

No. 787,559.

PATENTED APR. 18, 1905.

J. A. BRYANT.
CLOTHES HANGER.

APPLICATION FILED APR. 25, 1904.

Fig. 3.

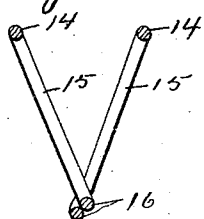
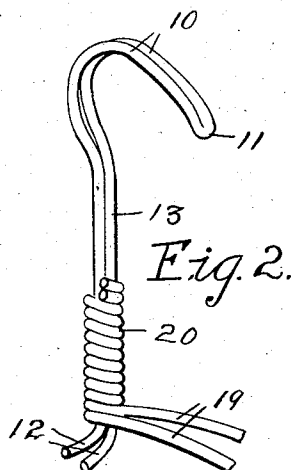


Fig. 2.

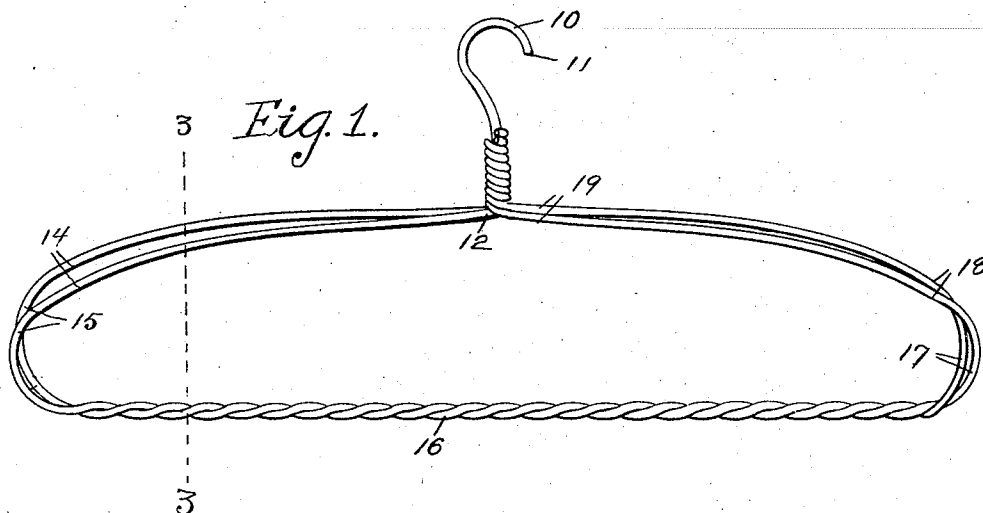


Fig. 1.

Witnesses

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN ALEXANDER BRYANT, OF OSCEOLA, IOWA.

CLOTHES-HANGER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 787,559, dated April 18, 1905.

Application filed April 25, 1904. Serial No. 204,721.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN ALEXANDER BRYANT, a citizen of the United States, residing at Osceola, in the county of Clark and State of Iowa, have invented a certain new and useful Clothes-Hanger, of which the following is a specification.

The objects of my invention are to provide a coat-hanger of simple, durable, and inexpensive construction which is adapted for use in hanging a coat on it and at the same time support trousers or dress-skirts on the cross-bar, which is inside of the coat when it is upon the hanger, so that the skirt or trousers will be protected from dust or dirt to a very large extent, and which will keep the shape of the trousers or skirt perfectly when the hanger is supported by the ordinary hook.

A further object is to provide a coat-hanger made of a single piece of wire so twisted as to form a hanger which will cause the shoulders of the coat which is placed over it to be kept in shape and prevent it from wrinkling.

A further and very material object is to provide a hanger in which there is a maximum amount of strength with a minimum amount of material used in the construction of the device.

My invention consists in certain details in the construction, arrangement, and combination of the various parts of the device whereby the objects contemplated are attained, as hereinafter more fully set forth, pointed out in my claims, and illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 shows in perspective the preferable form of the hanger. Fig. 2 is a detail portion of the hook from the upper portion of the hanger. Fig. 3 is a cross-sectional view of the hanger, cut on the line 3 3 of Fig. 1.

Referring to the accompanying drawings, I have used the reference-numeral 10 to indicate the hook portion forming the top of the hanger 11, formed by connecting a piece of straight wire and bending it together so that

the middle portion of the wire as bent comes at the point 11, which is the free end of the hook. The wire is then bent over into the position shown in Fig. 1, forming the hook 10. The parts of the wires which are in engagement with each other after having been bent at the point 11 are bent at the point 12 and extend substantially at right angles to the body portion 13 of the hook and are separated a slight distance until they reach the maximum point of separation at 14. These parts of the wire are then bent downwardly at the points 15 and then inwardly, so that they are substantially at right angles to the body portion of the hook 13, where they are twisted together to form the cross-bar 16 for supporting trousers or skirts, and then they are separated and bent upwardly at the points 17 and then bent inwardly from a maximum at the points 18 to a point of meeting at 19, where they are twisted around the lower portion of the body 13 of the loop at 20, and thus the complete hanger is formed, so that it is adapted for use in the manner disclosed in the objects—that is, the coat and vest are placed over the upper portion of the hanger and the trousers or skirt are placed over the cross-bar 16.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent of the United States therefor, is—

1. In a device of the class described, a hook, a frame having two parts diverging from their point of attachment to the hook outwardly, bent downwardly at their extreme outer ends, a cross-bar connecting the ends of the frame with each other, constructed by twisting the parts of the wire together.

2. A coat-hanger, comprising a hook, a frame having two parts extending outwardly and downwardly from the hook, a cross-bar constructed by twisting two wires together and connecting the ends of the frame.

JOHN ALEXANDER BRYANT.

Witnesses:

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