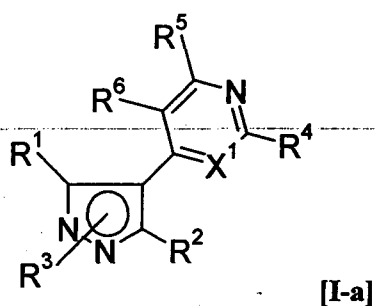


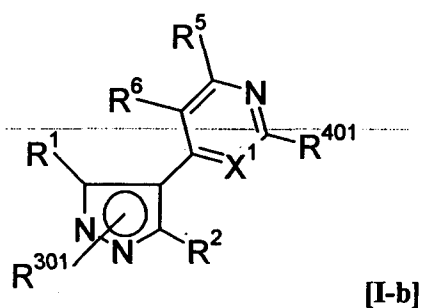
Phenylpyri(mi)dinylazoles

## Abstract

Phenylpyri(mi)dinylazoles of the formula [I-a] and [I-b],



[I-a]

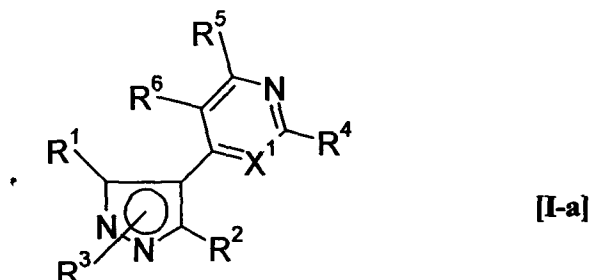


[I-b]

wherein the symbols have the meanings stated in the description, and agrochemically active salts thereof and the use thereof for the control of undesired microorganisms in the protection of plants and materials and for the reduction of mycotoxins in plants and plant parts and methods for the production of compounds of the formula [I-a] and [I-b].

**Patent Claims**

1. Compounds of the formula [I-a],



wherein the symbols have the following meanings:

- X<sup>1</sup> stands for C-H or N,
- R<sup>1</sup> stands for phenyl, naphthalenyl, quinolin-5-yl, quinolin-8-yl, isoquinolin-5-yl, isoquinolin-8-yl, 1-benzothiophen-4-yl, 1-benzothiophen-7-yl, 1-benzofuran-4-yl, 1-benzofuran-7-yl, 1,3-benzodioxol-4-yl or 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>7</sup>,
- R<sup>2</sup> stands for cyano, nitro, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> halocycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or hydrogen,
- R<sup>3</sup> stands for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyloxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, acyloxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl-C(O)-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl-C(O)-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl-C(O)-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl-C(O)O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl-C(O)O-C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl-C(O)O heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, heterocyclyl, oxoheterocyclyl or heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with halogen, cyano, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, haloalkoxy, phenyl or phenoxy,
- R<sup>4</sup> stands for hydrogen, halogen, cyano, -C(O)OR<sup>12</sup>, -SR<sup>12</sup>, -NR<sup>12</sup>R<sup>13</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>12</sup>R<sup>13</sup> or -NR<sup>12</sup>R<sup>14</sup>, -N=C=NR<sup>22</sup>, -N=C(H)OR<sup>22</sup>, -N=C(OR<sup>22</sup>)R<sup>23</sup>, -N=C(SR<sup>22</sup>)R<sup>23</sup>, -C(=NR<sup>22</sup>)NR<sup>22</sup>R<sup>23</sup>, -SO(=NR<sup>22</sup>)R<sup>23</sup> or -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>20</sup>

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>11</sup>,

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> mutually independently stand for hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, -OH or -SH,

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S(O)-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) or -C(O)-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>11</sup>

or else together with the carbon atom to which they are bound form a ring with 3 to 8 ring atoms, wherein the ring can contain 1 to 4 hetero atoms from the range oxygen, sulphur or -NR<sup>19</sup>, optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with halogen, oxygen, cyano or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,

R<sup>7</sup> mutually independently stands for one or more of the following groups: fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, -OH or -SH,

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, tri(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)silyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S(O)-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) or -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),

