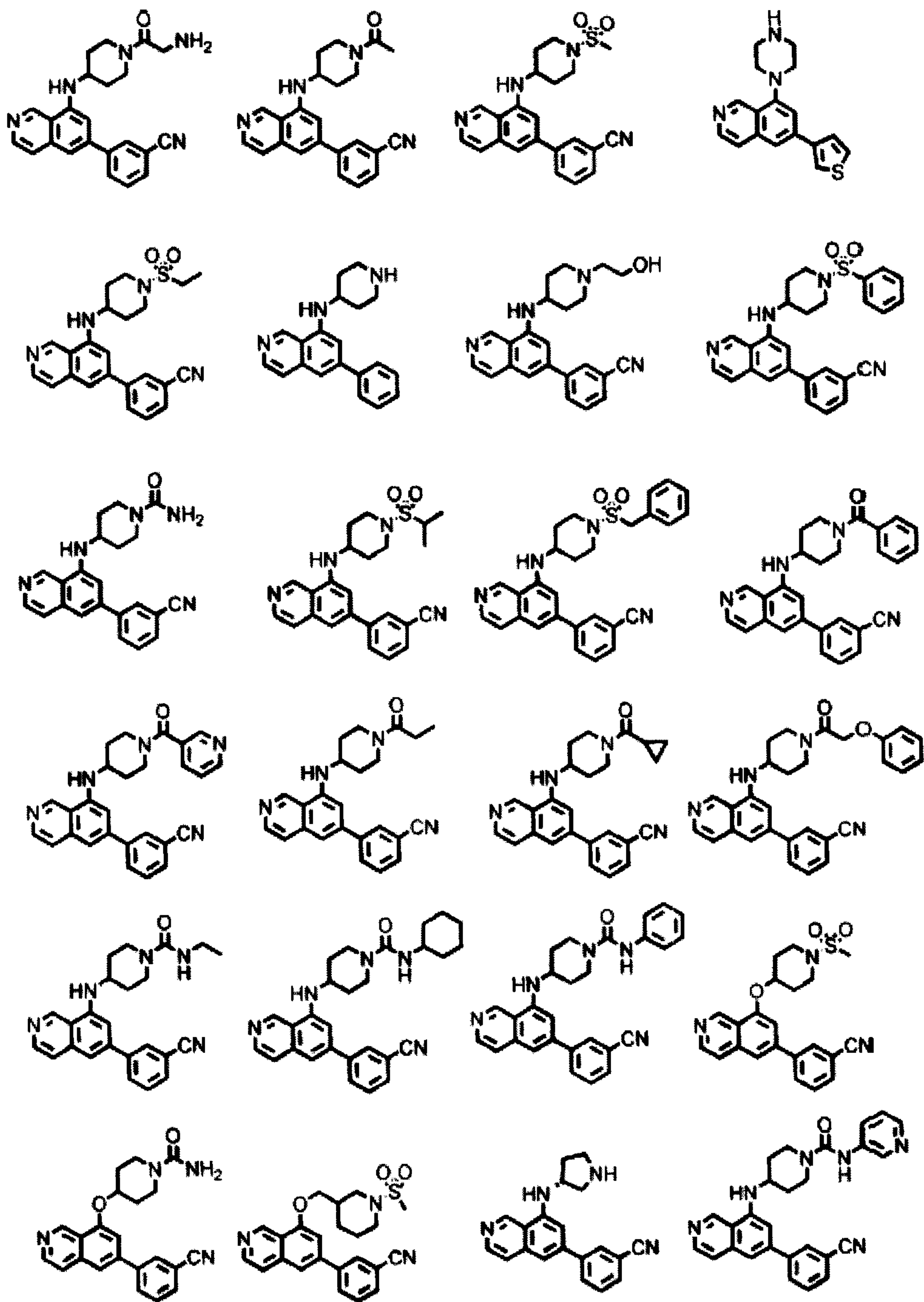
<13> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <12> or a salt thereof, wherein Q in the formula (2a-1) represents a monocyclic aromatic group;

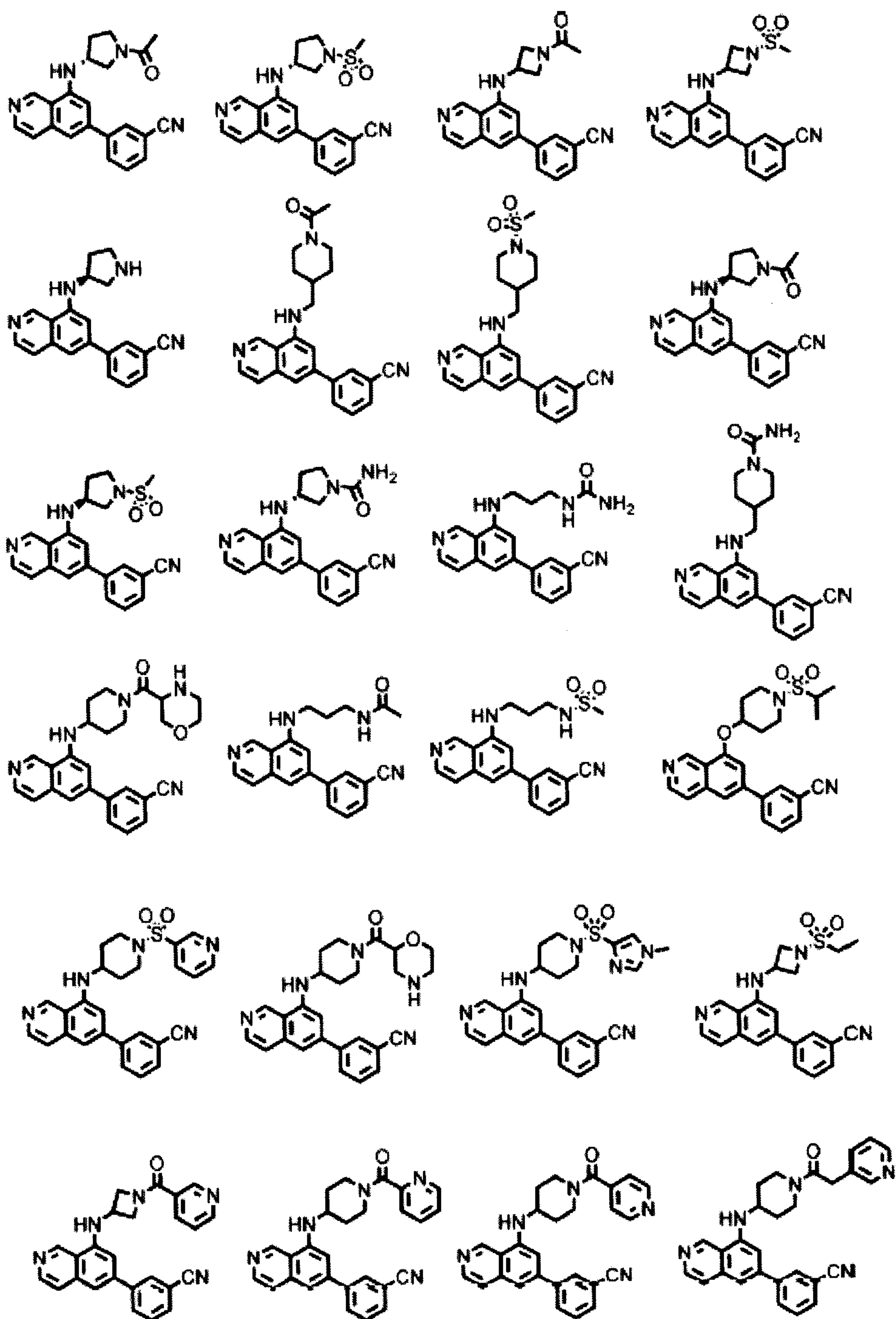
<13-2> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <12> or a salt thereof, wherein Q in the formula (2a-1) represents a phenyl group that may be substituted, a pyridyl group that may be substituted, or a thiophenyl group that may be substituted;

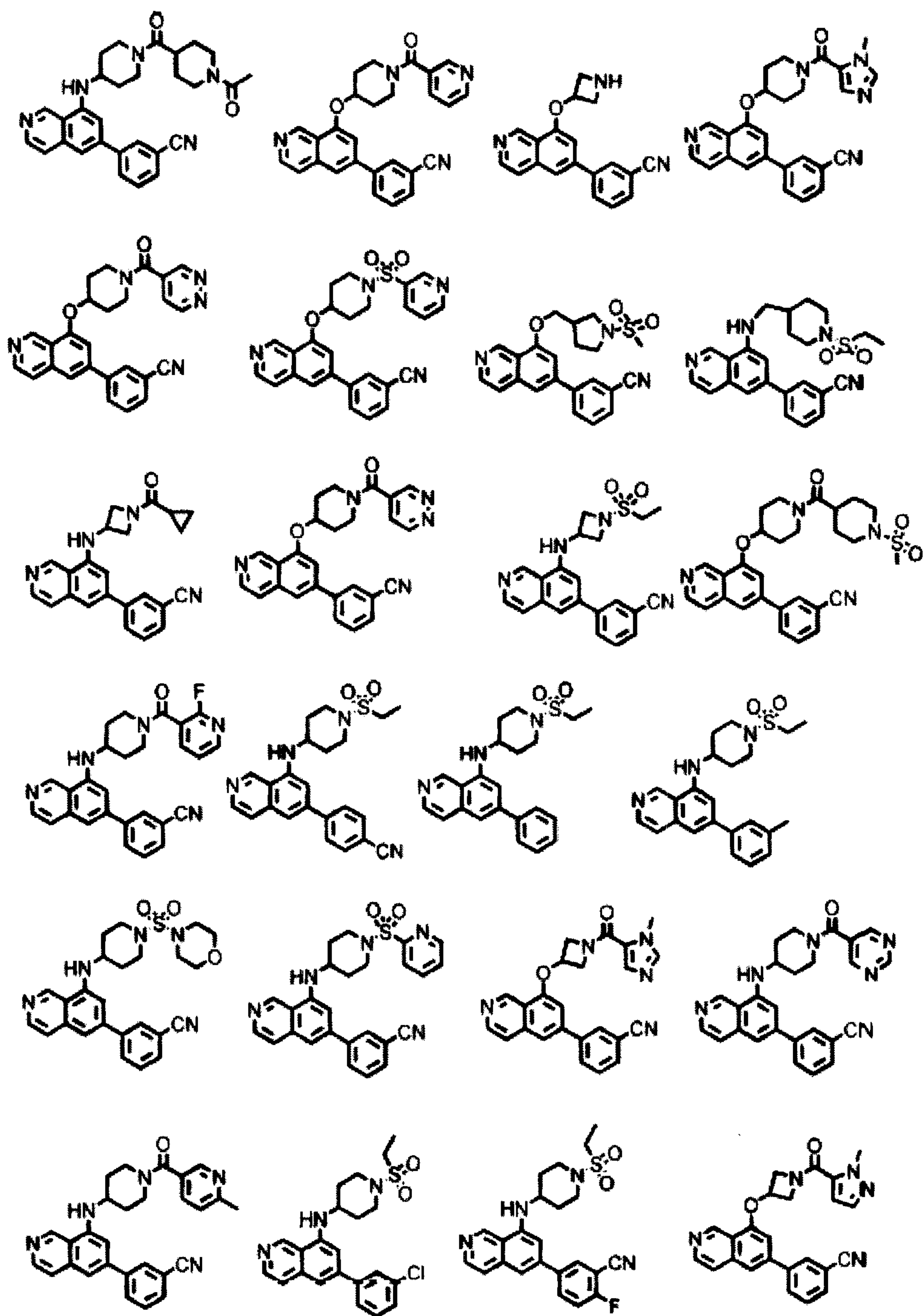
<13-3> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <12> or a salt thereof, wherein Q in the formula (2a-1) represents a phenyl group that may be substituted;

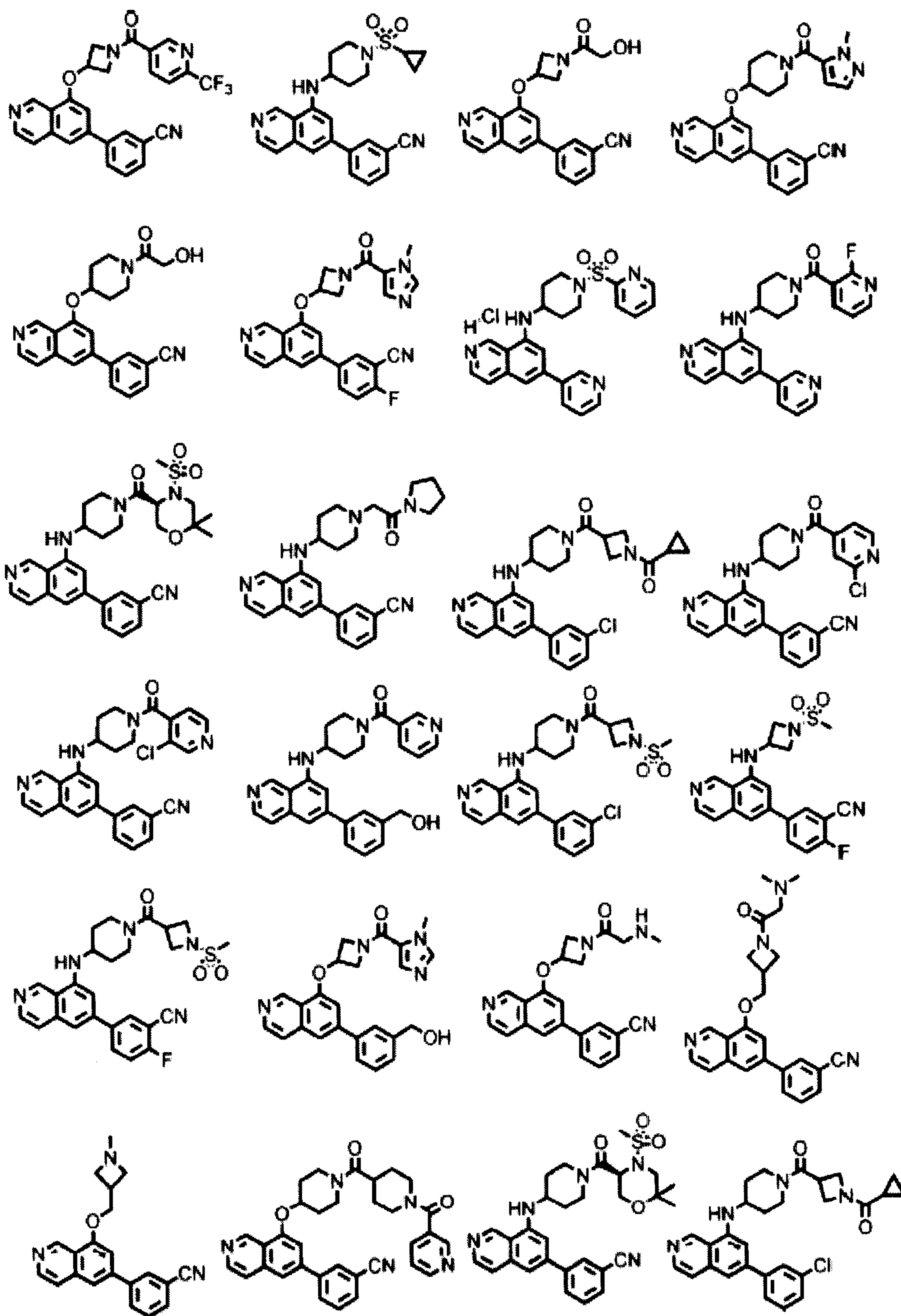
<13-4> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <12> or a salt thereof, wherein Q in the formula (2a-1) represents a pyridyl group that may be substituted;

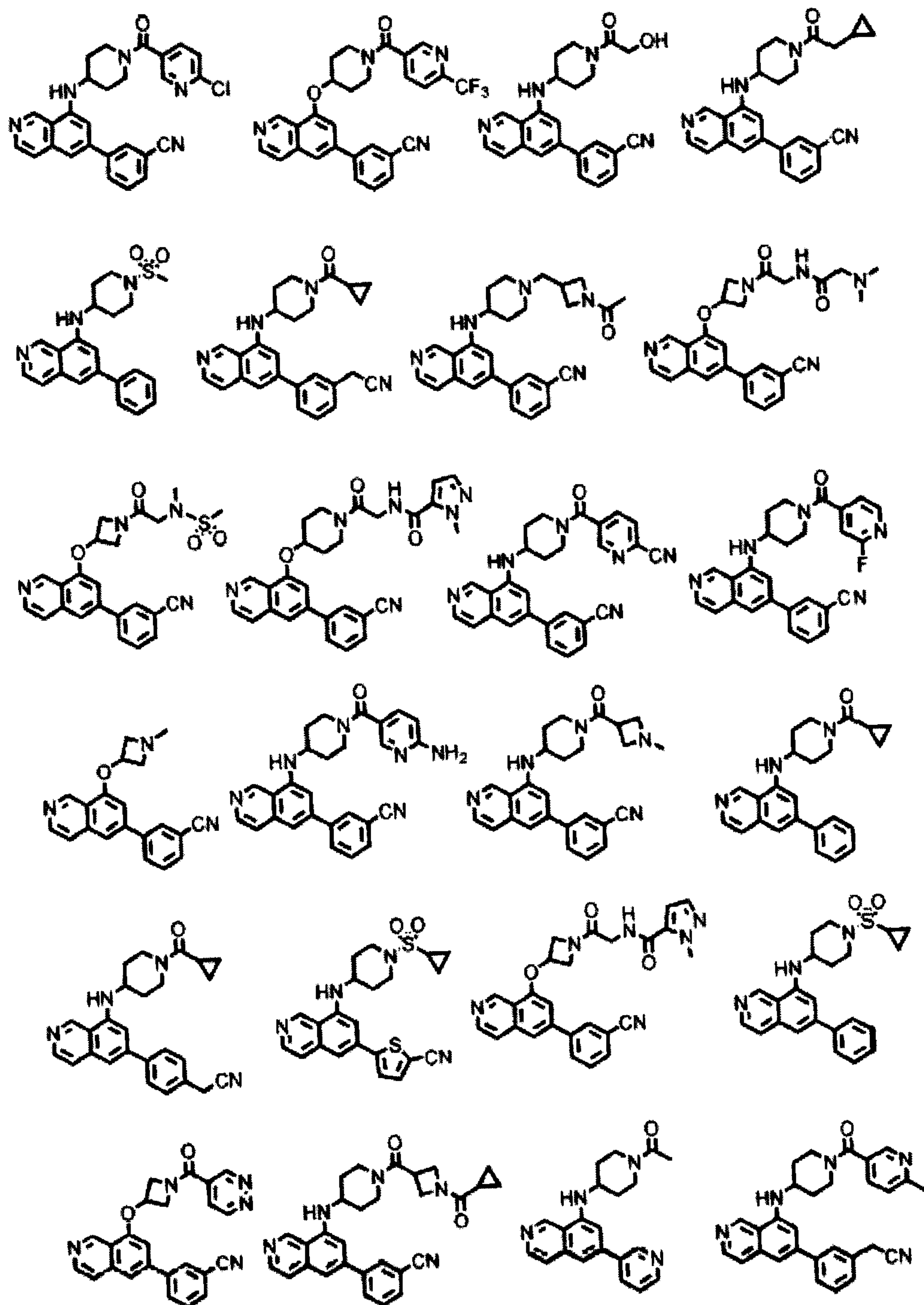
<14> A compound selected from the following groups or a salt thereof:

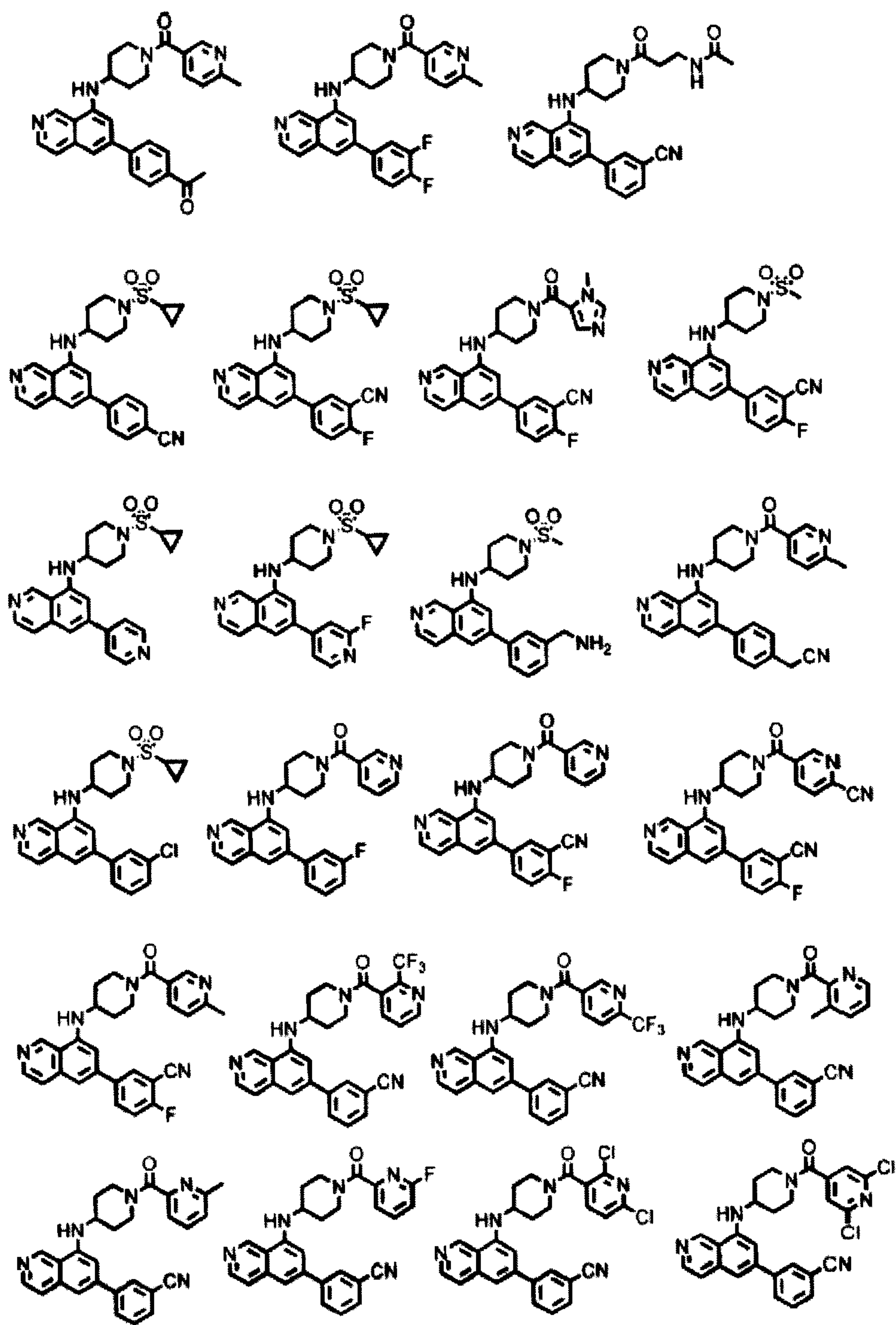




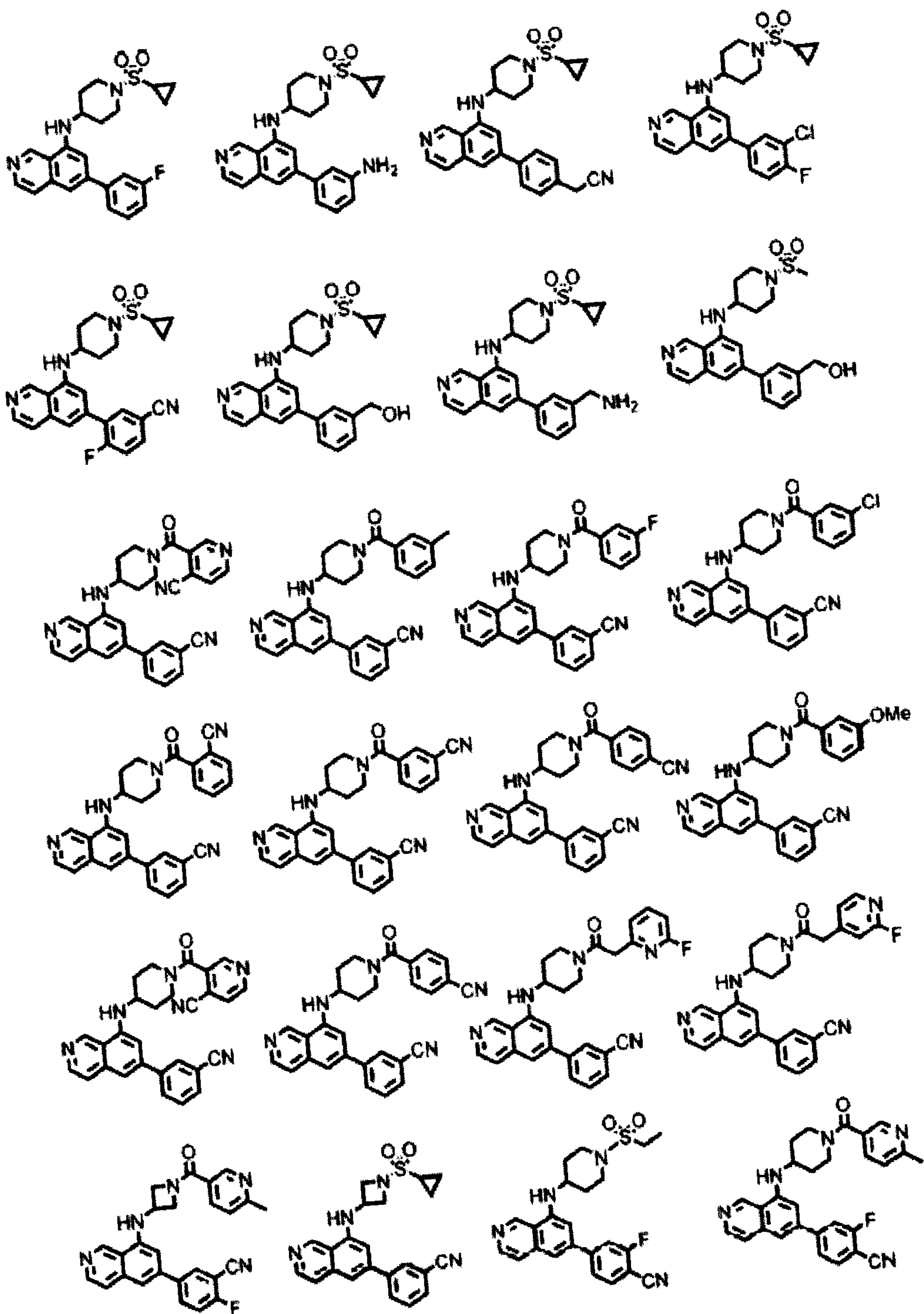


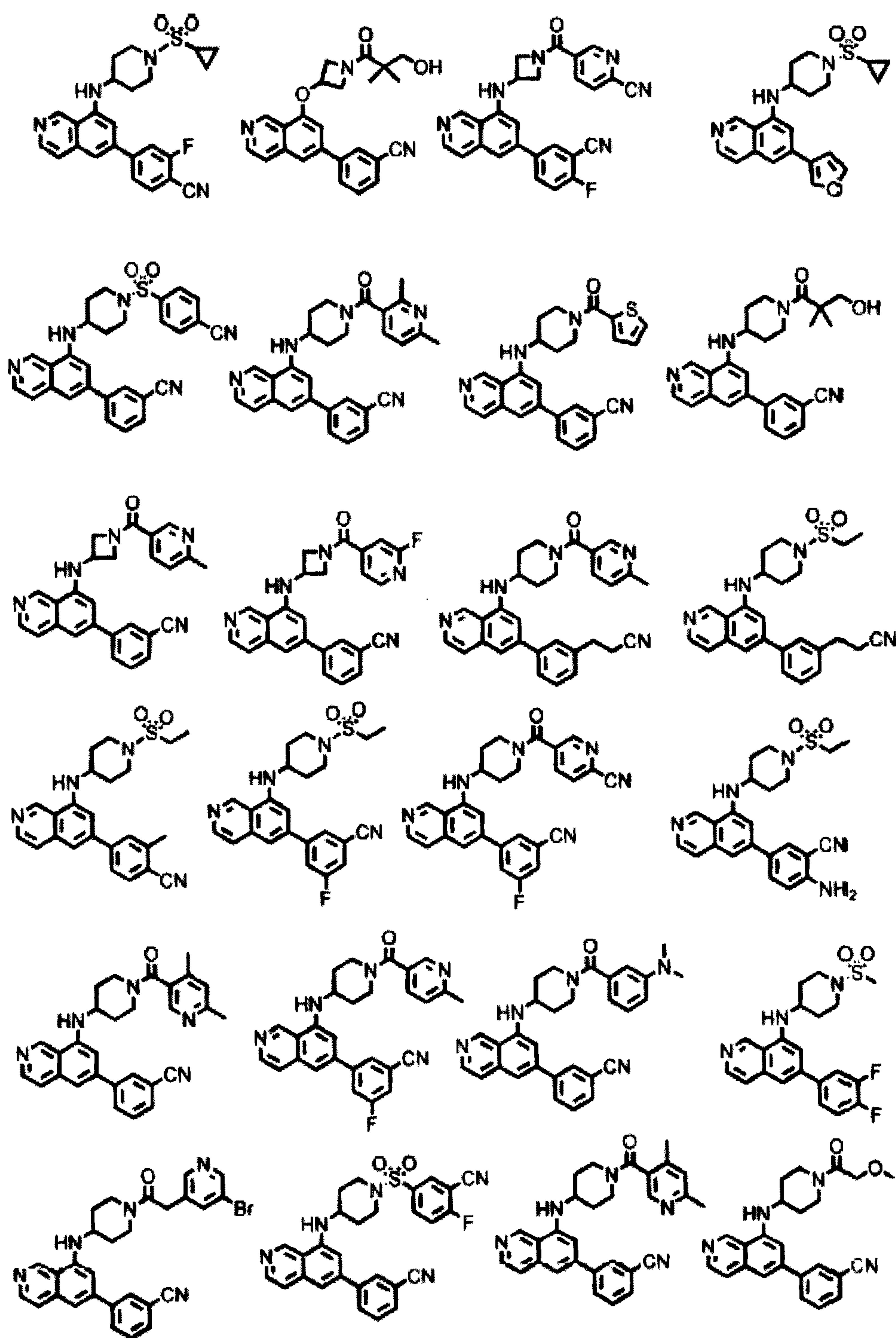


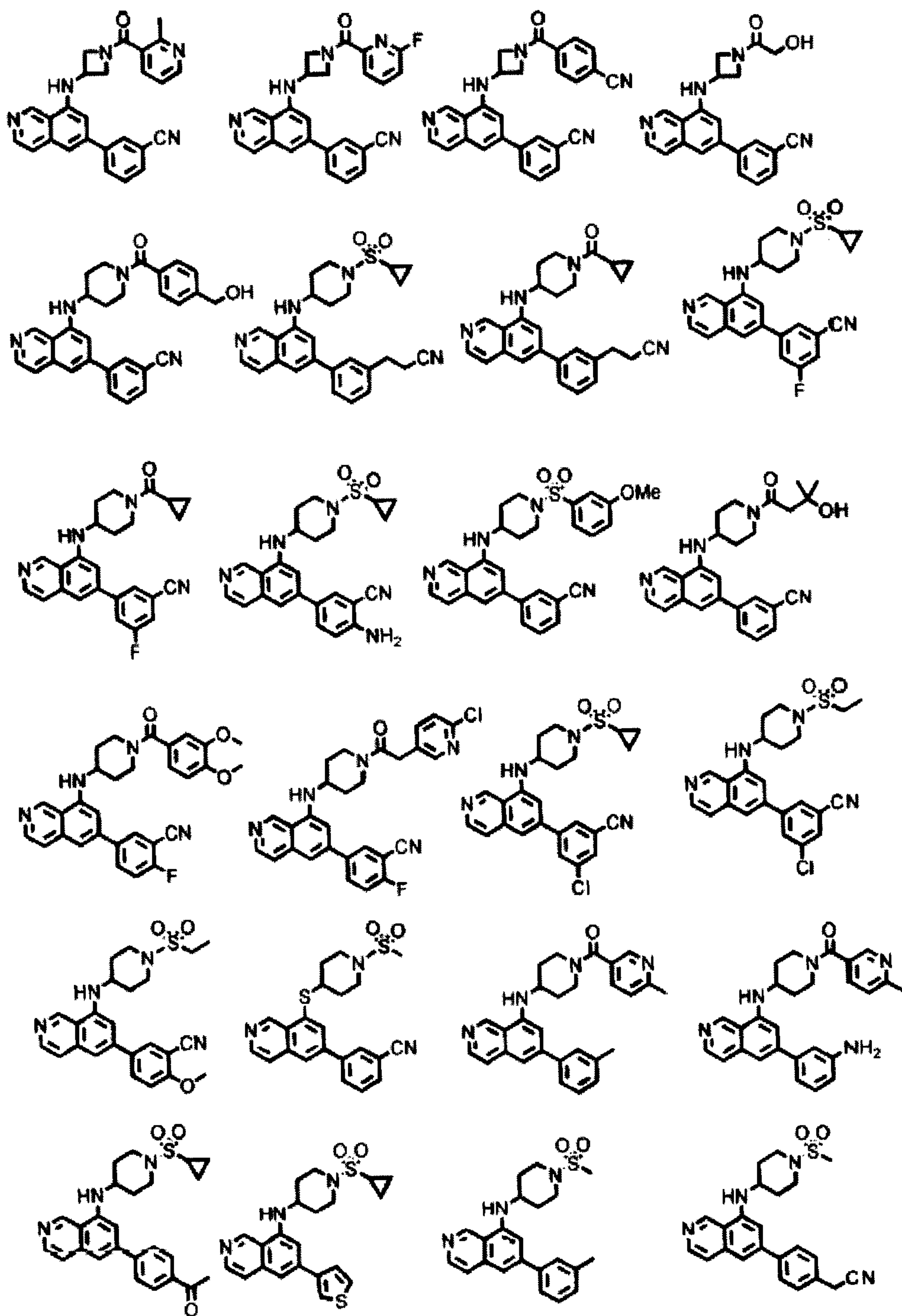


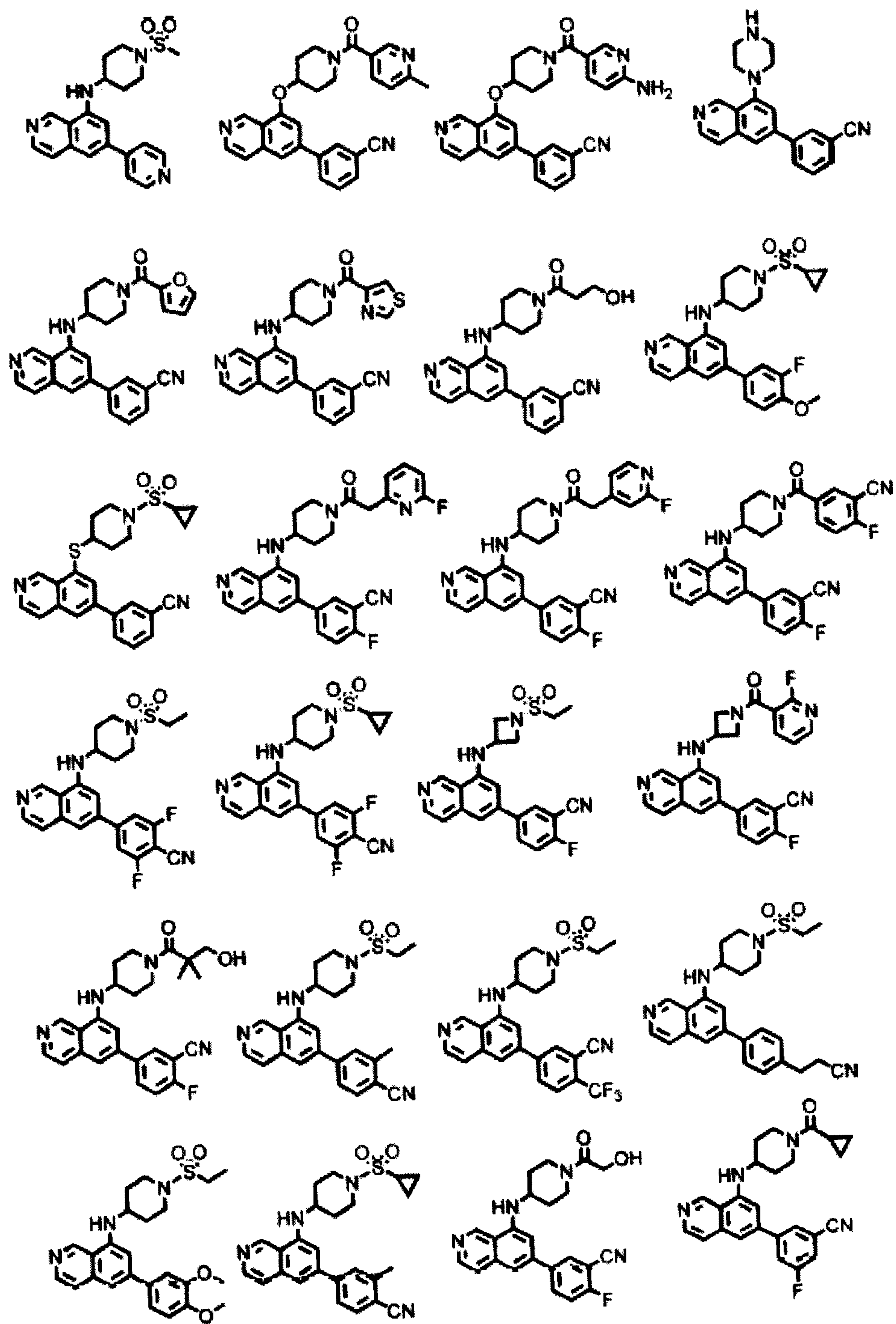


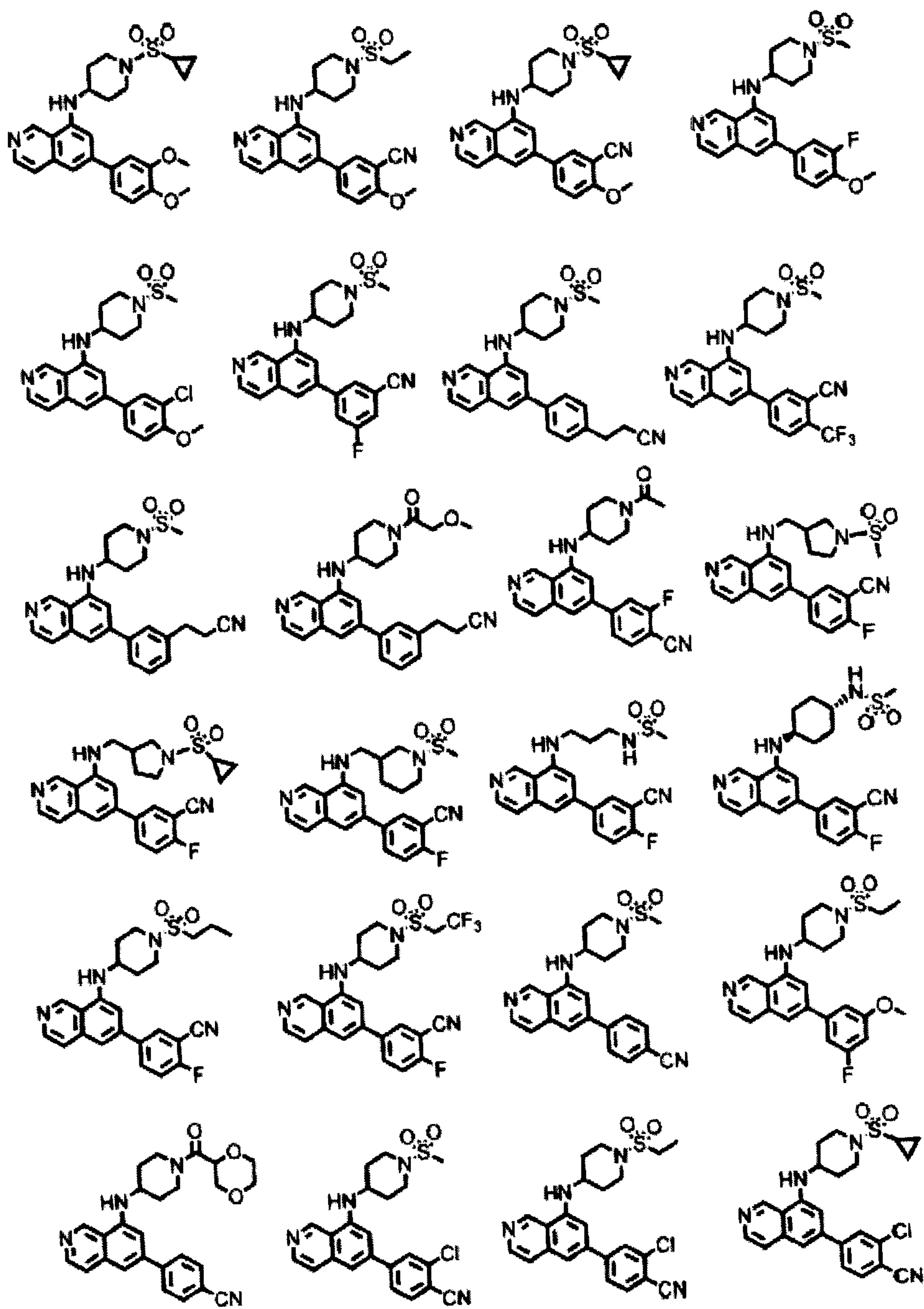
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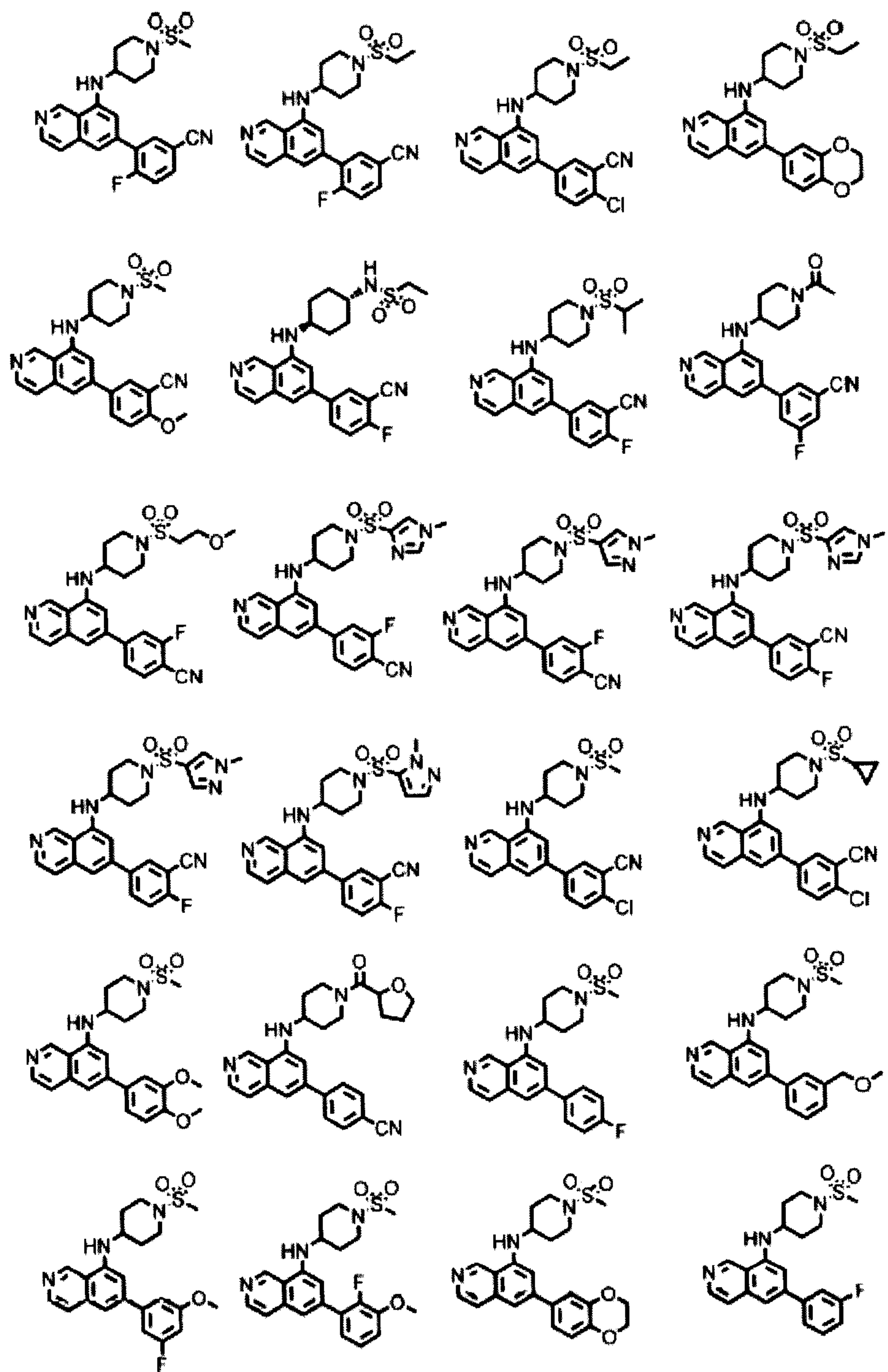


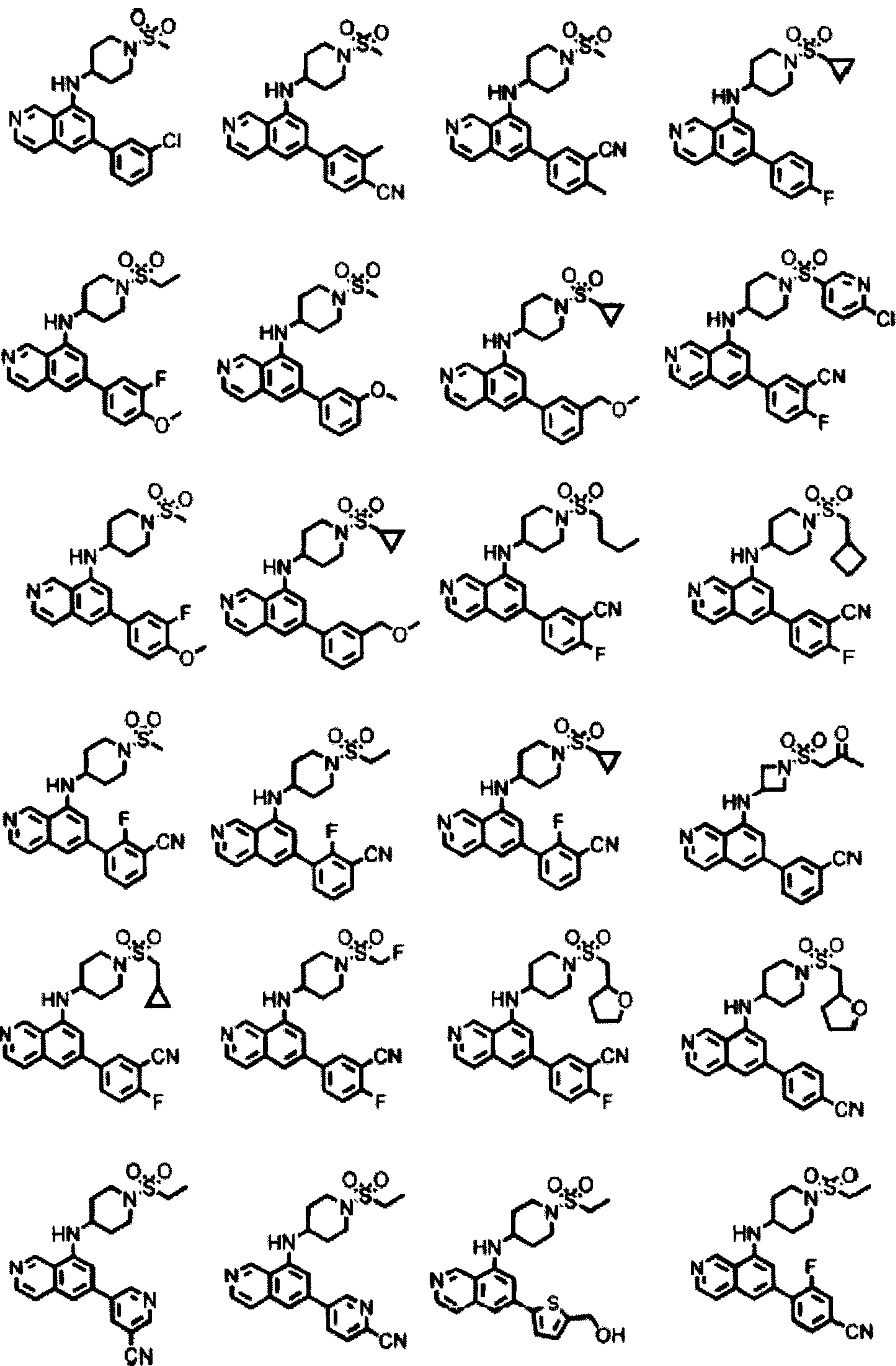


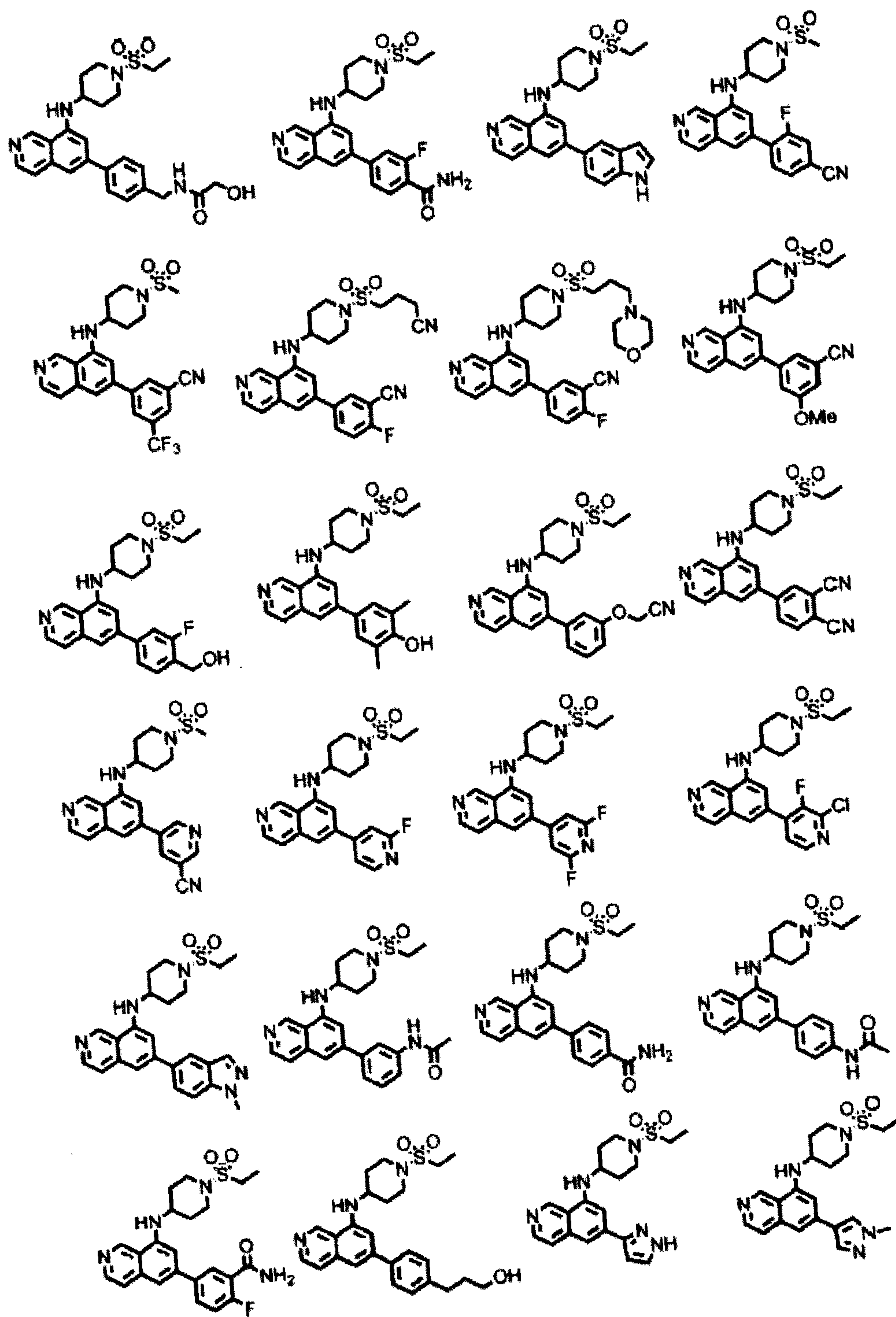


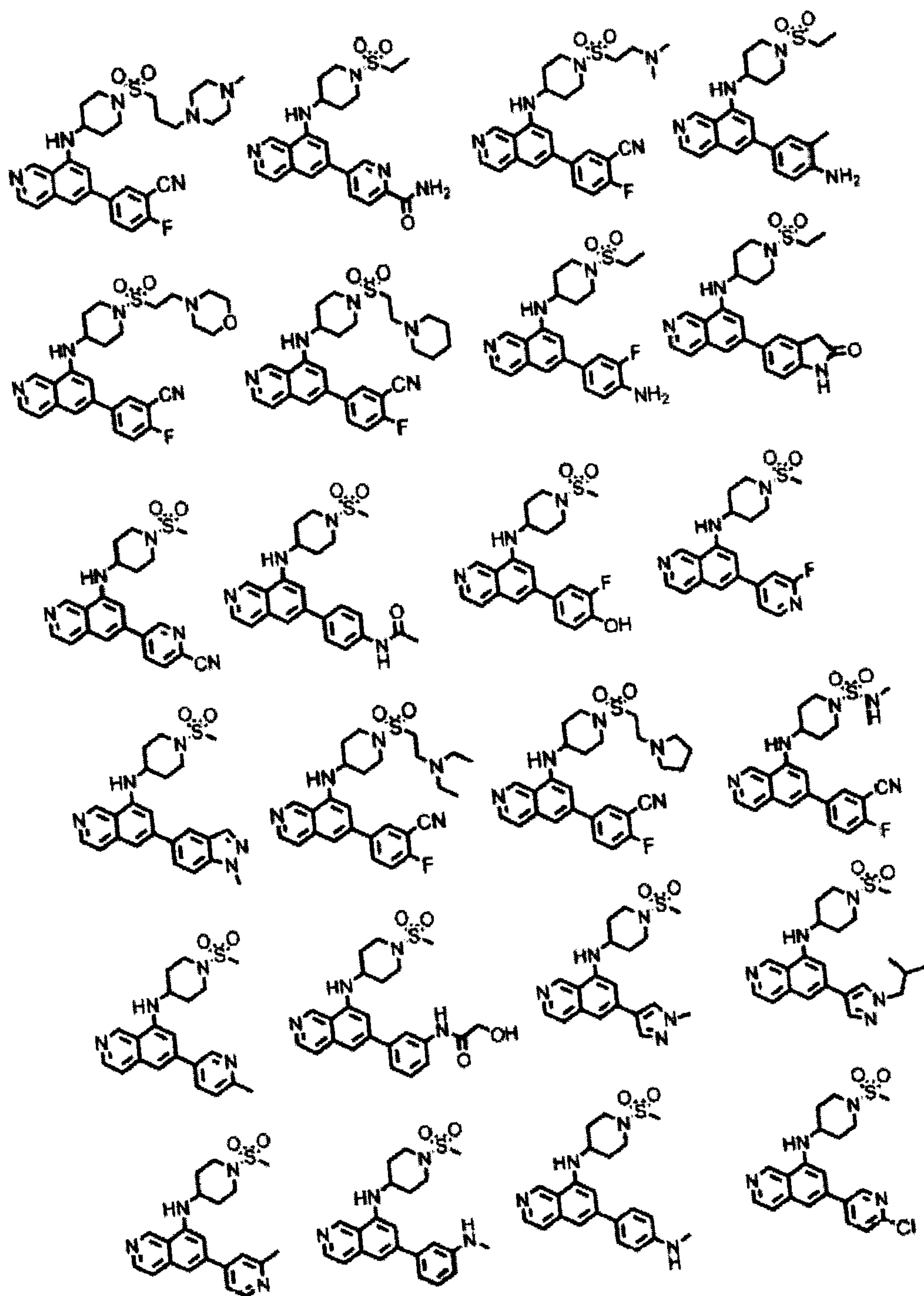


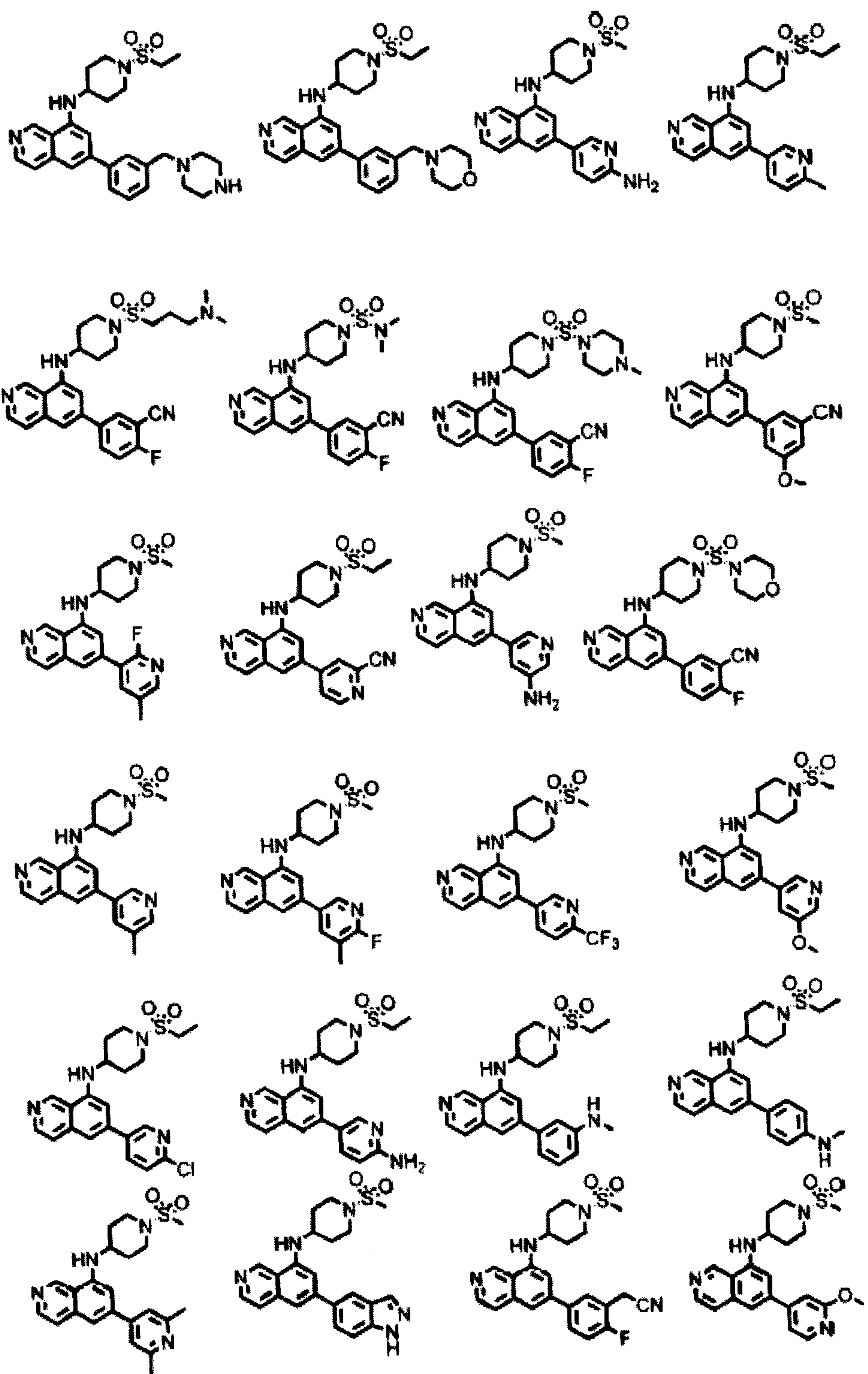


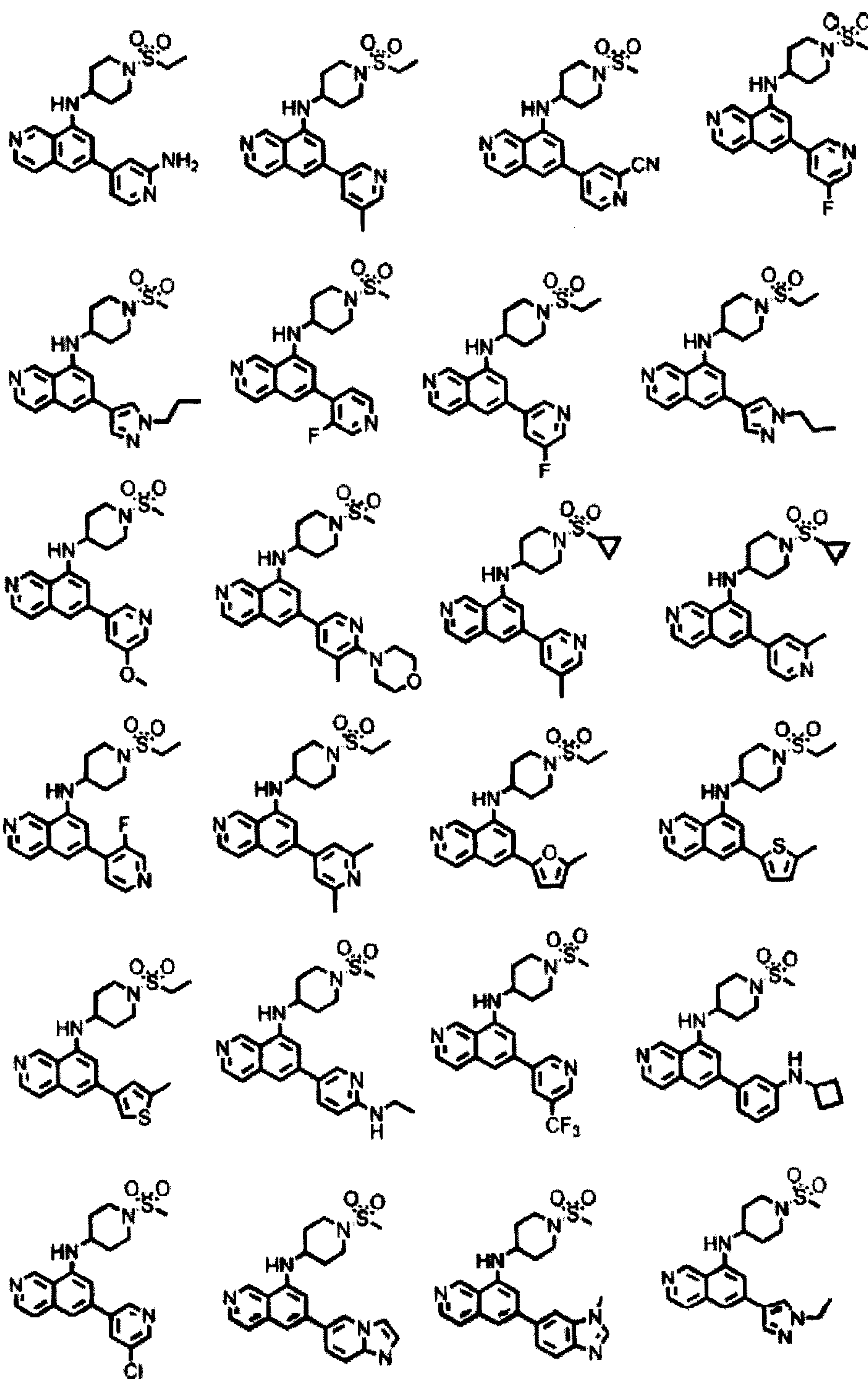


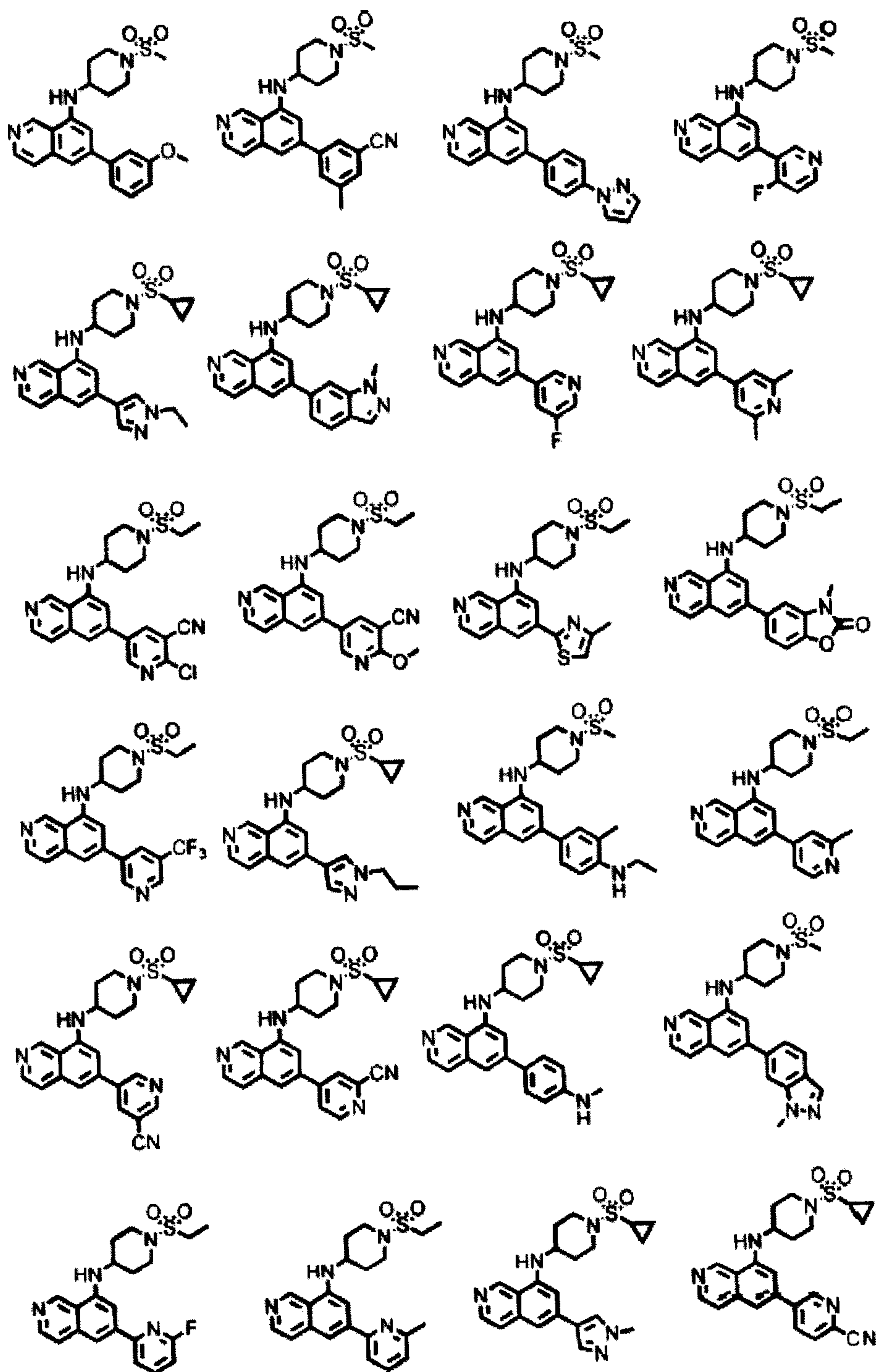


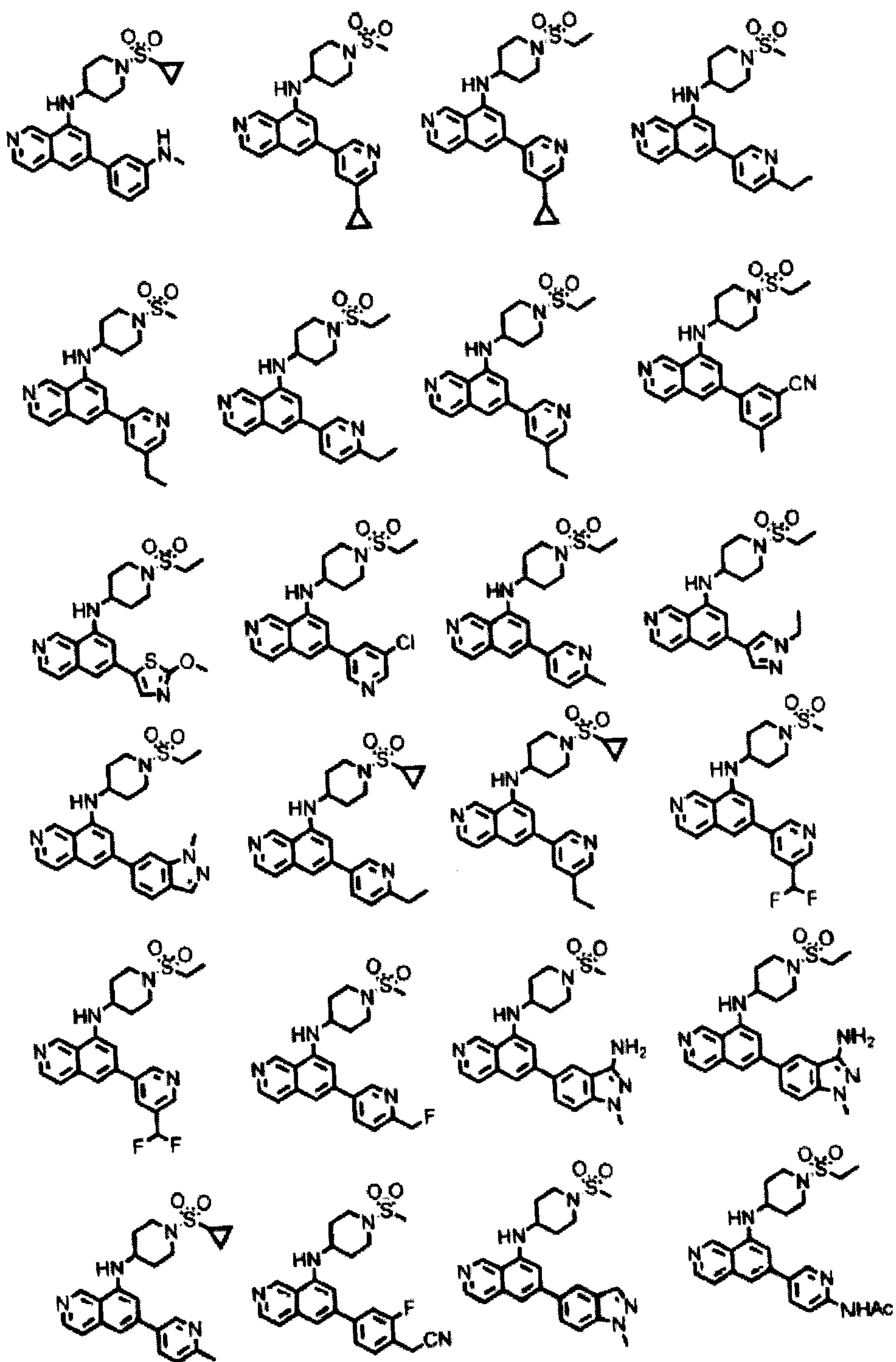


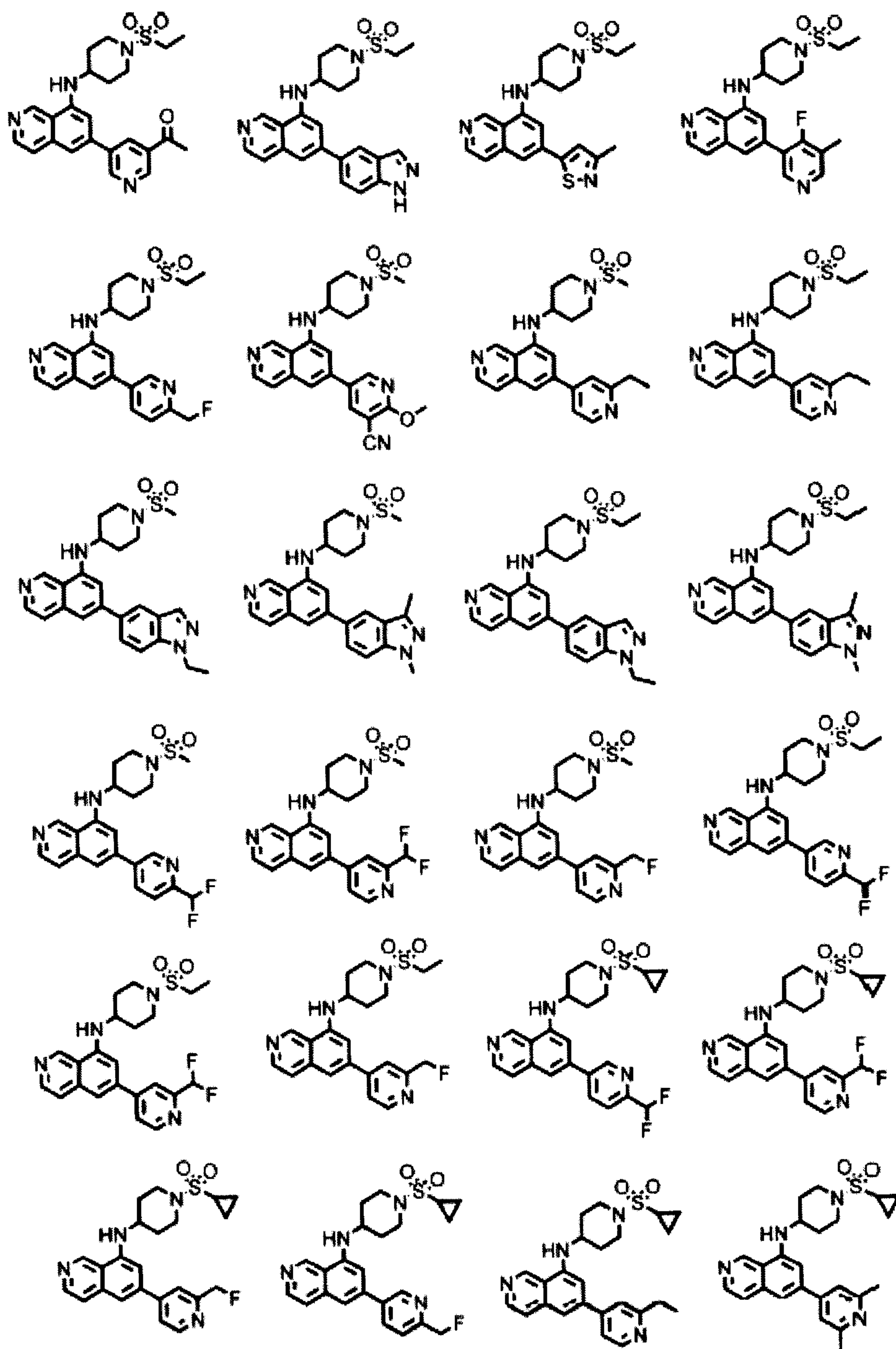


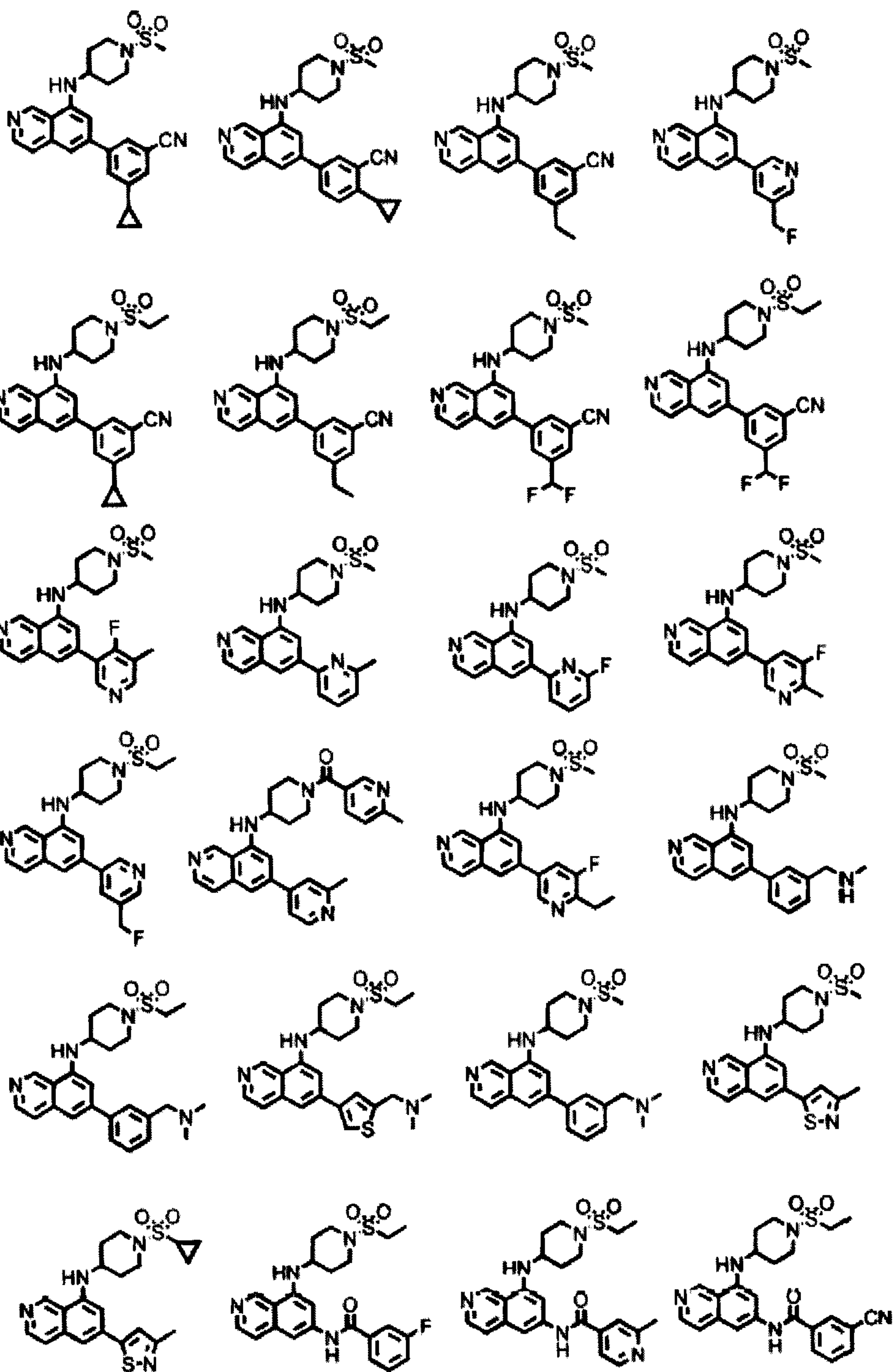


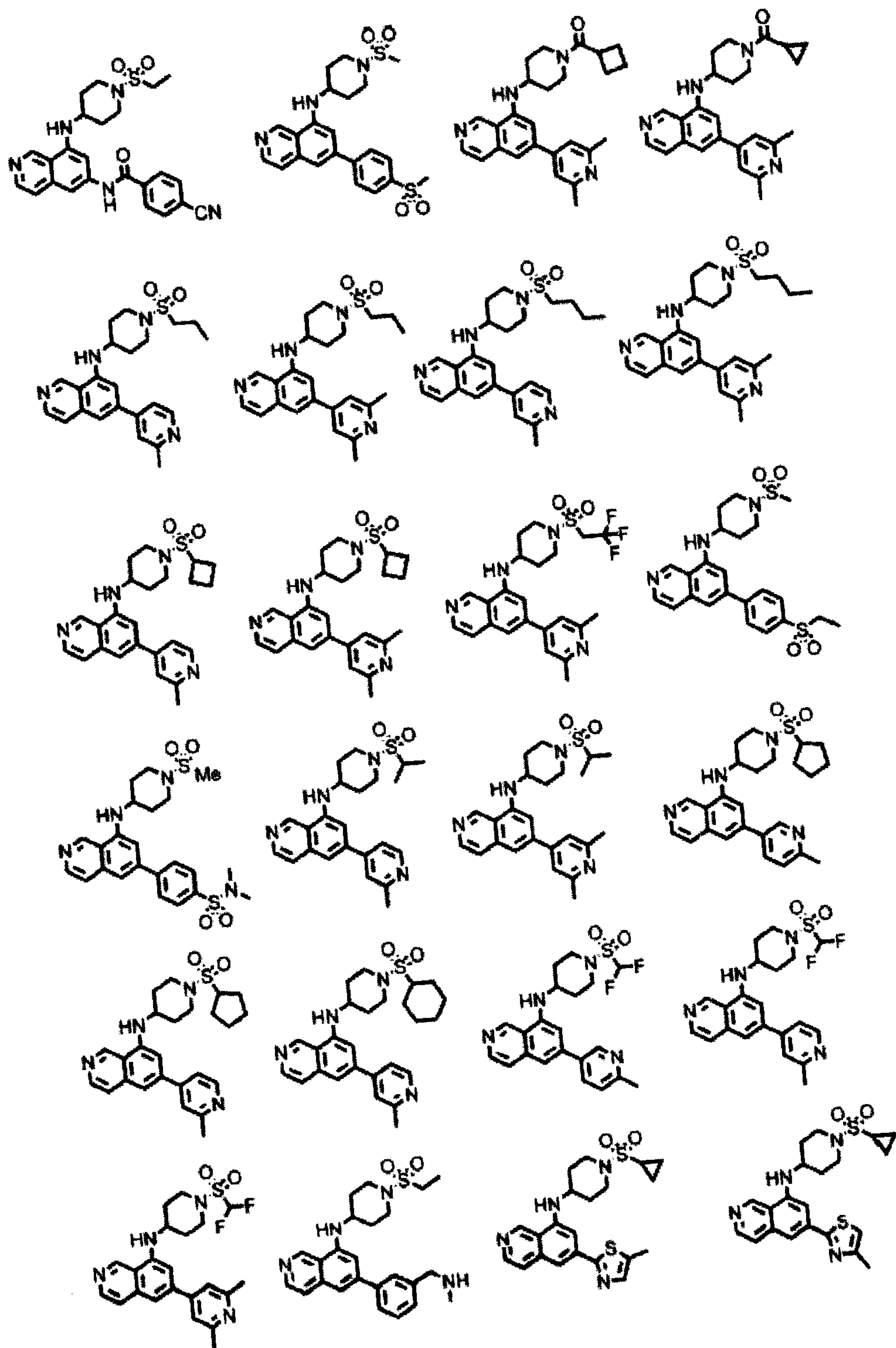


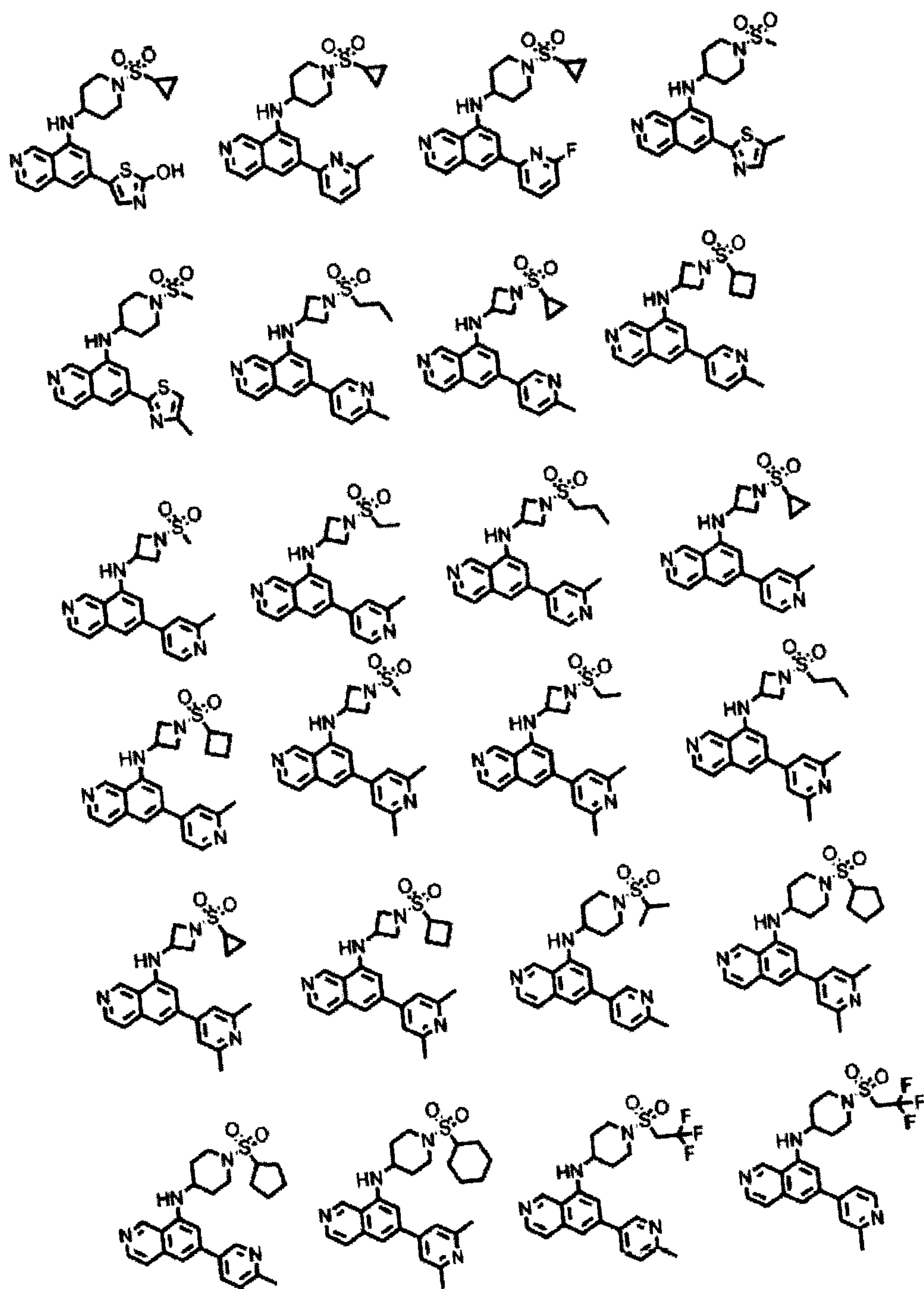




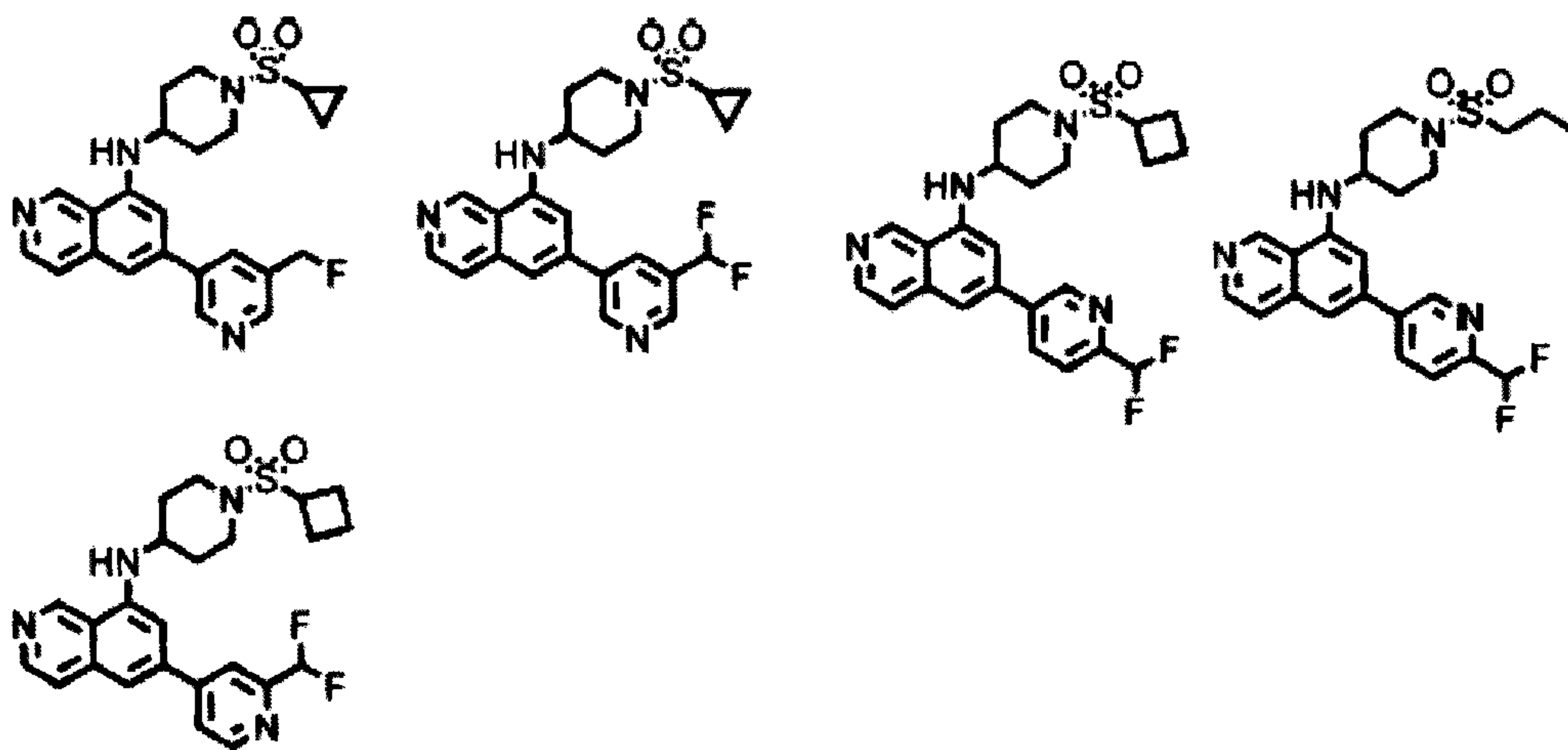








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<15> A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient;

<16> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating an NF- κ B-associated disease or symptom;

<16-2> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating an NF- κ B-associated disease or symptom by inhibiting a NF- κ B activation pathway;

<17> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating an IKK β -associated disease or symptom;

<17-2> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating an IKK β -associated disease or symptom by inhibiting IKK β ;

<17-3> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating an IKK-associated disease or symptom;

<17-4> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating an IKK-associated disease or symptom by inhibiting IKK;

<18> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating a TNF- α -associated disease or symptom;

<18-2> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating a TNF- α -associated disease or symptom by suppressing TNF- α production;

<19> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating mammal rheumatoid arthritis;

<20> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating a mammal autoimmune disease;

<21> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating a mammal inflammatory disease;

<22> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, used for the prophylactic and/or therapeutic treatment of a mammal cardiovascular disease;

<23> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating a mammal cancer;

<24> The pharmaceutical composition according to the above <15>, for preventing and/or treating a disease or symptom associated with acute or chronic inflammatory reaction in mammals;

<25> An IKK β inhibitor, comprising a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a salt thereof as an active ingredient;

<25-2> An NF- κ B activation pathway inhibitor, comprising a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a salt thereof as an active ingredient;

<25-3> An IKK inhibitor, comprising a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a salt thereof as an active ingredient;

<25-4> A TNF- α production inhibitor, comprising a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a salt thereof as an active ingredient;

<26> A method for inhibiting IKK β , comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<26-2> A method for inhibiting an NF- κ B activation pathway, comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<26-3> A method for inhibiting IKK, comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<26-4> A method for inhibiting TNF- α production, comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<27> A method for preventing and/or treating an NF- κ B-associated disease or symptom comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<28> A method for preventing and/or treating an IKK β -associated disease or symptom comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<28-2> A method for preventing and/or treating an IKK-associated disease or symptom comprising administration of an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<28-3> A method for preventing and/or treating an TNF- α -associated disease or symptom comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<29> A method for preventing and/or treating a disease or symptom associated with acute or chronic inflammatory reaction in mammals comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<29-2> A method for preventing and/or treating mammal rheumatoid arthritis comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<29-3> A method for preventing and/or treating a mammal autoimmune disease comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<29-4> A method for preventing and/or treating a mammal inflammatory disease comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<29-5> A method for preventing and/or treating a mammal cardiovascular disease comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

<29-6> A method for preventing and/or treating a mammal cancer comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

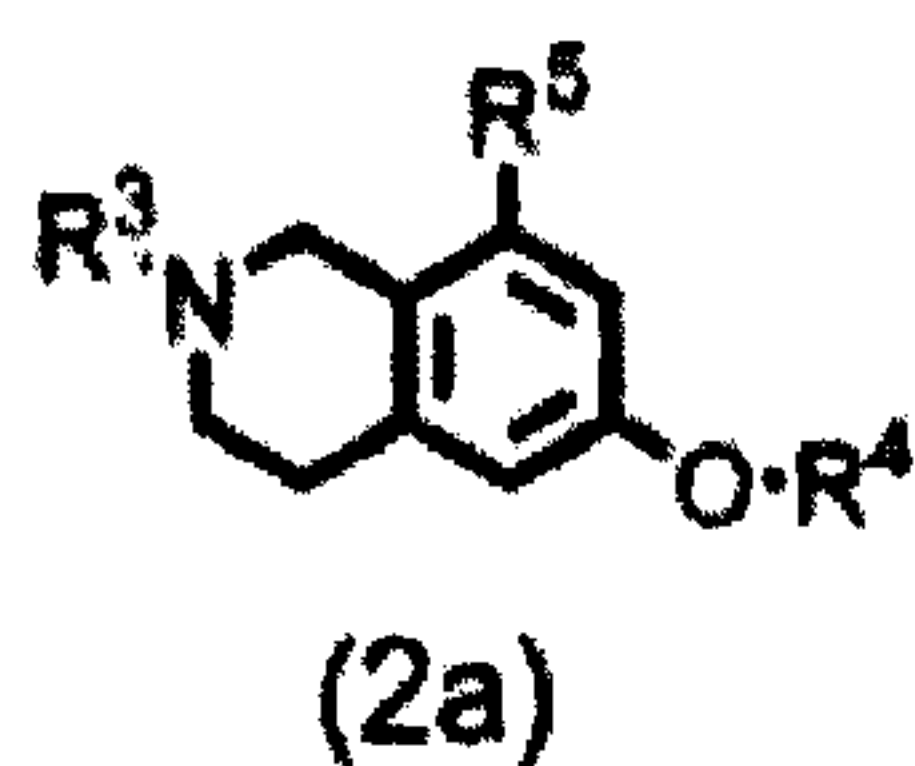
<30> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for preventing and/or treating an NF- κ B-associated disease or symptom;

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<30-2> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for preventing and/or treating an IKK β -associated disease or symptom;

<30-3> The compound according to any one of the above <1> to <14> or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for preventing and/or treating an TNF- α -associated disease or symptom;

<31> A compound represented by the following formula (2a) or a salt thereof:



Wherein

R³ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, or an aralkyl group that may be substituted; and

R⁵ represents a halogen atom;

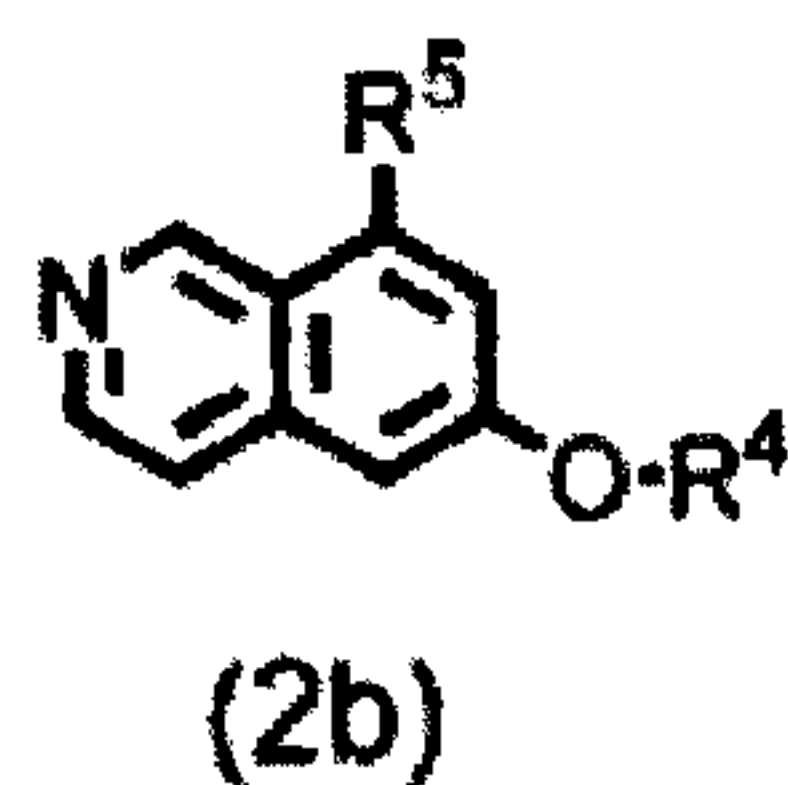
<31-2> The compound according to the above <31> or a salt thereof, wherein R³ represents a hydrogen atom;

<31-3> The compound according to the above <31> or <31-2> or a salt thereof, wherein R⁴ represents an alkyl group that may be substituted;

<31-4> The compound according to the above <31> or <31-2> or a salt thereof, wherein R⁴ represents a methyl group that may be substituted;

<31-5> The compound according to any of the above <31> to <31-4> or a salt thereof, wherein R³ represents a bromine atom;

<32> A compound represented by the following formula (2b) or a salt thereof:



wherein

R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, or an aralkyl group that may be substituted; and

R⁵ represents a halogen atom.

<32-2> The compound according to the above <32> or a salt thereof, wherein R⁴ represents an alkyl group that may be substituted;

<32-3> The compound according to the above <32> or <32-2> or a salt thereof, wherein R⁴ represents a methyl group;

<32-4> The compound according to any of the above <32> to <32-3> or a salt thereof, wherein R⁵ represents a bromine atom;

Advantages of the Invention

[0014]

The "compound represented by general formula (1) or a salt thereof" (which hereinafter may be simply referred to as "the compound of the present invention") has an excellent IKK β inhibiting activity. Besides, the compound of the present invention has a TNF- α production suppressing activity. Furthermore, the compound of the present invention has an anti-inflammatory effect. As a result, the compound of the present invention has an NF- κ B activation inhibiting effect and characteristics of being useful in the prevention and/or treatment of NF- κ B associated diseases and symptoms, for example, autoimmune diseases, inflammatory diseases, cardiovascular diseases, and cancer when administered to humans and animals and very safe.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0015]

Figure 1 illustrates effects of Example Compound 1-N-6 by Method A on a mouse collagen-induced arthritis model in Test Example 5. In the figure, the horizontal axis represents experiment days and the vertical axis represents clinical scores;

Figure 2 illustrates effects of Example Compound 2-N-100 by Method B on a mouse collagen-induced arthritis model (only the results at doses of 10 and 30 mg/kg are shown) in Test Example 5. In the figure, the horizontal axis represents experiment days and the vertical axis represents clinical scores; and

Figure 3 illustrates effects of Example Compound 3-NP-24 on a rat Streptococcus cell wall (SCW)-induced arthritis model in Test Example 6. In the figure, the horizontal axis represents experiment days and the vertical axis represents thickness of the ankle joint.

Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

[0016]

Hereafter, the present invention will be specifically described.

In the present specification, unless otherwise specified, a "halogen atom" refers to a fluorine atom, a chlorine atom, a bromine atom, or an iodine atom. Preferred examples of halogen atoms include a chlorine atom, a bromine atom, and an iodine atom. In one embodiment of the present invention, a chlorine atom or a bromine atom is more preferred as a halogen atom and a chlorine atom is particularly preferred. In another embodiment of the present invention, a fluorine atom may be more preferred.

[0017]

In the present specification, an "alkyl group" refers to a straight, branched, or cyclic saturated hydrocarbon group or a combination thereof. Preferred examples of alkyl groups include lower alkyl groups.

In the present specification, "lower" means that a certain functional group has 1 to 6 carbon atoms. Among lower alkyl groups, alkyl groups having 1 to 3 carbon atoms are particularly preferred. In other substituents having an alkyl moiety (for example, an alkoxy group) a lower alkyl moiety is similarly preferred as the alkyl moiety and an alkyl moiety having 1 to 3 carbon atoms is particularly preferred as a lower alkyl moiety.

Preferred examples of alkyl groups having 1 to 3 carbon atoms include a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an isopropyl group, and a cyclopropyl group.

Preferred examples of alkyl groups having 4 to 6 carbon atoms include an n-butyl group, an isobutyl group, an s-butyl group, a t-butyl group, a cyclobutyl group, a cyclopropylmethyl group, an n-pentyl group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclopropylethyl group, a cyclobutylmethyl group, an n-hexyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cyclopropylpropyl group, a cyclobutylethyl group, and a cyclopentylmethyl group. Particularly preferred examples of such alkyl groups include a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an isopropyl group, and a cyclopropyl group.

[0018]

In the present specification, an "alkoxy group" refers to a structure in which the above-mentioned alkyl group binds to an oxygen atom. Examples thereof include straight, branched, or cyclic saturated alkoxy groups and

combinations thereof and lower alkoxy groups are preferred. Among the lower alkoxy groups, alkoxy groups having 1 to 4 carbon atoms are particularly preferred.

Preferred examples of alkoxy groups having 1 to 4 carbon atoms include a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, an n-propoxy group, an isopropoxy group, a cyclopropoxy group, an n-butoxy group, an isobutoxy group, an s-butoxy group, a t-butoxy group, a cyclobutoxy group, and a cyclopropylmethoxy group. Preferred examples of alkoxy groups having 5 or 6 carbon atoms include an n-pentyloxy group, a cyclopentyloxy group, a cyclopropylethyloxy group, a cyclobutylmethyloxy group, an n-hexyloxy group, a cyclohexyloxy group, a cyclopropylpropyloxy group, a cyclobutylethyloxy group, and a cyclopentylmethyloxy group.

[0019]

In the present specification, an "alkylene" refers to a divalent group comprising a straight, branched, or cyclic saturated hydrocarbon or a combination thereof and examples thereof include divalent groups comprising a saturated hydrocarbon having 1 to 6 carbon atoms. In one embodiment, alkylenes having 1 to 3 carbon atoms are preferred. In another embodiment, alkylenes having 4 to 6 carbon atoms may be preferred. Straight or branched alkylenes are preferred, and straight alkylenes are particularly preferred.

Preferred examples of alkylenes include methylene, ethylene, trimethylene, tetramethylene, pentamethylene, and hexamethylene. Particularly preferred examples of alkyl groups include methylene, ethylene, and trimethylene.

[0020]

In the present specification, an "aryl group" refers to a substituent derived from an aromatic hydrocarbon and examples thereof include monocyclic aromatic groups and fused polycyclic aromatic groups. Examples thereof include monovalent substituents derived from the following aryl rings by removing one arbitrary hydrogen atom.

Examples of aryl rings include monocyclic aromatic rings and fused polycyclic aromatic rings.

In the present specification, partially unsaturated monocyclic or fused-bicyclic carbon rings and heterocyclic rings and the like are also included in monocyclic aromatic rings and fused polycyclic aromatic rings. An aryl ring may be an aromatic hydrocarbon ring and may contain one or more, for example, 1 to 3 hetero atoms of one or more types selected from the group consisting of a nitrogen atom, a sulfur atom, and an oxygen atom as ring-constituting atoms other than carbon atoms.

Examples of the monocyclic aromatic rings include monocyclic aromatic hydrocarbon rings and monocyclic aromatic heterocyclic rings containing one or more hetero atoms and examples thereof include a benzene ring and 5- or 6-membered aromatic heterocyclic rings containing one or more hetero atoms. Specifically, preferred examples

of 5- or 6-membered aromatic heterocyclic rings include thiophene, pyridine, furan, thiazole, oxazole, pyrazole, pyrazine, pyrimidine, pyrrole, imidazole, pyridazine, isothiazole, isoxazole, 1,2,4-oxadiazole, 1,3,4-oxadiazole, 1,2,4-thiadiazole, 1,3,4-thiadiazole, and furazan.

Examples of the fused polycyclic aromatic rings include fused polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon rings and fused polycyclic aromatic heterocyclic rings containing one or more hetero atoms. Examples of fused polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon rings include bicyclic or tricyclic aromatic hydrocarbon rings having 9 to 14 carbon atoms and specific preferred examples thereof include naphthalene, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene, indene, 2,3-dihydroindene (indane), fluorene, phenanthrene, 9,10-dihydrophenanthrene, and anthracene.

Examples of fused polycyclic aromatic heterocyclic rings include 9- to 14-membered, preferably 9- or 10-membered fused polycyclic aromatic heterocyclic rings containing one or more, for example, 1 to 4 hetero atoms and specific preferred examples thereof include benzofuran, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran, benzothiophene, 2,3-dihydrobenzothiophene, benzimidazole, benzoxazole, benzisoxazole, benzothiazole, benzisothiazole, naphtho[2,3-b]thiophene, quinoline, isoquinoline, 1,2-dihydroisoquinoline, 3,4-dihydroisoquinoline, 1,2-dihydroquinoline, 3,4-dihydroquinoline, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline, indole, indoline, quinoxaline, phenanthridine, phenothiazine, phenoxazine, phthalazine, naphthyridine, quinazoline, cinnoline, carbazole, β -carboline, acridine, phenazine, phthalimide, and thioxanthene.

In the present specification, examples of monocyclic aromatic groups as aryl groups include monovalent groups derived from the above-mentioned monocyclic aromatic rings by removing one arbitrary hydrogen atom and specific preferred examples thereof include a phenyl group, a thienyl group (2- or 3-thienyl group), a pyridyl group (2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl group), a furyl group (2- or 3-furyl group), a thiazolyl group (2-, 4-, or 5-thiazolyl group), an oxazolyl group (2-, 4-, or 5-oxazolyl group), a pyrazolyl group (1-, 3-, or 4-pyrazolyl group), a 2-pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group (2-, 4-, or 5-pyrimidinyl group), a pyrrolyl group (1-, 2-, or 3-pyrrolyl group), an imidazolyl group (1-, 2-, or 4-imidazolyl group), a pyridazinyl group (3- or 4-pyridazinyl group), an 3-isothiazolyl group, an 3-isooxazolyl group, an 1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl group, and an 1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl group.

In the present specification, examples of fused polycyclic aromatic groups as aryl groups include monovalent groups derived from the above-mentioned fused polycyclic aromatic ring comprising 2 to 4, preferably 2 or 3 rings by removing one arbitrary hydrogen atom and specific preferred examples thereof include a 1-naphthyl group, a 2-naphthyl group, an 1-indenyl group, an 2-indenyl group, a 2,3-dihydroinden-1-yl group, a 2,3-dihydroinden-2-yl group, an 2-anthryl group, an indazolyl group (3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-indazolyl group), a quinolyl group (2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7-, or 8-

quinolyl group), an isoquinolyl group (1-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7-, or 8-isoquinolyl group), a 1,2-dihydroisoquinolyl or 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl group (substituted at the same position as in an isoquinolyl group), an indolyl group (1-, 2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-indolyl group), an isoindolyl group (1-, 2-, 4-, or 5-isoindolyl group), a phthalazinyl group (1-, 5-, or 6-phthalazinyl group), a quinoxaliny group (2-, 3-, or 5-quinoxaliny group), a benzofuranyl group (2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, or 6-benzofuranyl group), a 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-1-yl group, a 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-2-yl group, a 2,3-dihydrobenzothiophen-1-yl group, a 2,3-dihydrobenzothiophen-2-yl group, a benzothiazolyl group (2-, 4-, 5- or 6-benzothiazolyl group), a benzimidazolyl group (1-, 2-, 4-, 5- or 6-benzimidazolyl group), a fluorenyl group (1-, 2-, 3-, or 4-fluorenyl group), and a thioxanthenyl group.

[0021]

In the present specification, an "aryloxy group" refers to a group to which the above-mentioned aryl group binds via an oxygen atom. The aryl moiety of an aryloxy group is preferably a monocyclic aromatic group and examples of aryloxy groups include a phenoxy group, a 2-thienyloxy group, a 3-thienyloxy group, a 2-pyridyloxy group, a 3-pyridyloxy group, a 4-pyridyloxy group, a 2-furyloxy group, a 3-furyloxy group, a 2-thiazolyloxy group, a 4-thiazolyloxy group, a 5-thiazolyloxy group, an 2-oxazolyloxy group, an 4-oxazolyloxy group, an 5-oxazolyloxy group, a 1-pyrazolyloxy group, a 3-pyrazolyloxy group, a 4-pyrazolyloxy group, a 2-pyrazinyloxy group, a 2-pyrimidinyloxy group, a 4-pyrimidinyloxy group, a 5-pyrimidinyloxy group, a 1-pyrrolyloxy group, a 2-pyrrolyloxy group, a 3-pyrrolyloxy group, an 1-imidazolyloxy group, an 2-imidazolyloxy group, an 4-imidazolyloxy group, a 3-pyridazinyloxy group, a 4-pyridazinyloxy group, an 3-isothiazolyloxy group, an 3-isooxazolyloxy group, an 1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yloxy group, and an 1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yloxy group. A phenoxy group, a 2-thienyloxy group, a 3-thienyloxy group, a 2-furyloxy group, a 3-furyloxy group, a 2-pyridyloxy group, a 3-pyridyloxy group, a 4-pyridyloxy group, and the like are particularly preferred.

[0022]

In the present specification, an "aralkyl group" refers to an alkyl group substituted with an aryl group (arylalkyl group). Here, an alkyl moiety of an aralkyl group is the same as the above-mentioned alkyl group, and an aryl moiety is the same as the above-mentioned aryl group. An aryl moiety of an aralkyl group is preferably a monocyclic aromatic group.

Examples of aralkyl groups include a benzyl group, a 2-thienylmethyl group, a 3-thienylmethyl group, a 2-pyridylmethyl group, a 3-pyridylmethyl group, a 4-pyridylmethyl group, a 2-furylmethyl group, a 3-furylmethyl group, a 2-thiazolylmethyl group, a 4-thiazolylmethyl group, a 5-thiazolylmethyl group, an 2-oxazolylmethyl group, an 4-

oxazolylmethyl group, an 5-oxazolylmethyl group, a 1-pyrazolylmethyl group, a 3-pyrazolylmethyl group, a 4-pyrazolylmethyl group, a 2-pyrazinylmethyl group, a 2-pyrimidinylmethyl group, a 4-pyrimidinylmethyl group, a 5-pyrimidinylmethyl group, a 1-pyrrolylmethyl group, a 2-pyrrolylmethyl group, a 3-pyrrolylmethyl group, an 1-imidazolylmethyl group, an 2-imidazolylmethyl group, an 4-imidazolylmethyl group, a 3-pyridazinylmethyl group, a 4-pyridazinylmethyl group, an 3-isothiazolylmethyl group, an 3-isooxazolylmethyl group, an 1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl group, and an 1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-ylmethyl group. In one embodiment, a benzyl group, a 2-thienylmethyl group, a 3-thienylmethyl group, a 2-furylmethyl group, a 3-furylmethyl group, a 2-pyridylmethyl group, a 3-pyridylmethyl group, a 4-pyridylmethyl group, and the like are particularly preferred.

