A roller blind structure of the kind comprising an elongated tubular member (1), having secured thereto, on one end of a fabric web (16) and being rotatably mounted in elongated openings (3) in two spaced apart brackets (4) so as to allow said tubular member to be also displaced towards and away from a window or the like and further having a flanged reel (7) secured to said elongated member and a cord (10) which has one end thereof secured to said reel and wound up in a direction opposite to the winding direction of the web has a cover (19) with elongated upper and lower walls (20, 21) to form an elongated recess for receiving the flanged reel in a manner to allow it to be displaced with the tubular member. The cover further has at least in the lower wall thereof an elongated opening (23) permitting the passage of the cord in a substantially vertical direction independent of the actual displacement position of the reel. The elongated opening may have a widened portion (24) where the cord passes when the tubular member is in its innermost position and may either be integral with one of the brackets or made as a separate part, which can be detachably connected to said bracket.
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IMPROVEMENTS IN ROLLER BLINDS

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a roller blind structure comprising an elongated preferably tubular member having at the ends thereof axially extending studs which are rotateably and displaceably received in slots provided in two spaced apart brackets provided to be secured to the upper part of a window casing or the like such that said elongated member when rotated in a clockwise direction moves in one direction along said slots but when rotated in an anti-clockwise direction moves in the opposite direction along said slots. The elongated member is rotated by means of a cord attached to the hub of a flanged reel secured to one end of said elongated member and a fabric is secured to said elongated member and wound up thereon in a direction opposite to that of said cord such that when fabric is unrolled from the elongated member cord is wound upon the reel and vice versa. If the fabric is wound upon the elongated member in such a direction that it is unrolled from said member when the latter is rotated such that it moves towards the window the fabric will seal against said window casing when the screen goes down.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PRIOR ART

The US Patent Application 06/095,039 describes a roller blind structure of the kind referred to and to achieve that the cord will reel and unreel in a proper manner without forming loops and without leaving the reel there is according to said US Patent Application provided a sleeve having an axially extending slot and said sleeve is mounted over said reel to be displaced therewith but without being rotated therewith. To this end such a sleeve has an axially projecting portion to engage a surface of said bracket to allow said sleeve to be displaced but not rotated and thus said sleeve has to have a precise orientation when mounted over the reel. It has proven that this is no problem when the roller blind is first
installed as the installation is carried out with the aid of a written instruction. When -however- the elongated member with the fabric screen has been taken down for instance for cleaning the screen or changing cord the installation instruction in most instances is not available and as a consequence thereof the sleeve is often improperly mounted and as a result thereof the blind will not function and may also be damaged. It has also been found that the sleeve can be stuck in one position especially when the cord is rapidly operated and also in this case the proper function of the blind is in danger. The sleeve must be made with a certain clearance in all directions to be able to move properly but it cannot be avoided that the sleeve offers such a resistance that the force which has to be applied to the cord for winding up the screen will reach an unacceptable level.

15 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

With these and other drawbacks of the known device in mind one object of the invention is to provide a roller blind structure of the kind referred to which ensures a proper reeling and unreeling of the cord and which is easily installed with the risk for improper installation and malfunction minimized.

Another object of the invention is to provide an inexpensive and estethical structure.

The foregoing and other objects of the invention have been attained by providing a cover member with an upper wall, a lower wall and at least a front wall, at least the lower wall having an elongated opening extending longitudinally to allow the passage of a cord secured to the hub of a flanged reel, rotateably received within said cover, said flanged reel being further provided to be displaced in said cover member while rotating, said opening having such an extension that it allows said cord to leave said cover member in a substantially vertical direction independent of the position of said reel.
The drawings illustrate an examplifying embodiment of the invention and a modification of one of the parts thereof.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a roller blind according to the invention but without the cover,

Fig. 2 is a front view partly in section of the improved roller blind,

Fig. 3 is a perspective view of a cover member of the roller blind,

Fig. 4 is a perspective view of a combined cover and bracket and

Fig. 5 is a perspective view of a somewhat modified cover member,

Fig. 6 is a side view, partly broken, of a combined cover and bracket,

Fig. 7 is a section along line VII-VII in fig. 6 and

Fig. 8 is a plan view of the combined cover and bracket.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

IMPROVEMENTS IN ROLLER BLINDS

Referring to figures 1 and 2 of the drawing the improved roller blind comprises an elongated, tubular member (1) having at one end thereof an axially projecting stud (2) which is intended to be displaceably and rotateably received in an elongated opening (3) provided in a bracket (4). Said bracket is intended to be fastened to a window frame or the like by means of screws and has an upper projection (5a) and a lower projection (5b), both of said projections having a hole (6a) respectively (6b) for such screws.