R<sup>11</sup> stands for -OH, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, -NH-C(O)R<sup>20</sup>, -NR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>21</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>21</sup> or -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>20</sup>

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> heteroalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), -S-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, -O-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl), -S-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl), C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, carbonyl, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),

R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> mutually independently stand for one or more of the following groups: H, -C(S)R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>15</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>15</sup>, -OR<sup>15</sup> or -C(O)NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, -O-C(O)R<sup>11</sup>, -O-P(O)(OR<sup>11</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -O-B(OR<sup>11</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),

R<sup>14</sup> stands for -CH<sub>2</sub>-NR<sup>22</sup>R<sup>23</sup>, piperidin-1-ylmethyl or morpholin-4-ylmethyl,

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH or cyano,

R<sup>15</sup> and R<sup>16</sup> mutually independently stand for hydrogen or -OH

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>11</sup>,

or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form a 3 to 7-membered ring, which can contain a further hetero atom from the range N or O not adjacent to the nitrogen,

R<sup>17</sup> and R<sup>18</sup> mutually independently stand for one or more of the following groups: H or -C(O)OR<sup>11</sup>

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, and -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),

R<sup>19</sup> stands for H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, -C(S)R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>15</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup> or -C(O)OR<sup>15</sup>,

R<sup>20</sup> and R<sup>21</sup> mutually independently stand for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH or cyano, or hydrogen, and

R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> mutually independently stand for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl or hydrogen,

and agrochemically active salts thereof,

wherein the following compounds are excepted:

a) Compounds wherein,

$X^1$  stands for N,

$R^1$  stands for an optionally substituted phenyl,

$R^3$  stands for butyl or propyn-2-yl,

$R^4$  stands for  $-NHR_{12}$ , and

$R^{12}$  stands for optionally substituted phenyl,

and b) Compounds wherein

$X^1$  stands for N

$R^2, R^4, R^5, R^6$  stand for H, and

$R^3$  stands for methyl, ethyl, allyl, 2-methoxyethyl or benzyl, when  $R^1$  stands for 4-chlorophenyl, or

$R^3$  stands for methyl, when  $R^1$  stands for phenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl or 4-fluorophenyl.

2. Compounds of the formula [I-a] according to Claim 1,

wherein the symbols have the following meanings,

$R^1$  stands for phenyl, optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with  $R^7$ ,

$R^2$  stands for methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl or hydrogen,

$R^3$  stands for propan-2-yl, isobutyl, butan-2-yl, 2-methylpropyl, 2,2-dimethyl-propyl, 3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl, but-2-en-1-yl, but-3-en-2-yl, propadienyl, prop-2-yn-1-yl, but-2-yn-1-yl, but-3-yn-2-yl, 2-methylbut-3-yn-2-yl, 2-methylbut-3-yn-2-yl, cyanomethyl, 2-cyanoethyl, 1-cyanopropan-2-yl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, (2,2-dichlorocyclopropyl)methyl, cyclopropylmethyl, 1-cyclopropylethyl, trichloromethyl,

trifluoromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, 2-chloroethyl, 2-bromoethyl, 2-fluoropropyl, 3-fluoropropyl, 2-chloropropyl, 3-chloropropyl, 1,3-difluoropropan-2-yl, 2-fluorobenzyl, 3-fluorobenzyl, 4-fluorobenzyl, 2,3-difluorobenzyl, 2-chloro-6-fluorobenzyl, 1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethyl, 1-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl, 1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl, 3-cyanobenzyl, 4-cyanobenzyl, 4-(difluoromethoxy)benzyl, 2-cyanobenzyl, 2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl, 2-(2-chlorophenyl)ethyl, 1-naphthylmethyl, (pyridine-3-yl)methyl, 2-chloro-1,3-thiazol-5-yl)methyl, methoxymethyl, 2-methoxyethyl, 2-(methylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(trifluoromethoxy)ethyl, 1-methoxypropan-2-yl, 2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl, tetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl, -(3-methyloxetan-3-yl)methyl, 1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl, tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, 2-oxotetrahydrofuran-3-yl, 2-tert-butoxy-2-oxoethyl, 1-methoxy-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-methoxy-1-oxopropan-2-yl or 3-ethoxy-3-oxopropyl, propan-2-yloxy, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 2-ethoxyethyl or 2-chloroethyl,