Furthermore, examples of aralkyl groups include a 2-phenylethyl group, a 2-(2-thienyl)ethyl group, a 2-(3-thienyl)ethyl group, a 2-(2-pyridyl)ethyl group, a 2-(3-pyridyl)ethyl group, a 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl group, a 2-(2-furyl)ethyl group, a 2-(3-furyl)ethyl group, a 2-(2-thiazolyl)ethyl group, a 2-(4-thiazolyl)ethyl group, a 2-(5-thiazolyl)ethyl group, an 2-(2-oxazolyl)ethyl group, an 2-(4-oxazolyl)ethyl group, an 2-(5-oxazolyl)ethyl group, a 2-(1-pyrazolyl)ethyl group, a 2-(3-pyrazolyl)ethyl group, a 2-(4-pyrazolyl)ethyl group, a 2-(2-pyrazinyl)ethyl group, a 2-(2-pyrimidinyl)ethyl group, a 2-(4-pyrimidinyl)ethyl group, a 2-(5-pyrimidinyl)ethyl group, a 2-(1-pyrrolyl)ethyl group, a 2-(2-pyrrolyl)ethyl group, a 2-(3-pyrrolyl)ethyl group, an 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethyl group, an 2-(2-imidazolyl)ethyl group, an 2-(4-imidazolyl)ethyl group, a 2-(3-pyridazinyl)ethyl group, a 2-(4-pyridazinyl)ethyl group, an 2-(3-isothiazolyl)ethyl group, an 2-(3-isooxazolyl)ethyl group, an 2-(1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl group, and an 2-(1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)ethyl group. In one embodiment, a 2-phenylethyl group, a 2-(2-thienyl)ethyl group, a 2-(3-thienyl)ethyl group, a 2-(2-furyl)ethyl group, a 2-(3-furyl)ethyl group, a 2-(2-pyridyl)ethyl group, a 2-(3-pyridyl)ethyl group, and a 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl group are particularly preferred.

Furthermore, examples of aralkyl groups also include a 1-phenylethyl group, a 1-(2-thienyl)ethyl group, a 1-(3-thienyl)ethyl group, a 1-(2-pyridyl)ethyl group, a 1-(3-pyridyl)ethyl group, a 1-(4-pyridyl)ethyl group, a 1-(2-furyl)ethyl group, a 1-(3-furyl)ethyl group, a 1-(2-thiazolyl)ethyl group, a 1-(4-thiazolyl)ethyl group, a 1-(5-thiazolyl)ethyl group, an 1-(2-oxazolyl)ethyl group, an 1-(4-oxazolyl)ethyl group, an 1-(5-oxazolyl)ethyl group, a 1-(1-pyrazolyl)ethyl group, a 1-(3-pyrazolyl)ethyl group, a 1-(4-pyrazolyl)ethyl group, a 1-(2-pyrazinyl)ethyl group, a 1-(2-pyrimidinyl)ethyl group, a 1-(4-pyrimidinyl)ethyl group, a 1-(5-pyrimidinyl)ethyl group, a 1-(1-pyrrolyl)ethyl group, a 1-(2-pyrrolyl)ethyl group, a 1-(3-pyrrolyl)ethyl group, a 1-(1-imidazolyl)ethyl group, an 1-(2-imidazolyl)ethyl group, an 1-(4-imidazolyl)ethyl group, a 1-(3-pyridazinyl)ethyl group, a 1-(4-pyridazinyl)ethyl group, an 1-(3-isothiazolyl)ethyl group, an 1-(3-isooxazolyl)ethyl group, an 1-(1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl group, and an 1-(1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)ethyl group.

group. In one embodiment, a 1-phenylethyl group, a 1-(2-thienyl)ethyl group, a 1-(3-thienyl)ethyl group, a 1-(2-furyl)ethyl group, a 1-(3-furyl)ethyl group, a 1-(2-pyridyl)ethyl group, a 1-(3-pyridyl)ethyl group, and a 1-(4-pyridyl)ethyl group are particularly preferred.

[0023]

In the present specification, a "saturated heterocyclic group" refers to a saturated ring group containing a hetero atom as a constituent of the ring and examples thereof include monocyclic saturated heterocyclic groups. The ring contains preferably 1 or 2 hetero atoms, more preferably one hetero atom. Furthermore, the monocyclic saturated heterocyclic group is, for example, a 3- to 7-membered ring group, particularly preferably a 5- or 6-membered ring group. Specific preferred examples of saturated heterocyclic groups include a tetrahydropyranyl group (3- or 4-tetrahydropyranyl group), a 3-tetrahydrofuryl group, a piperidyl group (3- or 4-piperidyl group), a 3-pyrrolidyl group, a tetrahydrothiopyranyl group (3- or 4-tetrahydrothiopyranyl group), a 3-tetrahydrothiofuryl group, and a morpholino group (2- or 3-morpholino group). A particularly preferred example is a morpholino group.

[0024]

In the present specification, an "amino group" refers to a -NH₂ group.

[0025]

In the present specification, examples of a substituent on an alkyl group that may be substituted include a hydroxyl group, a halogen atom, a carboxy group, a cyano group, a saturated heterocyclic group, an alkylsulfonylamino group, and an aminocarbonylamino group. A hydroxyl group and a halogen atom are more preferred.

An alkyl group that may be substituted is preferably one group selected from the group consisting of a trifluoromethyl group, a difluoromethyl group, a hydroxymethyl group, and a 2-hydroxyethyl group in addition to the above-mentioned preferred examples of alkyl groups. A methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an isopropyl group, a cyclopropyl group, a trifluoromethyl group, a difluoromethyl group, a hydroxymethyl group, and a 2-hydroxyethyl group are more preferred, and a methyl group is particularly preferred.

[0026]

In the present specification, examples of a substituent in an alkoxy group that may be substituted include the same substituents as substituents in the above-mentioned alkyl groups that may be substituted, and one or more halogen atoms are particularly preferred.

A substituted alkoxy groups is preferably, for example, an alkoxy group substituted arbitrarily with one or more halogen atoms, more preferably an alkoxy group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms substituted arbitrarily with one or more halogen atoms. When an alkoxy group is substituted with 2 or more halogen atoms, the halogen atom may be identical to or different from each other. An alkoxy group that may be substituted is preferably one group selected from the group consisting of a monofluoromethoxy group, a difluoromethoxy group, a trifluoromethoxy group, and a 2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy group in addition to the above-mentioned preferred examples of alkoxy groups having 1 to 6 carbon atoms. One group selected from the group consisting of a trifluoromethoxy group and a 2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy group in addition to the above-mentioned preferred examples of alkoxy groups having 1 to 6 carbon atoms is particularly preferred.

[0027]

In the present specification, a substituent in an alkylene that may be substituted is preferably one group selected from the group consisting of a trifluoromethyl group, a difluoromethyl group, a hydroxymethyl group, and a 2-hydroxyethyl group in addition to the same groups as the above-mentioned substituents in an alkyl group that may be substituted, more preferably a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an isopropyl group, a cyclopropyl group, a trifluoromethyl group, a difluoromethyl group, a hydroxymethyl group, and a 2-hydroxyethyl group, particularly preferably a methyl group.

[0028]

In the present specification, substituents in an aryl group that may be substituted and an aryloxy group that may be substituted are the same as the above-mentioned substituents in an alkyl group that may be substituted.

[0029]

In the present specification, substituents in an aralkyl group that may be substituted are the same as, for example, the above-mentioned substituents in an alkyl group that may be substituted.

[0030]

In the present specification, preferred examples of aralkyl groups that may be substituted in one embodiment include the above-mentioned preferred examples of aralkyl groups. Furthermore, in another embodiment, an aralkyl group may be preferably substituted with an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an amino group, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, or a halogen atom on a carbon atom among constituents forming an aryl ring of the above-mentioned aralkyl group. Specific examples thereof include a 4-methylphenylmethyl group, a 4-methoxyphenylmethyl group, an 4-aminophenylmethyl group, a 4-hydroxyphenylmethyl group, a 4-fluorophenylmethyl group, a 5-methyl-2-

furylmethyl group, a 4-methyl-2-furylmethyl group, a 5-methyl-3-furylmethyl group, a 5-methyl-2-pyrrolylmethyl group, a 4-methyl-2-pyrrolylmethyl group, a 5-methyl-3-pyrrolylmethyl group, a 5-methyl-2-thienylmethyl group, a 4-methyl-2-thienylmethyl group, and a 5-methyl-3-thienylmethyl group. Furthermore, in another embodiment, an aralkyl group may be preferably substituted with an alkyl group or an alkoxy group on a nitrogen atom among constituents forming an aryl ring of an aralkyl group. Specific examples thereof include a 1-methyl-2-pyrrolylmethyl group, a 1-ethyl-2-pyrrolylmethyl group, and a 1-methyl-3-pyrrolylmethyl group.

[0031]

In the present specification, substituents in a saturated heterocyclic group that may be substituted are the same as, for example, the above-mentioned substituents of an alkyl group that may be substituted.

In the present specification, saturated heterocyclic groups that may be substituted are preferably the above-mentioned preferred examples of saturated heterocyclic groups.

[0032]

In the present specification, examples of amino groups that may be substituted include an -NH₂ group, an alkylamino group, a dialkylamino group, an acylamino group, an alkylcarbonylamino group, and an alkylsulfonylamino group. Furthermore, examples of amino groups that may be substituted also include an amino group substituted with 1 or 2 alkyl groups that may be substituted, an amino group substituted with 1 or 2 aryl groups that may be substituted, and an amino group substituted with an aryl group that may be substituted and an alkyl group that may be substituted.

Specific examples of amino groups that may be substituted include a methylamino group, an ethylamino group, an n-propylamino group, an isopropylamino group, a dimethylamino group, an ethyl(methyl)amino group, a diethylamino group, a methyl(n-propyl)amino group, an acetylamino group, a propanoylamino group, a methylsulfonylamino group, an ethylsulfonylamino group, an n-propylsulfonylamino group, an isopropylsulfonylamino group, and a cyclopropylsulfonylamino group.

[0033]

Hereafter, the structure of the compound represented by the formula (1) (also simply referred to as "the compound of the formula (1)") will be described in detail.

In the compound of the formula (1), D¹ represents a single bond, -N(R¹¹)-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, or -S(O)₂-, preferably a single bond, -N(R¹¹)-, -O-, and -S-, more preferably a single bond, -N(R¹¹)-, and -O-. In one

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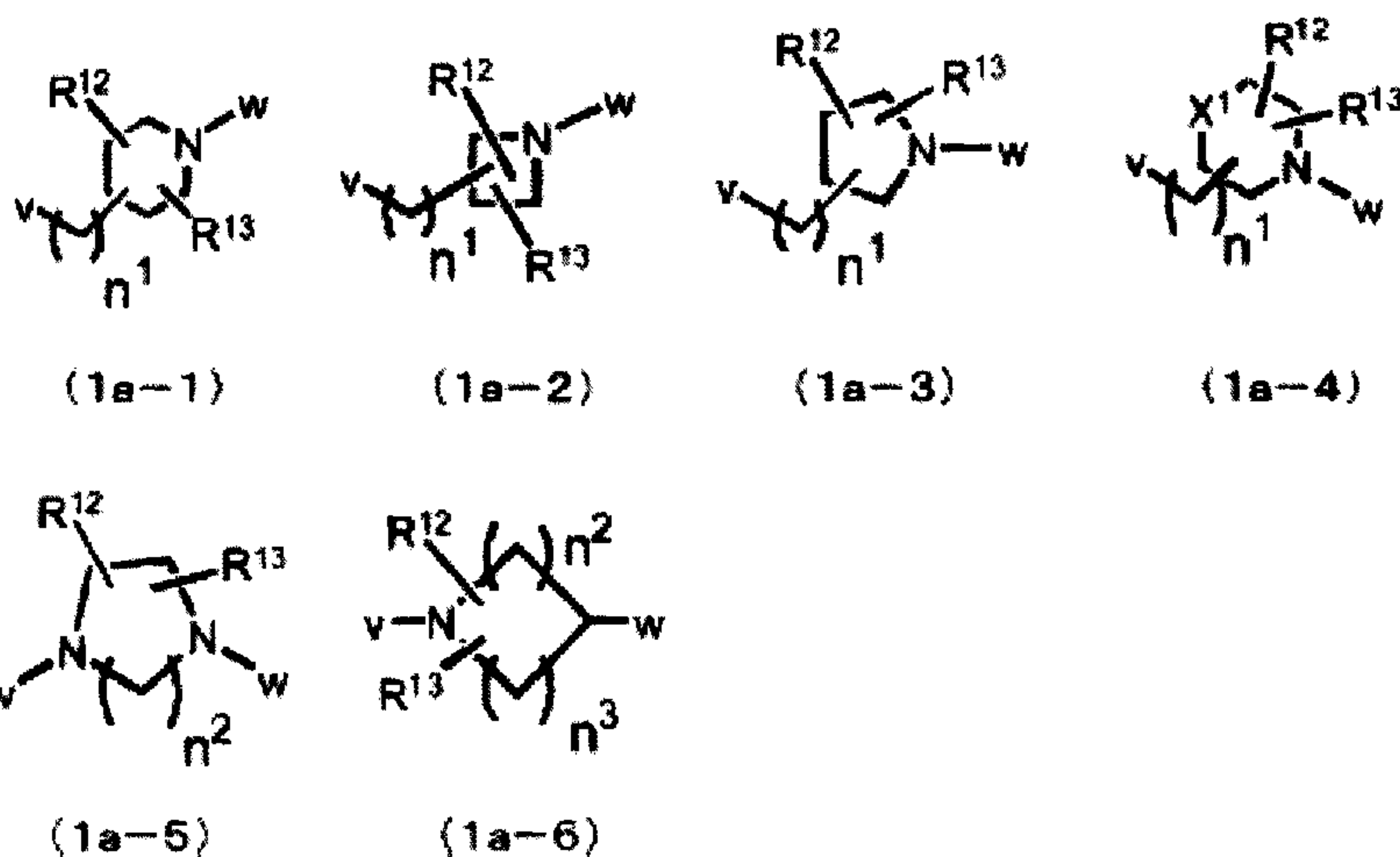
embodiment, $-N(R^{11})-$ may be particularly preferred and $-O-$ may be particularly preferred in another embodiment. $-S(O)-$ and $-S(O)_2-$ may be preferred in yet another embodiment.

[0034]

R^{11} represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted, and a hydrogen atom is preferred in one embodiment. In another embodiment, a lower alkyl group is preferred, an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms is more preferred, a methyl group and an ethyl group are yet more preferred, and a methyl group is particularly preferred.

[0035]

A^1 represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, or any of divalent groups selected from the following formulas (1a-1) to (1a-6):

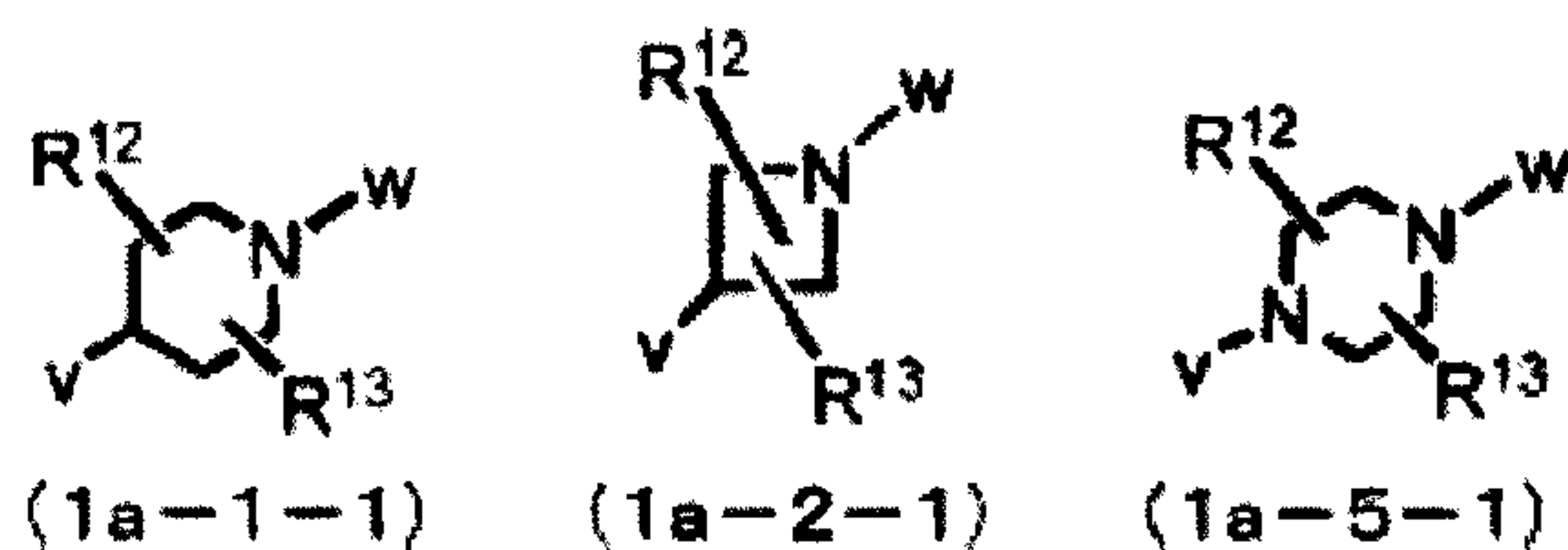


preferably an alkylene that may be substituted or any of divalent groups selected from the formulas (1a-1) to (1a-6). In one embodiment, the formulas (1a-1), (1a-2), and (1a-5) are more preferred, the formulas (1a-1) and (1a-2) are yet more preferred, and the formula (1a-1) is particularly preferred. In another embodiment, the formula (1a-2) may be preferred. In yet another embodiment, the formulas (1a-3), (1a-4), and (1a-6) may be more preferred, the formulas (1a-3) and (1a-4) may be yet more preferred, and the formula (1a-3) may be particularly preferred. In yet another embodiment, the formula (1a-4) may be preferred.

[0036]

Preferred examples of A^1 include the following formulas (1a-1-1), (1a-2-1), and (1a-5-1):

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wherein R^{12} , R^{13} , v , and w have the same meaning as defined above, and the formula (1a-1-1) is more preferred in one embodiment. In another embodiment, the formula (1a-2-1) may be more preferred. In yet another embodiment, the formula (1a-5-1) may be more preferred.

[0037]

When D^1 represents a single bond, A^1 represents the formula (1a-5) or (1a-6), preferably the formula (1a-5).

[0038]

When D^1 represents $-N(R^{11})-$, $-O-$, $-S-$, $-S(O)-$, or $-S(O)_2-$, A^1 represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, or any of divalent groups selected from the above-mentioned formulas (1a-1) to (1a-4).

When A^1 represents a single bond, D^2 represents an alkylene that may be substituted or $-E-C(O)-$.

[0039]

When R^1 represents an amino group that may be substituted, D^2 represents an alkylene that may be substituted or $-E-C(O)-$.

[0040]

n^1 is an integer of 0, 1, or 2, and 0 or 1 is preferred. In one embodiment, 0 is particularly preferred. In another embodiment, 1 may be preferred.

[0041]

n^2 is an integer of 2 or 3. In one embodiment, 2 is preferred. In another embodiment, 3 may be preferred.

[0042]

n^3 is an integer of 1 or 2. In one embodiment, 1 is preferred. In another embodiment, 2 may be preferred.

[0043]

R^{12} and R^{13} each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, or an alkyl group that may be substituted, preferably a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted. In one embodiment, a hydrogen atom is more preferred. In another embodiment, an alkyl group that may be substituted may be preferred.

Preferred examples of alkyl groups that may be substituted include a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an i-propyl group, and a trifluoromethyl group and a methyl group is more preferred.

[0044]

X¹ represents -N(R¹⁴)-, -O-, or -S-, and -N(R¹⁴)- or -O- is preferred. In one embodiment, -O- or -S- is more preferred, and -O- is particularly preferred. In another embodiment, -N(R¹⁴)- may be preferred.

[0045]

R¹⁴ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted, and a hydrogen atom is preferred in one embodiment. In another embodiment, an alkyl group that may be substituted may be preferred. Examples of an alkyl group that may be substituted in R¹⁴ include alkyl groups having 1 to 3 carbon atoms.

[0046]

v represents a bond with D¹, and w represents a bond with D².

[0047]

D² represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, -C(O)-, -C(S)-, -S(O)₂-, -C(O)-N(R¹⁵)-, -C(S)-N(R¹⁵)-, or -E-C(O)-, preferably a single bond or an alkylene that may be substituted. In one embodiment, an alkylene that may be substituted is more preferred. An alkylene that may be substituted is preferably a straight or branched alkylene having 1 to 3 carbon atoms. Examples thereof include methylene, ethylene, and trimethylene and methylene and ethylene are preferred. In another embodiment, a single bond may be preferred. In yet another embodiment, -C(O)-, -S(O)₂-, or -E-C(O)- may be preferred and -C(O)- may be more preferred. In yet another embodiment, -S(O)₂- may be preferred.

[0048]

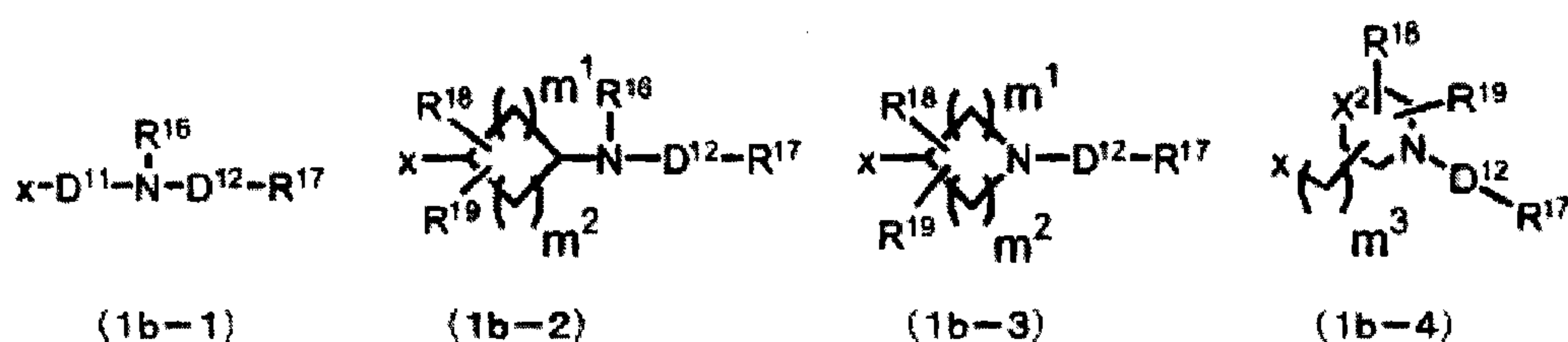
R¹⁵ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group, preferably a hydrogen atom.

[0049]

E represents an alkylene that may be substituted. An alkylene is preferably a straight or branched alkylene having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, more preferably an alkylene having 1 to 3 carbon atoms. Examples of alkylenes include methylene, ethylene, and trimethylene and methylene and ethylene are preferred.

[0050]

R¹ represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an amino group that may be substituted, a saturated heterocyclic group that may be substituted, an aralkyl group that may be substituted, an aryl group that may be substituted, a carbamimidoyl group, or any of groups selected from the following formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4):



preferably a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, a saturated heterocyclic group that may be substituted, an aralkyl group that may be substituted, an aryl group that may be substituted, or any of groups selected from the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4), more preferably an alkyl group that may be substituted, an aralkyl group that may be substituted, an aryl group that may be substituted, or any of groups selected from the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4). In one embodiment, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an aralkyl group that may be substituted, or an aryl group that may be substituted is more preferred, and an alkyl group that may be substituted is particularly preferred. In another embodiment, an aralkyl group that may be substituted may be preferred. In yet another embodiment, an aryl group that may be substituted may be preferred. Examples of an alkyl group that may be substituted include the above-mentioned preferred examples of an alkyl group that may be substituted. An alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms is preferred, and an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms is more preferred. Examples of an alkyl group include a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an i-propyl group, a cyclopropyl group, and a trifluoromethyl group. Examples of an aralkyl group that may be substituted include the above-mentioned preferred examples of an aralkyl group that may be substituted, for example, an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms that is substituted with an aryl group. Examples of an aralkyl group include a benzyl group, a 2-pyridylmethyl group, a 3-pyridylmethyl group, and a 4-pyridylmethyl group. Examples of an aryl group that may be substituted include the above-mentioned preferred examples of an aryl group that may be substituted, for example, a phenyl group, a thienyl group (2- or 3-thienyl group), a pyridyl group (2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl group), a furyl group (2- or 3-furyl group), a naphthyl group (1- or 2-naphthyl group), a quinolyl group (2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7-, or 8-quinolyl group), and substitution products thereof, and a phenyl group or a pyridyl group (2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl group) is preferred. In one embodiment, a phenyl group is particularly preferred. In another embodiment, a pyridyl group may be preferred.

In another embodiment, R¹ preferably represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated heterocyclic group that may be substituted, or any of groups selected from the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4). In one embodiment, a saturated heterocyclic group that may be substituted or the formula (1b-1) or (1b-3) is preferred. In another embodiment, the formula (1b-2) or (1b-4) may be preferred. Examples of a saturated heterocyclic group that may be substituted

include a morpholino group (2- or 3-morpholino group), an azetidyl group (2- or 3-azetidyl group), a piperidyl group (2-, 3-, or 4-piperidyl group), and a pyrrolidyl group (2- or 3-pyrrolidyl group). In another embodiment, a hydrogen atom may be preferred.

[0051]

m^1 is an integer of 0, 1, or 2. In one embodiment, 0 or 1 is preferred and 1 is more preferred. In another embodiment, 2 may be preferred.

[0052]

m^2 is an integer of 1 or 2 and 1 is preferred.

[0053]

m^3 is an integer of 0, 1, or 2 and 0 or 1 is preferred.

[0054]

X^2 represents $-N(R^{14})-$, $-O-$, or $-S-$. $-O-$ or $-S-$ is preferred, and $-O-$ is particularly preferred.

[0055]

D^{11} represents an alkylene that may be substituted. An alkylene is preferably a straight or branched alkylene having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, more preferably an alkylene having 1 to 3 carbon atoms. Examples of alkenes include methylene, ethylene, and trimethylene and methylene or ethylene is preferred.

[0056]

D^{12} represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, $-C(O)-$, $-S(O)_2-$, or $-C(O)-N(R^{15})-$. In one embodiment, a single bond or an alkylene that may be substituted is preferred. In another embodiment, $-C(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$ is preferred and $-C(O)-$ is particularly preferred. In yet another embodiment, $-S(O)_2-$ may be preferred.

[0057]

R^{16} , R^{18} , and R^{19} may be identical to or different from one another and each independently represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted. In one embodiment, a hydrogen atom is preferred. In another embodiment, an alkyl group that may be substituted may be preferred. Examples of an alkyl group that may be substituted include alkyl groups having 1 to 3 carbon atoms. A methyl group, an ethyl group, or an n-propyl group is preferred, and a methyl group is more preferred.

[0058]

R^{17} represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an aralkyl group that may be substituted, or an aryl group that may be substituted. A hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, or

an aryl group that may be substituted is preferred, and an alkyl group that may be substituted or an aryl group that may be substituted is more preferred. An alkyl group that may be substituted is preferably an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, more preferably an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms. Examples of an alkyl group include a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an i-propyl group, a cyclopropyl group, and a trifluoromethyl group. Examples of an aryl group that may be substituted include a phenyl group, a thienyl group (2- or 3-thienyl group), a pyridyl group (2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl group), a furyl group (2- or 3-furyl group), a naphthyl group (a 1- or 2-naphthyl group), and a quinolyl group (2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7-, or 8-quinolyl group) and substitution products thereof. A phenyl group and a pyridyl group (2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl group) are preferred.

[0059]

x represents a bond with D².

[0060]

When R¹⁷ represents a hydrogen atom, D¹² represents a single bond.

[0061]

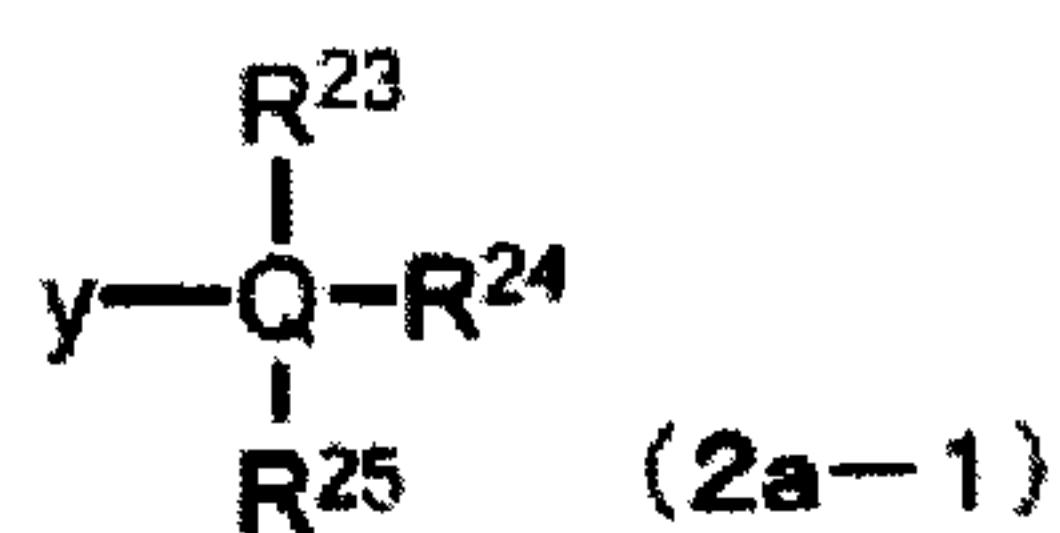
D³ represents a single bond, -N(R²¹)-, -O-, -N(R²¹)-C(O)-, or -S-, preferably a single bond, -O-, or -N(R²¹)-C(O)-, more preferably a single bond or -N(R²¹)-C(O)-. In one embodiment, a single bond is particularly preferred. In another embodiment, -N(R²¹)-C(O)- may be preferred.

[0062]

R²¹ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted. In one embodiment, a hydrogen atom is preferred. In another embodiment, an alkyl group that may be substituted may be preferred. Examples of an alkyl group that may be substituted include alkyl groups having 1 to 3 carbon atoms. A methyl group, an ethyl group, and an n-propyl group are preferred and a methyl group is more preferred.

[0063]

R² represents an alkyl group that may be substituted or a group represented by the following formula (2a-1):



In one embodiment, a group represented by the formula (2a-1) is preferred. In another embodiment, an alkyl group that may be substituted may be preferred. Examples of an alkyl group that may be substituted include the above-

mentioned preferred examples of an alkyl group that may be substituted. An alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms is preferred and an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms is more preferred.

[0064]

Q represents an aryl group that may be substituted. Examples of an aryl group include the above-mentioned preferred examples of aryl group. In one embodiment, a monocyclic aromatic group is preferred. In another embodiment, a fused polycyclic aromatic group or the like may be preferred. Examples of monocyclic aromatic groups include a phenyl group, a thienyl group (2- or 3-thienyl group), a pyridyl group (2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl group), and a furyl group (2- or 3-furyl group). In one embodiment, a phenyl group is particularly preferred. In another embodiment, a pyridyl group may be preferred. In yet another embodiment, a thienyl group may be preferred.

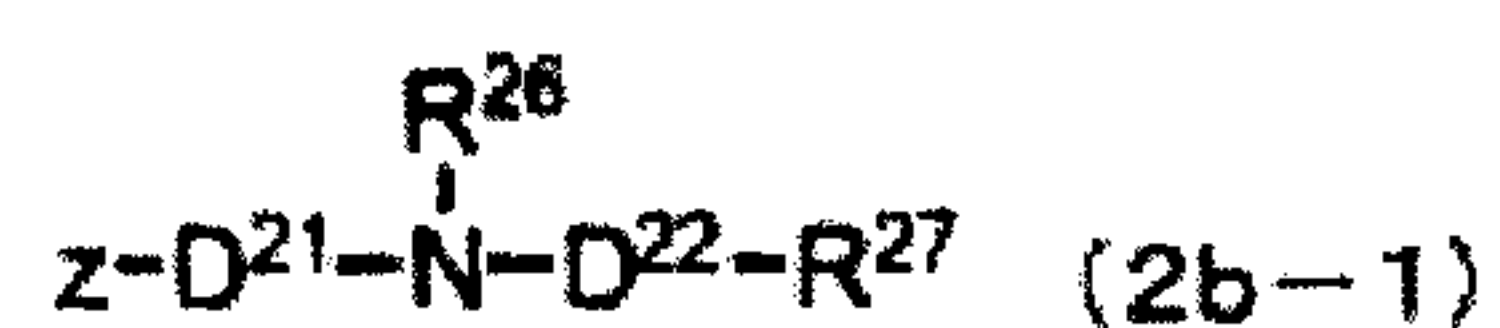
Examples of fused polycyclic aromatic groups include a 1-naphthyl group, a 2-naphthyl group, a quinolyl group (2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7-, or 8-quinolyl group), an isoquinolyl group (1-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7-, or 8-isoquinolyl group), an indazolyl group (3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-indazolyl group), and an indolyl group (2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-indolyl group). In yet another embodiment, examples include a pyrrolyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an imidazolyl group, a quinazolinyl group, and a quinolyl group. In one embodiment, a pyrrolyl group is preferred. In yet another embodiment, a pyrazolyl group may be preferred.

[0065]

y represents a bond with D³.

[0066]

R²³, R²⁴, and R²⁵ may be identical to or different from one another and each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an alkoxy group that may be substituted, an amino group that may be substituted, an aryl group that may be substituted, an aryloxy group that may be substituted, an aralkyl group that may be substituted, or a group represented by the following formula (2b-1):



1 or 2 of R²³, R²⁴, and R²⁵ preferably represent a hydrogen atom. In one embodiment, it is particularly preferred that any two of R²³, R²⁴, and R²⁵ represent a hydrogen atom. In another embodiment, it may be preferred that any one of R²³, R²⁴, and R²⁵ represents a hydrogen atom. In yet another embodiment, it is possible that none of R²³, R²⁴, and R²⁵ represent a hydrogen atom. R²³, R²⁴, and R²⁵ preferably represent a halogen atom, a cyano group, an alkyl

group that may be substituted, an alkoxy group that may be substituted, an amino group that may be substituted, or a group represented by the formula (2b-1). In one embodiment, a halogen atom or a cyano group is particularly preferred. In another embodiment, an alkoxy group that may be substituted or an amino group that may be substituted may be preferred. In yet another embodiment, a group represented by the formula (2b-1) may be preferred.

Examples of Q substituted with R²³, R²⁴, and R²⁵ include a phenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-methylphenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-trifluoromethylphenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-methanesulfonylphenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-cyanophenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-fluorophenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-chlorophenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-methoxyphenyl group, an 2-, 3-, or 4-aminophenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-hydroxy phenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-hydroxymethylphenyl group, an 2-, 3-, or 4-aminomethylphenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-cyanomethylphenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-(2-cyanoethyl)phenyl group, an 2-, 3-, or 4-acetylphenyl group, a 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl group, a 2- or 3-thienyl group, a 2- or 3-furyl group, a 3,4-difluorophenyl group, a 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl group, a 4-cyano-3-methylphenyl group, a 3-cyano-4-fluorophenyl group, an 4-amino-3-cyanophenyl group a 3-cyano-5-fluorophenyl group, a 3-fluoro-4-cyanophenyl group, a 5-cyanothiophen-2-yl group, a 4-methylthiophen-3-yl group, a 6-methoxypyridin-3-yl group, and a 6-fluoropyridin-3-yl group. Examples thereof further include a 2-cyanopyridin-3-yl group, a 4-cyanopyridin-3-yl group, a 5-cyanopyridin-3-yl group, a 6-cyanopyridin-3-yl group, a 2-cyanopyridin-4-yl group, a 3-cyanopyridin-4-yl group, a 2-fluoropyridin-3-yl group, a 4-fluoropyridin-3-yl group, a 5-fluoropyridin-3-yl group, a 2-fluoropyridin-4-yl group, a 3-fluoropyridin-4-yl group, a 2-methylpyridin-3-yl group, 4-methylpyridin-3-yl group, a 5-methylpyridin-3-yl group, a 6-methylpyridin-3-yl group, a 2-methylpyridin-4-yl group, a 3-methylpyridin-4-yl group, a 2-difluoromethylpyridin-3-yl group, a 4-difluoromethylpyridin-3-yl group, a 5-difluoromethylpyridin-3-yl group, a 6-difluoromethylpyridin-3-yl group, a 2-difluoromethylpyridin-4-yl group, a 3-difluoromethylpyridin-4-yl group, an 2-ethylpyridin-3-yl group, an 4-ethylpyridin-3-yl group, an 5-ethylpyridin-3-yl group, an 6-ethylpyridin-3-yl group, an 2-ethylpyridin-4-yl group, an 3-ethylpyridin-4-yl group, an 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-indazolyl group, and a 3-, 4-, or 5-pyrazolyl group.

[0067]

D²¹ represents a single bond or an alkylene that may be substituted. In one embodiment, a single bond is preferred. In another embodiment, an alkylene that may be substituted may be preferred. Examples of an alkylene that may be substituted include alkenes having 1 to 3 carbon atoms. Examples of alkenes include methylene, ethylene, and trimethylene.

[0068]

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D²² represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, -C(O)-, -S(O)₂-, or -C(O)-N(R²⁸)-, preferably a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, -C(O)-, or -S(O)₂-. In one embodiment, -C(O)- or -S(O)₂- is more preferred. In another embodiment, a single bond may be preferred.

[0069]

R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ may be identical to or different from one another and each independently represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted. In one embodiment, a hydrogen atom is preferred. In another embodiment, an alkyl group that may be substituted may be preferred. An alkyl group that may be substituted is preferably an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, more preferably an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms. Examples of alkyl groups include a methyl group, an ethyl group, and a cyclopropyl group.

[0070]

z represents a bond with Q.

[0071]

When D²² represents a single bond, R²⁷ represents a hydrogen atom.

[0072]

Combinations of substituents in the compound of the present invention are not particularly limited so long as the compound of the present invention has an intended IKK β inhibiting activity and the preferred examples thereof include compounds having the following combinations of substituents or salts thereof:

[1] the compound of the formula (1), wherein R² represents a substituted phenyl group or a substituted pyridyl group, or a salt thereof;

[2] the compound of the formula (1), wherein D³ represents a single bond and R² represents a substituted phenyl group or a substituted pyridyl group, or a salt thereof;

[3] the compound of the formula (1), wherein D³ represents a single bond and R² represents a substituted phenyl group, or a salt thereof;

[4] the compound of the formula (1), wherein D³ represents a single bond and R² represents a substituted pyridyl group, or a salt thereof;

[5] the compound of the formula (1), wherein D¹ represents -N(R¹¹)-, -O-, or -S-, or a salt thereof;

[6] the compound of the formula (1), wherein D¹ represents -N(R¹¹)-, or a salt thereof;

[7] the compound of the formula (1), wherein D¹ represents -O-, or a salt thereof;

[8] the compound of the formula (1), wherein D¹ represents -S-, or a salt thereof;

[9] the compound of the formula (1), wherein A¹ represents a divalent group represented by the formula (1a-1), (1a-2), or (1a-5), or a salt thereof;

[10] the compound of the formula (1), wherein A¹ represents a divalent group represented by the formula (1a-1) or (1a-2), or a salt thereof;

[11] the compound of the formula (1), wherein D² represents -C(O)-, -S(O)₂-, or -C(O)-N(R¹⁵)-, or a salt thereof;

[12] the compound of the formula (1), wherein A¹ represents a divalent group represented by the formula (1a-1), (1a-2), or (1a-5) and D² represents -C(O)-, -S(O)₂-, or -C(O)-N(R¹⁵)-, or a salt thereof;

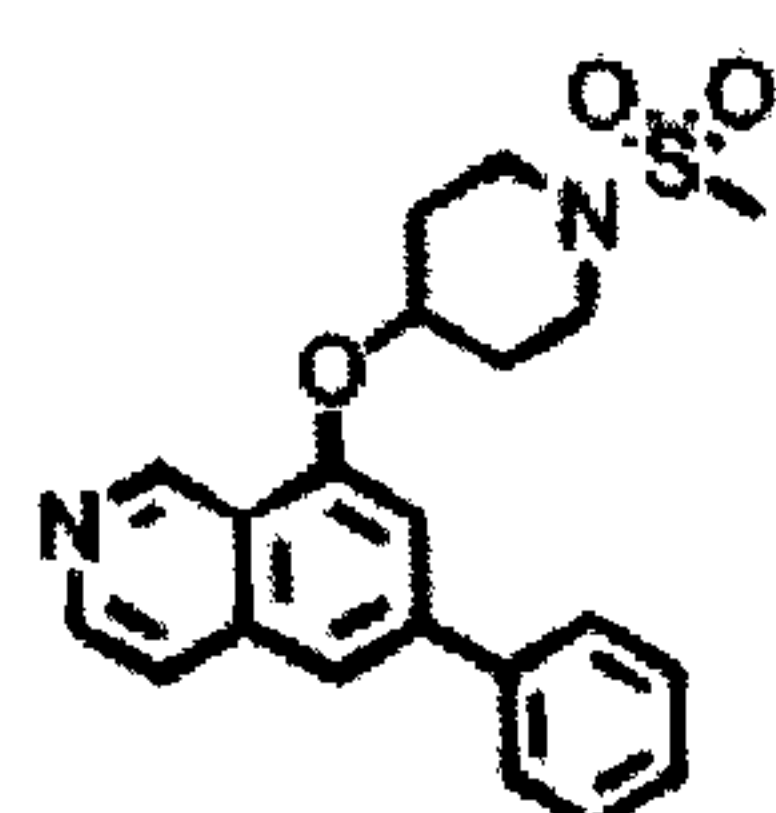
[13] the compound of the formula (1), wherein R² represents a substituted phenyl group or a substituted pyridyl group and D¹ represents -N(R¹¹)-, -O-, or -S-, or a salt thereof; and

[14] the compound of the formula (1), wherein R² represents a substituted phenyl group or a substituted pyridyl group, D¹ represents -N(R¹¹)-, -O-, or -S-, and A¹ represents a divalent group represented by the formula (1a-1), (1a-2), or (1a-5), or a salt thereof.

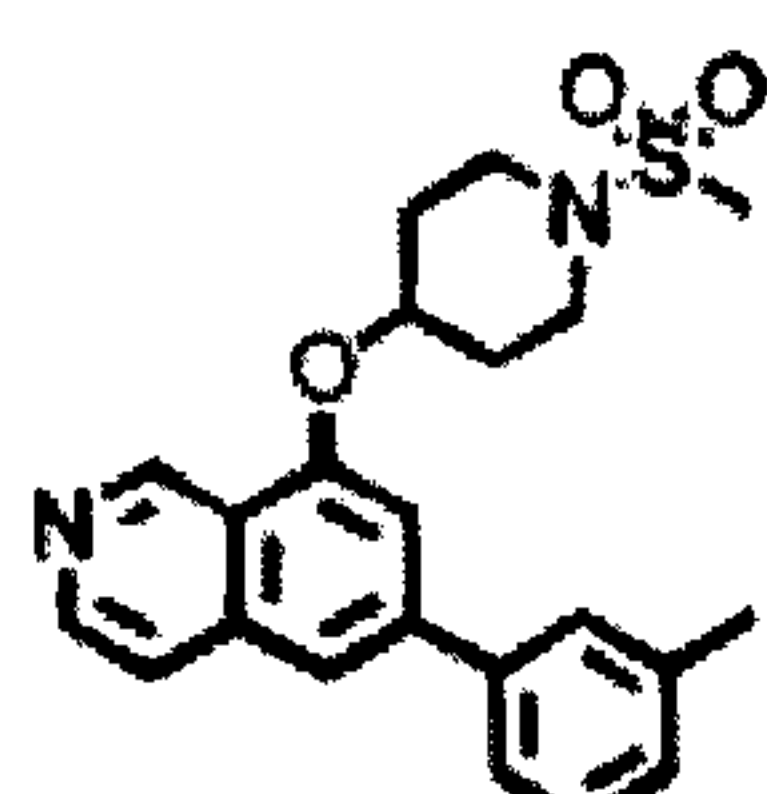
[0073]

Examples of the compound of the present invention include the following examples, but the compound of the present invention is not limited to these examples.

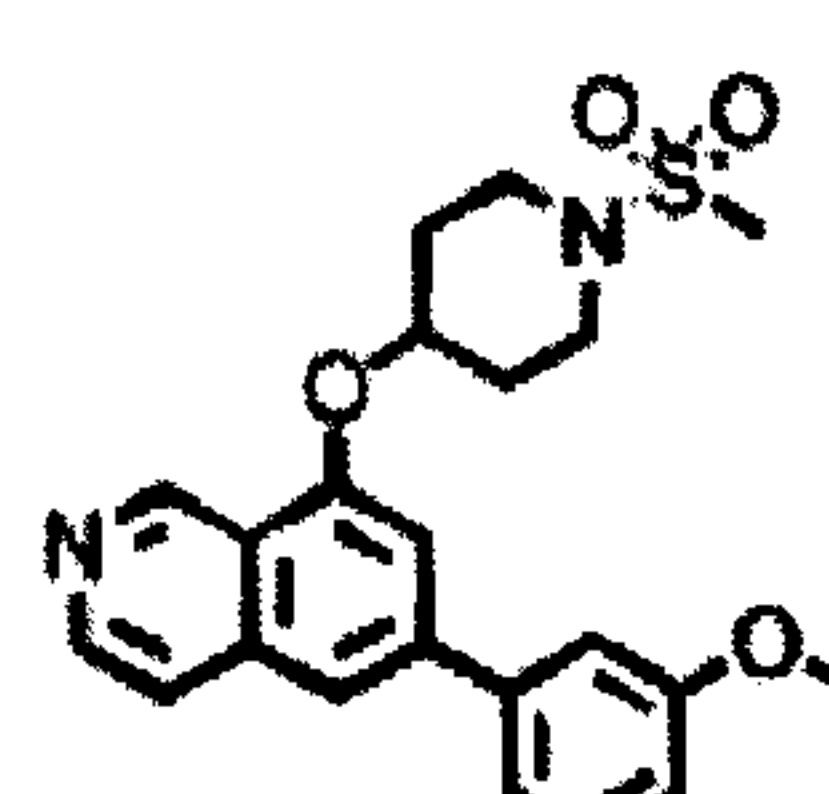
[0074]



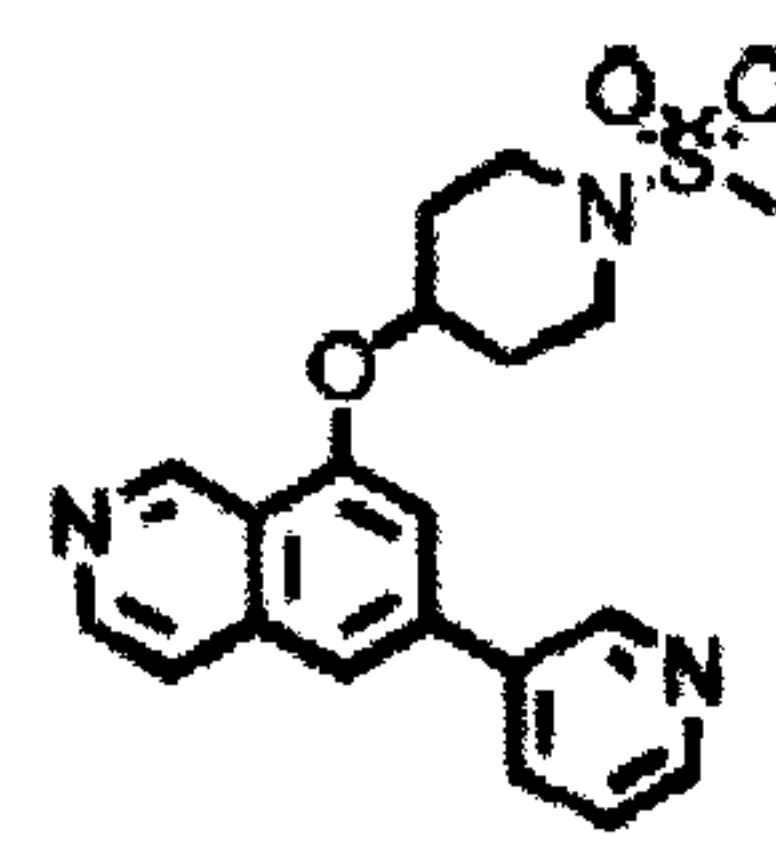
EXA1-1



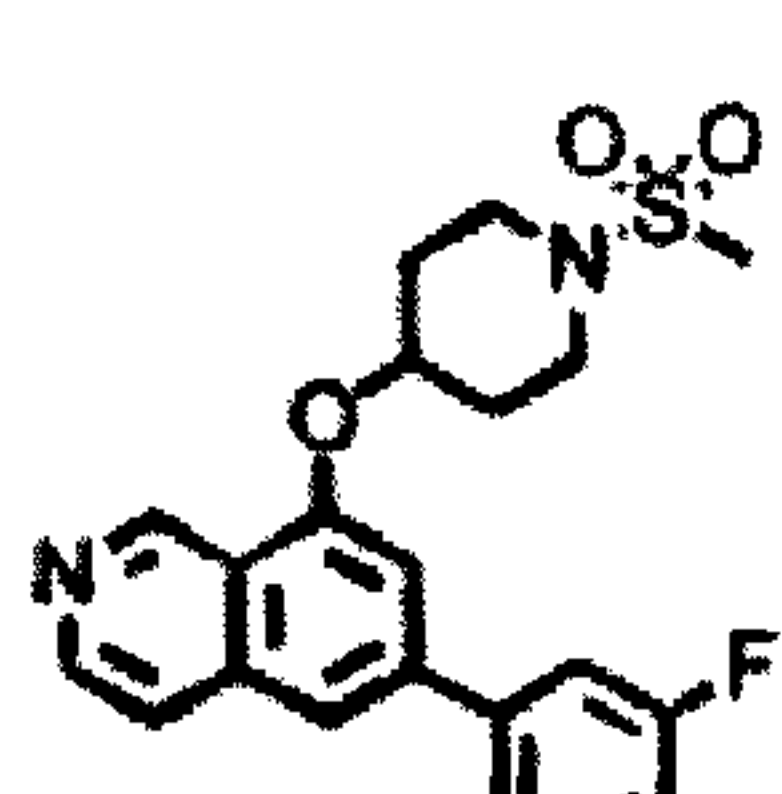
EXA1-2



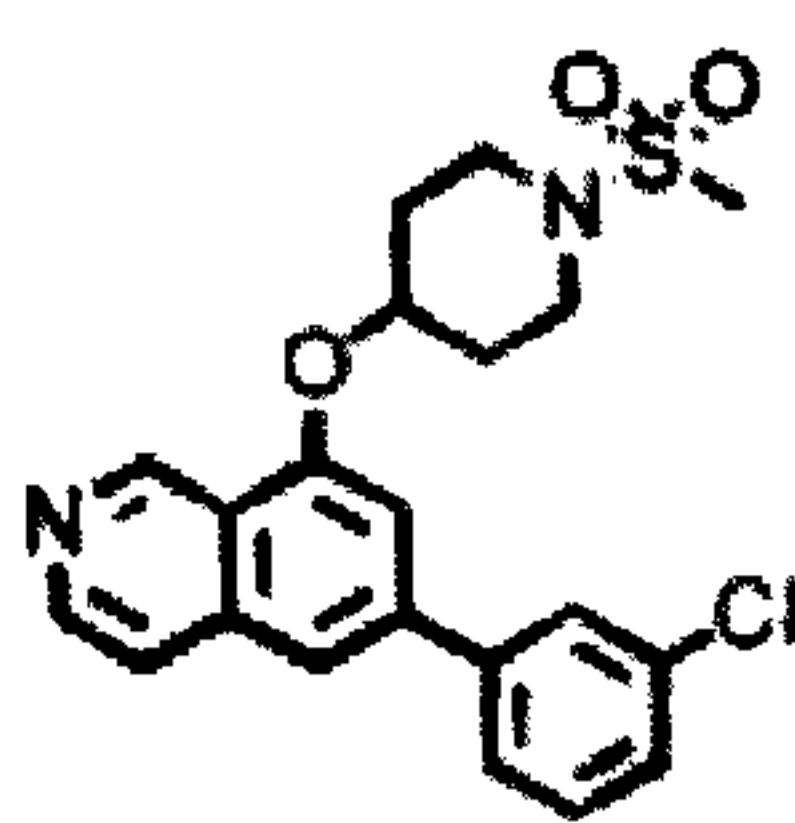
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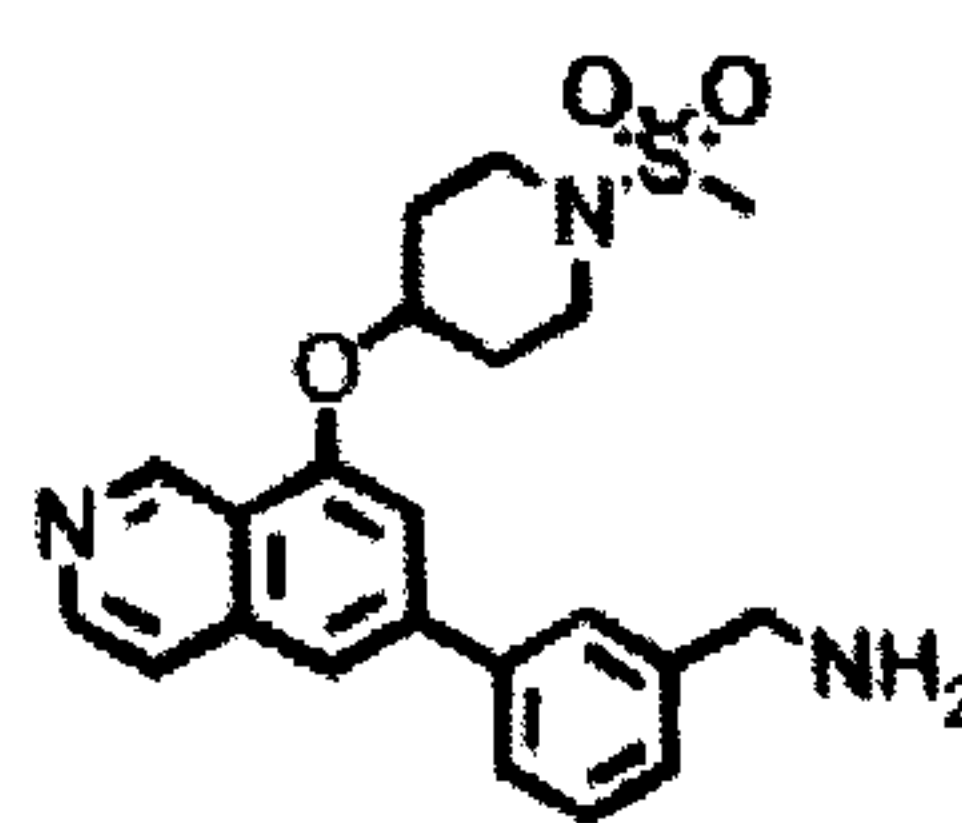
EXA1-4



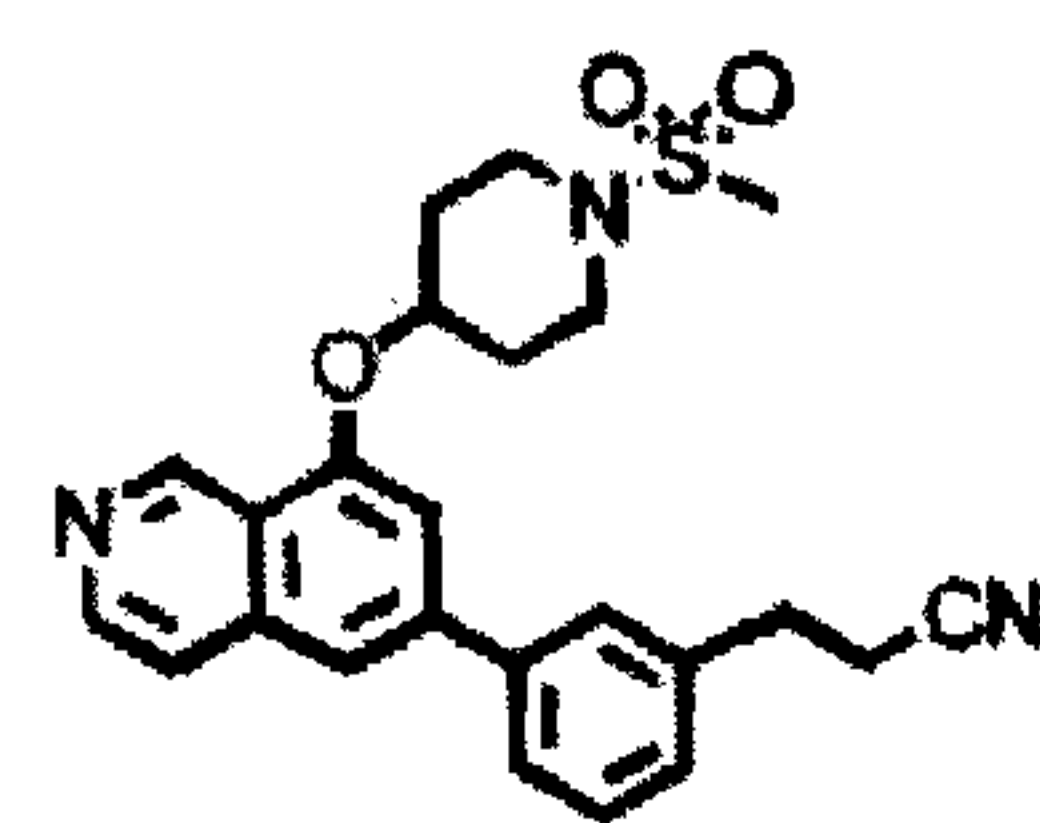
EXA1-5



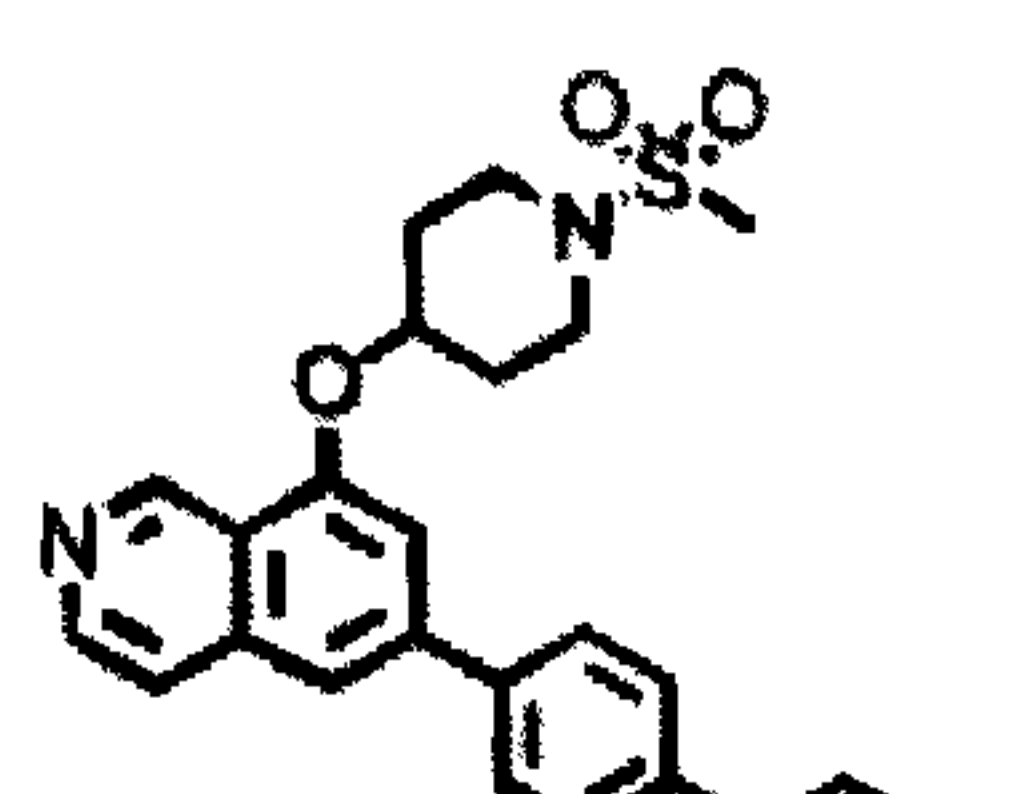
EXA1-6



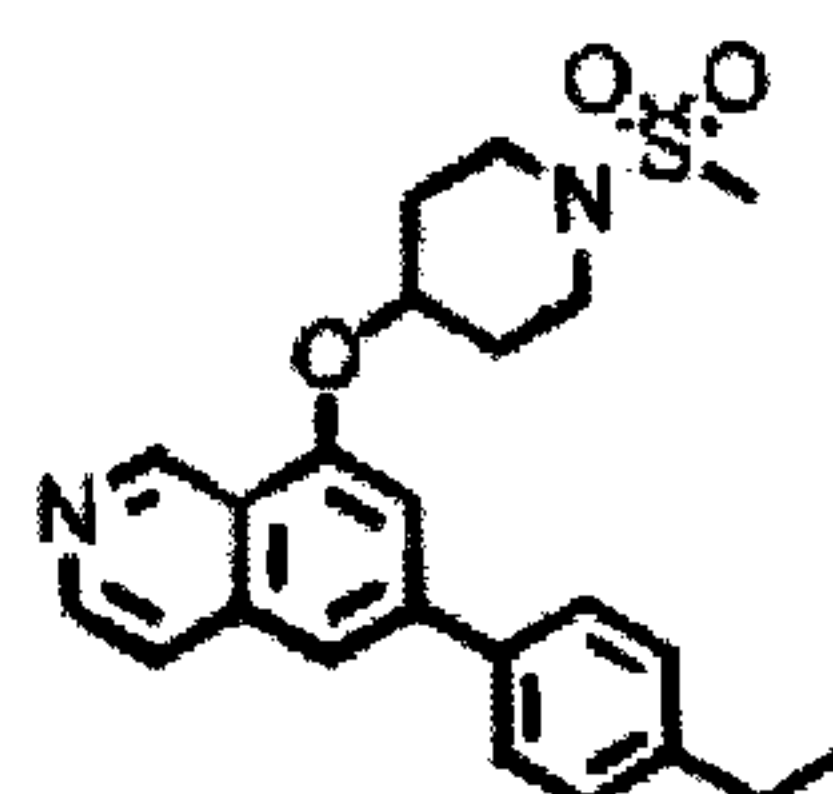
EXA1-7



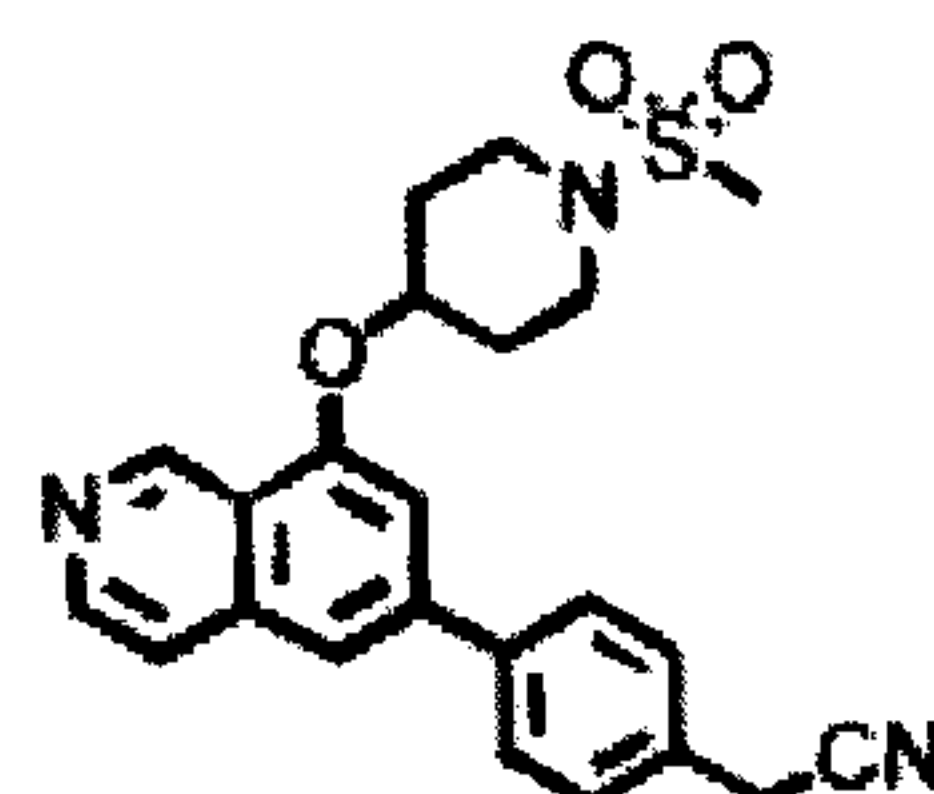
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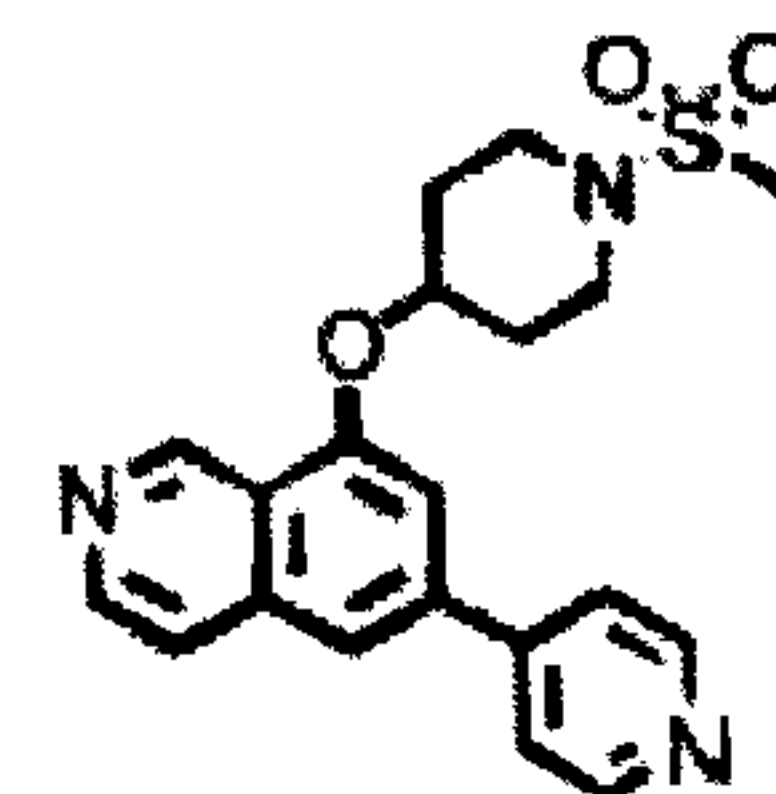
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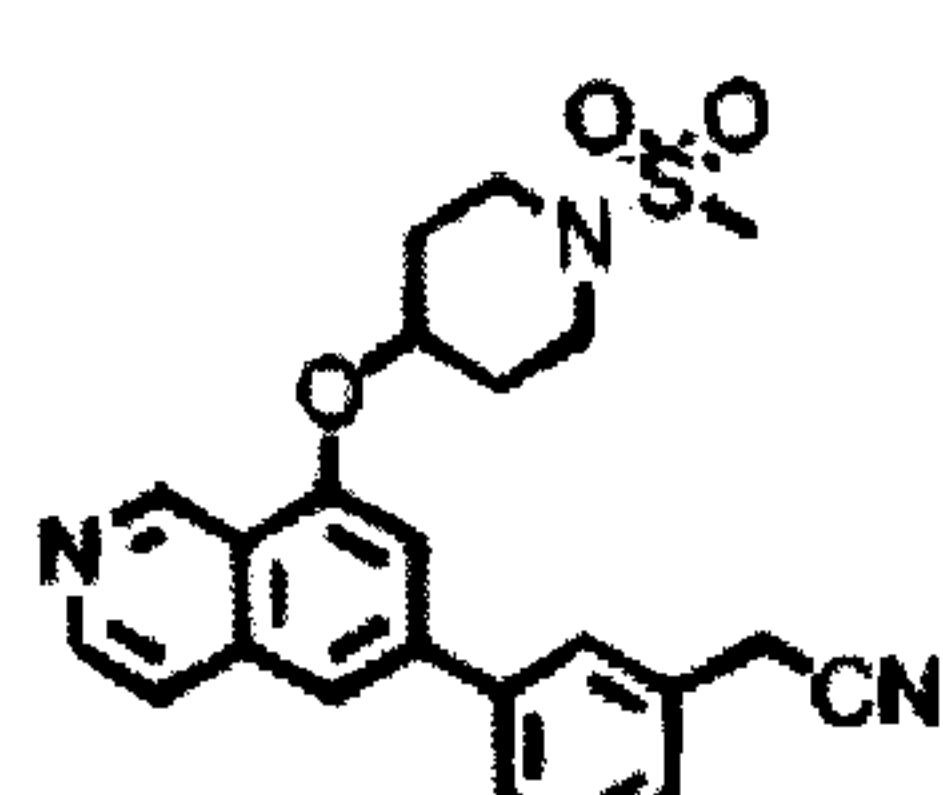
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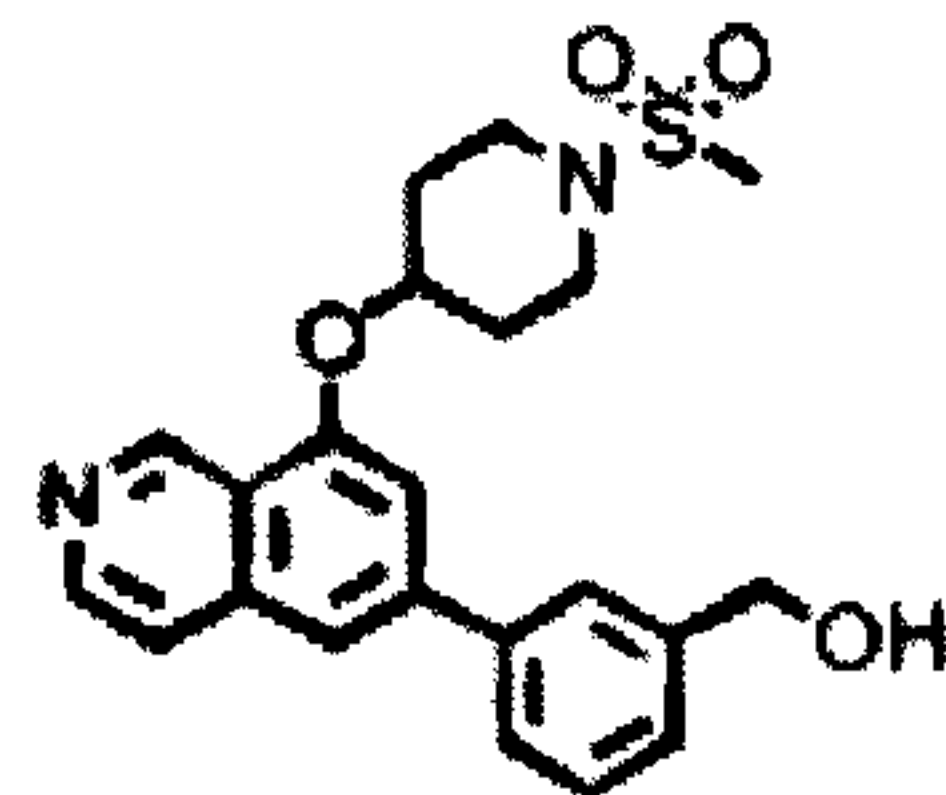
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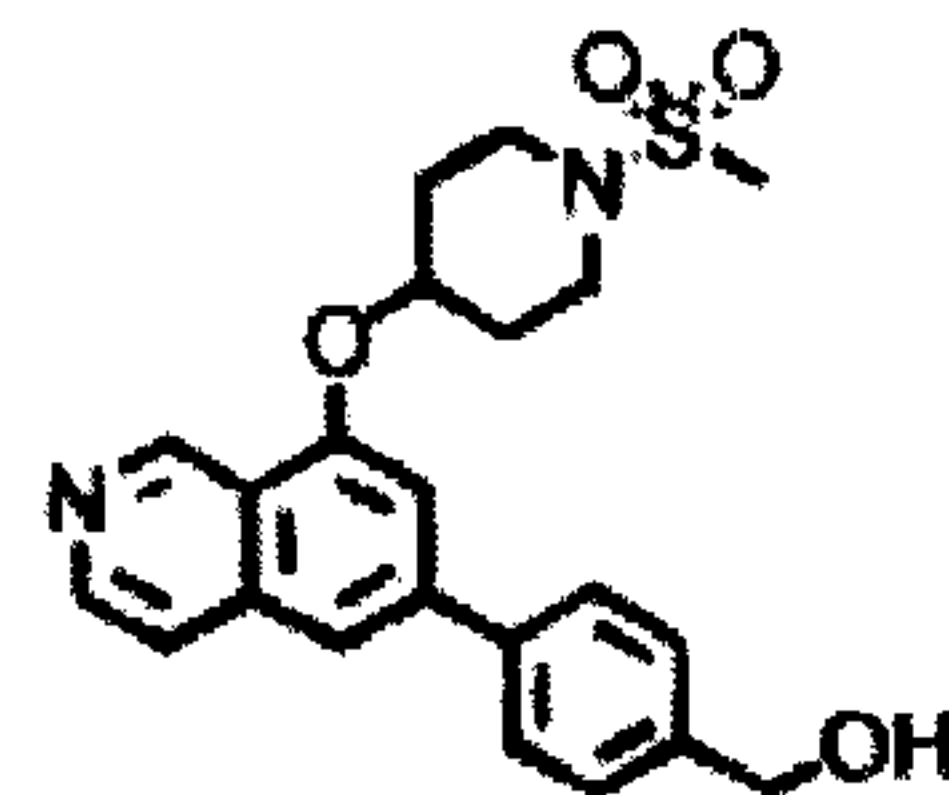
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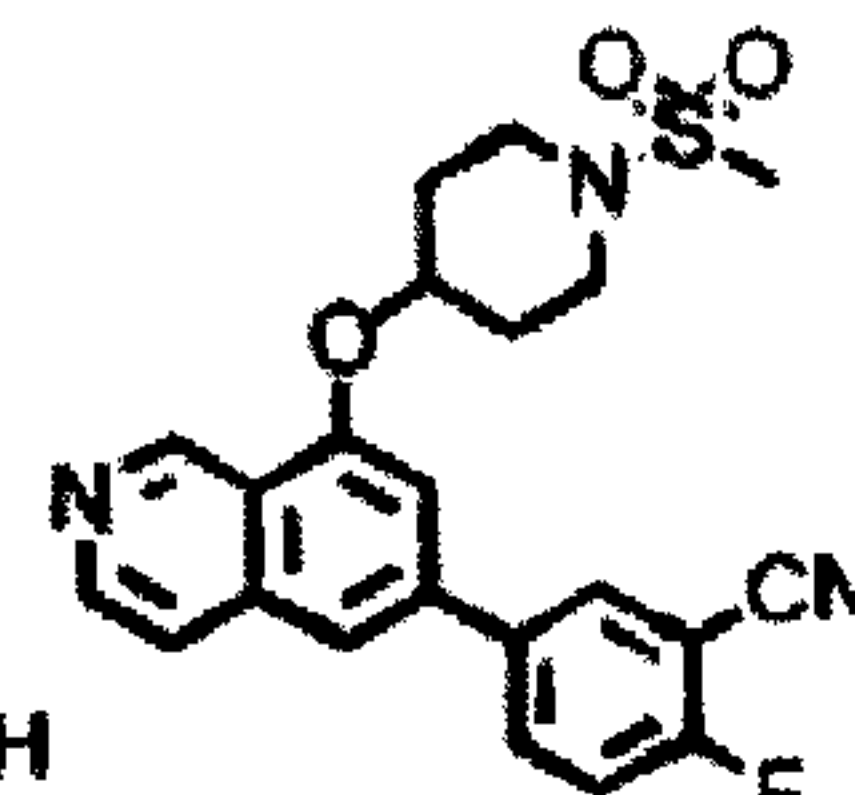
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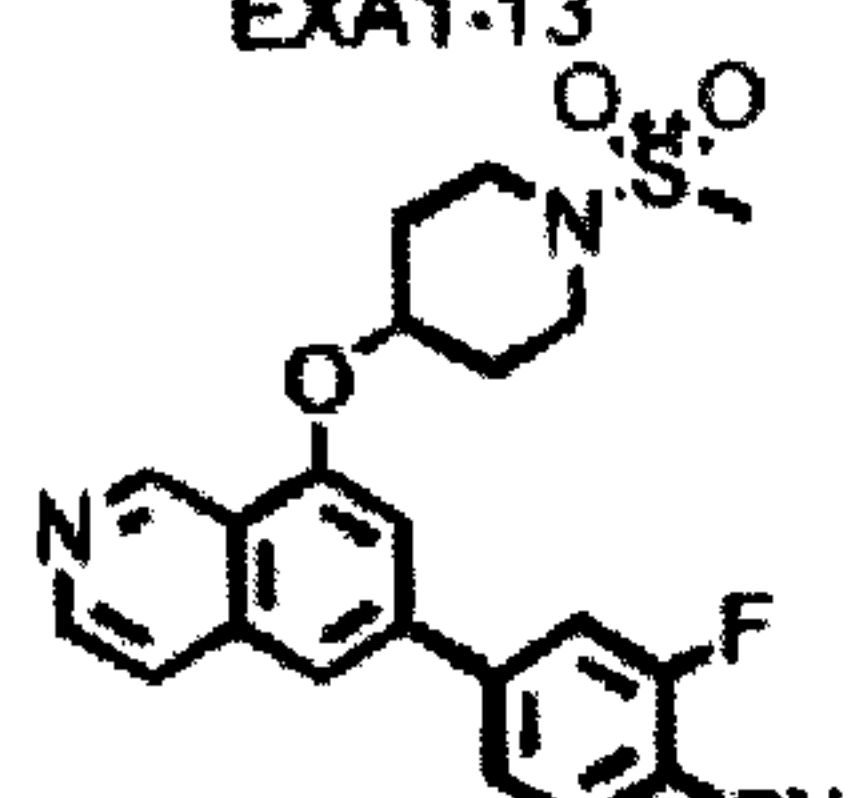
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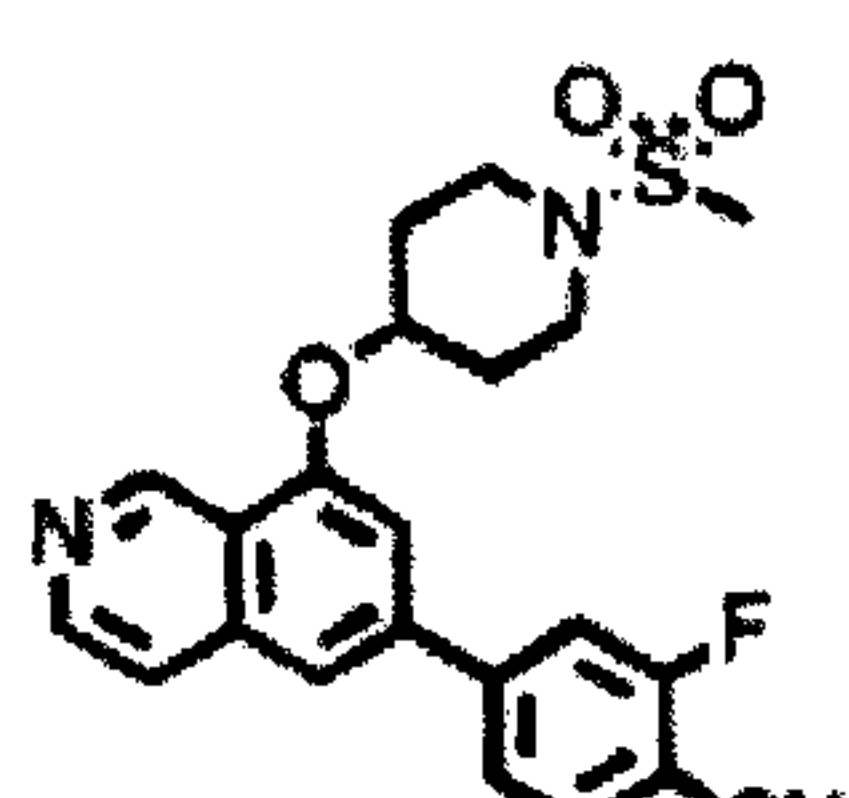
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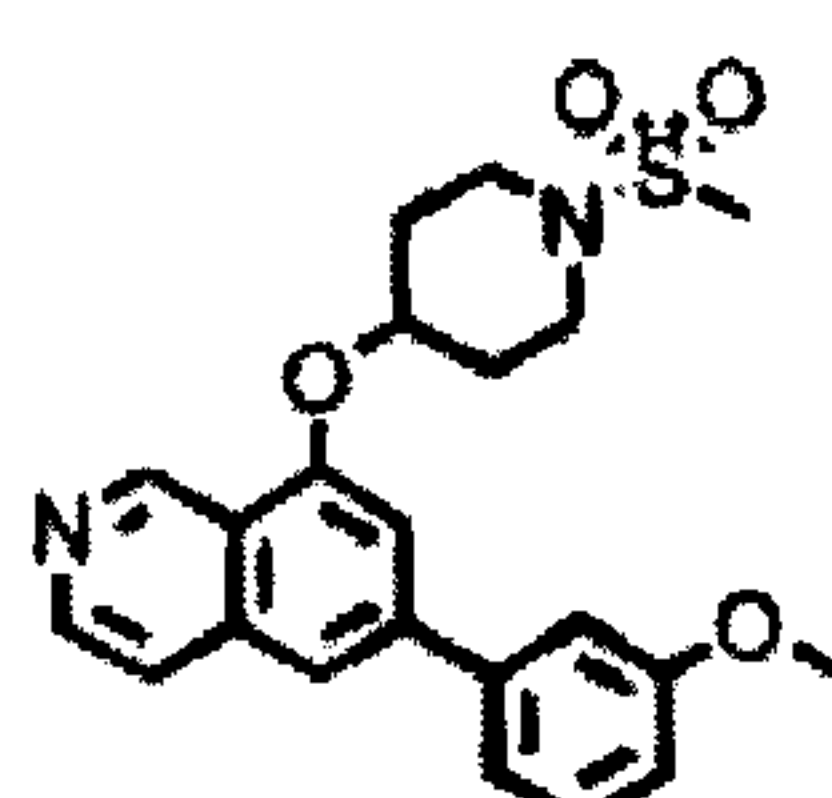
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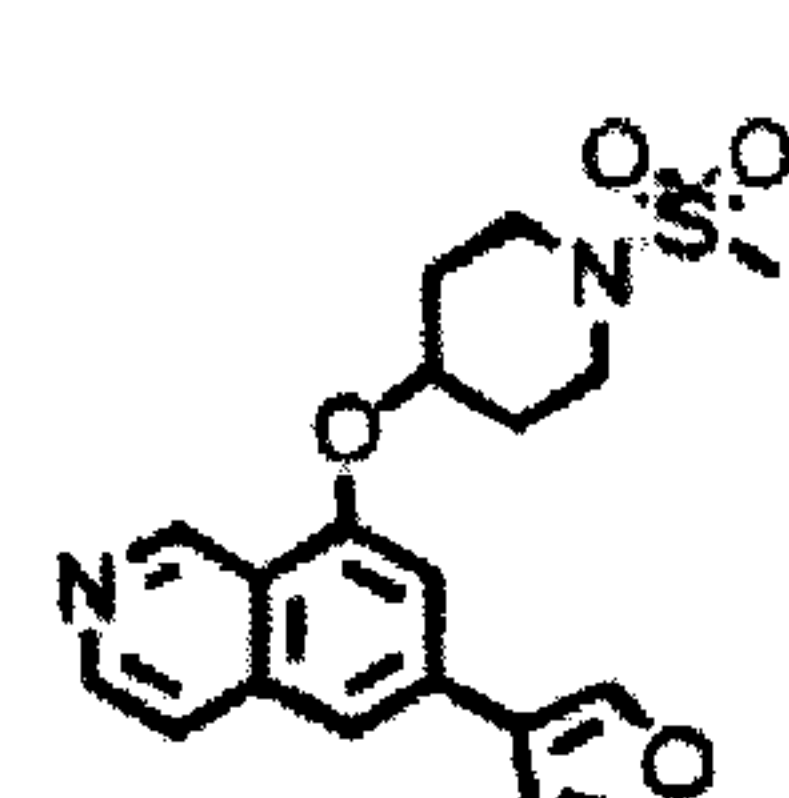
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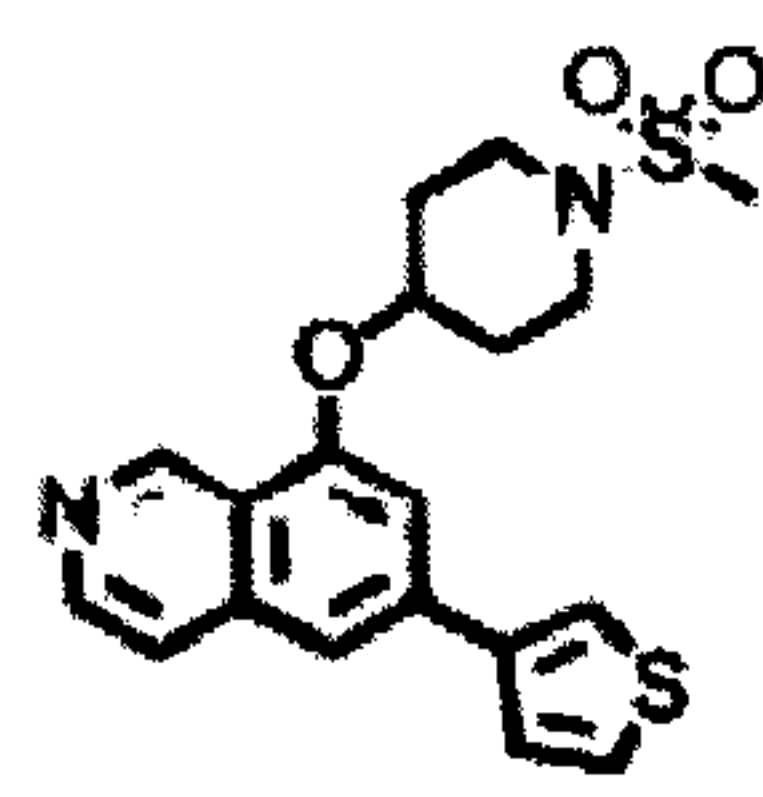
EXA1-18



EXA1-19

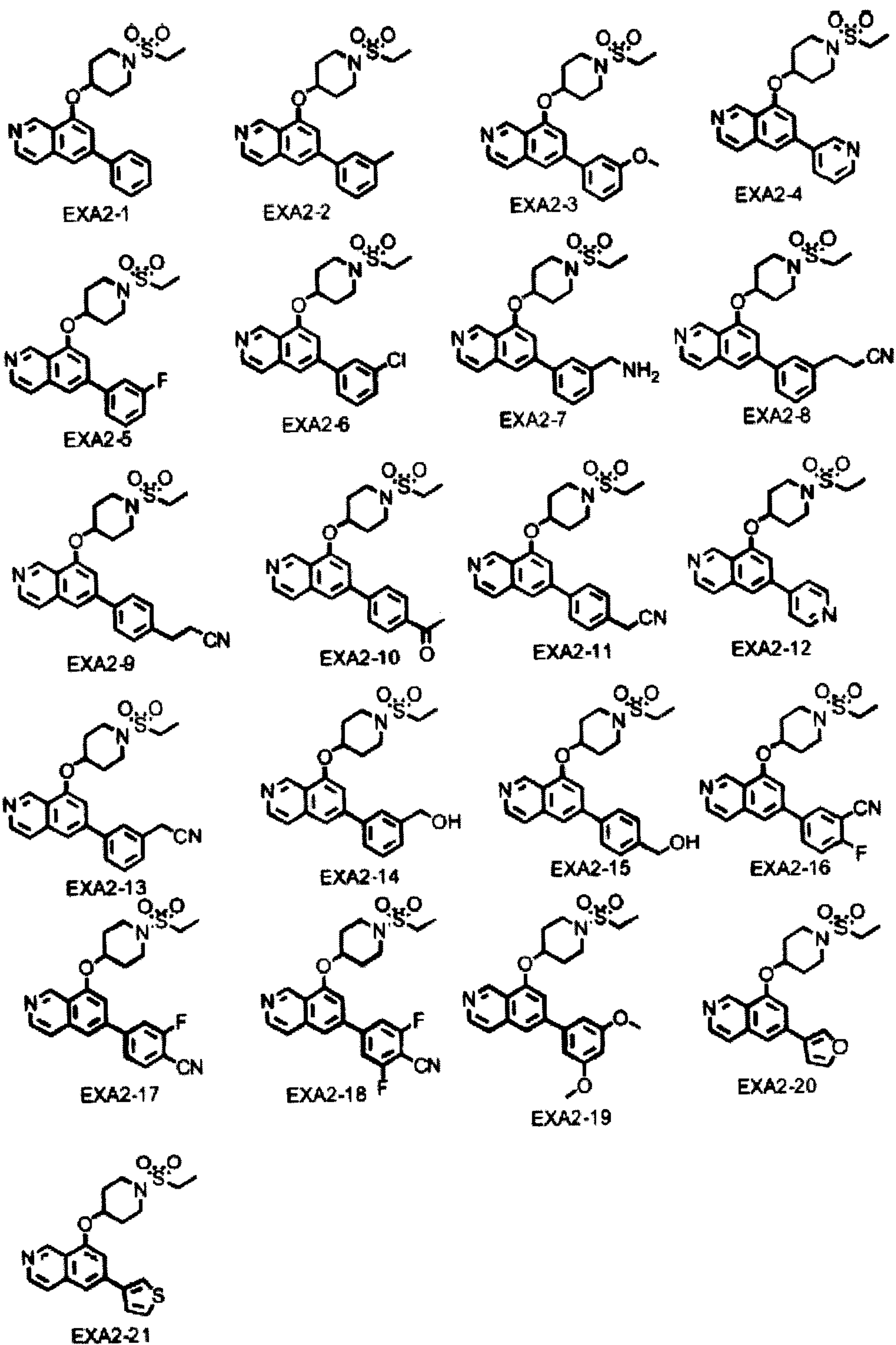


EXA1-20

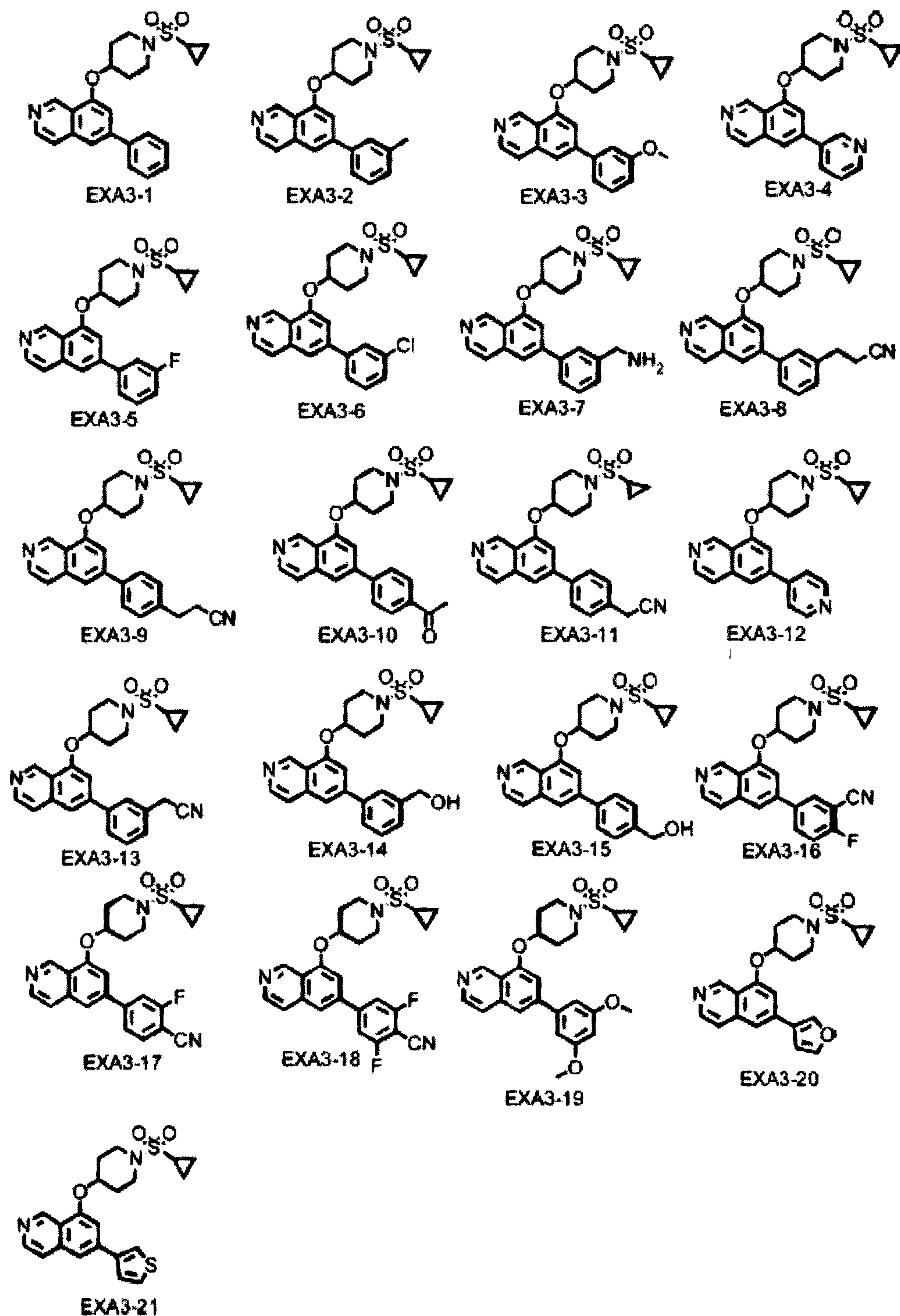


EXA1-21

[0075]



[0076]



[0077]

The compound of the present invention may have one or more asymmetric center, and a stereoisomer such as an optical enantiomer or a diastereoisomer based on such an asymmetric center may exist. Stereoisomers in a pure form and arbitrary mixtures or racemates of stereoisomers all fall within the scope of the present invention. In one embodiment, mixtures of racemates and the like may be preferred due to easiness of production. Furthermore,

when the compound of the present invention has an olefinic double bond or a cyclic structure, two or more stereoisomers may exist, and arbitrary stereoisomers in a pure form or arbitrary mixtures of stereoisomers all fall within the scope of the present invention. Furthermore, the compound of the present invention may exist as a tautomer. Existence of tautomers is apparent for those skilled in the art and all tautomers fall within the scope of the present invention.

[0078]

In the present specification, "the compound represented by the formula (1)" is generally understood as a compound, in a free form, represented by the formula (1).

[0079]

The compound represented by the formula (1) may exist as a salt and such a salt also fall within the scope of the present invention. The form of the salt is not particularly limited and an acid addition salt is generally formed. A base addition salt may be formed depending on the type of a substituent.

Salts are preferably pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Acids and bases that form pharmaceutically acceptable salts are known to those skilled in the art and examples thereof include the salts described by Berge et al. in J. Pharm. Sci., 1977, pp. 1-19.

Examples of acid addition salts include mineral acid salts such as hydrochlorides, hydrobromates, hydroiodides, nitrates, sulfates, hydrogen sulfates, phosphates, and hydrogen phosphates and organic acid salts such as acetates, trifluoroacetates, gluconates, lactates, salicylates, citrates, tartarates, ascorbates, succinates, maleates, fumarates, formates, benzoates, methanesulfonates, ethanesulfonates, and p-toluenesulfonates.

For example, when one or more substituents include an acidic moiety, examples of base addition salts include alkali metal salts such as sodium salts and potassium salts, alkaline earth metal salts such as magnesium salts and calcium salts, organic amine salts such as triethylamine salts, pyridine salts, procaine salts, picoline salts, dicyclohexylamine salts, diethanolamine salts, triethanolamine salts, tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane salts, and amino acid addition salts such as arginine salts, lysine salts, ornithine salts, serine salts, glycine salts, aspartic acid salts, and glutamic acid salts.

[0080]

The compound of the present invention may be a nonhydrate. Furthermore, the compound of the present invention is preferably a hydrate in one embodiment.

In one embodiment, the compound of the present invention is preferably a solvate. In another embodiment, a nonsolvate may be preferred.

[0081]

The compound of the present invention may be crystalline or amorphous. The crystalline compound may be of a single crystal or a mixture of multiple crystalline forms. Alternatively, the compound of the present invention may be of an arbitrary mixture of crystalline and amorphous forms.

[0082]

In one embodiment, it is preferred that "the compound represented by the formula (1)" is neither a hydrate nor a solvate (this compound may be referred to as a "free compound"). In another embodiment, it may be preferred that "the compound represented by the formula (1)" is either a hydrate or a solvate.

In one embodiment, it is preferred that "a salt of the compound represented by the formula (1)" is neither a hydrate nor a solvate. In another embodiment, it may be preferred that "a salt of the compound represented by the formula (1)" is either a hydrate or a solvate. Furthermore, preferred examples include crystals of these substances.

[0083]

In one embodiment, the above-mentioned compound of the present invention is preferably crystalline.

[0084]

A prodrug of the compound of the present invention also falls within the scope of the present invention.

A prodrug can be produced from the compound of the present invention by, for example, suitably introducing a group constituting a prodrug into one or more arbitrary groups selected from hydroxyl groups and amino groups in the compound of the present invention according to a usual method using a prodrug forming reagent such as a corresponding halogenated compound and then suitably isolating and purifying according to a usual method as intended. Furthermore, a prodrug of the compound of the present invention can also be produced by suitably introducing a group constituting a prodrug into a carboxyl group in the compound of the present invention according to a usual method using a prodrug forming reagent such as a corresponding alcohol or amine. When the prodrug of the present invention is produced, a protective group existing in a compound represented by the formula (2) described later may be utilized.

The prodrug of the compound of the present invention is not particularly limited so long as a metabolite thereof exhibits an intended pharmacological effect and examples thereof include compounds in which a group constituting a prodrug is introduced into one or more arbitrary groups selected from hydroxyl groups, amino groups,

and carboxyl groups in the compound of the present invention. Examples of the group that can constitute a prodrug when introduced into a hydroxyl group or an amino group include an acyl group and an alkoxycarbonyl group and preferred examples include an acetyl group, a propionyl group, a methoxycarbonyl group, and an ethoxycarbonyl group. In one embodiment, an ethoxycarbonyl group is particularly preferred. In another embodiment, an acetyl group, a propionyl group, or a methoxycarbonyl group may be preferred. Examples of the group that can constitute a prodrug when introduced into a carboxyl group include a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an isopropyl group, an n-butyl group, an isobutyl group, an s-butyl group, a t-butyl group, an amino group, a methylamino group, an ethylamino group, a dimethylamino group, and a diethylamino group and preferred examples include an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, and an isopropyl group. In one embodiment, an ethyl group is particularly preferred. In another embodiment, an n-propyl group or an isopropyl group may be preferred.

[0085]

Hereafter, the structure of the compound represented by the formula (2a) (which may also be simply referred to as "the compound of the formula (2a)") will be described in detail.

In the compound of the formula (2a), R^3 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted, preferably a hydrogen atom. In another embodiment, a lower alkyl group is preferred, an alkyl group having 1 to 3 carbon atoms is more preferred, a methyl group or an ethyl group is even more preferred, and a methyl group is particularly preferred.

[0086]

R^4 represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, or an aralkyl group that may be substituted. An alkyl group that may be substituted or an aralkyl group that may be substituted are preferred and an alkyl group that may be substituted is more preferred. In another embodiment, an aralkyl group that may be substituted may be preferred. In yet another embodiment, a hydrogen atom may be preferred.

[0087]

R^5 represents a halogen atom, preferably a bromine atom, a chlorine atom, or a fluorine atom, more preferably a bromine atom or a chlorine atom, yet more preferably a bromine atom. In another embodiment, a chlorine atom may be preferred.

[0088]

Hereafter, the structure of the compound represented by the formula (2b) (which may also be simply referred to as "the compound of the formula (2b)") will be described in detail.

In the compound of the formula (2b), R^4 represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, or an aralkyl group that may be substituted, preferably an alkyl group that may be substituted or an aralkyl group that may be substituted, more preferably an alkyl group that may be substituted. In another embodiment, an aralkyl group that may be substituted may be preferred. In yet another embodiment, a hydrogen atom may be preferred.

[0089]

R^5 represents a halogen atom, preferably a bromine atom, a chlorine atom, or a fluorine atom, more preferably a bromine atom or a chlorine atom, yet more preferably a bromine atom. In another embodiment, a chlorine atom may be preferred.

[0090]

The compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b) is generally a free compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b), respectively. Furthermore, the compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b) may exist as a salt thereof, and such a salt thereof also falls within the scope of the present invention. The form of the salt can be the same as those of the compound represented by the formula (1).

The compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b) or a salt thereof may be a nonhydrate. Furthermore, in one embodiment, the compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b) or a salt thereof is preferably a hydrate.

In one embodiment, the compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b) or a salt thereof is preferably a solvate. In another embodiment, it may be preferred that the compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b) is a nonsolvate.

The compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b) may be crystalline or amorphous. The crystalline compound may be of a single crystal or a mixture of multiple crystalline forms. Alternatively, the compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b) may be of an arbitrary mixture of crystalline and amorphous forms.

In one embodiment, it is preferred that "the compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b)" is neither a hydrate nor a solvate (this compound may be referred to as a "free compound"). In another embodiment, it may be preferred that "the compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b)" is either a hydrate or a solvate.

In one embodiment, it is preferred that a "salt of the compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b)" is neither a hydrate nor a solvate. In another embodiment, it may be preferred that a "salt of the compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b)" is either a hydrate or a solvate. Furthermore, preferred examples include crystals of those substances.

In one embodiment, the above-mentioned compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b) or a salt thereof is preferably crystalline.

A prodrug of the compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b) or a salt thereof also falls within the scope of the present invention. The form and the production method of the prodrug of the compound represented by the formula (2a) or (2b) or a salt thereof can be the same as those of the compound represented by the formula (1) or a salt thereof.

[0091]

Production Methods

The compound of the present invention can be produced by, for example, the following methods, but the production methods thereof are not limited to the following Production Methods.

In the following Production Methods, the reaction time of each reaction is not particularly limited and it is sufficient to terminate the reaction in each reaction when an intended yield is obtained. The progression of the reaction can be readily followed by the analytical measure described later.

Each reaction in the following Production Methods can be carried out in an inert gas atmosphere, such as, for example, a nitrogen or argon flow, if necessary.

[0092]

Furthermore, protection by a protective group and subsequent deprotection in each reaction in the following Production Methods can be performed suitably with reference to the methods described later if necessary.

Examples of the protective group used in the following Production Methods include a protective group for a carboxyl group (-COOH), a protective group for a hydroxyl group (-OH), a protective group for a formyl group (-CHO), and a protective group for an amino group (-NH₂).

[0093]

Examples of the protective group for a carboxyl group include an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms that is substituted with an alkoxy group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms that is substituted with 1 to 3 halogen atoms and specific examples include a methyl group, an ethyl group, a t-butyl group, an allyl group, a methoxyethyl group, and a trichloroethyl group.

[0094]

Examples of the protective group for a hydroxyl group include an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms that is substituted with an alkoxy group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms that is substituted with 1 to 3 halogen atoms, a silyl group substituted with 3 identical or different alkyl groups having 1 to 4 carbon atoms or phenyl groups, a tetrahydropyranyl group, a tetrahydrofuryl group, a propargyl group, and a trimethylsilylethyl group and specific examples include a methyl group, an ethyl group, a t-butyl group, an allyl group, a methoxymethyl (MOM) group, a methoxyethyl (MEM) group, a trichloroethyl group, a phenyl group, a methylphenyl group, a chlorophenyl group, a benzyl group, a methyl benzyl group, a chlorobenzyl group, a dichlorobenzyl group, a fluorobenzyl group, a trifluoromethylbenzyl group, a nitrobenzyl group, a methoxybenzyl group, an N-methylaminobenzyl group, an N,N-dimethylaminobenzyl group, a phenacyl group, a trityl group, an 1-ethoxyethyl (EE) group, a tetrahydropyranyl (THP) group, a tetrahydrofuryl group, a propargyl group, a trimethylsilyl (TMS) group, a triethylsilyl (TES) group, a t-butyldimethylsilyl (TBDMS) group, a t-butyldiphenylsilyl (TBDPS) group, an acetyl (Ac) group, a pivaloyl group, a benzoyl group, an allyloxycarbonyl (Alloc) group, and a 2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonyl (Troc) group.

[0095]

Examples of the protective group for a formyl group include an acetal group and specific examples include dimethyl acetal.

[0096]

Examples of the protective group for an amino group include a benzyl group, a methylbenzyl group, a chlorobenzyl group, a dichlorobenzyl group, a fluorobenzyl group, a trifluoromethylbenzyl group, a nitrobenzyl group, a methoxyphenyl group, an N-methylaminobenzyl group, an N,N-dimethylaminobenzyl group, a phenacyl group, an acetyl group, a trifluoroacetyl group, a pivaloyl group, a benzoyl group, an allyloxycarbonyl group, a 2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonyl group, a benzyloxycarbonyl (Cbz) group, a t-butoxycarbonyl (Boc) group, a 1-methyl-1-(4-biphenyl)ethoxycarbonyl (Bpoc) group, a 9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl group, a benzyloxy methyl (BOM) group, and a 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl (SEM) group.

[0097]

During the production step or at the final stage in the following Production Methods, the compound can be converted to a target compound by deprotecting an introduced protective group at the same time as or successively after the production step. The protection and deprotection reactions can be performed by a known method, for

example, the method described in Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis, John Wiley and Sons (2007), and deprotection can be performed by, for example, the following methods (1) to (6) and the like.

[0098]

(1) Deprotection reaction under an acidic condition. This reaction is performed, for example, in an organic solvent (dichloromethane, chloroform, dioxane, ethyl acetate, methanol, anisole, etc.) in the presence of an acid such as an organic acid (acetic acid, trifluoroacetic acid, methanesulfonic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid, etc.), a Lewis acid (boron tribromide, boron trifluoride, bromide aluminium, aluminium chloride, etc.) or an inorganic acid (hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid, etc.) or a mixture thereof (hydrobromic acid/acetic acid, etc.) at -10 to 100°C. In some methods, ethanethiol, 1,2-ethanedithiol, or the like may be added as an additive. The amount of an acid used is preferably 1 to 100 molar equivalents based on the starting compound. The reaction time is usually 0.1 hours or longer, preferably, for example, 0.5 to 48 hours. Since the reaction progression can be followed by thin layer chromatography (TLC), high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC), or the like, the reaction can be suitably terminated when an intended yield of a target compound is obtained.

[0099]

(2) Deprotection reaction by alkali hydrolysis. This reaction is performed by, for example, reacting the compound with a base in a reaction solvent such as a polar solvent. Examples of the base include alkali metal bases such as sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, lithium hydroxide, barium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide, sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, sodium methoxide, and potassium t-butoxide and organic bases such as triethylamine. The amount of a alkali metal base used is usually 1 to 20 molar equivalents per mole of a reactant, preferably, for example, 1 to 10 molar equivalents and that of an organic base is, for example, 1 molar equivalent to a large excess. The reaction solvent is usually an inactive medium that does not interfere with an reaction, preferably a polar solvent. Examples of the polar solvent include water, methanol, ethanol, tetrahydrofuran, and dioxane. If necessary, these solvents can be mixed. As the reaction temperature, for example, a suitable temperature from -10°C to reflux temperature of a solvent is selected. The reaction time is usually 0.5 to 72 hours or longer, preferably, for example, 1 to 48 hours. When an organic base is used, the reaction time is, for example, 5 hours to 14 days.

[0100]

(3) Deprotection reaction by hydrogenolysis. This reaction is performed, for example, in a solvent [an ether solvent (tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, dimethoxyethane, diethyl ether, etc.), an alcohol solvent (methanol, ethanol, etc.),

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a benzene solvent (benzene, toluene, etc.), a ketone solvent (acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, etc.), a nitrile solvent (acetonitrile, etc.), an amide solvent (dimethylformamide, etc.), an ester solvent (ethyl acetate, etc.), water, acetic acid, a mixed solvent of two or more of these solvents, etc.] in the presence of a catalyst (a palladium carbon powder, platinum oxide (PtO₂), activated nickel, etc.) and a hydrogen source such as a hydrogen gas, ammonium formate, or hydrazine hydrate under normal pressure or increased pressure at -10 to 100°C.

[0101]

(4) Deprotection reaction of a silyl group. This reaction is performed by, for example, using tetra-n-butylammonium fluoride or the like in an organic solvent that can be mixed with water (tetrahydrofuran, acetonitrile, etc.) at -10 to 60°C.

[0102]

(5) Deprotection reaction using a metal. This reaction is performed, for example, in an acidic solvent (acetic acid, a buffer of pH 4.2 to 7.2, or a mixture of these solutions and an organic solvent such as tetrahydrofuran) in the presence of a zinc powder at -10 to 60°C with or without applying ultrasound waves.

