(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property

Organization

International Bureau

WPOPCT

(43) International Publication Date 20 June 2013 (20.06.2013)

- (51) International Patent Classification: H04L 29/06 (2006.01) H04L 29/12 (2006.01)
- (21) International Application Number:

PCT/CN20 12/080542

- (22) International Filing Date: 24 August 2012 (24.08.2012)
- (25) Filing Language: English
- (26) Publication Language: English
- (30) Priority Data: 201 110422485.X 15 December 201 1 (15. 12.201 1) CN
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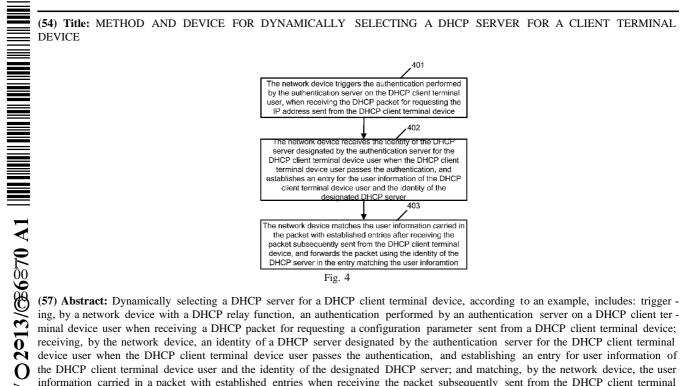
(10) International Publication Number WO 2013/086870 Al

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- (81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

with international search report (Art. 21(3))

(54) Title: METHOD AND DEVICE FOR DYNAMICALLY SELECTING A DHCP SERVER FOR A CLIENT TERMINAL



the DHCP client terminal device user and the identity of the designated DHCP server; and matching, by the network device, the user information carried in a packet with established entries when receiving the packet subsequently sent from the DHCP client terminal device, and forwarding the packet using the identity of the DHCP server in the entry matching the user information.

METHOD AND DEVICE FOR DYNAMICALLY SELECTING A DHCP SERVER FOR A CLIENT TERMINAL DEVICE

BACKGROUND

[0001] Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) is used for dynamically allocating network configuration parameters, such as IP addresses, to network devices. DHCP adopts a client terminal device/server communication mode. That is, a DHCP client terminal device sends a configuration request to a DHCP server, and the DHCP server returns configuration information, such as an IP address, requested by the DHCP client terminal device, to implement the dynamic configuration of the configuration information.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0002] Features of the present disclosure are illustrated by way of example and not limited in the following figure(s), in which like numerals indicate like elements, in which:

[0003] Figure 1 is a flow chart illustrating a method for a DHCP client terminal device dynamically obtaining an IP address;

[0004] Figure 2 is a network application diagram of a DHCP relay agent;

[0005] Figure 3 is a flow chart illustrating a method for dynamically obtaining an IP address using a DHCP relay;

[0006] Figure 4 is a flow chart illustrating a method in accordance with an example of the present disclosure;

[0007] Figure 5 is a diagram illustrating an identity of a DHCP server encapsulated in option 221 ;

[0008] Figure 6 is a schematic diagram illustrating structure of a network device in accordance with an example of the present disclosure; and

[0009] Figure 7 is a schematic diagram illustrating structure of an authentication server in accordance with an example of the present disclosure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[001 0] For simplicity and illustrative purposes, the present disclosure is described by referring mainly to an example thereof. In the following description, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present disclosure. It will be readily apparent however, that the present disclosure may be practiced without limitation to these specific details. In other instances, some methods and structures have not been described in detail so as not to unnecessarily obscure the present disclosure. As used throughout the present disclosure, the term "includes" means includes but not limited to, the term "including" means including but not limited to. The term "based on" means based at least in part on. In addition, the terms "a" and "an" are intended to denote at least one of a particular element.

[001 1] A method in which a DHCP client terminal device dynamically obtains a configuration parameter is described hereafter, in which a method of obtaining an IP address is taken as an example. The method for dynamically obtaining other configuration parameters is similar to that for dynamically obtaining the IP address.

[001 2] Referring to figure 1, there is shown a flow chart that illustrates a method for a DHCP client terminal device dynamically obtaining an IP address. The method is mainly implemented through four stages:

[001 3] DHCP-DISCOVER: A stage in which the DHCP client terminal device finds DHCP servers. The DHCP client terminal device finds the DHCP servers by broadcasting DHCP-DISCOVER packets.