R<sup>4</sup> stands for hydrogen or -NR<sup>12</sup>R<sup>13</sup> or -NHR<sup>13</sup>,

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> mutually independently stand for hydrogen, fluorine or cyano

or together with the carbon atoms to which they are bound form a single ring wherein they together stand for -(CH=CH-CH=CH)-, -(CH=CH-N(R<sup>19</sup>)), -(CH=CH-CH=N)-, -(NH-CH=N)- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>-C(O)-N(R<sup>19</sup>)-), optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>11</sup>,

R<sup>7</sup> mutually independently stands for one or more of the following groups: fluorine, chlorine, cyano or methyl,

R<sup>11</sup> stands for -OH, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, -NH-C(O)R<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>21</sup> or -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>20</sup>

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl) or -S-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),

R<sup>12</sup> stands for hydrogen, -C(S)R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>15</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>15</sup>, -OR<sup>15</sup> or -C(O)NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>,

R<sup>13</sup> stands for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl or hydrogen,

R<sup>15</sup> stands for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with halogen, -OH, cyano or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,

or for hydrogen

R<sup>16</sup> stands for hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or propyl,

R<sup>19</sup> stands for H, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, -C(O)R<sup>15</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup> or -C(O)OR<sup>15</sup>, and

R<sup>20</sup> and R<sup>21</sup> mutually independently stand for methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl or cyclobutyl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH or cyano,

or for hydrogen,

and agrochemically active salts thereof.

3. Compounds of the formula [I-a] according to one or more of Claims 1 to 2,

wherein the symbols have the following meanings,

X<sup>1</sup> stands for C-H, and

R<sup>4</sup> stands for hydrogen

and agrochemically active salts thereof.

4. Compounds of the formula [I-a] according to one or more of Claims 1 to 2,

wherein the symbols have the following meanings,

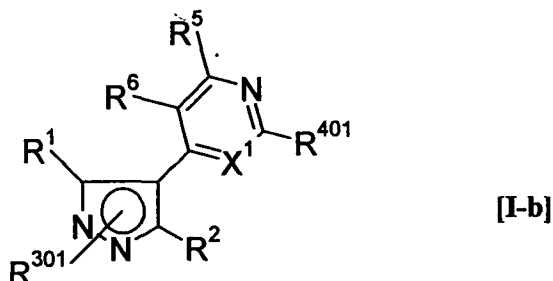
X<sup>1</sup> stands for N,

R<sup>4</sup> stands for -NHR<sup>13</sup>, and

R<sup>13</sup> stands for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH or cyano,

and agrochemically active salts thereof.

Compounds of the formula [I-b],



wherein the symbols have the following meanings:

- $X^1$  stands for C-H or N,
- $R^1$  stands for phenyl, naphthalenyl, quinolin-5-yl, quinolin-8-yl, isoquinolin-5-yl, isoquinolin-8-yl, 1-benzothiophen-4-yl, 1-benzothiophen-7-yl, 1-benzofuran-4-yl, 1-benzofuran-7-yl, 1,3-benzodioxol-4-yl or 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with  $R^7$ ,
- $R^2$  stands for cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  halocycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heterocyclyl or hydrogen,
- $R^{301}$  stands for  $-C(O)N(R^9R^{10})$ ,  $-C(O)R^9$ ,  $-C(O)OR^9$  or  $-S(O)_2R^9$  or for  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  allenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$  cycloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heterocyclyl,  $C_2$ - $C_9$  oxoheterocyclyl, or heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with  $R^8$ ,
- $R^{401}$  stands for  $-NR^{12}R^{13}$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{12}R^{13}$  or  $-N(R^{12})_2$
- $R^5$  and  $R^6$  mutually independently stand for hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, -OH or -SH,
- or for  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{14}$  aryl, -O-( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -O-( $C_6$ - $C_{14}$  aryl), -S-( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -S(O)-( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl) or -C(O)-( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with  $R^{11}$ ,

or else together with the carbon atom to which they are bound form a ring with 3 to 8 ring atoms, wherein the ring can contain 1 to 4 hetero atoms from the range oxygen, sulphur or -N-R<sup>19</sup>, optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with halogen, oxygen, cyano or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,