Said tubular member (1) is at the opposite end thereof provided with a flanged reel (7) and an axially projecting stud (8), which latter like stud (2) is intended to be displaceably and rotateably received in an elongated opening (3) provided in another bracket (4).

Secured to the hub (9) of the reel is one end of a cord (10) which
preferably is provided at the free end thereof with a knob (11). Said cord passes through a locking device (12) which comprises a U-shaped member (13) and a spring operated lever (14) which by means of a pin (15) is pivotally connected to the flanges of the U-shaped member (13) in such a manner that it locks the cord by pressing it against the web portion of said U-shaped member but releases the cord when said lever against the spring action is pivoted in the direction of the arrow.

Secured to the elongated tubular member is one end of a web or screen (16) which in the opposite end thereof is folded over and formed to a pocket (17) in which is received a wooden bar or the like to hold said screen stretched and to facilitate the unwinding of said screen from the tubular member (1).

To enable the elongated member (1) to be connected to the brackets in an easy manner the latter have vertical openings (18) communicating with the elongated openings (3) such that the studs (2) and (8) of said elongated tubular member may be dropped into said openings (3) via the openings (18).

The roller blind now described substantially corresponds to the roller blind structure of the US Patent Application No. 06/095.039.

In order to guide cord (10) cover member (19) as illustrated in fig. 3 is utilized. Said cover member comprises an upper wall (20), a lower wall (21) and a preferably curved front wall (22). Extending from the rear end of said upper wall (20) is a slot (23) having a widened portion (24) with bevelled or curved transition surfaces (25a) and (25b) respectively. An identical slot is provided in the lower wall (21) as clearly from fig. 3.

As seen in fig. 2 and fig. 3 cover (18) has a wall (26) with an elongated opening (27) such that said stud (8) may pass into the elongated opening (3) of one of the brackets (4).
Cover (19) further has walls (28a) and (28b) respectively provided to engage one side surface of bracket (4) when wall (26) engages the opposite side surface of said bracket. Cover (19) further has minor projections (28) provided to be received in corresponding grooves in the bracket (4) to which cover member (18) is to be connected when the cover is in place. The cover member is made from a plastic material with resilient properties and it is thus clear that said projections (28) may snap into said grooves to releasably lock the cover to the bracket in question. It is further obvious that the cover is easily connected to the bracket by pushing it into the bracket in question in the direction of the arrow of fig. 4 and disconnected from the bracket when pulled in a direction opposite to the arrow.

The function of the roller blind is as follows:

To install the roller blind the web or fabric (16) is wound upon the elongated member (1) in one direction and the cord (10) is wound upon the hub of the flanged reel (7) in the opposite direction and the studs (2) and (8) are then introduced in the openings (3) of the brackets via the vertical openings (18). The cover member (19) is then slid into the bracket in the direction of the arrow in fig. 4 until the projections (28) snap into the recesses of the bracket.

In operation the studs (2) and (8) roll against the surfaces which constitute the lower limits of the openings and as a consequence thereof the elongated member moves towards the window when said elongated member is rotated in one direction and moves away from the window when said elongated member is rotated in the opposite direction. In most instances the fabric and cord are wound up so as to achieve that the fabric web will move towards the window when the curtain goes down and to achieve that the cord will reel an unreel in a proper manner without forming loops and without leaving the reel the slot (23) extends in the direction in which the cord moves, i.e. towards respectively away from the window. This
movement takes place whenever the blind is operated but by arranging
the openings (3) inclined it is possible to give the elongated mem-
ber a tendency always to return to its innermost position. It has
been found that by designing the slot (23) with an transversely
widened portion (24) located in the zone where the cord leaves the
cover when the elongated member is in its innermost position, i.e.
nearest to the window, the cord will be guided so as to be properly
wound up in layer after layer and to give the cord a tendency to
rapidly move into said zone the curved or bevelled surfaces (25a-
25b) are provided. Thus a proper reeling and unrelling is achieved
and by providing slots (23) of the kind referred to in the lower
wall as well as in the upper wall of cover member (19) the latter
may - by being placed upside down - be alternatively used with
right and left hand located reel (7).