[001 4] DHCP-OFFER: A stage in which the DHCP servers provide IP addresses. After receiving the DHCP-DISCOVER packets from the DHCP client terminal device, each DHCP server selects an IP address according to a priority for allocating IP addresses, and sends the IP address and other parameters carried in a DHCP-OFFER packet to the DHCP client terminal device.

[001 5] DHCP-REQUEST: A stage in which the DHCP client terminal device selects an IP address. If multiple DHCP servers send the DHCP-OFFER packets to the DHCP client terminal device, the DHCP client terminal device selectively receives one of the DHCP-OFFER packets according to a protocol, for example, the first received DHCP-OFFER packet, and broadcasts DHCP-REQUEST packets, each of which includes the IP address carried in the DHCP-OFFER packet selectively received by the DHCP client terminal device.

[001 6] DHCP-ACK: A stage in which the DHCP server makes an of allocating the IP address. After acknowledgement receiving the DHCP-REQUEST packet sent from the DHCP client terminal device, the DHCP server (i.e., the DHCP server sending the DHCP-OFFER packet selectively received by the DHCP client terminal device) selected by the DHCP client terminal device proceeds as follows: send a DHCP-ACK packet to the DHCP client terminal device if a determination is made to allocate the IP address to the DHCP client terminal device; otherwise, return a DHCP-NAK packet, indicating that the IP address cannot be allocated to the DHCP client terminal device.

[001 7] Thus, the method through which the DHCP client terminal device dynamically obtains the IP address may be implemented through the above four stages.

[001 8] It can be seen from the flow shown in figure 1 that the DHCP client terminal device sends the packet in a broadcast mode in the process in which the DHCP client terminal device dynamically obtains the IP address. This mode for sending the packet indicates that the flow shown in figure 1 applies to the situation in which the DHCP client terminal device and the DHCP server are located in the same sub-network. Thus, each network segment needs to be configured with a DHCP server for dynamic host configuration, which is obviously uneconomical. A DHCP relay function is introduced to solve this problem.

[001 9] Actually, the DHCP relay function means that the DHCP client terminal device communicates with the DHCP servers of other network

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segments using a network device with the DHCP relay function (called the DHCP relay agent for short. The DHCP relay agent may be suitable with a device with a DHCP relay function, for example a network device such as a switch, router with this functionality. In this way the dynamic configuration is eventually implemented. Thus, DHCP client terminal devices of multiple network segments may use the same DHCP server, as shown in figure 2, which saves on costs and is convenient for central management. The methods used by the DHCP client terminal device and DHCP server are basically the same as those used by the DHCP client terminal device and DHCP server without the DHCP relay agent in the process of completing the dynamic configuration of the DHCP client terminal device through the DHCP relay agent, such as in the process of dynamically obtaining the IP address. The present disclosure is described hereafter taking the method for the DHCP client terminal device dynamically obtaining the IP address, for example, and the method for dynamically obtaining other configuration parameters are similar to that for dynamically obtaining the IP address.

[0020] Referring to figure 3, there is shown a flow chart illustrating a method for dynamically obtaining an IP address using a DHCP relay. As shown in figure 3, the method includes establishing a DHCP server group corresponding to a user side interface on the DHCP relay agent and connected with the DHCP client terminal device. After receiving the DHCP-DISCOVER packets broadcast by the DHCP client terminal device through the user side interface, the DHCP relay agent fills each gateway IP address (giaddr) field of the received DHCP-DISCOVER packets with the IP address of the DHCP relay agent, and forwards the DHCP-DISCOVER packets to all of the DHCP servers in the DHCP server group corresponding to the user side interface. After receiving the DHCP-DISCOVER packets forwarded by the DHCP relay agent, the DHCP servers allocate the IP addresses for the DHCP client terminal device according to the giaddr fields, and forward the allocated IP addresses to the DHCP client terminal device through the DHCP relay agent. The DHCP client terminal device selects one of the IP addresses, such as the first received IP address, and broadcasts DHCP-REQUEST packets including the selected IP

address. When receiving the DHCP-REQUEST packets broadcast by the DHCP client terminal device through its user side interface, the DHCP relay agent fills each giaddr filed of the received DHCP-REQUEST packets with the IP address of the DHCP relay agent, and forwards the DHCP-REQUEST packets to all of the DHCP servers in the DHCP server group corresponding to the user side interface. The receiving servers execute the above DHCP-ACK. At this point, the dynamic configuration of the DHCP client terminal device is finished.