R<sup>7</sup> mutually independently stands for one or more of the following groups: fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, -OH or -SH,

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, tri(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)silyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S(O)-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) or -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),

R<sup>8</sup> stands for -OH, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, cyano, -NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(O)N(R<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>), -C(O)R<sup>9</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>9</sup>, -O-C(O)R<sup>9</sup> or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>C(O)R<sup>9</sup> wherein n = a whole number between 1 and 6

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl) or -S-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>11</sup>,

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> mutually independently stand for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> Alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>11</sup>,

or for hydrogen,

R<sup>11</sup> stands for -OH, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, -NH-C(O)R<sup>20</sup>, -NR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>21</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>21</sup> or -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>20</sup>

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> heteroalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), S-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, -O-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl), -S-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl), C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, optionally singly or multiply identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, carbonyl, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),

R<sup>12</sup> stands for -C(S)R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>15</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>15</sup>, -OR<sup>15</sup> or -C(O)NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>,

R<sup>13</sup> stands for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, -O-C(O)-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, -O-P(O)(O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, -O-B(O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub> or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),

or for hydrogen,

R<sup>15</sup> and R<sup>16</sup> mutually independently stand for hydrogen or -OH,

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>11</sup>,

or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound form a 3 to 7-membered ring, which can contain a further hetero atom from the range N or O not adjacent to the nitrogen,

R<sup>19</sup> stands for H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, -C(S)R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>15</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup> or -C(O)OR<sup>15</sup>, and

R<sup>20</sup> and R<sup>21</sup> mutually independently stand for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH or cyano or hydrogen,

and agrochemically active salts thereof,

wherein the following compounds are excepted:

a) Compounds wherein,

R<sup>301</sup> stands for optionally substituted [1,2,4[triazolo[4,3-b]pyridazin-6-yl, 7,8-dihydro[1,2,4[triazolo[4,3-b]pyridazin 6-yl, 6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl, 6-oxo-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridazin-3-yl or 6-chloropyridazin-3-yl, and

R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> stand for H, and

- b) the compounds 4-{1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-N,N-dimethylpyridin-2-amine and 1-(4-{4-[1-ethyl-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-6-yl}phenyl)-N,N-dimethylmethanamine.

6. Compounds of the formula [I-b] according to Claim 5,

wherein the symbols have the following meanings,

R<sup>1</sup> stands for phenyl, optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>7</sup>,

R<sup>2</sup> stands for methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, or hydrogen,

R<sup>301</sup> stands for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> allenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>8</sup>,

R<sup>401</sup> stands for -NR<sup>12</sup>R<sup>13</sup>,

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> mutually independently stand for hydrogen, fluorine or cyano

or together with the carbon atoms to which they are bound form a single ring wherein they together stand for -(CH=CH-CH=CH)-, -(CH=CH-N(R<sup>19</sup>)-), -(CH=CH-CH=N)- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>-C(O)-N(R<sup>19</sup>)-), optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>11</sup>,

R<sup>7</sup> stands for fluorine, chlorine, cyano or methyl,

R<sup>8</sup> stands for fluorine, chlorine or cyano or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, heterocyclyl, heteroaryl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl) or -S-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>11</sup>,

R<sup>11</sup> stands for one or more of the following groups: -OH, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, -NH-C(O)R<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>21</sup> or -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>20</sup>

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl) or -S-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),

R<sup>12</sup> stands for: -C(S)R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>15</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>15</sup>, -OR<sup>15</sup> or -C(O)NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>,

R<sup>13</sup> stands for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl or hydrogen,

R<sup>15</sup> stands for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with halogen, -OH, cyano or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,

or for hydrogen,

R<sup>16</sup> stands for hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or propyl,

R<sup>19</sup> stands for H, -C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, -C(O)R<sup>15</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup> or -C(O)OR<sup>15</sup>, and

R<sup>20</sup> and R<sup>21</sup> mutually independently stand for methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, cyclo-propyl or cyclobutyl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH or cyano,

or for hydrogen,

and agrochemically active salts thereof.