[0103]

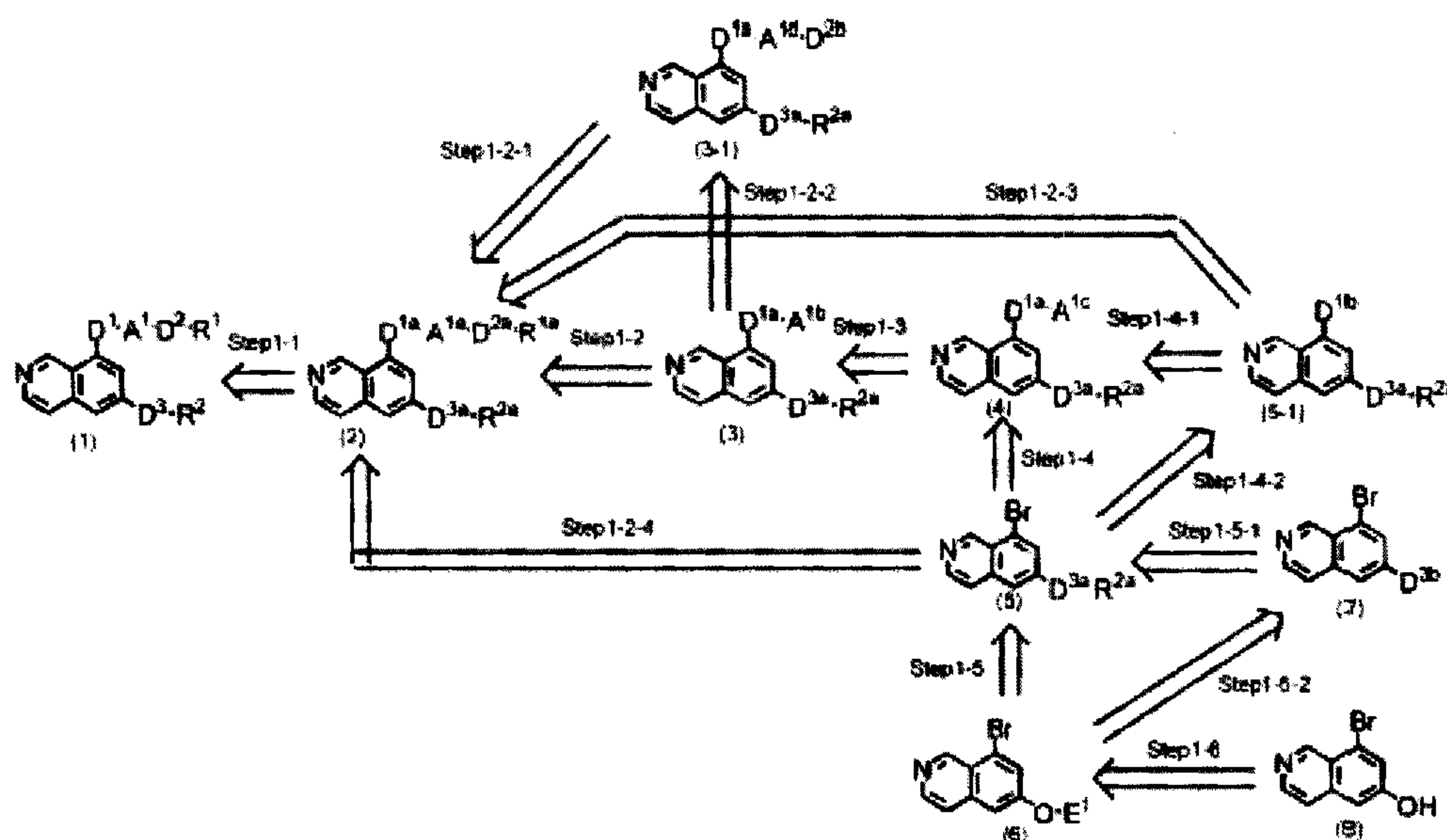
(6) Deprotection reaction using a metal complex. This reaction is performed by, for example, using a metal complex [tetrakis triphenylphosphine palladium(0), bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) dichloride, palladium(II) acetate, tris(triphenylphosphine)rhodium(I) chloride, etc.] in an organic solvent (dichloromethane, dimethylformamide, tetrahydrofuran, ethyl acetate, acetonitrile, dioxane, ethanol, etc.), water, or a mixed solvent thereof in the presence of a trap reagent (tributyltin hydride, triethyl silane, dimedon, morpholine, diethylamine, pyrrolidine, etc.), an organic acid (acetic acid, formic acid, 2-ethylhexanoic acid, etc.) and/or an organic acid salt (sodium 2-ethylhexanoate, potassium 2-ethylhexanoate, etc.) and in the presence or absence of a phosphine reagent (triphenylphosphine, etc.) at -10 to 60°C.

[0104]

Production Methods 1 and 2 will be described as examples of production methods of the compound of the present invention.

(Production Method 1)

The compound of the formula (1) can be produced along the reaction pathway shown in Scheme 1. In the following scheme, "Step" means a step. For example, "Step 1-1" is step 1-1.



Scheme 1

[0105]

Step 1-1

The compound of the present invention can be produced by performing a deprotection reaction in the compound of the formula (2), wherein D^{1a} , A^{1a} , D^{2a} , R^{1a} , D^{3a} , and R^{2a} each have the same meaning as D^1 , A^1 , D^2 , R^1 , D^3 , and R^2 , respectively, in Scheme 1 (Step 1-1).

When D^{1a} , A^{1a} , D^{2a} , R^{1a} , D^{3a} , and R^{2a} in the compound of the formula (2) are the same groups as D^1 , A^1 , D^2 , R^1 , D^3 , and R^2 , respectively, in the compound of the formula (1), Step 1-1 is unnecessary.

[0106]

As described above, this deprotection reaction can be performed according to a known method, for example, the method described in *Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis*, John Wiley and Sons (2007) or the like.

[0107]

A deprotection reaction using an acid can be performed with reference to the conditions in the above-mentioned "Deprotection reaction under an acidic condition." For example, when the compound of the formula (2) having a Boc group is deprotected to produce the compound of the formula (1), examples of a solvent used for a reaction include nonsolvents, water, alcohol, acetonitrile, and ether solvents such as 1,4-dioxane and a mixed solvent thereof. Furthermore, examples of the acid include mineral acids and organic acids and specific examples include hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, acetic acid, methanesulfonic acid, and phosphoric acid.

Hydrochloric acid is preferred. The amount of an acid used is preferably 1 to 100 molar equivalents per mole of the

compound of the formula (2). A reaction is preferably performed in the range of room temperature to reflux temperature of a solvent, more preferably from room temperature to 80°C. The compound of the formula (1) can also be produced by deprotecting the compound of the formula (2) having a Boc group using trifluoroacetic acid. In this case, trifluoroacetic acid can be used solely or as a mixed solvent with water or dichloromethane. The reaction can be performed in the temperature range of 0 to 100°C, preferably in the range of room temperature to 50°C. It is preferred to use 1 to 100 molar equivalents of trifluoroacetic acid per mole of the compound of the formula (2).

When a salt is formed with the acid used by the compound of the formula (1) as a solid after the reaction, a salt of the compound of the formula (1) can be obtained by isolating and purifying this solid by a usual method. Furthermore, when the compound of the formula (1) forms an acid adduct after the reaction, a free base (free compound) can be obtained by neutralizing this acid adduct by a usual method, and then an intended acid adduct can also be obtained.

[0108]

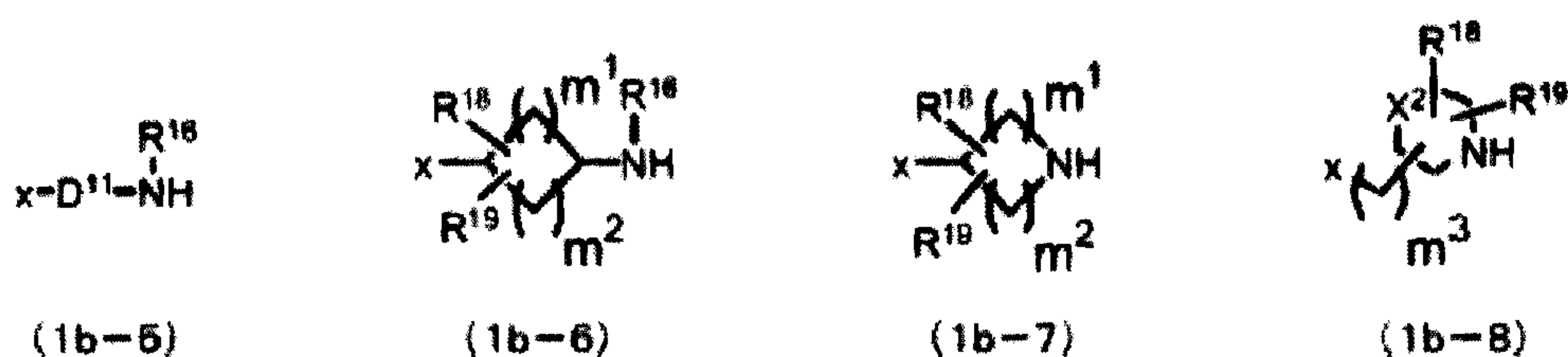
A compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{1a} represents $-S(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$ can be produced by oxidizing a compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{1a} represents $-S-$ (Compound 1-1U) according to, for example, the following method (1-1-i) or (1-1-ii).

(1-1-i) A compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{1a} represents $-S(O)-$ can be obtained by oxidizing Compound 1-1U using an oxidizing agent in an inert solvent. Examples of the inert solvent include dichloromethane, chloroform, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetonitrile, tert-butanol, acetic acid, trifluoroacetic acid, and water and a mixed solvent thereof. Examples of the oxidizing agent include sodium metaperiodate, 3-chloroperbenzoic acid, and hydrogen peroxide. It is preferred to use 0.3 to 2 molar equivalents of the oxidizing agent per mole of the starting compound. The reaction time is preferably 0.1 to 48 hours.

(1-1-ii) A compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{1a} represents $-S(O)_2-$ can be obtained by oxidizing Compound 1-1U using an oxidizing agent in an inert solvent. The same inert solvents and oxidizing agents as in the above-mentioned (1-1-i) can be used. However, it is preferred to use 2 or more molar equivalents of the oxidizing agent per mole of the starting compound.

[0109]

A compound of the formula (2) wherein R^{1a} represents any of groups of the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) can be produced from a compound of the formula (2) wherein R^{1a} represents any of groups of the following formulas (1b-5) to (1b-8), respectively:



wherein D¹¹, R¹⁶, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, X², m¹, m², and m³ have the same meaning as defined above and x represents a bond with D^{2a} (Compound 1-2U) by any of the following methods (1-2-i) to (1-2-iv).

Here, a compound of the formula (2) wherein R^{1a} represents a group of formula (1b-1), (1b-2), (1b-3), or (1b-4) can be produced from a compound of the formula (2) wherein R^{1a} represents a group of formula (1b-5), (1b-6), (1b-7), or (1b-8), respectively.

[0110]

(1-2-i) A compound of the formula (2) wherein D¹² in groups of the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) represents an alkylene that may be substituted can be obtained by, for example, using an alkyl halide (a chloride, a bromide, an iodide, etc.). A reaction can be usually performed in the presence of a base. Preferred examples of the base include inorganic bases such as potassium carbonate, sodium carbonate, cesium carbonate, sodium hydrogencarbonate, potassium hydroxide, and sodium hydroxide and potassium carbonate is particularly preferred. One or more molar equivalents of a halide per mole of Compound 1-2U are preferably used and it is more preferred to use 2 to 10 molar equivalents or more. Examples of a reaction solvent used include water, alcohol solvents such as methanol and ethanol, inert solvents such as N,N-dimethylformamide, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetone, 2-butanone, dimethyl sulfoxide, and acetonitrile and a mixed solvent thereof. Water, N,N-dimethylformamide, and acetone are preferred. The reaction temperature is, for example, -10°C or higher, preferably from 0 to 200°C. The reaction time is usually 0.5 hours or longer, preferably 2 to 36 hours.

A compound of the formula (2) wherein R^{1a} represents any of groups of the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) can also be produced by coupling an aldehyde or a ketone corresponding to a substituent to be introduced and Compound 1-2U by a reductive amination reaction. Examples of the method of reductive amination include the method described in The Fourth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 20, pp. 300-302, "Reductive Amination Reaction" or the methods according to the references included in this publication. Preferably, coupling is carried out by allowing a reducing agent to act on the starting compound in a solvent. Examples of the reducing agent include metal hydride reducing agents such as sodium borohydride, zinc borohydride, sodium borohydride triacetate, a borane-dimethyl sulfide complex, a borane-pyridine complex, a

borane-triethylamine complex, a borane-tetrahydrofuran complex, and lithium triethylboron and sodium borohydride and sodium borohydride triacetate are preferred. For example, 0.1 or more molar equivalents of a reducing agent per mole of Compound 1-2U are usually used and it is preferred to use 1 to 20 molar equivalents. 1 or more molar equivalents of the corresponding aldehyde or ketone are used and it is preferred to use 2 to 10 molar equivalents. Examples of the solvent include alcohols such as methanol, ethanol, and isopropanol, ethers such as tetrahydrofuran, 1,2-dimethoxyethane, and 1,4-dioxane, halogenated hydrocarbons such as dichloromethane, chloroform, and 1,2-dichloroethane, and N,N-dimethylformamide and methanol, tetrahydrofuran, and 1,2-dichloroethane are preferred. The reaction temperature is 0°C or higher, preferably from 10°C to reflux temperature of a solvent. The reaction time is 0.1 hours or longer, preferably 0.5 to 30 hours.

[0111]

(1-2-ii) A compound of the formula (2) wherein D¹² in groups of the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) represents -C(O)- can be produced by amidating a compound having a carboxyl group (-COOH) and Compound 1-2U by the methods described in The Fourth Series of Experimental Chemistry. The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 22, pp. 137-151, "Acid Amides and Acid Imides" or according to the references included in this publication. Specifically, a carboxylic acid corresponding to R¹⁷ in the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4), that is, a commercially available or preparable R¹⁷-COOH can be reacted with Compound 1-2U in an inert solvent in the presence of a suitable condensing agent widely used to form a bond with carboxylic acid by a known method. Examples of the condensing agent include dicyclohexylcarbodiimide, diisopropyl carbodiimide, and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide. 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole, 1-hydroxy-7-azobenzotriazole, and the like may be used as additives in some cases. Examples of the inert solvent include halogen hydrocarbons such as dichloromethane, chloroform, and 1,2-dichloroethane and N,N-dimethylformamide. Two or more types of organic solvents may be mixed. One or more molar equivalents of the carboxylic acid and the condensing agent per mole of Compound 1-2U can usually be used and it is preferred to use 1 to 10 molar equivalents. The reaction temperature is 0°C or higher, preferably, for example, 0 to 100°C. The reaction time is 0.1 hours or longer, preferably, for example, 0.1 to 48 hours.

Alternatively, the compound of the formula (2) wherein R^{1a} represents any of groups of the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) can also be produced by coupling a carboxylic acid chloride or a mixed acid anhydride corresponding to R¹⁷ in the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) and Compound 1-2U in an inert solvent in the presence of a base. Examples of the inert solvent include halogen hydrocarbons such as dichloromethane, chloroform, and 1,2-dichloroethane and

acetonitrile. Examples of the base include organic bases such as triethylamine, N,N-diisopropylethylamine, and pyridine and inorganic bases such as potassium carbonate and sodium hydrogencarbonate. 1 to 6 molar equivalents of a base, a carboxylic acid chloride, or a mixed acid anhydride per mole of Compound 1-2U can usually be used, and it is preferred to use 1.1 to 3.3 molar equivalents. The reaction temperature is from -10 to 100°C, preferably approx. 0 to 50°C. The reaction time is preferably 0.1 to 48 hours.

[0112]

(1-2-iii)

When D¹² in the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) represents -S(O)₂- in the compound of the formula (2), the compound of the formula (2) wherein R^{1a} represents any of groups of the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) can be produced by coupling Compound 1-2U and a sulfonic acid chloride or a sulfonic acid anhydride corresponding to R¹⁷ in the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) in an inert solvent in the presence of a base by the methods described in The Fourth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 22, pp. 137-151, "Acid Amides and Acid Imides" or the methods according to the references included in this publication. Examples of the inert solvent include halogen hydrocarbons such as dichloromethane, chloroform, and 1,2-dichloroethane and acetonitrile. Dichloromethane is particularly preferred. Examples of the base include organic bases such as triethylamine, N,N-diisopropylethylamine, and pyridine and inorganic bases such as potassium carbonate and sodium hydrogencarbonate. Triethylamine, N,N-diisopropylethylamine, and pyridine are preferred. 1 to 10 molar equivalents of a base and a sulfonic acid chloride per mole of Compound 1-2U can be usually used and it is preferred to use 1.1 to 5 molar equivalents. The reaction temperature is from -10 to 40°C, preferably approx. 0 to 30°C. The reaction time is preferably 0.1 to 48 hours.

[0113]

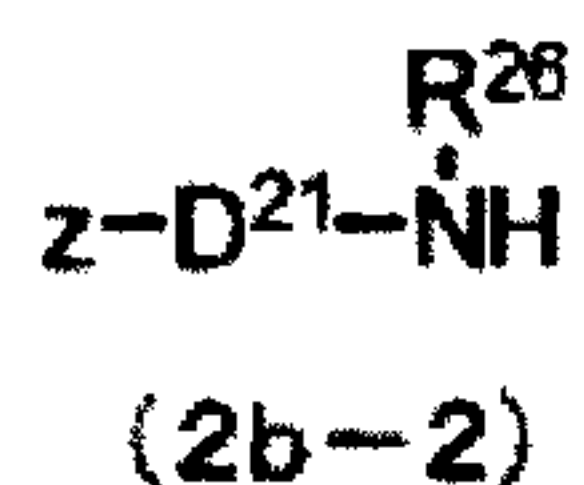
(1-2-iv) When D¹² in the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) represents -C(O)-N(R¹⁵)- in the compound of the formula (2), the compound of the formula (2) wherein R^{1a} represents any of groups of the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) can be produced by coupling compound 1-2U and an isocyanate corresponding to R¹⁷ in the formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4) in an inert solvent in the presence or absence of a base by the method described in The First Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 14, pp. 1628-1644, "Ureas" or The Fourth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 20, pp. 360-361, "Ureas" or the methods according to the references included in these publications. Examples of the inert solvent include halogen hydrocarbons such as dichloromethane and chloroform and acetonitrile. Examples of the base

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include organic bases such as triethylamine, N,N-diisopropylethylamine, pyridine and inorganic bases such as potassium carbonate and sodium hydrogencarbonate. 1 to 10 molar equivalents of a base and an isocyanate per mole of compound 1-2U can usually be used, and it is preferred to use 1.1 to 3.3 molar equivalents. The reaction temperature is from -10 to 40°C, preferably approx. 0 to 30°C. The reaction time is preferably 0.1 to 48 hours.

[0114]

A compound of the formula (2) wherein R^{2a} represents the above-mentioned formula (2a-1) and one or more of R^{23} , R^{24} , and R^{25} represents the above-mentioned formula (2b-1) (Compound 1-3T) can be produced from a compound of the formula (2) wherein R^{2a} represents the formula (2a-1) and one or more of R^{23} , R^{24} , and R^{25} represents the following formula (2b-2):



wherein D^{21} , R^{26} , and z have the same meaning as defined above (Compound 1-3U) by the following methods (1-3-i) to (1-3-iv).

[0115]

(1-3-i) Compound 1-3T wherein D^{22} represents an alkylene that may be substituted can be produced from Compound 1-3U according to the same method as in the above-mentioned (1-2-i).

(1-3-ii) Compound 1-3T wherein D^{22} represents $-C(O)-$ can be produced from Compound 1-3U according to the same method as in the above (1-2-ii).

(1-3-iii) Compound 1-3T wherein D^{22} represents $-S(O)_2-$ can be produced from Compound 1-3U according to the same method as in the above (1-2-iii).

(1-3-iv) Compound 1-3T wherein D^{22} represents $-C(O)-N(R^{28})-$ can be produced from Compound 1-3U according to the same method as in the above (1-2-iv).

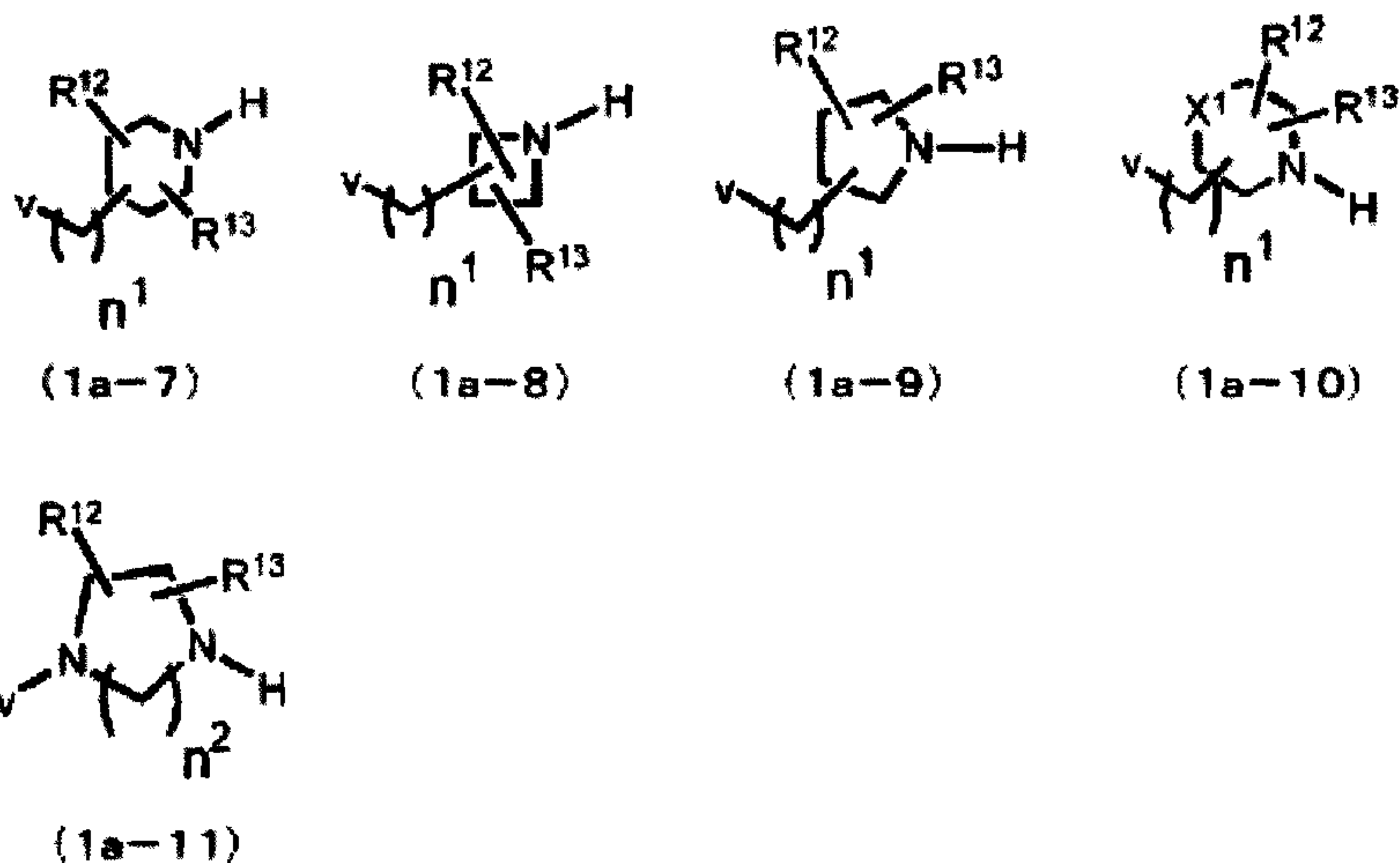
[0116]

Step 1-2

When, in the compound of the formula (2), D^{1a} represents a single bond, $-N(R^{11})-$, $-O-$, $-S-$, $-S(O)-$, or $-S(O)_2-$, A^{1a} represents any of divalent groups of the above-mentioned formulas (1a-1) to (1a-5), and D^{2a} represents a single bond, $-S(O)_2-$, $-C(O)-N(R^{15})-$, or $-E-C(O)-$, (provided that, when D^{1a} represents a single bond, A^{1a} represents a divalent group of the formula (1a-5), and, when D^{1a} represents $-N(R^{11})-$, $-O-$, $-S-$, $-S(O)-$, or $-S(O)_2-$, A^{1a} represents

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any of divalent groups of the formulas (1a-1) to (1a-4)), the compound of the formula (2) can be produced from a compound of the formula (3) wherein A^{1b} represents any of groups of the following formulas (1a-7) to (1a-11):



wherein D^{1a} , D^{3a} , R^{2a} , R^{12} , R^{13} , X^1 , n^1 , and n^2 have the same meaning as defined above, and v represents a bond with D^{1a} .

Here, a compound of the formula (2) wherein A^{1a} represents a group of the formula (1a-1), (1a-2), (1a-3), (1a-4), or (1a-5) can be produced from a compound of the formula (3) wherein A^{1b} represents a group of the formula (1a-7), (1a-8), (1a-9), (1a-10), or (1a-11), respectively.

[0117]

A compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{2a} represents $-C(O)-$, $-S(O)_2-$, $-C(S)-$, $-C(O)-N(R^{15})-$, $-C(S)-N(R^{15})-$, or $-E-C(O)-$ can be produced from a compound of formula (3) and commercially available or preparable compound of the following formula (1-2a):



wherein Y^1 represents a halogen atom or a hydroxyl group, D^{2c} represents $-C(O)-$, $-S(O)_2-$, $-C(S)-$, or $-E-C(O)-$, and R^{1a} has the same meaning as defined above, provided that, when D^{2c} represents alkylene, $-E-C(O)-$, or $-S(O)_2-$, Y^1 represents a halogen atom) according to any of the following methods (1-4-i) to (1-4-v).

[0118]

(1-4-i) A compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{2a} represents an alkylene or $-EC(O)-$ can be produced from a compound of the formula (3) and a compound of the formula (1-2a) or a commercially available or preparable compound of the following formula (1-2b):



wherein Y^2 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group, D^{2d} is an alkylene or $-E-C(O)-$, and R^{1a} has the same meaning as defined above, according to the same method as in the above (1-2-i).

[0119]

(1-4-ii) A compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{2a} represents $-C(O)-$ can be produced from a compound of the formula (3) and a commercially available or preparable compound of the formula (1-2a) according to the same method as in the above (1-2-ii). When Y^1 represents a hydroxyl group and D^{2c} represents $-C(O)-$ in a compound of the formula (1-2a), the compound of the formula (1-2a) is carboxylic acid, and this carboxylic acid may be used as it is in a reaction according to the method (1-2-ii) or may be converted to a corresponding anhydride and then used in a reaction according to the method (1-2-ii).

[0120]

(1-4-iii) A compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{2a} represents $-S(O)_2-$ can be produced from a compound of the formula (3) and a commercially available or preparable compound of the formula (1-2a) according to the same method as in the above (1-2-iii).

[0121]

(1-4-iv) A compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{2a} represents $-C(O)-N(R^{15})-$ or $-C(S)-N(R^{15})-$ and R^{15} represents a hydrogen atom can be produced from a compound of the formula (3) and a commercially available or preparable compound (for example, preparable according to the methods described in The First Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 14, pp. 1490-1508, "Isocyanates" and "Thioisocyanates" or the methods according to the references included in this publication) of the following formula (1-2c) or (1-2d):



according to the same method as in the above-mentioned (1-2-iv).

[0122]

(1-4-v) A compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{2a} represents $-C(S)-$ can be produced from a compound of the formula (3) by, for example, the method described in The First Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 14, pp. 1827-1828, "Synthesis of Thiocarboxylic Acid Amide" or the methods described in the references included in this publication. Examples of the method include methods

comprising reacting a compound of the formula (3) and a corresponding thiocarboxylic acid ester in a solvent in the presence of a base. Examples also include methods comprising producing from a compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{2a} represents -C(O)- by the method described in The First Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 14., pp. 1817-1821, "Thiocarbonyl Compounds" or the methods described in the references included in this publication.

When D^{2a} represents a single bond and R^{1a} represents a hydrogen atom in the compound of the formula (2), Step 1-2 is unnecessary.

[0123]

Step 1-2-1

A compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{2a} represents -E-C(O)- can be produced from a compound of the formula (3-1) wherein D^{1a} has the same meaning as defined above, A^{1d} represents any of divalent groups of the above-mentioned formulas (1a-1) to (1a-5), provided that, when D^{1a} represents a single bond, A^{1d} represents a divalent group of the formula (1a-5), and, when D^{1a} represents -N(R¹¹)-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, or -S(O)₂-, A^{1d} represents any of divalent groups of the formulas (1a-1) to (1a-4), and D^{2b} represents -E-C(O)-OH by an amidation reaction with a commercially available or preparable aminating reagent according to, for example, the method described in The Fourth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 22, pp. 137-151, "Acid Amides and Acid Imides" and the methods according to the references included in this publication. Examples of the aminating reagent include primary amines such as methylamine and secondary amines such as dimethylamine and pyrrolidine.

[0124]

Step 1-2-2

A compound of the formula (3-1) can be produced by coupling a compound of formula (3) and a commercially available or preparable compound of the following formula (1-2-2a):



wherein Y³ represents a halogen atom and G¹ represents a hydrogen atom or a protective group of a carboxyl group) or a commercially available or preparable compound of the following formula (1-2-2b):

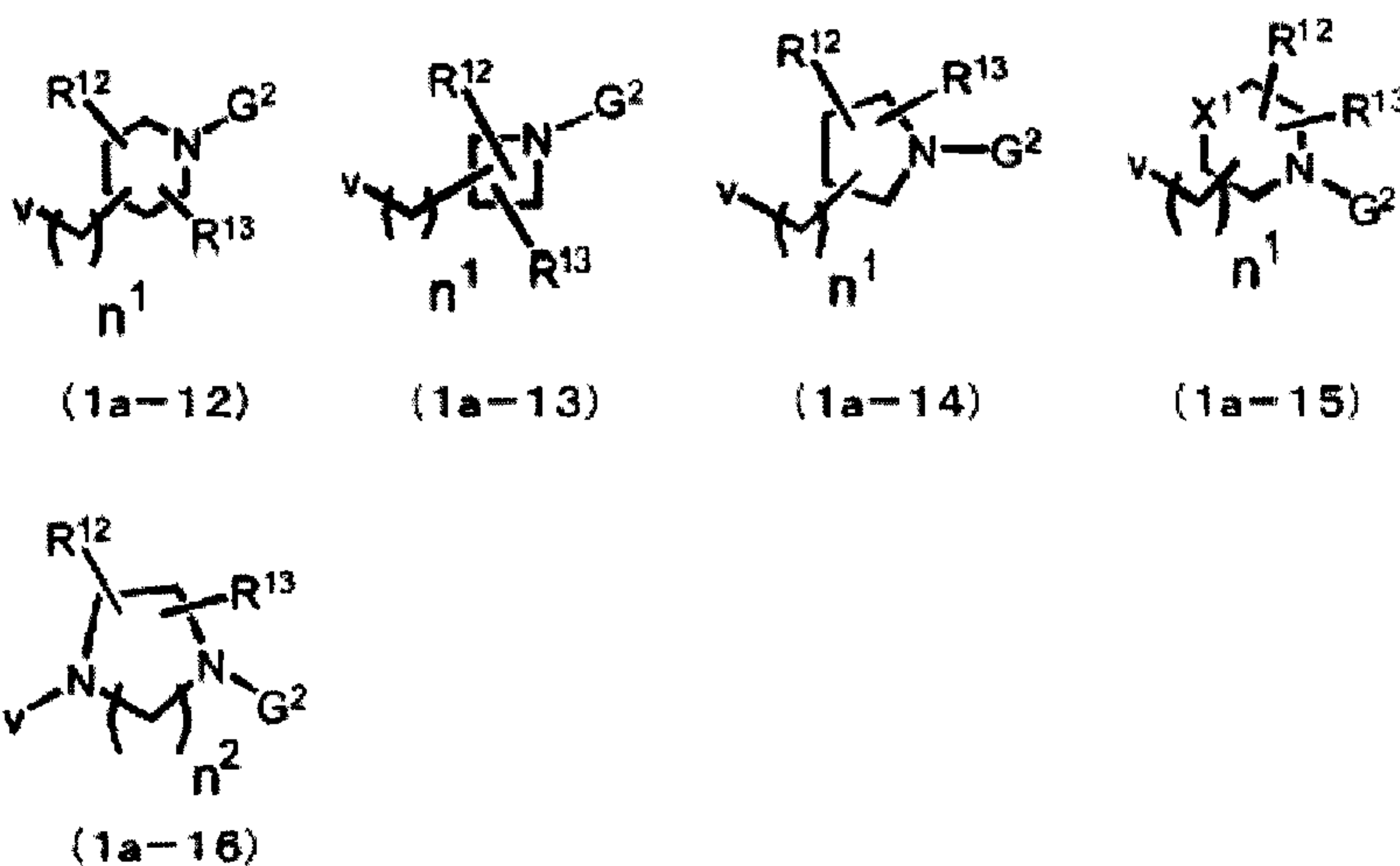


wherein G¹ has the same meaning as defined above by a method according to the above (1-2-i) and then deprotecting G¹. However, when G¹ represents hydrogen, deprotection is unnecessary.

[0125]

Step 1-3

A compound of the formula (3) can be produced by deprotecting the G^2 group in a compound of the formula (4) wherein A^{1c} represents any of groups of the following formulas (1a-12) to (1a-16):



D^{1a} , D^{3a} , R^{2a} , R^{12} , R^{13} , X^1 , n^1 , n^2 , and v each have the same meaning as defined above, and G^2 represents a protective group of an amino group, provided that, when D^{1a} represents a single bond, A^{1c} represents a divalent group of the formula (1a-16), D^{1a} represents $-N(R^{11})-$, $-O-$, $-S-$, $-S(O)-$, or $-S(O)_2-$, A^{1c} represents any of divalent groups of the formulas (1a-12) to (1a-15).

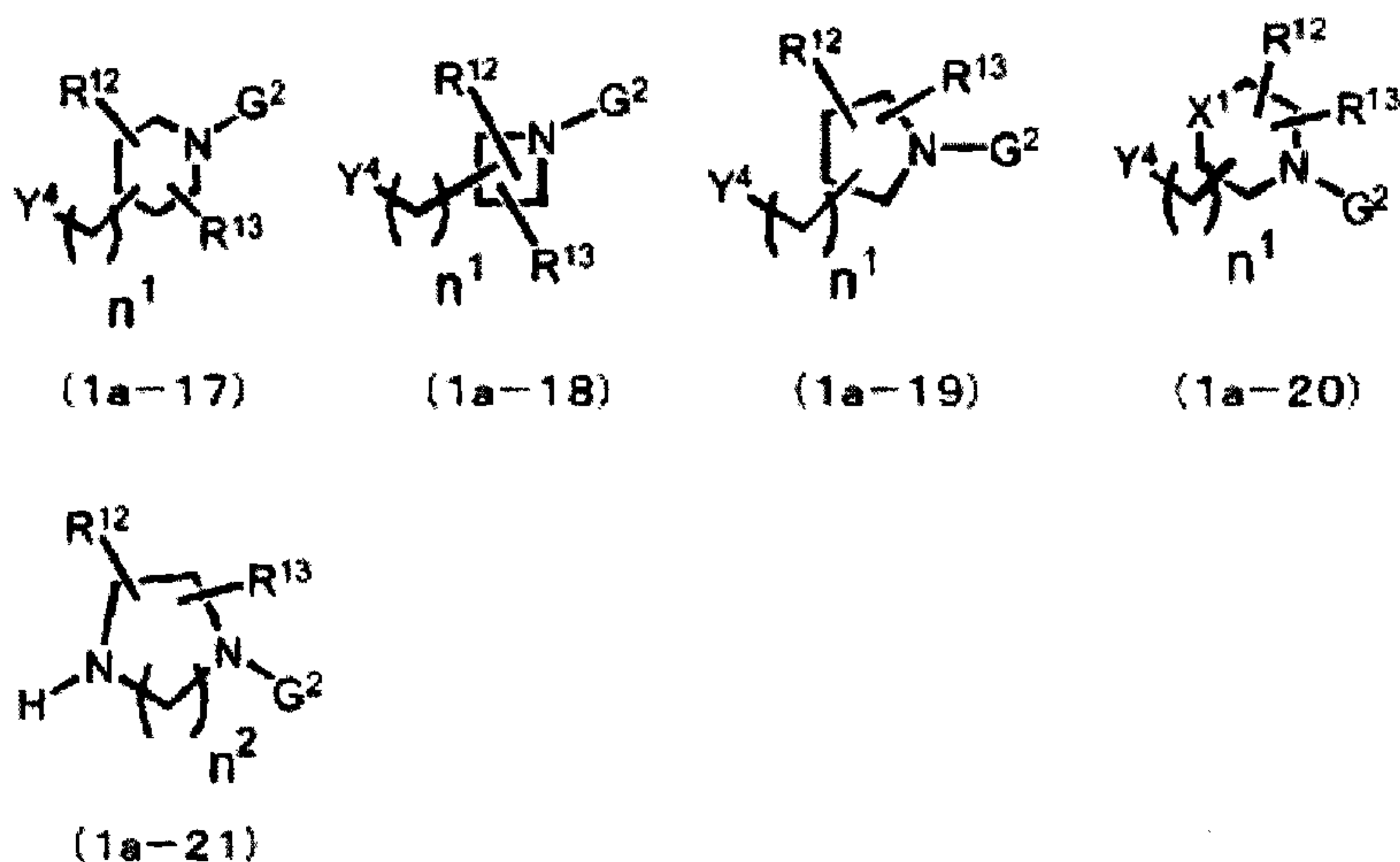
Here, the compound of the formula (3) wherein A^{1b} represents a group of the formula (1a-7), (1a-8), (1a-9), (1a-10), or (1a-11) can be produced from a compound of the formula (4) wherein A^{1c} represents a group of (1a-12), (1a-13), (1a-14), (1a-15), or (1a-16), respectively.

For example, when G^2 represents a Boc group, the above-described "Deprotection reaction under an acidic condition" can be performed as a method for producing a compound of the formula (3) by deprotecting the Boc group in the compound of the formula (4).

[0126]

Step 1-4

A compound of the formula (4) can be produced by coupling a compound of the formula (5) wherein D^{3a} and R^{2a} each have the same meaning as defined above and any commercially available or preparable compound of the following formulas (1a-17) to (1a-21):



wherein Y^4 represents $HN(R^{11})-$, $HO-$, or $HS-$ and R^{12} , R^{13} , X^1 , n^1 , n^2 , and G^2 each have the same meaning as defined above.

Specifically, a compound of the formula (4) wherein D^{1a} represents $-N(R^{11})-$ can be produced by reacting a compound of the formula (5) and any of compounds of the formulas (1a-17) to (1a-20) wherein Y^4 represents $HN(R^{11})-$ or a compound of the formula (1a-21) in an inert solvent in the presence of a palladium catalyst, a phosphorus compound, and a base (for example, according to Buchwald, S.L., J. Org. Chem., 2000, pp. 1158 and Buchwald, S.L., Organic Letters, 2000, pp. 1101). Examples of the inert solvent include ether solvents such as tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, and 1,2-dimethoxyethane, toluene, and N,N-dimethylformamide. 1,4-Dioxane and toluene are preferred. Examples of the palladium catalyst include commercially available catalysts such as tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium, tetrakis(methyldiphenylphosphine)palladium, dichlorobis(triphenylphosphine)palladium, dichlorobis(tri-o-tolylphosphine)palladium, dichlorobis(tricyclohexylphosphine)palladium, dichlorobis(triethylphosphine)palladium, palladium acetate, palladium chloride, bis(acetonitrile)palladium chloride, bis(dibenzylideneacetone)palladium, tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium, and bis(diphenylphosphinoferrocene)palladium chloride. These catalysts may be added to a reaction system as they are or catalysts separately prepared and isolated from palladium acetate, tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium, or the like and an arbitrary ligand may be added. Furthermore, a catalyst

that appears to be actually involved in the reaction may be prepared in a reaction system by mixing palladium acetate, tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium, or the like and an arbitrary ligand. The number of valents in palladium may be 0 or +2. In particular, preferred examples include tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium(0) and palladium(II) acetate. Examples of the phosphorus compound include phosphine ligands such as trifurylphosphine, tri(o-tolyl)phosphine, tri(cyclohexyl)phosphine, tri(t-butyl)phosphine, dicyclohexylphenylphosphine, 1,1'-bis(di-*t*-butylphosphino)ferrocene, 2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2'-dimethylamino-1,1'-biphenyl, 2-(di-*t*-butylphosphino)biphenyl, 2-(dicyclohexylphosphino)biphenyl, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl, xantphos, and tri(tert-butyl)phosphine. Alternative examples also include 2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2',6'-dimethoxybiphenyl, 2-dicyclohexyl-2',4',6'-triisopropylbiphenyl, and 1,2,3,4,5-pentamethyl-1'-(di-*t*-butylphosphino)ferrocene). 2-(di-tert-butylphosphino)biphenyl, 2-(dicyclohexylphosphino)biphenyl, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl, xantphos, tri(tert-butyl)phosphine, and the like are preferred. Preferred examples of a combination of a palladium catalyst and a phosphorus compound include tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium and 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl. The equivalent amount of a palladium catalyst may be an equal amount or a catalytic amount, but 0.01 mol% or more based on the starting compounds is preferred, and 0.10 to 50.0 mol% is particularly preferred. Examples of the base include sodium tert-butoxide, cesium carbonate, and potassium phosphate. For example, usually, 1 or more molar equivalents of a compound represent by any of the formulas (1a-17) to (1a-21) per mole of a compound of the formula (5) is preferred, and 1 to 5 molar equivalents are more preferred. As the reaction temperature, a suitable temperature from room temperature to reflux temperature of a solvent is selected, and the range of room temperature to 200°C is preferred. The reaction time is 0.1 hours or longer, preferably 0.1 to 48 hours.

A compound of the formula (4) wherein D^{1a} represents -O- can be produced by reacting a compound of the formula (5) and any of compounds of the formulas (1a-17) to (1a-20) wherein Y⁴ represents HO- in an inert solvent in the presence of a palladium catalyst, a phosphorus compound, and a base (for example, according to Buchwald, S.L., J. Org. Chem., 2000, pp. 1158 and Buchwald, S.L., Organic Letters, 2000, pp. 1101). Examples of the inert solvent include ether solvents such as tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, and 1,2-dimethoxyethane and toluene. Examples of the palladium catalyst include the above-mentioned palladium catalysts, for example, palladium(II) acetate and tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium(0). Examples of the phosphorus compound include 2-(di-tert-butylphosphino)biphenyl, rac-2-(di-tert-butylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl, and 2-(di-tert-butylphosphino)-2'-dimethylamino-1,1'-binaphthyl. Furthermore, examples of the base include sodium tert-butoxide, potassium tert-

butoxide, cesium carbonate, and potassium phosphate. Preferred examples of a combination of a palladium catalyst and a phosphorus compound include palladium acetate and rac-2-(di-tert-butylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl. It is usually preferred to use 1 or more molar equivalents of a compound represented by the formulas (1a-17) to (1a-20) per mole of a compound of the formula (5) and it is more preferred to use 1 to 5 molar equivalents. As the reaction temperature, a suitable temperature from room temperature to reflux temperature of a solvent is selected. The reaction time is preferably 0.1 to 48 hours.

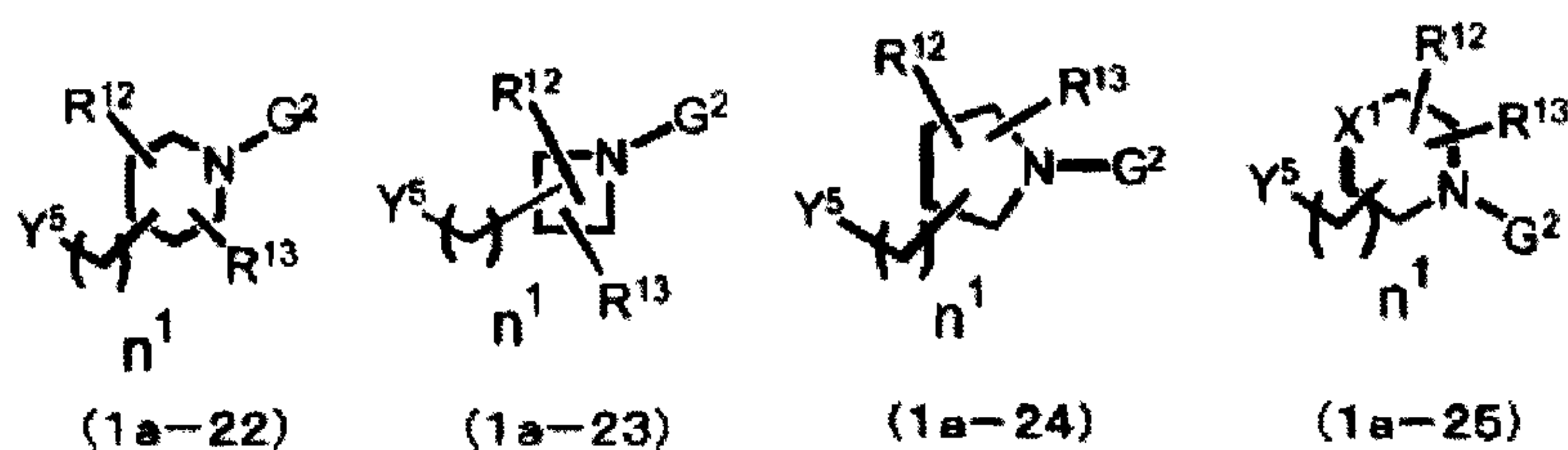
A compound of the formula (4) wherein D^{1a} represents -S- can be produced by reacting a compound of the formula (5) and any of compounds of the formulas (1a-17) to (1a-20) wherein Y^4 represents HS- in an inert solvent in the presence of a palladium catalyst, a phosphorus compound, and a base (for example, according to Hartwing et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2000, pp. 2180). Examples of the inert solvent include hydrocarbon solvents such as toluene, xylene, and hexane, halogen hydrocarbon solvents such as dichloromethane, 1,2-dimethoxyethane, and chloroform, and ether solvents such as tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, and diglyme. Examples of the palladium catalyst include the above-mentioned palladium catalysts such as, for example, palladium acetate and bis(dibenzylideneacetone)palladium. Examples of the phosphorus compound include the above-mentioned phosphorus compounds and preferred examples include Josiphos ligands. The amount of a palladium catalyst used may be equal to the starting compound or a catalytic amount, but 0.01 mol% or more based on the starting compound is preferred and 0.10 to 50.0 mol% is particularly preferred. Furthermore, examples of the base include sodium tert-butoxide, potassium tert-butoxide, and cesium carbonate. For example, it is usually preferred to use 1 or more molar equivalents of a compound represented by any of the formulas (1a-17) to (1a-20) per mole of a compound of the formula (5) and it is more preferred to use 1 to 5 molar equivalents. As the reaction temperature, a suitable temperature from room temperature to reflux temperature of a solvent is selected. The reaction time is preferably 0.1 to 48 hours.

A compound of the formula (4) wherein D^{1a} represents -S(O)- or -S(O)₂- can be obtained by oxidizing a compound of the formula (4) wherein D^{1a} represents -S- according to the above-mentioned method (1-1-i) or (1-1-ii).

[0127]

Step 1-4-1

As an alternative method, a compound of formula (4) wherein D^{1a} represents -N(R¹¹)- or -O- can be produced by coupling a compound of the formula (5-1) wherein D^{1b} represents -N(R¹¹)H or -OH, D^{3a} and R^{2a} have the same meaning as defined above and any of compounds of the following formulas (1a-22) to (1a-25):



wherein Y^5 represents a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a methanesulfonyloxy (OMs) group, a p-toluenesulfonyloxy (OTs) group, an alkenyl group, an alkynyl group, or $R^a-C(O)-$ wherein R^a represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group, and R^{12} , R^{13} , X^1 , G^2 , and n^1 have the same meaning as defined above.

Specifically, a compound of formula (4) wherein D^{1a} represents $-N(R^{11})-$ can be produced from a compound of the formula (5-1) wherein D^{1b} represents $-N(R^{11})H$ and any of compounds of the formulas (1a-22) to (1a-25) wherein Y^5 represents a halogen atom, an OMs group, an OTs group, or $R^a-C(O)-$ according to the same method as in the above (1-2-i). Here, when Y^5 represents a halogen atom, OMs, or OTs, Y^5 in a detached state binds to D^{1a} in any of compounds of the formulas (1a-22) to (1a-25), and, when Y^5 represents $R^a-C(O)-$, a carbonyl moiety in Y^5 is converted to methylene and binds to D^{1a} in any of compounds of the formulas (1a-22) to (1a-25).

Furthermore, as an alternative method, a compound of the formula (4) wherein D^{1a} represents $-N(R^{11})-$ can be produced by coupling a compound of the formula (5-1) wherein D^{1b} represents $-N(R^{11})H$ and any of compounds of the formulas (1a-22) to (1a-25) wherein Y^5 represents an alkenyl group or an alkynyl group in the presence of a suitable metal catalyst and a ligand (for example, according to Thomas, E.M. & Matthias, B., Chem. Rev., 1998, p. 673). When the compound obtained after this coupling has an unsaturated bond, a usual reduction reaction (for example, according to the methods described in The First Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 15-II, pp. 333-448, "Addition of Catalytic hydrogen" or The Fourth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 26, pp. 159-266, "Reduction in General" can be performed.

A compound of formula (4) wherein D^{1a} represents $-O-$ can be produced from a compound of the formula (5-1) wherein D^{1b} represents $-OH$ and any of compounds of the formulas (1a-22) to (1a-25) wherein Y^5 represents a hydroxyl group by utilizing a Mitsunobu reaction (for example, according to Mitsunobu, O., SYNTHESIS, 1981, p. 1). Specifically, such a compound can be produced by reacting a compound of the formula (5-1) and any of compounds of the formulas (1a-22) to (1a-25) wherein Y^5 represents a hydroxyl group in an organic solvent in the presence of a phosphine such as triphenylphosphine or tributylphosphine and an azo compound such as diethyl azodicarboxylate, diisopropyl azodicarboxylate, N,N,N',N' -tetramethyl azodicarboxamide, 1,1'-(azodicarbonyl)dipiperidine, or N,N,N',N' -

tetraisopropyl carboxamide. Examples of the organic solvent include ethers such as diethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran, and dimethoxyethane, halogen solvents such as methylene chloride, and benzenes such as benzene, toluene, and xylene and these solvents can be mixed if necessary. The amount of a phosphine used is usually 1 to 10 molar equivalents per mole of a compound of the formula (5-1), preferably 1.5 to 5 molar equivalents. The amount of an azo compound used is usually 1 to 10 molar equivalents per mole of a compound of the formula (5-1), preferably 1.5 to 5 molar equivalents. For example, the amount of a compound of the formulas (1a-22) to (1a-25) is 1 to 10 times that of a compound of the formula (5-1) in mole, preferably 1.5 to 5 times in mole. The reaction temperature is usually in the range of -20°C to reflux temperature of a solvent, preferably from 0 to -60°C. The reaction time is generally 1 hour to 3 days, preferably 3 to 24 hours.

As an alternative method, a compound of formula (4) wherein D^{1a} represents -O- can be produced by coupling a compound of the formula (5-1) wherein D^{1b} represents -OH and any of compounds of the formulas (1a-22) to (1a-25) wherein Y⁵ represents an alkenyl group or an alkynyl group in the presence of a suitable metal catalyst and ligand (for example, according to Francisco, A. et al., Chem. Rev., 2004, p. 3079, or Ian C.S. et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2003, p. 8696). When the compound obtained after this coupling has an unsaturated bond, a usual reduction reaction (for example, according to the methods described in The First Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 15-II, pp. 333-448, "Addition of Catalytic Hydrogen" and The Fourth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 26, pp. 159-266, "Reduction in General".

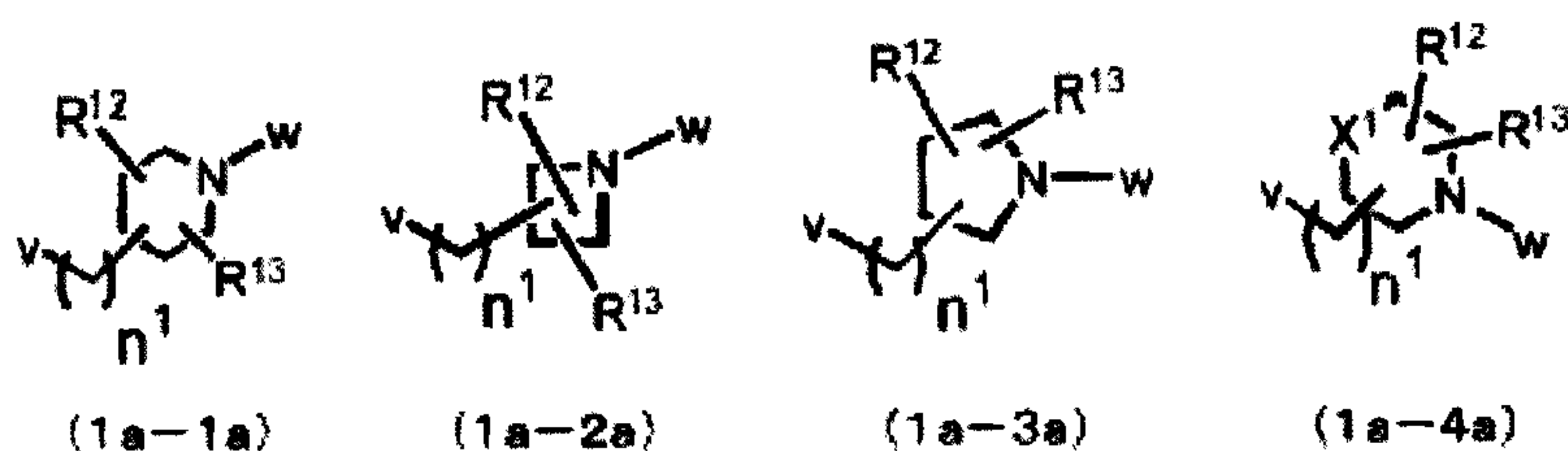
[0128]

Step 1-2-3

A compound of the formula (2) can also be produced from a compound of the formula (5-1) and a commercially available or separately preparable compound of the following formula (1-2-3a):



wherein A^{1d} represents an alkylene that may be substituted or any divalent group selected from the following formulas (1a-1a) to (1a-4a):



wherein R^{12} , R^{13} , X^1 , and n^1 each have the same meaning as defined above, v represents a bond with Y^5 , and w represents a bond with D^{2a} , and Y^5 , D^{2a} , and R^{1a} have the same meaning as defined above, according to the same method as in Step 1-4-1.

Examples of the method for preparing a compound of the formula (1-2-3a) include a method comprising introducing a moiety corresponding to $-D^{2a}-R^{1a}$ by alkylation, amidation, or sulfonamidation of any of compounds of the formulas (1a-22) to (1a-25) or urea formation thereon or the like according to the method of Step 1-2. At this time, a protective group may be introduced and deprotection may be performed if necessary.

[0129]

Step 1-4-2

A compound of the formula (5-1) can be produced by coupling a compound of the formula (5) and a commercially available or preparable compound of the following formula (1-4-2a) or (1-4-2b):



wherein R^{11} has the same meaning as defined above and G^{3a} represents a hydrogen atom or a protective group of an amino group;



wherein G^{3b} represents a hydrogen atom or a protective group of an oxygen atom, according to the method of Step 1-4 and then deprotecting G^{3a} or G^{3b} . However, when G^{3a} or G^{3b} represents a hydrogen atom, the deprotection step is unnecessary.

[0130]

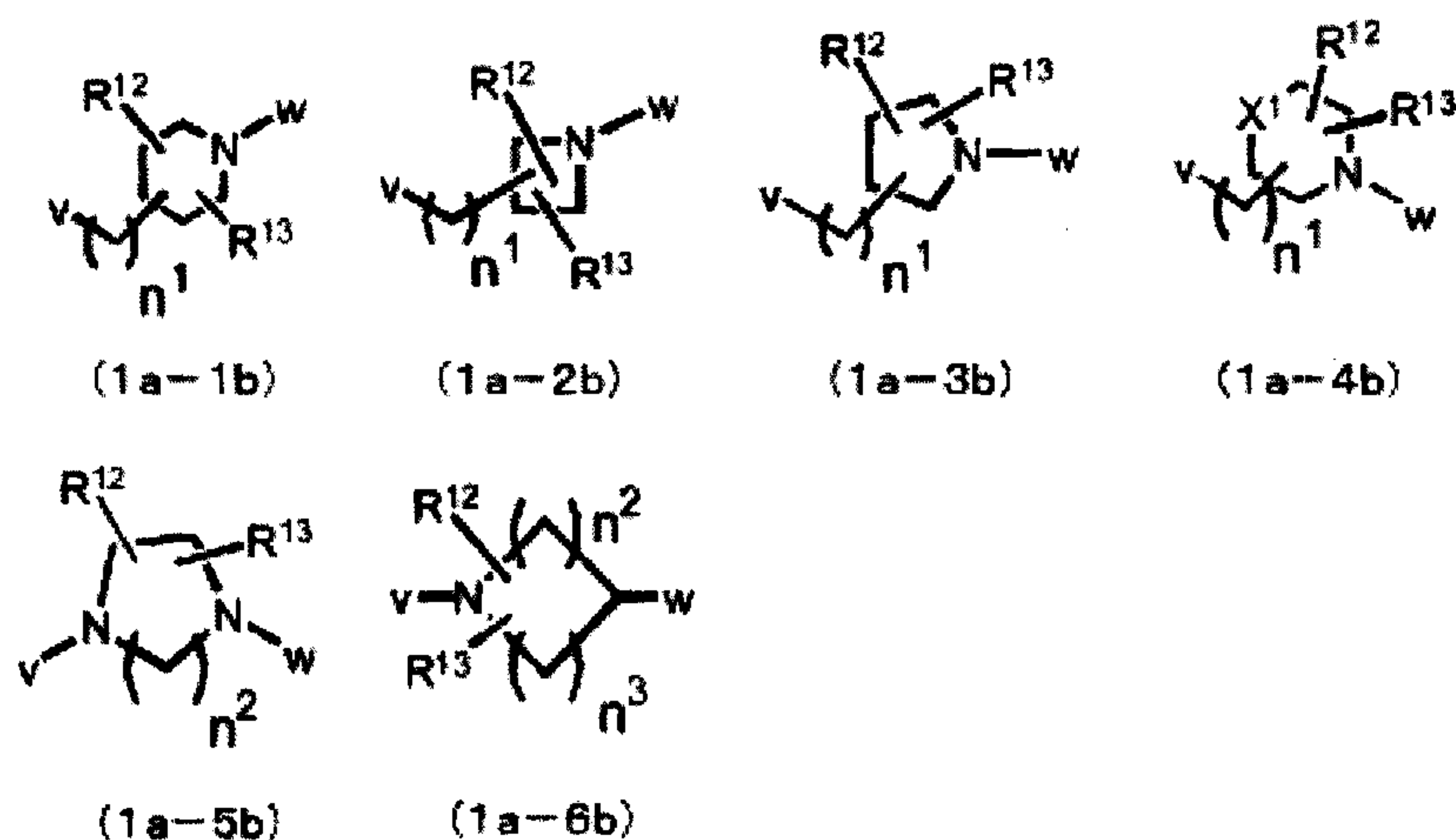
Step 1-2-4

A compound of the formula (2) can also be produced by reacting a compound of the formula (5) and a commercially available or separately preparable compound of the following formula (1-2-4a):



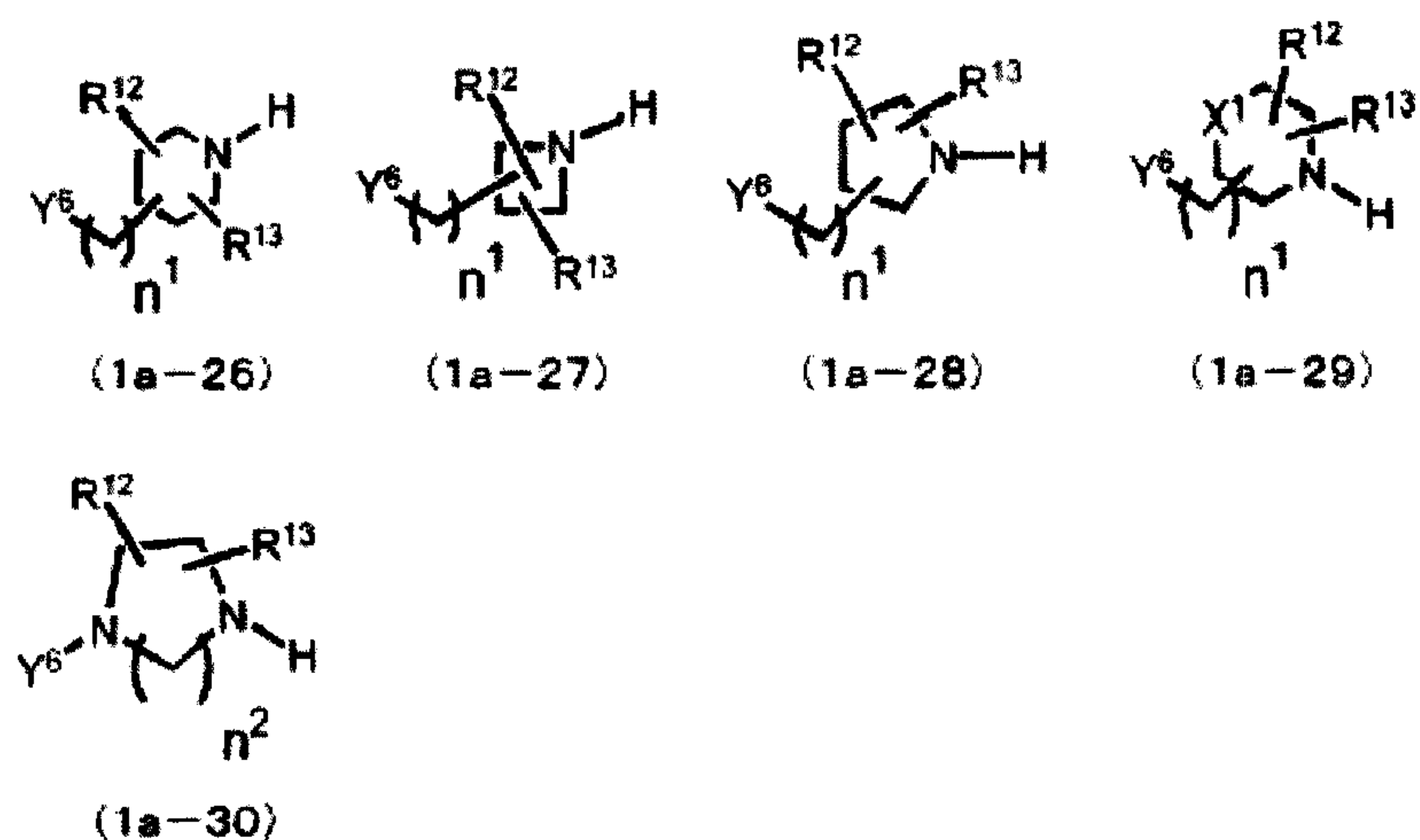
wherein Y^6 represents a hydrogen atom, $HN(R^{11})-$, $HO-$, or $HS-$, A^{1e} represents an alkylene that may be substituted or any divalent group selected from the formulas (1a-1b) to (1a-6b);

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wherein v represents a bond with Y⁶, w represents a bond with D^{2a}, and R¹², R¹³, X¹, n¹, and n² have the same meaning as defined above), D^{2a} and R^{1a} have the same meaning as defined above, provided that, when Y⁶ represents a hydrogen atom, A^{1e} represents a divalent group of the formula (1a-5b) or (1a-6b), and, when Y⁶ represents HN(R¹¹)-, HO-, or HS-, A^{1e} represents any divalent group selected from the formulas (1a-1b) to (1a-4b), according to method of Step 1-4.

For example, a compound of the formula (1-2-4a) can be prepared by introducing a moiety corresponding to -D^{2a}-R^{1a} by alkylation, amidation, sulfonamidation, conversion to urea, or the like of any of compounds of the following formulas (1a-26) to (1a-30):



wherein Y⁶, R¹², R¹³, X¹, n¹, and n² each have the same meaning as defined above, according to the method of Step 1-2. At this time, a protective group may be introduced and deprotection may be performed, if necessary.

[0131]

Step 1-5

A compound of the formula (5) can be produced from a compound of the formula (6) wherein E¹ represents a hydrogen atom, a p-toluenesulfonyl (Ts) group, a methanesulfonyl (Ms) group, or a trifluoromethanesulfonyl (Tf) group.

A compound of the formula (5) wherein D^{3a} represents a single bond can be produced by performing a Suzuki reaction of a compound of the formula (6) and a commercially available or preparable organic boronic acid compound or organic boronic acid ester (for example, according to Miyaura et al., Journal Of Organometallic Chemistry, 2000, 611, p. 392). Examples of the palladium catalyst used in the Suzuki reaction include tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium, tetrakis(methyldiphenylphosphine)palladium, dichlorobis(triphenylphosphine)palladium, dichlorobis(tri-o-tolylphosphine)palladium, dichlorobis(tricyclohexylphosphine)palladium, dichlorobis(triethylphosphine)palladium, palladium acetate, palladium chloride, bis(acetonitrile)palladium chloride, tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium, and bis(diphenylphosphinoferrocene)palladium chloride. Furthermore, a catalyst prepared from palladium acetate, tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium, or the like and an arbitrary ligand may be used. The number of valents in palladium is, for example, 0 or +2. Examples of a ligand in palladium include phosphine ligands such as trifurylphosphine, tri(o-tolyl)phosphine, tri(cyclohexyl)phosphine, tri(t-butyl)phosphine, dicyclohexylphenylphosphine, 1,1'-bis(di-t-butylphosphino)ferrocene, 2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2'-dimethylamino-1,1'-biphenyl, 2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2',4',7'-triisopropylbiphenyl, and 2-(di-t-butylphosphino)biphenyl and nonphosphine ligands such as imidazol-2-ylidene carbenes.

The amount of a palladium catalyst used in the Suzuki reaction is preferably 0.01 mol% or more based on the starting compound (a compound of the formula [6]), more preferably 0.1 to 50 mol%. Examples of a base used in the Suzuki reaction include sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, cesium carbonate, cesium fluoride, potassium fluoride, potassium phosphate, potassium acetate, triethylamine, potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, sodium methoxide, and lithium methoxide.

Examples of an inert solvent used in the Suzuki reaction include hydrocarbon solvents such as toluene, xylene, and hexane, halogen hydrocarbon solvents such as dichloromethane and chloroform, sulfoxide solvents such as dimethyl sulfoxide, amide solvents such as dimethylformamide, ether solvents such as tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, and diglyme, alcohol solvents such as methanol, ethanol, and tert-butanol, nitrile solvents such as acetonitrile, ketone solvents such as acetone and cyclohexanone, ester solvents such as ethyl acetate, and heterocyclic ring solvents such as pyridine. Furthermore, 2 or more organic solvents may be mixed. Furthermore, the solvent

system may be a biphasic system of water and an organic solvent or a homogeneous system of hydrous organic solvents or organic solvents.

The reaction temperature varies depending on the starting compound, the catalyst, the base, the type of the solvent, and the like and is, for example, 0 to 150°C, preferably from room temperature to 120°C.

[0132]

Furthermore, as an alternative method, a compound of the formula (5) wherein D^{3a} represents a single bond can be produced by a Stille reaction of a compound of the formula (6) and a commercially available or preparable organic tin compound (for example, according to Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl., 1986, p. 508).

[0133]

A compound of the formula (5) wherein D^{3a} represents -N(R²¹)- can be produced by coupling a compound of the formula (6) and a commercially available or preparable aminating reagent according to the method of Step 1-4. Examples of the aminating reagent include primary or secondary alkylamines and arylamines.

[0134]

A compound of the formula (5) wherein D^{3a} represents -O- can be produced by reacting a compound of the formula (6) wherein E¹ represents a hydrogen atom and a commercially available or preparable aryl halide or aryl triflate or a compound of the formula (6) wherein E¹ represents Ts, Ms, or Tf and an etherifying agent having a hydroxyl group in an inert solvent in the presence of a palladium catalyst, a phosphorus compound, and a base (for example, according to Buchwald, S.L., J. Org. Chem., 2000, p. 1158 and Buchwald, S.L., Organic Letters, 2000, p. 1101). Examples of the inert solvent include ether solvents such as tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, and 1,2-dimethoxyethane and toluene. Examples of the palladium catalyst include palladium acetate and tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium. Examples of the phosphorus compound include 2-(di-tert-butylphosphino)biphenyl, 2-(di-tert-butylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl, and 2-(di-tert-butylphosphino)-2'-dimethylamino-1,1'-binaphthyl. Furthermore, examples of the base include sodium tert-butoxide, potassium tert-butoxide, cesium carbonate, and potassium phosphate. Examples of the etherifying agent include alcohols such as methanol and ethanol and phenols.

[0135]

A compound of the formula (5) wherein D^{3a} represents -S- can be produced from a compound of the formula (6) wherein E¹ represents Ts, Ms, or Tf and an intended compound having a thiol group according to the same

method as in Step 1-4. Examples of the compound having a thiol group include alkylthiols such as ethanethiol and thiophenols.

[0136]

Step 1-5-1

A compound of the formula (5) wherein D^{3a} represents $-N(R^{21})-C(O)-$ can be produced from a compound of the formula (7) wherein D^{3b} represents $-N(R^{21})-H$, wherein R^{21} has the same meaning as defined above.

Specifically, a compound of the formula (7) and a commercially available or preparable intended compound having a carboxyl group ($-COOH$), carboxylic acid chloride, or mixed acid anhydride according to the same method as in the above (1-2-ii).

As an alternative method, a compound of the formula (5) wherein D^{3a} represents $-N(R^{21})-$ can be produced by coupling a compound of the formula (7) and a commercially available or preparable intended aryl halide or aryl triflate according to the method of above Step 1-4.

[0137]

Step 1-5-2

A compound of the formula (7) can be produced from a compound of the formula (6). Specifically, by coupling a compound of the formula (6) and a commercially available or preparable compound of the following formula (1-5-2a):



wherein R^{21} has the same meaning as defined above and G^4 represents a hydrogen atom or a protective group of an amino group according to the method of Step 1-4 and then deprotecting G^4 .

[0138]

Step 1-6

A compound of the formula (6) can be produced from a compound of the formula (8). Specifically, preferred examples include known methods comprising reacting p-toluenesulfonyl chloride, methanesulfonyl chloride, trifluoromethanesulfonyl chloride, methanesulfonic acid anhydride, trifluoromethanesulfonic acid anhydride, or N-phenylbis(trifluoromethanesulfonimide) in the presence of a suitable base such as triethylamine, N,N-diisopropylethylamine, pyridine, sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, or sodium hydrogencarbonate. Examples of the reaction solvent include various organic solvents and chloroform, dichloromethane, and the like are preferred.

As the reaction temperature, a suitable temperature is usually selected from -20 to -100°C, preferably -10 to 80°C.

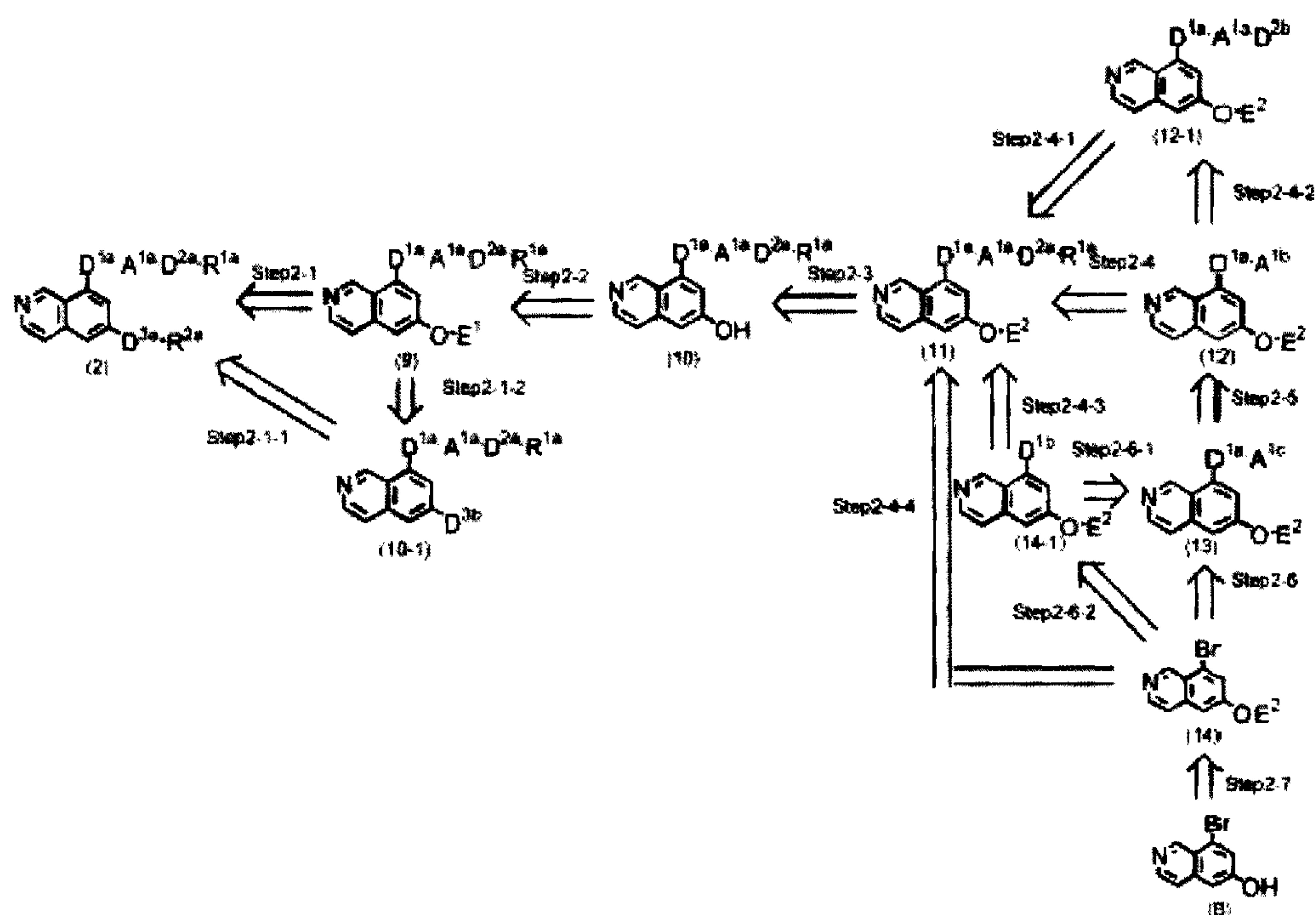
The reaction time is generally 1 hour to 3 days, preferably 3 to 24 hours.

A compound of the formula (8) can be produced according to, for example, Reference Examples 1-1 to 1-5 described later.

[0139]

(Production Method 2)

A compound of the above-mentioned formula (2) wherein D^{1a}, A^{1a}, D^{2a}, R^{1a}, D^{3a}, and R^{2a} has the same meaning as defined above can be produced along a reaction pathway shown in Scheme 2.



Scheme 2

[0140]

A compound of the formula (2) may be produced suitably by employing the same method as in (1-1-i) to (1-1-ii), (1-2-i) to (1-2-iv), (1-3-i) to (1-3-iv), and (1-4-i) to (1-4-v) in Production Method 1.

Furthermore, a compound of the formula (1) can be produced from a compound of the formula (2) according to the method of Step 1-1 in Production Method 1.

[0141]

Step 2-1

A compound of the formula (2) can be produced from a compound of the formula (9) wherein D^{1a} , A^{1a} , D^{2a} , R^{1a} , and E^1 have the same meaning as defined above according to the same method as in Step 1-5 in Production Method 1.

[0142]

Step 2-1-1

A compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{3a} represents $-N(R^{21})-C(O)-$ can be produced from a compound of the formula (10-1) wherein D^{3b} represents $-N(R^{21})-H$ and D^{1a} , A^{1a} , D^{2a} , R^{1a} , and R^{21} have the same meaning as defined above according to the same method as in Step 1-5-1 in Production Method 1.

As an alternative method, a compound of the formula (2) wherein D^{3a} represents $-N(R^{21})-$ can be produced from a compound of the formula (10-1) according to the same method as in Step 1-5-1 in Production Method 1.

[0143]

Step 2-1-2

A compound of the formula (10-1) can be produced from a compound of the formula (9) according to the same method as in Step 1-5-2 in Production Method 1.

[0144]

Step 2-2

A compound of the formula (9) can be produced from a compound of the formula (10) wherein D^{1a} , A^{1a} , D^{2a} , and R^{1a} have the same meaning as defined above according to the same method as in Step 1-6 in Production Method 1.

[0145]

Step 2-3

A compound of the formula (10) can be produced by deprotecting a compound of the formula (11) wherein D^{1a} , A^{1a} , D^{2a} , and R^{1a} have the same meaning as defined above and E^2 represents a hydrogen atom or a protective group of a hydroxyl group.

For example, when E^2 represents a benzyl group and a compound of the formula (10) is produced by debenzylation, the above-described "Deprotection reaction by hydrogenolysis" can be performed. Examples include methods comprising performing a reaction in an alcohol, an ether solvent such as ethyl acetate, or 1,4-dioxane or a mixed solvent thereof. Examples of a catalyst include a palladium carbon powder. The reaction is

performed, for example, at 0 to 100°C, preferably 10 to 80°C. However, when E² represents a hydrogen atom, Step 2-3 is unnecessary.

[0146]

Step 2-4

A compound of the formula (11) can be produced from a compound of the formula (12) wherein D^{1a}, A^{1b}, and E² have the same meaning as defined above according to the same method as in Step 1-2 in Production Method 1.

[0147]

Step 2-4-1

A compound of the formula (11) wherein D^{2a} represents -E-C(O)- can be produced from a compound of the formula (12-1) wherein D^{1a}, A^{1b}, D^{2b}, and E² have the same meaning as defined above according to the method of Step 1-2-1 in Production Method 1.

[0148]

Step 2-4-2

A compound of the formula (12-1) can be produced from a compound of the formula (12) according to the same method as in Step 1-2-2 in Production Method 1.

[0149]

Step 2-5

A compound of the formula (12) can be produced from a compound of the formula (13) wherein D^{1a}, A^{1c}, and E² have the same meaning as defined above according to the same method as in Step 1-3 in Production Method 1.

[0150]

Step 2-6

A compound of the formula (13) can be produced from a compound of the formula (14) wherein E² has the same meaning as defined above according to the method of Step 1-4 in Production Method 1.

[0151]

Step 2-6-1

As an alternative method, a compound of the formula (13) wherein D^{1a} represents -N(R¹¹)- or O- can be produced from a compound of the formula (14-1) wherein D^{1b} represents -N(R¹¹)H or -OH and E² has the same meaning as defined above according to the same method as in Step 1-4-1 in Production Method 1.

[0152]

Step 2-4-3

Furthermore, as an alternative method, a compound of the formula (11) can also be produced by using a compound of the formula (14-1) in the method of Step 1-2-3 in Production Method 1.

[0153]

Step 2-6-2

A compound of the formula (14-1) can be produced from a compound of the formula (14) wherein E² has the same meaning as defined above according to the same method as in Step 1-4-2 in Production Method 1.

[0154]

Step 2-4-4

Furthermore, as an alternative method, a compound of the formula (11) can also be produced by using a compound of the formula (14) according to the method of Step 1-2-4 in Production Method 1.

[0155]

Step 2-7

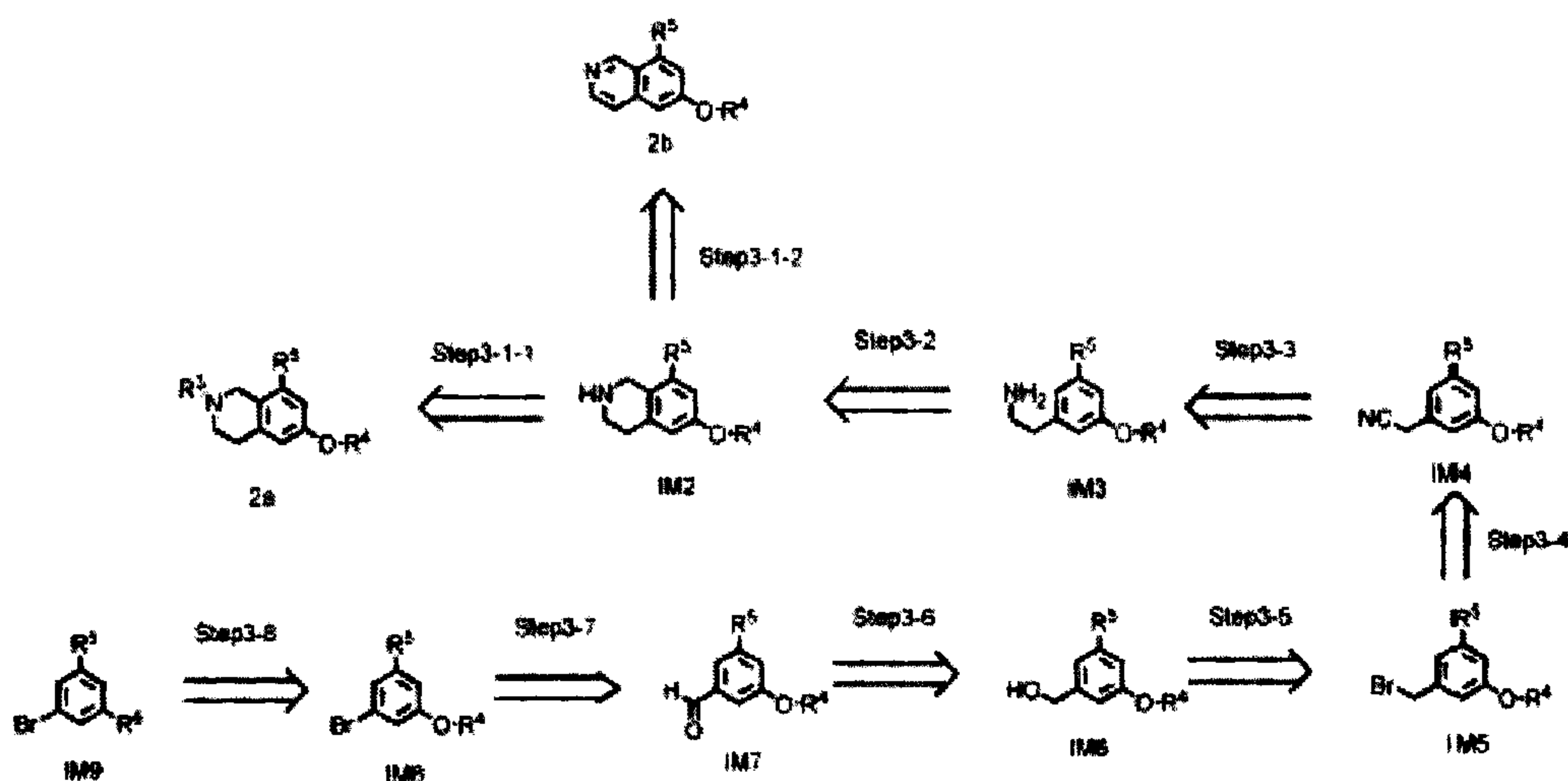
A compound of the formula (14) can be produced by protecting a hydroxyl group in a compound of the formula (8). The protection reaction of a hydroxyl group can be performed according to a known method, for example, the method described in Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis, John Wiley and Sons (2007). Examples of the protective group of a hydroxyl group include the above-mentioned protective groups of a hydroxyl group, for example, a methyl group, a tert-butyl group, a MOM group, a MEM group, a THP group, a benzyl group, and a TBDMS group. In particular, a compound of the formula (14) wherein E² represents a methyl group can be produced by the method described in Reference Examples 1-1 to 1-4.

[0156]

(Production Method 3)

Compounds represented by the formulas (2a) and (2b) can be produced along the reaction pathway shown in Scheme 3. In the following scheme, "Step" means a step, for example, "Step3-1-1" is Step 3-1-1.

Production Methods shown in the following Scheme 3 are particularly preferred production methods when R⁵ represents a bromine atom or a chlorine atom in the formulas (2a) and (2b).



Scheme 3

[0157]

Step 3-1-1

In Scheme 3, a compound of the formula (2a) can be produced from a compound of the formula (IM2) wherein R^4 , and R^5 have the same meaning as defined above and a commercially available or preparable compound of the following formula (3-1a) or (3-1b):



wherein Y^7 represents a halogen atom, and R^3 has the same meaning as defined above



wherein R^3 has the same meaning as defined above according to the same method as in (1-2-i) in Production

Method 1. When R^3 in the compound of the formula (2a) represents a hydrogen atom, Step 3-1-1 is unnecessary.

For example, a commercially available iodine methane (TCl) can be used as a compound of the formula (3-1a). Furthermore, a commercially available acetaldehyde (TCl) can be used as a compound formula (3-1b).

[0158]

Step 3-1-2

In Scheme 3, a compound of the formula (2b) can be produced from a compound of the formula (IM2) wherein R^4 and R^5 have the same meaning as defined above according to, for example, the method described in The Fifth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 17, pp. 425-427, "Catalytic Dehydrogenation Reaction" and the methods described in the references of this publication.

[0159]

Step 3-2

In Scheme 3, a compound of the formula (IM2) can be produced by heating a compound of the formula (IM3) wherein R^4 and R^5 have the same meaning as defined above and formamide in a suitable acid solvent (for example, according to Whaley, W.M. & Govindachari, T.R., Org. React., 1951, 6, p. 74). Examples of the acid solvent include hydrochloric acid, trifluoroacetic acid, and formic acid.

[0160]

Step 3-3

In Scheme 3, a compound of the formula (IM3) can be produced from a compound of the formula (IM4) wherein R^4 and R^5 have the same meaning as defined above according to the methods described in, for example, The Fifth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 14, pp. 352-357, "Reduction Reaction of Nitriles" and the methods described in the references of this publication.

[0161]

Step 3-4

In Scheme 3, a compound of the formula (IM4) can be produced from a compound of the formula (IM5) wherein R^4 and R^5 have the same meaning as defined above by performing a substitution reaction with a suitable cyanidating agent according to the methods described in, for example, The First Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 14, pp. 1433-1439, "Substitution with Metal Cyanides or Hydrogen Cyanides" or the methods described in The Fifth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 14, pp. 517-519, "Synthesis of Nitriles" and the method described in the references of these publications. Examples of the cyanidating agent include sodium cyanide and potassium cyanide.

[0162]

Step 3-5

In Scheme 3, a compound of the formula (IM5) can be produced from a compound of the formula (IM6) wherein R^4 and R^5 have the same meaning as defined above according to the methods described in, for example, The Fifth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 13, pp. 393-406, "Generation of C-Cl and C-Br Bonds from C-O Bond and the methods described in the references of this publication.

[0163]

Step 3-6

In Scheme 3, a compound of the formula (IM6) can be produced from a compound of the formula (IM7) wherein R⁴ and R⁵ have the same meaning as defined above according to the methods described in, for example, The Fifth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 14, pp. 1-18, "Synthesis by Reduction Reaction" and the methods described in the references of this publication.

[0164]

Step 3-7

In Scheme 3, a compound of the formula (IM7) can be produced from a compound of the formula (IM8) wherein R⁴ and R⁵ have the same meaning as defined above according to the methods described in, for example, The Fifth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 15, pp. 78-87, "Synthesis by Formylation and Carbonylation" and the methods described in the references of this publication.

[0165]

Step 3-8

In Scheme 3, a compound of the formula (IM8) can be produced from a compound of the formula (IM9) wherein R⁶ represents a halogen atom and R⁴ and R⁵ have the same meaning as defined above and a commercially available or preparable compound of the following formula (3-8a):



wherein M⁴ represents an organic metal atom and R⁴ has the same meaning as defined above according to the methods described in, for example, The Fifth Series of Experimental Chemistry, The Chemical Society of Japan ed., Maruzen Co., Ltd., vol. 14, pp. 241-249, "Synthesis from Aryl Halides" and the methods described in the references of this publication.

For example, as a compound of the formula (3-8a), a commercially available sodium methoxide (WAKO™) can be used.

A commercially available compound of the formula (IM9) can also be used. For example, 1,3,5-tribromobenzene (TCI), 1,3-dibromo-5-fluorobenzene (TCI), 1,3-dibromo-5-chlorobenzene (TCI), and 1-bromo-3-chloro-5-fluorobenzene (TCI) can be used.

[0166]

The compound of the present invention has a IKKβ inhibiting activity.

The compound of the present invention can inhibit the expression of a gene whose expression is regulated by NF-κB by suppressing the activation of NF-κB via inhibition of the IKK activity. Therefore, for example, the

compound of the present invention can inhibit the production of inflammatory cytokines (TNF- α , IL-1, etc.), resulting in suppression of inflammatory reactions of these cytokines against various cells. Therefore, the compound of the present invention has an IKK β inhibiting activity, an IKK inhibiting activity, an NF- κ B activation pathway inhibiting activity, a TNF- α production suppressing activity, and the like and is useful for the prevention or treatment of diseases or symptoms associated with IKK β , IKK, NF- κ B, TNF- α , and the like. Furthermore, the compound of the present invention is also useful as an IKK β inhibitor, an IKK inhibitor, an NF- κ B activation pathway inhibitor, a TNF- α production suppressing agent, and the like.

[0167]

These and other pharmacological activities of the compound of the present invention can be measured by standard test methods, for example, the methods described below.

Examples of IKK β that can be used for the measurement of an IKK β activity include a known human IKK β (Accession No. NP_001547) and IKK β mutants that have a sequence of the amino acid sequence of the human IKK β in which one or more amino acids are substituted, deleted, or added and have an IKK β activity. In one embodiment, the human IKK β (Accession No. NP_001547) is more preferred. In another embodiment, IKK β mutants that have a sequence of the amino acid sequence of the human IKK β in which one or more amino acids are substituted, deleted, or added and have an IKK β activity may be preferred. Furthermore, the IKK β activity can also be measured according to a method already disclosed by Kishore et al. (J. B. C., 2003, 278, pp. 32861-32871) using a commercially available IKK β (for example, Carna Biosciences, Japan). A preferred example of IKK β used in the measurement of the IKK β activity inhibiting ability described in Test Example 1 described later is a fusion protein labeled with a histidine tag at the N terminus of the amino acid residue of human IKK β obtained in an expression system using baculovirus.

[0168]

The IKK β activity inhibiting ability (IKK β inhibiting activity) and the IKK activity inhibiting ability (IKK inhibiting activity) of the compound of the present invention can be determined by adding a test compound before initiating the enzymatic reaction as in the method described in Test Example 1 described later and measuring the amount of a phosphorylated substrate.

When IKK is activated, I κ B is phosphorylated, and the phosphorylated I κ B is ubiquitinated and then degraded in the proteasome. The stimulus-dependent degradation of I κ B can be measured by the method disclosed in, for example, WO 2004/089913. The I κ B α degradation suppressing activity of the compound of the

present invention can be determined by adding a test compound before applying a stimulus to cells and measuring degraded I κ B α .

[0169]

When a cell receives an inflammatory stimulus such as bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS), an endotoxin, the cell produces inflammatory cytokines such as TNF- α , and IKK is known to be involved therein. Production of an inflammatory cytokine can be measured by the methods already disclosed in WO 2004/089913. The cells to be used may be primary cultured human or animal cells or cultured cell strains such as THP-1 cells as in the method described in Test Example 2 of the present specification. Furthermore, blood can also be used for the measurement as in the method described in Test Example 3 in the present specification. The inflammatory cytokine production inhibiting ability of the compound of the present invention can be determined by adding a test compound before applying an inflammatory stimulus to cells or blood and measuring the amount of inflammatory cytokines produced.

[0170]

Administration of LPS to animals induces rapid production of TNF- α . This model is used for in-vivo evaluation of a drug that is expected to have a TNF- α production suppressing ability. Specifically, the TNF- α production suppressing ability can be evaluated according to, for example, the method described in Test Example 4 in the present specification and the method already disclosed by Kishore et al. (J. B. C., 2003, 278, pp. 32861-32871). The animals used are not limited to mice and rats. The in-vivo TNF- α production inhibiting ability of the compound of the present invention can be determined by administering a test compound to animals before administering LPS and measuring the amount of inflammatory cytokines produced.

[0171]

Examples of TNF- α -associated diseases include rheumatoid arthritis, ankylosing spondylarthritis, Crohn's disease, giant cell arteritis, polymyalgia rheumatica, pigmented purpuric lichenoid dermatitis, sarcoidosis, Wegener's granuloma, pyoderma, Behcet's syndrome, TNF-receptor-associated periodic syndrome, SAPHO syndrome, Takayasu's disease, myositis, Still's disease, periarteritis nodosa, relapsing polychondritis, and scleroderma (C. Lacoïn et al., European League Against Rheumatism (EULAR) 2008, THU0470).

[0172]

The compound of the present invention has an IKK β activity inhibiting ability and is useful for the prevention and treatment of diseases and symptoms associated with IKK β or NF- κ B. Examples of such diseases and

symptoms include rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, inflammatory colitis, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, transplant rejection (prevention), cancer, ischemia-reperfusion injury, diabetes, virus infections, and heart diseases described by Burke et al. (Curr. Opin. Drug Discov. Devel., 2003, 6, pp. 720-728) but are not limited to these examples.

Examples of such diseases and symptoms include autoimmune diseases, inflammatory diseases, cardiovascular diseases, cancer, and diseases associated with acute or chronic inflammatory reactions and more specific examples include systemic anaphylaxis, hypersensitivity reaction, drug allergy, allergy to insect stings, food allergy, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, ileitis, enteritis, vaginitis, psoriasis, dermatitis, eczema, atopic dermatitis, allergic contact dermatitis, pigmented purpuric lichenoid dermatitis, urticarial eruption, vasculitis, spondylarthrosis (including ankylosing spondylarthritis), scleroderma, pyoderma, SAPHO syndrome, allergic asthma, allergic rhinitis, allergic conjunctivitis, hypersensitivity lung disease, rheumatoid arthritis, Still's disease, giant cell arteritis, polymyalgia rheumatica, psoriasis arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, type I diabetes, glomerulonephritis, transplantation rejection (including allograft rejection and graft versus host disease), atherosclerosis, myositis, ischemia-reperfusion injury, traumatic brain damage, cerebral circulatory disturbance, closed head trauma, Parkinson's disease, multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, encephalitis, meningitis, osteoporosis, gout, hepatitis, nephritis, gallbladder disease, sepsis, sarcoidosis, conjunctivitis, otitis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, sinusitis, Behcet's syndrome, cancer in the breast, the skin, the prostate, the neck, the uterus, the ovaries, the testicles, the bladder, the lungs, the liver, the larynx, the mouth cavity, the colon, the gastrointestinal tracts (for example, the esophagus, the stomach, and the pancreas), the brain, the thyroid gland, blood, and the lymphatic system, Wegener's granuloma, diseases in which vasculogenesis or neovascularization plays a role, obesity, type II diabetes, X syndrome, insulin resistance, hyperglycemia, hyperuricemia, hyperinsulinism, cachexia, hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipidemia, dyslipidemia, mixed dyslipidemia, hypertriglyceridemia, anorexia nervosa, bulimia, bacteremia, septic shock acute heart failure, hypotension, hypertension, angina pectoris, myocardial infarction, cardiomyopathy, congestive heart failure, atherosclerosis, coronary arteries disease, restenosis and angiostenosis, periarteritis nodosa, Takayasu's disease, TNF-receptor-associated periodic syndrome, relapsing polychondritis, immunological diseases, and symptoms associated with these diseases.

[0173]

Usefulness of the compound of the present invention for the prevention and/or treatment of rheumatoid arthritis can be confirmed by, for example, administering a test compound to a mouse collagen-induced arthritis

model (see Test Example 5). The mouse collagen-induced arthritis model shows the same biochemical and pathological features as human chronic rheumatoid arthritis and is widely used to study the disease mechanism and potential therapies of human chronic rheumatoid arthritis (Staines et al., Br. J. Rheumatol., 1994, 33, pp. 798-807 and Feldmann et al., Annu. Rev. Immunol., 1996, 14, pp. 397-440). Usefulness can be confirmed by orally, intravenously, or intraperitoneally administering a test compound at doses of 0.01 to 1000 mg/kg, preferably 0.1 to 100 mg/kg to the mouse collagen-induced arthritis model and evaluating swelling and histology of the four limbs.

[0174]

Usefulness of the compound of the present invention for the prevention and/or treatment of osteoporosis in patients (including prevention and treatment of bone defect and bone regeneration) can be confirmed by, for example, administering a test compound to an osteoporosis model. Osteoporosis is a term that is widely used for many diseases and symptoms associated with decreased bone mass and includes primary osteoporosis (for example, postmenopausal osteoporosis, senile osteoporosis, and juvenile osteoporosis) and secondary osteoporosis. Examples of secondary osteoporosis include chronic diseases (for example, chronic kidney disease, liver failure, gastrointestinal malabsorption, chronic lack of exercise, and chronic inflammatory diseases including chronic rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, periodontal disease, and abacterial joint relaxation), diseases associated with endocrine dysfunction (for example, diabetes, hyperthyroidism, hyperparathyroidism, sex dysfunction, and pituitary dysfunction), symptoms associated with drugs and substances (for example, corticosteroids, heparins, anti-convulsants, alcohols, and immunosuppressive agents), and hematological disturbance (for example, metastatic diseases, myeloma, leukemia, Gaucher's disease, and anemia). It has been reported that at least either direct inhibition of I κ B or indirect inhibition of the NF- κ B pathway is useful for the treatment of osteoporosis and osteoarthritis (WO 2003/104219, WO 2003/103658, WO 2003/029242, WO 2003/065972, and WO 99/65495). Furthermore, it has been reported that destruction of cartilages and bones is observed in the above-mentioned mouse collagen-induced arthritis model, and the IKK inhibiting factor inhibits defects of cartilages and bones in this model (McIntyre et al., Arthritis & Rheumatism, 2003, 48(9), pp. 2652-2659). Usefulness can be confirmed by orally, intravenously, or intraperitoneally administering a test compound to the model animal at doses of 0.01 to 1000 mg/kg, preferably 0.1 to 100 mg/kg and measuring bone density, bone strength, bone metabolism marker, and the like.

[0175]

Usefulness of the compound of the present invention for the prevention and/or treatment of cerebral circulatory disturbance can be confirmed by, for example, administering a test compound to a mouse cerebral

ischemia model (Herrmann et al., Nature Medicine, 2005, 11, pp. 1322-1329). Usefulness can be confirmed by orally, intravenously, or intraperitoneally administering a test compound to the model animal at doses of 0.01 to 1000 mg/kg, preferably 0.1 to 100 mg/kg and measuring the infarct volume and the like.

[0176]

Usefulness of the compound of the present invention for the prevention and/or treatment of type II diabetes can be confirmed by, for example, administering a test compound to a mouse insulin resistant diabetes model (Arkan et al., Nature Medicine, 2005, 11, pp. 191-198). Usefulness can be confirmed by orally, intravenously, or intraperitoneally administering a test compound to the model animal at doses of 0.01 to 1000 mg/kg, preferably 0.1 to 100 mg/kg and measuring blood glucose concentrations and plasma insulin concentrations.

[0177]

Usefulness of the compound of the present invention for the prevention and/or treatment of cancer can be confirmed by, for example, administering a test compound to an ultraviolet ray irradiation induced skin cancer mouse model, a cancer cell transplanted immunodeficiency mouse model (Orengo, I.F. et al.; Arch. Dermatol., 2002, 138(6), pp. 823-824, and Clin. Cancer Res., 2006 (12), pp. 5887-5894), or the like. Efficacy can be confirmed by orally, intravenously, or intraperitoneally administering a test compound to the model animal at doses of 0.01 to 1000 mg/kg, preferably 0.1 to 100 mg/kg and observing the growth and disappearance of cancer tissues.

[0178]

Usefulness of the compound of the present invention as an active ingredient of a pharmaceutical can be confirmed by, for example, performing a metabolism test. Examples of the metabolism test include blood stability test (a method of predicting the in-vivo metabolic clearance from the metabolic rate of a compound in hepatic microsome or the S9 fraction of human or other animal species [refer to Shou, W.Z. et al., J. Mass Spectrom., 40(10), pp. 1347-1356, 2005, Li, C. et al., Drug Metab. Dispos., 34(6), 901-905, 2006, or the like]), metabolite molecular species test, and reactive metabolite test. Usefulness as an active ingredient of a pharmaceutical can be confirmed by clarifying metabolic profiles of the compound using one or more of these methods.

[0179]

The enzyme inhibition selectivity of the compound of the present invention can be evaluated by measuring the inhibitory effect of the compound using various commercially available kinases under reaction conditions suitable for each enzyme. For example, the inhibitory effect of the compound on ROCK I can be evaluated by measuring enzyme activity using commercially available ROCK I (Carna Biosciences, Japan) and HTRF[®] KinEASE[™]-STK S2

Kit (Cisbio Bioassays U.S.) in the presence of the compound according to the methods in the instructions attached to the products. Similarly, the inhibitory effect on JAK2 and PKC θ can also be evaluated by the same method as for ROCK I using a combination of commercially available JAK2 (Carna Biosciences, Japan) and HTRF[®] KinEASE[™]-TK Kit (Cisbio Bioassays U.S.) and a combination of PKC θ (Carna Biosciences, Japan) and HTRF[®] KinEASE[™]-STK S1 Kit (Cisbio Bioassays U.S.). The enzyme inhibition selectivity of the compound can be evaluated by comparing the inhibitory effect on various kinases measured in this manner and the inhibitory effect on IKK β .

[0180]

The present invention also provides methods of prevention and/or treatment for the above-mentioned diseases and symptoms, and the methods include administration of a safe and effective amount of the compound represented by the above-mentioned formula (1) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to a mammal requiring the prevention and/or treatment. Furthermore, pharmaceutical compositions or compounds effective in the prevention and/or treatment of the above-mentioned diseases and symptoms can be used in combination. Furthermore, preferred examples of target mammals of the above-mentioned preventing and/or treating methods include humans, pets or companion animals such as dogs and cats, and farm animals.

[0181]

In the present specification, to "treat" a disease or a symptom includes to prevent the aggravation of, delay the progression of, improve, cure, resolve, or relieve one or more biological signs of the disease or the symptom and prevent one or more biological cascades that can cause the disease or the symptom. Furthermore, in the present specification, to "prevent" a disease or a symptom is to substantially decrease the possibility and/or severity of one or more biological signs of the disease or the symptom and delay the onset thereof.

[0182]

The present invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound of the present invention as an active ingredient. This pharmaceutical composition can be used against the above-mentioned disease or symptom in mammals, preferably humans, pets or companion animals such as dogs and cats, and farm animals solely or in combination with one or more other preventing or treating agents.

Examples of pharmaceuticals that can be used in combination with the pharmaceutical composition of the present invention include immunosuppressants such as, specifically, tacrolimus, cyclosporin, rapamycin, and mycophenolate mofetil and formulations comprising these drugs; disease modifying antirheumatic drugs and antimetabolites used as a treating agent for chronic rheumatoid arthritis such as, specifically, gold formulations,

bucillamine, lobenzarit, hydroxychloroquine, D-penicillamine, salazosulfa pyridine, methotrexate, azathiopurine, mizoribine, and leflunomide and formulations comprising these drugs; receptor antagonists against cytokines such as interleukin (IL)-1, IL-6, and tumor necrosis factor (TNF)- α , anti-cytokine antibody formulations, anti-cytokine receptor antibody formulations, and soluble receptor formulations against these cytokines, which antagonists or formulations are biologics, such as, specifically, anakinra, infliximab, tocilizumab, and etanercept and formulations comprising these drugs; steroid formulations such as, specifically, dexamethasone, betamethasone, prednisolone, fluticasone, and beclomethasone and formulations comprising these drugs, bronchodilators used as a treating agent for chronic bronchial asthma such as, specifically, salmeterol and salbutamol, β 2 adrenergic stimulants, and ipratropium, an anticholinergic drug and formulations comprising these drugs; treating agents for allergic diseases such as, for example, theophylline, a xanthine-related drug, and formulations comprising these drugs, anti-allergic drugs such as fexofenadine, epinastatin, cetirizine, ketotifen, disodium cromoglycate, and pemirolast and formulations comprising these drugs, leukotriene antagonists such as zafirlukast, montelukast, pranlukast, iralukast, and pobilukast and formulations comprising these drugs, leukotriene biosynthesis inhibitors such as zileuton and formulations comprising these drugs; nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) such as, specifically, propionic acid derivatives (for example, alminoprofen, benoxaprofen, bucloxic acid, carprofen, fenbufen, fenoprofen, fluprofen, flurbiprofen, ibuprofen, indoprofen, ketoprofen, miroprofen, naproxen, oxaprozin, pirprofen, pranoprofen, suprofen, tiaprofenic acid, and tioxaprofen) and formulations comprising these drugs, acetic acid derivatives (for example, indomethacin, acemetacin, alclofenac, clidanac, diclofenac, fenclofenac, fenclozic acid, fentiazac, furofenac, ibufenac, isoxepac, oxpinac, sulindac, tiopinac, tolmetin, zidometacin, and zomepirac) and formulations comprising these drugs, fenamate derivatives (for example, flufenamate, meclofenamic acid, mefenamic acid, niflumic acid, and tolfenamic acid) and formulations comprising these drugs, biphenyl carboxylic acid derivatives (for example, diflunisal and flufenisal) and formulations comprising these drugs, oxicams (for example, isoxicam, piroxicam, sudoxicam, and tenoxicam) and formulations comprising these drugs, salicylates (for example, acetylsalicyl acid and sulfasalazine) and formulations comprising these drugs, pyrazolones (for example, apazone, bezpiperylon, feprazone, mofebutazone, oxyphenbutazone, and phenylbutazone) and formulations comprising these drugs, cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors (for example, celecoxib and rofecoxib) and formulations comprising these drugs; cytoplasmic phospholipase A2 α (cPLA2 α) inhibitors and formulations comprising these drugs; other IKK inhibitors and formulations comprising these drugs; antitumor drugs such as, specifically, bortezomib, capecitabine, gemcitabine, irinotecan, fludarabine, 5-fluorouracil or 5-fluorouracil/leucovorin, taxanes (for example, paclitaxel and docetaxel),

platinum formulations (for example, cisplatin, carboplatin, and oxaliplatin), anthracyclines (for example, doxorubicin and idarubicin), mitoxantrone, dexamethasone, vincristine, etoposide, prednisone, thalidomide, trastuzumab, temozolomide, alkylating agents such as melphalan, chlorambucil, and cyclophosphamide, and formulations comprising these drugs; anti-diabetic drugs such as, specifically, insulin or pseudo insulin, sulfonylureas (for example, glyburide, meglitinide, tolbutamide, and glipizide) and formulations comprising these drugs, biguanides (for example, metformin) and formulations comprising these drugs, α -glucosidase inhibitors (for example, acarbose) and formulations comprising these drugs, thiazolidinone compounds (for example, rosiglitazone, troglitazone, ciglitazone, pioglitazone, and englitazone) and formulations comprising these drugs. Furthermore, a pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound of the present invention as an active ingredient can also be used in combination with radiation therapy.

[0183]

An effective amount of the compound of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof can be used as it is or mixed with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier to produce a pharmaceutical composition using a technique known to those skilled in the art. Such a carrier may be, for example, a suspending agent such as carboxymethylcellulose, purified water, physiological saline, or the like in some cases, and other known carriers can also be used. As one example, the compound of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof can be suspended or dissolved in purified water containing 0.5% carboxymethylcellulose and used as a pharmaceutical composition.

Examples of the dosage form of the pharmaceutical composition of the present invention include tablet, powder, granule, syrup, suspension, capsule, and injection and these formulations can be produced using various carriers depending on the dosage form by techniques known to those skilled in the art. For example, examples of a carrier for an oral agent include excipient, binder, lubricant, fluidity promoter, and coloring material.

[0184]

When the pharmaceutical composition of the present invention is a parenteral agent such as an injection, distilled water for injection, physiological saline, aqueous glucose solution, vegetable oil for injection, propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol, or the like can be generally used as a diluent. Furthermore, if necessary, a disinfectant, a preservative, a stabilizer, an isotonicizing agent, a soothing agent, or the like may also be added.

[0185]

When the pharmaceutical composition of the present invention is administered to a mammal, for example, a human, it can be orally administered in the form of tablet, powder, granule, suspension, or capsule or parenterally administered in the form of injection including a drip infusion, suppository, gel, lotion, ointment, cream, or spray. The dose varies depending on the indication, dosage form, patient's age, body weight, severity of the symptom, or the like and the general adult daily dosage is, for example, 0.001 to 2000 mg, which is divided into 1 to 5 times. The pharmaceutical composition of the present invention is generally administered everyday for several days to 2 months, and both the daily dose and the treatment period can be adjusted depending on the patient's symptom.

Examples

[0186]

Hereafter, the present invention will be specifically described with reference to Examples and Test Examples (hereinafter referred to as "Examples, etc."). However, the scope of the present invention is not limited to the following Examples, etc.

[0187]

In the Examples, etc., Precoated silica Gel 60 F254 (Merck, Product No. 5715-1M) was used for thin layer chromatography (TLC). After developing with chloroform: methanol (1:0 to 1:1), acetonitrile:acetic acid:water (200:1:1 to 100:4:4), or ethyl acetate:hexane (1:0 to 0:1), the product was confirmed by UV (254 or 365 nm) irradiation, colors produced by iodine solution, aqueous permanganate potassium solution, phosphomolybdic acid (ethanol solution), ninhydrin, dinitrophenylhydrazine hydrochloride solution, or the like.

[0188]

Anhydrous magnesium sulfate or anhydrous sodium sulfate was used to dry an organic solvent.

[0189]

Among column chromatography procedures, Quad™ 1 purification system (Biotage) was used for those indicated with "Quad" and one or several of any cartridge column among KP-Sil-12M, -40S, or -40M manufactured by the corporation were used depending on the amount of a sample. Furthermore, Multi Prep YFLC (Yamazen Corporation) was used for steps indicated with "Yamazen" and any of Ultra Pack Si-40A, 40B, or 40D manufactured by the corporation was used as a column. Furthermore, MORITEX 2-ch Parallel Purification Apparatus "Purif-α2 (50F)" was used for steps indicated with "MORITEX" and PurifPack-Si series manufactured by the corporation was used as a column.

Silica Gel 60N (spherical, neutral, 40 to 100 μm , Kanto™ Chemical Co., Inc.) was used for flash column chromatography.

One or several of PLC Plate Silica Gel 60 F254, 20 $\times$ 20 cm, layer thickness, 2 mm, with concentration zone (4 cm) (Merck, Product No. 13793-1M) were used for preparative thin layer chromatography (hereinafter referred to as "PTLC") depending on the amount of a sample.

For purification by HPLC, the preparative purification system of Japan Waters was used. Develosil C-30-UG-5 (Nomura Chemical Co., Ltd.) or the like was used as a column. A water-acetonitrile solvent containing 0.1% acetic acid was used as an eluate.

[0190]

Shimadzu LC6A System (Shimadzu Corporation) was used as an HPLC apparatus in "separation of chiral compounds." Chiralcel™ OJ-RH (20 mm i.d. $\times$ 250 mm) (Daicel CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, LTD.) was used as a column for separation. Elution was performed at a flow rate of 10 mL/min using water as Solution A and acetonitrile as Solution B as solvents, with a ratio of 70% Solution B. In purification by HPLC, the solvent was removed by lyophilization to give a target compound, unless otherwise specified. To measure nuclear magnetic resonance spectrum (NMR), Gemini-300 (FT-NMR, Varian™, Inc.), or AL-300 (FT-NMR, JEOL Ltd.) was used. Unless otherwise specified, deuterated chloroform was used as the solvent, a chemical shift was measured using tetramethyl silane (TMS) as an internal standard and expressed with δ (ppm), and the binding constant was expressed with J (Hz).

[0191]

For "LCMS," mass spectrum was measured by liquid chromatography mass spectrometry (LCMS). The following apparatuses (A), (B), and (C) were used depending on the purpose for analyses.

(A) A single quadrupole mass spectrometer, UPLC/SQD System (Waters), was used as a mass spectrometer and measurement was performed by the electrospray (ESI) method. Acquity Ultra Performance LC System was used as the liquid chromatography apparatus. ACQUITY UPLC BEH C18 2.1 $\times$ 50 mm 1.7 μm (Waters) was used as the separation column. Generally, elution was performed at a flow rate of 0.6 mL/min, using water (containing 0.1% [v/v] acetic acid) as Solution A and acetonitrile (containing 0.1% [v/v] acetic acid) as Solution B, under conditions of a linear gradient of 5 to 90% (v/v) Solution B from 0 minutes to 2.0 minutes and a linear gradient of 90 to 98% (v/v) Solution B from 2.0 minutes to 2.5 minutes.