[0021] Further, the DHCP relay agent supports a function to identify a DHCP client terminal device (e.g. a function of Option 82 which records location information of the DHCP client terminal device). On the basis of this, the DHCP client terminal device may be located with Option 82, so that the security and charging control may be performed on the DHCP client terminal device.

[0022] It can be seen from the method of figure 3 that after establishing the DHCP server group corresponding to the user side interface on the DHCP relay agent and connecting with the DHCP client terminal device, the DHCP relay agent forwards the DHCP-DISCOVER packets to all of the DHCP servers in the DHCP server group corresponding to the user side interface when receiving the DHCP-DISCOVER packets broadcast by the DHCP client terminal device through the user side interface, and all of the DHCP servers send the DHCP-OFFER packets as acknowledgements to the DHCP client terminal device. Actually, the DHCP client terminal device selects one acknowledgement, such as the first received acknowledgement. Thus, on the one hand, most IP addresses allocated to the DHCP client terminal device by the DHCP servers are unavailable. This wastes the resources of the DHCP servers. On the other hand, it cannot be guaranteed that the DHCP client terminal device may obtain the configuration parameter from the same DHCP server each time, resulting in frequent change of the configuration parameter, which affects the network communication.

[0023] Examples of the present disclosure are further described in detail hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings.

[0024] In a method provided by the present disclosure, an authentication server instructs a network device with a DHCP relay function to fixedly forward a DHCP packet sent from a DHCP client terminal device to a same DHCP server. The network device may be a gateway device or any other network device. The present disclosure does not make a limitation on the network device.

[0025] An example of a method provided by the present disclosure is described with respect to figure 4.

[0026] Referring to figure 4, there is shown a flow chart illustrating a method in accordance with an example of the present disclosure. As shown in figure 4, the method includes the following blocks.

[0027] Block 401 : When receiving a DHCP packet for requesting a configuration parameter sent from the DHCP client terminal device, the network device with the DHCP relay function triggers the authentication performed by an authentication server on the DHCP client terminal device. The configuration parameter may be an IP address, a Domain Name System (DNS), a gateway or a domain, etc. This example is described hereafter with the configuration parameter taken as the IP address and the DHCP packet for requesting the configuration parameter taken as the DHCP packet for requesting the IP address.

[0028] In block 401, the DHCP packet may be a packet sent by the DHCP client terminal device for the first time when requesting the IP address, i.e., the DHCP-DISCOVER packet. Certainly, as an extension of this disclosure, the DHCP packet may be the DHCP-REQUEST packet. The present disclosure does not make a limitation on the DHCP packet.

[0029] Block 402: The network device receives an identity of the DHCP server designated by the authentication server when the DHCP client terminal device passes the authentication, and establishes an entry for user information of the DHCP client terminal device user and the identity of the designated DHCP server.

[0030] The identity of the DHCP server may be the IP address of the DHCP server, etc. The present disclosure does not make a limitation on the identity of the DHCP server.

[0031] Further, in block 402, the method for the authentication server designating the DHCP server for the DHCP client terminal device may include the following.

[0032] The authentication server identifies a privilege of the DHCP client terminal device user, searches for the DHCP servers corresponding to the privilege of the DHCP client terminal device user in preset corresponding relationships between user privileges and DHCP servers, and designates one of the found DHCP servers for the DHCP client terminal device. The method for designating one of the DHCP servers for the DHCP client terminal device user includes: designating any one of the DHCP servers for the DHCP client terminal device user if the number of the found DHCP servers is larger than one; or designating the DHCP server with the highest priority in the found DHCP servers; and designating the found DHCP server for the DHCP client terminal device user if one DHCP server is found.

[0033] That is, in the present disclosure, the authentication server designates the DHCP server for the DHCP client terminal device user according to the privilege of the DHCP client terminal device user, which insures that the DHCP client terminal device eventually communicates with the appropriate DHCP server.