7. Compounds of the formula [I-b] according to one or more of Claims 5 to 6,

wherein the symbols have the following meanings,

X<sup>1</sup> stands for N,

R<sup>1</sup> stands for phenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 2,5-difluorophenyl, 2,4-difluorophenyl, 2,6-difluorophenyl, 3-methyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-cyano-4-fluorophenyl or 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl,

R<sup>301</sup> stands for methyl, ethyl, 1-propyl, propan-2-yl, isobutyl, butan-2-yl, 2-methylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 2-(morpholin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-cyanoethyl, cyanomethyl, 2-cyano-2-methylpropyl, 3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl, but-2-en-1-yl, but-3-en-2-yl, propadienyl, prop-2-en-1-yl, prop-2-yn-1-yl, but-2-yn-1-yl, but-3-yn-2-yl, 2-methylbut-3-yn-2-yl, 2-methylbut-3-yn-2-yl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, (2,2-dichlorocyclopropyl)methyl, cyclopropylmethyl, 1-

cyclopropylethyl, trichloromethyl, trifluoromethyl,  
2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl,  
2-chloroethyl, 2-bromoethyl, 2-fluoropropyl, 3-fluoropropyl, 2-chloropropyl, 3-  
chloropropyl, 1,3-difluoropropan-2-yl, 1,1,1-trifluoropropan-2-yl, 1,1,1-trifluoro-2-  
methylpropan-2-yl, 3,3,3-trifluoro-2-hydroxypropyl, 2-fluoro-benzyl, 3-  
fluorobenzyl, 4-fluorobenzyl, 2,3-difluorobenzyl, 2-chloro-6-fluorobenzyl, 1-(2-  
chlorophenyl)ethyl, 1-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl, 1-(4-chloro-phenyl)ethyl, 3-  
cyanobenzyl, 4-cyanobenzyl, 4-(difluoromethoxy)benzyl,  
2-cyanobenzyl, 2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl, 2-(2-chlorophenyl)ethyl,  
1-naphthylmethyl, (pyridine-3-ylmethyl, 2-chloro-1,3-thiazol-5-yl)methyl,  
methoxymethyl, 2-methoxyethyl, 2-methoxypropyl, 2-(methylsulphanyl)-ethyl, 2-  
(trifluoromethoxy)ethyl, 1-methoxypropan-2-yl, 2-[2-(2-methoxy-  
ethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl, 1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl, 2-  
(cyclopropyloxy)ethyl, tetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl, (3-methyloxetan-3-yl)methyl,  
1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl, tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, 2-oxotetrahydro-furan-3-yl, 2-tert-  
butoxy-2-oxoethyl, 1-methoxy-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-methoxy-1-  
oxopropan-2-yl or 3-ethoxy-3-oxopropyl, 1-cyanopropan-2-yl, propan-2-yloxy or  
2-ethoxyethyl,

R<sup>401</sup> stands for -NHR<sup>12</sup>,

R<sup>11</sup> stands for one or more of the following groups: -OH, fluorine, chlorine, cyano,  
methyl, ethyl or cyclopropyl,

R<sup>12</sup> stands for -C(S)R<sup>15</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>15</sup> or -C(O)R<sup>15</sup>,

R<sup>15</sup> stands for methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, sec-butyl, isobutyl, cyclopropyl,  
cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, 2-methoxyethyl, (2-methoxyethoxy)-methyl,  
cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, oxetanyl, tetrahydrofuran-2-yl, ethinyl, prop-1-yn-1-  
yl, prop-1-en-1-yl, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, amino-propyl, aminobutyl,  
aminoisopropyl, aminocyclopropyl, aminocyclobutyl, aminocyclopentyl,  
dimethylamino, ethyl(methyl)amino, pyrrolidinyl, diethylamino, 2-pyridyl, 3-  
pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, ethoxycarbonyl, benzyl, phenyl, 2-thienyl or 3-thienyl, each  
optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with halogen,  
OH, cyano or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,

or for hydrogen, and

R<sup>19</sup> stands for H, acetyl, ethoxycarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, prop-2-yn-1-yl or but-2-yn-1-yl,

and agrochemically active salts thereof.