(B) Platform-LC Mass Spectrometer (Micromass™) was used as a mass spectrometer for the measurement by the electrospray (ESI) method. An apparatus of GILSON was used as a liquid chromatography apparatus. Develosil C30-UG-5 (50 × 4.6 mm) (Nomura Chemical Co., Ltd.) was used as the separation column. Generally, elution was performed at a flow rate of 2 mL/min, using water (containing 0.1% [v/v] acetic acid) as Solution A and acetonitrile (containing 0.1% [v/v] acetic acid) as Solution B, under conditions of a linear gradient of 5 to 98% (v/v) Solution B from 0 minutes to 4 minutes and 98% (v/v) Solution B to 6 minutes.

(C) Micromass™ ZMD Mass Spectrometer (Waters) was used as the mass spectrometer for the measurement by the electrospray (ESI) method. An apparatus of Waters was used as a liquid chromatography apparatus. Develosil C30-UG-5 (50 × 4.6 mm) (Nomura Chemical Co., Ltd.) was used as the separation column. Generally, elution was performed at a flow rate 2 mL/min, using water (containing 0.1% [v/v] acetic acid) as Solution A and acetonitrile (containing 0.1% [v/v] acetic acid) as Solution B, under conditions of a linear gradient of 5 to 98% (v/v) Solution B from 0 minutes to 4 minutes, followed by 98% Solution B maintained to 5 minutes, a linear gradient of 98 to 5% (v/v) Solution B from 5 minutes to 5.01 minutes, and 5% Solution B maintained to 7.3 minutes.

In the following Examples, for example, "Example compound 1-N-1" indicates the final product in "Example 1-N-1," 3-(8-(piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile.

[0192]

Symbols in the tables are defined as follows.

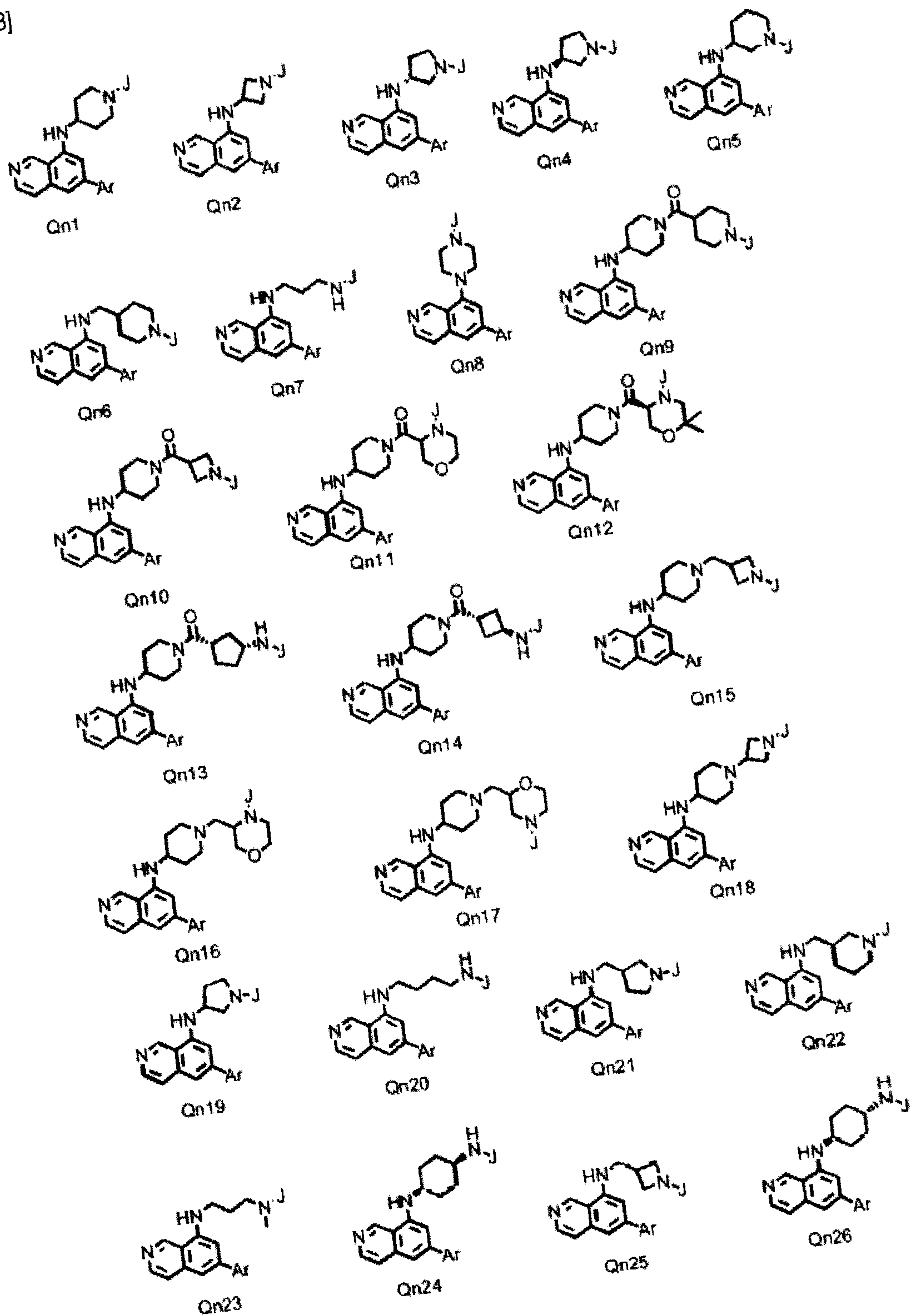
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"exp.": Reference Example number

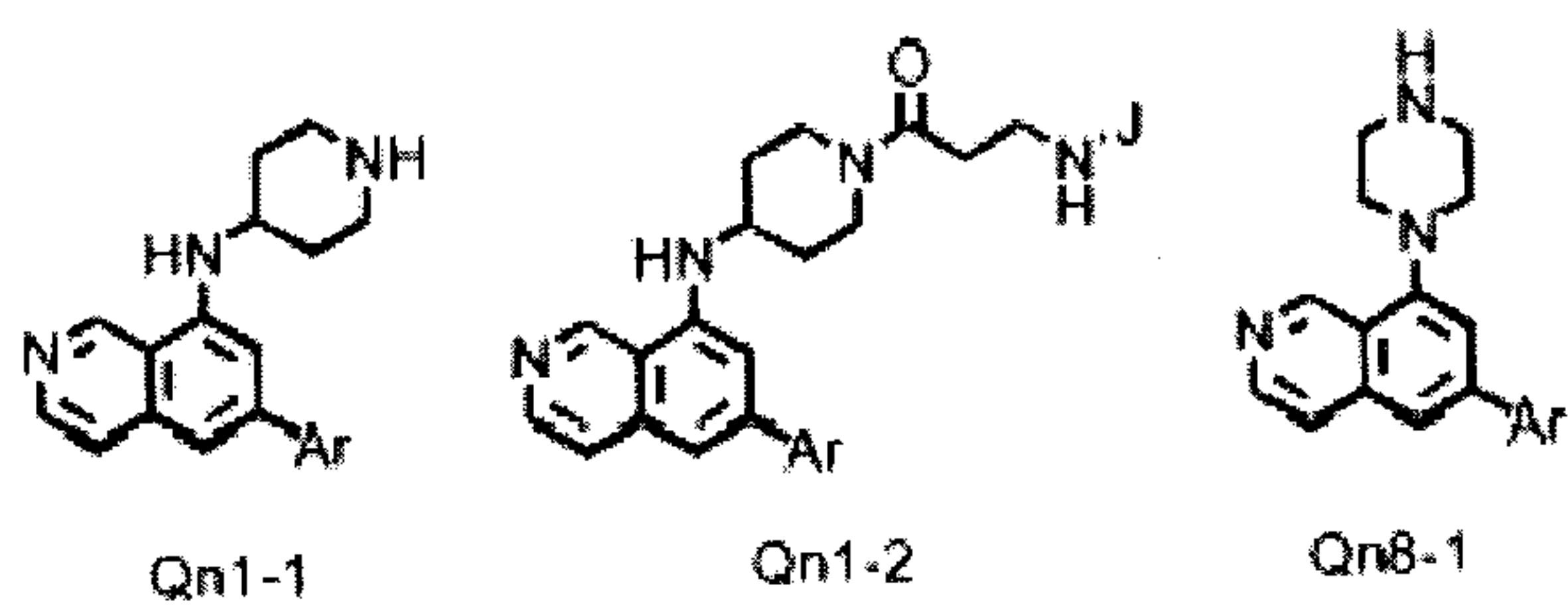
"SM1" and "SM2": Starting material. "EXP. Example number" is used for a starting material that is an Example compound and "IM. Intermediate number" is used for a starting material that is an intermediate compound (for example, "IM. Br-1" indicates Intermediate Br-1). Abbreviations used in "SM2" refer to compounds corresponding to abbreviations represented in the tables provided later. For example, starting materials shown in "SM1" and "SM2" in EXP1-N-3 of "Table 1-N" correspond to "Intermediate Br-1" and "sa3," respectively. When there is one starting material, only the relevant starting material is shown.

"ST": Structure represented by any of general formulas Qn1 to Qn26, Qn1-1, Qn1-2, Qn8-1, Qn1P to Qn10P, Qo1 to Qo14, Qo1-1 to Qo1-10, Qo2-1 to Qo2-6, Qo9-1, and Qs1 to Qs2. In each of the following general formulas, J represents a structure corresponding to an abbreviation such as "co1" in "Table co" and Ar represents a structure corresponding to an abbreviation such as "Ar1" in "Table Ar."

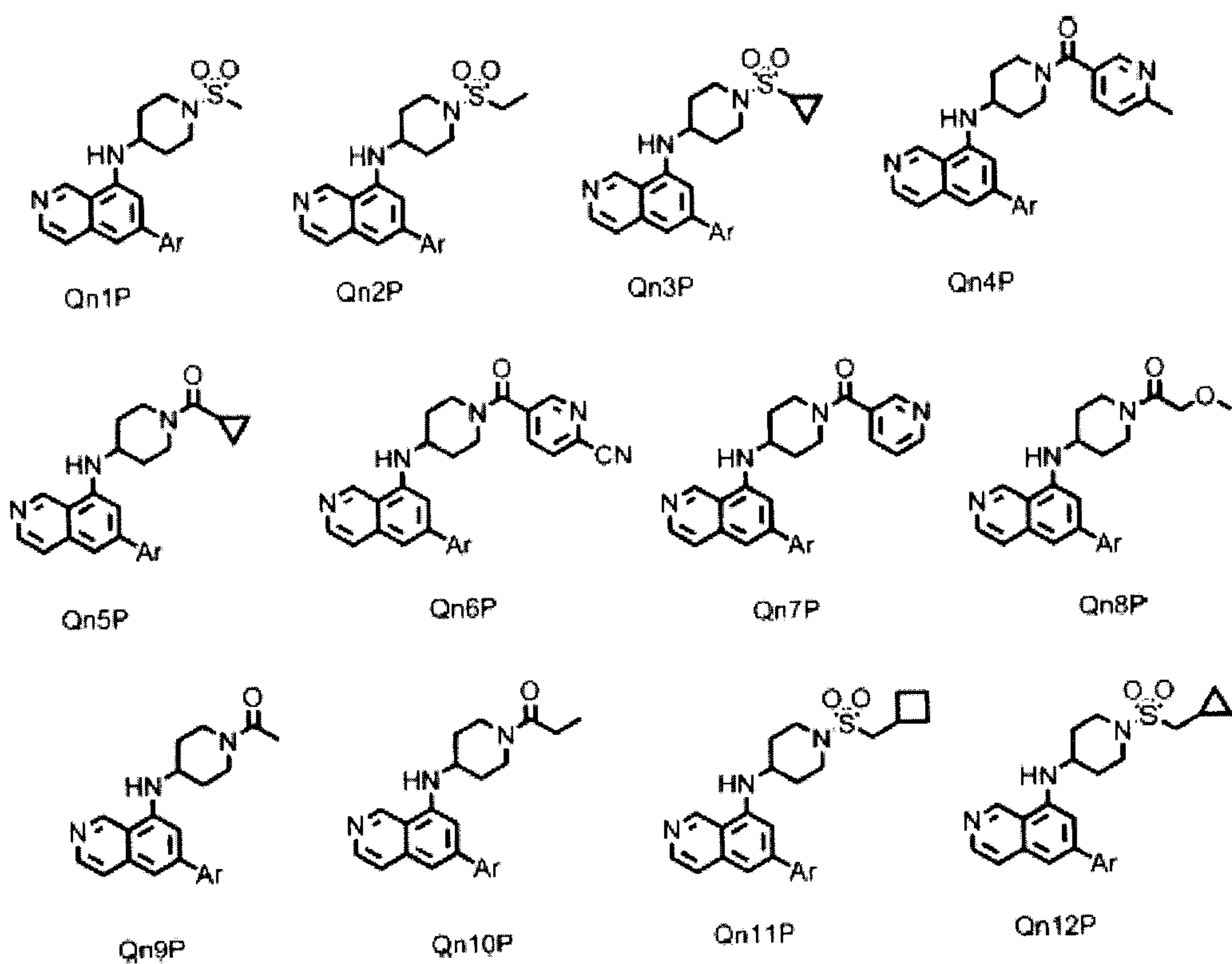
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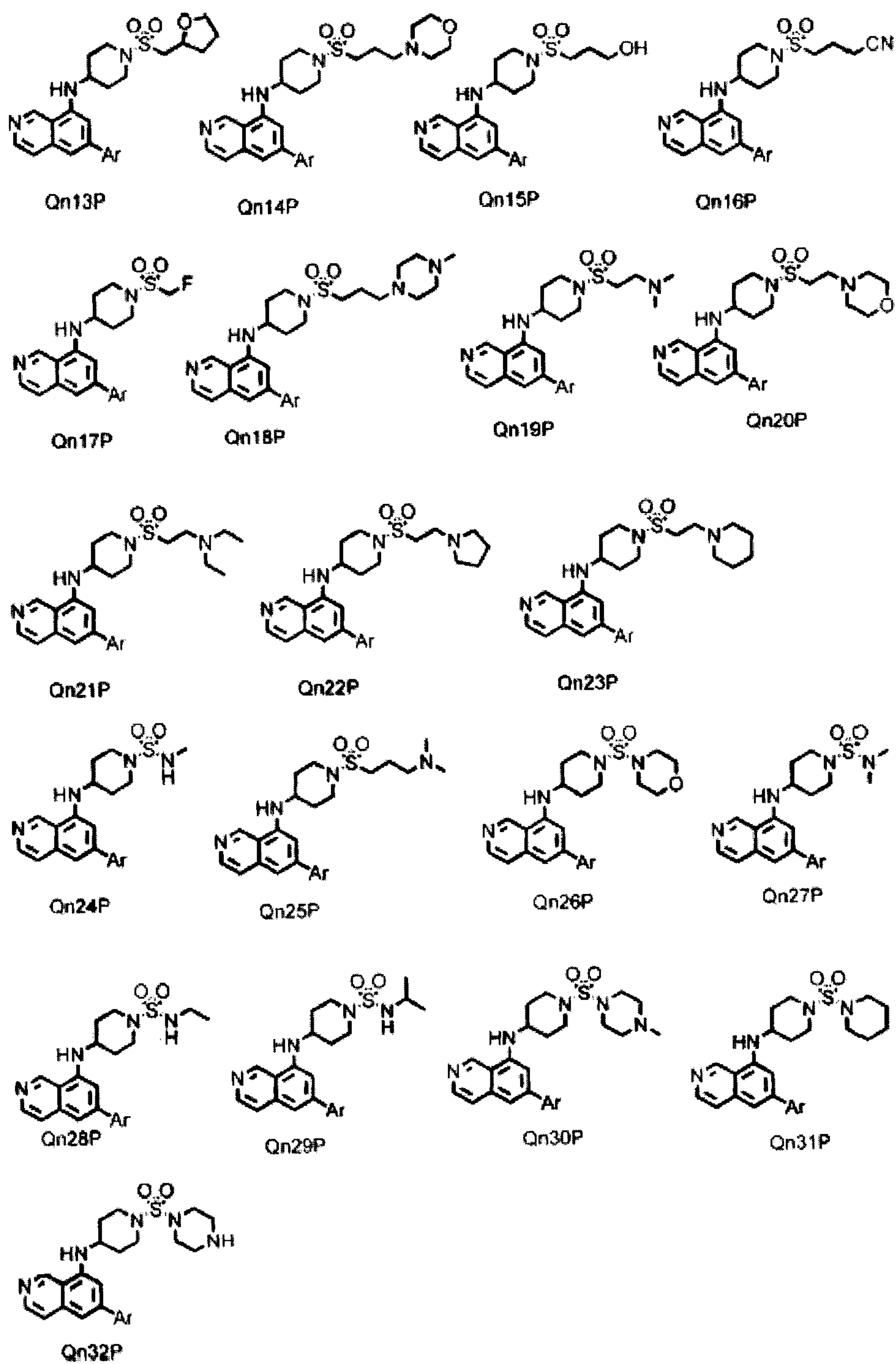


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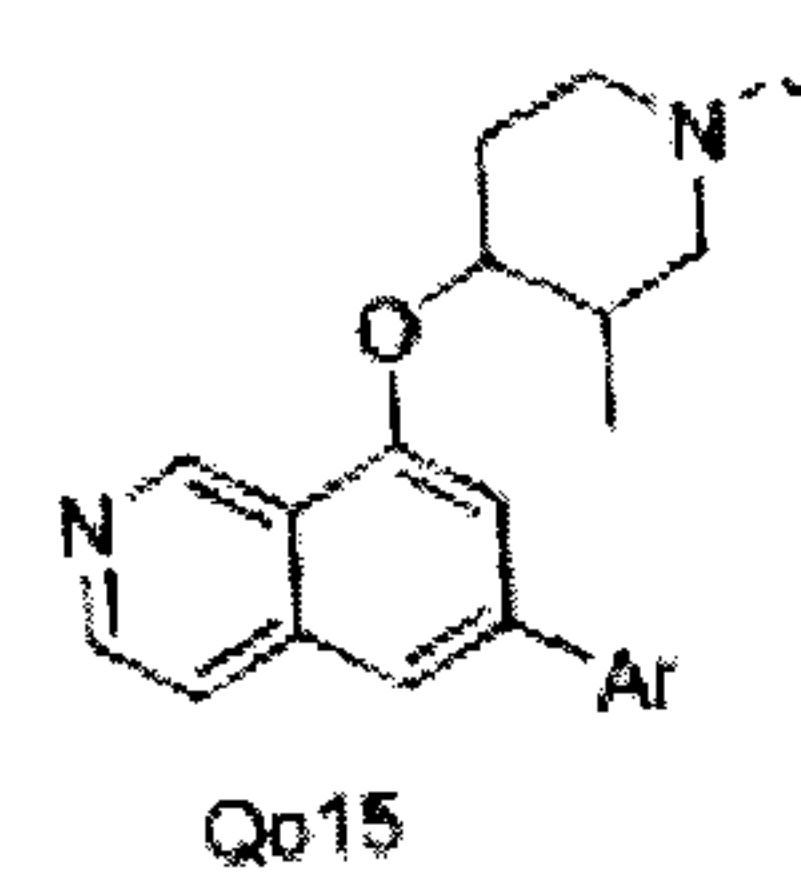
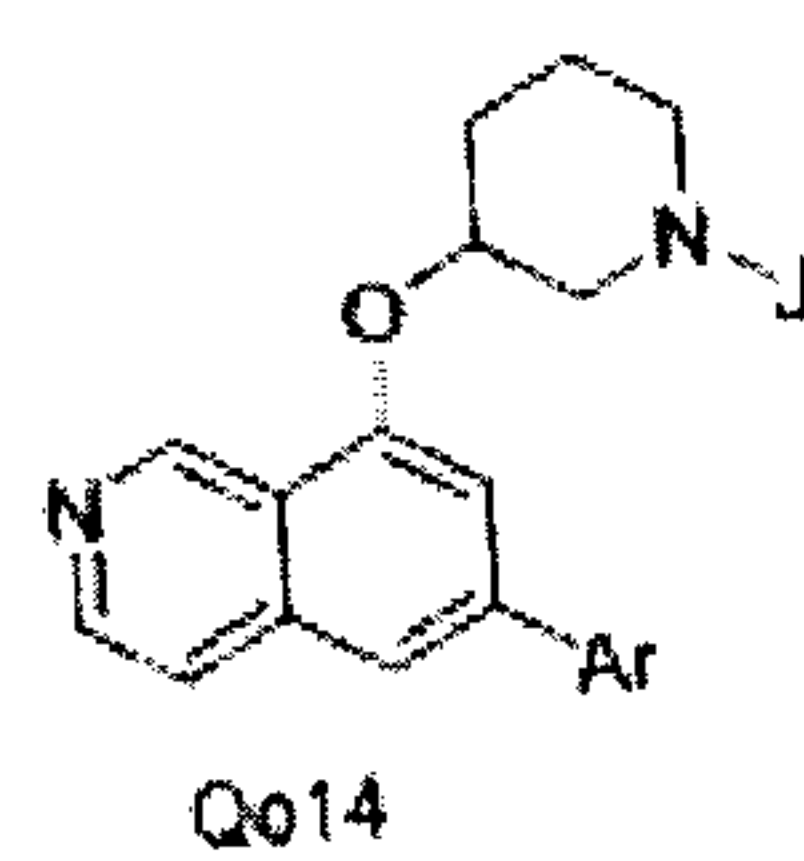
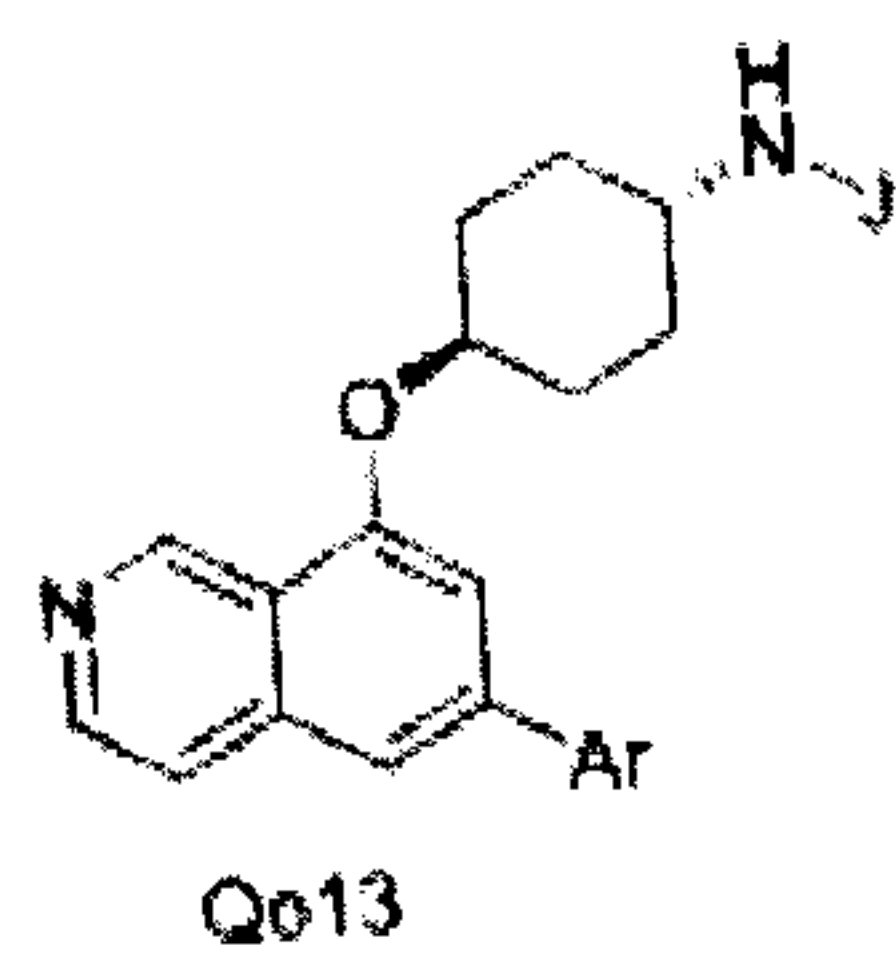
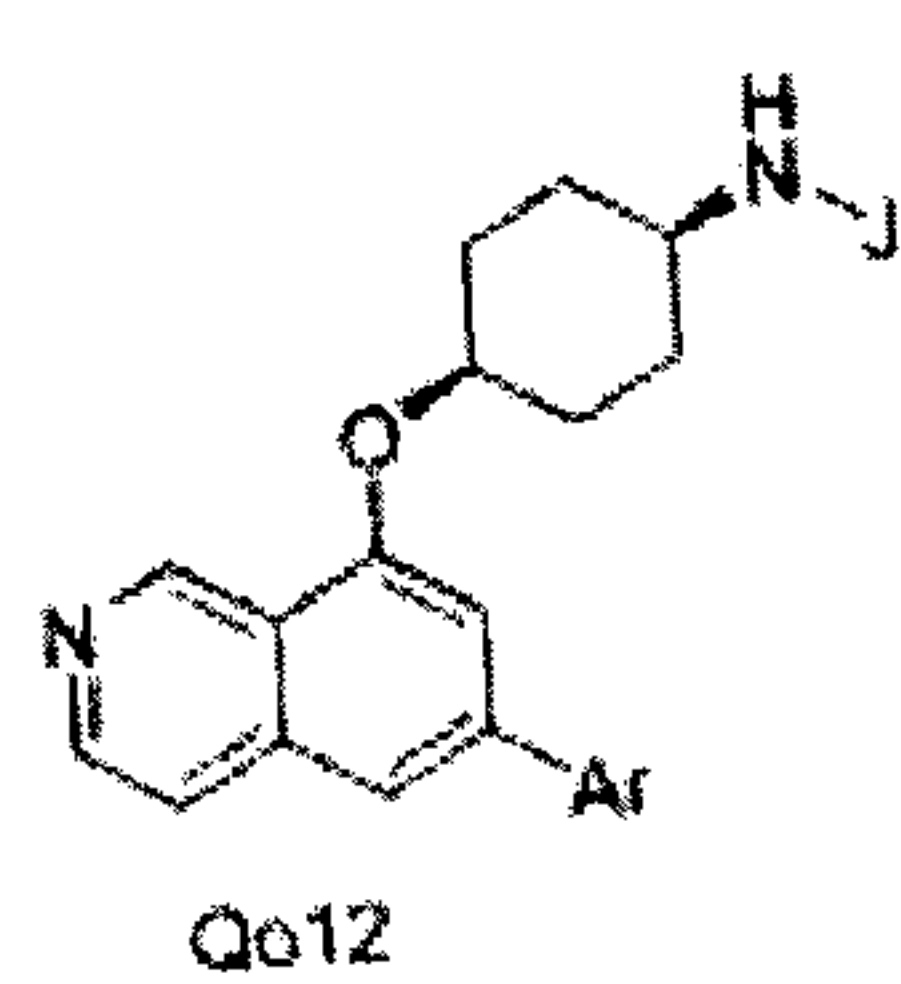
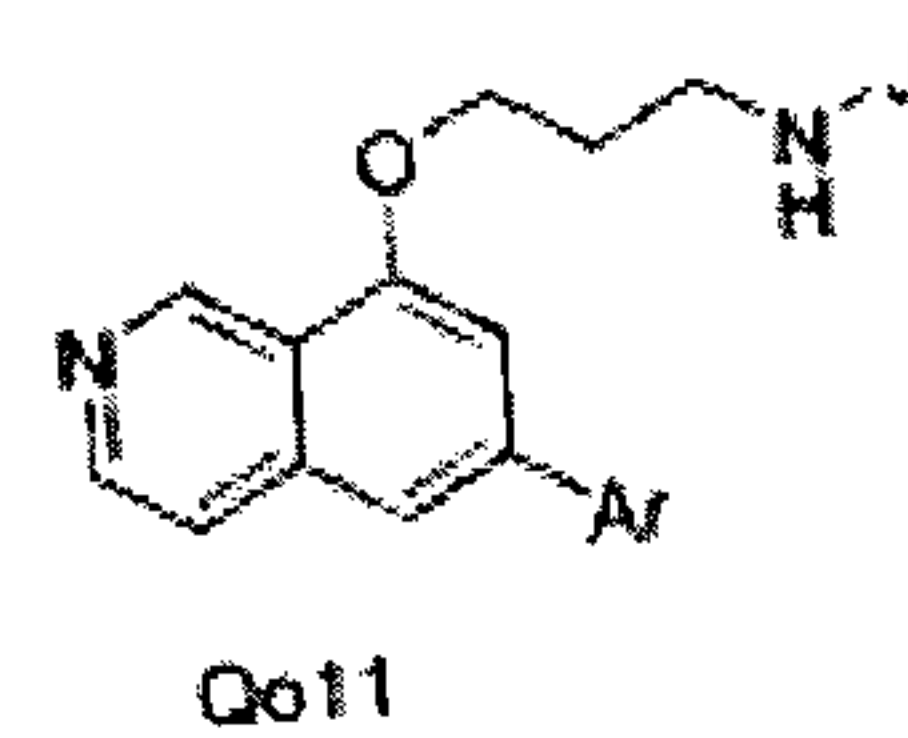
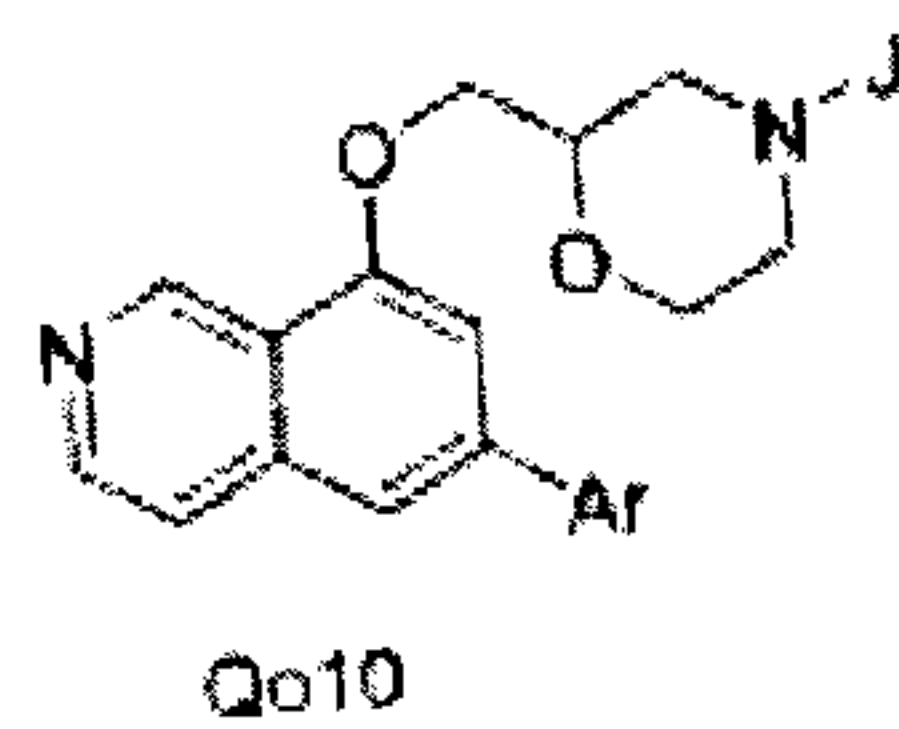
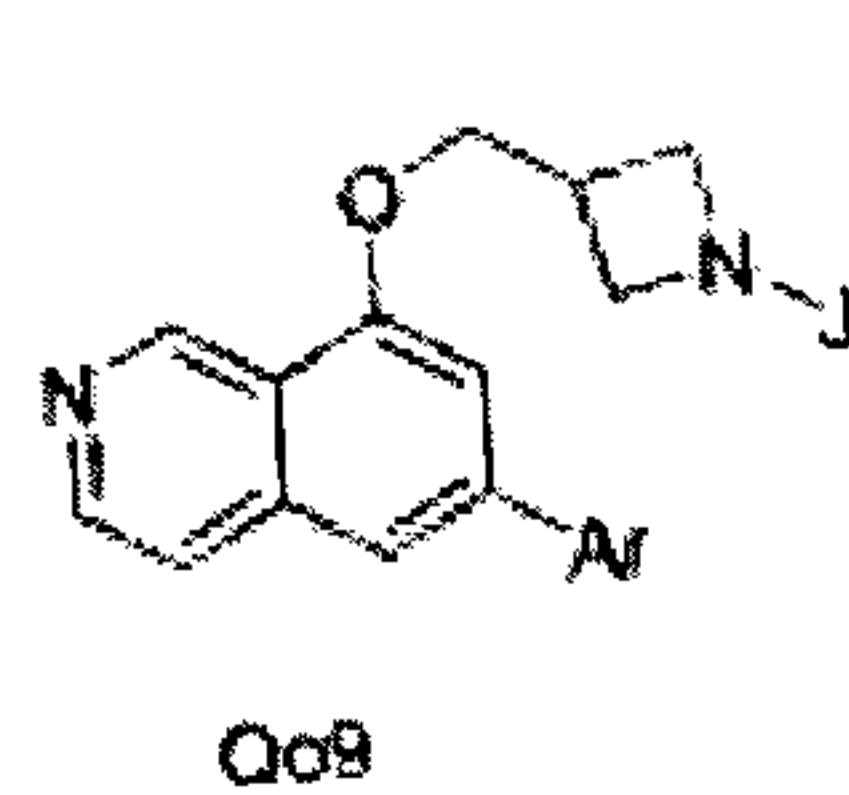
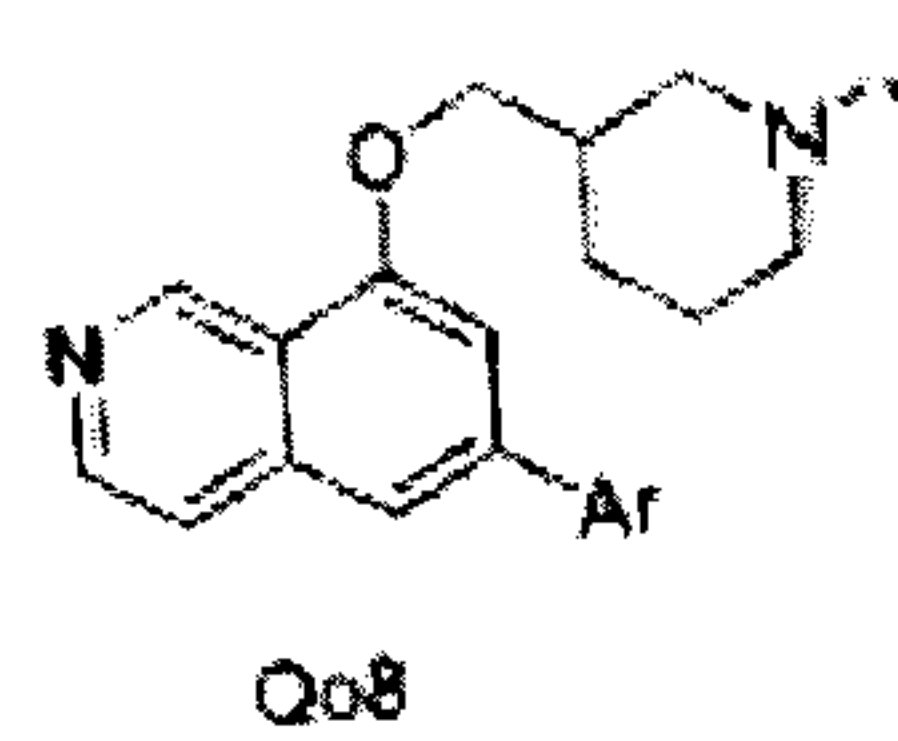
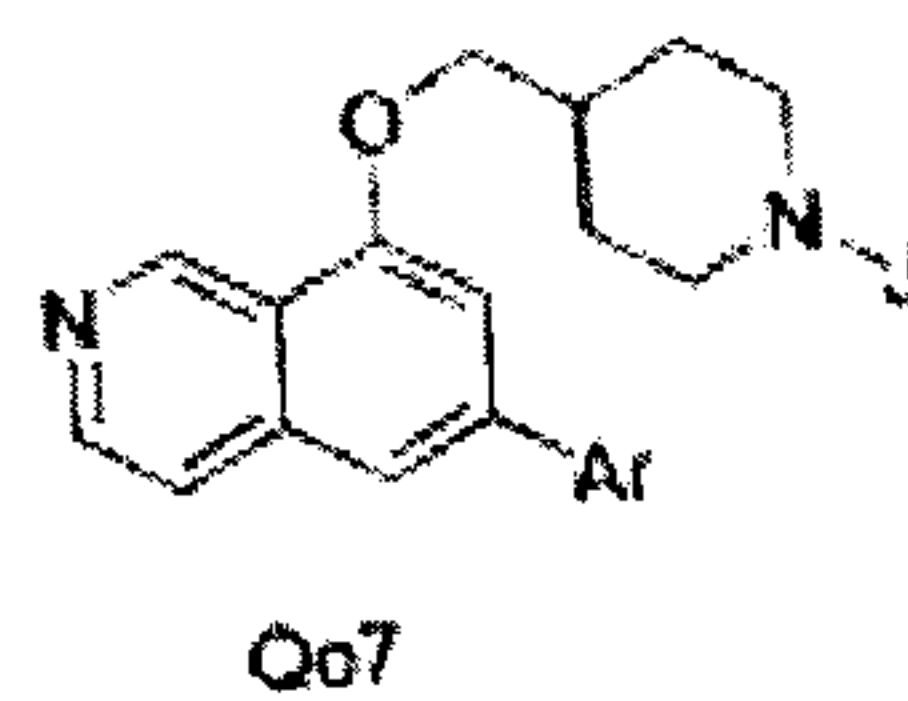
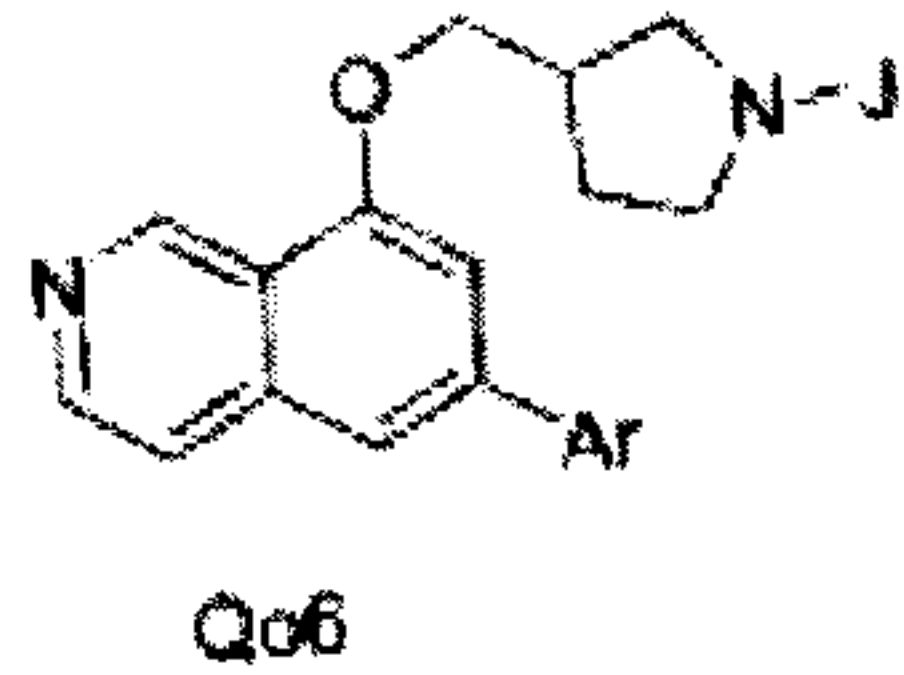
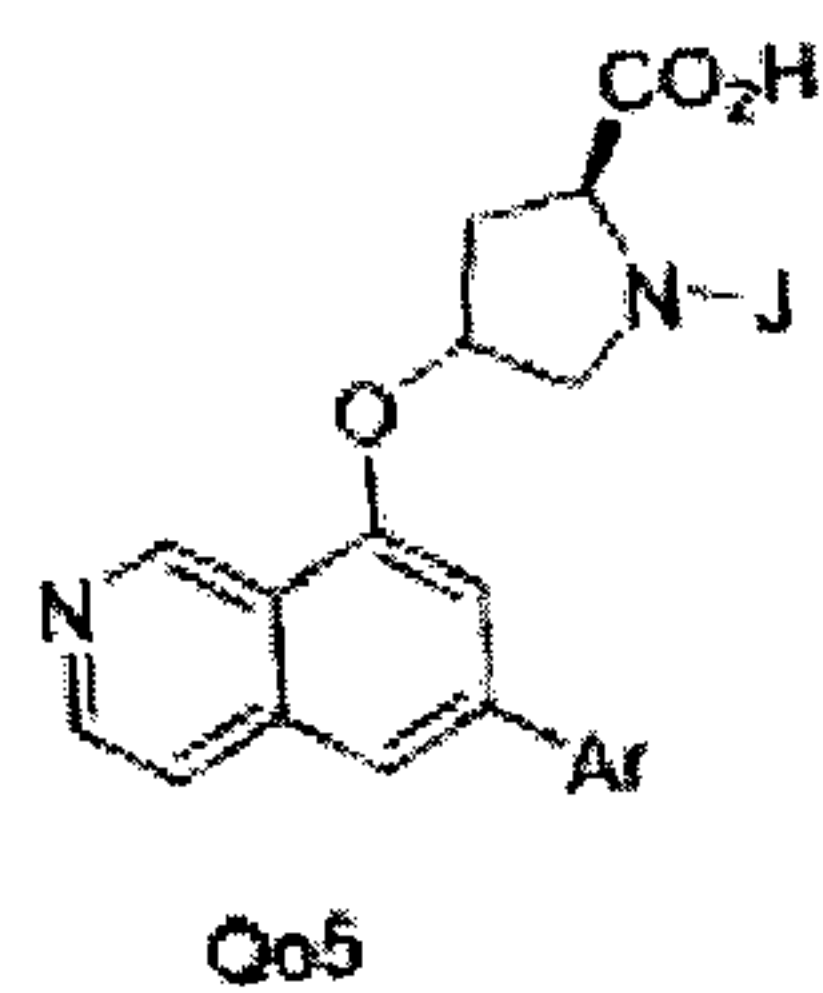
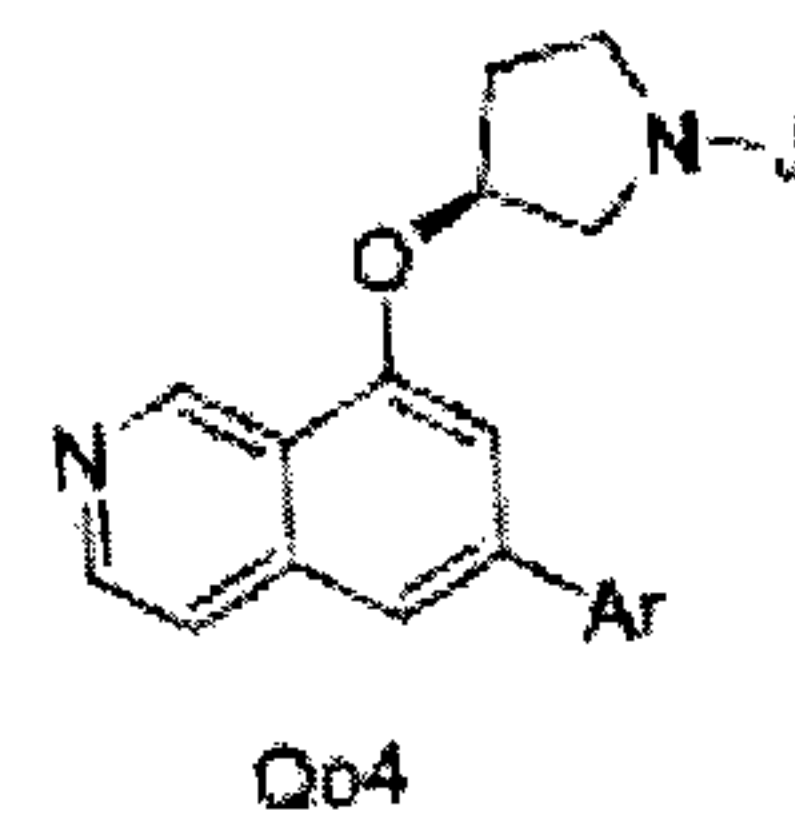
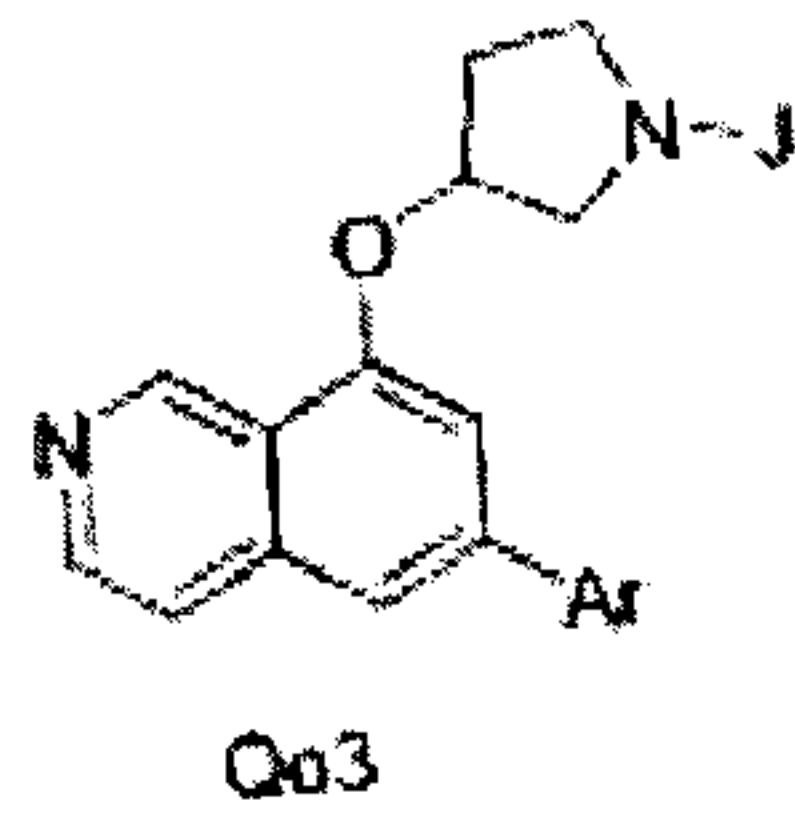
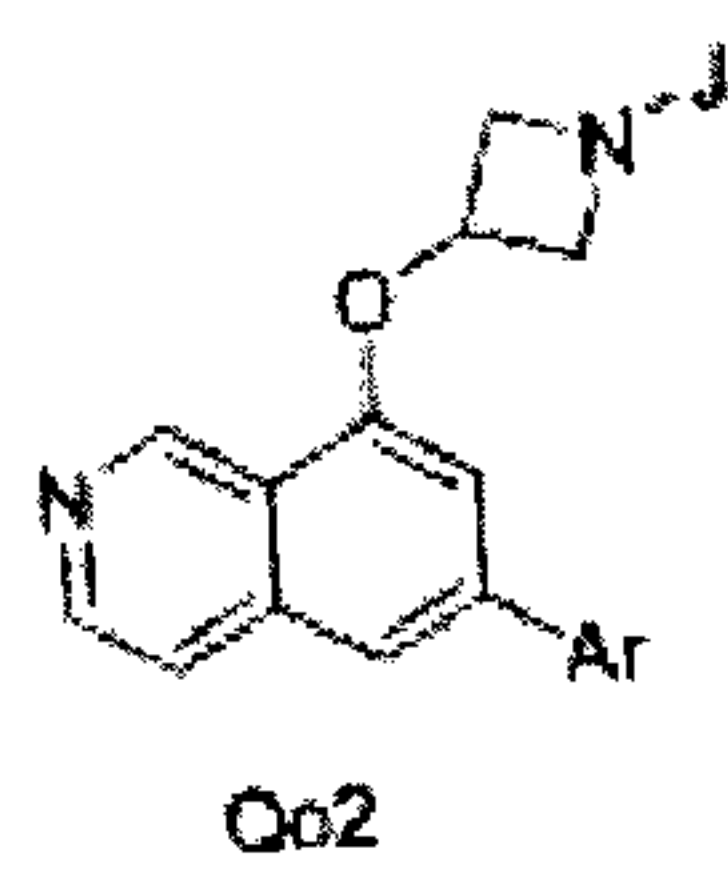
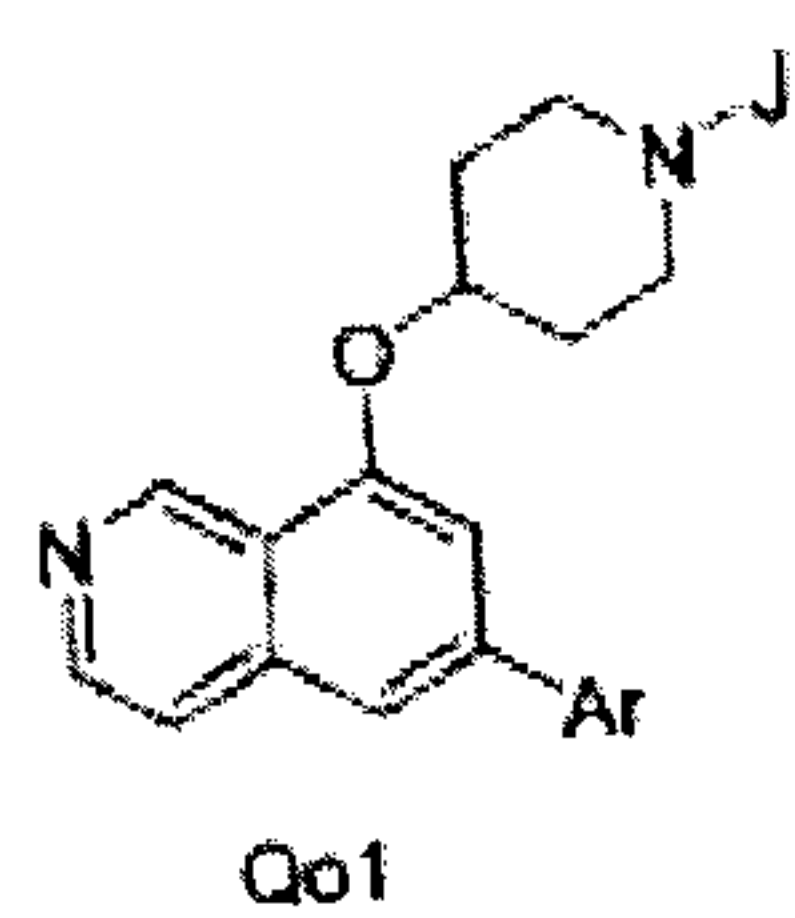


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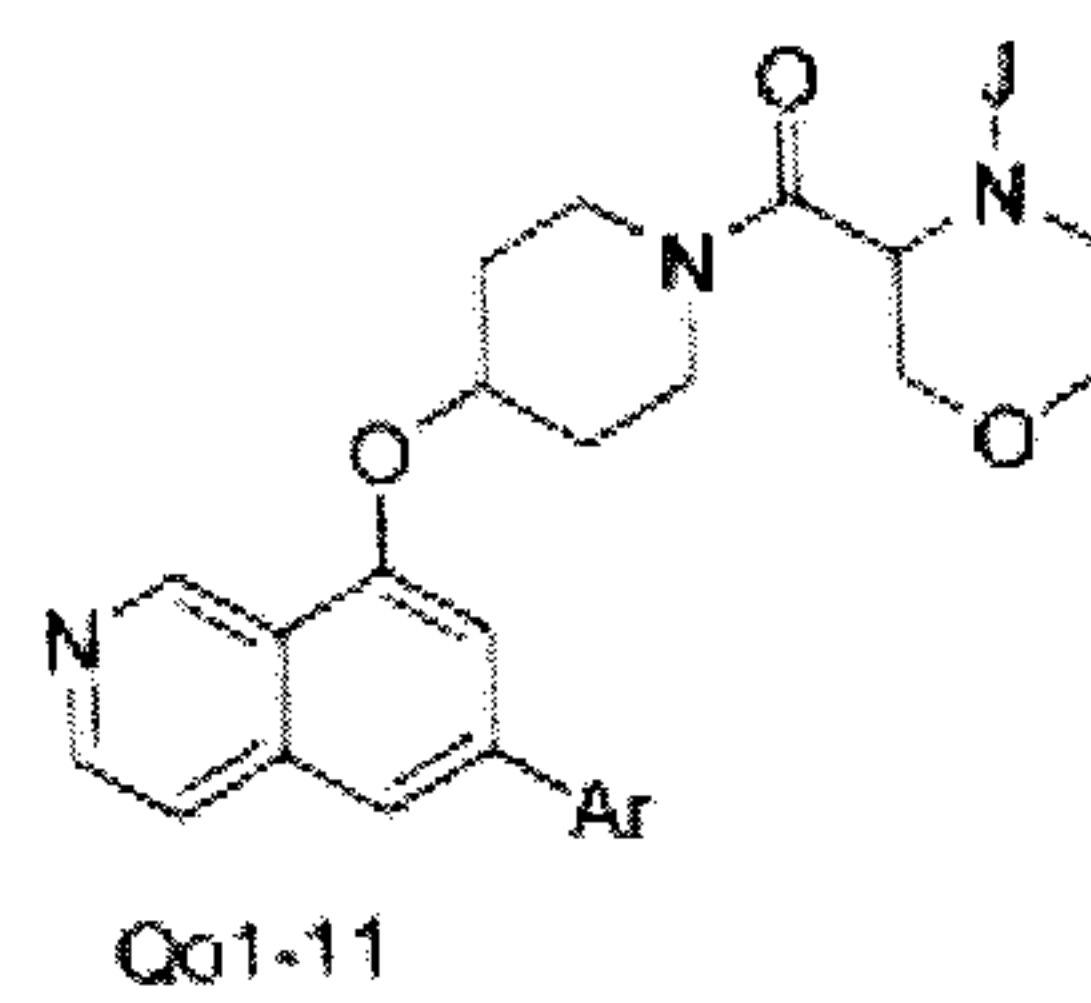
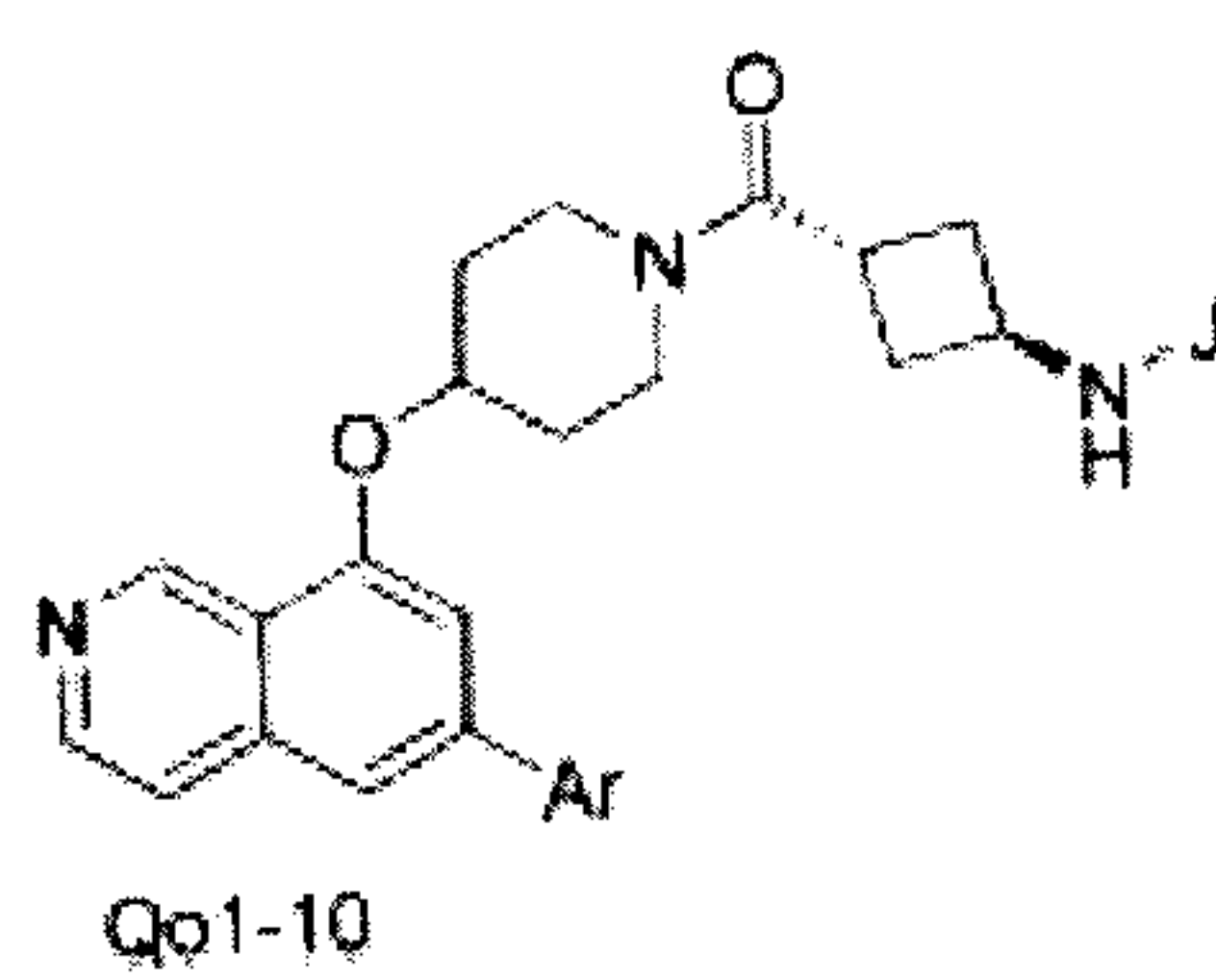
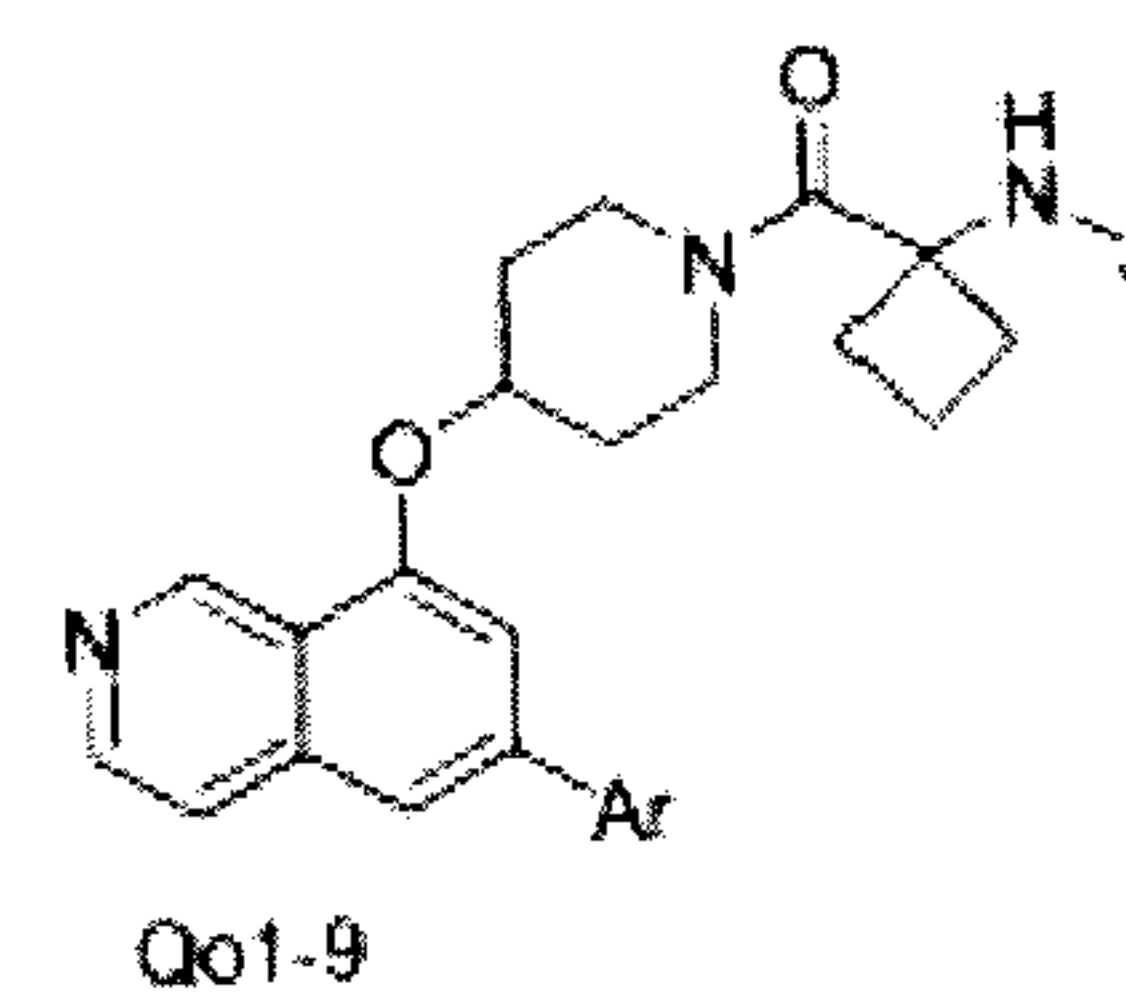
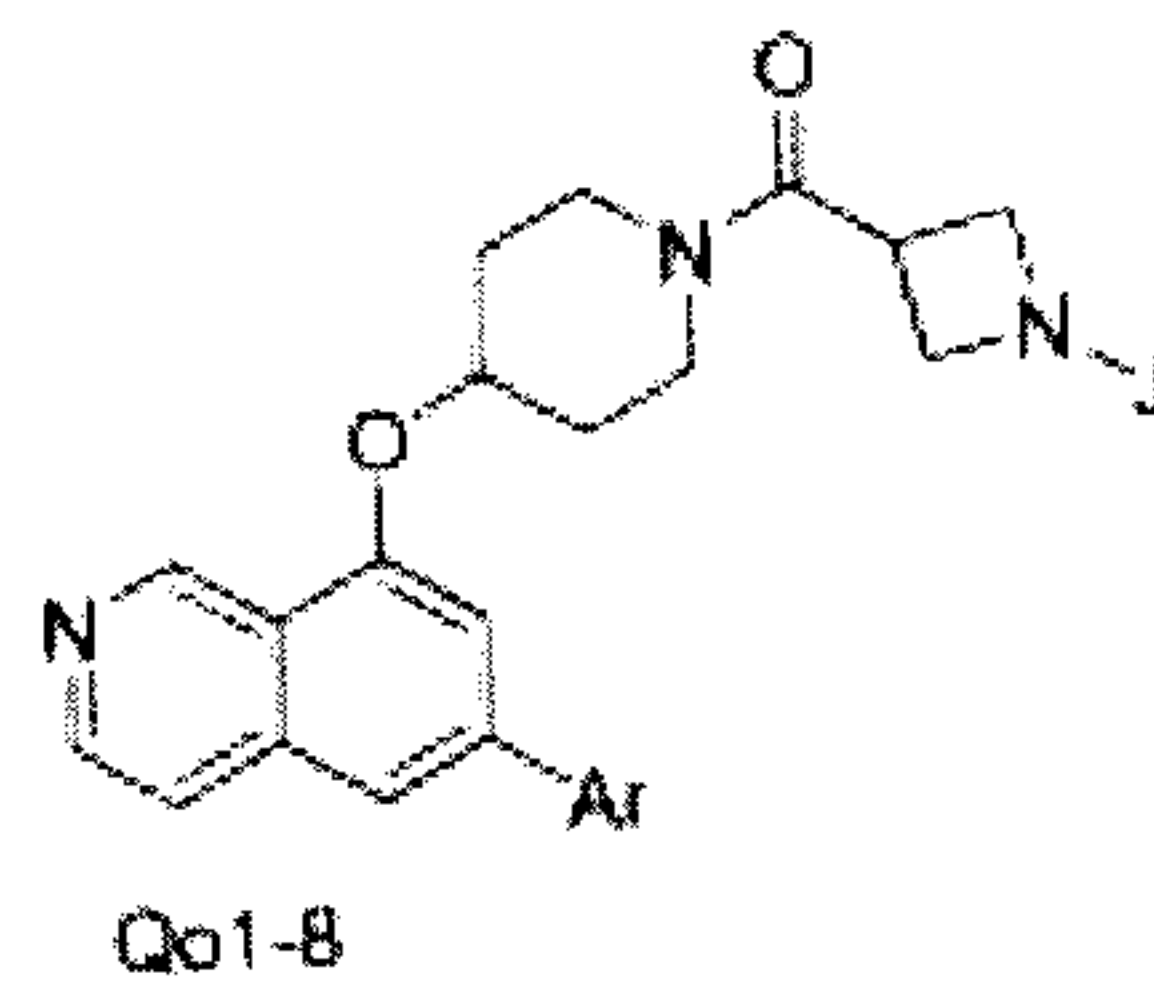
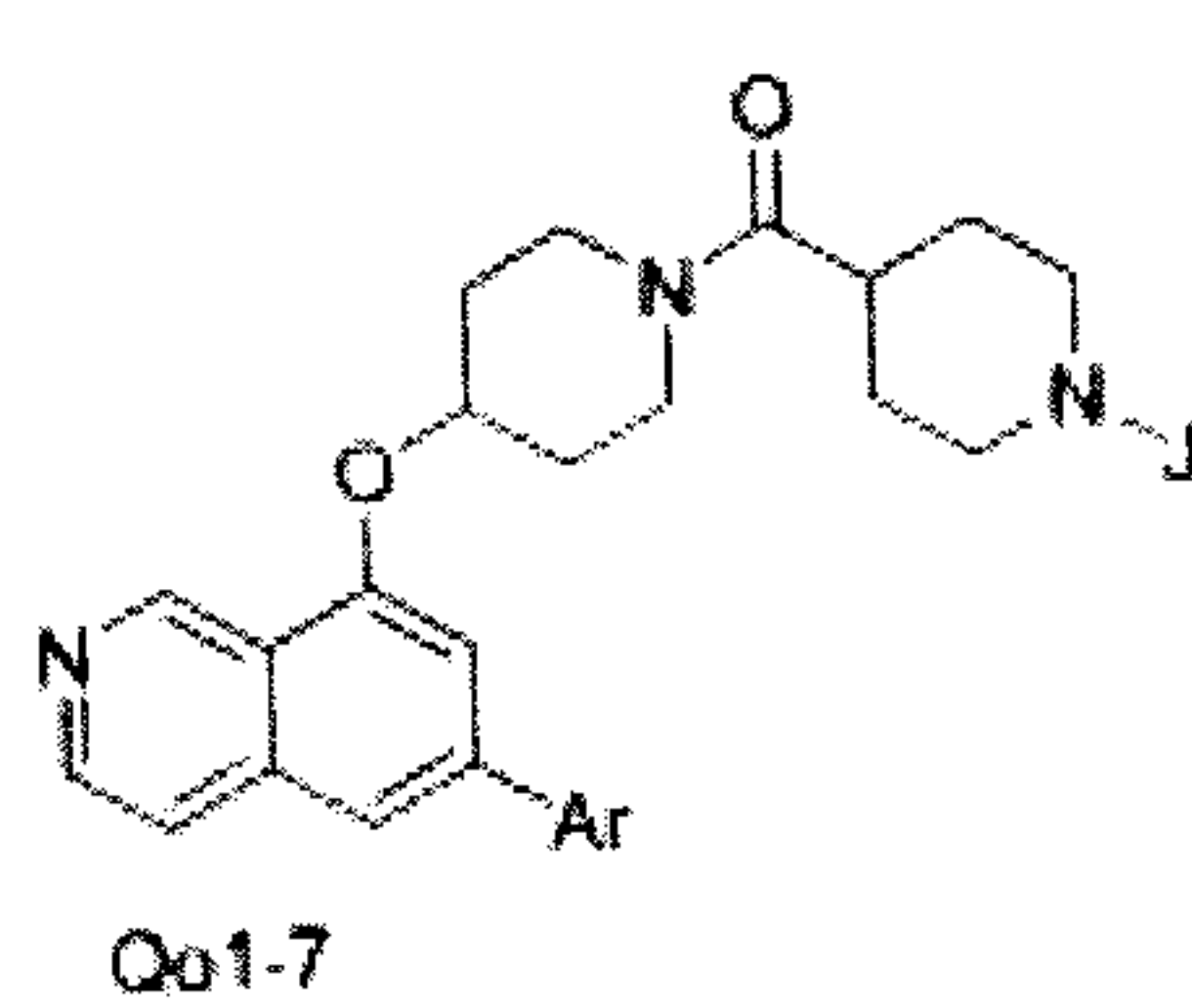
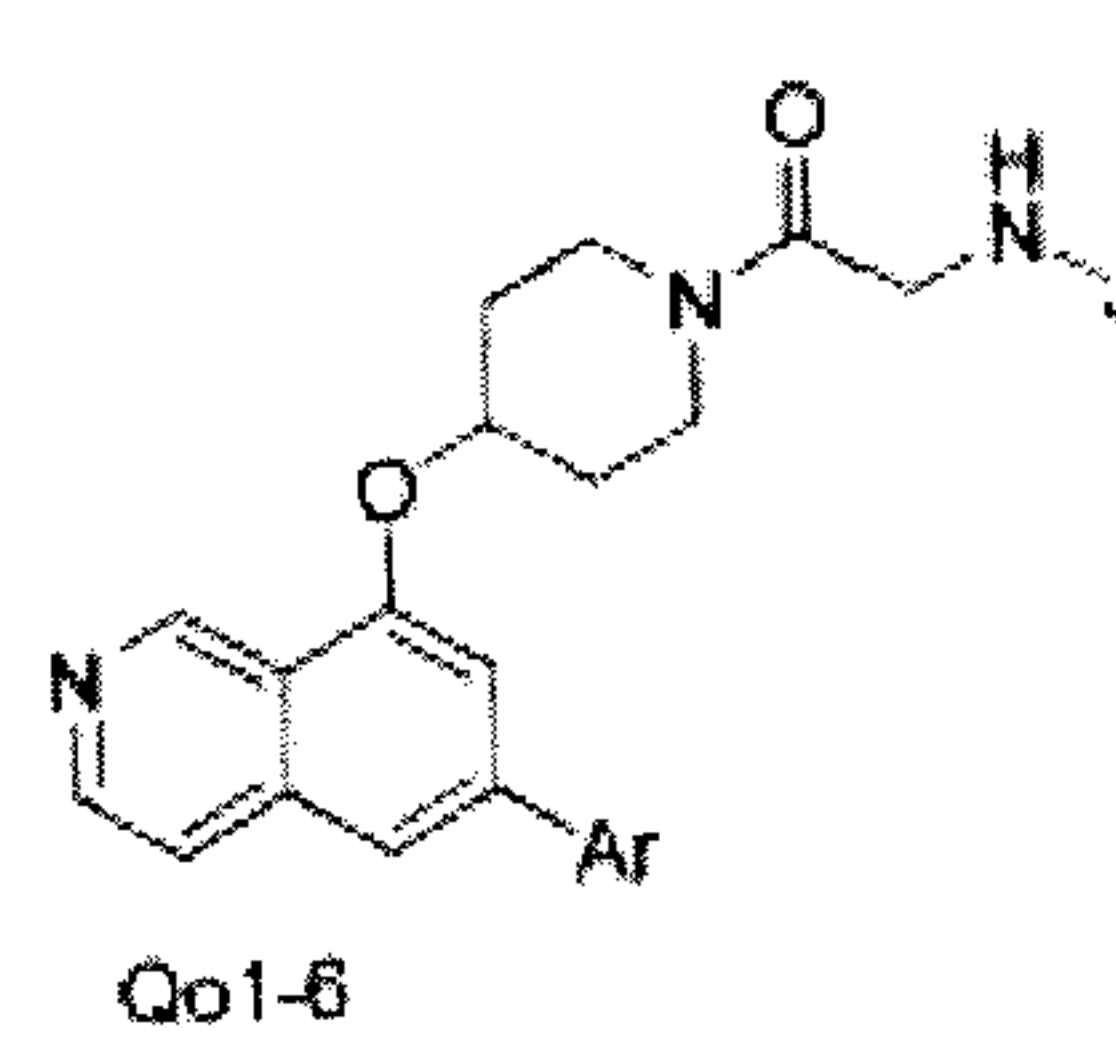
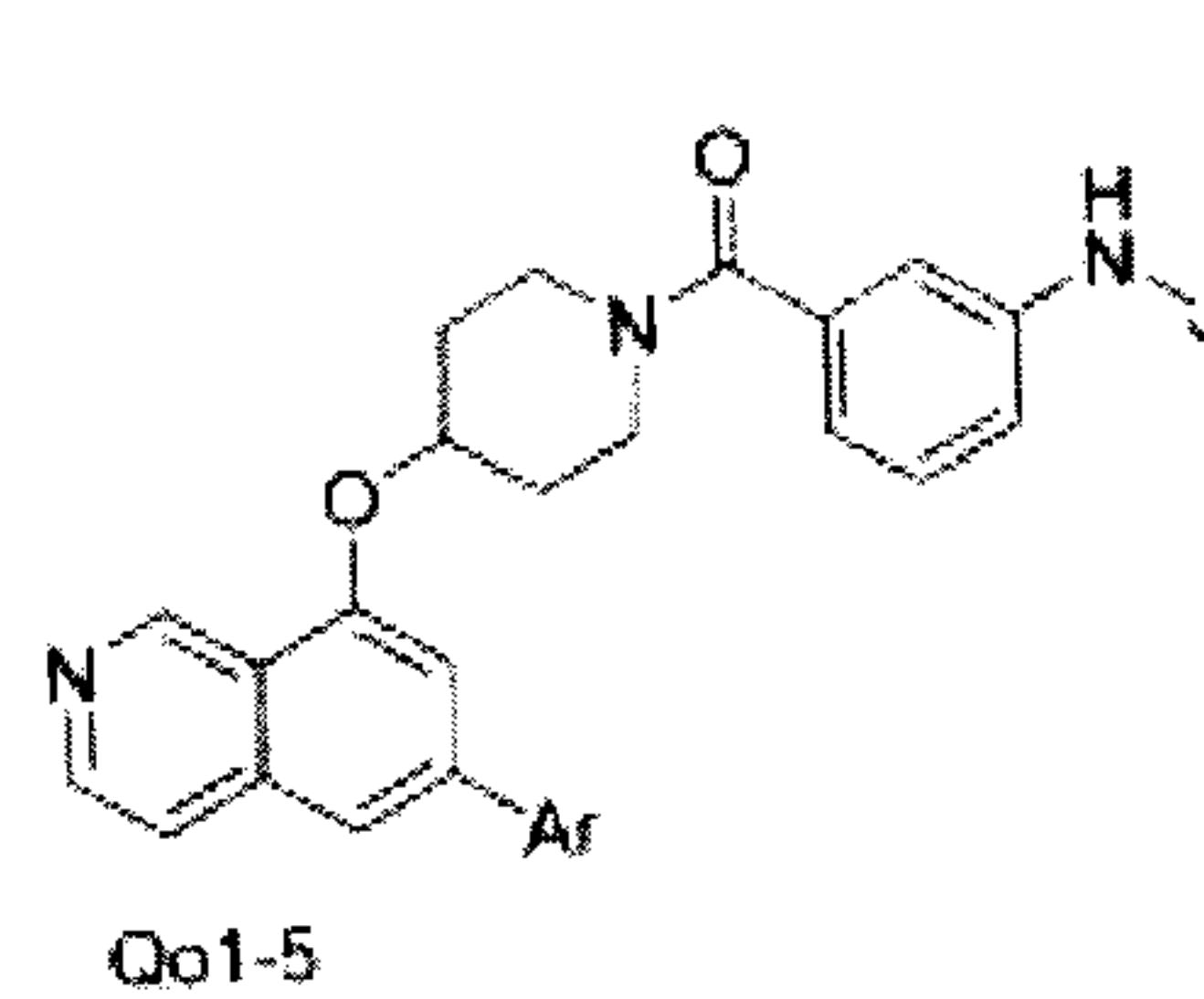
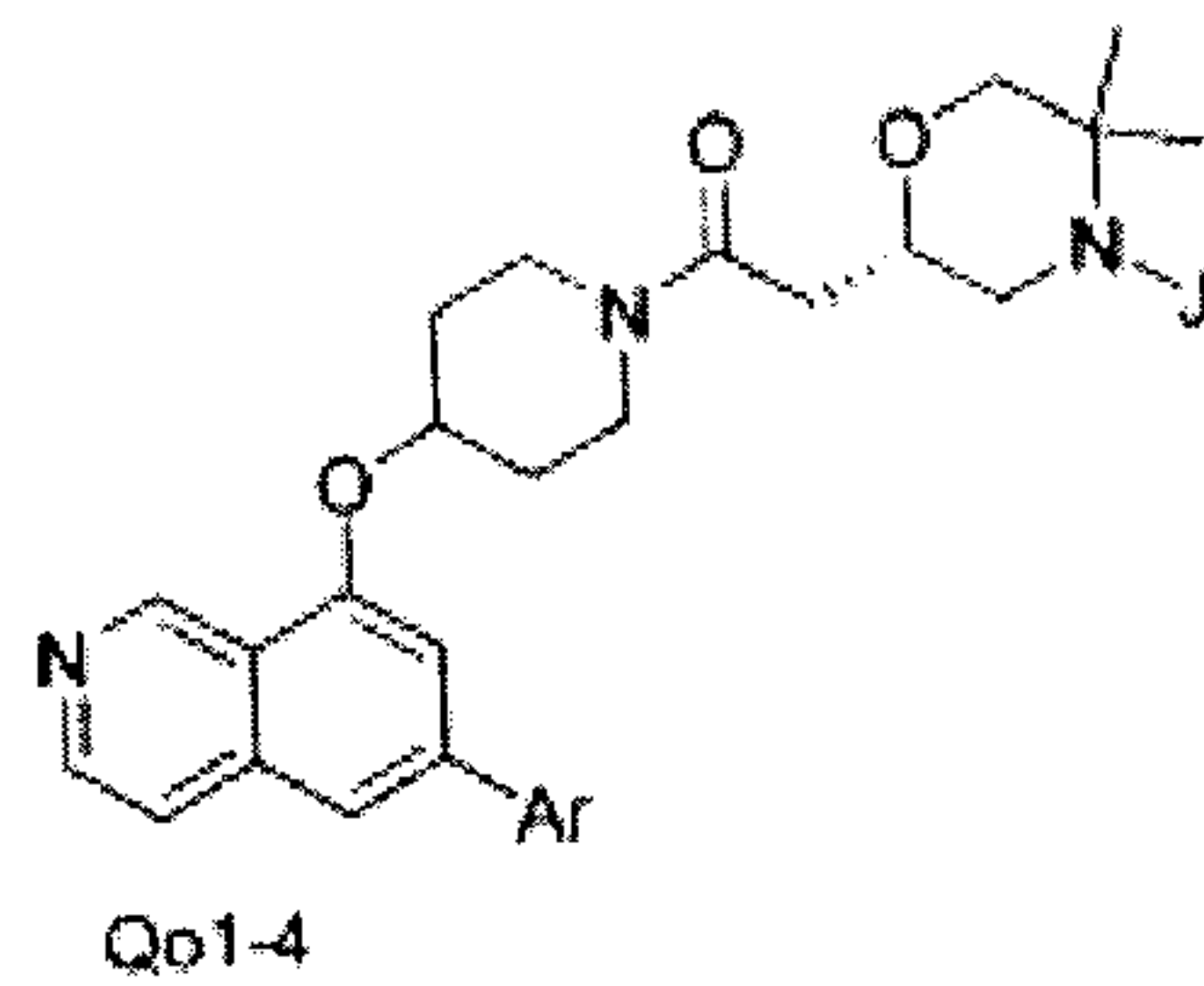
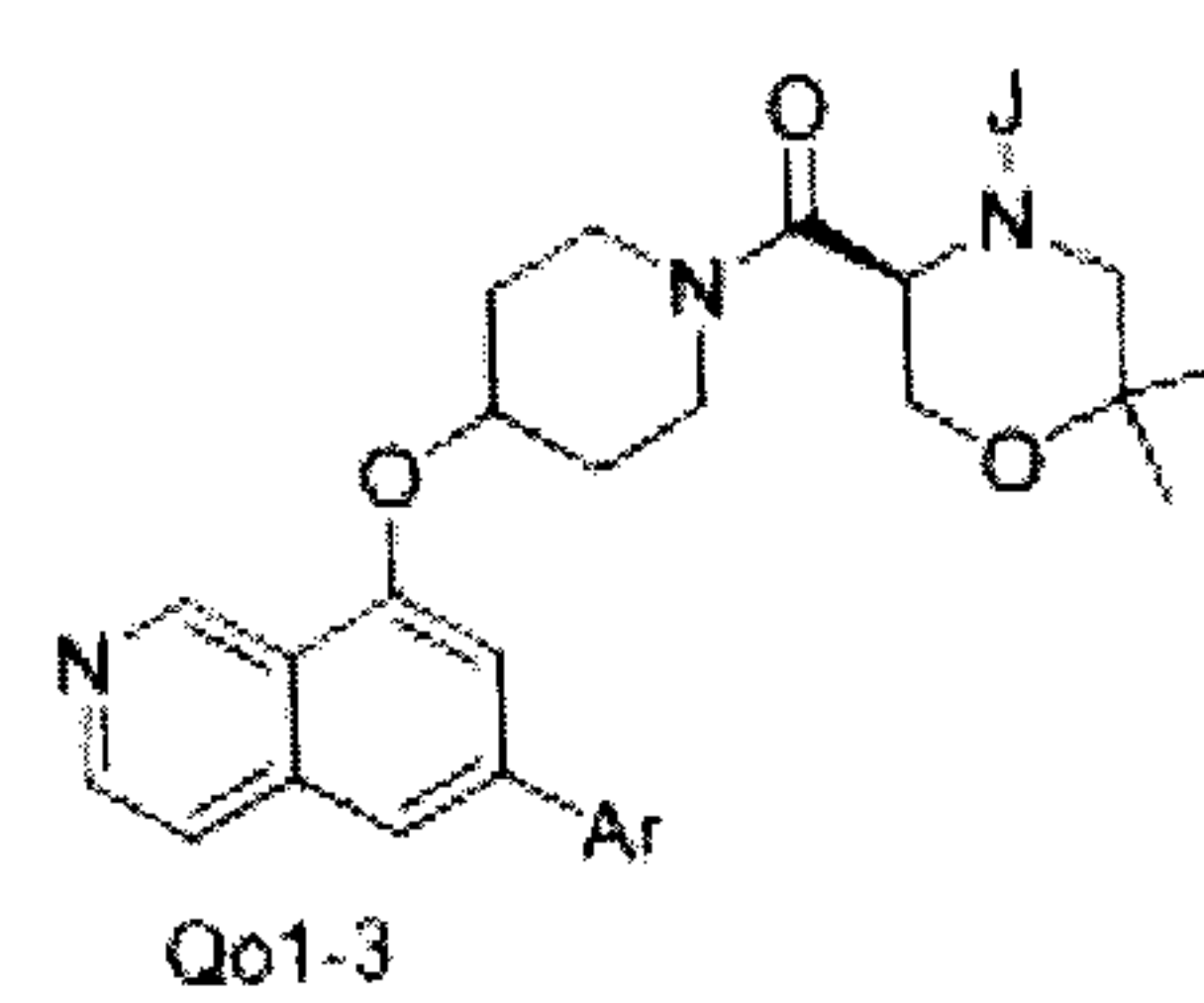
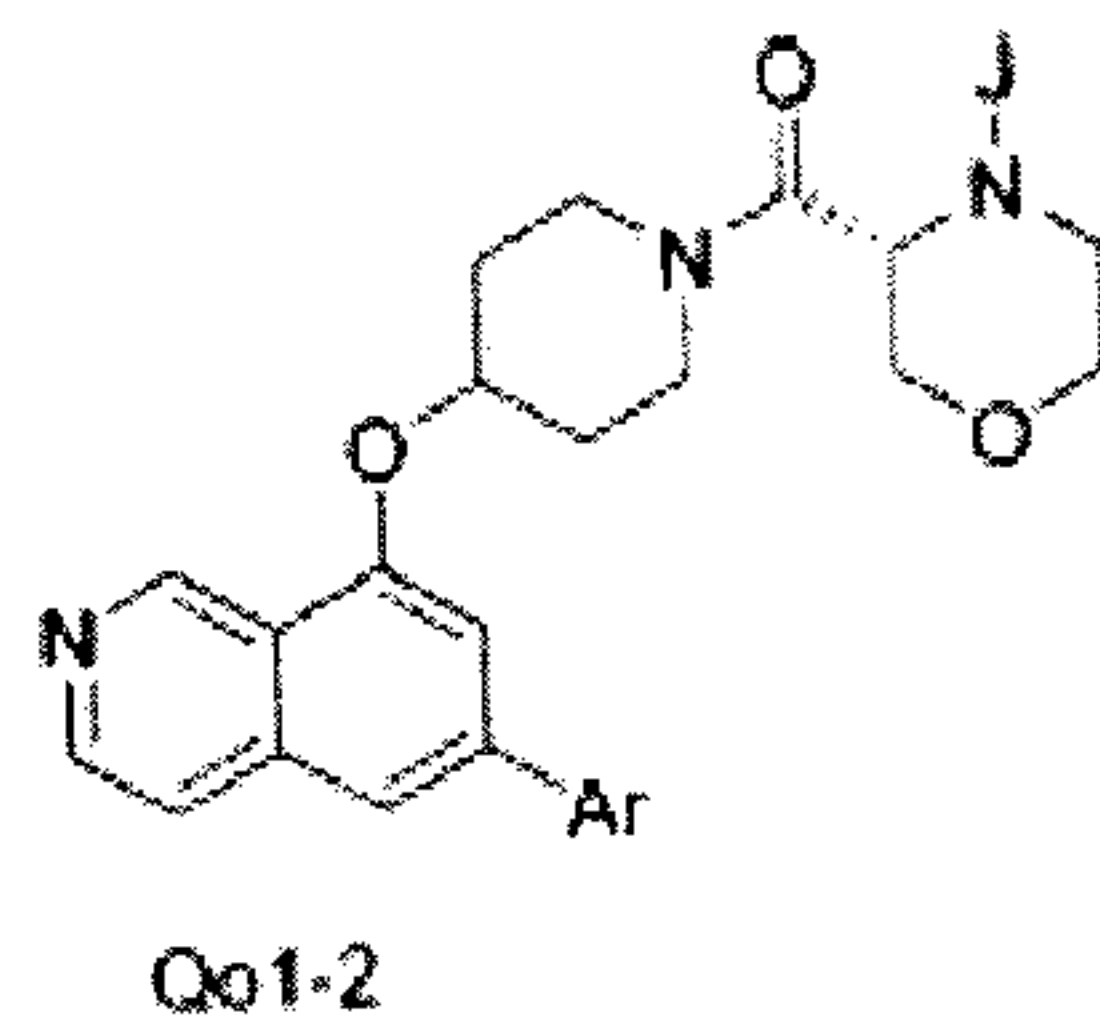
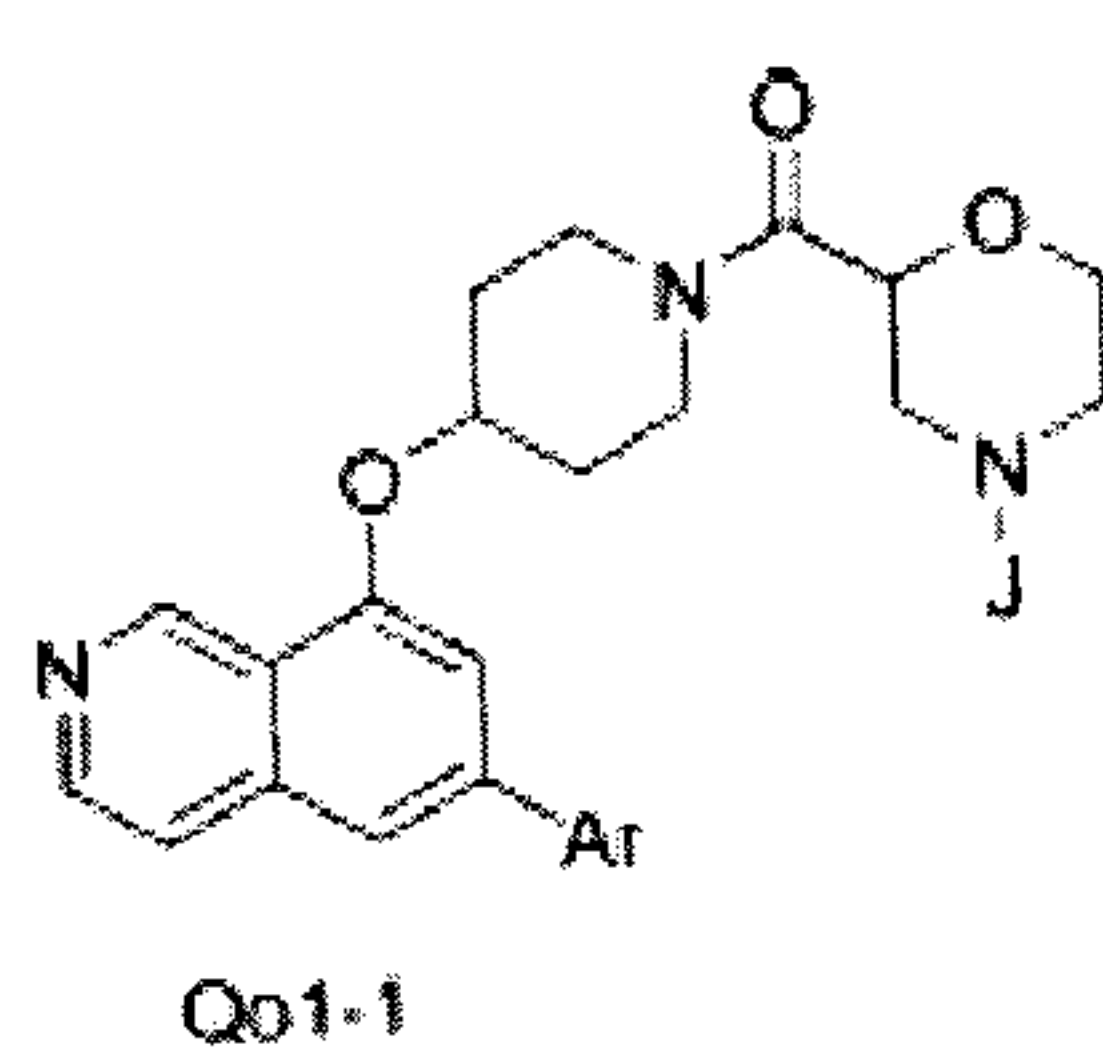




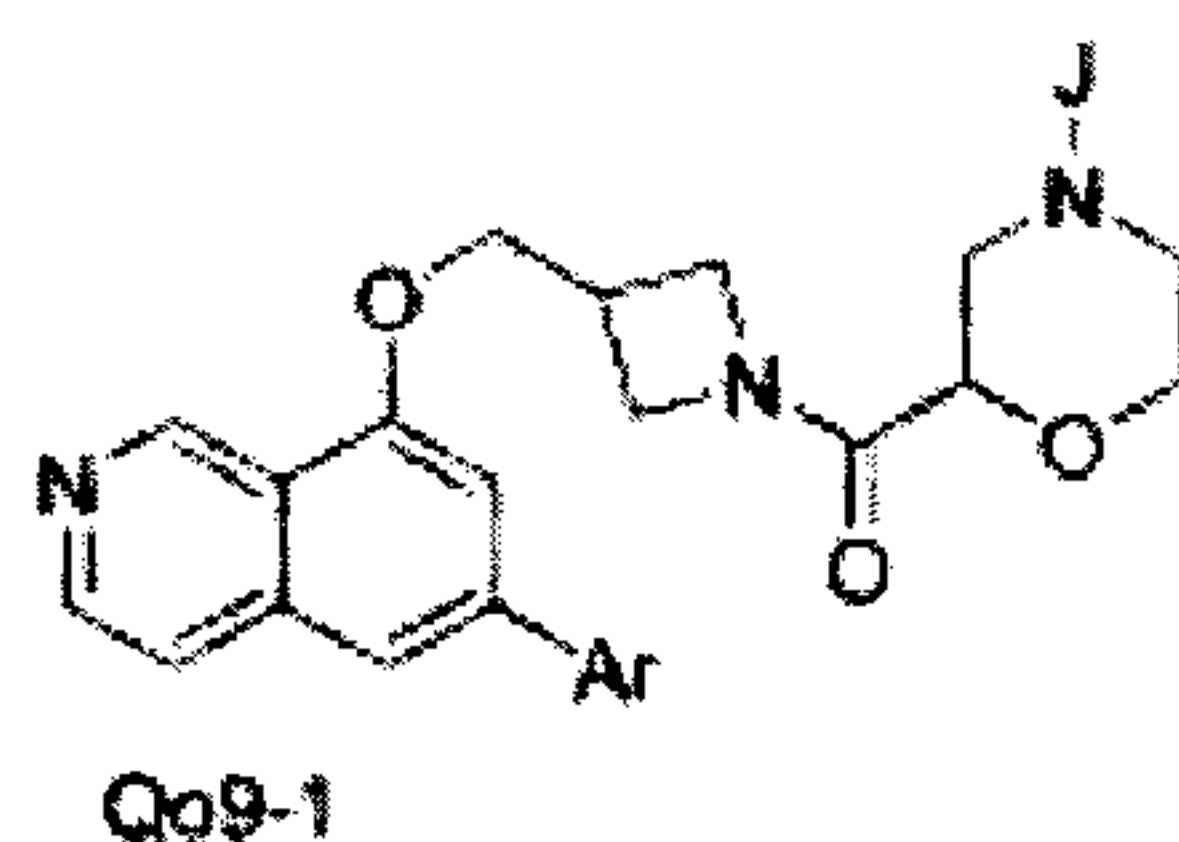
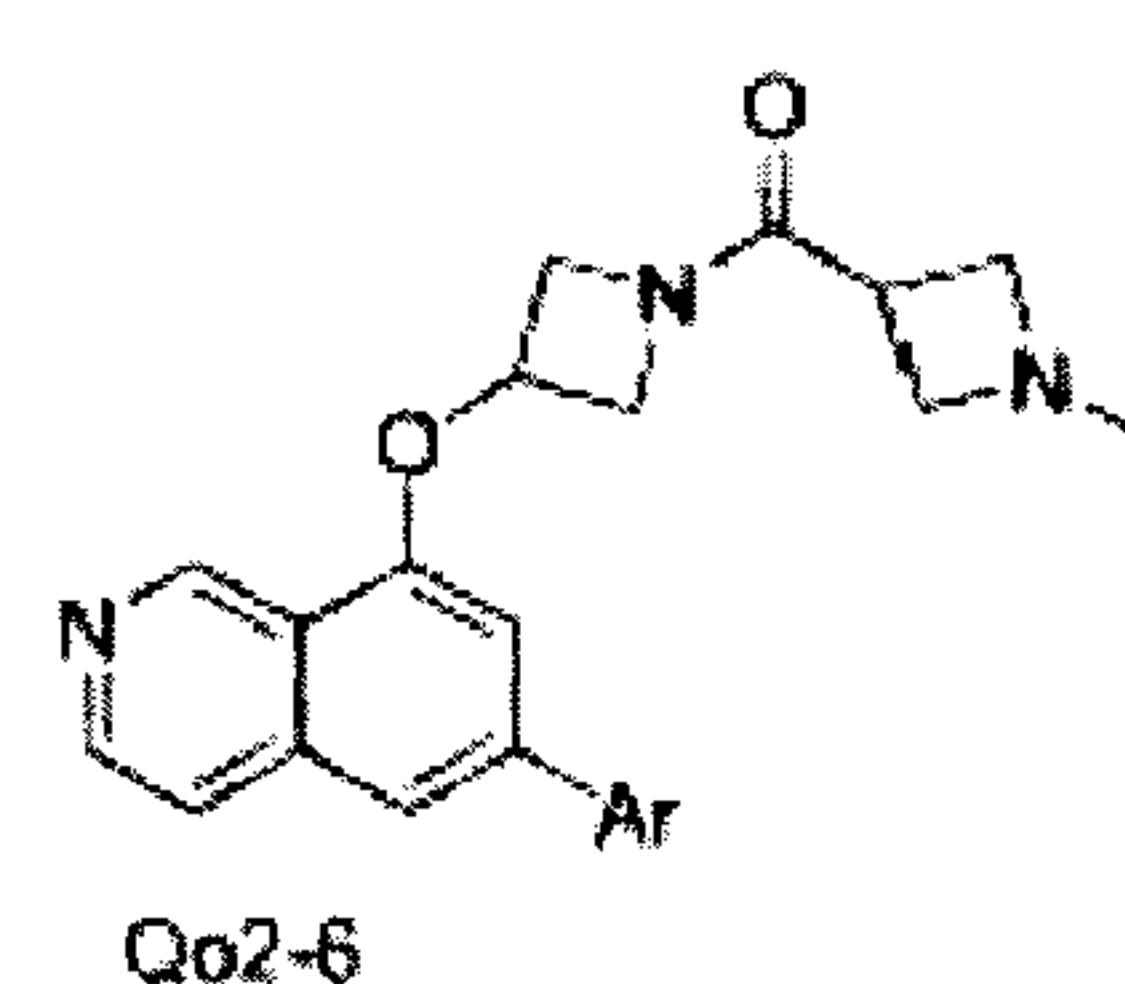
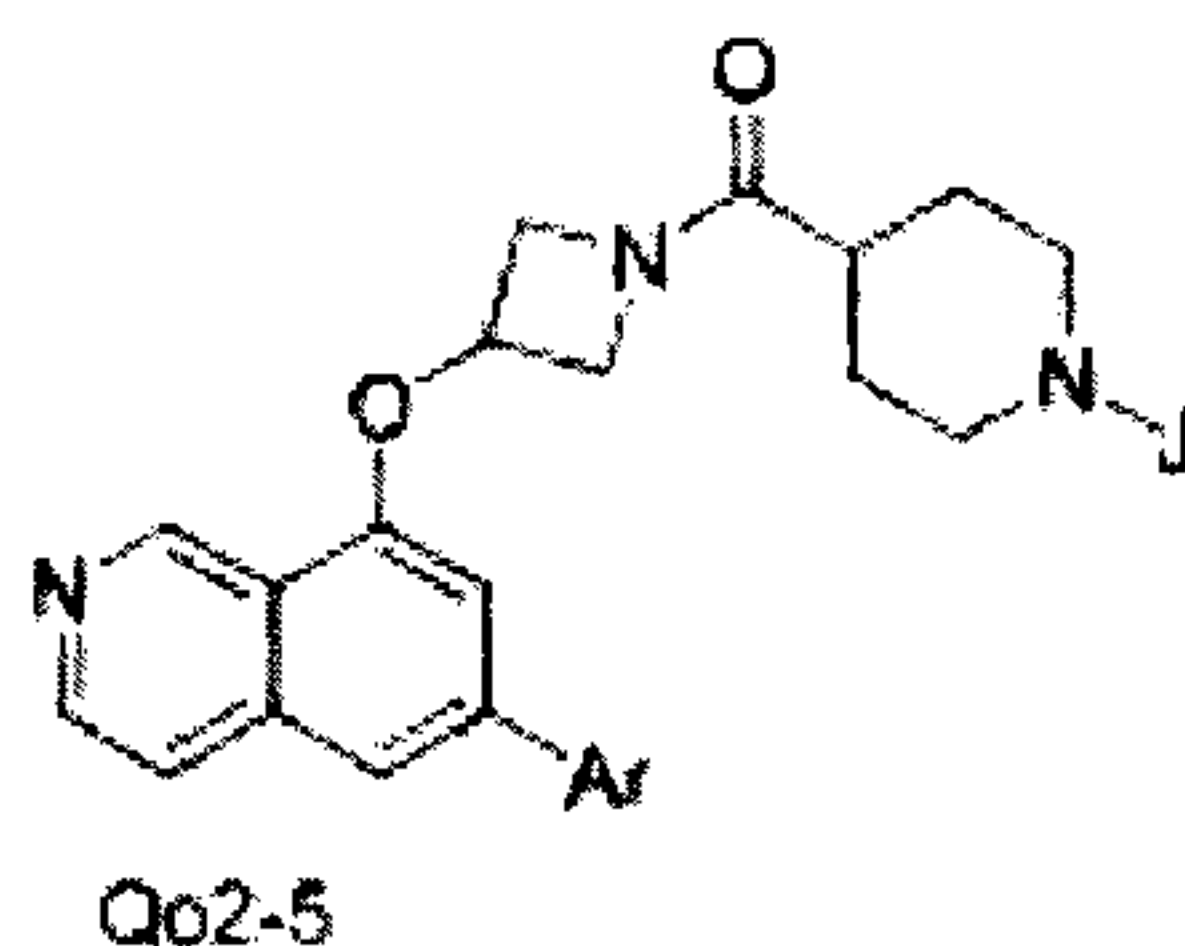
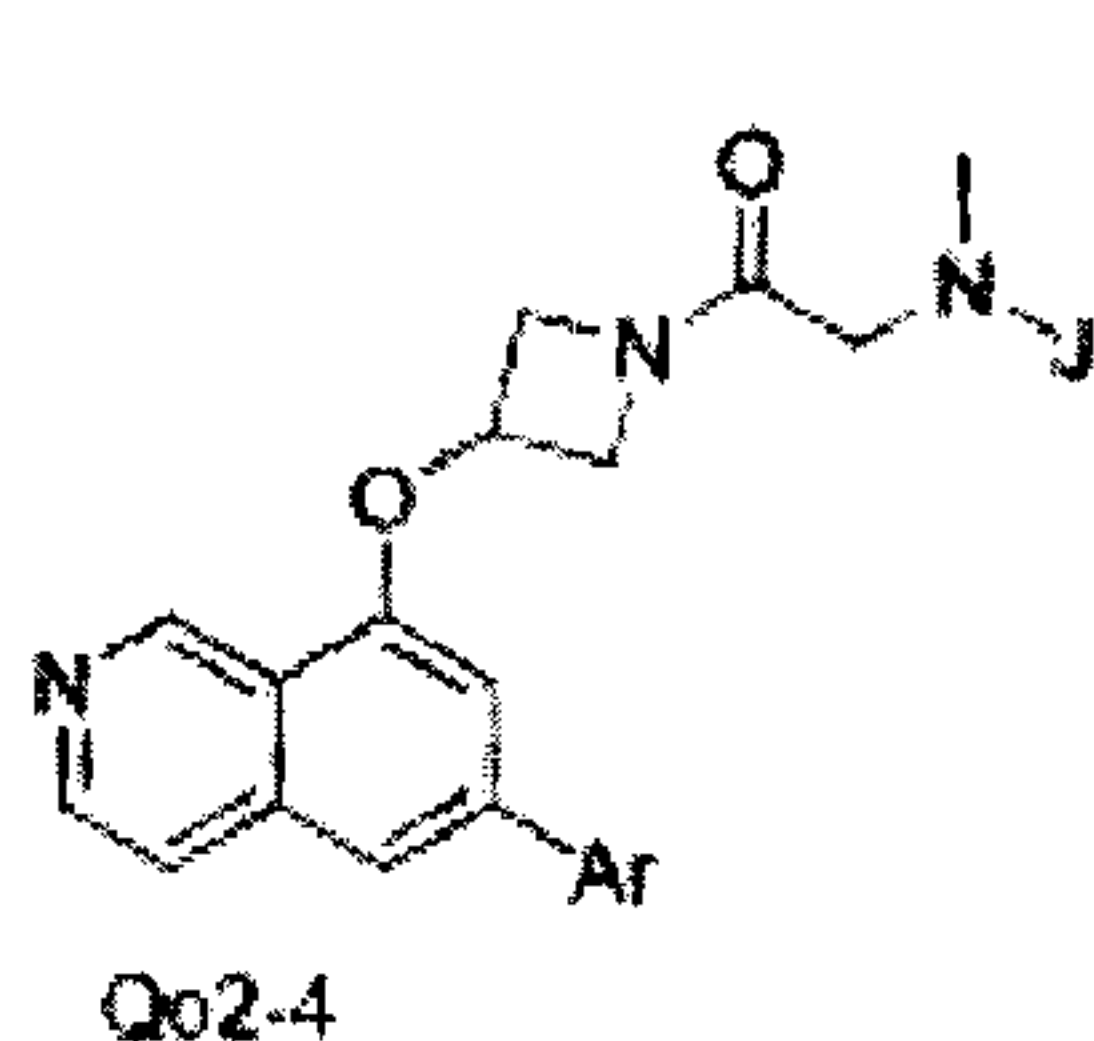
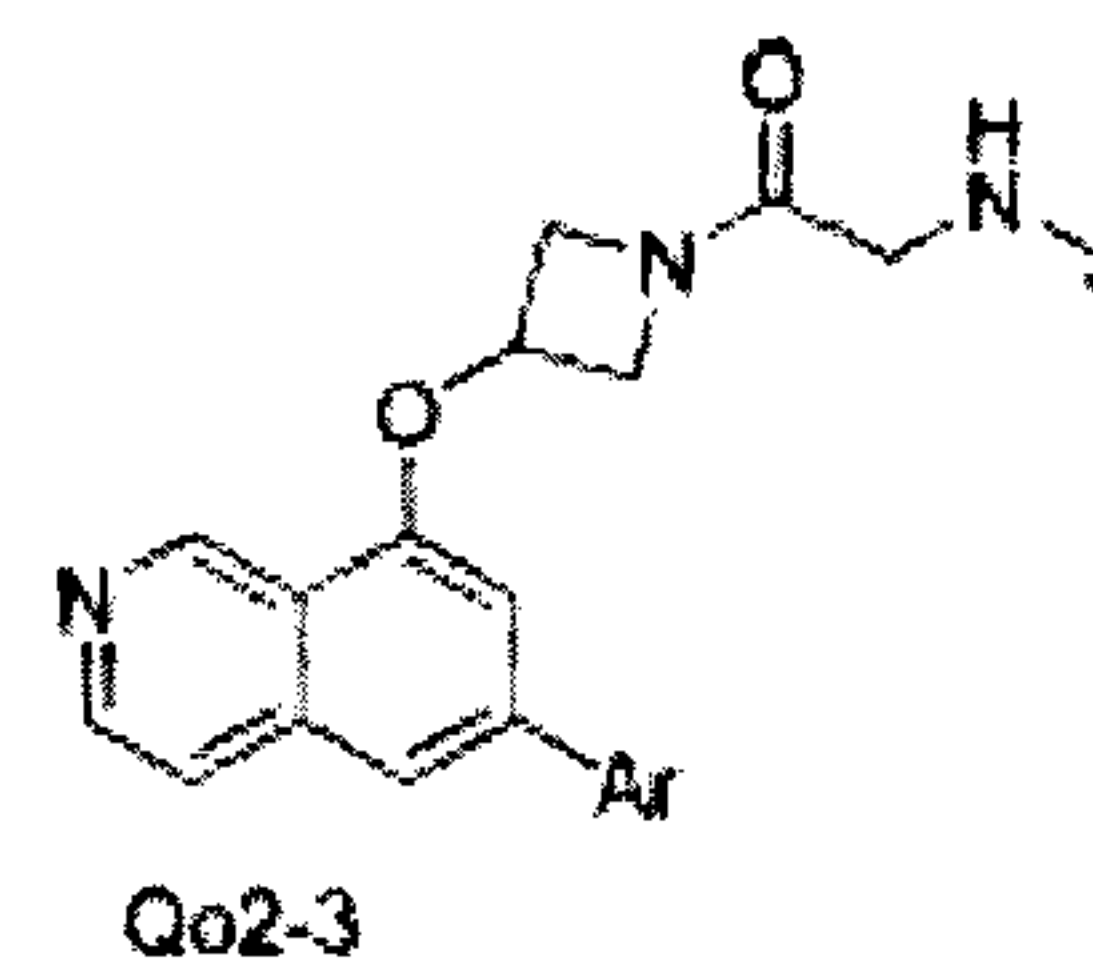
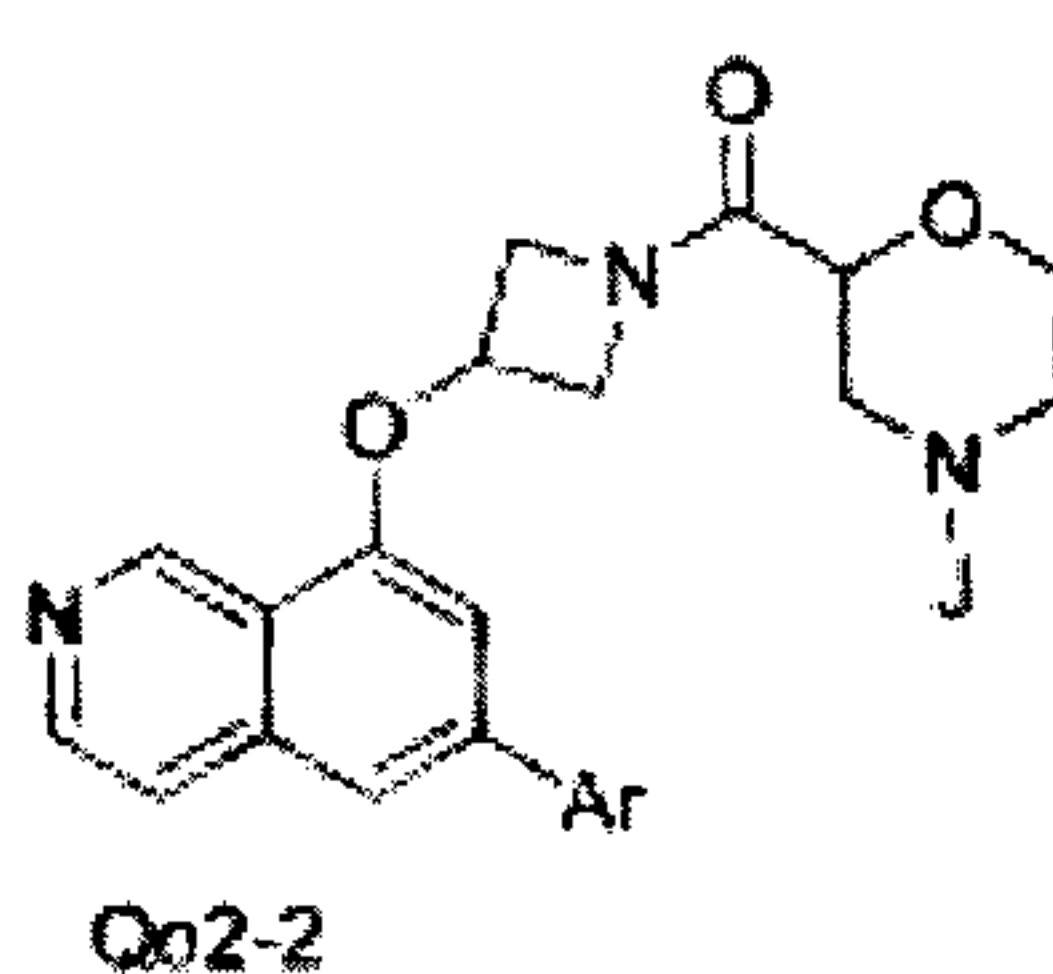
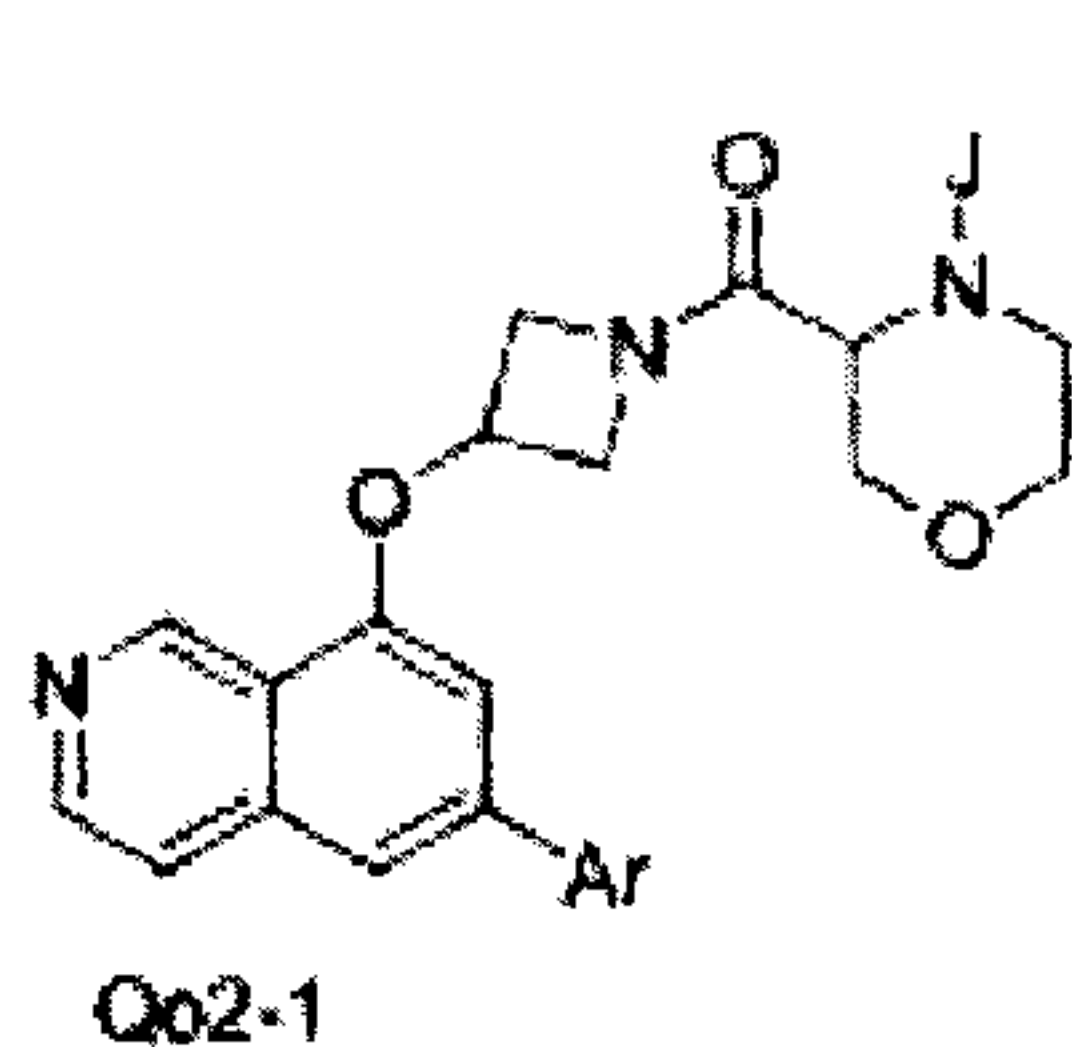
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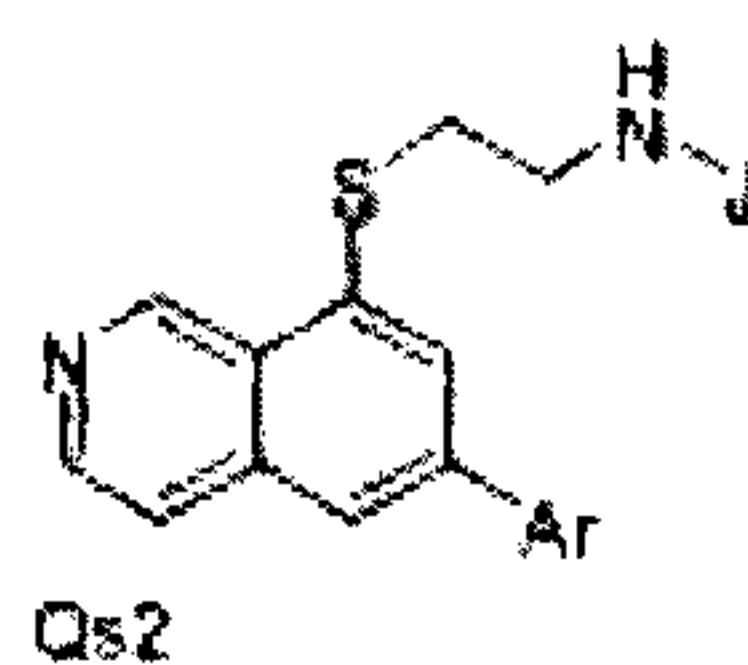
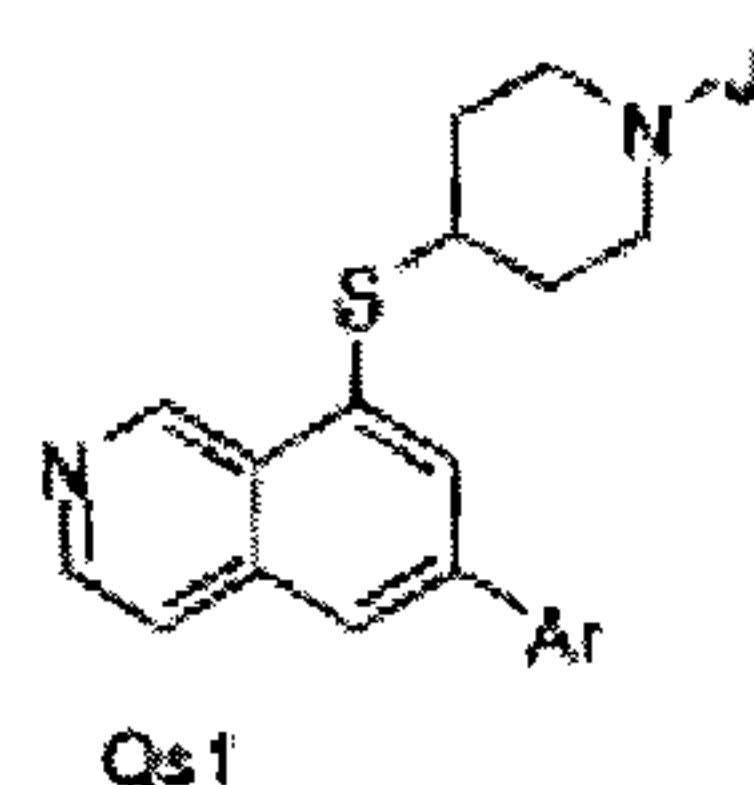
[0197]



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[0198]



[0199]

"LCMS": Liquid chromatography mass spectrometry spectrum data (m/z). Specifically, the following "method", "RTime", and "mass" are included.