[0034] It should be noted that the above authentication server may be a server supporting a Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS), called the RADIUS server for short. On the basis of this, in the above block 402, the authentication server may authenticate the DHCP client terminal device based on the existing RADIUS authentication. Accordingly, in block 402, the authentication server may encapsulate the identity of the designated DHCP server in an unused option in the Request for Comments (RFC) of the RADIUS, and sends the identity of the designated DHCP server to the network device.

The unused option in the RFC of the RADIUS is option 221. Figure 5 is a diagram illustrating the IP address of the designated DHCP server encapsulated in option 221, in an example in which the identity of the designated DHCP server is the IP address of the designated DHCP server.

[0035] Block 403: When receiving packets subsequently sent from the DHCP client terminal device, the network device matches the user information carried in the packet with established entries after subsequently receiving the packet sent from the DHCP client terminal device, and forwards the packet using the identity of the DHCP server in an entry matching the user information.

[0036] For instance, after receiving the request packet, such as a renewal packet subsequently sent from the DHCP client terminal device, the network device directly matches the user information carried in the packet with the established entries, and forwards the received packet using the identity of the DHCP server included in the entry matching the user information, i.e., forwards the packet to the DHCP server corresponding to the identity of the DHCP server included in the entry matching the user information. The established entries include an entry established for the user information of the DHCP client terminal device user and the identity of the designated DHCP server, and entries established for user information of other DHCP client terminal device users and identities of DHCP servers designated for the DHCP client terminal device users.

[0037] At this point, the flow shown in figure 4 is finished.

[0038] It can be seen from the flow shown in figure 4 that after receiving the packet sent from the DHCP client terminal device, the network device matches the user information carried in the packet with the established entries, directly forwards the packet using the identity of the DHCP server in the entry matching the user information, i.e., forwards the packet to the DHCP server corresponding to the identity of the DHCP server in the entry matching the user information, which ensures that the packet of the same client terminal device may be processed with the same DHCP server,

[0039] In the above descriptions, the user information mainly includes Media Access Control (MAC) addresses of the DHCP client terminal device user and/or interface used by the DHCP client terminal device for accessing the network device, etc.

[0040] An example of a method of the present disclosure is described above. An example of a device of the present disclosure is described hereafter.

[0041] First, a description of a network device for dynamically selecting a DHCP server for the DHCP client terminal device is provided. The network device has a DHCP relay function, specifically shown in figure 6.

[0042] Referring to figure 6, there is shown a schematic diagram illustrating the structure of a network device in accordance with an example of the present disclosure. As shown in figure 6, the network device includes a processor 61 and a memory 62.

[0043] The memory 62 is a computer readable storage medium storing computer readable instructions. The processor 61 executes the computer readable instructions stored in the memory 62. The memory 62 includes triggering instruction 621, receiving instruction 622, and matching instruction 623.

[0044] The triggering instruction 621 is executed to trigger the authentication performed by an authentication server on the DHCP client terminal device when receiving a DHCP packet for requesting a configuration parameter sent from the DHCP client terminal device. The configuration parameter may be an IP address, DNS, gateway and domain, etc. This example is described with the configuration parameter taken as the IP address and the DHCP packet for requesting the configuration parameter taken as the DHCP packet for requesting the IP address.

[0045] The receiving instruction 622 is executed to receive an identity of a DHCP server designated by the authentication server for the DHCP client terminal device passes the authentication,

and establish an entry for user information of the DHCP client terminal device user and the identity of the designated DHCP server.

[0046] The matching instruction 623 is executed to match the user information carried in the packet with established entries after receiving the packet subsequently sent from the DHCP client terminal device, and forward the packet using the identity of the DHCP server in the entry matching the user information.

[0047] Further, a description of an authentication server for dynamically selecting a DHCP server for a DHCP client terminal device is provided, as shown in figure 7.

[0048] Referring to figure 7, there is shown a schematic diagram illustrating the structure of an authentication server in accordance with an example of the present disclosure. As shown in figure 7, the authentication server includes: a processor 71 and a memory 72.

[0049] The memory 72 is a computer readable storage medium storing computer readable instructions. The processor 71 executes the computer readable instructions stored in the memory 72. The memory 72 includes authentication instruction 721, designating instruction 722 and sending instruction 723. The designating instruction 722 further includes identifying sub-instruction 7221 and designating sub-instruction 7222.