8. Compounds of the formula [I-b] according to one or more of Claims 5 to 6, wherein the symbols have the following meanings,

X<sup>1</sup> stands for C-H,

R<sup>1</sup> stands for 4-fluorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 2,6-difluorophenyl or 3-methylphenyl,-

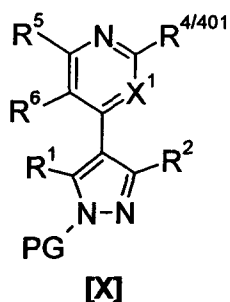
R<sup>2</sup> stands for cyclopropyl, methyl, H or difluoromethoxy, and

R<sup>401</sup> stands for acetylamino, n-propionylamino, isobutyrylamino, (cyclopropyl-carbonyl)amino, (methoxyacetyl)amino, 2-methoxypropanoyl, (2-methylbutanoyl)amino, but-2-enoylamino, prop-2-ynoylamino, 3-(dimethylamino)-prop-2-enoyl]amino, 3,3,3-trifluoropropanoyl)amino, 3,3-difluoro-propanoyl)amino, (cyclopropylacetyl)amino, lactoylamino, (cyclobutyl-carbonyl)amino, (cyclopentylacetyl)amino, 2-methylcyclopropyl)carbonyl]-amino, (3-methylbutanoyl)amino, (phenylacetyl)amino, benzoylamino, (3-thienylcarbonyl)amino, (2-thienylcarbonyl)amino (2-hydroxy-2-methylpropanoyl)amino, [(2-methoxyethoxy)acetyl]amino or 2,3-dihydroxypropanoyl)amino,

and agrochemically active salts thereof.

9. Method for the control of phytopathogenic and mycotoxin-producing fungi, characterized in that phenylpyri(mi)dinylazoles of the formula [I-a] and/or [I-b] according to one or more of Claims 1 to 8 are applied onto the fungi and/or their habitat.
10. Agent for the control of phytopathogenic and mycotoxin-producing fungi, characterized by a content of at least one phenylpyri(mi)dinylazole of the formula [I-a] and/or [I-b] according to one or more of Claims 1 to 8 as well as thinners and/or surface-active substances.

11. Compounds of the formula [X],



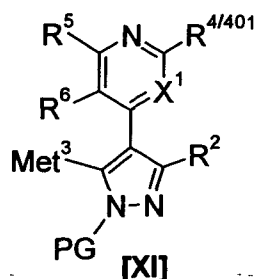
wherein

PG stands for tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl, and

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, X<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>4/401</sup> stand for the same residue definitions as defined for formula [I-a] and [I-b] in Claims 1 to 8,

and agrochemically active salts thereof.

12. Compounds of the formula [XI]



wherein

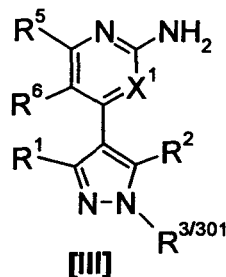
Met<sup>3</sup> stands for tributylstannyl, 4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl,

PG stands for tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl, 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl, and

R<sup>2</sup>, X<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>4/401</sup> stand for the same residue definitions as defined for formula [I-a] and [I-b] in Claims 1 to 8,

and agrochemically active salts thereof, wherein the compound 1-({4-[1-(2,2-difluoroethyl)-3-(trimethylstannyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-yl}amino)propan-2-ol is excepted.