"method": LCMS conditions. "A" indicates a condition that the above-mentioned "LCMS" apparatus (A) was used. "B" indicates a condition that the above-mentioned "LCMS" apparatus (B) was used. "C" indicates a condition that the above-mentioned "LCMS" apparatus (C) was used. Furthermore, "D" shown in the condition column indicates mass spectrum data measured by fast atom bombardment mass spectrometry (FAB-MS) using JEOL-JMS-SX102 (JEOL Ltd.).

"RTime": Retention time (min) in LCMS.

"mass": Mass spectrum data (MH+ or MH-) (however, "N.D." indicates that the molecular ion peak could not be detected). The m/z value in "mass" items indicates the value of a proton-added molecular ion (MH+) unless otherwise specified.

[0200]

"Ref.": Example to be referred to for a production method. For example, "EXP. 1-N-2" in the Ref. column indicates that a compound can be synthesized according to the production method described in Example 1-N-2. Furthermore, "EXP. 1-N-1(a)" indicates that a compound can be synthesized according to the production method described in Step a of Example 1-N-1. If a slash appears in the Ref. column, the corresponding Example is described in the main text.

[0201]

"Spl.": Manufacturer of a reagent used. May be referred to using the following abbreviations:

Tokyo Chemical Industry, TCI; Aldrich, Ald; Sigma-Aldrich, sAld; Kanto™ Chemical, KANTO™; Wako™ Pure Chemical Industries, WAKO™; Lancaster, LANC; Maybridge, MAYB; Acros, Acros; Nacalai Tesque, nakalai; Alfa Aesar, AAesar; Avocado, Avocado; Fluoro Chem, Fchem; Argonaut, Argonaut; ABCR, ABCR; Matrix, Matrix; Array BioPharma, Array; Oakwood, Oak; AstaTech, Ast; Enamin, Ena; Apollo, Apollo; CNH Technologies, CNH; AMRI, AMRI; Tyger, Tyger; Watanabe, Wata; Fluka, Fluka; NEOSYSTEM, NEO; Novabiochem, Nova; BACHEM, BACHEM; FRONTIER, FRON; Combi-Blocks, Combi; Strem, Strem; Life Chemicals, Life; J&W Pharmalab, J&W; Princeton Bio, Princeton; Bionet, Bionet; Otava, Otava; Synchem, Synchem; Asymchem, Asym; Varian™, Varian™; NeoMPS, NeoMPS; Tront, Tront; ChemBridge, Chemb; Synthonix, Syn; ACB Blocks, ACBB; Labotest, Labo; Focus, Focus; Hande Sciences, Hande; ASDI, ASDI; Bolon Molecular, Boron.

[0202]

Furthermore, abbreviations in the main text and the tables are defined as follows:

n, normal; i, iso; s, secondary; t, tertiary; c, cyclo; Me, methyl; Et, ethyl; Pr, propyl; Bu, butyl; Pen, pentyl; Hex, hexyl; Hep, heptyl; Ph, phenyl; Bn, benzyl; Py, pyridyl; Indan, indanyl; Ac, acetyl; CHO, formyl; COOH, carboxyl; NO₂, nitro; DMA, dimethylamino; NH₂, amino; CF₃, trifluoromethyl; F, fluoro; Cl, Chloro; Br, bromo; CF₃, trifluoromethyl; OMe, methoxy; OH, hydroxy; TFA, trifluoroacetyl; SO₂, sulfonyl; CO, carbonyl; THF, tetrahydrofuran; DMF, N,N-dimethylformamide; DMSO, dimethyl sulfoxide; TsOH, p-toluenesulfonic acid; Tf₂O, anhydrous trifluoromethanesulfonic acid.

[0203]

The number given before a substituent indicates the position of substitution. The hyphenated number before an abbreviation of an aromatic ring indicates the position of substitution of the aromatic ring. (S) included in a compound name or a formula indicates that an asymmetric carbon is in the S configuration, and (R) indicates the R configuration. Furthermore, a compound having asymmetric carbon atoms that does not include (R) or (S) indicates a mixture comprising (R) compounds and (S) compounds in an arbitrary ratio. Such a compound may be a racemic mixture of (R) compound and (S) compound.

In the present specification, unless otherwise specified, as apparent for those skilled in the art,

A symbol



represents bonding towards the far side of the page (that is, α -orientation), a symbol



represents bonding towards the near side of the page (that is, β -orientation), a symbol



represents either α -orientation or β -orientation, or a mixture of both, and a symbol



represents a mixture of α -orientation and β -orientation.

[0204]

When deprotection was required in a synthesis step of an Example compound in the Table, deprotection was performed by a known method, such as, for example, the methods described in Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis, John Wiley and Sons (2007).

[0205]

Reference Example 1-1 (3-bromo-5-methoxyphenyl)methanol (Intermediate 1)

NaBH_4 (3.85 g; WAKO™) was added to an ethanol (80 mL) and THF (20 mL) mixture solution of 3-bromo-5-methoxybenzaldehyde (22 g) with ice cooling and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The resulting mixture was poured into ice water (300 mL) and ethyl acetate (300 mL) was added thereto to extract

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the mixture with and the organic layer was washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution (300 mL) and then dried. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to give the title compound (22.05 g).

(Intermediate 1 R_f (TLC) = 0.6 (Hex: EtOAc = 1:1))

3-Bromo-5-methoxybenzaldehyde can be produced from 1,3,5-tribromobenzene according to the methods described in J. Org. Chem., 2004, 69, p. 8982 and U.S. Patent No. 2004/198736.

[0206]

Reference Example 1-2 1-bromo-3-(bromomethyl)-5-methoxybenzene (Intermediate 2)

Triphenylphosphine (28 g; KANTO™) was added to a dichloromethane (150 mL) solution of Intermediate 1 (22.05 g) with ice cooling, the resulting mixture was stirred for approx. 10 minutes followed by the addition of N-bromosuccinimide (20 g; TCI), and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 13 hours and 30 minutes. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography (n-hexane/ethyl acetate) to give the title compound (23.94 g).

(Intermediate 2 R_f (TLC) = 0.8 (Hex: EtOAc = 3:1))

[0207]

Reference Example 1-3 2-(3-bromo-5-methoxyphenyl)acetonitrile (Intermediate 3)

Sodium cyanide (3.4 g; WAKO™) was added to a DMSO (100 mL) solution of Intermediate 2 (16.3 g) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred at 40°C for 1 hour and 40 minutes. Ethyl acetate (300 mL) and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution (150 mL), and water (150 mL) were added to extract the reaction mixture, the reaction mixture was washed with saturated brine (300 mL), the organic layer was dried, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; n-hexane/ethyl acetate) to give the title compound (11.37 g).

(Intermediate 3 R_f (TLC) = 0.4 (Hex: EtOAc = 3:1))

[0208]

Reference Example 1-4 8-bromo-6-methoxyisoquinoline (Intermediate 6)

[Step a] 2-(3-bromo-5-methoxyphenyl)ethanamine (Intermediate 4)

A borane-tetrahydrofuran complex (1 M, 73.6 mL) was added to a THF (36.8 mL) solution of Intermediate 3 at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred to reflux at 80°C for 2 hours. Methanol (26 mL) and 1 N hydrochloric acid (26 mL) were added to the reaction mixture solution and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The resulting mixture was neutralized with 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution followed

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by the addition of ethyl acetate (100 mL) to extract the reaction mixture, the organic layer was dried, and then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to give the title compound (8.76 g).

(Intermediate 4 R_f (TLC) = 0.1 (CH₃Cl: MeOH = 10:1))

[0209]

[Step b] 8-bromo-6-methoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline (Intermediate 5)

Paraformaldehyde (660 mg; WAKO™) was added to a formic acid (50 mL) solution of Intermediate 4 (4.33 g) at 50°C and the resulting mixture was stirred as it was for 13 hours and 30 minutes. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure followed by the addition of dichloromethane (100 mL) and 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (100 mL) to extract the reaction mixture, and the aqueous layer was further extracted with dichloromethane. The organic layer was combined and dried and then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to give the title compound (4.49 g).

(Intermediate 5 LCMS: 242.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.66 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0210]

[Step c] 8-Bromo-6-methoxy-isoquinoline (Intermediate 6)

Sodium sulfate (2.8 g) and manganese dioxide (7.1 g; Ald) were added to a toluene (60 mL) solution of Intermediate 5 (1.99 g) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 140°C for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was filtrated through celite™ followed by the addition of 2 N hydrochloric acid and the resulting mixture was washed with ether. The resulting mixture was neutralized with 5 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution and then extracted with dichloromethane to give the title compound (698 mg).

(Intermediate 6 LCMS: 238.0 (MH⁺); retention time: 2.57 min; LCMS; condition B)

¹H-NMR (DMSO); δ (ppm) 3.94 (3H, s), 7.44 (1H, d, J = 2.2 Hz), 7.66 (1H, d, J = 2.2 Hz), 7.76 (1H, d, 5.9 Hz), 8.53 (1H, d, 5.9 Hz), 9.29 (1H, s)

[0211]

Reference Example 1-5 8-Bromoisquinolin-6-ol (Intermediate 7)

An aqueous hydrobromic acid (180 mL) solution of Intermediate 6 (30 g) was stirred at 130°C for 38 hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes followed by the addition of water (300 mL) and the precipitate was collected by filtration and dried to give the title compound (21 g).

(Intermediate 7 LCMS: 224.0 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.63 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0212]

Reference Example 1-6-1 8-bromoisoquinolin-6-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (Intermediate 8)

Triethylamine (18 mL; WAKO™) and N-phenylbis(trifluoromethanesulfonimide) (14 g; TCI) were added to a chloroform (130 mL) solution of Intermediate 7 (10 g) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred at 40°C for 12 hours and 30 minutes. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes and washed with saturated brine, the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; n-hexane/ethyl acetate) to give the title compound (10.2 g).

(Intermediate 8 LCMS: 356.0 (MH⁺); retention time: 4.62 min; LCMS; condition B)

[0213]

Reference Example 1-6-2 6-(benzyloxy)-8-bromoisoquinoline (Intermediate 9)

Benzyl alcohol (0.25 mL; Ald), triphenylphosphine (1.29 g), and TMAD (850 mg; Ald) were added to a toluene (30 mL) solution of Intermediate 7 (500 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 13 hours. The reaction mixture solution was filtrated, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; n-hexane/ethyl acetate) to give the title compound (186 mg).

(Intermediate 9 LCMS: 314.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.71 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0214]

Reference Example 1-6-3 8-bromoisoquinolin-6-yl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (Intermediate 10)

Triethylamine (0.137 mL) was added to a dichloromethane (5 mL) solution of Intermediate 7 (100 mg) and p-toluenesulfonic acid chloride (66 mg; WAKO™) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred as it was for 15 hours. The resulting mixture was diluted with dichloromethane and washed with water, the organic layer was dried, then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; n-hexane/ethyl acetate) to give the title compound (92.9 mg).

(Intermediate 10 LCMS: 377.8 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.81 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0215]

Reference Example Br-1 3-(8-bromoisoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile (Intermediate Br-1)

An aqueous solution (50 mL) of sodium carbonate (3.5 g) was added to a THF (200 mL) solution of Intermediate 8 (3.9 g), 3-cyanophenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo1; 1.6 g; WAKO™), PdCl₂dppf·CH₂Cl₂ (1.78 g; TCI) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred as it was for 6 and half

- 117 -

hours. Ethyl acetate (300 mL), saturated brine, and water were added to extract the reaction mixture, then the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (2.1 g).

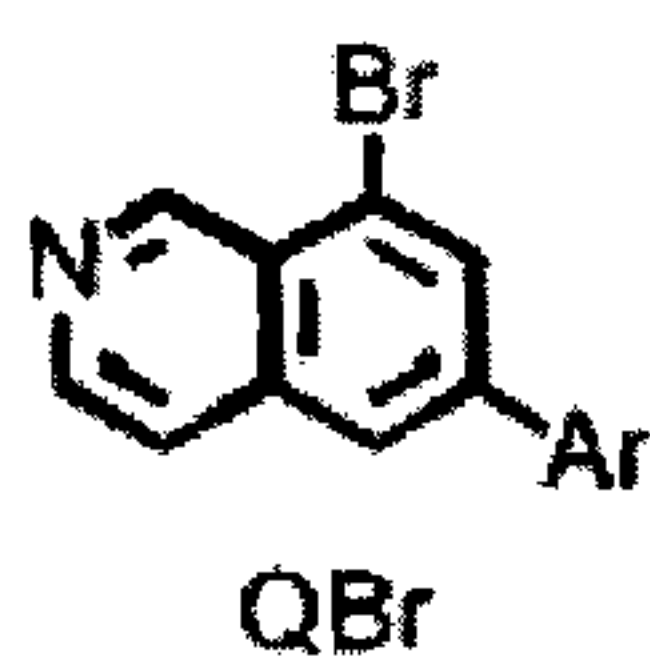
(Intermediate Br-1 LCMS: 309.0 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.71 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0216]

Reference Examples Br-2 to Br-7

According to the method of Reference Example Br-1, syntheses in Reference Examples Br-2 to Br-7 were performed using Intermediate 8 as a raw material to synthesize Intermediates Br-2 to Br-7 (Table Br). In Table Br, the Ar column represents "Ar" in the general formula QBr shown below and the structures corresponding to each abbreviation are shown in Table Ar provided later. Further, in Table Br, the SM1 column represents compounds used in each Reference Example corresponding to 3-cyanophenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo1) used in Reference Example Br-1. Further, the Reference Example number of a compound produced in each Reference Example is used as an intermediate number thereof. For example, the compound obtained in Reference Example Br-2 is Intermediate Br-2. In Table Br, "exp." and "LCMS" are defined as described above, and abbreviations such as "sbo1" and "Ar1" represent compounds or groups corresponding to abbreviations in Tables sbo and Ar.

[0217]



[0218]

[Table Br]

exp	SM1	Ar	LCMS		
			meth od	RTime	MH+
Br-1	sbo1	Ar1	A	1.17	309.0
Br-2	sbo2	Ar2	A	2.10	318.2
Br-3	sbo3	Ar3	A	1.16	285.1
Br-4	sbo4	Ar4	A	1.73	326.9
Br-5	sbo5	Ar7	A	2.21	370.0
Br-6	sbo6	Ar8	A	1.81	413.2
Br-7	sbo41	Ar41	A	1.79	327.2
Br-8	sbo192	Ar192	A	1.18	299.1
Br-9	sbo186	Ar186	A	1.02	299.1
Br-10	sbo161	Ar161	A	0.94	313.3

[0219]

Reference Example N-2 1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-2)

Triethylamine (10 mL) was added to a dichloromethane (90 mL) solution of benzyl piperidin-4-ylcarbamate (5.09 g) at 0°C followed by the dropwise addition of ethane sulfonylchloride (which may be referred to as sso10; 3.2 mL; TCI) and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight slowly raising to room temperature. 1 N Hydrochloric acid (90 mL; WAKO™) was added to the reaction mixture solution, the resulting mixture was stirred for approx. 10 minutes, then the reaction mixture was extracted with chloroform, the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol). Palladium hydroxide (20% by weight, Wet-type, 5 g; NECHEM) was added to a methanol (90 mL) solution of this product under a nitrogen atmosphere. The atmosphere in a reaction vessel was replaced with hydrogen at room temperature, the resulting mixture was stirred overnight, the atmosphere in the reaction vessel was returned to a nitrogen atmosphere, the residue was removed by filtration, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dried to give the title compound (3.32 g).

(Intermediate N-2 LCMS: 193.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.28 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0220]

Reference Example N-1 1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-1)

Reference Example N-3 1-(cyclopropylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-3)

Intermediates N-1 and N-3 were synthesized using mesyl chloride (which may be referred to as sso1) and cyclopropylsulfonyl chloride (which may be referred to as sso4), respectively, instead of ethanesulfonyl chloride described in the step of Reference Example N-2.

[0221]

Reference Example N-4 (4-aminopiperidin-1-yl)(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)methanone (Intermediate N-4)

Triethylamine (14 mL; WAKO™) was added to a dichloromethane (98 mL) solution of benzyl piperidin-4-ylcarbamate (5.33 g), 6-methylnicotinic acid (which may be referred to as sco100; 4.0 g; Ald), HOAt (4.0 g; Wata) and WSC·HCl (5.7 g; Wata) and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. Saturated sodium hydrogencarbonate solution (50 mL) was added to the reaction mixture solution, the resulting mixture was extracted, the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol). Palladium carbon (10% by weight, Pe-type, 3.45 g; NECHEM) was added to a methanol (90 mL) solution of this product under a nitrogen atmosphere. The atmosphere in a reaction vessel was replaced with hydrogen at room temperature, the resulting mixture was stirred overnight, the atmosphere in the reaction vessel was returned to a nitrogen atmosphere, the residue was removed by filtration, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dried to give the title compound (4.05 g).

(Intermediate N-4 LCMS: 220.5 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.28 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0222]

Reference Example N-5 (4-aminopiperidin-1-yl)(cyclopropyl)methanone (Intermediate N-5)

Reference Example N-6 5-(4-aminopiperidine-1-carbonyl)picolinonitrile (Intermediate N-6)

Reference Example N-7 (4-aminopiperidin-1-yl)(pyridin-3-yl)methanone (Intermediate N-7)

Reference Example N-8 1-(4-aminopiperidin-1-yl)-2-methoxyethanone (Intermediate N-8)

Intermediates N-5, N-6, N-7 and N-8 were synthesized using cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (which may be referred to as sco2), 6-cyanonicotinic acid (which may be referred to as sco6), nicotinic acid (which may be referred to as sco28) and methoxyacetic acid (which may be referred to as sco96), respectively, instead of 6-methylnicotinic acid described in the step of Reference Example N-4.

[0223]

Reference Example N-9 1-(4-aminopiperidin-1-yl)ethanone (Intermediate N-9)

Reference Example N-10 1-(4-aminopiperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one (Intermediate N-10)

Intermediates N-9 and N-10 were synthesized using acetic anhydride (which may be referred to as sco1) and propionyl chloride (TCI), respectively, instead of ethanesulfonyl chloride described in the step of Reference Example N-2.

[0224]

Reference Example N-11

1-(cyclobutylmethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-11)

Sodium sulfite (1.3 g; WAKO™), ethanol (3.9 mL), and water (5.8 mL) were added to (bromomethyl)cyclobutane (0.8 mL; Ald), the resulting mixture was stirred at 100°C for 2 hours, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Toluene (10 mL), DMF (20 µL), and thionyl chloride (1.9 mL; TCI) were successively added to the residue, the resulting mixture was stirred at 110°C for 5 hours, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. This residue was used instead of ethanesulfonyl chloride described in the step of Reference Example N-2 to give the title compound.

[0225]

Reference Example N-12 1-(cyclopropylmethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-12)

Reference Example N-13 1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-12)

Intermediates N-12 and N-13 were synthesized using (bromomethyl)cyclopropane and tetrahydrofurfuryl bromide, respectively, instead of (bromomethyl)cyclobutane described in the step of Reference Example N-11.

[0226]

Reference Example N-14

3-(4-aminopiperidin-1-ylsulfonyl)propyl acetate (Intermediate N-14)

[Step a] benzyl 1-(3-iodopropylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylcarbamate (Intermediate N-14-1)

Triethylamine (3 mL) was added to a dichloromethane (200 mL) solution of benzyl piperidin-4-ylcarbamate (1.2 g) at 0°C followed by the dropwise addition of 3-chloropropane sulfonylchloride (4.3 mL; TCI) and the resulting mixture was slowly stirred overnight with raising to room temperature. 1 N Hydrochloric acid (90 mL; WAKO™) was added to the reaction mixture solution, the resulting mixture was stirred for approx. 10 minutes, then the reaction mixture was extracted with chloroform, the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol). 100 mg of this purified compound was dissolved in acetone (10 mL) followed by the addition of sodium iodide (KANTO™; 44 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours. Sodium iodide (KANTO™; 44 mg)

was further added, the resulting mixture was stirred at 40°C for 24 hours followed by the addition of sodium iodide (KANTO™; 132 mg), and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60°C for 24 hours. The reaction mixture solution was cooled to room temperature, the residue was collected by filtration using a Kiriama funnel to give the title compound (64 mg).

(LCMS: 467.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.68 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0227]

[Step b] benzyl 1-(3-morpholinopropylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylcarbamate (Intermediate N-14-2)

Morpholine (22 µL) and sodium carbonate (27 mg) were added to an acetonitrile (0.5 mL) solution of Intermediate N-14-1 (15 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 12 hours. Water was added to the reaction mixture solution and the resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to give the title compound (13 mg).

(LCMS: 426.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.03 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0228]

[Step c] 3-(4-aminopiperidin-1-ylsulfonyl)propyl acetate

Palladium/carbon (10% by weight, Wet-type, 6 mg; NECHEM) was added to a methanol (150 µL) solution of Intermediate N-14-2 (13 mg) under a nitrogen atmosphere. The atmosphere in a reaction vessel was replaced with hydrogen at room temperature, the resulting mixture was stirred overnight, the atmosphere in the reaction vessel was returned to a nitrogen atmosphere, the residue was removed by filtration, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dried to give the title compound (8.1 mg).

(LCMS: 292.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.25 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0229]

Reference Example N-18 1-(3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-18)

Reference Example N-25 1-(3-(dimethylamino)propylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-25)

Intermediates N-18 and N-25 were synthesized using 1-methylpiperazine and dimethylamine, respectively, instead of morpholine described in the step of Reference Example N-14.

[0230]

Reference Example N-15

3-(4-aminopiperidin-1-ylsulfonyl)propyl acetate (Intermediate N-15)

Potassium acetate (12 mg) was added to a DMF (1 mL) solution of Intermediate N-14-1 (15 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 15 hours. Saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution was added to the reaction mixture solution and the resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The title compound was obtained from this product according to the method described in Step c of Reference Example N-14.

(LCMS: 265.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.27 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0231]

Reference Example N-16

4-(4-aminopiperidin-1-ylsulfonyl)butanenitrile (Intermediate N-16)

Sodium cyanide (6 mg) was added to a DMSO (1 mL) solution of Intermediate N-14-1 (15 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 1 hour. Saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution was added to the reaction mixture solution and the resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The title compound (2.3 mg) was obtained from this product according to the method described in Step c of Reference Example N-14.

(LCMS: 232.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.27 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0232]

Reference Example N-17

1-(fluoromethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-17)

Triethylamine (10 mL) was added to a dichloromethane (90 mL) solution of benzyl piperidin-4-ylcarbamate (5.09 g) at 0°C followed by the dropwise addition of methanesulfonyl chloride (which may be referred to as sbo1; 3 mL; TCI) and the resulting mixture was slowly stirred overnight with raising to room temperature. 1 N Hydrochloric acid (90 mL; WAKO™) was added to the reaction mixture solution, the resulting mixture was stirred for approx. 10 minute, the resulting mixture was extracted with chloroform, the organic layer was dried, then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol). 200 mg of this purified compound was dissolved in THF (4 mL) and the resulting mixture was added dropwise to a THF (5 mL) solution of LDA prepared from diisopropylamine (0.2 mL; WAKO™) and normal butyllithium (1.6 M, 1 mL; KANTO™) at -78°C. The resulting mixture was stirred for 30 minutes followed by the dropwise addition of THF (3 mL) solution of N-fluorobenzenesulfonimide (320 mg) and the resulting mixture was slowly stirred overnight with raising to room temperature. Saturated aqueous ammonium chloride solution was

added to the reaction mixture solution and the resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol). The title compound (10 mg) was obtained from this purified product according to the method described in Step c of Reference Example N-14.

(LCMS: 197.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.27 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0233]

Reference Example N-19

1-(2-(dimethylamino)ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-19)

Triethylamine (3.4 mL) was added to a dichloromethane (300 mL) solution of benzyl piperidin-4-ylcarbamate (2.2 g) at 0°C followed by the dropwise addition of 2-chloroethanesulfonyl chloride (2.6 mL; TCI) and the resulting mixture was slowly stirred overnight with raising to room temperature. 1 N Hydrochloric acid (90 mL; WAKO™) was added to the reaction mixture solution, the resulting mixture was stirred for approx. 10 minutes, then the reaction mixture was extracted with chloroform, the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol). 30 mg of this purified compound was dissolved in methanol (1 mL) followed by the addition of dimethylamine (2 M, 0.2 mL; Ald), the resulting mixture was stirred at 100°C for 2 hours with microwave irradiation, and then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The title compound was obtained from this residue according to the method described in Step c of Reference Example N-14.

(LCMS: 236.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.27 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0234]

Reference Example N-20 1-(2-morpholinoethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine(Intermediate N-20)

Reference Example N-21 1-(2-(diethylamino)ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-21)

Reference Example N-22 1-(2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-22)

Reference Example N-23 1-(2-(piperidin-1-yl)ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-23)

Intermediates N-20, N-21, N-22 and N-23 were synthesized using morpholine, diethylamine, pyrrolidine and piperidine, respectively, instead of dimethylamine described in the step of Reference Example N-19.

[0235]

Reference Example N-24

4-amino-N-methylpiperidine-1-sulfonamide (Intermediate N-24)

Triethylamine (1.5 mL) was added to a dichloromethane (30 mL) solution of benzylpiperidin-4-ylcarbamate (580 mg) at 0°C followed by the dropwise addition of chlorosulfonic acid (290 μ L; TCI), the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Benzene (32 mL) and phosphorus pentachloride (0.7 g; WAKO™) were added to this residue and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 1.5 hours. The reaction mixture solution was cooled to room temperature followed by the addition of 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (10 mL), the resulting mixture was extracted with dichloromethane, the organic layer was dried, then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; hexane/ethyl acetate). 30 mg of this purified compound was dissolved in dichloromethane (0.4 mL) followed by the addition of 3,5-lutidine (0.4 mL; WAKO™) and methylamine (2 M, 70 μ L; Ald) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. 1 N hydrochloric acid (2 mL; WAKO™) was added to the reaction mixture solution, the resulting mixture was stirred for approx. 10 minutes, then the reaction mixture was extracted with dichloromethane, the organic layer was dried, and then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The title compound was obtained from this residue according to the method described in Step c of Reference Example N-14.

(LCMS: 194.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.27 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0236]

- | | |
|------------------------|--|
| Reference Example N-26 | 1-(morpholinosulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-26) |
| Reference Example N-27 | 4-amino-N,N-dimethylpiperidine-1-sulfonamide (Intermediate N-27) |
| Reference Example N-28 | 4-amino-N-ethylpiperidine-1-sulfonamide (Intermediate N-28) |
| Reference Example N-29 | 4-amino-N-isopropylpiperidine-1-sulfonamide (Intermediate N-29) |
| Reference Example N-30 | 1-(4-methylpiperazin-1-ylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-30) |
| Reference Example N-31 | 1-(piperidin-1-ylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-amine (Intermediate N-31) |
| Reference Example N-32 | tert-butyl 4-(4-aminopiperidin-1-ylsulfonyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (Intermediate N-32) |

Intermediates N-26, N-27, N-28, N-29, N-30, N-31 and N-32 were synthesized using morpholine, dimethylamine, ethylamine, isopropylamine, 1-methyl piperazine, piperidine and 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine, respectively, instead of methylamine described in the step of Reference Example N-24.

[0237]

Reference Example Tf-1 8-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (Intermediate Tf-1)

[Step a] 6-methoxy-N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine (Intermediate Tf-1-1)

The title compound (1.09 g) was obtained from Intermediate 6 (2 g) and Intermediate N-1 by the similar method as Step a of Example 1-N-1.

(Intermediate Tf-1-1 LCMS: 336.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.84 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0238]

[Step b] 8-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-ol (Intermediate Tf-1-2)

A dichloromethane solution of boron tribromide (1 M, 44.7 mL; TCI) was added to a dichloromethane solution of Intermediate Tf-1-1 (1.0 g) at 0°C under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was returned to room temperature and then stirred overnight at 50°C. Methanol was added and then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to give the title compound (1.8 g).

(Intermediate Tf-1-2 LCMS: 322.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.79 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0239]

[Step c] 8-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate

The title compound (0.62 g) was obtained from Intermediate Tf-1-2 (1.8 g) by the similar method as Reference Example 1-6-1.

(Intermediate Tf-1 LCMS: 454.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.50 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0240]

Reference Example Tf-2 8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (Intermediate Tf-2)

Reference Example Tf-3

8-(1-(cyclopropylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (Intermediate Tf-3)

Intermediates Tf-2 and Tf-3 were synthesized using Intermediates N-2 and N-3, respectively, instead of Intermediate N-1 described in the step of Reference Example Tf-1.

[0241]

Example 1-N-1 3-(8-(piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

[Step a] tert-butyl 4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinoline-8-ylamino)piperidine-1-carboxylate (Intermediate 1-N-1)

Sodium t-butoxide (1.58 g; TCI) was added to a toluene solution of Intermediate Br-1 (1.7 g), 4-amino-1-N-Boc-piperidine (which may be referred to as sa1; 2.2 g; WAKO™), Pd₂(dba)₃ (1.0 g; Ald), and BINAP (1.36 g; Ald) under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 8 hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes, then the reaction mixture solution was filtrated, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; hexane/ethyl acetate) to give the title compound (1.2 g).

(Intermediate 1-N-1 LCMS: 429.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.48 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0242]

[Step b] 3-(8-(piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

A methanol hydrochloride solution (10%, 20 mL; TCI) of Intermediate 1-N-1 (1.2 g) was stirred at 50°C for 2 and half hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes followed by the addition of ether and the precipitate was collected by filtration and dried to give the title compound (997 mg).

(LCMS: 329.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.77 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0243]

Example 1-N-22 3-(8-(3-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)propylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

Sodium t-butoxide (23.1 mg) was added to a toluene solution of Intermediate Br-1 (24.7 mg), N-(3-aminopropyl)imidazole (which may be referred to as sa22; 40.1 mg; TCI), Pd₂(dba)₃ (14.7 mg), and BINAP (19.9 mg) under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 8 hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes, then the reaction mixture solution was filtrated, and the solvent was evaporated. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC to give the title compound (6.0 mg).

(LCMS: 354.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 2.29 min; LCMS; condition B)

[0244]

Example 1-o-1 3-(8-(piperidin-4-yloxy)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

[Step a] tert-butyl 4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinoline-8-yloxy)piperidine-1-carboxylate (Intermediate 1-o-1)

Cesium carbonate (958 mg; Ald) was added to a toluene solution of Intermediate Br-1 (300 mg), 4-hydroxy-1-N-Boc-piperidine (which may be referred to as soh1; 604 mg; Ald), Pd(OAc)₂ (44.9 mg; WAKO™), and 1,1'-binaphthyl-2-yl-di-tert-butylphosphine (94.6 mg; Strem) under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 70°C. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes, then the

reaction mixture solution was filtrated, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (256 mg).

(Intermediate 1-o-1 LCMS: 430.5 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.70 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0245]

[Step b] 3-(8-(piperidin-4-yloxy)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (186 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 1-o-1 (256 mg) according to the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1.

(LCMS: 330.0 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.85 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0246]

Example 1-o-39 3-(8-(cyclopropylmethoxy)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

Cesium carbonate (52.7 mg) was added to a 1,4-dioxane solution of Intermediate Br-1 (24.7 mg), cyclopropylmethanol (which may be referred to as soh39; 29.4 mg; Ald), Pd(OAc)₂ (11.1 mg), 1,1'-binaphthyl-2-yl-di-tert-butylphosphine (26.0 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 21 hours. The reaction mixture solution was filtrated through celite™ and then the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (250 µL), the resulting mixture was added to SCX resin (300 mg; Varian™) and agitated by shaking for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was filtrated, then the SCX resin was washed with dichloromethane and methanol followed by the addition of 2 M ammonia methanol solution to elute, and the solvent was evaporated to give the title compound (11.0 mg).

(LCMS: 301.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.50 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0247]

Example 1-s-1 3-(8-(piperidin-4-ylthio)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

[Step a] tert-butyl 4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinoline-8-ylthio)piperidine-1-carboxylate (Intermediate 1-s-1)

Diisopropylethylamine (211 µL; TCI) was added to 1,4-dioxane solution of Intermediate Br-1 (187 mg), 4-mercapto-1-N-Boc-piperidine (which may be referred to as ssh1; 132 mg; Intermediate 1-s-1), Pd₂(dba)₃ (55.5 mg), and Xanthphos (70.1 mg; Ald) under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 80°C. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes, then the reaction mixture solution was filtrated, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (1.36 mg).

(Intermediate 1-s-1 LCMS: 446.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 5.28 min; LCMS; condition B)

[0248]

[Step b] 3-(8-(piperidin-4-ylthio)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (90.5 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 1-s-1 (136 mg) according to the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1.

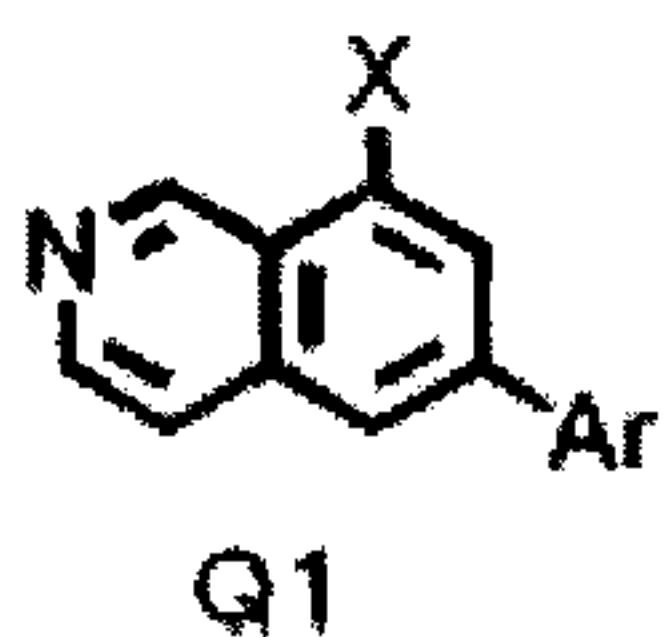
(LCMS: 346.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.01 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0249]

Example 1-N-3 to 1-N-62, 1-o-2 to 1-o-56, 1-s-2

Compounds of Examples 1-N-3 to 1-N-62, 1-o-2 to 1-o-56, and 1-s-2 were synthesized according to the method in Example 1-N-1, 1-N-22, 1-o-1, 1-o-39, or 1-s-1 (Tables 1-N, 1-o, and 1-s). At this time, for example, the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1 was used if deprotection was required. The X and Ar columns in Tables 1-N, 1-o, and 1-s represent "X" and "Ar," respectively, in the following general formula "Q1." "SM1," "SM2," "LCMS," and "Ref" are defined as described above. Abbreviations such as "a1," "Ar1," "sa1," "oh1," "soh1," "sh1," and "ssh1" represent compounds or groups corresponding to abbreviations in Tables a, Ar, sa, oh, soh, sh, and ssh, respectively.

[0250]



[0251]

Example compounds 1-o-24, -31, -41 to -44, and -49 to -51 in Table 1-o were finally purified by preparative HPLC.

[0252]

[Table 1-N]

Exp	SM1	SM2	X	Ar	LGMS			Ref
					met hod	RTime	MH ⁺	
1-N-1	IM Br-1	sa1	a1	Ar1	A	0.77	329.3	
1-N-2	IM Br-1	sa2	a2	Ar1	C	2.98	329.3	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-3	IM Br-1	sa3	a3	Ar1	C	2.96	314.9	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-4	IM Br-1	sa4	a4	Ar1	A	0.74	303.3	EXP. 1-N-22
1-N-5	IM Br-1	sa5	a5	Ar1	B	2.01	303.2	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-6	IM Br-1	sa6	a6	Ar1	C	3.03	315.0	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-7	IM Br-1	sa7	a7	Ar1	B	2.27	329.3	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-8	IM Br-1	sa8	a8	Ar1	A	0.84	329.3	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-9	IM Br-1	sa9	a9	Ar1	A	0.84	329.3	EXP. 1-N-22
1-N-10	IM Br-1	sa10	a10	Ar1	A	0.76	315.3	EXP. 1-N-22
1-N-11	IM Br-1	sa11	a11	Ar1	A	0.84	343.3	EXP. 1-N-22
1-N-12	IM Br-1	sa12	a12	Ar1	A	0.80	343.3	EXP. 1-N-22
1-N-13	IM Br-1	sa13	a13	Ar1	A	0.84	343.3	EXP. 1-N-22
1-N-14	IM Br-1	sa14	a14	Ar1	A	0.82	343.3	EXP. 1-N-22
1-N-15	IM Br-1	sa15	a15	Ar1	A	0.78	329.2	EXP. 1-N-22
1-N-16	IM Br-1	sa16	a16	Ar1	A	0.79	329.2	EXP. 1-N-22
1-N-17	IM Br-1	sa17	a17	Ar1	A	0.76	315.3	EXP. 1-N-22
1-N-18	IM Br-1	sa18	a18	Ar1	B	3.72	328.2	EXP. 1-N-22
1-N-19	IM Br-1	sa19	a19	Ar1	B	2.74	337.2	EXP. 1-N-22

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1-N-20	IM Br-1	sa20	a20	Ar1	B	2.42	343.2	EXP 1-N-22
1-N-21	IM Br-1	sa21	a21	Ar1	B	2.34	359.2	EXP 1-N-22
1-N-22	IM Br-1	sa22	a22	Ar1	B	2.29	354.2	
1-N-23	IM Br-1	sa23	a23	Ar1	A	0.91	290.3	EXP 1-N-22
1-N-24	IM Br-1	sa24	a24	Ar1	A	0.95	304.3	EXP 1-N-22
1-N-25	IM Br-1	sa25	a25	Ar1	A	0.81	320.2	EXP 1-N-22
1-N-26	IM Br-1	sa26	a26	Ar1	B	2.34	343.2	EXP 1-N-22
1-N-27	IM Br-1	sa27	a27	Ar1	A	0.76	315.4	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-28	IM Br-1	sa28	a28	Ar1	A	0.76	315.4	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-29	IM Br-1	sa29	a29	Ar1	A	0.81	329.3	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-30	IM Br-1	sa30	a30	Ar1	A	0.90	343.4	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-31	IM Br-1	sa31	a31	Ar1	A	1.14	493.4	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-32	IM Br-1	sa32	a32	Ar1	A	1.06	419.5	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-34	IM Br-3	sa1	a1	Ar3	B	2.71	305.1	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-36	IM Br-5	sa1	a1	Ar7	B	1.90	334.2	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-37	IM Br-6	sa1	a1	Ar8	B	0.42	333.3	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-38	IM Br-3	sa5	a5	Ar3	A	0.28	279.0	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-39	IM Br-3	sa4	a4	Ar3	A	0.55	277.0	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-40	IM Br-3	sa12	a12	Ar3	A	0.60	319.1	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-41	IM Br-3	sa27	a27	Ar3	A	0.56	291.0	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-42	IM Br-3	sa28	a28	Ar3	A	0.56	291.0	EXP 1-N-1(a)
1-N-43	IM Br-3	sa2	a2	Ar3	A	0.57	305.0	EXP 1-N-1(a)

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1-N-44	IM Br-4	sa4	a4	Ar4	A	0.84	319.0	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-45	IM Br-5	sa3	a3	Ar7	B	2.52	320.2	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-46	IM Br-5	sa5	a5	Ar7	B	2.06	308.3	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-47	IM Br-3	sa6	a6	Ar3	C	2.64	291.0	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-48	IM Br-6	sa6	a6	Ar8	B	0.43	319.3	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-49	IM Br-2	sa1	a1	Ar2	A	0.91	338.0	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-50	IM Br-2	sa4	a4	Ar2	A	0.89	310.0	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-51	IM Br-4	sa1	a1	Ar4	A	0.83	347.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-52	IM Br-4	sa3	a3	Ar4	A	0.81	333.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-53	IM Br-4	sa15	a15	Ar4	A	0.83	347.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-54	IM Br-4	sa17	a17	Ar4	A	0.79	333.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-55	IM Br-4	sa13	a13	Ar4	A	0.89	361.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-56	IM Br-4	sa33	a33	Ar4	A	0.87	361.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-57	IM Br-4	sa34	a34	Ar4	A	0.94	361.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-58	IM Br-4	sa5	a5	Ar4	A	0.83	321.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-59	IM Br-4	sa35	a35	Ar4	A	0.89	335.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-60	IM Br-4	sa36	a36	Ar4	A	0.90	335.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-61	IM Br-7	sa1	a1	Ar41	A	0.87	347.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-62	IM Br-7	sa4	a4	Ar41	A	0.87	319.4	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-63	IM Br-8	sa1	a1	Ar182	A	0.25	319.3	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-64	IM Br-9	sa1	a1	Ar186	A	0.25	319.3	EXP. 1-N-1(a)

1-N-65	IM Br-10	sa1	a1	Ar151	A	0.24	333.2	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-66	IM Br-9	sa4	a4	Ar192	A	0.50	291.2	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-67	IM Br-9	sa4	a4	Ar186	A	0.50	291.2	EXP. 1-N-1(a)
1-N-68	IM Br-10	sa4	a4	Ar151	A	0.49	305.2	EXP. 1-N-1(a)

[0253]

[Table 1-o]

Exp	SM1	SM2	X	Ar	LCMS			Ref
					met hod	RTime	MH+	
1-o-1	IM Br-1	sch1	ch1	Ar1	A	0.85	330.0	
1-o-2	IM Br-1	sch2	ch2	Ar1	A	0.87	330.3	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-3	IM Br-1	sch3	ch3	Ar1	A	0.81	316.1	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-4	IM Br-1	sch4	ch4	Ar1	B	2.14	316.2	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-5	IM Br-1	sch5	ch5	Ar1	B	2.10	316.2	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-6	IM Br-1	sch6	ch6	Ar1	A	0.82	302.1	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-7	IM Br-1	sch7	ch7	Ar1	A	0.89	344.1	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-8	IM Br-1	sch8	ch8	Ar1	A	0.88	344.1	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-10	IM Br-1	sch10	ch10	Ar1	A	0.79	304.3	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-11	IM Br-1	sch11	ch11	Ar1	A	0.87	344.2	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-12	IM Br-1	sch12	ch12	Ar1	A	0.92	344.4	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-13	IM Br-1	sch13	ch13	Ar1	A	0.82	330.2	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-15	IM Br-1	sch15	ch15	Ar1	A	0.87	316.0	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-16	IM Br-1	sch16	ch16	Ar1	A	0.81	316.2	EXP. 1-o-39

1-o-18	IM Br-1	sch18	ch18	Ar1	A	0 86	346 0	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-19	IM Br-1	sch19	ch19	Ar1	A	0 81	332 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-20	IM Br-1	sch20	ch20	Ar1	A	0 95	372 4	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-21	IM Br-1	sch21	ch21	Ar1	A	0 89	368 5	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-23	IM Br-1	sch23	ch23	Ar1	A	1 51	354 4	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-24	IM Br-1	sch24	ch24	Ar1	A	0 97	343 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-25	IM Br-1	sch25	ch25	Ar1	A	0 91	332 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-26	IM Br-1	sch26	ch26	Ar1	A	0 81	330 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-27	IM Br-1	sch27	ch27	Ar1	A	0 83	344 4	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-28	IM Br-1	sch28	ch28	Ar1	A	0 83	332 4	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-33	IM Br-1	sch33	ch33	Ar1	A	0 98	291 3	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-34	IM Br-1	sch34	ch34	Ar1	A	1 04	305 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-35	IM Br-1	sch35	ch35	Ar1	A	1 21	261 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-36	IM Br-1	sch36	ch36	Ar1	A	1 46	289 5	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-37	IM Br-1	sch37	ch37	Ar1	A	1 64	303 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-38	IM Br-1	sch38	ch38	Ar1	A	1 33	285 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-39	IM Br-1	sch39	ch39	Ar1	A	1 50	301 3	
1-o-40	IM Br-1	sch40	ch40	Ar1	A	1 64	315 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-41	IM Br-1	sch41	ch41	Ar1	A	0 97	343 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-42	IM Br-1	sch42	ch42	Ar1	A	1 59	343 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-43	IM Br-1	sch43	ch43	Ar1	A	1 17	317 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-44	IM Br-1	sch44	ch44	Ar1	A	1 29	331 3	EXP. 1-o-39

1-o-45	IM Br-1	sch45	ch45	Ar1	A	1 48	327 3	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-47	IM Br-1	sch47	ch47	Ar1	A	1 18	305 3	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-49	IM Br-1	sch49	ch49	Ar1	A	1 54	362 4	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-50	IM Br-1	sch50	ch50	Ar1	A	1 56	362 4	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-51	IM Br-1	sch51	ch51	Ar1	A	0 82	360 0	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-52	IM Br-1	sch52	ch52	Ar1	A	1 25	373 2	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-54	IM Br-1	sch54	ch54	Ar1	A	1 21	338 3	EXP. 1-o-39
1-o-55	IM Br-3	sch1	ch1	Ar3	A	0 62	306 1	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-56	IM Br-4	sch6	ch6	Ar4	A	0 90	320 3	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-57	IM Br-4	sch1	ch1	Ar4	A	0 95	348 4	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-58	IM Br-41	sch1	ch1	Ar41	A	0 98	348 4	EXP. 1-o-1(a)
1-o-59	IM Br-4	sch55	ch55	Ar4	A	1 01	362 4	EXP. 1-o-1(a)

[0254]

[Table 1-s]

EXP	SM1	SM2	X	Ar	LCMS			Ref
					method	RTmin	MH+	
1-a-1	IM Br-1	ash1	sh1	Ar1	A	1.01	346.2	EXP 1-a-1
1-a-2	IM Br-1	ash2	sh2	Ar1	A	0.89	306.0	

[0255]

Example 2-N-1 3-(8-(1-acetylpiperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

Triethylamine (103 μ L) and acetic anhydride (which may be referred to as sco1; 28 μ L; WAKO™) were added to a dichloromethane (6 mL) solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (60 mg) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred for 11 hours. Methanol was added to the reaction mixture solution and the resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (69.1 mg).

(LCMS: 371.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.09 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0256]

Example 2-N-2 3-(8-(1-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

Triethylamine (35 μ L) and cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (which may be referred to as sco2; 12.8 mg; TCI) were added to a DMF (2 mL) solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (20 mg), HOAt (14 mg; TCI), WSC (29 mg; TCI) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred for 12 and half hours at room temperature. Ethyl acetate, saturated brine, and water were added to extract the reaction mixture, then the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (17.5 mg).

(LCMS: 397.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.15 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0257]

Example 2-N-3 3-(8-(1-(2-methylbenzoyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

PS-DCC resin (N-Cyclohexylcarbodiimide-N'-propyloxymethyl polystyrene; 35.0 mg; Nova), HOAt (6.2 mg), triethylamine (15.4 μ L), and 2-methylbenzoic acid (which may be referred to as sco3; 4.6 mg; TCI) were added to a DMF (0.6 mL) solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (10.0 mg) and the resulting mixture was shaken at room temperature for 14 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was filtrated and the residue was washed with DMF (0.25 mL $\times$ 2). The filtrate and the wash were mixed followed by the addition of MP-Carbonate

resin (Macroporous triethylammonium methylpolystyrene carbonate; 50 mg; Argonaut), the resulting mixture was shaken for 1 hour followed by the addition of MP-Carbonate resin (50 mg), the resulting mixture was shaken for 1 hour, MP-Carbonate resin (50 mg) was further added, and the resulting mixture was shaken for 14 hours. The resulting mixture was filtrated followed by the addition of SCX (300 mg) and the resulting mixture was shaken for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was filtrated and the residue was washed with dichloromethane (3 mL) and methanol (4 mL). Then, the mixture was washed with 4 N ammonia methanol solution (4 mL; Ald) and this resulting wash was concentrated. The resulting mixture was dried using a vacuum pump to give the title compound (9.5 mg).

(LCMS: 447.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.30 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0258]

Example 2-N-4 N-(2-(4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)piperidine-1-carbonyl)phenyl)methanesulfonamide

PS-DCC resin (N-Cyclohexylcarbodiimide-N'-propyloxymethylpolystyrene; 35.0 mg; Nova), HOAt (6.2 mg), triethylamine (15.4 μ L), and 2-(methylsulfonamide)benzoic acid (which may be referred to as sco4; 9.0 mg; Matrix) were added to a DMF (0.6 mL) solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (10.0 mg) and the resulting mixture was shaken at room temperature for 14 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The resulting mixture was filtrated followed by the addition of SCX (300 mg) and the resulting mixture was shaken for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was filtrated and the residue was washed with dichloromethane (3 mL) and methanol (4 mL). Then, the mixture was washed with 4 N ammonia methanol solution (4 mL; Ald) and this resulting wash was concentrated. The resulting mixture was dried using a vacuum pump to give the title compound (3.5 mg).

(LCMS: 526.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.24 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0259]

Example 2-N-5 3-(8-(1-(3-hydroxypropanoyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

PS-DCC resin (35.0 mg), HOAt (6.2 mg), triethylamine (15.4 μ L), and 3-hydroxypropionic acid (which may be referred to as sco5; 4.0 mg; TCI) were added to a DMF (0.6 mL) solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (10.0 mg) and the resulting mixture was shaken at room temperature for 14 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was filtrated and the residue was washed with DMF (0.25 mL $\times$ 2). The filtrate and the wash were mixed followed by the addition of MP-Carbonate resin (50 mg), the resulting mixture was shaken for 1 hour followed by the addition of MP-Carbonate resin (50 mg), and the resulting mixture was shaken for 1 hour. MP-Carbonate resin (50 mg) and PS-Isocyanate resin (Polystyrene methylisocyanate; 50 mg; Ald) were further added, and the resulting

mixture was shaken for 14 hours. The resulting mixture was filtrated followed by the addition of SCX (300 mg) and the resulting mixture was shaken for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was filtrated and the residue was washed with dichloromethane (3 mL) and methanol (4 mL). Then, the mixture was washed with 4 N ammonia methanol solution (4 mL) and this resulting wash was concentrated. The resulting mixture was dried using a vacuum pump to give the title compound (5.3 mg).

(LCMS: 401.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.02 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0260]

Example 2-N-6 to 2-N-113, 2-N-201 to 2-N-293, 2-N-301 to 2-N-320, 2-N-401 to 2-N-402, 2-N-501 to 2-N-511, 2-N-601 to 2-N-620, 2-N-701 to 2-N-713, 2-N-801 to 2-N-804 and 2-N-901 to 2-N-990, 2-o-1 to 2-o-257, 2-s-1 to 2-s-6

Compounds of Examples 2-N-6 to 2-N-113, 2-N-201 to 2-N-293, 2-N-301 to 2-N-320, 2-N-401 to 2-N-402, 2-N-501 to 2-N-511, 2-N-601 to 2-N-620, 2-N-701 to 2-N-713, 2-N-801 to 2-N-804 and 2-N-901 to 2-N-990, 2-o-1 to 2-o-257 and 2-s-1 to 2-s-6 were synthesized according to the methods in Example 2-N-1 to 2-N-5 (Tables 2-N, 2-o, and 2-s).

In Tables 2-N, 2-o, and 2-s, the ST column represent the structures represented by the above general formulas, the J and Ar columns represent "J" and "Ar," respectively, in the general formulas shown in the ST column, "ST," "SM1," "SM2," "LCMS," and "Ref" are defined as described above, and abbreviations such as "co1," "Ar1," and "sco1" represent compounds or groups corresponding to the abbreviations in Tables co, Ar, and sco, respectively, provided later. Abbreviations in the tables represent compounds or groups shown in the figures shown earlier or later.

Tables 2-N, 2-o, and 2-s also include compounds finally purified by preparative HPLC, such as those of Examples 2-o-33, 2-o-34, 2-o-52, 2-o-76, 2-o-88, 2-o-89, 2-o-99, 2-o-100, 2-o-120, 2-o-128 to 2-o-132, 2-o-158, 2-o-160, 2-o-170 to 2-o-172, 2-o-181, 2-o-189, 2-o-191 to 2-o-193, 2-o-210, 2-o-211, 2-o-221, 2-o-222, for example.

EXP. 4-N-3, 4-N-4, 4-N-5, and 4-N-7 represent Example compounds 4-N-3, 4-N-4, 4-N-5, and 4-N-7, respectively, described later.

[0261]

Example 4-NP-419, 4-NP-420, 4-NP-435 to 4-NP-458, 4-NP-469 to 4-NP-471, 4-NP-497 to 4-NP-507, 4-NP-511, 4-NP-517

Compounds of Example 4-NP-419, 4-NP-420, 4-NP-435 to 4-NP-458, 4-NP-469 to 4-NP-471, 4-NP-497 to 4-NP-507, 4-NP-511 and 4-NP-517 were synthesized according to the methods in Examples 2-N-1 to 2-N-5 (Table 2-N2). In Table 2-N2, the ST column represents the structures represented by the above general formulas, the J and Ar columns represent "J" and "Ar" in the general formula represented in the ST column, "ST," "SM1," "SM2," "LCMS," and "Ref" are defined as described above, abbreviations such as "co1," "Ar1," and "sco1" represent compounds or groups corresponding to the abbreviations in Tables co, Ar, and sco, respectively, provided later. Abbreviations in the tables represent compounds or groups shown in the figures shown earlier or later. The compounds in the tables also include compounds finally purified by preparative HPLC.

[0262]

[Table 2-N]

EXP	SM1	SM2	ST	J	Ar	LCMS			Ref
						meth od	RTime	MH+	
2-N-1	EXP 1-N-1	sco1	Qn1	co1	Ar1	A	1.09	371.4	
2-N-2	EXP 1-N-1	sco2	Qn1	co2	Ar1	A	1.15	397.4	
2-N-3	EXP 1-N-1	sco3	Qn1	co3	Ar1	A	1.30	447.1	
2-N-4	EXP 1-N-1	sco4	Qn1	co4	Ar1	A	1.24	525.2	
2-N-5	EXP 1-N-1	sco5	Qn1	co5	Ar1	A	1.02	401.2	
2-N-6	EXP 1-N-1	sco6	Qn1	co6	Ar1	A	1.17	459.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-7	EXP 1-N-1	sco7	Qn1	co7	Ar1	A	1.11	385.4	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-8	EXP 1-N-1	sco8	Qn1	co8	Ar1	A	1.33	447.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-9	EXP 1-N-1	sco9	Qn1	co9	Ar1	A	1.33	447.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-10	EXP 1-N-1	sco10	Qn1	co10	Ar1	A	1.27	451.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-11	EXP 1-N-1	sco11	Qn1	co11	Ar1	A	1.29	451.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-12	EXP 1-N-1	sco12	Qn1	co12	Ar1	A	1.28	451.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-13	EXP 1-N-1	sco13	Qn1	co13	Ar1	A	1.31	467.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-14	EXP 1-N-1	sco14	Qn1	co14	Ar1	A	1.36	467.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-15	EXP 1-N-1	sco15	Qn1	co15	Ar1	A	1.36	467.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-16	EXP 1-N-1	sco16	Qn1	co16	Ar1	A	1.23	458.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-17	EXP 1-N-1	sco17	Qn1	co17	Ar1	A	1.23	458.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-18	EXP 1-N-1	sco18	Qn1	co18	Ar1	A	1.23	458.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-19	EXP 1-N-1	sco19	Qn1	co19	Ar1	A	1.24	491.1	EXP 2-N-3

2-N-20	EXP 1-N-1	sco20	Qn1	co20	Ar1	A	1.28	491.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-21	EXP 1-N-1	sco21	Qn1	co21	Ar1	A	1.28	491.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-22	EXP 1-N-1	sco22	Qn1	co22	Ar1	A	1.25	463.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-23	EXP 1-N-1	sco23	Qn1	co23	Ar1	A	1.28	463.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-24	EXP 1-N-1	sco24	Qn1	co24	Ar1	A	1.26	463.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-25	EXP 1-N-1	sco25	Qn1	co25	Ar1	A	1.33	476.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-26	EXP 1-N-1	sco26	Qn1	co26	Ar1	A	1.32	476.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-27	EXP 1-N-1	sco27	Qn1	co27	Ar1	A	1.32	476.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-28	EXP 1-N-1	sco28	Qn1	co28	Ar1	A	1.06	434.4	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-29	EXP 1-N-1	sco29	Qn1	co29	Ar1	A	1.19	526.2	EXP 2-N-4
2-N-30	EXP 1-N-1	sco30	Qn1	co30	Ar1	A	1.17	526.2	EXP 2-N-4
2-N-31	EXP 1-N-1	sco31	Qn1	co31	Ar1	A	1.27	433.5	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-32	EXP 1-N-1	sco32	Qn1	co32	Ar1	A	1.12	463.2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-33	EXP 1-N-1	sco33	Qn1	co33	Ar1	A	1.31	476.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-34	EXP 1-N-1	sco34	Qn1	co34	Ar1	A	1.32	463.4	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-35	EXP 1-N-1	sco35	Qn1	co35	Ar1	A	1.40	479.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-36	EXP 1-N-1	sco36	Qn1	co36	Ar1	A	1.43	477.3	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-37	EXP 1-N-1	sco37	Qn1	co37	Ar1	A	1.09	434.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-38	EXP 1-N-1	sco38	Qn1	co38	Ar1	A	1.05	434.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-39	EXP 1-N-1	sco39	Qn1	co39	Ar1	A	1.04	435.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-40	EXP 1-N-1	sco40	Qn1	co40	Ar1	A	1.05	435.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-41	EXP 1-N-1	sco41	Qn1	co41	Ar1	A	1.08	435.2	EXP 2-N-2

2-N-42	EXP 1-N-1	sco42	Qn1	co42	Ar1	B	2 29	473 3	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-43	EXP 1-N-1	sco43	Qn1	co43	Ar1	A	0 98	437 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-44	EXP 1-N-1	sco44	Qn1	co44	Ar1	A	0 93	437 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-45	EXP 1-N-1	sco45	Qn1	co45	Ar1	A	1 12	440 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-46	EXP 1-N-1	sco46	Qn1	co46	Ar1	A	1 25	439 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-47	EXP 1-N-1	sco47	Qn1	co47	Ar1	A	1 28	439 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-48	EXP 1-N-1	sco48	Qn1	co48	Ar1	A	1 19	423 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-49	EXP 1-N-1	sco49	Qn1	co49	Ar1	A	1 21	423 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-50	EXP 1-N-1	sco50	Qn1	co50	Ar1	A	1 13	459 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-51	EXP 1-N-1	sco51	Qn1	co51	Ar1	A	1 19	468 2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-52	EXP 1-N-1	sco52	Qn1	co52	Ar1	A	1 05	448 2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-53	EXP 1-N-1	sco53	Qn1	co53	Ar1	A	1 17	452 2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-54	EXP 1-N-1	sco54	Qn1	co54	Ar1	A	0 95	449 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-55	EXP 1-N-1	sco55	Qn1	co55	Ar1	A	1 15	468 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-56	EXP 1-N-1	sco56	Qn1	co56	Ar1	A	1 17	464 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-57	EXP 1-N-1	sco57	Qn1	co57	Ar1	A	1 07	448 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-58	EXP 1-N-1	sco58	Qn1	co58	Ar1	A	0 92	449 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-59	EXP 1-N-1	sco59	Qn1	co59	Ar1	A	1 09	452 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-60	EXP 1-N-1	sco60	Qn1	co60	Ar1	A	1 15	468 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-61	EXP 1-N-1	sco61	Qn1	co61	Ar1	A	1 24	502 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-62	EXP 1-N-1	sco62	Qn1	co62	Ar1	A	1 21	501 9	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-63	EXP 1-N-1	sco63	Qn1	co63	Ar1	B	2 24	449 3	EXP 2-N-2

2-N-64	EXP 1-N-1	sco64	Qn1	co64	Ar1	A	0.10	450.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-65	EXP 1-N-1	sco65	Qn1	co65	Ar1	A	1.13	448.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-66	EXP 1-N-1	sco66	Qn1	co66	Ar1	A	1.20	452.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-67	EXP 1-N-1	sco67	Qn1	co67	Ar1	A	1.10	448.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-68	EXP 1-N-1	sco68	Qn1	co68	Ar1	A	1.15	452.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-69	EXP 1-N-1	sco69	Qn1	co69	Ar1	A	1.18	458.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-70	EXP 1-N-1	sco70	Qn1	co70	Ar1	A	0.98	450.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-71	EXP 1-N-1	sco71	Qn1	co71	Ar1	A	0.92	449.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-72	EXP 1-N-1	sco72	Qn1	co72	Ar1	A	1.16	446.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-73	EXP 1-N-1	sco73	Qn1	co73	Ar1	A	1.00	462.2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-74	EXP 1-N-1	sco74	Qn1	co74	Ar1	A	1.19	458.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-75	EXP 1-N-1	sco75	Qn1	co75	Ar1	A	0.90	449.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-76	EXP 1-N-1	sco76	Qn1	co76	Ar1	A	1.31	502.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-77	EXP 1-N-1	sco77	Qn1	co77	Ar1	A	1.18	464.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-78	EXP 1-N-1	sco78	Qn1	co78	Ar1	A	0.99	450.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-79	EXP 1-N-1	sco79	Qn1	co79	Ar1	A	1.16	492.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-80	EXP 1-N-1	sco80	Qn1	co80	Ar1	A	1.34	502.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-81	EXP 1-N-1	sco81	Qn1	co81	Ar1	A	1.39	502.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-82	EXP 1-N-1	sco82	Qn1	co82	Ar1	A	1.34	502.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-83	EXP 1-N-1	sco83	Qn1	co83	Ar1	A	1.27	502.0	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-84	EXP 1-N-1	sco84	Qn1	co84	Ar1	A	1.38	502.0	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-85	EXP 1-N-1	sco85	Qn1	co85	Ar1	A	1.32	502.1	EXP 2-N-3

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2-N-86	EXP 1-N-1	sco86	Qn1	co86	Ar1	A	1 34	502 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-87	EXP 1-N-1	sco87	Qn1	co87	Ar1	A	1 39	510 2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-88	EXP 1-N-1	sco88	Qn1	co88	Ar1	A	1 05	462 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-89	EXP 1-N-1	sco89	Qn1	co89	Ar1	A	1 09	462 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-90	EXP 1-N-1	sco90	Qn1	co90	Ar1	A	1 24	462 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-91	EXP 1-N-1	sco91	Qn1	co91	Ar1	A	1 19	411 3	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-92	EXP 1-N-1	sco92	Qn1	co92	Ar1	A	0 96	448 3	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-93	EXP 1-N-1	sco93	Qn1	co93	Ar1	A	1 25	263 6	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-94	EXP 1-N-1	sco94	Qn1	co94	Ar1	A	1 20	466 2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-95	EXP 1-N-1	sco95	Qn1	co95	Ar1	A	1 16	466 2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-96	EXP 1-N-1	sco96	Qn1	co96	Ar1	A	1 07	401 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-97	EXP 1-N-1	sco97	Qn1	co97	Ar1	A	0 98	387 0	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-98	EXP 1-N-1	sco98	Qn1	co98	Ar1	A	1 14	429 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-99	EXP 1-N-1	sco99	Qn1	co99	Ar1	A	1 12	429 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-100	EXP 1-N-1	sco100	Qn1	co100	Ar1	A	1 09	448 2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-101	EXP 1-N-1	sco170	Qn1	co170	Ar1	A	1 29	470 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-102	EXP 1-N-1	sco229	Qn1	co229	Ar1	A	0 88	440 5	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-103	EXP 1-N-1	sco231	Qn1	co231	Ar1	A	0 87	412 2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-104	EXP 1-N-1	sco235	Qn1	co235	Ar1	A	0 62	442 5	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-105	EXP 1-N-1	sco210	Qn1	co210	Ar1	A	0 87	442 3	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-106	EXP 1-N-1	sco218	Qn1	co218	Ar1	A	0 82	386 4	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-107	EXP 1-N-1	sco177	Qn1	co177	Ar1	A	0 90	400 1	EXP 2-N-2

2-N-108	EXP 2-N-107	sco1	Qn1 -2	co1	Ar1	A	1 02	442 1	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-109	EXP 1-N-1	sco211	Qn1	co211	Ar1	A	0 83	442 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-110	EXP 1-N-1	sco178	Qn1	co177	Ar1	A	0 85	442 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-111	EXP 1-N-1	sco212	Qn1	co212	Ar1	A	0 99	470 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-112	EXP 1-N-1	sco179	Qn1	co178	Ar1	A	0 93	440 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-113	EXP 1-N-1	sco252	Qn1	co252	Ar1	A	0 91	425 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-201	EXP 1-N-51	sco1	Qn1	co1	Ar4	A	1 12	389 1	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-204	EXP 1-N-51	sco100	Qn1	co100	Ar4	A	1 17	466 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-205	EXP 1-N-51	sco8	Qn1	co8	Ar4	A	1 30	477 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-206	EXP 1-N-51	sco44	Qn1	co44	Ar4	A	1 06	455 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-207	EXP 1-N-51	sco101	Qn1	co101	Ar4	A	1 63	527 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-208	EXP 1-N-51	sco102	Qn1	co102	Ar4	A	1 62	527 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-209	EXP 1-N-51	sco103	Qn1	co103	Ar4	A	1 54	527 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-210	EXP 1-N-51	sco104	Qn1	co104	Ar4	A	1 49	479 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-211	EXP 1-N-51	sco105	Qn1	co105	Ar4	A	1 47	479 3	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-212	EXP 1-N-51	sco106	Qn1	co106	Ar4	A	1 43	479 4	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-213	EXP 1-N-51	sco107	Qn1	co107	Ar4	A	1 62	493 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-214	EXP 1-N-51	sco108	Qn1	co108	Ar4	A	1 94	563 3	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-215	EXP 1-N-51	sco109	Qn1	co109	Ar4	A	1 48	547 1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-216	EXP 1-N-51	sco110	Qn1	co110	Ar4	A	1 51	499 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-217	EXP 1-N-51	sco111	Qn1	co111	Ar4	A	1 42	499 2	EXP 2-N-3

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2-N-218	EXP. 1-N-51	sco112	Qn1	co112	Ar4	A	1 45	501 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-219	EXP. 1-N-51	sco113	Qn1	co113	Ar4	A	1 43	483 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-220	EXP. 1-N-51	sco114	Qn1	co114	Ar4	A	1 57	533 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-221	EXP. 1-N-51	sco115	Qn1	co115	Ar4	A	1 51	533 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-222	EXP. 1-N-51	sco116	Qn1	co116	Ar4	A	1 53	533 3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-223	EXP. 1-N-51	sco117	Qn1	co117	Ar4	A	1 66	587 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-224	EXP. 1-N-51	sco118	Qn1	co118	Ar4	A	1 39	487 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-225	EXP. 1-N-51	sco119	Qn1	co119	Ar4	A	1 41	505 2	EXP. 2-N-5
2-N-226	EXP. 1-N-51	sco120	Qn1	co120	Ar4	A	1 39	487 2	EXP. 2-N-5
2-N-227	EXP. 1-N-51	sco121	Qn1	co121	Ar4	A	1 51	537 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-228	EXP. 1-N-51	sco122	Qn1	co122	Ar4	A	1 46	503 1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-229	EXP. 1-N-51	sco123	Qn1	co123	Ar4	A	1 48	547 1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-230	EXP. 1-N-51	sco124	Qn1	co124	Ar4	A	1 53	537 2	EXP. 2-N-5
2-N-231	EXP. 1-N-51	sco125	Qn1	co125	Ar4	A	1 45	505 2	EXP. 2-N-5
2-N-232	EXP. 1-N-51	sco126	Qn1	co126	Ar4	A	1 59	553 2	EXP. 2-N-5
2-N-233	EXP. 1-N-51	sco127	Qn1	co127	Ar4	A	1 49	547 1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-N-234	EXP. 1-N-51	sco128	Qn1	co128	Ar4	A	1 46	501 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-235	EXP. 1-N-51	sco129	Qn1	co129	Ar4	A	1 49	501 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-236	EXP. 1-N-51	sco130	Qn1	co130	Ar4	A	1 42	527 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-237	EXP. 1-N-51	sco131	Qn1	co131	Ar4	A	1 27	541 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-238	EXP. 1-N-51	sco132	Qn1	co132	Ar4	A	1 34	511 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-239	EXP. 1-N-51	sco133	Qn1	co133	Ar4	A	1 33	511 2	EXP. 2-N-3

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2-N-240	EXP. 1-N-51	sco134	Qn1	co134	Ar4	A	1 38	511 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-241	EXP. 1-N-51	sco135	Qn1	co135	Ar4	A	1 27	511 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-242	EXP. 1-N-51	sco136	Qn1	co136	Ar4	A	1 32	541 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-243	EXP. 1-N-51	sco137	Qn1	co137	Ar4	A	1 30	541 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-244	EXP. 1-N-51	sco138	Qn1	co138	Ar4	A	1 51	525 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-245	EXP. 1-N-51	sco139	Qn1	co139	Ar4	A	1 36	499 2	EXP. 2-N-5
2-N-246	EXP. 1-N-51	sco140	Qn1	co140	Ar4	A	1 46	509 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-247	EXP. 1-N-51	sco141	Qn1	co141	Ar4	A	1 47	495 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-248	EXP. 1-N-51	sco142	Qn1	co142	Ar4	A	1 38	495 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-249	EXP. 1-N-51	sco143	Qn1	co143	Ar4	A	1 37	495 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-250	EXP. 1-N-51	sco144	Qn1	co144	Ar4	A	1 35	545 2	EXP. 2-N-5
2-N-251	EXP. 1-N-51	sco145	Qn1	co145	Ar4	A	1 40	517 2	EXP. 2-N-5
2-N-252	EXP. 1-N-51	sco146	Qn1	co146	Ar4	A	1 34	526 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-253	EXP. 1-N-51	sco147	Qn1	co147	Ar4	A	1 39	526 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-254	EXP. 1-N-51	sco148	Qn1	co148	Ar4	A	1 64	552 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-255	EXP. 1-N-51	sco149	Qn1	co149	Ar4	A	1 35	526 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-256	EXP. 1-N-51	sco150	Qn1	co150	Ar4	A	1 33	539 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-257	EXP. 1-N-51	sco151	Qn1	co151	Ar4	A	1 76	579 3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-258	EXP. 1-N-51	sco152	Qn1	co152	Ar4	A	1 32	501 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-259	EXP. 1-N-51	sco153	Qn1	co153	Ar4	A	1 27	503 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-260	EXP. 1-N-51	sco154	Qn1	co154	Ar4	A	1 25	485 2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-261	EXP. 1-N-51	sco155	Qn1	co155	Ar4	A	1 24	485 2	EXP. 2-N-5

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2-N-262	EXP. 1-N-51	sco156	Qn1	co156	Ar4	A	1.49	617.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-263	EXP. 1-N-51	sco157	Qn1	co157	Ar4	A	1.19	522.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-264	EXP. 1-N-51	sco158	Qn1	co158	Ar4	A	1.19	527.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-265	EXP. 1-N-51	sco159	Qn1	co159	Ar4	A	1.14	512.2	EXP. 2-N-5
2-N-266	EXP. 1-N-51	sco160	Qn1	co160	Ar4	A	1.19	522.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-267	EXP. 1-N-51	sco161	Qn1	co161	Ar4	A	1.33	528.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-268	EXP. 1-N-51	sco162	Qn1	co162	Ar4	A	1.51	534.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-269	EXP. 1-N-51	sco163	Qn1	co163	Ar4	A	1.47	516.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-270	EXP. 1-N-51	sco164	Qn1	co164	Ar4	A	1.4	538.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-271	EXP. 1-N-51	sco165	Qn1	co165	Ar4	A	1.48	531.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-272	EXP. 1-N-51	sco166	Qn1	co166	Ar4	A	1.64	579.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-273	EXP. 1-N-51	sco167	Qn1	co167	Ar4	A	1.54	549.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-274	EXP. 1-N-51	sco168	Qn1	co168	Ar4	A	1.58	541.2	EXP. 2-N-5
2-N-275	EXP. 1-N-51	sco169	Qn1	co169	Ar4	A	1.21	503.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-276	EXP. 1-N-51	sco171	Qn1	co171	Ar4	A	1.64	527.4	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-277	EXP. 1-N-51	sco172	Qn1	co172	Ar4	A	1.31	500.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-278	EXP. 1-N-51	sco173	Qn1	co173	Ar4	A	1.27	477.4	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-279	EXP. 1-N-51	sco174	Qn1	co174	Ar4	A	1.43	475.4	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-280	EXP. 1-N-51	sco175	Qn1	co175	Ar4	A	1.40	533.4	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-281	EXP. 1-N-49	sco1	Qn1	co1	Ar2	A	1.24	380.0	EXP. 2-N-1
2-N-282	EXP. 1-N-49	sco2	Qn1	co2	Ar2	A	1.35	405.8	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-283	EXP. 1-N-49	sco100	Qn1	co100	Ar2	A	1.26	457.0	EXP. 2-N-2

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2-N-284	EXP. 1-N-34	sco1	Qn1	co1	Ar3	A	0.74	347.1	EXP. 2-N-1
2-N-285	EXP. 1-N-34	sco38	Qn1	co38	Ar3	A	0.85	410.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-286	EXP. 1-N-34	sco53	Qn1	co53	Ar3	A	0.96	428.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-287	EXP. 1-N-34	sco43	Qn1	co43	Ar3	A	0.82	413.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-288	EXP. 1-N-34	sco92	Qn1	co92	Ar3	A	0.74	424.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-289	EXP. 1-N-34	sco235	Qn1	co235	Ar3	A	0.68	418.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-290	EXP. 1-N-34	sco28	Qn1	co28	Ar3	A	0.80	410.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-291	EXP. 1-N-34	sco2	Qn1	co2	Ar3	A	0.93	373.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-292	EXP. 1-N-51	sco231	Qn1	co231	Ar4	A	0.90	373.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-293	EXP. 1-N-51	sco100	Qn1	co100	Ar4	A	1.30	477.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-301	EXP. 1-N-4	sco1	Qn2	co1	Ar1	A	0.98	343.4	EXP. 2-N-1
2-N-302	EXP. 1-N-4	sco2	Qn2	co2	Ar1	A	1.11	369.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-303	EXP. 1-N-4	sco28	Qn2	co28	Ar1	A	1.04	406.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-304	EXP. 1-N-4	sco100	Qn2	co100	Ar1	A	1.10	420.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-305	EXP. 1-N-4	sco74	Qn2	co74	Ar1	A	1.24	440.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-306	EXP. 1-N-4	sco75	Qn2	co75	Ar1	A	1.26	474.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-307	EXP. 1-N-4	sco52	Qn2	co52	Ar1	A	1.04	420.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-308	EXP. 1-N-4	sco53	Qn2	co53	Ar1	A	1.14	424.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-309	EXP. 1-N-4	sco69	Qn2	co69	Ar1	A	1.22	440.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-310	EXP. 1-N-4	sco68	Qn2	co68	Ar1	A	1.17	424.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-311	EXP. 1-N-4	sco72	Qn2	co72	Ar1	A	1.24	420.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-312	EXP. 1-N-4	sco66	Qn2	co66	Ar1	A	1.25	424.2	EXP. 2-N-3

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2-N-313	EXP 1-N-4	sco17	Qn2	co17	Ar1	A	1 24	430 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-314	EXP 1-N-4	sco16	Qn2	co16	Ar1	A	1 25	430 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-315	EXP 1-N-4	sco97	Qn2	co97	Ar1	A	0 94	359 1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-316	EXP 1-N-4	sco8	Qn2	co8	Ar1	A	1 19	431 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-317	EXP 1-N-4	sco16	Qn2	co16	Ar1	A	1 22	430 2	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-318	EXP 1-N-50	sco2	Qn2	co2	Ar2	A	1 00	378 2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-319	EXP 1-N-50	sco1	Qn2	co1	Ar2	A	1 16	352 0	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-320	EXP 1-N-39	sco1	Qn2	co1	Ar3	A	0 71	319 0	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-401	EXP 1-N-44	sco100	Qn2	co100	Ar4	A	1 14	438 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-402	EXP 1-N-44	sco6	Qn2	co6	Ar4	A	1 24	449 1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-501	EXP 1-N-27	sco1	Qn3	co1	Ar1	A	1 01	357 4	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-502	EXP 1-N-28	sco1	Qn4	co1	Ar1	A	1 00	357 4	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-503	EXP 1-N-2	sco1	Qn5	co1	Ar1	A	1 04	371 4	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-504	EXP 1-N-12	sco1	Qn6	co1	Ar1	A	1 07	385 4	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-505	EXP 1-N-12	sco2	Qn6	co2	Ar1	A	1 20	411 3	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-506	EXP 1-N-12	sco28	Qn6	co28	Ar1	A	1 10	448 3	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-507	EXP 1-N-12	sco229	Qn6	co229	Ar1	A	1 42	554 4	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-508	EXP 1-N-5	sco1	Qn7	co1	Ar1	A	0 99	346 4	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-509	EXP 1-N-6	sco1	Qn8	co1	Ar1	A	1 07	357 1	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-510	EXP 1-N-6	sco218	Qn8	co218	Ar1	A	0 83	372 3	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-511	EXP 1-N-40	sco1	Qn6	co1	Ar3	A	0 82	361 1	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-601	EXP 2-N-102	sco1	Qn9	co1	Ar1	A	1 05	482 3	EXP 2-N-1

2-N-602	EXP. 2-N-102	sco28	Qn9	co28	Ar1	A	1 13	545 3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-603	EXP. 2-N-102	sco2	Qn9	co2	Ar1	A	1 16	508 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-604	EXP. 2-N-102	sco38	Qn9	co38	Ar1	A	1 09	545 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-605	EXP. 2-N-102	sco52	Qn9	co52	Ar1	A	1 08	559 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-606	EXP. 2-N-102	sco40	Qn9	co40	Ar1	A	1 08	546 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-607	EXP. 2-N-102	sco43	Qn9	co43	Ar1	A	1 04	548 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-608	EXP. 2-N-102	sco92	Qn9	co92	Ar1	A	0 99	559 3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-609	EXP. 2-N-102	sco235	Qn9	co235	Ar1	A	0 93	553 3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-610	EXP. 2-N-103	sco1	Qn10	co1	Ar1	A	1 03	454 2	EXP. 2-N-1
2-N-611	EXP. 2-N-103	sco28	Qn10	co28	Ar1	A	1 08	517 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-612	EXP. 2-N-103	sco2	Qn10	co2	Ar1	A	1 19	480 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-613	EXP. 2-N-103	sco38	Qn10	co38	Ar1	A	1 07	517 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-614	EXP. 2-N-103	sco52	Qn10	co52	Ar1	A	1 04	531 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-615	EXP. 2-N-103	sco40	Qn10	co40	Ar1	A	1 09	518 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-616	EXP. 2-N-103	sco43	Qn10	co43	Ar1	A	1 02	520 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-617	EXP. 2-N-103	sco92	Qn10	co92	Ar1	A	0 98	531 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-618	EXP. 2-N-103	sco235	Qn10	co235	Ar1	A	0 91	525 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-619	EXP. 1-N-49	sco231	Qn1	co231	Ar2	A	0 97	421 1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-620	EXP. 2-N-519	sco2	Qn10	co2	Ar2	A	1 26	489 0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-701	EXP. 2-N-104	sco1	Qn11	co1	Ar1	A	1 07	484 2	EXP. 2-N-1
2-N-702	EXP. 2-N-104	sco28	Qn11	co28	Ar1	A	1 09	547 2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-703	EXP. 2-N-104	sco40	Qn11	co40	Ar1	A	1 07	548 2	EXP. 2-N-2

2-N-704	EXP 2-N-104	sco92	Qn11	co92	Ar1	A	0.99	561.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-705	EXP 2-N-111	sco1	Qn12	co1	Ar1	A	1.15	512.1	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-706	EXP 2-N-111	sco100	Qn12	co100	Ar1	B	2.94	589.3	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-707	EXP 2-N-111	sco2	Qn12	co2	Ar1	A	1.23	538.3	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-708	EXP 2-N-111	sco44	Qn12	co44	Ar1	A	1.09	578.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-709	EXP 2-N-111	sco216	Qn12	co216	Ar1	A	0.96	578.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-710	EXP 2-N-111	sco92	Qn12	co92	Ar1	A	1.10	589.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-711	EXP 2-N-111	sco172	Qn12	co172	Ar1	A	1.31	623.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-712	EXP 2-N-111	sco97	Qn12	co97	Ar1	A	1.08	528.3	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-713	EXP 2-N-111	sco176	Qn12	co176	Ar1	A	0.95	610.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-801	EXP 4-N-4	sco1	Qn15	co1	Ar1	A	0.85	440.1	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-802	EXP 4-N-3	sco1	Qn16	co1	Ar1	A	0.84	470.1	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-803	EXP 4-N-5	sco1	Qn17	co1	Ar1	A	0.83	470.1	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-804	EXP 4-N-7	sco1	Qn18	co1	Ar1	A	0.88	426.1	EXP 2-N-1
2-N-901	EXP 1-N-51	sco94	Qn1	co94	Ar4	A	1.33	484.4	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-902	EXP 1-N-51	sco95	Qn1	co95	Ar4	A	1.30	484.4	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-903	EXP 1-N-51	sco181	Qn1	co181	Ar4	A	1.42	494.4	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-904	EXP 1-N-51	sco182	Qn1	co182	Ar4	A	1.42	494.4	EXP 2-N-2
2-N-905	EXP 1-N-51	sco183	Qn1	co183	Ar4	A	1.96	577.3	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-906	EXP 1-N-51	sco184	Qn1	co184	Ar4	A	1.47	564.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-907	EXP 1-N-51	sco185	Qn1	co185	Ar4	A	1.25	501.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-908	EXP 1-N-51	sco186	Qn1	co186	Ar4	A	1.50	523.2	EXP 2-N-3

2-N-909	EXP. 1-N-51	sco187	Qn1	co187	Ar4	A	1.27	503.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-910	EXP. 1-N-51	sco188	Qn1	co188	Ar4	A	1.22	497.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-911	EXP. 1-N-51	sco189	Qn1	co189	Ar4	A	1.20	511.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-912	EXP. 1-N-51	sco190	Qn1	co190	Ar4	A	1.29	497.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-913	EXP. 1-N-51	sco191	Qn1	co191	Ar4	A	1.25	485.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-914	EXP. 1-N-51	sco192	Qn1	co192	Ar4	A	1.22	485.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-915	EXP. 1-N-51	sco193	Qn1	co193	Ar4	A	1.29	536.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-916	EXP. 1-N-51	sco194	Qn1	co194	Ar4	A	1.48	555.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-917	EXP. 1-N-44	sco53	Qn2	co53	Ar4	A	1.25	442.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-918	EXP. 1-N-44	sco52	Qn2	co52	Ar4	A	1.14	438.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-919	EXP. 1-N-44	sco50	Qn2	co50	Ar4	A	1.23	449.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-920	EXP. 1-N-44	sco68	Qn2	co68	Ar4	A	1.29	442.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-921	EXP. 1-N-44	sco66	Qn2	co66	Ar4	A	1.36	442.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-922	EXP. 1-N-44	sco6	Qn2	co6	Ar4	A	1.34	458.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-923	EXP. 1-N-44	sco76	Qn2	co76	Ar4	A	1.45	492.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-924	EXP. 1-N-44	sco89	Qn2	co89	Ar4	A	1.16	452.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-925	EXP. 1-N-44	sco94	Qn2	co94	Ar4	A	1.28	456.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-926	EXP. 1-N-44	sco95	Qn2	co95	Ar4	A	1.26	456.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-927	EXP. 1-N-44	sco93	Qn2	co93	Ar4	A	1.33	516.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-928	EXP. 1-N-44	sco17	Qn2	co17	Ar4	A	1.35	448.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-929	EXP. 1-N-44	sco18	Qn2	co18	Ar4	A	1.35	448.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-930	EXP. 1-N-51	sco97	Qn1	co97	Ar4	A	1.12	405.4	EXP. 2-N-2

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2-N-931	EXP. 1-N-51	sco5	Qn1	co5	Ar4	A	1.10	419.4	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-932	EXP. 1-N-44	sco195	Qn2	co195	Ar4	A	1.41	466.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-933	EXP. 1-N-44	sco1	Qn2	co1	Ar4	A	1.10	361.3	EXP. 2-N-1
2-N-934	EXP. 1-N-44	sco96	Qn2	co96	Ar4	A	1.13	391.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-935	EXP. 1-N-44	sco196	Qn2	co196	Ar4	A	1.15	405.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-936	EXP. 1-N-44	sco197	Qn2	co197	Ar4	A	1.20	405.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-937	EXP. 1-N-44	sco198	Qn2	co198	Ar4	A	1.11	403.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-938	EXP. 1-N-44	sco98	Qn2	co98	Ar4	A	1.17	419.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-939	EXP. 1-N-44	sco99	Qn2	co99	Ar4	A	1.15	419.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-940	EXP. 1-N-44	sco199	Qn2	co199	Ar4	A	1.11	405.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-941	EXP. 1-N-51	sco95	Qn1	co95	Ar4	A	1.18	419.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-942	EXP. 1-N-51	sco98	Qn1	co98	Ar4	A	1.26	447.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-943	EXP. 1-N-51	sco99	Qn1	co99	Ar4	A	1.22	447.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-944	EXP. 1-N-44	sco97	Qn2	co97	Ar4	A	1.04	377.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-945	EXP. 1-N-62	sco1	Qn2	co1	Ar41	A	1.08	361.4	EXP. 2-N-1
2-N-946	EXP. 1-N-62	sco68	Qn2	co68	Ar41	A	1.28	442.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-947	EXP. 1-N-62	sco53	Qn2	co53	Ar41	A	1.23	442.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-948	EXP. 1-N-62	sco66	Qn2	co66	Ar41	A	1.35	442.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-949	EXP. 1-N-62	sco56	Qn2	co56	Ar41	A	1.25	454.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-950	EXP. 1-N-62	sco93	Qn2	co93	Ar41	A	1.31	518.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-951	EXP. 1-N-62	sco94	Qn2	co94	Ar41	A	1.26	456.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-952	EXP. 1-N-62	sco95	Qn2	co95	Ar41	A	1.24	456.4	EXP. 2-N-3

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2-N-953	EXP. 1-N-52	sco89	Qn2	co89	Ar41	A	1.15	452.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-954	EXP. 1-N-52	sco2	Qn2	co2	Ar41	A	1.17	375.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-955	EXP. 1-N-61	sco253	Qn1	co253	Ar41	A	1.17	448.4	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-956	EXP. 1-N-61	sco254	Qn1	co254	Ar41	A	1.42	496.4	EXP. 2-N-2
2-N-957	EXP. 1-N-52	sco95	Qn2	co95	Ar41	A	1.15	391.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-958	EXP. 1-N-52	sco98	Qn2	co98	Ar41	A	1.18	419.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-959	EXP. 1-N-52	sco99	Qn2	co99	Ar41	A	1.17	419.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-960	EXP. 1-N-52	sco201	Qn2	co201	Ar41	A	1.31	389.5	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-961	EXP. 1-N-52	sco97	Qn2	co97	Ar41	A	1.05	377.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-962	EXP. 1-N-51	sco53	Qn1	co53	Ar41	A	1.33	470.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-963	EXP. 1-N-51	sco55	Qn1	co55	Ar41	A	1.37	470.4	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-964	EXP. 1-N-51	sco56	Qn1	co56	Ar41	A	1.36	482.5	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-965	EXP. 1-N-51	sco94	Qn1	co94	Ar41	A	1.37	484.5	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-966	EXP. 1-N-51	sco201	Qn1	co201	Ar41	A	1.37	417.5	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-967	EXP. 1-N-51	sco97	Qn1	co97	Ar41	A	1.15	405.5	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-968	EXP. 1-N-51	sco98	Qn1	co98	Ar41	A	1.29	447.5	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-969	EXP. 1-N-51	sco99	Qn1	co99	Ar41	A	1.26	447.5	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-970	EXP. 1-N-51	sco96	Qn1	co96	Ar41	A	1.21	419.5	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-971	EXP. 1-N-51	sco255	Qn1	co255	Ar41	A	1.26	433.5	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-972	EXP. 1-N-51	sco256	Qn1	co256	Ar41	A	1.26	433.5	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-973	EXP. 1-N-51	sco257	Qn1	co257	Ar41	A	1.43	429.5	EXP. 2-N-3
2-N-974	EXP. 1-N-51	sco258	Qn1	co258	Ar41	A	1.24	461.5	EXP. 2-N-3

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2-N-975	EXP 1-N-51	sco259	Qn1	co259	Ar41	A	1.26	445.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-976	EXP 1-N-51	sco53	Qn1	co53	Ar18	A	1.25	452.4	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-977	EXP 1-N-51	sco55	Qn1	co55	Ar18	A	1.30	452.4	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-978	EXP 1-N-51	sco56	Qn1	co56	Ar18	A	1.29	464.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-979	EXP 1-N-51	sco94	Qn1	co94	Ar18	A	1.30	466.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-980	EXP 1-N-51	sco201	Qn1	co201	Ar18	A	1.29	399.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-981	EXP 1-N-51	sco97	Qn1	co97	Ar18	A	1.08	387.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-982	EXP 1-N-51	sco98	Qn1	co98	Ar18	A	1.21	429.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-983	EXP 1-N-51	sco99	Qn1	co99	Ar18	A	1.19	429.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-984	EXP 1-N-51	sco96	Qn1	co96	Ar18	A	1.14	401.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-985	EXP 1-N-51	sco255	Qn1	co255	Ar18	A	1.18	415.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-986	EXP 1-N-51	sco256	Qn1	co256	Ar18	A	1.18	415.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-987	EXP 1-N-51	sco257	Qn1	co257	Ar18	A	1.35	411.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-988	EXP 1-N-51	sco258	Qn1	co258	Ar18	A	1.17	443.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-989	EXP 1-N-51	sco259	Qn1	co259	Ar18	A	1.19	427.5	EXP 2-N-3
2-N-990	EXP 1-N-52	sco50	Qn2	co50	Ar41	A	1.28	449.4	EXP 2-N-3

[0263]

[Table 2-o]

EXP	SM1	SM2	ST	J	Ar	LCMS			Ref
						meth. od	RTime	MH+	
2-o-1	EXP. 1-o-1	sc01	Q01	co1	Ar1	A	1.14	372.4	EXP. 2-N-1
2-o-2	EXP. 1-o-1	sc0201	Q01	co201	Ar1	A	1.33	400.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-3	EXP. 1-o-1	sc02	Q01	co2	Ar1	A	1.29	398.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-4	EXP. 1-o-1	sc0202	Q01	co202	Ar1	A	1.06	441.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-5	EXP. 1-o-1	sc0203	Q01	co203	Ar1	A	1.18	442.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-6	EXP. 1-o-1	sc0204	Q01	co204	Ar1	A	1.2	428.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-7	EXP. 1-o-1	sc049	Q01	co49	Ar1	A	1.36	424.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-8	EXP. 1-o-1	sc0205	Q01	co205	Ar1	A	0.95	441.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-9	EXP. 1-o-1	sc0206	Q01	co206	Ar1	A	1.44	437.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-10	EXP. 1-o-1	sc047	Q01	co47	Ar1	A	1.43	440.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-11	EXP. 1-o-1	sc039	Q01	co39	Ar1	A	1.11	436.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-12	EXP. 1-o-1	sc041	Q01	co41	Ar1	A	1.18	436.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-13	EXP. 1-o-1	sc037	Q01	co37	Ar1	A	1.24	435.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-14	EXP. 1-o-1	sc044	Q01	co44	Ar1	A	1.03	438.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-15	EXP. 1-o-1	sc0207	Q01	co207	Ar1	A	1.37	438.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-16	EXP. 1-o-1	sc0208	Q01	co208	Ar1	A	1.21	436.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-17	EXP. 1-o-1	sc045	Q01	co45	Ar1	A	1.23	441.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-18	EXP. 1-o-1	sc0209	Q01	co209	Ar1	A	1.03	453.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-19	EXP. 1-o-1	sc0210	Q01	co210	Ar1	A	1.00	443.1	EXP. 2-N-2

2-o-20	EXP 1-o-1	sco211	Qo1	co211	Ar1	A	0.92	443.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-21	EXP 1-o-1	sco212	Qo1	co212	Ar1	A	0.99	471.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-22	EXP 1-o-1	sco213	Qo1	co213	Ar1	A	0.96	485.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-23	EXP 1-o-1	sco28	Qo1	co28	Ar1	A	1.17	435.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-24	EXP 1-o-1	sco37	Qo1	co37	Ar1	A	1.24	435.3	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-25	EXP 1-o-1	sco76	Qo1	co76	Ar1	A	1.63	503.3	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-26	EXP 1-o-1	sco100	Qo1	co100	Ar1	A	1.17	449.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-27	EXP 1-o-1	sco74	Qo1	co74	Ar1	A	1.35	469.0	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-28	EXP 1-o-1	sco75	Qo1	co75	Ar1	A	0.99	450.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-29	EXP 1-o-1	sco6	Qo1	co6	Ar1	A	1.29	490.2	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-30	EXP 1-o-1	sco53	Qo1	co53	Ar1	A	1.25	453.2	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-31	EXP 1-o-1	sco38	Qo1	co38	Ar1	A	1.12	435.0	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-32	EXP 1-o-1	sco68	Qo1	co68	Ar1	A	1.29	453.2	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-33	EXP 1-o-1	sco214	Qo1	co214	Ar1	A	1.31	453.3	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-34	EXP 1-o-1	sco77	Qo1	co77	Ar1	A	1.35	465.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-35	EXP 1-o-1	sco215	Qo1	co215	Ar1	A	1.38	483.0	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-36	EXP 1-o-1	sco249	Qo1	co249	Ar1	A	1.26	449.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-37	EXP 1-o-1	sco31	Qo1	co31	Ar1	A	1.40	434.3	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-38	EXP 1-o-1	sco8	Qo1	co8	Ar1	A	1.51	448.3	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-39	EXP 1-o-1	sco11	Qo1	co11	Ar1	A	1.45	452.3	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-40	EXP 1-o-1	sco23	Qo1	co23	Ar1	A	1.46	464.3	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-41	EXP 1-o-1	sco17	Qo1	co17	Ar1	A	1.39	459.3	EXP 2-N-3

2-o-42	EXP 1-o-1	sco26	Qo1	co26	Ar1	A	1.53	477.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-43	EXP 1-o-1	sco92	Qo1	co92	Ar1	A	1.09	449.2	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-44	EXP 1-o-1	sco216	Qo1	co216	Ar1	A	1.04	438.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-45	EXP 1-o-1	sco97	Qo1	co97	Ar1	A	1.19	388.3	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-46	EXP 1-o-1	sco96	Qo1	co96	Ar1	A	1.15	402.3	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-47	EXP 1-o-1	sco217	Qo1	co217	Ar1	A	1.05	430.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-48	EXP 1-o-1	sco218	Qo1	co218	Ar1	A	0.87	387.0	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-49	EXP 1-o-1	sco219	Qo1	co219	Ar1	A	0.93	415.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-50	EXP 1-o-1	sco220	Qo1	co220	Ar1	A	0.93	457.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-51	EXP 1-o-1	sco221	Qo1	co221	Ar1	A	0.90	441.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-52	EXP 1-o-1	sco222	Qo1	co222	Ar1	B	2.37	457.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-53	EXP 1-o-1	sco223	Qo1	co223	Ar1	A	1.13	416.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-54	EXP 1-o-1	sco224	Qo1	co224	Ar1	A	1.29	456.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-55	EXP 1-o-1	sco225	Qo1	co225	Ar1	A	1.32	470.3	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-56	EXP 1-o-1	sco98	Qo1	co98	Ar1	A	1.18	430.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-57	EXP 1-o-1	sco99	Qo1	co99	Ar1	A	1.15	430.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-58	EXP 1-o-1	sco226	Qo1	co226	Ar1	A	1.70	538.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-59	EXP 1-o-1	sco227	Qo1	co227	Ar1	A	1.39	484.3	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-60	EXP 1-o-1	sco228	Qo1	co228	Ar1	A	1.06	416.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-o-61	EXP 1-o-1	sco229	Qo1	co229	Ar1	A	0.96	441.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-62	EXP 1-o-1	sco230	Qo1	co230	Ar1	A	0.91	455.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-o-63	EXP 1-o-1	sco231	Qo1	co231	Ar1	A	0.93	413.2	EXP 2-N-2

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2-o-64	EXP. 1-o-1	sco232	Qo1	co232	Ar1	A	0 94	427.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-65	EXP. 1-o-1	sco252	Qo1	co252	Ar1	A	0 93	427.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-66	EXP. 1-o-6	sco1	Qo2	co1	Ar1	A	1 07	344.1	EXP. 2-N-1
2-o-67	EXP. 1-o-6	sco39	Qo2	co39	Ar1	A	1 01	408.2	EXP. 2-N-4
2-o-68	EXP. 1-o-6	sco41	Qo2	co41	Ar1	A	1 20	408.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-69	EXP. 1-o-6	sco40	Qo2	co40	Ar1	A	1 10	408.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-70	EXP. 1-o-6	sco44	Qo2	co44	Ar1	A	0 97	410.2	EXP. 2-N-4
2-o-71	EXP. 1-o-6	sco43	Qo2	co43	Ar1	A	1 04	410.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-72	EXP. 1-o-6	sco233	Qo2	co233	Ar1	A	1 22	395.2	EXP. 2-N-4
2-o-73	EXP. 1-o-6	sco207	Qo2	co207	Ar1	A	1 23	410.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-74	EXP. 1-o-6	sco234	Qo2	co234	Ar1	A	1 20	410.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-75	EXP. 1-o-6	sco235	Qo2	co235	Ar1	A	0 89	415.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-76	EXP. 1-o-6	sco210	Qo2	co210	Ar1	A	0 95	415.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-77	EXP. 1-o-6	sco28	Qo2	co28	Ar1	A	1 08	407.2	EXP. 2-N-4
2-o-78	EXP. 1-o-6	sco76	Qo2	co76	Ar1	A	1 49	475.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-79	EXP. 1-o-6	sco53	Qo2	co53	Ar1	A	1 24	425.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-80	EXP. 1-o-6	sco100	Qo2	co100	Ar1	A	1 13	421.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-81	EXP. 1-o-6	sco74	Qo2	co74	Ar1	A	1 33	441.0	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-82	EXP. 1-o-6	sco75	Qo2	co75	Ar1	A	0 94	422.0	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-83	EXP. 1-o-6	sco6	Qo2	co6	Ar1	A	1 26	432.0	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-84	EXP. 1-o-6	sco38	Qo2	co38	Ar1	A	1 09	407.0	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-85	EXP. 1-o-6	sco66	Qo2	co66	Ar1	A	1 25	425.0	EXP. 2-N-3

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2-o-86	EXP. 1-o-6	sco236	Qo2	co236	Ar1	A	1.28	455.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-87	EXP. 1-o-6	sco215	Qo2	co215	Ar1	A	1.34	455.0	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-88	EXP. 1-o-6	sco214	Qo2	co214	Ar1	A	1.27	425.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-89	EXP. 1-o-6	sco77	Qo2	co77	Ar1	A	1.32	437.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-90	EXP. 1-o-6	sco31	Qo2	co31	Ar1	A	1.36	406.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-91	EXP. 1-o-6	sco8	Qo2	co8	Ar1	A	1.46	420.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-92	EXP. 1-o-6	sco11	Qo2	co11	Ar1	A	1.40	424.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-93	EXP. 1-o-6	sco23	Qo2	co23	Ar1	A	1.39	436.3	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-94	EXP. 1-o-6	sco17	Qo2	co17	Ar1	A	1.33	431.2	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-95	EXP. 1-o-6	sco26	Qo2	co26	Ar1	A	1.46	449.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-96	EXP. 1-o-6	sco237	Qo2	co237	Ar1	A	1.26	457.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-97	EXP. 1-o-6	sco92	Qo2	co92	Ar1	A	0.97	421.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-98	EXP. 1-o-6	sco238	Qo2	co238	Ar1	A	0.97	421.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-99	EXP. 1-o-6	sco239	Qo2	co239	Ar1	A	0.99	435.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-100	EXP. 1-o-6	sco216	Qo2	co216	Ar1	A	0.91	410.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-101	EXP. 1-o-6	sco240	Qo2	co240	Ar1	A	0.97	411.2	EXP. 2-N-4
2-o-102	EXP. 1-o-6	sco241	Qo2	co241	Ar1	A	0.95	412.2	EXP. 2-N-4
2-o-103	EXP. 1-o-6	sco242	Qo2	co242	Ar1	A	0.88	424.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-104	EXP. 1-o-6	sco243	Qo2	co243	Ar1	A	0.89	427.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-105	EXP. 1-o-6	sco97	Qo2	co97	Ar1	A	1.10	359.8	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-106	EXP. 1-o-6	sco244	Qo2	co244	Ar1	A	1.00	374.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-107	EXP. 1-o-6	sco245	Qo2	co245	Ar1	A	1.48	496.3	EXP. 2-N-2

2-a-108	EXP. 1-a-5	sco223	Qa2	co223	Ar1	A	1 01	388.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-109	EXP. 1-a-6	sco224	Qa2	co224	Ar1	A	1 20	428.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-110	EXP. 1-a-6	sco227	Qa2	co227	Ar1	A	1 22	442.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-111	EXP. 1-a-6	sco98	Qa2	co98	Ar1	A	1 05	402.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-112	EXP. 1-a-6	sco99	Qa2	co99	Ar1	A	1 04	402.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-113	EXP. 1-a-5	sco225	Qa2	co225	Ar1	A	1 51	510.2	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-114	EXP. 1-a-6	sco227	Qa2	co227	Ar1	A	1 28	456.3	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-115	EXP. 1-a-6	sco228	Qa2	co228	Ar1	A	0 97	388.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-116	EXP. 1-a-6	sco218	Qa2	co218	Ar1	A	0 82	359.0	EXP 2-N-2
2-a-117	EXP. 1-a-5	sco245	Qa2	co245	Ar1	A	0 82	373.0	EXP 2-N-2
2-a-118	EXP. 1-a-5	sco219	Qa2	co219	Ar1	A	0 94	387.1	EXP 2-N-2
2-a-119	EXP. 1-a-6	sco229	Qa2	co229	Ar1	A	1 46	415.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-a-120	EXP. 1-a-6	sco230	Qa2	co230	Ar1	A	0 87	427.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-a-121	EXP. 1-a-6	sco230	Qa2	co230	Ar1	A	0 81	385.2	EXP 2-N-2
2-a-122	EXP. 1-a-3	sco1	Qa3	co1	Ar1	A	1 08	358.4	EXP 2-N-2
2-a-123	EXP. 1-a-3	sco215	Qa3	co215	Ar1	A	1 25	459.0	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-124	EXP. 1-a-3	sco44	Qa3	co44	Ar1	A	0 91	424.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-125	EXP. 1-a-3	sco39	Qa3	co39	Ar1	A	0 98	422.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-126	EXP. 1-a-3	sco97	Qa3	co97	Ar1	A	0 94	374.1	EXP 2-N-3
2-a-128	EXP. 1-a-76	sco1	Qa5	co1	Ar1	A	0 98	402.0	EXP 2-N-2
2-a-129	EXP. 1-a-76	sco28	Qa5	co28	Ar1	A	0 99	485.0	EXP 2-N-2
2-a-130	EXP. 1-a-76	sco44	Qa5	co44	Ar1	A	0 85	468.0	EXP 2-N-2

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2-o-131	EXP. 1-o-76	sco219	Qo6	co219	Ar1	A	0.8	445.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-132	EXP. 1-o-76	sco97	Qo5	co97	Ar1	A	0.92	418.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-133	EXP. 1-o-13	sco1	Qo6	co1	Ar1	A	1.08	372.2	EXP. 2-N-1
2-o-134	EXP. 1-o-13	sco247	Qo6	co247	Ar1	A	1.28	453.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-135	EXP. 1-o-13	sco249	Qo6	co249	Ar1	A	1.35	423.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-136	EXP. 1-o-13	sco250	Qo6	co250	Ar1	A	1.02	424.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-137	EXP. 1-o-13	sco240	Qo6	co240	Ar1	A	1.08	439.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-138	EXP. 1-o-11	sco1	Qo7	co1	Ar1	A	1.16	386.2	EXP. 2-N-1
2-o-139	EXP. 1-o-12	sco1	Qo8	co1	Ar1	A	1.32	386.4	EXP. 2-N-1
2-o-140	EXP. 1-o-15	sco1	Qo9	co1	Ar1	A	1.08	358.0	EXP. 2-N-1
2-o-141	EXP. 1-o-15	sco44	Qo9	co44	Ar1	A	1.09	424.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-142	EXP. 1-o-15	sco210	Qo9	co210	Ar1	B	2.32	429.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-143	EXP. 1-o-15	sco216	Qo9	co216	Ar1	B	2.28	424.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-144	EXP. 1-o-15	sco219	Qo9	co219	Ar1	A	0.91	401.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-145	EXP. 1-o-18	sco1	Qo10	co1	Ar1	B	2.91	399.3	EXP. 2-N-1
2-o-146	EXP. 1-o-18	sco44	Qo10	co44	Ar1	B	2.55	454.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-147	EXP. 1-o-10	sco1	Qo11	co1	Ar1	A	0.98	346.1	EXP. 2-N-1
2-o-148	EXP. 1-o-7	sco44	Qo12	co44	Ar1	A	1.07	452.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-149	EXP. 1-o-7	sco97	Qo12	co97	Ar1	A	1.05	402.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-o-150	EXP. 1-o-8	sco1	Qo13	co1	Ar1	A	1.13	386.2	EXP. 2-N-1
2-o-151	EXP. 1-o-8	sco44	Qo13	co44	Ar1	A	1.03	452.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-152	EXP. 2-o-19	sco1	Qo1-1	co1	Ar1	A	1.23	485.3	EXP. 2-N-1