[0050] The authentication instruction 721 is executed to authenticate the DHCP client terminal device user under the trigger of the network device with the DHCP relay function. The authentication instruction 721 is triggered to authenticate the DHCP client terminal device user when the network device receives a DHCP packet for requesting a configuration parameter sent from the DHCP client terminal device. The configuration parameter may be an IP address, DNS, gateway or domain, etc. The present disclosure is described hereafter with the configuration parameter taken as the IP address, and the DHCP packet for requesting the configuration parameter taken as the DHCP packet for

requesting the IP address.

[0051] The designating instruction 722 is executed to designate the DHCP server for the DHCP client terminal device when the DHCP client terminal device user passes the authentication.

[0052] The sending instruction 723 is executed to notify the network device of the identity of the designated DHCP server, so that the network device establishes an entry for the user information of the DHCP client terminal device user and the identity of the designated DHCP server, and matches the user information carried in the packet with established entries when receiving the packet subsequently sent from the DHCP client terminal device, and forwards the packet using the identity of the DHCP server in the entry matching the user information.

[0053] The DHCP packet is the DHCP-DISCOVER packet.

[0054] The identifying sub-instruction 7221 is executed to identify a privilege of the DHCP client terminal device user, and to search for the DHCP servers corresponding to the identified privilege in preset corresponding relationships between user privileges and DHCP servers.

[0055] The designating sub-instruction 7222 is executed to designate one of the found DHCP servers for the DHCP client terminal device user.

[0056] In this disclosure, the authentication server supports a Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS). When the sending instruction 723 is executed, the identity of the designated DHCP server is encapsulated in an unused option in the RADIUS RFC and sent to the network device.

[0057] Further disclosed herein is a system for dynamically selecting a DHCP server for a DHCP client terminal device. The system includes: a DHCP client terminal device, a network device with a DHCP relay function, and an authentication server.

[0058] The DHCP client terminal device is to send a DHCP packet for

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requesting a configuration parameter to the network device, and to subsequently send a packet to the network device. The configuration parameter may be an IP address, a Domain Name System (DNS), a gateway or a domain, etc. This example is described with the configuration parameter taken as the IP address and the DHCP packet for requesting the configuration parameter taken as the DHCP packet for requesting the IP address.

[0059] The network device is to trigger the authentication performed by the authentication server on the DHCP client terminal device user after receiving the DHCP packet for requesting the IP address sent from the DHCP client terminal device, to receive an identity of the DHCP server designated by the authentication server for the DHCP client terminal device user, to establish an entry for the user information of the DHCP client terminal device user and the identity of the designated DHCP server, to match the user information carried in the packet with established entries after receiving the packet subsequently sent from the DHCP client terminal device, and to forward the packet using the identity of the DHCP server in the entry matching the user information.

[0060] The authentication server is to authenticate the DHCP client terminal device user under the trigger of the network device, and designate the DHCP server for the DHCP client terminal device user if the DHCP client terminal device user passes the authentication, and to notify the network device of the identity of the designated DHCP server.

[0061] In a specific application, the authentication server is further to identify the privilege of the DHCP client terminal device user, search for the DHCP servers corresponding to the identified privilege in preset corresponding relationships between user privileges and DHCP servers, and designate one of the found DHCP servers for the DHCP client terminal device user.

[0062] In one example, the DHCP packet is the DHCP-DISCOVER packet.

[0063] In a specific application, the authentication server is a RADIUS server, configured to encapsulate the identity of the designated DHCP server in an unused option in the RADIUS RFC, and is to send the identity of the

designated DHCP server to the network device.

[0064] It can be seen from the above examples that in this disclosure, the authentication server designates a DHCP server for the DHCP client terminal device user when the DHCP client terminal device user applies for the IP address and notifies the network device with the DHCP relay function of the identity of the designated DHCP server. Thus, the network device establishes an entry for the user information of the DHCP client terminal device user and the identity of the DHCP server designated for the DHCP client terminal device (these entries may for example be stored in a memory or non-transitory computer readable storage medium of the network device). The network device matches the user information carried in the received packet with the established entries (e.g. those stored in memory), and forwards the packet using the identity of the DHCP server in the entry matching the user information. Thus, the DHCP client terminal device may fixedly communicate with the same DHCP server each time, which saves the resources of the server.

