

No. 713,070.

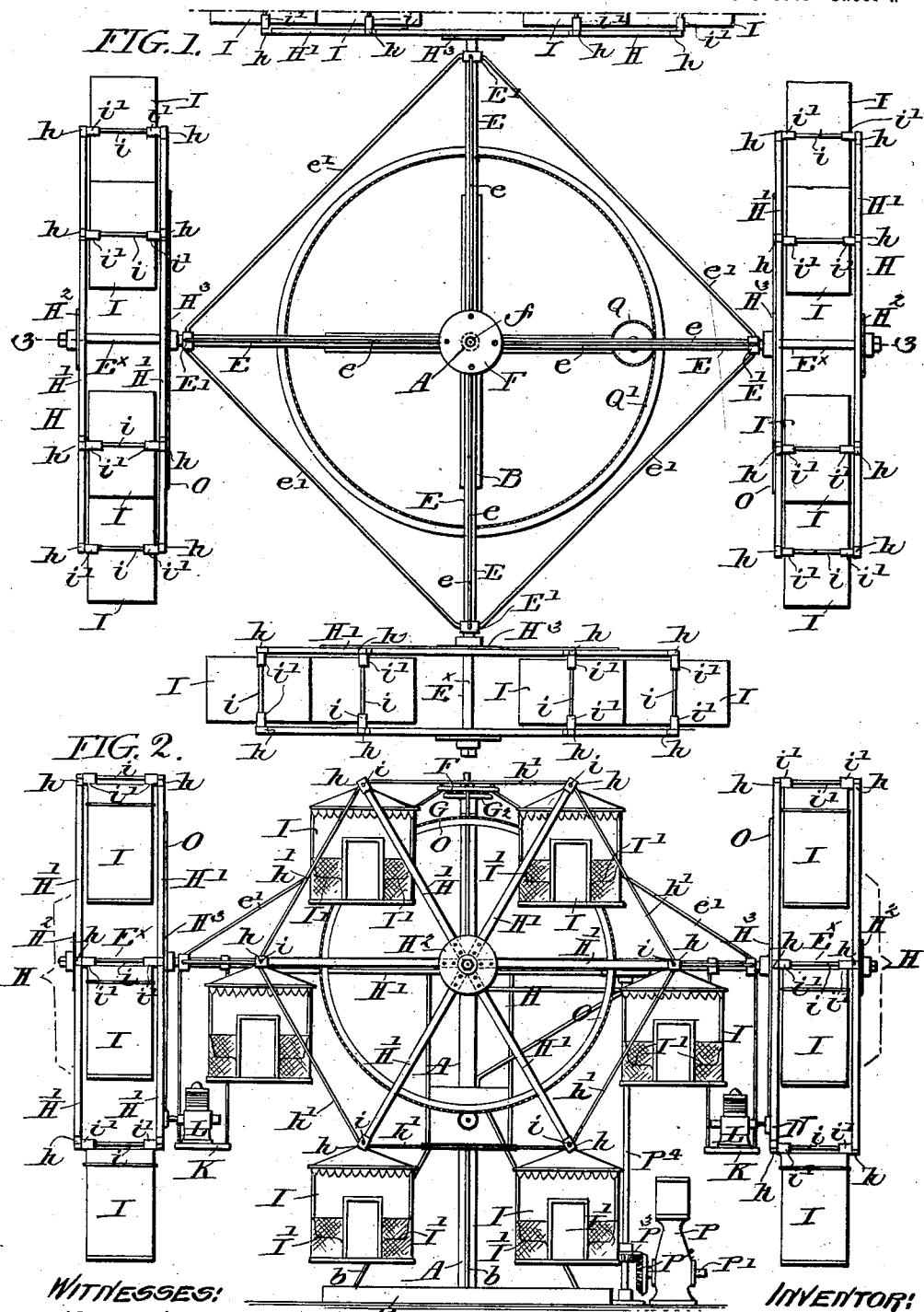
Patented Nov. 11, 1902.

W. D. CRONIN.
CYCLOIDAL CAROUSEL.

(Application filed June 8, 1901. Renewed May 12, 1902.)

(No Model.)