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2-a-153	EXP. 2-a-19	sco44	Qo1-1	co44	Ar1	A	1 13	551.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-154	EXP. 2-a-20	sco1	Qo1-2	co1	Ar1	A	1 12	485.2	EXP. 2-N-1
2-a-155	EXP. 2-a-20	sco44	Qo1-2	co44	Ar1	A	1 05	551.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-156	EXP. 2-a-21	sco1	Qo1-3	co1	Ar1	B	3 16	513.3	EXP. 2-N-1
2-a-157	EXP. 2-a-21	sco44	Qo1-3	co44	Ar1	B	2 84	579.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-158	EXP. 2-a-22	sco219	Qo1-4	co219	Ar1	A	1 15	570.0	EXP. 2-N-5
2-a-159	EXP. 2-a-22	sco44	Qo1-4	co44	Ar1	A	1 13	593.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-a-160	EXP. 2-a-22	sco97	Qo1-4	co97	Ar1	A	1 25	543.2	EXP. 2-N-5
2-a-161	EXP. 2-a-22	sco2	Qo1-4	co2	Ar1	A	1 34	553.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-a-162	EXP. 2-a-36	sco1	Qo1-5	co1	Ar1	A	1 25	491.2	EXP. 2-N-1
2-a-163	EXP. 2-a-36	sco44	Qo1-5	co44	Ar1	A	1 25	557.7	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-164	EXP. 2-a-48	sco44	Qo1-6	co44	Ar1	A	1 03	495.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-165	EXP. 2-a-48	sco219	Qo1-6	co219	Ar1	A	0 96	472.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-166	EXP. 2-a-48	sco39	Qo1-6	co39	Ar1	A	1 09	493.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-167	EXP. 2-a-48	sco207	Qo1-6	co207	Ar1	A	1 17	495.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-168	EXP. 2-a-48	sco215	Qo1-6	co215	Ar1	A	0 98	495.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-169	EXP. 2-a-48	sco217	Qo1-6	co217	Ar1	A	1 02	486.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-170	EXP. 2-a-48	sco97	Qo1-6	co97	Ar1	A	1 04	445.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-171	EXP. 2-a-48	sco2	Qo1-6	co2	Ar1	A	1 17	455.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-172	EXP. 2-a-48	sco49	Qo1-6	co49	Ar1	A	1 23	481.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-173	EXP. 2-a-61	sco1	Qo1-7	co1	Ar1	A	1 14	483.3	EXP. 2-N-1
2-a-174	EXP. 2-a-61	sco28	Qo1-7	co28	Ar1	A	1 17	546.0	EXP. 2-N-2

2-a-175	EXP. 2-a-61	sco39	Qo1-7	co39	Ar1	A	1.07	547.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-a-176	EXP. 2-a-61	sco44	Qo1-7	co44	Ar1	A	1.01	549.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-a-177	EXP. 2-a-61	sco2	Qo1-7	co2	Ar1	A	1.2	508.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-a-178	EXP. 2-a-61	sco219	Qo1-7	co219	Ar1	A	0.96	526.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-a-179	EXP. 2-a-61	sco97	Qo1-7	co97	Ar1	A	1.06	499.0	EXP. 2-N-5
2-a-180	EXP. 2-a-63	sco44	Qo1-8	co44	Ar1	A	1.02	521.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-181	EXP. 2-a-63	sco28	Qo1-8	co28	Ar1	A	1.25	518.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-182	EXP. 2-a-63	sco1	Qo1-8	co1	Ar1	B	2.79	455.2	EXP. 2-N-1
2-a-183	EXP. 2-a-64	sco44	Qo1-9	co44	Ar1	A	1.03	535.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-184	EXP. 2-a-65	sco44	Qo1-10	co44	Ar1	A	0.97	535.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-185	EXP. 2-a-65	sco39	Qo1-10	co39	Ar1	A	1.05	533.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-186	EXP. 2-a-65	sco97	Qo1-10	co97	Ar1	A	1.00	485.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-187	EXP. 2-a-65	sco4	Qo1-10	co4	Ar1	A	1.09	532.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-188	EXP. 2-a-75	sco1	Qo2-1	co1	Ar1	A	1.06	457.1	EXP. 2-N-1
2-a-189	EXP. 2-a-75	sco44	Qo2-1	co44	Ar1	A	1.01	523.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-190	EXP. 2-a-75	sco1	Qo2-2	co1	Ar1	A	1.07	457.1	EXP. 2-N-1
2-a-191	EXP. 2-a-75	sco44	Qo2-2	co44	Ar1	A	1.03	523.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-192	EXP. 2-a-75	sco219	Qo2-2	co219	Ar1	A	0.98	500.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-193	EXP. 2-a-75	sco97	Qo2-2	co97	Ar1	A	1.05	473.1	EXP. 2-N-3
2-a-194	EXP. 2-a-116	sco44	Qo2-3	co44	Ar1	A	0.91	467.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-a-195	EXP. 2-a-116	sco219	Qo2-3	co219	Ar1	A	0.83	444.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-a-196	EXP. 2-a-116	sco97	Qo2-3	co97	Ar1	A	0.9	417.1	EXP. 2-N-5

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2-a-197	EXP 2-o-116	sco2	Qo2-3	co2	Ar1	A	1.02	427.1	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-198	EXP 2-o-116	sco39	Qo2-3	co39	Ar1	A	0.95	465.0	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-199	EXP 2-o-116	sco28	Qo2-3	co28	Ar1	A	0.98	464.0	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-200	EXP 2-o-116	sco207	Qo2-3	co207	Ar1	A	1.04	467.1	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-201	EXP 2-o-116	sco216	Qo2-3	co216	Ar1	A	0.85	467.1	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-202	EXP 2-o-116	sco49	Qo2-3	co49	Ar1	A	1.07	453.0	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-203	EXP 2-o-116	sco217	Qo2-3	co217	Ar1	A	0.89	458.1	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-204	EXP 2-o-117	sco44	Qo2-4	co44	Ar1	A	0.92	481.1	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-205	EXP 2-o-117	sco219	Qo2-4	co219	Ar1	A	0.86	458.1	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-206	EXP 2-o-117	sco2	Qo2-4	co2	Ar1	A	1.09	441.1	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-207	EXP 2-o-117	sco39	Qo2-4	co39	Ar1	A	0.96	479.0	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-208	EXP 2-o-117	sco28	Qo2-4	co28	Ar1	A	1.02	478.0	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-209	EXP 2-o-117	sco49	Qo2-4	co49	Ar1	A	1.12	467.0	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-210	EXP 2-o-117	sco97	Qo2-4	co97	Ar1	A	1.00	431.1	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-211	EXP 2-o-117	sco218	Qo2-4	co218	Ar1	A	0.95	481.1	EXP 2-N-5
2-a-212	EXP 2-o-119	sco1	Qo2-5	co1	Ar1	A	1.06	455.2	EXP 2-N-1
2-a-213	EXP 2-o-121	sco1	Qo2-6	co1	Ar1	A	0.97	427.2	EXP 2-N-1
2-a-214	EXP 2-o-121	sco28	Qo2-6	co28	Ar1	A	1.02	490.2	EXP 2-N-4
2-a-215	EXP 2-o-121	sco44	Qo2-6	co44	Ar1	A	0.93	493.2	EXP 2-N-4
2-a-216	EXP 2-o-121	sco92	Qo2-6	co92	Ar1	A	0.94	504.2	EXP 2-N-4
2-a-217	EXP 2-o-121	sco240	Qo2-6	co240	Ar1	A	0.95	494.2	EXP 2-N-4
2-a-218	EXP 2-o-142	sco1	Qo2-1	co1	Ar1	A	1.14	471.1	EXP 2-N-1

2-a-219	EXP. 2-a-142	sco44	Qo9-1	co44	Ar1	A	1.00	537.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-220	EXP. 2-a-142	sco219	Qo9-1	co219	Ar1	A	0.89	514.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-221	EXP. 1-a-55	sco1	Qo1	co1	Ar3	A	0.86	348.0	EXP. 2-N-1
2-a-222	EXP. 1-a-55	sco44	Qo1	co44	Ar3	A	0.81	414.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-a-223	EXP. 1-a-55	sco37	Qo1	co37	Ar3	A	0.90	411.0	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-224	EXP. 1-a-55	sco5	Qo1	co5	Ar3	A	0.90	425.1	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-225	EXP. 1-a-55	sco76	Qo1	co76	Ar3	A	1.17	479.0	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-226	EXP. 1-a-55	sco74	Qo1	co74	Ar3	A	1.06	445.0	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-227	EXP. 1-a-55	sco40	Qo1	co40	Ar3	A	0.84	412.1	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-228	EXP. 1-a-55	sco41	Qo1	co41	Ar3	A	0.87	412.0	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-229	EXP. 1-a-55	sco207	Qo1	co207	Ar3	A	0.93	414.1	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-230	EXP. 1-a-55	sco3	Qo1	co3	Ar3	A	0.96	374.0	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-231	EXP. 1-a-55	sco4	Qo1	co4	Ar3	A	0.87	411.0	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-232	EXP. 1-a-55	sco39	Qo1	co39	Ar3	A	0.82	412.0	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-233	EXP. 1-a-55	sco43	Qo1	co43	Ar3	A	0.81	414.1	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-234	EXP. 1-a-55	sco216	Qo1	co216	Ar3	A	0.72	414.1	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-235	EXP. 1-a-55	sco92	Qo1	co92	Ar3	A	0.82	425.1	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-236	EXP. 1-a-55	sco219	Qo1	co219	Ar3	A	0.70	391.1	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-237	EXP. 1-a-55	sco97	Qo1	co97	Ar3	A	0.78	364.0	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-238	EXP. 1-a-55	sco210	Qo1	co210	Ar3	A	0.69	419.1	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-239	EXP. 1-a-55	sco235	Qo1	co235	Ar3	A	0.68	419.1	EXP. 2-N-4
2-a-240	EXP. 1-a-55	sco235	Qo1	co235	Ar3	A	0.68	389.1	EXP. 2-N-2

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2-o-241	EXP. 2-o-239	sco44	Qo1-11	co44	Ar3	A	0.74	527.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-o-242	EXP. 2-o-239	sco219	Qo1-11	co219	Ar3	A	0.66	504.0	EXP. 2-N-5
2-o-243	EXP. 2-o-238	sco44	Qo1-1	co44	Ar3	A	0.75	527.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-o-244	EXP. 2-o-238	sco219	Qo1-1	co219	Ar3	A	0.69	504.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-o-245	EXP. 2-o-238	sco97	Qo1-1	co97	Ar3	A	0.72	477.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-o-246	EXP. 2-o-238	sco2	Qo1-1	co2	Ar3	A	0.88	487.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-o-247	EXP. 2-o-240	sco44	Qo1-8	co44	Ar3	A	0.87	497.0	EXP. 2-N-5
2-o-248	EXP. 2-o-240	sco219	Qo1-8	co219	Ar3	A	0.66	474.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-o-249	EXP. 2-o-240	sco97	Qo1-8	co97	Ar3	A	0.71	447.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-o-250	EXP. 2-o-240	sco2	Qo1-8	co2	Ar3	A	0.85	457.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-o-251	EXP. 2-o-240	sco39	Qo1-8	co39	Ar3	A	0.76	495.1	EXP. 2-N-5
2-o-252	EXP. 1-o-56	sco3	Qo2	co3	Ar4	A	1.30	388.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-253	EXP. 1-o-56	sco39	Qo2	co39	Ar4	A	1.14	426.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-254	EXP. 1-o-56	sco214	Qo2	co214	Ar4	A	1.37	443.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-255	EXP. 1-o-56	sco5	Qo2	co5	Ar4	A	1.26	439.0	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-256	EXP. 1-o-56	sco76	Qo2	co76	Ar4	A	1.56	493.2	EXP. 2-N-2
2-o-257	EXP. 1-o-2	sco1	Qo14	co1	Ar1	A	1.16	372.4	EXP. 2-N-1

[0264]

[Table 2-s]

EXP	SM1	SM2	ST	J	Ar	LCMS			Ref
						meth od	RTime	MH+	
2-s-1	EXP. 1-s-1	sco10 0	Qs1	co10 0	Ar1	A	1.46	465.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-s-2	EXP. 1-s-1	sco6	Qs1	co6	Ar1	A	4.60	476.3	EXP. 2-N-2
2-s-3	EXP. 1-s-1	sco84	Qs1	co84	Ar1	A	1.60	483.4	EXP. 2-N-2
2-s-4	EXP. 1-s-2	sco1	Qs2	co1	Ar1	A	1.15	347.9	EXP. 2-N-1
2-s-5	EXP. 1-s-2	sco44	Qs2	co44	Ar1	A	1.08	414.1	EXP. 2-N-2
2-s-6	EXP. 1-s-2	sco97	Qs2	co97	Ar1	A	1.09	364.0	EXP. 2-N-2

[0265]

[Table 2-N2]

Exp.	SM1	SM2	ST	J	Ar	LCMS			Ref.
						meth od	RTime	MH+	
4-NP-419	EXP. 1-N-66	sco1	Qn2	co1	Ar192	A	0.65	333.3	EXP. 2-N-1
4-NP-420	EXP. 1-N-66	sco2	Qn2	co2	Ar192	A	0.73	347.3	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-435	EXP. 1-N-63	sco260	Qn1	co260	Ar192	A	0.87	389.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-436	EXP. 1-N-64	sco260	Qn1	co260	Ar186	A	0.77	389.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-437	EXP. 1-N-65	sco260	Qn1	co260	Ar161	A	0.73	403.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-438	EXP. 1-N-63	sco261	Qn1	co261	Ar192	A	0.96	403.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-439	EXP. 1-N-64	sco261	Qn1	co261	Ar186	A	0.87	403.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-440	EXP. 1-N-65	sco261	Qn1	co261	Ar161	A	0.82	417.4	EXP. 2-N-3

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4-NP-441	EXP. 1-N-63	sco201	Qn1	co201	Ar192	A	0.86	389.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-442	EXP. 1-N-64	sco201	Qn1	co201	Ar186	A	0.77	389.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-443	EXP. 1-N-65	sco201	Qn1	co201	Ar161	A	0.73	403.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-444	EXP. 1-N-63	sco257	Qn1	co257	Ar192	A	0.92	401.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-445	EXP. 1-N-64	sco257	Qn1	co257	Ar186	A	0.82	401.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-446	EXP. 1-N-65	sco257	Qn1	co257	Ar161	A	0.78	415.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-447	EXP. 1-N-63	sco262	Qn1	co262	Ar192	A	0.99	415.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-448	EXP. 1-N-64	sco262	Qn1	co262	Ar186	A	0.9	415.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-449	EXP. 1-N-65	sco262	Qn1	co262	Ar161	A	0.85	429.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-450	EXP. 1-N-63	sco263	Qn1	co263	Ar192	A	1.05	429.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-451	EXP. 1-N-64	sco263	Qn1	co263	Ar186	A	0.97	429.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-452	EXP. 1-N-65	sco263	Qn1	co263	Ar161	A	0.91	443.5	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-453	EXP. 1-N-63	sco2	Qn1	co2	Ar192	A	0.83	387.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-454	EXP. 1-N-64	sco2	Qn1	co2	Ar186	A	0.73	387.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-455	EXP. 1-N-65	sco2	Qn1	co2	Ar161	A	0.69	401.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-456	EXP. 1-N-63	sco7	Qn1	co7	Ar192	A	0.79	375.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-457	EXP. 1-N-64	sco7	Qn1	co7	Ar186	A	0.69	375.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-458	EXP. 1-N-65	sco7	Qn1	co7	Ar161	A	0.65	389.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-469	EXP. 1-N-63	sco1	Qn1	co1	Ar192	A	0.71	361.4	EXP. 2-N-1
4-NP-470	EXP. 1-N-64	sco1	Qn1	co1	Ar186	A	0.61	361.4	EXP. 2-N-1
4-NP-471	EXP. 1-N-65	sco1	Qn1	co1	Ar161	A	0.58	375.4	EXP. 2-N-1
4-NP-497	EXP. 1-N-66	sco260	Qn2	co260	Ar192	A	0.84	361.3	EXP. 2-N-3

4-NP-498	EXP. 1-N-66	sco2	Qn2	co2	Ar192	A	0.78	359.3	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-499	EXP. 1-N-66	sco257	Qn2	co257	Ar192	A	0.87	373.3	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-500	EXP. 1-N-67	sco7	Qn2	co7	Ar186	A	0.66	347.3	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-501	EXP. 1-N-67	sco260	Qn2	co260	Ar186	A	0.74	361.3	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-502	EXP. 1-N-67	sco2	Qn2	co2	Ar186	A	0.69	359.3	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-503	EXP. 1-N-67	sco257	Qn2	co257	Ar186	A	0.78	373.3	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-504	EXP. 1-N-68	sco7	Qn2	co7	Ar161	A	0.65	361.3	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-505	EXP. 1-N-68	sco260	Qn2	co260	Ar161	A	0.72	375.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-506	EXP. 1-N-68	sco2	Qn2	co2	Ar161	A	0.68	373.3	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-507	EXP. 1-N-68	sco257	Qn2	co257	Ar161	A	0.76	387.4	EXP. 2-N-3
4-NP-511	EXP. 1-N-67	sco1	Qn2	co1	Ar186	A	0.57	333.3	EXP. 2-N-1
4-NP-517	EXP. 1-N-68	sco1	Qn2	co1	Ar161	A	0.56	347.3	EXP. 2-N-1

[0266]

Example 3-N-1 3-(8-(1-(methanesulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

Triethylamine (52 μ L) and methanesulfonyl chloride (which may be referred to as sso1; 12 μ L; TCI) were added to a dichloromethane (3 mL) solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (30 mg) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred for 23 and half hours at room temperature. Further, triethylamine (52 μ L) and methanesulfonyl chloride (24 μ L) were added to a resulting solution at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred for 13 and half hours. Chloroform and water were added to extract the reaction mixture, then the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (8.3 mg).

(LCMS: 329.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.77 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0267]

Example 3-N-2 3-(8-(1-(2,6-dichloropyridin-3-ylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

Triethylamine (15.4 μ L) and 2,6-dichloropyridine-3-sulfonyl chloride (which may be referred to as sso2; 7.0; J&W) were added to a DCM (1.8 mL) solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (10.0 mg) and the resulting mixture was shaken at room temperature for 14 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The resulting mixture was filtrated followed by the addition of SCX (300 mg) and the resulting mixture was shaken for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was filtrated and the residue was washed with dichloromethane (3 mL) and methanol (4 mL). Then, the mixture was

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washed with 4 N ammonia methanol solution (4 mL) and this resulting wash was concentrated. The resulting mixture was dried using a vacuum pump to give the title compound (6.9 mg).

(LCMS: 538.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.54 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0268]

Example 3-N-3 to 3-N-24, 3-N-103 to 3-N-114, 3-N-201 to 3-N-209, 3-N-301 to 3-N-302, 3-N-401 to 3-N-411, 3-N-501 to 3-N-520 and 3-N-601 to 3-N-674, 3-o-1 to 3-o-42, 3-s-1 to 3-s-3

Compounds of Examples 3-N-3 to 3-N-24, 3-N-103 to 3-N-114, 3-N-201 to 3-N-209, 3-N-301 to 3-N-302, 3-N-401 to 3-N-411, 3-N-501 to 3-N-520 and 3-N-601 to 3-N-674, 3-o-1 to 3-o-42 and 3-s-1 to 3-s-3 were synthesized according to the method in Example 3-N-1 or 3-N-2 (Tables 3-N, 3-o, and 3-s). In Tables 3-N, 3-o, and 3-s, the ST column represent the structures represented by the above general formulas, the J and Ar columns represent "J" and "Ar," respectively, in the general formulas shown in the ST column, "ST," "SM1," "SM2," "LCMS," and "Ref" are defined as described above, and abbreviations such as "so1," "Ar1," and "sso1" represent compounds or groups corresponding to the abbreviations in Tables so, Ar, and sso, respectively, provided later. Abbreviations in the tables represent compounds or groups shown in the figures shown earlier or later.

Tables 3-N, 3-o, and 3-s also include compounds finally purified by preparative HPLC, such as those of Example compounds 3-o-11, 3-o-13, 3-o-19, 3-o-22, 3-o-28, 3-o-37 and 3-o-39, for example.

EXP. 4-N-4, 4-N-5, and 4-N-7 represent Example compounds 4-N-4, 4-N-5, and 4-N-7, respectively, described later.

[0269]

Examples 4-NP-1 to 4-NP-24, 4-NP-27 to 4-NP-30, 4-NP-33 to 4-NP-35, 4-NP-37 to 4-NP-50, 4-NP-73, 4-NP-421 to 4-NP-422, 4-NP-459 to 4-NP-468, 4-NP-474 to 4-NP-484, 4-NP-508 to 4-NP-510, 4-NP-512 to 4-NP-516, 4-NP-518 to 4-NP-522 and 4-NP-526 to 4-NP-531

Compounds of Examples 4-NP-1 to 4-NP-24, 4-NP-27 to 4-NP-30, 4-NP-33 to 4-NP-35, 4-NP-37 to 4-NP-50, 4-NP-73, 4-NP-421 to 4-NP-422, 4-NP-459 to 4-NP-468, 4-NP-474 to 4-NP-484, 4-NP-508 to 4-NP-510, 4-NP-512 to 4-NP-516, 4-NP-518 to 4-NP-522 and 4-NP-526 to 4-NP-531 were synthesized according to the method in Example 3-N-1 or 3-N-2 (Table 3-N2). In Table 3-N2, the ST column represents the structures represented by the above general formulas, the J and Ar columns represent "J" and "Ar" in the general formula represented in the ST column, "ST," "SM1," "SM2," "LCMS," and "Ref" are defined as described above, abbreviations such as "so1," "Ar1," and "sso1" represent compounds or groups corresponding to the abbreviations in Tables so, Ar, and sso, respectively,

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provided later. Abbreviations in the tables represent compounds or groups shown in the figures shown earlier or later. The compounds in the tables also include compounds finally purified by preparative HPLC.

[0270]

[Table 3-N]

Exp.	SM1	SM2	ST	J	Ar	LCMS			Ref.
						method	RTmin	MH ⁺	
3-N-1	EXP. 1-N-1	ss01	Qn1	so1	Ar1	A	1.12	407.4	
3-N-2	EXP. 1-N-1	ss010	Qn1	so10	Ar1	A	1.54	538.1	
3-N-3	EXP. 1-N-1	ss03	Qn1	so3	Ar1	A	1.34	435.1	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-4	EXP. 1-N-1	ss04	Qn1	so4	Ar1	A	1.25	433.1	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-5	EXP. 1-N-1	ss05	Qn1	so5	Ar1	A	1.43	469.4	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-6	EXP. 1-N-1	ss06	Qn1	so6	Ar1	A	1.24	470.5	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-7	EXP. 1-N-1	ss07	Qn1	so7	Ar1	A	1.23	470.2	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-8	EXP. 1-N-1	ss08	Qn1	so8	Ar1	A	1.41	483.5	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-9	EXP. 1-N-1	ss09	Qn1	so9	Ar1	A	1.12	473.2	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-10	EXP. 1-N-1	ss02	Qn1	so2	Ar1	A	1.20	421.5	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-11	EXP. 1-N-1	ss011	Qn1	so11	Ar1	A	1.34	562.2	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-12	EXP. 1-N-1	ss012	Qn1	so12	Ar1	A	1.44	512.1	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-13	EXP. 1-N-1	ss013	Qn1	so13	Ar1	A	1.38	494.2	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-14	EXP. 1-N-1	ss014	Qn1	so14	Ar1	A	1.40	494.1	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-15	EXP. 1-N-1	ss015	Qn1	so15	Ar1	A	1.41	494.2	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-16	EXP. 1-N-1	ss016	Qn1	so16	Ar1	A	1.50	483.2	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-17	EXP. 1-N-1	ss017	Qn1	so17	Ar1	A	1.47	487.1	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-18	EXP. 1-N-1	ss018	Qn1	so18	Ar1	A	1.46	499.2	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-19	EXP. 1-N-1	ss019	Qn1	so19	Ar1	A	1.59	537.2	EXP. 3-N-2

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3-N-20	EXP. 1-N-1	ss020	Qn1	so20	Ar1	A	1.51	535.2	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-21	EXP. 1-N-1	ss021	Qn1	so21	Ar1	A	1.62	553.2	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-22	EXP. 1-N-1	ss022	Qn1	so22	Ar1	A	1.42	500.2	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-23	EXP. 2-N-75	ss01	Qn1	so30	Ar1	A	1.22	605.1	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-24	EXP. 2-N-107	ss01	Qn1-2	so1	Ar1	A	1.10	478.1	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-103	EXP. 1-N-3	ss01	Qn1	so1	Ar4	A	1.24	425.1	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-104	EXP. 1-N-3	ss023	Qn1	so23	Ar4	A	1.39	567.2	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-105	EXP. 1-N-3	ss024	Qn1	so24	Ar4	A	1.58	595.1	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-106	EXP. 1-N-3	ss025	Qn1	so25	Ar4	A	1.78	623.1	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-107	EXP. 1-N-3	ss026	Qn1	so26	Ar4	A	1.62	539.1	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-108	EXP. 1-N-3	ss027	Qn1	so27	Ar4	A	1.45	547.2	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-109	EXP. 1-N-3	ss028	Qn1	so28	Ar4	A	1.43	547.2	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-110	EXP. 1-N-3	ss029	Qn1	so29	Ar4	A	1.72	589.1	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-111	EXP. 2-N-619	ss01	Qn10	so1	Ar2	A	1.28	499.2	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-112	EXP. 1-N-34	ss07	Qn1	so7	Ar3	A	1.02	446.0	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-113	EXP. 1-N-34	ss01	Qn1	so1	Ar3	A	0.83	383.0	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-114	EXP. 1-N-51	ss01	Qn1	so1	Ar4	A	1.24	425.1	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-201	EXP. 1-N-4	ss01	Qn2	so1	Ar1	A	1.10	379.4	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-202	EXP. 1-N-4	ss02	Qn2	so2	Ar1	A	1.19	393.2	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-203	EXP. 1-N-4	ss03	Qn2	so3	Ar1	A	1.26	407.3	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-204	EXP. 1-N-4	ss08	Qn2	so8	Ar1	A	1.42	455.2	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-205	EXP. 1-N-4	ss06	Qn2	so6	Ar1	A	1.23	442.2	EXP. 3-N-1

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3-N-206	EXP 1-N-4	ss04	Qn2	so4	Ar1	A	1 21	405 1	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-207	EXP 1-N-4	ss05	Qn2	so5	Ar1	A	1 35	441 1	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-208	EXP 1-N-50	ss01	Qn2	so1	Ar2	B	3 23	388 1	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-209	EXP 1-N-39	ss01	Qn2	so1	Ar3	B	2 10	355 2	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-301	EXP 1-N-44	ss01	Qn2	so1	Ar4	A	1 18	397 0	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-302	EXP 1-N-44	ss04	Qn2	so4	Ar4	A	1 29	423 1	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-401	EXP 1-N-27	ss01	Qn3	so1	Ar1	A	1 01	393 4	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-402	EXP 1-N-28	ss01	Qn4	so1	Ar1	A	1 08	393 4	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-403	EXP 1-N-2	ss01	Qn5	so1	Ar1	A	1 15	407 4	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-404	EXP 1-N-12	ss01	Qn6	so1	Ar1	A	1 18	421 5	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-405	EXP 1-N-12	ss02	Qn6	so2	Ar1	A	1 22	435 2	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-406	EXP 1-N-12	ss03	Qn6	so3	Ar1	A	1 31	449 2	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-407	EXP 1-N-12	ss08	Qn6	so8	Ar1	A	1 42	497 2	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-408	EXP 1-N-12	ss08	Qn6	so6	Ar1	A	1 29	484 2	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-409	EXP 1-N-40	ss01	Qn6	so1	Ar3	A	0 30	397 1	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-410	EXP 1-N-5	ss01	Qn7	so1	Ar1	A	1 04	351 2	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-411	EXP 1-N-6	ss01	Qn8	so1	Ar1	A	1 22	393 3	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-501	EXP 2-N-102	ss01	Qn9	so1	Ar1	A	1 14	518 3	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-502	EXP 2-N-102	ss03	Qn9	so3	Ar1	A	1 26	546 2	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-503	EXP 2-N-102	ss06	Qn9	so6	Ar1	A	1 26	551 2	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-504	EXP 2-N-102	ss09	Qn9	so9	Ar1	A	1 17	534 2	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-505	EXP 2-N-103	ss01	Qn10	so1	Ar1	A	1 09	490 1	EXP 3-N-1

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3-N-506	EXP 2-N-103	ss03	Qn10	so3	Ar1	A	1.24	518.2	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-507	EXP 2-N-103	ss05	Qn10	so5	Ar1	A	1.23	553.1	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-508	EXP 2-N-103	ss09	Qn10	so9	Ar1	A	1.13	556.2	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-509	EXP 2-N-292	ss01	Qn10	so1	Ar4	B	2.94	508.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-510	EXP 2-N-104	ss01	Qn11	so1	Ar1	A	1.13	520.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-511	EXP 2-N-104	ss06	Qn11	so6	Ar1	A	1.16	583.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-512	EXP 2-N-104	ss09	Qn11	so9	Ar1	A	1.16	586.3	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-513	EXP 2-N-111	ss01	Qn12	so1	Ar1	A	1.33	548.1	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-514	EXP 2-N-111	ss06	Qn12	so6	Ar1	A	1.35	611.1	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-515	EXP 2-N-111	ss09	Qn12	so9	Ar1	A	1.20	614.1	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-516	EXP 2-N-112	ss01	Qn13	so1	Ar1	B	2.91	618.3	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-517	EXP 2-N-113	ss01	Qn14	so1	Ar1	B	2.77	604.3	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-518	EXP 4-N-4	ss01	Qn15	so1	Ar1	A	0.89	476.1	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-519	EXP 4-N-5	ss01	Qn17	so1	Ar1	A	0.92	506.0	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-520	EXP 4-N-7	ss01	Qn18	so1	Ar1	A	0.97	462.0	EXP 3-N-1
3-N-601	EXP 1-N-3	ss037	Qn1	so37	Ar4	A	2.11	613.3	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-602	EXP 1-N-44	ss038	Qn2	so38	Ar4	A	1.55	502.3	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-603	EXP 1-N-44	ss013	Qn2	so13	Ar4	A	1.48	484.3	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-604	EXP 1-N-44	ss014	Qn2	so14	Ar4	A	1.50	484.3	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-605	EXP 1-N-44	ss015	Qn2	so15	Ar4	A	1.51	484.3	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-606	EXP 1-N-44	ss016	Qn2	so16	Ar4	A	1.57	473.3	EXP 3-N-2
3-N-607	EXP 1-N-44	ss017	Qn2	so17	Ar4	A	1.55	477.3	EXP 3-N-2

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3-N-608	EXP. 1-N-44	ss018	Qn2	so18	Ar4	A	1.53	489.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-609	EXP. 1-N-44	ss020	Qn2	so20	Ar4	A	1.59	525.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-610	EXP. 1-N-44	ss039	Qn2	so39	Ar4	A	1.67	528.2	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-611	EXP. 1-N-44	ss040	Qn2	so40	Ar4	A	1.55	498.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-612	EXP. 1-N-44	ss041	Qn2	so41	Ar4	A	1.60	518.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-613	EXP. 1-N-44	ss02	Qn2	so2	Ar4	A	1.30	411.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-614	EXP. 1-N-3	ss038	Qn1	so38	Ar4	A	1.55	530.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-615	EXP. 1-N-3	ss013	Qn1	so13	Ar4	A	1.48	512.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-616	EXP. 1-N-3	ss014	Qn1	so14	Ar4	A	1.50	512.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-617	EXP. 1-N-3	ss015	Qn1	so15	Ar4	A	1.50	512.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-618	EXP. 1-N-3	ss016	Qn1	so16	Ar4	A	1.61	501.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-619	EXP. 1-N-3	ss017	Qn1	so17	Ar4	A	1.57	505.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-620	EXP. 1-N-3	ss018	Qn1	so18	Ar4	A	1.58	517.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-621	EXP. 1-N-3	ss020	Qn1	so20	Ar4	A	1.60	553.3	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-622	EXP. 1-N-82	ss046	Qn1	so46	Ar41	A	1.57	531.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-623	EXP. 1-N-52	ss01	Qn19	so1	Ar4	A	1.20	411.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-624	EXP. 1-N-52	ss02	Qn19	so2	Ar4	A	1.25	425.5	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-625	EXP. 1-N-52	ss042	Qn19	so42	Ar4	A	1.35	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-626	EXP. 1-N-52	ss04	Qn19	so4	Ar4	A	1.29	437.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-627	EXP. 1-N-52	ss03	Qn19	so3	Ar4	A	1.33	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-628	EXP. 1-N-60	ss01	Qn20	so1	Ar4	A	1.17	413.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-629	EXP. 1-N-60	ss02	Qn20	so2	Ar4	A	1.23	427.4	EXP. 3-N-2

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3-N-630	EXP. 1-N-50	ss04	Qn20	so4	Ar4	A	1.29	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-631	EXP. 1-N-53	ss01	Qn21	so1	Ar4	A	1.22	425.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-632	EXP. 1-N-53	ss02	Qn21	so2	Ar4	A	1.27	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-633	EXP. 1-N-53	ss042	Qn21	so42	Ar4	A	1.37	453.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-634	EXP. 1-N-53	ss04	Qn21	so4	Ar4	A	1.31	451.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-635	EXP. 1-N-55	ss01	Qn22	so1	Ar4	A	1.29	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-636	EXP. 1-N-55	ss02	Qn22	so2	Ar4	A	1.34	453.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-637	EXP. 1-N-55	ss042	Qn22	so42	Ar4	A	1.44	467.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-638	EXP. 1-N-59	ss02	Qn23	so2	Ar4	A	1.28	427.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-639	EXP. 1-N-58	ss01	Qn7	so1	Ar4	A	1.12	399.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-640	EXP. 1-N-58	ss04	Qn7	so4	Ar4	A	1.23	425.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-641	EXP. 1-N-57	ss01	Qn24	so1	Ar4	A	1.25	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-642	EXP. 1-N-54	ss04	Qn25	so4	Ar4	A	1.31	437.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-643	EXP. 1-N-54	ss03	Qn25	so3	Ar4	A	1.36	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-644	EXP. 1-N-59	ss01	Qn23	so1	Ar4	A	1.22	413.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-645	EXP. 1-N-55	ss04	Qn22	so4	Ar4	A	1.38	455.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-646	EXP. 1-N-59	ss04	Qn23	so4	Ar4	A	1.33	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-647	EXP. 1-N-56	ss01	Qn26	so1	Ar4	A	1.20	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-648	EXP. 1-N-56	ss04	Qn26	so4	Ar4	A	1.31	465.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-649	EXP. 1-N-51	ss042	Qn1	so42	Ar4	A	1.40	456.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-650	EXP. 1-N-51	ss043	Qn1	so43	Ar4	A	1.60	479.4	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-651	EXP. 1-N-51	ss044	Qn1	so44	Ar4	A	1.47	493.4	EXP. 3-N-1

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3-N-652	EXP. 1-N-51	ss045	Qn1	so45	Ar4	A	1.46	487.4	EXP. 3-N-1
3-N-653	EXP. 1-N-60	ss042	Qn20	so42	Ar4	A	1.28	441.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-654	EXP. 1-N-60	ss03	Qn20	so3	Ar4	A	1.26	441.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-655	EXP. 1-N-53	ss03	Qn21	so3	Ar4	A	1.34	453.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-656	EXP. 1-N-53	ss03	Qn22	so3	Ar4	A	1.40	467.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-657	EXP. 1-N-58	ss010	Qn7	so10	Ar4	A	1.18	413.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-658	EXP. 1-N-58	ss042	Qn7	so42	Ar4	A	1.23	427.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-659	EXP. 1-N-57	ss010	Qn24	so10	Ar4	A	1.28	453.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-660	EXP. 1-N-57	ss042	Qn24	so42	Ar4	A	1.37	467.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-661	EXP. 1-N-57	ss04	Qn24	so4	Ar4	A	1.32	465.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-662	EXP. 1-N-54	ss047	Qn25	so47	Ar4	A	1.43	453.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-663	EXP. 1-N-59	ss042	Qn23	so42	Ar4	A	1.34	441.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-664	EXP. 1-N-59	ss047	Qn23	so47	Ar4	A	1.42	455.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-665	EXP. 1-N-56	ss010	Qn25	so10	Ar4	A	1.21	453.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-666	EXP. 1-N-51	ss03	Qn1	so3	Ar4	A	1.35	453.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-667	EXP. 1-N-62	ss02	Qn2	so2	Ar41	A	1.29	411.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-668	EXP. 1-N-62	ss04	Qn2	so4	Ar41	A	1.31	423.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-669	EXP. 1-N-61	ss03	Qn1	so3	Ar41	A	1.40	453.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-670	EXP. 1-N-61	ss047	Qn1	so47	Ar41	A	1.51	467.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-671	EXP. 1-N-61	ss042	Qn1	so42	Ar41	A	1.42	453.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-672	EXP. 1-N-61	ss048	Qn1	so48	Ar41	A	1.51	467.4	EXP. 3-N-2
3-N-673	EXP. 1-N-61	ss049	Qn1	so49	Ar41	A	1.49	502.4	EXP. 3-N-2

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[Table 3-o]

EXP	SM1	SM2	ST	J	Ar	LCMS			Ref
						meth od	RTmin	MH+	
3-a-1	EXP 1-a-1	ss01	Qo1	so1	Ar1	A	1.29	408.4	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-2	EXP 1-a-1	ss03	Qo1	so3	Ar1	A	1.44	436.3	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-3	EXP 1-a-1	ss05	Qo1	so5	Ar1	A	1.34	471.2	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-4	EXP 1-a-1	ss032	Qo1	so32	Ar1	A	1.35	527.2	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-5	EXP 1-a-1	ss036	Qo1	so36	Ar1	A	1.42	437.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-6	EXP 1-a-1	ss09	Qo1	so9	Ar1	A	1.27	474.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-7	EXP 1-a-1	ss033	Qo1	so33	Ar1	A	1.62	476.1	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-8	EXP 1-a-6	ss01	Qo2	so1	Ar1	A	1.22	380.1	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-9	EXP 1-a-6	ss06	Qo2	so6	Ar1	A	1.29	443.1	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-10	EXP 1-a-6	ss09	Qo2	so9	Ar1	A	1.15	446.1	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-11	EXP 1-a-6	ss034	Qo2	so34	Ar1	A	1.26	457.0	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-12	EXP 1-a-5	ss07	Qo4	so7	Ar1	A	1.21	394.3	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-13	EXP 1-a-76	ss01	Qo5	so1	Ar1	A	1.04	438.0	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-14	EXP 1-a-13	ss01	Qo5	so1	Ar1	A	1.21	408.2	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-15	EXP 1-a-13	ss09	Qo5	so9	Ar1	A	1.24	474.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-16	EXP 1-a-13	ss035	Qo5	so35	Ar1	A	1.09	475.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-17	EXP 1-a-11	ss01	Qo7	so1	Ar1	A	1.35	422.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-18	EXP 1-a-12	ss01	Qo8	so1	Ar1	A	1.37	422.4	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-19	EXP 1-a-15	ss01	Qo9	so1	Ar1	A	1.30	394.0	EXP 3-N-1

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3-a-20	EXP. 1-a-15	ss04	Q09	so4	Ar1	A	1 33	420.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-21	EXP. 1-a-18	ss01	Q010	so1	Ar1	B	3 33	424.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-22	EXP. 1-a-10	ss01	Q011	so1	Ar1	A	1 13	382.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-23	EXP. 1-a-2	ss01	Q014	so1	Ar1	A	1 25	408.4	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-24	EXP. 1-a-7	ss01	Q012	so1	Ar1	A	1 19	422.1	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-25	EXP. 1-a-8	ss01	Q013	so1	Ar1	A	1 23	422.1	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-26	EXP. 2-a-19	ss01	Q01-1	so1	Ar1	A	1 35	521.3	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-27	EXP. 2-a-20	ss01	Q01-2	so1	Ar1	A	1 26	521.0	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-28	EXP. 2-a-22	ss01	Q01-4	so1	Ar1	A	1 37	563.1	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-29	EXP. 2-a-36	ss01	Q01-5	so1	Ar1	A	1 30	527.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-30	EXP. 2-a-61	ss01	Q01-7	so1	Ar1	A	1 23	519.3	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-31	EXP. 2-a-63	ss09	Q01-8	so9	Ar1	A	1 16	557.1	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-32	EXP. 2-a-75	ss01	Q02-1	so1	Ar1	A	1 18	493.0	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-33	EXP. 2-a-76	ss01	Q02-2	so1	Ar1	A	1 29	493.0	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-34	EXP. 2-a-117	ss01	Q02-4	so1	Ar1	A	1 09	451.0	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-35	EXP. 2-a-119	ss01	Q02-5	so1	Ar1	A	1 13	491.2	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-36	EXP. 2-a-121	ss034	Q02-6	so34	Ar1	A	1 18	526.1	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-37	EXP. 2-a-121	ss09	Q02-6	so9	Ar1	A	1 11	529.2	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-38	EXP. 2-a-142	ss01	Q09-1	so1	Ar1	A	1 24	507.2	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-39	EXP. 1-a-55	ss01	Q01	so1	Ar3	A	0 97	384.0	EXP 3-N-1
3-a-40	EXP. 2-a-239	ss01	Q01-11	so1	Ar3	A	0 86	497.0	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-41	EXP. 2-a-238	ss01	Q01-1	so1	Ar3	A	0 87	497.0	EXP 3-N-2
3-a-42	EXP. 1-a-66	ss04	Q02	so4	Ar4	A	1 43	424.2	EXP 3-N-1

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[Table 3-s]

EXP	SM1	SM2	ST	J	Ar	LCMS			Ref
						method	RTime	MH+	
3-s-1	EXP. 1-s-1	ss01	Q01	so1	Ar1	A	1 59	424.3	EXP 3-N-1
3-s-2	EXP. 1-s-1	ss03	Q01	so3	Ar1	A	1 68	450.3	EXP 3-N-1
3-s-3	EXP. 1-s-2	ss01	Q02	so1	Ar1	A	1 16	347.9	EXP 3-N-1

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[Table 3-N2]

Exp.	SM1	SM2	ST	J	Ar	LCMS			Ref.
						metho d	RTime	MH+	
4-NP-1	EXP. 1-N-61	ss050	Qn1	so50	Ar41	A	1.29	469.4	EXP. 3-N-1
4-NP-2	EXP. 1-N-4	ss051	Qn2	so51	Ar1	A	1.20	421.4	EXP. 3-N-1
4-NP-3	EXP. 1-N-61	ss052	Qn1	so52	Ar41	A	1.41	522.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-4	EXP. 1-N-61	ss09	Qn1	so9	Ar41	A	1.18	491.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-5	EXP. 1-N-61	ss053	Qn1	so53	Ar41	A	1.26	491.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-6	EXP. 1-N-61	ss035	Qn1	so35	Ar41	A	1.13	492.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-7	EXP. 1-N-61	ss054	Qn1	so54	Ar41	A	1.36	491.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-8	EXP. 1-N-62	ss055	Qn2	so55	Ar41	A	1.57	465.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-9	EXP. 1-N-62	ss056	Qn2	so56	Ar41	A	1.48	540.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-10	EXP. 1-N-62	ss057	Qn2	so57	Ar41	A	1.49	494.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-11	EXP. 1-N-62	ss052	Qn2	so52	Ar41	A	1.42	494.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-12	EXP. 1-N-62	ss058	Qn2	so58	Ar41	A	1.40	531.4	EXP. 3-N-2

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4-NP-13	EXP. 1-N-62	ss09	Qn2	so9	Ar41	A	1 16	463. 4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-14	EXP. 1-N-62	ss053	Qn2	so53	Ar41	A	1 24	463. 4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-15	EXP. 1-N-62	ss059	Qn2	so59	Ar41	A	1 44	494. 3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-16	EXP. 1-N-62	ss035	Qn2	so35	Ar41	A	1. 10	464. 4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-17	EXP. 1-N-62	ss060	Qn2	so60	Ar41	A	1. 11	463. 4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-18	EXP. 1-N-51	ss056	Qn1	so56	Ar4	A	1. 48	568. 3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-19	EXP. 1-N-51	ss057	Qn1	so57	Ar4	A	1 47	522. 4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-20	EXP. 1-N-51	ss058	Qn1	so58	Ar4	A	1 38	559. 4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-21	EXP. 1-N-51	ss09	Qn1	so9	Ar4	A	1 13	491. 4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-22	EXP. 1-N-51	ss053	Qn1	so53	Ar4	A	1. 22	491. 4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-23	EXP. 1-N-51	ss035	Qn1	so35	Ar4	A	1. 15	492. 4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-24	EXP. 1-N-51	ss054	Qn1	so54	Ar4	A	1. 34	491. 4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-27	EXP. 1-O-57	ss02	Qo1	so2	Ar4	A	1 48	440. 4	EXP. 3-N-1
4-NP-28	EXP. 1-O-57	ss03	Qo1	so3	Ar4	A	1 55	452. 4	EXP. 3-N-1
4-NP-29	EXP. 1-O-58	ss02	Qo1	so2	Ar41	A	1 54	440. 4	EXP. 3-N-1
4-NP-30	EXP. 1-O-58	ss03	Qo1	so3	Ar41	A	1 58	452. 4	EXP. 3-N-1
4-NP-33	EXP. 1-O-59	ss01	Qo15	so1	Ar4	A	1 49	440. 4	EXP. 3-N-1
4-NP-34	EXP. 1-O-59	ss02	Qo15	so2	Ar4	A	1. 58	454. 4	EXP. 3-N-1
4-NP-35	EXP. 1-O-59	ss03	Qo15	so3	Ar4	A	1. 62	466. 4	EXP. 3-N-1
4-NP-37	EXP. 1-N-61	ss055	Qn1	so55	Ar41	A	1 56	493. 4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-38	EXP. 1-N-61	ss056	Qn1	so56	Ar41	A	1 51	568. 3	EXP. 3-N-2

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4-NP-39	EXP. 1-N-61	so57	Qn1	so57	Ar41	A	1 51	522.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-40	EXP. 1-N-61	so61	Qn1	so61	Ar41	A	1 34	451.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-41	EXP. 1-N-61	so58	Qn1	so58	Ar41	A	1.43	559.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-42	EXP. 1-N-61	so59	Qn1	so59	Ar41	A	1.43	522.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-43	EXP. 1-N-61	so60	Qn1	so60	Ar41	A	1 10	491.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-44	EXP. 1-N-62	so62	Qn2	so62	Ar41	A	1 45	451.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-45	EXP. 1-N-62	so61	Qn2	so61	Ar41	A	1 33	423.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-46	EXP. 1-N-62	so54	Qn2	so54	Ar41	A	1 38	463.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-47	EXP. 1-N-51	so55	Qn1	so55	Ar4	A	1.54	493.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-48	EXP. 1-N-51	so41	Qn1	so41	Ar4	A	1 34	451.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-49	EXP. 1-N-51	so52	Qn1	so52	Ar4	A	1 39	522.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-50	EXP. 1-N-51	so59	Qn1	so59	Ar4	A	1 41	522.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-73	EXP. 1-N-51	so63	Qn1	so63	Ar4	A	1 55	467.4	EXP. 3-N-1
4-NP-421	EXP. 1-N-66	so1	Qn2	so1	Ar192	A	0 73	369.2	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-422	EXP. 1-N-66	so2	Qn2	so2	Ar192	A	0 83	383.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-459	EXP. 1-N-63	so42	Qn1	so42	Ar192	A	0 96	425.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-460	EXP. 1-N-64	so42	Qn1	so42	Ar186	A	0 86	425.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-461	EXP. 1-N-65	so42	Qn1	so42	Ar161	A	0 81	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-462	EXP. 1-N-63	so63	Qn1	so63	Ar192	A	1.07	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-463	EXP. 1-N-64	so63	Qn1	so63	Ar186	A	0.97	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-464	EXP. 1-N-65	so63	Qn1	so63	Ar161	A	0.9	453.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-465	EXP. 1-N-63	so64	Qn1	so64	Ar192	A	0 98	437.4	EXP. 3-N-2

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4-NP-466	EXP. 1-N-64	ss064	Qn1	so64	Ar186	A	0.87	437.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-467	EXP. 1-N-65	ss064	Qn1	so64	Ar161	A	0.82	451.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-468	EXP. 1-N-65	ss044	Qn1	so44	Ar161	A	0.87	479.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-474	EXP. 1-N-63	ss064	Qn1	so65	Ar192	A	1.06	533.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-475	EXP. 1-N-64	ss064	Qn1	so65	Ar186	A	0.98	533.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-476	EXP. 1-N-65	ss064	Qn1	so65	Ar161	A	0.92	547.5	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-477	EXP. 1-N-64	ss03	Qn1	so3	Ar186	A	0.84	425.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-478	EXP. 1-N-65	ss03	Qn1	so3	Ar161	A	0.8	439.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-479	EXP. 1-N-63	ss062	Qn1	so62	Ar192	A	1.08	451.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-480	EXP. 1-N-64	ss062	Qn1	so62	Ar186	A	0.97	451.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-481	EXP. 1-N-64	ss055	Qn1	so55	Ar186	A	1.08	455.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-482	EXP. 1-N-63	ss066	Qn1	so66	Ar192	A	1.02	433.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-483	EXP. 1-N-64	ss066	Qn1	so66	Ar186	A	0.91	433.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-484	EXP. 1-N-65	ss066	Qn1	so66	Ar161	A	0.85	447.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-508	EXP. 1-N-66	ss07	Qn2	so7	Ar192	A	0.93	397.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-509	EXP. 1-N-66	ss04	Qn2	so4	Ar192	A	0.85	395.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-510	EXP. 1-N-66	ss064	Qn2	so64	Ar192	A	0.95	409.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-512	EXP. 1-N-67	ss01	Qn2	so1	Ar186	A	0.64	369.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-513	EXP. 1-N-67	ss02	Qn2	so2	Ar186	A	0.72	383.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-514	EXP. 1-N-67	ss042	Qn2	so42	Ar186	A	0.82	397.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-515	EXP. 1-N-67	ss04	Qn2	so4	Ar186	A	0.75	395.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-516	EXP. 1-N-67	ss064	Qn2	so64	Ar186	A	0.84	409.3	EXP. 3-N-2

4-NP-518	EXP. 1-N-68	ss01	Qn2	so1	Ar161	A	0.66	383.2	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-519	EXP. 1-N-68	ss02	Qn2	so2	Ar161	A	0.7	397.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-520	EXP. 1-N-68	ss042	Qn2	so42	Ar161	A	0.83	411.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-521	EXP. 1-N-68	ss04	Qn2	so4	Ar161	A	0.73	409.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-522	EXP. 1-N-68	ss064	Qn2	so64	Ar161	A	0.82	423.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-526	EXP. 1-N-63	ss03	Qn1	so3	Ar192	A	0.95	425.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-527	EXP. 1-N-65	ss062	Qn1	so62	Ar161	A	0.9	465.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-528	EXP. 1-N-63	ss062	Qn1	so62	Ar192	A	1.17	465.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-529	EXP. 1-N-65	ss055	Qn1	so55	Ar161	A	0.99	479.4	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-530	EXP. 1-N-63	ss044	Qn1	so44	Ar192	A	1.04	465.3	EXP. 3-N-2
4-NP-531	EXP. 1-N-64	ss044	Qn1	so44	Ar186	A	0.93	465.3	EXP. 3-N-2

[0274]

Example 4-N-1 3-(8-(1-(2-aminoethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

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[Step a] tert-butyl 2-(4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)piperidin-1-yl)ethylcarbamate (Intermediate 4-N-1)

Triethylamine (52 μ L) and sodium triacetoxhydroborate (32 mg; Ald) were added to a 1,2-dichloroethane (3 mL) solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (30 mg) and t-butyl n-(2-oxoethyl)carbamate (24 mg; Ald) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred for 16 hours at room temperature. Chloroform and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution were added to extract the reaction mixture, then the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (40.3 mg).

[Step b] 3-(8-(1-(2-aminoethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (28.5 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-N-1 (40.3 mg) according to the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1.

(LCMS: 372.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.70 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0275]

Example 4-N-2 3-(8-(1-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (8.8 mg) was obtained from Example compound 1-N-1 (20 mg) and 3-pyridine carbaldehyde (10 μ L; WAKO™) according to the method described in Step a of Example 4-N-1.

(LCMS: 420.5 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.87 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0276]

Example 4-N-3 3-(8-(1-(morpholin-3-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

[Step a] tert-butyl 3-(hydroxymethyl)morpholine-4-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-3-1)

Ethyl chlorocarbonate (149 μ L; TCI) was added to a THF (8 mL) solution of morpholine-3,4-dicarboxylic acid 4-tert-butyl ester (300 mg; Ast) and diisopropylethylamine (560 μ L; WAKO™) with ice cooling and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 and half hours. Sodium tetrahydroborate (197 mg; WAKO™) was added at room temperature, the resulting mixture was stirred for 15 minutes followed by the addition of methanol (1.2 mL) with ice cooling, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction mixture solution was concentrated under reduced pressure, ethyl acetate and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution were added to extract the reaction mixture, then the organic layer was dried, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to give the title compound (209 mg).

(Intermediate 4-N-3-1 R_f (TLC) = 0.4 (CH₃Cl: MeOH = 10:1))

[0277]

[Step b] tert-butyl 3-formylmorpholine-4-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-3-2)

Oxalyl dichloride (60 μ L; WAKO™) was added to DMSO (82 μ L) and dichloromethane (5 mL) at -78°C, the resulting mixture was stirred as it was for 15 minutes followed by the addition of a dichloromethane (2 mL) solution of Intermediate 4-N-3-1 (100 mg), and the resulting mixture was stirred at -78°C for 1 hour. Diisopropylethylamine (320 μ L) was added, the resulting mixture was gradually returned to room temperature and stirred for 2 and half hours. The reaction mixture solution was concentrated under reduced pressure followed by the addition of ethyl acetate, the resulting mixture was washed successively with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and water, then the organic layer was dried, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to give the title compound (101 mg).

(Intermediate 4-N-3-2 Rf (TLC) = 0.5 (CH₃Cl: MeOH = 10:1))

[0278]

[Step c] tert-butyl 3-((4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)morpholine-4-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-3-3)

The title compound (31 mg) was obtained from Example compound 1-N-1 (30 mg) and Intermediate 4-N-3-2 (40 mg) according to the method described in Step a of Example 4-N-1.

(Intermediate 4-N-3-3 LCMS: 528.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.06 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0279]

[Step d] 3-(8-(1-(morpholin-3-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (22 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-N-3-3 (31 mg) according to the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1.

(LCMS: 428.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.83 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0280]

Example 4-N-4 3-(8-(1-(azetidin-3-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

[Step a] tert-butyl 3-(hydroxymethyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-4-1)

A methanol hydrochloride solution (10%, 0.5 mL) was added to a methanol (7 mL) solution of 1-(diphenylmethyl)-3-(hydroxymethyl)azetidine (500 mg; Oak) followed by the addition of 20% palladium hydroxide-active carbon (15 mg; WAKO™) under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 17 and half hours under a hydrogen atmosphere. The insoluble matter was filtrated and the solvent

was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in a mixed solvent of chloroform and methanol, the resulting mixture passed through a sodium bicarbonate column, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile (5 mL) followed by the addition of an acetonitrile (3 mL) solution of dicarbonate di-*t*-butyl (520 mg; WAKO™) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 14 hours. Di-*t*-butyl dicarbonate (100 mg) was further added, the resulting mixture was stirred for 2 hours, then chloroform (20 mL × 3) and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution (20 mL) were added to the reaction mixture solution to extract the reaction mixture, then the organic layer was dried, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (237 mg).

(Intermediate 4-N-4-1 R_f (TLC) = 0.4 (CH₃Cl: MeOH = 10:1))

[0281]

[Step b] *tert*-butyl 3-formylazetidine-1-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-4-2)

The title compound (118 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-N-4-1 (118 mg) according to the method described in Step b of Example 4-N-3.

(Intermediate 4-N-4-2 R_f (TLC) = 0.5 (CH₃Cl: MeOH = 10:1))

[0282]

[Step c] *tert*-butyl 3-((4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-4-3)

The title compound (45 mg) was obtained from Example compound 1-N-1 (50 mg) and Intermediate 4-N-4-2 (50 mg) according to the method described in Step a of Example 4-N-1.

(Intermediate 4-N-4-3 LCMS: 498.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.04 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0283]

[Step d] 3-(8-(1-(azetidin-3-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (34 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-N-4-3 (45 mg) according to the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1.

(LCMS: 398.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.68 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0284]

Example 4-N-5 3-(8-(1-(morpholin-2-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

[Step a] *tert*-butyl 2-(hydroxymethyl)morpholine-4-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-5-1)

The title compound (199.6 mg) was obtained from 4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)morpholine-2-carboxylic acid (300 mg; NeoMPS) according to the method described in Step a of Example 4-N-3.

(Intermediate 4-N-5-1 R_f (TLC) = 0.4 (CH₃Cl: MeOH = 10:1))

[0285]

[Step b] tert-butyl 2-formylmorpholine-4-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-5-2)

The title compound (229 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-N-5-1 (199 mg) according to the method described in Step b of Example 4-N-3.

(Intermediate 4-N-5-2 R_f (TLC) = 0.5 (CH₃Cl: MeOH = 10:1))

[0286]

[Step c] tert-butyl 2-((4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)morpholine-4-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-5-3)

The title compound (68 mg) was obtained from Example compound 1-N-1 (50 mg) and Intermediate 4-N-5-2 (89 mg) according to the method described in Step a of Example 4-N-1.

(Intermediate 4-N-5-3 LCMS: 528.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.06 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0287]

[Step d] 3-(8-(1-(morpholin-2-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (54 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-N-5-3 (68 mg) according to the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1.

(LCMS: 428.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.71 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0288]

Example 4-N-6 3-(8-(1-(2-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

Potassium carbonate (52 mg; WAKO™) was added to a DMF (2 mL) solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (30 mg) and (2-bromoethoxy)-tert-butyldimethylsilane (64 µL; Ald) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred at 50°C for 12 and half hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes, then diluted with ethyl acetate (6 mL), and washed successively with water and saturated brine, then the organic layer was dried, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Chloroform was added to the residue and the insoluble matter was filtrated to give the title compound (18.6 mg).

(LCMS: 373.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.79 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0289]

Example 4-N-7 3-(8-(1-(azetidin-3-yl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

[Step a] tert-butyl 3-oxoazetidine-1-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-7-1)

A DMSO (10 mL) solution of a sulfur trioxide-pyridine complex (2.2 g; Ald) was added to a triethylamine (4 mL) solution of 1-Boc-3-(hydroxy)azetidine (500 mg; CNH) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred 50°C for 2 and half hours. The resulting mixture was stirred for approx. 10 minutes at room temperature, then the reaction mixture was poured into ice water (40 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (40 mL), the organic layer was dried, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to give the title compound (305 mg).

[0290]

[Step b] tert-butyl 3-(4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)piperidin-1-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-7-2)

Chloroform and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution were added to Example compound 1-N-1 to extract the compound, then the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to give resulting residue (17 mg). Sodium triacetoxyhydroborate (33 mg) was added to a dichloromethane (5 mL) solution of the resulting residue, Intermediate 4-N-7-1 (25 mg), and acetic acid (30 µL) at room temperature, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 13 hours. Chloroform and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution were added to the reaction mixture solution to extract the reaction mixture, then the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (12.9 mg).

(Intermediate 4-N-7-2 LCMS: 484.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.06 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0291]

[Step c] 3-(8-(1-(azetidin-3-yl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (8.9 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-N-7-2 (12.9 mg) according to the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1.

(LCMS: 384.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.81 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0292]

Example 4-N-8 3-(8-(1,4'-bipiperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

[Step a] tert-butyl 4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)-1,4'-bipiperidine-1'-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-N-8-1)

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The title compound (3.8 mg) was obtained from Example compound 1-N-1 (15 mg) and 1-BOC-4-piperidone (18 mg; WAKO™) according to the method described in Step b of Example 4-N-7.

(Intermediate 4-N-7-2 LCMS: 512.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.34 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0293]

[Step b] 3-(8-(1,4'-bipiperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzoNitrile

Intermediate 4-N-8-1 (3.8 mg) was dissolved in 95% aqueous TFA solution and the resulting mixture was allowed to stand at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent was evaporated to give the title compound (5.2 mg).

(LCMS: 412.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.65 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0294]

Example 4-N-9 3-(8-(1-(1-methylazetidin-3-yl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

An aqueous formaldehyde solution (37% by weight; 45 µL; Ald) and triethylamine (8 µL) were added to an acetonitrile (2 mL) solution of Example compound 4-N-7 (10 mg) and triacetoxy sodium hydroborate (13 mg) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 hours. Chloroform and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution were added to extract the reaction mixture, then the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (3.3 mg).

(LCMS: 398.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.88 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0295]

Example 4-N-10 3-(8-(1-((4-methylmorpholin-2-yl)methyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (6.3 mg) was obtained from Example compound 4-N-5 (10 mg) according to the method described in Example 4-N-9.

(LCMS: 442.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.79 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0296]

Example 4-N-11 3-(8-(1-(2-oxo-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

[Step a] 2-(4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)piperidin-yl)acetic acid (Intermediate 4-N-11-1)

Sodium cyanotrihydroborate (15 mg; TCI) was added to a methanol (3 mL) solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (30 mg), glyoxylic acid (6.9 M in water; 21 µL; TCI), and triethylamine (52 µL) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 hours. Water (0.2 mL) was added to the reaction mixture

solution and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Methanol and diethyl ether were added to the residue and the precipitate was filtrated and dried to give the title compound (43 mg).

(Intermediate 4-N-11-1 LCMS: 387.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.83 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0297]

[Step b] 3-(8-(1-(2-oxo-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (4.7 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-N-11-1 (20 mg) and pyrrolidine (7.3 mg; TCI) according to the method described in Example 2-N-2.

(LCMS: 440.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.89 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0298]

Example 4-N-12 3-(8-(1-(2-morpholino-2-oxoethyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (8.4 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-N-11-1 (20 mg) and morpholine (9.0 mg; Ald) according to the method described in Example 2-N-2.

(LCMS: 456.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.87 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0299]

Examples 4-o-1 to 4-o-13

Compounds of Examples 4-o-1 to 4-o-13 were synthesized according to the method in Step a of Example 4-N-1 (Table 4-o). In Table 4-o, the ST column represents the structures represented by the above general formulas, the J and Ar columns represent "J" and "Ar," respectively, in the general formulas shown in the ST column, "ST," "SM1," "SM2," "LCMS," and "Ref" are defined as described above, and abbreviations such as "ch202," "Ar1," and "sch202" represent compounds or groups corresponding to the abbreviations in Tables ch, Ar, and sch, respectively, provided later. Abbreviations in the tables represent compounds or groups shown in the figures shown earlier or later.

Table 4-o also includes compounds finally purified by preparative HPLC, such as those of Examples 4-o-1, 4-o-3, 4-o-8 and 4-o-13 for example.

[0300]

[Table 4-o]

EXP	SM1	SM2	ST	J	Ar	LCMS			Ref
						met hod	RTime	MH+	
4-o-1	EXP. 1-o-1	sch202	Q01	ch202	Ar1	B	2.34	421.2	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-2	EXP. 1-o-1	sch203	Q01	ch203	Ar1	A	0.84	424.1	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-3	EXP. 1-o-1	sch204	Q01	ch204	Ar1	B	2.41	388.2	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-4	EXP. 1-o-6	sch201	Q02	ch201	Ar1	A	0.81	316.1	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-5	EXP. 1-o-6	sch202	Q02	ch202	Ar1	A	0.89	393.2	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-6	EXP. 1-o-6	sch205	Q02	ch205	Ar1	A	1.06	392.1	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-7	EXP. 1-o-6	sch206	Q02	ch206	Ar1	A	0.88	386.0	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-8	EXP. 1-o-76	sch201	Q05	ch201	Ar1	A	0.84	374.0	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-9	EXP. 1-o-15	sch201	Q09	ch201	Ar1	A	0.88	330.0	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-10	EXP. 1-o-18	sch201	Q010	ch201	Ar1	B	2.28	360.2	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-11	EXP. 2-o-18	sch201	Q01-1	ch201	Ar1	A	0.96	457.0	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-12	EXP. 2-o-63	sch201	Q01-8	ch201	Ar1	B	2.35	427.2	EXP. 4-N-1(a)
4-o-13	EXP. 2-o-76	sch201	Q02-2	ch201	Ar1	A	0.95	429.1	EXP. 4-N-1(a)

[0301]

Example 5-N-1 4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)piperidine-1-carboxamide

Triethylamine (52 μ L), 4-Dimethylaminopyridine (1 mg), and trimethylsilyl isocyanate (which may be referred to as son1; 99 μ L; TCI) were added to a dichloromethane solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (30 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 and half hours. Diethyl ether was added to the reaction mixture solution, the insoluble matter was filtrated, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC to give the title compound (2.2 mg).

(LCMS: 372.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.98 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0302]

Example 5-N-2 4-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)-N-ethylpiperidine-1-carboxamide

Triethylamine (35 μ L) and ethyl isocyanate (which may be referred to as son2; 10 mg; TCI) were added to a dichloromethane solution of Example compound 1-N-1 (20 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 13 and half hours. Dichloromethane and water were added to extract the reaction mixture, then the

organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (15.9 mg).

(LCMS: 400.5 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.07 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0303]

Example 5-N-15

4-(6-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)-N-propylpiperidine-1-carboxamide

Triethylamine (48 μ L) and propyl isocyanate (which may be referred to as son7; 8.9 mg; TCI) were added to a DMF solution of Example compound 1-N-63 (15 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 and half hours. The solvent of the reaction mixture solution was evaporated, the residue was dissolved in chloroform (0.7 ml) and methanol (0.3 ml), and SCX (500 mg) was added and shaken for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was filtrated and the residue was washed with chloroform (3.5 mL) and methanol (4 mL). Then, the mixture was washed with 2 N ammonia methanol solution (4 mL) and this resulting wash was concentrated. The resulting mixture was dried using a vacuum pump to give the title compound (12.8 mg).

(LCMS: 404.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.86 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0304]

Example 5-N-3 to 5-N-32 and 5-o-1 to 5-o-10

Compounds of Examples 5-N-3 to 5-N-32 and 5-o-1 to 5-o-10 were synthesized according to the methods in Examples 5-N-1, 5-N-2 and 5-N-15 (Tables 5-N and 5-o). In Tables 5-N and 5-o, the ST column represents the structures represented by the above general formulas, the J and Ar columns represent "J" and "Ar," respectively, in the general formulas shown in the ST column, "ST," "SM1," "SM2," "LCMS," and "Ref" are defined as described above, and abbreviations such as "on1," "Ar1," and "son1" represent compounds or groups corresponding to the abbreviations in Tables on, Ar, and son, respectively, provided later. Abbreviations in the tables represent compounds or groups shown in the figures shown earlier or later.

[0305]

[Table 5-N]

Exp	SM1	SM2	ST	J	Ar	LCMS			Ref
						method	Rtime	MH ⁺	
5-N-1	EXP. 1-N-1	son1	Qn1	on1	Ar1	A	0.98	372.4	
5-N-2	EXP. 1-N-1	son2	Qn1	on2	Ar1	A	1.07	400.5	
5-N-3	EXP. 1-N-1	son3	Qn1	on3	Ar1	A	1.32	454.5	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-4	EXP. 1-N-1	son4	Qn1	on4	Ar1	A	1.26	448.5	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-5	EXP. 1-N-1	son5	Qn1	on5	Ar1	A	1.29	478.6	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-6	EXP. 1-N-1	son6	Qn1	on6	Ar1	A	0.98	449.5	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-7	EXP. 1-N-27	son1	Qn3	on1	Ar1	A	0.94	358.4	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-8	EXP. 1-N-5	son1	Qn7	on1	Ar1	A	0.98	345.4	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-9	EXP. 1-N-2	son1	Qn5	on1	Ar1	A	0.99	372.3	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-10	EXP. 1-N-12	son1	Qn6	on1	Ar1	A	1.01	386.4	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-11	EXP. 1-N-28	son1	Qn4	on1	Ar1	A	0.94	358.4	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-12	EXP. 1-N-4	son1	Qn2	on1	Ar1	A	0.94	344.4	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-13	EXP. 1-N-12	son2	Qn6	on2	Ar1	A	1.12	414.3	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-14	EXP. 1-N-4	son2	Qn2	on2	Ar1	A	1.03	372.3	EXP. 5-N-2
5-N-16	EXP. 1-N-64	son7	Qn1	on7	Ar186	A	0.75	404.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-17	EXP. 1-N-65	son7	Qn1	on7	Ar161	A	0.72	418.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-18	EXP. 1-N-63	son8	Qn1	on8	Ar192	A	0.86	418.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-19	EXP. 1-N-64	son8	Qn1	on8	Ar186	A	0.86	418.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-20	EXP. 1-N-65	son8	Qn1	on8	Ar161	A	0.82	432.3	EXP. 5-N-15

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5-N-21	EXP. 1-N-63	son9	Qn1	on9	Ar192	A	0.85	404.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-22	EXP. 1-N-64	son9	Qn1	on9	Ar186	A	0.76	404.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-23	EXP. 1-N-65	son9	Qn1	on9	Ar161	A	0.72	418.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-24	EXP. 1-N-63	son10	Qn1	on10	Ar192	A	0.98	430.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-25	EXP. 1-N-64	son10	Qn1	on10	Ar186	A	0.88	430.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-26	EXP. 1-N-65	son10	Qn1	on10	Ar161	A	0.83	444.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-27	EXP. 1-N-63	son3	Qn1	on3	Ar192	A	1.05	444.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-28	EXP. 1-N-64	son3	Qn1	on3	Ar186	A	0.96	444.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-29	EXP. 1-N-65	son3	Qn1	on3	Ar161	A	0.91	458.4	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-30	EXP. 1-N-63	son2	Qn1	on2	Ar192	A	0.78	390.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-31	EXP. 1-N-64	son2	Qn1	on2	Ar186	A	0.69	390.3	EXP. 5-N-15
5-N-32	EXP. 1-N-65	son2	Qn1	on2	Ar161	A	0.66	404.3	EXP. 5-N-15

[0306]

[Table 5-o]

EXP	SM1	SM2	ST	J	Ar	LCMS			Ref
						method	RTime	MH+	
5-o-1	EXP. 1-o-1	son1	Qo1	on1	Ar1	A	1.02	373.4	EXP. 5-N-2
5-o-2	EXP. 1-o-1	son2	Qo1	on2	Ar1	A	1.18	401.3	EXP. 5-N-2
5-o-3	EXP. 1-o-1	son3	Qo1	on3	Ar1	A	1.42	455.3	EXP. 5-N-2
5-o-4	EXP. 1-o-1	son4	Qo1	on4	Ar1	A	1.42	449.3	EXP. 5-N-2
5-o-5	EXP. 1-o-2	son1	QO14	on1	Ar1	A	1.03	373.4	EXP. 5-N-2
5-o-6	EXP. 1-o-6	son1	QO2	on1	Ar1	A	0.98	345.1	EXP. 5-N-2
5-o-7	EXP. 1-o-13	son1	QO6	on1	Ar1	A	1.05	373.2	EXP. 5-N-2
5-o-8	EXP. 1-o-10	son1	QO11	on1	Ar1	A	0.96	347.1	EXP. 5-N-2
5-o-9	EXP. 1-o-12	son1	Qo8	on1	Ar1	A	1.13	387.4	EXP. 5-N-2
5-o-10	EXP. 1-o-11	son1	Qo7	on1	Ar1	A	1.11	387.2	EXP. 5-N-2

[0307]

Example 6-o-1 3-(8-(1-(pyridin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yloxy)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

Sodium t-butoxide (10.7 mg) was added to a toluene solution of Example compound 1-o-1 (15 mg), 3-iodinepyridine (22.8 mg; TCI), Pd₂(dba)₃ (55.5 mg), and BINAP (9.2 mg) under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 70°C. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx.

10 minutes, then the reaction mixture solution was filtrated, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC to give the title compound (0.8 mg).

(LCMS: 407.0 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.12 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0308]

Example 6-o-2 3-(8-(1-(pyrimidin-5-yl)piperidin-4-yloxy)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

Sodium t-butoxide (10.7 mg) was added to a toluene solution of Example compound 1-o-1 (15 mg), 5-bromopyrimidine (17.6 mg; Ald), Pd₂(dba)₃ (55.5 mg), and BINAP (9.2 mg) under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 70°C. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes, then the reaction mixture solution was filtrated, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) followed by the addition of a suitable amount of a methanol hydrochloride solution (10%; TCI), the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes followed by the addition of ether, and the precipitate was collected by filtration and dried to give the title compound (7.0 mg).

(LCMS: 408.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.23 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0309]

Example 6-o-3 3-(8-(1-(pyridin-3-yl)azetidin-3-yloxy)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

The title compound (3.6 mg) was obtained from Example compound 1-o-6 (15 mg) and 3-iodopyridine (24.6 mg; TCI) according to the method described in Example 6-o-1.

(LCMS: 379.0 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.09 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0310]

Example 7-o-1 3-(6-(3-cyanophenyl)isoquinolin-8-yloxy)azetidine-1-carboximidamide

Example compound 1-o-6 (15 mg), 5-tert-butyl (1H-pyrazol-1-yl)methanediylidene dicarbamate (14.9 mg; ADVANCE CHEMTECH), and triethylamine (11.2 µL; WAKO™) were added to an acetonitrile solution and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chloroform and water were added to the reaction mixture solution to extract the reaction mixture, the organic layer was dried, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) followed by the addition of a suitable amount of a methanol hydrochloride solution (10%; TCI) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 50°C for 2 hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes followed by the addition of ether and the precipitate was collected by filtration and dried to give the title compound (14.3 mg).

(LCMS: 344.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.85 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0311]

Example 1-NP-1 N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(3-isopropylphenyl)isoquinolin-8-amine

[Step a] 6-(benzyloxy)-N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine (Intermediate 1-NP-1-1)

The title compound (759 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 9 (700 mg) and Intermediate N-2 (846 mg) according to the method described in Step a of Example 1-N-1.

(Intermediate 1-NP-1-1 LCMS: 426.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.11 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0312]

[Step b] 8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yltrifluoromethanesulfonate (Intermediate 1-NP-1-2)

Palladium carbon (10% by weight, PE-type, 230 mg; NECHEM) was added to a methanol (10 mL) and THF (5 mL) solution of Intermediate 1-NP-1-1 (750 mg) under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 and half hours under a hydrogen gas atmosphere. The atmosphere was replaced with a nitrogen gas, then the insoluble matter was removed by filtration through celite™, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Dichloromethane (30 mL), N-phenylbis(trifluoromethanesulfonimide) (691 mg), and triethylamine (2.2 mL) were added to the residue and the resulting mixture was stirred at 50°C for 13 hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes, then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (260 mg).

(Intermediate 1-NP-1-2 LCMS: 468.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.51 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0313]

[Step c] N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(3-isopropylphenyl)isoquinolin-8-amine

Aqueous sodium carbonate solution (0.6 M, 0.18 mL) was added to a THF (0.72 mL) solution of Intermediate 1-NP-1-2 (16.4 mg), 3-isopropylphenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo9; 23 mg), and PdCl₂dppf·CH₂Cl₂ (94.3 mg) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60°C for 17 hours. The reaction mixture solution was filtrated through celite™ and then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (1 mL) and methanol (1 mL) followed by the addition of SCX resin (150 mg) and the resulting mixture was agitated by shaking for 5 hours. The reaction mixture was filtrated, then SCX resin was

washed with dichloromethane (1 mL $\times$ 4) and methanol (1 mL $\times$ 4) followed by the addition of 2 M ammonia methanol solution (0.5 mL $\times$ 3) to elute, and the solvent was evaporated to give the title compound (10.2 mg).

(LCMS: 438.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.59 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0314]

Examples 1-NP-2 to 1-NP-43

Compounds of Examples 1-NP-2 to 1-NP-43 were synthesized according to the method in Example 1-NP-1 (Table 1-NP). At this time, for example, the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1 was used if deprotection is required. In Table 1-NP, the ST column represents the structures represented by the above general formulas and the Ar column represents "Ar" in the general formulas shown in the ST column. In Table 1-NP, the SM1 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to Intermediate N-2 used in Step a of Example 1-NP-1 and the SM2 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to 3-isopropylphenyl boronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo9) used in Step c of Example 1-NP-1. For example, in Example 1-NP-15, Intermediate N-7 was used as "SM1" toward Intermediate 9 to perform Step a of Example 1-NP-1 and 3-methylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo19) was used as "SM2" to perform Step c of Example 1-NP-1. In Table 1-NP, "LCMS" was defined as described above, abbreviations such as "Ar9" and "sbo9" represent compounds or groups corresponding to abbreviations in Tables Ar and sbo, respectively, provided later.

Example compounds in Table 1-NP also include compounds purified by column chromatography.

[0315]

[Table 1-NP]

EXP	SM1	SM2	ST	Ar	LCMS		
					method	Rtime	MH ⁺
1-NP-1	IM. N-2	sbo9	Qn2P	Ar9	A	1.59	438.2
1-NP-2	IM. N-2	sbo10	Qn2P	Ar10	A	1.47	464.1
1-NP-3	IM. N-2	sbo11	Qn2P	Ar11	A	1.19	438.2
1-NP-4	IM. N-2	sbo12	Qn2P	Ar12	A	1.05	411.2
1-NP-5	IM. N-2	sbo13	Qn2P	Ar13	A	1.34	414.2
1-NP-6	IM. N-2	sbo2	Qn2P	Ar2	A	1.43	430.1
1-NP-7	IM. N-2	sbo14	Qn2P	Ar14	A	0.79	425.2
1-NP-8	IM. N-2	sbo15	Qn2P	Ar15	A	1.32	414.2
1-NP-9	IM. N-2	sbo16	Qn2P	Ar16	A	1.25	402.1
1-NP-10	IM. N-2	sbo4	Qn2P	Ar4	A	1.29	439.1
1-NP-11	IM. N-2	sbo25	Qn2P	Ar25	A	1.29	396.2
1-NP-12	IM. N-2	sbo17	Qn2P	Ar17	A	1.29	426.1
1-NP-13	IM. N-2	sbo18	Qn2P	Ar18	A	1.21	421.2
1-NP-14	IM. N-2	sbo3	Qn2P	Ar3	A	0.94	397.2
1-NP-15	IM. N-7	sbo19	Qn7P	Ar19	A	1.24	423.1
1-NP-16	IM. N-7	sbo13	Qn7P	Ar13	A	1.18	427.1
1-NP-17	IM. N-7	sbo11	Qn7P	Ar11	A	1.04	451.1
1-NP-18	IM. N-7	sbo4	Qn7P	Ar4	A	1.14	452.1
1-NP-19	IM. N-7	sbo20	Qn7P	Ar20	A	1.10	452.1
1-NP-20	IM. N-7	sbo21	Qn7P	Ar21	A	1.04	451.1

1-NP-21	IM. N-7	sbo16	Qn7P	Ar16	A	1.08	415.1
1-NP-22	IM. N-7	sbo22	Qn7P	Ar22	A	0.82	413.1
1-NP-23	IM. N-7	sbo23	Qn7P	Ar23	A	0.93	439.1
1-NP-24	IM. N-7	sbo14	Qn7P	Ar14	A	0.69	438.1
1-NP-25	IM. N-7	sbo5	Qn7P	Ar7	A	0.88	439.1
1-NP-26	IM. N-7	sbo25	Qn7P	Ar25	A	1.13	409.1
1-NP-27	IM. N-7	sbo18	Qn7P	Ar18	A	1.09	434.1
1-NP-28	IM. N-7	sbo2	Qn7P	Ar2	A	1.26	443.1
1-NP-29	sa1	sbo25	Qn1-1	Ar25	A	0.81	304.3
1-NP-30	sa1	sbo19	Qn1-1	Ar19	A	0.90	318.3
1-NP-31	sa1	sbo17	Qn1-1	Ar17	A	0.84	334.3
1-NP-32	sa1	sbo11	Qn1-1	Ar11	A	0.77	346.4
1-NP-33	sa1	sbo2	Qn1-1	Ar2	A	0.93	338.3
1-NP-34	sa1	sbo74	Qn1-1	Ar74	A	0.93	338.3
1-NP-36	sa6	sbo18	Qn1-1	Ar18	A	0.77	329.3
1-NP-37	sa6	sbo16	Qn1-1	Ar16	A	0.74	310.2
1-NP-38	sa6	sbo25	Qn8-1	Ar25	A	0.79	290.3
1-NP-39	sa6	sbo18	Qn8-1	Ar18	A	0.79	315.3
1-NP-40	sa6	sbo16	Qn8-1	Ar16	A	0.71	296.2
1-NP-41	sa6	sbo19	Qn8-1	Ar19	A	0.89	304.3
1-NP-42	sa6	sbo17	Qn8-1	Ar17	A	0.83	320.3
1-NP-43	sa6	sbo2	Qn8-1	Ar2	A	0.94	324.3

[0316]

Example 1-oP-2 (1-methyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl)(4-(6-phenylisoquinolin-8-yloxy)piperidin-1-yl)methanone

[Step a] 6-(benzyloxy)-8-(piperidin-4-yloxy)isoquinoline (Intermediate 1-oP-2-1)

The title compound (443 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 9 (700 mg) and 1-BOC-4-hydroxypiperidine (soh1; 1.35 g; Ald) according to the method described in Steps a and b of Example 1-o-1.

(Intermediate 1-oP-2-1 LCMS: 335.0 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.86 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0317]

[Step b] (4-(6-(benzyloxy)isoquinolin-8-yloxy)piperidin-1-yl)(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl)methanone

(Intermediate 1-oP-2-2)

The title compound (400 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 1-oP-1-1 (443 mg) and 1-methyl-1H-imidazole-5-carboxylic acid (which may be referred to as sco44; 275 mg; MAYB) according to the method described in Example 2-N-2.

(Intermediate 1-oP-2-2 LCMS: 443.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.00 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0318]

[Step c] 8-(1-(1-methyl-1H-imidazole-5-carbonyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)isoquinolin-6-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate
(Intermediate 1-oP-2-3)

The title compound (150 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 1-oP-2-2 (400 mg) according to the method described in Step b of Example 1-NP-1.

(Intermediate 1-oP-2-3 LCMS: 485.0 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.31 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0319]

[Step d] (1-methyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl)(4-(6-phenylisoquinolin-8-yloxy)piperidin-1-yl)methanone

The title compound (5.7 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 1-oP-2-3 (10 mg) and phenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo25; TCI) according to the method described in Step c of Example 1-NP-1.

(LCMS: 413.1 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.02 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0320]

Examples 1-oP-1 to 1-oP-43

Compounds of Examples 1-oP-1 to 1-oP-43 were synthesized according to the method in Example 1-oP-2 (Table 1-oP). At this time, for example, the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1 was used if deprotection is required. In Table 1-oP, the ST column represents the structures represented by the above general formulas and the Ar column represents "Ar" in the general formulas shown in the ST column. The SM1 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to 1-BOC-4hydroxypiperidine (which may be referred to as soh1) used in Step a of Example 1-oP-2 and the SM2 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to phenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo25) used in Step d of Example 1-oP-2. For example, in Example 1-oP-17, 1-BOC-3hydroxy azetidine (which may be referred to as soh6) was used as "SM1" toward Intermediate 9 to perform Step a of Example 1-oP-2. Subsequently, after Steps b and c of Example 1-oP-2 were performed, 3-methylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo19) was then used as "SM2" to perform Step d of Example 1-oP-2. In Table 1-oP, "LCMS" was defined as described above. Abbreviations in the tables represent compounds or groups of abbreviations in figures provided later.

In Table 1-oP, the compound of Example 1-oP-14 was purified by column chromatography and the compounds of Example 1-oP-12, 1-oP-13, 1-oP-35 to 1-oP-37, and 1-oP-41 were finally purified by preparative HPLC.

[0321]

[Table 1-oP]

EXP	SM1	SM2	ST	Ar	LCMS		
					method	RTime	MH+
1-oP-1	sah1	sba18	QoP1	Ar18	A	1.02	438.2
1-oP-2	sah1	sba25	QoP1	Ar25	A	0.98	413.1
1-oP-3	sah1	sba19	QoP1	Ar19	A	1.09	427.1
1-oP-4	sah1	sba13	QoP1	Ar13	A	1.05	431.0
1-oP-5	sah1	sba2	QoP1	Ar2	A	1.16	447.0
1-oP-6	sah1	sba16	QoP1	Ar16	A	0.91	419.0
1-oP-7	sah1	sba4	QoP1	Ar4	A	1.03	456.0
1-oP-8	sah1	sba20	QoP1	Ar20	A	1.01	456.0
1-oP-9	sah1	sba14	QoP1	Ar14	A	0.57	442.1
1-oP-10	sah1	sba26	QoP1	Ar26	A	1.15	402.1
1-oP-11	sah1	sba23	QoP1	Ar23	A	1.25	443.1
1-oP-12	sah1	sba12	QoP1	Ar12	A	0.80	428.1

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1-oP-13	sch1	sbo24	QoP1	Ar24	A	0.87	432.0
1-oP-14	sch6	sbo12	QoP2	Ar12	A	0.87	400.1
1-oP-15	sch6	sbo35	QoP2	Ar35	A	1.43	491.1
1-oP-16	sch6	sbo17	QoP2	Ar17	A	1.08	415.1
1-oP-17	sch6	sbo19	QoP2	Ar19	A	1.16	399.1
1-oP-18	sch6	sbo27	QoP2	Ar27	A	1.42	461.1
1-oP-19	sch6	sbo25	QoP2	Ar25	A	1.05	385.0
1-oP-20	sch6	sbo28	QoP2	Ar28	A	0.87	375.0
1-oP-21	sch6	sbo13	QoP2	Ar13	A	1.12	403.0
1-oP-22	sch6	sbo2	QoP2	Ar2	A	1.23	419.0
1-oP-23	sch6	sbo10	QoP2	Ar10	A	1.31	453.0
1-oP-24	sch6	sbo29	QoP2	Ar29	A	0.88	463.0
1-oP-25	sch6	sbo11	QoP2	Ar11	A	0.99	427.1
1-oP-26	sch6	sbo30	QoP2	Ar30	A	0.76	428.1
1-oP-27	sch6	sbo31	QoP2	Ar31	A	0.84	442.0
1-oP-28	sch6	sbo18	QoP2	Ar18	A	1.04	410.0
1-oP-31	sch6	sbo22	QoP2	Ar22	A	0.69	389.0
1-oP-32	sch6	sbo16	QoP2	Ar16	A	0.96	391.0
1-oP-33	sch6	sbo4	QoP2	Ar4	A	1.11	428.0
1-oP-34	sch6	sbo32	QoP2	Ar32	A	0.70	387.0
1-oP-35	sch6	sbo33	QoP2	Ar33	A	1.24	464.9
1-oP-36	sch6	sbo34	QoP2	Ar34	A	0.99	410.0

1-oP-37	sch6	sbo35	QoP2	Ar35	A	0.85	401.0
1-oP-38	sch6	sbo36	QoP2	Ar36	A	0.94	391.0
1-oP-39	sch6	sbo37	QoP2	Ar37	A	0.99	416.0
1-oP-40	sch6	sbo38	QoP2	Ar38	A	1.14	424.9
1-oP-41	sch6	sbo39	QoP2	Ar39	B	2.52	428.1
1-oP-42	sch6	sbo23	QoP2	Ar23	B	2.12	415.2
1-oP-43	sch6	sbo40	QoP2	Ar40	A	0.84	429.0

[0322]

Example 2-NP-1 4-(8-(1-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

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[Step a] 8-(1-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate
(Intermediate 2-NP-1-1)

Cesium carbonate (1.5 g) was added to a dioxane solution of Intermediate 10 (576 mg), Intermediate N-5 (308 mg), Pd₂(dba)₃ (280 mg), and Xanthphos (354 mg) at room temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 15 hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes and then filtrated and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (785 mg).

(Intermediate 2-NP-1-1 LCMS: 466.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 3.22 min; LCMS; condition B)

[0323]

[Step b] 4-(8-(1-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzonitrile

2-Dicyclohexylphosphino-2',4',6'-triisopropylbiphenyl (20 mg), potassium phosphate (34 mg), and 4-cyanophenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo18; 25 mg; WAKO™) were added to a t-butanol (3 mL) solution of Intermediate 2-NP-1-1 (20 mg) and palladium acetate (10 mg; Ald) and t-butanol (3 mL) was further added. The resulting mixture was stirred to reflux under a nitrogen atmosphere at 110°C for 20 hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes, then the solvent was evaporated, the resulting residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (5.4 mL) and methanol (0.6 mL), the resulting mixture was filtrated, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (2 mL) and methanol (2 mL) followed by the addition of SCX resin (150 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred by shaking for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was filtrated, SCX resin was washed with dichloromethane (3 mL × 2) and methanol (3 mL × 2) followed by the addition of 2 M ammonia methanol solution (0.5 mL × 3) to elute, and the solvent was evaporated. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC to give the title compound (1.3 mg).

(LCMS: 397.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.18 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0324]

Examples 2-NP-2 to 2-NP-58

Compounds of Examples 2-NP-2 to 2-NP-58 were synthesized according to the method in Example 2-NP-1 (Table 2-NP). At this time, for example, the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1 was used if deprotection is required. In Table 2-NP, the ST column represents the structures represented by the above general formulas and the Ar column represents "Ar" in the general formulas shown in the ST column. The SM1 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to Intermediate N-5 used in Step a of Example 2-NP-1 and

the SM2 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to 4-cyanophenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo18) used in Step b of Example 2-NP-1. For example, in Example 2-NP-24, Intermediate N-4 was used as "SM1" toward Intermediate 10 to perform Step a of Example 2-NP-1 and then phenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo25) was used as "SM2" to perform Step b of Example 2-NP-1. In Table 2-NP, "LCMS" was defined as described above, abbreviations such as "Ar16" and "sbo16" represent compounds or groups corresponding to abbreviations in Tables Ar and sbo, respectively, provided later.

Example compounds in Table 2-NP include compounds purified by column chromatography and those finally purified by preparative HPLC.

[0325]

[Table 2-NP]

EXP	SM1	SM2	ST	Ar	LCMS		
					method	Rtime	MH ⁺
2-NP-1	IM. N-5	sbo16	Qn5P	Ar16	A	1.12	378.3
2-NP-2	IM. N-5	sbo64	Qn5P	Ar64	A	1.20	392.3
2-NP-3	IM. N-5	sbo28	Qn5P	Ar28	A	1.09	362.0
2-NP-4	IM. N-5	sbo24	Qn5P	Ar24	A	1.01	391.0
2-NP-5	IM. N-5	sbo65	Qn5P	Ar65	A	1.06	403.3
2-NP-6	IM. N-5	sbo66	Qn5P	Ar66	A	1.07	403.3
2-NP-7	IM. N-5	sbo67	Qn5P	Ar67	A	0.92	409.1
2-NP-8	IM. N-5	sbo14	Qn5P	Ar14	A	0.76	401.0
2-NP-9	IM. N-5	sbo25	Qn5P	Ar25	A	1.19	372.3
2-NP-10	IM. N-5	sbo19	Qn5P	Ar19	A	1.29	386.1
2-NP-11	IM. N-5	sbo9	Qn5P	Ar9	A	1.45	414.3
2-NP-12	IM. N-5	sbo68	Qn5P	Ar68	A	1.10	411.3
2-NP-13	IM. N-5	sbo12	Qn5P	Ar12	A	0.98	387.1
2-NP-14	IM. N-5	sbo21	Qn5P	Ar21	A	1.10	414.3
2-NP-15	IM. N-5	sbo69	Qn5P	Ar69	A	1.06	411.3
2-NP-16	IM. N-5	sbo70	Qn5P	Ar70	A	1.28	408.3
2-NP-17	IM. N-5	sbo71	Qn5P	Ar71	A	1.39	424.0
2-NP-18	IM. N-5	sbo20	Qn5P	Ar20	A	1.16	415.1
2-NP-19	IM. N-5	sbo17	Qn5P	Ar17	B	2.90	466.2

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2-NP-20	IM. N-5	sbo18	Qn5P	Ar18	A	1. 19	397. 2
2-NP-21	IM. N-5	sbo13	Qn5P	Ar13	A	1. 28	390. 1
2-NP-22	IM. N-5	sbo5	Qn5P	Ar5	A	1. 50	458. 1
2-NP-23	IM. N-5	sbo4	Qn5P	Ar4	B	2. 99	415. 2
2-NP-24	IM. N-4	sbo25	Qn4P	Ar25	A	1. 14	423. 1
2-NP-25	IM. N-4	sbo19	Qn4P	Ar19	A	1. 23	437. 1
2-NP-26	IM. N-4	sbo9	Qn4P	Ar9	A	1. 39	465. 1
2-NP-27	IM. N-4	sbo68	Qn4P	Ar68	A	1. 06	462. 0
2-NP-28	IM. N-4	sbo12	Qn4P	Ar12	A	0. 93	438. 1
2-NP-29	IM. N-4	sbo21	Qn4P	Ar21	A	1. 04	465. 1
2-NP-30	IM. N-4	sbo69	Qn4P	Ar69	A	1. 02	462. 1
2-NP-31	IM. N-4	sbo70	Qn4P	Ar70	A	1. 21	459. 0
2-NP-32	IM. N-4	sbo71	Qn4P	Ar71	A	1. 31	475. 0
2-NP-33	IM. N-4	sbo20	Qn4P	Ar20	A	1. 10	466. 0
2-NP-34	IM. N-4	sbo24	Qn4P	Ar24	A	0. 99	442. 0
2-NP-35	IM. N-4	sbo65	Qn4P	Ar65	A	1. 07	454. 1
2-NP-36	IM. N-4	sbo23	Qn4P	Ar23	B	2. 54	453. 3
2-NP-37	IM. N-4	sbo14	Qn4P	Ar14	A	0. 74	452. 1
2-NP-38	IM. N-4	sbo5	Qn4P	Ar7	B	2. 34	453. 3
2-NP-42	IM. N-1	sbo19	Qn1P	Ar19	A	1. 31	396. 0
2-NP-43	IM. N-1	sbo68	Qn1P	Ar68	A	1. 12	421. 0
2-NP-44	IM. N-1	sbo12	Qn1P	Ar12	A	0. 96	397. 0

2-NP-45	IM, N-1	sbo21	Qn1P	Ar21	A	1.10	424.0
2-NP-46	IM, N-1	sbo69	Qn1P	Ar69	A	1.09	421.0
2-NP-47	IM, N-1	sbo70	Qn1P	Ar70	A	1.29	418.0
2-NP-48	IM, N-1	sbo71	Qn1P	Ar71	A	1.37	433.9
2-NP-49	IM, N-1	sbo16	Qn1P	Ar16	A	1.14	388.0
2-NP-50	IM, N-1	sbo64	Qn1P	Ar64	A	1.23	401.9
2-NP-51	IM, N-1	sbo24	Qn1P	Ar24	A	0.99	401.0
2-NP-52	IM, N-1	sbo65	Qn1P	Ar65	A	1.07	413.0
2-NP-53	IM, N-1	sbo66	Qn1P	Ar66	A	1.10	413.0
2-NP-54	IM, N-1	sbo67	Qn1P	Ar67	A	0.78	383.0
2-NP-55	IM, N-1	sbo23	Qn1P	Ar23	B	2.43	412.2
2-NP-56	IM, N-1	sbo14	Qn1P	Ar14	A	0.82	411.2
2-NP-57	IM, N-1	sbo5	Qn1P	Ar7	B	2.42	412.2
2-NP-58	IM, N-1	sbo25	Qn1P	Ar25	A	1.19	382.0

[0326]

Example 3-NP-1 N-(1-(cyclopropylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-m-tolylisoquinolin-8-amine

Aqueous sodium carbonate solution (0.6 M, 0.7 mL) was added to a THF (2.8 mL) solution of Intermediate 8 (50 mg), 3-methylphenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo19; 20.9 mg; Ald), and PdCl₂dppf·CH₂Cl₂ (22.9 mg) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred as it was for 6 and half hours. The reaction mixture solution was filtrated through celite™ and then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (1 mL) and methanol (1 mL) followed by the addition of SCX resin (700 mg) and the resulting mixture was agitated by shaking for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was filtrated, then SCX resin was washed with dichloromethane and methanol followed by the addition of 2 M ammonia methanol solution to elute, and the solvent was evaporated. Sodium t-butoxide (28.8 mg) was added to a dioxane solution of the residue, Intermediate N-3 (40.9 mg), Pd₂(dba)₃ (18.3 mg), and BINAP (24.9 mg) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 8 hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes, then the reaction mixture solution was filtrated, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by Quad™. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (1 mL) and methanol (1 mL) followed by the addition of SCX resin (300 mg) and the resulting mixture was agitated by shaking for 3 hours. The

reaction mixture was filtrated, the SCX resin was washed with dichloromethane and methanol followed by the addition of 2 M ammonia methanol solution to elute, the solvent was evaporated to give the title compound (28.4 mg).

[0327]

Examples 3-NP-2 to 3-NP-149

Compounds of Examples 3-NP-2 to 3-NP-149 were synthesized according to the method in Example 3-NP-1 (Table 3-NP). At this time, for example, the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1 was used if deprotection is required. In Table 3-NP, the SM1 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to Intermediate N-3 used in Example 3-NP-1 and the SM2 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to 3-methylphenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo19) used in Example 3-NP-1. For example, in Example 3-NP-24, toward Intermediate 9, Intermediate N-2 was used as "SM1" and 4-cyano-3-fluoroboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo41) was used as "SM2" to perform the step of Example 3-NP-1. In Table 3-NP, "LCMS" was defined as described above, abbreviations such as "Ar19" and "sbo19" represent compounds or groups corresponding to abbreviations in Tables Ar and sbo, respectively, provided later.

Example compounds in Table 3-NP include compounds purified by column chromatography and/or compounds finally purified by preparative HPLC.

[0328]

Example 4-NP-25, 4-NP-26, 4-NP-31, 4-NP-32, 4-NP-36, 4-NP-51 to 4-NP-72, 4-NP-74 to 4-NP-82, 4-NP-86, 4-NP-87, 4-NP-95 to 4-NP-97, 4-NP-99, 4-NP-100, 4-NP-109, 4-NP-128, 4-NP-130 to 4-NP-134, 4-NP-145, 4-NP-162 to 4-NP-167, 4-NP-186, 4-NP-187, 4-NP-216, 4-NP-408 and 4-NP-409

Compounds of Examples 4-NP-25, 4-NP-26, 4-NP-31, 4-NP-32, 4-NP-36, 4-NP-51 to 4-NP-72, 4-NP-74 to 4-NP-82, 4-NP-86, 4-NP-87, 4-NP-95 to 4-NP-97, 4-NP-99, 4-NP-100, 4-NP-109, 4-NP-128, 4-NP-130 to 4-NP-134, 4-NP-145, 4-NP-162 to 4-NP-167, 4-NP-186, 4-NP-187, 4-NP-216, 4-NP-408 and 4-NP-409 were synthesized according to the method in Example 3-NP-1 (Table 3-NP2). At this time, for example, the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1 was used if deprotection is required. In Table 3-NP2, the SM1, SM2, ST, Ar and LCMS columns are similar as in Table 3-NP, respectively. Example compounds in Table 3-NP2 include compounds purified by column chromatography and/or compounds finally purified by preparative HPLC.

[0329]

[Table 3-NP]

EXP	SM1	SM2	ST	Ar	LCMS		
					method	Rtime	MH ⁺
3-NP-1	IM. N-3	sbo19	Qn3P	Ar19	A	1.40	422.1
3-NP-2	IM. N-3	sbo13	Qn3P	Ar13	A	1.42	426.1
3-NP-3	IM. N-3	sbo12	Qn3P	Ar12	A	1.15	423.1
3-NP-4	IM. N-3	sbo21	Qn3P	Ar21	A	1.23	450.1
3-NP-5	IM. N-3	sbo69	Qn3P	Ar69	A	1.27	447.1
3-NP-6	IM. N-3	sbo70	Qn3P	Ar70	A	1.43	444.1
3-NP-7	IM. N-3	sbo71	Qn3P	Ar71	A	1.56	460.0
3-NP-8	IM. N-3	sbo20	Qn3P	Ar20	A	1.32	451.1
3-NP-9	IM. N-3	sbo16	Qn3P	Ar16	A	1.31	414.1
3-NP-10	IM. N-3	sbo64	Qn3P	Ar64	A	1.37	428.1
3-NP-11	IM. N-3	sbo28	Qn3P	Ar28	A	1.24	398.1
3-NP-12	IM. N-3	sbo72	Qn3P	Ar72	A	1.19	427.1
3-NP-13	IM. N-3	sbo65	Qn3P	Ar65	A	1.20	439.1
3-NP-14	IM. N-3	sbo66	Qn3P	Ar66	A	1.24	439.1
3-NP-15	IM. N-3	sbo67	Qn3P	Ar67	A	0.91	409.1
3-NP-16	IM. N-3	sbo73	Qn3P	Ar73	A	1.23	427.1
3-NP-17	IM. N-3	sbo23	Qn3P	Ar23	A	1.10	438.1
3-NP-18	IM. N-3	sbo14	Qn3P	Ar14	A	0.80	437.1
3-NP-19	IM. N-3	sbo37	Qn3P	Ar37	A	1.30	439.0

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3-NP-20	IM. N-3	sbo18	Qn3P	Ar18	A	1.24	433.1
3-NP-21	IM. N-3	sbo2	Qn3P	Ar2	A	1.45	442.0
3-NP-22	IM. N-3	sbo25	Qn3P	Ar25	A	1.26	408.3
3-NP-23	IM. N-3	sbo4	Qn3P	Ar4	A	1.34	451.2
3-NP-24	IM. N-2	sbo41	Qn2P	Ar41	A	1.28	439.1
3-NP-25	IM. N-4	sbo41	Qn4P	Ar41	A	1.16	466.2
3-NP-26	IM. N-3	sbo41	Qn3P	Ar41	A	1.31	451.3
3-NP-27	IM. N-5	sbo41	Qn5P	Ar41	A	1.24	415.2
3-NP-28	IM. N-4	sbo42	Qn4P	Ar42	A	1.10	476.2
3-NP-29	IM. N-2	sbo42	Qn2P	Ar42	A	1.20	449.2
3-NP-30	IM. N-3	sbo42	Qn3P	Ar42	A	1.22	461.2
3-NP-31	IM. N-5	sbo42	Qn5P	Ar42	A	1.16	425.2
3-NP-32	IM. N-4	sbo43	Qn4P	Ar43	A	1.17	462.2
3-NP-33	IM. N-2	sbo43	Qn2P	Ar43	A	1.27	435.2
3-NP-34	IM. N-3	sbo43	Qn3P	Ar43	A	1.31	447.2
3-NP-35	IM. N-5	sbo43	Qn5P	Ar43	A	1.24	411.2
3-NP-36	IM. N-4	sbo44	Qn4P	Ar44	A	1.18	466.2
3-NP-37	IM. N-2	sbo44	Qn2P	Ar44	A	1.30	439.1
3-NP-38	IM. N-3	sbo44	Qn3P	Ar44	A	1.34	451.1
3-NP-39	IM. N-5	sbo44	Qn5P	Ar44	A	1.25	415.2
3-NP-40	IM. N-6	sbo44	Qn6P	Ar44	A	1.28	477.1
3-NP-41	IM. N-4	sbo45	Qn4P	Ar45	A	0.96	463.2

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3-NP-42	IM. N-2	sbo45	Qn2P	Ar45	A	1.07	436 1
3-NP-43	IM. N-3	sbo45	Qn3P	Ar45	A	1.09	448 1
3-NP-44	IM. N-3	sbo46	Qn3P	Ar46	A	1.47	469 3
3-NP-45	IM. N-2	sbo46	Qn2P	Ar46	A	1.42	457 3
3-NP-46	IM. N-4	sbo47	Qn4P	Ar47	A	1.22	493 4
3-NP-47	IM. N-3	sbo47	Qn3P	Ar47	A	1.39	478 3
3-NP-48	IM. N-4	sbo48	Qn4P	Ar48	A	1.39	508 4
3-NP-49	IM. N-3	sbo48	Qn3P	Ar48	A	1.54	493 3
3-NP-50	IM. N-2	sbo48	Qn2P	Ar48	A	1.50	481 3
3-NP-51	IM. N-4	sbo49	Qn4P	Ar49	A	1.30	456 4
3-NP-52	IM. N-3	sbo49	Qn3P	Ar49	A	1.44	441 4
3-NP-53	IM. N-2	sbo49	Qn2P	Ar49	A	1.41	429 4
3-NP-54	IM. N-5	sbo49	Qn5P	Ar49	A	1.37	404 4
3-NP-55	IM. N-4	sbo50	Qn4P	Ar50	A	1.16	472 4
3-NP-56	IM. N-3	sbo50	Qn3P	Ar50	A	1.31	457 3
3-NP-57	IM. N-2	sbo50	Qn2P	Ar50	A	1.28	445 4
3-NP-58	IM. N-5	sbo50	Qn5P	Ar50	A	1.24	420 4
3-NP-59	IM. N-2	sbo63	Qn2P	Ar63	A	1.43	457 4
3-NP-60	IM. N-3	sbo63	Qn3P	Ar63	A	1.48	469 4
3-NP-61	IM. N-2	sbo52	Qn2P	Ar52	A	1.27	435 4
3-NP-62	IM. N-2	sbo53	Qn2P	Ar53	A	1.44	489 4
3-NP-63	IM. N-2	sbo54	Qn2P	Ar54	A	1.41	489 4

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3-NP-64	IM. N-2	sbo55	Qn2P	Ar55	A	1.46	489.4
3-NP-65	IM. N-2	sbo56	Qn2P	Ar56	A	1.14	449.4
3-NP-66	IM. N-2	sbo57	Qn2P	Ar57	A	1.46	482.4
3-NP-67	IM. N-2	sbo58	Qn2P	Ar58	A	1.39	424.4
3-NP-68	IM. N-2	sbo59	Qn2P	Ar59	A	1.34	442.4
3-NP-69	IM. N-2	sbo60	Qn2P	Ar60	A	1.13	456.4
3-NP-70	IM. N-2	sbo61	Qn2P	Ar61	A	1.18	440.4
3-NP-71	IM. N-2	sbo62	Qn2P	Ar62	A	1.30	460.4
3-NP-72	IM. N-3	sbo52	Qn3P	Ar52	A	1.30	447.4
3-NP-73	IM. N-3	sbo53	Qn3P	Ar53	A	1.48	501.4
3-NP-74	IM. N-3	sbo54	Qn3P	Ar54	A	1.45	501.4
3-NP-75	IM. N-3	sbo55	Qn3P	Ar55	A	1.49	501.4
3-NP-76	IM. N-3	sbo56	Qn3P	Ar56	A	1.18	461.4
3-NP-77	IM. N-3	sbo57	Qn3P	Ar57	A	1.49	494.4
3-NP-78	IM. N-3	sbo58	Qn3P	Ar58	A	1.44	436.4
3-NP-79	IM. N-3	sbo59	Qn3P	Ar59	A	1.40	454.4
3-NP-80	IM. N-3	sbo60	Qn3P	Ar60	A	1.16	468.4
3-NP-81	IM. N-3	sbo61	Qn3P	Ar61	A	1.24	452.4
3-NP-82	IM. N-3	sbo62	Qn3P	Ar62	A	1.35	472.4
3-NP-83	IM. N-2	sbo75	Qn2P	Ar75	A	1.42	440.5
3-NP-84	IM. N-2	sbo76	Qn2P	Ar76	A	1.32	456.5
3-NP-85	IM. N-2	sbo77	Qn2P	Ar77	A	1.26	456.4

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3-NP-86	IM. N-2	sbo78	Qn2P	Ar78	A	1.29	456.4
3-NP-87	IM. N-2	sbo79	Qn2P	Ar79	A	1.40	458.4
3-NP-88	IM. N-2	sbo81	Qn2P	Ar81	A	1.26	451.4
3-NP-89	IM. N-3	sbo80	Qn3P	Ar80	A	1.35	456.4
3-NP-90	IM. N-3	sbo81	Qn3P	Ar81	A	1.29	463.4
3-NP-91	IM. N-1	sbo50	Qn1P	Ar50	A	1.22	430.4
3-NP-92	IM. N-1	sbo82	Qn1P	Ar62	A	1.31	446.4
3-NP-93	IM. N-1	sbo44	Qn1P	Ar44	A	1.28	425.4
3-NP-94	IM. N-1	sbo56	Qn1P	Ar56	A	1.13	435.4
3-NP-95	IM. N-1	sbo53	Qn1P	Ar53	A	1.41	475.4
3-NP-96	IM. N-1	sbo42	Qn1P	Ar42	A	1.15	435.5
3-NP-97	IM. N-8	sbo50	Qn8P	Ar50	A	1.13	424.5
3-NP-98	IM. N-8	sbo62	Qn8P	Ar62	A	1.23	440.4
3-NP-99	IM. N-8	sbo81	Qn8P	Ar81	A	1.09	431.5
3-NP-100	IM. N-8	sbo56	Qn8P	Ar56	A	1.04	429.5
3-NP-101	IM. N-8	sbo53	Qn8P	Ar53	A	1.32	469.4
3-NP-102	IM. N-8	sbo42	Qn8P	Ar42	A	1.09	429.5
3-NP-103	IM. N-2	sbo82	Qn2P	Ar82	A	1.26	444.4
3-NP-104	IM. N-2	sbo83	Qn2P	Ar83	A	1.43	474.4
3-NP-105	IM. N-2	sbo84	Qn2P	Ar84	A	1.36	455.4
3-NP-106	IM. N-3	sbo83	Qn3P	Ar83	A	1.50	486.4
3-NP-107	IM. N-3	sbo84	Qn3P	Ar84	A	1.39	467.3

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3-NP-108	IM. N-3	sbo85	Qn3P	Ar85	A	1.43	470.4
3-NP-109	IM. N-1	sbo84	Qn1P	Ar84	A	1.26	441.3
3-NP-110	IM. N-1	sbo41	Qn1P	Ar41	A	1.26	425.4
3-NP-111	IM. N-8	sbo44	Qn8P	Ar44	A	1.18	419.4
3-NP-112	IM. N-8	sbo52	Qn8P	Ar52	A	1.21	415.5
3-NP-113	IM. N-8	sbo41	Qn8P	Ar41	A	1.17	419.4
3-NP-114	IM. N-1	sbo18	Qn1P	Ar18	A	1.60	479.4
3-NP-115	IM. N-2	sbo86	Qn2P	Ar86	A	1.47	493.4
3-NP-116	IM. N-1	sbo87	Qn1P	Ar87	A	1.32	441.3
3-NP-117	IM. N-2	sbo87	Qn2P	Ar87	A	1.38	455.3
3-NP-118	IM. N-3	sbo87	Qn3P	Ar87	A	1.43	467.3
3-NP-119	IM. N-1	sbo20	Qn1P	Ar20	A	1.19	425.4
3-NP-120	IM. N-2	sbo20	Qn2P	Ar20	A	1.25	439.4
3-NP-121	IM. N-1	sbo60	Qn1P	Ar60	A	1.10	442.4
3-NP-122	IM. N-2	sbo88	Qn2P	Ar88	A	1.35	455.4
3-NP-123	IM. N-2	sbo89	Qn2P	Ar89	A	1.19	454.4
3-NP-124	IM. N-2	sbo47	Qn2P	Ar47	A	1.33	465.4
3-NP-125	IM. N-1	sbo81	Qn1P	Ar81	A	1.15	437.4
3-NP-126	IM. N-9	sbo41	Qn9P	Ar41	A	1.17	389.4
3-NP-127	IM. N-9	sbo18	Qn9P	Ar18	A	1.00	371.4
3-NP-128	IM. N-9	sbo42	Qn9P	Ar42	A	0.99	399.4
3-NP-129	IM. N-9	sbo56	Qn9P	Ar56	A	0.96	399.4

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3-NP-130	IM. N-9	sbo20	Qn9P	Ar20	A	1.05	389.4
3-NP-131	IM. N-9	sbo81	Qn9P	Ar81	A	1.03	401.4
3-NP-132	IM. N-9	sbo50	Qn9P	Ar50	A	1.04	394.4
3-NP-133	IM. N-9	sbo60	Qn9P	Ar60	A	0.94	406.4
3-NP-134	IM. N-9	sbo43	Qn9P	Ar43	A	1.09	385.4
3-NP-135	IM. N-9	sbo53	Qn9P	Ar53	A	1.28	439.4
3-NP-136	IM. N-9	sbo44	Qn9P	Ar44	A	1.13	389.4
3-NP-137	IM. N-9	sbo46	Qn9P	Ar46	A	1.25	405.4
3-NP-138	IM. N-10	sbo41	Qn10P	Ar41	A	1.25	403.4
3-NP-139	IM. N-10	sbo18	Qn10P	Ar18	A	1.10	385.4
3-NP-140	IM. N-10	sbo42	Qn10P	Ar42	A	1.07	413.4
3-NP-141	IM. N-10	sbo56	Qn10P	Ar56	A	1.02	413.4
3-NP-142	IM. N-10	sbo20	Qn10P	Ar20	A	1.14	403.4
3-NP-143	IM. N-10	sbo81	Qn10P	Ar81	A	1.14	415.4
3-NP-144	IM. N-10	sbo50	Qn10P	Ar50	A	1.15	408.4
3-NP-145	IM. N-10	sbo60	Qn10P	Ar60	A	1.04	420.4
3-NP-146	IM. N-10	sbo43	Qn10P	Ar43	A	1.21	399.4
3-NP-147	IM. N-10	sbo90	Qn10P	Ar90	A	1.03	386.4
3-NP-148	IM. N-10	sbo53	Qn10P	Ar53	A	1.39	453.4
3-NP-149	IM. N-10	sbo44	Qn10P	Ar44	A	1.21	403.4

[0330]

[Table 3-NP2]

Exp	SM1	SM2	ST	Ar	LCMS		
					method	Rtime	MH ⁺
4-NP-25	IM. N-2	sbo34	Qn2P	Ar34	A	1.20	421.4
4-NP-26	IM. N-3	sbo34	Qn3P	Ar34	A	1.24	433.4
4-NP-31	IM. N-1	sbo88	Qn1P	Ar88	A	1.29	441.4
4-NP-32	IM. N-3	sbo88	Qn3P	Ar88	A	1.42	467.3
4-NP-36	IM. N-2	sbo91	Qn2P	Ar91	A	1.24	470.4
4-NP-51	IM. N-1	sbo92	Qn1P	Ar92	A	1.21	430.4
4-NP-52	IM. N-1	sbo15	Qn1P	Ar15	A	1.2	400.4
4-NP-53	IM. N-1	sbo17	Qn1P	Ar17	A	1.19	412.4
4-NP-54	IM. N-1	sbo93	Qn1P	Ar93	A	1.13	426.4
4-NP-55	IM. N-1	sbo86	Qn1P	Ar86	A	1.25	430.4
4-NP-56	IM. N-1	sbo82	Qn1P	Ar82	A	1.16	430.4
4-NP-57	IM. N-1	sbo89	Qn1P	Ar89	A	1.11	440.4
4-NP-58	IM. N-1	sbo13	Qn1P	Ar13	A	1.19	400.4
4-NP-59	IM. N-1	sbo2	Qn1P	Ar2	A	1.31	416.4
4-NP-60	IM. N-1	sbo94	Qn1P	Ar94	A	1.18	421.4
4-NP-61	IM. N-1	sbo52	Qn1P	Ar52	A	1.22	421.4
4-NP-62	IM. N-1	sbo54	Qn1P	Ar54	A	1.35	475.4
4-NP-63	IM. N-1	sbo55	Qn1P	Ar55	A	1.37	475.3
4-NP-64	IM. N-3	sbo92	Qn3P	Ar92	A	1.32	456.4

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4-NP-65	IM. N-3	sbo15	Qn3P	Ar15	A	1.3	426.4
4-NP-66	IM. N-3	sbo17	Qn3P	Ar17	A	1.27	438.4
4-NP-67	IM. N-3	sbo93	Qn3P	Ar93	A	1.24	452.5
4-NP-68	IM. N-3	sbo86	Qn3P	Ar86	A	1.36	456.4
4-NP-69	IM. N-3	sbo82	Qn3P	Ar82	A	1.28	458.4
4-NP-70	IM. N-3	sbo89	Qn3P	Ar89	A	1.23	466.4
4-NP-71	IM. N-3	sbo70	Qn3P	Ar70	A	1.36	444.4
4-NP-72	IM. N-2	sbo92	Qn2P	Ar92	A	1.26	444.4
4-NP-74	IM. N-11	sbo4	Qn11P	Ar4	A	1.56	479.4
4-NP-75	IM. N-11	sbo41	Qn11P	Ar41	A	1.57	479.4
4-NP-76	IM. N-1	sbo95	Qn1P	Ar95	A	1.17	425.3
4-NP-77	IM. N-2	sbo95	Qn2P	Ar95	A	1.24	439.4
4-NP-78	IM. N-3	sbo95	Qn3P	Ar95	A	1.27	451.4
4-NP-79	IM. N-12	sbo4	Qn12P	Ar4	A	1.43	465.3
4-NP-80	IM. N-17	sbo4	Qn17P	Ar4	A	1.34	443.3
4-NP-81	IM. N-13	sbo4	Qn13P	Ar4	A	1.38	495.3
4-NP-82	IM. N-13	sbo18	Qn13P	Ar18	A	1.30	477.3
4-NP-86	IM. N-1	sbo98	Qn1P	Ar98	A	1.17	425.3
4-NP-87	IM. N-2	sbo98	Qn2P	Ar98	A	1.28	439.3
4-NP-95	IM. N-15	sbo4	Qn15P	Ar4	A	1.19	469.5
4-NP-96	IM. N-16	sbo4	Qn16P	Ar4	A	1.35	478.4
4-NP-97	IM. N-14	sbo4	Qn14P	Ar4	A	1.05	538.5

4-NP-99	IM. N-2	sbo106	Qn2P	Ar106	A	1.24	465.2
4-NP-109	IM. N-1	sbo96	Qn1P	Ar96	A	0.96	408.3
4-NP-100	IM. N-2	sbo107	Qn2P	Ar107	A	1.35	444.2
4-NP-128	IM. N-18	sbo4	Qn18P	Ar4	A	1.03	551.3
4-NP-130	IM. N-19	sbo4	Qn19P	Ar4	A	1.00	482.3
4-NP-131	IM. N-20	sbo4	Qn20P	Ar4	A	1.11	524.3
4-NP-132	IM. N-21	sbo4	Qn21P	Ar4	A	1.15	510.3
4-NP-133	IM. N-22	sbo4	Qn22P	Ar4	A	1.10	508.3
4-NP-134	IM. N-23	sbo4	Qn23P	Ar4	A	1.15	522.3
4-NP-145	IM. N-24	sbo4	Qn24P	Ar4	A	1.31	440.2
4-NP-162	IM. N-25	sbo4	Qn25P	Ar4	A	1.10	496.2
4-NP-163	IM. N-26	sbo4	Qn26P	Ar4	A	1.34	469.2
4-NP-164	IM. N-27	sbo4	Qn27P	Ar4	A	1.39	454.4
4-NP-165	IM. N-28	sbo4	Qn28P	Ar4	A	1.40	454.2
4-NP-166	IM. N-29	sbo4	Qn29P	Ar4	A	1.48	468.2
4-NP-167	IM. N-30	sbo4	Qn30P	Ar4	A	1.07	509.2
4-NP-186	IM. N-31	sbo4	Qn31P	Ar4	A	1.61	494.0
4-NP-187	IM. N-32	sbo4	Qn32P	Ar4	A	1.04	495.2
4-NP-216	IM. N-2	sbo175	Qn2P	Ar175	A	1.35	456.4
4-NP-408	IM. N-9	sbo186	Qn9P	Ar186	A	0.64	361.3
4-NP-409	IM. N-4	sbo186	Qn4P	Ar186	A	0.73	438.3

[0331]

Example 4-NP-8

5-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)nicotinonitrile

Aqueous sodium carbonate solution (0.1 M, 0.5 mL) was added to a THF (2.0 mL) solution of Intermediate Tf-2 (20 mg), 3-cyanopyridine-5-boronic acid pinacol ester (which may be referred to as sbo96; 29.0 mg; FRON), and PdCl₂dppf·CH₂Cl₂ (4.0 mg) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60°C for 15 hours. The reaction mixture solution was filtrated through celite™ and then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (18.3 mg).