[0065] What has been described and illustrated herein are examples of the disclosure along with some variations. The terms, descriptions and figures used herein are set forth by way of illustration only and are not meant as limitations. Many variations are possible within the scope of the disclosure, which is intended to be defined by the following claims -- and their equivalents - in which all terms are meant in their broadest reasonable sense unless otherwise indicated.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for dynamically selecting a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server for a DHCP client terminal device, comprising:

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triggering, by a network device with a DHCP relay function, an authentication performed by an authentication server on a DHCP client terminal device user when receiving a DHCP packet for requesting a configuration parameter sent from a DHCP client terminal device;

receiving, by the network device, an identity of a DHCP server designated by the authentication server for the DHCP client terminal device user when the DHCP client terminal device user passes the authentication, and establishing an entry for user information of the DHCP client terminal device user and the identity of the DHCP server designated for that DHCP client terminal device.

15 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the DHCP packet is a DHCP-DISCOVER packet; and the method further comprises:

matching, by the network device, the user information carried in a packet with established entries when receiving the packet subsequently sent from the DHCP client terminal device, and forwarding the packet using the identity of the DHCP server in the entry matching the user information.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the authentication server is to designate the DHCP server for the DHCP client terminal device by:

identifying, by the authentication server, a privilege of the DHCP client terminal device user, searching for DHCP servers corresponding to the identified privilege in preset corresponding relationships between user privileges and DHCP servers, and designating one of the found DHCP servers for the DHCP client terminal device user.

30 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the authentication server is a Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service, RADIUS, server, wherein receiving, by the network device, the identity of the DHCP server designated by the authentication server for the DHCP client terminal device user when the DHCP client terminal

device user passes the authentication comprises:

obtaining, by the network device, the identity of the DHCP server encapsulated in an option from the option of Request for Comments, RFC, of the RADIUS sent from the RADIUS server.

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5. The method of claim 1, wherein the configuration parameter comprises: an IP address, a Domain Name System, a gateway, and a domain.

6. A network device for dynamically selecting a Dynamic Host Configuration
10 Protocol, DHCP, server for a DHCP client terminal device comprising: a processor and a memory; wherein

the processor communicates with the memory and executes machine readable instructions stored in the memory; and

the memory comprises:

15 a triggering instruction to be executed to receive a DHCP packet for requesting a configuration parameter sent from a DHCP client terminal device and to trigger an authentication performed by an authentication server on a DHCP client terminal device user;

a receiving instruction to be executed to receive an identity of a DHCP server designated by the authentication server for the DHCP client terminal user when the DHCP client terminal device user passes the authentication and to establish an entry for user information of the DHCP client terminal user and the identity of the DHCP server designated for that DHCP client terminal device.

7. The network device of claim 6, wherein the configuration parameter comprises: an IP address, a Domain Name System, a gateway, and a domain; and the memory further comprises:

a matching instruction to be executed to receive a packet subsequently sent from the DHCP client terminal device, to match the user information carried in the 30 packet with established entries, and to forward the packet using the identity of the DHCP server in the entry matching the user information.

8. An authentication server comprising: a processor and a memory, wherein

the processor communicates with the memory and executes instructions stored by the memory;

the memory comprises:

an authentication instruction to be executed to authenticate a Dynamic Host 5 Configuration Protocol, DHCP, client terminal device user under a trigger of a network device with a DHCP relay function, wherein the network device triggers an authentication executed by the authentication instruction on the DHCP client terminal device user when receiving a DHCP packet for requesting a configuration parameter sent from a DHCP client terminal device;

10 a designating instruction to be executed to designate a DHCP server for the DHCP client terminal device user when the DHCP client terminal device user pass the authentication; and

a sending instruction to be executed to notify the network device of an identity of the designated DHCP server, wherein

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the network device establishes an entry for user information of the DHCP client terminal device user and the identity of the designated DHCP server.

9. The authentication server of claim 8, wherein the DHCP packet is a DHCP-DISCOVER packet and the network device further matches the user information carried in a packet with established entries when receiving the packet subsequently sent from the DHCP client terminal device, and forwards the packet using the identity of the DHCP server in the entry matching the user information.