13. Compounds of the formula [III]

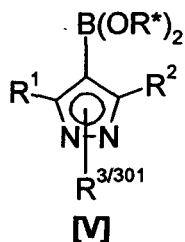


in which

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, X<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>3/301</sup> stand for the same residue definitions as defined for formula [I-a] and [I-b] in Claims 1 to 8,

and agrochemically active salts thereof, wherein the compounds 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine, 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine, 4-[3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine; 4-(5-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine and [4-(2-aminopyrimidin-4-yl)-3-(3-chloro-5-hydroxy-phenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]acetonitrile are excepted.

14. Compounds of the formula [V]



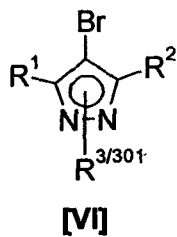
wherein

B(OR<sup>\*</sup>)<sub>2</sub> stands for -B(OiPr)<sub>2</sub> or -B(OH)<sub>2</sub>, and

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3/301</sup> stand for the same residue definitions as defined for formula [I-a] and [I-b] in Claims 1 to 8,

and agrochemically active salts thereof, wherein the compound 1-methyl-3-phenyl-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1H-pyrazoles is excepted.

5. Compounds of the formula [VI]

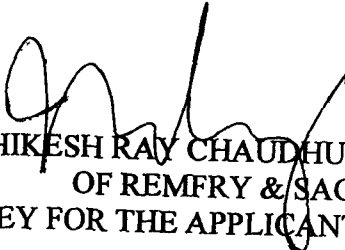


wherein

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3/301</sup> stand for the same residue definitions as defined for formula [I-a] and [I-b] in Claims 1 to 8,

and agrochemically active salts thereof, wherein compounds in which R<sup>3/301</sup> = H, CH<sub>3</sub> or C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> are excepted.

Dated this 26/03/2012



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ATTORNEY FOR THE APPLICANT[S]

### Phenylpyri(mi)dinylazoles

The present invention relates to novel phenylpyri(mi)dinylazoles, several processes for the production thereof and the use thereof for the control of undesired microorganisms in the protection of plants and materials and for the reduction of mycotoxins in plants and plant parts. The present invention further relates to a process for the control of phytopathogenic fungi and for the reduction of mycotoxins in plants and plant parts in plant protection and to pesticides containing phenylpyri(mi)dinylazoles.

It is already known that certain arylpyrazoles possess fungicidal properties (e.g. see WO 03/049542, WO 01/030154 and *Pharmazie* 1999, 54(2), 106-11). The effectiveness of the substances described there is good, but in many cases leaves something to be desired.

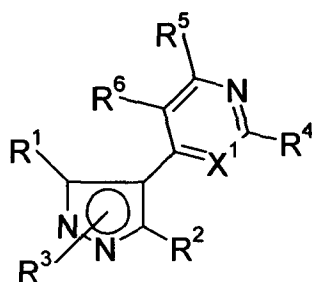
In WO 98/052937, certain heteroaryl-substituted pyrazoles are described which can be used medicinally, here for the inhibition of the production of inflammatory cytokines and for the treatment of human p38 kinase-mediated diseases. Similar compounds are also described in EP-A-1 553 096, WO 04/029043, WO 98/052940, WO 00/031063, WO 95/031451, WO 02/057265 and WO 00/039116. However, an effect on fungal pathogens is not described.

In WO 07/105058 certain heteroaryl-substituted pyrazoles are described which can be used as modulators or inhibitors of the human Raf enzyme. However, the action on fungal pathogens is not described.

Since the ecological and economic requirements for modern pesticides are steadily increasing, for example as regards activity spectrum, toxicity, selectivity, application dose, residue formation and ease of production, and in addition for example problems with resistances can arise, there is the constant task of developing novel pesticides, in particular fungicides, which at least in some fields have advantages compared to the known ones.

Surprisingly it has now been found that the present phenylpyri(mi)dinylazoles solve the said problems at least in some regards and are suitable as pesticides, in particular as fungicides.