(LCMS: 422.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.09 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0332]

Example 4-NP-113

N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(1-methyl-1H-indazol-5-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

Water (0.5 mL) was added to a THF (2.0 mL) solution of Intermediate Tf-2 (20 mg), 1-methyl-1H-indazole-5-boronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo118; 15.1 mg; Syn), PdCl₂dppf·CH₂Cl₂ (7.0 mg), and sodium carbonate (13.6 mg) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 17 and half hours. The reaction mixture solution was filtrated through celite™ and then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (1 mL) and methanol (1 mL) followed by the addition of SCX resin (200 mg) and the resulting mixture was agitated by shaking for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was filtrated, then SCX resin was washed with dichloromethane and methanol followed by the addition of 2 M ammonia methanol solution to elute, and the solvent was evaporated to give the title compound (19.5 mg).

(LCMS: 450.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.13 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0333]

Example 4-NP-83 to 4-NP-85, 4-NP-92 to 4-NP-94, 4-NP-101 to 4-NP-127, 4-NP-135, 4-NP-136, 4-NP-138 to 4-NP-144, 4-NP-146, 4-NP-147, 4-NP-149 to 4-NP-156, 4-NP-160, 4-NP-161, 4-NP-169 to 4-NP-180, 4-NP-182, 4-NP-185, 4-NP-188 to 4-NP-202, 4-NP-204 to 4-NP-214, 4-NP-217 to 4-NP-227, 4-NP-231 to 4-NP-244, 4-NP-248 to 4-NP-260, 4-NP-264 to 4-NP-275, 4-NP-278 to 4-NP-297, 4-NP-301 to 4-NP-303, 4-NP-307, 4-NP-309 to 4-NP-311, 4-NP-313 to 4-NP-330, 4-NP-332 to 4-NP-347, 4-NP-349 to 4-NP-357, 4-NP-359, 4-NP-361 to 4-NP-394, 4-NP-404, 4-NP-406, 4-NP-407, 4-NP-410 to 4-NP-418, 4-NP-430 to 4-NP-434, 4-NP-472 and 4-NP-473

Compounds of Examples 4-NP-83 to 4-NP-85, 4-NP-92 to 4-NP-94, 4-NP-101 to 4-NP-127, 4-NP-135, 4-NP-136, 4-NP-138 to 4-NP-144, 4-NP-146, 4-NP-147, 4-NP-149 to 4-NP-156, 4-NP-160, 4-NP-161, 4-NP-169 to 4-NP-180, 4-NP-182, 4-NP-185, 4-NP-188 to 4-NP-202, 4-NP-204 to 4-NP-214, 4-NP-217 to 4-NP-227, 4-NP-231 to 4-NP-244, 4-NP-248 to 4-NP-260, 4-NP-264 to 4-NP-275, 4-NP-278 to 4-NP-297, 4-NP-301 to 4-NP-303, 4-NP-307, 4-NP-309 to 4-NP-311, 4-NP-313 to 4-NP-330, 4-NP-332 to 4-NP-347, 4-NP-349 to 4-NP-357, 4-NP-359, 4-NP-361 to 4-NP-394, 4-NP-404, 4-NP-406, 4-NP-407, 4-NP-410 to 4-NP-418, 4-NP-430 to 4-NP-434, 4-NP-472 and 4-NP-473 were synthesized according to the method in Example 4-NP-113 (Table 4-NP). At this time, for example, the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1 was used if deprotection is required. In Table 4-NP, the SM1 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to Intermediate Tf-2 used in Example 4-NP-113 and the SM2 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to 1-methyl-1H-indazole-5-

boronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo118) used in Example 4-NP-113. For example, in Example 4-NP-83, Intermediate Tf-2 was used as "SM1" and 5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)nicotinonitrile (which may be referred to as sbo96) was used as "SM2" to perform the steps of Example 4-NP-113. In Table 4-NP, "LCMS" was defined as described above, abbreviations such as "Ar19" and "sbo19" represent compounds or groups corresponding to abbreviations in Tables Ar and sbo, respectively, provided later.

Example compounds in Table 4-NP also include compounds purified by column chromatography and/or compounds finally purified by preparative HPLC.

Further, the Example compounds in Table 4-NP also include compounds synthesized by reacting at 80 to 90°C using 1,4-dioxane instead of THF in the method in Example 4-NP-113, such as the following Example compounds 4-NP-355, 4-NP-356, 4-NP-365, 4-NP-366, 4-NP-367, and 4-NP-368.

[0334]

[Table 4-NP]

Exp	SM1	SM2	ST	Ar	LCMS		
					method	Rtime	MH ⁺
4-NP-83	Tf-2	sbo96	Qn2P	Ar96	A	1.09	422.3
4-NP-84	Tf-2	sbo90	Qn2P	Ar90	A	1.14	422.3
4-NP-85	Tf-2	sbo97	Qn2P	Ar97	A	0.96	432.1
4-NP-92	Tf-2	sbo103	Qn2P	Ar103	A	0.94	457.3
4-NP-93	Tf-2	sbo104	Qn2P	Ar104	A	1.47	436.3
4-NP-94	Tf-2	sbo105	Qn2P	Ar105	A	1.17	435.3
4-NP-101	Tf-2	sbo108	Qn2P	Ar108	B	3.15	439.0
4-NP-102	Tf-2	sbo109	Qn2P	Ar109	B	3.16	449.3
4-NP-103	Tf-2	sbo110	Qn2P	Ar110	B	2.97	481.5
4-NP-104	Tf-2	sbo111	Qn2P	Ar111	A	1.36	451.3
4-NP-105	Tf-2	sbo112	Qn2P	Ar112	A	1.17	444.3

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4-NP-106	Tf-2	sbo113	Qn2P	Ar113	A	1.23	440.3
4-NP-107	Tf-2	sbo114	Qn2P	Ar114	A	1.26	451.3
4-NP-108	Tf-2	sbo115	Qn2P	Ar115	A	1.29	446.3
4-NP-110	Tf-2	sbo73	Qn2P	Ar73	A	1.13	415.2
4-NP-111	Tf-2	sbo116	Qn2P	Ar116	A	1.29	449.2
4-NP-112	Tf-2	sbo117	Qn2P	Ar117	A	1.35	433.2
4-NP-113	Tf-2	sbo118	Qn2P	Ar118	A	1.13	450.3
4-NP-114	Tf-2	sbo119	Qn2P	Ar119	A	1.19	447.3
4-NP-115	Tf-2	sbo120	Qn2P	Ar120	A	0.91	439.3
4-NP-116	Tf-2	sbo121	Qn2P	Ar121	A	1.01	453.3
4-NP-117	Tf-2	sbo122	Qn2P	Ar122	A	0.86	439.3
4-NP-118	Tf-2	sbo123	Qn2P	Ar123	A	0.98	453.3
4-NP-119	Tf-2	sbo124	Qn2P	Ar124	A	0.95	457.3
4-NP-120	Tf-2	sbo125	Qn2P	Ar125	A	1.09	454.3
4-NP-121	Tf-2	sbo126	Qn2P	Ar126	A	0.83	386.3
4-NP-122	Tf-2	sbo127	Qn2P	Ar127	A	0.76	494.4
4-NP-123	Tf-2	sbo128	Qn2P	Ar128	A	0.91	400.3
4-NP-124	Tf-2	sbo129	Qn2P	Ar129	A	1.1	437.2
4-NP-125	Tf-2	sbo130	Qn2P	Ar130	A	1.04	430.4
4-NP-126	Tf-2	sbo131	Qn2P	Ar131	A	1.29	494.4
4-NP-127	Tf-2	sbo132	Qn2P	Ar132	A	1.14	466.5
4-NP-135	Tf-2	sbo134	Qn2P	Ar134	A	1.13	425.3

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4-NP-136	Tf-2	sbo135	Qn2P	Ar135	A	1.12	429.3
4-NP-138	Tf-2	sbo136	Qn2P	Ar136	A	0.92	451.1
4-NP-139	Tf-2	sbo137	Qn2P	Ar137	A	1.33	466.3
4-NP-140	Tf-1	sbo90	Qn1P	Ar90	B	2.78	407.8
4-NP-141	Tf-1	sbo123	Qn1P	Ar123	B	2.57	439.3
4-NP-142	Tf-1	sbo130	Qn1P	Ar130	B	2.74	416.1
4-NP-143	Tf-1	sbo73	Qn1P	Ar73	A	1.10	401.2
4-NP-144	Tf-1	sbo118	Qn1P	Ar118	A	1.15	436.3
4-NP-146	Tf-1	sbo192	Qn1P	Ar192	A	0.87	397.2
4-NP-147	Tf-2	sbo192	Qn2P	Ar192	A	0.94	411.2
4-NP-149	Tf-1	sbo22	Qn1P	Ar22	A	0.89	386.0
4-NP-150	Tf-1	sbo194	Qn1P	Ar194	A	1.26	428.3
4-NP-151	Tf-1	sbo195	Qn1P	Ar195	A	1.30	462.2
4-NP-152	Tf-1	sbo186	Qn1P	Ar186	A	0.76	397.2
4-NP-153	Tf-1	sbo157	Qn1P	Ar157	A	1.16	411.2
4-NP-154	Tf-1	sbo158	Qn1P	Ar158	A	1.14	411.2
4-NP-155	Tf-1	sbo147	Qn1P	Ar147	A	1.15	417.2
4-NP-156	Tf-1	sbo196	Qn1P	Ar196	A	0.68	481.2
4-NP-160	Tf-1	sbo148	Qn1P	Ar148	A	0.69	398.2
4-NP-161	Tf-1	sbo300	Qn1P	Ar300	A	0.74	399.2
4-NP-169	Tf-1	sbo111	Qn1P	Ar111	A	1.27	437.4
4-NP-170	Tf-1	sbo139	Qn1P	Ar139	A	0.94	397.2

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4-NP-171	Tf-1	sbo140	Qn1P	Ar140	A	1.09	409.4
4-NP-172	Tf-1	sbo141	Qn1P	Ar141	A	1.07	434.4
4-NP-173	Tf-1	sbo142	Qn1P	Ar142	A	1.13	415.5
4-NP-174	Tf-1	sbo143	Qn1P	Ar143	A	1.17	434.4
4-NP-175	Tf-1	sbo144	Qn1P	Ar144	A	1.13	415.4
4-NP-176	Tf-1	sbo47	Qn1P	Ar47	A	1.28	451.4
4-NP-177	Tf-1	sbo145	Qn1P	Ar145	A	1.02	413.2
4-NP-178	Tf-1	sbo146	Qn1P	Ar146	A	0.69	398.2
4-NP-179	Tf-2	sbo147	Qn2P	Ar147	A	1.22	431.0
4-NP-180	Tf-2	sbo148	Qn2P	Ar148	A	0.69	412.3
4-NP-182	Tf-2	sbo150	Qn2P	Ar150	A	1.19	422.2
4-NP-185	Tf-1	sbo153	Qn1P	Ar153	A	1.10	413.2
4-NP-188	Tf-2	sbo153	Qn2P	Ar153	A	1.21	427.3
4-NP-189	Tf-2	sbo154	Qn2P	Ar154	A	1.09	412.2
4-NP-190	Tf-2	sbo155	Qn2P	Ar155	A	1.15	431.2
4-NP-191	Tf-2	sbo139	Qn2P	Ar139	A	1.02	411.2
4-NP-192	Tf-2	sbo144	Qn2P	Ar144	A	1.21	429.5
4-NP-193	Tf-2	sbo142	Qn2P	Ar142	A	1.28	429.4
4-NP-194	Tf-2	sbo156	Qn2P	Ar156	A	1.37	445.2
4-NP-195	Tf-2	sbo157	Qn2P	Ar157	A	1.32	425.2
4-NP-196	Tf-2	sbo158	Qn2P	Ar158	A	1.29	425.2
4-NP-197	Tf-2	sbo159	Qn2P	Ar159	A	0.93	411.2

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4-NP-198	Tf-1	sbo160	Qn1P	Ar160	A	1.18	439.4
4-NP-199	Tf-1	Ar161	Qn1P	Ar161	A	0.77	411.2
4-NP-200	Tf-1	sbo162	Qn1P	Ar162	A	1.35	447.2
4-NP-201	Tf-1	sbo163	Qn1P	Ar163	A	0.99	422.4
4-NP-202	Tf-1	sbo160	Qn1P	Ar160	A	1.09	408.4
4-NP-204	Tf-1	sbo165	Qn1P	Ar165	A	1.01	401.5
4-NP-205	Tf-1	sbo166	Qn1P	Ar166	A	1.23	431.5
4-NP-206	Tf-1	sbo166	Qn1P	Ar166	A	1.20	431.4
4-NP-207	Tf-1	sbo167	Qn1P	Ar167	A	1.06	414.5
4-NP-208	Tf-1	sbo168	Qn1P	Ar168	A	0.89	439.5
4-NP-209	Tf-1	sbo169	Qn1P	Ar169	A	1.00	465.0
4-NP-210	Tf-1	sbo170	Qn1P	Ar170	A	0.95	401.5
4-NP-211	Tf-1	sbo171	Qn1P	Ar171	A	1.22	431.5
4-NP-212	Tf-1	sbo172	Qn1P	Ar172	A	0.93	478.5
4-NP-213	Tf-1	sbo173	Qn1P	Ar173	A	1.25	421.5
4-NP-214	Tf-1	sbo174	Qn1P	Ar174	A	1.19	439.0
4-NP-217	Tf-2	sbo176	Qn2P	Ar176	A	1.12	431.2
4-NP-218	Tf-2	sbo177	Qn2P	Ar177	A	0.93	387.2
4-NP-219	Tf-2	sbo178	Qn2P	Ar178	A	0.839	411.2
4-NP-220	Tf-2	sbo179	Qn2P	Ar179	A	1.07	455.2
4-NP-221	Tf-2	sbo180	Qn2P	Ar180	A	0.88	411.2
4-NP-222	Tf-2	sbo181	Qn2P	Ar181	A	1.24	445.2

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4-NP-223	Tf-2	sbo182	Qn2P	Ar182	A	1.31	461.5
4-NP-224	Tf-2	sbo161	Qn2P	Ar161	A	0.81	425.2
4-NP-225	Tf-2	sbo163	Qn2P	Ar163	A	1.01	436.0
4-NP-226	Tf-2	sbo165	Qn2P	Ar165	A	1.05	415.5
4-NP-227	Tf-2	sbo167	Qn2P	Ar167	A	1.15	428.1
4-NP-231	Tf-1	sbo186	Qn1P	Ar186	A	0.74	397.3
4-NP-232	Tf-1	sbo145	Qn1P	Ar145	A	0.98	413.2
4-NP-233	Tf-1	sbo187	Qn1P	Ar187	A	1.30	466.5
4-NP-234	Tf-1	sbo188	Qn1P	Ar188	A	0.91	386.3
4-NP-235	Tf-1	sbo189	Qn1P	Ar189	A	1.12	482.3
4-NP-236	Tf-1	sbo190	Qn1P	Ar190	A	0.95	414.3
4-NP-237	Tf-1	sbo191	Qn1P	Ar191	A	1.01	454.3
4-NP-238	Tf-1	sbo154	Qn1P	Ar154	A	0.64	398.2
4-NP-239	Tf-2	sbo191	Qn2P	Ar191	A	1.09	458.3
4-NP-240	Tf-3	sbo192	Qn3P	Ar192	A	1.02	423.2
4-NP-241	Tf-3	sbo139	Qn3P	Ar139	A	1.03	423.2
4-NP-242	Tf-3	sbo186	Qn3P	Ar186	A	0.88	423.2
4-NP-243	Tf-2	sbo170	Qn2P	Ar170	A	1.05	415.0
4-NP-244	Tf-2	sbo188	Qn2P	Ar188	A	0.98	400.2
4-NP-248	Tf-2	sbo202	Qn2P	Ar202	A	1.37	449.1
4-NP-249	Tf-2	sbo203	Qn2P	Ar203	A	0.98	454.2
4-NP-250	Tf-2	sbo204	Qn2P	Ar204	A	1.25	400.5

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4-NP-251	Tf-2	sbo205	Qn2P	Ar205	A	1.34	416.4
4-NP-252	Tf-2	sbo206	Qn2P	Ar206	A	1.35	416.2
4-NP-253	Tf-1	sbo207	Qn1P	Ar207	A	0.71	412.2
4-NP-254	Tf-2	sbo207	Qn2P	Ar207	A	0.76	426.2
4-NP-255	Tf-1	sbo208	Qn1P	Ar208	A	0.72	412.2
4-NP-256	Tf-1	sbo209	Qn1P	Ar209	A	0.74	426.3
4-NP-257	Tf-2	sbo208	Qn2P	Ar208	A	0.72	426.3
4-NP-258	Tf-2	sbo209	Qn2P	Ar209	A	0.80	440.3
4-NP-259	Tf-1	sbo210	Qn1P	Ar210	A	1.18	451.5
4-NP-260	Tf-1	sbo211	Qn1P	Ar211	A	1.06	415.0
4-NP-264	Tf-1	sbo215	Qn1P	Ar215	A	1.08	417.4
4-NP-265	Tf-1	sbo216	Qn1P	Ar216	A	0.88	460.9
4-NP-266	Tf-1	sbo217	Qn1P	Ar217	A	0.62	422.2
4-NP-267	Tf-1	sbo218	Qn1P	Ar218	A	0.74	436.2
4-NP-268	Tf-1	sbo219	Qn1P	Ar219	A	0.91	400.5
4-NP-269	Tf-1	sbo220	Qn1P	Ar220	A	0.82	400.0
4-NP-270	Tf-1	sbo221	Qn1P	Ar221	A	1.06	385.0
4-NP-271	Tf-1	sbo222	Qn1P	Ar222	A	1.28	435.6
4-NP-272	Tf-1	sbo223	Qn1P	Ar223	A	0.94	417.4
4-NP-273	Tf-1	sbo224	Qn1P	Ar224	A	1.11	448.0
4-NP-274	Tf-1	sbo225	Qn1P	Ar225	A	0.84	400.3
4-NP-275	Tf-1	sbo226	Qn1P	Ar226	A	1.03	401.4

4-NP-278	Tf-1	sbo229	Qn1P	Ar229	A	0.56	412.2
4-NP-279	Tf-1	sbo230	Qn1P	Ar230	A	0.53	412.2
4-NP-280	Tf-2	sbo230	Qn2P	Ar230	A	0.58	426.3
4-NP-281	Tf-1	sbo231	Qn1P	Ar231	A	0.90	454.3
4-NP-282	Tf-1	sbo232	Qn1P	Ar232	A	0.77	440.2
4-NP-283	Tf-3	sbo219	Qn3P	Ar219	A	1.01	426.5
4-NP-284	Tf-3	sbo167	Qn3P	Ar167	A	1.07	440.5
4-NP-285	Tf-3	sbo233	Qn3P	Ar233	A	1.12	462.3
4-NP-286	Tf-3	sbo157	Qn3P	Ar157	A	1.20	437.3
4-NP-287	Tf-3	sbo148	Qn3P	Ar148	A	0.63	424.2
4-NP-288	Tf-3	sbo90	Qn3P	Ar90	A	1.09	435.2
4-NP-289	Tf-3	sbo165	Qn3P	Ar165	A	1.04	428.2
4-NP-290	Tf-3	sbo171	Qn3P	Ar171	A	1.23	458.2
4-NP-291	Tf-3	sbo117	Qn3P	Ar117	A	1.32	446.2
4-NP-292	Tf-3	sbo128	Qn3P	Ar128	A	0.89	413.2
4-NP-293	Tf-3	sbo161	Qn3P	Ar161	A	0.73	437.2
4-NP-294	Tf-2	sbo234	Qn2P	Ar234	A	1.24	456.4
4-NP-295	Tf-2	sbo235	Qn2P	Ar235	A	1.16	452.5
4-NP-296	Tf-2	sbo210	Qn2P	Ar210	A	1.22	465.5
4-NP-297	Tf-2	sbo236	Qn2P	Ar236	A	1.27	461.4
4-NP-301	Tf-2	sbo240	Qn2P	Ar240	A	1.07	467.1
4-NP-302	Tf-2	sbo241	Qn2P	Ar241	A	1.09	481.3

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4-NP-303	Tf-2	sbo242	Qn2P	Ar242	A	1.14	483.3
4-NP-307	Tf-1	sbo246	Qn1P	Ar246	A	0.97	436.5
4-NP-309	Tf-2	sbo248	Qn2P	Ar248	A	0.92	475.2
4-NP-310	Tf-2	sbo249	Qn2P	Ar249	A	1.14	503.2
4-NP-311	Tf-2	sbo186	Qn2P	Ar186	A	0.74	411.2
4-NP-313	Tf-3	sbo96	Qn3P	Ar96	A	1.04	435.2
4-NP-314	Tf-3	sbo150	Qn3P	Ar150	A	1.12	435.2
4-NP-315	Tf-3	sbo158	Qn3P	Ar158	A	1.14	437.3
4-NP-316	Tf-3	sbo156	Qn3P	Ar156	A	1.27	457.1
4-NP-317	Tf-3	sbo231	Qn3P	Ar231	A	1.08	480.3
4-NP-318	Tf-3	sbo232	Qn3P	Ar232	A	0.95	466.3
4-NP-319	Tf-3	sbo232	Qn3P	Ar232	A	0.99	448.2
4-NP-320	Tf-1	sbo251	Qn1P	Ar251	A	1.13	450.4
4-NP-321	Tf-1	sbo233	Qn1P	Ar233	A	1.11	450.4
4-NP-322	Tf-1	sbo252	Qn1P	Ar252	A	1.13	450.4
4-NP-323	Tf-1	sbo253	Qn1P	Ar253	A	0.97	423.3
4-NP-324	Tf-2	sbo253	Qn2P	Ar253	A	1.04	437.4
4-NP-325	Tf-1	sbo254	Qn1P	Ar254	A	0.90	411.3
4-NP-326	Tf-1	sbo255	Qn1P	Ar255	A	0.94	411.3
4-NP-327	Tf-2	sbo254	Qn2P	Ar254	A	0.97	425.4
4-NP-328	Tf-2	sbo255	Qn2P	Ar255	A	1.00	425.2
4-NP-329	Tf-2	sbo173	Qn2P	Ar173	A	1.25	435.5

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4-NP-330	Tf-2	sbo256	Qn2P	Ar256	A	1.19	445.3
4-NP-332	Tf-2	sbo258	Qn2P	Ar258	A	1.12	431.3
4-NP-333	Tf-2	sbo246	Qn2P	Ar246	A	1.08	450.4
4-NP-334	Tf-2	sbo219	Qn2P	Ar219	A	0.97	414.3
4-NP-335	Tf-2	sbo259	Qn2P	Ar259	A	0.92	466.3
4-NP-336	Tf-2	sbo260	Qn2P	Ar260	A	0.98	479.3
4-NP-337	Tf-2	sbo261	Qn2P	Ar261	A	1.06	437.2
4-NP-338	Tf-2	sbo266	Qn2P	Ar266	A	1.29	449.3
4-NP-339	Tf-2	sbo263	Qn2P	Ar263	A	1.32	463.4
4-NP-340	Tf-2	sbo265	Qn2P	Ar264	A	0.81	427.3
4-NP-341	Tf-2	sbo265	Qn2P	Ar265	A	1.21	441.3
4-NP-342	Tf-3	sbo233	Qn3P	Ar233	A	1.13	463.4
4-NP-343	Tf-3	sbo252	Qn3P	Ar252	A	1.19	462.3
4-NP-344	Tf-2	sbo233	Qn2P	Ar233	A	1.1	450.4
4-NP-345	Tf-2	sbo252	Qn2P	Ar252	A	1.15	450.4
4-NP-346	Tf-1	sbo262	Qn1P	Ar262	A	1.01	427.3
4-NP-347	Tf-2	sbo262	Qn2P	Ar262	A	1.08	441.3
4-NP-349	Tf-2	sbo267	Qn2P	Ar267	A	0.94	439.3
4-NP-350	Tf-3	sbo254	Qn3P	Ar254	A	1.02	437.1
4-NP-351	Tf-3	sbo255	Qn3P	Ar255	A	1.04	437.4
4-NP-352	Tf-1	sbo268	Qn1P	Ar268	A	0.96	433.1
4-NP-353	Tf-2	sbo268	Qn2P	Ar268	A	1.03	447.1

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4-NP-354	Tf-1	sbo269	Qn1P	Ar269	A	0.91	415.5
4-NP-355	Tf-1	sbo270	Qn1P	Ar270	A	0.88	451.4
4-NP-356	Tf-2	sbo270	Qn2P	Ar270	A	0.93	465.4
4-NP-357	Tf-2	sbo274	Qn2P	Ar274	A	0.87	454.2
4-NP-359	Tf-2	sbo276	Qn2P	Ar276	A	0.98	465.3
4-NP-361	Tf-2	sbo269	Qn2P	Ar269	A	0.96	429.0
4-NP-362	Tf-1	sbo236	Qn1P	Ar236	A	1.06	438.5
4-NP-363	Tf-1	sbo271	Qn1P	Ar271	A	0.79	411.1
4-NP-364	Tf-2	sbo271	Qn2P	Ar271	A	0.85	425.3
4-NP-365	Tf-1	sbo272	Qn1P	Ar272	A	1.09	450.3
4-NP-366	Tf-1	sbo273	Qn1P	Ar273	A	1.05	450.3
4-NP-367	Tf-2	sbo272	Qn2P	Ar272	A	1.15	464.5
4-NP-368	Tf-2	sbo273	Qn2P	Ar273	A	1.11	464.5
4-NP-369	Tf-1	sbo278	Qn1P	Ar278	A	0.99	433.0
4-NP-370	Tf-1	sbo279	Qn1P	Ar279	A	0.98	433.0
4-NP-371	Tf-1	sbo280	Qn1P	Ar280	A	0.88	415.3
4-NP-372	Tf-2	sbo278	Qn2P	Ar278	A	1.06	447.0
4-NP-373	Tf-2	sbo279	Qn2P	Ar279	A	1.06	447.1
4-NP-374	Tf-2	sbo280	Qn2P	Ar280	A	0.96	429.3
4-NP-375	Tf-3	sbo278	Qn3P	Ar278	A	1.13	459.3
4-NP-376	Tf-3	sbo279	Qn3P	Ar279	A	1.1	459.1
4-NP-377	Tf-3	sbo280	Qn3P	Ar280	A	0.99	441.1

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4-NP-378	Tf-3	sbo269	Qn3P	Ar269	A	1.01	441.1
4-NP-379	Tf-3	sbo271	Qn3P	Ar271	A	0.88	437.3
4-NP-380	Tf-3	sbo161	Qn3P	Ar161	A	0.73	437.3
4-NP-381	Tf-1	sbo281	Qn1P	Ar281	A	1.27	447.1
4-NP-382	Tf-1	sbo282	Qn1P	Ar282	A	1.23	447.3
4-NP-383	Tf-1	sbo283	Qn1P	Ar283	A	1.26	435.1
4-NP-384	Tf-1	sbo284	Qn1P	Ar284	A	0.84	415.5
4-NP-385	Tf-2	sbo281	Qn2P	Ar281	A	1.32	461.1
4-NP-386	Tf-2	sbo282	Qn2P	Ar282	A	1.29	461.1
4-NP-387	Tf-2	sbo283	Qn2P	Ar283	A	1.31	449.6
4-NP-388	Tf-2	sbo284	Qn2P	Ar284	A	0.91	429.5
4-NP-389	Tf-1	sbo285	Qn1P	Ar285	A	0.76	411.3
4-NP-390	Tf-2	sbo285	Qn2P	Ar285	A	0.83	425.3
4-NP-391	Tf-3	sbo285	Qn3P	Ar285	A	0.87	437.3
4-NP-392	Tf-1	sbo286	Qn1P	Ar286	A	1.18	457.1
4-NP-393	Tf-2	sbo286	Qn2P	Ar286	A	1.24	471.1
4-NP-394	Tf-3	sbo286	Qn3P	Ar286	A	1.28	483.1
4-NP-404	Tf-2	sbo288	Qn2P	Ar288	A	1.01	429.3
4-NP-406	Tf-2	sbo289	Qn2P	Ar289	A	1.06	429.5
4-NP-407	Tf-1	sbo289	Qn1P	Ar289	A	1.00	415.3
4-NP-410	Tf-1	sbo290	Qn1P	Ar290	A	1.17	443.6
4-NP-411	Tf-2	sbo290	Qn2P	Ar290	A	1.11	429.5

4-NP-412	Tf-1	sbo291	Qn1P	Ar291	A	1.14	440.5
4-NP-413	Tf-1	sbo292	Qn1P	Ar292	A	0.87	461.2
4-NP-414	Tf-1	sbo293	Qn1P	Ar293	A	1.12	454.3
4-NP-415	Tf-1	sbo294	Qn1P	Ar294	A	1.17	468.6
4-NP-416	Tf-1	sbo295	Qn1P	Ar295	A	1.18	468.4
4-NP-417	Tf-1	sbo296	Qn1P	Ar296	A	1.45	454.5
4-NP-418	Tf-1	sbo297	Qn1P	Ar297	A	1.08	455.3
4-NP-430	Tf-1	sbo304	Qn1P	Ar304	A	0.73	399.3
4-NP-431	Tf-1	sbo305	Qn1P	Ar305	A	0.94	426.1
4-NP-432	Tf-1	sbo306	Qn1P	Ar306	A	0.89	441.3
4-NP-433	Tf-1	sbo307	Qn1P	Ar307	A	0.83	461.5
4-NP-434	Tf-1	sbo308	Qn1P	Ar308	A	0.91	460.6
4-NP-472	Tf-1	sbo309	Qn1P	Ar309	A	1.11	489.5
4-NP-473	Tf-1	sbo310	Qn1P	Ar310	A	1.04	474.4

[0335]

Example 4-NP-88

N-(4-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzyl)-6-methylnicotinamide

[Step a]

tert-butyl 4-(8-bromoisquinolin-6-yl)benzylcarbamate (Intermediate 4-NP-88-1)

The title compound was obtained as a crude product (166 mg) by the similar method as the method described in Example 4-NP-8 using Intermediate 6 (120 mg) and 4-((tert-butoxycarbonylamino)methyl)phenylboronic acid (76.1 mg; Combi).

(Intermediate 4-NP-88-1 LCMS: 415.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.89 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0336]

[Step b]

6-(4-(aminomethyl)phenyl)-N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine (Intermediate 4-NP-88-2)

The title compound (49.2 mg) was obtained using Intermediate 4-NP-88-1 (166 mg) and Intermediate N-2 (81.6 mg) by the similar method as the method described in Example 1-N-1.

(Intermediate 4-NP-88-2 LCMS: 425.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.69 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0337]

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[Step c]

N-(4-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzyl)-6-methylnicotinamide (Example 4-NP-88)

The title compound (1.3 mg) was obtained using Intermediate 4-NP-88-2 (19.4 mg) and 6-methylnicotinic acid (which may be referred to as sco100; 8.0 mg; Ald) by the similar method as the method described in Example 2-N-2.

(Example 4-NP-88 LCMS: 544.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.02 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0338]

Example 4-NP-89

N-(4-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzyl)-2-hydroxyacetamide

The title compound (6.4 mg) was obtained using Intermediate 4-NP-88-2 (19.4 mg) and 2-hydroxyacetic acid (which may be referred to as sco97; 3.3 mg; WAKO™) by the similar method as the method described in Example 2-N-2.

(Example 4-NP-89 LCMS: 483.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.92 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0339]

Example 4-NP-90

N-(4-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)phenethyl)-6-methylnicotinamide

[Step a]

tert-butyl 4-(8-bromoisquinolin-6-yl)phenethylcarbamate (Intermediate 4-NP-90-1)

The title compound was obtained as a crude product (162 mg) using Intermediate 6 (100 mg) and tert-butyl 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenethylcarbamate (which may be referred to as sbo400; 135 mg) by the similar method as the method described in Example 4-NP-8.

(Intermediate 4-NP-90-1 LCMS: 427.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 5.36 min; LCMS; condition B)

[0340]

[Step b]

6-(4-(2-aminoethyl)phenyl)-N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine (Intermediate 4-NP-90-2)

The title compound (39.6 mg) was obtained using Intermediate 4-NP-90-1 (162 mg) and Intermediate N-2 (58.4 mg) by the similar method as the method described in Example 1-N-1.

(Intermediate 4-NP-90-2 LCMS: 439.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.81 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0341]

[Step c]

N-(4-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)phenethyl)-6-methylnicotinamide (Example 4-NP-90)

The title compound (8.4 mg) was obtained using Intermediate 4-NP-90-2 (20 mg) and 6-methylnicotinic acid (which may be referred to as sco100; 8.0 mg; Ald) by the similar method as the method described in Example 2-N-2.

[0342]

(Example 4-NP-90 LCMS: 558.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.09 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 4-NP-91

N-(4-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)phenethyl)-2-hydroxyacetamide

The title compound (0.9 mg) was obtained using Intermediate 4-NP-90-2 (20 mg) and 2-hydroxyacetic acid (which may be referred to as sco97; 3.3 mg; WAKO™) by the similar method as the method described in Example 2-N-2.

(Example 4-NP-91 LCMS: 497.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.96 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0343]

Example 4-NP-98

4-(6-(3-cyano-4-fluorophenyl)isoquinolin-8-ylamino)-N,N-dimethylpiperidine-1-carboxamide

The title compound was obtained as a byproduct in the reaction in the step of Example 4-NP-79.

(LCMS: 418.5 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.19 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0344]

Example 4-NP-148

2-hydroxy-N-(3-(8-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)phenyl)acetamide

[Step a]

6-(3-aminophenyl)-N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine (Intermediate 4-NP-148-1)

The title compound (32.1 mg) was obtained using Intermediate Tf-1 (40 mg) and 3-aminophenylboronic acid (24.1 mg; TCI) by the similar method as the method described in Example 4-NP-8.

(Intermediate 4-NP-148-1 LCMS: 397.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.94 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0345]

[Step b]

2-hydroxy-N-(3-(8-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)phenyl)acetamide (Example 4-NP-148)

The title compound was synthesized according to the following publications using Intermediate 4-NP-148-1 (16 mg) and 2-hydroxyacetic acid (which may be referred to as sco97; 3.7 mg; WAKO™) to give the title compound (4.5 mg).

(Document: US 5366987)

(Example 4-NP-148 LCMS: 455.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.95 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0346]

Example 4-NP-157

N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(3-(piperazin-1-ylmethyl)phenyl)isoquinolin-8-amine

[Step a] 3-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzaldehyde (Intermediate 4-NP-157-1)

Aqueous sodium carbonate solution (0.1 M, 0.5 mL) was added to a THF (2.0 mL) solution of Intermediate Tf-2 (80 mg), 3-formylphenylboronic acid (51.0 mg; Ald), and PdCl₂dppf·CH₂Cl₂ (14.0 mg) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60°C for 11 hours. The reaction mixture solution was filtrated through celite™ and then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (81.0 mg).

(LCMS: 424.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.16 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0347]

[Step b]

tert-butyl-4-(3-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate

(Intermediate 4-NP-157-2)

Sodium cyanoborohydride (5 mg; WAKO™) was added to a methanol solution of Intermediate 4-NP-157-1 (25 mg), 1-BOC-PIPERAZINE (110 mg; Ald), acetic acid (7 ul) at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred for 13 hours at room temperature. Chloroform and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution were added to extract the reaction mixture, then the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (19.6 mg).

(LCMS: 594.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.16 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0348]

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[Step c]

N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(3-(piperazin-1-ylmethyl)phenyl)isoquinolin-8-amine

A methanol hydrochloride solution (10%, 2ml) of Intermediate 4-NP-157-2 (19.6 mg) was stirred at 50°C for 2 hours. The reaction solution was evaporated under reduced pressure, ethanol and ether were added to the residue, and the residue was collected by filtration to give the title compound (13.9 mg).

(LCMS: 494.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.82 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0349]

Example 4-NP-159

N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(3-(morpholinomethyl)phenyl)isoquinolin-8-amine

The title compound (2.2 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-NP-157-1 (25 mg) and morpholine (10 ul; Ald) by the similar method as Step b of Example 4-NP-157.

(LCMS: 495.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.83 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0350]

Example 4-NP-184

6-(3-((4-aminopiperidin-1-yl)methyl)phenyl)-N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

The title compound (9.6 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-NP-157-1 (25 mg) and 4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)piperidine (118 mg; TCI) using the similar method as Steps b and c of Example 4-NP-157 sequentially.

(LCMS: 508.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.69 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0351]

Example 4-NP-181

N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(5-(piperazin-1-ylmethyl)pyridin-3-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

[Step a] 5-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)nicotinaldehyde (Intermediate 4-NP-181-1)

The title compound (34.0 mg) was obtained from Intermediate Tf-2 (60.0 mg) and 5-formyl pyridine-3-boronic acid pinacol ester (55.0 mg) by the similar method as Step a of Example 4-NP-157.

(LCMS: 425.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.99 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0352]

[Step b]

- 235 -

tert-butyl 4-((5-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)pyridin-3-yl)methyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (Intermediate 4-NP-181-2)

The title compound (54.7 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-NP-181-1 (34.0 mg) by the similar method as Step b of Example 4-NP-157.

(LCMS: 595.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.06 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0353]

[Step c]

N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(5-(piperazin-1-ylmethyl)pyridin-3-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

The title compound (15.8 mg) was obtained from Intermediate 4-NP-181-2 (22.4 mg) by the similar method as Step c of Example 4-NP-157.

(LCMS: 495.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.71 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0354]

Example 4-NP-183

(5-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)pyridin-3-yl)methanol

The title compound (30.6 mg) was obtained as a byproduct in the reaction in the step b of Example 4-NP-181.

(LCMS: 427.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.83 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0355]

Example 4-NP-228

6-(3-(cyclopropylmethylamino)-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

[Step a]

6-(3-amino-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine (Intermediate 4-NP-228-

1)

The title compound (164 mg) was obtained using Intermediate Tf-1 (200 mg) and 3-amino-4-fluorophenylboronic acid (137 mg; Asymchem) by the similar method as the method described in Example 4-NP-8.

(Intermediate 4-NP-228-1 LCMS: 415.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.11 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0356]

[Step b]

6-(3-(cyclopropylmethylamino)-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

(Example 4-NP-228)

The title compound was synthesized by the method described in Step a of Example 1-N-1 using Intermediate 4-NP-228-1 (20 mg) and cyclopropanecarbaldehyde (9.6 μ L; Ald) and the product was purified by preparative HPLC to give the title compound (4.9 mg).

(Example 4-NP-228 LCMS: 469.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.49 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0357]

Example 4-NP-229

4-(8-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)pyridin-2-ol

2 M Hydrochloric acid-dioxane (2 M; KOKUSAN) was added to the product obtained by the similar method as the method described in Example 4-NP-8 using Intermediate Tf-1 (20 mg) and 2-methoxypyridin-4-ylboronic acid (20.2 mg; Combi) and concentrated and the product was purified by preparative HPLC to give the title compound (1.3 mg).

(Intermediate 4-NP-229 LCMS: 399.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.72 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0358]

Example 4-NP-348

N8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-N6-m-tolylisoquinoline-6,8-diamine

Sodium t-butoxide (1.28 mg; TCI) was added to a 1,4-dioxane solution of Intermediate Tf-2 (20.0 mg), 3-methylaniline (17.9 mg; WAKO™), Pd₂(dba)₃ (3.1 mg; Ald), and BINAP (4.2 mg; Ald) under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 4 hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes, then the reaction mixture solution was filtrated, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (2.4 mg).

(LCMS: 425.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.23 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0359]

Example 4-NP-400

3-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-ylamino)benzonitrile

(LCMS: 436.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.07 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0360]

Example 4-NP-401

N8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-N6-(3-fluorophenyl)isoquinoline-6,8-diamine

(LCMS: 429.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.16 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0361]

Example 4-NP-402

N8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-N6-p-tolylisoquinoline-6,8-diamine

(LCMS: 425.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.21 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0362]

Example 4-NP-403

N8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-N6-(4-fluorophenyl)isoquinoline-6,8-diamine

(LCMS: 429.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.13 min; LCMS; condition A)

Compounds of Examples 4-NP-400, 4-NP-401, 4-NP-402 and 4-NP-403 were synthesized using 3-aminobenzonitrile, 3-fluoroaniline, 4-methylaniline, and 4-fluoroaniline respectively, instead of 3-methylaniline described in the step of Example 4-NP-348.

[0363]

Example 4-NP-423

6-(3-((methylamino)methyl)phenyl)-N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

[Step a] 3-(8-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzaldehyde (Intermediate 4-NP-423-1)

The title compound (21 mg) was obtained from Intermediate Tf-1 (30 mg) and 3-formylphenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo298; 32 mg; Ald) by the similar method as Step a of Example 1-N-1.

(LCMS: 410.5 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.99 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0364]

[Step b]

6-(3-((methylamino)methyl)phenyl)-N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

Methylamine (2 M, 110 μ L; Ald) and sodium cyanoborohydride (1 M, 77 μ L; Ald) were added successively to a methanol (900 μ L) solution of Intermediate 4-NP-423-1 (21 mg), the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours, then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (3.3 mg).

(LCMS: 425.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.64 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0365]

Example 4-NP-424

6-(3-((ethylamino)methyl)phenyl)-N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

(LCMS: 439.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.68 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 4-NP-427

6-(3-((dimethylamino)methyl)phenyl)-N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

(LCMS: 439.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.67 min; LCMS; condition A)

Compounds of Examples 4-NP-424 and 4-NP-427 were synthesized using ethylamine and dimethylamine, respectively, instead of methylamine described in the step b of Example 4-NP-423.

[0366]

Example 4-NP-245

N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(6-fluoropyridin-2-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

A DMF solution of Intermediate Tf-1 (10 mg), 2-fluoro-6-(tri-n-butylstannyl)pyridine (19.3 μ L), tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium (2.6 mg), and lithium chloride (1.8 mg) was stirred at 100°C for 12 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The solvent of the reaction mixture was evaporated and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (3.6 mg).

(LCMS: 415.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.26 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0367]

Example 4-NP-425

6-(3-((dimethylamino)methyl)phenyl)-N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

Methanol (900 μ L), dimethylamine (2 M, 110 μ L; Ald), and sodium cyanoborohydride (1 M, 77 μ L; Ald) were added successively to the residue obtained from Intermediate Tf-2 (30 mg) and 3-formylphenylboronic acid (which may be referred to as sbo298; 32 mg; Ald) by the similar method as Step a of Example 1-N-1, the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours, then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (7.6 mg).

(LCMS: 453.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.72 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0368]

Example 4-NP-485

N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(3-((methylamino)methyl)phenyl)isoquinolin-8-amine

(LCMS: 439.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.75 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 4-NP-486

N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(3-((isopropylamino)methyl)phenyl)isoquinolin-8-amine

(LCMS: 467.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.74 min; LCMS; condition A)

Compounds of Examples 4-NP-485 and 4-NP-486 were synthesized using methylamine and isopropylamine, respectively, instead of dimethylamine described in Example 4-NP-425.

[0369]

Example 4-NP-426

6-(5-((dimethylamino)methyl)thiophen-3-yl)-N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

The compound was synthesized using 4-formylthiophene-2-ylboronic acid instead of 3-formylphenylboronic acid described in Example 4-NP-425.

(LCMS: 459.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.63 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0370]

Example 4-NP-487

N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(3-(1-(methylamino)ethyl)phenyl)isoquinolin-8-amine

The compound was synthesized using 3-acetylphenylboronic acid and methylamine, respectively, instead of 3-formylphenylboronic acid and dimethylamine described in Example 4-NP-425.

(LCMS: 453.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.75 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0371]

Example 4-NP-488

N-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(3-(1-(methylamino)ethyl)phenyl)isoquinolin-8-amine

The compound was synthesized using 3-acetylphenylboronic acid and ethylamine, respectively, instead of 3-formylphenylboronic acid and dimethylamine described in Example 4-NP-425.

(LCMS: 467.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.77 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0372]

Example 4-NP-496

(5-methyl-2-oxo-1,3-dioxol-4-yl)methyl 3-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzyl(methyl)carbamate

(5-methyl-2-oxo-1,3-dioxol-4-yl)methyl 4-nitrophenyl carbonate (4.5 mg) and triethylamine (5 μ L) were added successively to a DMF (400 μ L) solution of Example compound 4-NP-485 (6.2 mg), the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours, then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound.

(LCMS: 595.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.26 min; LCMS; condition A)

(5-methyl-2-oxo-1,3-dioxol-4-yl)methyl 4-nitrophenyl carbonate was prepared by the method described in the Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 42 (1999), 3994-4000.

[0373]

Example 4-NP-532

N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(phenylthio)isoquinolin-8-amine

Diisopropylethylamine (11.4 mg) was added to a 1,4-dioxane solution of Intermediate Tf-1 (20 mg), thiophenol (8 mg; Ald), Pd₂(dba)₃ (1.0 mg) and Xantphos (1.28 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred to reflux for 10 hours. Ethyl acetate and saturated brine were added to extract the reaction mixture, then the organic layer was dried, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (7.8 mg).

(LCMS: 414.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.31 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0374]

Example 4-NP-543

6-(3-chlorophenylthio)-N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

The title compound was synthesized using 3-chlorothiophenol instead of thiophenol described in Example 5-NP-532.

(LCMS: 449.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.38 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0375]

Example 5-NP-1

N-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)-6-(pyridin-2-yl)isoquinolin-8-amine

A DMF solution of Intermediate Tf-1 (20 mg), tri-n-butyl(2-pyridyl)tin (21.1 μ L), and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (5.1 mg) was stirred at 100°C for 12 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The solvent of the reaction mixture solution was evaporated and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (4.3 mg).

(LCMS: 383.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.96 minute; LCMS condition: A)

[0376]

Examples 5-NP-2 to 5-NP-18

Compounds of Examples 5-NP-2 to 5-NP-18 were synthesized according to the method in Example 5-NP-1 (Table 5-NP). At this time, for example, the method described in Step b of Example 1-N-1 was used if deprotection is required. In Table 5-NP, SM1 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to Intermediate Tf-1 used in Example 5-NP-1 and the SM2 column represents compounds used in respective Examples corresponding to tri-n-butyl(2-pyridyl)tin (which may be referred to as sbo138) used in Example 5-NP-1. For example, in Example 5-NP-2, toward Intermediate, Intermediate Tf-1 was used as "SM1" and 6-(tributylstannyl)nicotinonitrile (which may be referred to as sbo164) was used as "SM2" to perform the step of Example 5-NP-1. In 5-NP, "LCMS" was defined as described above, abbreviations such as "Ar19" and "sbo19" represent compounds or groups corresponding to abbreviations in Tables Ar and sbo, respectively, provided later.

Example compounds in Table 5-NP include compounds purified by column chromatography and/or compounds finally purified by preparative HPLC.

[0377]

[Table 5-NP]

Exp	SM1	SM2	ST	Ar	LCMS		
					method	Rtime	MH ⁺
5-NP-2	Tf-1	sbo164	Qn1P	Ar164	A	1.11	408.2
5-NP-3	Tf-1	sbo185	Qn1P	Ar185	A	0.76	384.0
5-NP-4	Tf-2	sbo199	Qn2P	Ar199	A	1.26	416.2
5-NP-5	Tf-2	sbo200	Qn2P	Ar200	A	1.36	427.2
5-NP-6	Tf-2	sbo201	Qn2P	Ar201	A	1.18	411.2
5-NP-7	Tf-2	sbo237	Qn2P	Ar237	A	1.16	411.3
5-NP-8	Tf-2	sbo238	Qn2P	Ar238	A	1.16	411.3
5-NP-9	Tf-2	sbo239	Qn2P	Ar239	A	1.20	417.4
5-NP-10	Tf-2	sbo247	Qn2P	Ar247	A	1.10	417.5
5-NP-11	Tf-2	sbo257	Qn2P	Ar257	A	0.94	433.3
5-NP-12	Tf-2	sbo275	Qn2P	Ar275	A	1.10	417.2
5-NP-13	Tf-2	sbo277	Qn2P	Ar277	A	1.01	429.2
5-NP-14	Tf-1	sbo277	Qn1P	Ar277	A	0.93	416.3
5-NP-15	Tf-1	sbo287	Qn1P	Ar287	A	1.15	435.0
5-NP-16	Tf-1	sbo237	Qn1P	Ar237	A	0.86	397.3
5-NP-17	Tf-1	sbo199	Qn1P	Ar199	A	1.00	401.5
5-NP-18	Tf-2	sbo287	Qn2P	Ar287	A	1.23	449.2

[0378]

Example 6-NP-1

N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)-3-fluorobenzamide

[Step a] N8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)isoquinoline-6,8-diamine (Intermediate 6-NP-1-1)

Intermediate Tf-2 (600.0 mg) and benzophenone imine (258 μ L; TCI) were added to a toluene (5.1 mL) solution of Pd₂(dba)₃ (58.8 mg; Ald), 1,1-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene (106.7 mg; TCI), and sodium t-butoxide (246.7 mg; TCI) under a nitrogen atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80°C for 6 hours. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 10 minutes, then dichloromethane (2 mL) was added to the reaction mixture solution, the resulting mixture was filtrated through celite™, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. Methanol (77 mL), hydroxylammonium chloride (178.4 mg; KANTO™), and sodium

acetate (273.3 mg; WAKO™) were added successively to the residue, then the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour, then the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (391.1 mg).

(LCMS: 335.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.77 min; LCMS; condition A)

[Step b]

N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)-3-fluoroBenzamide

3-Fluorobenzoic acid (16.8 mg; TCI), HOAt (16.3 mg; Wata), WSC (34.4 mg; TCI), and triethylamine (42 µL) were added to a DMF (2 mL) solution of Intermediate 6-NP-1-1 (20 mg) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 and half hours. The solvent was evaporated, then dichloromethane and 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution were added to extract the reaction mixture, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (Yamazen; chloroform/methanol) to give the title compound (9.8 mg).

(LCMS: 457.5 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.11 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0379]

Example 6-NP-2

N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)-4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)benzamide

(LCMS: 505.4 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.75 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 6-NP-3

N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)-2-methylisonicotinamide

(LCMS: 454.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.86 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 6-NP-4

3-cyano-N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzamide

(LCMS: 464.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.05 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 6-NP-5

4-cyano-N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzamide

(LCMS: 464.5 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.01 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 6-NP-6

4-cyano-N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)-3-fluorobenzamide

(LCMS: 482.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.12 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 6-NP-7

N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)-6-methylnicotinamide

(LCMS: 454.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.89 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 6-NP-8

N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)-2-methylbenzamide

(LCMS: 453.5 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.13 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 6-NP-9

N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)benzamide

(LCMS: 439.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 1.12 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 6-NP-10

N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)isonicotinamide

(LCMS: 440.2 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.85 min; LCMS; condition A)

Example 6-NP-11

N-(8-(1-(ethylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-ylamino)isoquinolin-6-yl)nicotinamide

(LCMS: 440.3 (MH⁺); retention time: 0.85 min; LCMS; condition A)

[0380]

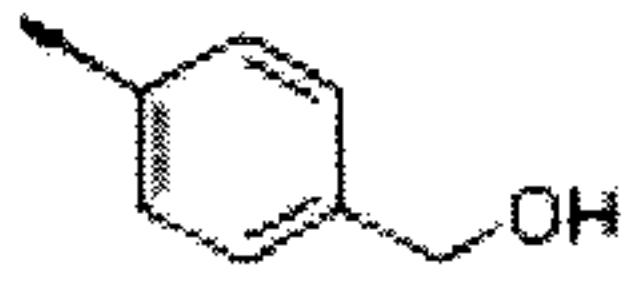
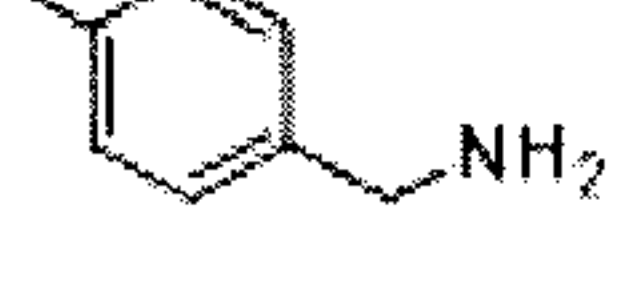
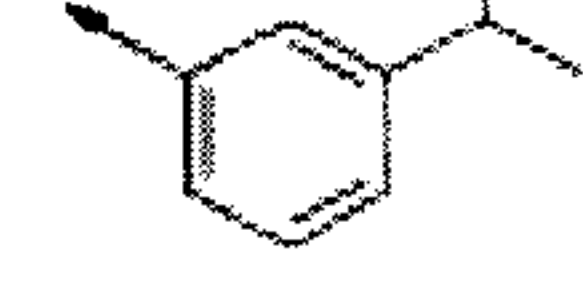
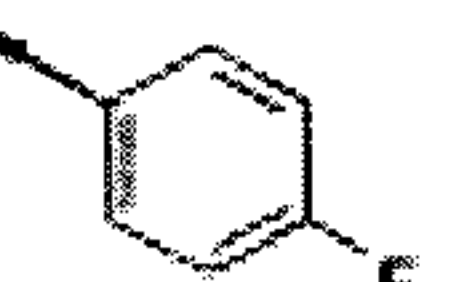
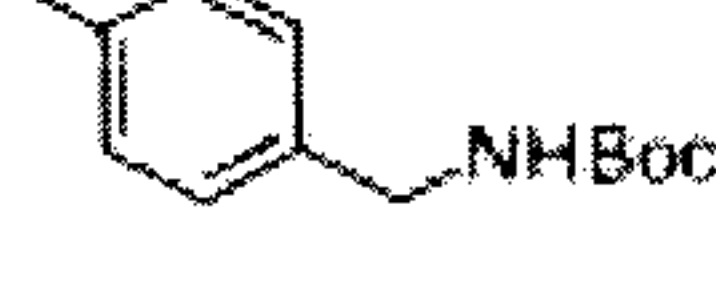
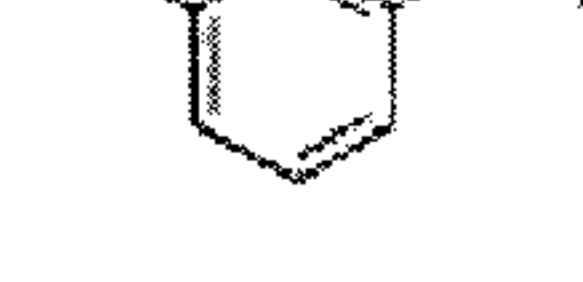
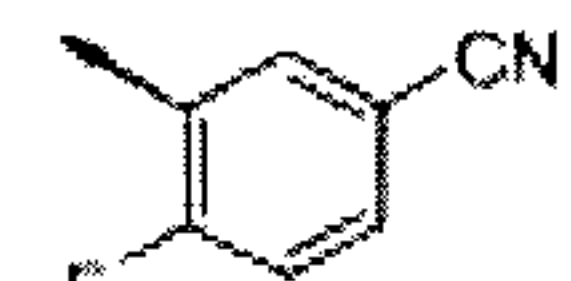
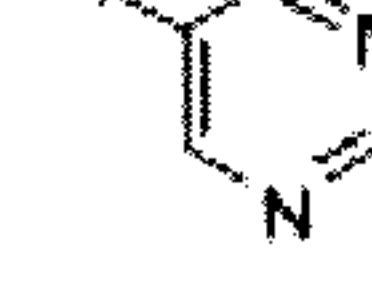
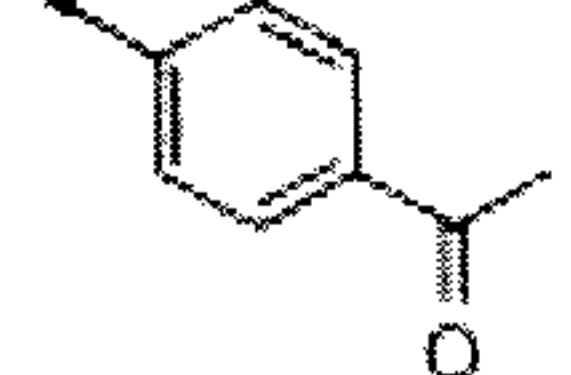
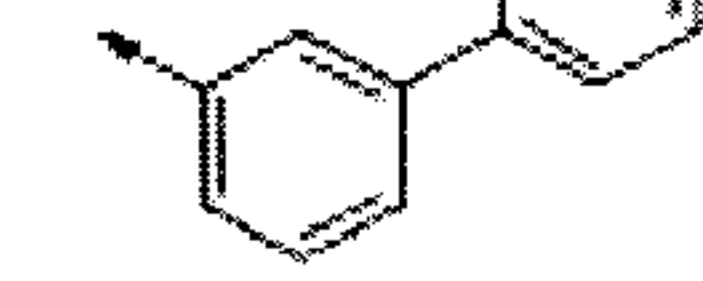
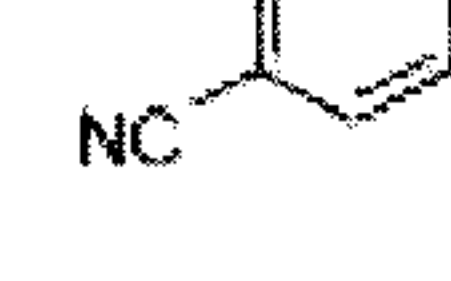
Compounds of Examples 6-NP-2, 6-NP-3, 6-NP-4, 6-NP-5, 6-NP-6, 6-NP-7, 6-NP-8, 6-NP-9, 6-NP-10, and 6-NP-11 were synthesized by using 4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)benzoic acid, 2-methylpyridine-4-carboxylic acid, 3-cyanobenzoic acid, 4-cyanobenzoic acid, 4-cyano-3-fluorobenzoic acid, 6-methylnicotinic acid, 2-toluylic acid, benzoic acid, isonicotinic acid, nicotinic acid, respectively, instead of 3-fluorobenzoic acid described in Step b of Example 6-NP-1.

[0381]

Tables Ar, a, oh, sh, co, so, ch, on, sbo, sa, sch, ssh, sco, sso, sch, and son are shown as below.

[0382]

[Table Ar]

Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.
Ar1		Ar7		Ar13	
Ar2		Ar8		Ar14	
Ar3		Ar9		Ar15	
Ar4		Ar10		Ar16	
Ar5		Ar11		Ar17	
Ar6		Ar12		Ar18	
Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.
Ar19		Ar25		Ar31	
Ar20		Ar26		Ar32	
Ar21		Ar27		Ar33	
Ar22		Ar28		Ar34	
Ar23		Ar29		Ar35	
Ar24		Ar30		Ar36	

Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.
Ar37		Ar43		Ar49	
Ar38		Ar44		Ar50	
Ar39		Ar45		Ar52	
Ar40		Ar46		Ar53	
Ar41		Ar47		Ar54	
Ar42		Ar48			
Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.
Ar55		Ar61		Ar67	
Ar56		Ar62		Ar68	
Ar57		Ar63		Ar69	
Ar58		Ar64		Ar70	
Ar59		Ar65		Ar71	
Ar60		Ar66		Ar72	

Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.
Ar73		Ar79		Ar85	
Ar74		Ar80		Ar86	
Ar75		Ar81		Ar87	
Ar76		Ar82		Ar88	
Ar77		Ar83		Ar89	
Ar78		Ar84		Ar90	
Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.
Ar91		Ar96		Ar101	
Ar92		Ar97		Ar102	
Ar93		Ar98		Ar103	
Ar94		Ar99		Ar104	
Ar95		Ar100		Ar105	

Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.
Ar106		Ar111		Ar116	
Ar107		Ar112		Ar117	
Ar108		Ar113		Ar118	
Ar109		Ar114		Ar119	
Ar110		Ar115		Ar120	
Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.	Ar	Str.
Ar121		Ar126		Ar131	
Ar122		Ar127		Ar132	
Ar123		Ar128		Ar133	
Ar124		Ar129		Ar134	
Ar125		Ar130		Ar135	

DEMANDES OU BREVETS VOLUMINEUX

**LA PRÉSENTE PARTIE DE CETTE DEMANDE OU CE BREVETS
COMPREND PLUS D'UN TOME.**

CECI EST LE TOME __1__ DE __2__

NOTE: Pour les tomes additionels, veuillez contacter le Bureau Canadien des Brevets.

JUMBO APPLICATIONS / PATENTS

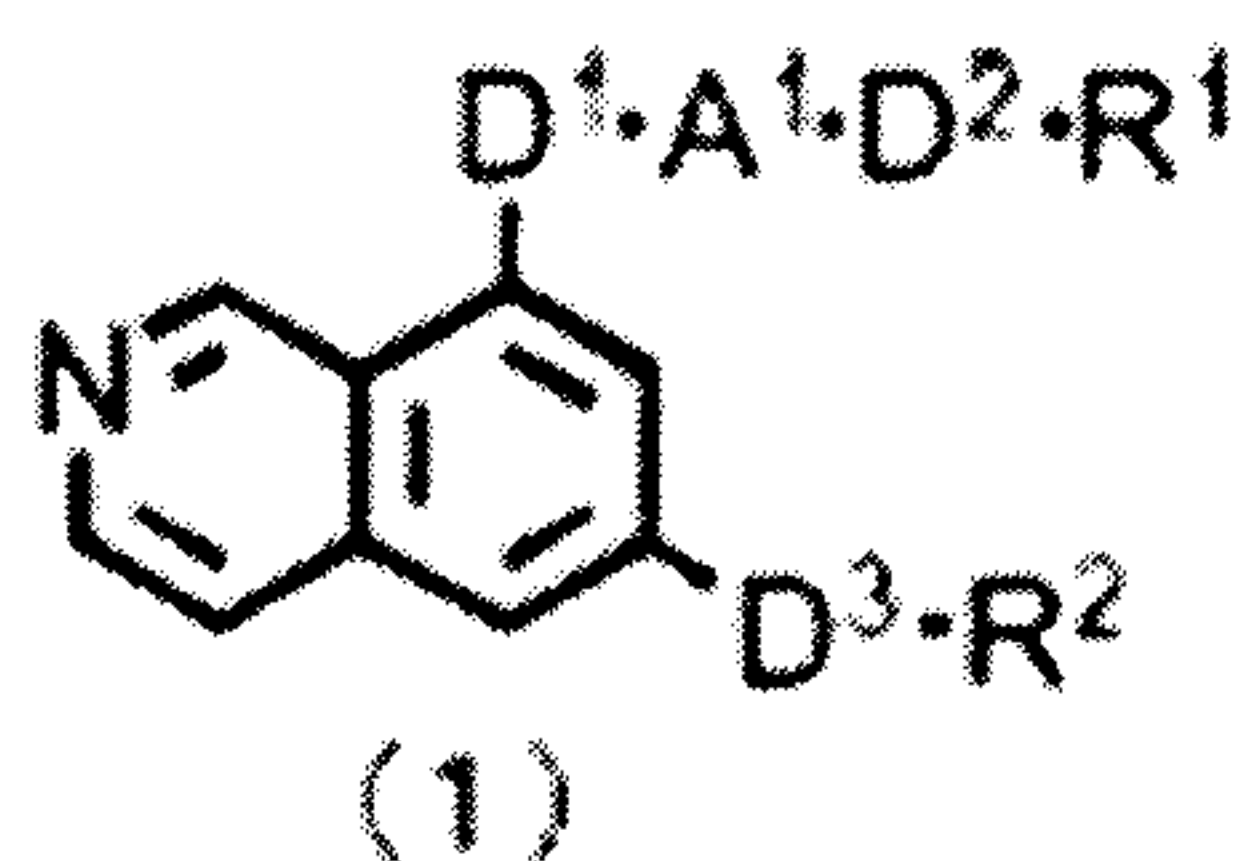
**THIS SECTION OF THE APPLICATION / PATENT CONTAINS MORE
THAN ONE VOLUME.**

THIS IS VOLUME __1__ OF __2__

NOTE: For additional volumes please contact the Canadian Patent Office.

CLAIMS

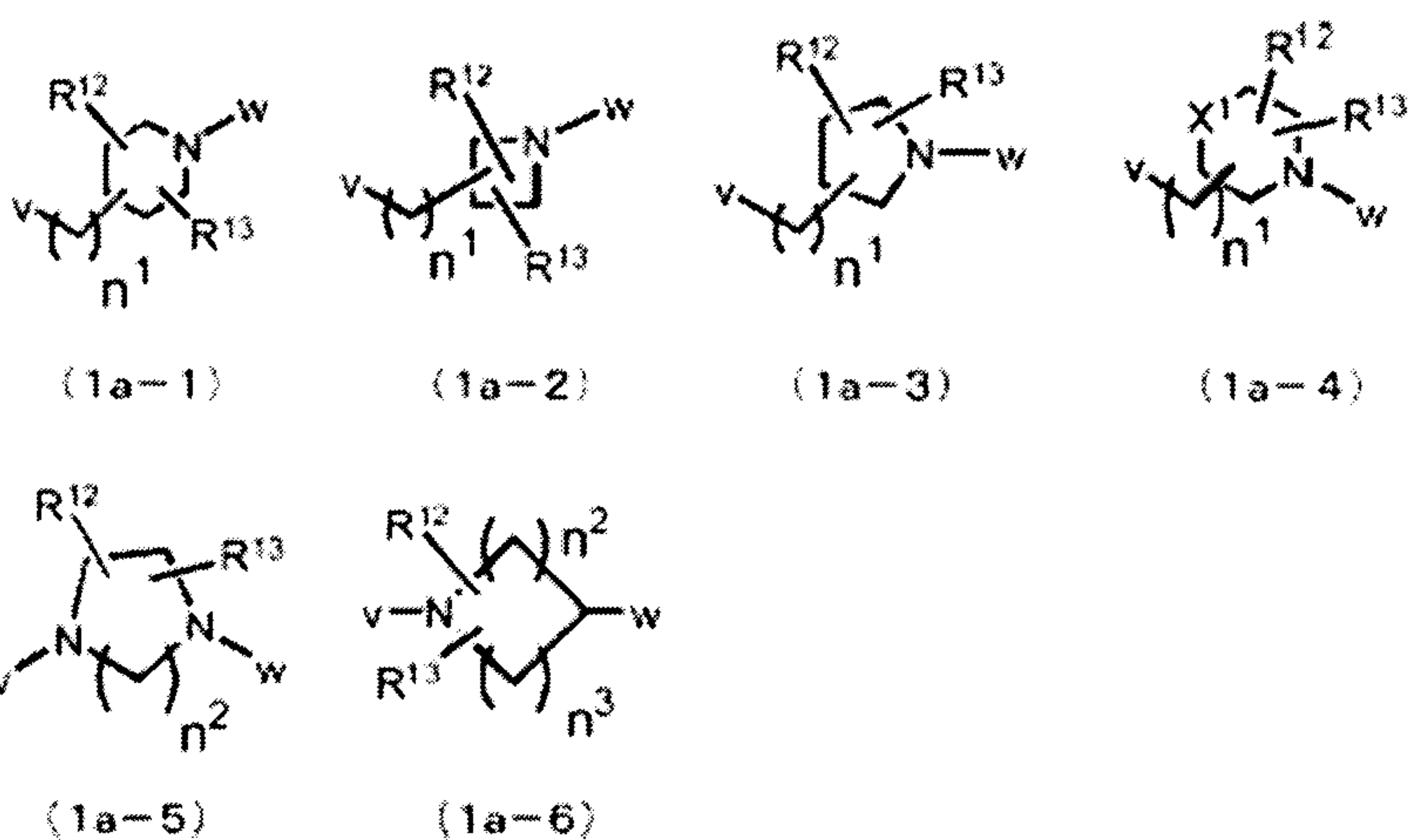
1. A compound represented by the following formula (1) or a salt thereof:



wherein:

D¹ represents a single bond, -N(R¹¹)-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, or -S(O)₂-, wherein R¹¹ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

A¹ represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, or any of divalent groups selected from the following formulas (1a-1) to (1a-6):



wherein:

n¹ is an integer of 0, 1, or 2;

n² is an integer of 2 or 3;

n³ is an integer of 1 or 2;

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R^{12} and R^{13} may be identical to or different from each other and each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

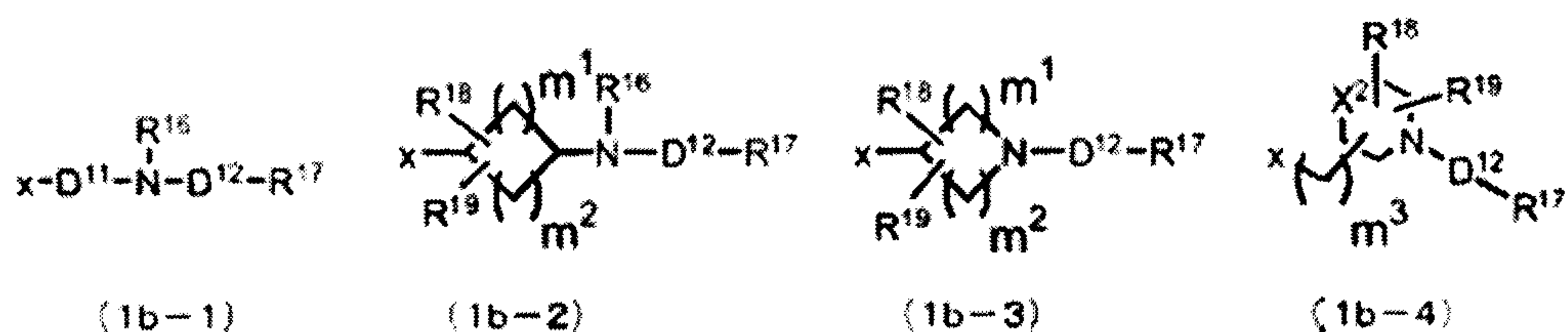
X^1 represents $-N(R^{14})-$, $-O-$, or $-S-$, wherein R^{14} represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

v represents a bond with D^1 ; and

w represents a bond with D^2

D^2 represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, $-C(O)-$, $-C(S)-$, $-S(O)_2-$, $-C(O)-N(R^{15})-$, $-C(S)-N(R^{15})-$, or $-E-C(O)-$, wherein E represents an alkylene that may be substituted and R^{15} represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group;

R^1 represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an amino group that may be substituted, a saturated heterocyclic group that may be substituted, an aryl group that may be substituted, an aralkyl group that may be substituted, a carbamimidoyl group, or any of groups selected from the following formulas (1b-1) to (1b-4):



wherein:

m^1 is an integer of 0, 1, or 2;

m^2 is an integer of 1 or 2;

m^3 is an integer of 0, 1, or 2;

X^2 represents $-N(R^{14})-$, $-O-$, or $-S-$, wherein R^{14} represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

D^{11} represents an alkylene that may be substituted;

D^{12} represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, $-C(O)-$, $-S(O)_2-$, or $-C(O)-N(R^{15})-$, wherein R^{15} represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group;

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R¹⁶, R¹⁸, and R¹⁹ may be identical to or different from one another and each independently represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

R¹⁷ represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an aryl group that may be substituted, or an aralkyl group that may be substituted; and

x represents a bond with D²;

and wherein:

when R¹⁷ represents a hydrogen atom, D¹² represents a single bond;

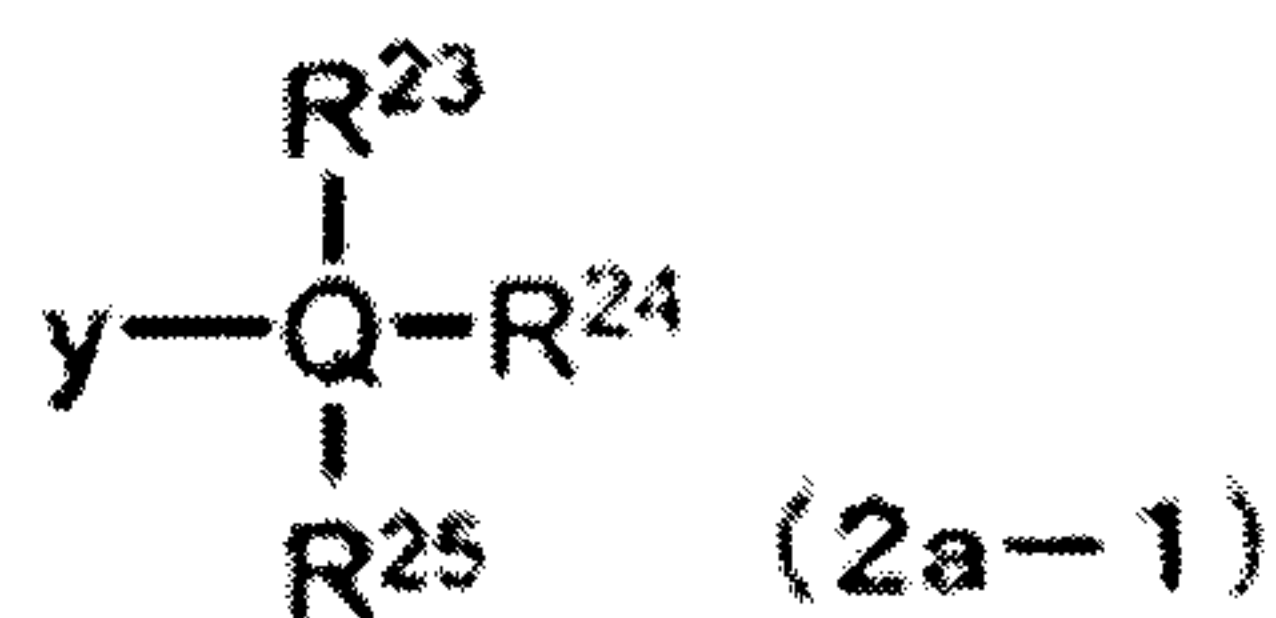
when D¹ represents a single bond, A¹ represents a divalent group represented by the above-mentioned formula (1a-5) or (1a-6);

when D¹ represents -N(R¹¹)-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, or -S(O)₂-, A¹ represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, or any of divalent groups selected from the formulas (1a-1) to (1a-4), wherein, when A¹ represents a single bond, D² represents an alkylene that may be substituted or -E-C(O)-;

when R¹ represents an amino group that may be substituted, D² represents an alkylene that may be substituted or -E-C(O)-;

D³ represents a single bond, -N(R²¹)-, -O-, -N(R²¹)-C(O)-, or -S-, wherein R²¹ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted; and

R² represents an alkyl group that may be substituted or the following formula (2a-1):



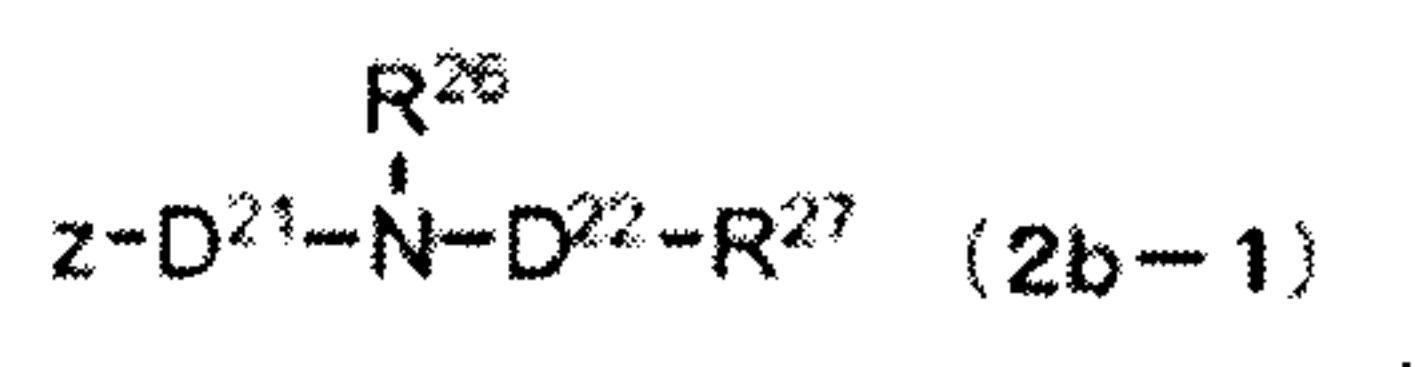
wherein:

Q represents an aryl group that may be substituted; and

y represents a bond with D³; and

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R^{23} , R^{24} , and R^{25} may be identical to or different from one another and each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an alkoxy group that may be substituted, an amino group that may be substituted, an aryl group that may be substituted, an aryloxy group that may be substituted, an aralkyl group that may be substituted, or the following formula (2b-1):



wherein:

D^{21} represents a single bond or an alkylene that may be substituted;

D^{22} represents a single bond, an alkylene that may be substituted, $-C(O)-$, $-S(O)_2-$, or $-C(O)-N(R^{28})-$;

R^{26} , R^{27} , and R^{28} may be identical to or different from one another and each independently represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted; and

z represents a bond with Q ;

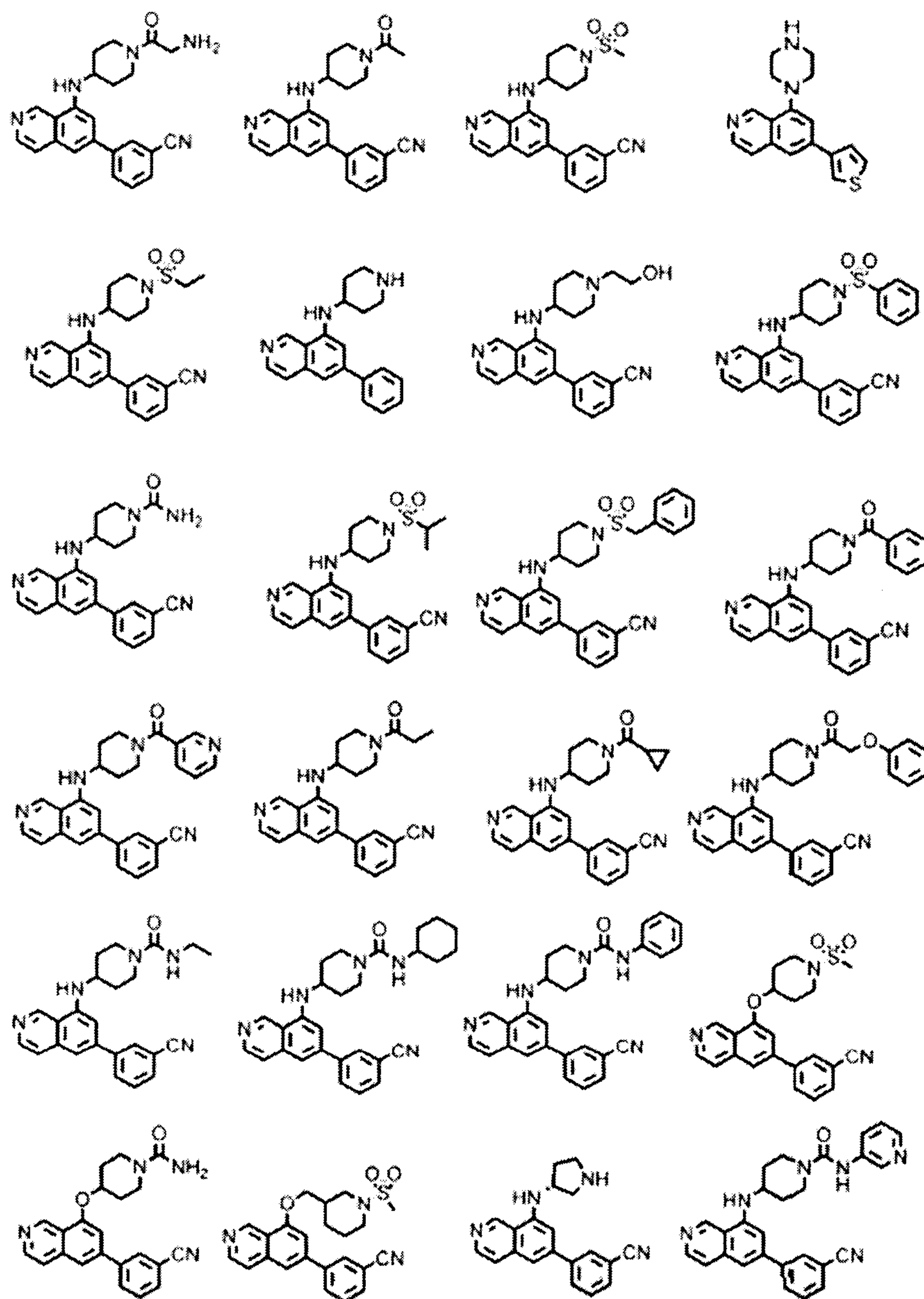
and wherein when D^{22} represents a single bond, R^{27} represents a hydrogen atom

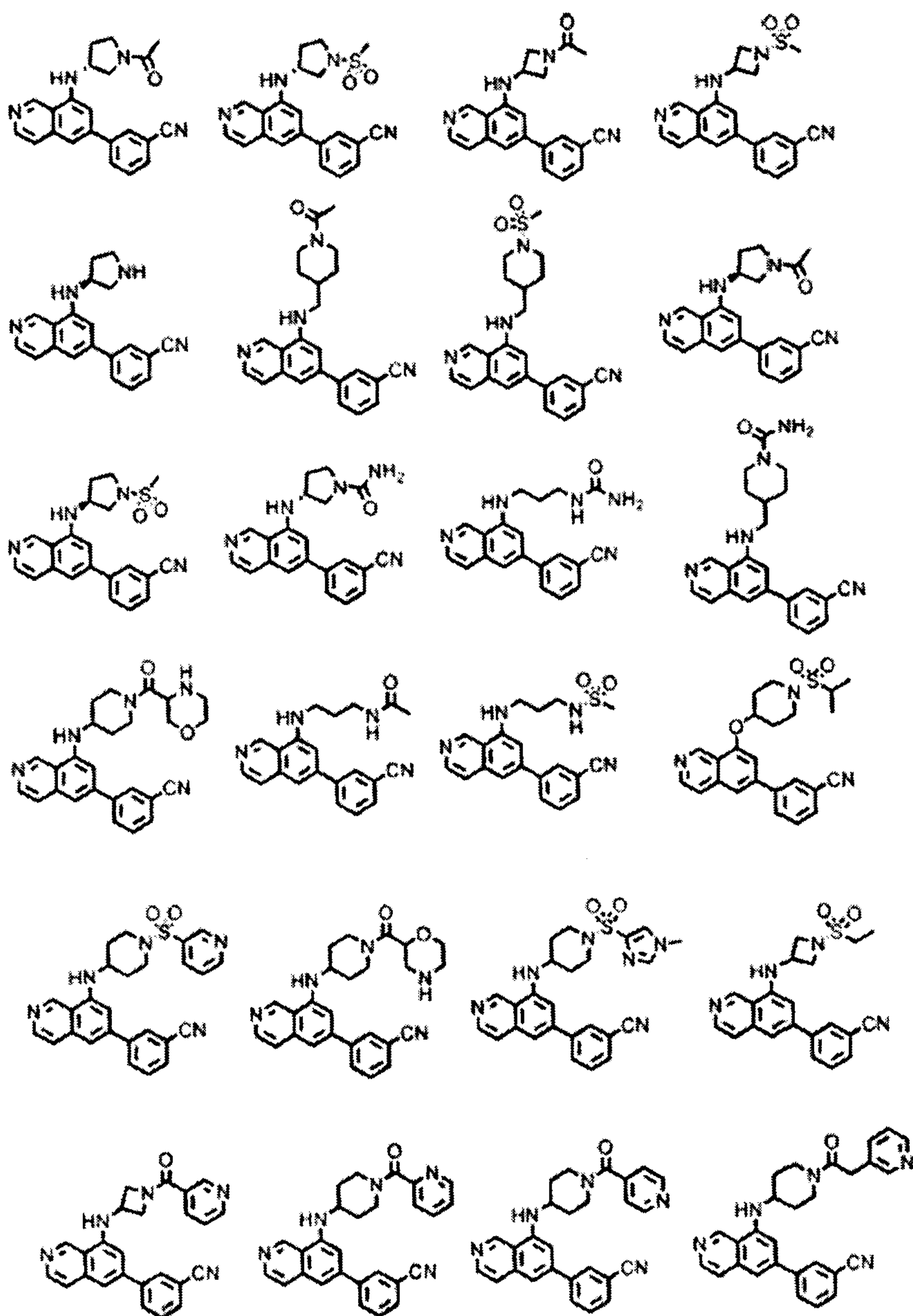
and with the proviso that the compound is not 6,8-dimethoxyisoquinoline.

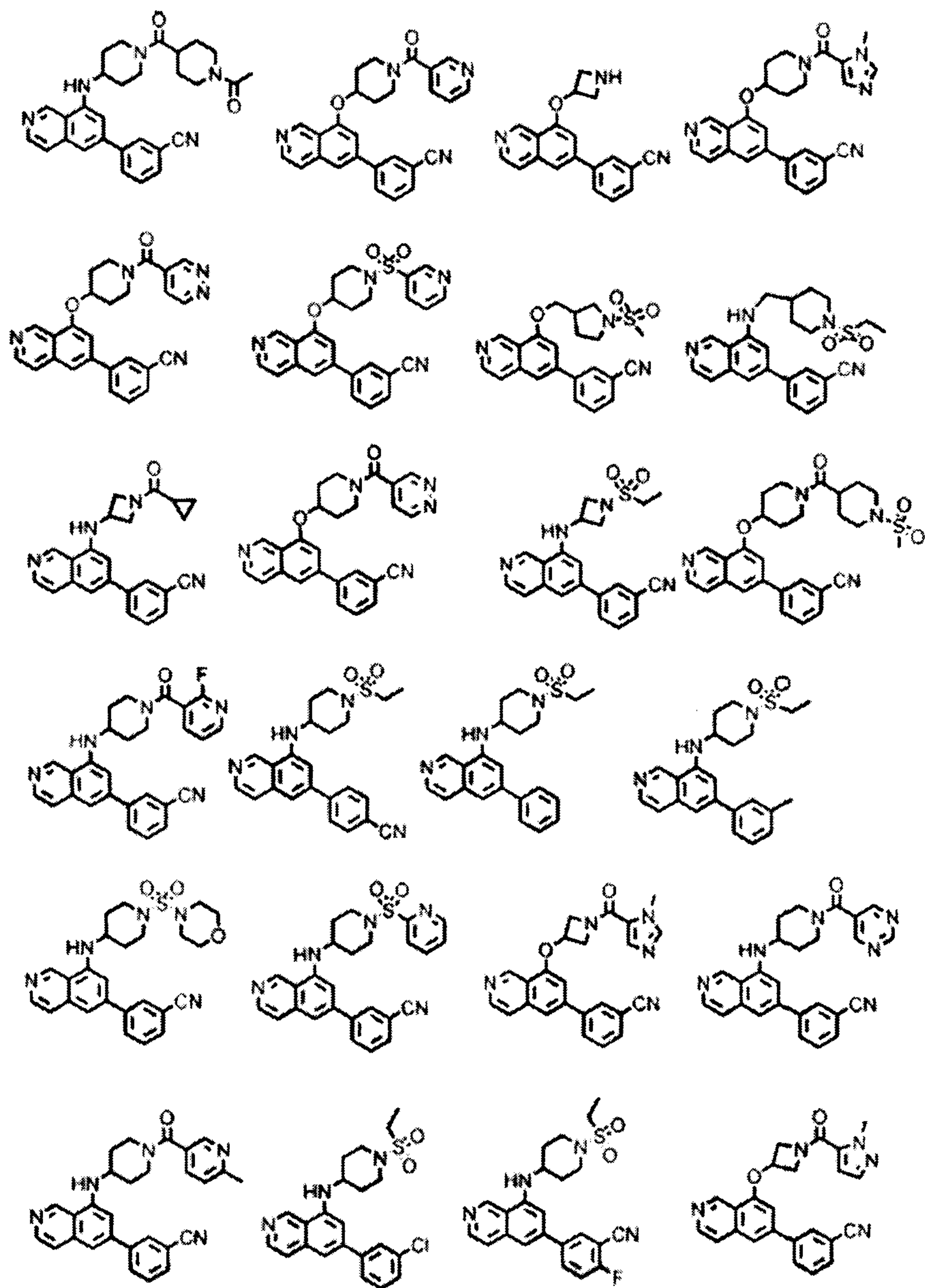
2. The compound according to claim 1 or a salt thereof, wherein D^1 represents a single bond, $-N(R^{11})-$, $-O-$, or $-S-$, wherein R^{11} is as defined in claim 1.
3. The compound according to claim 1 or 2 or a salt thereof, wherein A^1 represents an alkylene that may be substituted or any one of the divalent groups (1a-1) to (1a-5), wherein n^1 , n^2 , X^1 , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} , v , and w are as defined in claim 1.
4. The compound according to claim 1 or 2 or a salt thereof, wherein A^1 represents any one of the divalent groups (1a-1) to (1a-3) and (1a-5), wherein n^1 , n^2 , R^{12} , R^{13} , v , and w are as defined in claim 1.

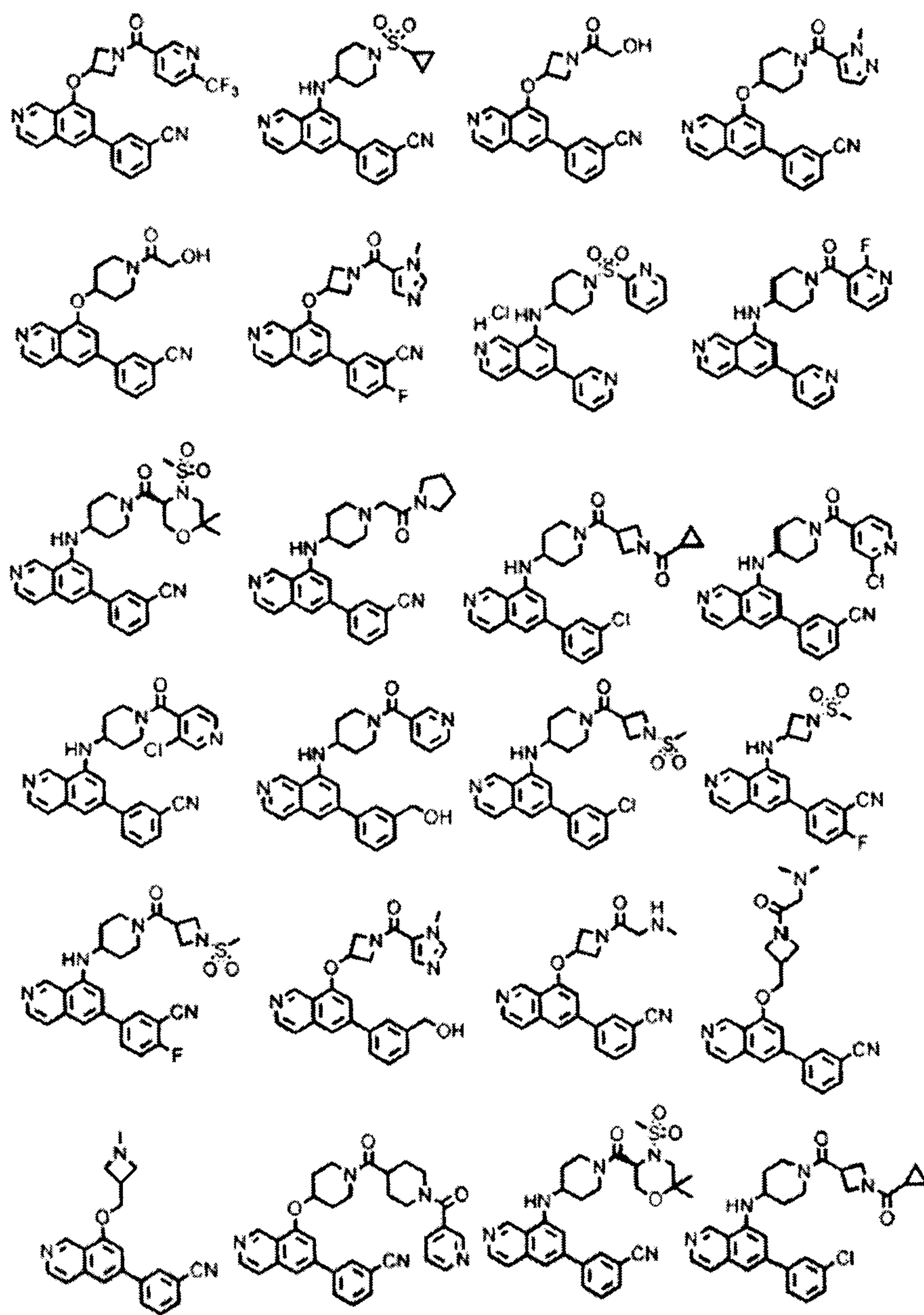
5. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 or a salt thereof, wherein n^1 is an integer of 0 or 1.
6. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 5 or a salt thereof, wherein D^2 represents an alkylene that may be substituted, $-C(O)-$, or $-S(O)_2-$.
7. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 5 or a salt thereof, wherein D^2 represents $-C(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$.
8. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 or a salt thereof, wherein R^1 represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, an aryl group that may be substituted, or an aralkyl group that may be substituted.
9. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 or a salt thereof, wherein R^1 represents any one of the divalent groups (1b-1) to (1b-4), wherein m^1 , m^2 , m^3 , X^2 , D^{11} , D^{12} , R^{14} , R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , and x are as defined in claim 1.
10. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 9 or a salt thereof, wherein D^3 represents a single bond, $-O-$, or $-N(R^{21})-C(O)-$, wherein R^{21} is as defined in claim 1.
11. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 10 or a salt thereof, wherein D^3 represents a single bond or $-N(R^{21})-C(O)-$, wherein R^{21} is as defined in claim 1.
12. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 11 or a salt thereof, wherein D^3 represents a single bond.
13. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 12 or a salt thereof, wherein R^2 represents the formula (2a-1), wherein Q , y , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , D^{21} , D^{22} , R^{26} , R^{27} , R^{28} , and z are as defined in claim 1.