10. The authentication server of claim 8, wherein the designating instruction comprises:

an identifying sub-instruction to be executed to identify a privilege of the DHCP client terminal device user, search for the DHCP servers corresponding to the identified privilege in preset corresponding relationships between user privileges and DHCP servers; and

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a designating sub-instruction to be executed to designate one of the found DHCP servers for the DHCP client terminal device user.

11. The authentication server of claim 8, wherein the authentication server

supports a Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service, RADIUS;

the sending instruction is further to be executed to encapsulate the identity of the designated DHCP server in an unused option of the RADIUS RFC and to forward the identity of the designated DHCP server to the network device.

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12. The authentication server of claim 8, wherein the configuration parameter comprises: an IP address, a Domain Name System, a gateway, and a domain.

13. A system for dynamically selecting a Dynamic Host Configuration 10 Protocol, DHCP, server for a DHCP client terminal device comprising: a DHCP client terminal device, a network device with a DHCP relay function and an authentication server; wherein

the DHCP client terminal device is to send a DHCP packet for requesting a configuration parameter to the network device and subsequently send a packet to the network device;

the network device is to trigger an authentication performed by the authentication server on a DHCP client terminal device user after receiving the DHCP packet for requesting the configuration parameter sent from the DHCP client terminal device, to receive an identity of a DHCP server designated by the authentication server for the DHCP client terminal device user, and to establish an entry for user information of the DHCP client terminal device user and the identity of the designated DHCP server; and

the authentication server is to authenticate the DHCP client terminal device user under a trigger of the network device and to designate the DHCP server for the DHCP client terminal device user if the DHCP client terminal device user passes the authentication, and notify the network device of the identity of the DHCP server.

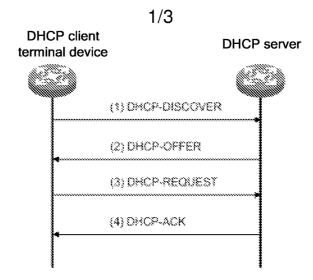
14. The system of claim 13, wherein

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the authentication server is further to identify a privilege of the DHCP client terminal device user, to search for DHCP servers corresponding to the identified privilege in preset corresponding relationships between user privileges and DHCP severs, and to designate one of the found DHCP servers for the DHCP

client terminal device user.

15. The system of claim 13, wherein the configuration parameter comprises: an IP address, a Domain Name System, a gateway, and a domain; and the 5 network device is further to match the user information carried in the packet with established entries after receiving the packet subsequently sent from the DHCP client terminal device, and to forward the packet using the identity of the DHCP server in the entry matching the user information.





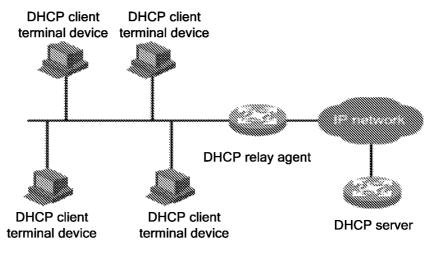


Fig. 2



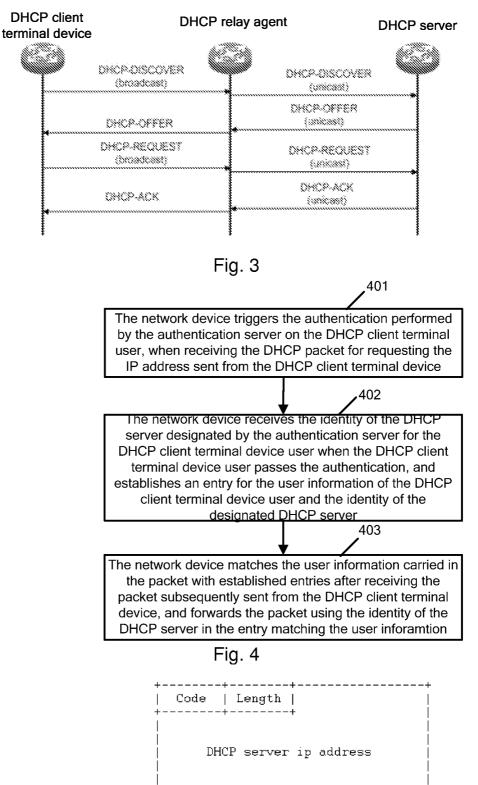
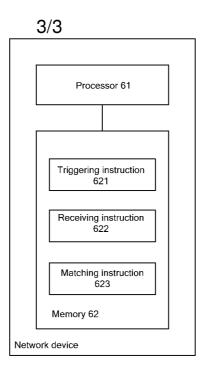