2 Sheets—Sheet 1.



WITNESSES:

B. S. Stirling
Richard H. Sharp

INVENTOR:

William D. Cronin
By his attorney
Walter W. Baltimore

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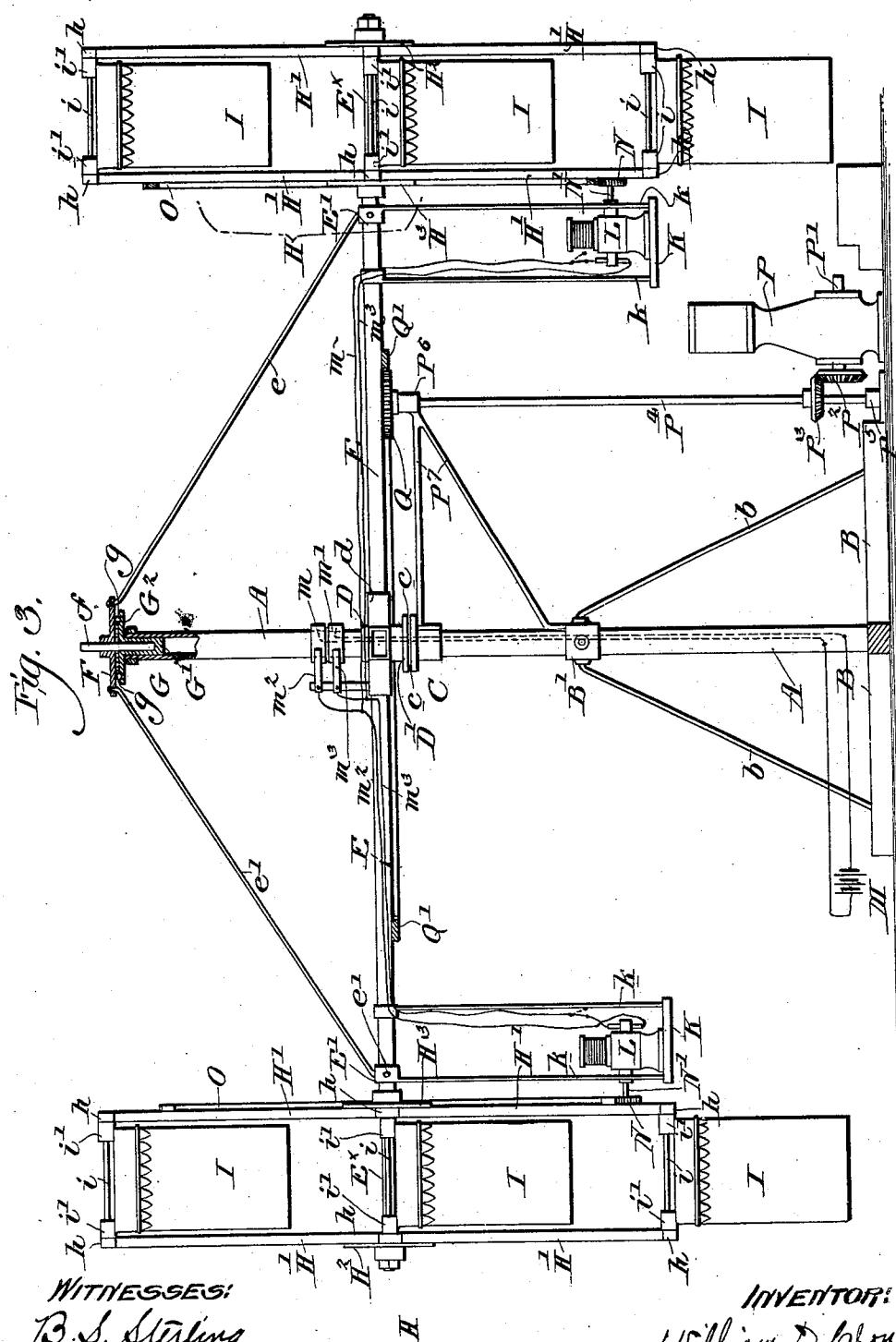
Patented Nov. 11, 1902.

W. D. CRONIN.
CYCLOIDAL CAROUSEL.

(Application filed June 6, 1901. Renewed May 12, 1902.)

(No Model.)

2 Sheets—Sheet 2.



WITNESSES:

B. S. Sterling
Richard J. Sharpe

INVENTOR:

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Walter W. Calhoun

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM D. CRONIN, OF ATLANTIC CITY, NEW JERSEY, ASSIGNOR, BY DIRECT AND MESNE ASSIGNMENTS, TO ATLANTIC COAST AMUSEMENT COMPANY, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., A CORPORATION OF NEW YORK.

CYCLOIDAL CAROUSEL.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 713,070, dated November 11, 1902.

Application filed June 6, 1901. Renewed May 12, 1902. Serial No. 106,973. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM D. CRONIN, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Atlantic City, in the county of Atlantic and State of New Jersey, have invented 5 certain new and useful Improvements in Cycloidal Carousels, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to an improved 10 carousel; and it consists of a series of rotating wheels each of which is provided with a number of carriages pivoted to the spokes or arms of the wheel so as to assume a vertical position when the wheel is turned. These wheels 15 are journaled upon radial arms which turn upon a vertical shaft operated from any convenient source of power.

My invention consists of numerous details 20 of construction and in means for operating the movable parts thereof, as will be fully described hereinafter.