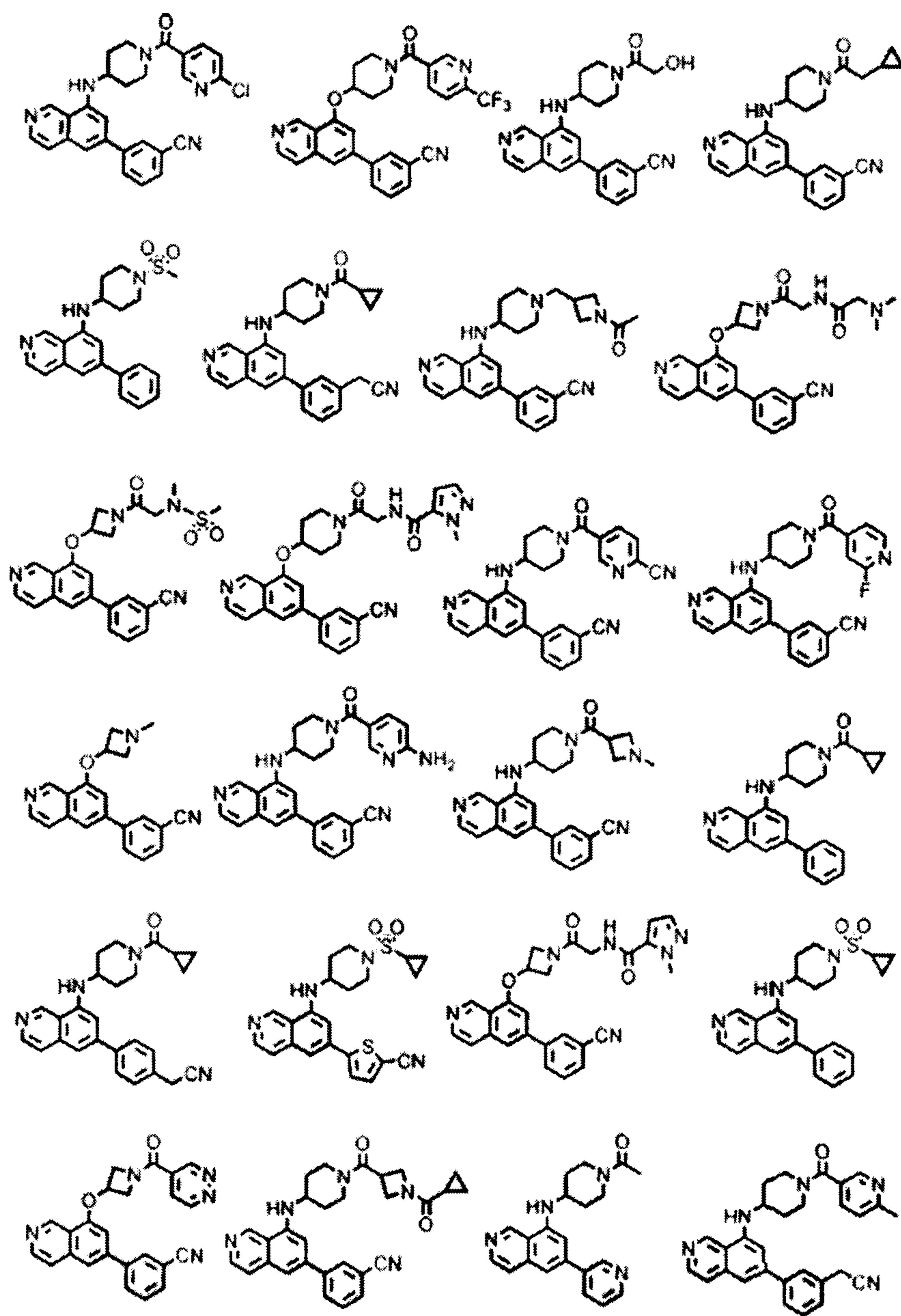
14. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 13 or a salt thereof, wherein Q in the formula (2a-1) represents a monocyclic aromatic group.
15. The compound according to claim 1 being:

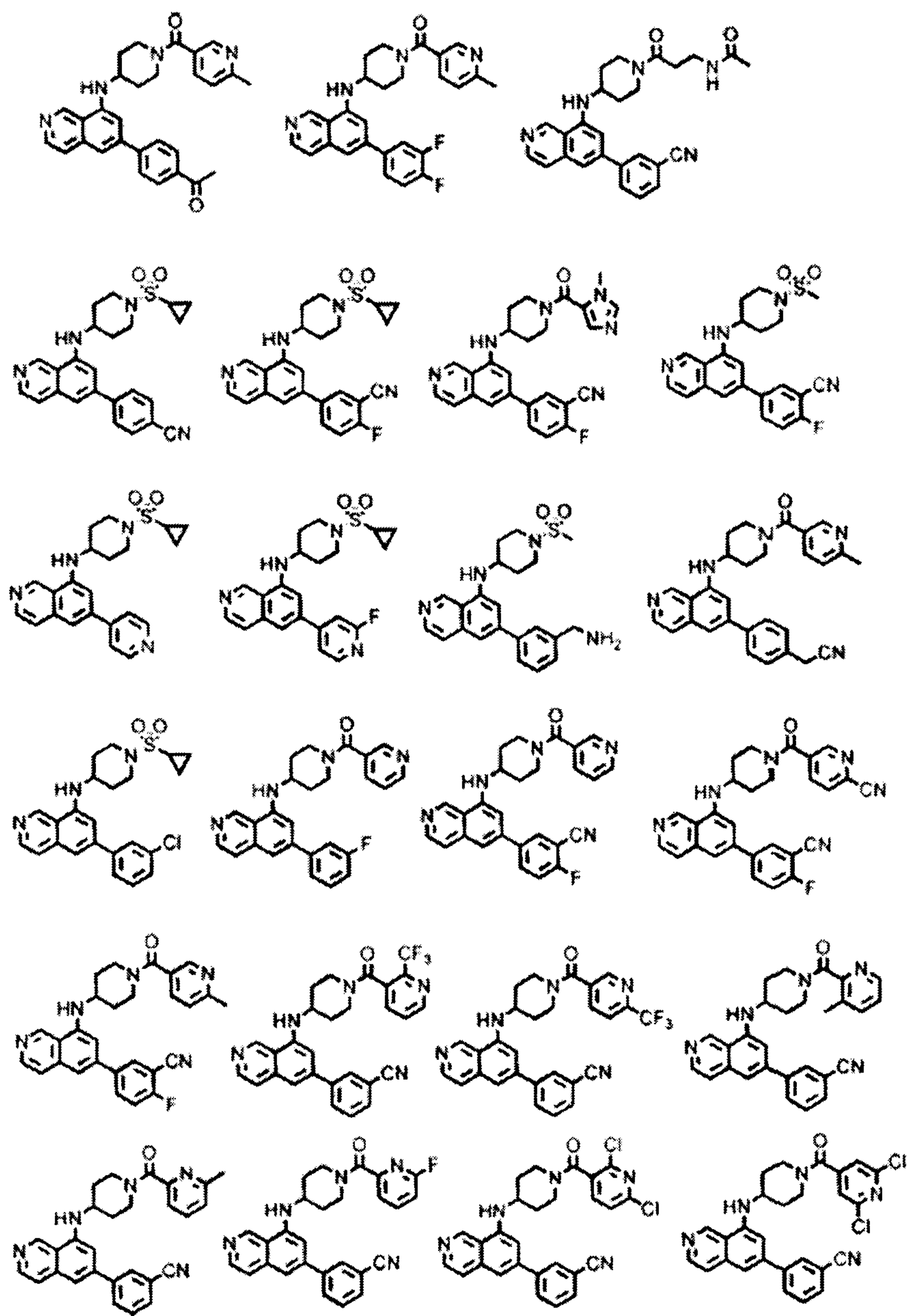


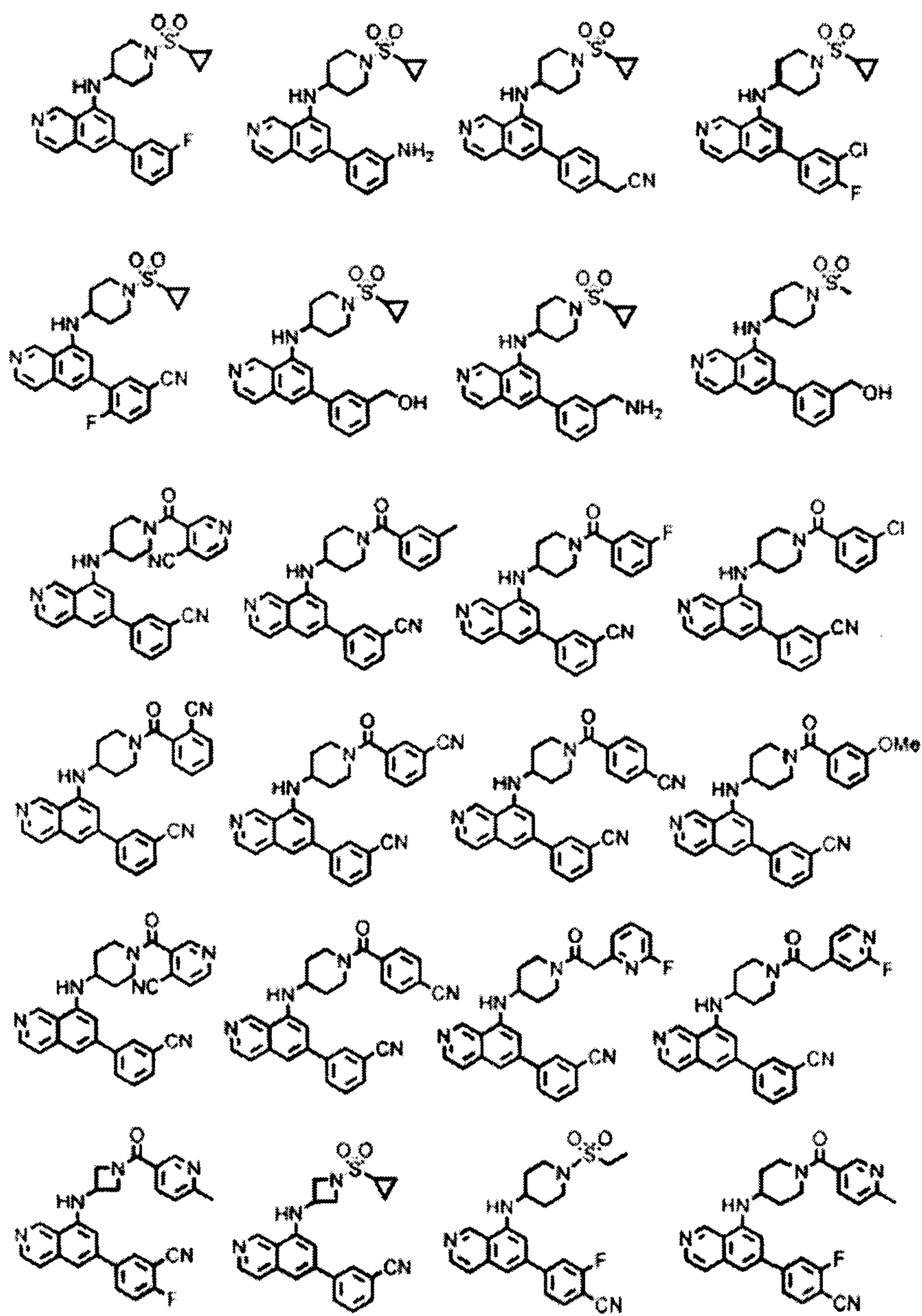


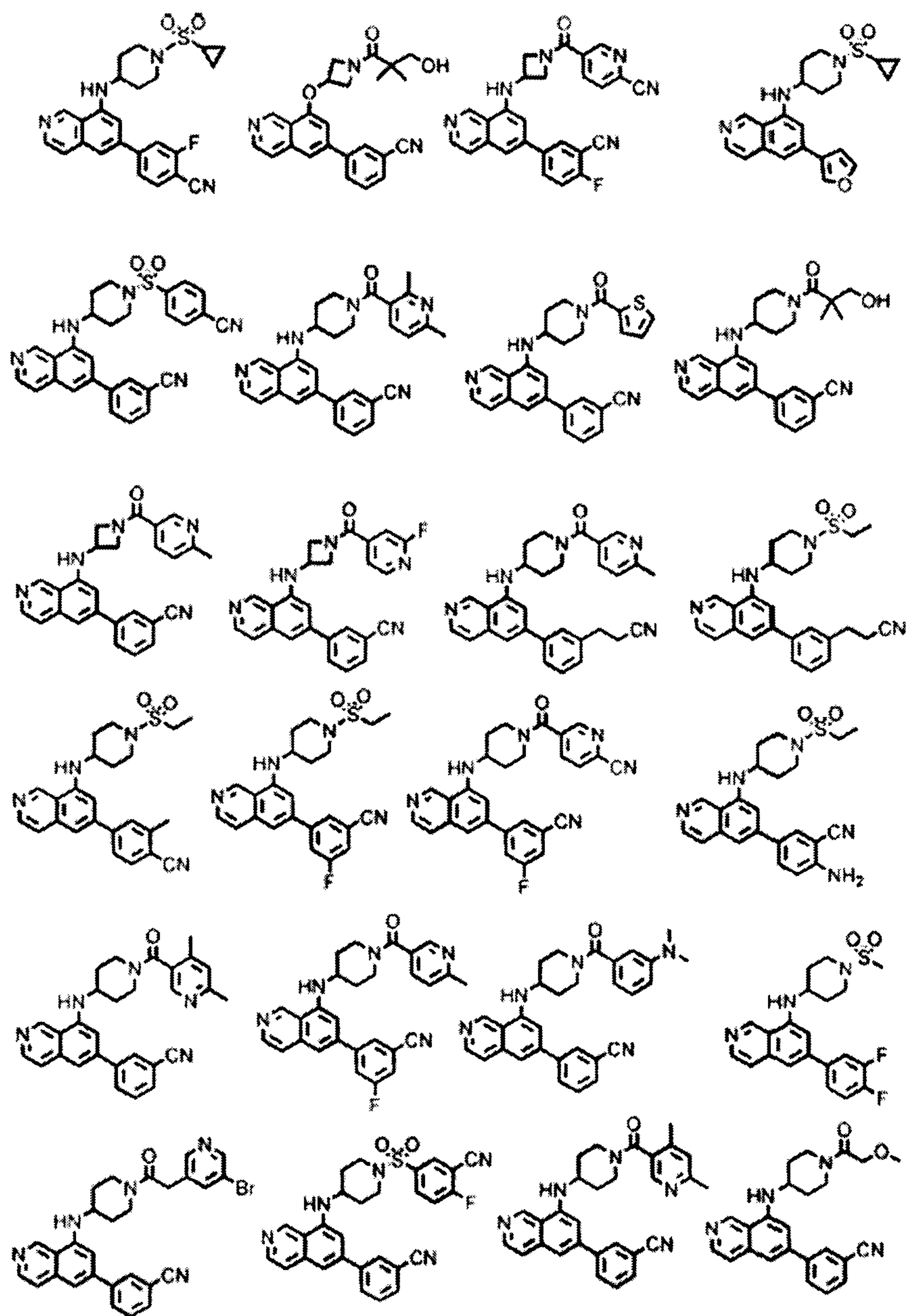


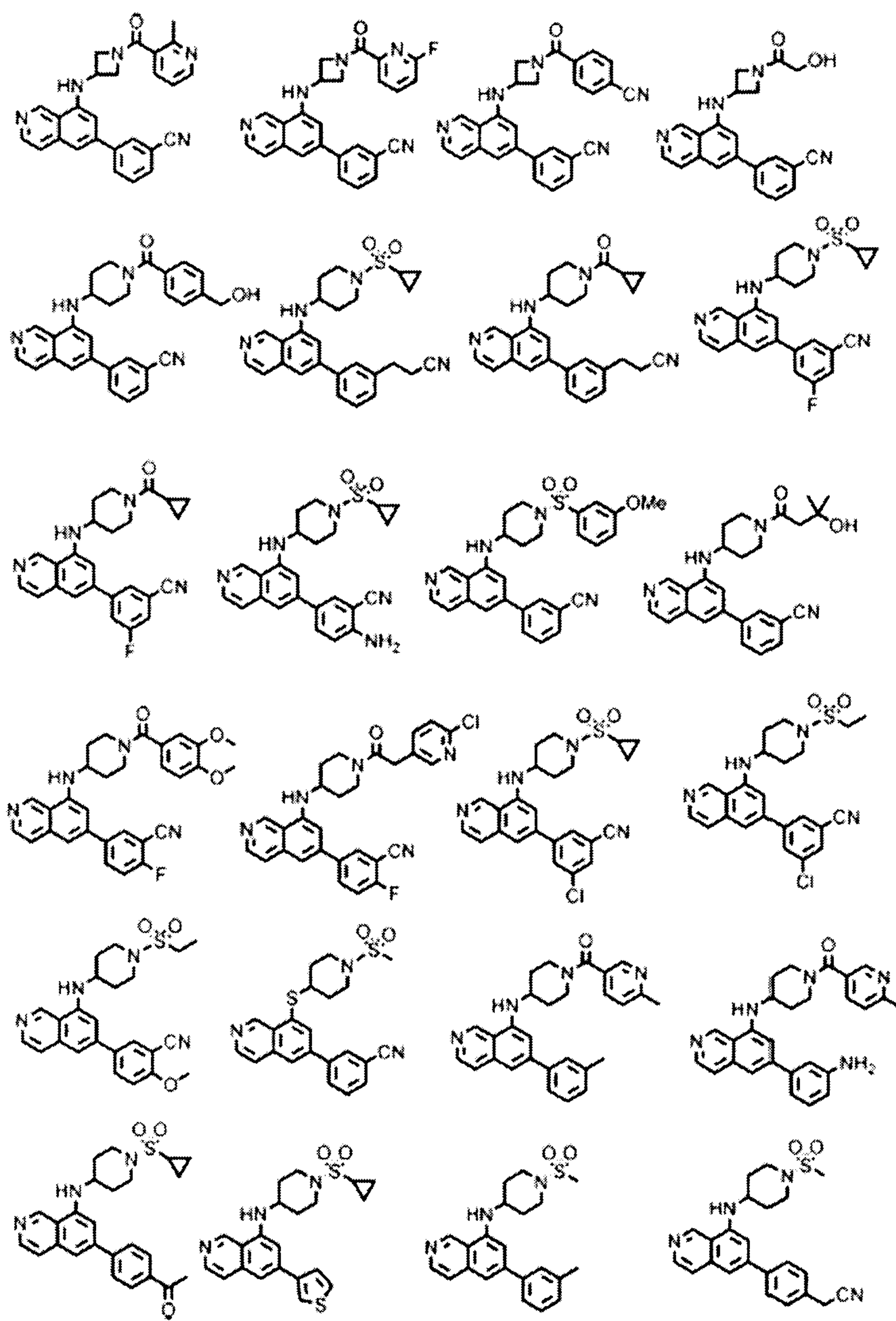


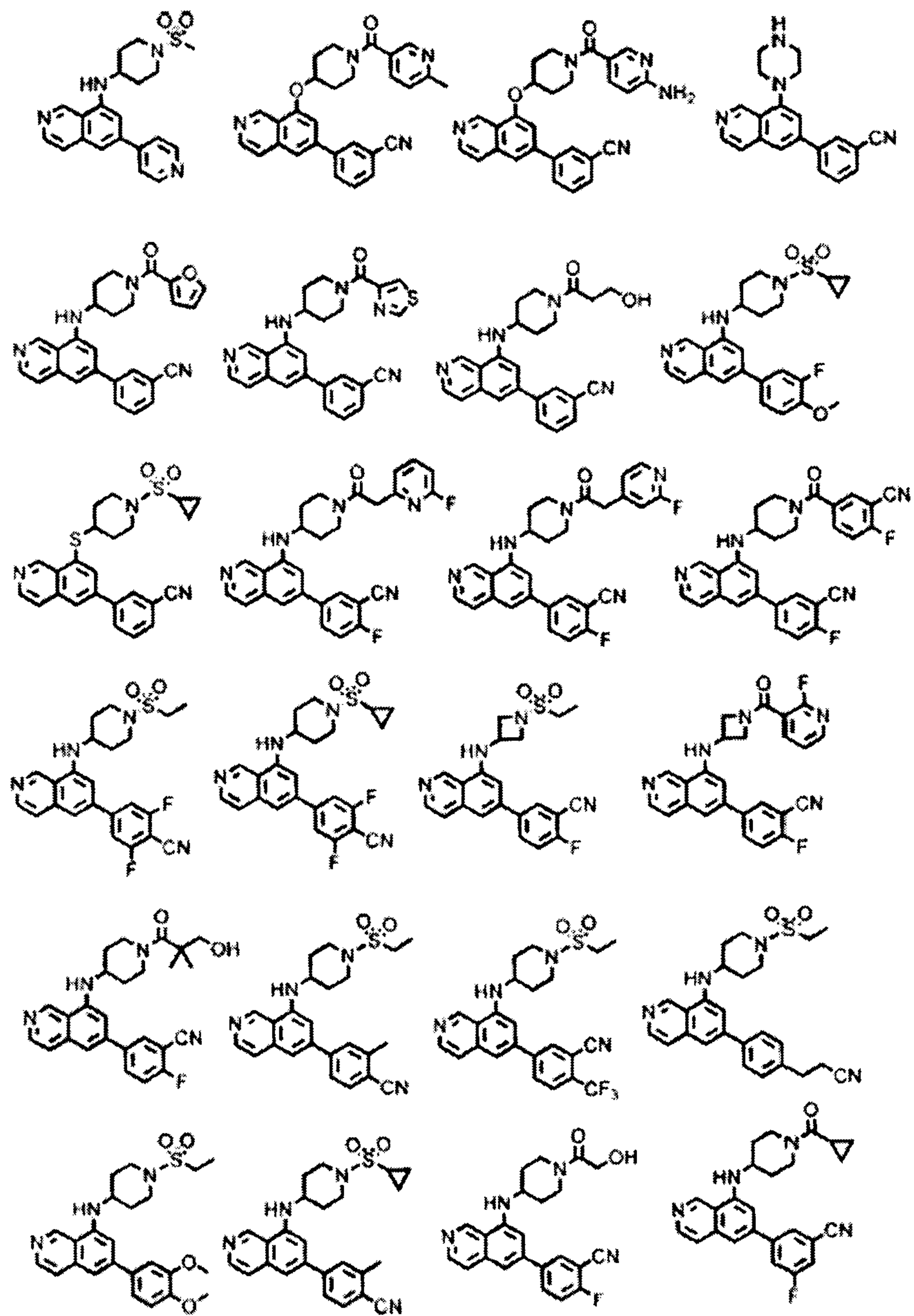


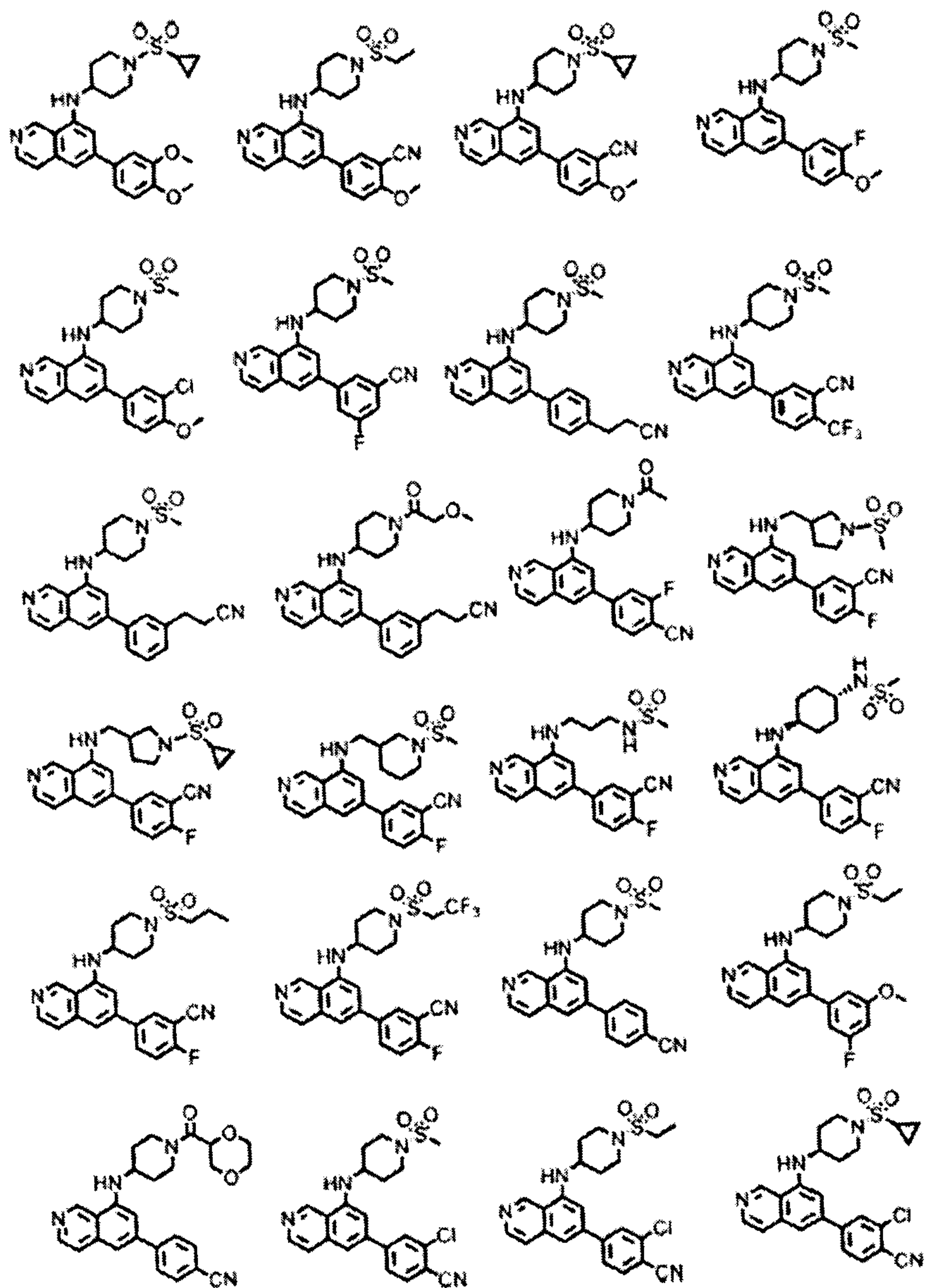


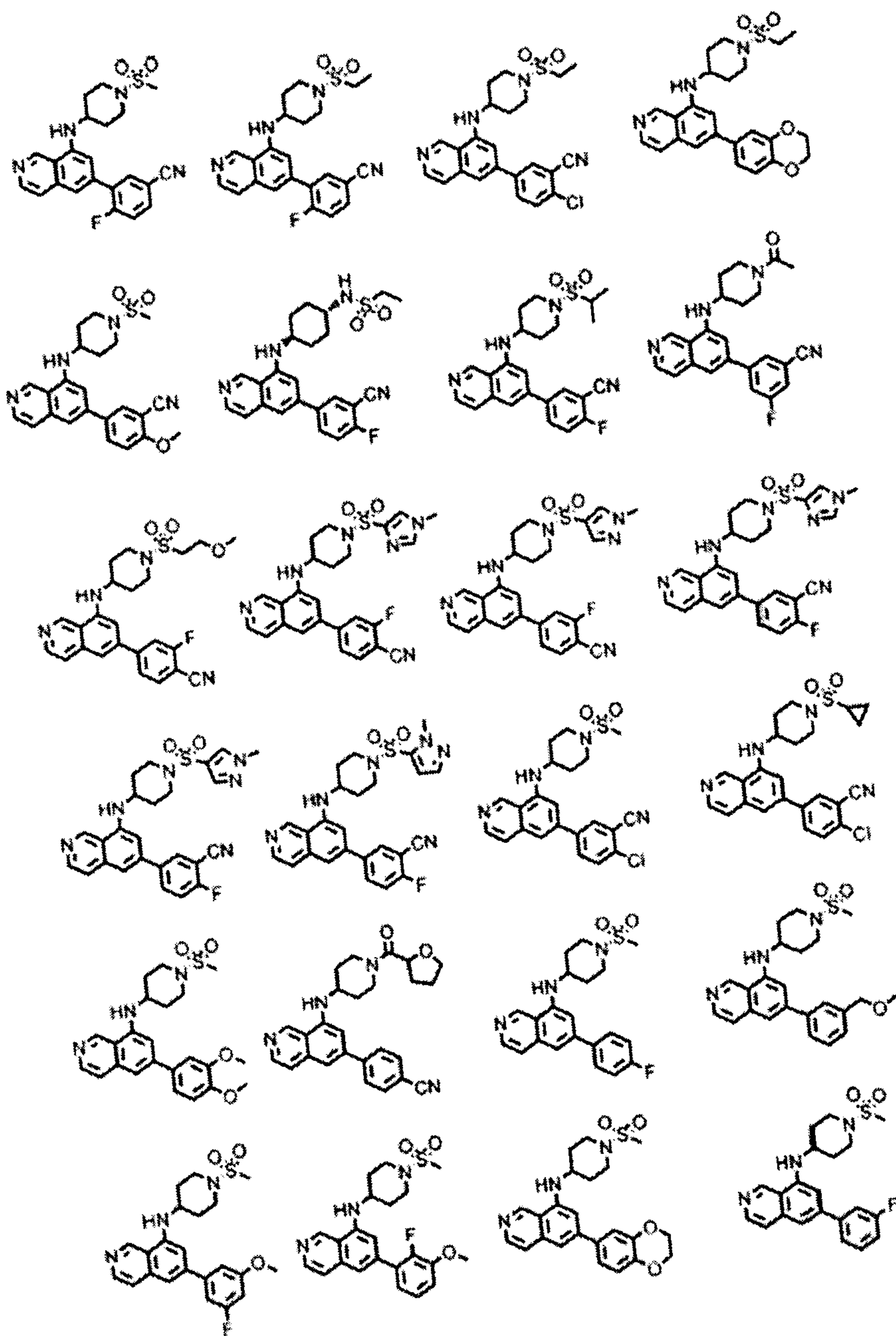


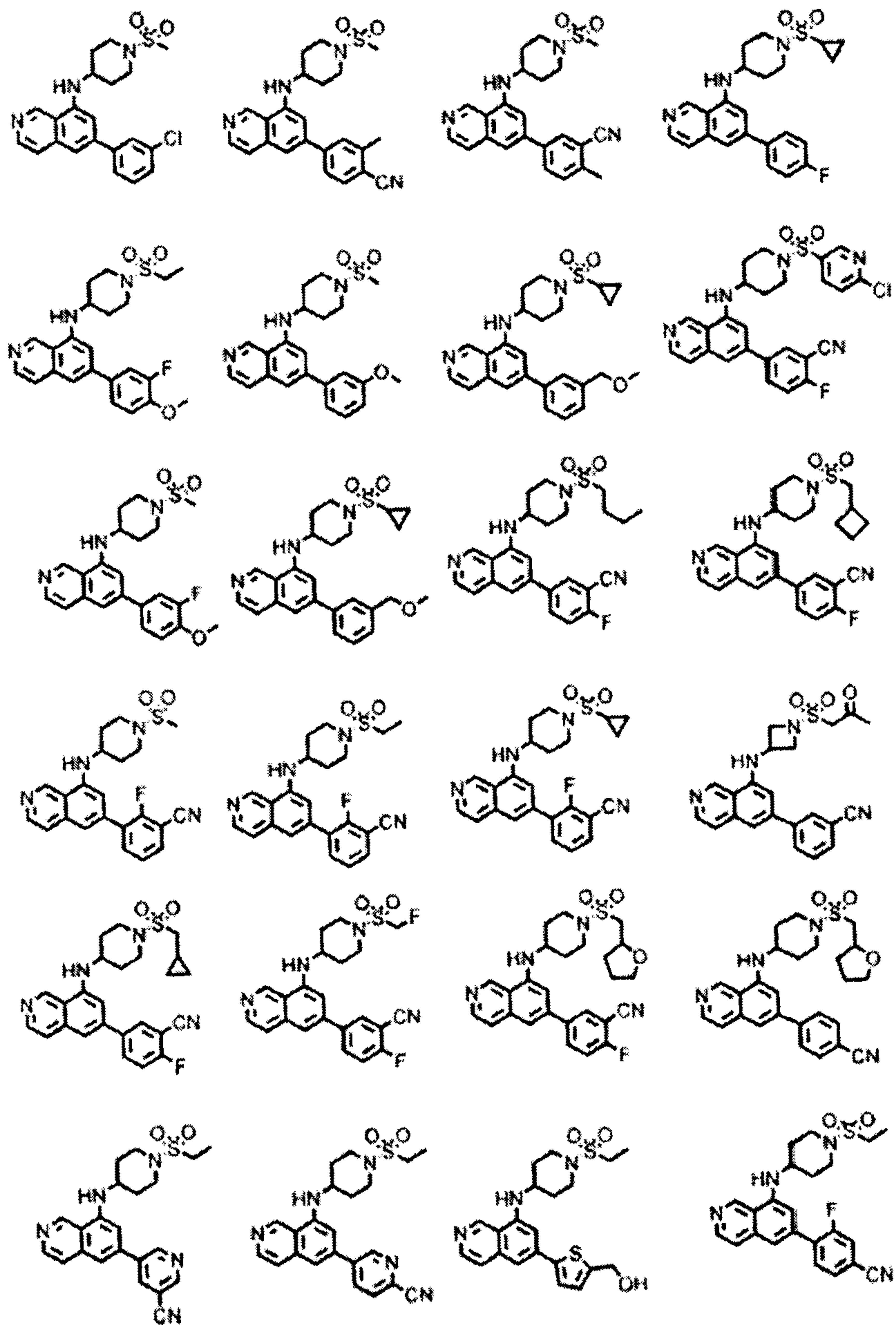




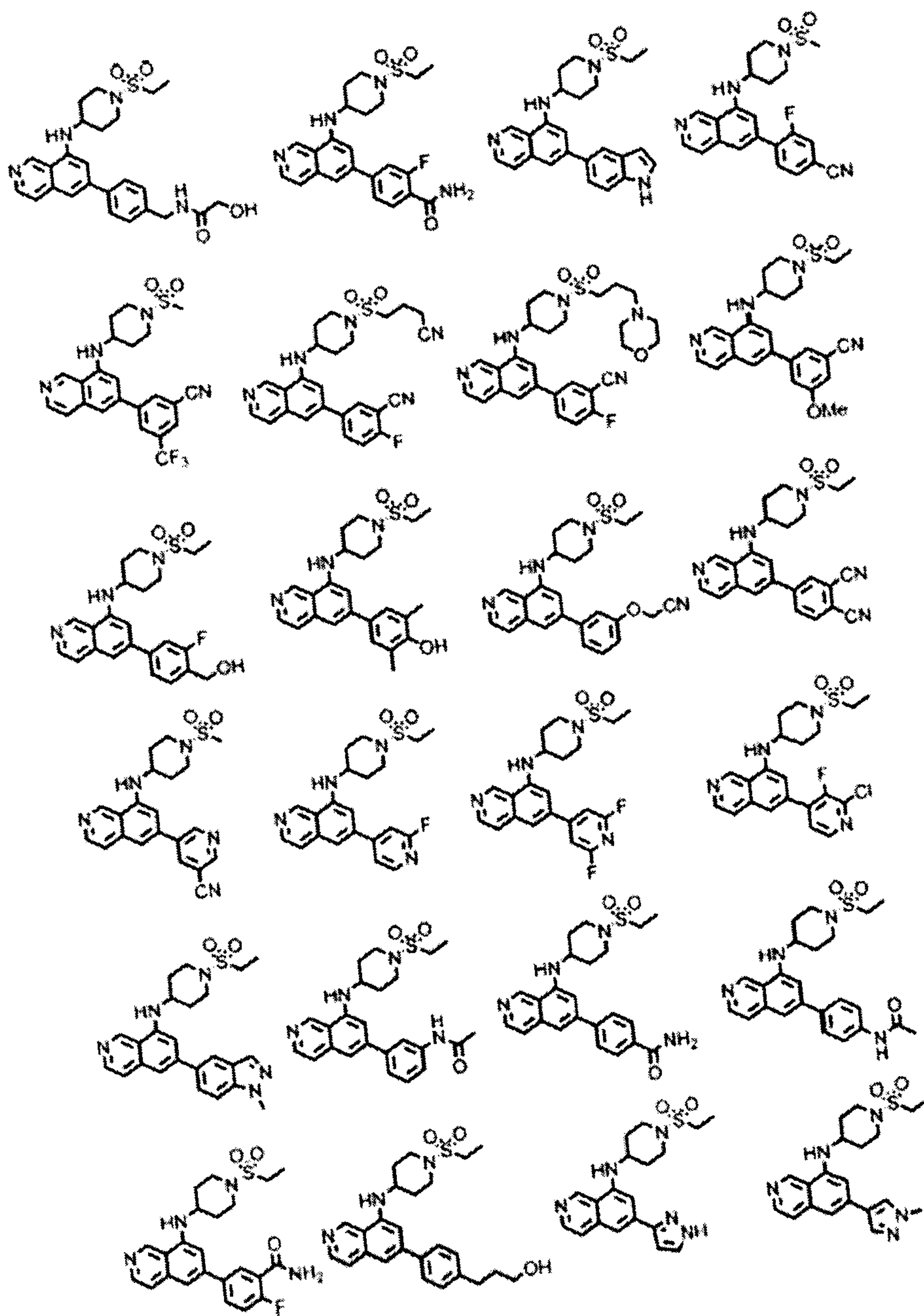


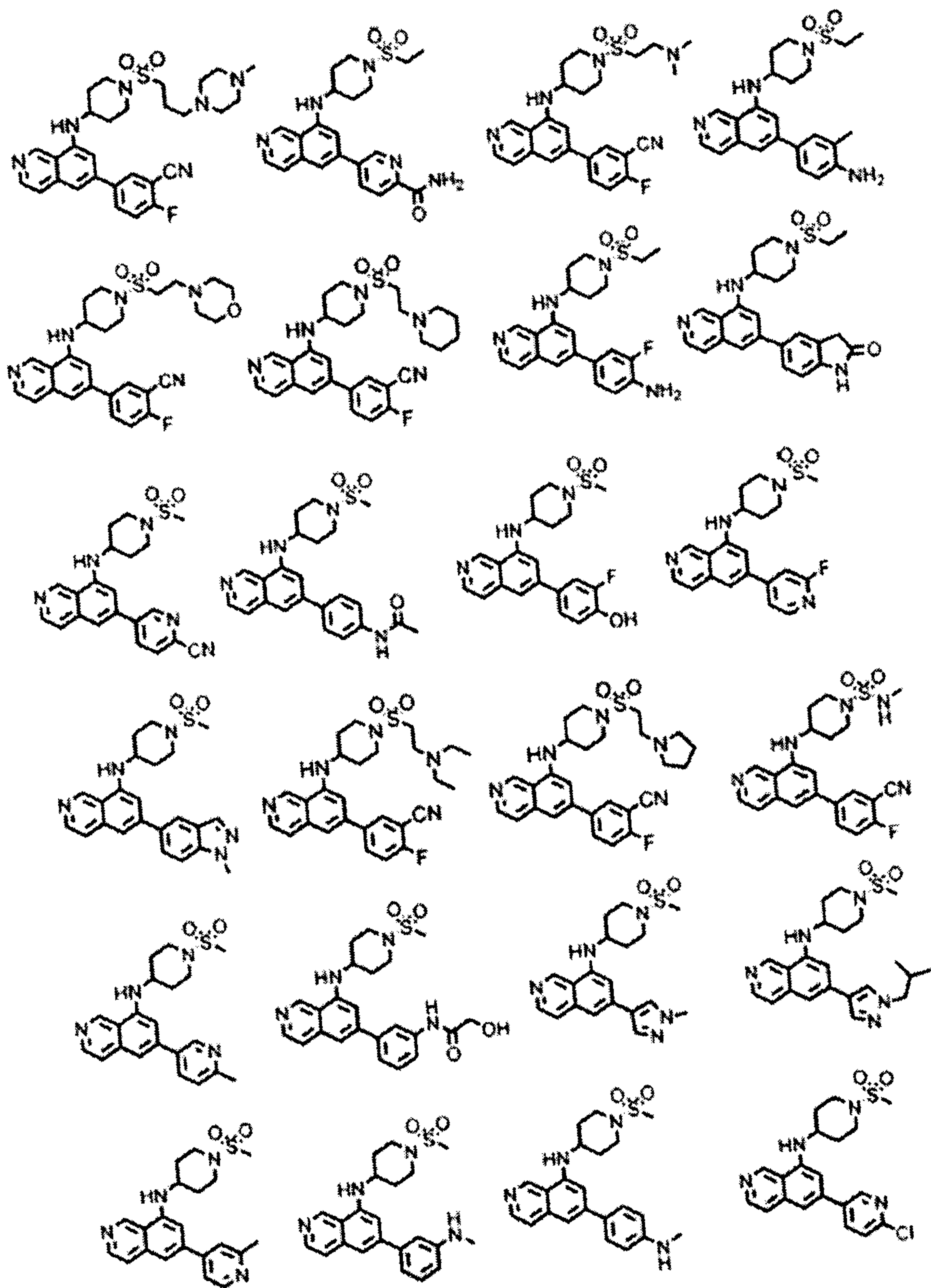


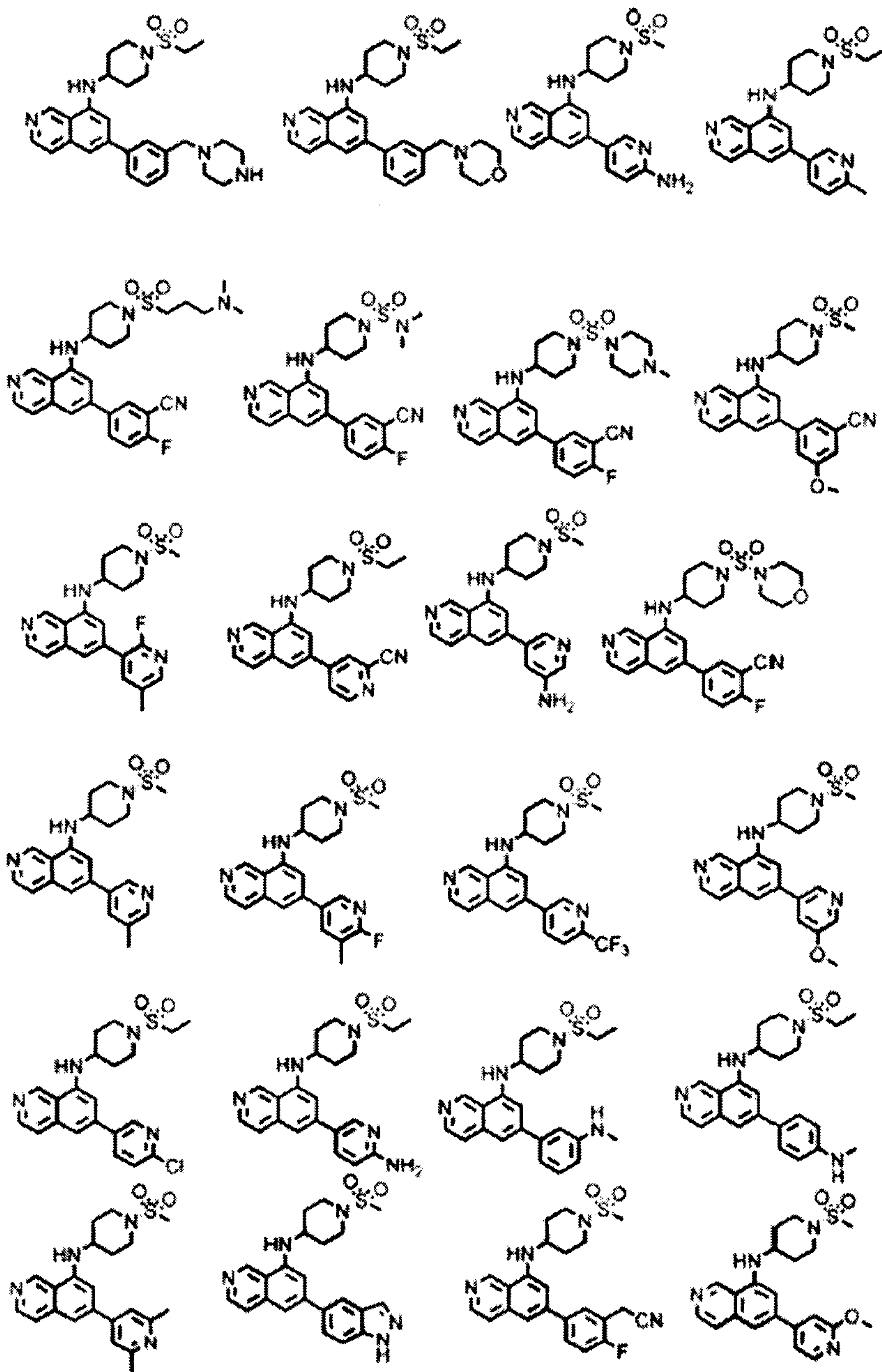


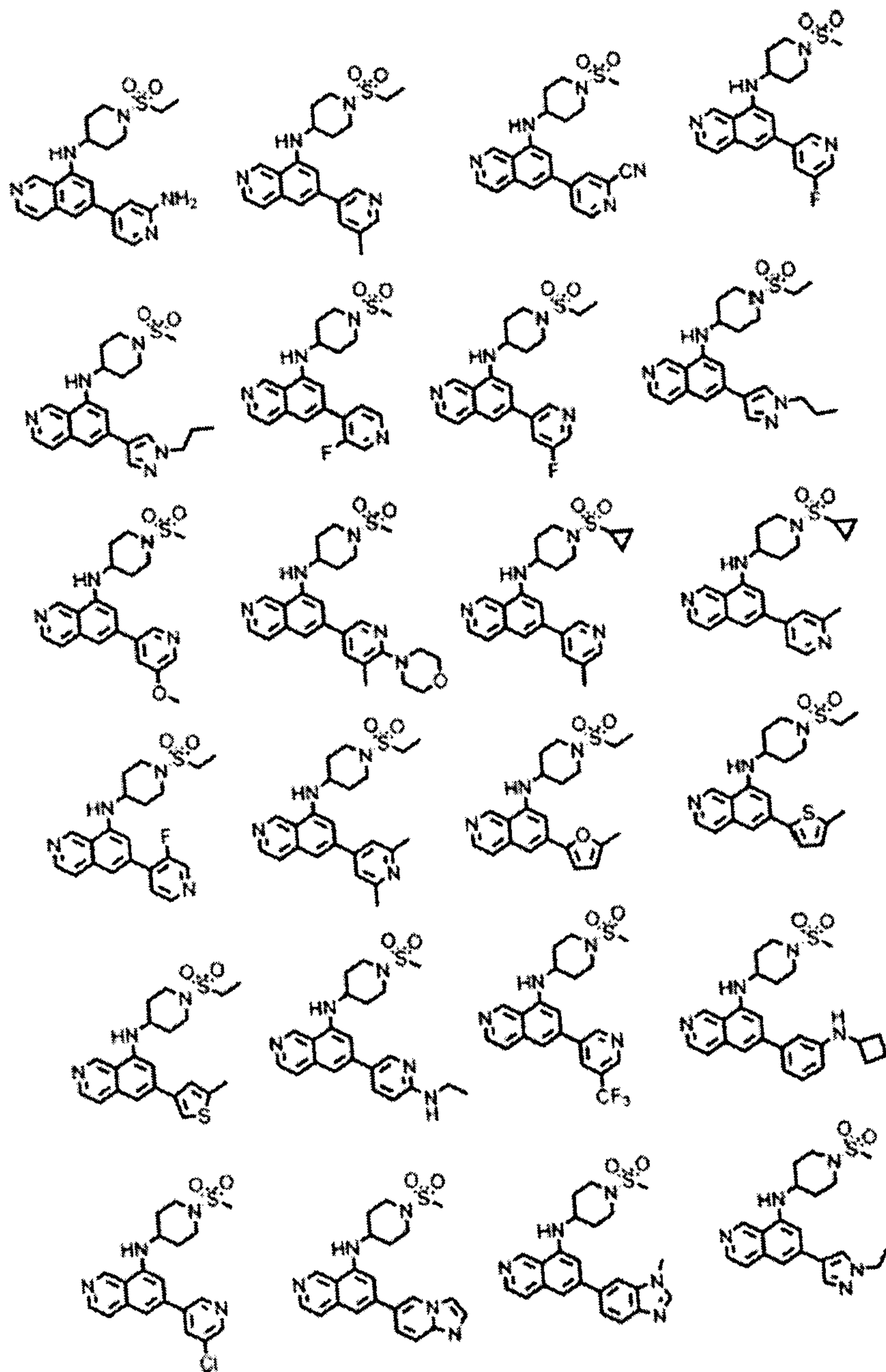


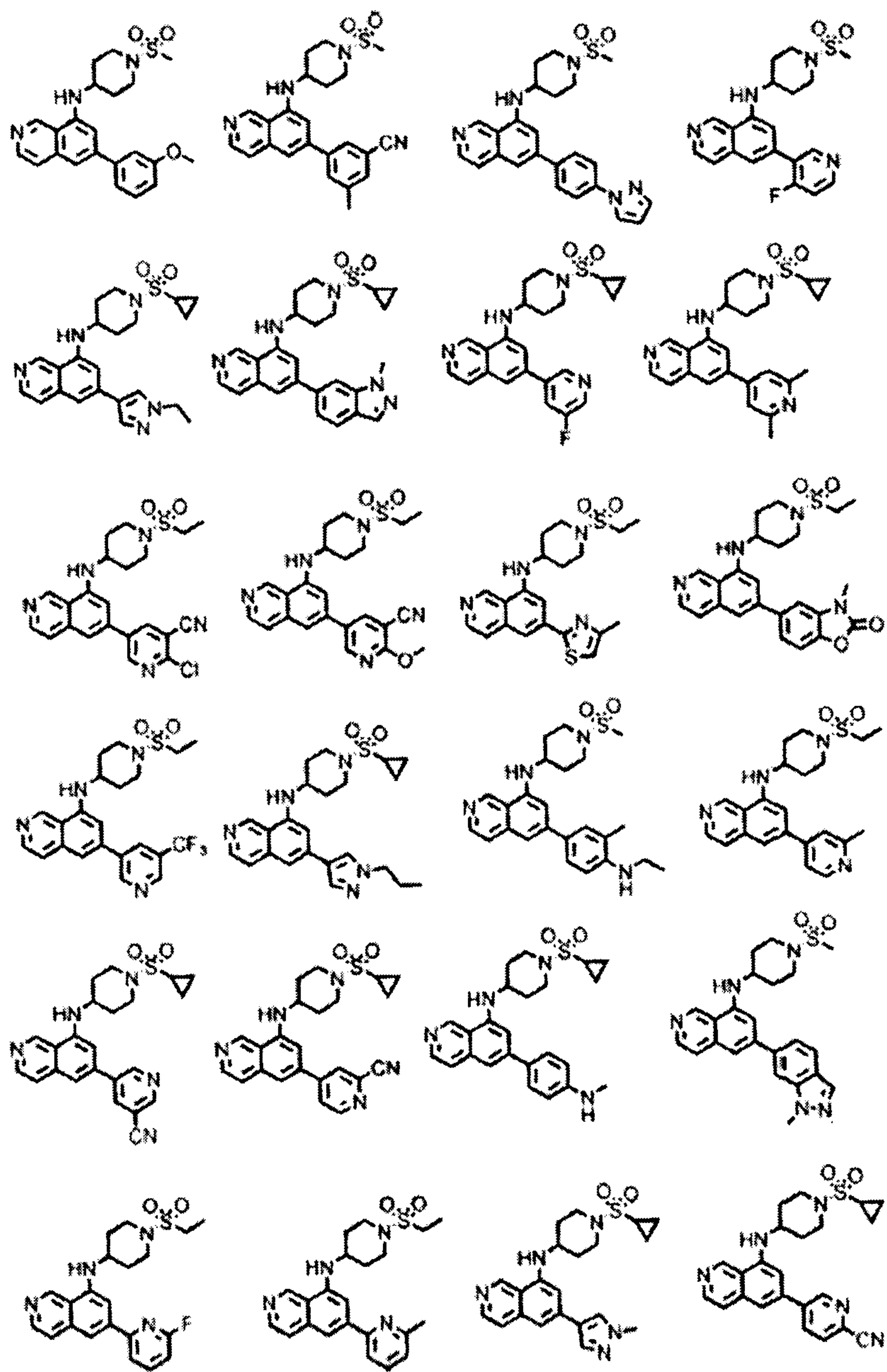
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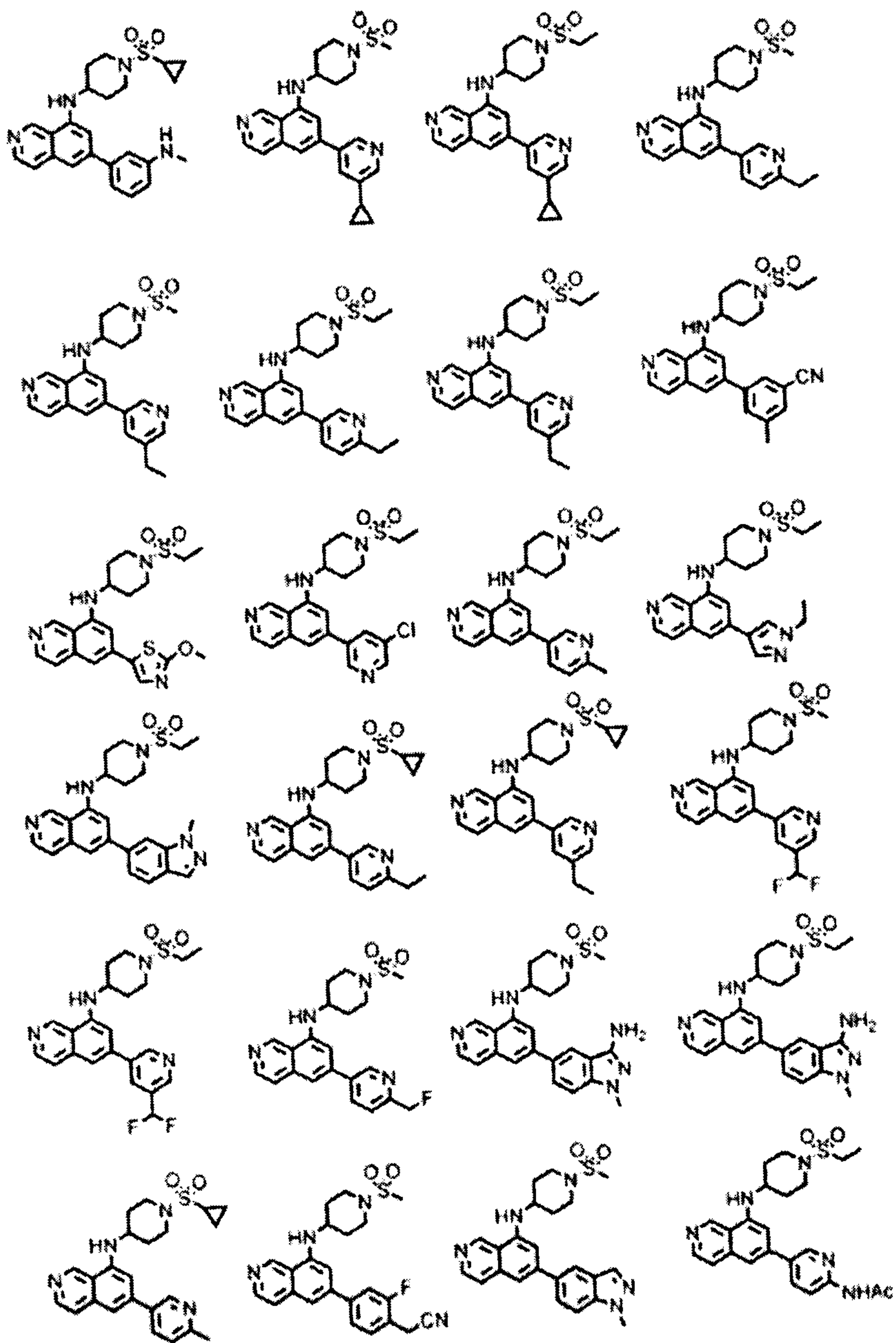


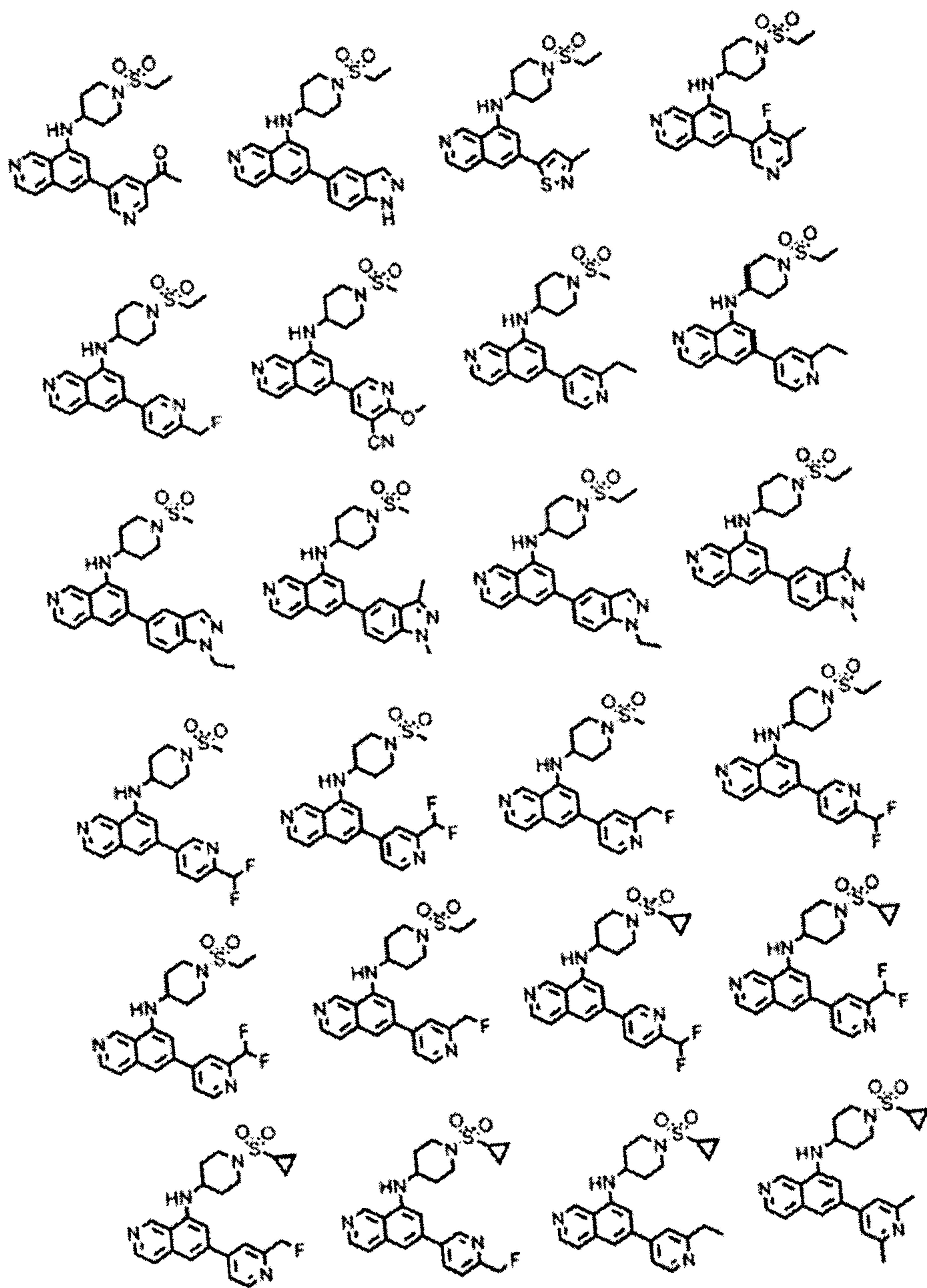


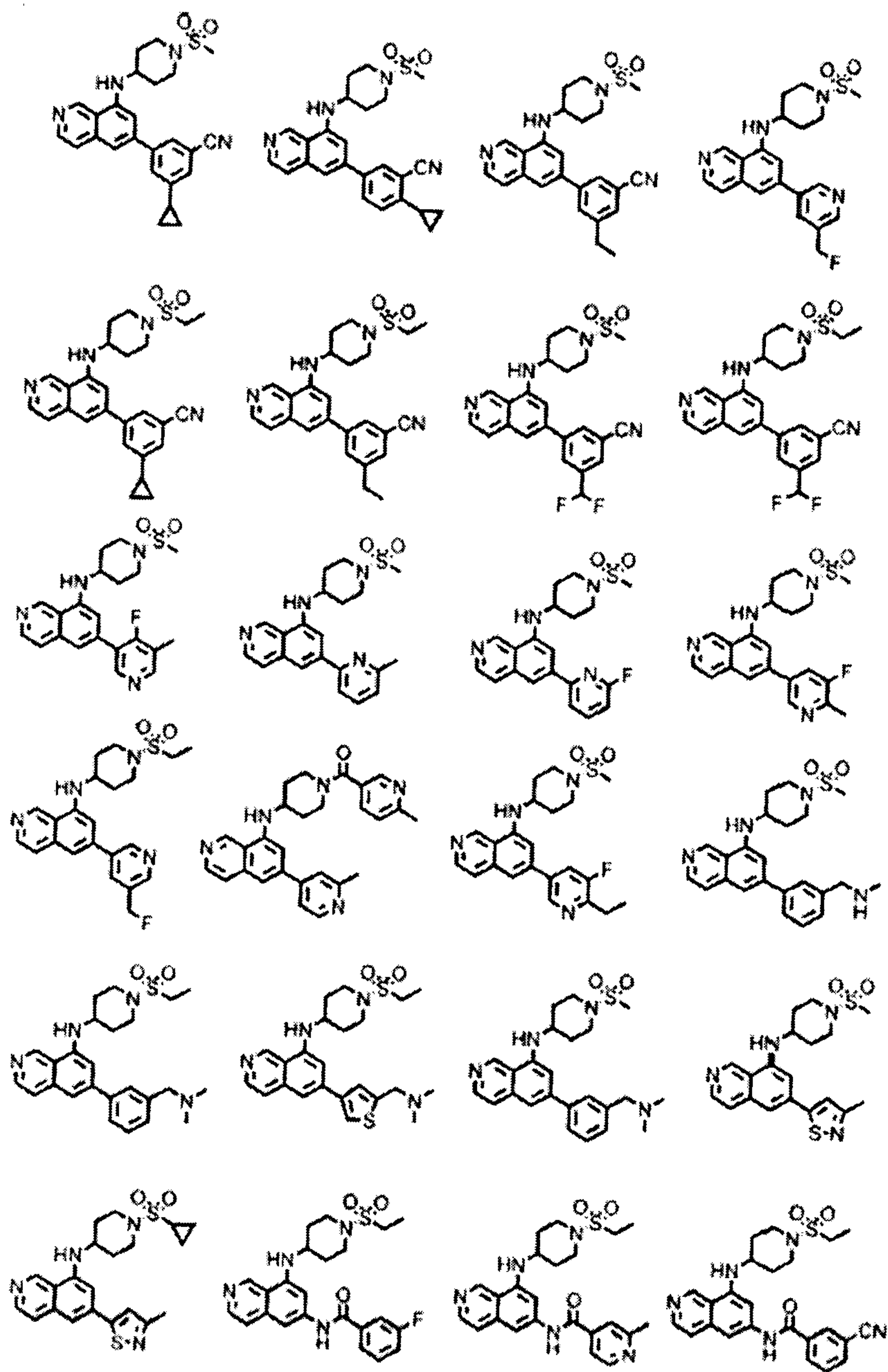


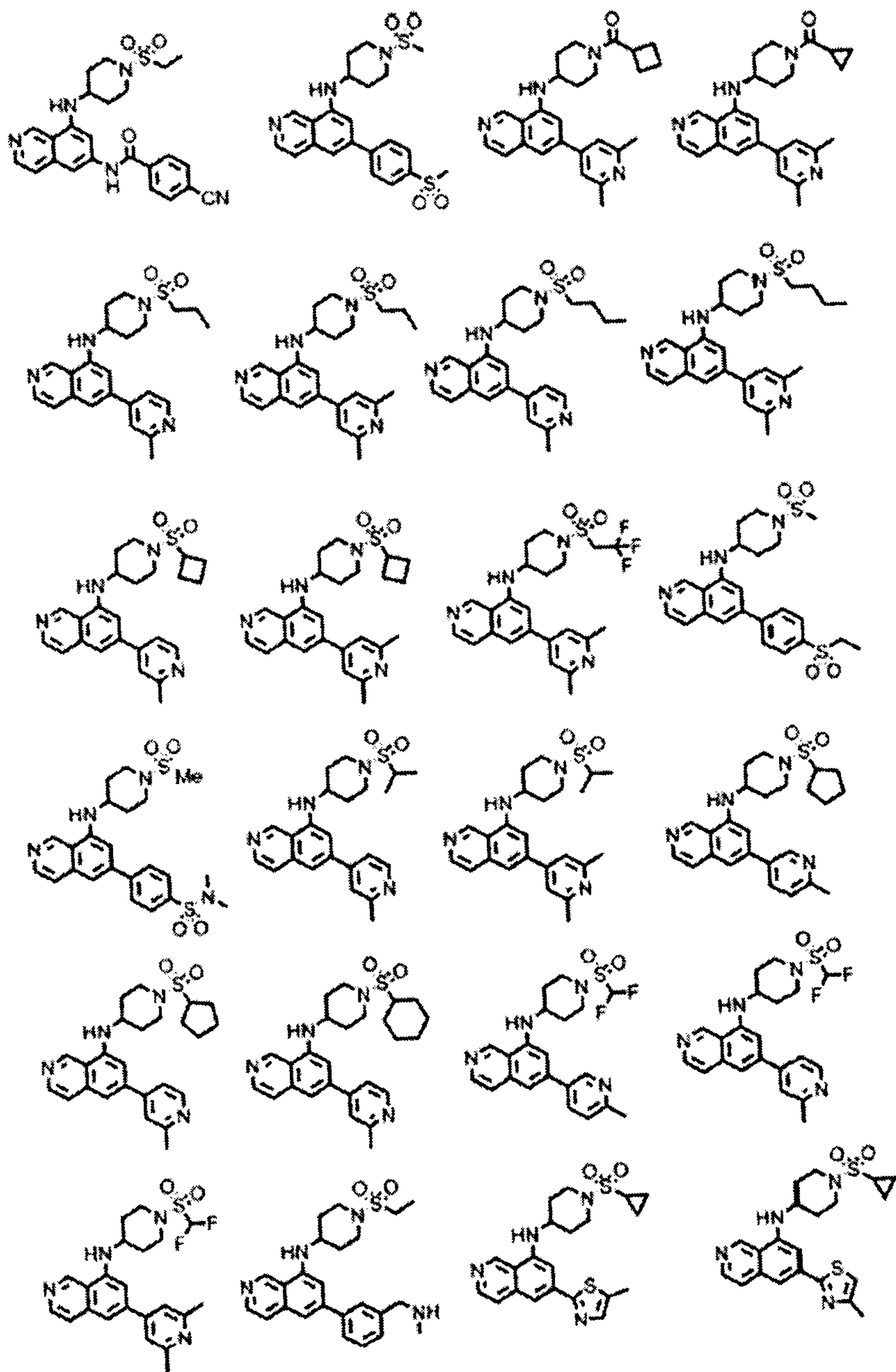


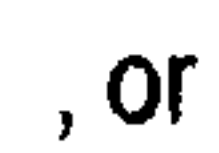






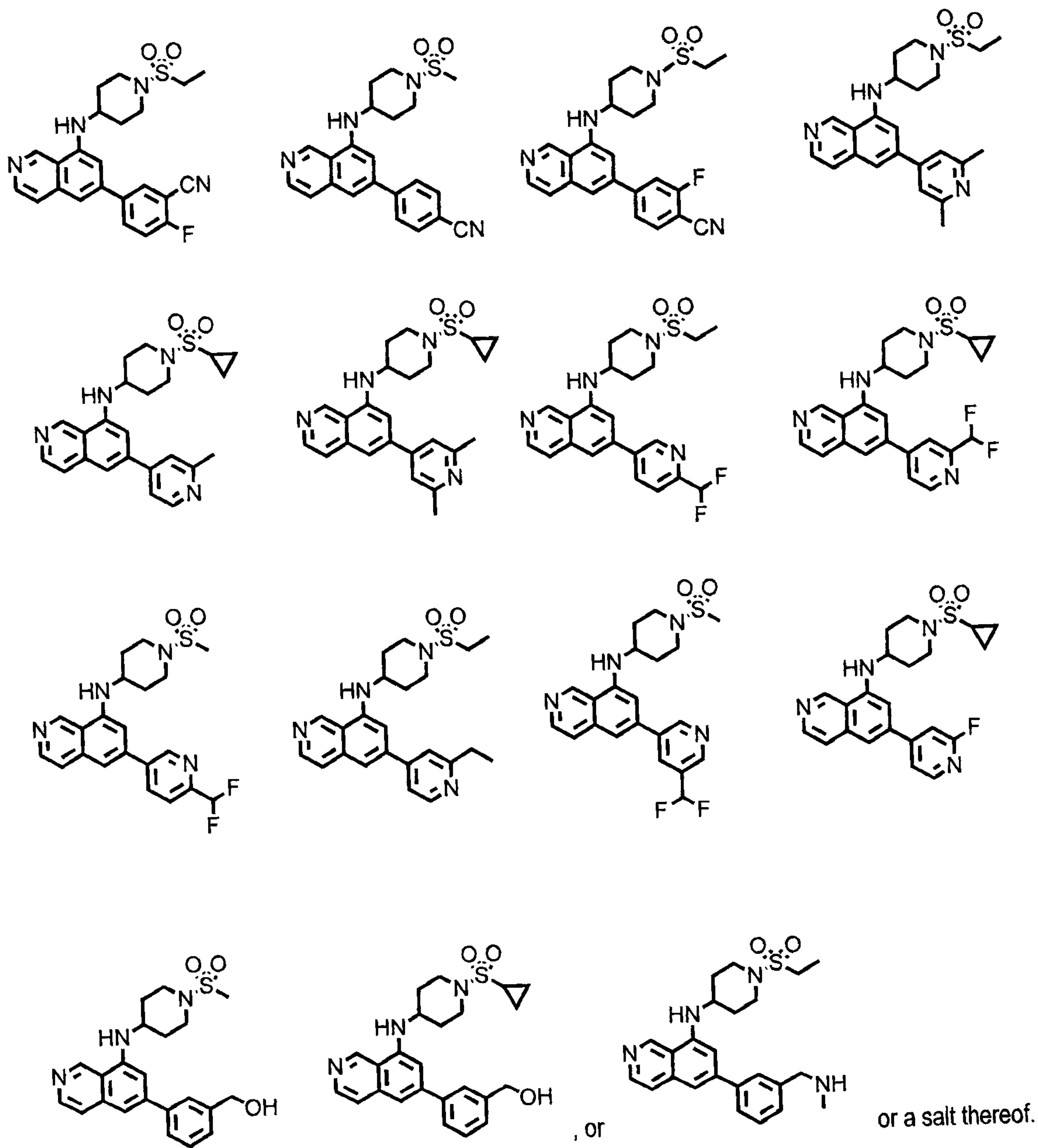




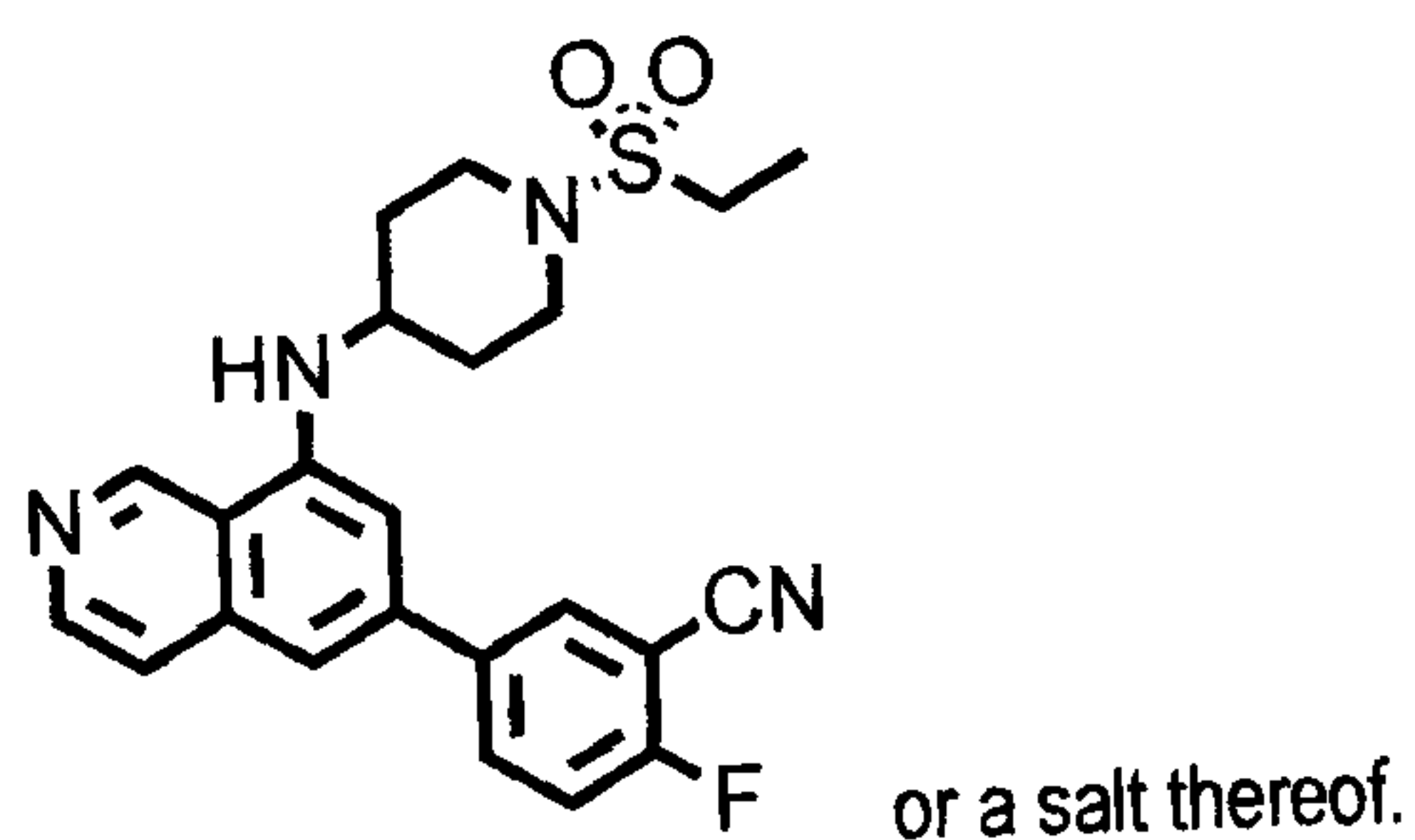


, or a salt thereof.

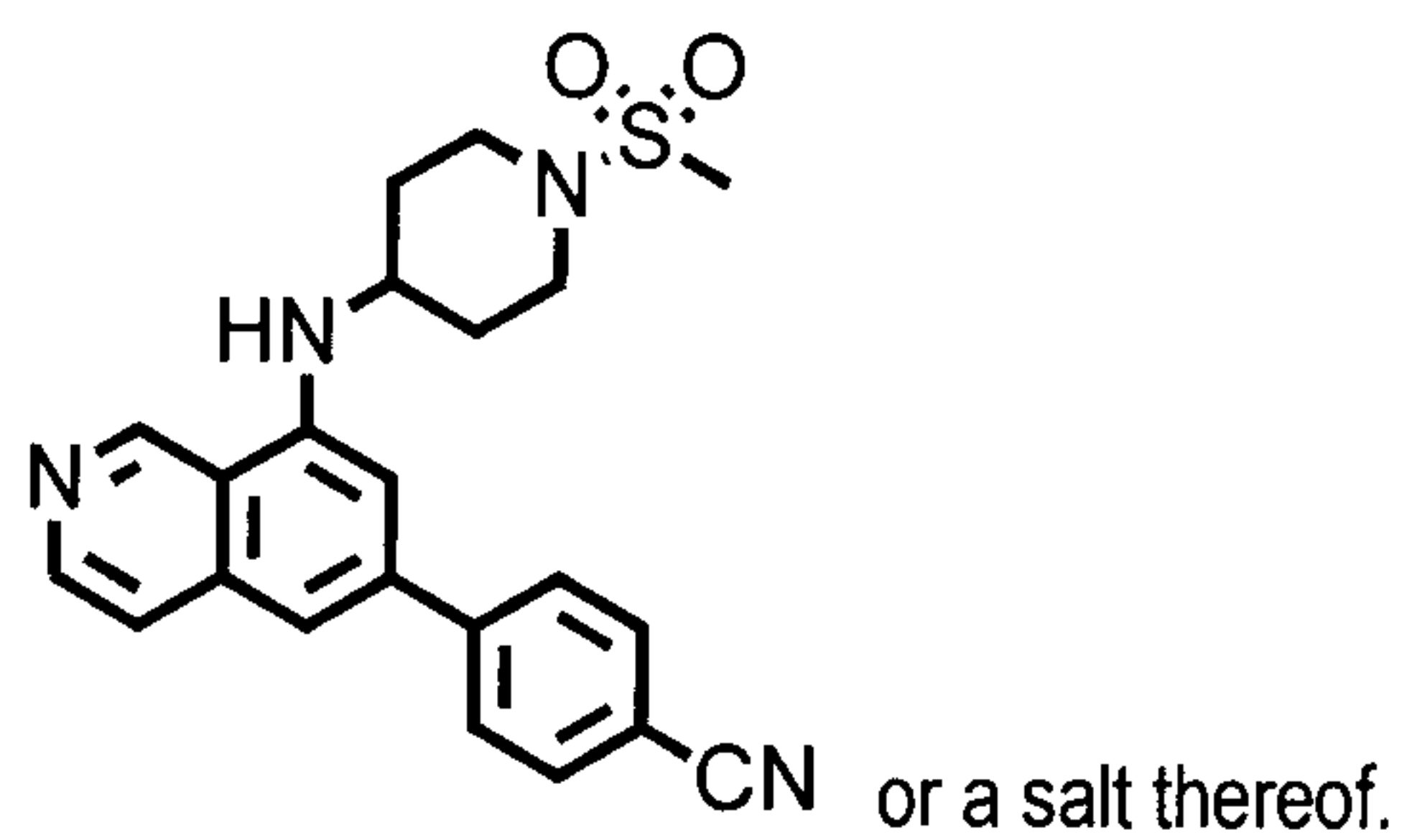
16. The compound according to claim 1 being:



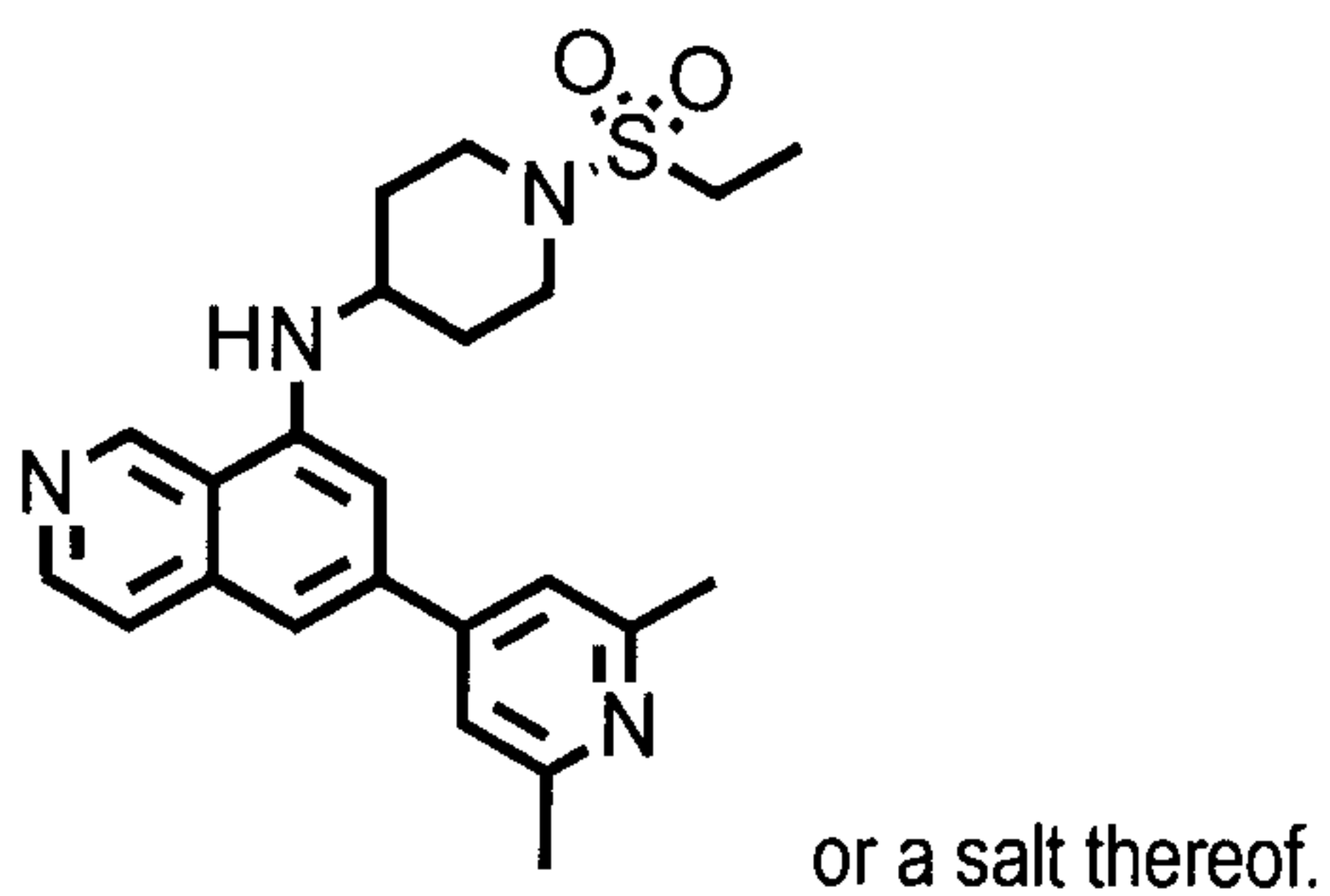
17. The compound according to claim 1 being:



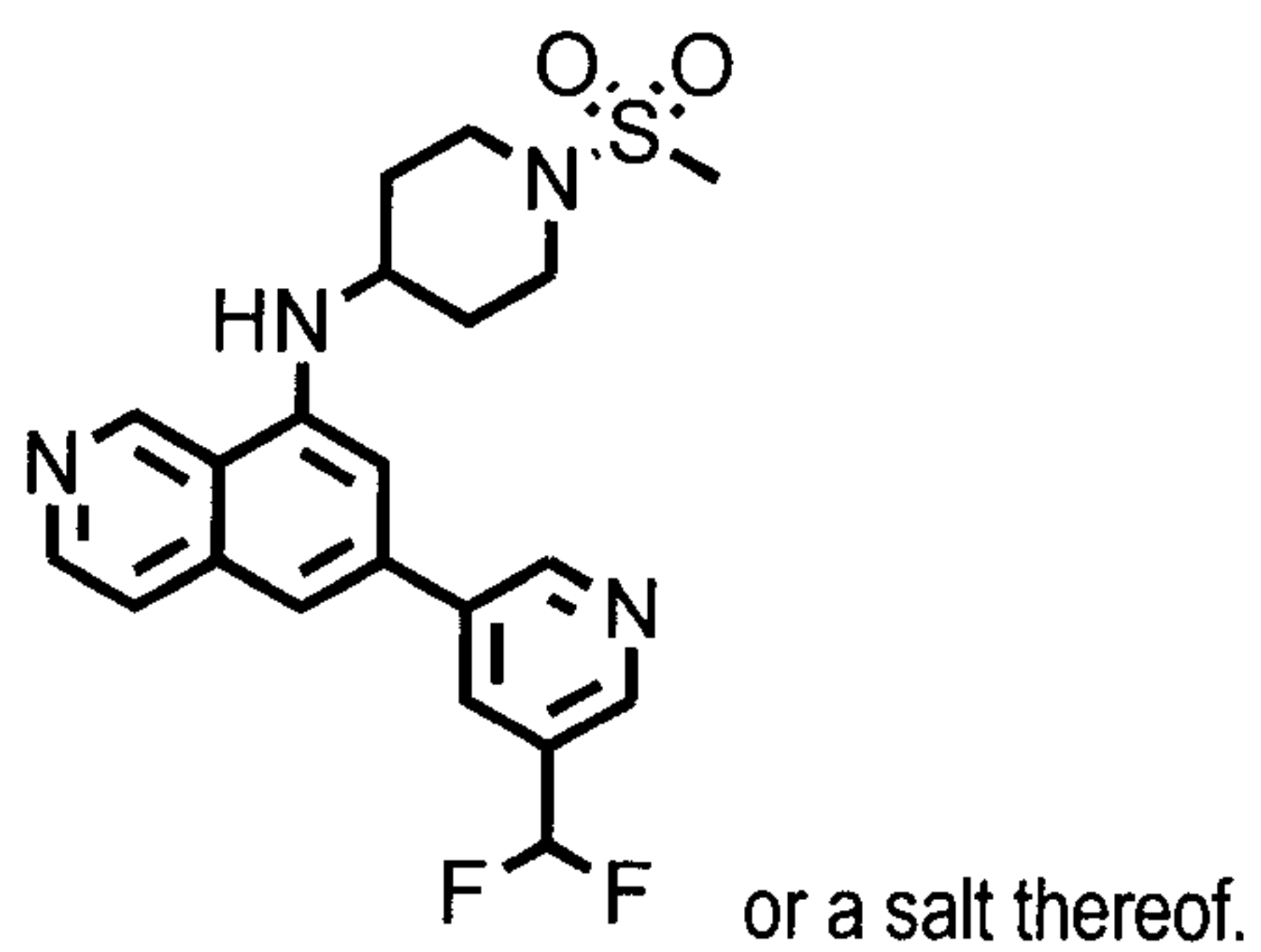
18. The compound according to claim 1 being:



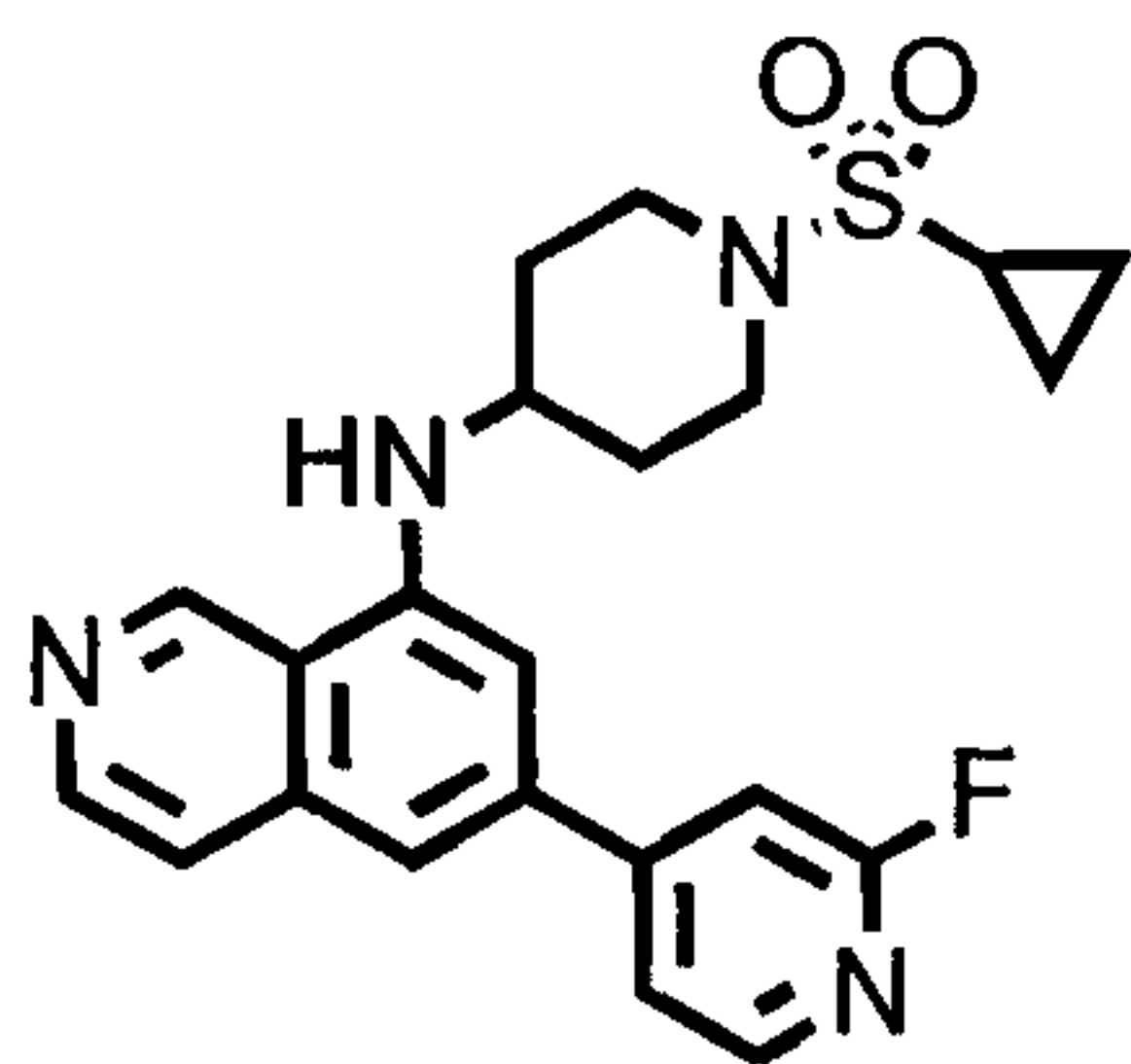
19. The compound according to claim 1 being:



20. The compound according to claim 1 being:

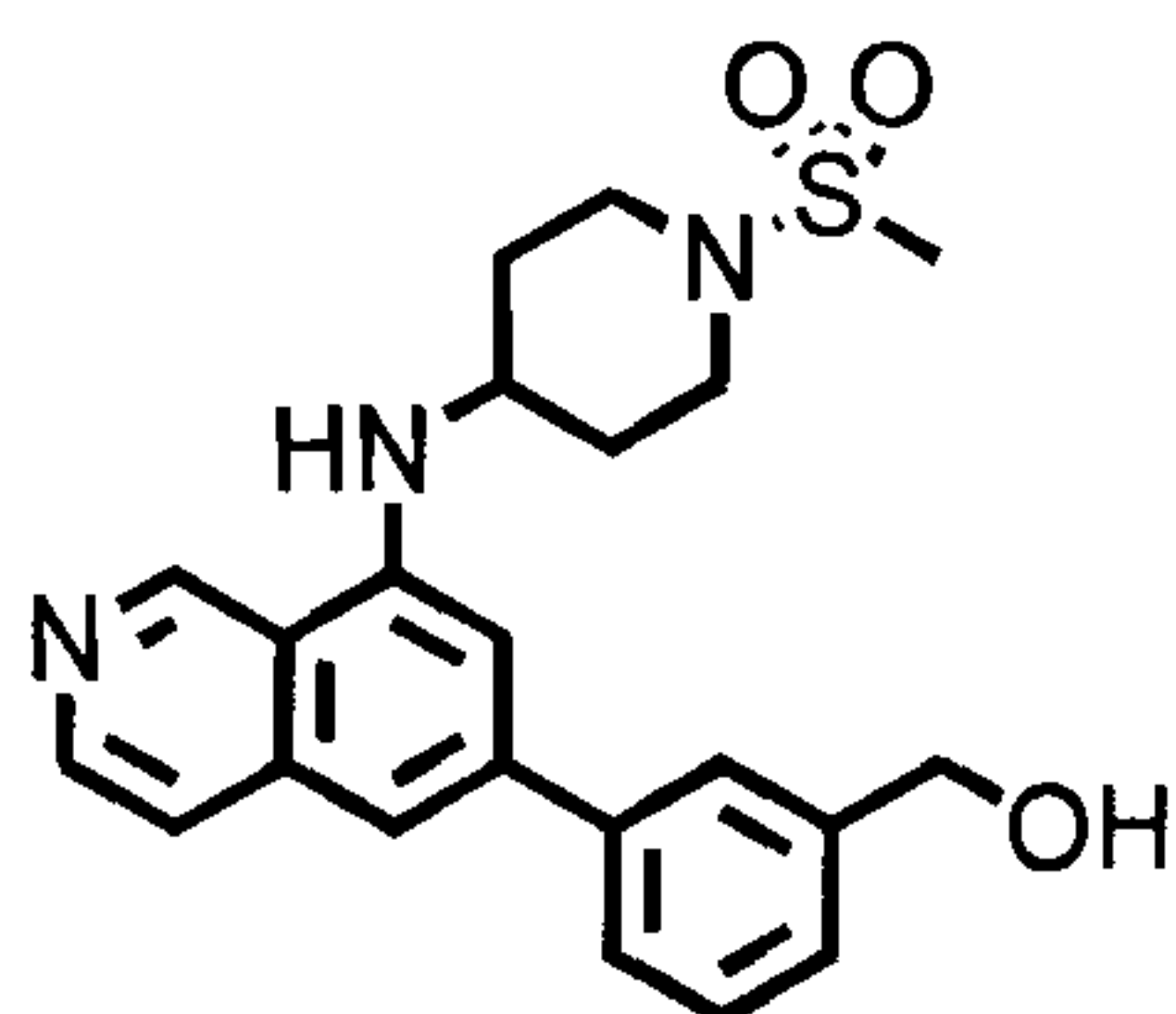


21. The compound according to claim 1 being:



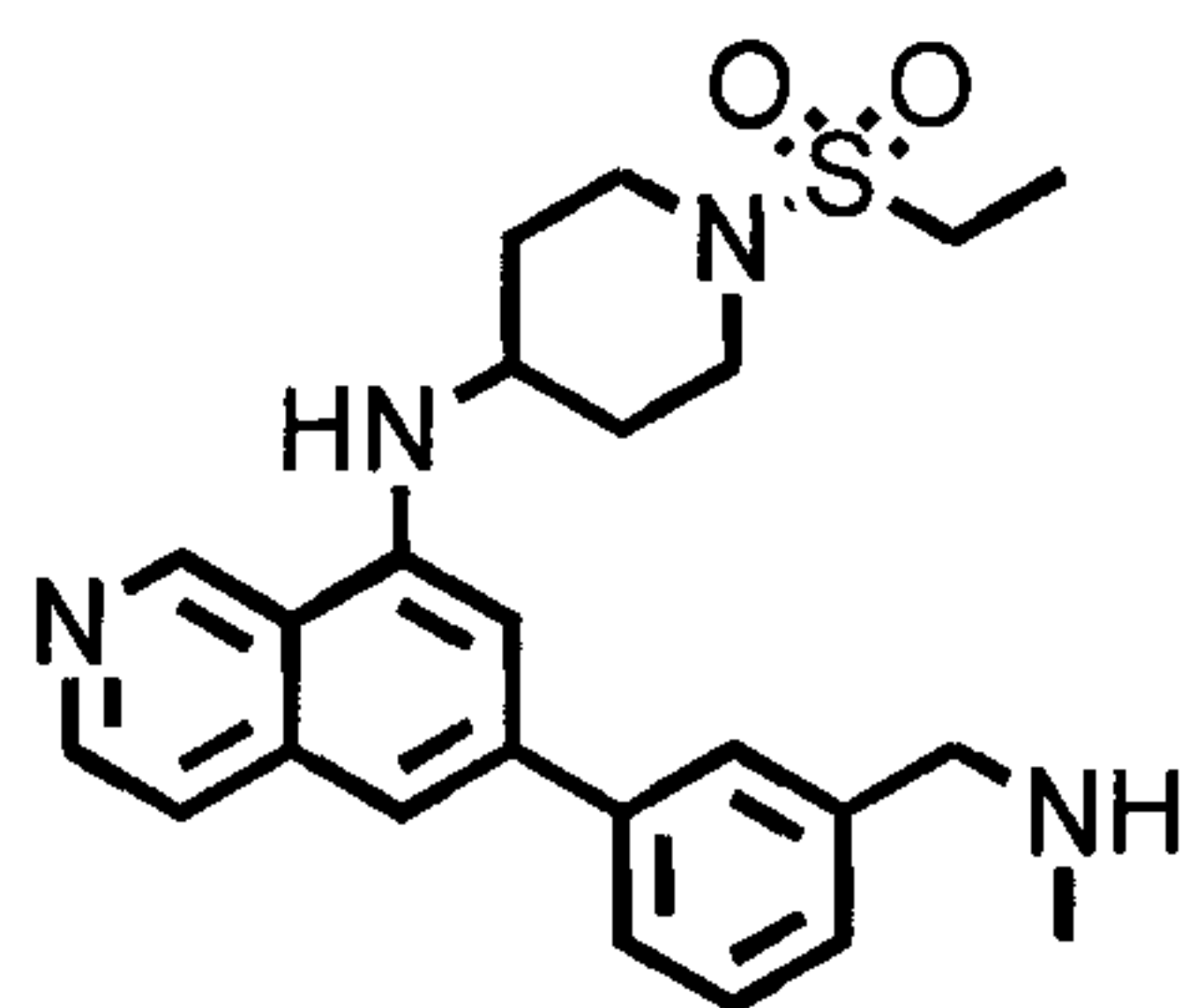
or a salt thereof.

22. The compound according to claim 1 being:



or a salt thereof.

23. The compound according to claim 1 being:



or a salt thereof.

24. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
25. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24, for preventing and/or treating mammal rheumatoid arthritis.
26. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24, for preventing and/or treating a mammal autoimmune disease.

27. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24, for preventing and/or treating a mammal inflammatory disease.
28. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24, for preventing and/or treating a mammal cardiovascular disease.
29. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24, for preventing and/or treating a mammal cancer.
30. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24, for preventing and/or treating a disease or symptom associated with acute or chronic inflammatory reaction in mammals.
31. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24, for preventing and/or treating a mammal atopic dermatitis.
32. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24, for preventing and/or treating a mammal inflammatory colitis.
33. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24, for preventing and/or treating a mammal osteoarthritis.
34. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24, for inhibiting IKK β .
35. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, being for use in preventing and/or treating mammal rheumatoid arthritis.
36. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, being for use in preventing and/or treating a mammal autoimmune disease.

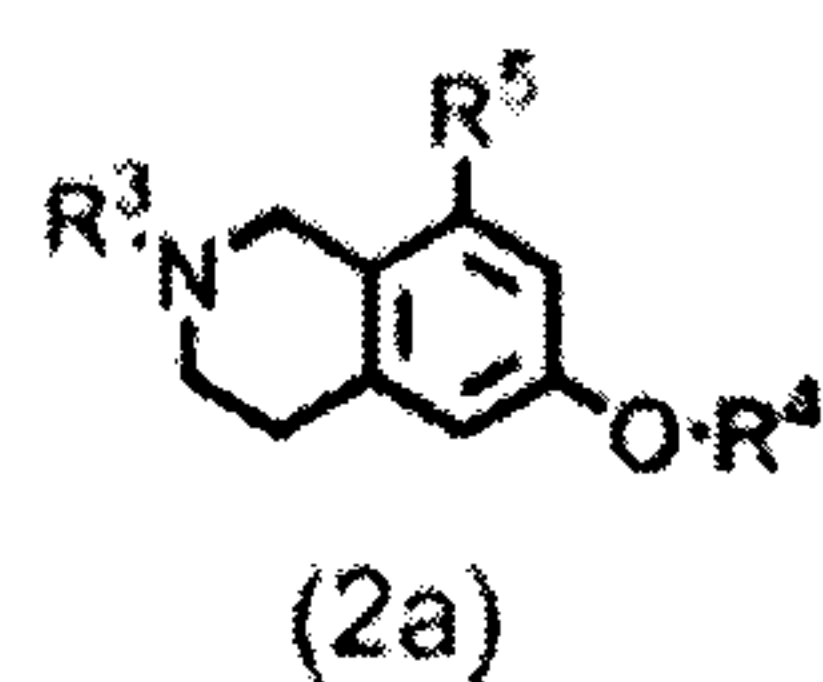
37. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, being for use in preventing and/or treating a mammal inflammatory disease.
38. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, being for use in preventing and/or treating a mammal cardiovascular disease.
39. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, being for use in preventing and/or treating a mammal cancer.
40. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, being for use in preventing and/or treating a disease or symptom associated with acute or chronic inflammatory reaction in mammals.
41. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, being for use in preventing and/or treating a mammal atopic dermatitis.
42. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, being for use in preventing and/or treating a mammal inflammatory colitis.
43. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, being for use in preventing and/or treating a mammal osteoarthritis.
44. The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, being for use in inhibiting IKK β .
45. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for preventing and/or treating mammal rheumatoid arthritis.

46. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for preventing and/or treating a mammal autoimmune disease.
47. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for preventing and/or treating a mammal inflammatory disease.
48. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for preventing and/or treating a mammal cardiovascular disease.
49. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for preventing and/or treating a mammal cancer.
50. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for preventing and/or treating a mammal atopic dermatitis.
51. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for preventing and/or treating a mammal inflammatory colitis.
52. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for preventing and/or treating a mammal osteoarthritis.
53. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for inhibiting $\text{IKK}\beta$ in a mammal.
54. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for preventing and/or treating a disease or symptom associated with acute or chronic inflammatory reaction in mammals.

55. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for preventing and/or treating mammal rheumatoid arthritis.
56. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for preventing and/or treating a mammal autoimmune disease.
57. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for preventing and/or treating a mammal inflammatory disease.
58. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for preventing and/or treating a mammal cardiovascular disease.
59. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for preventing and/or treating a mammal cancer.
60. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for preventing and/or treating a mammal atopic dermatitis.
61. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for preventing and/or treating a mammal inflammatory colitis.
62. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for preventing and/or treating a mammal osteoarthritis.
63. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for inhibiting IKK β in a mammal.

64. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for preventing and/or treating a disease or symptom associated with acute or chronic inflammatory reaction in mammals.

65. A compound represented by the following formula (2a) or a salt thereof:



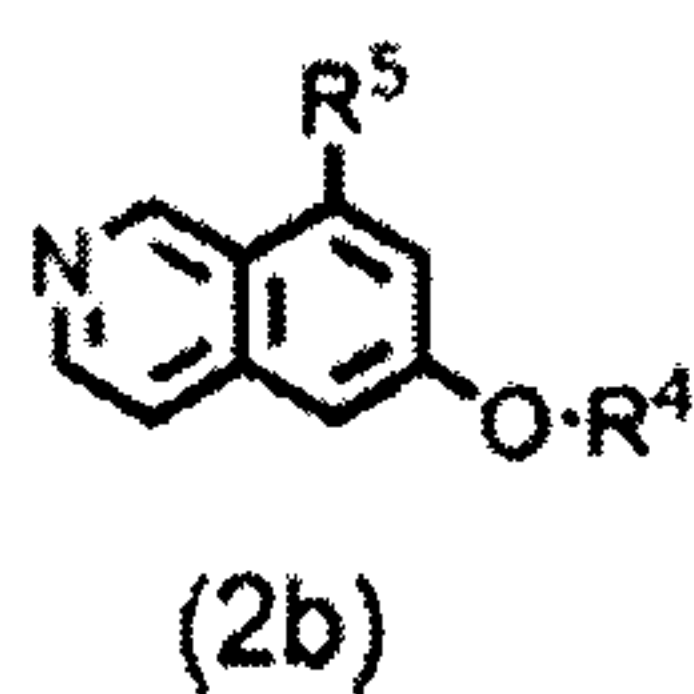
wherein:

R³ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group that may be substituted;

R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, or an aralkyl group that may be substituted; and

R⁵ represents a halogen atom.

66. Use of a compound represented by the following formula (2b) or a salt thereof as an intermediate for preparing a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 23:



wherein:

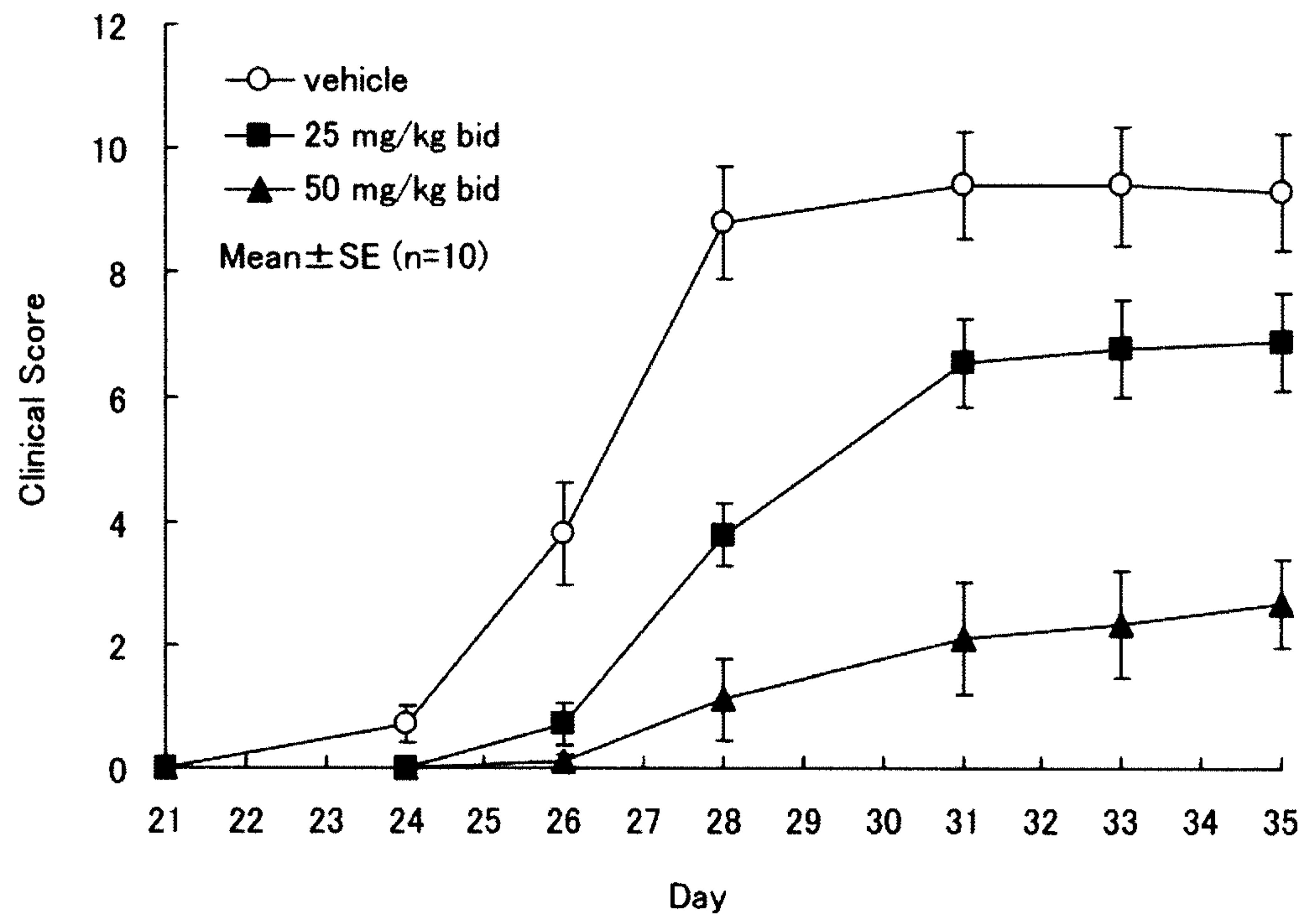
R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group that may be substituted, or an aralkyl group that may be substituted; and

R⁵ represents a halogen atom.

FIGURES

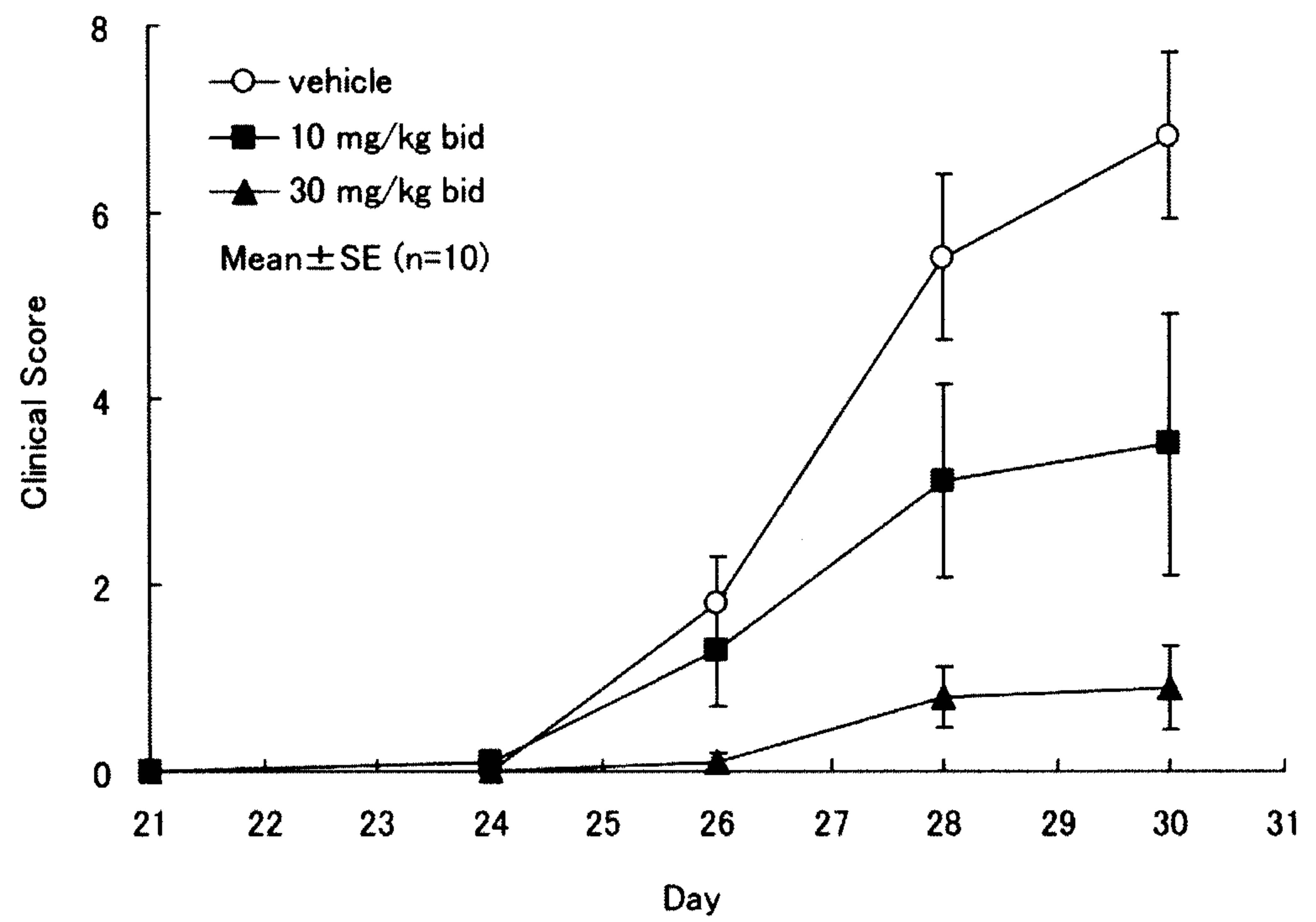
[Fig.1]

Fig. 1



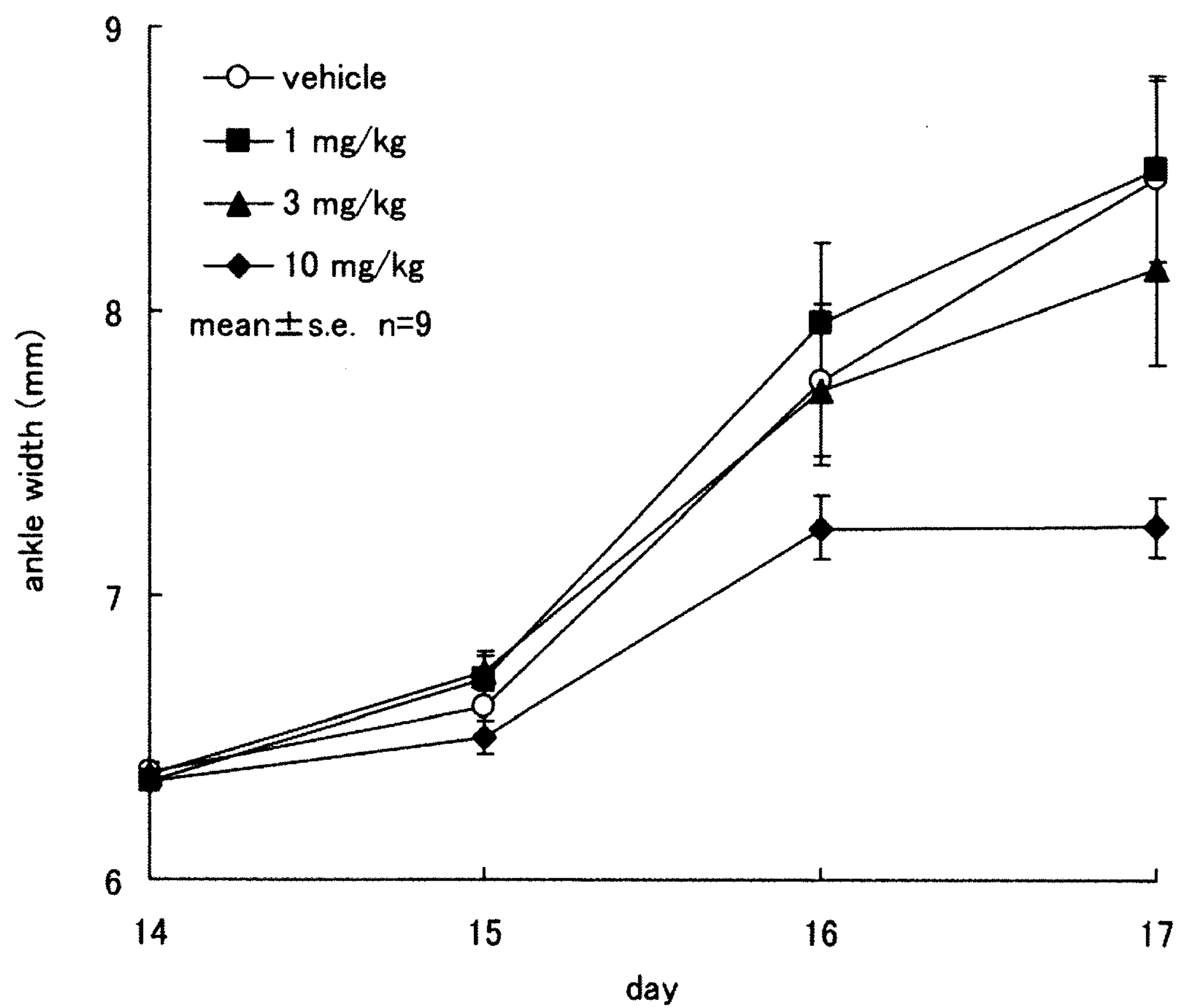
[Fig.2]

Fig. 2

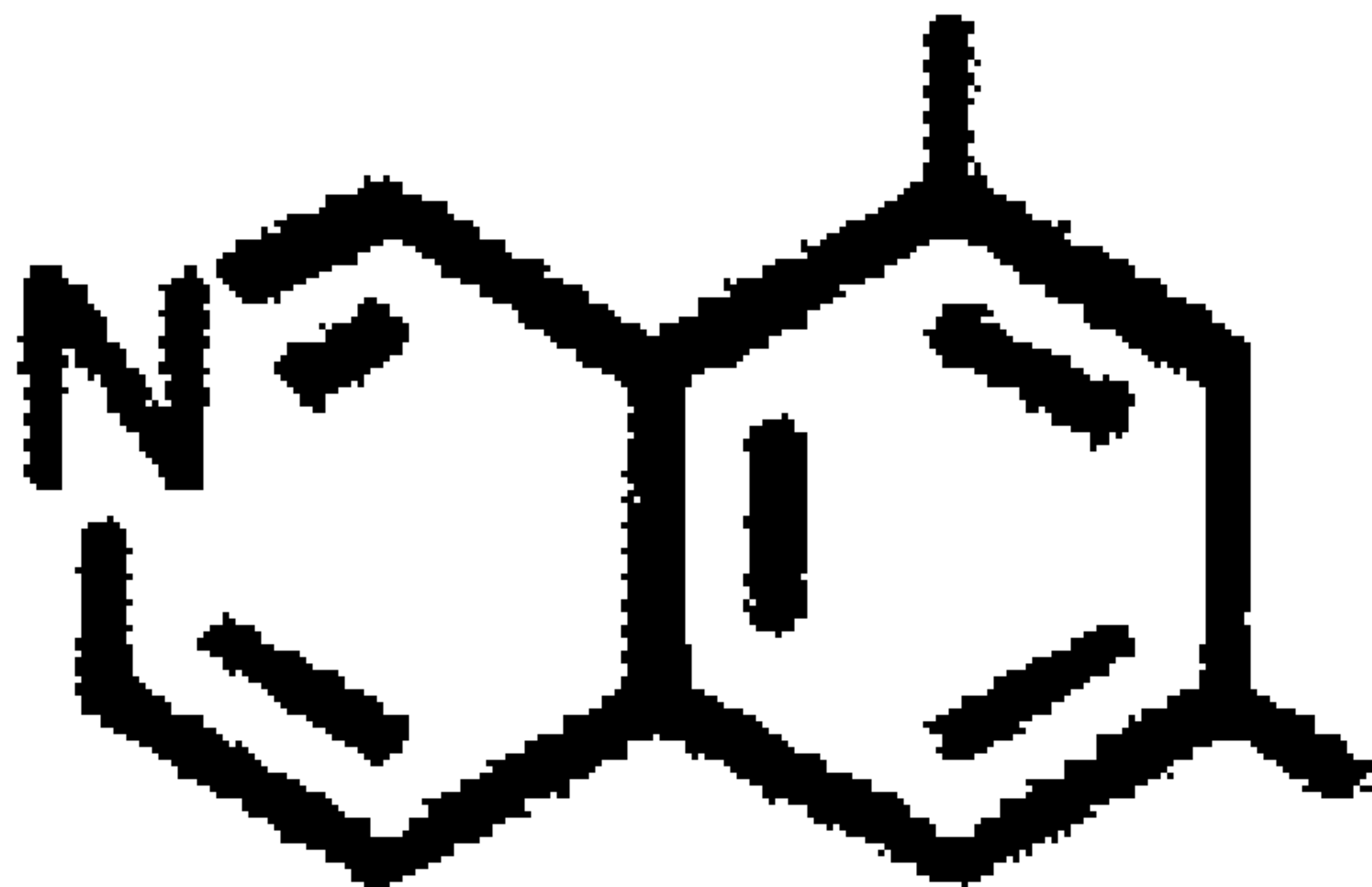


[Fig.3]

Fig. 3



$D^1 \cdot A^1 \cdot D^2 \cdot R^1$



$D^3 \cdot R^2$

(1)