Fig. 5





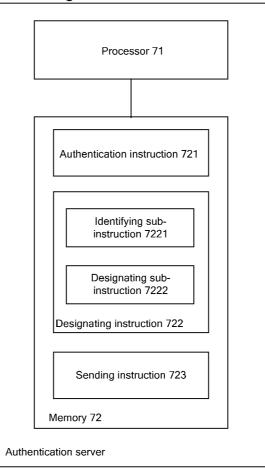


Fig. 7

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/CN2012/080542

A. CLASS	IFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER					
	See the o					
According to	o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both na	itional	classification and IPC			
	DS SEARCHED					
Minimum do	ocumentation searched (classification system followed	by cla	ssification symbols)			
	IPC:	H04L				
Documentati	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the	e exten	nt that such documents are included i	in the fields searched		
Electronic da	ata base consulted during the international search (nam	e of d	ata base and, where practicable, sear	ch terms used)		
CPRSABS, V	/EN, CNKI: DHCP, (dynamic w host w configuration	w prot	ocol), server, client, terminal, authen	tication, trigger, entry, list,		
	table, item, term, iden	-				
C. DOCUM	MENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT					
Category'*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages			Relevant to claim No.		
РХ	CN102497378A (H3C TECHNOLOGIES CO LTD) : pages 2-6	1-15				
Y	CN101184099A (ZTE CORP) 21 May 2008 (21.05.2) 5-9	008) S	ee the Description pages 2-3, lines	1,6,8,13		
А	Ditto	2-5,7,9-12,14,15				
Y	CN101047673A (HUAWEI TECH CO LTD) 03 Oct.	1,6,8,13				
А	pages 4-5, fig. 5 Ditto			2-5,7,9-12,14,15		
А	CN101141253A (HUAWEI TECH CO LTD) 12 Mar. document	2008 ((12.03.2008) See the whole	1-15		
А	US6792474Bl(CISCO TECHNOLOGY INC) 14 Sep document	. 2004	(14.09.2004) See the whole	1-15		
<u>1~~1</u> Furthe	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	[See patent family annex.			
* Special categories of cited documents:			"T" later document published after the international filing date			
				date and not in conflict with the application but nderstand the principle or theory underlying the		
"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date		"X"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve			
which	"" document which may throw doubts on priority claim (S) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another		an inventive step when the document is taken alone document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the			
"O" docum	ion or other special reason (as specified) ument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or r means		document is combined with one or documents, such combination bein skilled in the art			
	nent published prior to the international filing date ter than the priority date claimed	"&"	document member of the same pater	nt family		
Date of the a	actual completion of the international search	Date	of mailing of the international searc	-		
Name and ma	20 Nov. 2012 (20.11.2012) iling address of the ISA/CN		<u>13 Dec. 2012 f13.1</u>	2.2012)		
The State Intel	llectual Property Office, the P.R.China	Auth	orized officer			
6 Xitucheng Rd., Jimen Bridge, Haidian District, Beijing, China 100088		LIU, Xinke				
	86-10-62019451	Tele	phone No. (86-10)62411274			

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

Information on patent family members

Information on patent family members				
Publication Date	Patent Fami	ly Publication Date		
13.06.2012	None			
21.05.2008	CN101 184099B	06.06.2012		
	WO2009079895A1	02.07.2009		
03.10.2007	CN100563221C	25.11.2009		
12.03.2008	CN100591013C	17.02.2010		
14.09.2004	None			
	Publication Date 13.06.2012 21.05.2008 03.10.2007 12.03.2008	Publication Date Patent Family 13.06.2012 None 21.05.2008 CN101 184099B WO2009079895A1 WO2009079895A1 03.10.2007 CN100563221C 12.03.2008 CN100591013C		

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/CN2012/080542

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

H04L 29/06 (2006.01) i

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H04L 29/12 (2006.01) i

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