The subject of the invention are compounds of the formula [I-a],



[I-a]

wherein the symbols have the following meanings:

- $X^1$  stands for C-H or N,
- $R^1$  stands for phenyl, naphthalenyl, quinolin-5-yl, quinolin-8-yl, isoquinolin-5-yl, isoquinolin-8-yl, 1-benzothiophen-4-yl, 1-benzothiophen-7-yl, 1-benzofuran-4-yl, 1-benzofuran-7-yl, 1,3-benzodioxol-4-yl or 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with  $R^7$ ,
- $R^2$  stands for cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  halocycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heterocyclyl or hydrogen,
- $R^3$  stands for  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl-oxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, acyloxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, heteroaryl- $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl (preferably  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heteroaryl- $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl), aryl- $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl (preferably  $C_6$ - $C_{14}$  aryl- $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl),  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylthio- $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl-C(O)- $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heterocyclyl-C(O)- $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl-C(O)- $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl-C(O) heterocyclyl (preferably  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl-C(O)- $C_2$ - $C_9$  heterocyclyl),  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl-C(O)O- $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, acyloxy- $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl, acyloxy-heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl (preferably  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heterocyclyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl), heterocyclyl (preferably  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heterocyclyl),  $C_2$ - $C_9$  oxoheterocyclyl or heteroaryl (preferably  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heteroaryl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with halogen, cyano, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy, haloalkoxy (preferably  $C_1$ - $C_6$  haloalkoxy), phenyl or phenoxy,
- $R^4$  stands for hydrogen, halogen, cyano,  $-C(O)OR^{12}$ ,  $-SR^{12}$ ,  $-NR^{12}R^{13}$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{12}R^{13}$  or  $-NR^{12}R^{14}$ ,  $-N=C=NR^{22}$ ,  $-N=C(H)OR^{22}$ ,  $-N=C(OR^{22})R^{23}$ ,  $-N=C(SR^{22})R^{23}$ ,  $-C(=NR^{22})NR^{22}R^{23}$ ,  $-SO(=NR^{22})R^{23}$  or  $-SO_2R^{20}$ ,
- or for  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$  cycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{14}$  aryl,  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heterocyclyl or  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with  $R^{11}$ ,
- wherein  $R^4$  preferably stands for hydrogen or  $-NHR^{13}$ , wherein  $R^{13}$  stands for  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$  cycloalkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{14}$  aryl,  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heterocyclyl or  $C_2$ - $C_9$  heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine,  $-OH$ , cyano,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $-O-C(O)R^{11}$ ,  $-O-P(O)(OR^{11})_2$ ,  $-O-B(OR^{11})_2$  or  $-O-(C_1-C_4$  alkyl),
- $R^5$  and  $R^6$  mutually independently stand for hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro,  $-OH$  or  $-SH$ ,

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S(O)-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) or -C(O)-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with R<sup>11</sup>,

or else together with the carbon atom to which they are bound form a ring (preferably a saturated, unsaturated or partially unsaturated single ring) with 3, preferably 5 to 8 ring atoms, wherein the ring can contain 1 to 4 hetero atoms from the range oxygen, sulphur or -NR<sup>19</sup>, optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with halogen, oxygen, cyano or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,

R<sup>7</sup> mutually independently stands for one or more of the following groups: fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, -OH or -SH,

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, tri(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)silyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S(O)-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), or -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)

R<sup>11</sup> stands for -OH, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, -NH-C(O)R<sup>20</sup>, -NR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>21</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>20</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>21</sup> or -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>20</sup>,

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> heteroalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), -S-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, -O-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl), -S-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl), C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, carbonyl, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),

R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> mutually independently stand for one or more of the following groups: H, -C(S)R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>15</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>15</sup>, -OR<sup>15</sup> or -C(O)NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heterocyclyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> heteroaryl, each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, -O-C(O)R<sup>11</sup>, -O-P(O)(OR<sup>11</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -O-B(OR<sup>11</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),

R<sup>14</sup> stands for -CH<sub>2</sub>-NR<sup>22</sup>R<sup>23</sup>, piperidin-1-ylmethyl or morpholin-4-ylmethyl

or for C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), each optionally singly or multiply, identically or differently substituted with fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -OH or cyano,