Instead of the widened portion (24) the cover may have a slide (30)
displaceably arranged as shown in fig. 5. By such an arrangement the
cord is free to be wound upon the hub of the reel in the entire
width thereof independent of in which position relative to the win-
dow the elongated member may be. As shown the slide is slit up to
allow the cord to be pressed into said slide. Although the cover has
now been described as a separate part it may also be integral with
one of the brackets (4).

It is obvious that the walls (20) and (21) are parallel and that the
distance between them slightly exceeds the diameter of the reel
flanges such that the cord is prevented from leaving the reel and
also to be jammed between the flanges and said walls.

As just mentioned the cover described can be integral with one of
the brackets and figs 6, 7 and 8 illustrate such a combined cover
and bracket, which is generally designated as 31. It has -as can be
seen- a solid side wall (37) with an elongated opening (32) for the
stud (8) of the reel (7). The elongated opening (23) communicates
with an transverse slot (33) in the rear portion of the lower wall
(21) (respectively 20 when this wall faces downwards). The elongated
opening has substantially the same shape as described with reference to fig. 3 and fig. 4, i.e. it has a widened portion (24) limited by inclined or curved surfaces (25a, 25b). The cover further has two projecting lugs (34a, 34b) with planar surfaces and holes (35a, 35b) for screws or similar means to secure the cover to a window frame, a wall or the like. It is obvious that the reel (7) is received in the opening (36) and works in the manner described before. It may be mentioned that the cord is preferably introduced into the opening (23) via slot (33) just before the reel is inserted.
CLAIMS

1. Improvements in roller blinds and the like comprising a cover having an elongated upper wall, an elongated lower wall and at least a front wall, at least said lower wall having an elongated opening extending longitudinally to allow the passage of a cord secured at one end thereof to a flanged reel rotatably received within said cover said flanged reel being provided to be displaced longitudinally while rotating and said longitudinally extending opening having such an extension that it allows said cord to pass through the same in a substantially vertical direction independent of the longitudinal position of said reel.

2. Improvement as claimed in claim 1, wherein the cover at the rear end thereof has a planar attachment surface with holes for securing means such as screws to enable said cover to be secured to a support and thus serve as a bracket, the elongated opening provided in at least the lower wall of said cover communicating with a transverse, open slot to permit sideways introduction of said cord into the longitudinally extending elongated opening is said lower wall.

3. Improvement as claimed in claim 1, wherein the cover at the rear end thereof has a planar attachment surface with holes for securing means such as screws to enable said cover to be secured to a support and thus serve as a bracket, the elongated opening provided in at least the lower wall of said cover communicating with a transverse, open slot to permit sideways introduction of said cord into the longitudinally extending elongated opening is said lower wall, said cover further having a side wall provided with an elongated opening to support an axially extending stud of the flanged reel.

4. Improvements as claimed in claim 1, wherein the opening is widened at least in a zone in which the cord leaves the reel when the latter is in its innermost position to form a transverse opening portion in said zone said transverse opening portion communicating with the longitudinal opening via sloping or curved portions.
5. Improvements as claimed in claim 1, wherein a separate bracket having an elongated opening to support an axially extending stud of said reel has guide surfaces provided to cooperate with corresponding guiding surfaces of said cover to be connected to said bracket by pushing it longitudinally over said bracket, said cover and said bracket also being provided with interengageable means to releasably hold said cover and said bracket in said connected position.

6. Improvements as claimed in claim 1, wherein an opening for the cord is provided in said lower wall and another opening is provided in said upper wall, said openings being positioned and formed such that the opening in said upper wall will fulfill the function of the opening of the lower wall when said cover is used upside down to allow the cover to be used alternatively for left hand and right hand positioned reels.

7. Improvement as claimed in claim 1, wherein a means having a transversely extending opening is displaceable along said longitudinally extending opening of said cover.

8. Improvement as claimed in claim 5, wherein the elongated opening of the bracket is inclined so as to give the elongated member a tendency to move towards the window.
# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

**International Application No.** PCT/SE82/00047

## I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification symbols apply, indicate all)  
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC.

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## II. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum Documentation Searched  
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched.

SE, NO, DK, FI classes as above

## III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  

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- "X" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
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## IV. CERTIFICATION

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International Searching Authority  

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Signature of Authorized Officer  

Leif Torn

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