Referring to the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 represents a plan view of my improved carousel with a portion of the upper 25 wheel broken away. Fig. 2 shows a side elevation of the same, and Fig. 3 illustrates an enlarged vertical section on the line 3 3 of Fig. 1.

Referring to the letters of reference, in 30 which similar letters denote similar parts, A represents a vertical shaft which is supported upon a base B and braced by rods b, extending from the base to a collar B'. The shaft A is provided some distance above the collar B' 35 with a bearing C in the form of a grooved plate adapted to receive a number of balls or rollers c, which support a corresponding plate D', which forms the lower extension of a hub D. The hub D is provided with sockets d d, &c., in which are fastened a number 40 of arms E E, &c., which constitute a revolving platform. The arms E are braced from above by stay-rods e, which are connected at one end to collars E' upon said arms and at 45 the other to a plate F. Interposed between the arms E and collars E' are stay-rods e'.

At the top of the shaft A is a bearing G, having a lower projecting portion G' inserted into the hollow end of the shaft A and an up-

per grooved plate G², adapted to receive a 50 number of balls or rollers g', which form a bearing for the plate F, resting upon them.

The plate F is provided centrally with a king-bolt f, which enters a socket in the bearing G. 55

Each of the arms E is provided with a wheel H, and each wheel has in turn a series of pivoted carriages I. The wheels H are formed of a series of arms or spokes H', mounted in hubs H² and H³, arranged some distance apart 60 and journaled so as to turn freely upon the projecting ends E of the arms E.

The intervening space between the hubs H² and H³ and the arms H', projecting therefrom, is occupied by the cars or carriages I. These 65 carriages, which may be constructed of any light framework, open or closed, are provided with seats I' and a gate or door I². The carriages are supported and journaled at the top by rod i, which passes through bearings i' in 70 the top of each of the carriages and intermediate bearings h, mounted upon the ends of the arms H'.

The manner of bracing the outer ends of the arms H' is effected by means of stay-rods 75 h', which are connected to the bearing-blocks h. It will be understood, however, that various methods of staying and bracing these wheels and other like parts of my device other than those shown may be adopted, the 80 arrangement being entirely governed by the capacity and weight of the machine.

The method which I prefer to adopt in operating the movable parts of my device is as follows: Upon platforms K, which are suspended from arms E by rods K, are motors L. (See Fig. 3.) These motors are driven from any source of electric supply—say M—the conductors therefrom passing through or around the shaft A, which is stationary, and 90 being connected to insulated rings m and m'. From these rings the electric energy is conveyed to brushes m² and m³, which are connected to and turn with one of the arms E, and from thence the current is conveyed 95 through wires m² and m³ by as many paths as desired to the motors L. In order to drive the wheels H from the motors L, the latter

are provided with small pinions N, mounted on the ends of the shafts N', which pinions engage large circular racks O, secured to the inner set of arms of the wheels H. The means 5 I desire to employ in turning the arms E and their connections, which constitute a frame for supporting and carrying the wheels H, is by a motor P. This motor has a shaft P', upon which is fastened a bevel-gear P², meshing 10 with a bevel-gear P³, mounted upon a vertical shaft P⁴. The shaft P⁴ is journaled at the bottom in a bearing P⁵ and at the top in a bearing P⁶, carried by a bracket P⁷. The top 15 of the shaft P⁴ is provided with a pinion Q, which engages a circular rack Q', secured to the arms E.

In place of the motor P, which is in the form of a steam or gas engine, I may employ 20 an electric motor, such as one of the motors L, and other methods of operating my device may be employed without departing from the spirit of my invention.

Having described my invention, what I 25 claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. A carousel comprising a series of radial arms connected together constituting a frame adapted to revolve, a vertical shaft for supporting and guiding said arms together with 30 a motor for driving said frame, a series of wheels adapted to revolve upon said frame

each of which is provided with a series of pivoted carriages, in combination with the platforms suspended from the radial arms of the frame and arranged adjacent to the revolving wheels, each of said platforms being provided with motors for driving said wheels. 35

2. A carousel comprising a rotatable frame formed of a series of radial arms connected together, a motor for driving frame, a series 40 of wheels journaled on the arms of said frame each of which is provided with a series of pivoted carriages, in combination with platforms K, suspended from the frame and having motors L, for independently turning the 45 wheels and carriages.

3. A carousel comprising in combination a vertical shaft A, a series of revolving arms E carried thereby and a motor P, for revolving said arms, a series of wheels H, pivoted 50 to said arms, a series of carriages I, pivoted to said wheels, platforms K, depending from the arms E, and motors L arranged upon said platforms and adapted to independently operate said wheels substantially as specified. 55

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

WILLIAM D. CRONIN.

Witnesses:

WILLIAM T. LEEK,
JAMES H. MASON.