

F. REGAMEY.

TABLE.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 16, 1912.

1,054,617.

Patented Feb. 25, 1913.

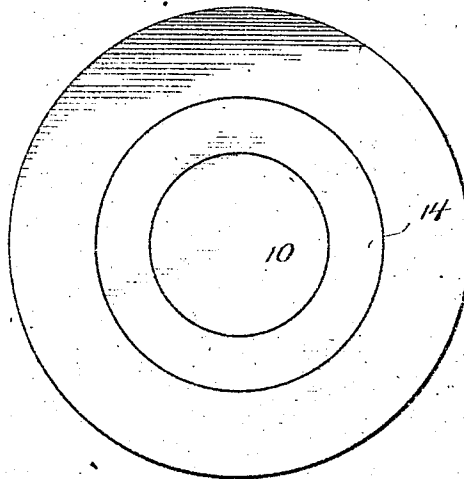


Fig. 1.

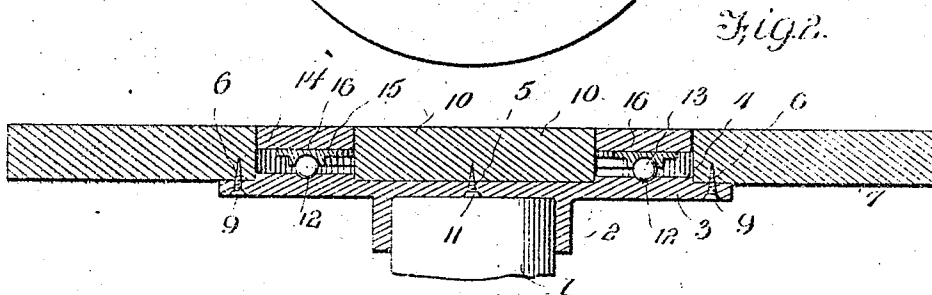


Fig. 2.

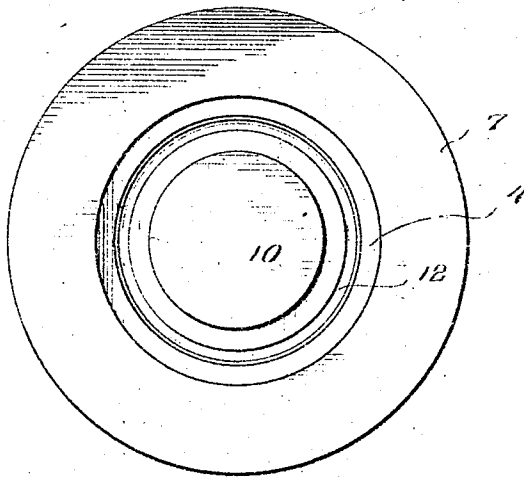


Fig. 3.

Inventor

Frank. Regamey.

Witnesses

William Smith.

H. Delabar

By

Victor J. Evans

Attorney

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRANK REGAMEY, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

TABLE.

1,054,617.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 25, 1913.

Application filed July 16, 1912. Serial No. 709,760.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FRANK REGAMEY, a citizen of the United States, residing at New York, in the county of New York and State of New York, have invented new and useful Improvements in Tables, of which the following is a specification.

The present invention relates to improvements in self waiting tables, the object being to provide a table comprising a stationary part which is formed adjacent its center with a circular cut-away portion within which is arranged a movable part, the dishes containing food adapted to be supported upon the said rotatable part, so that any of the said dishes may be easily and quickly delivered to the various persons seated at the table without necessitating the employment of a waiter for such a purpose.

A further object of the invention is the provision of a self waiting table which will embody the desirable features of cheapness, simplicity and efficiency.

With the above recited objects in view, the improvement resides in the novel construction, combination and operative arrangement of parts set forth in the following description and falling within the scope of the appended claim.

In the drawing, Figure 1 is a plan view of a table constructed in accordance with the present invention. Fig. 2 is a central longitudinal sectional view taken through the upper portion of the table. Fig. 3 is a plan view with the revolvable member removed.

With my improved table I contemplate the employment of a central leg or support 1, the same having its upper extremity secured in a sleeve 2 which is integrally formed and which depends from a plate 3. This plate preferably comprises a flat rounded member, the upper face of which is formed with an upstanding annular flange 4. The plate, as well as the sleeve and the flange are preferably constructed upon a single casting, but may be otherwise formed if desired, and the central portion of the plate between the inner walls provided by the annular flange 4 is formed with suitable openings 5, while the plate 3 beyond the outer walls formed by the annular flange is also provided with a suitable opening 6.

The numeral 7 designates the stationary top for the table. This top is provided with a circular opening, the same being of a size to snugly engage with the upper face of the

plate 3 as well as with the upper wall provided by the upset flange 4, and the member 7 is retained upon the plate of the casting through the medium of securing elements 9 passing through the openings 6 in the said plate.

The numeral 10 designates the central portion of the stationary member of the table. This member has its outer periphery rounded, and is adapted to occupy the space provided upon the upper face of the plate between the inner wall provided by the rounded flange 4, and the member 10 is effectively sustained upon the plate 3 through the medium of securing elements 11 which pass through the openings 5. The upset flange 4 is centrally provided with an annular depression 12, the same forming a raceway for anti-frictional balls 13.

The numeral 14 designates the movable member of the table top. This member is of a circular formation and is adapted to fill the space provided within the adjacent rounded edges of the central member 10 and outer member 7 of the table top. The member 14 has secured to its under face a casting 15 the upper face of which being flat to snugly engage the said under face of the member 14, the said casting being circular to correspond with the shape of the member 14, and the under face of the said casting is provided with a continuous rounded groove 16 which engages with the anti-frictional balls 13 provided in the raceway 12.

From the above description taken in connection with the accompanying drawings the simplicity of the device as well as the advantages thereof will, it is thought, be perfectly apparent to those skilled in the art to which such inventions appertain without further detailed description.

Having thus described the invention, what I claim as new is:

The herein described construction of tables including a round plate having its underface formed with an integral depending sleeve for the reception of the post of the table, the said plate being centrally provided with a perforation and being also provided adjacent its periphery with additional perforations, the plate having its upper face centrally recessed to provide a circular pocket, a circular table center arranged within the pocket, a securing element passing through the central opening of the plate into the table center, the plate having its

upper face adjacent its periphery centrally depressed, a table top having a central annular opening received within the recess, securing elements passing through the perforations adjacent the periphery of the plate for sustaining the said top portion upon the plate, the enlarged portion of the plate between its pocket and recess having an annular groove providing a race-way for
10 anti-frictional members, and a top member

in the form of an annulus arranged between the central and outer member of the table top and having a bearing for the anti-frictional members.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature 15
in presence of two witnesses.

FRANK REGAMEY.

Witnesses:

THOMAS A. TITUS,
PHILIP G. ZIEGLER.